01.00.zz (Device firmware)

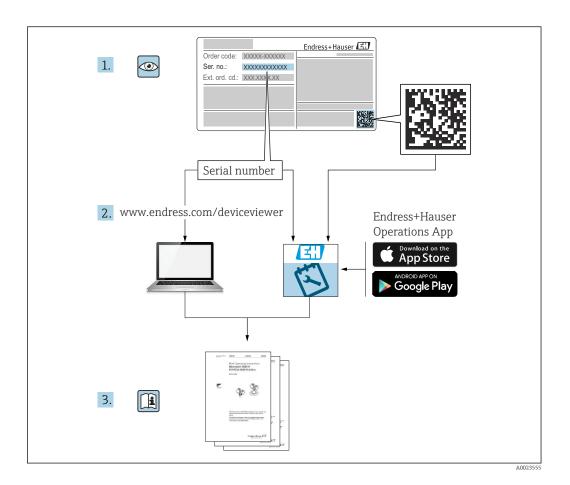
# Functional Safety Manual Liquiphant M, Liquiphant S with electronic insert FEL57 + Nivotester FTL325P

Point level measuring system









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#### **Declaration of Conformity** 1

SIL\_00070\_03.15



Declaration of Conformity
Functional Safety according to IEC 61508:2010
Supplement 1 / NE130 Form B.1

Endress+Hauser GmbH+Co. KG, Hauptstraße 1, 79689 Maulburg

being the manufacturer, declares that the product stated below

Liquiphant M/S with electronic insert FEL57 + Nivotester FTL325P

is suitable for the use in safety-instrumented systems up to SIL3 according to IEC 61508:2010.

In safety instrumented systems according IEC 61508 and IEC 61511, the instructions of the Safety Manual have to be followed.

Maulburg, 17-June-2016 Endress+Hauser GmbH+Co. KG

Dr. Arno Götz

Dept. Manager Product Safety Research & Development

Dr.Dietmar Frühauf Dept. Manager Level Switches Research & Development

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SIL\_00070\_03.15 Endress+Hauser 3 People for Process Automation General Liquiphant M/S with electronic insert FEL57 + Nivotester FTL325P FTL5\*/7\*-\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* + FTL325P-y\*\*\*\*; y = G, H, N, P, T, W, 2 Device designation and permissible types Order code selection Safety-related output signal Relay Fault current Process variable/function Level switch for liquids Safety function(s) Overfill protection or operating maximum/minimum detection □ Туре А ☐ Type B Device type acc. to IEC 61508-2 Operating mode □ Low Demand Mode High Demand Mode Continuous Mode FEL57 as of version 01.01, FTL325P as of version 02.00 Valid hardware version Valid software version FEL57 as of version 01.00.01, FTL325 without SW Safety manual SD01508F Complete HW/SW evaluation parallel to development incl.  $\boxtimes$ Complete HW/SW evaluation parallel to development incl. FMEDA and change request ac. to IEC 61508-2, 3 Evaluation of "Proven-in-use" performance for HW/SW incl. FMEDA and change request acc. to IEC 61508-2, 3 Evaluation of HW/SW field data to verify "prior use" acc. to IEC 61511 Type of evaluation (check only one box) Evaluation by FMEDA acc. to IEC 61508-2 for devices w/o software Evaluation through / certificate no. TÜV Rheinland, Report No. 968/FSP 1148.00/15 Test documents Data sheets

SIL - Integrity		a batanamurtizoi.	dems up
Systematic safety integrity		SIL 2 capable	SIL 3 capable
Hardware safety integrity	Single channel use (HFT = 0)	SIL 2 capable	SIL 3 capable
riardware sarety integrity	Multi channel use (HFT ≥ 1)	SIL 2 capable	SIL 3 capable <sup>8)</sup>
FMEDA			
Safety function	MIN	MAX	
λ <sub>DU</sub> <sup>1),2),3)</sup>	88 FIT	74 FIT	
λ <sub>DD</sub> 1),2),3)	1 FIT	2 FIT	
λ <sub>SU</sub> <sup>1),2),3)</sup>	652 FIT	751 FIT	
λ <sub>SD</sub> <sup>1),2),3)</sup>	118 FIT	138 FIT	
$\lambda_{total}^{1],2),3))$	859 FIT	965 FIT	
SFF (Safe Failure Fraction) 3)	90 %	92 %	
$PFD_{avg}$ (T <sub>1</sub> = 1 year) <sup>2),3)</sup> (single channel architecture)	3.84 · 10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.22 · 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
PTC 3),4)	4893 %	5793 %	
MTBF 3),5)	133 years	118 years	
Diagnostic test interval <sup>6)</sup>	≤ 1 min	·	
Fault reaction time 7)	≤3 s		

# Our internal company quality management system ensures information on safety-related systematic faults which become evident in the future

**Declaration** 

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 <sup>3)</sup> This information is based on the Variant II in the parety maliusi
 4) PTC = Proof Test Coverage
 5) MTBF (Mean Time Between Failures) is the predicted elapsed time between inherent failures of a system during operation in accordance to Siemens SN29500. Considered are failures of the electronics with functional relevance.
 4) All diagnostic functions are performed at least once within the diagnostic test interval
 7) Maximum time between error recognition and error response
 8) SIL 3 only for Safety function MAX

## 1.1 General

The components can be operated as different versions:

- Version II ( $\rightarrow$  🗎 7)
  - OneLiquiphant with a 1-channel Nivotester, for the activation of an actuator or a safety-related PLC via switching contacts, for instance
- Version III ( $\rightarrow$  🖺 8)
  - One Liquiphant with a 3-channel Nivotester, switching contacts are switched in series
- - Two Liquiphant devices with a 3-channel Nivotester, switching contacts are switched in series
- Version V ( $\rightarrow$  🖺 11)
  - Three Liquiphant devices with a 3-channel Nivotester; evaluation is performed in a safety-related PLC, for example

Three Liquiphant devices with a 3-channel Nivotester, only channel 1 has a SIL-specific monitoring function. Channels 2 and 3 are used for level control of the same level (e.g.  $\Delta$ s). This level control may not then be considered as a safety measure as part of functional safety according to EN 61508.

