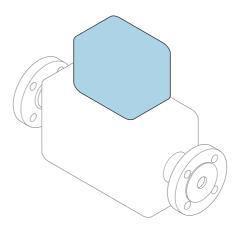
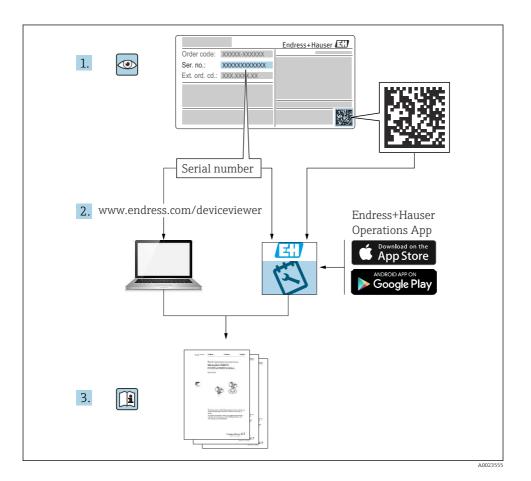
Transmitter with Coriolis sensor Modbus TCP



These instructions are Brief Operating Instructions; they are **not** a substitute for the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

Brief Operating Instructions part 2 of 2: TransmitterContain information about the transmitter.





Brief operating instructions Flowmeter

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

The process of commissioning these two components is described in two separate manuals which together form the Brief Operating Instructions for the flowmeter:

- Brief Operating Instructions Part 1: Sensor
- Brief Operating Instructions Part 2: Transmitter

Please refer to both parts of the Brief Operating Instructions when commissioning the device, as the contents of the manuals complement one another:

Brief Operating Instructions Part 1: Sensor

The Sensor Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for installing the measuring device.

- Incoming acceptance and product identification
- Storage and transport
- Mounting procedure

Brief Operating Instructions Part 2: Transmitter

The Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for commissioning, configuring and parameterizing the measuring device (until the first measured value).

- Product description
- Mounting procedure
- Electrical connection
- Operation options
- System integration
- Commissioning
- Diagnostic information

Additional device documentation



These Brief Operating Instructions are **Brief Operating Instructions Part 2:**

Transmitter.

The "Brief Operating Instructions Part 1: Sensor" are available via:

- Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
- Smartphone/tablet: *Endress+Hauser Operations app*

Detailed information about the device can be found in the Operating Instructions and the other documentation:

- Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
- Smartphone/tablet: *Endress+Hauser Operations app*

Special Documentation

Contents	Documentation code
Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive	SD01614D
Remote display and operating module DKX001	SD01763D
Radio approvals for WLAN interface for A309/A310 display module	SD01793D
Modbus TCP system integration	SD03408D

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1 About this document

1.1 Symbols

1.1.1 Safety symbols

⚠ DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

A CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

1.1.2 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
✓	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.	✓ ✓	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
X	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.	i	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation	A	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic	1., 2., 3	Series of steps
L-	Result of a step		Visual inspection

1.1.3 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current	~	Alternating current
≂	Direct current and alternating current	<u></u>	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

Symbol	Meaning
	Potential equalization connection (PE: Protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device: Interior ground terminal: potential equalization connection is connected to the supply network. Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

1.1.4 Communication-specific symbols

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
-\$-	LED LED is on.	•	LED LED is off.
- \ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	LED LED flashing.	((:-	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local area network

1.1.5 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
8	Torx screwdriver	0	Flat-blade screwdriver
06	Phillips screwdriver	06	Allen key
Æ.	Open-end wrench		

1.1.6 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers	1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views	A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area	×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≋➡	Flow direction		

2 Safety requirements

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel must fulfill the following requirements for its tasks:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

2.2 Intended use

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

Measuring instruments for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to pressure, are specially labeled on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring instrument remains in proper condition during the operating time:

- ► Only use the measuring instrument in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- ► Using the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- ► Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ► Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- ► Keep within the specified ambient temperature range.
- ► Protect the measuring instrument permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

WARNING

Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids and ambient conditions!

- ► Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ► Ensure the resistance of all wetted materials during the process.
- ► Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

NOTICE

Verification for borderline cases:

► For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

Residual risks

A CAUTION

Risk of hot or cold burns! The use of media and electronics with high or low temperatures can produce hot or cold surfaces on the device.

► Mount suitable touch protection.

Only applies for Proline Promass A, E, F, O, X and Cubemass C

WARNING

Danger of housing breaking due to measuring tube breakage!

