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01.02.zz (Device firmware)

# Operating Instructions **Proline Prowirl O 200 PROFIBUS PA**

Vortex flowmeter







- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to this manual.

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## 1 About this document

## 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

## 1.2 Symbols

### 1.2.1 Safety symbols

#### **DANGER**

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **A** CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

## 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current
$\sim$	Alternating current
$\sim$	Direct current and alternating current
<u>+</u>	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	<b>Potential equalization connection (PE: Protective earth)</b> Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	<ul> <li>The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:</li> <li>Interior ground terminal: potential equalization connection is connected to the supply network.</li> <li>Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.</li> </ul>

## 1.2.3 Communication-specific symbols

Symbol	Meaning
((:-	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local network.
8	Bluetooth Wireless data transmission between devices over a short distance via radio technology.

## 1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
0	Flat-blade screwdriver
$\bigcirc \not \blacksquare$	Allen key
Ŕ	Open-end wrench

## 1.2.5 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
$\checkmark$	<b>Permitted</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	<b>Preferred</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
×	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
i	<b>Tip</b> Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
►	Notice or individual step to be observed
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
۲.	Result of a step
?	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

## **1.2.6** Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3.,	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area
X	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≈⇒	Flow direction

## 1.3 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

The following document types are available in the Downloads area of the Endress+Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads), depending on the device version:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	<b>Planning aid for your device</b> The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	<b>Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value</b> The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	<b>Reference for your parameters</b> The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. These are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.  The nameplate indicates which Safety Instructions (XA) apply to the device.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

## 1.4 Registered trademarks

#### PROFIBUS®

Registered trademark of the PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V. (PROFIBUS User Organization), Karlsruhe, Germany

#### KALREZ<sup>®</sup>, VITON<sup>®</sup>

Registered trademarks of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, DE USA

#### **GYLON**®

Registered trademark of Garlock Sealing Technologies, Palmyar, NY, USA

## 2 Safety instructions

## 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ► Follow the instructions in this manual.

## 2.2 Intended use

#### Application and media

The measuring instrument described in this manual is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids, gases and vapors.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also be used to measure potentially explosive <sup>1)</sup>, flammable, toxid and oxidizing media.

Measuring instruments for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to pressure, are specially labeled on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring instrument is in perfect condition during operation:

- Only use the measuring instrument in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- Using the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- Keep within the specified ambient temperature range.
- Protect the measuring instrument permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

#### Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

### **WARNING**

Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids and ambient conditions!

- Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ► Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- ► Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

<sup>1)</sup> Not applicable for IO-Link measuring instruments

#### NOTICE

#### Verification for borderline cases:

For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

#### **Residual risks**

#### **A**CAUTION

Risk of hot or cold burns! The use of media and electronics with high or low temperatures can produce hot or cold surfaces on the device.

• Mount suitable touch protection.

## 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

• Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

## 2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ► The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

#### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ► Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- ► Use only original spare parts and accessories.

## 2.5 Product safety

This state-of-the-art device is designed and tested in accordance with good engineering practice to meet operational safety standards. It left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU declaration of conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark.

## 2.6 IT security

The manufacturer warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

## 2.7 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater inoperation safety if used correctly. The following list provides an overview of the most important functions:

#### 2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection

Write access to the parameters of the device via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be disabled via a write protection switch (DIP switch on the main electronics module). When hardware write protection is enabled, only read access to the parameters is possible.

### 2.7.2 Protecting access via a password

A password can be used to protect against write access to the device parameters.

This controls write access to the device parameters via the local display or other operating tools (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) and, in terms of functionality, corresponds to hardware write protection. If the CDI service interface is used, read access is only possible by first entering the password.

#### User-specific access code

Write access to the device parameters via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be protected by the modifiable, user-specific access code ( $\rightarrow \cong 118$ ).

When the device is delivered, the device does not have an access code and is equivalent to 0000 (open).

#### General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning for safety reasons.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code and network key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and network key.
- For information on configuring the access code or on what to do if you lose the password, for example, see "Write protection via access code" → 
   118.

## 2.7.3 Access via fieldbus

When communicating via fieldbus, access to the device parameters can be restricted to *"Read only"* access. The option can be changed in the **Fieldbus writing access** parameter.

This does not affect cyclic measured value transmission to the higher-order system, which is always guaranteed.

For

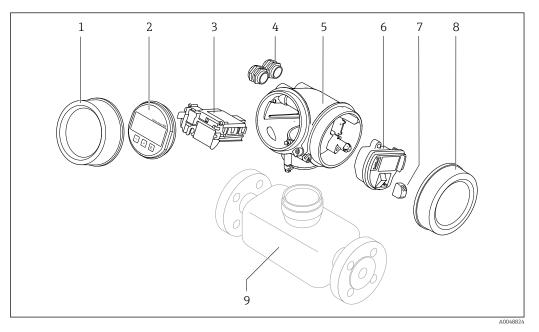
For detailed information on device parameters, see: "Description of Device Parameters" document  $\rightarrow \textcircled{}$  217.

## **3** Product description

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

- Two device versions are available:
- Compact version transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.
- Remote version transmitter and sensor are mounted in separate locations.

## 3.1 Product design



- 1 Electronics compartment cover
- 2 Display module
- 3 Main electronics module
- 4 Cable glands
- 5 Transmitter housing (incl. HistoROM)
- 6 I/O electronics module
- 7 Terminals (plug-in spring terminals)
- 8 Connection compartment cover
- 9 Sensor

## 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

## 4.1 Incoming acceptance

On receipt of the delivery:

- 1. Check the packaging for damage.
  - └→ Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer. Do not install damaged components.
- 2. Check the scope of delivery using the delivery note.
- **3.** Compare the data on the nameplate with the order specifications on the delivery note.

**4.** Check the technical documentation and all other necessary documents, e.g. certificates, to ensure they are complete.

If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact the manufacturer.

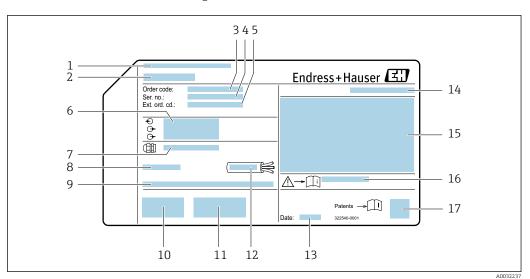
## 4.2 Product identification

The device can be identified in the following ways:

- Nameplate
- Order code with details of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all the information about the device is displayed.
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations app* or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: all the information about the device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The "Additional standard device documentation" and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation" sections
- The *Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate.

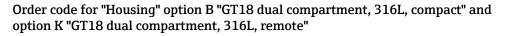


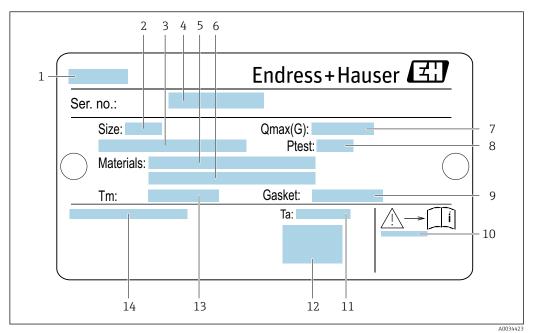
#### 4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate

■ 1 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 2 Name of the transmitter
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number
- 5 Extended order code
- 6 Electrical connection data, e.g. available inputs and outputs, supply voltage
- 7 Type of cable glands
- 8 Permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 9 Firmware version (FW) from the factory
- 10 CE mark, RCM-Tick mark
- 11 Additional information on version: certificates, approvals
- 12 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 13 Date of manufacture: year-month
- 14 Degree of protection
- 15 Approval information for explosion protection
- 16 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 17 2-D matrix code

### 4.2.2 Sensor nameplate

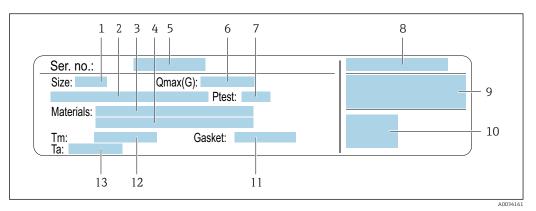




■ 2 Example of a sensor nameplate

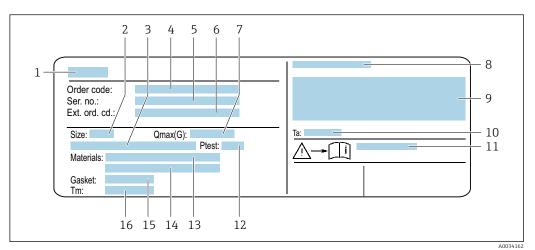
- 1 Name of sensor
- 2 Nominal diameter of sensor
- 3 Flange nominal diameter/nominal pressure
- 4 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 5 Measuring tube material
- 6 Measuring tube material
- 7 Maximum permitted volume flow (gas/steam):  $Q_{max} \rightarrow \square 191$
- 8 Test pressure of the sensor: OPL
- 9 Seal material
- 10 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation  $\rightarrow \cong 217$
- 11 Ambient temperature range
- 12 CE mark
- 13 Medium temperature range
- 14 Degree of protection

# Order code for "Housing" option C "GT20 dual compartment, aluminum, coated, compact"



#### ■ 3 Example of a sensor nameplate

- 1 Nominal diameter of sensor
- 2 Flange nominal diameter/nominal pressure
- 3 Measuring tube material
- 4 Measuring tube material
- 5 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 6 Maximal permitted volume flow (gas/steam)
- 7 Test pressure of the sensor
- 8 Degree of protection
- 9 Approval information for explosion protection and Pressure Equipment Directive → 🖺 217
- 10 CE mark
- 11 Seal material
- 12 Medium temperature range
- 13 Ambient temperature range



# Order code for "Housing" option J "GT20 dual compartment, aluminum, coated, remote"

E 4 Example of a sensor nameplate

- 1 Name of sensor
- 2 Nominal diameter of sensor
- *3 Flange nominal diameter/nominal pressure*
- 4 Order code
- 5 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 6 Extended order code (ext. ord. cd.)
- 7 Maximal permitted volume flow (gas/steam)
- 8 Degree of protection
- 9 Approval information for explosion protection and Pressure Equipment Directive
- 10 Ambient temperature range
- 11 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  217
- 12 Test pressure of the sensor
- 13 Measuring tube material
- 14 Measuring tube material
- 15 Seal material
- 16 Medium temperature range



The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

#### Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approvalrelated specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

#### 4.2.3 Symbols on the device

Symbol	Meaning
	<b>WARNING!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury. Please consult the documentation for the measuring instrument to discover the type of potential danger and measures to avoid it.
	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
	<b>Protective ground connection</b> A terminal that must be connected to the ground prior to establishing any other connections.

## 5 Storage and transport

## 5.1 Storage conditions

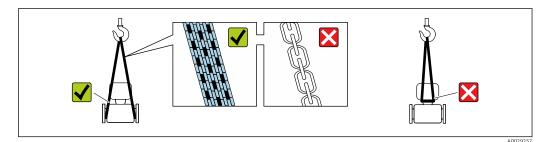
Observe the following notes for storage:

- Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- ► Protect from direct sunlight. Avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature: -50 to +80 °C (-58 to +176 °F)

## 5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.



Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

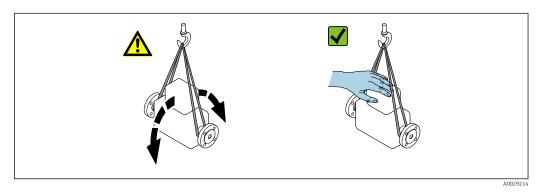
## 5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting lugs

### **WARNING**

# Center of gravity of the measuring device is higher than the suspension points of the webbing slings.

Risk of injury if the measuring device slips.

- Secure the measuring device against slipping or turning.
- Observe the weight specified on the packaging (stick-on label).



## 5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs

#### **A**CAUTION

#### Special transportation instructions for devices with lifting lugs

- Only use the lifting lugs fitted on the device or flanges to transport the device.
- The device must always be secured at two lifting lugs at least.

## 5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift

If transporting in wood crates, the floor structure enables the crates to be lifted lengthwise or at both sides using a forklift.

## 5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

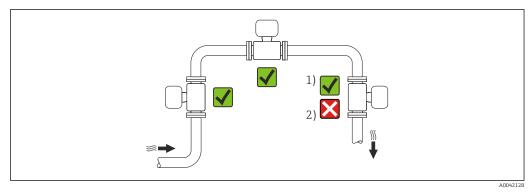
- Outer packaging of device
- Stretch wrap made of polymer in accordance with EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) Packaging
  - Wood crate treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, confirmed by IPPC logo
  - Cardboard box in accordance with European packaging guideline 94/62/EC, recyclability confirmed by Resy symbol
- Transport material and fastening fixtures
  - Disposable plastic pallet
  - Plastic straps
  - Plastic adhesive strips
- Filler material Paper pads

## 6 Installation

## 6.1 Installation requirements

## 6.1.1 Installation position

#### Mounting location



1 Installation suitable for gases and steam

2 Installation not suitable for liquids

#### Orientation

The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

Vortex meters require a fully developed flow profile as a prerequisite for correct volume flow measurement. Therefore, please note the following:

	Orientation		Recommendation	
			Compact version	Remote version
A	Vertical orientation (liquids)	A0015591	✓ ✓ <sup>1)</sup>	
A	Vertical orientation (dry gases)			
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head up		2)	

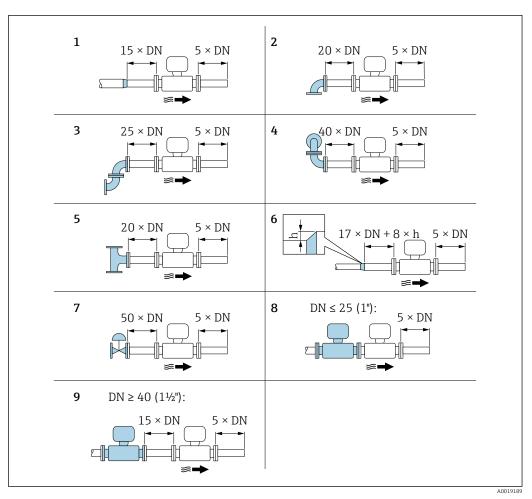
	Orientation		Recommendation	
			Compact version	Remote version
C	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head down	A0015590	<b>X X</b> <sup>3)</sup>	
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter head at side	A0015592		

In the case of liquids, there should be upward flow in vertical pipes to avoid partial pipe filling (Fig. A). 1) Disruption in flow measurement!

- In the case of hot media (e.g. steam or medium temperature (TM)  $\ge 200$  °C (392 °F): orientation C or D In the case of very cold media (e.g. liquid nitrogen): orientation B or D 2)
- 3)

#### Inlet and outlet runs

To attain the specified level of accuracy of the measuring instrument, the inlet and outlet runs mentioned below must be maintained at the very minimum.



■ 5 Minimum inlet and outlet runs with various flow obstructions

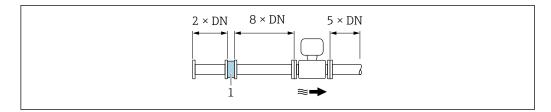
- h Difference in expansion
- 1 Reduction by one nominal diameter size
- 2 Single elbow (90° elbow)
- *3* Double elbow (2 × 90° elbows, opposite)
- 4 Double elbow 3D (2 × 90° elbows, opposite, not on one plane)
- 5 T-piece
- 6 Extension
- 7 Control valve
- 8 Two measuring instruments in a row where  $DN \le 25$  (1"): directly flange on flange
- 9 Two measuring instruments in a row where  $DN \ge 40 (1\frac{1}{2})$ : for spacing, see graphic

• If there are several flow disturbances present, the longest specified inlet run must be maintained.

#### Flow conditioner

If the inlet runs cannot be observed, the use of a flow conditioner is recommended.

The flow conditioner is fitted between two pipe flanges and centered by the mounting bolts. Generally this reduces the inlet run needed to  $10 \times DN$  with full measurement accuracy.



1 Flow conditioner

The pressure loss for flow conditioners is calculated as follows:

 $\Delta p \text{ [mbar]} = 0.0085 \cdot \rho \text{ [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]} \cdot v^2 \text{ [m/s]}$ 

Example for steam		Exa
p = 10 bar abs.		ρ=
$t=240~^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow \rho=4.39~\text{kg/m}^3$		v =
v = 40 m/s		
$\Delta p = 0.0085 \cdot 4.39 \cdot 40^2 = 59.7 \text{ mbar}$		Δp

Example for $H_2O$ condensate (80 °C)	
$\rho = 965 \text{ kg/m}^3$	
v = 2.5 m/s	
$\Delta p = 0.0085 \cdot 965 \cdot 2.5^2 = 51.3 \text{ mbar}$	

 $\rho$  : density of the process medium

v: average flow velocity

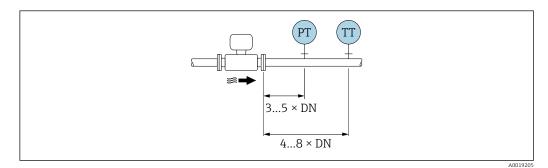
abs. = absolute



For the dimensions of the flow conditioner, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

Outlet runs when installing external devices

If installing an external device, observe the specified distance.



PT Pressure

TT Temperature device

Installation dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

### 6.1.2 Environmental and process requirements

#### Ambient temperature range

Compact version

Measuring instrument	Non-hazardous area:	–40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)
	Ex i, Ex nA, Ex ec:	-40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F)

	Ex d, XP:	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
	Ex d, Ex ia:	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Local display		-40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F) <sup>1)</sup>

 At temperatures below -20 °C (-4 °F), depending on the physical characteristics involved, it may no longer be possible to read the liquid crystal display.

#### Remote version

Transmitter	Non-hazardous area:	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
	Ex i, Ex nA, Ex ec:	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
	Ex d:	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
	Ex d, Ex ia:	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Sensor	Non-hazardous area:	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)
	Ex i, Ex nA, Ex ec:	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)
	Ex d:	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)
	Ex d, Ex ia:	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)
Local display		-40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F) <sup>1)</sup>

1) At temperatures < -20 °C (-4 °F), depending on the physical characteristics involved, it may no longer be possible to read the liquid crystal display.

#### ► If operating outdoors:

Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

You can order a weather protection cover from Endress+Hauser.  $\rightarrow \cong 187$ .

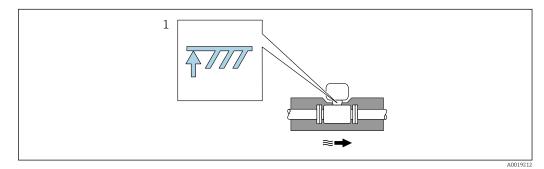
#### Thermal insulation

For optimum temperature measurement and mass calculation, heat transfer at the sensor must be avoided for some fluids. This can be ensured by installing thermal insulation. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.

This applies for:

- Compact version
- Remote sensor version

The maximum insulation height permitted is illustrated in the diagram:



- 1 Maximum insulation height
- When insulating, ensure that a sufficiently large area of the housing support remains exposed.

The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.

#### NOTICE

#### Electronics overheating on account of thermal insulation!

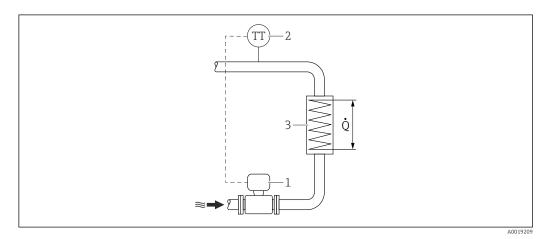
- Observe the maximum permitted insulation height of the transmitter neck so that the transmitter head and/or the connection housing of the remote version is completely free.
- Observe information on the permissible temperature ranges .
- ▶ Note that a certain orientation might be required, depending on the fluid temperature .

#### Installation for delta heat measurements

Order code for "Sensor version", option CD "Mass; Alloy 718; 316L (integrated temperature measurement), –200 to +400  $^\circ$ C (–328 to +750  $^\circ$ F)"

The second temperature measurement is taken using a separate temperature sensor. The measuring instrument reads in this value via a communication interface.

- In the case of saturated steam delta heat measurements, the measuring instrument must be installed on the steam side.
- In the case of water delta heat measurements, the device can be installed on the cold or warm side.



- 6 Layout for delta heat measurement of saturated steam and water
- 1 Measuring instrument
- 2 Temperature sensor
- 3 Heat exchanger
- Q Heat flow

#### Installation in steam systems

The device has been tested for dynamic pressure surges of up to 300 bar (4350 psi) by condensation-induced water hammer (CIWH). Despite the robust and reinforced design, the following best practice recommendations for steam applications apply to prevent damage from condensation-induced water hammer.

- 1. Ensure sufficient and constant condensate drainage from the pipes by using correctly dimensioned and well-maintained steam traps. These are generally installed every 30 to 50 m (100 to 165 in) in horizontal pipes or at ground points.
- 2. The steam lines must have an adequate gradient of at least 1% in the direction of the steam flow to ensure that the condensate is directed to the steam traps at the drain points
- 3. If the system is shut down, they must be drained completely.
- 4. Avoid pipe configurations that cause accumulations of standing water.
- 5. Slowly increase the static pressure and steam flow rate when starting up the system.
- 6. Make sure steam does not come into contact with significantly cooler condensate.

#### Protective cover

A protective cover is available as an accessory for the device. It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

When installing the protective cover, a minimum upward clearance must be maintained: 222 mm (8.74 in)

The protective cover can be ordered via the product structure together with the device: Order code for "Accessories enclosed" option PB "Protective cover"



Ordered separately as an accessory  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  187

## 6.2 Installing the device

#### 6.2.1 Required tools

#### For transmitter

- For turning the transmitter housing: Open-ended wrench8 mm
- For opening the securing clamps: Allen key3 mm

#### For sensor

For flanges and other process connections: Use a suitable mounting tool.

#### 6.2.2 Preparing the measuring device

1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.

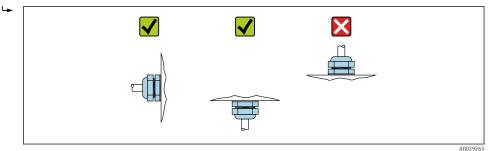
- 2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.
- 3. Remove stick-on label on the electronics compartment cover.

#### 6.2.3 Installing the sensor

#### **WARNING**

#### Danger due to improper process sealing!

- Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
- Ensure that the seals are clean and undamaged.
- Secure the seals correctly.
- **1.** Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.
- 2. To ensure compliance with device specifications, install the measuring instrument between the pipe flanges in a way that it is centered in the measurement section.
- 3. Install the measuring instrument or turn the transmitter housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



### 6.2.4 Installing the transmitter of the remote version

#### **A**CAUTION

#### Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature.
- ► If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### **A**CAUTION

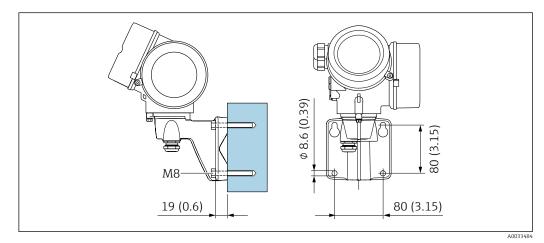
#### Excessive force can damage the housing!

• Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter of the remote version can be mounted in the following ways:

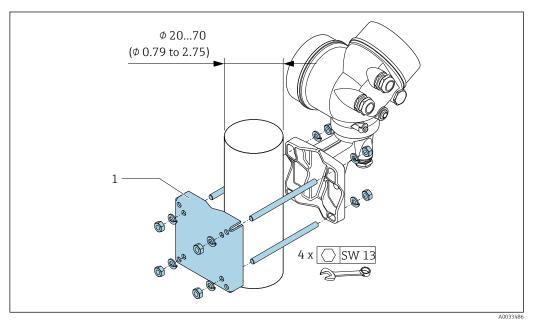
- Wall mounting
- Pipe mounting

#### Wall mounting



🖻 7 mm (in)

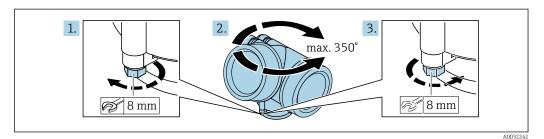
#### Pipe mounting





#### 6.2.5 Turning the transmitter housing

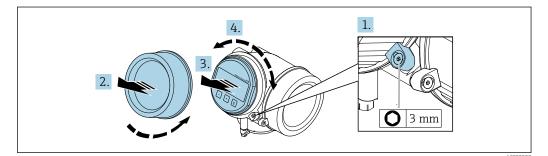
To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.



- 1. Loosen the securing screw.
- 2. Turn the housing to the desired position.
- 3. Firmly tighten the securing screw.

#### 6.2.6 Turning the display module

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the electronics compartment cover using an Allen key.
- 2. Unscrew cover of the electronics compartment from the transmitter housing.
- 3. Optional: pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement.
- 4. Turn the display module to the desired position: Max.  $8 \times 45^{\circ}$  in each direction.
- 5. Without display module pulled out:

Allow display module to engage at desired position.

- With display module pulled out:
   Feed the cable into the gap between the housing and main electronics module and plug the display module into the electronics compartment until it engages.
- 7. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

## 6.3 Post-mounting check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Does the measuring instrument correspond to the measuring point specifications?	
<ul> <li>For example:</li> <li>Process temperature</li> <li>Process pressure (refer to the section on "Pressure/temperature ratings" in the "Technical Information" document )</li> <li>Ambient temperature</li> <li>Measuring range →  <sup>(B)</sup> 191</li> </ul>	

Has the correct orientation been selected for the sensor $\rightarrow \square 20$ ?	
<ul> <li>According to sensor type</li> <li>As per medium temperature</li> <li>As per medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)</li> </ul>	
• As per medium properties (outgassing, with entramed solids)	
Does the arrow on the sensor match the direction of flow of the medium $\rightarrow \square$ 20?	
Is the tag name and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	
Is the device sufficiently protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?	
Are the securing screw and securing clamp tightened securely?	
Has the maximum permitted insulation height been observed?	

## 7 Electrical connection

## 7.1 Electrical safety

In accordance with applicable national regulations.

## 7.2 Connecting requirements

## 7.2.1 Required tools

- For cable entries: Use corresponding tools
- For securing clamp: Allen key 3 mm
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: Crimper for wire end ferrule
- For removing cables from terminal: Flat blade screwdriver  $\leq$  3 mm (0.12 in)

### 7.2.2 Requirements for connection cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

#### Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

#### Signal cable

*Pulse/frequency/switch output* 

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

PROFIBUS PA

Shielded twisted-pair cable. Cable type A is recommended.

See https://www.profibus.com "PROFIBUS Installation Guidelines".

#### Cable diameter

- Cable glands supplied:
  - M20  $\times$  1.5 with cable  $\phi$  6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Plug-in spring terminals for device version without integrated overvoltage protection: wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

## 7.2.3 Connecting cable for remote version

#### Connecting cable (standard)

Standard cable	$2\times2\times0.5~mm^2$ (22 AWG) PVC cable with common shield (2 pairs, pair-stranded) $^{1)}$
Flame resistance	According to DIN EN 60332-1-2
Oil resistance	According to DIN EN 60811-2-1
Shielding	Galvanized copper-braid, opt. density approx. 85 %

Cable length	5 m (15 ft), 10 m (30 ft), 20 m (60 ft), 30 m (90 ft)	
Continuous operating temperature	When mounted in a fixed position: –50 to +105 $^\circ$ C (–58 to +221 $^\circ$ F); when cable can move freely: –25 to +105 $^\circ$ C (–13 to +221 $^\circ$ F)	

1) UV radiation may cause damage to the outer jacket of the cable. Protect the cable from exposure to sun as much as possible.

### Connecting cable (armored)

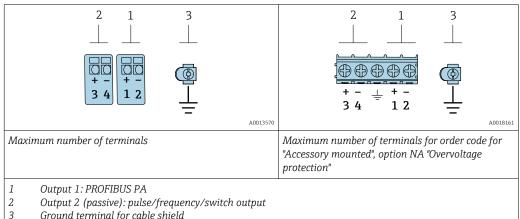
Cable, armored	$2 \times 2 \times 0.34 \text{ mm}^2$ (22 AWG) PVC cable with common shield (2 pairs, pair-stranded) and additional steel-wire braided sheath $^{1)}$
Flame resistance	According to DIN EN 60332-1-2
Oil resistance	According to DIN EN 60811-2-1
Shielding	Galvanized copper-braid, opt. density approx. 85%
Strain relief and reinforcement	Steel-wire braid, galvanized
Cable length	10 m (30 ft), 20 m (60 ft), 30 m (90 ft)
Continuous operating temperature	When mounted in a fixed position: –50 to +105 $^\circ$ C (–58 to +221 $^\circ$ F); when cable can move freely: –25 to +105 $^\circ$ C (–13 to +221 $^\circ$ F)

1) UV radiation may cause damage to the outer jacket of the cable. Protect the cable from exposure to sun as much as possible.

#### 7.2.4 **Terminal assignment**

#### Transmitter

Connection version for PROFIBUS PA, pulse/frequency/switch output



Ground terminal for cable shield

Order code for "Output"	Terminal numbers			
	Output 1		Outr	out 2
	1 (+)	2 (-)	3 (+)	4 (-)
Option G <sup>1)2)</sup>	PROFIBUS PA		· · ·	y/switch output sive)

1) Output 1 must always be used; output 2 is optional.

2) PROFIBUS PA with integrated reverse polarity protection.

