



















Technical Information

Omnigrad S TC88

Modular TC assembly Extension neck and threaded connection for installation in an existing thermowell



Application

- Universal application
- Suitable for installation in already existing
- Measuring range: -40...1100 °C (-40...2012 °F)
- Installation without thermowell possible in unpressurized processes
- Degree of protection up to IP 68

Head transmitters

All Endress+Hauser transmitters are available with enhanced accuracy and reliability compared to directly wired sensors. Easy customizing by choosing one of the following outputs and communication protocols:

- Analog output 4...20 mA
- HART®
- PROFIBUS® PA
- FOUNDATION FieldbusTM

Your benefits

- High degree of flexibility thanks to modular design with standard terminal heads and customer-specific immersion lengths
- Variable total length in suitable thermowells thanks to compression fitting on extension neck
- Types of protection for use in hazardous locations: Intrinsic Safety (Ex ia) Non-sparking (Ex nA)





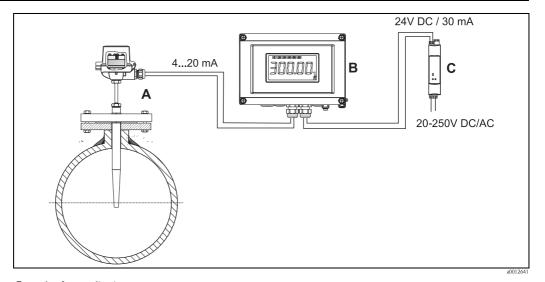


Function and system design

Measuring principle

Thermocouples are comparatively simple, robust temperature sensors which use the Seebeck effect for temperature measurement: if two electrical conductors made of different materials are connected at a point, a weak electrical voltage can be measured between the two open conductor ends if the conductors are subjected to a thermal gradient. This voltage is called thermoelectric voltage or electromotive force (emf.). Its magnitude depends on the type of conducting materials and the temperature difference between the "measuring point" (the junction of the two conductors) and the "cold junction" (the open conductor ends). Accordingly, thermocouples primarily only measure differences in temperature. The absolute temperature at the measuring point can be determined from these if the associated temperature at the cold junction is known or is measured separately and compensated for. The material combinations and associated thermoelectric voltage/ temperature characteristics of the most common types of thermocouple are standardized in the IEC 60584 and ASTM E230/ANSI MC96.1 standards.

Measuring system

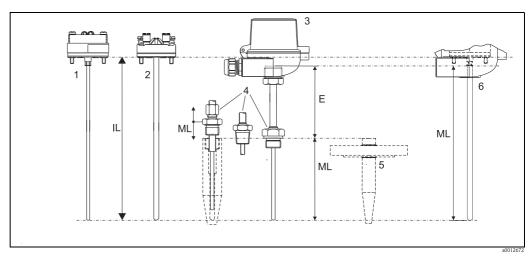


Example of an application

- A Thermometer with fitted head transmitter mounted in an existing onsite thermowell
- B RIA16 field display unit
 - The display unit records the analog measuring signal from the head transmitter and shows this on the display. The LC display shows the current measured value in digital form and as a bar graph indicating a limit value violation. The display unit is looped into the 4 to 20 mA circuit and gets the required energy from there. More information on this can be found in the Technical Information (see "Documentation").
- C Active barrier RN221N
 - The RN221N active barrier (24 V DC, 30 mA) has an galvanically isolated output for supplying voltage to loop powered transmitters. The universal power supply works with an input supply voltage of 20 to 250 V DC/AC, 50/60 Hz, which means that it can be used in all international power grids. More information on this can be found in the Technical Information (see "Documentation").

2.

Equipment architecture



Thermometer design

- 1 Insert (∅ 3 mm, 0.12 in) with mounted head transmitter (example)
- 2 Insert (Ø 6 mm, 0.24 in) with mounted ceramic connection socket (example)
- 3 Terminal head
- 4 Thermowell connection: Threaded connection or compression fitting on extension neck
- 5 Existing onsite thermowell located in the process
- $6\,$ Version without extension neck, if thermowell and extension neck are present on site in the process (E = 0 mm)
- E Length of extension neck
- IL Total length of insert = ML + E + 10 mm (0.4 in)
- ML Insertion length for existing onsite components

The thermocouple thermometers from the Omnigrad S TC88 series have a modular design. The terminal head is used as a connection module for the mechanical and electrical connection of the insert. The thermocouple insert is manufactured from mineral insulated thermocouple wire complying with IEC 61515 and is thus sufficiently robust to withstand the high stresses of industrial processes. The measuring point of the thermocouple is located close to the tip of the insert. The thermocouple wire combinations of iron/cupronickel and nickel-chromium/nickel (thermocouple type J and type K as per IEC 60584 and ASTM E230/ANSI MC96.1) are used as standard. The operating temperature ranges (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 3) and permissible deviation limits of the thermoelectric voltages from the standard characteristic (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 4) vary according to the type of thermocouple used. If installed in a thermowell, the insert can be replaced and calibrated without interrupting the process. Either ceramic connection sockets or transmitters can be mounted on the internal connection socket.