If a measuring tube ruptures, the pressure inside the sensor housing will rise according to the operating process pressure.

▶ Use a rupture disk.

WARNING

Danger from medium escaping!

For device versions with a rupture disk: medium escaping under pressure can cause injury or material damage.

▶ Take precautions to prevent injury and material damage if the rupture disk is actuated.

2.3 Workplace safety

For work on and with the device:

 Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.

2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- ► Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- $\,\blacktriangleright\,$ The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

2.5 Product safety

This state-of-the-art device is designed and tested in accordance with good engineering practice to meet operational safety standards. It left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU declaration of conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark.

2.6 IT security

The manufacturer warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

2.7 **Device-specific IT security**

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater in-operation safety if used correctly.



For detailed information on device-specific IT security, see the Operating Instructions for

2.7.1 Access via service interface (port 2): CDI-RJ45

The device can be connected to a network via the service interface. Device-specific functions quarantee the secure operation of the device in a network.

The use of relevant industrial standards and quidelines that have been defined by national and international safety committees, such as IEC/ISA62443 or the IEEE, is recommended. This includes organizational security measures such as the assignment of access authorization as well as technical measures such as network segmentation.



For detailed information on connecting transmitters with an Ex de approval, see separate document "Safety instructions" (XA) for the device.

2.7.2 Advanced safety requirements

If the specified requirements for measures cannot be met, alternative measures may need to be put in place. This may involve, for example, mechanical protection of the product against tampering, the cabling, or organizational measures. The Proline measuring instruments can be used in the open field for example. Measures to combat physical tampering of the Proline measuring instruments must be arranged by the customer.

Additional analysis is required if Proline measuring instruments are integrated into a different system. Please note the following:

- The fieldbus network (OT) and company network (IT) must be strictly separated.
- Endress+Hauser recommends the segmentation of the fieldbus networks according to DIN IEC 62443-3-3.

Network

Pay particular attention to the network components used, the router and switches for example. The operator must quarantee the integrity of the components. Access to the network must be restricted by the operator, if necessary.

FDI Packages

Signed FDI Packages can be obtained via www.endress.com for the configuration of the field device.

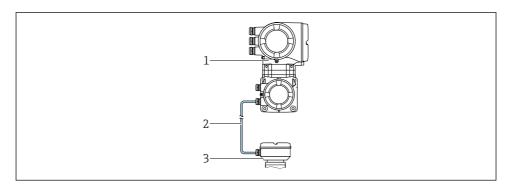
User training

Depending on the application scenario, users who are not specialized in this area may come in contact with the instrument. We recommend that these users be trained in the safe use of the relevant terminals, components and/or interfaces and be made aware of security issues.

3 Product description

The device consists of a Proline 500 transmitter and a Proline Promass or Cubemass Coriolis sensor.

The transmitter and sensor are mounted in physically separate locations. They are interconnected via one connecting cable(s).



- 1 Transmitter with integrated ISEM (intelligent sensor electronics module)
- 2 Connecting cable: cable, separate
- 3 Sensor connection housing



Installation 4

4.1 Mounting the sensor



4.2 Installing the transmitter

4.2.1 Installing the transmitter housing

NOTICE

Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- ▶ Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature.
- ▶ If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

NOTICE

Excessive force can damage the housing!

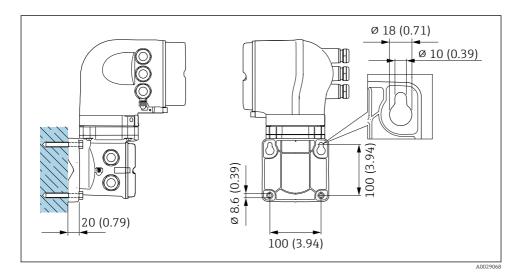
Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter can be mounted in the following ways:

- Post mounting
- Wall mounting

Wall mounting

Required tools Drill with drill bit Ø 6.0 mm



■ 1 Unit mm (in)

Pipe mounting

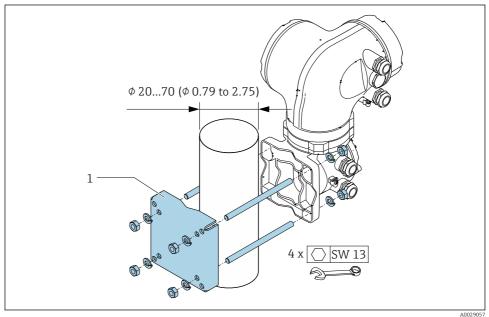
Required tools Open-ended wrench AF 13

WARNING

Order code for "Transmitter housing", option L "Cast, stainless": cast transmitters are very heavy.

