

Functional safety manual

RN221N

Active barrier



Application

Galvanic isolation of 4 to 20 mA current circuits and powering 2-wire transmitters, when used in safety relevant applications to satisfy particular safety systems requirements as per IEC 61508:2010 (Edition 2.0).

The measuring device fulfills the requirements concerning

- Functional safety as per IEC 61508:2010 (Edition 2.0)
- Explosion protection (depending on the version)
- Electromagnetic compatibility as per EN 61326 series
- Electrical safety as per IEC/EN 61010-1.

Your benefits

- Used in safety relevant applications to satisfy particular safety systems requirements up to SIL 2
 - independently evaluated (Functional Assessment) by exida.com as per IEC 61508-2:2010 (Edition 2.0)

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SIL Declaration of Conformity

SIL-13001a/09

Endress+Hauser 

People for Process Automation

SIL-Declaration of Conformity

Functional Safety according to IEC 61508 / 61511

Supplement 1 / NE130 Form B.1 and IGR 49-02-15 Datasheet 1

Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH+Co. KG Obere Wank 1, 87484 Nesselwang

declares as manufacturer, that the following type of the

RN221N

is suitable for the use in safety-instrumented systems according to IEC61508, if the safety instructions and following parameters are observed.

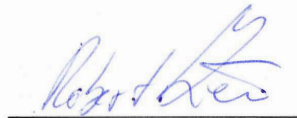
This declaration of conformity is only valid for products being in the delivery status and produced after the following date of issue.

Nesselwang, 03.12.2013

Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH+Co. KG



Harald Hertweck
Managing Director



i.V. Robert Zeller
Head of Department R&D Components

SIL-13001a/09

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General			
Device designation and permissible types	Active barrier, type RN221N-x1		
	Active barrier, type RN221N-xJ		
Safety-related output signal	4...20mA		
Fault current	$\leq 3.6\text{mA}$ or $\geq 21\text{mA}$		
Process variable/function	loop current		
Safety function(s)	4..20mA output signal		
Device type acc. to IEC 61508-2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Type A	<input type="checkbox"/> Type B	
Operating mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Low Demand Mode	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Demand or Continuous Mode	
Valid Hardware-Version	01.00.02		
Valid Software-Version	n/a		
Safety manual	SD00008R/09		
Type of evaluation (check only <u>one</u> box)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Complete HW/SW evaluation parallel to development incl. FMEDA and change request acc. to IEC 61508-2, 3	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluation of "Proven-in-use" performance for HW/SW incl. FMEDA and change request acc. to IEC 61508-2, 3	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	Evaluation of HW/SW field data to verify „prior use“ acc. to IEC 61511	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Evaluation by FMEDA acc. to IEC61508-2 for devices w/o software	
Assessment through – report no.	Exida E+H Wetzler 13/03-087 R012		
Test documents	Development documents	Test reports	Data sheets
SIL - Integrity			
Systematic safety integrity		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SIL 2 capable	<input type="checkbox"/> SIL 3 capable
Hardware safety integrity	Single channel use (HFT = 0)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SIL 2 capable	<input type="checkbox"/> SIL 3 capable
	Multi channel use (HFT ≥ 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> SIL 2 capable	<input type="checkbox"/> SIL 3 capable
FMEDA			
Safety function	Measurement signal output		
$\lambda_{DU}^{*1)}$	66 FIT		
$\lambda_{DO}^{*1)}$	206 FIT		
$\lambda_{SU}^{*1)}$	0 FIT		
$\lambda_{SD}^{*1)}$	0 FIT		
SFF - Safe Failure Fraction	75 %		
PTC ^{*2)}	99 %		
$\lambda_{total}^{*1)}$	272 FIT		
Diagnostic test interval / fault reaction time ^{*3)}	n/a / n/a		
Declaration			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Our internal company quality management system ensures information on safety-related systematic faults which become evident in the future		

*1) FIT = Failure In Time, Number of breakdown per 10^9 h

*2) PTC = Proof Test Coverage (Diagnostic coverage for manual proof tests)