#### 7.2.5 Pin assignment of device plug

Pin	Assignment		Coding	Plug/socket
1	+	PROFIBUS PA +	А	Plug
2		Grounding		
3	-	PROFIBUS PA -		
4		Not used		

#### 7.2.6 Shielding and grounding

Optimal electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of the fieldbus system can be guaranteed only if the system components and, in particular, the lines are shielded and the shield forms as complete a cover as possible. A shield coverage of 90 % is ideal.

- 1. To ensure optimal EMC protection, connect the shield to the reference ground as often as possible.
- 2. For reasons concerning explosion protection, it is recommended that grounding be dispensed with.

To comply with both requirements, there are basically three different types of shielding in the fieldbus system:

- Shielding at both ends
- Shielding at one end on the feed side with capacitance termination at the field device
- Shielding at one end on the feed side

Experience shows that the best results with regard to EMC are achieved in most cases in installations with one-sided shielding on the feed side (without capacitance termination at the field device). Appropriate measures with regard to input wiring must be taken to allow unrestricted operation when EMC interference is present. These measures have been taken into account for this device. Operation in the event of disturbance variables as per NAMUR NE21 is thus guaranteed.

- 1. Observe national installation requirements and guidelines during installation.
- 2. Where there are large differences in potential between the individual grounding points,

connect only one point of the shielding directly to the reference ground.

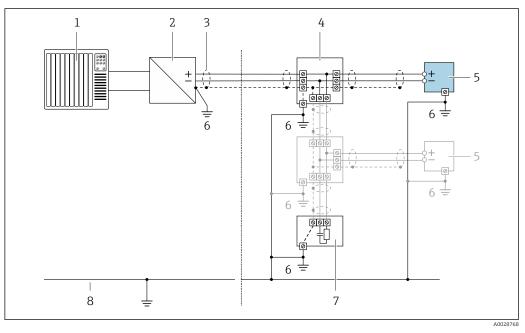
3. In systems without potential equalization, the cable shielding of fieldbus systems should be grounded on one side only, for example at the fieldbus supply unit or at safety barriers.

#### NOTICE

# In systems without potential matching, the multiple grounding of the cable shield causes mains frequency equalizing currents!

Damage to the bus cable shield.

- Only ground the bus cable shield to either the local ground or the protective ground at one end.
- Insulate the shield that is not connected.



- Connection example for PROFIBUS PA
- 1 Automation system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 PROFIBUS PA segment coupler
- 3 Cable shield: the cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications
- 4 T-box
- 5 Measuring instrument
- 6 Local grounding
- 7 Bus terminator
- 8 Potential equalization conductor

## 7.2.7 Requirements for the supply unit

#### Supply voltage

#### Transmitter

An external power supply is required for each output.

The following supply voltage values apply for the outputs available:

Supply voltage for a compact version without a local display 1)

Order code for "Output; input"	Minimum terminal voltage <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum Terminal voltage
Option <b>G</b> : PROFIBUS PA, pulse/frequency/ switch output	≥ DC 9 V	DC 32 V

1) In event of external supply voltage of the PROFIBUS DP/PA coupler

2) The minimum terminal voltage increases if local operation is used: see the following table

#### Increase of minimum terminal voltage with local operation

Order code for "Display; operation"	Increase in minimum Terminal voltage	
Option <b>C</b> : Local operation SD02	+ DC 1 V	
Option <b>E</b> : Local operation SD03 with lighting ( <b>backlighting</b> not used)	+ DC 1 V	
Option <b>E</b> : Local operation SD03 with lighting ( <b>backlighting</b> used)	+ DC 3 V	

### 7.2.8 Preparing the measuring instrument

Carry out the steps in the following order:

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Sensor connection housing: Connect connecting cable.
- 3. Transmitter: Connect connecting cable.
- 4. Transmitter: Connect cable for supply voltage.

#### NOTICE

#### Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- 2. If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands: Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- 3. If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands: Observe requirements for connecting cables  $\rightarrow \cong 30$ .

## 7.3 Connecting the device

#### NOTICE

#### An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!

- Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
- Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ► Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.
- The power unit must be safety-approved (e.g. SELV/PELV protection class II limited power).

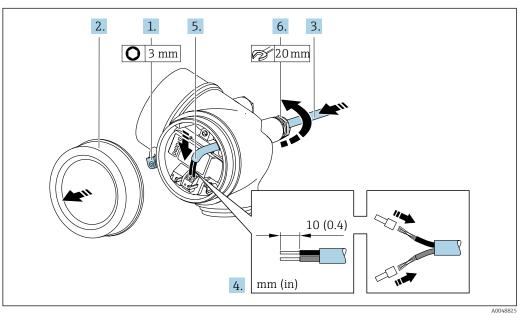
#### 7.3.1 Connecting the compact version

#### Connecting the transmitter

The connection of the transmitter depends on the following order code: "Electrical connection":

- Option A, B, C, D: terminals
- Option I: device plug

*Connection via terminals* 



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- **3.** Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- **5.** Connect cable in accordance with terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \cong 32$ .

#### 6. **WARNING**

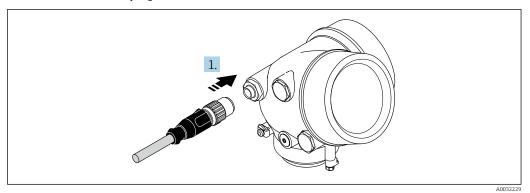
# Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

 Screw in the screw without using any lubricant. The threads on the cover are coated with a dry lubricant.

Firmly tighten the cable glands.

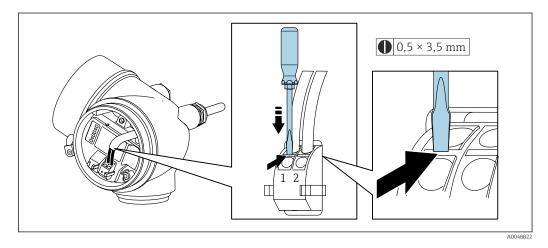
7. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

Connection via device plug



▶ Plug in the device plug and tighten firmly.

#### Removing a cable



 To remove a cable from the terminal, use a flat-blade screwdriver to push the slot between the two terminal holes while simultaneously pulling the cable end out of the terminal.

### 7.3.2 Connecting the remote version

#### **WARNING**

#### Risk of damaging electronic components!

- Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.

The following sequence of steps is recommended :

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Connect the .

3. Connect the transmitter.

How the connecting cable is connected in the transmitter housing depends on the measuring instrument approval and the version of the connecting cable used.

In the following versions, only terminals can be used for connection in the transmitter housing:

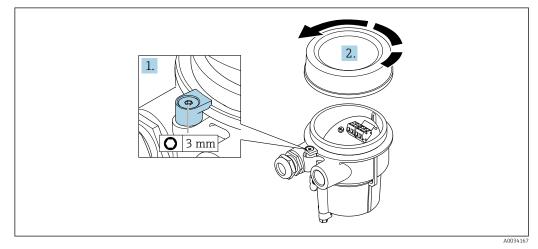
- Order code for "Electrical connection", option B, C, D, 6
- Certain approvals: Ex nA, Ex ec, Ex tb and Division 1
- Use of reinforced connecting cable

In the following versions, an M12 device connector is used for connection in the transmitter housing:

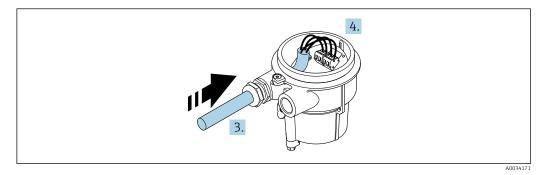
- All other approvals
- Use of connecting cable (standard)

Terminals are always used to connect the connecting cable in the sensor connection housing (tightening torques for screws for cable strain relief: 1.2 to 1.7 Nm).

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover.



🖻 10 Sample graphic

#### Connecting cable (standard, reinforced)

**3.** Guide the connecting cable through the cable entry and into the connection housing (if using a connecting cable without an M12 device plug, use the shorter stripped end of the connecting cable).

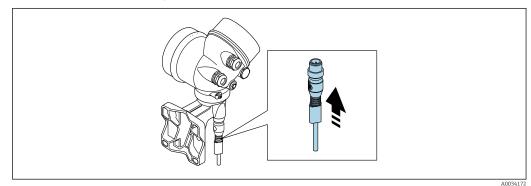
- 4. Wire the connecting cable:
  - └→ Terminal 1 = brown cable Terminal 2 = white cable Terminal 3 = yellow cable Terminal 4 = green cable
- 5. Connect the cable shield via the cable strain relief.
- 6. Tighten the screws for the cable strain relief using a torque in the range of 1.2 to 1.7 Nm.
- 7. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the connection housing.

#### Connecting cable (option "mass pressure-/temperature-compensated")

- **3.** Guide the connecting cable through the cable entry and into the connection housing (if using a connecting cable without an M12 device plug, use the shorter stripped end of the connecting cable).
- 4. Wire the connecting cable:
  - ➡ Terminal 1 = brown cable Terminal 2 = white cable Terminal 3 = green cable Terminal 4 = red cable Terminal 5 = black cable Terminal 6 = yellow cable Terminal 7 = blue cable
- 5. Connect the cable shield via the cable strain relief.
- 6. Tighten the screws for the cable strain relief using a torque in the range of 1.2 to 1.7 Nm.
- 7. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the connection housing.

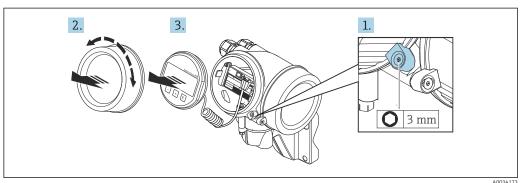
#### Connecting the transmitter

Connecting transmitter via plug

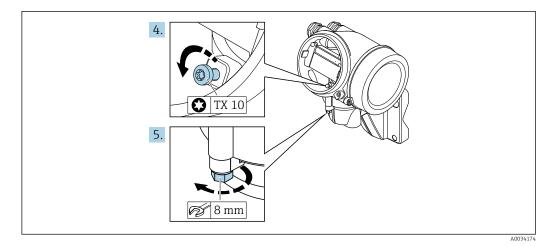


► Connect the plug.

#### Connecting transmitter via terminals

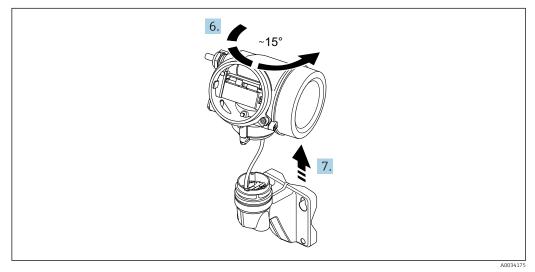


- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the electronics compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the electronics compartment cover.
- **3.** Pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement. To make it easier to access the lock switch, attach the display module to the edge of the electronics compartment.



4. Loosen the locking screw of the transmitter housing.

5. Loosen the securing clamp of the transmitter housing.



🗷 11 Sample graphic

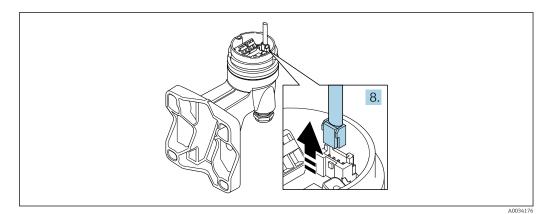
6. Turn the transmitter housing to the right until it reaches the marking.

# 7. NOTICE

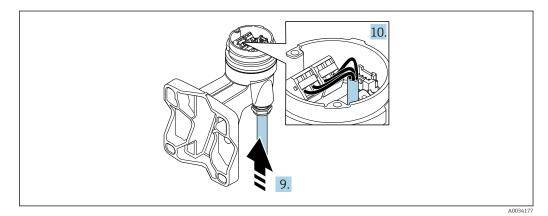
# The connection board of the wall housing is connected to the electronics board of the transmitter via a signal cable!

► Pay attention to the signal cable when lifting the transmitter housing!

Lift the transmitter housing.



#### 🖻 12 Sample graphic



🖻 13 Sample graphic

#### Connecting cable (standard, reinforced)

- 8. Disconnect the signal cable from the connection board of the wall housing . by pressing in the locking clip on the connector. Remove the transmitter housing.
- 9. Guide the connecting cable through the cable entry and into the connection housing (if using a connecting cable without an M12 device plug, use the shorter stripped end of the connecting cable).
- **10**. Wire the connecting cable:
- **11.** Connect the cable shield via the cable strain relief.
- 12. Tighten the screws for the cable strain relief using a torque in the range of 1.2 to 1.7 Nm.
- 13. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter housing.

#### Connecting cable (option "mass pressure-/temperature-compensated")

- 8. Disconnect both signal cables from the connection board of the wall housing. by pressing in the locking clip on the connector. Remove the transmitter housing.
- 9. Guide the connecting cable through the cable entry and into the connection housing (if using a connecting cable without an M12 device plug, use the shorter stripped end of the connecting cable).
- **10.** Wire the connecting cable:
  - ➡ Terminal 1 = brown cable Terminal 2 = white cable Terminal 3 = green cable Terminal 4 = red cable Terminal 5 = black cable Terminal 6 = yellow cable Terminal 7 = blue cable
- 11. Connect the cable shield via the cable strain relief.
- 12. Tighten the screws for the cable strain relief using a torque in the range of 1.2 to 1.7 Nm.
- 13. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter housing.

# 7.4 Potential equalization

# 7.4.1 Requirements

For potential equalization:

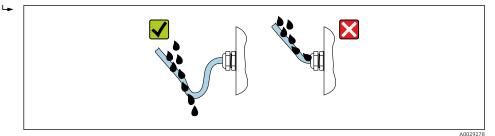
- Pay attention to in-house grounding concepts
- Take account of operating conditions, such as the pipe material and grounding
- Connect the medium, sensor and transmitter to the same electric potential
- Use a ground cable with a minimum cross-section of 6 mm<sup>2</sup> (10 AWG) and a cable lug for potential equalization connections

# 7.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring instrument fulfills all the requirements for the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly.
- 2. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 3. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry: Route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



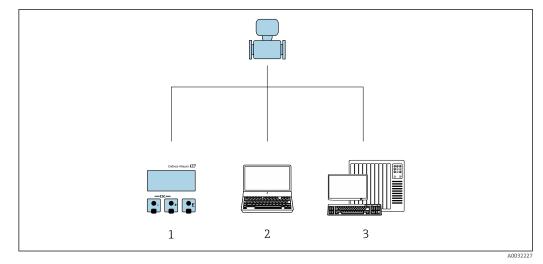
6. The cable glands supplied do not ensure housing protection when not in use. They must therefore be replaced by dummy plugs corresponding to the housing protection.

# 7.6 Post-connection check

Are the device and cable undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Do the cables used comply with the requirements $\rightarrow \square 30$ ?	
Are the mounted cables strain relieved?	
Are all cable glands installed, securely tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" $\rightarrow \cong 41$ ?	
Depending on the device version: are all the device plugs firmly tightened $\rightarrow \square$ 35?	
<ul><li>Only for remote version:</li><li>Is the sensor connected to the right transmitter?</li><li>Check the serial number on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter.</li></ul>	
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate ?	
Is the terminal assignment correct ?	
If supply voltage is present, do values appear on the display module?	
Are all housing covers installed and firmly tightened?	
Is the securing clamp securely tightened?	
Have the screws for the cable strain relief been tightened using the correct tightening torque $\rightarrow \cong 36$ ?	

#### **Operation options** 8

#### Overview of operation options 8.1



1 2

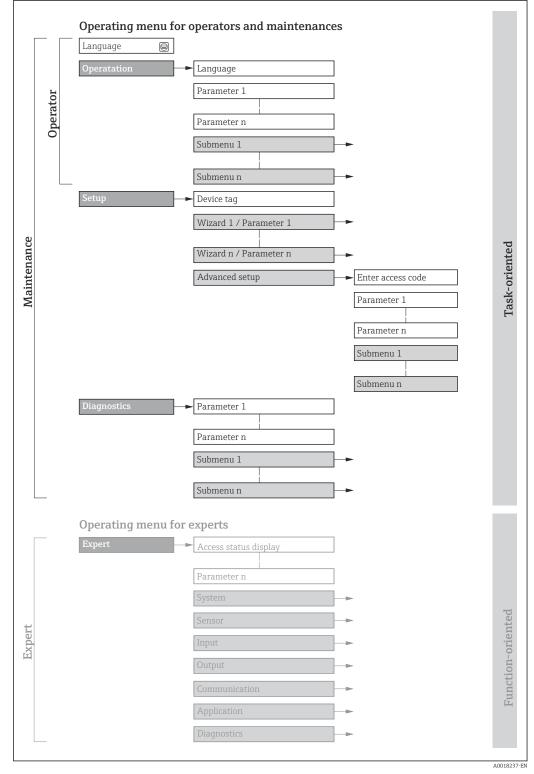
Local operation via display module Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, SIMATIC PDM)

3 Automation system (e.g. PLC)

# 8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

# 8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

For an overview of the operating menu for experts: see the "Description of Device Parameters" document supplied with the device



 $\blacksquare 14$  Schematic structure of the operating menu

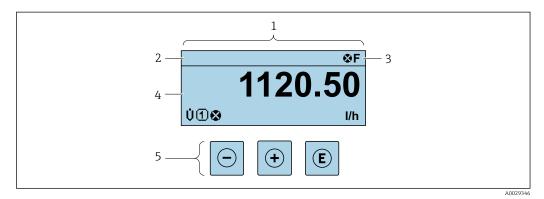
# 8.2.2 Operating philosophy

The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (e.g. operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device life cycle.

Menu/pa	arameter	User role and tasks	Content/meaning
Language	Task- oriented	Role "Operator", "Maintenance" Tasks during operation:	<ul><li>Defining the operating language</li><li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li></ul>
Operation		<ul><li>Configuration of the operational display</li><li>Reading measured values</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Configuration of the operational display (e.g. display format, display contrast)</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>
Setup		<ul> <li>"Maintenance" role</li> <li>Commissioning:</li> <li>Configuration of the measurement</li> <li>Configuration of the inputs and outputs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Wizards for fast commissioning:</li> <li>Configuring the system units</li> <li>Definition of the medium</li> <li>Configuration of the current input</li> <li>Configuring the outputs</li> <li>Configuration of the operational display</li> <li>Definition of output conditioning</li> <li>Configuring the low flow cut off</li> <li>Advanced setup</li> <li>For more customized configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions)</li> <li>Configuration of totalizers</li> <li>Administration (define access code, reset measuring device)</li> </ul>
Diagnostics		<ul> <li>"Maintenance" role Troubleshooting: <ul> <li>Diagnostics and elimination of process and device errors</li> <li>Measured value simulation</li> </ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>Contains all parameters for error detection and analyzing process and device errors:</li> <li>Diagnostic list Contains up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages.</li> <li>Event logbook Contains event messages that have occurred.</li> <li>Device information Contains information for identifying the device</li> <li>Measured values Contains all current measured values.</li> <li>Analog inputs Is used to display the analog input.</li> <li>Data logging submenu with the "Extended HistoROM" order option Storage and visualization of measured values</li> <li>Heartbeat Technology Verification of device functionality on request and documentation of verification results</li> <li>Simulation Used to simulate measured values or output values.</li> </ul>
Expert	Function- oriented	<ul> <li>Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device:</li> <li>Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions</li> <li>Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions</li> <li>Detailed configuration of the communication interface</li> <li>Error diagnostics in difficult cases</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Contains all of the device parameters and allows direct access to these by means of an access code. The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device:</li> <li>System Contains all higher-level device parameters that do not affect measurement or measured value communication</li> <li>Sensor Configuration of the measurement.</li> <li>Output Configuration of the pulse/frequency/switch output</li> <li>Communication Configuration of the digital communication interface</li> <li>Submenus for function blocks (e.g. "Analog Inputs") Configuration of the functions that go beyond the actual measurement (e.g. totalizer)</li> <li>Diagnostics Error detection and analysis of process and device errors and for device simulation and Heartbeat Technology.</li> </ul>

# 8.3 Access to operating menu via local display

# 8.3.1 Operational display



- 1 Operational display
- 2 Tag name  $\rightarrow$   $\square$  72
- 3 Status area
- 4 Display area for measured values (up to 4 lines)
- 5 Operating elements  $\rightarrow \square 51$

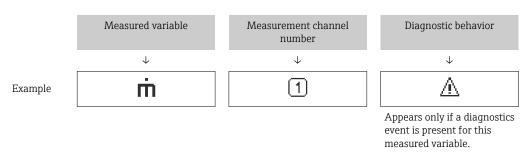
### Status area

The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right:

- Status signals → 🖺 140
  - F: Failure
  - C: Function check
  - S: Out of specification
  - M: Maintenance required
- Diagnostic behavior → 🖺 141
  - 🛚 🐼: Alarm
  - <u>M</u>: Warning
- $\widehat{\square}$ : Locking (the device is locked via the hardware )
- +: Communication (communication via remote operation is active)

### **Display** area

In the display area, each measured value is prefaced by certain symbol types for further description:



#### Measured variables

Symbol	Meaning
Ü	Volume flow

The number and display format of the measured variables can be configured via the Format display parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 81$ ).

#### Totalizer

Symbol	Meaning
Σ	Totalizer The measurement channel number indicates which of the three totalizers is displayed.

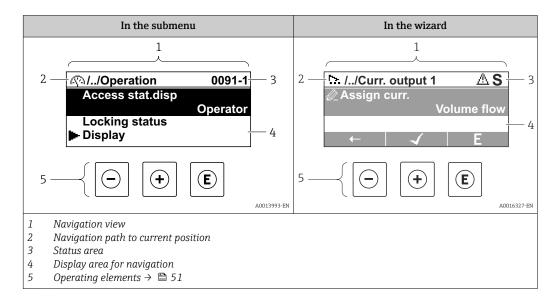
#### Measurement channel numbers

Symbol	Meaning
14	Measurement channel 1 to 4
	The measurement channel number is displayed only if more than one channel is present for the same measured variable type (e.g. Totalizer 1 to 3).

### Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> <li>For local display with touch control: the background lighting changes to red.</li> </ul>
Δ	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>Measurement is resumed.</li> <li>The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>

The diagnostic behavior pertains to a diagnostic event that is relevant to the displayed measured variable.

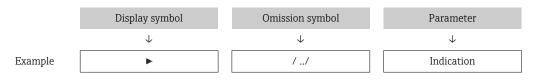


# 8.3.2 Navigation view

### Navigation path

The navigation path to the current position is displayed at the top left in the navigation view and consists of the following elements:

- The display symbol for the menu/submenu ( ► ) or the wizard ( ▷ ).
- An omission symbol (/ ../) for operating menu levels in between.
- Name of the current submenu, wizard or parameter



For more information about the icons in the menu, refer to the "Display area" section  $\rightarrow \cong 48$ 

### Status area

The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner: In the submenu

- The direct access code to the
- The direct access code to the parameter (e.g., 0022-1)
- If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal In the wizard
- If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal
- For information on the diagnostic behavior and status signal  $\rightarrow \square 140$
- For information on the function and entry of the direct access code  $\rightarrow \cong 53$

### Display area

Menus

Symbol	Meaning
Ø	<ul> <li>Operation</li> <li>Is displayed:</li> <li>In the menu next to the "Operation" selection</li> <li>At the left in the navigation path in the Operation menu</li> </ul>

۲	Setup         Is displayed:         In the menu next to the "Setup" selection         At the left in the navigation path in the Setup menu
પ્	<ul> <li>Diagnosis</li> <li>Is displayed:</li> <li>In the menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection</li> <li>At the left in the navigation path in the Diagnostics menu</li> </ul>
÷ <b>*</b>	Expert Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Expert" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Expert menu

### Submenus, wizards, parameters

Symbol	Meaning
•	Submenu
₩.	Wizards
Ø	Parameters within a wizard           Image: No display symbol exists for parameters in submenus.

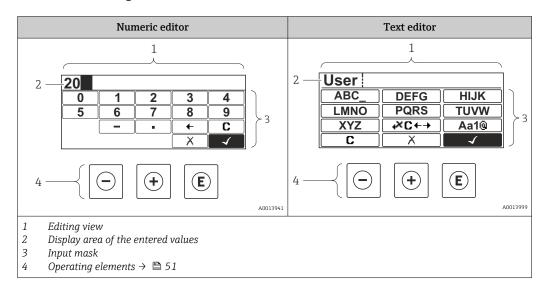
### Locking procedure

Symbol	Meaning
ŵ	<ul><li>Parameter locked</li><li>When displayed in front of a parameter name, indicates that the parameter is locked.</li><li>By a user-specific access code</li><li>By the hardware write protection switch</li></ul>

### Wizards

Symbol	Meaning
	Switches to the previous parameter.
	Confirms the parameter value and switches to the next parameter.
E	Opens the editing view of the parameter.

# 8.3.3 Editing view



### Input screen

The following input symbols are available in the input mask of the numeric and text editor:

Numeric editor

Symbol	Meaning
0	Selection of numbers from 0 to 9
9	
·	Inserts a decimal separator at the cursor position.
_	Inserts a minus sign at the cursor position.
	Confirms the selection.
+	Moves the input position one position to the left.
	Exits the input without applying the changes.
C	Clears all entered characters.

### Text editor

Symbol	Meaning
Aa1@	Toggle • Between upper-case and lower-case letters • For entering numbers • For entering special characters
ABC_  XYZ	Selection of letters from A to Z.
(abc _)  (xyz	Selection of letters from a to z.
···· ···· ···	Selection of special characters.
$\checkmark$	Confirms the selection.
€+>3×€	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
C	Clears all entered characters.

*Text correction under* ₩C+→

Symbol	Meaning
C	Clears all entered characters.

₽	Moves the input position one position to the right.
<b>F</b>	Moves the input position one position to the left.
×.	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.

# 8.3.4 Operating elements

Operating key 1	Meaning
1	Minus key
	<i>In menu, submenu</i> Moves the selection bar upwards in a picklist
	<i>In wizards</i> Goes to previous parameter
	<i>In the text and numeric editor</i> In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the left (backwards)
] ]	Plus key
	<i>In menu, submenu</i> Moves the selection bar downwards in a picklist
	<i>In wizards</i> Goes to the next parameter
	In the text and numeric editor In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the right (forwards)
] ] ]	Enter key
	<i>In the operational display</i> Pressing the key for 2 s opens the context menu.
	<ul> <li>In menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly: <ul> <li>Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter.</li> <li>Starts the wizard.</li> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s in a parameter:</li> </ul>
	If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter. <i>In wizards</i> Opens the editing view of the parameter and confirms the parameter value
1	<ul> <li>In the text and numeric editor</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly: <ul> <li>Opens the selected group.</li> <li>Carries out the selected action.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s confirms the edited parameter value.</li> </ul>
1	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)
	<ul> <li>In menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly: <ul> <li>Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level.</li> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position").</li> </ul>
	<i>In wizards</i> Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level
	<i>In the text and numeric editor</i> Closes the text or numeric editor without applying changes.
(+) + (E)	Plus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously) Increases the contrast (darker setting).
	Minus/Plus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously)
	In the operational display Enables or disables the keypad lock (only SD02 display module).

# 8.3.5 Opening the context menu

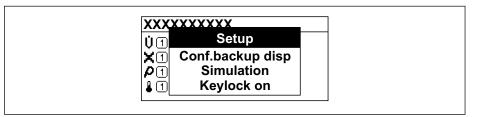
Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:

- Setup
- Configuration backup display
- Simulation

### Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

- **1.** Press the  $\Box$  and  $\blacksquare$  keys for longer than 3 seconds.
  - └ The context menu opens.



2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.

└ The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

### Calling up the menu via the context menu

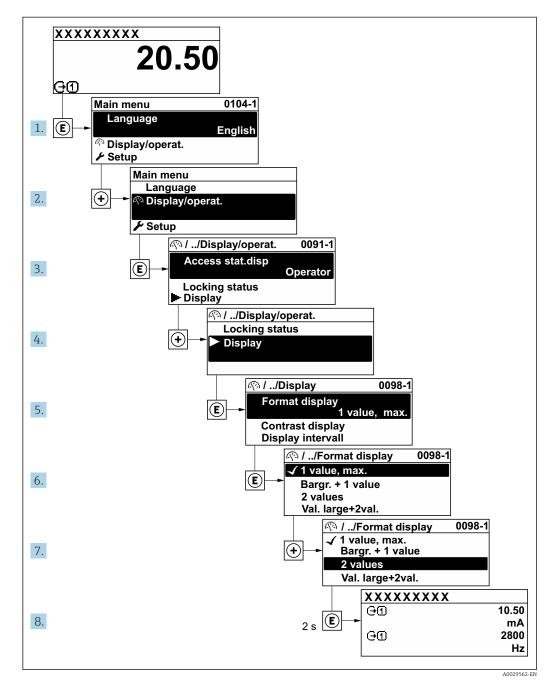
- 1. Open the context menu.
- **2.** Press  $\pm$  to navigate to the desired menu.
- 3. Press 🗉 to confirm the selection.
  - └ The selected menu opens.

## 8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list

Different operating elements are used to navigate through the operating menu. The navigation path is displayed on the left in the header. Icons are displayed in front of the individual menus. These icons are also shown in the header during navigation.

For an explanation of the navigation view with symbols and operating elements  $\rightarrow \cong 48$ 

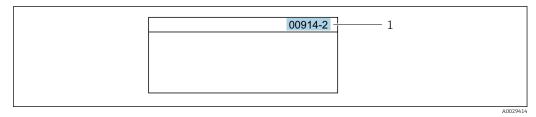
Example: Setting the number of displayed measured values to "2 values"



# 8.3.7 Calling the parameter directly

A parameter number is assigned to every parameter to be able to access a parameter directly via the onsite display. Entering this access code in the **Direct access** parameter calls up the desired parameter directly.

