

Technical Information

MARSIC300

Ship Emission Measuring Device



Described product

MARSIC300

Manufacturer

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Original document

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1 About this document

1.1 Function of this document

This document describes:

- Installation
- Initial start-up
- Operation via SOPAS ET



NOTICE

This technical documentation is only valid in combination with the MARSIC300 Operating Instructions.

1.2 Target group

This document is addressed to technicians (persons with technical understanding) operating and maintaining the measuring system.

The technicians must have been trained on the device.

Requirements for the technician

- The technician must be familiar with the exhaust gas technology on the ship (over-pressure, toxic and hot sample gases) and able to avoid hazards when working on gas ducts.
- The technician must be familiar with handling compressed gas cylinders (span gases).
- The technician must be able to avoid hazards caused by noxious span gases.
- Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electrical system or electrical assemblies.

1.3 Further information

- MARSIC300 Operating Instructions
- SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions
- Sample Gas Line Operating Instructions
- System documentation
- Short instructions for MARSIC300
- Optional: MPR (Meeting Point Router) Operating Instructions
- Optional: Instrument Air Conditioning Operating Instructions
- Optional: External Sampling Point Switchover Operating Instructions
- Optional: Pressure Test Tool Operating Instructions
- Optional: Profibus/Profinet Converter Operating Instructions
- Optional: HOTSAMPLER (sampling point extension) Operating Instructions

1.4 Symbols and document conventions

1.4.1 Warning symbols

Table 1: Warning symbols

Symbol	Significance
	Hazard (general)
	Hazard by electrical voltage
	Hazard in potentially explosive atmospheres

Symbol	Significance
	Hazard by explosive substances/mixtures
	Hazard by toxic substances
	Hazard by noxious substances
	Hazard by high temperature
	Hazard for the environment/nature/organic life

1.4.2 Warning levels / signal words

DANGER

Risk or hazardous situation which will result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING

Risk or hazardous situation which could result in severe personal injury or death.

CAUTION

Hazard or unsafe practice which could result in less severe or minor injuries.

Notice

Hazard which could result in property damage.

Note

Hints

1.4.3 Information symbols

Table 2: Information symbols

Symbol	Significance
	Important technical information for this product
	Important information on electric or electronic functions

2 Installation

2.1 Gas supply terminology

Definition of utility gases:

- Zero gas: Gas to adjust the zero point. Instrument air or nitrogen (N₂)
- Reference gas: Gas to adjust the upper measuring range value
- Span gas: Generic term for zero and reference gas
- Instrument air: Clean compressed air

Gas quality: [see "Supply gases", page 84](#).

2.2 Installation information

2.2.1 Information on power supply

The operator is responsible for correct laying and connection of the electric cables.



WARNING

Danger to life by electric voltage

- Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electric system.



ATTENTION

The analyzer power supply is configured for an individual power system.

Check the configured power system against the system documentation provided.

- If the analyzer power system does not match the power system on board: Please contact Endress+Hauser Customer Service.

When selecting and laying the electric cables for power supply, observe the applicable local standards and guidelines.

2.2.2 Notes on the gas supply

The operator is responsible for the correct laying of sample gas lines.



ATTENTION

Risk of contamination of the analyzer by unclean instrument air.

- Only use instrument air corresponding to the mandatory specification ([see "Technical data", page 76](#)).
- Install a suitable instrument air conditioning when necessary.

2.2.3 Tube screw fittings

Clamping ring screw connection

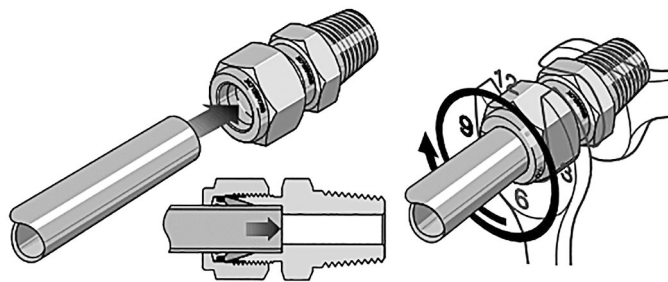


Figure 1: Clamping ring screw connection

- ① Tube
- ② Cap nut
- ③ Fitting body
- ④ Tube screw fitting
- ⑤ Position: $1\frac{1}{4}$ revolution
- ⑥ Sectional view: Screw connection fixed

- Push the tube into the tube screw fitting to the stop
Tighten the cap nut by hand
- For initial installation: Hold the fitting bolt steady and tighten the cap nut with $1\frac{1}{4}$ revolutions.
- For reassembly: Tighten the cap nut to the previous position (the resistance increases noticeably) and then tighten slightly.

Push-in fitting (pneumatic)

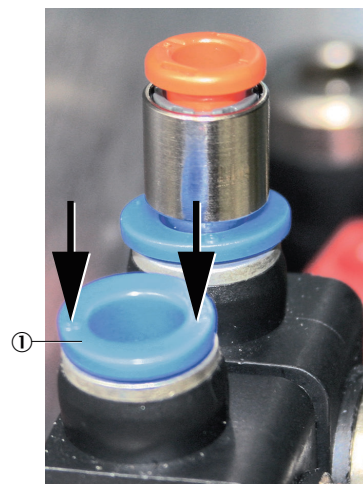


Figure 2: Push-in fitting with retaining ring

- ① Retaining ring
- Connecting the tube: Push tube in.
- Disconnecting the tube: Press the retaining ring in and pull the tube out.

It is easier to press the retaining ring in using the pressure tool provided.

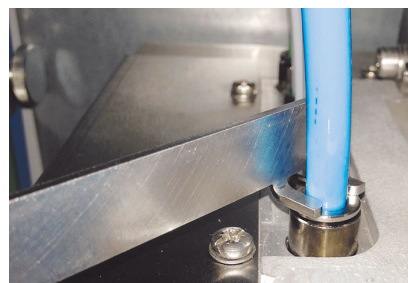


Figure 3: Using the pressure tool

Pressure tool

2.3 Scope of delivery

Please see the delivery documents for the scope of delivery.

2.4 Provision by operator

To be provided by operator, especially:

- Suitable flange on the exhaust duct (see "Operating Instructions SFU")
- Fixing accessories of enclosures (dowels, screws, etc.)
- Fixing accessories for heated sample gas line and tube bundle cable
- Power cable: [see "Power supply", page 80](#)
- External power disconnection unit
- Compressed air, instrument air as zero gas when necessary
Observe quality of operator's instrument air: [see "Supply gases", page 84](#)
- Optional span gases

2.5 Installation overview

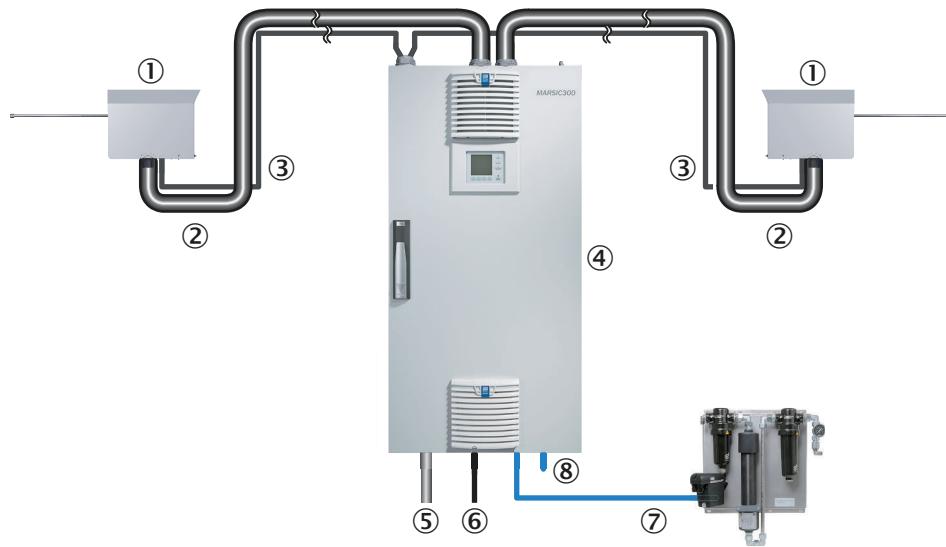


Figure 4: Installation - overview

- ① Gas sampling system
- ② Heated sample gas line (with 2 sampling points: 2 sample gas lines)
- ③ Tube bundle cable (with 2 sampling points: 2 tube bundle cables) with pneumatic lines and electric cables
- ④ Analyzer cabinet
- ⑤ Power supply
- ⑥ Interfaces
- ⑦ Instrument air inlet
Option: Instrument air conditioning
- ⑧ Sample gas outlet

2.6 Checklist for mechanical and electrical installation



NOTICE

Observe the sequence during installation. Connect the gas sampling units on the exhaust duct as last task.

Incorrect assembly can create a risk of contaminating the gas extraction system. In this case, exhaust gas can penetrate the unheated analyzer and possibly condensate.

1. First connect instrument air and power supply.
2. Then install the gas sampling system in the exhaust duct.

Observe laying information (Chapter [see "Assembly information for sample gas lines and tube bundle cable", page 11](#)).

Table 3: Fitting and connecting system components

System component	Reference
Install analyzer cabinet	see "Installing the analyzer cabinet", page 12
Connect sample gas line to analyzer	see "Connecting the sample gas line to the analyzer", page 13
Connect tube bundle cable to analyzer	see "Connecting the tube bundle cables to the analyzer", page 16
Connect signal cables to analyzer	see "Connecting the signal cables to the analyzer", page 18
Air and gas connections on analyzer	see "Air and gas connections on analyzer", page 19
Electrical connections on analyzer	see "Electrical connections", page 23
Install SFU gas sampling system	see "Installing the gas sampling system", page 25
Optional: Configure Modbus-Profinet / Profibus converter	see "Setting up the Modbus-Profinet converter (optional)", page 27
Optional: Install sampling point switchover HOTSAMPLER	See Operating Instructions HOTSAMPLER
Optional: Install MPR	See Operating Instructions MPR

2.7 Assembly information for sample gas lines and tube bundle cable

Installing the sample gas lines



WARNING

Danger to life by electric voltage

- ▶ Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electric system.
-
- ▶ Start laying at the analyzer.
 - The end **with** the electric connection belongs on the analyzer.
Important: The screw fitting for the enclosure duct must be located at the end of the electrical connection (analyzer side).
 - The end **without** electrical connection belongs on the gas sampling system.
 Roll-up excess length on the gas sampling system.
 Leave enough length for pulling the gas sampling system.
 - ▶ Protect the line from damage (chafing through vibration, mechanical load).
 - ▶ Observe minimum bend radius of 300 mm.

Installing the tube bundle cable

Start laying the tube bundle cable at the analyzer and roll-up excess length at the gas sampling probe.

1. Assembly on the analyzer: see "Air and gas connections on analyzer", page 19 and see "Electrical connections", page 23.
2. Lay the tube bundle cable to the analyzer cabinet.
 - Attach excess length to the gas sampling probe.
 - Leave enough length for pulling the probe.
 - Protect the cable from damage (chafing through vibration, mechanical load).
 - Minimum bend radius: 300 mm.
3. Assembly on the gas sampling probe: see "Installing the gas sampling system", page 25.



NOTE

Fit the sample gas lines and tube bundle cable on the cable strips with holes.

- ▶ Observe the minimum distance and bend radius.

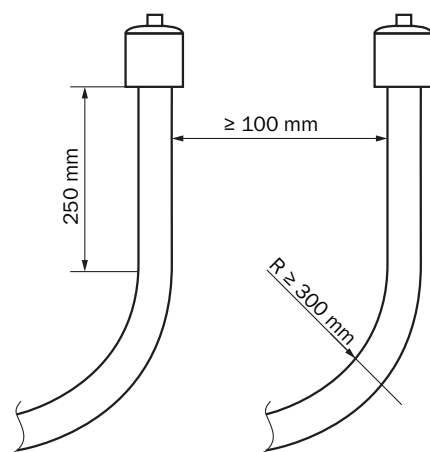


Figure 5: Sample gas line - distance and radius

2.8 Installing the analyzer cabinet

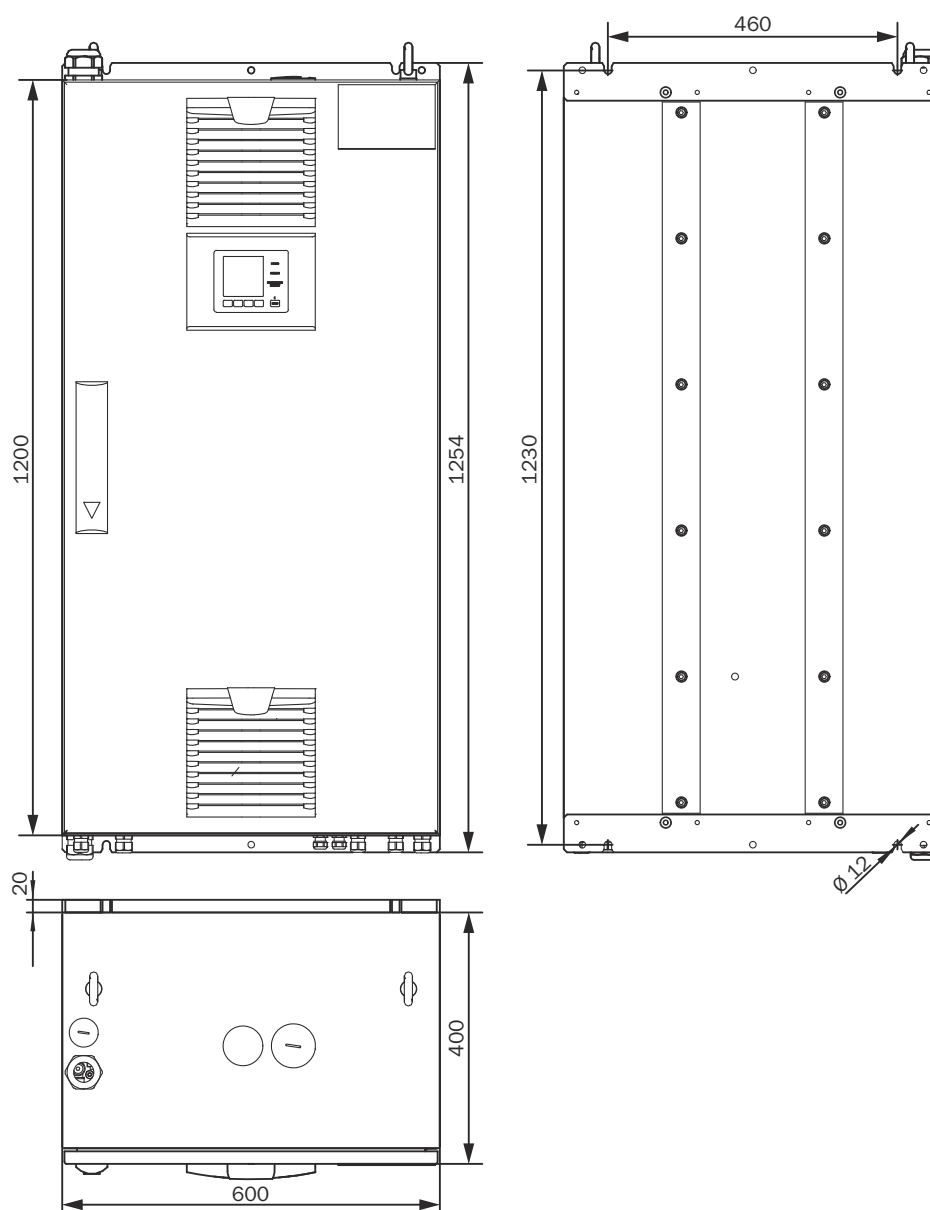


Figure 6: Analyzer cabinet - dimensional drawing

**NOTICE**

Observe clearances:

- Top: 30 cm
- Bottom: 20 cm

- Observe the clearances for the heated sample gas line.
- Install the analyzer in a well ventilated room at a location, when possible, with constant temperature conditions.
- Observe the relevant ambient conditions: [see "Ambient conditions", page 78](#).
- Attach the enclosure with the mounting brackets provided on a suitable wall with sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- Secure the enclosure with 4 x M10 screw fittings (2 at bottom, 2 at top) with property class 8.8 (or higher).
- Secure the screw fittings against loosening.
- Drilling plan: See dimension drawings above.
- Install the enclosure horizontal.

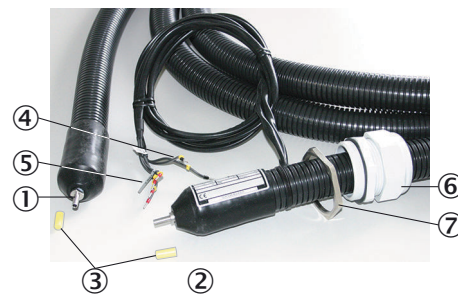
2.9 Connecting the sample gas line to the analyzer

**WARNING**

Danger to life by electric voltage

- Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electric system.

Connect heated sample gas line to analyzer



The flexible wires of the heated sample gas line are numbered.

Line assignment: [see "Heated sample gas lines", page 78](#)

Figure 7: Heated sample gas line

- ① Connection side without electric connections on gas sampling system
 - ② Connection side with electric connections on analyzer
 - ③ Protective cap
 - ④ 2 x Pt100 connections (1 as reserve)
 - ⑤ Power supply
 - ⑥ Cable gland
 - ⑦ Counter nut
1. Unscrew counter nut from the cable gland and pull off the sample gas line.
 2. Lead sample gas line together with electrical connections from above through the enclosure opening on the analyzer.
 3. Push counter nut back over the sample gas line and electric connections.



Figure 8: Sample gas line - connection diagram

- ① Sample gas line 1
- ② Sample gas line 2 (option)
- ③ Cable gland
- ④ Counter nut
- ⑤ Clamping ring screw connection (cell)
- ⑥ Cable duct
- ⑦ Foam insulation
- ⑧ Finished assembly

4. Screw counter nut tight on the cable gland.
5. Unscrew cell cover and remove.



CAUTION

Hot parts in cell.

- Let cell cool down before working on the cell.

6. Remove protective cap from sample gas line.
7. Insert sample gas line to stop in the clamping ring screw connection on the cell.
With 2 sample gas lines: Observe inlets:
 - Right inlet: Sampling point 1
 - Left inlet: Sampling point 2
8. Screw sample gas line tight on the clamping ring screw connection.
9. Attach red foam insulation on the clamping ring screw connection and bind together with a cable clip. No thermal bridges may remain.
10. Close cell again.
11. Screw cable gland tight.
12. Push electric cables downwards through the cable duct.
13. Connect power supply of the sample gas line:

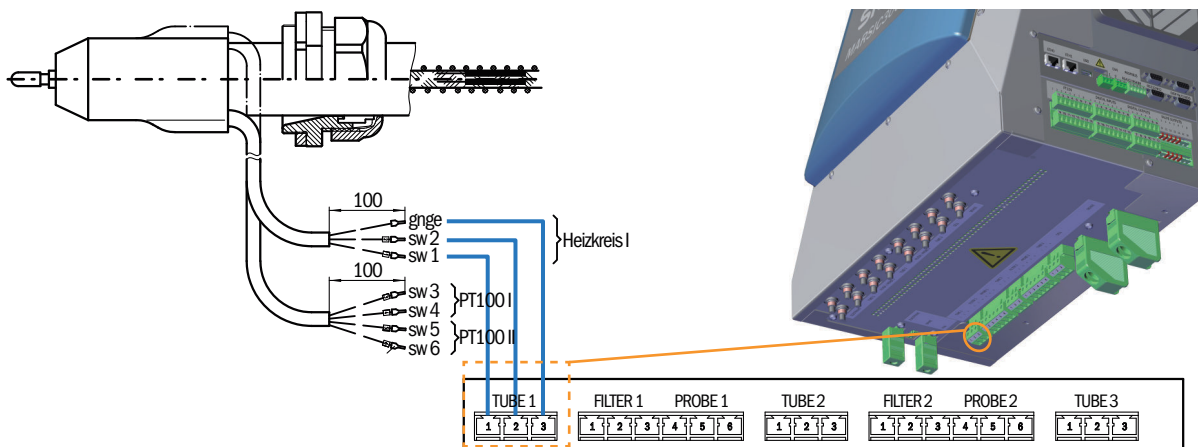


Figure 9: Power supply connection

Complete description of the interface on [page 80](#).

- ▶ Connect the optional second sample gas line (TUBE 2).



NOTICE

The connections on MARSIC300 must match the connections of the gas sampling system.

14. Connect Pt100 of the sample gas line:

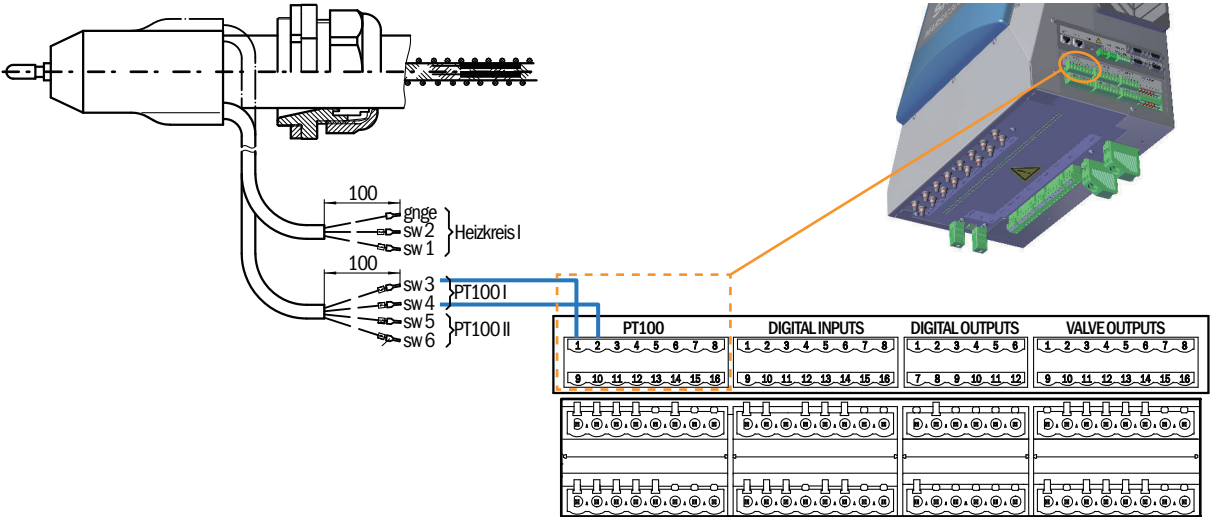


Figure 10: Pt100 connection

Complete description of the interface on [page 83](#).