They are unstable if they are not mounted on a secure, fixed post.

▶ Only mount the transmitter on a secure, fixed post on a stable surface.

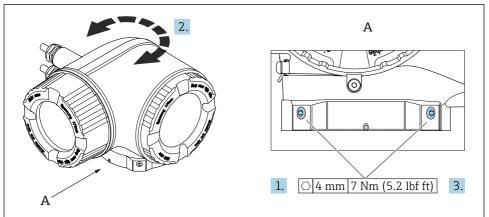


AUU29U57

■ 2 Unit mm (in)

4.2.2 Turning the transmitter housing

To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.

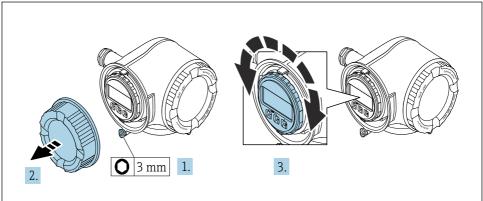


A0043150

- 3 Ex housing
- 1. Loosen the fixing screws.
- 2. Turn the housing to the desired position.
- 3. Tighten the securing screws.

4.2.3 Turning the display module

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



A0030035

- 1. Depending on the device version: Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Turn the display module to the desired position: max. $8 \times 45^{\circ}$ in each direction.
- 4. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 5. Depending on the device version: Attach the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

4.2.4 Transmitter post-installation check

The post-installation check must always be performed after the following tasks:

- Mounting the transmitter housing:
 - Post mounting
 - Wall mounting
- Turning the transmitter housingTurning the display module

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?		
Turning the transmitter housing:		
Are the securing screw and securing clamp tightened securely?		
Is the connection compartment cover fest firmly screwed on?		
Turning the display module:		
Is the securing clamp securely tightened?		
Is the connection compartment cover fest firmly screwed on?		
Post and wall mounting:		
Are the fixing screws tightened securely?		

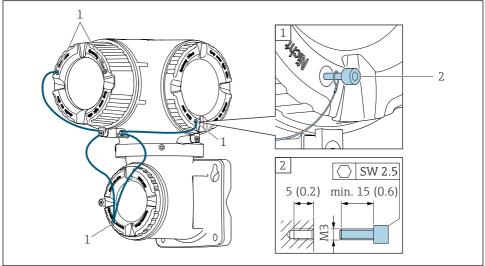
4.3 Cover locking

NOTICE

Order code "Transmitter housing", option L "Cast, stainless": The covers of the transmitter housing are provided with a borehole to lock the cover.

The cover can be locked using screws and a chain or cable provided by the customer on site.

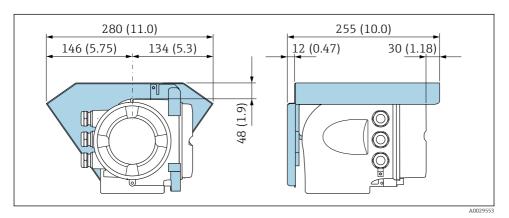
- ▶ The use of stainless steel chains or cables is recommended.
- ► If a protective coating is applied, it is recommended to use a heat shrink tube to protect the housing paint.



A0029799

- 1 Cover borehole for the securing screw
- 2 Securing screw to lock the cover

4.4 Protective cover



■ 4 Unit mm (in)

5 Electrical connection

A WARNING

Live parts! Incorrect work performed on the electrical connections can result in an electric shock.

- ► Set up a disconnecting device (switch or power-circuit breaker) to easily disconnect the device from the supply voltage.
- ► In addition to the device fuse, include an overcurrent protection unit with max. 10 A in the plant installation.

5.1 Electrical safety

In accordance with applicable national regulations.

5.2 Connection requirements

5.2.1 Required tools

- For cable entries: use appropriate tool
- For securing clamp: Allen key 3 mm
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: crimper for wire end ferrule
- For removing cables from terminal: flat blade screwdriver ≤ 3 mm (0.12 in)

5.2.2 Requirements for connection cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

Protective grounding cable for the outer ground terminal

Conductor cross-section < 6 mm² (10 AWG)

Larger cross-sections can be connected using a cable lug.

The grounding impedance must be less than 2 Ω .

Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

Power supply cable (incl. conductor for the inner ground terminal)

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Cable diameter

- Cable glands supplied:
 - $M20 \times 1.5$ with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Spring-loaded terminals: Suitable for strands and strands with ferrules.
 Conductor cross-section 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 12 AWG).

