# Safety Instructions Liquiphant M, Liquiphant S FTL50/51(H), FTL51C, FTL70/71

Ex ia IIC/IIB T3...T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia IIC T2...T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia IIIC T80°C Da/Db TÜV 13.0898 X

Segurança LINMETRO OCP 0004 Document: XA01255F-A Safety instructions for electrical apparatus for explosion-hazardous areas



# Liquiphant M, Liquiphant S FTL50(H), FTL51(H), FTL51C, FTL70, FTL71

Associated Documentation	This document is an integral part of the following Operating Instructions: KA00143F/00, KA00163F/00 (FTL50/51); KA00144F/00, KA00164F/00 (FTL50H/51H); KA00162F/00, KA00165F/00 (FTL51C); KA00172F/00, KA00173F/00 (FTL70/71) The Operating Instructions which are supplied and correspond to the device type apply.					
Supplementary Documentation	Explosion-protection brochure: CP00021Z/11					
Designation	Explanation of the labelling and type of protection can be four <b>Designation of type of protection</b>	Ex Ex Ex		IIC IIB IIC IIC IIIC	on protect T3T6 T3T6 T2T6 T80°C	ion brochure. Ga/Gb Ga/Gb Ga/Gb Da/Db
Applied standards	ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0 :2008 ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2009 ABNT NBR IEC 60079-26:2008 IEC 60079-27:2008					

IEC 61241-11:2005

### Safety instructions: General

#### Electronic inserts:

FEL55 (8...16 mA, IS (Ex ia)), FEL56/58 (NAMUR, IS (Ex ia)), FEL57 (PFM, IS (Ex ia)), FEL50D

Type of protection	Туре
Ex ia IIC T3T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia IIIC T80°C Da/Db	FTL50(H), FTL51(H), FTL51C with coating of enamel or conductive PFA
Ex ia IIB T3T6 Ga/Gb	FTL51C with coating of ECTFE or non-conductive PFA
Ex ia IIC T2T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia IIIC T80°C Da/Db	FTL70, FTL71

• Staff must meet the following conditions for mounting, electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance of the device:

- Be suitably qualified for their role and the tasks they perform
- Be trained in explosion protection
- Be familiar with national regulations (e.g. IEC/EN 60079-14)
- Install the device according to the manufacturer's instructions and any other valid standards and regulations.
- Do not operate the device outside the specified electrical, thermal and mechanical parameters.
- Only install the devices in media for which the wetted materials have sufficient durability.
- Avoid electrostatic charging:
  - Of plastic surfaces (e.g. housing, sensor element, special varnishing, attached additional plates, ..)
    Of isolated capacities (e.g. isolated metallic plates)
- Relationship between the permitted ambient temperature for the electronics housing, dependent on the range of application, and the temperature classes: → 🖻 3 and 4.
- Modifications to the device can affect the explosion protection and must be carried out by staff authorized to perform such work by Endress+Hauser.

#### Safety instructions: Special conditions

• Permitted ambient temperature range at the electronics housing:  $-50 \degree C \le T_a \le +70 \degree C$ . Restrictions for FEL50D:  $-50 \degree C \le T_a \le +60 \degree C$  (T6). Observe the information:  $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  3 and 4.

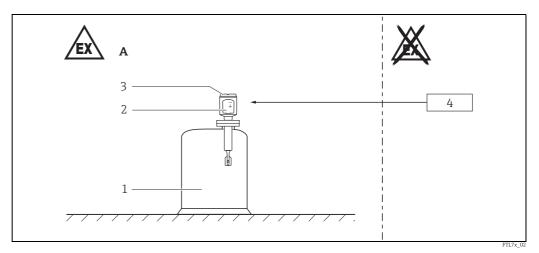
Device type FTL51C

• Avoid electrostatic charging of the plastic surfaces, for plastic process connections or plastic coatings.

#### F16 housing

• Avoid electrostatic charging of the plastic housing (do not rub dry).