**Navigation path** Expert  $\rightarrow$  Direct access The direct access code consists of a 5-digit number (at maximum) and the channel number, which identifies the channel of a process variable: e.g. 00914-2. In the navigation view, this appears on the right-hand side in the header of the selected parameter.



<sup>1</sup> Direct access code

Note the following when entering the direct access code:

- The leading zeros in the direct access code do not have to be entered. Example: Enter "914" instead of "00914"
- If no channel number is entered, channel 1 is opened automatically.
   Example: Enter 00914 → Assign process variable parameter
- If a different channel is opened: Enter the direct access code with the corresponding channel number.

Example: Enter  $00914-2 \rightarrow Assign \ process \ variable$  parameter

For the direct access codes of the individual parameters, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document for the device

# 8.3.8 Calling up help text

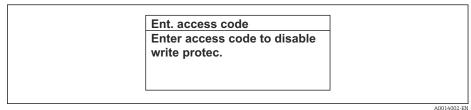
Help text is available for some parameters and can be called up from the navigation view. The help text provides a brief explanation of the parameter function and thereby supports swift and safe commissioning.

## Calling up and closing the help text

The user is in the navigation view and the selection bar is on a parameter.

1. Press E for 2 s.

← The help text for the selected parameter opens.



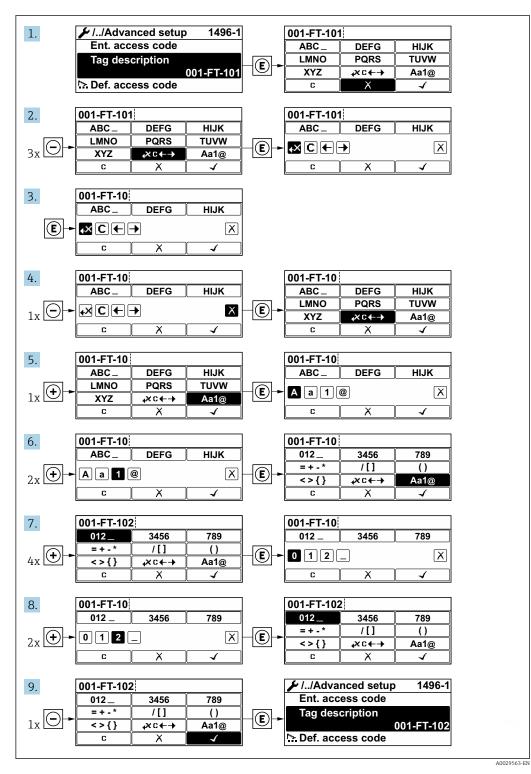
Example: Help text for parameter "Enter access code"

- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ← The help text is closed.

## 8.3.9 Changing the parameters

For a description of the editing view - consisting of the text editor and numeric editor - with symbols  $\rightarrow \cong 49$ , for a description of the operating elements  $\rightarrow \cong 51$ 

**Example:** Changing the tag name in the "Tag description" parameter from 001-FT-101 to 001-FT-102



A message is displayed if the value entered is outside the permitted value range.

Ent. access code	
Invalid or out of range in	nput
value	-
Min:0	
Max:9999	

# 8.3.10 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles "Operator" and "Maintenance" have different write access to the parameters if the customer defines a user-specific access code. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access .

### Defining access authorization for user roles

An access code is not yet defined when the device is delivered from the factory. Access authorization (read and write access) to the device is not restricted and corresponds to the "Maintenance" user role.

- Define the access code.
  - └→ The "Operator" user role is redefined in addition to the "Maintenance" user role. Access authorization differs for the two user roles.

#### Access authorization to parameters: "Maintenance" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access	
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	V	V	
After an access code has been defined.	V	✓ <sup>1)</sup>	

1) The user only has write access after entering the access code.

### Access authorization to parameters: "Operator" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access	
After an access code has been defined.	V	_ 1)	

1) Despite the defined access code, certain parameters can always be modified and thus are excluded from the write protection as they do not affect the measurement: write protection via access code

The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access** status display parameter. Navigation path: Operation  $\rightarrow$  Access status display

# 8.3.11 Disabling write protection via access code

If the B-symbol appears on the local display in front of a parameter, the parameter is write-protected by a user-specific access code and its value cannot be changed at the moment using local operation  $\rightarrow$  B 118.

Parameter write protection via local operation can be disabled by entering the user-specific access code in the **Enter access code** parameter via the respective access option.

1. After you press E, the input prompt for the access code appears.

2. Enter the access code.

← The @-symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously writeprotected parameters are now re-enabled.

# 8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

The keypad lock makes it possible to block access to the entire operating menu via local operation. As a result, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

The keypad lock is switched on and off via the context menu.

### Switching on the keypad lock

# For the SD03 display only

The keypad lock is switched on automatically:

- If the device has not been operated via the display for > 1 minute.
- Each time the device is restarted.

### To activate the keylock manually:

1. The device is in the measured value display.

Press the  $\Box$  and  $\blacksquare$  keys for 3 seconds.

- └ A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu select the **Keylock on** option.
  - └ The keypad lock is switched on.

If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the **Keylock on** message appears.

### Switching off the keypad lock

- ► The keypad lock is switched on. Press the □ and □ keys for 3 seconds.
  - ← The keypad lock is switched off.

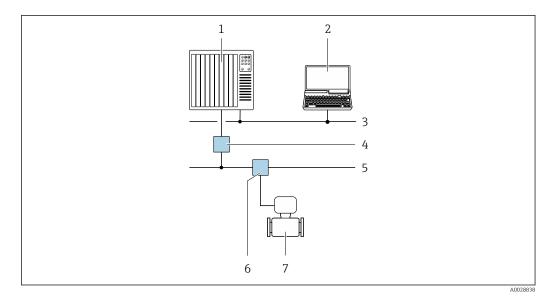
# 8.4 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

The structure of the operating menu in the operating tools is the same as for operation via the local display.

# 8.4.1 Connecting the operating tool

### Via PROFIBUS PA network

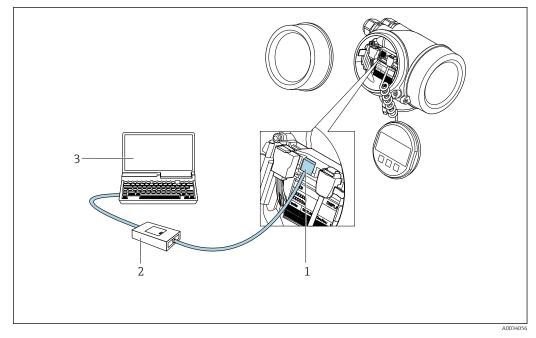
This communication interface is available in device versions with PROFIBUS PA.



I6 Options for remote operation via PROFIBUS PA network

- 1 Automation system
- 2 Computer with PROFIBUS network card
- 3 PROFIBUS DP network
- 4 Segment coupler PROFIBUS DP/PA
- 5 PROFIBUS PA network
- 6 T-box
- 7 Measuring instrument

#### Via service interface (CDI)



1 Service interface (CDI = Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) of the measuring instrument

2 Commubox FXA291

3 Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare or DeviceCare) and (CDI) DeviceDTM

# 8.4.2 FieldCare

### Function range

FDT-based (Field Device Technology) plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and helps you manage them. By using the

status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Access is via:

- PROFIBUS PA protocol  $\rightarrow \triangleq 57$
- CDI service interface  $\rightarrow \cong 58$

Typical functions:

- Transmitter parameter configuration
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook

Operating Instructions BA00027S

Operating Instructions BA00059S



Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \cong 62$ 

### Establishing a connection

1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.

2. In the network: Add a device.

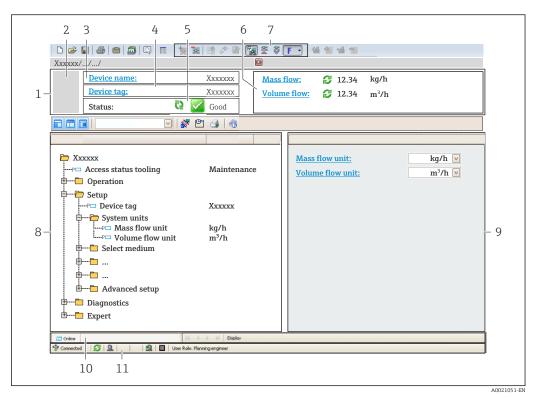
- ← The **Add device** window opens.
- 3. Select the **CDI Communication TCP/IP** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Right-click **CDI Communication TCP/IP** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.

5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.

→ The CDI Communication TCP/IP (Configuration) window opens.

- 6. Enter the device address in the **IP address** field: 192.168.1.212 and press **Enter** to confirm.
- 7. Establish the online connection to the device.
- Operating Instructions BA00027S
   Operating Instructions BA00059S

### User interface



1 Header

- 2 Picture of device
- 3 Device name
- 4 Tag name
- 5 Status area with status signal  $\rightarrow \square 143$
- 6 Display area for current measured values
- 7 Editing toolbar with additional functions such as save/load, event list and create documentation
- 8 Navigation area with operating menu structure
- 9 Work area
- 10 Action area
- 11 Status area

# 8.4.3 DeviceCare

#### Function range

Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.

Innovation brochure IN01047S

Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \cong 62$ 

# 8.4.4 SIMATIC PDM

### Function range

Standardized, vendor-independent program from Siemens for the operation, configuration, maintenance and diagnosis of intelligent field devices via the PROFIBUS PA protocol.

Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \cong 62$ 

# 9 System integration

# 9.1 **Overview of device description files**

# 9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	01.01.02	<ul> <li>On the title page of the Operating Instructions</li> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Firmware version parameter         Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware         version     </li> </ul>
Release date of firmware version	01.2018	
Manufacturer ID	0x11	Manufacturer ID parameter Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID
Device type ID	0x1564	<b>Device type</b> parameter Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Device information $\rightarrow$ Device type
Profile version	3.02	

For an overview of the different firmware versions for the device

# 9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool via PROFIBUS protocol	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Download Area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
DeviceCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Download Area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
SIMATIC PDM (Siemens)	www.endress.com → Download Area

# 9.2 Device master file (GSD)

In order to integrate field devices into a bus system, the PROFIBUS system needs a description of the device parameters, such as output data, input data, data format, data volume and supported transmission rate.

These data are available in the device master file (GSD) which is provided to the PROFIBUS Master when the communication system is commissioned. In addition device bit maps, which appear as icons in the network structure, can also be integrated.

With the Profile 3.0 device master file (GSD) it is possible to exchange field devices made by different manufacturers without having to reconfigure.

Generally speaking two different GSD versions are possible with Profile 3.0 and higher.

Before configuring, the user must decide which GSD should be used to operate the system.

• The setting can be changed via a Class 2 master.

### 9.2.1 Manufacturer-specific GSD

This GSD guarantees the unrestricted functionality of the measuring device. Device-specific process parameters and functions are therefore available.

Manufacturer-specific GSD	ID number	File name
PROFIBUS PA	0x1564	EH3x1564.gsd

The fact that the manufacturer-specific GSD should be used is specified in the **Ident number selector** parameter by selecting the **Manufacturer** option.

Where to acquire the manufacturer-specific GSD:

www.endress.com  $\rightarrow$  Downloads area

# 9.2.2 Profile GSD

Differs in terms of the number of Analog Input blocks (AI) and the measured values. If a system is configured with a Profile GSD, it is possible to exchange devices made by different manufacturers. However, it is essential to ensure that the order of the cyclic process values is correct.

ID number	Supported blocks	Supported channels
0x9740	<ul><li> 1 Analog Input</li><li> 1 Totalizer</li></ul>	<ul><li>Channel Analog Input: volume flow</li><li>Channel totalizer: volume flow</li></ul>
0x9741	<ul><li> 2 Analog Input</li><li> 1 Totalizer</li></ul>	<ul><li>Channel Analog Input 1: volume flow</li><li>Channel Analog Input 2: mass flow</li><li>Channel totalizer: volume flow</li></ul>
0x9742	<ul><li> 3 Analog Input</li><li> 1 Totalizer</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Channel Analog Input 1: volume flow</li> <li>Channel Analog Input 2: mass flow</li> <li>Channel Analog Input 3: corrected volume flow</li> <li>Channel totalizer: volume flow</li> </ul>

The Profile GSD that is to be used is specified in the **Ident number selector** parameter by selecting the **Profile 0x9740** option, **Profile 0x9741** option or **Profile 0x9742** option.

### 9.2.3 Compatibility with other Endress+Hauser measuring devices

The Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA guarantees compatibility during cyclic data exchange with the automation system (Class 1 master) for the following measuring devices:

- Prowirl 72 PROFIBUS PA (Profile version 3.0, ID number 0x153B)
- Prowirl 73 PROFIBUS PA (Profile version 3.0, ID number 0x153C)

It is possible to replace these measuring devices with a Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA without the need to reconfigure the PROFIBUS network in the automation unit even though the names and ID numbers of the measuring devices differ. Once replaced, the device is either identified automatically (factory setting) or device identification can be set manually.

#### Automatic identification (factory setting)

The Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA automatically identifies the measuring device configured in the automation system (Prowirl 72 PROFIBUS PA or Prowirl 73 PROFIBUS PA) and makes the same input and output data and measured value status information available for cyclic data exchange.

Automatic identification is set in the **Ident number selector** parameter using the **Auto** option (factory setting).

### Manual setting

The manual setting is made in the **Ident number selector** parameter via the option Prowirl 72 (0x153B) or Prowirl 73 (0x153C).

Afterwards, the Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA makes the same input and output data and measured status information available for cyclic data exchange.

- If the Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA is acyclically configured via an operating program (Class 2 master), access is directly via the block structure or the parameters of the measuring device.
  - If parameters have been changed in the device to be replaced (Prowirl 72 PROFIBUS PA or Prowirl 73 PROFIBUS PA) (parameter setting no longer corresponds to the original factory setting), these parameters must be changed accordingly in the new replacement Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA via an operating program (Class 2 master). *Example*

The setting for low flow cut off has been changed from mass flow (factory setting) to corrected volume flow in a Prowirl 72 PROFIBUS PA currently in operation. This device is now replaced by a Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA device. After replacing the device, the assignment for the low flow cut off must be changed manually in the Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS, i.e. to corrected volume flow, to ensure the measuring device behaves identically.

# Replacing the measuring devices without changing the GSD file or restarting the controller

In the procedure described below, the device can be replaced without interrupting ongoing operation or restarting the controller. However with this procedure the measuring device is not fully integrated!

- 1. Replace the measuring device Prowirl 72 or 73 PROFIBUS PA by a Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA device.
- 2. Set the device address: The same device address that was set for the Prowirl 72, Prowirl 73 or PROFIBUS PA Profile GSD must be used.
- 3. Connect the Prowirl 200 PROFIBUS PA.

If the factory setting had been changed on the replaced device (Prowirl 72 or Prowirl 73), the following settings may need to be changed:

- **1**. Configuration of the application-specific parameters.
- 2. Choice of process variables to be transmitted via the CHANNEL parameter in the Analog Input or Totalizer function block.
- 3. Setting of the units for the process variables.

# 9.3 Cyclic data transmission

Cyclic data transmission when using the device master file (GSD).

# 9.3.1 Block model

The block model shows which input and output data the measuring device makes available for cyclic data exchange. Cyclic data exchange takes place with a PROFIBUS master (Class 1), e.g. a control system.

Measuring device			Control system		
	Analog Input block 1 to 4	→ 🖺 65	Output value AI	$\rightarrow$	
Transducer Block			Output value TOTAL	÷	PROFIBUS PA
DIOCK	<b>DOCK</b> Totalizer block 1 to 3 $\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 66$	Controller SETTOT	÷		

		Configuration MODETOT	÷
Analog Output block 1	→ 🖺 68	Input values AO	÷
Discrete Input block 1 to 2	→ 🖺 69	Output values DI	÷
Discrete Output block 1 to 3	→ 🖺 69	Input values DO	÷

#### Defined order of modules

The measuring device works as a modular PROFIBUS slave. In contrast to a compact slave, a modular slave has a variable design and consists of several individual modules. The device master file (GSD) contains a description of the individual modules (input and output data) along with their individual properties.

The modules are permanently assigned to the slots, i.e. when configuring the modules, the order and the arrangement of the modules must be respected.

Slot	Module	Function block
14	AI	Analog Input block 1 to 4
5	TOTAL or SETTOT_TOTAL or SETOT_MODETOT_TOTAL	Totalizer block 1
6		Totalizer block 2
7		Totalizer block 3
8	AO	Analog Output block 1
910	DI	Discrete Input block 1 to 2
1113	DO	Discrete Output block 1 to 3

To optimize the data throughput rate of the PROFIBUS network, it is advisable to only configure modules that are processed in the PROFIBUS master system. If this results in gaps between the configured modules, these gaps must be assigned to the EMPTY\_MODULE.

## 9.3.2 Description of the modules

The data structure is described from the perspective of the PROFIBUS master:

- Input data: Are sent from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master.
- Output data: Are sent from the PROFIBUS master to the measuring device.

#### AI module (Analog Input)

Transmit an input variable from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

The selected input variable, along with the status, is cyclically transmitted to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the AI module. The input variable is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Four Analog Input blocks are available (slot 1 to 4).

Selection: input variable

The input variable can be determined using the **Channel** parameter.

Channel	Input variable
7	Temperature
9	Volume flow
11	Mass flow

Channel	Input variable
13	Corrected volume flow
14	Density
22	Pressure
37	Flow velocity
38	Energy flow
45	Calculated saturated steam pressure
46	Total mass flow
49	Heat flow difference
50	Reynolds number
51	Specific volume
52	Degree of overheating

#### Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting
AI 1	Volume flow
AI 2	Mass flow
AI 3	Corrected volume flow
AI 4	Density

#### Data structure

Input data of Analog Input

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			Status	

#### TOTAL module

Transmit a totalizer value from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

A selected totalizer value, along with the status, is cyclically transmitted to a PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the TOTAL module. The totalizer value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the totalizer value.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 5 to 7).

### Selection: totalizer value

The totalizer value can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

Channel	Input variable
9	Volume flow
11	Mass flow
13	Corrected volume flow
38	Energy flow
46	Total mass flow
47	Condensate mass flow
49	Heat flow difference

#### Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: TOTAL
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	Volume flow

#### Data structure

Input data of TOTAL

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			Status	

#### SETTOT\_TOTAL module

The module combination consists of the SETTOT and TOTAL functions:

- SETTOT: Control the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- TOTAL: Transmit totalizer value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS master.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 5 to 7).

Selection: control totalizer

Channel	Value SETTOT	Control totalizer
0	0	Totalize
1	1	Resetting
2	2	Adopt totalizer initial setting

#### Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: Value SETTOT (meaning)
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	0 (totalizing)

#### Data structure

Output data of SETTOT

Byte 1	
Control variable 1	

#### Input data of TOTAL

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	d value: floating	point number (IE	EEE 754)	Status

## SETTOT\_MODETOT\_TOTAL module

The module combination consists of the SETTOT, MODETOT and TOTAL functions:

- SETTOT: Control the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.MODETOT: Configure the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- TOTAL: Transmit totalizer value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS master.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 5 to 7).

#### Selection: totalizer configuration

Channel	MODETOT value	Totalizer configuration
0	0	Balancing
1	1	Balance the positive flow
2	2	Balance the negative flow
3	3	Stop totalizing

#### Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: Value MODETOT (meaning)
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	0 (balancing)

#### Data structure

#### Output data of SETTOT and MODETOT

Byte 1	Byte 2
Control variable 1: SETTOT	Control variable 2: MODETOT

#### Input data of TOTAL

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	d value: floating	point number (IE	EE 754)	Status

### AO module (Analog Output)

Transmit a compensation value from the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to the measuring device.

A compensation value, along with the status, is cyclically transmitted from the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) to the measuring device via the AO module. The compensation value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the compensation value.

One Analog Output block is available (slot 8).

### Assigned compensation values

A compensation value is permanently assigned to the individual Analog Output blocks.

CHANNEL	Function block	Compensation value
1507	AO 1	External compensation <sup>1)</sup>

1) The compensation values must be transmitted to the device in the SI basic unit



The selection is made via: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  External compensation

#### Data structure

Output data of Analog Output

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			Status	

#### DI module (Discrete Input)

Transmit discrete input values from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1). Discrete input values are used by the measuring device to transmit the state of device functions to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

The DI module cyclically transmits the discrete input value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1). The discrete input value is depicted in the first byte. The second byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input value.

Two Discrete Input blocks are available (slot 9 to 10).

#### Selection: device function

The device function can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

CHANNEL	Device function	Factory setting: Status (meaning)
893	Switch output state	
895	Low flow cut off	<ul><li>0 (device function not active)</li><li>1 (device function active)</li></ul>
1430	Status verification <sup>1)</sup>	

1) Only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package

Function block	Factory setting
DI 1	Switch output state
DI 2	Low flow cut off

#### Data structure

Input data of Discrete Input

Byte 1	Byte 2
Discrete	Status

#### DO module (Discrete Output)

Transmit discrete output values from the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to the measuring device. Discrete output values are used by the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to enable and disable device functions.

The DO module cyclically transmits the discrete output value, along with the status, to the measuring device. The discrete output value is depicted in the first byte. The second byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the output value.

Three Discrete Output blocks are available (slot 11 to 13).

#### Assigned device functions

A device function is permanently assigned to the individual Discrete Output blocks.

CHANNEL	Function block	Device function	Values: control (meaning)
891	DO 1	Flow override	<ul> <li>0 (disable device function)</li> </ul>
1429	DO 2	Start verification <sup>1)</sup>	• 1 (enable device function)

1) Only available with the Heartbeat Verification application package

#### Data structure

Output data of Discrete Output

Byte 1	Byte 2
Discrete	Status

#### EMPTY\_MODULE module

This module is used to assign empty spaces arising from modules not being used in the slots .

The measuring device works as a modular PROFIBUS slave. In contrast to a compact slave, a modular PROFIBUS slave has a variable design and consists of several individual modules. The GSD file contains a description of the individual modules along with their individual properties.

The modules are permanently assigned to the slots. When configuring the modules, it is absolutely essential to observe the sequence/arrangement of the modules. Any gaps between the configured modules must be filled with the EMPTY\_MODULE.

# 10 Commissioning

# **10.1** Function check

Before commissioning the measuring device:

- Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed.
- "Post-installation check" checklist  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  28
- "Post-connection check" checklist  $\rightarrow \cong 42$

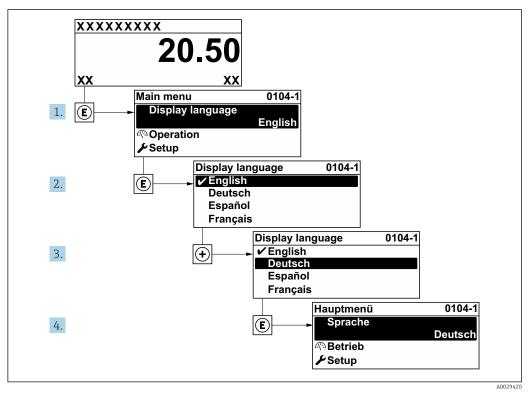
# **10.2** Switching on the measuring device

- ► After a successful function check, switch on the measuring device.
  - ← After a successful startup, the local display switches automatically from the startup display to the operational display.

If nothing appears on the local display or a diagnostic message is displayed, refer to the section on "Diagnostics and troubleshooting"  $\rightarrow \cong 138$ .

# **10.3** Setting the operating language

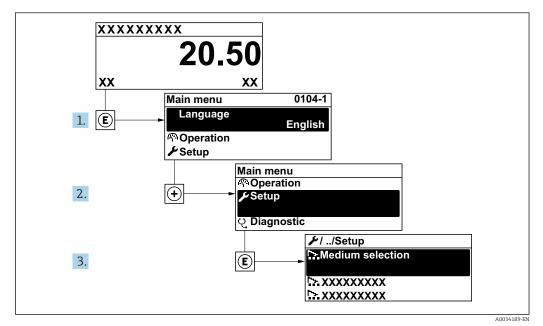
Factory setting: English or ordered local language



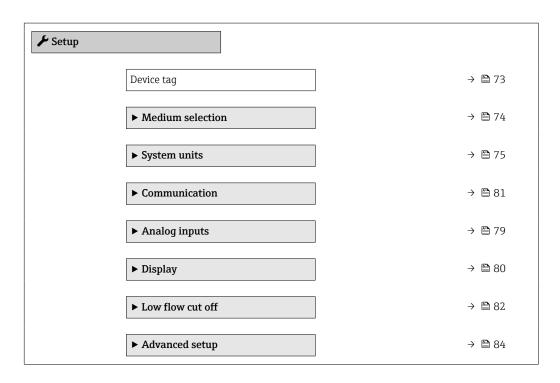
■ 17 Taking the example of the local display

# **10.4** Configuring the measuring device

- The **Setup** menu with its guided wizards contains all the parameters needed for standard operation.
- Navigation to the Setup menu

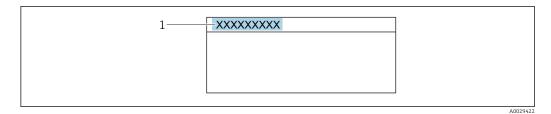


Is Taking the example of the local display



# 10.4.1 Defining the tag name

To enable fast identification of the measuring point within the system, you can enter a unique designation using the **Device tag** parameter and thus change the factory setting.



- I9 Header of the operational display with tag name
- 1 Tag name

Enter the tag name in the "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \triangleq 60$ 

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device tag

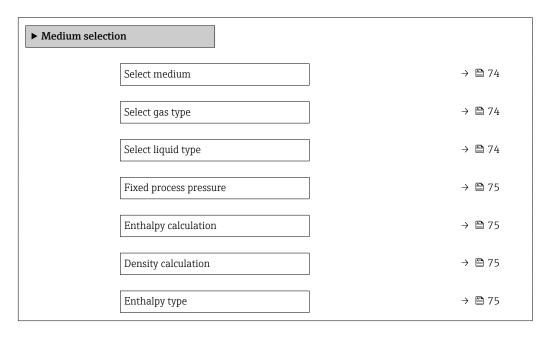
Parameter	Description	User entry	Factory setting
Device tag	Enter the name for the measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Prowirl 200 PA

## 10.4.2 Selecting and setting the medium

The **Medium selection** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be configured in order to select and set the medium.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Select medium	-	Select medium type.	<ul><li>Gas</li><li>Liquid</li><li>Steam</li></ul>	Steam
Select gas type	The following conditions are met: Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)" The Gas option is selected in the Select medium parameter parameter.	Select measured gas type.	<ul> <li>Single gas</li> <li>Gas mixture</li> <li>Air</li> <li>Natural gas</li> <li>User-specific gas</li> </ul>	User-specific gas
Select liquid type	The following conditions are met: Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)" The Liquid option is selected in the Select medium parameter parameter.	Select measured liquid type.	<ul> <li>Water</li> <li>LPG (Liquefied Petroleum Gas)</li> <li>User-specific liquid</li> </ul>	Water

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Fixed process pressure	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass flow (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>In the External value parameter (→  Pressure option is not selected.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enter fixed value for process pressure.</li> <li>Dependency</li> <li>The unit is taken from the</li> <li>Pressure unit parameter.</li> <li>I For detailed information on the calculation of the measured variables with steam: → 🗎 125</li> </ul>	0 to 250 bar abs.	0 bar abs.
Enthalpy calculation	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected and in the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select the norm the enthalpy calculation is based on.	• AGA5 • ISO 6976	AGA5
Density calculation	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select the norm the density calculation is based on.	<ul> <li>AGA Nx19</li> <li>ISO 12213- 2</li> <li>ISO 12213- 3</li> </ul>	AGA Nx19
Enthalpy type	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the User-specific gas option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select liquid type parameter, the User-specific liquid option is selected.</li> </ul>	Define which kind of enthalpy is used.	<ul><li>Heat</li><li>Calorific value</li></ul>	Heat

## **10.4.3** Setting the system units

In the **System units** submenu the units of all the measured values can be set.