Signal cable



For custody transfer, all signal lines must be shielded cables (tinned copper braiding, optical coverage \geq 85 %). The cable shield must be connected on both sides.

4 to 20 mA current input

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Pulse/frequency/switch output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Relay output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Status input

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Ethernet-APL

Shielded twisted-pair cable. Cable type A is recommended.



See https://www.profibus.com Ethernet-APL White Paper "

5.2.3 Connecting cable

Standard cable	Promass A, E, F, H, I, O, P, S, X and Cubemass C ■ Standard version: 6 × 0.38 mm² PVC cable ¹¹ with individual shielded cores and common copper shield ■ With order code for "Test, certificate", option JQ: 7 × 0.38 mm² PUR cable ¹¹ with individual shielded cores and common copper shield
	Promass Q ■ Standard version: 7 × 0.38 mm² PUR cable ¹⁾ with individual shielded cores and common copper shield ■ With order code for "Approval; transmitter; sensor", option AA, BS, CS, CZ, GR, GS, MS, NS, UR or US: 7 × 0.38 mm² PVC cable ¹⁾ with individual shielded cores and common copper shield
Conductor resistance	≤ 50 Ω/km (0.015 Ω/ft)
Capacitance: core/shield	< 420 pF/m (128 pF/ft)
Cable length (max.)	20 m (65 ft)
Cable lengths (available for order)	5 m (15 ft), 10 m (32 ft), 20 m (65 ft)

Continuous operating temperature	Max. 105 °C (221 °F)
Operating temperature	Promass F, Q, X Depends on the device version and how the cable is installed ■ Standard version: ■ Cable - fixed installation: -40 to +105 °C (-40 to +221 °F) ■ Cable - movable: -25 to +105 °C (-13 to +221 °F) ■ With order code for "Test, certificate", option JP: ■ Cable - fixed installation: -50 to +105 °C (-58 to +221 °F) ■ Cable - movable: -25 to +105 °C (-13 to +221 °F) ■ With order code for "Test, certificate", option JQ: ■ Cable - fixed installation: -60 to +105 °C (-76 to +221 °F) ■ Cable - movable: -25 to +105 °C (-13 to +221 °F)

1) UV radiation can impair the cable outer sheath. Protect the cable from direct sunshine where possible.

5.2.4 Terminal assignment

Transmitter: supply voltage, input/outputs

The terminal assignment of the inputs and outputs depends on the individual order version of the device. The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

Modbus TCP

Supply voltage		Input/o 1 (Po		Input/output 2		Input/o	output 3	Service interface (Port 2) ¹⁾
1 (+)	2 (-)	26 (+)	27 (-)	24 (+) 25 (-)		22 (+)	23 (-)	CDI-RJ45
				Device-specific terminal assignment: adhesive label in terminal cover.				

1) For Modbus TCP communication, either port 1 OR port 2 can be used.

Transmitter and sensor connection housing: connecting cable

The sensor and transmitter, which are mounted in separate locations, are interconnected by a connecting cable. The cable is connected via the sensor connection housing and the transmitter housing.

5.2.5 Preparing the measuring instrument

Carry out the steps in the following order:

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Sensor connection housing: Connect connecting cable.
- 3. Transmitter: Connect connecting cable.
- 4. Transmitter: Connect signal cable and cable for supply voltage.

NOTICE

Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- $\,\blacktriangleright\,$ Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- 2. If the measuring instrument is supplied without cable glands: Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- 3. If the measuring instrument is supplied with cable glands: Observe requirements for connecting cables $\Rightarrow \triangleq 21$.

5.3 Connecting the device

NOTICE

An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!

- ▶ Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
- ▶ Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- ► Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ▶ Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- ▶ When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the devicespecific Ex documentation.

5.3.1 Connecting the connecting cable

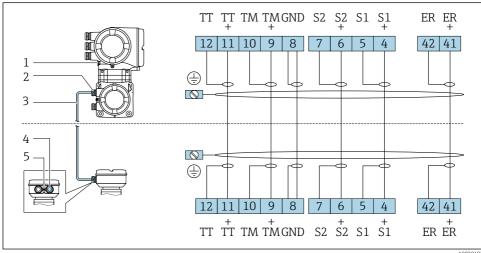
NOTICE

Risk of damaging the electronic components!

- ▶ Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- ▶ Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.