The TC88 is designed for installation in an existing onsite thermowell. Different threaded connections are available on the bottom of the extension neck for installation in the thermowell. Insofar as the thermowell is suited to this purpose (interior bore > 12 mm), the thermometer may also be mounted using a suitable compression fitting on the extension neck. The insertion length (ML) of the thermometer is varied by sliding the compression fitting. This allows it to be installed in thermowells of various length and also ensures optimum thermal contact between the tip of the insert and the bottom of the thermowell.

Measuring range

| Input | Designation | Measuring range limits | Min. span |
|--|--|---|--------------|
| Thermocouples (TC) as per IEC 60584, part 1 – using an | Type J (Fe-CuNi) Type K (NiCr-Ni) | -40 to +750 °C (-40 to 1382 °F) -40 to +1100 °C (-40 to 2012 °F) ¹⁾ | 50 K 50 K |
| Endress+Hauser - iTEMP® temperature head transmitter | Internal cold junctionCold junction accurMax. sensor resistant | racy: ± 1 K | |
| Thermocouples (TC) – flying leads – as per IEC 60584 and ASTM E230 | Type J (Fe-CuNi) Type K (NiCr-Ni) | -210 to +760 °C (-346 to 1400 °F), Typical sensitivity above 0 °C approx. 55 μV/K -270 to +1100 °C (-454 to 2012 °F) ¹⁾ , Typical sensitivity above 0 °C approx. 40 μV/K | - |

1) Limited by jacket material of insert

Performance characteristics

Operating conditions

Ambient temperature

| Terminal head | Temperature in °C (°F) |
|---|---|
| Without mounted head transmitter | Depends on the terminal head used and the cable gland or fieldbus connector, see 'Terminal heads' section, \rightarrow $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $ |
| With mounted head transmitter | -40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F) |
| With mounted head transmitter and display | -20 to 70 °C (-4 to 158 °F) |

Process pressure

The maximum process pressure depends on the thermowell into which the thermometer is screwed. For an overview of the Endress+Hauser thermowells which may be used, see $\rightarrow \blacksquare$ 18.

Permitted flow rate as a function of immersion length

The maximum permitted flow rate to which the thermometer can be subjected, reduces the greater the immersion depth of the thermowell in the flowing medium. In addition, it is dependent on the diameter of the tip of the thermowell, the medium type, process temperature and process pressure. For an overview of the Endress+Hauser thermowells which may be used, see $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ 18.

Shock and vibration resistance

4g / 2 to 150 Hz as per IEC 60068-2-6

Accuracy

Permissible deviation limits of thermoelectric voltages from standard characteristic for thermocouples as per IEC 60584 and ASTM E230/ANSI MC96.1:

| Standard | Туре | Standard tolerance | | Special tolerance | |
|-----------|-------------|--------------------|--|-------------------|---|
| | | Class | Deviation | Class | Deviation |
| IEC 60584 | J (Fe-CuNi) | 2 | ±2.5 °C (-40 to 333 °C) ±0.0075 ltl ¹⁾ (333 to 750 °C) | 1 | ±1.5 °C (-40 to 375 °C) ±0.004 ltl ¹ (375 to 750 °C) |
| | K (NiCr-Ni) | 2 | ±2.5 °C (-40 to 333 °C) ±0.0075 t ¹ (333 to 1200 °C) | 1 | ±1.5 °C (-40 to 375 °C) ±0.004 t ¹ (375 to 1000 °C) |

| Standard | Туре | Standard tolerance | Special tolerance |
|---------------|-------------|--|---|
| | | Deviation, the larger respective value appli | es |
| ASTM E230/ | J (Fe-CuNi) | ±2.1 K or ±0.0075 t ¹ (0 to 760 °C) | ±1.1 K or ±0.004 ltl ¹⁾ (0 to 760 °C) |
| MC 96.1 | K (NiCr-Ni) | ±2.2 K or ±0.02 t ¹ (-200 to 0 °C) ±2.1 K or ±0.0075 t ¹ (0 to 1260 °C) | ±1.1 K or ±0.004 t ¹⁾ (0 to 1260 °C) |



Note!

In order to obtain the maximum tolerances in °F, the results in °C must be multiplied by a factor of 1.8.