15. Connect Pt100 from sample gas line 2 to pins 9 and 10.

2.10 Connecting the tube bundle cables to the analyzer

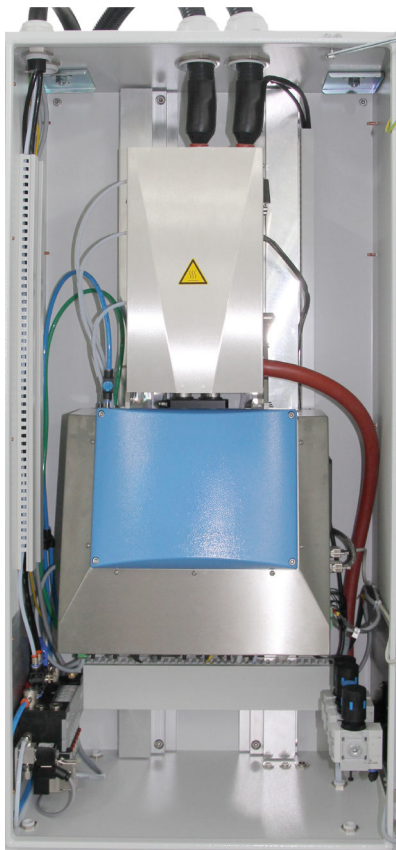


Figure 11: Analyzer - overview

- ① Tube bundle cable 1
- ② Tube bundle cable 2 (optional)
- ③ Valve block
- ④ Electronics unit

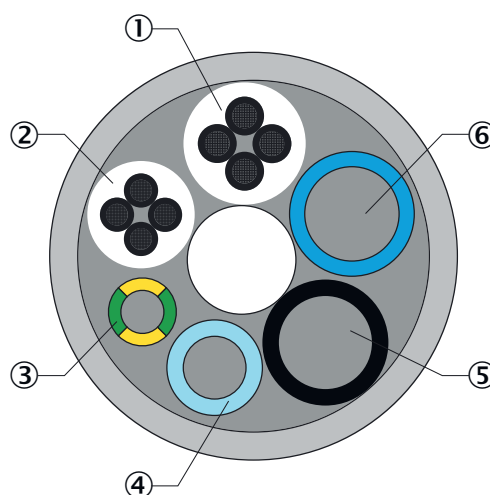


Figure 12: Tube bundle cable - overview

- ① Power supply
- ② Pt100 cables
- ③ Grounding conductor
- ④ PTFE tube DN4/6
- ⑤ PA tube, white, DN6/8; Imprint "1"
- ⑥ PA tube, black, DN6/8; Imprint "2"

No.	Name	Function	Dimension
①	Power supplies	Cables 1 and 2: Gas sampling filter Cables 3 and 4: Probe tube (optional)	4 x 1.5 mm ²
②	Signal cables (Pt100)	Cables 1 and 2: Gas sampling filter Cables 3 and 4: Probe tube (optional)	4 x 1.0 mm ²
③	Grounding conductor (green/yellow)	Ground	1 x 4.0 mm ²
④	PTFE hose (white)	Zero gas	DN 4/6
⑤	PA hose (black)	Control air, main valve	DN 6/8
⑥	PA hose (blue)	Backflush air	DN 6/8

**WARNING**

Danger to life by electric voltage

- Only allow an authorized electrician to work on the electric system.

**CAUTION**

The tube bundle cable is unusable when it is cut off too short.

The tube bundle cable is unusable when a lead inside is damaged when removing the sheath.

- If the tube bundle cable is long enough: Leave a piece as “reserve”.
- Only remove the sheath from the tube bundle cable when you are technically capable of doing this.

1. Remove 1900 mm of the tube bundle cable sheath.
2. Lead the tube bundle cable through the screw fitting on the enclosure top.
3. Lead tubes and cables of the tube bundle cable downwards in the cable duct.
4. Connect the 3 gas lines of one tube bundle cable to the valve block (connections marked as “outlet” in the Figure below).

**NOTICE**

The gas connections on the valve block must match the gas connections of the gas sampling system (see “SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions”).

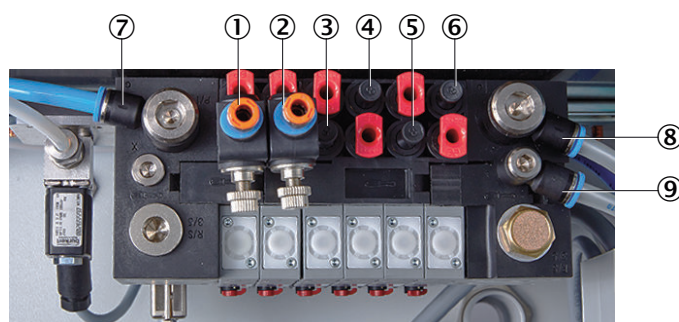


Figure 13: Valve block

- ① Outlet: Zero gas sampling point 1
- ② Outlet: Zero gas sampling point 2 (option)
- ③ Outlet: Control air sampling point 1
- ④ Outlet: Backflush air sampling point 1
- ⑤ Outlet: Control air sampling point 2 (option)
- ⑥ Outlet: Backflush air sampling point 2 (option)
- ⑦ Inlet: Zero gas
- ⑧ Inlet: Control/backflush air
- ⑨ Inlet: Auxiliary control air
- ➔ Red plug = dummy plug

5. Connect the heating of the gas sampling system (heated sample gas filter and optional heated probe tube).

**NOTICE**

The connections on MARSIC300 must match the connections of the gas sampling system.

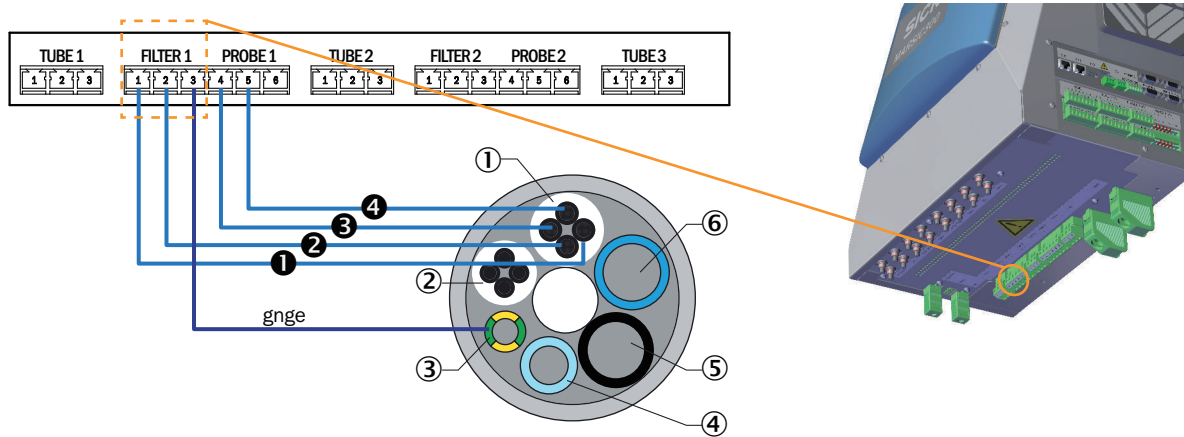


Figure 14: Supply cables - tube bundle cable connection diagram

Complete description of the interface, see ["Tube bundle cables", page 79](#). Tube bundle cable 2 optional to tube bundle cable 1.

6. Connect the Pt100 of the gas sampling system (heated sample gas filter and optional heated probe tube).

**NOTICE**

The connections on MARSIC300 must match the connections of the gas sampling system.

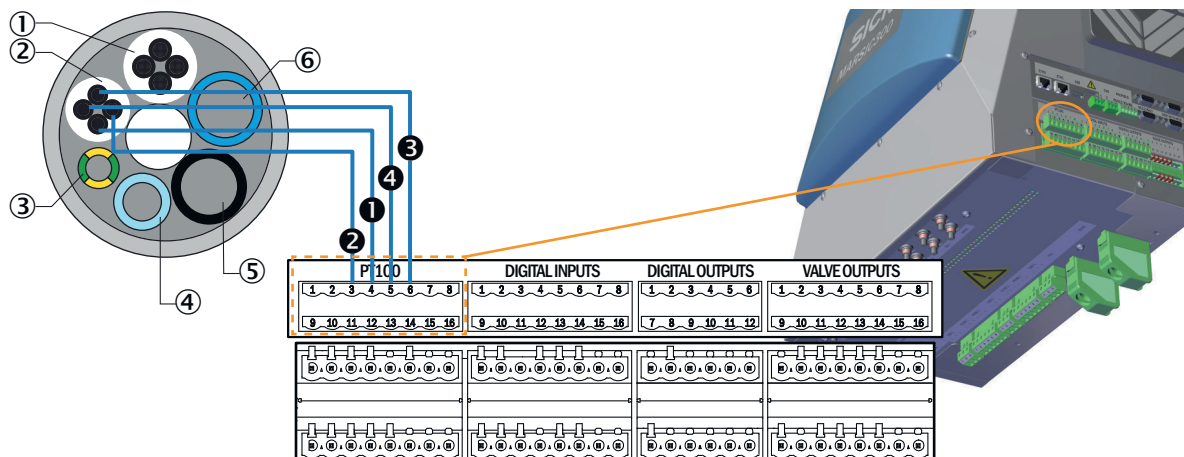


Figure 15: Signal cables - tube bundle cable connection diagram

2.11 Connecting the signal cables to the analyzer

4 digital inputs and outputs each are available as an option that must then be configured, see ["Data interfaces / IO", page 54](#).

4 digital inputs

- Fill level signal, condensate container
- Condition, instrument air
- Scrubber system on/off (can be linked with StBy MARSIC300)
- Temperature error, weather protection housing or other external alarm

4 digital outputs

- Status (OK / Maintenance)
- Status (OK / Failure)
- Coefficient SO_2/CO_2 less than/greater than xy (definable)

The inputs and outputs are deactivated as standard. The inputs and outputs can be activated and negated in SOPAS ET.

Digital inputs and outputs can also be redefined differently to the above description.

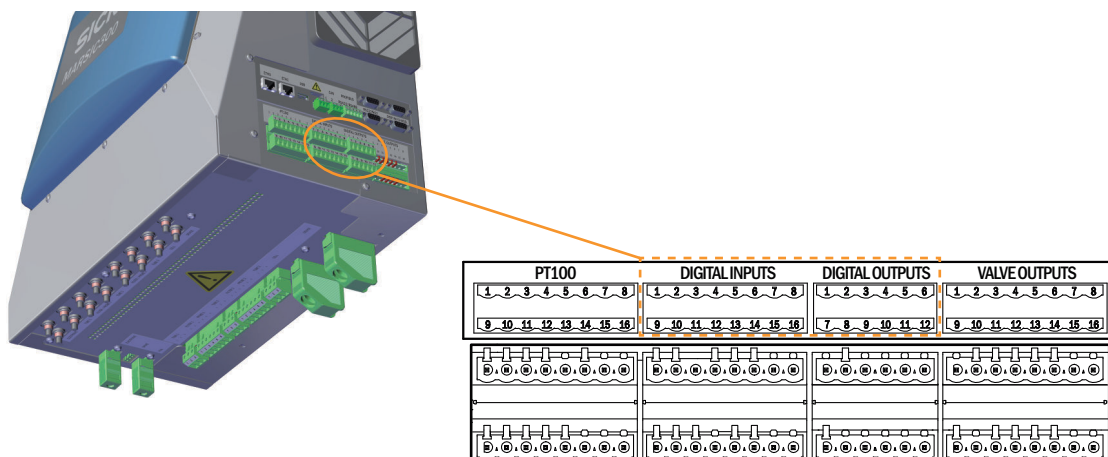


Figure 16: Connection diagram - digital connections

2.12 Air and gas connections on analyzer

**WARNING**

Hazard when pressure is too high

Hoses can burst when the pressure is too high.

- Observe the maximum pressures of the gases provided by the operator: see ["Supply gases"](#), page 84.

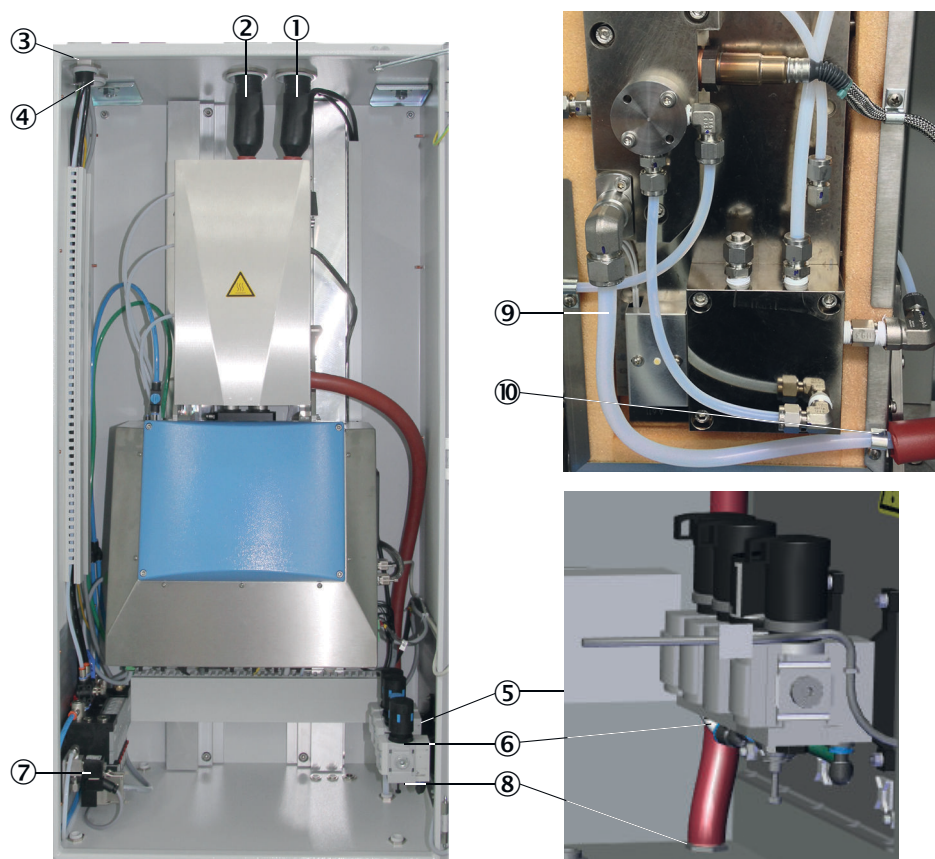


Figure 17: Overview - air and gas connections

- ① Heated sample gas line for sampling point 1
- ② Heated sample gas line for sampling point 2 (option)
- ③ Tube bundle cable 1
- ④ Tube bundle cable 2 (option)
- ⑤ Pressure reducer unit
- ⑥ Instrument air as zero gas/span gas (option)
- ⑦ Span gas inlet
- ⑧ Sample gas outlet
- ⑨ Sample gas outlet on cell
- ⑩ Fixing of sample gas outlet line on the cell

Connect instrument air

Connect instrument air to the pressure control unit.



ATTENTION

Risk of contamination of the analyzer by unclean instrument air.

- ▶ Only use instrument air corresponding to the mandatory specification (see ["Technical data", page 76](#)).
- ▶ Install a suitable instrument air conditioning when necessary.

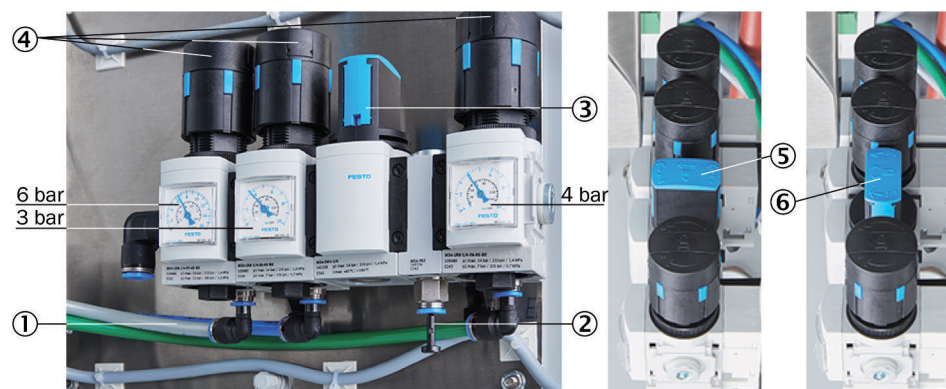


Figure 18: Pressure reducer unit

- ① Instrument air inlet with zero gas quality
- ② Instrument air inlet for induction air ejector only
- ③ Manual valve for instrument air selection
- ④ 3 pressure reducers (adjustable)
- ⑤ Manual valve - closed position
- ⑥ Manual valve - open position

The instrument air is used as both induction air for the ejector (cell) and zero/control air.

Instrument air can be connected in 2 ways:

- ▶ One (1) common instrument air supply for ejector air and zero/control air (inlet 1).
- ▶ Separate instrument air supply for:
 - Ejector air (inlet 2)
 - and zero/control air (inlet 1)

Instrument air quality

The quality requirement for instrument air used exclusively as ejector air is lower than for usage as zero/control air (zero gas quality) (see "Supply gases", page 84).

- ▶ When connected just as (1) instrument air supply with zero gas quality to be used as common air for both ejector air and zero/control air (on inlet 1):
 - ▶ Set manual valve to position "open".
- ▶ When connected as (1) instrument air supply for the ejector (on inlet 2) and as instrument air supply with zero gas quality (on inlet 1):
 - ▶ Set manual valve to position "closed".

Connect span gas (option)



WARNING

Hazard when pressure is too high

Hoses can burst when the pressure is too high.

- ▶ Observe the maximum pressures of the gases provided by the operator: see "Supply gases", page 84.

Connect span gas to the span gas valve.

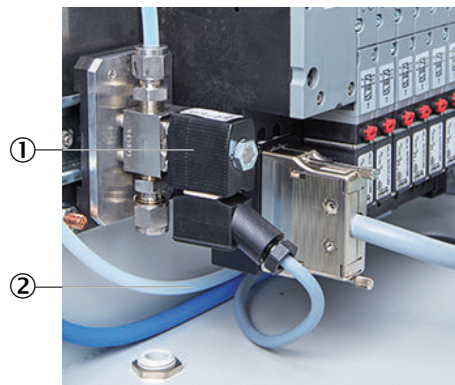


Figure 19: Span gas valve connection

- ① Span gas valve
- ② Span gas inlet

Connect sample gas outlet



CAUTION

Acidic condensate in sample gas outlet - risk of blockage

Acidic condensate forms in the sample gas outlet.

- ▶ Always lay the sample gas outlet line running downwards so that no condensate can accumulate.
- ▶ Lay the line end in a suitable disposal device (drain or condensate collection container).
- ▶ Do not kink the line and protect against frost.

The analyzer is fitted with an outlet hose (DIN 8/10) about 30 cm long when delivered.

- Lay the sample gas outlet in a suitable exhaust duct.
- The sample gas outlet must be open to the ambient pressure.

Recommendation for lengthening the outlet hose:

To prevent the outlet line clogging, it is recommended to lay a (1) new line starting at the sample gas outlet of the cell to the disposal location.

To do this, [see figure 17, page 20](#):

1. Open cell cover (loosen 4 screws on the side).
2. Unscrew sample gas outlet line on the sample gas outlet (bracket piece).
3. Loosen fixing of sample gas outlet line.
4. Remove the thermal insulation from the existing line and remove the line.
5. Lead a new line through the enclosure duct at the bottom on the enclosure floor and connect it to the sample gas outlet of the cell.
6. Refit the fixing.
7. Refit the thermal insulation.
8. Close cell again.

To lengthen the existing hose piece: No cross-section narrowing may occur when connecting the lengthening hose.

Sample gas outlet on enclosure:

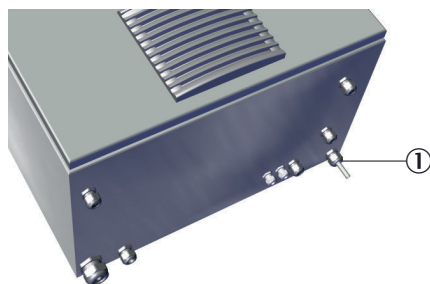


Figure 20: Sample gas outlet - enclosure underside

- ① Exhaust gas outlet at bottom rear of the enclosure

2.13 Electrical connections

Connect power supply



ATTENTION

The analyzer power supply is configured for an individual power system. Check the configured power system against the system documentation provided.

- If the analyzer power system does not match the power system on board: Please contact Endress+Hauser Customer Service.

The power supply is located on the left on the analyzer.

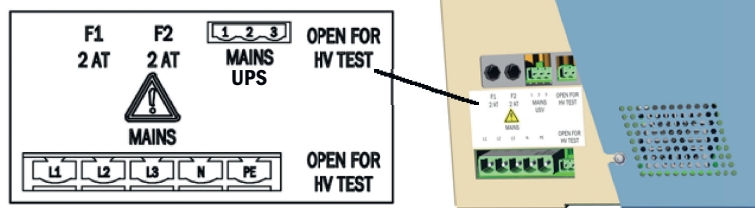


Figure 21: Power supply connections

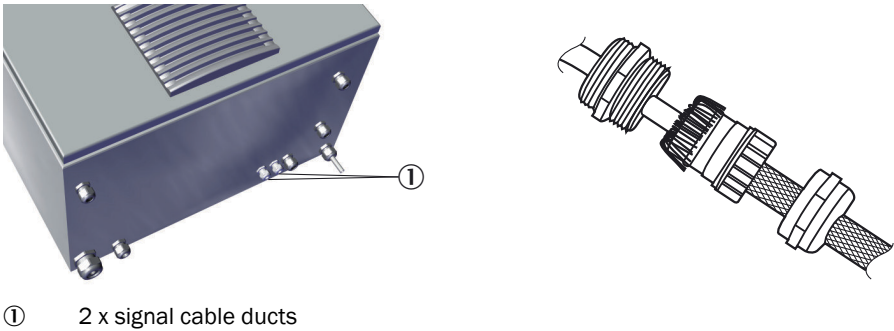


NOTICE

- Install an external power disconnection unit which disconnects all connectors and fuses near the analyzer.
- The power disconnection unit must be marked clearly and be easily accessible. Observe the maximum power input of the complete system: [see "Power supply", page 80](#)
- The onsite wiring system to the power source of the system must be installed and fused according to the relevant regulations.
- Always connect a protective ground to PE.

- Route the electric cables through the screw fittings of the enclosure.
- Connect the electric cables .

Connect signal cable (optional)



- Lead cable through the enclosure duct.
- Attach shield as shown in the Figure above.

Connect Ethernet (optional)

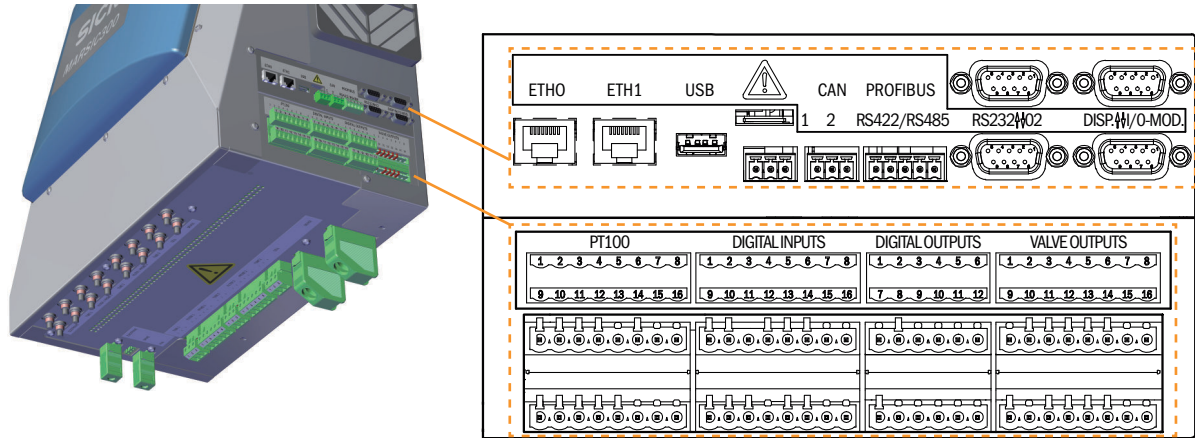
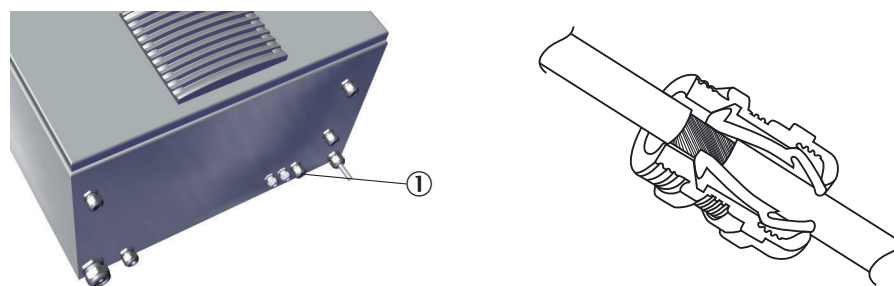


Figure 22: Connections overview

Table 4: Data interfaces - overview

Plug	Connection for
ETH0	Ethernet (e.g. SOPAS ET), MPR (remote maintenance), communication via Modbus TCP
ETH1	Internal
USB	Internal
SD card	SD card (on the right, next to USB)
CAN1	Internal
CAN2	Internal
RS422, RS485	Internal
RS232 (top plug)	Internal
O ₂ (bottom plug)	O ₂ sensor
DISP (top plug)	display
I/O-MOD (bottom plug)	Internal



① Ethernet cable duct

- ▶ Lead cable through the enclosure duct.
- ▶ Attach shield as shown in the Figure above.
- ▶ Connect Ethernet to ETH0 (network or computer with SOPAS ET). Plug type: RJ 45.
- ▶ Connect MPR (remote maintenance via Endress+Hauser Meeting-Point Router) to ETH0. Further information, see "MPR Operating Instructions".