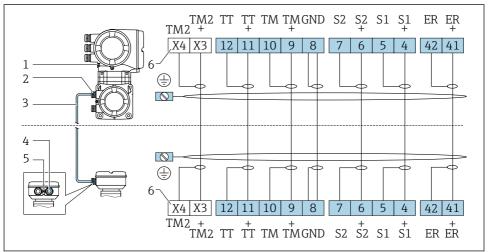
Connecting cable terminal assignment

Terminal assignment of Promass A, E, H, I, O, P, S and Cubemass C



- 1 *Protective earth (PE)*
- Cable entry for connecting cable on transmitter connection housing 2
- 3 Connecting cable
- *Cable entry for connecting cable on sensor connection housing*
- Protective earth (PE)

Terminal assignment Promass F and X



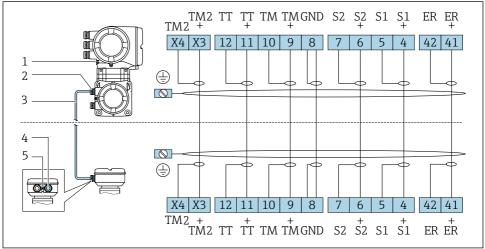
A0033694

- 1 Protective earth (PE)
- 2 Cable entry for connecting cable on transmitter connection housing
- 3 Connecting cable
- 4 Cable entry for connecting cable on sensor connection housing
- *5 Protective earth (PE)*
- 6 Terminals X3, X4: temperature sensor; only for device version with order code for "Test, certificate", option JQ

Terminal assignment of Promass Q

The number of connecting cables depends on the nominal diameter of the device. For devices with nominal diameters DN \geq 150 mm (6 in), an additional, second connecting cable is required.

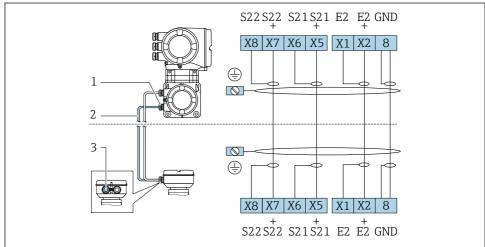
First connecting cable for all nominal diameters



A0046886

- 1 Terminal connection for potential equalization (PE)
- 2 Cable entry for connecting cable on transmitter connection housing
- 3 Connecting cable
- 4 Cable entry for connecting cable on sensor connection housing
- 5 Terminal connection for potential equalization (PE)

Additional, second connecting cable for nominal diameters DN ≥150 mm (6 in)



A0046894

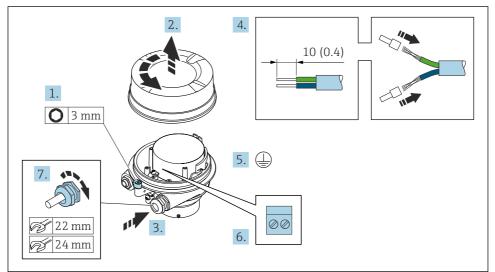
- $1 \qquad \textit{Cable entry for second connecting cable on transmitter connection housing} \\$
- 2 Second connecting cable
- 3 Cable entry for second connecting cable on sensor connection housing

Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing

Connection via terminals with order code for "Housing"		Available for sensor	
Option B "Stainless"	→ 🖺 30	Promass A, E, F, H, I, O, P, Q, SCubemass C	
Option L "Cast, stainless"	→ 🖺 29	■ Promass F, H, I, O, Q, X ■ Cubemass C	

Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter

Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals



A0029612

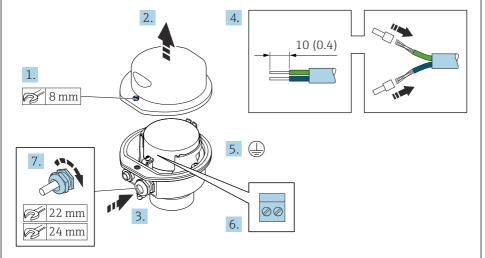
- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment $\rightarrow \blacksquare 25$.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
 - ► The process for connecting the connecting cable is now complete.

A WARNING

Housing degree of protection voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- ► Screw in the thread on the cover without using any lubricant. The thread on the cover is coated with a dry lubricant.
- 8. Screw on the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the housing cover.