Depending on the device version, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. The selection can vary depending on the order code.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → System units

► System units			
	Volume flow unit		→ 🗎 76
	Volume unit		→ 🗎 76

Mass flow unit		→ 🗎 76
Mass unit		→ 🗎 76
Corrected volume flow unit		→ 🗎 77
Corrected volume unit		→ 🗎 77
Pressure unit		→ 🗎 77
Temperature unit		→ 🗎 77
Energy flow unit		→ 🗎 77
Energy unit		→ 🗎 77
Calorific value unit		→ 🗎 77
Calorific value unit		→ 🗎 78
Velocity unit		→ 🗎 78
Density unit		→ 🗎 78
Specific volume unit		→ 🗎 78
Dynamic viscosity unit		→ 🗎 78
Length unit	1	→ 🗎 78
		, ,,,

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Volume flow unit	-	Select volume flow unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: • Output • Low flow cut off • Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • m <sup>3</sup> /h • ft <sup>3</sup> /min
Volume unit	-	Select volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • m <sup>3</sup> • ft <sup>3</sup>
Mass flow unit	-	Select mass flow unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: • Output • Low flow cut off • Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kg/h • lb/min
Mass unit	-	Select mass unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kg • lb

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Corrected volume flow unit	_	Select corrected volume flow unit. Result The selected unit applies for: Corrected volume flow parameter ( $\rightarrow \boxminus 130$ )	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • Nm³/h • Sft³/h
Corrected volume unit	-	Select corrected volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • Nm <sup>3</sup> • Sft <sup>3</sup>
Pressure unit	With order code for "Sensor version": option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Select process pressure unit. <i>Result</i> The unit is taken from: • Calculated saturated steam pressure • Atmospheric pressure • Maximum value • Fixed process pressure • Pressure • Reference pressure	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • bar • psi
Temperature unit		Select temperature unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: • Temperature • Maximum value • Minimum value • Average value • Maximum value • Maximum value • Minimum value • Minimum value • Minimum value • Reference combustion temperature • Reference temperature • Reference temperature • Saturation temperature	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • °C • °F
Energy flow unit	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Select energy flow unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: • Heat flow difference parameter • Energy flow parameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kW • Btu/h
Energy unit	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Select energy unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kWh • Btu
Calorific value unit	The following conditions are met: • Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)" • The Gross calorific value volume option or the Net calorific value volume option is selected in the Calorific value type parameter.	Select calorific value unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: Reference gross calorific value	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kJ/Nm <sup>3</sup> • Btu/Sft <sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Calorific value unit (Mass)	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>The Gross calorific value mass option or the Net calorific value mass option is selected in the Calorific value type parameter.</li> </ul>	Select calorific value unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kJ/kg • Btu/lb
Velocity unit	-	Select velocity unit. Result The selected unit applies for: • Flow velocity • Maximum value	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • m/s • ft/s
Density unit	_	Select density unit. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: • Output • Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • kg/m <sup>3</sup> • lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
Specific volume unit	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Select the unit for the specific volume. <i>Result</i> The selected unit applies for: Specific volume	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • m <sup>3</sup> /kg • ft <sup>3</sup> /lb
Dynamic viscosity unit	-	Select dynamic viscosity unit. Result The selected unit applies for: • Dynamic viscosity parameter (gases) • Dynamic viscosity parameter (liquids)	Unit choose list	Pa s
Length unit	_	Select length unit for nominal diameter. Result The selected unit applies for: Inlet run Mating pipe diameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific: • mm • in

## 10.4.4 Configuring the analog inputs

The **Analog inputs** submenu guides the user systematically to the individual **Analog input 1 to n** submenu. From here you get to the parameters of the individual analog input.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Analog inputs

► Analog inputs	
► Analog input 1 to n	
Channel	→ 🗎 79
PV filter time	→ 🖺 79
Fail safe type	→ 🗎 79
Fail safe value	→ 🗎 79

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Channel	-	Select the process variable.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> <li>Reynolds number*</li> <li>Density*</li> <li>Pressure*</li> <li>Specific volume*</li> <li>Degrees of superheat*</li> </ul>	Volume flow
PV filter time	-	Specify the time to suppress signal peaks. During the specified time the analog input does not respond to an erratic increase in the process variable.	Positive floating- point number	0
Fail safe type	-	Select the failure mode.	<ul><li>Fail safe value</li><li>Fallback value</li><li>Off</li></ul>	Off
Fail safe value	In <b>Fail safe type</b> parameter, the <b>Fail safe value</b> option is selected.	Specify the values to be output when an error occurs.	Signed floating-point number	0

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.4.5 Configuring the local display

The **Display** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can configured for configuring the local display.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Display

► Display	
Format display	→ 🗎 81
Value 1 display	→ 🗎 81
0% bargraph value 1	→ 🗎 81
100% bargraph value 1	→ 🗎 81
Value 2 display	→ 🗎 81
Value 3 display	→ 🗎 81
0% bargraph value 3	→ 🗎 81
100% bargraph value 3	→ 🖹 81
Value 4 display	→ 🖹 81

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Condensate mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> <li>Reynolds number*</li> <li>Density*</li> <li>Pressure*</li> <li>Specific volume*</li> <li>Degrees of superheat*</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>	Volume flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: • 0 m <sup>3</sup> /h • 0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter	None
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 81$ )	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: • 0 m <sup>3</sup> /h • 0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 81$ )	None

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.4.6 Configuring communication interface

The **Communication** submenu guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be configured for selecting and setting the communication interface.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication

► Communication		
Device address		→ 🗎 82

### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry	Factory setting
Device address	Enter device address.	0 to 126	126

## 10.4.7 Configuring the low flow cut off

The **Low flow cut off** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be set to configure low flow cut off.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Low flow cut off

[	► Low flow cut off	
	Assign process variable	) → 🗎 83
	On value low flow cutoff	) → 🗎 83
	Off value low flow cutoff	) → 🗎 83

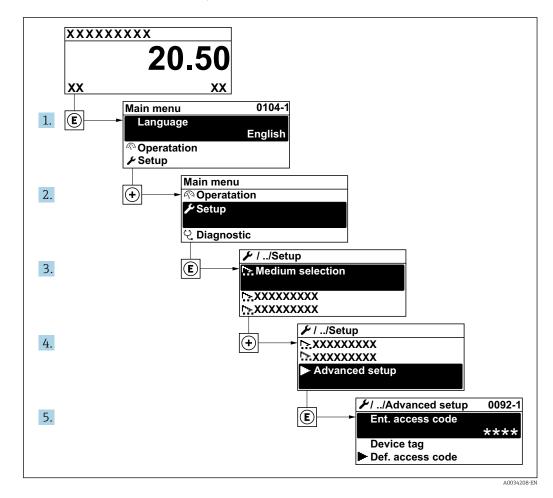
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Reynolds number *</li> </ul>	Off
On value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🗎 83): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Reynolds number *	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Positive floating- point number	0
Off value low flow cutoff	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🗎 83): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Reynolds number *	Enter off value for low flow cut off.	0 to 100.0 %	50 %

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5 Advanced settings

The **Advanced setup** submenu together with its submenus contains parameters for specific settings.

Navigation to the "Advanced setup" submenu



The number of submenus can vary depending on the device version. Some submenus are not dealt with in the Operating Instructions. These submenus and the parameters they contain are explained in the Special Documentation for the device.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup

► Advanced setup		
Enter access code		
► Medium properties	$\rightarrow \square$	85
► External compensation	$\rightarrow$	99
► Sensor adjustment	$\rightarrow$	101
► Pulse/frequency/switch output	$\rightarrow$	102

► Totalizer 1 to n	) → 🗎 109
► Display	) → 🗎 111
► Heartbeat setup	]
► Configuration backup display	) → 🗎 113
► Administration	→ 🗎 115
	<ul> <li>Display</li> <li>Heartbeat setup</li> <li>Configuration backup display</li> </ul>

## **10.5.1** Setting the medium properties

In the **Medium properties** submenu the reference values for the measuring application can be set.

### Navigation

 $"Setup" menu \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Medium properties$ 

► Medium properties		
Enthalpy type	] → 🗎 86	
Calorific value type	) → 🗎 86	
Reference combustion temperature	) → 🗎 86	
Reference density	) → 🗎 86	
Reference gross calorific value	] → 🗎 86	
Reference pressure	] → 🗎 87	
Reference temperature	] → 🖺 87	
Reference Z-factor	→ 🗎 87	
Linear expansion coefficient	→ 🗎 87	
Relative density	→ 🗎 87	
Specific heat capacity	→ 🗎 87	
Calorific value	→ 🗎 88	
Z-factor	→ 🗎 88	
Dynamic viscosity	} → 🗎 88	

Dynamic viscosity	→ 🗎 88
► Gas composition	→ 🗎 88

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Enthalpy type	The following conditions are met: In the Select gas type parameter, the User- specific gas option is selected. Or In the Select liquid type parameter, the User- specific liquid option is selected.	Define which kind of enthalpy is used.	<ul><li>Heat</li><li>Calorific value</li></ul>	Heat
Calorific value type	The <b>Calorific value type</b> parameter is visible.	Select calculation based on gross calorific value or net calorific value.	<ul> <li>Gross calorific value volume</li> <li>Net calorific value volume</li> <li>Gross calorific value mass</li> <li>Net calorific value mass</li> </ul>	Gross calorific value mass
Reference combustion temperature	The <b>Reference combustion</b> <b>temperature</b> parameter is visible.	Enter reference combustion temperature to calculate the natural gas energy value. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Temperature unit</b> parameter	−200 to 450 °C	20 °C
Reference density	The following conditions are met: In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter, the <b>User-</b> <b>specific gas</b> option is selected. Or In the <b>Select liquid type</b> parameter, the <b>Water</b> option or <b>User-specific</b> <b>liquid</b> option is selected.	Enter fixed value for reference density. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Density unit</b> parameter	0.01 to 15 000 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1000 kg/m³
Reference gross calorific value	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-3 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter reference gross calorific value of the natural gas. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Calorific value unit</b> parameter	Positive floating- point number	50 000 kJ/Nm <sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Reference pressure	The following conditions are met: • Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)" • The <b>Gas</b> option is selected in the <b>Select medium</b> parameter parameter.	Enter reference pressure for the calulation of the reference density. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Pressure unit</b> parameter.	0 to 250 bar	1.01325 bar
Reference temperature	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>The Gas option is selected in the Select medium parameter. Or</li> <li>The Liquid option is selected in the Select medium parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter reference temperature for calculating the reference density. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Temperature unit</b> parameter	–200 to 450 °C	20 °C
Reference Z-factor	In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter, the <b>User-specific</b> <b>gas</b> option is selected.	Enter real gas constant Z for gas under reference conditions.	0.1 to 2	1
Linear expansion coefficient	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>The Liquid option is selected in the Select medium parameter.</li> <li>The User-specific liquid option is selected in the Select liquid type parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter linear, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	1.0 · 10 <sup>-6</sup> to 2.0 · 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.06 · 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Relative density	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-3 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter a relative density of the natural gas.	0.55 to 0.9	0.664
Specific heat capacity	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Selected medium:</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the User-specific gas option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select liquid type parameter, the User-specific liquid option is selected.</li> <li>In the Enthalpy type parameter, the Heat option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter the specific heat capacity of the medium. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Specific heat capacity unit</b> parameter	0 to 50 kJ/(kgK)	4.187 kJ/(kgK)

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Calorific value	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Selected medium:</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the User-specific gas option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select liquid type parameter, the User-specific liquid option is selected.</li> <li>In the Enthalpy type parameter, the Calorific value option is selected.</li> <li>In the Calorific value type parameter, the Gross calorific value volume option or Gross calorific value mass option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter gross calorific value to calculate the energy flow.	Positive floating- point number	50 000 kJ/kg
Z-factor	In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter, the <b>User-specific</b> <b>gas</b> option is selected.	Enter real gas constant Z for gas under operation conditions.	0.1 to 2.0	1
Dynamic viscosity (Gases)	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version",</li> <li>Option "Volume" or</li> <li>Option "Volume high temperature"</li> <li>The Gas option or the Steam option is selected in the Select medium parameter. or</li> <li>The User-specific gas option is selected in the Select gas type parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter fixed value for dynamic viscosity for a gas/steam. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Dynamic viscosity unit</b> parameter.	Positive floating- point number	0.015 cP
Dynamic viscosity (Liquids)	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version",</li> <li>Option "Volume" or</li> <li>Option "Volume high temperature"</li> <li>The Liquid option is selected in the Select medium parameter parameter. or</li> <li>The User-specific liquid option is selected in the Select liquid type parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter fixed value for dynamic viscosity for a liquid. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Dynamic viscosity unit</b> parameter.	Positive floating- point number	1 cP

## Configuring the gas composition

In the **Gas composition** submenu the gas composition for the measuring application can be set.

Navigation "Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties  $\rightarrow$  Gas composition

► Gas composition	
Gas type	→ 🗎 91
Gas mixture	→ 🗎 91
Mol% Ar	→ 🗎 92
Mol% C2H3Cl	→ 🗎 92
Mol% C2H4	→ 🗎 92
Mol% C2H6	→ 🗎 92
Mol% C3H8	→ 🗎 93
Mol% CH4	→ 🗎 93
Mol% Cl2	→ 🗎 93
Mol% CO	→ 🗎 93
Mol% CO2	→ 🗎 94
Mol% H2	→ 🗎 94
Mol% H2O	→ 🗎 94
Mol% H2S	→ 🗎 94
Mol% HCl	→ 🗎 95
Mol% He	→ 🗎 95
Mol% i-C4H10	→ 🗎 95
Mol% i-C5H12	→ 🗎 95
Mol% Kr	→ 🗎 95
Mol% N2	→ 🗎 96
Mol% n-C10H22	→ 🗎 96
Mol% n-C4H10	→ 🗎 96

Mol% n-C5H12	→ 🗎 97
Mol% n-C6H14	→ 🖺 97
Mol% n-C7H16	→ 🗎 97
Mol% n-C8H18	→ 🗎 97
Mol% n-C9H2O	→ 🖺 97
Mol% Ne	→ 🖺 98
Mol% NH3	→ 🖺 98
Mol% O2	→ 🖺 98
Mol% SO2	→ 🖺 98
Mol% Xe	→ 🗎 98
Mol% other gas	→ 🗎 99
Relative humidity	→ 🖺 99

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Gas type	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Single gas option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select measured gas type.	<ul> <li>Hydrogen H2</li> <li>Helium He</li> <li>Neon Ne</li> <li>Argon Ar</li> <li>Krypton Kr</li> <li>Xenon Xe</li> <li>Nitrogen N2</li> <li>Oxygen O2</li> <li>Chlorine Cl2</li> <li>Ammonia NH3</li> <li>Carbon monoxide CO</li> <li>Carbon dioxide CO2</li> <li>Sulfur dioxide SO2</li> <li>Hydrogen sulfide H2S</li> <li>Hydrogen chloride HCI</li> <li>Methane CH4</li> <li>Ethane C2H6</li> <li>Propane C3H8</li> <li>Butane C4H10</li> <li>Ethylene C2H4</li> <li>Vinyl Chloride C2H3CI</li> </ul>	Methane CH4
Gas mixture	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select measured gas mixture.	<ul> <li>Hydrogen H2</li> <li>Helium He</li> <li>Neon Ne</li> <li>Argon Ar</li> <li>Krypton Kr</li> <li>Xenon Xe</li> <li>Nitrogen N2</li> <li>Oxygen O2</li> <li>Chlorine Cl2</li> <li>Ammonia NH3</li> <li>Carbon monoxide CO</li> <li>Carbon dioxide CO2</li> <li>Sulfur dioxide SO2</li> <li>Hydrogen sulfide H2S</li> <li>Hydrogen chloride HCI</li> <li>Methane CH4</li> <li>Ethane C2H6</li> <li>Propane C3H8</li> <li>Butane C4H10</li> <li>Ethylene C2H4</li> <li>Vinyl Chloride C2H3CI</li> <li>Others</li> </ul>	Methane CH4

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% Ar	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Argon Ar option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% C2H3Cl	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Vinyl Chloride C2H3Cl option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% C2H4	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Ethylene C2H4 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% C2H6	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Ethane C2H6 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% C3H8	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Propane C3H8 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% CH4	The following conditions are met: In the <b>Select medium</b> parameter, the <b>Gas</b> option is selected. In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter, the <b>Gas mixture</b> option is selected and in the <b>Gas mixture</b> parameter, the <b>Methane CH4</b> option is selected. Or In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter, the <b>Natural gas</b> option is selected.	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	100 %
Mol% Cl2	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Chlorine Cl2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% CO	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Carbon monoxide CO option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% CO2	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Carbon dioxide CO2 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% H2	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Hydrogen H2 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the AGA Nx19 option is not selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% H2O	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% H2S	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Hydrogen sulfide H2S option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% HCl	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Hydrogen chloride HCl option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% He	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met: In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Helium He option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% i-C4H10	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% i-C5H12	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% Kr	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Krypton Kr option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% N2	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Nitrogen N2 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the AGA Nx19 option or the ISO 12213- 2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% n-C10H22	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% n-C4H10	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Butane C4H10 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213- 2 option is selected.</li> <li>Or</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Liquid option is selected and in the Select dation is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Parameter Prerequisite Description		Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% n-C5H12	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% n-C6H14	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% n-C7H16	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% n-C8H18	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% n-C9H2O	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% Ne	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Neon Ne option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% NH3	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Ammonia NH3 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% O2	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected and in the Gas mixture parameter, the Oxygen O2 option is selected. Or</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Natural gas option is selected and in the Density calculation parameter, the ISO 12213-2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% SO2	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Sulfur dioxide SO2 option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Mol% Xe	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Xenon Xe option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Mol% other gas	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Gas mixture option is selected.</li> <li>In the Gas mixture parameter, the Others option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter amount of substance for the gas mixture.	0 to 100 %	0 %
Relative humidity	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>In the Select medium parameter, the Gas option is selected.</li> <li>In the Select gas type parameter, the Air option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter humidity content of air in %.	0 to 100 %	0 %

## 10.5.2 Performing external compensation

The **External compensation** submenu contains parameters which can be used to enter external or fixed values. These values are used for internal calculations.

The **Fixed process pressure** parameter is set to the value **0 bar abs.** (ex works). In this case, the measuring device ignores the pressure read in via PROFIBUS PA. For the measuring device to use the external (read-in) pressure, a value > 0 bar abs. must be entered in the **Fixed process pressure** parameter.

For a detailed description of how to calculate the mass flow and energy flow:

### Navigation

"Expert" menu → Sensor → External compensation

► External compensation			
External value		]	→ 🗎 100
Atmospheric pressu	e	]	→ 🗎 100
Delta heat calculatio	n	]	→ 🗎 100
Fixed density		]	→ 🗎 100
Fixed temperature			→ 🗎 100
2nd temperature del	ta heat		→ 🗎 100
Fixed process pressu	re		→ 🗎 100

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
External value	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Assign variable from external device to process variable. <i>Selection</i> <b>NOTE!</b> <b>If pressure is the selected</b> <b>option, the pressure is read</b> <b>in externally by means of a</b> <b>pressure transmitter.</b> The pressure must be read in the unit Pascal so that pressure compensation can be read in correctly. • Select the <b>Pa</b> option in the <b>Pressure unit</b> parameter.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Gauge pressure</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>2nd temperature delta heat</li> </ul>	Off
		For detailed information on the calculation of the measured variables with steam: → 🗎 125		
Atmospheric pressure	In the <b>External value</b> parameter, the <b>Gauge</b> <b>pressure</b> option is selected.	Enter atmospheric pressure value to be used for pressure correction. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Pressure unit</b> parameter	0 to 250 bar	1.01325 bar
Delta heat calculation	The <b>Delta heat calculation</b> parameter is visible.	Calculates the transferred heat of a heat exchanger (= delta heat).	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Device on cold side</li> <li>Device on warm side</li> </ul>	Device on warm side
Fixed density	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Volume high temperature"	Enter fixed value for medium density. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Density unit</b> parameter.	0.01 to 15 000 kg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 000 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Fixed temperature	-	Enter a fixed value for process temperature. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Temperature unit</b> parameter	−200 to 450 °C	20 °C
2nd temperature delta heat	The <b>2nd temperature delta heat</b> parameter is visible.	Enter 2nd temperature value to calculate the delta heat. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Temperature unit</b> parameter	-200 to 450 °C	20 °C
Fixed process pressure	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version", Option "Mass flow (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>In the External value parameter (→  Pressure option is not selected.</li> </ul>	Enter fixed value for process pressure. Dependency The unit is taken from the Pressure unit parameter. For detailed information on the calculation of the measured variables with steam: →  □ 125	0 to 250 bar abs.	0 bar abs.

## 10.5.3 Carrying out a sensor adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters that pertain to the functionality of the sensor.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment

► Sensor adjustment	
Inlet configuration	→ 🗎 101
Inlet run	→ 🗎 101
Mating pipe diameter	→ 🗎 101
Installation factor	→ 🗎 101

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Inlet configuration	<ul> <li>The inlet run correction feature:</li> <li>Is a standard feature and can only be used in Prowirl F 200.</li> <li>Can be used for the following pressure ratings and nominal diameters: DN 15 to 150 (1 to 6")</li> <li>EN (DIN)</li> <li>ASME B16.5, Sch. 40/80</li> </ul>	Select inlet configuration.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Single elbow</li> <li>Double elbow</li> <li>Double elbow 3D</li> <li>Reduction</li> </ul>	Off
Inlet run	<ul> <li>The inlet run correction feature:</li> <li>Is a standard feature and can only be used in Prowirl F 200.</li> <li>Can be used for the following pressure ratings and nominal diameters: DN 15 to 150 (1 to 6")</li> <li>EN (DIN)</li> <li>ASME B16.5, Sch. 40/80</li> </ul>	Define length of the straight inlet run. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Length unit</b> parameter	0 to 20 m	0 m
Mating pipe diameter	-	Enter diameter of mating pipe to enable diameter mismatch correction. Detailed information on diameter mismatch correction: $\rightarrow \cong 102$ <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Length unit</b> parameter.	0 to 1 m (0 to 3 ft) Input value = 0: Diameter mismatch correction is disabled.	Country-specific: • 0 m • 0 ft
Installation factor	-	Enter factor to adjust for installation conditions.	Positive floating- point number	1.0

### Diameter mismatch correction

The measuring device is calibrated according to the ordered process connection. This calibration takes account of the edge at the transition from the mating pipe to the process connection. If the mating pipe used deviates from the ordered process connection, a diameter mismatch correction can compensate for the effects. The difference between the internal diameter of the ordered process connection and the internal diameter of the mating pipe used must be taken into consideration.

The measuring device can correct shifts in the calibration factor which are caused, for example, by a diameter mismatch between the device flange (e.g. ASME B16.5/Sch. 80, DN 50 (2")) and the mating pipe (e.g. ASME B16.5/Sch. 40, DN 50 (2")). Only apply diameter mismatch correction within the following limit values (listed below) for which test measurements have also been performed.

### Flange connection:

- DN 15 (1/2"): ±20 % of the internal diameter
- DN 25 (1"): ±15 % of the internal diameter
- DN 40 (1½"): ±12 % of the internal diameter
- $DN \ge 50$  (2"): ±10 % of the internal diameter

If the standard internal diameter of the ordered process connection differs from the internal diameter of the mating pipe, an additional measuring uncertainty of approx. 2 % o.r. must be expected.

### Example

Influence of the diameter mismatch without using the correction function:

- Mating pipe DN 100 (4"), Schedule 80
- Device flange DN 100 (4"), Schedule 40
- This installation position results in a diameter mismatch of 5 mm (0.2 in). If the correction function is not used, an additional measuring uncertainty of approx. 2 % o.r. must be expected.
- If the basic conditions are met and the feature is enabled, the additional measuring uncertainty is 1 % o.r.

## 10.5.4 Configuring the pulse/frequency/switch output

The **Pulse/frequency/switch output** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can be set for configuring the selected output type.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse/frequency/switch output		
Operating mode		→ 🗎 102

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse

### Configuring the pulse output

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse/frequency/switch output	
Assign pulse output 1	→ 🗎 103
Value per pulse	) → 🗎 103
Pulse width	) → 🗎 103
Failure mode	) → 🗎 104
Invert output signal	) → 🗎 104

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign pulse output	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Select process variable for pulse output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> </ul>	Volume flow
Value per pulse	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 103$ ): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Total mass flow * • Energy flow * • Heat flow difference *	Enter measured value at which a pulse is output.	Positive floating- point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Pulse width	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🗎 103): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Total mass flow • Energy flow • Heat flow difference	Define time width of the output pulse.	5 to 2 000 ms	100 ms

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Failure mode	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🗎 103): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Total mass flow • Energy flow • Heat flow difference	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>No pulses</li></ul>	No pulses
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	No

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## Configuring the frequency output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse/frequency/switch output	
Assign frequency output	) → 🗎 105
Minimum frequency value	] → 🗎 105
Maximum frequency value	) → 🗎 105
Measuring value at minimum frequency	→ 🗎 106
Measuring value at maximum frequency	→ 🗎 106
Failure mode	] → 🗎 106
Failure frequency	] → 🗎 107
Invert output signal	] → 🗎 107

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign frequency output	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🗎 102) parameter.	Select process variable for frequency output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> </ul>	Off
Minimum frequency value	In the Operating mode parameter, the Frequency option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the Assign frequency output parameter (→	Enter minimum frequency.	0 to 1 000 Hz	0 Hz
Maximum frequency value	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign</b> <b>frequency output</b> parameter (→	Enter maximum frequency.	0 to 1 000 Hz	1 000 Hz

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Measuring value at minimum frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected, and one of         the following options is         selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter         (→ <sup>10</sup> 105):         Volume flow         Corrected volume flow         Mass flow         Flow velocity         Temperature         Pressure         Calculated saturated steam         pressure*         Total mass flow         Energy flow*         Heat flow difference*	Enter measured value for minmum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Measuring value at maximum frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected, and one of         the following options is         selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter         (→ ■ 105):         Volume flow         Corrected volume flow         Mass flow         Flow velocity         Temperature         Pressure         Calculated saturated steam         pressure*         Total mass flow*         Energy flow*         Heat flow difference*	Enter measured value for maximum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Failure mode	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ ) 102), the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→ ) 105): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Flow velocity • Temperature • Pressure • Calculated saturated steam pressure <sup>*</sup> • Total mass flow * • Energy flow * • Heat flow difference *	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Defined value</li> <li>0 Hz</li> </ul>	0 Hz

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Failure frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→  102), the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected, and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→  105): • Volume flow • Corrected volume flow • Mass flow • Flow velocity • Temperature • Pressure • Calculated saturated steam pressure* • Total mass flow • Heat flow difference *	Enter frequency output value in alarm condition.	0.0 to 1250.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	No

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## Configuring the switch output

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse/frequency/switch output	
Switch output function	→ 🗎 108
Assign diagnostic behavior	→ 🗎 108
Assign limit	→ 🗎 108
Assign flow direction check	→ 🗎 108
Assign status	→ 🗎 108
Switch-on value	→ 🗎 108
Switch-off value	→ 🗎 108
Switch-on delay	→ 🗎 108
Switch-off delay	→ 🗎 109
Failure mode	→ 🗎 109
Invert output signal	→ 🗎 109

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Switch output function	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Select function for switch output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	Off
Assign diagnostic behavior	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Diagnostic behavior option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select diagnostic behavior for switch output.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Alarm or warning</li><li>Warning</li></ul>	Alarm
Assign limit	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter parameter.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for limit function.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> <li>Reynolds number*</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>	Volume flow
Assign flow direction check	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Flow direction check option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for flow direction monitoring.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> </ul>	Volume flow
Assign status	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Status option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select device status for switch output.	<ul><li>Low flow cut off</li><li>Digital output 2</li></ul>	Low flow cut off
Switch-on value	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Limit option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-on point.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: • 0 m <sup>3</sup> /h • 0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
Switch-off value	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Limit option is selected.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-off point.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: • 0 m <sup>3</sup> /h • 0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
Switch-on delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-on of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Switch-off delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-off of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Failure mode	-	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual status</li><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	No

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.5 Configuring the totalizer

In the **"Totalizer 1 to n" submenu** the individual totalizer can be configured.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer 1 to n

► Totalizer 1 to n	
Assign process variable	) → 🗎 110
Unit totalizer	→ 🖺 110
Control Totalizer 1 to n	→ 🗎 110
Totalizer operation mode	→ 🗎 110
Failure mode	→ 🗎 110

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for totalizer.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Total mass flow *</li> <li>Condensate mass flow *</li> <li>Energy flow *</li> <li>Heat flow difference *</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Totalizer 1: Volume flow</li> <li>Totalizer 2: Mass flow</li> <li>Totalizer 3: Corrected volume flow</li> </ul>
Unit totalizer	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process</b> <b>variable</b> parameter: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow <sup>*</sup> • Condensate mass flow <sup>*</sup> • Energy flow <sup>*</sup> • Heat flow difference <sup>*</sup>	Select the unit for the process variable of the totalizer.	Unit choose list	m <sup>3</sup>
Control Totalizer 1 to n	In the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter, one of the following options is selected: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow <sup>*</sup> • Condensate mass flow <sup>*</sup> • Energy flow <sup>*</sup> • Heat flow difference <sup>*</sup>	Control totalizer value.	<ul> <li>Totalize</li> <li>Reset + hold</li> <li>Preset + hold</li> </ul>	Totalize
Totalizer operation mode	In the Assign process variable parameter, one of the following options is selected: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow * • Condensate mass flow * • Energy flow * • Heat flow difference *	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul> <li>Net flow total</li> <li>Forward flow total</li> <li>Reverse flow total</li> <li>Last valid value</li> </ul>	Net flow total
Failure mode	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process</b> <b>variable</b> parameter: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow • Total mass flow • Energy flow • Heat flow difference	Define the totalizer behavior in the event of a device alarm.	<ul> <li>Stop</li> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Last valid value</li> </ul>	Actual value

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.6 Carrying out additional display configurations

In the **Display** submenu you can set all the parameters associated with the configuration of the local display.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display

► Display	
Format display	→ 🗎 112
Value 1 display	) → 🗎 112
0% bargraph value 1	) → 🗎 112
100% bargraph value 1	] → 🗎 112
Decimal places 1	→ 🗎 112
Value 2 display	→ 🗎 112
Decimal places 2	→ 🗎 112
Value 3 display	→ 🗎 112
0% bargraph value 3	→ 🗎 112
100% bargraph value 3	→ 🗎 112
Decimal places 3	→ 🗎 113
Value 4 display	→ 🗎 113
Decimal places 4	→ 🗎 113
Language	) → 🗎 113
Display interval	→ 🗎 113
Display damping	→ 🗎 113
Header	) → 🗎 113
Header text	) → 🗎 113
Separator	] → 🗎 113
Backlight	] → 🗎 113

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Condensate mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> <li>Reynolds number*</li> <li>Density*</li> <li>Pressure*</li> <li>Specific volume*</li> <li>Degrees of superheat*</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>	Volume flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: • 0 m <sup>3</sup> /h • 0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Decimal places 1	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>x</li> <li>x.x</li> <li>x.xx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxxx</li> </ul>	X.XX
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter	None
Decimal places 2	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>x</li> <li>x.x</li> <li>x.xx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxxx</li> </ul>	x.xx
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 81$ )	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific: • 0 m <sup>3</sup> /h • 0 ft <sup>3</sup> /h
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0

Parameter	Prerequisite	Prerequisite Description		Factory setting
Decimal places 3	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>x</li> <li>x.x</li> <li>x.xx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxxx</li> </ul>	x.xx
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see the Value 1 display parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 81$ )	None
Decimal places 4	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 4 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>x</li> <li>x.x</li> <li>x.xx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxxx</li> </ul>	x.xx
Language	A local display is provided.	Set display language.	<ul> <li>English English</li> <li>Deutsch* (altern</li> <li>Français ordere</li> <li>Español* preset</li> <li>Italiano*</li> <li>Nederlands*</li> <li>Portuguesa*</li> <li>Polski*</li> <li>pyccĸий язык (Russian)*</li> <li>Svenska*</li> <li>Türkçe*</li> <li>中文 (Chinese)*</li> <li>日本語 (Japanese)*</li> <li>한국어 (Korean)*</li> <li>Bahasa Indonesia*</li> <li>tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)*</li> <li>čeština (Czech)*</li> </ul>	
Display interval	A local display is provided.	Set time measured values are 1 to 10 s shown on display if display alternates between values.		5 s
Display damping	A local display is provided.	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	n time to 0.0 to 999.9 s 0.0 s	
Header	A local display is provided.	Select header contents on local display.	al Device tag Device tag Free text	
Header text	In the <b>Header</b> parameter, the <b>Free text</b> option is selected.	Enter display header text.	text. Max. 12 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)	
Separator	A local display is provided.	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	<ul> <li>. (point)</li> <li>. (point)</li> <li>. (comma)</li> </ul>	
Backlight	Order code for "Display; operation", option <b>E</b> "SD03 4- line, illum.; touch control + data backup function"	Switch the local display     • Disable     Enable       D3 4-     backlight on and off.     • Enable		Enable

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.7 Configuration management

After commissioning, you can save the current device configuration, copy it to another measuring point or restore the previous device configuration.