2.14 Installing the gas sampling system



NOTICE

- ▶ Observe the ambient conditions of the gas sampling system: See "SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions".
- ▶ Leave the sample gas line and tube bundle cable long enough to be able to pull the sample gas system out of the exhaust duct.
- ▶ All connections must match the connections in the analyzer (see ["Connecting the tube bundle cables to the analyzer", page 16](#) and see ["Connecting the sample gas line to the analyzer", page 13](#)).

Fitting the flange

- ▶ Install the flange of the gas sampling system as described in the "SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions".
 - Observe the 10° tilt of the probe tube during installation.

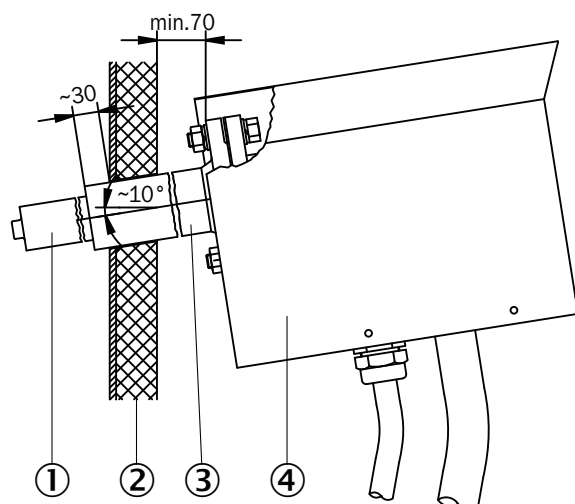


Figure 23: Flange assembly

- ① Probe tube
- ② Stack wall
- ③ Welding neck flange
- ④ Gas sampling filter

Gas connections

- Connect the following gas connections on the gas sampling system:
 - Heated sample gas line
 - Tube bundle cable
 - Black cable 1: Main valve
 - Blue cable 2: Backflush
 - White PTFE tube: Instrument air/span gas

Electrical connections

- Connect the following electric cables of the tube bundle cable on the gas sampling system:
 - Power supply, gas sampling system
 - Power supply, probe tube (when heated)
 - Filter Pt100 cable
 - Pt100 cable, probe tube (optional, when heated)

Tube bundle cable

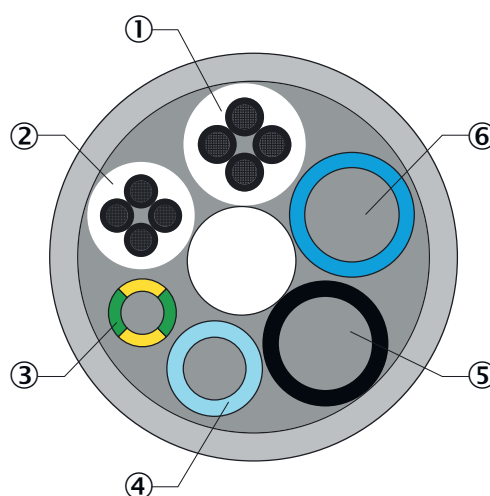


Figure 24: Tube bundle cable - overview

- ① Power supply
- ② Pt100 cables
- ③ Grounding conductor
- ④ PTFE tube DN4/6
- ⑤ PA tube, white, DN6/8; Imprint "1"
- ⑥ PA tube, black, DN6/8; Imprint "2"

No.	Name	Function	Dimension
①	Power supplies	Cables 1 and 2: Gas sampling filter Cables 3 and 4: Probe tube (optional)	4 x 1.5 mm ²
②	Signal cables (Pt100)	Cables 1 and 2: Gas sampling filter Cables 3 and 4: Probe tube (optional)	4 x 1.0 mm ²
③	Grounding conductor (green/yellow)	Ground	1 x 4.0 mm ²
④	PTFE hose (white)	Zero gas	DN 4/6
⑤	PA hose (black)	Control air, main valve	DN 6/8
⑥	PA hose (blue)	Backflush air	DN 6/8

Fit the gas sampling system on the flange



NOTICE

Risk of contamination of gas sampling system

- First install the gas sampling system on the exhaust duct just before the analyzer is switched on.
-
- Install the gas sampling system: See “SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions”.

2.15 Setting up the Modbus-Profinet converter (optional)

As an option to Modbus, the MARSIC300 can also be configured with a Profinet or Profibus protocol. This requires an external Modbus-Profinet converter that may require some adjustments.

Configuration:

1. Install the converter onsite on a DIN rail and create a connection to the MARSIC300 (Modbus-TCP).
2. Connect the converter to 24 V DC.
3. Connect a PC via one of the Modbus-TCP connections of the converter with a network cable (crossover not required).

Use the “IP config” software on the product CD to find the IP address of the converter in the network using its MAC address (the MAC address is on a label on the converter (next to the TCP interface).

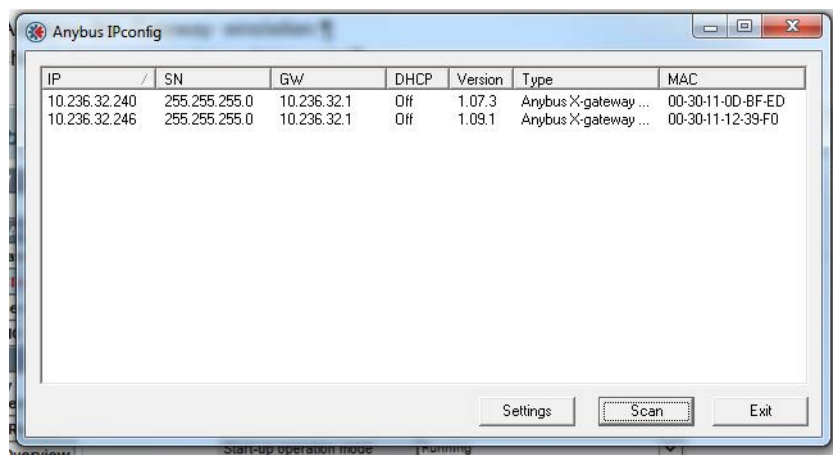


Figure 25: Menu window Anybus IPconfig

4. Start a web browser (IE7.0 or 8.0), enter the IP address and a connection to x-Gateway to the web interface.
5. Define your specific IP address including subnet of the converter that matches your network and safety settings.

IP Configuration		Actual
IP address	10.236.32.246	10.236.32.246
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Router IP address	10.236.32.1	10.236.32.1
DHCP	Disabled	
Anybus IPconfig (HICP)	Enabled	

Other settings	
Start-up operation mode	Running
Action in case of irrecoverable error	Restart

Cancel Save settings

Figure 26: Menu Configuration/Modbus Client

- Enter the name, IP address and port of the MARSIC300.

Global configuration limits.
Transaction units: 4/61 units | I/O mapped input data: 192/256 bytes | I/O mapped output data: 4/256 bytes | I/O mapped input bits: 32/1024 | I/O mapped output bits: 32/1024 | Input data: 192/256 bytes | Output data: 4/256 bytes |

Name	IP address	Port	Protocol	Transactions		
Marsic	10.236.32.128	502	TCP	4	Edit	Delete Transactions

Add new server

Add/edit server

Settings			
Name	Marsic	Protocol	TCP
Server address	10.236.32.128	Port	502

Cancel Ok

Figure 27: Menu Configuration/Modbus Servers

- Enter the address from PROFINET and save the settings. The address must be the same as in the operator-side PLC.

Global configuration limits.
Transaction units: 4/61 units | I/O mapped input data: 192/256 bytes | I/O mapped output data: 4/256 bytes | I/O mapped input bits: 32/1024 | I/O mapped output bits: 32/1024 | Input data: 192/256 bytes | Output data: 4/256 bytes |

Setting	Configured	Actual
Station name		x-gateway-etnm
IP address	192.168.0.200	192.168.0.200
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Gateway	192.168.0.200	192.168.0.200
Use Physical Device (PDev)	Enabled	
When Modbus-TCP (Network 2) error	Freeze data to master	
I/O mapped control/status word	Disabled	
I/O mapped live list	Disabled	
Reserved bytes, read bit transactions	0	
Reserved bytes, write bit transactions	0	

Cancel Save settings

Figure 28: Menu Configuration/PROFINET IO

- Click "Apply" to activate all changes.



Figure 29: Menu Tools/X-gateway management

- 9. Setup the hardware configuration on the operator-side (operator PLC) according to the following Table:

Network 1 (PROFINET IO)					
SLOT DETAILS Cyclic I/O					
Slot	Transaction name	In slot Range (bytes)	Absolute range (bytes)	Input words	Output words
1	Packed Modbus read bits	0 .. 3	0 .. 3	2	-
	Read_States	0.0 .. 3.7	0.0 .. 3.7		
2	Measure_Signals	0 .. 107	4 .. 111	54	-
	Diagnie_Signals	0 .. 79	112 .. 191	40	-
4	Packed Modbus write bits	0 .. 3	0 .. 3	-	2
	Write_Coils	0.0 .. 3.7	0.0 .. 3.7		
PARAMETER DATA, Acyclic I/O					

Figure 30: Byte sequence

- 10. Set the byte sequence. The byte sequence can be set in MARSIC300 when desired. A connection to the PC with SOPAS ET is then necessary.

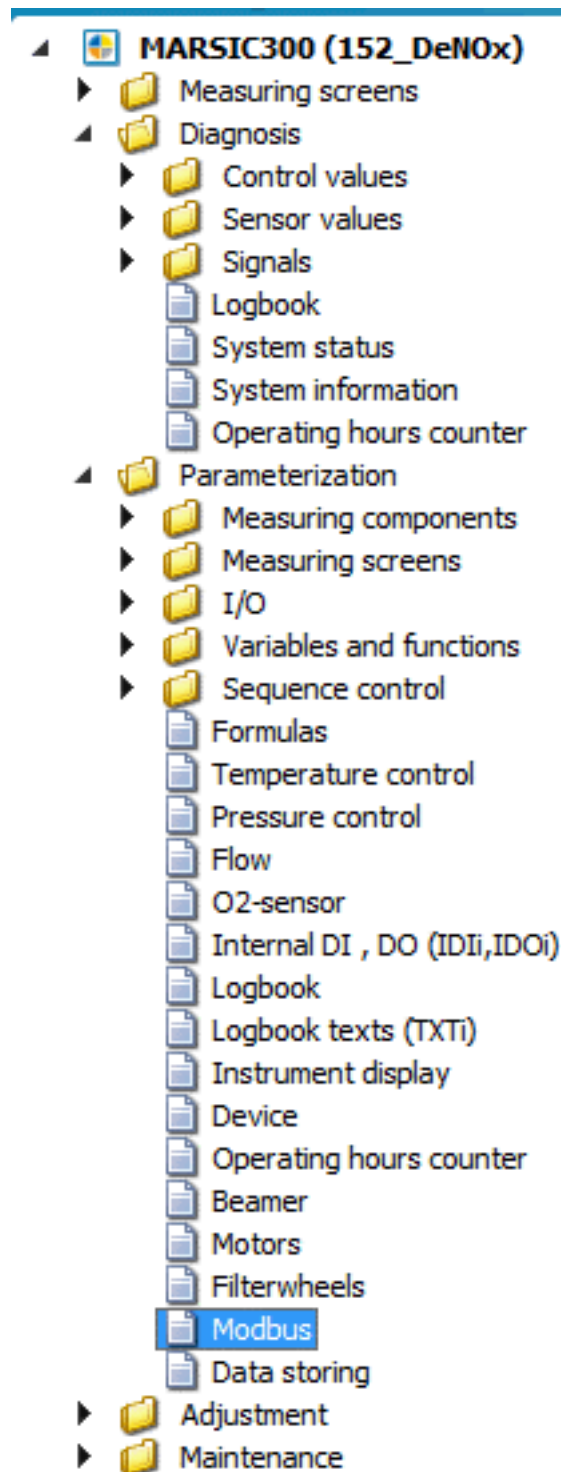


Figure 31: Menu Tree Parameterization/Modbus in SOPAS ET

Set the register swap in SOPAS ET to CD_AB for Siemens controls.

Modbus

Slave Adresse

Register swap

TCP port

Simulation Mode ☐ Low S High S

Figure 32: Menu Modbus in SOPAS ET

2.16 Setting up the Modbus-Profinet converter (optional)

As an option to Modbus, the MARSIC300 can also be configured with a Profinet or Profibus protocol. This requires an external Modbus-Profinet converter that may have to be adjusted.

How to configure the external converter is described in the following:

1. Install the converter onsite on a DIN rail and create a connection to the MARSIC300 (Modbus-TCP).
2. Connect the converter to 24 V DC.
3. Connect a PC via one of the Modbus-TCP connections of the converter with a network cable (crossover not required).

Use the "IP config" software on the product CD to find the IP address of the converter in the network using its MAC address (the MAC address is on a label on the converter (next to the TCP interface)).

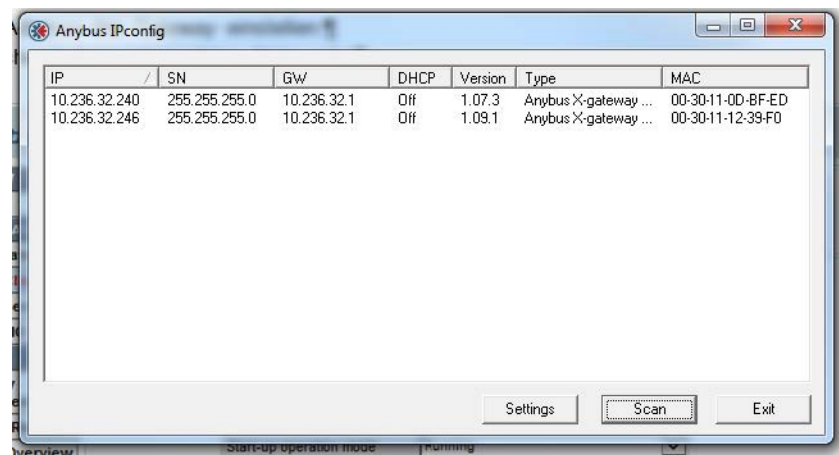


Figure 33: Menu window Anybus IPconfig

4. Start a web browser (IE7.0 or 8.0), enter the IP address and a connection to x-Gateway to the web interface.
5. Define your specific IP address including subnet of the converter that matches your network and safety settings.

IP Configuration		Actual
IP address	10.236.32.246	10.236.32.246
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Router IP address	10.236.32.1	10.236.32.1
DHCP	Disabled	
Anybus IPconfig (HICP)	Enabled	

Other settings	
Start-up operation mode	Running
Action in case of irrecoverable error	Restart

Cancel Save settings

Figure 34: Menu Configuration/Modbus Client

6. Enter the name, IP address and port of the MARSIC300.

Global configuration limits.
Transactions: 4/64 | I/O mapped input data: 192/244 bytes | I/O mapped output data: 4/244 bytes | I/O mapped input bits: 32/1024 | I/O mapped output bits: 32/1024 | Input data: 192/256 bytes | Output data: 4/256 bytes | Total I/O mapped data: 196/368 bytes |

Name	IP address	Port	Protocol	Transactions	Edit	Delete	Transactions
Marsic	10.236.32.128	502	TCP	4			

Add new server

Add/edit server

Settings	
Name	Marsic
Server address	10.236.32.128
Protocol	TCP
Port	502

Cancel Ok

Figure 35: Menu Configuration/Modbus Servers

7. Enter the address of PROFIBUS and save the settings. The address must be the same as in the operator-side PLC.

Global configuration limits.
Transactions: 4/64 | I/O mapped input data: 192/244 bytes | I/O mapped output data: 4/244 bytes | I/O mapped input bits: 32/1024 | I/O mapped output bits: 32/1024 | Input data: 192/256 bytes | Output data: 4/256 bytes | Total I/O mapped data: 196/368 bytes |

Setting	Configured	Actual
Node address	71	71
When Modbus-TCP (Network 2) error	Freeze data to master	
I/O mapped control/status word	Disabled	
I/O mapped live list	Disabled	
Reserved bytes, read bit transactions	0	
Reserved bytes, write bit transactions	0	

Cancel Save settings

Figure 36: Menu Configuration/PROFIBUS DP-V1

8. Click "Apply" to activate all changes.

Apply changes:

The X-gateway will reboot and start to use the changes made to the configuration:

Apply

If the configuration applied changes the IP address of the X-gateway, you will have to manually enter the new IP address in the web browser address field as the automatic page reload will fail.

Figure 37: Menu Tools/X-gateway management

9. Setup the hardware configuration on the operator-side (operator PLC) according to the following Table:

Network 1 (PROFIBUS DP-V1)				
CONFIGURATION DATA				
Slot	CFG data	Designation	Data	
			Input words	Output words
1	0x40,0xf7	Input data	56	-
2	0x40,0xe7	Input data	40	-
3	0x80,0xc1	Output data	-	2
SLOT DETAILS Cycle ID				

Figure 38: Byte sequence

10. Set the byte sequence. The byte sequence can be set in MARSIC300 when desired. A connection to the PC with SOPAS ET is then necessary.

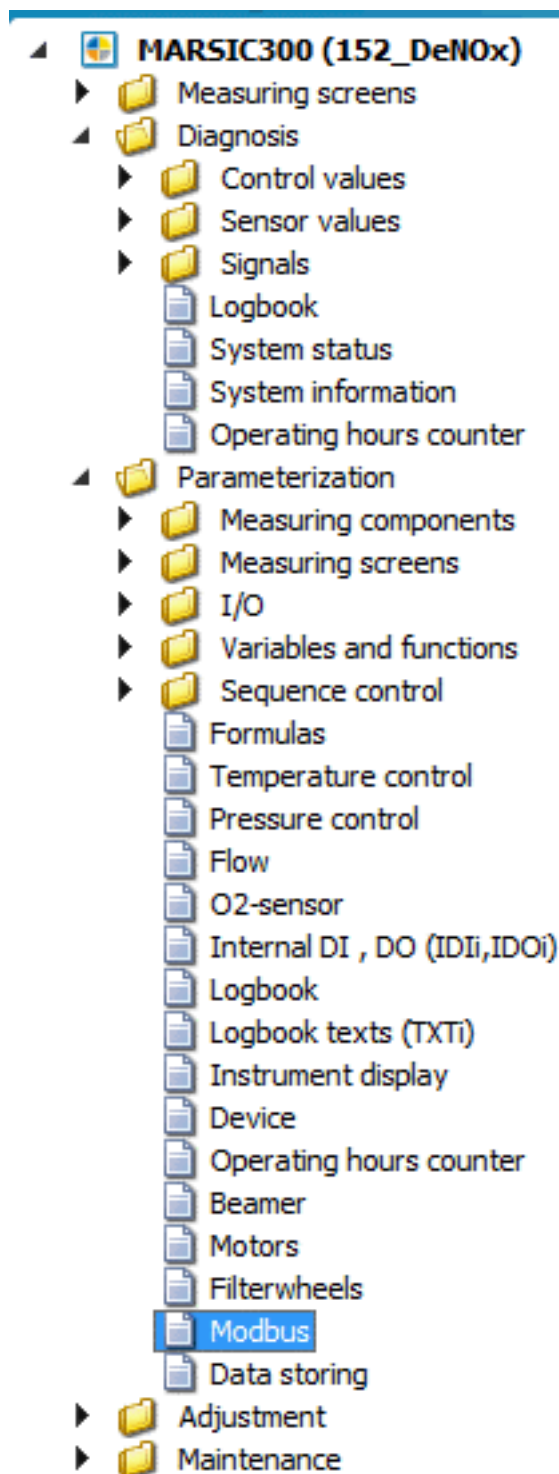


Figure 39: Menu Tree Parameterization/Modbus in SOPAS ET

Set the register swap in SOPAS ET to CD_AB for Siemens controls.

Modbus

Slave Adresse

1

Register swap

CD_AB

TCP port

502

Simulation Mode

☐

Low S

0

High S

1000

Activate configuration

Figure 40: Menu Modbus in SOPAS ET

3 Initial start-up



NOTE

Prerequisite: The system is completely installed and connected.

Before switching on

1. Check connections are connected properly as described in the “Installation” Chapters.
2. Relieve the pressure on all pressure regulators in the analyzer (see ["Air and gas connections on analyzer", page 19](#)): Turn the regulators counterclockwise.
3. Adjust the manual valve in the analyzer as described in see ["Air and gas connections on analyzer", page 19](#).
4. Open the external instrument air supply.
5. Set pressures: see ["Air and gas connections on analyzer", page 19](#).
6. Check the power supply of the analyzer matches the setting on the ship network: see ["Electrical connections", page 23](#).
7. Check the voltage connection on the gas sampling system.
8. Install the gas sampling system on the flange of the exhaust duct: See “SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions”.

Switching on

1. Switch on the external power disconnection unit:
 - The **green** “Power” LED on the control panel goes on:
Energy supply is available.
 - The yellow and red LEDs go on sporadically.
 - “**Booting**” appears several times on the screen.
 - The Measuring screen opens.
 - The system heats up:
Only the green LED is on.
Display: **Init/Heating up.**
A downwards counter displays the maximum duration of the process.
 - Display: **Conditioning.**
 - Only the **green** LED is on and **Measuring** is shown in the status line.
The system is ready for operation.
If a measured values blinks: The measured value is outside the calibration range.
When the yellow or red LED is on: Press the Diag button and clear the error: Error list see ["Error messages and possible causes", page 90](#).
 - If the measuring system has not been in operation for an extended period of time or work on the sample gas path has been performed:
 - ▶ Perform a leak tightness check: see ["Leak tightness check during initial startup", page 73](#).
 The system is in operation.

Final tests and parameter settings

1. Perform a leak tightness check: see ["Leak tightness check during initial startup", page 73](#).
2. Perform an internal adjustment: Display menu Adjustment/internal adjustment.
3. Connect computer with SOPAS ET on ETH0 (see ["Connections in analyzer", page 81](#)) (see ["Software SOPAS ET", page 38](#)).
If the customer network is already connected: Disconnect the customer network.
4. If required: Set the times for automatic adjustments.
 - ▶ To change in SOPAS ET: Menu Adjustment/Parameter/Start times.
5. If required: Configure the sampling point switchover.
 - ▶ In SOPAS ET: Menu Parameterization/Sequence Controls/Sampling point program.
6. Set the IP address of the customer network for the ETH0.

- In the SOPAS ET user interface: Click the pen symbol in the device tile of the MARSIC300.

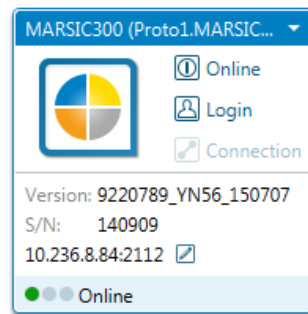


Figure 41: SOPAS ET device tile

7. Disconnect the computer from ETH0 and connect the customer network to ETH0.

Initial start-up is completed.

4 Configuration software

4.1 Software SOPAS ET

SOPAS ET can also be used to configure MARSIC300 and to access the MARSIC300 logbook.

SOPAS ET runs on an external PC connected to the MARSIC300 via the Ethernet interface.