#### Safety instructions: Installation



## ⊿1

- A Zone 1, Zone 21
- 1 Tank; Zone 0, Zone 20
- 2 Electronic insert
- 3 Housing
  - T13, Aluminium with separate connection compartment
  - F13, Aluminium
  - F15, Stainless steel
    - F16, Plastic: only Zones 1, 2
    - F17, Aluminium
    - F27, Stainless steel
- 4 FEL5x: Associated intrinsically safe power supply unit (→ 🗎 8, "Connection data") FEL50D: Only associated intrinsically safe power supply unit FML621 from E+H
- Comply with the installation and safety instructions in the Operating Instructions.
- Install the device according to the manufacturer's instructions and any other valid standards and regulations.
- Connect the device using suitable cable and wire entries of protection type "Intrinsic safety (Ex i)".
- Continuous duty temperature of the cable T<sub>a</sub> +5 K.
- To maintain the ingress protection of the housing IP66/67 install the housing cover and cable glands correctly.
- The type of protection changes as follows when the devices are connected to certified intrinsically safe circuits of Category Ex ib for Equipment Groups IIC and IIB: Ex ib IIC T6 or Ex ib IIB T6.
- Close unused entry glands with sealing plugs.
- The pertinent guidelines must be observed when intrinsically safe circuits are connected together (Proof of Intrinsic Safety).
- Pay attention to the maximum process conditions according to the manufacturer's Operating Instructions.
- At high medium temperatures note flange pressure load capacity as a factor of temperature.
- Install the device to exclude any mechanical damage or friction during the application. Pay particular attention to flow conditions and tank fittings.
- Support extension tube of the device if a dynamic load is expected.
- In case of additional or alternative special varnishing of the enclosure or other metallic parts the danger of an electrostatic charging must be observed. Do not rub surfaces with dry cloth.
- Perform the following to achieve the degree of protection IP66/67:
  - Screw the cover tight.
  - Mount the cable entry correctly.
- When mounting the device:
  - Exclude any mechanical damage or friction during the application.
  - Pay particular attention to flow conditions and tank fittings.

Accessory high pressure sliding sleeve

 The high pressure sliding sleeve can be used for a continuous setting of the switch point and is suited for zone division if mounted properly (→ Operating Instructions).

F13, F17, T13 housing

• Install the device to exclude impact and friction sparks on the aluminium housing.

#### Intrinsic safety

- The device is only suitable for connection to certified, intrinsically safe equipment with explosion protection Ex ia/Ex ib.
- The intrinsically safe input power circuit of the device is isolated from ground potential and has a dielectric strength of at least 500 V<sub>rms</sub> with respect to it.
- Observe the pertinent guidelines when interconnecting intrinsically safe circuits.

#### Potential equalization

• The electrical apparatus must be integrated into the local potential equalization.

Safety instructions: Zone 0

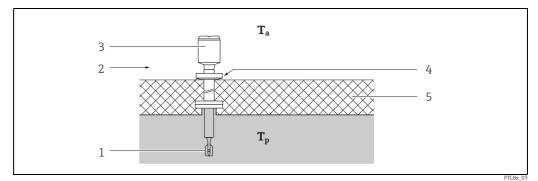
Explosion protection with

heat insulation

- In the event of potentially explosive vapor/air mixtures, only operate the device under atmospheric conditions.
  - Temperature: –20 to +60  $^\circ \! C$
  - Pressure: 80 to 110 kPA (0.8 to 1.1 bar)
  - Air with normal oxygen content, usually 21 % (V/V)
- If no potentially explosive mixtures are present, or if additional protective measures have been taken, according to EN 1127-1, the transmitters may be operated under other atmospheric conditions in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- Only install the devices in media for which the wetted materials have sufficient durability (e.g. process connection seal).
- The sensor part of the device approved for Zone 0 does not cause any ignition hazards if it is operated under non-atmospheric pressures and temperatures.

Device type FTL70, FTL71

- While observing the "temperature derating", the device is suitable for process temperatures up to  $300 \degree C (\rightarrow \square 8)$ .
- When operating, ensure that you rule out contact between hot component surfaces and potentially explosive atmospheres beyond the limits of the corresponding temperature class (→ 
   <sup>(⇒)</sup> 7). Suitable measures: e.g. thermal insulation at container and/or pipes.
- The temperature of 85 °C specified at the reference point may not be exceeded.
- To protect the electronics, observe the specified ambient temperature at the electronics housing.