You can do so using the **Configuration management** parameter and the related options found in the **Configuration backup display** submenu.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Configuration backup display

► Configuration backup display				
Operating time	→ 🗎 114			
Last backup	→ 🗎 114			
Configuration management	) → 🗎 114			
Comparison result	→ 🗎 114			

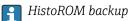
#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection	Factory setting
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Last backup	A local display is provided.	Indicates when the last data backup was saved to the display module.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Configuration management	A local display is provided.	Select action for managing the device data in the display module.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>Execute backup</li> <li>Restore</li> <li>Duplicate</li> <li>Compare</li> <li>Clear backup data</li> </ul>	Cancel
Comparison result	A local display is provided.	Comparison between present device data and display backup.	<ul> <li>Settings identical</li> <li>Settings not identical</li> <li>No backup available</li> <li>Backup settings corrupt</li> <li>Check not done</li> <li>Dataset incompatible</li> </ul>	Check not done

#### Function scope of the "Configuration management" parameter

Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
Execute backup	A backup copy of the current device configuration is saved from the HistoROM backup to the display module of the device. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Restore	The last backup copy of the device configuration is restored from the display module to the device's HistoROM backup. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Compare	The device configuration saved in the display module is compared with the current device configuration of the HistoROM backup.

Options	Description
Duplicate	The transmitter configuration from another device is duplicated to the device using the display module.
Clear backup data	The backup copy of the device configuration is deleted from the display module of the device.



A HistoROM is a "non-volatile" device memory in the form of an EEPROM.

While this action is in progress, the configuration cannot be edited via the local display and a message on the processing status appears on the display.

#### 10.5.8 Using parameters for device administration

The **Administration** submenu systematically guides the user through all the parameters that can be used for device administration purposes.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration

► Administration			
	► Define access co	de	
		Define access code	→ 🗎 115
		Confirm access code	→ 🗎 115
	Device reset		→ 🗎 115

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry / Selection	Factory setting
Define access code	Restrict write-access to parameters to protect the configuration of the device against unintentional changes via the local display.	0 to 9999	0
Confirm access code	Confirm the entered access code.	0 to 9999	0
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>To factory defaults</li><li>To delivery settings</li><li>Restart device</li></ul>	Cancel

# 10.6 Simulation

The **Simulation** submenu enables you to simulate, without a real flow situation, various process variables in the process and the device alarm mode and to verify downstream signal chains (switching valves or closed-control loops).

Navigation "Diagnostics" menu → Simulation

► Simulation		
	Assign simulation process variable	→ 🗎 117
	Value process variable	→ 🗎 117
	Frequency simulation	→ 🗎 117
	Frequency value	→ 🗎 117
	Pulse simulation	→ 🗎 117
	Pulse value	→ 🗎 117
	Switch output simulation	→ 🗎 117
	Switch status	→ 🗎 117
	Simulation device alarm	→ 🗎 118
	Diagnostic event category	→ 🗎 118
	Simulation diagnostic event	→ 🗎 118

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign simulation process variable	-	Select a process variable for the simulation process that is activated.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Condensate mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> </ul>	Off
Value process variable	One of the following options is selected in the Assign simulation process variable parameter (→	Enter the simulation value for the selected process variable.	Depends on the process variable selected	0
Frequency simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the frequency output on and off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	Off
Frequency value	In the <b>Frequency simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the frequency value for the simulation.	0.0 to 1250.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
Pulse simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected.	<ul> <li>Set and switch off the pulse output simulation.</li> <li>For Fixed value option: Pulse width parameter (→      103) defines the pulse width of the pulses output.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>Down-counting value</li> </ul>	Off
Pulse value	In the <b>Pulse simulation</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \boxdot 117$ ), the <b>Down-counting value</b> option is selected.	Enter the number of pulses for simulation.	0 to 65 535	0
Switch output simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Switch</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the switch output on and off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	Off
Switch status	In the Switch output simulation parameter $(\rightarrow \cong 117)$ Switch output simulation 1 to n parameter Switch output simulation 1 to n parameter, the On option is selected.	Select the status of the status output for the simulation.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Simulation device alarm	-	Switch the device alarm on and off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	Off
Diagnostic event category	-	Select a diagnostic event category.	<ul><li>Sensor</li><li>Electronics</li><li>Configuration</li><li>Process</li></ul>	Process
Simulation diagnostic event	-	Select a diagnostic event for the simulation process that is activated.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Diagnostic event picklist (depends on the category selected)</li> </ul>	Off

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# **10.7** Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following options exist for protecting the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification after commissioning:

- Write protection via access code
- Write protection via write protection switch
- Write protection via keypad lock

#### 10.7.1 Write protection via access code

The effects of the user-specific access code are as follows:

- Via local operation, the parameters for the measuring device configuration are writeprotected and their values can no longer be changed.
- Device access is protected via the Web browser, as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.

#### Defining the access code via local display

- 1. Navigate to the **Enter access code** parameter.
- 2. Define a max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters as the access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the to confirm the code.

The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view. The device locks the write-protected parameters automatically after 60 s if the user skips back to the operational display mode from the navigation and editing view.

#### Parameters which can always be modified via the local display

Certain parameters that do not affect the measurement are excepted from parameter write protection via the local display. Despite the user-specific access code, they can always be modified, even if the other parameters are locked.

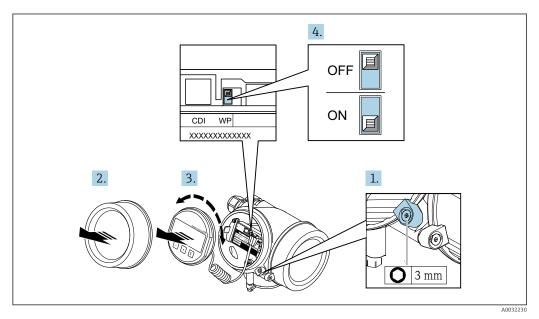
	Parameters for configuring the local display	Parameters for configuring the totalizer
	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
Language	Format display	Control Totalizer
	Contrast display	Preset value
	Display interval	

#### 10.7.2 Write protection via write protection switch

Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows write access to the entire operating menu - except for the **"Contrast display" parameter** - to be locked.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception **"Contrast display" parameter**):

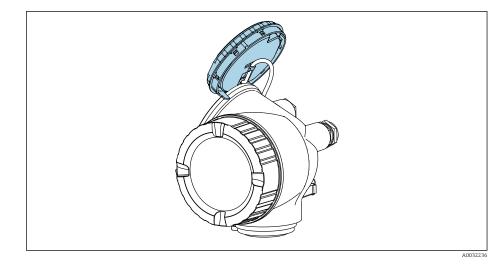
- Via local display
- Via PROFIBUS PA protocol



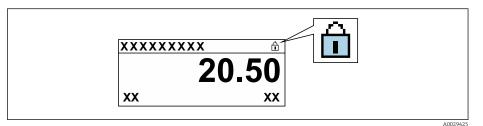
1. Loosen the securing clamp.

2. Unscrew the electronics compartment cover.

- **3.** Pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement. To make it easier to access the write protection switch, attach the display module to the edge of the electronics compartment.
  - └ Display module is attached to the edge of the electronics compartment.



- **4.** Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables hardware write protection. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.
  - If the hardware write protection is enabled: The Hardware locked option is displayed in the Locking status parameter. In addition, on the local display the B-symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



If the hardware write protection is disabled: No option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . On the local display, the 🖻-symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

- 5. Feed the cable into the gap between the housing and main electronics module and plug the display module into the electronics compartment in the desired direction until it engages.
- 6. Reverse the removal procedure to reassemble the transmitter.

# 10.8 Application-specific commissioning

#### 10.8.1 Steam application

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.

- 2. In the **Select medium** parameter, select the **Steam** option.
- When pressure measured value is read in <sup>2</sup>: In the Steam calculation mode parameter, select the Automatic (p-/T-compensated) option.
- If pressure measured value is not read in: In the Steam calculation mode parameter, select the Saturated steam (T-compensated) option.
- In the Steam quality value parameter, enter the steam quality present in the pipe.
   Measuring device uses this value to calculate the mass flow of the steam.

#### Configuring the analog input (AI)

6. Configuring the analog input (AI).

#### 10.8.2 Liquid application

User-specific liquid, e.g. heat carrier oil

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

- 1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
- 2. In the **Select medium** parameter, select the **Liquid** option.
- 3. In the **Select liquid type** parameter, select the **User-specific liquid** option.
- 4. In the **Enthalpy type** parameter, select the **Heat** option.
  - Heat option: Non-flammable liquid that serves as a heat carrier.
     Calorific value option: Flammable liquid whose combustion energy is calculated.

#### **Configuring fluid properties**

#### Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 5. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- 6. In the **Reference density** parameter, enter the reference density of the fluid.
- 7. In the **Reference temperature** parameter, enter the fluid temperature associated with the reference density.
- 8. In the **Linear expansion coefficient** parameter, enter the expansion coefficient of the fluid.
- 9. In the **Specific heat capacity** parameter, enter the heat capacity of the fluid.
- 10. In the **Dynamic viscosity** parameter, enter the viscosity of the fluid.

<sup>2)</sup> Sensor version option "mass (integrated pressure and temperature measurement)", Pressure read in via PA

#### 10.8.3 Gas applications

For accurate mass or corrected volume measurement, it is recommended to use the pressure-/temperature-compensated sensor version. If this sensor version is not available, read in the pressure via the PA. If neither of these two options is possible, the pressure can also be entered as a fixed value in the **Fixed process pressure** parameter.

Flow computer available only with the order code for "Sensor version", option "mass" (integrated temperature measurement)" or option "mass (integrated pressure/ temperature measurement)".

#### Single gas

Combustion gas, e.g. methane CH<sub>4</sub>

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

- 1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
- 2. In the **Select medium** parameter, select the **Gas** option.
- 3. In the **Select gas type** parameter, select the **Single gas** option.
- 4. In the **Gas type** parameter, select the **Methane CH4** option.

#### **Configuring fluid properties**

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 5. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- 6. In the **Reference combustion temperature** parameter, enter the reference combustion temperature of the fluid.

#### 7.

#### Configuring the analog input (AI)

8. Configure the Analog Input (AI) for the "energy flow" process variable.

#### Configuring optional fluid properties for output of corrected volume flow

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 9. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- 10. In the **Reference pressure** parameter, enter the reference pressure of the fluid.
- **11.** In the **Reference temperature** parameter, enter the reference temperature of the fluid.

#### Gas mixture

Forming gas for steel mills and rolling mills, e. g.  $N_2/H_2$ 

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

- 1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
- 2. In the **Select medium** parameter, select the **Gas** option.

3. In the **Select gas type** parameter, select the **Gas mixture** option.

#### Configuring gas composition

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties  $\rightarrow$  Gas composition

- 4. Call up the **Gas composition** submenu.
- 5. In the **Gas mixture** parameter, select the **Hydrogen H2** option and the **Nitrogen N2** option.
- 6. In the **Mol% H2** parameter, enter the quantity of hydrogen.
- 7. In the **Mol% N2** parameter, enter the quantity of nitrogen.
  - All quantities must add up to 100 %.
     The density is determined according to NEL 40.

#### Configuring optional fluid properties for output of corrected volume flow

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 8. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- 9. In the **Reference pressure** parameter, enter the reference pressure of the fluid.
- **10.** In the **Reference temperature** parameter, enter the reference temperature of the fluid.

#### Air

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

- 1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
- 2. In the **Select medium** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 74$ ), select the **Gas** option.
- 3. In the **Select gas type** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 74$ ), select the **Air** option.
  - └ The density is determined according to NEL 40.
- 4. Enter the value in the **Relative humidity** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 99$ ).
  - └ The relative humidity is entered as a %. The relative humidity is converted internally to absolute humidity and is then factored into the density calculation according to NEL 40.
- 5. In the **Fixed process pressure** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 75$ ), enter the value of the process pressure present.

#### **Configuring fluid properties**

#### Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 6. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- **7.** In the **Reference pressure** parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 87$ ) enter the reference pressure for calculating the reference density.
  - Pressure that is used as a static reference for combustion. This makes it possible to compare combustion processes at different pressures.

8. In the **Reference temperature** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 87$ ) enter the temperate for calculating the reference density.

Endress+Hauser recommends the use of active pressure compensation. This fully rules out the risk of measured errors due to pressure variations and incorrect entries .

#### Natural gas

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

- 1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
- **2.** In the **Select medium** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 74$ ), select the **Gas** option.
- 3. In the **Select gas type** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 74$ ), select the **Natural gas** option.
- 4. In the **Fixed process pressure** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \square 75$ ), enter the value of the process pressure present.
- 5. In the **Enthalpy calculation** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 75$ ), select one of the following options:
  - ➡ AGA5 ISO 6976 option (contains GPA 2172)
- 6. In the **Density calculation** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 75$ ), select one of the following options.
  - AGA Nx19
     ISO 12213- 2 option (contains AGA8-DC92)
     ISO 12213- 3 option (contains SGERG-88, AGA8 Gross Method 1)

#### **Configuring fluid properties**

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 7. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- 8. In the **Calorific value type** parameter, select one of the options.
- 9. n the **Reference gross calorific value** parameter, enter the reference gross calorific value of the natural gas.
- 10. In the **Reference pressure** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \square 87$ ) enter the reference pressure for calculating the reference density.
  - Pressure that is used as a static reference for combustion. This makes it possible to compare combustion processes at different pressures.
- 11. In the **Reference temperature** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \square 87$ ) enter the temperate for calculating the reference density.
- 12. In the **Relative density** parameter, enter the relative density of the natural gas.

Endress+Hauser recommends the use of active pressure compensation. This fully rules out the risk of measured errors due to pressure variations and incorrect entries .

#### Ideal gas

The unit "corrected volume flow" is often used to measure industrial gas mixtures, in particular natural gas. To do so, the calculated mass flow is divided by a reference density. To calculate the mass flow, knowledge of the exact composition of the gas is essential. In practice, however, this information is often not available (e. g. as it varies over time). In this case, it can be useful to regard the gas as an ideal gas. This means that only the operating temperature and operating pressure variables as well as the reference temperature and reference pressure variables are needed to calculate the corrected volume

flow. The error resulting from this assumption (typically 1 to 5 %) is often considerably smaller than the error caused by inaccurate composition data. This method should not be used for condensing gases (e.g. saturated steam).

#### Select medium

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

- 1. Call up the **Medium selection** wizard.
- 2. In the **Select medium** parameter, select the **Gas** option.
- 3. In the **Select gas type** parameter, select the **User-specific gas** option.
- 4. For non-flammable gas:

In the **Enthalpy type** parameter, select the **Heat** option.

#### **Configuring fluid properties**

Navigation:

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium properties

- 5. Call up the **Medium properties** submenu.
- 6. In the **Reference density** parameter, enter the reference density of the fluid.
- 7. In the **Reference pressure** parameter, enter the reference pressure of the fluid.
- 8. In the **Reference temperature** parameter, enter the fluid temperature associated with the reference density.
- 9. In the **Reference Z-factor** parameter, enter the value **1**.
- **10.** If specific heat capacity is to be measured:

In the **Specific heat capacity** parameter, enter the heat capacity of the fluid.

- **11**. In the **Z-factor** parameter, enter the value **1**.
- **12.** In the **Dynamic viscosity** parameter, enter the viscosity of the fluid under operating conditions.

# 10.8.4 Calculation of the measured variables

A flow computer can be found in the electronics of the measuring device with order code for "Sensor version", option "mass (integrated temperature measurement)" and option "mass (integrated pressure/temperature measurement)". This computer can calculate the following secondary measured variables directly from the primary measured variables recorded using the pressure value (entered or external) and/or temperature value (measured or entered).

#### Mass flow and corrected volume flow

Medium	Fluid	Standards	Explanation	
Steam 1)	Water vapor	IAPWS-IF97/ ASME	<ul> <li>For integrated temperature measurement</li> <li>For fixed process pressure, pressure measured directly at the meter body or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>	
	Single gas	NEL40	For fixed process pressure, pressure measured directly at the meter body or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA	
	Gas mixture	NEL40		
Gas	Air	NEL40		
	Natural gas	ISO 12213-2	<ul> <li>Contains AGA8-DC92</li> <li>For fixed process pressure, pressure measured directly at the meter body or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>	

Medium	Fluid	Standards	Explanation
		AGA NX-19	For fixed process pressure, pressure measured directly at the meter body or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA
		ISO 12213-3	<ul> <li>Contains SGERG-88, AGA8 Gross Method 1</li> <li>For fixed process pressure, pressure measured directly at the meter body or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>
	Other gases	Linear equation	<ul> <li>Ideal gases</li> <li>For fixed process pressure, pressure measured directly at the meter body or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>
	Water	IAPWS-IF97/ ASME	-
Liquids	Liquefied gas	Tables	Propane and butane mixture
	Other liquid	Linear equation	Ideal liquids

#### Mass flow calculation

Volume flow × operating density

- Operating density for saturated steam, water and other liquids: depends on the temperature
- Operating density for superheated steam and all other gases: depends on the temperature and process pressure

#### Corrected volume flow calculation

(Volume flow × operating density)/reference density

- Operating density for water and other liquids: depends on the temperature
- Operating density for all other gases: depends on the temperature and process pressure

#### Energy flow

Medium	Fluid	Standards	Explanation	Heat/energy option
Steam 1)	-	IAPWS- IF97/ASME	For fixed process pressure or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA	
	Single gas	ISO 6976	<ul> <li>Contains GPA 2172</li> <li>For fixed process pressure or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>	
	Gas mixture	ISO 6976	<ul> <li>Contains GPA 2172</li> <li>For fixed process pressure or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>	Heat Gross calorific value <sup>2)</sup> in relation to mass Net calorific value <sup>3)</sup> in relation to mass Gross calorific value <sup>2)</sup> in relation to corrected volume
1	Air	NEL40	For fixed process pressure or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA	Net calorific value <sup>3)</sup> in relation to corrected volume
	Natural gas	ISO 6976	<ul> <li>Contains GPA 2172</li> <li>For fixed process pressure or if the pressure is read in via PROFIBUS PA</li> </ul>	
		AGA 5	-	

Medium	Fluid	Standards	Explanation	Heat/energy option
	Water	IAPWS- IF97/ASME	-	
Liquids	Liquefied gas	ISO 6976	Contains GPA 2172	
	Other liquid	Linear equation	-	

- Gross calorific value: combustion energy + condensation energy of the flue gas (gross calorific value > net calorific value)
- 3) Net calorific value: only combustion energy

#### Mass flow and energy flow calculation

#### NOTICE

The process pressure (p) in the process pipe is required to calculate the process variables and the limit values of the measuring range.

Steam is calculated based on the following factors:

- Fully compensated calculation of density using the "pressure" and "temperature" measured variables
- Calculation based on overheated steam until saturation point is reached Configuration of diagnostic behavior of the **△S871 Near steam saturation limit** diagnostic message**Assign behavior of diagnostic no. 871** parameter set to **Off** option (factory setting) as standard → **□** 147

Optional configuration of diagnostic behavior to the **Alarm** option or **Warning** option  $\rightarrow \triangleq 144$  option.

At 2 K above saturation, activation of the  $\triangle$ **S871 Near steam saturation limit** diagnostic message.

- The smaller of the following two pressure values is always used to calculate the density:
  - Pressure measured directly at meter body or pressure read in via PROFIBUS PA
     Saturated steam pressure, which is derived from the saturated steam line (IAPWS-IF97/ASME)
- With fixed process pressure = 0 bar abs. the measuring device only calculates on the saturated steam curve using temperature compensation .

For detailed information on how to perform external compensation, see .

#### **Calculated value**

The unit calculates the mass flow, heat flow, energy flow, density and specific enthalpy from the measured volume flow and the measured temperature and/or the pressure based on international standard IAPWS-IF97/ASME.

Formulae for calculation:

- Mass flow:  $\dot{m} = \dot{v} \cdot \rho$  (T, p)
- Heat flow:  $\dot{Q} = \dot{V} \cdot \rho (T, p) \cdot h_D (T, p)$
- $\dot{m}$  = Mass flow
- ġ = Heat flow
- $\dot{v} = Volume flow (measured)$
- h<sub>D</sub> = Specific enthalpy
- T = Process temperature (measured)

p = Process pressure

 $\rho = \text{Density}^{3}$ 

#### **Pre-programmed gases**

*The following gases are pre-programmed in the flow computer:* 

Hydrogen <sup>1)</sup>	Helium 4	Neon	Argon
Krypton	Xenon	Nitrogen	Oxygen
Chlorine	Ammonia	Carbon monoxide <sup>1)</sup>	Carbon dioxide
Sulfur dioxide	Hydrogen sulfide <sup>1)</sup>	Hydrogen chloride	Methane <sup>1)</sup>
Ethane <sup>1)</sup>	Propane <sup>1)</sup>	Butane <sup>1)</sup>	Ethylene (ethene) <sup>1)</sup>
Vinyl chloride	Mixtures of up to 8 components of these gases <sup>1)</sup>		

1) The energy flow is calculated as per ISO 6976 (contains GPA 2172) or AGA5 - in relation to the net calorific value or gross calorific value .

#### Energy flow calculation

Volume flow × operating density × specific enthalpy

- Operating density for saturated steam and water: depends on the temperature
- Operating density for superheated steam, natural gas ISO 6976 (contains GPA 2172), natural gasAGA5: depends on the temperature and pressure

#### Heat flow difference

- Between saturated steam upstream from a heat exchanger and condensate downstream from the heat exchanger (second temperature read in via PROFIBUS PA) in accordance with IAPWS-IF97/ASME
- Between warm and cold water (second temperature read in via PROFIBUS PA) in accordance with IAPWS-IF97/ASME

#### Vapor pressure and steam temperature

The measuring device can perform the following in saturated steam measurements between the feed line and return line of any heating liquid (second temperature read in via PROFIBUS PA and Cp value entered:

- Calculation of saturation pressure of steam from the measured temperature and output in accordance with IAPWS-IF97/ASME
- Calculation of saturation temperature of steam from the preset pressure and output in accordance with IAPWS-IF97/ASME

<sup>3)</sup> From steam data as per IAPWS-IF97 (ASME), for the measured temperature and the specified pressure

# 11 Operation

# 11.1 Reading the device locking status

Device active write protection: Locking status parameter

Operation  $\rightarrow$  Locking status

Function scope of the "Locking status" parameter

Options	Description
None	The access status displayed in the <b>Access status display</b> parameter applies $\rightarrow \boxtimes$ 56. Only appears on local display.
Hardware locked	The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the main electronics module. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool) .
Temporarily locked	Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes running in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset etc.). Once the internal processing has been completed, the parameters can be changed once again.

# 11.2 Adjusting the operating language

P Detailed information:

- To configure the operating language  $\rightarrow \square 71$
- For information on the operating languages supported by the measuring device  $\rightarrow \, \boxminus \, 213$

# **11.3** Configuring the display

Detailed information:

- On the basic settings for the local display  $\rightarrow \cong 80$
- On the advanced settings for the local display  $\rightarrow \square 111$

# 11.4 Reading measured values

With the **Measured values** submenu, it is possible to read all the measured values.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Process variables

► Measured values	
► Process variables	→ 🗎 129
► Totalizer 1 to n	) → 🗎 132
<ul> <li>Output values</li> </ul>	) → 🗎 133

# 11.4.1 Process variables

The **Process variables** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for each process variable.

Navigation "Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Process variables

► Process variable	25	
	Volume flow	→ 🗎 130
	Corrected volume flow	→ 🗎 130
	Mass flow	→ 🗎 131
	Flow velocity	→ 🗎 131
	Temperature	→ 🗎 131
	Calculated saturated steam pressure	→ 🗎 131
	Energy flow	→ 🗎 131
	Heat flow difference	→ 🗎 131
	Reynolds number	→ 🗎 131
	Density	→ 🗎 131
	Specific volume	→ 🗎 131
	Pressure	→ 🗎 131
	Compressibility factor	→ 🗎 132
	Degrees of superheat	→ 🗎 132

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Volume flow	-	Displays the volume flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 76$ ).	
Corrected volume flow	-	Displays the corrected volume flow currently calculated.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Corrected</b> <b>volume flow unit</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \cong 77)$ .	

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Mass flow	-	Displays the mass flow currently calculated. Dependency The unit is taken from the Mass flow unit parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 76).	Signed floating-point number
Flow velocity	-	Displays the flow velocity currently calculated. Dependency The unit is taken from the Velocity unit parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 78).	Signed floating-point number
Temperature	-	Displays the temperature currently measured. Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Temperature unit</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \boxdot 77)$ .	Signed floating-point number
Calculated saturated steam pressure	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version", option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>The Steam option is selected in the Select medium parameter (→</li></ul>	Displays the saturated steam pressure currently calculated. Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Pressure</b> <b>unit</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 77).	Signed floating-point number
Energy flow	With order code for "Sensor version": option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Displays the energy flow currently calculated. Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Energy flow</b> <b>unit</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 77).	Signed floating-point number
Heat flow difference	<ul> <li>The following conditions are met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version" option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>One of the following options is selected in the Select gas type parameter (→</li></ul>	Displays the heat flow difference currently calculated. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Energy flow</b> <b>unit</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 77).	Signed floating-point number
Reynolds number	With order code for "Sensor version": option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Displays the Reynolds number currently calculated.	Signed floating-point number
Density	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Displays the density currently measured. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Density unit</b> parameter.	Positive floating-point number
Specific volume	With order code for "Sensor version": Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"	Displays the current value for the specific volume. <i>Dependency</i> The unit is taken from the <b>Specific</b> <b>volume unit</b> parameter.	Positive floating-point number
Pressure	<ul> <li>One of the following conditions is met:</li> <li>Order code for "Sensor version",</li> <li>Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)"</li> <li>or</li> <li>The Pressure option is selected in the External value parameter parameter.</li> </ul>	Displays the current process pressure. Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Pressure</b> <b>unit</b> parameter.	0 to 250 bar

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Compressibility factor	The following conditions are met: Order code for "Sensor version" Option "Mass (integrated temperature measurement)" The <b>Gas</b> option or the <b>Steam</b> option is selected in the <b>Select medium</b> parameter.	Displays the compressibility factor currently calculated.	0 to 2
Degrees of superheat	In the <b>Select medium</b> parameter, the <b>Steam</b> option is selected.	Displays the degree of superheating currently calculated.	0 to 500 K

# 11.4.2 Totalizer

The **Totalizer** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every totalizer.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer 1 to n

► Totalizer 1 to n	
Assign process variable	→ 🗎 132
Totalizer value 1 to n	) → 🗎 132
Totalizer status 1 to n	→ 🗎 133
Totalizer status (Hex) 1 to n	) → 🗎 133

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for totalizer.	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Condensate mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Totalizer 1: Volume flow</li> <li>Totalizer 2: Mass flow</li> <li>Totalizer 3: Corrected volume flow</li> </ul>
Totalizer value 1 to n	In the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter one of the following options is selected: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow • Condensate mass flow • Energy flow • Heat flow difference	Displays the current totalizer counter value.	Signed floating-point number	0 m <sup>3</sup>

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Totalizer status 1 to n	-	Displays the current totalizer status.	<ul><li>Good</li><li>Uncertain</li><li>Bad</li></ul>	-
Totalizer status (Hex) 1 to n	In <b>Target mode</b> parameter, the <b>Auto</b> option is selected.	Displays the current status value (hex) of the totalizer.	0 to 0xFF	-

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 11.4.3 Output values

The **Output values** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every output.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Output values

► Output values	
Terminal voltage 1	→ 🗎 133
Pulse output	→ 🗎 133
Output frequency	→ 🗎 133
Switch status	→ 🗎 133

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Terminal voltage 1	-	Displays the current terminal voltage that is applied at the output.	0.0 to 50.0 V
Pulse output	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter parameter.	Displays the pulse frequency currently output.	Positive floating-point number
Output frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Displays the value currently measured for the frequency output.	0 to 1250 Hz
Switch status	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Displays the current switch output status.	<ul><li> Open</li><li> Closed</li></ul>

# 11.5 Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions

The following are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings using the **Setup** menu (→ 
  Participation 72)
- Advanced settings using the Advanced setup submenu ( $\rightarrow \square 84$ )

# **11.6** Performing a totalizer reset

The totalizers are reset in the **Operation** submenu: Control Totalizer

# OptionsDescriptionTotalizeThe totalizer is started.Reset + holdThe totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is reset to 0.Preset + holdThe totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is set to its defined start value<br/>from the Preset value 1 to n parameter.Stop totalizing optionTotalizing is stopped.