Response time

Tests in water at 0.4 m/s (1.3 ft/s), according to IEC 60584; 10 K temperature step change:

| Insert diameter | Response time | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| 6 mm (0.24 in) | t ₅₀ t ₉₀ | 2.5 s 6 s |
| 3 mm (0.12 in) | t ₅₀ t ₉₀ | 1 s 3 s |



Note:

Response time for TC insert without transmitter.

Insulation resistance

Insulation resistance $\geq \! 100~M\Omega$ at ambient temperature.

Insulation resistance between each terminal and the sheath is measured with a voltage of 100 V DC.

Calibration specifications

Endress+Hauser provides comparison temperature calibration from -80 to +1400 °C (-110 °F to 2552 °F) based on the International Temperature Scale (ITS90). Calibrations are traceable to national and international standards. The calibration report is referenced to the serial number of the thermometer. Only the measurement insert is calibrated.

| Insert-Ø: 6 mm (0.24 in) and 3 mm (0.12 in) | Minimum insertion length IL in mr | n (in) | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Temperature range | without head transmitter | with head transmitter | |
| -80 °C to -40 °C (-110 °F to -40 °F) | 200 (7.87) | | |
| -40 °C to 0 °C (-40 °F to 32 °F) | 160 (6.3) | | |
| 0 °C to 250 °C (32 °F to 480 °F) | 120 (4.72) | 150 (5.9) | |
| 250 °C to 550 °C (480 °F to 1020 °F) | 300 (11.81) | | |
| 550 °C to 1400 °C (1020 °F to 2552 °F) | 450 (17.75) | | |

Material

Neck, measuring insert.

The temperatures for continuous operation specified in the following table are only intended as reference values for use of the various materials in air and without any significant compressive load. The maximum operation temperatures are reduced considerably in some cases where abnormal conditions such as high mechanical load occur or in aggressive media.

| Material name | Short form | Recommended max. temperature for continuous use in air | Properties |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| AISI 316L/ 1.4404 1.4435 | X2CrNiMo17-12-2 X2CrNiMo18-14-3 | 650 °C (1200 °F) ¹⁾ | Austenitic, stainless steel High corrosion resistance in general Particularly high corrosion resistance in chlorine-based and acidic, non-oxidizing atmospheres through the addition of molybdenum (e.g. phosphoric and sulfuric acids, acetic and tartaric acids with a low concentration) Increased resistance to intergranular corrosion and pitting Compared to 1.4404, 1.4435 has even higher corrosion resistance and a lower delta ferrite content |
| AISI 316Ti/ 1.4571 | X6CrNiMoTi17-12-2 | 700 °C (1292 °F) ¹⁾ | Properties comparable to AISI316L Addition of titanium means increased resistance to intergranular corrosion even after welding Broad range of uses in the chemical, petrochemical and oil industries as well as in coal chemistry Can only be polished to a limited extent, titanium streaks can form |
| Inconel600/ 2.4816 | NiCr15Fe | 1100 °C (2012 °F) | A nickel/chromium alloy with very good resistance to aggressive, oxidizing and reducing atmospheres, even at high temperatures Resistant to corrosion caused by chlorine gas and chlorinated media as well as many oxidizing mineral and organic acids, sea water etc. Corrosion from ultrapure water Not to be used in a sulfur-containing atmosphere |

¹⁾ Can be used to a limited extent up to 800 °C (1472 °F) for low compressive loads and in non-corrosive media. Please contact your Endress+Hauser sales team for further information.

Transmitter specifications

| | TMT181 PCP TC, mV | TMT182 HART® TC, mV | TMT84 PA / TMT85 FF TC, mV |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| Measurement accuracy | 0.5 °C (0.9 °F) or 0.08% % is related to the adjusted measurement range (the larger value applies) | | ± typ. 0.25 K (0.45 °F) |
| Galvanic isolation (input/output) | (the larger | U = 2 kV AC | |

Components

Family of temperature transmitters

Thermometers fitted with iTEMP $^{\otimes}$ transmitters are an installation ready complete solution to improve temperature measurement by increasing accuracy and reliability, when compared to direct wired sensors, as well as reducing both wiring and maintenance costs.

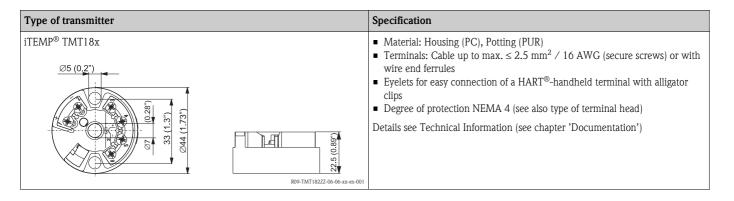
PC programmable head transmitter TMT180 and TMT181

They offer a high degree of flexibility, thereby supporting universal application with low inventory storage. The iTEMP® transmitters can be configured quickly and easily at a PC. Endress+Hauser offers the ReadWin® 2000 configuration software for this purpose. This software can be downloaded free of charge at **www.readwin2000.com**. More information can be found in the Technical Information (see "Documentation" section).