#### NOTICE

#### Measuring another, independent level (e.g. in a second tank)

▶ The remaining channels may not be used for other levels.

## 1.2 Other safety-related characteristic values

- i
- Please note the following for the tables below:
- A common cause factor  $\beta$  = 10 % has been assumed in the calculations indicated below.
- For multi-channel systems, the PFD<sub>avg</sub> values already contain common cause failures for the specific wiring scheme.
- lacktriangle The PFD<sub>avg</sub> values only apply to the particular wiring scheme for which the values have been calculated. They are not a suitable basis for making calculations for other wiring schemes. The use of NC contacts instead of NO contacts, in particular, is not permitted for operation according to SIL specifications.
- The wiring scheme indicates the number of devices and the circuitry of the level relay contacts (open when required (demand mode)).
- If there are several devices in a wiring scheme, all the devices have the same settings shown.
- The tables show safety-related values and wiring options for the measuring system.
- FIT = Failure in Time. 1 FIT =  $10^{-9}$  l/h.

#### Specific functional safety parameters:

Version II: Liquiphant M/S; 1-channel Nivotester FTL325P

Parameter as per IEC 61508	Value	
Safety function	MIN	MAX
Example		
Wiring scheme	A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator	CH1 \ A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
SIL	2	
HFT	0	
Device type	В	
Operating mode	Low demand mode	
SFF	90 %	92 %
MTTR	8 h	
λ <sub>sd</sub> 1)	118 FIT	138 FIT
λ <sub>su</sub> 1)	652 FIT	751 FIT
$\lambda_{dd}^{1)}$	1 FIT	2 FIT
λ <sub>du</sub> 1)	88 FIT	74 FIT
$PFD_{avg}$ for $T_1 = 1$ year	3.84 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.22 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
MTBF	133 years 118 years	
Diagnostic test interval <sup>2)</sup> ≤60 s		
Fault reaction time 3)	≤3 s	
System reaction time <sup>4)</sup>	1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered)	
PTC test sequence A 5)	93 %	
PTC test sequence B 6)	48 % 57 %	
PTC test sequence C <sup>7)</sup>	-	93 %

- 1) This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example Wiring scheme  $\mathsf{C}$ CH1 CH1 **≈6H** | | | | CH2 CH2 Α Α (1002)CH3 CH3 A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC B Possibility 1 C Possibility 2; 1002 assessment SIL 2 0 HFT В Device type Operating mode Low demand mode 95 % SFF 96 % MTTR 8 h 149 FIT 128 FIT  $\lambda_{su}^{1)}$ 954 FIT 856 FIT  $\lambda_{dd}^{1)}$ 1 FIT 2 FIT  $\lambda_{du}^{1)}$ 56 FIT 43 FIT  $PFD_{avg}$  for  $T_1 = 1$  year 2.46 x 10<sup>-4</sup> 1.88 x 10<sup>-4</sup> MTBF 110 years 100 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time 3) ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 95 % PTC test sequence B 6) 63 % 70 % PTC test sequence C 7) 95 %

Version III: Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P, CH2 and CH3 in series

- This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example **₩** Wiring scheme CH1 ≈**#** CH1 Α CH2 >### CH2 Α (1003) CH3 CH3 A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC B Possibility 1 C Possibility 2; 1003 assessment SIL 2 3 **HFT** 1 Device type В Operating mode Low demand mode SFF 99 % MTTR 8 h  $\lambda_{sd}^{-1}$ 291 FIT 248 FIT 1350 FIT 1521 FIT  $\lambda_{su}$ 1 FIT  $\lambda_{dd}$  $\lambda_{\!du}$ 14 FIT 13 FIT  $PFD_{avg}$  for  $T_1 = 1$  year 6.11 x -10<sup>-5</sup>  $5.51 \times 10^{-5}$ MTBF 71 years 63 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time 3) ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 93 % PTC test sequence B 6) 48 % 57 %

Version IV: 2 Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P

 This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.

93 %

- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.

PTC test sequence C 7)

- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

- The failure rates are based on an analysis in accordance with DIN EN 61508-6: 2011-02, Table D.4, "Using the  $\beta$ -factor to calculate the probability of failure in an E/E/PE safety-related system due to common cause failures". The calculation gives a  $\beta$ -factor of 10 %. This factor is based on the failure rates indicated above. If additional measures are implemented during installation to prevent common cause errors as defined in Table D.1, the  $\beta$ -factor can possibly be reduced to 5 %. Possible measures are:
  - Sensors installed in a physically separate location
  - Cable routed separately between the Liquiphant and Nivotester
  - Separate protection from environmental influences: impact, sunshine, EMC protection and/or overvoltage
  - Use of different sensor materials, and combination of high-temperature and normal version

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example Wiring scheme CH1 Α CH<sub>2</sub> (2003) CH3 A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC; 2003 assessment SIL 2 HFT 1 В Device type Operating mode Low demand mode SFF 99 % MTTR 8 h λ<sub>sd</sub> 1) 366 FIT 430 FIT 1556 FIT 1812 FIT  $\lambda_{su}$ 1 FIT  $\lambda_{dd}$  $\lambda_{\!du}$ 16 FIT 15 FIT  $PFD_{avq}$  for  $T_1 = 1$  year 7.03 x -10<sup>-5</sup>  $6.35 \times 10^{-5}$ MTBF 59 years 51 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time 3) ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 93 % PTC test sequence B 6) 48 % 57 %

Version IV: 3 Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P

 This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.

