

# Safety Instructions

## Promass K 10

IND-Ex: Zone 0/1  
Zone 21





# Promass K 10

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## About this document



The document number of these Safety Instructions (XA) must match the information on the nameplate.

## Associated documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* ([www.endress.com/deviceviewer](http://www.endress.com/deviceviewer)): Enter serial number from nameplate.
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

To commission the device, please observe the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device:

Measuring device	Documentation code	
	HART	Modbus
Promass K 10	BA02074D	BA02075D

### Additional documentation

Contents	Document type	Documentation code
Explosion Protection	Brochure	CP00021Z/11

Please note the documentation associated with the device.

## Certificates and declarations

PESO Approval No.:

- P635275
- P635236

Affixing the approval number certifies conformity with the following standards (depending on the device version):

- IS/IEC 60079-0: 2017
- IS/IEC 60079-1: 2014
- IS/IEC 60079-11: 2011
- IS/IEC 60079-26: 2014

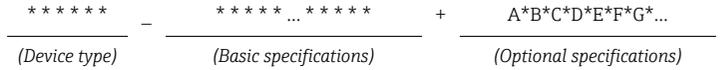
## Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser Flowtec (India) Pvt. Ltd.  
M-171/176, Waluj Industrial Area, MIDC  
IN-431 136 Chhatrapati Sambhajnagar  
India

**Extended order code**

The extended order code is indicated on the nameplate, which is affixed to the device in such a way that it is clearly visible. Additional information about the nameplate is provided in the associated Operating Instructions.

**Structure of the extended order code**



\* = Placeholder  
 At this position, an option (number or letter) selected from the specification is displayed instead of the placeholders.

*Device type*

The device and the device design is defined in the "Device type" section (Product root).

*Basic specifications*

The features that are absolutely essential for the device (mandatory features) are specified in the basic specifications. The number of positions depends on the number of features available. The selected option of a feature can consist of several positions.

*Optional specifications*

The optional specifications describe additional features for the device (optional features). The number of positions depends on the number of features available. The features have a 2-digit structure to aid identification (e.g. JA). The first digit (ID) stands for the feature group and consists of a number or a letter (e.g. J = Test, Certificate). The second digit constitutes the value that stands for the feature within the group (e.g. A = 3.1 material (wetted parts), inspection certificate).

More detailed information about the device is provided in the following tables. These tables describe the individual positions and IDs in the extended order code which are relevant to hazardous locations.

**Device type**

Position	Order code for	Selected option	Description
1	Instrument family	B	Coriolis flowmeter
2	Sensor	K <sup>1)</sup>	Sensor type
3	Transmitter	B	Transmitter type: 4-wire, compact version

Position	Order code for	Selected option	Description
4	Generation index	B	Platform generation
5, 6	Nominal diameter	Examples: 02, 04, 40, 50, 1H, 3E <sup>2)</sup> 3)	Nominal diameter of sensor

- 1) For replacement transmitter only: X
- 2) For the exact specification of the nominal diameter, see nameplate
- 3) For replacement transmitter only: XX

## Basic specifications

Position 1, 2 Order Code "Approval; Transmitter + Sensor" Selected option	Position 4, 5 Order Code "Output; Input" Selected option	Type of protection	
		Transmitter	Sensor
PC	C, U	Ex db ib [ib] IIB T4...T1 Gb	Ex ia/ib IIB T4...T1 Ga/Gb
	B, M	Ex db ib IIB T4...T1 Gb	

Position	Order code for	Selected option	Description
4	Output; input 1	B	4-20mA HART, Pulse/frequency/switch output
		C	4-20mA HART, Pulse/frequency/switch output Ex i
		M	Modbus RS485, 4-20mA
		U	Modbus RS485, 4-20mA Ex i
5	Display; Operation	A	W/o; via communication
		H	W/o; SmartBlue app
		J	LCD, 2,40"; SmartBlue app
		K	LCD, 2,40"; Touch Screen, SmartBlue app
6	Housing	A	Alu, coated
14, 15	Device Model	A1	1

## Optional specifications

No options specific to hazardous locations are available.