HART® TMT182 head transmitter

 ${\rm HART}^{\tiny{\circledR}}$ communication is all about easy, reliable data access and getting additional information about the measurement point more inexpensively. iTEMP $^{\tiny{\circledR}}$ transmitters integrate seamlessly into your existing control system and provide painless access to numerous diagnostic information.

Configuration with a hand-held (Field Xpert SFX100 or DXR375) or a PC with configuration program (FieldCare, ReadWin® 2000) or configure with AMS or PDM. Details see Technical Information (see chapter 'Documentation').



PROFIBUS® PA TMT84 head transmitter

Universally programmable head transmitter with PROFIBUS® PA communication. Converting various input signals into a digital output signal. High accuracy over the complete ambient temperature range. Swift and easy operation, visualization and maintenance using a PC directly from the control panel, e. g. using operating software such as FieldCare, Simatic PDM or AMS.

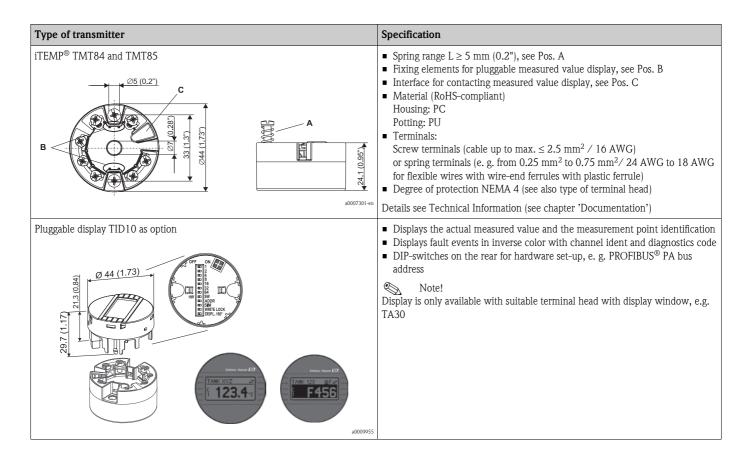
Benefits are: dual sensor input, highest reliability in harsh industrial environments, mathematic functions, thermometer drift monitoring, sensor back-up functionality, sensor diagnosis functions and sensor-transmitter matching using Callendar-Van Dusen coefficients. Details see Technical Information (see chapter 'Documentation').

FOUNDATION FieldbusTM TMT85 head transmitter

Universally programmable head transmitter with FOUNDATION FieldbusTM communication. Converting various input signals into a digital output signal. High accuracy over the complete ambient temperature range.

Swift and easy operation, visualization and maintenance using a PC directly from the control panel, e. g. using operating software such as ControlCare from Endress+Hauser or the NI Configurator from National Instruments.

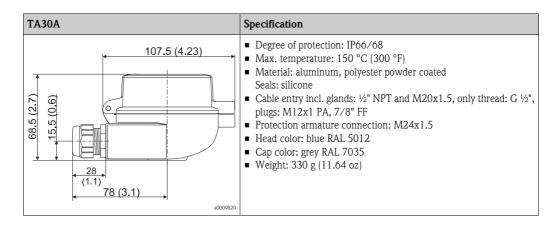
Benefits are: dual sensor input, highest reliability in harsh industrial environments, mathematic functions, thermometer drift monitoring, sensor back-up functionality, sensor diagnosis functions and sensor-transmitter matching using Callendar-Van Dusen coefficients. Details see Technical Information (see chapter 'Documentation').