93 %

- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.

PTC test sequence C 7)

- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

- The failure rates are based on an analysis in accordance with DIN EN 61508-6: 2011-02, Table D.4, "Using the  $\beta$ -factor to calculate the probability of failure in an E/E/PE safety-related system due to common cause failures". The calculation gives a  $\beta$ -factor of 10 %. This factor is based on the failure rates indicated above. If additional measures are implemented during installation to prevent common cause errors as defined in Table D.1, the  $\beta$ -factor can possibly be reduced to 5 %. Possible measures are:
  - Sensors installed in a physically separate location
  - Cable routed separately between the Liquiphant and Nivotester
  - Separate protection from environmental influences: impact, sunshine, EMC protection and/or overvoltage
  - Use of different sensor materials, and combination of high-temperature and normal version

Version VI: Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P (CH1 for SIL; CH2+CH3 e.g. for level control  $\Delta S$ )

Parameter as per IEC 61508	Value		
Safety function	MIN	MAX	
Example		A0027836	
Wiring scheme		H1 $\$ A H2 $\$ $\Delta$ s H3 $\$ $\$	
SIL	2		
HFT	0		
Device type	В		
Operating mode	Low demand mode		
SFF	90 %	92 %	
MTTR	8 h		
λ <sub>sd</sub> 1)	118 FIT	138 FIT	
$\lambda_{su}$	652 FIT	751 FIT	
$\lambda_{dd}$	1 FIT	2 FIT	
$\lambda_{du}$	88 FIT	74 FIT	
$PFD_{avg}$ for $T_1 = 1$ year	3.84 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.22 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
MTBF	133 years	118 years	
Diagnostic test interval <sup>2)</sup>	≤60 s		
Fault reaction time 3)	≤3 s		
System reaction time <sup>4)</sup>	1 s (covered > free)	0.5 s (free > covered)	
PTC test sequence A 5)	93 %		
PTC test sequence B 6)	48 %	57 %	
PTC test sequence C 7)	-	93 %	

- This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

## 1.3 Useful lifetime of electrical components

The established failure rates of electrical components apply within the useful lifetime as per IEC 61508-2:2010 section 7.4.9.5 note 3.

According to DIN EN 61508-2:2011 section 7.4.9.5 national footnote N3, appropriate measures taken by the manufacturer and operator can extend the useful lifetime.

#### 2 **Document information**

#### 2.1 **Document function**

The document is part of the Operating Instructions and serves as a reference for application-specific parameters and notes.



- General information about functional safety: SIL
   General information about SIL is available: In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site: www.de.endress.com/SIL

#### 2.2 Symbols used

#### 2.2.1 Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
<b>⚠</b> DANGER	<b>DANGER!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.	
<b>A</b> WARNING	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.	
<b>▲</b> CAUTION	CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.	
NOTICE	<b>NOTE!</b> This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.	

#### 2.2.2 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
A	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
1., 2., 3	Series of steps

#### 2.2.3 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views

# 2.3 Supplementary device documentation

Liquiphant M FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51H, FTL51C

Documentation	Comment
Technical Information:  Ti00328F/00 (FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51H)  Ti00347F/00 (FTL51C)	The documentation is available on the Internet:  → www.endress.com
Operating Instructions:  KA00143F/00 (FTL50, FTL51)  KA00163F/00 (FTL50, FTL51 1)  KA00144F/00 (FTL50H, FTL51H)  KA00164F/00 (FTL50H, FTL51H 1)  KA00162F/00 (FTL51C)  KA00165F/00 (FTL51C)	<ul> <li>The document is provided with the device.</li> <li>The documentation is available on the Internet:</li></ul>
Special version of documentation: SV01222F/00	Additional installation instructions for Technical Special Products (TSP) with removable electronics module  ■ The document is provided with the device.  ■ The documentation is available on the Internet:  → www.endress.com → Search → Enter serial number
Safety instructions depending on the selected option "Approval".	Additional safety instructions (XA, ZE) are supplied with certified device version. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

1) with T13 aluminum housing/separate connection compartment

## Liquiphant S FTL70, FTL71

Documentation	Comment
Technical Information: TI00354F/00	The documentation is available on the Internet:  → www.endress.com
Operating Instructions:  • KA00172F/00  • KA00173F/00 1)	<ul> <li>The document is provided with the device.</li> <li>The documentation is available on the Internet:</li></ul>
Special version of documentation: SV01222F/00	Additional installation instructions for Technical Special Products (TSP) with removable electronics module
	<ul> <li>The document is provided with the device.</li> <li>The documentation is available on the Internet:         → www.endress.com → Search → Enter serial number</li> </ul>
Safety instructions depending on the selected option "Approval".	Additional safety instructions (XA, ZE) are supplied with certified device version. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

1) with T13 aluminum housing/separate connection compartment

#### Nivotester FTL325P

Documentation	Comment
Technical Information: TI00350F/00	The documentation is available on the Internet:  → www.endress.com
Operating Instructions:  KA00167F/00 (1-channel)  KA00168F/00 (3-channel)	<ul> <li>The document is provided with the device.</li> <li>The documentation is available on the Internet:</li></ul>
Safety instructions depending on the selected option "Approval".	Additional safety instructions (XA, ZE) are supplied with certified device version.  Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

This supplementary Safety Manual applies in addition to the Operating Instructions, Technical Information and ATEX Safety Instructions. The supplementary device documentation must be observed during installation, commissioning and operation. The requirements specific for the protection function are described in this Safety Manual.