**Safety  
instructions:  
General**

- Staff must meet the following conditions for mounting, electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance of the device:
  - Be suitably qualified for their role and the tasks they perform
  - Be trained in explosion protection
  - Be familiar with national regulations or guidelines (e.g. IS 16724 : 2018)
- Install the device according to the manufacturer's instructions and national regulations.
- Do not operate the device outside the specified electrical, thermal and mechanical parameters.
- Only use the device in media to which the wetted materials have sufficient durability.
- Refer to the temperature tables for the relationship between the permitted ambient temperature for the sensor and/or transmitter, depending on the range of application, and the temperature classes.
- Alterations to the device can affect the explosion protection and must be carried out by staff authorized to perform such work by Endress+Hauser.
- When using in hybrid mixtures (gas and dust occurring simultaneously), observe additional measures for explosion protection.
- Observe all the technical data of the device (see nameplate).
- Only open the cover of the Ex db transmitter housing if one of the following conditions is met:
  - An explosive atmosphere is not present.
  - A waiting time of 10 minutes is observed after switching off the power supply.The following warning notice is on the device:  
WARNING – AFTER DE-ENERGIZING, DELAY 10 MINUTES  
BEFORE OPENING ENCLOSURE IN TYPE OF PROTECTION EX D
- Attached nameplates must be included in potential equalization.

- In devices with damaged Ex d threads:
  - Use in hazardous areas is not permitted.
  - Repair of Ex d threads is not permitted.
- Replaced transmitter or sensors shall not be re-used in any other application.
- Avoid electrostatic charges which could result in electrostatic discharges while installing, operating, cleaning or maintaining:
  - For external non-metallic surfaces, e.g. housing, attached additional plates, RFID tag.
  - For attached external metallic parts that are not integrated into the local potential equalization system, e.g. nameplate tag, RFID tag.
  - Do not use in areas where the devices/electronic housing are exposed to highly charge-generating processes, pneumatically conveyed dusts and/or charge spraying in an electrostatic coating process.
  - Do not rub surfaces dry. Clean only with moist cloth.
  - Information on electrostatic hazards and how to minimize the generation of static electricity can be found in the technical specification .

## Safety instructions: Installation

- In potentially explosive atmospheres:
  - Do not disconnect the electrical connection of the power supply circuit when energized.
  - Do not open the connection compartment cover when the device is energized.
- The following applies for transmitter with a connection compartment in Ex db IIB:  
The device may only be opened after a waiting time of 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off.
- Continuous service temperature of the connecting cable:  
-40 to +80 °C; in accordance with the range of service temperature taking into account additional influences of the process conditions ( $T_{a,min}$  and  $T_{a,max} + 20$  K).
- Seal unused entry glands with approved blanking elements that correspond to the type of protection. The plastic transport sealing plug does not meet this requirement and must therefore be replaced during installation.
- Only use certified cable entries or sealing plugs. The metal sealing plugs supplied meet this requirement.
- Supplied cable glands  $M20 \times 1.5$  are only suitable for fixed installation of cables and connections. In the installation, a strain relief must be provided.
- Only use certified cable glands suitable for the application. Observe selection criteria as per IS 16724 : 2018.

- The following applies when installing the transmitter with an Ex db connection compartment:  
Only use separately certified cable glands, sealing plugs and thread adapters (Ex db IIB or Ex db IIC) that are suitable for operating temperatures from -40 to +85 °C and for IP 66/67.  
The mounted metal thread extensions and sealing plugs are tested and certified as part of the devices for the type of protection Ex db IIB. The thread extension or the sealing plug labeled as follows for identification purposes:
  - Md: M20 x 1.5
  - d or NPTd: NPT ½"
- When the measuring device is connected, attention must be paid to the type of protection at the transmitter.
- Please note the following if using an RFID TAG:
  - The RFID TAG shall never be exposed to high electromagnetic fields according to IS 16724 : 2018.
  - Electrostatic charge shall be avoided. The RFID TAG shall never be used next to strong charge-generating processes.
- When connecting through a conduit entry approved for this purpose, mount the associated sealing unit directly at the enclosure.
- Only use certified blanking elements. The metal sealing plugs supplied meet this requirement.