Connect MARSIC300 with software SOPAS ET

1. Make sure all electric and pneumatic connections are connected properly, start-up has been carried out correctly and the system is running without error messages. Connect a computer with the SOPAS ET software installed to ETH0 in MARSIC300:

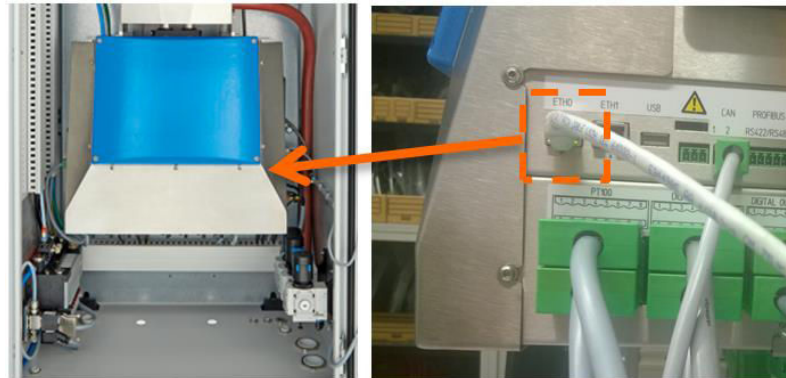


Figure 42: MARSIC300 network connection



NOTE

SOPAS ET connects automatically the first time MARSIC300 is started and inquires whether the driver files (SDD files) for the connected device should be downloaded. Downloading is not necessary because SOPAS ET loads the driver files direct from the MARSIC300.

2. Start SOPAS ET on the PC and search for devices. When the MARSIC300 appears in the right area in SOPAS ET, drag & drop it to the left Project area. To change the IP setting of MARSIC300, click on the pen icon (marked red in the Figure) and confirm the message with “Yes”.

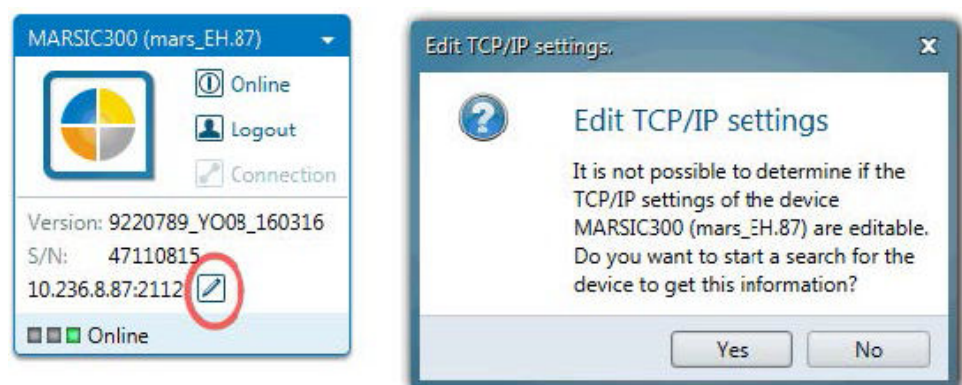
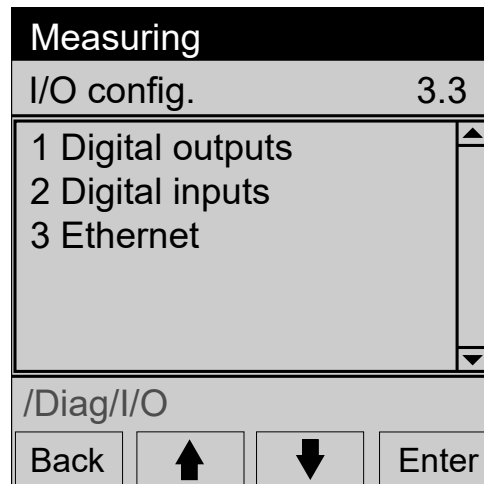


Figure 43: Menu dialog TCP/IP settings

3. If the MARSIC300 was not found, login on the MARSIC300 on the control panel as “Authorized Operator” (password is “1234”). You can change the network settings for the MARSIC300 here. Make sure the PC and the MARSIC300 are in the same subnet and no firewall is active.



Set the device parameters matching your network in this menu and confirm with “OK”. A warning appears to confirm that the device is set offline. Confirm with “Yes”. The network configuration has been changed, however the old configuration can still be seen. The IP configuration is updated on the operator panel and in SOPAS ET after a restart (switching the MARSIC300 off and on).

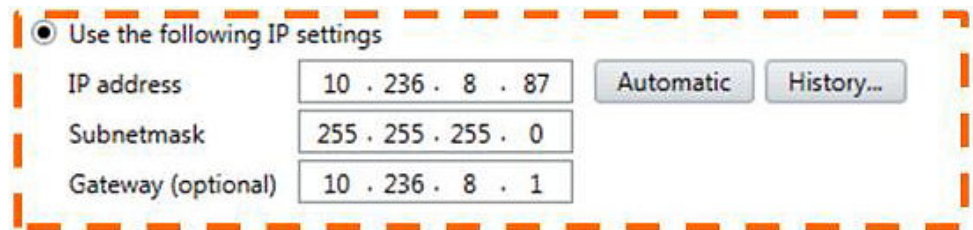


Figure 44: Menu settings IP configuration

After configuration, the MARSIC300 must be adjusted to the network settings of the customer network.

4.2 Saving parameters

SOPAS ET can be used to backup and restore the MARSIC300 parameters:

1. Click the left mouse button to select the desired device in the main window.
2. Select “Project / Project save as” to save the SOPAS ET project file in a local directory on the PC.

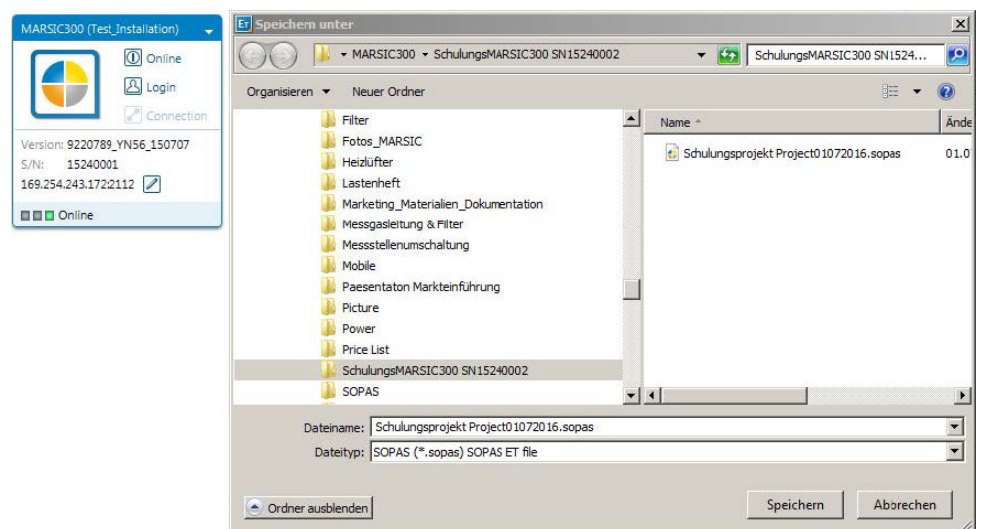


Figure 45: Menu dialog - Save Project file

4.3 Backing up the logbook with SOPAS ET

It is useful for diagnostic purposes when the MARSIC300 logbook is made available to Service. It can be downloaded easily and, e.g. sent per e-mail.

- 1. Login as “Authorized User”.
- 2. Select path: MARSIC300 / Diagnosis / Logbook.
- 3. Select “All” in the scroll down menu.
- 4. Select “Export” to save the log file in a local directory on the PC.

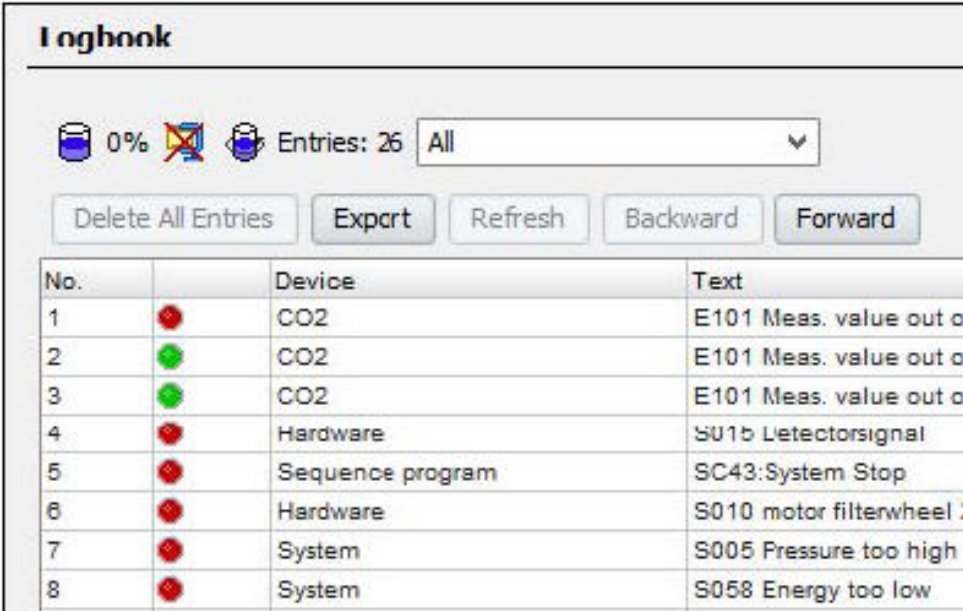


Figure 46: Menu Logbook in SOPAS ET

4.4 Passwords

There are 2 passwords:

Table 5: Passwords

Password for	Password	Change password
Device display access “Authorized User”	1234	Changing the password: see "Instrument display", page 58
SOPAS ET	HIDE	Cannot be changed

4.5 Using the menus

Example: Menu: Parameterization/I/O/Data/External Data/Analog inputs

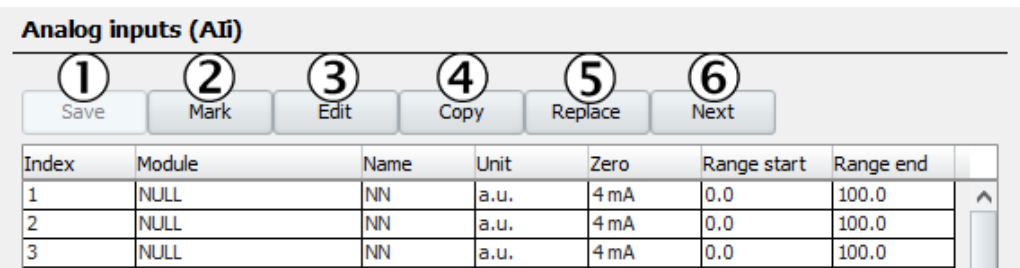


Figure 47: Menu Analog inputs

Table 6: Menu fields legend

Entry field	Significance
①	Save current entries.

Entry field	Significance
②	Create group ► Click “Mark” and then click the desired lines. ► To cancel “Mark”: Click “Mark” again and then click an empty line.
③	In editable menus: Call up the setting menu for lines. ► Click desired line. Then click “Edit”.
④	Copy selected lines
⑤	Insert copied lines before a selected line
⑥	Call up “Next function group”

(The bottom lines in the example depend on the menu)

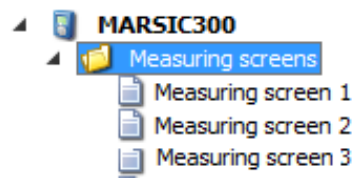
4.6 Menu tree (SOPAS ET)

The menu tree shown here shows the menus for user level “Authorized User”.

Menu	Reference
Measuring screen	section 5.1
Measuring screens	
Diagnosis	section 7
Control values	section 7.1
Zero drift	
Span gas drift	
Internal adjustment drift	
Reference energy	
Intensity	
Sensor values	section 7.2
Temperatures	
Pressures	
Flow rate	
Cell	
O2 sensor	
Emitter	
Motors	
Hardware	
Signals	section 7.3
External signals	
Measuring signals (MVi)	
Diagnosis internal (IDOi, ID)	
Boolean values (BVi, Lli)	
Real values (RVi)	
Modbus values (MBVi)	
Modbus input values (MBiVi)	
Modbus input flags (MBiFi)	
Modbus reference flags (MBiRi)	
Filtered values (FVi)	
Integer values (Ivi)	
Real constant (RCi)	
Logbook	section 7.4
System status	section 7.5.1
System info	section 7.5
Timemeter	section 7.5
Parameterization	section 6
Measuring components	section 6.1
Global definitions	
Measuring screen	section 6.2
Measuring Screen x	
I/O	section 6.5
Hardware plan	

Data	
– External data	
– OPC outputs (OPCOi)	
– Modbus values (MBVi)	
– Modbus input values (MBiVi)	
– Modbus input flags (MBiFi)	
– Modbus reference flags (MBiRFi)	
Sequence control programs	section 6.4
Sampling point program (MPP)	
Temperature control	section 6.6.1
Pressure control	section 6.6.2
Flow rate	section 6.6.3
O2 sensor	section 6.6.4
Logbook	section 6.6.5
Instrument display	section 6.6.6
System	section 6.6.7
Emitter	section 6.6.8
Modbus	section 6.6.7
Adjustment	section 6.5.4
Parameter	section 6
Concentrations	
Adjustment factors	
Start times	
Manual adjustment	section 6.3
Automatic adjustment	section 6.3
Maintenance menus	section 8
Tests	section 8.1
Digital inputs	
Digital outputs	
Operating states	section 8.2
System maintenance	section 8.3
Service log	section 8.5
Restart system	section 8.4
Confirm active messages	section 8.6
Replacing the analyzer	section 8.8
Replacing the electronics	section 8.9
Loading/saving the parameters	section 8.7

5 Measuring screens and data storage



Only the configured Measuring screens are shown.
► Double-click the desired Measuring screen

Figure 48: Menu Measuring Screens

- Configuring Measuring screens: see "Measuring screens", page 46.
- Scaling Measuring screens.

5.1 Measuring screen

The Measuring screen is shown as measured value box, bar graph or line writer depending on the configuration.

Measured value box

Here, the measured values are shown in numeric format.

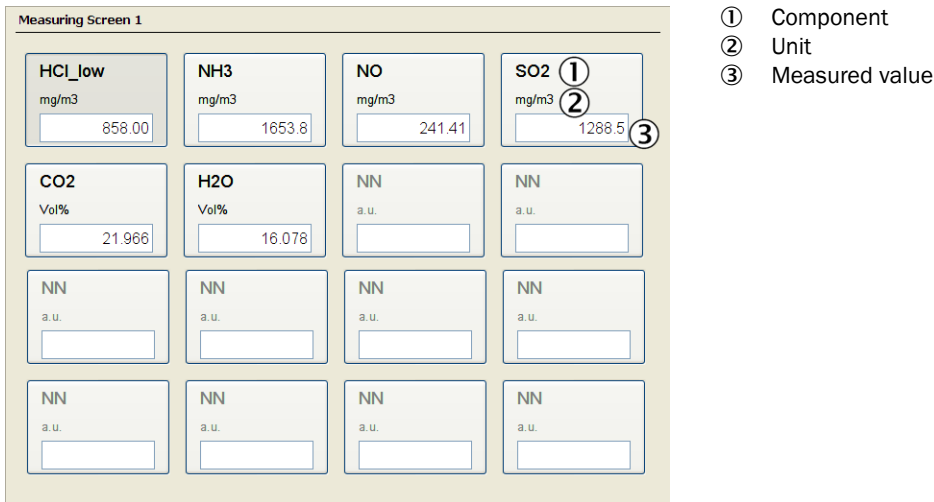


Figure 49: Menu Measuring Screen/Measuring Screen 1 ... x

Bar graph

Here, the measured values are shown as a bar graph.

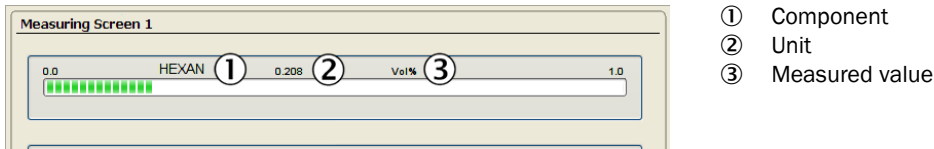
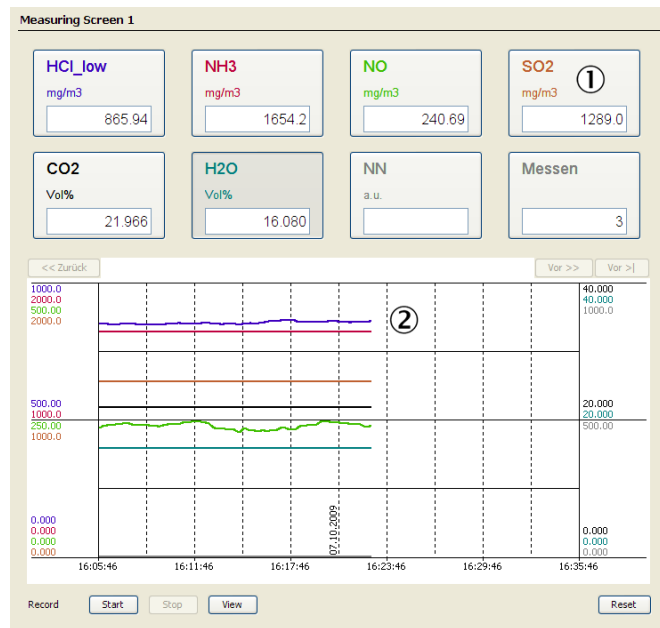


Figure 50: Bar graph

Line Writer and data storage

Here, the measured values are shown in numeric format as measured value box and in a time chart.



- ① Component
- ② Line Writer - shows the activated measured values (see under “Scaling Measuring screens”). The Line Writer first starts the display when it is called up for the first time.
Changing the user level deletes the history of the line display.



5.2 Data storage function

- ▶ **Start:**
Start data storage.
Data that have been configured are stored (independent of the graphic representation).
Maximum 65536 entries per curve are stored in a file and then a new file created automatically (with an incremental index).
 - ▶ A dialog field appears above the line diagram to enter a target file name (.txt):

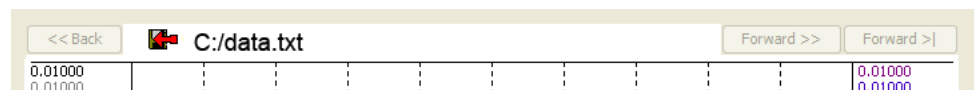


Figure 52: Storing the recording

- ▶ Stop:
Stop recording.
- ▶ View:
View recorded data.
A dialog field appears to select the file with the stored values.
The following then appears above the line diagram:



Figure 53: Loading the recording

- ▶ **Reset:**
Delete all lines displayed (no effect on data storage).

Scaling Measuring screens

Tap on a display to call up a screen for scaling:

Measuring Screen 1

Color selection: black ①

Number format: -5 ②

Scale start: -0.01 ③

Scale end: 0.01 ④

Active: ☒ ⑤

Save Cancel

Figure 54: Menu Scaling

- ① Font color (Line Writer colors are predefined)
- ② Measuring screen precision
Example:
-2: 123.45
-1: 1234.5
0 : 12345
1 : 123450
- ③ Scale start value
- ④ Scale end value
(for Line Writer: for y-axis)
- ⑤ Line display active / not active
(for Line Writer)

6 Parameterization

6.1 Measuring components

Global definitions

This menu displays the global device information (e.g.: number of filter wheels, number of activated components).

Global definitions																				
Active measuring component	1	☒	2	☒	3	☒	4	☒	5	☒	6	☒	7	☒	8	☒	9	☒	10	☒
Reference energy failure	1 %																			

Figure 55: Menu Parameterization/Measuring component/Global Definitions

- ① Active measuring components. Checkmark: Active
- ② Internal use: Error threshold of reference energy as from which a message is generated.

Definition of measuring components

This menu displays the setting for the respective measuring component.

This menu only serves as information.

Definition of component 1	
Component name	SO2LO
Unit of concentration of calibration	ppm
Conversion of unit of concentration	☐
Averaging time [s]	60
Monitored limits	
Reference energy warning	10 %
Zero drift	6 %
Adjustment Ref.point	10 %
Upper range value	30 ppm

Figure 56: Menu Parameterization/Measuring components/Definition of components

6.2 Measuring screens

Up to 8 Measuring screens can be configured and displayed:

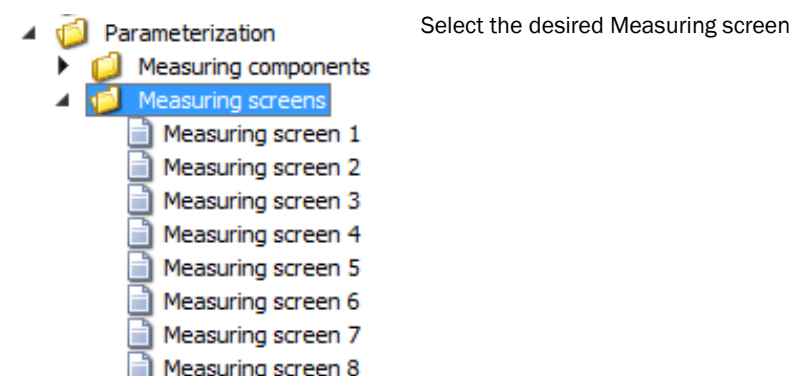


Figure 57: Menu Tree Parameters/Measuring Screens in SOPAS ET

Double-clicking a Measuring screen opens a screen in which the Measuring screen can be configured:

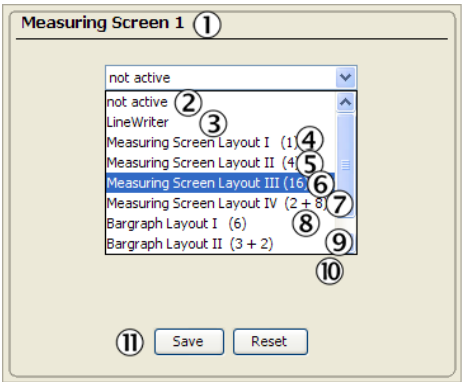


Figure 58: Menu Measuring Screens - Layout selection

- ① Selected Measuring screen
- ② Do not display the Measuring screen
- ③ Line Writer (see example below)
- ④ 1 measured value box
- ⑤ 4 measured value boxes
- ⑥ 16 measured value boxes (see example below)
- ⑦ 2 large, 8 small measured value boxes
- ⑧ 6 bar graphs (see below)
- ⑨ 3 bar graphs + 2 measured value boxes
- ⑩ 3 bar graphs + 8 measured value boxes (hidden)
- ⑪ Click “Save” to store

Measured value box

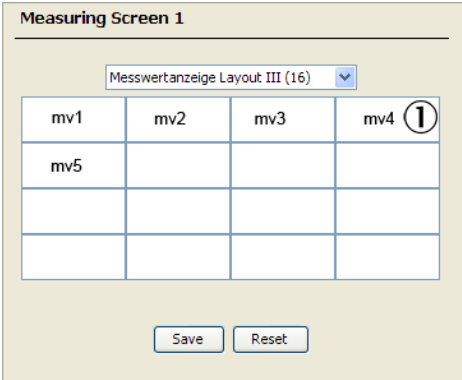


Figure 59: Menu Measuring Screens - Example layout

- Example: Measuring screen 1 with layout III (16 measured value boxes)
- ① ► Enter desired names (tags). Tags MARSIC300: see "Tags (variable names)", page 96
- Scaling the measured value box: see "Measuring screen", page 43

The Measuring screen then looks like this:

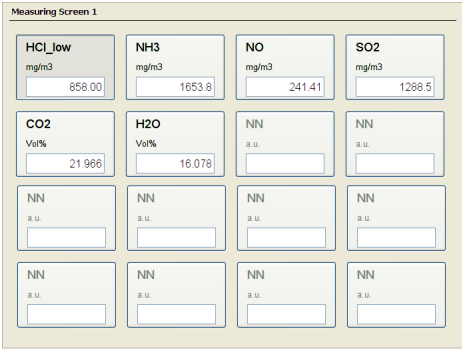


Figure 60: Menu Measuring Screens - Component name

The component names and units originate, for example, from the factory default settings (e.g. RVi), from the source of a filter (e.g. FVi) or from the analyzer.