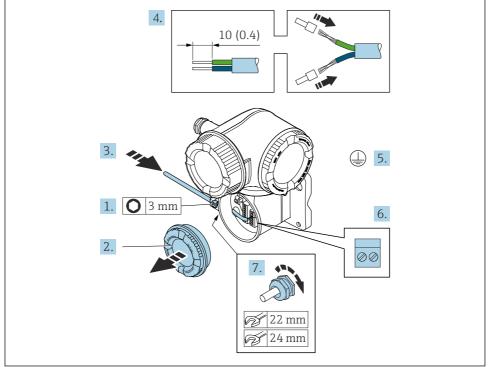
Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals



1002061

- 1. Release the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 25$.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
 - └ This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 8. Close the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.

Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter



A0029592

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit wire end ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable according to the terminal assignment. $\Rightarrow \triangle 25$.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- 8. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- **10.** After connecting the connecting cable: After connecting the connecting cables: Connect the signal cable and the supply voltage cable .

5.4 **Ensuring potential equalization**

5.4.1 Requirements



For devices intended for use in hazardous locations, please observe the guidelines in the Ex documentation (XA).

5.5 Hardware settings

5.5.1 Setting the device address

The IP address of the measuring instrument can be configured for the network via DIP switches.

IP address and configuration ontions

Addressing data

ir address and configuration options			
1st octet	2nd octet	3rd octet	4th octet
192.	168.	1.	XXX
	\		\
Can only be	e configured via software	addressing	Can be configured via hardware addressing

IP address range	1 to 254 (4th octet)
IP address broadcast	255
Addressing mode ex works	Software addressing; all DIP switches for hardware addressing are set to OFF.
IP address ex works	DHCP server active

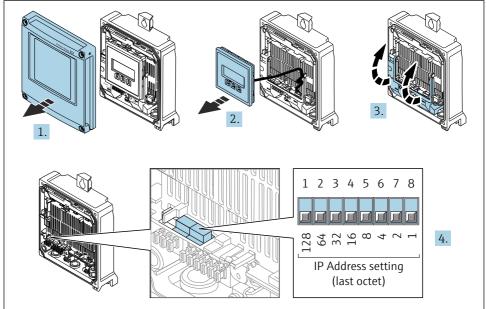
Setting the IP address: Proline 500 - digital

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

- ▶ Before opening the transmitter housing:
- ▶ Disconnect the device from the power supply.



The default IP address may **not** be activated $\rightarrow \triangleq 34$.



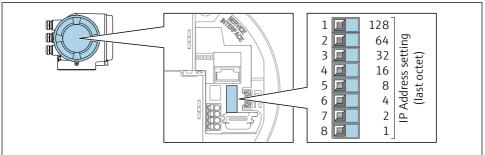
A0029678

► Set the desired IP address using the corresponding DIP switches on the I/O electronics module.

Setting the IP address: Proline 500

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

- ▶ Before opening the transmitter housing:
- ► Disconnect the device from the power supply.



Δ0029635

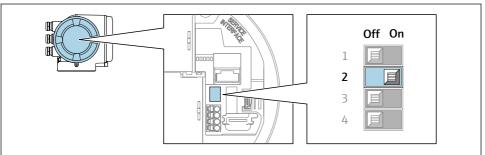
► Set the desired IP address using the corresponding DIP switches on the I/O electronics module.

5.5.2 Activating the default IP address

The default IP address 192.168.1.212 can be activated by DIP switch.

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

- ▶ Before opening the transmitter housing:
- ▶ Disconnect the device from the power supply.



Δ0034499

▶ DIP switch no. 2 on the I/O electronics module from **OFF** \rightarrow **ON**.

5.6 Ensuring the degree of protection

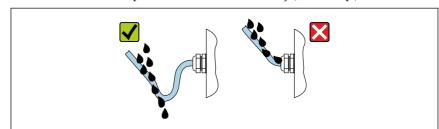
The measuring instrument fulfills all the requirements for the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly.
- 2. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 3. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.

- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- 5. To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry:

 Route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



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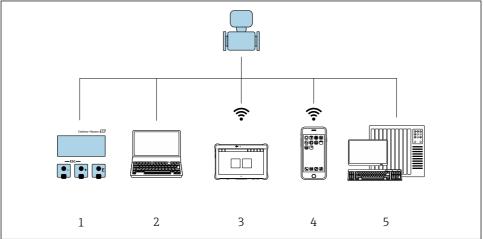
6. The supplied cable glands and plastic dummy plugs, which are used for the threaded cable entries, do not guarantee the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure. To achieve this degree of protection, cable glands and plastic dummy plugs that are not used must be replaced by threaded dummy plugs with the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4x enclosure.