*3) A-type devices no diagnostic time and fault reaction time

Introduction

Introduction

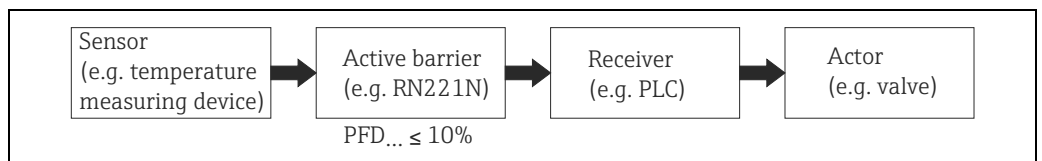


General information on functional safety (SIL) is available at: www.de.endress.com/SIL (German) or www.endress.com/SIL (English) and in the Competence Brochure CP002Z "Functional Safety in the Process Industry - Risk Reduction with Safety Instrumented Systems".

Measuring system design

System components

The diagram below displays a measuring system with exemplary devices.



A0022109-EN

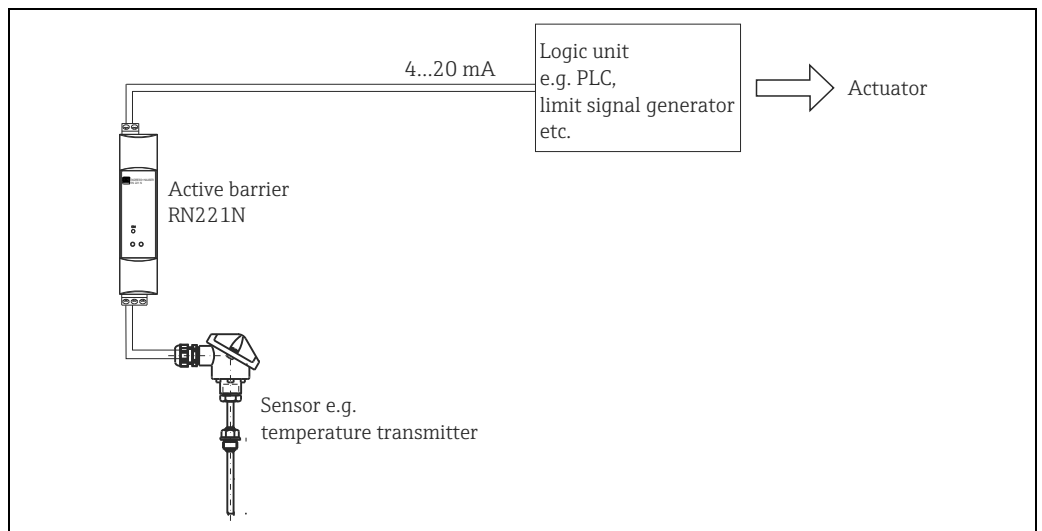
Part of the active barrier at the "average probability of failure on demand of a safety-related system" (PFD_{avg})



This documentation treats the RN221N as part of the safety function.

Together, the sensor, active barrier, logic unit and actuator form a safety-related system, which carries out a safety function. The "average probability of failure on demand of the entire safety-related system" (PFD_{avg}) is divided among the sensor, process transmitter, logic unit and actuator sub-systems.

Description of the application as a safety-instrumented system



A0022110-DE

Example for "limit value monitoring" application

Powered by the active barrier RN221N, the sensor generates an analog signal (4 to 20 mA) that is proportional to the measured value. The analog signal is fed to a downstream logic unit via the active barrier RN221N, such as a PLC or limit signal generator and is monitored there to determine whether it exceeds a maximum value.

Permitted device types

The functional safety assessment described in this manual applies to the device versions listed below and is valid from the stated software and hardware versions.

Valid hardware version (electronics): from **01.00.02**

In the event of device modifications, a modification process compliant with IEC 61508 is applied.

Unless otherwise indicated, all subsequent versions can also be used for safety-instrumented systems.