# 3 Permitted devices types

The details pertaining to functional safety in this manual relate to the device versions listed below and are valid as of the specified firmware and hardware versions. Unless otherwise specified, all the following versions can also be used for protective systems. A modification process according to IEC 61508 is applied for device changes.

Valid device versions for safety-related use: Liquiphant M FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51H, FTL51C

Ordering feature	Designation	Option
010	Approval	All
020	Process connection	All
030	Probe length; type	All
040	Electronics; output	7 FEL57; SIL 2-wire PFM
050	Housing; cable entry	All
060	Additional options	All
570	Service	All
580	Test, certificate	All
600	Sensor design	All
895	Marking	All

Valid firmware version: 01.00.01 and higherValid hardware version: 01.01 and higher

Valid device versions for safety-related use: Liquiphant S FTL70, FTL71

Ordering feature	Designation	Option
010	Approval	All
020	Process connection	All
030	Probe length	All
040	Electronics; output	7 FEL57; SIL 2-wire PFM
050	Housing; cable entry	All
060	Additional options	All
070	Application	All
570	Service	All
580	Test, certificate	All
600	Sensor design	All
895	Marking	All

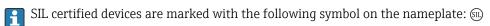
Valid firmware version: 01.00.01 and higherValid hardware version: 01.01 and higher

Valid device versions for safety-related use: Nivotester FTL325P

Ordering feature	Designation	Option
010	Approval	<ul> <li>G ATEX II 3(1)G Ex nC/A [ia] IIC T4, SIL, IECEx Zone 2</li> <li>H ATEX II (1)GD [EEx ia] IIC, WHG, SIL, IECEx [Ex ia] IIC</li> <li>N NEPSI [Ex ia] IIC, SIL</li> <li>P FM IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-G, SIL</li> <li>T CSA IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-G, SIL</li> <li>W TIIS Ex ia IIC, SIL, labeling in Japan</li> <li>2 INMETRO [Ex ia Ga] IIC, SIL</li> <li>8 EAC [Ex ia Ga] IIC SIL; EAC [Ex ia Da] IIC, SIL</li> </ul>
020	Housing	<ul> <li>Rail mounting, 22.5 mm, 1-channel</li> <li>Rail mounting, 45mm, 3-channel</li> </ul>
030	Power connection	All
040	Switch output	<ul> <li>1 1x SPDT level + 1x SPST alarm</li> <li>3 3x SPDT level + 1x SPST alarm</li> </ul>
995	Marking	All

Valid hardware version: 02.00 and higher

## 3.1 SIL label on the nameplate

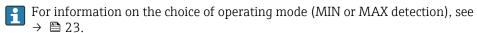


# 4 Safety function

## 4.1 Definition of the safety function

The measuring system's safety functions are:

- Maximum point level monitoring (overfill protection)
- Minimum point level monitoring (dry running protection)



## 4.2 Restrictions for use in safety-related applications

- The measuring system must be used correctly for the specific application, taken into account the medium properties and ambient conditions. Carefully follow instructions pertaining to critical process situations and installation conditions from the Operating Instructions. The application-specific limits must be observed.
- The specifications from the Operating Instructions must not be exceeded,  $(\rightarrow \boxminus 16)$ .

### 4.2.1 Density of the medium

Operation is only permitted with liquids:

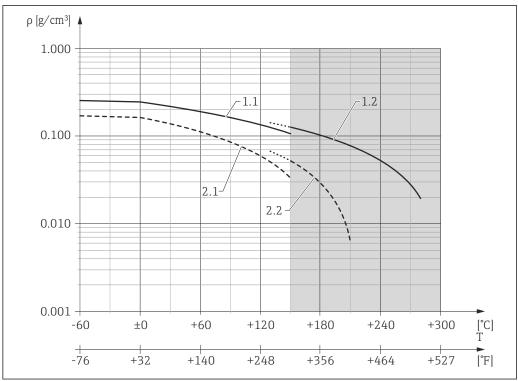
- Depending on the configured density setting, the density of the liquid must be as follows:
  - if the switch position is > 0.7 the density must be over 0.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (common water- and oil-based liquids).
  - if the switch position is > 0.5 the density must be over 0.5 g/cm³ (e.g., liquefied gas, isopentane, petroleum ether).
- The gas phase above the liquid may not exceed a maximum permitted density value. The maximum possible gas density depends on the temperature and the device.



## Gas density is exceeded!

"Free" state is not detected and "Covered" is always signaled.

► The gas density may not be exceeded.



- 1.1 Liquiphant M; density switch position 0.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- 1.2 Liquiphant S; density switch position 0.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- 2.1 Liquiphant M; density switch position 0.5 q/cm<sup>3</sup>
- 2.2 Liquiphant S; density switch position 0.5 g/cm³
- There is no minimum density for the gas phase. Operation in a vacuum is permitted!
- There is no maximum density for the liquid.
- For more information on the levels of diagnostic coverage, refer to IEC 61508-2:2010 Appendix A.2, Comment 2 and Table A.1.

#### 4.2.2 Buildup (only for minimum detection)

The device may only be used in media that do not tend to cause buildup.

Buildup is detected with a low diagnostic coverage.

#### 4.2.3 Solid particles - heterogeneous mixtures (only for minimum detection)

The medium may not contain solid particles with a diameter greater than 5 mm (0.2 in). Solid particles lodged between the tines of the tuning fork can have the effect that the demand mode of the safety function is not detected and the device will not switch as

Lodged solid particles are detected with low diagnostic coverage.

#### 4.2.4 Hydrogen diffusion (only Liquiphant S - high temperature)

If there is a danger of hydrogen diffusion, the device may not be used if the following conditions apply simultaneously. Hydrogen entering the device damages the sensor to the

extent that the demand mode of the safety function is not detected and the device does not switch as intended.