5.7 Post-connection check

Are the device and cable undamaged (visual inspection)?			
Is the protective earthing established correctly?			
Do the cables used meet the requirements ?			
Are the mounted cables strain-relieved and fixed securely in place?			
Are all cable glands installed, securely tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" → 🖺 34?			
Is the terminal assignment correct ?			
Are dummy plugs inserted in unused cable entries and have transportation plugs been replaced with dummy plugs?			

6 Operation options

6.1 Overview of operation options

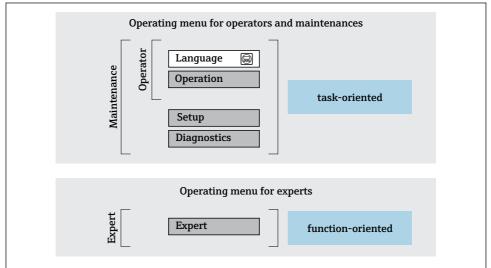


A0046226

- 1 Local operation via display module
- 2 Computer with web browser or with operating tool (e.g FieldCare, DeviceCare, SIMATIC PDM)
- 3 Field Xpert SMT70
- 4 Mobile handheld terminal
- 5 Automation system (e.g. PLC)

6.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

6.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

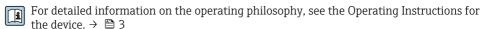


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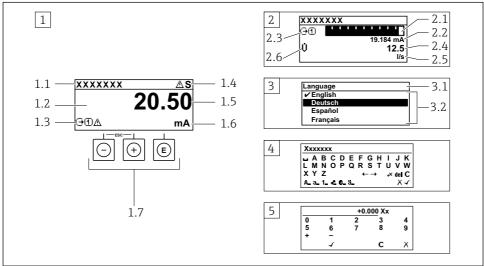
■ 5 Schematic structure of the operating menu

6.2.2 Operating philosophy

The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (e.g. operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device life cycle.



6.3 Access to operating menu via local display



A001401

- 1 Operational display with measured value shown as "1 value, max." (example)
- 1.1 Device tag
- 1.2 Display area for measured values (4-line)
- 1.3 Explanatory symbols for measured value: Measured value type, measuring channel number, symbol for diagnostic behavior
- 1.4 Status area
- 1.5 Measured value
- 1.6 Unit for the measured value
- 1.7 Operating elements
- 2 Operational display with measured value shown as "1 bar graph + 1 value" (example)
- 2.1 Bar graph display for measured value 1
- 2.2 Measured value 1 with unit
- 2.3 Explanatory symbols for measured value 1: measured value type, measuring channel number
- 2.4 Measured value 2
- 2.5 Unit for measured value 2
- 2.6 Explanatory symbols for measured value 2: measured value type, measuring channel number
- Navigation view: picklist of a parameter
- 3.1 Navigation path and status area
- *3.2 Display area for navigation:* ✓ *designates the current parameter value*
- 4 Editing view: text editor with input mask
- 5 Editing view: numeric editor with input mask

6.3.1 Operational display

Explanatory symbols for the measured value	Status area
Depends on the device version, e.g.:	The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right: Status signals F: Failure C: Function check S: Out of specification M: Maintenance required Diagnostic behavior M: Alarm M: Warning C: Locking (locked via hardware)) C: Communication via remote operation is active.

- If there is more than one channel for the same measured variable type (totalizer, output etc.). For a diagnostic event that concerns the displayed measured variable.
- 2)

6.3.2 Navigation view

Status area	Display area
The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner: In the submenu The direct access code for the parameter you are navigating to (e.g. 0022-1) If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal In the wizard If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal	■ Icons for menus ■ ③: Operation ■ ∠: Setup ■ ②: Diagnostics ■ ≼: Expert ■ ►: Submenus ■ ∴: Wizard ■ ②: Parameters within a wizard ■ ②: Parameter locked

Editing view 6.3.3

Text ed	itor	Text correction symbols under ₩C+→	
4	Confirms selection.	C	Clears all entered characters.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.	-	Moves the input position one position to the right.
C	Clears all entered characters.	€	Moves the input position one position to the left.
&C←→	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.	×	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.
(Aa1@)	Toggle Between upper-case and lower-case letters For entering numbers For entering special characters		

Numeric editor	
Confirms selection.	Moves the input position one position to the left.
Exits the input without applying the changes.	Inserts decimal separator at the cursor position.
Inserts minus sign at the cursor position.	C Clears all entered characters.