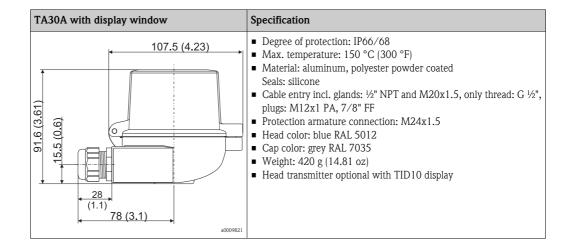


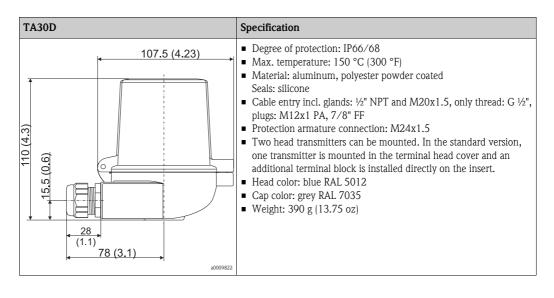
Terminal heads

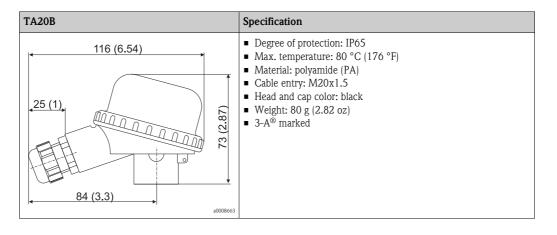
All terminal heads have an internal shape and size in accordance with DIN EN 50446, flat face and a thermometer connection of M24x1.5.

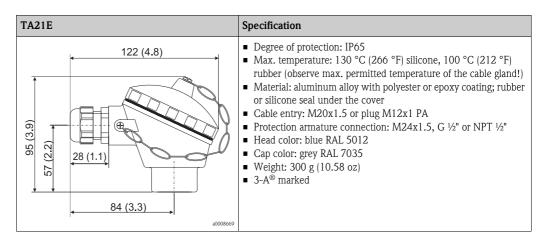
All dimensions in mm (in). The cable glands in the diagrams correspond to M20x1.5 connections. Specifications without head transmitter installed. For ambient temperatures with head transmitter installed, see 'Operating conditions' section.

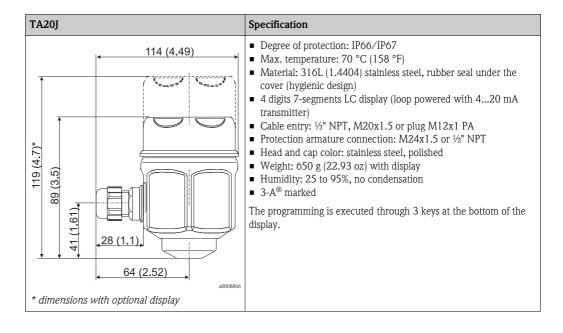


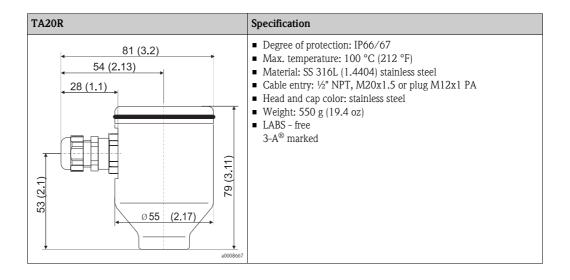








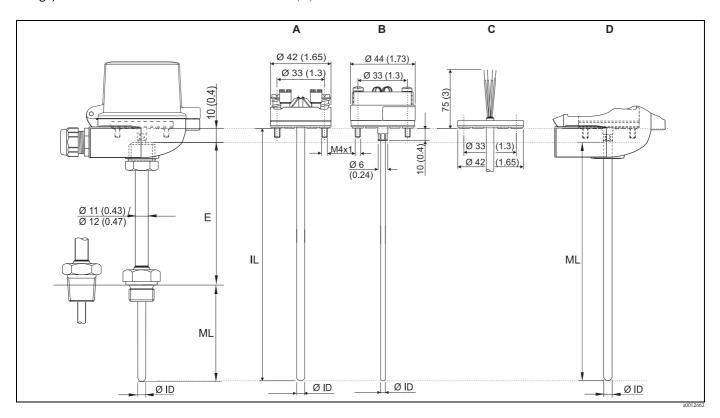




| Maximum ambient temperatures for cable glands and fieldbus connectors | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Type Temperature range | | | |
| Cable gland ½" NPT, M20x1.5 (non Ex) | -40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F) | | |
| Cable gland M20x1.5 (for dust ignition-proof area) | -20 to +95 °C (-4 to +203 °F) | | |
| Fieldbus connector (M12x1 PA, 7/8" FF) | -40 to +105 °C (-40 to +221 °F) | | |

Design, dimensions

All dimensions in mm (in).



- A Insert with mounted terminal block
- B Insert with mounted head transmitter
- $C \hspace{0.5cm} \hbox{Insert with flying leads} \\$
- Model without extension neck, intended for mounting in an existing onsite extension neck

Ø ID Insert diameter

6 mm (0.24 in) or 3 mm (0.12 in)

E Length of extension neck
IL Total length of insert = M

Total length of insert = ML + E + 10 mm (0.4 in)

ML Insertion length

Weight

From 0.5 to 2.5 kg (1 to 5.5 lbs) for standard options.