#### Function scope of the "Control Totalizer " parameter

#### Navigation

"Operation" menu  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer handling

► Totalizer handling	
Control Totalizer 1 to n	) → 🗎 134
Preset value 1 to n	) → 🗎 134

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Control Totalizer 1 to n	In the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter, one of the following options is selected: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow * • Condensate mass flow * • Energy flow * • Heat flow difference *	Control totalizer value.	<ul> <li>Totalize</li> <li>Reset + hold</li> <li>Preset + hold</li> </ul>	Totalize
Preset value 1 to n	In the Assign process variable parameter one of the following options is selected: • Volume flow • Mass flow • Corrected volume flow • Total mass flow • Condensate mass flow • Energy flow • Heat flow difference	Specify start value for totalizer.	Signed floating-point number	0 m <sup>3</sup>
Reset all totalizers	-	Reset all totalizers to 0 and start.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Reset + totalize</li></ul>	Cancel

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# **11.7** Showing data logging

The **Extended HistoROM** application package must be enabled in the device (order option) for the **Data logging** submenu to appear. This contains all the parameters for the measured value history.



Data logging is also available via: Plant Asset Management Tool FieldCare  $\rightarrow \implies 58$ .

#### **Function range**

- A total of 1000 measured values can be stored
- 4 logging channels
- Adjustable logging interval for data logging
- Display of the measured value trend for each logging channel in the form of a chart

3	L/XXXXXXXX	
	75.77 0.69 l/h -100s 0	
		A00343

- x-axis: depending on the number of channels selected displays 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable.
- y-axis: displays the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the ongoing measurement.

If the length of the logging interval or the assignment of the process variables to the channels is changed, the content of the data logging is deleted.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Data logging

► Data logging	
Assign channel 1	→ 🗎 136
Assign channel 2	→ 🗎 136
Assign channel 3	→ 🖺 136
Assign channel 4	→ 🗎 136
Logging interval	→ 🗎 137
Clear logging data	→ 🗎 137
► Display channel 1	
► Display channel 2	
► Display channel 3	
► Display channel 4	

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign channel 1	The Extended HistoROM application package is available. The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.		<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure*</li> <li>Total mass flow*</li> <li>Condensate mass flow*</li> <li>Energy flow*</li> <li>Heat flow difference*</li> <li>Reynolds number*</li> <li>Density*</li> <li>Pressure*</li> <li>Specific volume*</li> <li>Degrees of superheat*</li> <li>Vortex frequency</li> <li>Vortex amplitude</li> <li>Vortex kurtosis</li> <li>Gap capacity</li> <li>Gap capacity D</li> <li>Compressibility factor</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> </ul>	Off
Assign channel 2	The Extended HistoROM application package is available. The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see <b>Assign</b> <b>channel 1</b> parameter (→ 🗎 136)	Off
Assign channel 3	The Extended HistoROM application package is available. The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see <b>Assign</b> <b>channel 1</b> parameter (→ 🗎 136)	Off
Assign channel 4	The Extended HistoROM application package is available. The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Picklist, see <b>Assign</b> <b>channel 1</b> parameter (→ 🗎 136)	Off

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Logging interval	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Define the logging interval for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	1.0 to 3 600.0 s	10.0 s
Clear logging data	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Clear the entire logging data.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Clear data</li></ul>	Cancel

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

# For local display

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage does not match the value indicated on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage $\rightarrow \ \ \cong \ 35.$
Local display dark and no output signals	The polarity of the supply voltage is wrong.	Correct the polarity.
Local display dark and no output signals	No contact between connecting cables and terminals.	Check the connection of the cables and correct if necessary.
Local display dark and no output signals	Terminals are not plugged into the I/O electronics module correctly.	Check terminals.
Local display dark and no output signals	I/O electronics module is defective.	Order spare part $\rightarrow \square$ 184.
Local display dark and output signals in failure current	Sensor short-circuit, electronics module short-circuit	1. Contact service.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display is set too bright or too dark.	<ul> <li>Set the display brighter by simultaneously pressing ± + E.</li> <li>Set the display darker by simultaneously pressing □ + E.</li> </ul>
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	The cable of the display module is not plugged in correctly.	Insert the plug correctly into the main electronics module and display module.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display module is defective.	Order spare part $\rightarrow \square$ 184.
Backlighting of local display is red	Diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.	Take remedial measures
Text on local display appears in a foreign language and cannot be understood.	Incorrect operating language is configured.	<ol> <li>Press □ + ⊕ for 2 s ("home position").</li> <li>Press □.</li> <li>Set the desired language in the <b>Display language</b> parameter (→ □ 113).</li> </ol>
Message on local display: "Communication Error" "Check Electronics"	Communication between the display module and the electronics is interrupted.	<ul> <li>Check the cable and the connector between the main electronics module and display module.</li> <li>Order spare part →</li></ul>

#### For output signals

Error	Possible causes	Solution
Signal output outside the valid range	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🗎 184.
Device shows correct value on local display, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Configuration error	Check and correct the parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	Configuration error or device is operated outside the application.	<ol> <li>Check and correct parameter configuration.</li> <li>Observe limit values specified in the "Technical Data".</li> </ol>

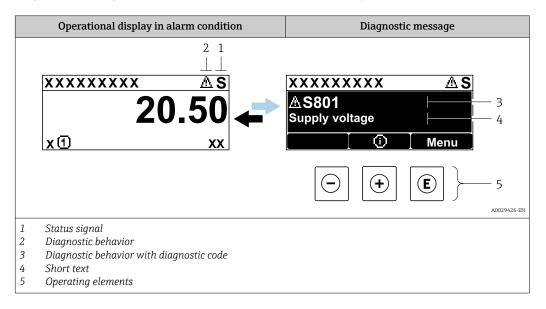
#### For access

Error	Possible causes	Solution
No write access to parameters	Hardware write protection enabled	Set the write protection switch on main electronics module to the <b>OFF</b> position $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$ 119.
No write access to parameters	Current user role has limited access authorization	1. Check user role $\rightarrow \bigoplus$ 56. 2. Enter correct customer-specific access code $\rightarrow \bigoplus$ 56.
No connection via PROFIBUS PA	PROFIBUS PA cable incorrectly terminated	Check terminating resistor .
No connection via service interface	Incorrect configuration of USB interface on PC or driver not installed correctly.	Observe the documentation for the Commubox. FXA291: Document "Technical Information" TI00405C

# 12.2 Diagnostic information on local display

#### 12.2.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display.



If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the message of the diagnostic event with the highest priority is shown.

Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be displayed in the **Diagnostics** menu:

- Via parameter
- Via submenus → 
   <sup>1</sup> 177

#### Status signals

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The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

- The status signals are categorized according to VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M
  - = Maintenance Required

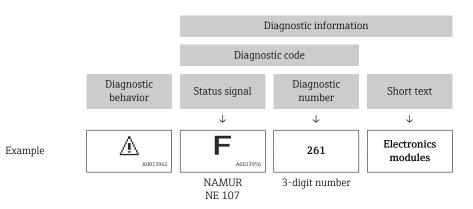
Symbol	Meaning
F	<b>Failure</b> A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
С	<b>Function check</b> The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification           The device is operated:         Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
М	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

#### Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> <li>For local display with touch control: the background lighting changes to red.</li> </ul>
Δ	Warning Measurement is resumed. The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.

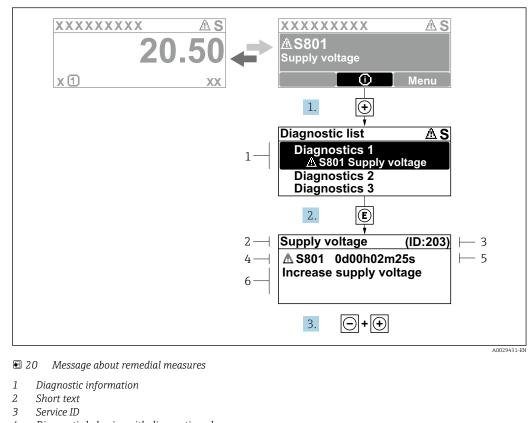
#### **Diagnostic information**

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



#### **Operating elements**

Кеу	Meaning
+	Plus key In a menu, submenu Opens the message about remedy information.
E	Enter key In a menu, submenu Opens the operating menu.



#### 12.2.2 Calling up remedial measures

- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code5 Operation time of occurrence
- 6 Remedial measures
- 1. The user is in the diagnostic message.

Press 🛨 (① symbol).

- └ The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- **2.** Select the desired diagnostic event with  $\boxdot$  or  $\Box$  and press  $\blacksquare$ .
  - └ The message about the remedial measures opens.
- 3. Press + + simultaneously.
  - └ The message about the remedial measures closes.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in the **Diagnostic list** submenu or **Previous diagnostics** parameter.

- 1. Press E.
  - └ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ← The message for the remedial measures closes.

# 12.3 Diagnostic information in FieldCare or DeviceCare

#### 12.3.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.

D 🖆 🖬   🎒   🕮   🛄   🛄   🕅  🗽   🗄 Xxxxxx///	:: <
Device name: XXXXXXX Device tag: XXXXXXX Status signal: C V I	Mass flow:     Image: 12.34     kg/h       Volume flow:     Image: 12.34     m³/h
► XXXXXX P⊡ Diagnostics 1:	C485 Simu Deactivate
Operation     Setup     Diagnostics     Expert	Mainenance       Sealure (F)         Failure (F)         Function check (C)         Diagnostics 1:         Remedy information:         Deactivate Simulation (Service )         Out of spezification (S)
	Maintenance required (M)

- 1 Status area with status signal  $\rightarrow \square$  140
- 2 Diagnostic information  $\rightarrow \square 141$
- 3 Remedy information with Service ID

In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:

- Via parameter
- Via submenu → 
   <sup>™</sup>
   <sup>™</sup>
   177

#### Status signals

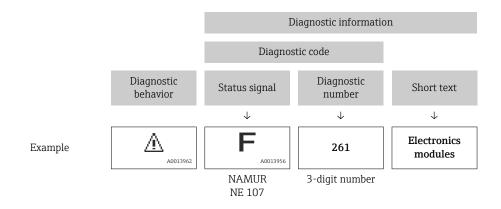
The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning
$\otimes$	<b>Failure</b> A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
<b>V</b>	<b>Function check</b> The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
2	Out of specification The device is operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

#### **Diagnostic information**

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



# 12.3.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

On the home page

Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.

In the **Diagnostics** menu
 Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

1. Call up the desired parameter.

2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.

► A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

# 12.4 Adapting the diagnostic information

#### 12.4.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic behavior** submenu.

Diagnostic behavior in accordance with Specification PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02, Condensed Status.

 $\mathsf{Expert} \rightarrow \mathsf{System} \rightarrow \mathsf{Diagnostic} \ \mathsf{handling} \rightarrow \mathsf{Diagnostic} \ \mathsf{behavior}$ 

ੜ੍ਹਾ //Diagn. beh	avior 0658-1
Diagnostic no	.442
	Warning
Diagnostic no	.443

A0019179-EN

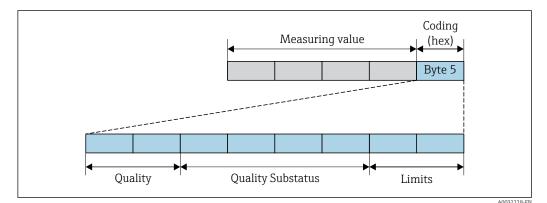
### Available diagnostic behaviors

The following diagnostic behaviors can be assigned:

Diagnostic behavior	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated. For local display with touch control: the background lighting changes to red.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The measured value output via PROFIBUS and the totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is displayed only in the <b>Event logbook</b> submenu ( <b>Event list</b> submenu) and not in alternation with the operational display.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

#### Displaying the measured value status

If the Analog Input, Digital Input and Totalizer function blocks are configured for cyclic data transmission, the device status is coded as per PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02 Specification and transmitted along with the measured value to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the coding byte (byte 5). The coding byte is split into three segments: Quality, Quality Substatus and Limits.



☑ 21 Structure of the coding byte

The content of the coding byte depends on the configured failsafe mode in the particular function block. Depending on which failsafe mode has been configured, status information in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile Specification 3.02 is transmitted to the PROFIBUS Master (Class 1) via the coding byte .

#### Determining the measured value status and device status via the diagnostic behavior

When the diagnostic behavior is assigned, this also changes the measured value status and device status for the diagnostic information. The measured value status and device status depend on the choice of diagnostic behavior and on the group in which the diagnostic information is located.

The diagnostic information is grouped as follows:

- Diagnostic information pertaining to the sensor: diagnostic number 000 to 199  $\rightarrow \ \textcircled{}$  146
- Diagnostic information pertaining to the electronics: diagnostic number 200 to 399  $\rightarrow \ \textcircled{} 146$
- Diagnostic information pertaining to the configuration: diagnostic number 400 to 599  $\rightarrow \cong 147$
- Diagnostic information pertaining to the process: diagnostic number 800 to 999  $\rightarrow \ \textcircled{B}$  147

Depending on the group in which the diagnostic information is located, the following measured value status and device status are firmly assigned to the particular diagnostic behavior:

Diagnostic information	pertaining to	the sensor: diagnostic	number 000 to 199

Diagnostic behavior	N	leasured value st	Device diagnosis		
(configurable)	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	(fixed assignment)
Alarm	BAD	Maintenance alarm	0x24 to 0x27	F (Failure)	Maintenance alarm
Warning	GOOD	Maintenance demanded	0xA8 to 0xAB	M (Maintenance)	Maintenance demanded
Logbook entry only	GOOD	ok	0x80 to 0x8E		
Off	GOOD	OK	UXOU LU UXOE	_	_

Diagnostic information pertaining to the electronics: diagnostic number 200 to 399

Diagnostic ni	umber 200	to 301.	303 to	399
Diagnobile ni		10 201,	20210	///

Diagnostic behavior	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis	
(configurable)	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	(fixed assignment)	
Alarm	BAD	AD Maintenance alarm	0x24 to 0x27	F	Maintenance	
Warning				(Failure)	alarm	
Logbook entry only	GOOD		ok	0x80 to 0x8E		
Off	GOOD	ÜK	UXOU LU UXOE	_	_	

## Diagnostic information 302

Diagnostic behavior	N	leasured value st	Dovice diagnosis		
(configurable)	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
Alarm	BAD	Function check, local override	0x24 to 0x27	С	Function check
Warning	GOOD	Function check	0xBC to 0xBF	_	_

Diagnostic information 302 (device verification active) is output during internal or external Heartbeat verification.

- Signal status: Function check
- Choice of diagnostic behavior: alarm or warning (factory setting)

When Heartbeat verification starts, data logging is interrupted, the last valid measured value is output and the totalizers are stopped.

Diagnostic behavior	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Device diagnosis
(configurable)	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	(fixed assignment)
Alarm	BAD	Process related	0x28 to 0x2B	F (Failure)	Invalid process condition
Warning	UNCERTA IN	Process related	0x78 to 0x7B	S (Out of specification)	Invalid process condition
Logbook entry only	GOOD	ok	0x80 to 0x8E	_	
Off	GOOD	UK	0200 10 0201		

Diagnostic information pertaining to the configuration: diagnostic number 400 to 599

Diagnostic information pertaining to the process: diagnostic number 800 to 999

Diagnastis kakawian	Measured value status (fixed assignment)				Dovice diagnosis
Diagnostic behavior (configurable)	Quality	Quality Substatus	Coding (hex)	Category (NE107)	Device diagnosis (fixed assignment)
Alarm	BAD	Process related	0x28 to 0x2B	F (Failure)	Invalid process condition
Warning	UNCERTA IN	Process related	0x78 to 0x7B	S (Out of specification)	Invalid process condition
Logbook entry only	GOOD ok	ok	0x80 to 0x8E		
Off	GOOD	UK	0200 10 0201		

# 12.5 Overview of diagnostic information

The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

In the case of some items of diagnostic information, the diagnostic behavior can be changed. Change the diagnostic information  $\rightarrow \square 144$ 

## 12.5.1 Diagnostic of sensor

	Diagnost	ic information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.		Short text		variables
004	Sensor defective		1. Check plug connections	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		<ol> <li>Change pre-amplifier</li> <li>Change DSC sensor</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>	
	Coding (hex)	oding (hex) 0x24 to 0x27		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal F	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
022	Temperature sensor defective		1. Check plug connections	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [fr	om the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	<ol> <li>Change pre-amplifier</li> <li>Change DSC sensor</li> </ol>	steam pressure <ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Total mass flow</li><li>Pressure</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Reynolds number</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	s	hort text		variables
046	Sensor limit exceeded		1. Check plug connections	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		<ol> <li>Change pre-amplifier</li> <li>Change DSC sensor</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatusMaintenance demandedCoding (hex)0xA8 to 0xABStatus signalS	Maintenance demanded		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
		0xA8 to 0xAB		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
		S	-	<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Societal contrast status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
062	Sensor connection defective		1. Check plug connections	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		<ol> <li>Change pre-amplifier</li> <li>Change DSC sensor</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul><li>Total mass flow</li><li>Switch output status</li></ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
082	Data storage		1. Change main electronic module	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Change sensor	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
083	Memory content		1. Restart device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		<ol> <li>Restore S-Dat data</li> <li>Change sensor</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Bad	<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>		
-	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
114			Change DSC sensor	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
122	Temperature sensor defective		1. Check plug connections	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factor	om the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	<ol> <li>Change pre-amplifier</li> <li>Change DSC sensor</li> </ol>	steam pressure Energy flow
	Quality	Good	-	<ul><li>Heat flow difference</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance demanded		
	Coding (hex)	0xA8 to 0xAB		<ul><li>Corrected volume flow</li><li>Steam guality</li></ul>
	Status signal	М		<ul> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

# 12.5.2 Diagnostic of electronic

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
242	Software incompatible		1. Check software	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		<ol> <li>Flash or change main electronics module</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	QualityBadQuality substatusMaintenance alarm	<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>		
			<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>	
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch systems status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
252	Modules incompatible		1. Check electronic modules	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Change I/O or main electronic module	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch systems status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
261			1. Restart device 2. Check electronic modules	Calculated saturated
	Managered warishing		3. Change I/O Modul or main electronics	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
262	Module connection		1. Check module connections	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Change electronic modules	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
270	Main electronic failure		Change main electronic module	Calculated saturated
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm	-	<ul> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
271	Main electronic failure		1. Restart device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Change main electronic module	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch systems status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
272	Main electronic failure		1. Restart device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Contact service	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
273	Main electronic failure		1. Emergency operation via display	Calculated saturated
	Measured variable status		2. Change main electronics	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
275	I/O module failure		Change I/O module	Calculated saturated
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	No. Short text			variables
276	I/O module failure		1. Restart device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Change I/O module	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Io. Short text			variables
277	Electronics defective		1. Change pre-amplifier	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Change main electronic module	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul><li>Heat flow difference</li><li>Low flow cut off option</li></ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul><li>Total mass flow</li><li>Switch output status</li></ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
282	Data storage		1. Restart device	Calculated saturated
	Measured variable status		2. Contact service	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li> Low flow cut off option</li><li> Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
283	5		1. Transfer data or reset device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Contact service	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
302	Device verification active		Device verification active, please wait.	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Quality substatus	Function check		
-	Coding (hex)	OxBC to OxBF		
	Status signal	С		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
311			1. Transfer data or reset device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Contact service	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
311	Electronic failure		Maintenance required!	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Monormod wariable status		<ol> <li>Do not perform reset</li> <li>Contact service</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	М		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
350	350     Pre-amplifier defective     O       Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1</sup> )     O		Change pre-amplifier	<ul><li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex) Status signal Diagnostic behavior	Bad         Maintenance alarm         0x24 to 0x27         F         Alarm		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
351	Pre-amplifier defective		Change pre-amplifier	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm	-	<ul> <li>How velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> </ul>
				<ul><li>Pressure</li><li>Reynolds number</li></ul>
				<ul> <li>Specific volume</li> </ul>
				<ul><li>Corrected volume flow</li><li>Steam quality</li></ul>
				<ul><li>Degrees of superheat</li><li>Volume flow</li></ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
370	Pre-amplifier defective		1. Check plug connections	Calculated saturated
	Measured variable status		2. Check cabel connection of remote version	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Quality substatus	Bad Maintenance alarm	3. Change pre-amplifier or main electronic module	<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch system totation</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
371	<b>F</b>		1. Check plug connections	Calculated saturated
	Mongained moniphic status linear the factors 1 <sup>±</sup> /		<ol> <li>Change pre-amplifier</li> <li>Change DSC sensor</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	М		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

# 12.5.3 Diagnostic of configuration

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
410	Data transfer		1. Check connection	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Retry data transfer	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
412	5		Download active, please wait	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex) Status signal	Uncertain Initial value 0x4C to 0x4F C		<ul> <li>Density</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
437	5 1		1. Restart device	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		2. Contact service	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
438	Dataset		1. Check data set file	Calculated saturated
			<ol> <li>Check device configuration</li> <li>Up- and download new configuration</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
-	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance demanded		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x68 to 0x6B		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	Μ		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
442			1. Check process	-
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		2. Check frequency output settings	
-	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
442	1 5 1		1. Check process	-
	Measured variable status		2. Check frequency output settings	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
443	43 Pulse output Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)	1. Check process	-	
		2. Check pulse output settings		
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
443	1		1. Check process	-
	Measured variable status		2. Check pulse output settings	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic information No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.				variables
453	Flow override		Deactivate flow override	Calculated saturated
-	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	C		<ul><li> Total mass flow</li><li> Switch output status</li></ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		option Pressure Reynolds number Specific volume Corrected volume flow Steam quality Degrees of superheat Temperature Volume flow

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	. Short text			variables
482	FB not Auto/Cas		Set Block in AUTO mode	-
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	No. Short text			variables
484	Simulation failure mode		Deactivate simulation	Calculated saturated
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Function check		<ul><li>Heat flow difference</li><li>Low flow cut off option</li></ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x3C to 0x3F		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	C		<ul><li>Total mass flow</li><li>Switch output status</li></ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		option Pressure Reynolds number Specific volume Corrected volume flow Steam quality Degrees of superheat Temperature Volume flow

	Diagnostic information       No.     Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.				variables
	Simulation measured variable Measured variable status		Deactivate simulation	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex) Status signal Diagnostic behavior	Good         Function check         0xBC to 0xBF         C         Warning		<ul> <li>Density</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
No.	S	nort text		Variables
492	Simulation frequency output		Deactivate simulation frequency output	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Energy flow</li></ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul><li>Flow velocity</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Ok		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	С		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		option • Corrected volume flow • Steam quality • Temperature • Volume flow

No.	Diagnostic information No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
493	Simulation pulse output Measured variable status		Deactivate simulation pulse output	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Energy flow</li> </ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex) Status signal Diagnostic behavior	Good Ok 0x80 to 0x83 C Warning		<ul> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> </ul>
				<ul><li>Steam quality</li><li>Temperature</li><li>Volume flow</li></ul>

No.	Diagnostic information No. Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured variables
494	4 Switch output simulation		Deactivate simulation switch output	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Energy flow</li></ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Quality substatus	Function check		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	С		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		option • Corrected volume flow • Steam quality • Temperature • Volume flow

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
495	95 Simulation diagnostic event		Deactivate simulation	-
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
497	Simulation block output		Deactivate simulation	-
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		

	Diagnost	ic information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.		Short text		variables
538	Flow computer configuration incorrect Measured variable status		Check input value (pressure, temperature)	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex) Status signal Diagnostic behavior	Good         Function check         0xBC to 0xBF         S         Warning		<ul> <li>Density</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
539	Flow computer configuration is	ncorrect	1. Check input value (pressure,	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		temperature) 2. Check allowed values of the medium	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
Quali	Quality	Bad	properties	<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0x3C to 0x3F		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Social contract status</li> </ul>	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul><li>Switch output status option</li><li>Pressure</li></ul>
				<ul> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	Short text		variables
540	1 5		Check entered reference value using the	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		document Operating Instructions	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Function check		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		option Pressure Reynolds number Specific volume Corrected volume flow Steam quality Degrees of superheat

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	5. Short text			variables
570			Check configuration of mounting location	Heat flow difference
	Measured variable status		(parameter Installation direction)	
	Quality	Bad	-	
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0x3C to 0x3F		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		

# 12.5.4 Diagnostic of process

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	. Short text			variables
801	Supply voltage too low		Increase supply voltage	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Quality substatus Process related	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	. Short text			variables
828	Ambient temperature too low		Increase ambient temperature of pre-	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		amplifier	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Elevy velocity</li> </ul>
-	Quality substatus	Process related		<ul><li>Flow velocity</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
829	1 5		Reduce ambient temperature of pre- amplifier	<ul><li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex)	Uncertain Process related 0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Status signal Diagnostic behavior	S Warning	-	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	No. Short text			variables
832	2 Electronic temperature too high Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1</sup>		Reduce ambient temperature	<ul><li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex)	Uncertain Process related 0x78 to 0x7B	-	<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Status signal Diagnostic behavior	S Warning		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li><li>Switch output status</li></ul>
		wanning		option Pressure Reynolds number Specific volume Corrected volume flow Steam quality Degrees of superheat Temperature Volume flow

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
833	833 Electronic temperature too low		Increase ambient temperature	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		<ul><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
834	834 Process temperature too high Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	om the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	Reduce process temperature	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality Quality substatus	Uncertain Process related		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal Diagnostic behavior	S Warning		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
835	Process temperature too low		Increase process temperature	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [fr	om the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
841	Flow velocity too high		Reduce flow velocity	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
-	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
842	Process limit		Low flow cut off active!	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		1. Check low flow cut off configuration	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Good		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Ok		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
844	844 Sensor range exceeded Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		Reduce flow velocity	<ul><li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Quality substatus	Uncertain Process related		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Coding (hex) Status signal	0x78 to 0x7B S		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
870	j		<ol> <li>Check process</li> <li>Increase flow volume</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex)	Uncertain Process related 0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Density</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Status signal Diagnostic behavior	S Warning		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> </ul>
				<ul><li>Corrected volume flow</li><li>Steam quality</li><li>Degrees of superheat</li><li>Volume flow</li></ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.		Short text		variables
871	1       Near steam saturation limit         Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1</sup> )		Check process conditions	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex)	Uncertain Process related 0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> </ul>

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	Influenced measured	
No.	S	hort text		variables	
872	Wet steam detected		1. Check process	<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> </ul>	
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>	
	Quality	Uncertain			
	Quality substatus	Process related		option	
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul><li>Corrected volume flow</li><li>Steam quality</li></ul>	
	Status signal	S			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			

	Diagnostic information       No.     Short text		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.				variables
873	Water detected		Check process (water in piping)	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		Low flow cut off option
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior Warning	Warning		option Pressure Reynolds number Specific volume Corrected volume flow Steam quality Degrees of superheat

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	SI	hort text		variables
874	1		1. Check pressure, temperature	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
			<ol> <li>Check flow velocity</li> <li>Check for flow fluctuation</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Heat flow difference</li><li>Low flow cut off option</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		option Pressure Reynolds number Specific volume Corrected volume flow Steam quality Degrees of superheat

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
882			1. Check input configuration	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status		<ol> <li>Check external device or process conditions</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Bad		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		<ul> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		<ul><li>Low flow cut off option</li><li>Mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	F		<ul><li>Total mass flow</li><li>Switch output status</li></ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> <li>option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
945			Check immediately process conditions	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		(pressure-temperature rating)	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		<ul><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
946	Vibration detected		Check installation	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status			<ul> <li>Density</li> </ul>
	Quality	Uncertain		<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Flow velocity</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		<ul><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> <li>Mass flow</li> </ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Total mass flow</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		<ul> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	Short text			variables
947	Vibration exceeded Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		Check installation	<ul><li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality Quality substatus Coding (hex)	Uncertain Process related 0x78 to 0x7B		<ul> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Status signal Diagnostic behavior	S Alarm		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Switch output status option</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>Reynolds humber</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Steam quality</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> <li>Volume flow</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions	Influenced measured
No.	S	hort text		variables
972	72 Degrees of superheat limit excceeded		1. Controll process conditions	<ul> <li>Calculated saturated</li> </ul>
	Measured variable status [from the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		<ol> <li>Install pressure transmitter or enter correct fixed pressure value</li> </ol>	<ul><li>steam pressure</li><li>Density</li></ul>
	Quality	Uncertain	55	<ul><li>Energy flow</li><li>Heat flow difference</li></ul>
	Quality substatus	Process related		<ul> <li>Low flow cut off option</li> </ul>
	Coding (hex)	0x78 to 0x7B		<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Total mass flow</li></ul>
	Status signal	S		<ul> <li>Switch output status</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		option • Reynolds number • Corrected volume flow • Steam quality

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

# 12.5.5 Operating conditions for displaying the following diagnostics information

P Operating conditions for displaying the following diagnostics information:

- 871 Near steam saturation limit diagnostic message: The process temperature is less than 2K from the saturated steam line.
- Diagnostics information 872: The measured steam quality has dropped below the configured limit value for the steam quality (limit value: Expert → System → Diagnostic handling → Diagnostic limits → Steam quality limit).
- Diagnostics information 873: The process temperature is  $\leq 0$  °C.
- Diagnostics information 972: The degree of superheat has exceeded the configured limit value (limit value: Expert → System → Diagnostic handling → Diagnostic limits → Degrees of superheat limit).