- Not over +180 °C (+356 °F) and simultaneously
- Not over 64 bar (928 psi)
- The error is not detected by the diagnostics system.

#### 4.2.5 Wall distance

The distance between the tuning fork of the device and the wall of the vessel containing medium (e.g. tank, pipe) must be at least 10 mm (0.39 in).

#### 4.2.6 Corrosion

The device may only be used in media to which the wetted parts used are resistant. Corrosion can have the effect that the demand mode of the safety function is not detected and the device will not switch as intended.

Corrosion is detected with low diagnostic coverage.

If coated sensors are used, measures must be taken to ensure there is no damage during installation and operation.

#### 4.2.7 Abrasion

The device may not be used or cleaned in abrasive media. Material removal can have the effect that the demand mode is not detected.

Abrasion is detected with low diagnostic coverage.

#### 4.2.8 Flow velocity

In the case of flowing media, the flow velocity in the area around the tuning fork may not exceed 5 m/s. Higher flow velocities can have the effect that the demand mode is not detected and the sensor signals that it is free (uncovered).

#### 4.2.9 External vibration

In systems exposed to strong external vibrations, e.g. in the 400 to 1 200 Hz range (acceleration spectral density >1 (m/s<sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>/Hz) or ultrasound with cavitation, the safety function must be verified by simulating a demand mode prior to operation. Accidental switchings may sporadically occur if a strong frequency from an external source is superimposed on the frequency of the tuning fork.

#### 4.2.10 EMC compatibility

The device is certified in accordance with IEC 61326-3-2 and is therefore suitable for safety-related, industrial applications in a specified electromagnetic environment. If the specified electromagnetic ambient conditions are exceeded, the switch status might not be reliably detected. An unshielded cable up to  $1\,000\,\mathrm{m}$  ( $3\,281\,\mathrm{ft}$ ) long can be used between the devices in these environmental conditions. Electromagnetic interference immunity can be further improved by using shielded cables.

#### 4.2.11 Mounting the Liquiphant M FTL51 with sliding sleeve

Particular care is required when mounting the device with a pipe extension in conjunction with a sliding sleeve. The operator must implement appropriate measures to ensure that the switch point is not tampered with or that any tampering is reliably detected.

# 5 Use in safety instrumented systems

## 5.1 Device behavior during operation

## 5.1.1 Behavior of device during power-up

## 5.1.2 Device behavior in safety function demand mode

The safety-related output signal consists of one switching contact per channel:

Channel 1: terminal 4 and 5

With the 3-channel Nivotester, also:

- Channel 2: terminal 22 and 23
- Channel 3: terminal 26 and 27
- The switching contacts work with quiescent current safety; they are closed in the GOOD state.

The switching contacts are de-energized in the following situations:

- In demand mode
- If a fault is detected
- If the supply voltage fails

## 5.1.3 Behavior of device in event of alarms and warnings

The behavior of the device if alarms or warnings occur is described in the relevant Operating Instructions ( $\rightarrow \implies 16$ ).

## 5.2 Device configuration for safety-related applications

The device configuration may not be changed if SIL operation is in progress.

Recommendation: perform a proof test after configuring to ensure that the safety function is working correctly.

### 5.2.1 Configuring the Liquiphant

#### **A** CAUTION

#### The permitted contact values of the relays may not be exceeded

▶ The operator must take suitable measures to ensure that the permitted contact values of the relays (U ≤ 253  $V_{AC}$  50/60 Hz, I ≤ 2 A, P ≤ 500 VA at cos  $\phi$  ≥ 0.7 or U ≤ 40  $V_{DC}$ , I ≤ 2 A, P ≤ 80 W) are not exceeded (e.g. current limiter, fuse).

#### **A** CAUTION

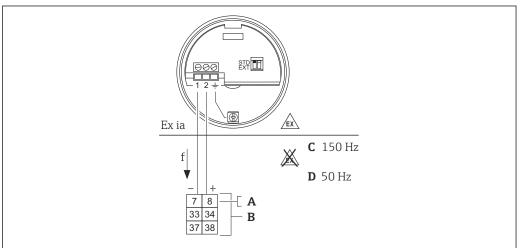
#### The protective function can be impaired

► After commissioning the measuring system, changes to the settings can impact the protective function.

#### Switch-on behavior

Set the switch-on behavior at the left switch:

Switch-on behavior	Function	Switch position	Start behavior
Standard	STD	Тор	<ul><li>1 s 0 Hz</li><li>4 s depending on the level</li><li>3 s 50 Hz (covered)</li></ul>
Extended	EXT	Bottom	<ul> <li>1 s 0 Hz</li> <li>4 s depending on the level</li> <li>3 s 50 Hz (covered)</li> <li>6 s 0 Hz</li> </ul>

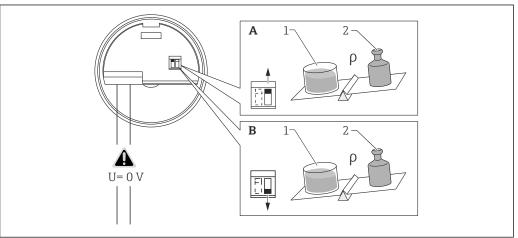


- Α
- Nivotester FTL325P (CH1) Nivotester FTL325P (CH3) В
- С 150 Hz = free
- 50 Hz = covered

### Density

Set the density at the right switch:

Liquid density	Function	Switch position	Comment
>0.7 kg/dm <sup>3</sup>	>0.7	Top (See <b>A</b> in the graphic below)	Standard setting; Always use if possible
>0.5 kg/dm <sup>3</sup>	>0.5	Bottom (See <b>B</b> in the graphic below)	Special settings; Extremely light liquids (e.g.: liquefied natural gas)