6.3.4 Operating elements

Operating key	Meaning
	Minus key
	In menu, submenu Moves the selection bar upwards in a picklist
	In wizards Goes to previous parameter
	In the text and numeric editor Move the entry position to the left.
	Plus key
+	In menu, submenu Moves the selection bar downwards in a picklist
	In wizards Goes to the next parameter
	In the text and numeric editor Move the entry position to the right.
	Enter key
	In the operational display Pressing the key briefly opens the operating menu.
Ē	 In menu, submenu Pressing the key briefly: Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter. Starts the wizard. If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. Pressing the key for 2 s in a parameter: If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter.
	In wizards Opens the editing view of the parameter and confirms the parameter value
	 In the text and numeric editor Pressing the key briefly confirms your selection. Pressing the key for 2 s confirms your entry.

Operating key	Meaning		
	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)		
<u></u> ++	 In menu, submenu Pressing the key briefly: Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level. If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position"). 		
	In wizards Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level		
	In the text and numeric editor Exits the Editing view without applying the changes.		
	Minus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously)		
-+E	 If keypad lock is active: Pressing the key for 3 s deactivates the keypad lock. If keypad lock is not active: Pressing the key for 3 s opens the context menu including the option for activating the keypad lock. 		

6.3.5 Further information



Further information on the following subjects:
Calling up help text

- User roles and related access authorization
- Disabling write protection via access code
- Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

Operating instructions for the device $\rightarrow = 3$

6.4 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool



Access to the operating menu via the web server 6.5



The operating menu can also be accessed via the web server. See the Operating Instructions for the device. \rightarrow \implies 3

7 Modbus TCP system integration



For detailed information on system integration, see the Special Documentation for the Modbus TCP system integration with the device:

→ 🖺 4

8 Commissioning

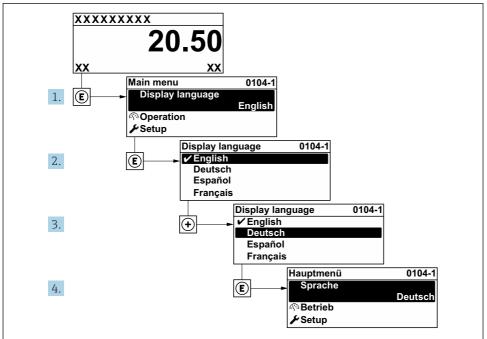
8.1 Installation and function check

Before commissioning the device:

- ► Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed successfully.
- "Post-mounting check" checklist → 🖺 18
- "Post-connection check" checklist → 🖺 35

8.2 Setting the operating language

Factory setting: English or ordered local language



A0029420

 \blacksquare 6 Taking the example of the local display

8.3 Configuring the device

The **Setup** menu with its submenus and various guided wizards is used for fast commissioning of the measuring device. They contain all the parameters required for configuration, such as for measurement or communication.



The number of submenus and parameters can vary depending on the device version. The selection can vary depending on the order code.

Example: Available submenus, wizards	Meaning
System units	Configuration of the units for all measured values
Medium selection	Definition of the medium
Display	Configuration of the display format on the local display
Low flow cut off	Configuration of the low flow cut off
Partially filled pipe detection	Configuration of the detection of partially filled and empty pipes
Advanced setup	Additional parameters for configuration: Calculated process variables Sensor adjustment Totalizer Display WLAN settings Data backup Administration

8.4 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

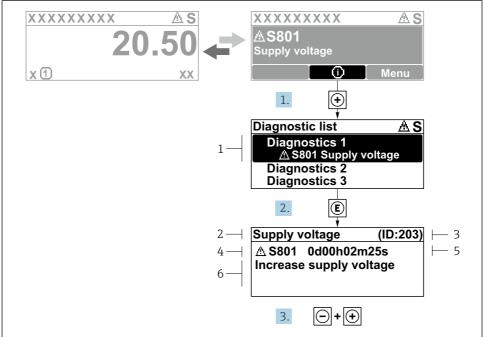
The following write protection options exist in order to protect the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification:

- Protect access to parameters via access code
- Protect access to local operation via key locking
- Protect access to measuring device via write protection switch



9 **Diagnostic information**

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display. The message about remedial measures can be called up from the diagnostic message, and contains important information on the fault.



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- 7 Message for remedial actions
- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Event text
- 3 Service ID
- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operating time of occurrence
- 6 Remedial actions
- 1. The user is in the diagnostic message.
 - Press ± (① symbol).
 - The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- 2. Select the desired diagnostic event with \pm or \Box and press \blacksquare .
 - ► The message about the remedial measures opens.
- 3. Press \Box + \pm simultaneously.
 - ► The message about the remedial measures closes.



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