### Intrinsic safety

- The device can be connected to the Endress+Hauser service tool FXA291; pay attention to the Operating Instructions. Connection to the service connector is only permitted if the atmosphere is not a potentially explosive atmosphere.
- Observe the guidelines for interconnecting intrinsically safe circuits (e.g. IS 16724 : 2018 , proof of intrinsic safety).
- For display use only battery from Renata type lithium CR1632, 3V.
- The use of the device without a display module is not permitted.

### Potential equalization

- The device must be connected to the potential equalization system using designated protective ground terminals.
- It is also possible to integrate the device into the potential equalization system through a pipe system, provided that the pipe system meets the grounding requirements of applicable national regulations.

### Safety instructions: Zone 0

For sensors with EPL Ga/Gb (Zone 0/1), the EPL Ga (Zone 0) is only permitted in the measuring tube.

## Temperature tables

### NOTICE

#### In case of heating, risk of overheating.

- ▶ On devices with Heating jacket the corresponding temperature tables for devices with thermal insulation, are to be observed.
- ▶ Make sure that the heating medium, may not exceeded the maximum specified medium temperature of the exact used temperature classes of the device.

#### Minimum ambient temperature

$$T_{a, \min} = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

#### Maximum ambient temperature

$T_{a, \max}$  depending on temperature class, maximum medium temperature and device-specific features. See the corresponding temperature tables.

$T_{a, \max}$	+60 °C
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#### Minimum medium temperature

$$T_{m, \min} = -40 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$$

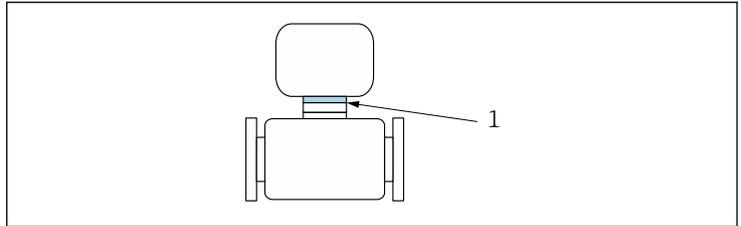
#### Maximum medium temperature for devices without thermal insulation or with thermal insulation in accordance with Endress +Hauser specifications

DN	$T_{a, \max}$ [°C]	$T_{m, \max}$ [°C]					
		T6 [85 °C]	T5 [100 °C]	T4 [135 °C]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 °C]
8 to 50	50	-	-	130	130	150	150
	60	-	-	100	130	150	150
80	60	-	-	110	135	150	150

### Maximum medium temperature for devices with thermal insulation NOT in accordance with Endress+Hauser specifications

The specified reference temperature  $T_{ref}$  and the maximum medium temperature  $T_{m, max}$  for each temperature class must not be exceeded:

→  10



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 1 Position of reference point for temperature measurement

1 Reference point

Reference temperature  $T_{ref}$

T6 [85 °C]	T5 [100 °C]	T4 [135 °C]	T3 [200 °C]	T2 [300 °C]	T1 [450 °C]
-	-	67	68	69	69

**Explosion hazards arising from gas and dust**

**Determining the temperature class and surface temperature with the temperature table**

- In the case of gas: Determine the temperature class as a function of the maximum ambient temperature  $T_{a, max}$  and the maximum medium temperature  $T_{m, max}$ .
- In the case of dust: Determine the maximum surface temperature as a function of the maximum ambient temperature  $T_{a, max}$  and the maximum medium temperature  $T_{m, max}$ .