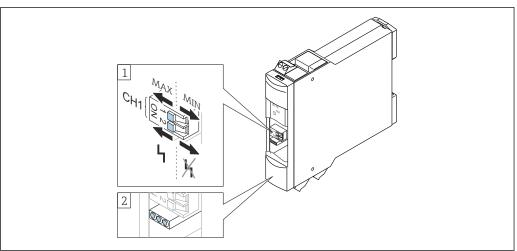


- A Standard setting (density  $>0.7 \text{ kg/dm}^3$ ) A1 1 l (0.264 gal) or 1 dm³ (61.02 in³)
- A2 >0.7 kg (1.54 lbs)
- B Special setting (density  $> 0.5 \text{ kg/dm}^3$ )
- B1 1 l (0.264 gal) or 1 dm³ (61.02 in³)
  B2 >0.5 to 0.7 kg (1.10 to 1.54 lbs)

## 5.2.2 Configuring the Nivotester

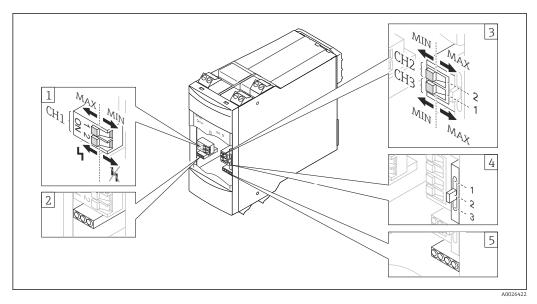
		Switch				
		Channel 1	Fault message	Channel 2 1)	Channel 3 1)	MODE 1)
Mode of operation	Version	1	2	2	1	
MIN	II	MIN	With	Not applicable		
	III		None	MIN	MIN	2
	IV		With			2
	V					3
	VI					1
MAX	II	MAX	With	Not applicable		
	III		None	MAX	MAX	2
	IV		With			2
	V					3
	VI					1

1) Only for 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P



A00263

- $\blacksquare 1$  Operating and display element, 1-channel Nivotester FTL325P
- 1 DIL switch: MAX/MIN position (1), fault on/off position (2)
- 2 Light emitting diodes (LEDs)



 $\blacksquare$  2 Operating and display element, 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P

- 1 DIL switch: MAX/MIN position (1), fault on/off position (2)
- 2 Light emitting diodes (LEDs)
- 3 DIL switch: MAX/MIN position
- Switch for functions:  $\Delta s$ , e.g. pump control (1), two level relays (2), individual channels (3)
- 5 Light emitting diodes (LEDs)

# 5.3 Proof-testing

Check the operativeness and safety of safety functions at appropriate intervals! The operator must determine the time intervals.

Proof-testing can be performed as follows:

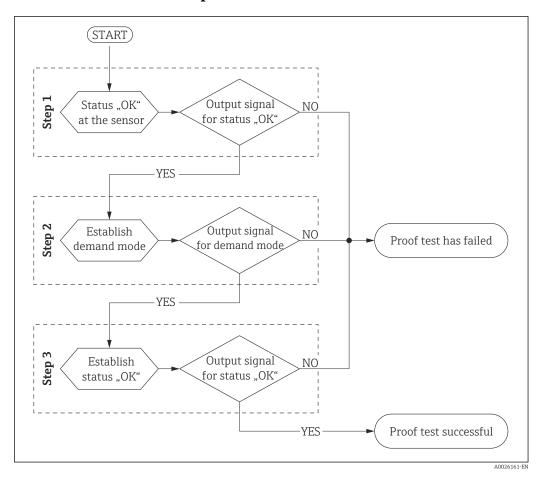
- Test sequence A:
  - Approach the level or remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- Test sequence B:
  - Activate simulation by pressing the test button on the Nivotester.
- Test sequence C
   Check the switch point under reference operating conditions

#### NOTICE

#### Ensuring correct device sealing!

► You must also check and ensure that all cover seals and cable entries are sealing correctly.

## **5.3.1** Procedure of the proof-test



A demand mode or a fault takes absolute precedence over the proof test and in the measuring system safety path. For this reason, the demand mode must first be ended or the fault rectified before the proof test can commence. It is advisable to also check that the alarm relay (terminal 15 and 16) has not de-energized (no fault is present) at the start of the proof test (step 1).

The proof test can and may only be performed if the device state is GOOD.

It is advisable to document the steps of the proof test ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 40$ ).

	Mode of operation				
	MIN	MAX			
Approach the level	Test sequence A,	Test sequence A,			
Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity	MIN detection (→ 🖺 29)	MAX detection ( $\rightarrow \square$ 31)			
Activate simulation by pressing the test button on the Nivotester.	Test sequence B (→ 🖺 32)				
Check the switch point under reference operating conditions	-	Test sequence C, MAX detection ( $\rightarrow \implies 33$ )			

## 5.3.2 test sequence A, MIN detection

- Approach the level or
- Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity

#### Step 1

- 1. Raise the level or immerse the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed into the medium until the tuning fork is fully covered.
  - If it is not possible to do this with the original medium, a medium of a similar density and viscosity must be used.
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 2

- 1. Lower the level or remove the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed out of the medium until the tuning fork is completely free.
- 2. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are closed, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 3

- 1. Re-install the sensor that was removed.
- 2. Restore the GOOD state by fully covering the tuning fork.
- 3. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), after the voltage is restored as part of standard switch-on behavior (→ 🖺 24) (plus a response time of approx. 9 s) or after the voltage is restored as part of extended switch-on behavior (→ 🖺 24) (plus a response time of approx. 45 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

## 5.3.3 test sequence A, MAX detection

- Approach the level or
- Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity

#### Step 1

- 1. Lower the level or remove the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed out of the medium until the tuning fork is completely free.
  - If it is not possible to do this with the original medium, a medium of a similar density and viscosity must be used.
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	III	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 2

- 1. Raise the level or immerse the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed into the medium until the tuning fork is fully covered.
- 2. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	vi	
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are closed, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 3

- 1. Re-install the sensor that was removed.
- 2. Restore the GOOD state by fully exposing the tuning fork.
- 3. After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s) or after the voltage is restored (plus a response time of approx. 9 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	Ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

### 5.3.4 test sequence B

Activate simulation by pressing the test button on the Nivotester.