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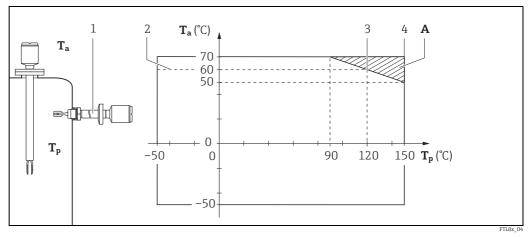
- T<sub>a</sub> Ambient temperature
- T<sub>p</sub> Process temperature
- 1 Sensor
- 2 Temperature class, e.g. T6
- 3 Housing
- 4 Reference point: max. +85 °C
- 5 E.g. thermal insulation

#### **Temperature tables**

The dependency of the ambient and process temperatures upon the temperature class:

Туре	Temperature class	Process temperature (sensor), T <sub>p</sub> (process)	Ambient temperature (electronics), T <sub>a</sub> (ambient)
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (ECTFE, PFA or enamel coating)	T6	−50 °C +85 °C	−50 °C+70 °C with FEL50D: −50 °C+60 °C
FTL70, FTL71		−60 °C +85 °C	
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (ECTFE, PFA or enamel coating)	T5	−50 °C+100 °C	FTL50, FTL51, FTL51C: −50 °C+70 °C
FTL70, FTL71	-	-60 ℃+100 ℃	with temperature spacer; without temperature spacer $\rightarrow \blacksquare 3$
FTL51C (ECTFE coating)	T4	−50 °C+120 °C	
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (PFA or enamel coating)	T4	−50 °C+135 °C	FTL70, FTL71: −50 °C+70 °C
FTL70, FTL71		−60 °C+135 °C	
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (PFA or enamel coating)	T3	−50 °C+150 °C	
FTL70, FTL71	T3	−60 °C+200 °C	−50 °C+70 °C
FTL70, FTL71L	T2	−60 °C+230 °C	For restrictions, $\rightarrow \mathbf{E}$ 4
FTL70, FTL71N	T2	−60 °C+280 °C	]
FTL70, FTL71Y	T2	−60 °C+300 °C	

Device type FTL50(H), FTL51(H), FTL51C

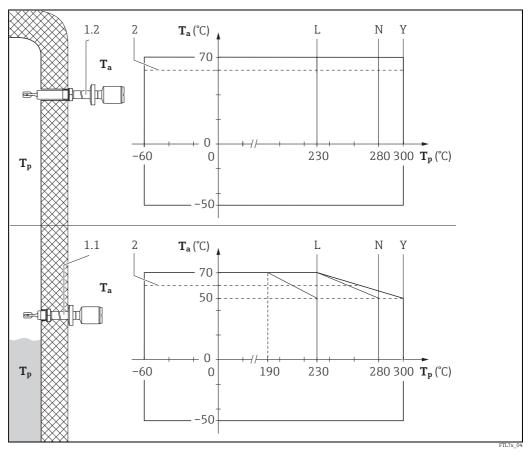


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Α Additional temperature range for sensors with temperature spacer or pressure-tight bushing

- Temperature spacer or pressure-tight bushing  $T_a$  for FEL50D: -50 °C...+60 °C (T6) ECTFE 1
- 2 3
- 4 PFA, enamel

Device type FTL70, FTL71



**4** 

- 1 Temperature spacer:
- 1.1 isolated
- 1.2 free-standing
- 2 *T<sub>a</sub>* for FEL50D: −50 °C...+60 °C (T6)

**Connection data** 

Connection to power supply

• Associated intrinsically safe power supply unit with max. electrical specifications below the characteristic values of the electronic inserts

FEL55	FEL56	FEL57	FEL58
		$I_i = 150 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$	$\begin{array}{l} U_{i} = 16 \ V \\ I_{i} = 52 \ mA \\ P_{i} = 170 \ mW \\ L_{i} = 0 \ mH \\ C_{i} = 0 \ nF \end{array}$

• Only associated intrinsically safe power supply unit FML621 from Endress+Hauser

FEL50D		
U <sub>i</sub> = 27.6 V		
$U_i = 27.6 V$ $I_i = 93 mA$ $P_i = 640 mW$		
$P_{i} = 640 \text{ mW}$		
$L_{i} = 0.133 \text{ mH}$		
$C_i = 2 nF$		



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