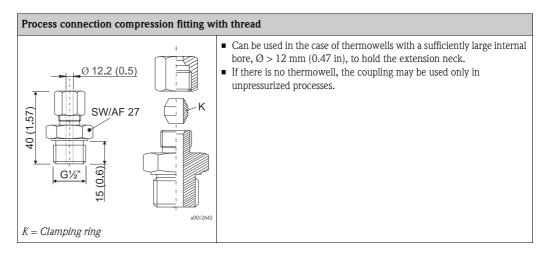
Process connection

The thermometer is designed for installation in an existing onsite thermowell or in a thermowell which can be ordered separately. The installation is done using the threaded connection on the bottom of the extension neck or using a compression fitting.

| Threaded connection | | Version | | Thread length TL in mm (in) | Width across flats AF |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Cylindrical (version M, G, R) | Conical (version NPT) | M | M14x1.5 | 12 (0.47) | 17 |
| <u> </u> | M | | M18x1.5 | 12 (0.47) | - 24 |
| | | | M20x1.5 | 15 (0.6) | 24 |
| E | | G | G½" as per ISO 6149 | 15 (0.6) | 27 |
| ML, L | | NPT | NPT ½" as per ANSI B1.20.1 | | 22 |
| | | R | R 3/4", JIS B 0203 | | 27 |
| | a0008620 | | R ½", JIS B 0203 | 8 (0.32) | 22 |
| E = Length of extended neck | | | | | |
| ML, $L = Insertion length$, imn | nersion length | | | | |

Compression fitting

The insert is pushed through a coupling together with the extension neck, \emptyset 12 mm (0.47 in), and secured using a clamping ring made of 316L stainless steel. The clamping ring can not be reused. The compression fitting must be secured again using a new clamping ring. The insertion length is completely adjustable.



Spare parts

- The TC insert is available as spare part TPC100 (see "Documentation" section in the Technical Information).
 - If the insert is required as a spare part, please note the following formula:

Total length of insert IL = ML + E + 10 mm (0.4 in)

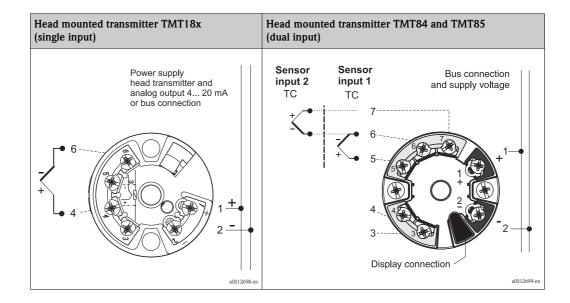
- Extension neck welded with threaded connection to terminal head. DIN flat face, different connections to separate thermowell, **order code TN15-...**
- Compression fitting with thread, Ø 12 mm (0.47 in), process connection thread G½", clamping ring made of 316L stainless steel, **order code TA50-KC**

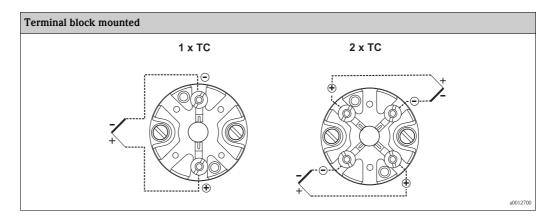
Wiring

Wiring diagrams

Thermocouple wire colors

| As per IEC 60584 | As per ASTM E230 |
|------------------|---|
| 7 (// | Type J: white (+), red (-) Type K: yellow (+), red (-) |



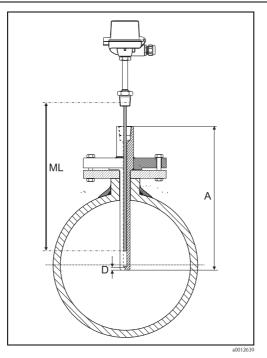


Installation conditions

Orientation

No restrictions.

Installation instructions



The thermometer is designed for installation in an existing thermowell or in a thermowell which can be ordered separately. Different threaded connections to suit the thermowell are available on the thermometer's extension neck ($\rightarrow = 11$). The necessary insertion length (ML) of the insert depends on the total length of the thermowell (A) and the type of thermowell used. It can be freely selected within the range of 100 to 5000 mm (3.94 and 197 $\,$ in). Longer insertion lengths are available on request. The same also applies when ordering an insert as a spare part. More detailed information on determining the insertion length (ML) required in each case can be found in the following table (applies to Endress+Hauser thermowells with standard base thicknesses).