## 12.5.6 Emergency mode in event of temperature compensation

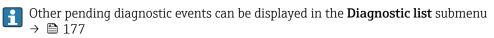
- Change temperature measurement: PT1+PT2 to the PT1 option, PT2 option or the Off option.
  - └→ If the Off option is selected, the measuring device calculates by using the fixed process pressure.

# 12.6 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display  $\rightarrow \cong 142$
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow$  🗎 144
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \square 144$



### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu

옃 Diagnostics		
	Actual diagnostics	→ 🗎 177
	Previous diagnostics	→ 🗎 177
	Operating time from restart	→ 🗎 177
	Operating time	→ 🗎 177

#### Parameter overview with brief description

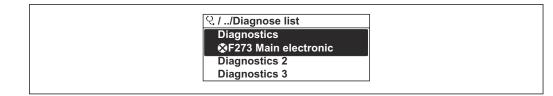
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	A diagnostic event has occurred.	Shows the current occured diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
		If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	
Previous diagnostics	Two diagnostic events have already occurred.	Shows the diagnostic event that occurred prior to the current diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
Operating time from restart	-	Shows the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)

# 12.7 Diagnostic list

Up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu along with the associated diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the events with the highest priority are shown on the display.

### Navigation path

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic list



22 Taking the example of the local display

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display  $\rightarrow \square 142$
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \implies 144$

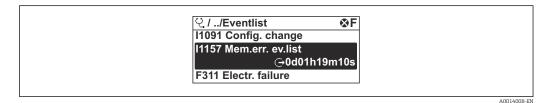
# 12.8 Event logbook

## 12.8.1 Reading out the event logbook

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the **Events list** submenu.

## Navigation path

**Diagnostics** menu  $\rightarrow$  **Event logbook** submenu  $\rightarrow$  Event list



23 Taking the example of the local display

- A maximum of 20 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled in the device, the event list can contain up to 100 entries .

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events  $\rightarrow \square 147$
- Information events  $\rightarrow \triangleq 179$

In addition to the operation time of its occurrence, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is ended:

- Diagnostic event
  - $\odot$ : Occurrence of the event
  - $\bullet$   $\bigcirc$  : End of the event
- Information event

 $\odot$ : Occurrence of the event

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display  $\rightarrow \cong 142$
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 
   <sup>™</sup>
   <sup>™</sup>
   144

For filtering the displayed event messages → 🗎 178

## 12.8.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter you can define which category of event message is displayed in the **Events list** submenu.

## Navigation path

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Event logbook  $\rightarrow$  Filter options

## Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

## 12.8.3 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name
I1000	(Device ok)
I1079	Sensor changed
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I1092	Trend data deleted
I1110	Write protection switch changed
I1137	Electronic changed
I1151	History reset
I1154	Reset terminal voltage min/max
I1155	Reset electronic temperature
I1156	Memory error trend
I1157	Memory error event list
I1185	Display backup done
I1186	Restore via display done
I1187	Settings downloaded with display
I1188	Display data cleared
I1189	Backup compared
I1227	Sensor emergency mode activated
I1228	Sensor emergency mode failed
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1264	Safety sequence aborted
I1335	Firmware changed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1444	Device verification passed
I1445	Device verification failed
I1459	Failed: I/O module verification
I1461	Failed: Sensor verification
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished

Info number	Info name
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1552	Failed: Main electronic verification
I1553	Failed: Pre-amplifier verification

# 12.9 Resetting the measuring device

Using the **Device reset** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 115$ ) it is possible to reset the entire device configuration or some of the configuration to a defined state.

# 12.9.1 Function scope of the "Device reset" parameter

Options	Description	
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.	
To fieldbus defaults	Every parameter is reset to fieldbus default values.	
To factory defaults	Every parameter is reset to its factory setting.	
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to this customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.	
	This option is not visible if no customer-specific settings have been ordered.	
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter whose data are in the volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.	

# 12.10 Device information

The **Device information** submenu contains all parameters that display different information for device identification.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device information

► Device information	
Device tag	→ 🗎 181
Serial number	) → 🗎 181
Firmware version	→ 🗎 181
Device name	→ 🗎 181
Order code	→ 🗎 181
Extended order code 1	→ 🗎 181
Extended order code 2	→ 🗎 181

Extended order code 3 $\rightarrow \square 181$ ENP version $\rightarrow \square 181$ 

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Device tag	Shows name of measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	Prowirl 200 PA
Serial number	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.	Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.	-
Firmware version	Shows the device firmware version installed.	Character string in the format xx.yy.zz	-
Device name	Shows the name of the transmitter. The name can be found on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Max. 32 characters such as letters or numbers.	Prowirl 200 PA
Order code	Shows the device order code.  The order code can be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Order code" field.	Character string composed of letters, numbers and certain punctuation marks (e.g. /).	-
Extended order code 1	Shows the 1st part of the extended order code. The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
Extended order code 2	Shows the 2nd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
Extended order code 3	Shows the 3rd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
ENP version	Shows the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string	2.02.00
PROFIBUS ident number	Displays the PROFIBUS identification number.	0 to FFFF	0x1564
Status PROFIBUS Master Config	Displays the status of the PROFIBUS Master configuration.	<ul><li>Active</li><li>Not active</li></ul>	Not active

Release date	Firmware version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware changes	Documentation type	Documentation
01.2018	01.01.zz	Option <b>73</b>	<ul> <li>No need to restart device after parameter download</li> <li>Additional process variables: <ul> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Degree of overheating</li> <li>Specific volume</li> </ul> </li> <li>Process variables interconnectable with local display and data logger (trend)</li> <li>Additional AI channels: <ul> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Degree of overheating</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> </ul> </li> <li>Verification progress is displayed (0-100%)</li> <li>New Wet Steam Measurement application package</li> <li>Operation in steam simplified</li> <li>More robust signal processing in event of low flow rates in wet steam</li> </ul>	Operating Instructions	BA01691D/06/EN/01.18

# 12.11 Firmware history

It is possible to flash the firmware to the current version or the previous version using the service interface.

For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.

- The manufacturer's information is available:
  - In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Downloads
    - Specify the following details:
      - Product root: e.g. 7F2C
         The product root is the first part of the order code: see the nameplate on the device.
      - Text search: Manufacturer's information
      - Media type: Documentation Technical Documentation

# 13 Maintenance

# 13.1 Maintenance tasks

No special maintenance work is required.

# 13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

# 13.1.2 Interior cleaning

## NOTICE

The use of unsuitable equipment or cleaning liquids can damage the transducer.

Do not use pigs to clean the pipe.

# 13.1.3 Replacing seals

## Replacing sensor seals

## NOTICE

Seals in contact with fluid must always be replaced!

• Only Endress+Hauser sensor seals may be used: replacement seals

## Replacing housing seals

## NOTICE

When using the device in a dusty atmosphere:

• only use the associated Endress+Hauser housing seals.

- 1. Replace defect seals only with original seals from Endress+Hauser.
- 2. The housing seals must be clean and undamaged when inserted into their grooves.
- **3.** Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.

# 13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a variety of measuring and testing equipment, such as Netilion or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

List of some of the measuring and testing equipment:  $\rightarrow$  🖺 188

# 13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14 Repair

# 14.1 General notes

# 14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring devices have a modular design.
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated Installation Instructions.
- Repairs are carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers.
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified devices by Endress+Hauser Service or at the factory.

# 14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion

For repair and conversion of a measuring device, observe the following notes:

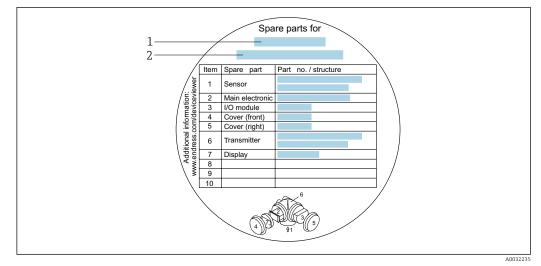
- Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- Carry out the repair according to the Installation Instructions.
- Observe the applicable standards, federal/national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates.
- Document all repairs and conversions and enter the details in Netilion Analytics.

# 14.2 Spare parts

Some interchangeable measuring device components are listed on an overview sign in the connection compartment cover.

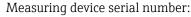
The spare part overview sign contains the following information:

- A list of the most important spare parts for the measuring device, including their ordering information.
- The URL to the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer):
- All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.



24 Example for "Spare part overview sign" in connection compartment cover

- 1 Measuring device name
- 2 Measuring device serial number



- Is located on the device nameplate and the spare part overview sign.
- Can be read out via the Serial number parameter (→ 
   <sup>™</sup> 181) in the Device information submenu.

# 14.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14.4 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the web page for information: https://www.endress.com/support/return-material
- 2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

# 14.5 Disposal

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

## 14.5.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

## **WARNING**

#### Danger to persons from process conditions!

- Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive media.
- 2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

# 14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device

## **WARNING**

## Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

 Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- ► Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

# 15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

# 15.1 Device-specific accessories

# 15.1.1 For the transmitter

Accessories	Description	
Prowirl 200 transmitter	<ul> <li>iransmitter for replacement or storage. Use the order code to define the following pecifications:</li> <li>Approvals</li> <li>Output, input</li> <li>Display/operation</li> <li>Housing</li> <li>Software</li> <li>Installation Instructions EA01056D</li> <li>(Order number: 7X2CXX)</li> </ul>	
Remote display FHX50	<ul> <li>FHX50 housing for accommodating a display module .</li> <li>FHX50 housing suitable for: <ul> <li>SD02 display module (push buttons)</li> <li>SD03 display module (touch control)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Length of connecting cable: up to max. 60 m (196 ft) <ul> <li>(cable lengths available for order: 5 m (16 ft), 10 m (32 ft), 20 m (65 ft), 30 m (98 ft))</li> </ul> </li> <li>The measuring instrument can be ordered with the FHX50 housing and a display module. The following options must be selected in the separate order codes: <ul> <li>Order code for measuring instrument, feature 030:</li> <li>Option L or M "Prepared for FHX50 display"</li> </ul> </li> <li>Order code for FHX50 housing, feature 050 (device version): <ul> <li>Option A "Prepared for FHX50 display"</li> </ul> </li> <li>Order code for FHX50 housing, depends on the desired display module in feature 020 (display, operation): <ul> <li>Option C: for an SD02 display module (push buttons)</li> <li>Option E: for an SD03 display module (touch control)</li> </ul> </li> <li>The FHX50 housing can also be ordered as a retrofit kit. The measuring instrument display module is used in the FHX50 housing: <ul> <li>Feature 050 (measuring instrument version): option B "Not prepared for FHX50 display"</li> </ul> </li> <li>Feature 020 (display, operation): option A "None, existing displayed used" <ul> <li>Special Documentation SD01007F</li> <li>(Order number: FHX50)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Overvoltage protection for 2-wire devices	<ul> <li>Ideally, the overvoltage protection module should be ordered directly with the device. See product structure, feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection". Separate order necessary only if retrofitting.</li> <li>OVP10: For 1-channel devices (feature 020, option A):</li> <li>OVP20: For 2-channel devices (feature 020, options B, C, E or G)</li> <li>Special Documentation SD01090F</li> <li>(Order number OVP10: 71128617)</li> <li>(Order number OVP20: 71128619)</li> </ul>	

Accessories	Description	
Protective cover	The protective cover is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and is It can be ordered together with the device via the product structure: Order code for "Accessories enclosed" option PB "Protective cover" Special Documentation SD00333F	
	(Order number: 71162242)	
Transmitter holder (pipe mounting)	To secure the remote version to the pipe DN 20 to 80 (3/4 to 3") Order code for "Accessory enclosed", option PM	

# 15.1.2 For the sensor

Accessories	Description
Flow conditioner	Is used to shorten the necessary inlet run. (Order number: DK7ST) Dimensions of flow conditioner

# 15.2 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description	
Applicator	<ul> <li>Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring instruments:</li> <li>Choice of measuring instruments for industrial requirements</li> <li>Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmere.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and accuracy.</li> <li>Graphic display of the calculation results</li> <li>Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle a project.</li> </ul>	
	Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator	
Netilion	lloT ecosystem: Unlock knowledge With the Netilion IIoT ecosystem,Endress+Hauser allows you to optimize your plant performance, digitize workflows, share knowledge, and enhance collaboration. Drawing upon decades of experience in process automation, Endress+Hauser offers the process industry an IIoT ecosystem designed to effortlessly extract insights from data. These insights allow process optimization, leading to increased plant availability, efficiency, and reliability - ultimately resulting in a more profitable plant. www.netilion.endress.com	
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all intelligent field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.	
DeviceCare	Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.	
	Innovation brochure IN01047S	

# 15.3 System components

Accessories	Description	
Memograph M graphic data manager	The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.	
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI00133R</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA00247R</li> </ul>	

# 16 Technical data

# 16.1 Application

The measuring device is intended for the flow measurement of liquids, gas and steam.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

# 16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Vortex meters work on the principle of the Karman vortex street.	
Measuring system	The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.	
	<ul> <li>Two device versions are available:</li> <li>Compact version - transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.</li> <li>Remote version - transmitter and sensor are mounted in separate locations.</li> </ul>	
	For information on the structure of the measuring instrument $ ightarrow  extsf{B}$ 12	

# 16.3 Input

Measured variable

**Direct measured variables** 

Order code	Order code for "Sensor version; DSC sensor; measuring tube"		
Option	Description Measured variable		
BD	Volume high-temperature; Alloy 718; 316L	Volume flow	

Order code for "Sensor version; DSC sensor; measuring tube"		
Option Description Measured variable		Measured variable
CD	Mass; Alloy 718; 316L (integrated temperature measurement)	<ul><li>Volume flow</li><li>Temperature</li></ul>

#### Calculated measured variables

Order code for "Sensor version; DSC sensor; measuring tube"		
Option	Description	Measured variable
BD	Volume high-temperature; Alloy 718; 316L	Under constant process conditions: Mass flow <sup>1)</sup> Corrected volume flow The totalized values for: Volume flow Mass flow Corrected volume flow

1) A fixed density must be entered for calculating the mass flow (Setup menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup submenu  $\rightarrow$  External compensation submenu  $\rightarrow$  Fixed density parameter).

Order code for "Sensor version; DSC sensor; measuring tube"		
Option	Description	Measured variable
CD	Mass; Alloy 718; 316L (integrated temperature measurement)	<ul> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Specific volume</li> <li>Degrees of superheat</li> </ul>

Measuring range

The measuring range is dependent on the nominal diameter, the fluid and environmental influences.

The following specified values are the largest possible flow measuring ranges ( $Q_{min}$  to  $Q_{max}$ ) for each nominal diameter. Depending on the fluid properties and environmental influences, the measuring range may be subject to additional restrictions. Additional restrictions apply to both the lower range value and the upper range value.

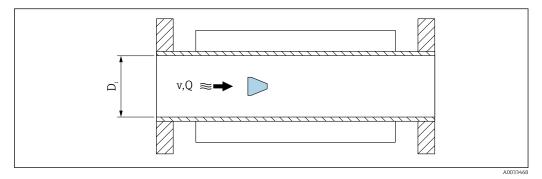
Flow measuring ranges in SI units

DN [mm]	Liquids [m³/h]	Gas/steam [m³/h]
15	0.1 to 4.9	0.52 to 25
25	0.32 to 15	1.6 to 130
40	0.63 to 30	3.1 to 250
50	0.99 to 47	4.9 to 620
80	2.4 to 110	12 to 1 500
100	4.1 to 190	20 to 2 600
150	9.3 to 440	47 to 5 900
200	18 to 760	90 to 10 000
250	28 to 1200	140 to 16 000
300	40 to 1700	200 to 22 000

Flow measuring ranges in US units

DN	Liquids	Gas/steam
[in]	[ft <sup>3</sup> /min]	[ft³/min]
1/2	0.061 to 2.9	0.31 to 15
1	0.19 to 8.8	0.93 to 74
11/2	0.37 to 17	1.8 to 150
2	0.58 to 28	2.9 to 370
3	1.4 to 67	7 to 900
4	2.4 to 110	12 to 1 500
6	5.5 to 260	27 to 3 500
8	11 to 450	53 to 6000
10	17 to 700	84 to 9300
12	24 to 1000	120 to 13000

#### Flow velocity



- *D<sub>i</sub> Measuring tube internal diameter (corresponds to dimension K)*
- v Velocity in measuring tube
- Q Flow

The internal diameter of measuring tube  $\mathsf{D}_{\mathrm{i}}$  is denoted in the dimensions as dimension K.

For detailed information, see the Technical Information  $\rightarrow$  🗎 216

Calculation of flow velocity:

$$v [m/s] = \frac{4 \cdot Q [m^3/h]}{\pi \cdot D_i [m]^2} \cdot \frac{1}{3600 [s/h]}$$
$$v [ft/s] = \frac{4 \cdot Q [ft^3/min]}{\pi \cdot D_i [ft]^2} \cdot \frac{1}{60 [s/min]}$$

#### Lower range value

#### Reynolds number

A restriction applies to the lower range value due to the turbulent flow profile, which only occurs with Reynolds numbers greater than 5 000. The Reynolds number is dimensionless and indicates the ratio of the inertia force of a fluid to its viscous force when flowing and is used as a characteristic variable for pipe flows. In the case of pipe flows with Reynolds numbers less than 5 000, periodic vortices are no longer generated and flow rate measurement is no longer possible.

The Reynolds number is calculated as follows:

$$Re = \frac{4 \cdot Q [m^3/s] \cdot \rho [kg/m^3]}{\pi \cdot D_i [m] \cdot \mu [Pa \cdot s]}$$
$$Re = \frac{4 \cdot Q [ft^3/s] \cdot \rho [lbm/ft^3]}{\pi \cdot D_i [ft] \cdot \mu [lbf \cdot s/ft^2]}$$

- Re Reynolds number
- Q Flow
- *D<sub>i</sub>* Internal diameter of measuring tube (corresponds to dimension K)
- μ Dynamic viscosity
- ρ Density

The Reynolds number 5 000, together with the density and viscosity of the fluid and the nominal diameter, is used to calculate the corresponding flow rate.

$$Q_{Re=5000} [m^{3}/h] = \frac{5000 \cdot \pi \cdot D_{i} [m] \cdot \mu [Pa \cdot s]}{4 \cdot \rho [kg/m^{3}]} \cdot 3600 [s/h]$$

$$Q_{Re=5000} [ft^{3}/h] = \frac{5000 \cdot \pi \cdot D_{i} [ft] \cdot \mu [lbf \cdot s/ft^{2}]}{4 \cdot \rho [lbm/ft^{3}]} \cdot 60 [s/min]$$

 $Q_{Re=5000}$  Flow rate is dependent on the Reynolds number

$D_i$	Internal diameter of measuring tube (corresponds to dimension K)
μ	Dynamic viscosity
ρ	Density

Minimum measurable flow velocity based on signal amplitude

The measuring signal must have a certain minimum signal amplitude so that the signals can be evaluated without any errors. Using the nominal diameter, the corresponding flow can also be derived from this amplitude.

The minimum signal amplitude depends on the setting for the sensitivity of the DSC sensor, the steam quality  $\mathbf{x}$  and the force of the vibrations present  $\mathbf{a}$ .

The value **mf** corresponds to the lowest measurable flow velocity without vibration (no wet steam) for a density of  $1 \text{ kg/m}^3$  (0.0624 lbm/ft^3).

The value **mf** can be set in the range of 20 to 6 m/s (6 to 1.8 ft/s) (factory setting 12 m/s (3.7 ft/s)) with the **Sensitivity** parameter (value range 1 to 9, factory setting 5).

$$v_{AmpMin} [m/s] = max \begin{cases} \frac{mf [m/s]}{x^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho [kg/m^3]}{1 [kg/m^3]}}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{50[m] \cdot a [m/s^2]}}{x^2} \end{cases}$$
$$v_{AmpMin} [ft/s] = max \begin{cases} \frac{mf [ft/s]}{x^2 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho [lbm/ft^3]}{0.0624 [lbm/ft^3]}}} \\ \frac{\sqrt{164[ft] \cdot a [ft/s^2]}}{x^2} \end{cases}$$

 $v_{AmpMin}$  Minimum measurable flow velocity based on signal amplitude

ρ Density

х

A003430

mf Sensitivity

Steam quality

#### Minimum measurable flow rate based on signal amplitude

$$Q_{AmpMin} [m^{3}/h] = \frac{v_{AmpMin} [m/s] \cdot \pi \cdot (D_{i} [m])^{2}}{4} \cdot 3600 [s/h]$$

$$Q_{AmpMin} [ft^{3}/min] = \frac{v_{AmpMin} [ft/s] \cdot \pi \cdot (D_{i} [ft])^{2}}{4} \cdot 60 [s/min]$$
A0034304

<i>Q<sub>AmpMin</sub></i>	Minimum measurable flow rate based on signal amplitude
---------------------------	--

V <sub>AmpMin</sub>	Minimum measurable flow velocity based on signal amplitude	
---------------------	--	--

*D<sub>i</sub> Internal diameter of measuring tube (corresponds to dimension K)* 

ρ Density

#### Effective lower range value

The effective lower range value  $Q_{Low}$  is determined using the largest of the three values  $Q_{min},\,Q_{Re\,=\,5000}$  and  $Q_{AmpMin}.$ 

$Q_{Low} [m^{3}/h] = max \begin{cases} Q_{min} [m^{3}/h] \\ Q_{Re=5000} [m^{3}/h] \\ Q_{AmpMin} [m^{3}/h] \end{cases}$	
$Q_{Low} [ft^3/min] = max \begin{cases} Q_{min} [ft^3/min] \\ Q_{Re-5000} [ft^3/min] \\ Q_{AmpMin} [ft^3/min] \end{cases}$	
	A0034313

$Q_{Low}$	Effective lower range value
Q <sub>min</sub>	Minimum measurable flow rate
Q <sub>Re = 5000</sub>	Flow rate is dependent on the Reynolds number
<i>Q<sub>AmpMin</sub></i>	Minimum measurable flow rate based on signal amplitude

The Applicator is available for calculation purposes.

## Upper range value

Maximum measurable flow rate based on signal amplitude

The measuring signal amplitude must be below a certain limit value to ensure that the signals can be evaluated without error. This results in a maximum permitted flow rate  $Q_{AmpMax}$ .

A0034316

A0034321

$$Q_{AmpMax} [m^{3}/h] = \frac{URV [m/s] \cdot \pi \cdot D_{i} [m]^{2}}{4 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho [kg/m^{3}]}{1 [kg/m^{3}]}}} \cdot 3600 [s/h]$$
$$Q_{AmpMax} [ft^{3}/min] = \frac{URV [ft/s] \cdot \pi \cdot D_{i} [ft]^{2}}{4 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho [lbm/ft^{3}]}{0.0624 [lbm/ft^{3}]}}} \cdot 60 [s/min]$$

 $Q_{{\it AmpMax}}$   $\,$  Maximum measurable flow rate based on signal amplitude

Internal diameter of measuring tube (corresponds to dimension K)

ρ Density

 $D_i$ 

*URV* Limit value for determining the maximum flow rate:

- DN 15 to 40: URV = 350
- DN 50 to 300: URV = 600
- NPS ½ to 1½: URV = 1148
- NPS 2 to 12: URV = 1969

#### Restricted upper range value is dependent on Mach number

For gas applications, an additional restriction applies to the upper range value with regard to the Mach number in the measuring instrument, which must be less than 0.3. The Mach number Ma describes the ratio of the flow velocity v to the sound velocity c in the fluid.

$Ma = \frac{v [m/s]}{c [m/s]}$	
$Ma = \frac{v [ft/s]}{c [ft/s]}$	

Ма	Mach number
ν	Flow velocity
С	Speed of sound

The corresponding flow rate can be derived using the nominal diameter.

$$Q_{Ma=0.3} [m^{3}/h] = \frac{0.3 \cdot c [m/s] \cdot \pi \cdot D_{i} [m]^{2}}{4} \cdot 3600 [s/h]$$
$$Q_{Ma=0.3} [ft^{3}/min] = \frac{0.3 \cdot c [ft/s] \cdot \pi \cdot D_{i} [ft]^{2}}{4} \cdot 60 [s/min]$$

 $Q_{Ma=0.3}$  Restricted upper range value is dependent on Mach number

- c Speed of sound
- *D<sub>i</sub>* Internal diameter of measuring tube (corresponds to dimension K)
- ρ Density

## Effective upper range value

The effective upper range value  $Q_{High}$  is determined using the smallest of the three values  $Q_{max},\,Q_{AmpMax}$  and  $Q_{Ma=0.3}.$ 

$Q_{\text{High}} [m^{3}/h] = \min \begin{cases} Q_{\text{max}} [m^{3}/h] \\ Q_{\text{AmpMax}} [m^{3}/h] \\ Q_{\text{Ma}=0.3} [m^{3}/h] \end{cases}$	
$Q_{High} [ft^3/min] = min \begin{cases} Q_{max} [ft^3/min] \\ Q_{AmpMax} [ft^3/min] \\ Q_{Ma=0.3} [ft^3/min] \end{cases}$	
	A0034338

	Q <sub>High</sub> Effective upper range value
	<i>Q<sub>max</sub> Maximum measurable flow rate</i>
	$Q_{AmpMax}$ Maximum measurable flow rate based on signal amplitude
	$Q_{Ma=0.3}$ Restricted upper range value is dependent on Mach number
	For liquids, the occurrence of cavitation may also restrict the upper range value.
	1 The Applicator is available for calculation purposes.
Operable flow range	The value, which is typically up to 49: 1, may vary depending on the operating conditions (ratio between upper range value and lower range value)
Input signal	External measured values
	To increase the measurement accuracy of certain measured variables or to calculate the corrected volume flow, the automation system can continuously write different measured values to the measuring instrument:
	<ul> <li>Operating pressure to increase measurement accuracy (Endress+Hauser recommends the use of a pressure measuring instrument for absolute pressure, e.g. Cerabar M or Cerabar S)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Medium temperature to increase measurement accuracy (e.g. iTEMP)</li> <li>Reference density for calculating the corrected volume flow</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Various pressure measuring devices can be ordered as accessories from Endress+Hauser.</li> <li>If using pressure measuring devices, pay attention to outlet runs when installing external devices →</li></ul>
	If the device does not have temperature compensation, it is recommended that external pressure measurement values be read in so that the following measured variables can be calculated: • Energy flow • Mass flow
	Corrected volume flow

#### Digital communication

The measured values are written from the automation system to the measuring instrument via PROFIBUS PA.

# 16.4 Output

# Output signal

# Pulse/frequency/switch output

[	
Function	Can be configured as pulse, frequency or switch output
Version	Passive, open collector
Maximum input values	<ul> <li>DC 35 V</li> <li>50 mA</li> </ul>
Voltage drop	<ul> <li>For ≤ 2 mA: 2 V</li> <li>For 10 mA: 8 V</li> </ul>
Residual current	≤ 0.05 mA
Pulse output	
Pulse width	Configurable: 5 to 2 000 ms
Maximum pulse rate	100 Impulse/s
Pulse value	Configurable
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> </ul>
Frequency output	
Output frequency	Configurable: 0 to 1000 Hz
Damping	Configurable: 0 to 999 s
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Pressure</li> </ul>
Switch output	
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Switching delay	Configurable: 0 to 100 s

Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit value <ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Flow velocity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Calculated saturated steam pressure</li> <li>Total mass flow</li> <li>Energy flow</li> <li>Heat flow difference</li> <li>Pressure</li> <li>Reynolds number</li> <li>Totalizer 1-3</li> </ul> </li> <li>Status</li> <li>Status of low flow cut off</li> </ul>

## PROFIBUS PA

PROFIBUS PA	In accordance with EN 50170 Volume 2, IEC 61158-2 (MBP), galvanically isolated	
Data transmission	31.25 kbit/s	
Current consumption	16 mA	
Permitted supply voltage	9 to 32 V	
Bus connection	With integrated reverse polarity protection	

## Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

# Pulse/frequency/switch output

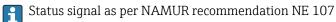
Pulse output			
Failure mode	No pulses		
Frequency output			
Failure mode	Choose from: • Actual value • 0 Hz • Definable value between: 0 to 1250 Hz		
Switch output			
Failure mode	Choose from: • Current status • Open • Closed		

## PROFIBUS PA

Status and alarm messages	Diagnostics in accordance with PROFIBUS PA Profile 3.02
Failure current FDE (Fault Disconnection Electronic)	0 mA

#### Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures	
Backlight	Additionally for device version with SD03 local display: red lighting indicates a device error.	



#### Interface/protocol

- Via digital communication: PROFIBUS PA
- Via service interface
   Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface (CDI)

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures

Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are preset and can be configured.

Galvanic isolation

All inputs and outputs are galvanically isolated from one another.

Protocol-specific data

The inputs and outputs are garvamenty isolated from one anothe	.1.