Bar graph

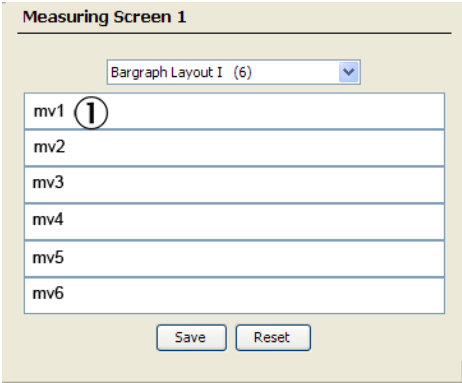


Figure 61: Menu Measuring Screens - Bar graph

The Measuring screen then looks like this:

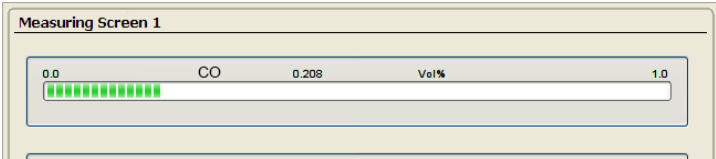


Figure 62: Bar graph - example

Line Writer

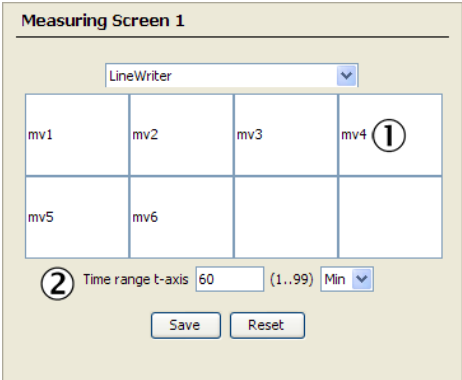


Figure 63: Menu Measuring Screens - Tags

The Measuring screen then looks like this:



Figure 64: Menu Measuring Screens - Line Writer

- Example: Measuring screen 1 with bar graph layout I (6 bars)
- ① Enter desired names (tags). Tags MARSIC300: see "Tags (variable names)", page 96
 - Scaling the measured value box: see "Measuring screen", page 43

- ① Enter the desired names (tags). Scaling the measured value box: see "Measuring screen", page 43
- ② Scaling the time axis [sec, min or hrs], scaling the y-axis: see "Measuring screen", page 43

- ① Measured value box
- ② Line Writer

6.3 Adjustment functions

Start times

Menu: Adjustment/Parameter/Start times

This menu displays the start times of the “Cyclic triggers (CT1 .. CT16)”.

Start times

CT 1

Start Adjust Z

1

Thu Oct 8 07:30:00

2

CT 2

Start Check Zero Gas

① Cyclic trigger name

② Next start time

Deactivation via operator panel or menu: Parameter/Variables and functions/Cyclic trigger (CTi)

Figure 65: Menu Start times

Manual adjustment

Menu: Adjustment/Manual adjustment

Further information, see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”

Manual adjustment

Measuring component

Zero gas

Span gas

SO2LO

3

Zero setting

2

Span point setting

SO2HI

Zero setting

Span point setting

1

Zero setting all

① Measured value of this component is set to zero

② Measured value of this component is set to the nominal concentration of the test medium

③ Measured values of all components listed above are set to zero

Figure 66: Menu Manual adjustment

Automatic adjustment

Menu: Adjustment/Automatic adjustment

Further information, see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”

Zero point

Cancel zero gas

1

Start

Adjust zero

Start

Check zero gas

Start

Open zero gas valve

Start

Close zero gas valve

Start

NULL

Start

Internal adjustment

Cancel internal adjust/check

1

Start

Adjust internal

Start

Span gases

Cancel adjustment

1

Start

Adjust SO2

Start

Adjust SO2-hi

Start

Adjust CO2

Start

Adjust NO

Start

Adjust NO2

Start

Adjust NH3

Start

Adjust CO

Start

Adjust CH4

Start

Figure 67: Menu Automatic adjustment

① Start adjustment of program displayed
The available programs are system-specific: see System documentation.

Parameter

6.3.1.1 Concentrations of span gases

Menu: Adjustment/Parameter/Concentrations

This menu displays the concentrations of the span gases and internal adjustment filter.
The concentrations of the span gases can be set.

Concentrations

Measuring component	Unit	Concentration	Concentration	Nominal absor.
		Span gas	Internal adjust.	Internal adjust.
SO2LO	ppm	15	24	0.021000
SO2HI	ppm	0	1600	0.058000

Extern Component	Unit	Concentration span gas
NULL	NULL	0
NULL	NULL	0

- ① Enter the concentration of the test medium
- ② Only internal significance

Figure 68: Menu Concentrations

6.3.1.2 Adjustment factors

Menu: Adjustment/Parameter/Adjustment factors

This menu serves to set the correction factors (adjustment filter wheel optional).

- The measured value is computed with both adjustment factors.
- Factor “Internal adjust.” is set automatically to “1.000” when factor “Span gas” is changed.
- Checkmark “Active”: This measuring component is computed.

Adjustment factors

Measuring component	Span gas			Internal adjustment		
	actual value	active	Set value	actual value	active	Set value
SO2LO	1.000	✓	1	1.020	✓	1.02
SO2HI	1.000	✓	1	0.992	✓	0.992

Figure 69: Menu Adjustment factors

- ① Display: Actual factor
- ② Input: New factor
- ③ Confirm: Use new factor

6.3.1.3 Start times

Menu: Adjustment/Parameter/Start times

This menu displays the start times of the “Cyclic triggers (CT1 .. CT16)”.

Start times

CT 1	Start Adjust Z	Thu Oct 8 07:30:00
CT 2	Start Check Zero Gas	

- ① Cyclic trigger name
 - ② Next start time
- Deactivation via operator panel or menu: Parameter/Variables and functions/Cyclic trigger (CTi)

Figure 70: Menu Start times

6.3.1 Manual adjustment

Menu: Adjustment/Manual adjustment

Further information, see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”

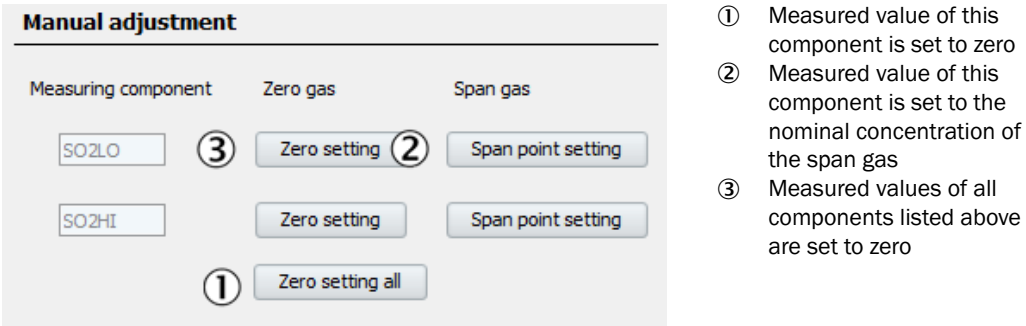


Figure 71: Menu Manual adjustment

6.3.2 Automatic adjustment

Menu: Adjustment/Automatic adjustment
Further information, see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”

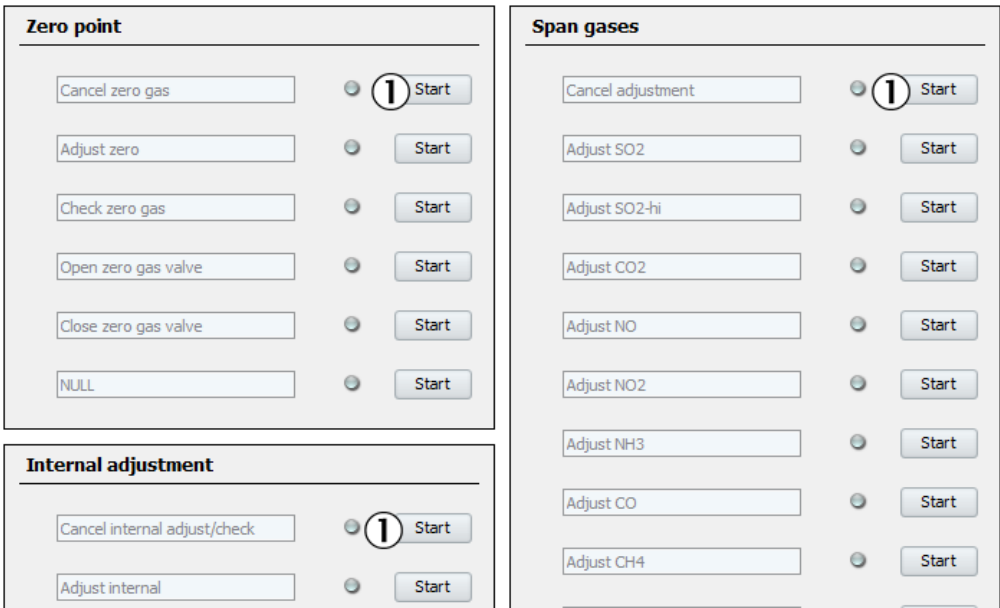


Figure 72: Menu Automatic adjustment

① Start adjustment of program displayed
The available programs are system-specific: see System documentation.

6.4 Sampling point switchover / Sequence control program

Sampling point program
Menu: Parameterization/Sequence control program/Sampling point program
This menu serves to configure “measuring at several sampling points”.

CAUTION

The programs are automatically controlled.

The device no longer measures correctly when a program is interrupted with Start/Pause/Stop/Continue.

► Only use these functions when you are sure you can assess the consequences.

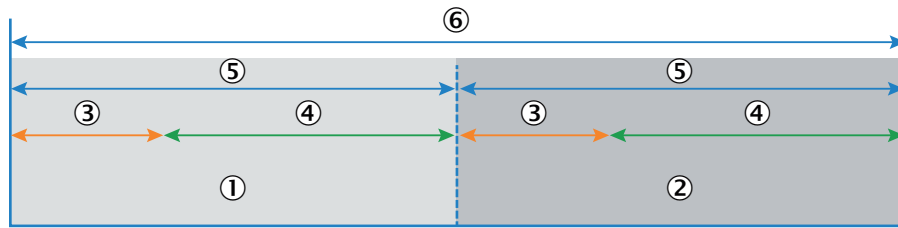


Figure 73: Sampling point switchover - diagram

- ① Sampling point 1
- ② Sampling point 2
- ③ Hold time
- ④ Active
- ⑤ Duration
- ⑥ Cycle time

Cycle time

The complete defined measuring cycle including sampling point switchover is completed within the cycle time.

Duration

The time during which a sampling point is active and measuring (including run-in time after sampling point switchover).

Hold time

After sampling point switchover: The time in which the last valid measured value of the sampling point is held until the new sampling point has run-in (purge processes etc.). The hold time can be entered individually for each sampling point and serves, for example, to control the release of the measured value to Modbus or similar.

Active

Valid measured values of the active sampling point are available after the run-in time.

Sampling point program (MPP)

Enabling ①	MPPE	②	---	③	Start	Pause ④	
Sampling point ⑤	---	⑥	0	⑦	Stop	⑧	Continue
Number of MP ⑨	1	Min. Meas.-Time ⑩	30	⑪	DeSOx-Time	☐	Fix.Cycle-Time
				⑬	Fix.MP-Time	☐	Cycle-Time 285 ⑭

Figure 74: Menu Sampling point program (MPP)

- ① Display: Internal tag to enable the sampling point program
- ② Display: Run-time for the current sampling point
- ③ Start the sampling point program
- ④ Interrupt the sampling point program (pause)
- ⑤ Display: Active sampling point
- ⑥ Display: Index of active sampling point
- ⑦ Cancel the sampling point program
- ⑧ Continue the sampling point program after "Pause"
- ⑨ Input: Number of sampling points
- ⑩ Minimum measuring time per sampling point
- ⑪ Checkmark: Fixed cycle time 285 s ("DeSOx time")
- ⑫ Checkmark: Fixed cycle time from "Cycle time"
- ⑬ Checkmark: Fixed sampling point time
- ⑭ Input: Cycle time

DeSOx-Time (⑪)

The DeSOx-Time is based on Guideline MEPC.259(68). This requires that each sampling point must be measured once within 4:45 minutes (285 seconds).

To enter in the menu below: Subtract the hold times from the 4:45 minutes and divide the remaining time by the number of sampling points. For example: For 2 sampling points with the same hold time, each sampling point is active for 142 seconds.

This can be used, for example, to control the release of the measured value on Modbus.

Fix.Cycle-Time (12)
The “Fix.Cycle-Time” corresponds to the “DeSOx-Time”, however the cycle time is not specified fixed but can be entered explicitly (see menu above).

Fix.Msp-Time (13)
Measuring on each sampling point continues for the time specified under “Duration” in the menu.

This means different measuring times can be defined per sampling point. If the duration set is shorter than the “hold time + minimum measuring time”, the duration is automatically set to this time. The following is also valid - the total of “hold times + the minimum measuring time” per sampling point may not be longer than the cycle time. Otherwise the cycle time is increased accordingly.

Sampling point program (MPP)

SaveMarkEditCopyReplaceNext

Sampling point	Name	Order	Duration [s]	Hold time [s]	Active
1	Sampling Point 1	1	0	45	
2	Sampling Point 2	2	0	45	

Figure 75: Sampling point program - menu description

- ① Sampling point index
- ② Sampling point name
- ③ Sampling point sequence
- ④ Measuring time at the sampling point including run-in times
- ⑤ Run-in time
- ⑥ Checkmark active: Sampling point active

Sampling point program (MPP)

Sampling point 1Active

NameSampling Point 1Duration [s]0Hold time [s]45

Order1

Cancel<>

Figure 76: Sampling point program - setting options

- ① Display: Sampling point index
- ② Checkmark: Sampling point active
- ③ Sampling point name
- ④ Overall duration at the sampling point
- ⑤ Run-in time
- ⑥ Position in the order of the sampling point program



NOTICE
The green arrow (load all parameters) must be pressed after making changes in order to see the effect of the changes for both sampling points. This then updates the data in the Table accordingly.



Figure 77: Load parameters - button

6.5 Data interfaces / IO

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O**
This menu displays the data interfaces.

Hardware Plan
Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Hardware plan**

CAN bus address x
Displays the I/O modules present in the selected CAN bus gateway.

 **NOTE**
The sequence of the specified modules must match the sequence of the plugged in modules (starting at the gateway).

CAN Bus Address

CAN Bus address 0 (N1)

Sichern

Save

Mark

Show

Copy

Replace

Next

Weiter

Index ①	Index	Plugged-In ②	Type ③
1	1	☐	NULL
2	2	☐	NULL

Figure 78: Menu CAN Bus address

- ① Consecutive number of module.
- ② Checkmark: Module is plugged in.
- ③ I/O module type.

Data
Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data**

6.5.1 Digital inputs

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/External data/Digital inputs**
This menu displays the digital inputs.

Table 7: Digital inputs

Name	Remark
Index	Consecutive number of the digital input (DI1, DI2,).
Module	Topographic addressing (see "Data interfaces / IO", page 54). Generated automatically.
Name	Set fixed.
Inverted	Checkmark: Read in inverted.

6.5.2 Digital outputs

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/External data/Digital outputs**
This menu displays the digital outputs.

Table 8: Digital outputs

Name	Remark
Index	Consecutive number of the digital outputs (DO1, DO2,).
Module	Topographic addressing (see "Data interfaces / IO", page 54). Generated automatically.
Source	Tag.
Inverted	Checkmark: Output inverted.

6.5.3 OPC outputs

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/OPC outputs**

This menu assigns data from the MARSIC300 to the OPC output values.

Table 9: OPC outputs

Name	Remark
Index	Consecutive number of the OPC output value.
Source	Tag.

6.5.4 Modbus

MARSIC300 runs as "Slave".

The Modbus process communicates with the device process via shared memory.

A semaphore secures the access on both sides.

The Modbus process communicates with a connected device (e.g., evaluation computer) via TCP/IP.

Register assignment: [see "Device status \(Discrete Inputs \[1xxxx\], Function Code 02\)", page 87](#)

Modbus values and Modbus flags: [see "Data interfaces / IO", page 54](#)

This menu serves to configure Modbus communication.

Menu: **Parameterization/Modbus**

Figure 79: Menu Modbus

- ① Slave address of MARSIC300
- ② Register swap
- ③ TCP port (standard: 502)
- ④ Simulation mode in which the values in registers 4200 et seq. are written scaled to registers 4000 et seq.
- ⑤ Lower measured value limit for Simulation mode
- ⑥ Upper measured value limit for Simulation mode
- ⑦ Modbus restart with acceptance of the settings

Modbus values (MBVi)

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/Modbus values**

The Modbus values determine which values are stored in the Modbus.

Edit window:

The screenshot shows the 'Modbus values (MBVi)' configuration window. It contains several input fields and checkboxes, each labeled with a circled number from 1 to 19. The fields include: Index (1), Active (2), Auto Name/Unit (3), Auto Status (4), Scale (5), Name (6), Start Meas. Range (7), End Meas. Range (9), Unit (10), Source (11), Data Type (12), Status (13), Norm (14), SICK Std. Meas. (16), Register type (17), Pos. (15), SICK Std. Sys. (18), Register type (17), Pos. (15), and MARSIC (19). There are also 'Save', 'Cancel', and navigation buttons at the bottom.

Figure 80: Menu Modbus values

- ① Index: Sequential numbering of the Modbus values
- ② Active Modbus values: Checkmark: Active
- ③ When the checkmark for "Auto Name/Unit" is set, the name and unit of the tag specified in the source are automatically used.
- ④ With Autostatus, the system status is used automatically as status of the value
- ⑤ When the checkmark for scaling is activated, this value is scaled. It is scaled in register range 4000 et seq. (Holding register) to 0 ... 10000.
- ⑥ Value name
- ⑦ Measuring range start
- ⑨ Measuring range end
- ⑩ Physical unit of value
- ⑪ Source: Tag for which the value is to be used.
- ⑫ Data type (Real/Integer/Bool) (2 registers)
- ⑬ The status of the tag named here is used when Autostatus is not activated.
- ⑭ Checkmark: Use standard range register 4000 et seq. (Holding register)
- ⑮ Position: Offset in respective range
- ⑯ Checkmark: Use standard range register 1000 et seq.
- ⑰ Register type (Holding/Input/Coil/DI)
- ⑱ Checkmark: Use standard range register 2000 et seq.
- ⑲ Checkmark: Use standard range register 3000 et seq.

Modbus input values (MBiVi)

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/Modbus input values**

Serves to assign a name, unit and data type to the measured values stored by the Master in the Holding register, whereby i is the index. Two registers incrementing from the offset are used per measured value. A status is not considered.

Edit window:

The screenshot shows the 'Modbus input values (MBiVi)' configuration window. It contains input fields for Index (1), Name (2), Unit (3), and Data Type (4). There are 'Save', 'Cancel', and navigation buttons at the bottom.

Figure 81: Menu Modbus input values

- ① Line (Index)
- ② Input value name
- ③ Physical unit of input value
- ④ Data type (Real/Integer/Bool)

Modbus input flags (MBiFi)

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/Modbus input flags**

Serves to assign a name to the Boolean values (flags) stored by the Master in the Coils.

Edit window:

Figure 82: Menu Modbus input flags

- ① Line (Index)
- ② Input flag name

Modbus reference flags (MBIRFi)

Menu: **Parameterization/I/O/Data/Modbus Reference flags**

Serves to assign the reference sources (span gases / internal adjustment) to individual values to so that it can be seen what is currently active.

Edit window:

Figure 83: Menu Modbus reference flags

- ① Index
- ② Reference flag name
- ③ Source: Tag for which the value is to be used.

6.6 Device parameters

6.6.1 Temperature control

Menu: **Parameterization/Temperature control**

This menu serves to set the unit of the temperature display.
All other displays serve as information.

- ① Adjustable: Unit of temperature display [°C, K, °F]

Figure 84: Menu Temperature control global

6.6.2 Pressure control

Menu: **Parameterization/Pressure control**

This menu serves to view the parameters for pressure control.

6.6.3 Flow monitoring

Menu: **Parameterization/Flow monitoring**

This menu serves to configure the warning threshold for the gas flow rate.

- ① Checkmark: Monitoring active
- ② Input: Minimum flow rate error message (default value: 100 l/h)
- ③ Input: Minimum flow rate warning threshold (default value: 130 l/h)
- ④ Input: Maximum flow rate warning threshold (default value: 600 l/h)
- ⑤ Input: Maximum flow rate error message (default value: 1000 l/h)

Figure 85: Menu Flow monitoring

6.6.4 O₂ sensor

Menu: **Parameterization/O₂ Sensor**

This menu serves to view the configuration of the O₂ sensor.

6.6.5 Logbook

Menu: **Parameterization/Logbook**

This menu serves to configure the logbook.



Changing the setting deletes all entries.

If an error occurs:

- ① An error counter is incremented.
- ② The error message is stored.

When the logbook is full:

- ③ Message "Logbook error" is output and no further entries are stored.
- ④ The current entries overwrite the oldest entries. A relevant message is not output.

Figure 86: Menu Logbook

6.6.6 Instrument display

Menu: **Parameterization/Instrument display**

This menu serves to configure how the instrument display shows information:

- The Measuring screen.
- The password for the operator panel on the instrument.

- If parameters have been changed and the Measuring screen is being shown on the instrument display: The display on the instrument display must be reinitialized so that the changes can be shown on the instrument display.
 - 1 Press the menu-dependent button “Menu” on the device.
 - 2 Then press “MEAS”.

Instrument display

Password ① Attention: only 4 figures !

Duration password mode min ②

Measuring screen

Source	Begin	End	Format	
Position 1	rv1 ③	0 ④	2000 ④	X.x ⑤
Position 2	rv2	0	25	X.xx

Figure 87: Menu Instrument display

- ① Password, comprising 4 digits. (Note: Password is first used after a hardware reset ([Restart](#))).
- ② Validity duration of the password-protected level. (Note: Password is first used after a hardware reset ([Restart](#))).
- ③ Parameterization (see "[Tags \(variable names\)](#)", page 96) of the Measuring screen.
- ④ Start and end values of the display range of the bar and line charts. Start value must be lower than the end value (no plausibility check during input)..
- ⑤ Counter format of the display: Number of decimal places.

6.6.7 System

Menu: Parameterization/System parameter

This menu serves to display and change system parameters.

System parameter

System name ①

Serial number

Serial number cell

Allow IP configuration ☒ ② Language ③

④ Actual system time

Caution: IO will be reset!

Figure 88: Menu Sastem parameter

- ① System name
- ② Checkmark: The IP configuration of the MARSIC300 can be changed in SOPAS ET.
- ③ System language.
Accept with “Initialize” (see "[Setting operating states](#)", page 67)
- ④ Use PC time on MARSIC300.

6.6.8 Emitter

Menu: Parameterization/Emitter

This menu serves to view the parameters for the Emitter.

7 Diagnosis

7.1 Control values adjustment, sensors and signals

Zero drift

Menu: **Diagnosis/Control values/Zero drift**

This menu displays the drift “with zero gas” (since the last drift “reset”) and can be reset.

This drift is recalculated as from the relevant adjustment.

Figure 89: Menu Zero drift

- Reset: Reset zero drift
- Both “Reset” have the same effect.

Span gas drift

Menu: **Diagnosis/Control values/Span gas drift**

This menu displays the drift “with span gas” (since the last drift “reset”) and can be reset.

This drift is recalculated as from the relevant adjustment.

Figure 90: Menu Span gas drift

- Reset: Reset zero drift.

Internal adjustment drift

Menu: **Diagnosis/Control values/Drift internal adjustment**

This menu displays the drift “with internal standard” (this means without span gas) (since the last drift “reset”).

Figure 91: Menu Drift internal adjustment

Reference energy

Menu: **Diagnosis/Control values/Reference energy**

This menu displays the current reference energy (as percentage) and can be reset.

The energy is automatically monitored.

If a limit value is underflowed (default setting: 60%) switches the MARSIC300 to the classification “Maintenance request”.

Reference energy

Last reset:08.07.15 10:59

Reset

Measuring component

Reference energy

SO2LO96.18%

SO2HI96.84%

► Reset: Reset reference energy

Figure 92: Menu Reference energy

Intensity

Menu: **Diagnosis/Control values/Intensity**

This menu displays intensities (energies) and amplification levels of the measuring components.

Let Endress+Hauser Customer Service evaluate this information.