**Example**

- Measured maximum ambient temperature:  $T_{a, max} = 47 \text{ °C}$
- Measured maximum medium temperature:  $T_{m, max} = 108 \text{ °C}$

	Ta [°C]	T6 [85°C]	T5 [100°C]	T4 [135°C]	T3 [200°C]	T2 [300°C]	T1 [450°C]
	35	50	85	120	140	140	140
	50	-	85	120	140	140	140
	60	-	-	120	140	140	140
	35	50	85	120	140	140	140
	45	-	85	120	140	140	140
	50	-	-	120	140	140	140

1. 2. 3. 4.

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- 2 Procedure for determining the temperature class and surface temperature

1. Select device (optional).
2. In the column for the maximum ambient temperature  $T_{a, \max}$  select the temperature that is immediately greater than or equal to the maximum ambient temperature  $T_{a, \max}$  that is present.
  - ↳  $T_{a, \max} = 50^\circ\text{C}$ .  
The row showing the maximum medium temperature is determined.
3. Select the maximum medium temperature  $T_{m, \max}$  of this row, which is immediately greater than or equal to the maximum medium temperature  $T_{m, \max}$  that is present.
  - ↳ The column with the temperature class for gas is determined:  
 $108^\circ\text{C} \leq 120^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow \text{T4}$ .
4. The maximum temperature of the temperature class determined corresponds to the maximum surface temperature for dust:  $T_4 = 135^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Connection values: Signal circuits**

The following tables contain specifications which are dependent on the transmitter type and its input and output assignment. Compare the following specifications with those on the nameplate of the transmitter.

**Safety-related values**

Order Code "Output; Input"		Terminal assignment	Safety-related values
Option B	Current output 4-20mA HART (active)	26 (+), 27 (-)	$U_N = 30 V_{DC}$ $U_M = 250 V_{AC}$
	Current output 4-20mA HART (passive)	24 (+), 25 (-)	
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	22 (+), 23 (-)	
Option M	Current output 4-20mA (active)	26 (+), 27 (-)	
	Current output 4-20mA (passive)	24 (+), 25 (-)	
	Modbus RS485	22 (B), 23 (A)	

**Intrinsically safe values**

Order Code "Output; Input"		Terminal assignment	Safety-related values
Option C	Current output 4-20mA HART (active)	26 (+), 27 (-)	$U_0 = 22.3 V$ $I_0 = 93 mA$ $P_0 = 520 mW$ $L_0 = 8 mH$ $C_0 = 500 nF$  $U_i = 6.5 V$ $I_i = 10 mA$ $P_i = 20 mW$
	Current output 4-20mA HART (passive)	24 (+), 25 (-)	$U_i = 30 V$ $I_i = 100 mA$ $P_i = 1.25 W$ $L_i = 0 \mu H$ $C_i = 6 nF$
	Pulse/frequency/switch output	22 (+), 23 (-)	$U_i = 30 V$ $I_i = 100 mA$ $P_i = 1.25 W$ $L_i = 0 \mu H$ $C_i = 10 nF$

Order Code "Output; Input"		Terminal assignment	Safety-related values
Option U	Current output 4-20mA (active)	26 (+), 27 (-)	$U_0 = 22.3 \text{ V}$ $I_0 = 93 \text{ mA}$ $P_0 = 520 \text{ mW}$ $L_0 = 8 \text{ mH}$ $C_0 = 500 \text{ nF}$  $U_i = 6.5 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 10 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 20 \text{ mW}$
	Current output 4-20mA (passive)	24 (+), 25 (-)	$U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ $I_i = 100 \text{ mA}$ $P_i = 1.25 \text{ W}$ $L_i = 0 \text{ }\mu\text{H}$ $C_i = 6 \text{ nF}$
	Modbus RS485	22 (B), 23 (A)	$U_i = 4.2 \text{ V}$ $I_i = \text{N/A}$ $P_i = \text{N/A}$ $L_i = 0 \text{ }\mu\text{H}$ $C_i = 6 \text{ nF}$  $U_0 = 4.2 \text{ V}$ $I_0 = 120 \text{ mA}$ $P_0 = 130 \text{ mW}$ $L_0 = 10 \text{ mH}$ $C_0 = 900 \text{ }\mu\text{F}$ $L_0/R_0 = 1.2 \text{ mH}/\Omega$





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