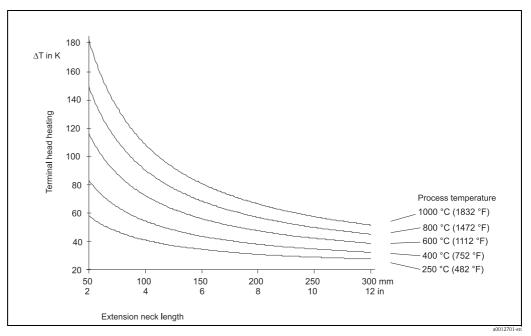
Thermometer installation

| Type of thermowell | ML in mm (in) | Type of thermowell | ML in mm (in) | Type of thermowell | ML in mm (in) |
|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| TA535 | ML = A | TW15 | ML = A | TA570 | |
| TA540 | ML = A - 2 (0.08) | TA560 | | TA571 | ML = A - 3 (0.12) |
| TA550 | ML = A - 3 (0.12) | TA562 | ML = A - 3 (0.12) | TA572 | NIL = A - 3 (0.12) |
| TA555 | ML = A - 2 (0.08) | TA565 | NIL = A - 3 (0.12) | TA575 | |
| TA557 | 1 VIL = A - Z (0.00) | TA566 | | TA576 | ML = A - 2 (0.12) |

In the case of thermowells with a noncompliant standard base thickness (D), the following formula must be used: ML = A - D + 3 (0.12) in mm (in).

Neck tube length

The neck tube is the part between the process connection and the terminal head. As illustrated in the following figure, the neck tube length may influence the temperature in the terminal head. It is necessary that this temperature is kept within the limit values defined in the chapter "Operating conditions".



Heating of the terminal head consequent to the process temperature Temperature in terminal head = ambient temperature 20 °C (68 °F) + ΔT

Neck tube- $\emptyset = 12 \text{ mm } (0.47 \text{ in})$

Certificates and approvals

CE Mark The device meets the legal requirements of the EC directives if applicable. Endress+Hauser confirms that the device has been successfully tested by applying the CE mark. For further details on the available Ex versions (ATEX, CSA, FM, etc.), please contact your nearest Hazardous area approvals Endress+Hauser sales organization. All relevant data for hazardous areas can be found in separate Ex documentation. If required, please request copies.

Other standards and guidelines

- IEC 60529:
 - Degrees of protection by housing (IP-Code).
- IEC 61010-1:
 - Safety requirements for electrical measurement, control and laboratory instrumentation.
- IEC 60584 and ASTM E230:
 - Thermocouples
- DIN43772:
 - Thermowells
- DIN EN 50446, DIN 47229:
 - Terminal heads
- IEC 61326-1:
 - Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements)

PED approval

The thermometer complies with paragraph 3.3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive (97/23/CE) and is not marked separately.

Test report and calibration

The "Factory calibration" is carried out according to an internal procedure in a laboratory of Endress+Hauser accredited by the European Accreditation Organization (EA) to ISO/IEC 17025. A calibration which is performed according to EA guidelines (SIT or DKD calibration) may be requested separately. The calibration is performed on the replaceable insert of the thermometer. In the case of thermometers without a replaceable insert, the entire thermometer - from the process connection to the tip of the thermometer - is calibrated.

Ordering information

Product structure

This information provides an overview of the order options available. The information is not exhaustive, however, and may not be fully up to date. **More detailed** information is available from your local Endress+Hauser representative.

Thermocouple TC88 Approval: A Not needed ATEX II 1 D Ex iaD 20, II 1 G Ex ia IIC ATEX II 1/2 D Ex iaD 21, II 1 G Ex ia IIC G ATEX II 1 G Ex ia IIC ATEX II 3 GD Ex nA II K TIIS Ex ia IIC T2 TIIS Ex ia IIC T3 Head; Cable entry: TA30A Alu, IP66/IP68; M20 TA30A Alu, IP66/IP68; NPT 1/2" D TA30A Alu, IP66/IP67; M12 plug PA TA21E Alu, screw cap IP65; M20 TA30A Alu+display, IP66/IP68; M20 G TA30A Alu+display, IP66/IP68; NPT ½" TA30A Alu+display, IP66/IP67; M12 plug PA TA30A Alu, G½" w/o gland TA20J 316L, IP66/IP67; M20 TA20J 316L, + display, IP66/IP67; M20 TA30A Alu +display; G1/2" w/o gland M TA20J 316L, IP66/IP67; M12 plug PA TA30D Alu, high cover, IP66/IP68; M20 TA30D Alu, high cover, IP66/IP68; NPT 1/2" TA30D Alu, IP66/IP67; M12 plug PA TA20R 316L, screw cap IP66/IP67; M20 TA20R 316L, screw cap IP66; M12 plug PA TA30A Alu, IP66/IP67; 7/8" plug FF H TA30A Alu+display, IP66/IP67; 7/8" plug FF TA30D Alu, IP66/IP67; 7/8" plug FF TA30D Alu, high cover; G1/2" w/o gland TA20B PA black, IP65; M20 Extension E: w/o neck 80 mm 100 mm 155 mm 165 mm 200 mm mm mm, as specified Process connection: Thread M14x1.5, 316Ti Thread M18x1.5, 316Ti Thread G½", 316Ti С Thread M20x1.5, 316Ti Е Thread 1/2" NPT, 316Ti Compression fitting G1/2" G Thread R 3/4", JIS B 0203, 316Ti Н Thread R ½", JIS B 0203, 316Ti Special version, TSP-no. to be specified not needed Neck diameter; Material: 11 mm; 316Ti w/o neck, to build in on side existing neck 3 12 mm; 316 Ti Insertion length ML: 110 mm **B** 140 mm