#### Step 1

► Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 2

- 1. Press and hold the test button on the Nivotester.
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	II	ш	IV	v	vi
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are closed, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 3

- 1. Release the test button on the Nivotester.
- 2. After releasing the button (plus a response time of approx. 9 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### 5.3.5 General, test sequence C

Check the switch point under reference operating conditions.

#### NOTICE

#### The test sequence can only be performed if the following conditions are met:

- ▶ Uncoated fork (FTL50, FTL51, FTL50H or FTL51H)
- ► Fork material: 316L (order code 020 "Process connection" must end in a 2)
- ► Surface Ra < 3.2  $\mu$ m (126  $\mu$ in) or Ra < 1.5  $\mu$ m (59  $\mu$ in) (order code 030 "Probe length; type" must end in an "A" for FTL50, and FTL51, and in a "C" for FTL50H and FTL51H)
- As proof of functionality is provided indirectly, it cannot be ruled out that a Liquiphant that received a "Good" result in test sequence A "Approach the level or remove" is incorrectly assessed as having "Failed" test sequence C.

#### Preparation

- 1. Remove the device and store it at room temperature  $+24 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  (+75 °F±41 °F).
- 2. Store distilled water at the same temperature.
- 3. Choose a time when the device and liquid have adapted to the room air

#### Recommendation

- Add a drop of dishwashing detergent, for example, to the distilled or deionized water to reduce the surface of the water curving at walls.
- The vessel for the test must be of the following dimensions at least: ø50 mm (1.97 in), height 80 mm (3.15 in).
- The Liquiphant fork must be clearly visible in the area around the switch point (e.g. use a see-through vessel).
- If using a longer or heavier Liquiphant, fix the sensor in a vertical position and move the vessel.
- Fit a scale clearly indicating the three switch points on the device or vessel (see the following table).
- The immersion depth is measured from the lower edge of the fork.
- Connect the Liquiphant to the Nivotester. For versions V and VI, steps 1 to 3 must be performed separately and consecutively for every Liquiphant, channel and pair of terminals.

Ste	ep	Immersion depth				
		Density setting 0.5	Density setting 0.7			
1	Immerse "free"	7 to 8 mm (0.28 to 0.31 in)	10 to 11 mm (0.39 to 0.43 in)			
2	Immerse "covered"	10.5 to 11.5 mm (0.41 to 0.45 in)	13.5 to 14.5 mm (0.53 to 0.57 in)			
3	Retract "free"	6 to 7 mm (0.24 to 0.28 in)	8 to 9 mm (0.31 to 0.35 in)			

#### 5.3.6 test sequence C, MAX detection

#### Step 1

- 1. Slowly immerse the tuning fork vertically into the water.
  - The water surface is within the limits for "Immerse free".
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	ı İm İn İn İn İn İn İn İn İn İn İn İn İn İn					
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 2

- 1. Slowly further immerse the tuning fork vertically into the water.
  - The water surface is within the limits for "Immerse covered".
- 2. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	vi
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

#### Step 3

- 1. Slowly retract the tuning fork vertically from the water.
  - └ The water surface is within the limits for "Retract free".
- 2. After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	Ш	IV	v	vi	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

# 6 Life cycle

## 6.1 Requirements for personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics, repair and maintenance must meet the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations
- Before beginning work, the specialist staff must have read and understood the instructions in the manuals and supplementary documentation as well as in the certificates (depending on the application)
- Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions

The operating personnel must meet the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator
- Follow the instructions in this manual

#### 6.2 Installation

The installation of the device is described in the relevant Operating Instructions ( $\rightarrow = 16$ ).

As the application conditions affect the reliability of the measurement, please pay attention to the notes in the Technical information and Operating Instructions ( $\rightarrow \square$  16).

# 6.3 Operation

Mandatory settings and information for the safety function ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 23$ ).

## 6.4 Maintenance

Maintenance information, .

Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure process safety during configuration, proof-testing and maintenance work on the device.

# 6.5 Repair

Repair means a one-to-one replacement of components. Repairs on the devices must always be carried out by Endress+Hauser. Safety functions cannot be guaranteed if repairs are carried out by anybody else.

#### Exceptions:

Qualified personnel may replace the following components on the condition that original spare parts are used and the relevant Installation Instructions are observed:

Component	Installation Instructions	Checking the device after repair	
Electronic insert	EA01030F/00	Proof-testing, see the "Proof-testing" section	
Housing cover T13	<ul> <li>EA01049F/00 (electronics)</li> <li>EA01049F/00 (inspection glass)</li> <li>EA01050F/00 (connection)</li> </ul>	(→ 🖺 27) <sup>1)</sup>	
Housing cover F13	EA01046F/00		

Component	Installation Instructions	Checking the device after repair
Housing cover F15	EA01034F/00	
Housing cover F16	EA01035F/00	
Housing cover F17	EA01036F/00	
Housing cover F27	EA01047F/00	
Cover seal F15	KA00620F/00	

1) Additional country-specific regulations and tests must be observed.