Intensity				
Measuring component	Measuring filter	Reference filter	Meas.adjust filter	Ref.adjust filter
SO2LO	4510.7	1563.4	5746.1	5744.5
SO2HI	1984.4	1794.8	1788.2	1796.2

Figure 93: Menu Intensity

7.2 Sensor values

Menu: **Diagnosis/Sensor values**

This menu displays the diverse internal device sensor values:

- Temperatures
- Pressures
- Flow rate
- Cell
- O₂ sensor
- Emitter
- Motors
- Hardware

These values serve as information.

A message is output when a value is outside its nominal range.

7.3 Signals

Menu: **Diagnosis/Signals**



NOTE

Configuration of signals listed below: [see "Data interfaces / IO", page 54](#) and following.

External signals

Digital signals

Menu: **Diagnosis/Signals/External signals/Digital signals**

Digital signals (DI,DOi)

Digital inputs (DIi)

Digital outputs (DOi)

01 - 10

.....

01 - 10

.....

11 - 20

.....

11 - 20

.....

Figure 94: Menu Digital signals

This menu displays the current state of the digital signals (DIi, DOi, limit values) Digital values:
. = off (0)
I = on (1)

Measuring signals

Menu: Diagnosis/Signals/Measuring signals

Measuring signals (MVi)

Measuring component

SO2LO

SO2HI

Intensity measuring

4507.8

1984.3

Intensity reference

1562.6

1794.5

Absorbance uncorrected

0.01472

-0.00006

Absorbance corrected

-0.00062

0.00010

Conc. uncorrected [cal. unit]

-0.72137

3.12336

Conc. press. corrected [out. unit]

-0.72137

3.12336

Output conc. [out. unit]

-0.73603

3.09921

Measuring cycle period

19

s

Figure 95: Menu Measuring signals

This menu displays the measuring signals.
Let Endress+Hauser Customer Service evaluate these signals.

Internal signals

Menu: Diagnosis/Signals/Diagnosis internal

Diagnostics internal DI , DO (IDI,IDOi)

Internal DO (IDOi)

Internal DI (IDIi)

Zero valve SP1

●

IDIO1

●

Zero Valve SP2

●

IDIO2

●

control valve SP1

●

IDIO3

●

Backpurge valve SP1

●

IDIO4

●

Control Valve SP2

●

Failure Valve

●

Backpurge Valve SP2

●

115V for Heating

●

Span Gas valve

●

IDIO7

●

spare

●

IDIO8

●

IDIO9

●

●

Figure 96: Menu Internal signals

This menu displays the signals.
Let Endress+Hauser Customer Service evaluate these signals.

Boolean values

Menu: Diagnosis/Signals/Boolean values

Boolean values (BVL,LI)

Boolean values (BVi)

Limit values (LIi)

01 - 10

.....

101 - 110

||..||

201 - 210

.....

301 - 310

.....

01 - 10

.....

11 - 20

.....

111 - 120

.....

211 - 220

.....

311 - 320

.....

11 - 20

.....

21 - 30

.....

121 - 130

.....

221 - 230

.....

321 - 330

.....

21 - 30

.....

Figure 97: Menu Boolean values

This menu displays the Boolean values (BVi) and limit values (LIi).

Real values

Menu: **Diagnosis/Signals/Real values**

Real values (RVi)			
RV 1	-0.354	RV 11	0
RV 2	-0.01	RV 12	0
RV 3	1.429	RV 13	0
RV 21	0	RV 22	0
RV 31	0	RV 32	-749,9
RV 23	0	RV 33	749,9

This menu displays the current real values (RVi).

Figure 98: Menu Real values

Modbus values

This menu shows the current Modbus values and Modbus flags

- Modbus values
- Modbus input values
- Modbus input flags
- Modbus reference flags

Further information on Modbus: [see "Modbus", page 55](#) and [see "Data interfaces / IO", page 54](#)

Filtered values

Menu: **Diagnosis/Signals/Filtered values**

Filtered values (FVi)			
FV 1	-0.388	FV 17	0
FV 2	-0.018	FV 18	0
FV 3	1.424	FV 19	0
FV 33	0	FV 49	0
FV 34	0	FV 50	0
FV 35	0	FV 51	0

This menu displays the current filtered values (FVi).

Figure 99: Menu Filtered values

Integer values

Menu: **Diagnosis/Signals/Integer values**

Integer values (IVi)			
IV 1	0	IV 11	0
IV 2	24	IV 12	0
IV 3	0	IV 13	0
IV 21	0	IV 22	0
IV 31	400	IV 32	200
IV 23	0	IV 33	20

This menu displays the current integer values (IVi).

Figure 100: Menu Integer values

Real constants

Menu: **Diagnosis/Signals/Real constants**

Real constant (RCi)			
RC 1	0	RC 11	0
RC 2	0	RC 12	0
RC 3	0	RC 13	0
RC 21	0	RC 22	0
RC 31	0	RC 32	0
RC 23	0	RC 33	0

This menu displays the current real constants (RCi).

Figure 101: Menu Real constants

7.4 Logbook

The logbook records warnings, value overflows and underflows as well as errors and serves to document and reconstruct occurring events. The logbook can be saved with SOPAS ET (see ["Saving parameters", page 39](#)) and, for example, sent to Endress+Hauser Customer Service per e-mail.

Maximum number of entries: 6000.

(Representation: uncompressed data storage)

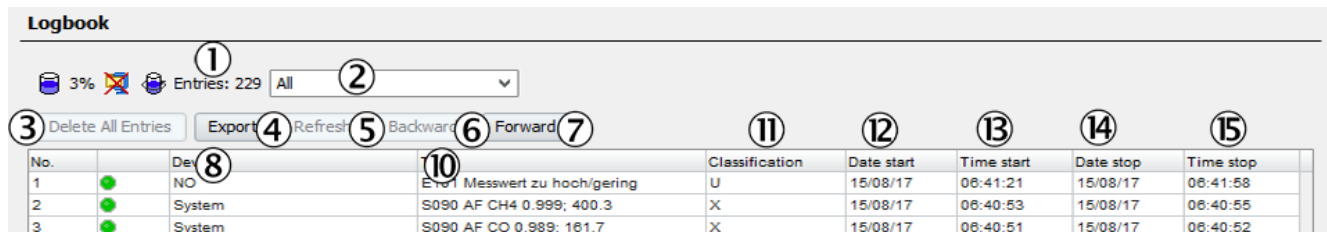


Figure 102: Menu *Diagnosis/Logbook*

Table 10: Logbook - Menu legends

Name	Remark
	Logbook fill level in %. If the font is red: The logbook is full. Warning mode: No further entries are made. Ring buffer mode: The oldest entries are overwritten.
	Data storage: Symbol not crossed out: Compressed. Symbol crossed out: Uncompressed. Significance and default setting: see "Logbook", page 58
	Ring buffer mode warning mode, significance and default setting: see "Logbook", page 58
①	Number of entries of selected filter.
②	Only filtered messages are shown. • Failure (active) • Failure (all) • Maintenance request (active) • Maintenance request (all) • Uncertain (active) • Uncertain (all) • Other (active) • Other (all) • All active • All
③	Attention: All logbook entries in MARSIC300P are deleted
④	All entries selected with the filter (see in the Table further above) are stored on the PC as log file in C:\Own files. Format: CSV (comma-separated list). Viewable in, e.g., EXCEL.
⑤	To update the display: Click the display.
⑥	Scroll to older entries.
⑦	Scroll to current entries.
	Consecutive number of the message. Red LED: Message still pending. Green LED: Message no longer pending.
⑧	Triggering unit: System, measured value name (sample gas component), assembly, Evaluation module.

Name	Remark
⑨	Number of times the error has occurred. Significance and default setting: see "Logbook", page 58 Only with “compressed data storage”.
⑩	Logbook message (error messages see MARSIC300 Operating Instructions).
⑪	F = Failure M = Maintenance request C = Check (function control / maintenance) U = Uncertain X = Extended
⑫	Format: yy-mm-dd For “uncompressed”: When message occurred. For “compressed”: Last time message occurred
⑬	Format: hh:mm:ss For “uncompressed”: When message occurred. For “compressed”: Last time message occurred
⑭	Format: yy-mm-dd For “uncompressed”: When message was deleted For “compressed”: Last time message was deleted.
⑮	Format: hh:mm:ss For “uncompressed”: When message was deleted For “compressed”: Last time message was deleted.

7.5System info

System info

Menu: **Diagnosis/System info**

This menu displays system status (see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”) and system information.

- Serial number
- IP address
- Software version

7.5.1System status

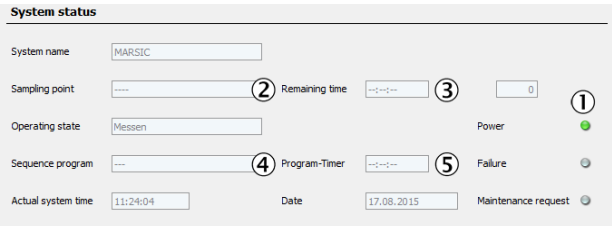


Figure 103: Menu *Diagnosis/System status*

- ① LEDs in accordance with the operator panel
- ② With sampling point switch-over: Current sampling point
- ③ With sampling point switch-over: Remaining time until sampling point switchover
- ④ Name of current sequence control program
- ⑤ Remaining time of current sequence control program

7.5.2System info

System info

Menu: **Diagnosis/System info**

This menu displays system status (see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”) and system information.

- Serial number
- IP address
- Software version

7.5.3Timemeter

This menu serves to view various timemeters.

Timemeter		
Switch on time	①	1124.4 h
Sample Time	②	1056.5 h
Light Source	③	1208.8 h
Filter	④	1056.5 h
Filter_Cell	⑤	1093.8 h

- ① Operating hours
This meter shows the total operating time ("Power on") of the Analyzer module.
- ② Measuring time
This meter shows the total time sample gas was fed.
- ③ Operating time of the emitter
- ④ Operating time of the filter of the gas sampling system
- ⑤ Operating time of the cell inlet filter

Figure 104: Menu Diagnosis/Timemeter

8 Maintenance

8.1 Test digital I/O

Menu: Maintenance/Tests

This menu serves to test the digital interfaces.

- ▶ Click the desired interface (mark).
- ▶ Perform with “Test”.
- ▶ A menu to set the parameters appears.
- ▶ (Field “Save” has no significance).

Test digital inputs

Digital inputs (DIi)

SaveMarkTestNext

Index	Module	Name	Inverted	
1	NULL	NN	☐	^
2	NULL	NN	☐	
3	NULL	NN	☐	
4	NULL	NN	☐	

Figure 105: Menu Digital inputs

Test digital outputs

Digital outputs (DOi)

SaveMarkTestNext

Index	Module	Source	Inverted	
1	NULL	NULL	☐	^
2	NULL	NULL	☐	
3	NULL	NULL	☐	
4	NULL	NULL	☐	

Figure 106: Menu Digital outputs

8.2 Setting operating states

Menu: Maintenance/Operating states

This menu serves to switch the operating states of the MARSIC300 on.



- ① Switch button:
LED on:
Status signal "Maintenance" is switched on.
- ② System Stop.
- ③ Switch to measuring operation.
- ④ Switch to measuring operation (after changes in menu: Parameterization/Measuring components/...).

Figure 107: Menu Operating states

8.3 System maintenance (Stand-by, Leakage test, etc.)

Menu: Maintenance/Maintenance System

This menu serves to start various maintenance procedures.

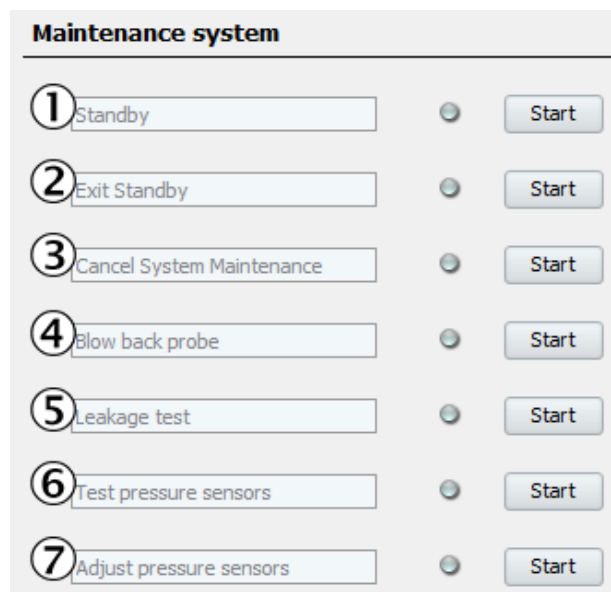


Figure 108: Menu System maintenance

- ① **Standby**
Switches the system to Standby to put it out of operation for some time.
- ② **Exit Standby**
Switches the system back to regular measuring operation.
(After it was switched to Standby using item "1" of this menu).
- ③ **Cancel system maintenance**
Abort a program started in this menu.

④ **Blow back probe**

Triggers a backflush of the probe tube (as well as the inlet filter when fitted on the probe tube) with instrument air.

- Press “Start” to start the backflush.
- Operating state: “Maintenance”.
- The measuring screen appears with a downwards counter to the end of the adjustment.
- The system switches back to operating state “Maintenance” when the adjustment has completed (when “Maintenance” was set manually beforehand: Back in “Maintenance”).

⑤ **Leakage test**

Start a leak tightness check.

⑥ **Test pressure sensors**

Checks the pressure sensors.

Perform this check when you have the impression that a pressure sensor is defective.

- “Test ok” means: The pressure sensors are OK.
- “Test failed” means: One of the pressure sensors is defective. Replace pressure control module.

⑦ **Adjust pressure sensors**

After replacing the pressure control module: Perform this menu item.

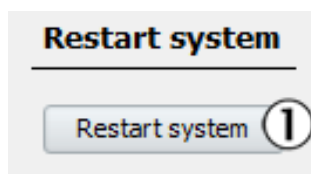
**NOTE**

Further information, see “MARSIC300 Operating Instructions”.

8.4 Restart

Menu: **Maintenance/Restart System**

This menu serves to restart the system.



① Start “Restart system”

Figure 109: Menu Restart system

8.5 Service log

Menu: **Maintenance/Service Log**

Completed maintenance work can be entered in this Table as clear text.

Service log			
Save Mark Edit Copy Replace Next			
Index	Date ①	Service ②	Entry
1	29.12.2014	Mr. Smith	Beam Source changed ③
2	dd.mm...	NULL	NULL
3	dd.mm...	NULL	NULL

Figure 110: Menu Service Log

① Date [dd.mm.yyyy]

② Service engineer name

③ Completed maintenance work in clear text

8.6 Acknowledging messages

Menu: Maintenance/Confirm active messages

This menu resets all pending active messages.

LED “MAINTENANCE REQUEST” goes off.



Figure 111: Menu Confirm active messages

8.7 Loading/saving the parameters

Parameters can be loaded/saved as parameter sets in different versions:

Table 11: Parameter sets

Factory setting	/opt/analyser/backup/
Parameter 1	/pccard/backup1/
Parameter 2	/pccard/backup2/
Parameter 3	/pccard/backup3/

Load/Save parameter

After load parameters the System restarts.

Store factory settings

Date

Restore factory settings

Factory settings

with SW-version

Store parameter backup 1

Time of store

Restore parameter backup 1

SD card

with SW-version

Restore custom parameter backup 1

Store parameter backup 2

Time of store

Restore parameter backup 2

SD card

with SW-version

Restore custom parameter backup 2

Store parameter backup 3

Time of store

Restore parameter backup 3

SD card

with SW-version

Restore custom parameter backup 3

Figure 112: Menu Tree Load/save parameters in SOPAS ET

8.8 Loading/saving the parameters after exchange of the analyzer

Load the configuration of the old analyzer module to the new analyzer module after exchange. This can be done easily using SOPAS ET.

1. Insert the SD card of the previous electronics in the new electronics.
2. Switch the device on.
3. Login as "Authorized User".
4. Select menu Maintenance/Replace analyzer.
5. Click Button <Load customer-specific parameters> (This loads just the customer-specific data from the SD card).
6. Wait until the system restarts.

Exchange of the analyser

Restore the custom parameter

After load parameters the System restarts.

Figure 113: Menu Tree Analyzer exchange in SOPAS ET

8.9 Loading/saving the parameters after exchange of the electronics

Load the configuration of the old electronics unit to the new electronics unit after exchanging the electronics unit. This can be done easily using SOPAS ET.

1. Insert the SD card of the previous electronics in the new electronics.
2. Switch the device on.
3. Login as "Authorized user".
4. Select menu Maintenance/Exchange of the electronics.
5. Click Button <Load all parameters> (this loads all data from the SD card).
6. Wait until the system restarts.

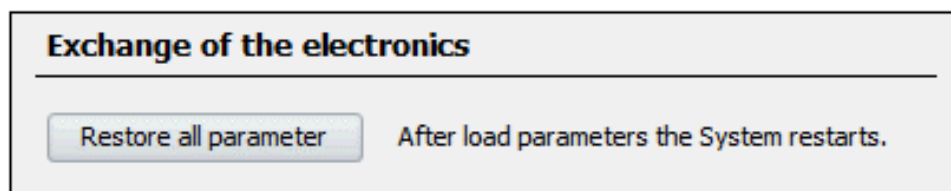


Figure 114: Menu Tree Exchange of the electronics in SOPAS ET

9 Maintenance

9.1 Leak tightness check during initial startup

1. Perform the leak tightness check when the device is running.



WARNING

Risk of burns on hot cell

The cell is very hot (approx. 200 °C).

For the leak tightness check, the line on the sample gas outlet must be unscrewed when the cell is hot.

- ▶ Use heat-resistant gloves.
- ▶ Use heat-resistant tool.



NOTICE

Only perform the leakage test when the device is running.

1. Start program **Maintenance/System Maintenance/Leakage Test**.
2. Wait until message “Close outlet - discon. purge” appears.

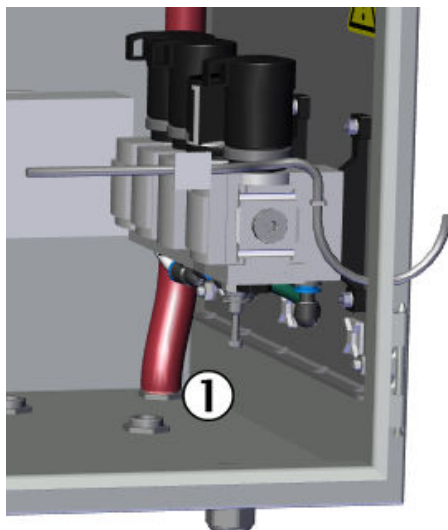


Figure 115: Sample gas outlet (inside view)

- ① Sample gas outlet

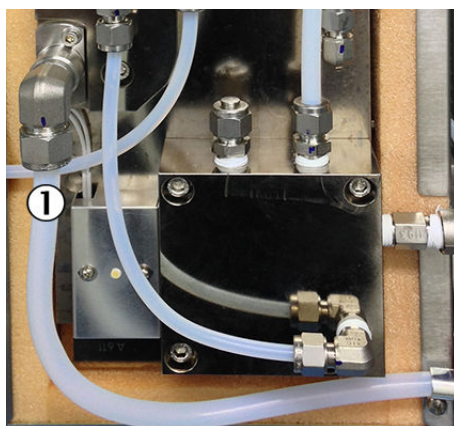


Figure 117: Measuring outlet - cell

- ① Sample gas outlet on cell

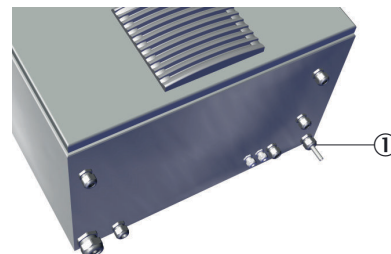


Figure 116: Measuring outlet (exterior view)

- ① Sample gas outlet at bottom rear of the enclosure

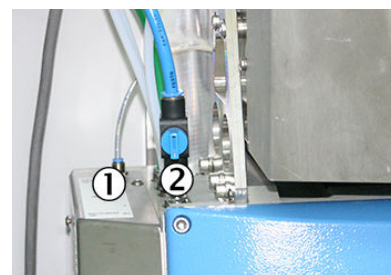


Figure 118: Analyzer module - connections

- ① Rear (thin) purge air line
- ② Instrument air valve (shown “open”)

3. On Analyzer module: Disconnect rear purge air line (press ring to do so).

4. Close off sample gas outlet gas-tight:
 - Either at the end of the sample gas outlet line (the line does not end at the enclosure duct but runs through to the cell in the enclosure).
The leak tightness check set has a suitable plug to close off the sample gas outlet line.
 - Or on the cell at the sample gas outlet (10 mm clamping ring sealing plug, the plug is also in the leak tightness test set).
To do this, open the cell: Loosen 4 side screws and remove cover.
5. The pressure in the system slowly rises.
Message “close air valve” appears when the pressure is ≥ 1200 hPa (after about 30 seconds) (the current pressure is shown in the “Measured value display”).
6. Close instrument air valve.
 - The pressure no longer rises and measurement starts automatically after about 20 seconds: Measurement duration approx. 5 minutes.
 - Pressure loss during this time must not exceed 20 hPa. A message is shown:
 - “Test OK - open air valve”: Test successful.
 - “Test failed - open air valve”: Test unsuccessful: Analyzer switches to “Maintenance request” state.
7. Open instrument air valve again.
8. Wait until message “Reopen outlet - connect purge” appears.
9. Reconnect rear purge air line.
10. Restore sample gas outlet to its original state.

9.2 Leak tightness check with pressure test tool

This Section describes the leak tightness check with the “Leak test tool kit”.

Table 12: Screw fittings

Cap	Size
Probe tube	
Sample gas inlets	2 x clamping ring screw fittings 8/10
Span gas inlet	1 x clamping ring screw fitting 4/6
Ejector block	3 x clamping ring screw fitting 4/6

Procedure

1. Switch analyzer to “Stand-by”: [see "System maintenance \(Stand-by, Leakage test, etc.\)", page 68.](#)
2. Flush system for 10 minutes in this state.
Start removing the probe during the flush duration: See “SFU Gas Sampling System Operating Instructions”.
3. Close off external instrument air supply.
4. Close probe tube at gas inlet.
5. Open cell enclosure.
6. Unscrew exhaust gas line 1 from sample gas outlet of ejector.

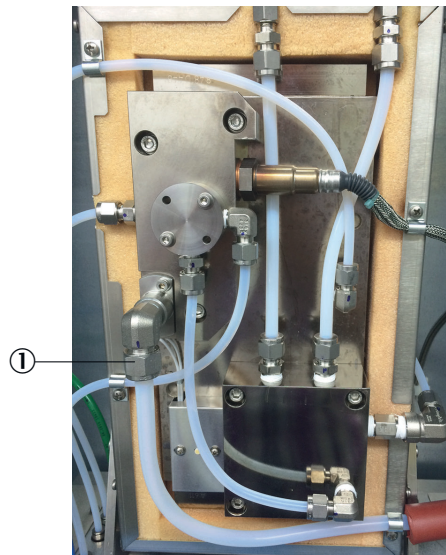


Figure 119: Sample gas outlet (inside view)

① Ejector sample gas outlet

7. Connect PTFE connecting hose of the test tool to sample gas output of ejector.
8. Unscrew all further lines marked in the Figure and close connections on the cell gas-tight.
9. Perform a leak tightness check: See “Pressure Test Tool Operating Instructions”.
 - Test duration: 5 minutes
 - The “leak” pressure rise must be < 10 mbar (< 0.14 psi). If the pressure rise is higher, search for and clear the leak in the gas path.
10. Connect all lines again after successful leak tightness check.
11. Refit the probe.
12. Switch standby off again.

10 Technical data



NOTE

The Technical data depend to some extent on the individual equipment of your analyzer.

- See the system documentation provided for the configuration of your analyzer.