Manufacturer ID	0x11
Ident number	0x1564
Profile version	3.02
Device description files (GSD, DTM, DD)	Information and files at: • www.endress.com → Download Area • https://www.profibus.com
Supported functions	<ul> <li>Identification &amp; Maintenance Simple device identification via control system and nameplate</li> <li>PROFIBUS upload/download Reading and writing parameters is up to ten times faster with PROFIBUS upload/download</li> <li>Condensed Status Simplest and self-explanatory diagnostic information by categorizing diagnostic messages that occur</li> </ul>
Configuration of the device address	<ul> <li>DIP switches on the I/O electronics module</li> <li>Local display</li> <li>Via operating tools (e.g. FieldCare)</li> </ul>
System integration	<ul> <li>For information on system integration, see → </li> <li>Cyclic data transmission</li> <li>Block model</li> <li>Description of the modules</li> </ul>

# 16.5 Power supply

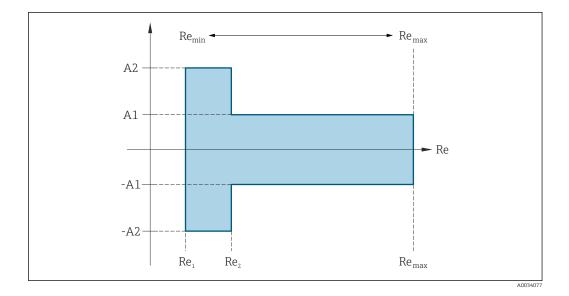
Terminal assignment	→ 🗎 32		
Available device plugs	→ 🗎 32		

Supply voltage	Transmitter				
	An external power supply is required for each output. The following supply voltage values apply for the outputs available:				
	Supply voltage for a compact version without a local display <sup>1)</sup>				
Power consumption	Order code for "Output; input"	Minimum terminal voltage <sup>2)</sup>	Maximum Terminal voltage		
	Option G: PROFIBUS PA, pulse/frequency/ switch output≥ DC 9 VDC 32 V				
	<ol> <li>In event of external supply voltage of t</li> <li>The minimum terminal voltage increase</li> </ol>		e following table		
	Increase of minimum terminal voltag	ge with local operation			
	Order code for "Display; operation"		Increase in minimum Terminal voltage		
	Option <b>C:</b> Local operation SD02	+ DC 1 V			
	Option <b>E</b> : Local operation SD03 with lighting ( <b>backlighting</b> not used)	+ DC 1 V			
	Option <b>E</b> : Local operation SD03 with lighting ( <b>backlighting</b> used)	+ DC 3 V			
	Trevenitter				
Power consumption	Transmitter	1			
	Order code for "Output; input"	-	er consumption		
	Option G: PROFIBUS PA, pulse/frequency/ switch output• Operation with output 1: 512 mW• Operation with output 1 and 2: 2512 mW				
Current consumption	20 to 55.56 mA				
Power supply failure	<ul> <li>Totalizers stop at the last value measured.</li> <li>Depending on the device version, the configuration is retained in the device memory or in the pluggable data memory (HistoROM DAT).</li> <li>Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.</li> </ul>				
Electrical connection	→ 🗎 35				
Potential equalization	→ 🗎 41				
Terminals	<ul> <li>For device version without integrated for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 r</li> <li>For device version with integrated sections 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 14)</li> </ul>	nm <sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG) overvoltage protection: scre			

Cable entries

The type of cable entry available depends on the specific device version.

	<b>Cable gland (not for Ex d</b> M20 × 1.5	)	
	Thread for cable entry • NPT ½" • G ½" • M20 × 1.5		
Cable specification	→ 🗎 30		
Overvoltage protection		with integrated overvoltage protection: nounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection"	
	Input voltage range	Values correspond to supply voltage specifications $\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 34^{(1)}$	
	Resistance per channel	2 · 0.5 Ω max.	
	DC sparkover voltage	400 to 700 V	
	Trip surge voltage	< 800 V	
	Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1.5 pF	
	Nominal discharge current (8/20 μs)	10 kA	
	Temperature range	-40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)	
	<ol> <li>The voltage is reduced by the amount of the internal resistance I<sub>min</sub>· R<sub>i</sub></li> <li>Depending on the temperature class, restrictions apply to the ambient temperature for device versions with overvoltage protection .</li> <li>For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.</li> <li>16.6 Performance characteristics</li> </ol>		
Reference operating conditions	<ul> <li>Error limits following ISO/DIN 11631</li> <li>+20 to +30 °C (+68 to +86 °F)</li> <li>2 to 4 bar (29 to 58 psi)</li> <li>Calibration system traceable to national standards</li> <li>Calibration with the process connection corresponding to the particular standard</li> <li>If To obtain measured errors, use the <i>Applicator</i> sizing tool → 188</li> </ul>		
Maximum measurement error	<b>Base accuracy</b> o.r. = of reading		



Reynolds	number		
Re <sub>1</sub>	5000		
Re <sub>2</sub>	10 000		
Re <sub>min</sub>	Reynolds number for minimum permitted volume flow in measuring tube Standard		
	$Q_{AmpMin} [m^{3}/h] = \frac{v_{AmpMin} [m/s] \cdot \pi \cdot (D_{i} [m])^{2}}{4} \cdot 3600 [s/h]$		
	$Q_{\text{AmpMin}} [\text{ft}^3/\text{min}] = \frac{v_{\text{AmpMin}} [\text{ft/s}] \cdot \pi \cdot (D_i [\text{ft}])^2}{4} \cdot 60 [\text{s/min}]$	0034304	
Re <sub>max</sub>	Defined by internal diameter of measuring tube, Mach number and maximum permitted velocity measuring tube $Re_{max} = \frac{\rho \cdot 4 \cdot Q_{Heigh}}{u \cdot \cdot K}$	in	
	r	0034339	

## Volume flow

Medium type		Incompressible	Compressible
Reynolds number Range	Measurement error	Standard	Standard
Re <sub>2</sub> to Re <sub>max</sub>	A1	< 0.75 %	< 1.0 %
Re <sub>1</sub> to Re <sub>2</sub>	A2	< 5.0 %	< 5.0 %

## Temperature

- Saturated steam and liquids at room temperature, if T > 100 °C (212 °F): < 1 °C (1.8 °F)
- Gas: < 1 % o.r. [K]
- Rise time 50 % (stirred under water, following IEC 60751): 8 s

#### Mass flow saturated steam

Sensor version		Mass (integrated temperature measurement)		
Process pressure [bar abs.]	Flow velocity [m/s (ft/s)]	Reynolds number Range	Measurement error	Standard
> 4.76	20 to 50 (66 to 164)	Re <sub>2</sub> to Re <sub>max</sub>	A1	< 1.7 %
> 3.62	10 to 70 (33 to 230)	Re <sub>2</sub> to Re <sub>max</sub>	A1	< 2.0 %
In all cases not speci	fied here, the following ap	oplies: < 5.7 %		

#### *Mass flow of superheated steam/gases*<sup>4) 5)</sup>

Sensor version				Mass (integrated temperature measurement) + external pressure compensation $^{1)}$
Process pressure [bar abs.]	Flow velocity [m/s (ft/s)]	Reynolds number Range	Measurement error	Standard
< 40	All velocities	Re <sub>2</sub> to Re <sub>max</sub>	A1	< 1.7 %
< 120		Re <sub>2</sub> to Re <sub>max</sub>	A1	< 2.6 %
In all cases not spe	cified here, the	following applies: <	6.6 %	

1) The use of a Cerabar S is required for the measurement errors listed in the following section. The measurement error used to calculate the error in the measured pressure is 0.15 %.

#### Water mass flow

Sensor version		Mass (integrated temperature measurement)		
Process pressure [bar abs.]	Flow velocity [m/s (ft/s)]	Reynolds number range	Measured value deviation	Standard
All pressures	All velocities	$Re_2$ to $Re_{max}$	A1	< 0.85 %
		Re1 to Re2	A2	< 2.7 %

#### Mass flow (user-specific liquids)

To specify the system accuracy, Endress+Hauser requires information about the type of liquid and its operating temperature or information in table form about the dependency between the liquid density and the temperature.

#### Example

- Acetone is to be measured at fluid temperatures from +70 to +90 °C (+158 to +194 °F).
- For this purpose, the **Reference temperature** parameter (7703) (here 80 °C (176 °F)), **Reference density** parameter (7700) (here 720.00 kg/m<sup>3</sup>) and **Linear expansion coefficient** parameter (7621) (here  $18.0298 \times 10^{-4} 1/^{\circ}$ C) must be entered in the transmitter.
- The overall system uncertainty, which is less than 0.9 % for the example above, is comprised of the following measurement uncertainties: uncertainty of volume flow measurement, uncertainty of temperature measurement, uncertainty of the density-temperature correlation used (including the resulting uncertainty of density).

#### Mass flow (other media)

Depends on the selected fluid and the pressure value, which is specified in the parameters. Individual error analysis must be performed.

<sup>4)</sup> Single gas, gas mixture, air: NEL40; natural gas: ISO 12213-2 contains AGA8-DC92, AGA NX-19, ISO 12213-3 contains SGERG-88 and AGA8 Gross Method 1

<sup>5)</sup> The measuring instrument is calibrated with water and has been verified under pressure on gas calibration rigs.

## Accuracy of outputs

The outputs have the following base accuracy specifications.

Pulse/frequency output

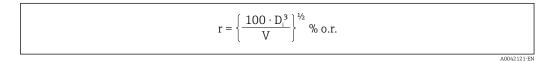
o.r. = of reading

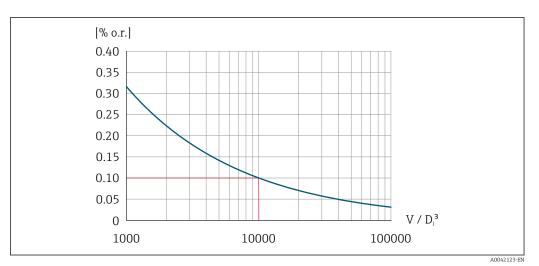
Max. ±100 ppm o.r.

Repeatability

o.r. = of reading

Accuracy





■ 25 Repeatability = 0.1 % o.r. with a measured volume  $[m^3]$  of  $V = 10000 \cdot D_i^3$ 

The repeatability can be improved if the measured volume is increased. Repeatability is not a device characteristic but a statistical variable that is dependent on the boundary conditions indicated.

Response time	If all the configurable functions for filter times (flow damping, display damping, current output time constant, frequency output time constant, status output time constant) are set to 0, in the event of vortex frequencies of 10 Hz and higher a response time of $\max(T_v, 100 \text{ ms})$ can be expected.
	In the event of measuring frequencies < 10 Hz, the response time is > 100 ms and can be up to 10 s. $T_v$ is the average vortex period duration of the flowing fluid.
Relative humidity	The device is suitable for use in outdoor and indoor areas with a relative humidity of 5 to 95%.
Operating height	<ul> <li>According to EN 61010-1</li> <li>≤ 2 000 m (6 562 ft)</li> <li>&gt; 2 000 m (6 562 ft) with additional overvoltage protection (e.g. Endress+Hauser HAW Series)</li> </ul>

Influence of ambient	Pulse/frequency output				
emperature	o.r. = of reading				
	Temperature coefficient     Max. ±100 ppm o.r.				
	16.7 Installation				
nstallation requirements	→ 🗎 20				
	16.8 Environment				
Ambient temperature ange	→ 🗎 23				
	Temperature tables				
	Observe the interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid temperatures when operating the device in hazardous areas.				
	For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.				
Storage temperature	All components apart from the display modules: $-50$ to $+80$ °C ( $-58$ to $+176$ °F)				
	Display modules				
	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)				
	Remote display FHX50: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)				
Relative humidity	The device is suitable for use in outdoor and indoor areas with a relative humidity of 5 to 95%.				
Climate class	DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)				
Degree of protection	<ul> <li>Transmitter</li> <li>Standard: IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4</li> <li>When the housing is open: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2</li> <li>Display module: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2</li> </ul>				
	<b>Sensor</b> IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4				
	<b>Device plug</b> IP67, only in screwed situation				
Vibration-resistance and	Vibration sinusoidal, in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6				
shock resistance	Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, compact" • 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak • 8.4 to 500 Hz, 1 g peak				

Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 dual compartment, alu, coated, compact" or option J "GT20 dual compartment, alu, coated, remote" or option K "GT18 dual compartment, 316L. remote"

- 2 to 8.4 Hz, 7.5 mm peak
- 8.4 to 500 Hz, 2 q peak
- 8.4 to 500 fiz, z g peak

#### Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64

Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, compact"

- 10 to 200 Hz, 0.003 g<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- 200 to 500 Hz, 0.001 g<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- Total: 0.93 g rms

Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 dual compartment, alu, coated, compact" or option J "GT20 dual compartment, alu, coated, remote" or option K "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, remote")

- 10 to 200 Hz, 0.01 g<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- 200 to 500 Hz, 0.003 q<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- Total: 1.67 g rms

#### Half-sine shocks according to IEC 60068-2-27

- Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, compact"
   6 ms 30 g
- Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 dual compartment, alu, coated, compact" or option J "GT20 dual compartment, alu, coated, remote" or option K "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, remote")
   6 ms 50 g

#### Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31

# Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21), NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21) is fulfilled when installed in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation 98 (NE 98) As per IEC/EN 61000-6-2 and IEC/EN 61000-6-4 Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity. This unit is not intended for use in residential environments and cannot guarantee adequate protection of the radio reception in such environments.

## 16.9 Process

Medium temperature range DSC sensor<sup>1)</sup>

Order code	Order code for "Sensor version; DSC sensor; measuring tube"				
Option	Description	Medium temperature range			
BD	Volume high-temperature; Alloy 718; 316L	-200 to +400 °C (-328 to +752 °F), PN 63 to 160/ Class 600			
CD	Mass; Alloy 718; 316L	-200 to +400 °C (-328 to +752 °F)			
Special version for very high fluid temperatures (on request)		-200 to $+440$ °C ( $-328$ to $+824$ °F), version for hazardous areas			

1) Capacitance sensor

	Order code for "DSC sensor seal"				
	Option	Description	Medium temperature r	ange	
	A	Graphite	-200 to +400 °C (-328	5	
	В	Viton	-15 to +175 °C (+5 to +1		
	С	Gylon	-200 to +260 °C (-328		
	D	Kalrez	-20 to +275 °C (-4 to +		
Pressure-temperature ratings	For a the T	n overview of the p echnical Informatio	ressure-temperature ratin n	gs for the process connections, see	
Nominal pressure of sensor	The follow membrane		esistance values apply to t	he sensor shaft in the event of a	
	Sensor vers	sion; DSC sensor; meas	uring tube	Overpressure, sensor shaft in [bar a]	
	Volume hig	h-temperature		375	
	Mass (integ	grated temperature meas	surement)	375	
			mperature measurement) e/temperature measurement)	375	
Pressure loss	For a prec	ise calculation, use	the Applicator $\rightarrow \square$ 188.		
	_	ise calculation, use Mechanical			
Vibrations	<b>16.10</b> For th	<b>Mechanical</b>	construction	device, see the "Technical	
Vibrations Design, dimensions	<b>16.10</b> For th	<b>Mechanical</b> he dimensions and i mation" document, '	<b>construction</b> Installation lengths of the	device, see the "Technical	
Vibrations Design, dimensions	16.10 For th Inform Compact Weight da Includim Order 1.8 kg Order Excludir Weight in	Mechanical he dimensions and i mation" document, ' version ata: ig the transmitter: code for "Housing", g (4.0 lb): code for "Housing", ng packaging mater <i>SI units</i>	construction nstallation lengths of the Mechanical construction" option C "GT20, two-cham option B "GT18 two-cham ial	device, see the "Technical section aber, aluminum, coated, compact" ber, 316L, compact"4.5 kg (9.9 lb):	
Vibrations Design, dimensions	16.10 For th Inform Compact Weight da Includim Order 1.8 kg Order Excludin Weight in All values	Mechanical he dimensions and i mation" document, ' version ata: ig the transmitter: code for "Housing", g (4.0 lb): code for "Housing", ng packaging mater <i>SI units</i>	construction nstallation lengths of the Mechanical construction" option C "GT20, two-cham option B "GT18 two-cham ial	device, see the "Technical section	
Pressure loss Vibrations Design, dimensions Weight	16.10 For th Inform Compact Weight da Includin Order 1.8 kg Order Excludir Weight in All values [kg].	Mechanical he dimensions and i mation" document, ' version ata: og the transmitter: code for "Housing", g (4.0 lb): code for "Housing", ng packaging mater <i>SI units</i> (weight) refer to de	construction nstallation lengths of the Mechanical construction" option C "GT20, two-cham option B "GT18 two-cham ial	device, see the "Technical section aber, aluminum, coated, compact" ber, 316L, compact"4.5 kg (9.9 lb):	

16.1

25

18.8

DN	Weight [kg]		
[mm]	Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, compact"	Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, compact"	
40	21.1	23.8	
50	23.1	28	
80	41.1	43.8	
100	64.1	66.8	
150	152.1	154.8	

## Weight in US units

All values (weight) refer to devices with ASME B16.5, Class 1500/Sch. 80 flanges. Weight information in [lbs].

DN	Weight [lbs]				
[in]	Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, compact"	Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, compact"			
1/2	29.0	34.9			
1	37.8	43.7			
11/2	44.4	50.3			
2	66.5	72.4			
3	108.3	114.3			
4	156.8	162.8			
6	381.7	387.7			

## Transmitter remote version

Wall-mount housing

Dependent on the material of wall-mount housing:

- Order code for "Housing" option J "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, remote"2.4 kg (5.2 lb):
- Order code for "Housing", option K "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, remote"6.0 kg (13.2 lb):

#### Sensor remote version

Weight data:

- Including sensor connection housing:
  - Order code for "Housing" option J "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, remote"0.8 kg (1.8 lb):
  - Order code for "Housing", option K "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, remote"2.0 kg (4.4 lb):
- Excluding the connecting cable
- Excluding packaging material

#### Weight in SI units

All values (weight) refer to devices with EN (DIN), PN 250 flanges. Weight information in [kg].

DN	Weight [kg]	
[mm]	sensor connection housing Order code for "Housing", option J "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, remote"	sensor connection housing Order code for "Housing", option K "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, remote"
15	14.1	15.3
25	15.1	16.3
40	20.1	21.3
50	22.1	23.3
80	40.1	41.3
100	63.1	64.3
150	151.1	152.3

## Weight in US units

All values (weight) refer to devices with ASME B16.5, Class 1500/Sch. 80 flanges. Weight information in [lbs].

DN	Weight [lbs]	
[in]	sensor connection housing Order code for "Housing", option J "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, remote"	sensor connection housing Order code for "Housing", option K "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, remote"
1/2	26.6	29.4
1	35.4	38.2
1½	42.0	44.8
2	64.1	66.8
3	105.9	108.7
4	154.5	157.2
6	379.3	382.1

#### Accessories

Flow conditioner

Weight in SI units

DN <sup>1)</sup> [mm]	Pressure rating	Weight [kg]
15	PN 63	0.05
25	PN 63	0.2
40	PN 63	0.4
50	PN 63	0.6
80	PN 63	1.4
100	PN 63	2.4
150	PN 63	7.8

1) EN (DIN)

DN <sup>1)</sup> [mm]	Pressure rating	Weight [kg]
15	40K	0.06
25	40K	0.1
40	40K	0.3
50	40K	0.5
80	40K	1.3
100	40K	2.1
150	40K	6.2

1) JIS

Materials

#### Transmitter housing

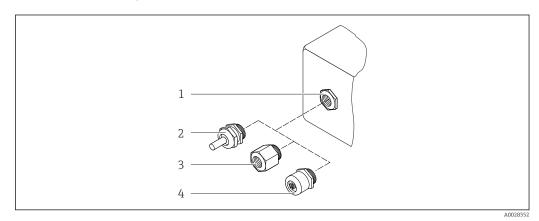
Compact version

- Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, compact": Stainless steel, CF3M
- Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20, two-chamber, aluminum, coated, compact": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Window material: glass

#### Remote version

- Order code for "Housing" option J "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, remote": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Order code for "Housing", option K "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, remote": For maximum corrosion resistance: Stainless steel, CF3M
- Window material: glass

#### Cable entries/cable glands



26 Possible cable entries/cable glands

- 1 Internal thread M20 × 1.5
- 2 Cable gland M20 × 1.5
- 3 Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or NPT  $\frac{1}{2}$ "
- 4 Device plug

Order code for "Housing", option B "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, compact" option K "GT18 dual compartment, 316L, remote"

Cable entry/cable gland	Type of protection	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	<ul> <li>Non-hazardous area</li> <li>Ex ia</li> <li>Ex ic</li> <li>Ex nA, Ex ec</li> <li>Ex tb</li> </ul>	Stainless steel ,1.4404
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"	Non-hazardous area and hazardous area (except for XP)	Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"	Non-hazardous area and hazardous area	

Order code for "Housing": option C "GT20 dual compartment, aluminum, coated, compact", option J "GT20 dual compartment, aluminum, coated remote"

Cable entry/cable gland	Type of protection	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	<ul><li>Non-hazardous area</li><li>Ex ia</li><li>Ex ic</li></ul>	Plastic
	Adapter for cable entry with internal thread G ½"	Nickel-plated brass
Adapter for cable entry with internal thread NPT ½"	Non-hazardous area and hazardous area (except for XP)	Nickel-plated brass
Thread NPT ½" via adapter	Non-hazardous area and hazardous area	

#### Connecting cable for remote version

- Standard cable: PVC cable with copper shield
- Reinforced cable: PVC cable with copper shield and additional steel wire braided jacket

#### Sensor connection housing

The material of the sensor connection housing is dependent on the material selected for the transmitter housing.

- Order code for "Housing" option J "GT20 two-chamber, aluminum, coated, remote": Coated aluminum AlSi10Mg
- Order code for "Housing", option K "GT18 two-chamber, 316L, remote": Stainless cast steel, 1.4408 (CF3M) Compliant with:
  - NACE MR0175
  - NACE MR0103

#### Measuring tubes

#### DN 15 to 300 (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> to 12"), pressure ratingsPN160/250, Class 900/1500

- Stainless cast steel, CF3M/1.4408
- Complies with:
  - NACE MR0175-2003
  - NACE MR0103-2003
- DN15 to 150 (½ to 6"): AD2000, permitted temperature range -10 to +400 °C (+14 to +752 °F) restricted

#### DSC sensor

Order code for "Sensor version; DSC sensor; measuring tube", option BD, CD

#### Pressure ratings PN 160/250, Class 900/1500:

Parts in contact with medium (marked as "wet" on the DSC sensor flange):

- UNS N07718 similar to Alloy 718/2.4668
- Compliant with:
  - NACE MR01752003
  - NACE MR01032003

Parts not in contact with medium: Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

#### **Process connections**

#### Pressure ratings PN 160/250, Class 900/1500:

Stainless steel, triple-certified material, 1.4404/F316/F316L

Available process connections

#### Seals

- Graphite
- Sigraflex foil Z<sup>TM</sup> (BAM-certified for oxygen applications)
- FPM (Viton<sup>TM</sup>)
- Kalrez 6375<sup>TM</sup>
- Gylon 3504<sup>TM</sup> (BAM-certified for oxygen applications)

#### Housing support

Stainless steel, 1.4408 (CF3M)

#### Screws for DSC sensor

- Order code for "Sensor version", option BD, CD, Stainless steel, A2 as per ISO 3506-1 (304)
- On request Stainless steel, 1.4980 according to EN 10269 (Gr. 660 B)

#### Accessories

Protective cover

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

#### Flow conditioner

- Stainless steel, multiple certifications, 1.4404 (316, 316L)
- Compliant with:
  - NACE MR0175-2003
  - NACE MR0103-2003

Process connections	Pressure ratings PN 160/250, Class 900/1500:	
	Stainless steel, triple-certified material, 1.4404/F316/F316L	

Available process connections

# 16.11 Operability

Languages	Can be operated in the following languages:
	<ul> <li>Via local display:</li> </ul>
	English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Swedish,
	Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech
	Via "FieldCare" operating tool:
	English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese

Onsite operation

#### Via display module

Two display modules are available:

Order code for "Display; Operation", option C "SD02"	Order code for "Display; Operation", option E "SD03"
A0032219	A0032221
1 Operation with pushbuttons	1 Operation with touch control

#### Display elements

- 4-line, illuminated, graphic display
- White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured

#### **Operating elements**

or

- Operation with 3 push buttons with open housing: 🗉, 🖃, 🗉
- External operation via touch control (3 optical keys) without opening the housing: 1,
   E
- Operating elements also accessible in the various zones of the hazardous area

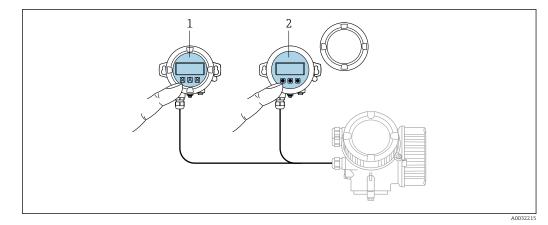
#### Additional functionality

- Data backup function
   The device configuration
- The device configuration can be saved in the display module.
- Data comparison function The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration.
- Data transfer function

The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.

#### Via remote display FHX50

The remote display FHX50 can be ordered as an optional extra  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  187.



#### ■ 27 FHX50 operating options

1 SD02 display and operating module, push buttons: cover must be opened for operation

2 SD03 display and operating module, optical buttons: operation possible through cover glass

## Display and operating elements

The display and operating elements correspond to those of the display module .

Remote operation	→
Service interface	→ 🖹 58
	16.12 Certificates and approvals
	Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at <u>www.endress.com</u> on the relevant product page:
	1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
	2. Open the product page.
	3. Select <b>Downloads</b> .
CE mark	The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
UKCA marking	The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable UK regulations (Statutory Instruments). These are listed in the UKCA Declaration of Conformity along with the designated standards. By selecting the order option for UKCA marking, Endress+Hauser confirms a successful evaluation and testing of the device by affixing the UKCA mark.
	Contact address Endress+Hauser UK: Endress+Hauser Ltd. Floats Road Manchester M23 9NF United Kingdom www.uk.endress.com
RCM marking	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

Ex-approval	The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.
Certification PROFIBUS	PROFIBUS interface
	<ul> <li>The measuring device is certified and registered by the PNO (PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V./PROFIBUS User Organization). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications:</li> <li>Certified according to PA Profile 3.02</li> <li>The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)</li> </ul>
Pressure Equipment Directive	<ul> <li>With the marking <ul> <li>a) PED/G1/x (x = category) or</li> <li>b) PESR/G1/x (x = category)</li> <li>on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms compliance with the "Essential Safety Requirements" <ul> <li>a) specified in Annex I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or</li> <li>b) Schedule 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Devices not bearing this marking (without PED or PESR) are designed and manufactured according to sound engineering practice. They meet the requirements of <ul> <li>a) Art. 4 Para. 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or</li> <li>b) Part 1, Para. 8 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The scope of application is indicated <ul> <li>a) in diagrams 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or</li> <li>b) Schedule 3, Para. 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
Experience	The Prowirl 200 measuring system is the successor model of the Prowirl 72 and Prowirl 73.
External standards and guidelines	<ul> <li>EN 60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosure (IP code)</li> <li>DIN ISO 13359 Measurement of conductive liquid flow in closed conduits - Flanged-type electromagnetic flowmeters - Overall length</li> <li>ISO 12764:2017 Measurement of fluid flow in closed conduits - Flow rate measurement by means of vortex shedding flowmeters inserted in circular cross-section conduits running full</li> <li>EN 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements</li> <li>EN 61326-1/-2-3 EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use</li> <li>NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment</li> <li>NAMUR NE 32 Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors</li> <li>NAMUR NE 43 Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.</li> <li>NAMUR NE 53 Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics</li> </ul>

- NAMUR NE 105
  - Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices
- NAMUR NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices
- NAMUR NE 131
  - Requirements for field devices for standard applications
- ETSI EN 300 328
  - Guidelines for 2.4 GHz radio components.
- EN 301489

Electromagnetic compatibility and radio spectrum matters (ERM).

# 16.13 Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.



Detailed information on the application packages: Special Documentation  $\rightarrow \cong 217$ 

# 16.14 Accessories

# 16.15 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- Endress+Hauser Operations app: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

#### Standard Documentation **Brief Operating Instructions**

Brief Operating Instructions for the sensor

Measuring device	Documentation code
Prowirl O 200	KA01324D

Brief Operating Instructions for the transmitter

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Prowirl 200	KA01328D

#### **Technical Information**

Measuring device	Documentation code
Prowirl O 200	TI01334D

#### **Description of Device Parameters**

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Prowirl 200	GP01110D

Supplementary device- dependent documentation	Safety instructions	
	Contents	Documentation code
	ATEX/IECEx Ex d	XA01635D
	ATEX/IECEx Ex ia	XA01636D
	ATEX/IECEx Ex ec, Ex ic	XA01637D
	<sub>C</sub> CSA <sub>US</sub> XP	XA01638D
	<sub>C</sub> CSA <sub>US</sub> IS	XA01639D
	EAC Ex d	XA01684D
	EAC Ex ia	XA01782D
	EAC Ex ec, Ex ic	XA01685D
	INMETRO Ex d	XA01642D
	INMETRO Ex ia	XA01640D
	INMETRO Ex ec, Ex ic	XA01641D
	JPN Ex d	XA01766D
	NEPSI Ex d	XA01643D
	NEPSI Ex ia	XA01644D
	NEPSI Ex ec, Ex ic	XA01645D
	UKEX Ex d	XA02630D
	UKEX Ex ia	XA02631D
	UKEX Ex ec, Ex ic	XA02632D

## **Special Documentation**

Contents	Documentation code
Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive	SD01614D
Heartbeat Technology	SD02031D
Protective cover	SD00333F

#### Installation Instructions

Contents	Note
Installation instructions for spare part sets and accessories	<ul> <li>Access the overview of all the available spare part sets via <i>Device Viewer</i> →  <sup>B</sup> 184</li> <li>Accessories available for order with Installation Instructions →  <sup>B</sup> 187</li> </ul>

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