Device versions valid for use in safety-related applications:

Feature	Designation	Version
010	Approval	all
020	Power Supply; Diagnostics	J, 1

Further applicable device documentation RN221N

Documentation	Contents	Remark
Technical Information TI073R/09	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Technical data ■ Notes on accessories 	
Brief operating instructions KA124R/09	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Identification ■ Installation ■ Wiring ■ Operation ■ Commissioning ■ Maintenance ■ Accessories ■ Troubleshooting ■ Technical data ■ Appendix: Presentation of menus 	
Safety instructions depending on the chosen "Approval" feature	Safety, installation and operating instructions for devices, which are suitable for use in potentially explosive atmospheres	Additional safety instructions (XA, XB, XC, ZE, ZD) are supplied with certified device versions. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

Description of safety requirements and boundary conditions

Safety function

When used as part of a safety function the measuring signal of the output side (O+, O- or O+H) 4 to 20 mA can be used.

Safety-related signal

The safety-related signal is the 4 to 20 mA measurement output signal. All safety functions solely refer to this output signal.

The safety-related output signal or the limit relays are sent to a downstream logic unit, e.g. a programmable logic controller or a limit signal transmitter, and monitored there to establish if:

- A specified limit has been overshoot
- A fault has occurred, e.g. error current in accordance with Namur recommendation 43 (≤ 3.6 mA, ≥ 21 mA, signal cable disconnection or short-circuit).

Restrictions for use in safety-related applications

- The designated use of the measuring system and environmental conditions must be observed.
- Notes on critical process situations and installation conditions from the operating instructions (chapter 4 in KA124R/09) have to be observed.
- Observe application-specific restrictions.
- The specifications from the Operating Instructions must not be violated.
- The device must be secured against unintentional operation / modification.
- A complete function test of the safety-related functions has to be carried out during commissioning.



MTTR is set to 24 hours.

Safety-related systems without self-locking function must be brought to a monitored or otherwise safe state within MTTR after executing the safety function.

Functional safety parameters The table shows specific parameters relating to functional safety:

Parameter as per IEC 61508	RN221N-xJ, RN221N-x1
Protection function	Measuring signal (output side) 4 to 20mA
SIL AC	2
HFT	0
Device type	A
Operating mode	Low and high demand mode
MTTR	24 hours
Recommended proof-test interval T[Proof]	1 year
SFF	75 %
λ_{SD}	0 FIT
λ_{SU}	0 FIT
λ_{DD}	206 FIT
λ_{DU}	66 FIT
λ_{Total}^{*1}	272 FIT
PFD _{avg} (for T[Proof] = 1 year) ^{*2}	3.2 x 10 ⁻⁴
PFH	6.62 x 10 ⁻⁸ 1/h
MTBF ^{*1}	286 years

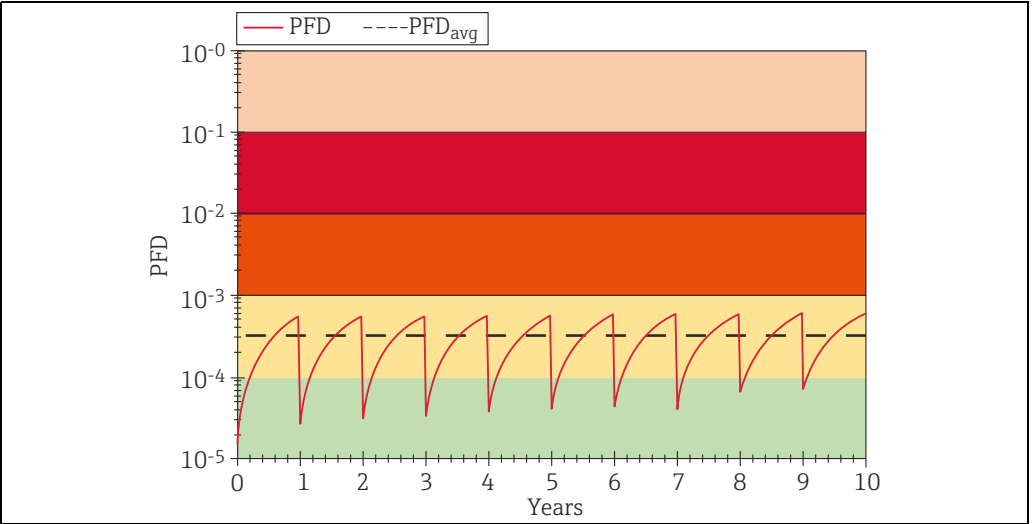
*1

This value takes into account all failure types. Failure rates of electronics components in accordance with Siemens SN29500. (see "Management summary - optional")