#### 6.6 Modification



Modifications are changes to devices with SIL capability already delivered or installed.

Modifications to devices with SIL capability are usually performed in the Endress+Hauser manufacturing center.

Modifications to devices with SIL capability onsite at the user's plant are possible following approval by the Endress+Hauser manufacturing center. In this case, the modifications must be performed and documented by an Endress+Hauser service technician.

Modifications to devices with SIL capability by the user are not permitted.

#### **Decommissioning** 6.7

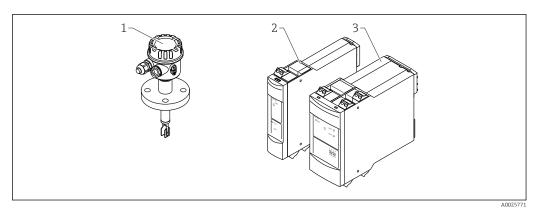
For detailed information on decommissioning, see the relevant Operating Instructions → 🖺 16

# 7 Appendix

## 7.1 Structure of the measuring system

## 7.1.1 System components

The measuring system's devices are displayed in the following diagram (example):



- 1 Liquiphant M/S
- 2 1-channel Nivotester FTL325P
- 3 3-channel Nivotester FTL325P

## 7.1.2 Description of use as a protective system

The sensor's tuning fork vibrates at its intrinsic frequency. The vibration frequency decreases as the density increases. This change in the frequency causes the current signal to change. There is a choice of two operating modes:

- Minimum detection
- Maximum detection

#### MIN detection

The measuring system is used to protect against a level that is too low (e.g. pump dry running protection, protection against emptying or protection against insufficient filling).

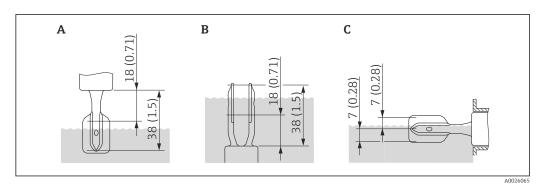
In normal operation, the tuning fork is covered by liquid and the measuring system reports the "GOOD" state. If the tuning fork is free, the device assumes the safe state and signals the demand mode.

#### MAX detection

The measuring system is used to protect against a level that is too high (e.g. overfill prevention).

In normal operation, the tuning fork is not covered by liquid and the measuring system reports the "GOOD" state. If the tuning fork is covered, the device assumes the safe state and signals the demand mode.

The switch point depends on the installation. It is in the area of the tuning fork, see the following diagram.



- 3 Dimensions: mm (in)
- A Installation from above
- B Installation from below
- C Installation from the side

Correct installation is a prerequisite for safe operation of the device.

# 7.2 Commissioning or proof test report

# 7.2.1 Report

System-specific data							
Company							
Measuring point/TAG no.							
Facility							
Device type/Order code							
Serial no. Liquiphant(en)							
Serial no. Nivotester							
Name							
Date							
Signature							
Operating mode, density r	ange and v	version (please ti	ck appropriate l	oox)			
Mode of operation	MIN safety						
	MAX safe	ety					
Density switch	Setting >	0.7					
	Setting >	0.5					
Version	II	One Liquiphant	on one channel (	(1001)			
	III	One Liquiphant	(1001), output re	elay CH2 and C	CH3 switched in ser	ries (1002)	
IV Two Liquiphant devices (1002), output relay CH1, CH2 and CH3 switched in series (1003)					witched in series		
	v	Three Liquiphan	t devices, evalua	tion e.g., by PL	.C (2003)		
	VI	Three Liquiphan	t devices, 1 x SIL	., 2 x level cont	rol (∆s)		
Commissioning or proof to	est report						
Test sequence	Α	Approach the le	vel				
					ensity and viscosity	•	
	В	Perform simulat	ion on Liquiphar	nt by pressing t	test button 1)		
		Perform simulat	ion on Nivoteste	r by pressing to	est button		
	С	Check the switch	n point under ref	erence operati	ng conditions. 2).		
		Version					
Test step	Termin al	П	III	IV	V	VI	Actual value
Step 1	4+5	<u>_</u>	3)	Ł			
(GOOD state)	22+23	3)	L	_Ł	Ł	4)	
Switch is closed	26+27	3)	1			4)	
Step 2	4+5	~	3)				
(demand mode)	22+23	3)				4)	
Switch is open	26+27	3)			~	4)	
Step 3	4+5	L	3)				
(GOOD state)	22+23	3)	1			4)	
Switch is closed	26+27	3)			1	4)	

System-specific data				
Conclusion	Passed □	Failed □		

- Only for Liquiphant with electronic insert FEL58 + Nivotester FLT325N. 1)
- For restrictions and immersion depths, see  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  33 2)
- 3) Not applicable as channel is not used.
- Not relevant for SIL, is used for level control ( $\Delta$ s).

#### **Further information** 7.3



General information on functional safety (SIL) is available at:

www.de.endress.com/SIL (Germany) or www.endress.com/SIL (English) and in the Competence Brochure CP01008Z/11 "Functional Safety in the Process Industry- Risk Reduction with Safety Instrumented Systems".

#### 7.4 Version history

Version	Changes	Valid for hardware version
SD00111F/00/EN/08.06 (MAX) SD00231F/00/EN/12.06 (MIN)	First version	01.00
SD01508F/00/EN/01.15	<ul> <li>MIN (SD00231F) and MAX (SD00111F) merged</li> <li>Nivotester Update to IEC61508-2011</li> </ul>	02.00
SD01508F/00/EN/02.16	New declaration of conformity	02.00
SD01508F/00/EN/04.19	Added to supplementary device documentation: SV01222F, for Technical Special Products (TSP) with removable electronics module	02.00



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