10.1 Dimensional drawings

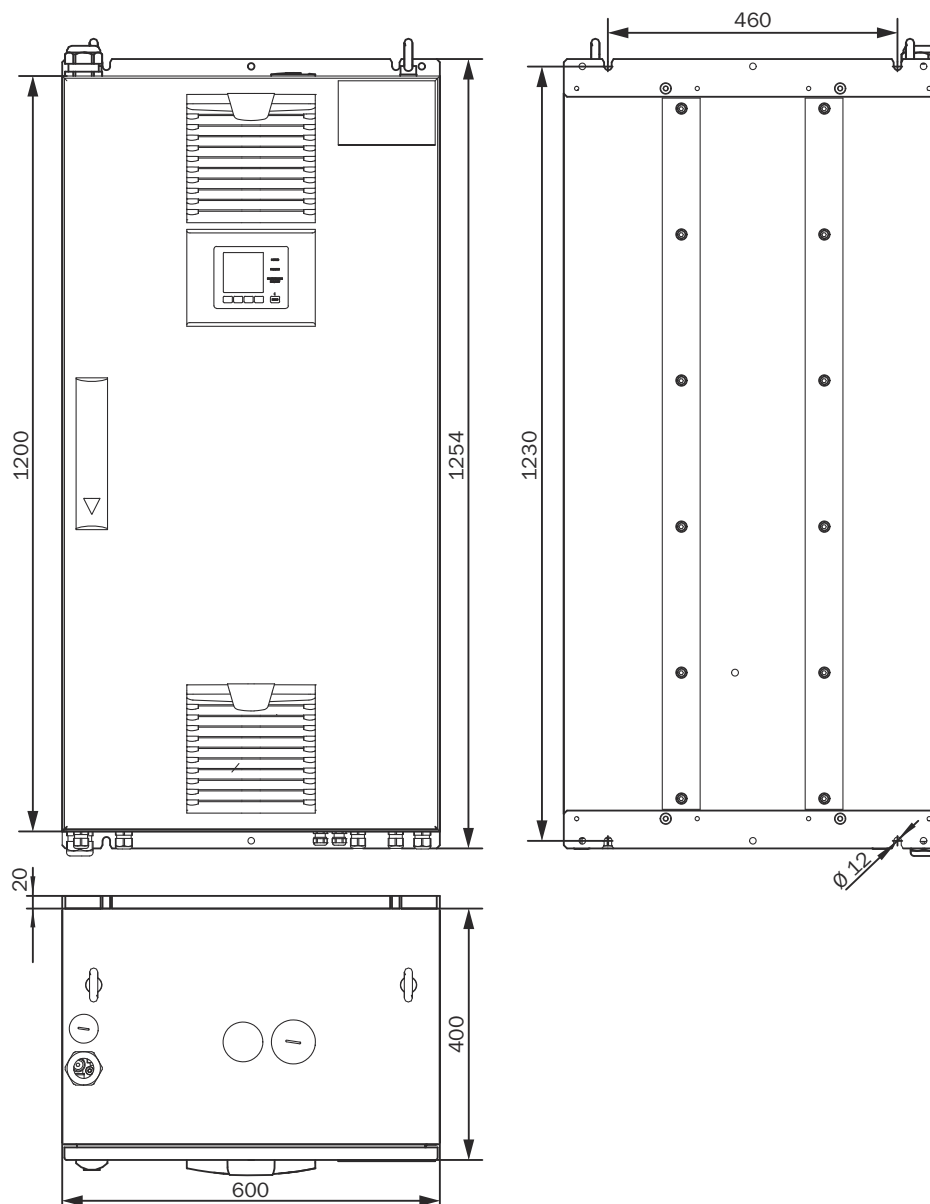


Figure 120: Analyzer cabinet - dimensional drawing



NOTICE

Observe clearances:

- Top: 30 cm
- Bottom: 20 cm

10.2 Design

Table 13: Design

Design	
Design	1 x wall enclosure
Material, general	Steel plate, aluminium cast
Dimensions	see "Dimensional drawings", page 76
Installation	Wall fitting
Weight	Approx. 120 kg
Materials with media contact	- Stainless steel 1.4571 - PTFE - Aluminium (coated)
Degree of protection	IP 54

10.3 Measuring parameters

Table 14: Sample gases

Variants	Components
DeSO _x	SO ₂ , CO ₂ , H ₂ O, optional O ₂
DeNO _x	NO, NO ₂ , H ₂ O, optional O ₂
Emission	SO ₂ , CO ₂ , NO, NO ₂ , CO, CH ₄ , NH ₃ , H ₂ O, optional O ₂

Table 15: Measured variables

Number of measured variables	
Number of measured variables	Max. 9

Table 16: Measuring method

Measuring method	
Measuring method	Hot extractive

Table 17: Spectral range

Spectral range	
Spectral range	2000 ... 11000 nm

Table 18: Sample volume

Sample volume	
Sample volume	200 ... 300 l/h

Table 19: Sample gas - measuring range

Component	Measuring range
SO ₂	0 ... 30 ppm; 0 ... 2000 ppm
CO ₂	0 ... 25% by vol.
O ₂	0 ... 21% by vol.
NO	0 ... 300 ppm; 0 ... 2000 ppm
NO ₂	0 ... 200 ppm; 0 ... 500 ppm
CO	0 ... 200 ppm; 0 ... 2000 ppm
NH ₃	0 ... 50 ppm; 0 ... 500 ppm
CH ₄	0 ... 500 ppm; 0 ... 10000 ppm
H ₂ O	0 ... 40% by vol.

Table 20: Sampling point switchover

Sampling point switchover	
Sampling point switchover	Max. 2 sampling points (optional 8 sampling points)

Table 21: Measured value characteristics

Measured value characteristics	
Measuring principle	Photometric
Measuring precision	< 2% of the respective full scale value
Detection limit	< 2% of the respective full scale value
Sensitivity drift	< 2% of the respective full scale value per week
Zero drift	< 2% of the respective full scale value per week
Span drift	< 2% of the respective full scale value per week
Setting time t_{90}	< 140 s, total measuring path as from probe extraction

10.4 Ambient conditions

Table 22: Ambient conditions - in operation

Ambient conditions in operation	
Installation location	Below deck
Ambient temperature	+0 ... +45 °C
Relative humidity	< 90% (without condensate)
Air pressure	900 ... 1100 hPa
Degree of protection	IP 54

Table 23: Ambient conditions - in storage

Ambient conditions in storage	
Ambient temperature	-20 ... +70 °C
Relative humidity	< 90% (without condensate)

10.5 Sample gas conditions

Table 24: Sample gas characteristics

Sample gas at the sampling point	Characteristic
Process temperature	10 ... 550 °C
Sample gas temperature assembly: - Sample gas probe - Sample gas line - Cell	Temperature: - Approx. 200 °C - Approx. 200 °C - Approx. 200 °C
Process pressure	-20 ... +200 hPa relative
Dust load	< 200 mg/m ³

10.6 Heated sample gas lines

Table 25: Sample gas line - characteristics

Sample gas line	
Length	Max. 35 m
Ambient temperature	-20 ... 80 °C
Working temperature	Max. 200 °C
Temperature control	1 x Pt100 1 x additional Pt100 as reserve
Power supply	115 V or 230 V

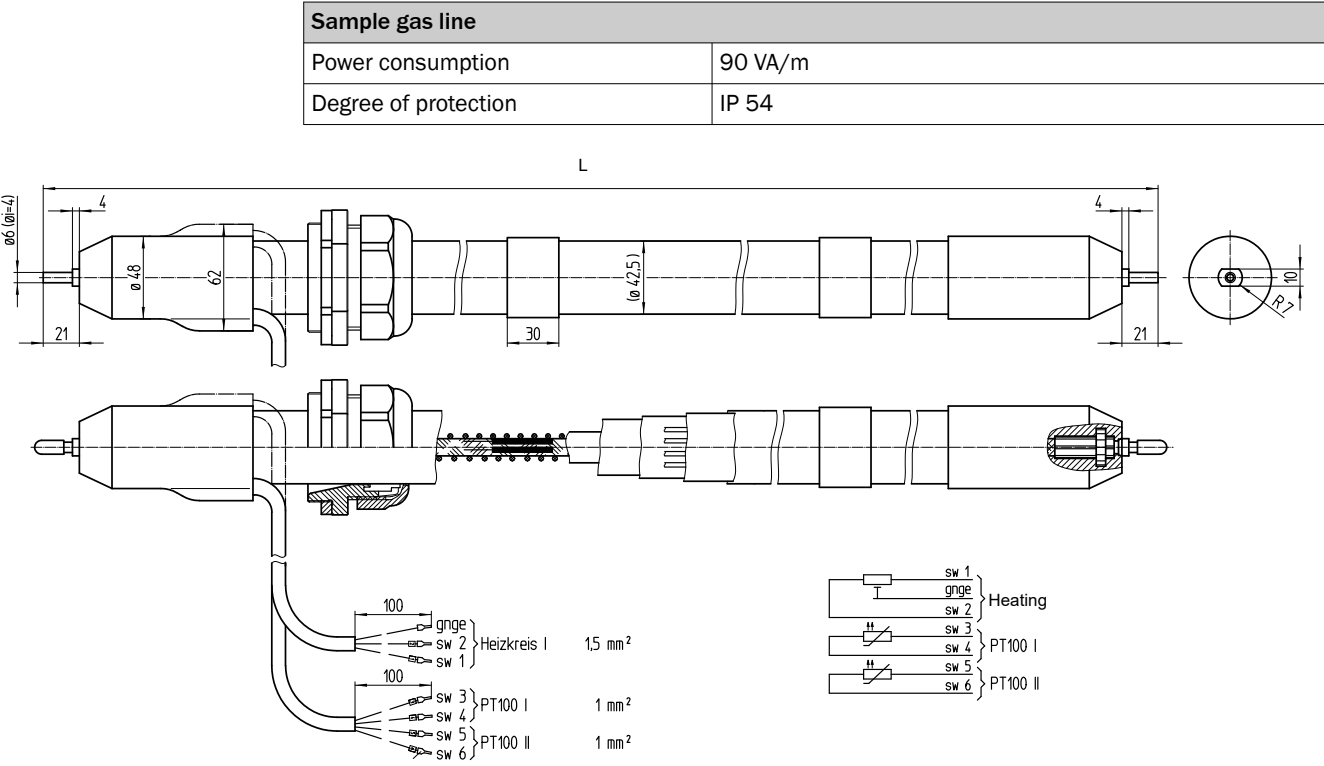


Figure 121: Heated sample gas line

10.7 Tube bundle cables

No.	Name	Function	Dimension
①	Power supplies	Cables 1 and 2: Gas sampling filter Cables 3 and 4: Probe tube (optional)	4 x 1.5 mm²
②	Signal cables (Pt100)	Cables 1 and 2: Gas sampling filter Cables 3 and 4: Probe tube (optional)	4 x 1.0 mm²
③	Grounding conductor (gnge)	Ground	1 x 4.0 mm²
④	PTFE hose (white)	Zero gas	DN 4/6
⑤	PA hose (black)	Control air, main valve	DN 6/8
⑥	PA hose (blue)	Backflush air	DN 6/8

10.8 Interfaces and protocols

Table 26: Interfaces and protocols

Operation and interfaces	
Operation	Via LC-Display or SOPAS ET software, several operating levels, password-protected
Display and input	Black-and-white screen with function buttons Status LEDs “Power” “Failure” “Maintenance request”
Analog outputs	Optional
Digital inputs/outputs	Optional

Operation and interfaces	
Data interface	1 x Ethernet (Modbus TCP/IP)
Profibus	Optional
Profinet	Optional
Remote diagnostics	Endress+Hauser MPR (optional)
PC operation	SOPAS ET via Ethernet

10.9 Power supply

Table 27: Power supply

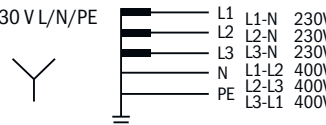
Power supply	
Supply voltage (preset)	IT network (without neutral conductor, not grounded) 3~230 V, PE 3~208 V, PE 3~ 230 V L/L/PE  Figure 122: IT network switching TN(S) network (with neutral conductor, grounded) 3~230 V, N, PE 3~115 V, N, PE 3~ 230 V L/N/PE  Figure 123: TN(S) network switching Further variants optional (e.g.: 1~230 V, 2~208 V) ► Refer to the system documentation provided for the default value.
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Power consumption	Power consumption - Analyzer - Heated sample gas line - Gas sampling system - Heated probe tube - Approx. 1000 VA - Approx. 95 VA/m - Approx. 450 VA - Approx. 450 VA

Table 28: Cable cross-sections

Cable cross-sections (relative to leads with ferrules)	
- CAN - RS485	Cable cross-section: 0.14 ... 1.5 mm ² AWG28 ... AWG16
- Pt100 inputs 24 V DC valve outputs - Digital inputs - Relay outputs (potential-free)	Cable cross-section: 0.25 ... 2.5 mm ² AWG30 ... AWG12
External heating circuits	Cable cross-section: 0.25 ... 4.0 mm ² AWG30 ... AWG10
Power supply	Cable cross-section: 0.5 ... 6.0 mm ² AWG20 ... AWG7

Table 29: Optional interfaces

Interfaces (optional)	
Digital outputs	4 outputs, 24 V, 0.5 A
Digital inputs	Electrically isolated, 24 V, 0.3 A
Analog outputs	Optional

10.10 Connections in analyzer

Power supply - connection / fuses

The power supply is located on the left on the analyzer.

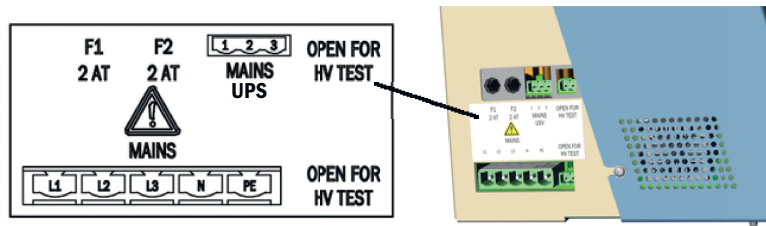


Figure 124: Power supply connections

Table 30: Power supply - connections

Name	Supply
MAINS UPS (3-pole)	Power supply for electronics unit (internal)
MAINS (5-pole)	External power supply
F1	Internal
F2	Internal

Electronics fuses

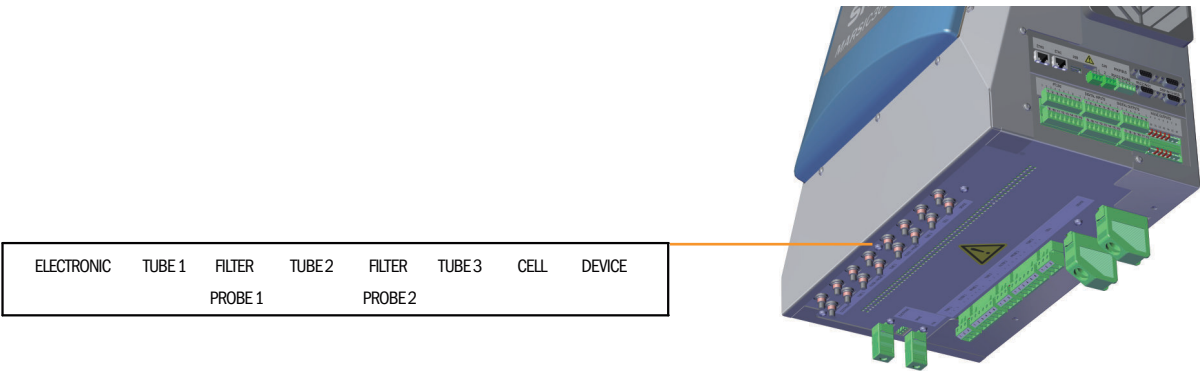


Figure 125: Electronics connections

Table 31: Electronics connections

Name	Fuse for
ELECTRONIC	Electronics
TUBE 1	Sample gas line 1
FILTER/PROBE 1	Filter heater 1
TUBE 2	Sample gas line 2
FILTER/PROBE 2	Filter heater 2
TUBE 3	Sample gas line 3
CELL	Sample gas cell
DEVICE	Device

Connections for heated components

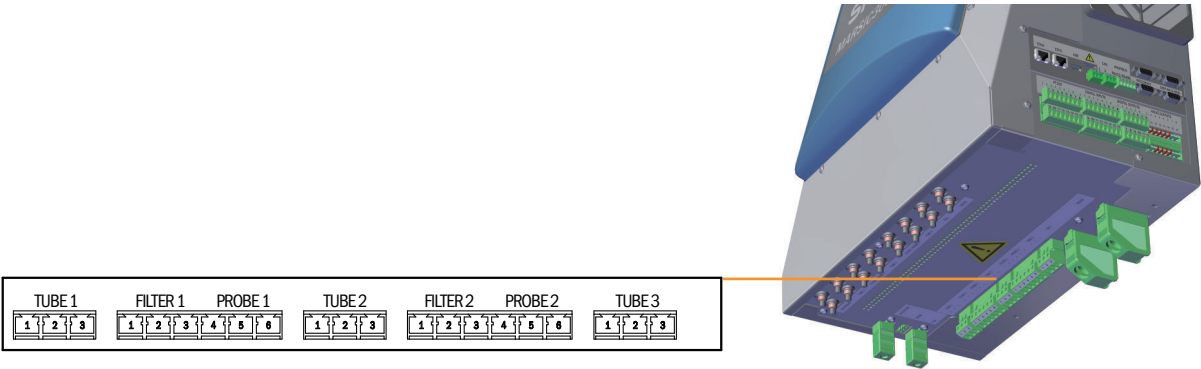


Figure 126: Connections for heated components

Table 32: Connections - pin assignment

Plug	Assembly	Pin	Assignment	Tube bundle cable number ¹⁾	
TUBE 1	Sample gas line 1	1	L (L)		
		2	N (L)		
		3	PE		
FILTER1	Gas sampling unit filter 1 (Cables from tube bundle cable)	1	L (L)	4x1.5 mm ²	1
		2	N (L)		2
		3	PE	1x4 mm ²	GNYE
PROBE1	Gas sampling unit probe tube 1 (Cables from tube bundle cable)	4	L (L)	4x1.5 mm ²	3
		5	N (L)		4
		6	PE (not connected)		
TUBE2	Sample gas line 2	1 ... 3	As for TUBE1		
FILTER2	Gas sampling unit filter 2	1 ... 3	As for FILTER1		
PROBE2	Gas sampling unit gas sampling probe 2	4 ... 6	As for PROBE1		
TUBE3	Sample gas line 3				

1) The connections must match the connections on the gas sampling unit.

Connections for interfaces and SD card

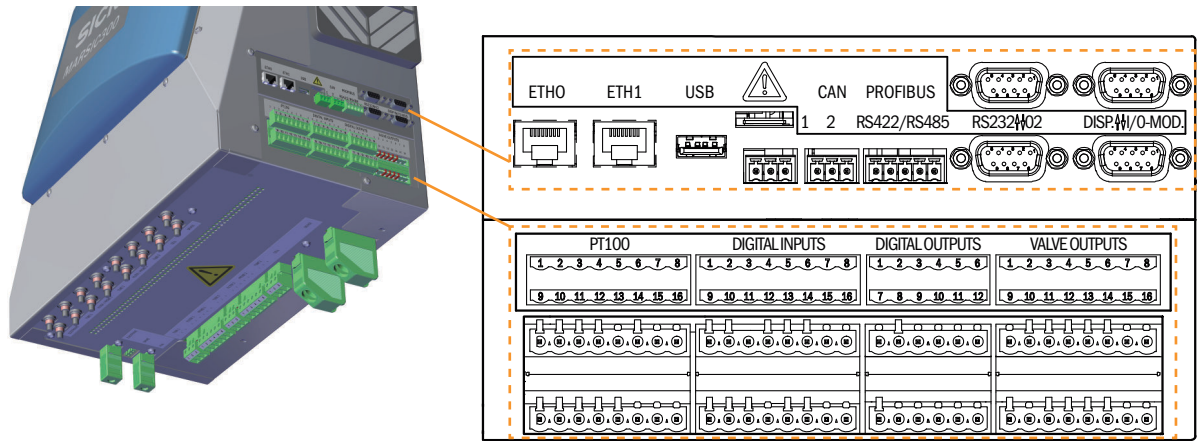


Figure 127: Connections overview

Table 33: Data interfaces - overview

Plug	Connection for
ETH0	Ethernet (e.g. SOPAS ET), MPR (remote maintenance), communication via Modbus TCP
ETH1	Internal
USB	Internal
SD card	SD card (on the right, next to USB)
CAN1	Internal
CAN2	Internal
RS422, RS485	Internal
RS232 (top plug)	Internal
O2 (bottom plug)	O ₂ sensor
DISP (top plug)	display
I/O-MOD (bottom plug)	Internal

Pt100 and signal connections

Table 34: Overview - pin assignment and signals

Plug	Assembly	Pin	Assignment	Tube bundle cable number ¹⁾	
Pt100	Sample gas line 1	1	Pt100 +	4x1.0 mm ²	
		2	Pt100 -		
	Gas sampling unit filter 1	3	Pt100 +		1
		4	Pt100 -		2
	Gas sampling unit probe tube 1	5	Pt100 +		3
		6	Pt100 -		4
	Not connected	7			
		8			
	Sample gas line 2	9, 10	As above		
	Gas sampling unit filter 2	11, 12	As above	4x1.0 mm ²	
	Gas sampling unit probe tube 2	13, 14	As above		
	Sample gas line 3	15	Pt100 +		
		16	Pt100 -		
DIGITAL INPUTS	Digital input 1	1	+ 24 V		
		2	+ Signal		
		3	- Signal		
		4	GND		
	Digital input 2	5 ... 8	As above		
	Digital input 3	9 ... 12	As above		
	Digital input 4	13 ... 16	As above		
DIGITAL OUTPUTS	Digital output 1	1	NC		
		2	COM		
		3	NO		
	Digital output 2	4 ... 6	As above		
	Digital output 3	7 ... 9	As above		
	Digital output 4	10 ... 12	As above		
VALVE OUTPUTS	Valves		Internal		

¹⁾ The connections must match the connections on the gas sampling unit.

10.11 Circuit breakers

The circuit breakers are located at the bottom of the electronics unit.

The circuit breakers are labeled.

When a circuit breaker has triggered:

- Press the circuit breaker pin back in again.
If this does not work:
 - Wait for a few minutes (cooling down phase) and then press the pin back in again.
If this does not work: Check the assembly and replace when necessary.

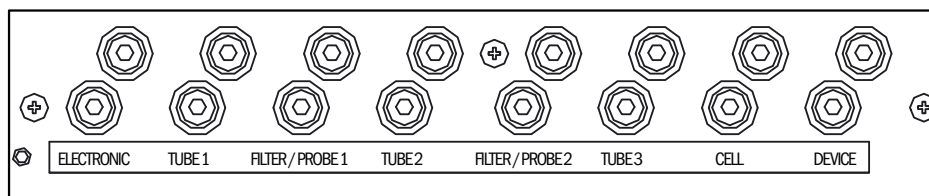


Figure 128: Circuit breakers

10.12 Supply gases



NOTICE

Risk of contamination of analyzer

- Observe the specified quality of the instrument air.
- If required, provide for instrument air conditioning.

Table 35: Supply gases

Gas	Quality	Inlet pressure	Flow rate
Instrument air (zero gas quality)	Particle size max. 5 µm Pressure dew point max. -40 °C Oil content max. 0.01 mg/m³ ISO 8573-1:2010 [1:2:1] [SO ₂ ≤ 0.1 ppm] [CH ₄ ≤ 3 ppm] [N ₂ O ≤ 1 ppm]	600 ... 700 kPa (6.0 ... 7.0 bar)	Approx. 350 l/h
Instrument air solely as induction air for ejector	Particle size max. 5 µm Pressure dew point max. +3 °C Oil content max. 0.1 mg/m³ ISO 8573-1:2010 [1:4:2]	500 ... 700 kPa (5.0 ... 7.0 bar)	Approx. 1300 l/h
External span gas	Precision: ± 2% Concentration: 80% ... 100% of meas- uring range The span gas must comply with the specifications of the standards to be applied (e.g., MARPOL Annex VI)	Max. 400 kPa (4.0 bar)	Approx. 350 l/h

10.13 Tube connections

Table 36: Tube connections

Connection	Dimension
Sample gas inlet	Clamping ring screw connection 6 mm
Ejector induction air	DN 6/8
Span gas inlet	Clamping ring screw connection 6 mm
Gas outlet	DN 8/10

10.14 Torques

Tighten all screw connections, for which no tightening torque or no pretension force is specified in drawings or Assembly Instructions, according to VDI 2230.