*2

Where the average temperature when in continuous use is in the region of 50 °C, a factor of 1.3 should be taken into account. For further information, see "Management summary - optional".

Proof-test interval



Proof-test interval depending on the PFD_{avg}

Operating life of electrical components

The underlying failure rates of electrical components apply within the usable operating life in accordance with IEC 61508-2:2010 Section 7.4.9.5 Note 3.

According to DIN EN 61508-2:2011 Note 3 ^{N3)}, longer operating life spans can be reached through suitable measures by the manufacturer and the operator.

Installation	Installation, wiring, commissioning Installation, wiring and commissioning of the device are described in the Brief Operating Instructions KA124R/09.
Maintenance	No special maintenance work is required on the device.

Proof tests

Proof tests	Safety functions must be tested at appropriate intervals to ensure that they are functioning correctly and are safe. The intervals must be specified by the operator. The "Proof-test interval depending on the PFDavg" graphic can be used for this purpose. The device proof test can be performed as follows:
Procedure for proof test	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bypass the logic unit or take other suitable measures to prevent an unwanted reaction in the process. 2. Simulate several defined limit values across the entire range and verify that the output or the limit relays go to a safe state. 3. Restore the complete operational capability of the loop. 4. Disable bypassing of the logic unit or restore normal operation in some other way. <p>This test detects approx. 99% of all possible "du" (dangerous undetected) failures of the RN221N active barrier.</p> <p>NOTICE</p> <p>The device may no longer be used as part of a safety-instrumented system if one of the criteria of the test procedures described above is not fulfilled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ► The proof test is used to detect random device failures. It does not cover the influence of systematic faults on the safety function, which must be checked separately. Operating conditions or corrosion, for example, can cause systematic faults.

Repair

Repair	<p>All repairs to the RN221N must be carried out by Endress+Hauser only.</p> <p>In the event of failure of a SIL-labeled Endress+Hauser device, which has been used in a safety-instrumented system, the "Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-contamination", with the corresponding note "Used as SIL device in a Safety Instrumented System", must be enclosed when the defective device is returned.</p> <p>Please read the information in the Section "Return" of the appropriate Operating Instructions".</p>
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Appendix

Commissioning or proof-test protocol

System-specific data		
Company		
Measuring points / TAG no.		
System		
Device type / order code		
Serial number of device		
Name		
Date		
Password (if device-specific)		
Signature		
Device-specific commissioning parameters		
Proof-test protocol		
Test stage	Measurement signal (output)	
	Set point	Actual
Jumper current input	Current: $\leq 3.6 \text{ mA}$ or $\geq 21 \text{ mA}$	
Connect multimeter (accuracy class 1) to output (O+, O- or O+H)		
Impress a current value of x mA on current input (I+, I-)		
Read the current/voltage value at the output and record it (set point e.g. x mA \pm 0.3 mA)		

Exida.com management summary



Failure Modes, Effects and Diagnostic Analysis

Project:

Active Barrier preline RN 221N

Customer:

Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH + Co. KG

Nesselwang

Germany

Contract No.: E+H Wetzer 13/03-087

Report No.: E+H Wetzer 13/03-087 R012

Version V2, Revision R1; July 2013

Stephan Aschenbrenner

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Management summary

This report summarizes the results of the hardware assessment carried out on the Active Barrier preline RN 221N with hardware version as shown in the referred circuit diagrams (see section 2.5.1).