| | Insertion length ML: | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|----------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | С | 170 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | D | 200 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | E | 260 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | F | 410 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | X | mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | Y | mm, as specified | | | | | | | | | |
| | 1 | 100 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | 2 | 160 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | 400 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | Insert diameter: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 3 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 2 6 mm | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Head transmitter; Range: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | B TMT84 PA | | | | | | | | |
| | | C Terminal block | | | | | | | | | |
| | | D TMT85 FF | | | | | | | | | |
| | | F Flying leads | | | | | | | | | |
| | | G TMT181 (PCP); Temp. range to be specified | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | H TMT182 (HART, SIL2); Temp. range to be specified | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | TC Accuracy; Material: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | A 1x type K, cl.1; INCONEL600, max. 1100 °C | | | | | | | | |
| | | | B 2x type K, cl.1; INCONEL600, max.1100 °C | | | | | | | | |
| | | | E 1x type J, cl.1; 316L, max. 800 °C | | | | | | | | |
| | | | F 2x type J, cl.1; 316L, max. 800 °C | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Y Special version, TSP-no. to be specified | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Standard; Hot junction: | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | IEC584-2, ungrounded | | | | | | |
| | | | | 2 IEC584-2, grounded | | | | | | | |
| | | | 3 ANSI MC96.1, ungrounded | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 4 ANSI MC96.1, grounded | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 9 | Special version, TSP-no. to be specified | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Factory test: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 0 not needed | | needed | | | | |
| | | | | | 1 Inspection sensor | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 2 Inspection TC + TMT | | | | | | |
| | | | | | 9 Special version, TSP-no. to be specified | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Ado | ditional option: | | | | |
| | | | | | | Y | Special version, TSP-no. to be specified | | | | |
| | | | | | | 0 | not needed | | | | |
| TC88- | Τİ | | | | | | ← Order code (complete) | | | | |

Documentation

Technical Information:

- ■TC Insert for Temperature Sensor Omniset TPC100 (TI278t/02/en)
- Temperature head transmitter:

 - iTEMP® PCP TMT181 (TI070r/09/en)
 iTEMP® HART® TMT182 (TI078r/09/en)
 iTEMP® TMT84 PA (TI138r/09/en)
 iTEMP® TMT85 FF (TI134r/09/en)

Technical Informations thermowells:

| Type of thermowell | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|-------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| TA535 | TI250t/02/en | TW15 | TI265t/02/en | TA570 | TI161t/02/en | | | | | |
| TA540 | TI166t/02/en | TA560 | TI159t/02/en | TA571 | TI178t/02/en | | | | | |
| TA550 | TI153t/02/en | TA562 | TI230t/02/ | TA572 | TI179t/02/en | | | | | |
| TA555 | TI154t/02/en | TA565 | TI160t/02/en | TA575 | TI162t/02/ | | | | | |
| TA557 | TI156t/02/en | TA566 | TI177t/02/en | TA576 | TI163t/02/ | | | | | |

Hazardous area supplementary documentation:

- Omnigrad TRxx/TCxx RTD/TC Thermometer ATEX II1GD or II 1/2GD (XA072r/09/a3)
- Omnigrad TRxx/TCxx RTD/TC Thermometer ATEX II 3GD (XA044r/09/a3)

Application example

Technical Information:

- Field display RIA16 (TI144r/09/en)
- Active barrier with power supply RN221N (TI073R/09/en)

Instruments International

Endress+Hauser Instruments International AG Kaegenstrasse 2 4153 Reinach Switzerland

Tel. +41 61 715 81 00 Fax +41 61 715 25 00 www.endress.com info@ii.endress.com



People for Process Automation