Exceptions to this rule are all connections with screws that are not screw connections in the real sense. This includes hose clips, cable glands, screw fittings, gas connections, screws for circuit boards etc. Tighten these screw fittings as evenly as possible with a much lower torque (hose clips 1 Nm, other screw fittings according to manufacturer specifications).

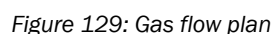
Select the next lowest torque valid for the screw for mixed materials and special screws such as relieved screws.

The friction coefficient serving as basis is (screw fitting without lubrication) $\mu_k = \mu_G = 0.14$. The calculated values are valid for room temperature ($T = 20^\circ\text{C}$).

Table 37: Torques

Dimension	Slope P	Tightening torque M_A (Nm) according to strength class (see screw head)							
		3.6	4.6 A2-50 A4-50	5.6 Alu	A2-70 A4-70	A2-80 A4-80	8.8 Titan	10.9	12.9
M 1.6	0.4	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.16	0.19	0.26	0.31
M 2	0.45	0.1	0.1	0.11	0.22	0.32	0.39	0.55	0.66
M 2.5	0.45	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.46	0.67	0.81	1.13	1.36
M 3	0.5		0.54	1	1.2	1.39	1.51	1.98	2.37
M 3.5	0.6		0.85	1.3	1.54	1.75	1.9	2.6	3.2
M 4	0.7		1.02	2	2.5	3	3.3	4.8	5.6
M 5	0.8		2	2.7	4.2	5.6	6.5	9.5	11.2
M 6	1		3.5	4.6	7.3	9.7	11.3	16.5	19.3
M 8	1.25		8.4	11	17.5	23.3	27.3	40.1	46.9
M 10	1.5		17	22	35	47	54	79	93
M 12	1.75		29	39	60	79	93	137	160
M 14	2		46	62	94	126	148	218	255
M 16	2		71	95	144	192	230	338	395
M 18	2.5		97	130	199	266	329	469	549
M 20	2.5		138	184	281	374	464	661	773
M 22	2.5		186	250	376	508	634	904	1057
M 24	3		235	315	485	645	798	1136	1329
M 27	3		350	470	708	947	1176	1674	1959
M 30	3.5		475	635	969	1289	1597	2274	2662
M 33	3.5		645	865	1319	1746	2161	3078	3601
M 36	4		1080	1440	1908	2350	2778	3957	4631
M 39	4		1330	1780	2416	3016	3597	5123	5994

11.1 Gas flow plan



11.2 Modbus register

11.2.1 Device status (Discrete Inputs [1xxxx], Function Code 02)

Table 38: Discrete Inputs

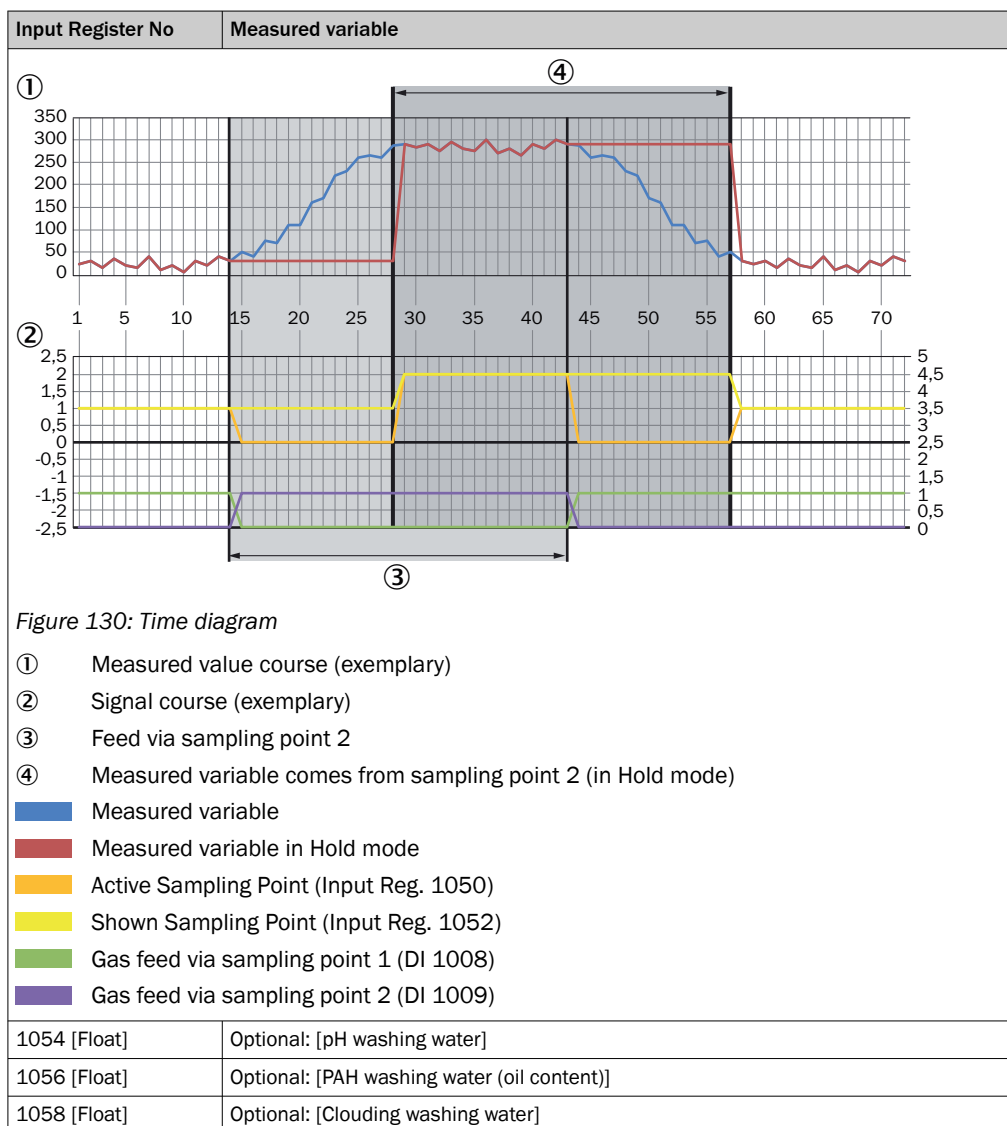
Discrete Input No.	Date/Time
1000	Device group status malfunction
1001	Device group status maintenance request
1002	Device group status maintenance
1003	Device group status outside specification
1004	Measured data are live/current (0 = held, 1 = alive)
1008	Gas feed via sampling point_01
1009	Gas feed via sampling point_02
1010	Gas feed via sampling point_03
1011	Gas feed via sampling point_04
1012	Gas feed via sampling point_05
1013	Gas feed via sampling point_06
1014	Gas feed via sampling point_07
1015	Gas feed via sampling point_08
1016	Gas feed via sampling point_09
1017	Gas feed via sampling point_10
1018	Gas feed via sampling point_11
1019	Gas feed via sampling point_12
1024	Zeroize (Val./Adj.)
1025	Span check (Val./Adj.)
1026	Zeroize/span check (Val./Adj.), total signal

11.2.2 Measured variables (Input Register [3xxxx], Function Code 04)

If not measuring: Register = "0"

Table 39: Input Register - measured variables

Input Register No	Measured variable
1000 [Float]	SO2
1002 [Float]	CO2
1004 [Float]	Ratio SO2/CO2
1006 [Float]	H2O
1008 [Float]	NO
1010 [Float]	NO2
1012 [Float]	NOx
1014 [Float]	NH3
1016 [Float]	CO
1018 [Float]	CH4
1020 [Float]	O2
1022 [Float]	VOC
1050 [DInt]	Active Sampling Point = 0 means maintenance or value not active. ≠ 0 measured value comes from sampling point x and is active.
1052 [DInt]	Shown Sampling Point = 0 means maintenance. ≠ 0 measured value comes from sampling point x.



11.2.3 Device-internal monitoring values (Input Register [3xxxx], Function Code 04)

Table 40: Input Register - monitoring value

Input Register No	Internal variable
2000 [Float]	Sample gas flow
2002 [Float]	T_Cell (heating measuring cell)
2004 [Float]	T_Optics (heating optics)
2006 [Float]	T_Ext1 (external heating 1)
2008 [Float]	T_Ext2 (external heating 2)
...	...
2018 [Float]	T_Ext7 (external heating 7)
2020 [Float]	T (ambient)
2022 [Float]	T (LPMS01)
2024 [Float]	T (LPMS02)
2026 [Float]	T (LPMS03)
2028 [Float]	p(0)
2030 [Float]	p(2)
2032 [Float]	p (ambient)
2034 [Float]	Δp

Input Register No	Internal variable
3000 [Float]	S02 low [0..250]
3002 [Float]	S02 high [0..2000]

11.2.4 Triggering the MARSIC 300 (Coils [0xxxx], Function Code 15, write multiple Coils)

Table 41: Activation - coils

Coil No.	Action
2000	Select sampling point_01
2001	Select sampling point_02
2002	Select sampling point_03
2003	Select sampling point_04
2004	Select sampling point_05
2005	Select sampling point_06
2006	Select sampling point_07
2007	Select sampling point_08
2008	Select sampling point_09
2009	Select sampling point_10
2010	Select sampling point_11
2011	Select sampling point_12
2012	Trigger Standby
2013	Trigger BlowBack
2014	Trigger Zeroize
2015	Trigger Span Set (internal)
2016	Trigger zero validation
2017	Trigger span validation (internal)
2018	Trigger adjustment 02

Remarks:

- The external selection is activated as soon as release signal '1' is set. If this is not done, the sampling points are automatically triggered sequentially.
- Standby: 1 = Standby, 0 = Measuring operation.
- Zero and span set: "1" The adjustment/validation process starts for 5 seconds; the trigger signal must then be disabled.

11.2.5 VDI 4301 conform range (Holding Register [4xxxx], Function Code 03)

Table 42: VDI - Holding Register

Holding Register No.	Measured variable
4000 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	S02
4002 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4004 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	CO2
4006 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4008 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	Ratio S02/CO2
4010 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4012 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	H2O
4014 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4016 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	NO
4018 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4020 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	NO2
4022 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4024 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	NOx
4026 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status

Holding Register No.	Measured variable
4028 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	NH3
4030 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4032 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	CO
4034 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4036 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	CH4
4038 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4040 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	O2
4042 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4044 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	VOC
4046 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4064 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	Number of active sampling point
4066 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4068 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	Number of triggered sampling point
4070 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4072 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	pH washing water
4074 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4076 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	PAH washing water (oil content)
4078 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status
4080 [32 Bit Float, scaled according to VDI]	Clouding washing water
4082 [32 Bit DInt]	Device status

Remark: The device status is added for each measured value for conformity reasons. Device status format. The individual status has the same significance as the device status of Discrete Inputs 1000 et seq.

Bit No.	
0	Failure
1	Maintenance
2	Maintenance request
3	Outside the specification
4	Test operation according to VDI

11.3 Error messages and possible causes

Current pending messages are shown on the device display.

A combined list of messages is included in SOPAS ET (see “MARSIC300 Technical Data”).



NOTE

The following Table only includes those messages with classification “X” that are important for information.

Messages not included in the following Table have no further significance for operation.



NOTE

Display of current device state data: Menu Diagnosis/System param.

C = Classification

F = Failure

M = Maintenance request

U = Uncertain

E = Extended

Trigger: System

Table 43: Error codes - System

Code	Error text	C	Description	Possible clearance
S001	Temperature too high	F	Measuring cell temperature too high	When T < 356 °C: Replace electronics unit. When T ≥ 356 °C: Check plug-in connector on electronics unit. When plug OK: Replace cell.
			Optic head temperature too high	When T < 356 °C: When enclosure temperature ≥ 55 °C: Check enclosure fan. When enclosure temperature < 55 °C: Replace electronics unit. When T ≥ 356 °C: Check plug-in connector on electronics unit. When plug OK: Replace Analyzer module.
			Temperature of heating for an assembly too high	Check device documentation to clarify which assembly is affected. When T < 356 °C: Replace electronics unit. When T ≥ 356 °C: Check assembly plug-in connector. When plug OK: Replace assembly
			LPMS01 (1/2 control) temperature too high	When enclosure temperature < 55 °C: Electronics unit fan functioning? Yes: Replace electronics unit. No: Replace Analyzer module. When enclosure temperature ≥ 55 °C: Check enclosure fan.
			LPMS02 (power electronics) temperature too high	When enclosure temperature < 55 °C: Replace electronics unit. When enclosure temperature ≥ 55 °C: Check enclosure fan.
S002	Temperature too low	F	After x minutes	Check system documentation to clarify which assembly is affected (heating circuit 1 ..7). - Temperature displayed < -30 °C: Pt100 short circuit: Replace assembly For heated sample gas line: Connect reserve Pt100 For analyzer: Replace Analyzer module For optic head: Replace Analyzer module - Reset on circuit breaker under electronics unit possible: Check all cables involved for damage (see "Circuit breakers", page 83) Check all plugs are plugged correctly. - Reset not possible: Replace assembly affected
S004	Flow too low	F	Flow too low	Sample gas flow and instrument air flow too low: Replacing the cell
				Sample gas flow too low and instrument air flow OK: Gas sampling system defective
				Instrument air flow too low and sample gas flow OK: Check all hose connections. When all hose connections OK: Replace valve block.

Code	Error text	C	Description	Possible clearance
S005	Pressure too high	F	Pressure too high	Only instrument air pressure too high: - Check and set connected instrument air. - Set correct pressure on pressure reducer unit. Only sample gas pressure too high: - Set sample gas pressure within device specification Instrument air and sample gas pressure too high: - Exhaust gas hose crimped/blocked - Counter-pressure in exhaust duct too high - Check all hose connections If this does not work: - Replacing the pressure control module - Otherwise: Replace Analyzer module
S006	Pressure too low	F	Pressure too low	Replace pressure control module.
S008	Chopper	F		24 V power supply malfunction: Replace electronics unit. 24 V power supply OK: Replace Analyzer module.
S009	Motor filter wheel 1	F	Filter wheel motor does not detect reference position	24 V power supply malfunction: Replace electronics unit. 24 V power supply OK: Replace Analyzer module.
S010	Motor filter wheel 2			
S011	Motor filter wheel 3			
S012	Emitter	F		Emitter voltage incorrect: Replace electronics unit. Emitter voltage OK and emitter power incorrect: Replace the emitter.
S013	5 Volt power	F		Replace electronics unit.
S014	24 Volt power	F		Replace electronics unit.
S015	Detector signal	F		Replace Analyzer module.
S016	Ref. energy too low	F		If further error messages are pending: Clear corresponding error. If no further error messages are pending: Replace cell.
S024	No active component	F	When all "active" checkmarks of all components are inactive	Check in SOPAS ET.
S025	Evaluation module failure	F	Evaluation module could not be started	"Load backup": Menu Maintenance/Save parameters. If error remains: "Load default setting" . If error remains: Replace electronics unit.
S026	Evaluation mod. file error	F	Files for Evaluation module not created (espec, config, condition, measval)	
S033	Dev. zero point too high	M	Configured for measuring component	Check zero gas for pressure and cleanness. Perform maintenance on compressed air conditioning unit Perform manual zero point adjustment (menu: Adjustment/Zero point). If deviation still too high: Replace Analyzer module
S034	Configuration I/O module	M	CONF (I/O) configuration error, module found does not correspond to nominal configuration	Check I/O module, check configuration: IO hardware plan
S035	Ref. energy too low	M		If further error messages are pending: Clear corresponding error. If no further error messages are pending: Replace cell.
S036	O2 sensor failure	M	Error bit O2 Error=1	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S038	Channel 1 error	M	OV0 (I/O) signals that the desired current is not reached on Analog module connection (node y, module z).	Check I/O module, cable damage
S039	Channel 2 error	M		

Code	Error text	C	Description	Possible clearance
S040	Flow too high	M	Flow too high	Test pressure sensors with program "Maintenance/Maint Sys./Test pressure sensors". If this does not work: Replace pressure control module.
S041	Flow too low	M	Flow too low	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S042	Controller IO or HC busy	M	BSY (I/O and HC3X) signals that the module microcontroller is still executing the previous command	
S043	Emitter weak	M		Replace the emitter.
S045	dev. span gas adjust too high	M	When F_Medium calculation is refused because outside tolerable range; Configured for measuring component	Perform adjustment with zero gas and span gas. If error remains: Replace Analyzer module.
S046	dev. Int. adjust too high	M	When F_Medium calculation is refused because outside tolerable range; Configured for measuring component	Perform "Internal reference" adjustment. If error remains: Replace Analyzer module.
S047	dev. O2 adjust too high	M	When F_Medium calculation is refused because outside tolerable range; Configured for measuring component	Check span gas, check entry for span gas concentration.
S048	alarm O2 measure value	M		
S049	FlashCard not recognized	M	FlashCard not recognized	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S050	adjust factor is Zero	M	If one of factors F_Medium or F_Filter in range $-0,000001 < x < 0,000001$	Check span gas, check entry for span gas concentration
S057	Energy too high	U	When at least one energy value $> 5 \cdot \text{Energy-MAX}$	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S058	Energy too low	U	Energy too low	If a further emitter error is pending: Replace the emitter. Otherwise replace Analyzer module
S072	Module not found	E	I/O (EXIST)	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S089	Zero	E	New zero recorded	Extinction value set to zero is displayed
S090	AF	E	F_Filter has been recalculated	New factor determined and measured value from adjustment displayed
S091	Communication problem	E	Internal communication problem	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S092	Adjustment canceled	E	Adjustment canceled	Restart adjustment. If this does not work: Please contact E+H Customer Service
S093	Dark measurement	E		
S094	System start	E		
S095	Adjust. zero canceled	E		
S096	Backup done	E		
S097	Backup denied	E		
S098	AM	E		
S112	failure IO-Node	E		
S113	Check sum error	F	BCK (I/O) shows the transfer made from Master to Slave (controller) had an incorrect checksum and the Slave did not save the data.	Check I/O module, cable damage
S114	Communication error	F	COM (I/O) communication error with an I/O module.	
S115	High/low voltage	F	PFO (I/O) signals the internal voltage monitoring of the 5 V and 24 V supply voltages exceed or underflow a range.	Please contact E+H Customer Service
S116	Output without current	F	T00 (HC3X)	

This Table contains solution proposals that can only be processed by specially trained personnel.

Trigger: Evaluation process

Table 44: Error codes - Evaluation process

Code	Error text	C	Possible clearance
E001	Operating system error	U	Please contact E+H Customer Service
E002	Temp. too low		
E003	Incorrect configuration		
E004	Incorrect configuration		
E005	Internal file error		
E006	Incorrect configuration		
E007	Internal file error		
...			
E009			
E010	Incorrect configuration		
...			
E012			
E013	Internal file error		
...			
E021			
E022	Resolution too high/low		
E023	Numeric error		
E024	Incorrect configuration		
E025	Internal file error		
E026	Numeric error		
E027	Incorrect configuration		
E028	Incorrect configuration		
E029	Unknown error		
E030	Operating system error		
E031	Operating system error		
E032	Internal file error		
...			
E034			
E035	Numeric error		
E036	Syntax error		
E037	Error during processing		
E038	Extinction too high		
E039	Internal file error		
E040	Internal file error		
E097	Evaluation uncertain		
E098	Medium temp. too high/low		
E099	Medium pressure too high/low		
E100	Medium flow too high/low		
E101	Measured value too high/low		
E102	Evaluation uncertain		
E103	Evaluation uncertain		

Trigger: Sequence control programs

Table 45: Error codes - Sequence control program

Code	Triggered by assembly	C	Message	Clearance
M001	Internal heating	F	Alarm from "device"	"device" = triggering assembly Clearance see above: S001 and S002
...				
M009				
M010	External heating	F	Alarm from "device"	"device" = triggering assembly Clearance see above: S001 and S002
...				
M029				

Code	Triggered by assembly	C	Message	Clearance
M034 ... M045	System	X	System xx disabled by user	No action required
M046 ... M057	Sampling point 1 ... Sampling point 12	M	Flow alarm (measuring)	Clearance see above: S004 Next sampling point activation after message acknowledged

Table 46: Further error codes

Code	Triggered by assembly	C	Message	Clearance
M058	System	F	Flow alarm (measuring)	Clearance see above: S004 Next sampling point activation after message acknowledged
M060	Program	M	Adjust zero not started	No action necessary
M062	Leak tightness check	X	Test passed	
M063		M	Test failed	Repeat test and observe messages displayed; Check seating of connections, disconnect heating hose from cell and close sample gas inlet off with dummy plug (from leak tightness check set) If leaky: Exchange pressure control module and cell otherwise exchange gas sampling system
M064			Pressure not reached	
M065			Air valve not closed	
M066			Leakage > Limit	
M067		X	Deviation="xx"	Serves as information "xx" = pressure loss [hPa] during measuring time.

Table 47: Further error codes

Code	Triggered by assembly	C	Message	Clearance
M069	Debug	X	Internal message	No action necessary
M070	Light Source	M	Lifetime exceeded	Replace emitter
M071	Filter Unit	M	Lifetime filter exceeded	Replace gas sampling system filter
M072	Valve driver module	F	Temperature > Limit	Other temperature error pending? Then see S001 above; Otherwise replace valve block
M073	Power Supply	X	115V	Serves as information No action necessary
M074	Program	X	Stop by internal failure	No action necessary
M075		X	Cancelled by user	No action necessary
M076	CELL	M	Lifetime filter exceeded	Replace cell inlet filter

Table 48: Further error codes

Code	Triggered by assembly	C	Message	Clearance
M086	Pressure	X	Sensors ok	No action necessary
M087		X	Sensors adjusted	
M088		M	Sensors not OK	Sample gas outlet open to environment? If no blockages: Exchange pressure control module
M089	Sampling point	M	All disabled	See additional message: Clear pending error; check external control signal
M090 ... M101	System	X	Measuring sample point 1 ... Measuring sample point 12	No action necessary
M102 ... M113		X	SP1 disabled by ext signal ... SP12 disabled by ext signal	"SPx" = sampling point x No action necessary

11.4 Tags (variable names)

Tags (name) signify states and variables.

The following Table lists tags relevant for the Measuring screens.

Table 49: Tags

Tag	Description	R/W ¹	I/R/B ²
Operating state			
S	Operating state of MARSIC300	R/W 1 = Initializing 2 = Heating 3 = Measuring 4 = Manual 5 = System stop	I
Measured value			
MV _i (i=1..6)	Concentration (corrected with all factors) i at the sampling point currently active	R	R
MV _i CU (i=1..6)	Concentration (not corrected) i at the sampling point currently active	R	R
MV _i AU (i=1..6)	Extinction (not corrected) i at the sampling point currently active	R	R
MV _i AC (i=1..6)	Extinction (corrected after cross-sensitivity correction) i at the sampling point currently active	R	R
Variables			
RV01..RV80	Floating point number	R	R
BV01..BV150	Boolean variable	R	B
FV01..FV20	Filter value	R	R
LV01..LV20	Limit value exceeded	R 0 = within limit value 1 = limit value exceeded	B
Input/output interfaces			
AO _i (i=1..20)	Physical value output (scaled)	R	R
AO _i O (i=1..20)	Direct value for current output 0..20 mA in mA	R	R
AO _i OR (i=1..20)	Current active display range	R 0 = measuring range 1 1 = measuring range 2	B
AI _i (i=1..48)	Read in and converted physical value	R/W	R
AI _i I (i=1..48)	Direct value for current input 0..20 mA in mA	R/W	R
DO _i (i=1..128)	Triggering signal for digital output before an inversion that may be set	R	B
DO _i O (i=1..128)	Direct relay state for switching signal output R	R	B
DI _i (i=1..64)	Input signal after an inversion that may be set	R/W	B
Heating control			
HC _i (i=1..2)	Actual value (temperature) of the internal heating control i	R	R
HCPI (i=1..2)	Actual value of internal PID heating control i in the configured unit	R	R
HCPI°C (i=1..2)	Actual value of internal PID heating control i in °C	R	R

¹ R = read, W = write

² I = integer value, R = real value, B = Boolean value

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