The hardware assessment consists of a Failure Modes, Effects and Diagnostics Analysis (FMEDA). A FMEDA is one of the steps taken to achieve functional safety assessment of a device per IEC 61508. From the FMEDA, failure rates are determined and consequently the Safe Failure Fraction (SFF) is calculated for the device. For full assessment purposes all requirements of IEC 61508 must be considered.

The failure rates used in this analysis are the basic failure rates from the Siemens standard SN 29500. This failure rate database is specified in the safety requirements specification from Endress+Hauser Wetzler GmbH + Co. KG for the Active Barrier preline RN 221N.

The listed failure rates are valid for operating stress conditions typical of an industrial field environment similar to IEC 60654-1 class C (sheltered location) with an average temperature over a long period of time of 40°C. For a higher average temperature of 60°C, the failure rates should be multiplied with an experience based factor of 2.5. A similar multiplier should be used if frequent temperature fluctuation must be assumed.

The Active Barrier preline RN 221N can be considered to be a Type A¹ element with a hardware fault tolerance of 0.

It is assumed that the connected safety logic solver is configured as per the NAMUR NE43 signal ranges, i.e. the Active Barrier preline RN 221N with 4..20 mA current output communicates detected faults by an alarm output current $\leq 3.6\text{mA}$ or $\geq 21\text{mA}$. Assuming that the application program in the safety logic solver does not automatically trip on these failures, these failures have been classified as dangerous detected failures. The following table shows how the above stated requirements are fulfilled.

¹ Type A element: "Non-complex" element (all failure modes are well defined); for details see 7.4.4.1.2 of IEC 61508-2.



Table 1 Summary for RN 221N – IEC 61508 failure rates

Failure category	Siemens SN 29500 [FIT]
Fail Safe Detected (λ_{SD})	0
Fail Safe Undetected (λ_{SU})	0
Fail Dangerous Detected (λ_{DD})	206
Fail Dangerous Detected (λ_{dd})	0
Fail High (λ_H)	79
Fail Low (λ_L)	127
Fail Dangerous Undetected (λ_{DU})	66
No effect	117
No part	8
Total failure rate of the safety function (λ_{Total})	272
Safe failure fraction (SFF) ²	75%
DC_D	75%
SIL AC ³	SIL 2

The failure rates are valid for the useful life of the Active Barrier preline RN 221N (see Appendix 2).

² The complete sensor element will need to be evaluated to determine the overall Safe Failure Fraction. The number listed is for reference only.

³ SIL AC (architectural constraints) means that the calculated values are within the range for hardware architectural constraints for the corresponding SIL but does not imply that all related IEC 61508 requirements are fulfilled.

Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination

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Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination *Erklärung zur Kontamination und Reinigung*

RA No.

Please reference the Return Authorization Number (RA#), obtained from Endress+Hauser, on all paperwork and mark the RA# clearly on the outside of the box. If this procedure is not followed, it may result in the refusal of the package at our facility.
Bitte geben Sie die von E+H mitgeteilte Rücklieferungsnummer (RA#) auf allen Lieferpapieren an und vermerken Sie diese auch außen auf der Verpackung. Nichtbeachtung dieser Anweisung führt zur Ablehnung ihrer Lieferung.

Because of legal regulations and for the safety of our employees and operating equipment, we need the "Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination", with your signature, before your order can be handled. Please make absolutely sure to attach it to the outside of the packaging.

Aufgrund der gesetzlichen Vorschriften und zum Schutz unserer Mitarbeiter und Betriebseinrichtungen, benötigen wir die unterschriebene "Erklärung zur Kontamination und Reinigung", bevor Ihr Auftrag bearbeitet werden kann. Bringen Sie diese unbedingt außen an der Verpackung an.

Type of instrument / sensor
Geräte-/Sensortyp _____

Serial number
Seriennummer _____

☐ Used as SIL device in a Safety Instrumented System / *Einsatz als SIL Gerät in Schutzanlagen*

Process data/ *Prozessdaten*

Temperature / *Temperatur* _____ [°C]

Pressure / *Druck* _____ [Pa]

Conductivity / *Leitfähigkeit* _____ [S]

Viscosity / *Viskosität* _____ [mm²/s]

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