Capacitive



# Continuous level measurement for liquids

#### Application

The device is independent of the dielectric constant (DC) as of a liquid conductivity of  $100~\mu S/cm$  and allows measurement of various liquids without the need for recalibration.

Solutions

- Process connections: Flanges and threads
- Process pressure: Vacuum to +100 bar (+1450 psi)
- Measuring range: 0.1 to 4.0 m (0.3 to 13 ft)
- Temperature: -80 to +200 °C (-112 to +392 °F)
- International explosion protection certificates, overfill prevention WHG, SIL, hygienic certificates, marine approvals

#### Your benefits

- Use also in safety systems requiring functional safety to SIL2 in accordance with IEC 61508
- Reliable and universal application thanks to a wide range of certificates and approvals
- No calibration necessary (factory preconfiguration). No calibration necessary for media with a conductivity of 100  $\mu$ S/cm and higher
- Material in contact with the process made of corrosion-resistant material, FDAlisted materials
- Menu-guided local configuration via plain text display (optional)
- Two-stage overvoltage protection

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# About this document

#### **Document conventions**

#### Safety symbols

⚠ DANGER
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### **NOTICE**

This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

#### **Electrical symbols**



Alternating current



Direct current and alternating current

Direct current



Ground connection

A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

#### Protective earth (PE)

Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.

The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:

- Interior ground terminal: protective earth is connected to the mains supply.
- Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

#### Tool symbols



Phillips head screwdriver



Flat blade screwdriver



Torx screwdriver

06

Allen key



Open-ended wrench

### Symbols for certain types of information and graphics

#### **✓** Permitted

Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted

#### **✓ ✓** Preferred

Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred

#### **Forbidden**

Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden

Indicates additional information

Reference to documentation



Reference to page



Reference to graphic



Notice or individual step to be observed

1., 2., 3.

Series of steps

Result of a step

?

Help in the event of a problem

**(** 

Visual inspection

Operation via operating tool

Write-protected parameter

1, 2, 3, ...

Item numbers

A, B, C, ...

Views

#### ♠ Hazardous area

Indicates the hazardous area

#### **X** Safe area (non-hazardous area)

Indicates the non-hazardous area

### $\triangle \rightarrow \square$ Safety instructions

Observe the safety instructions contained in the associated Operating Instructions

# Temperature resistance of the connection cables

Specifies the minimum value of the temperature resistance of the connection cables

# Function and system design

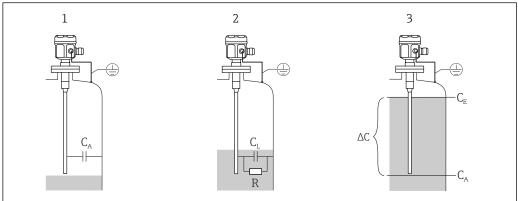
#### Measuring principle

The principle of capacitance level measurement is based on the change in capacitance of the capacitor due to the change in the level. The probe and container wall made of conductive material form an electric capacitor.

When the probe is in the air, a certain low initial capacitance is measured. When the container is filled, the capacitance increases the more the probe is covered. As of a conductivity of  $100~\mu S/cm$ , the measurement is independent of the value for the dielectric constant (DC) of the liquid. As a result, fluctuations in the DC value do not affect the measured value display. Furthermore, the system also prevents the effect of medium buildup or condensate near the process connection for probes with an inactive length.

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A ground tube is used as a counter electrode for containers made of nonconductive materials.



A004066

- 1 The probe in the air
- 2 The probe covered by the liquid
- 3 The probe fully covered by the liquid
- R Conductivity of the liquid
- $C_L$  Capacitance of the liquid
- $C_A$  Initial capacitance when the probe is not covered
- $C_E$  Final capacitance when the probe is covered
- ΔC Change in capacitance

#### **Function**

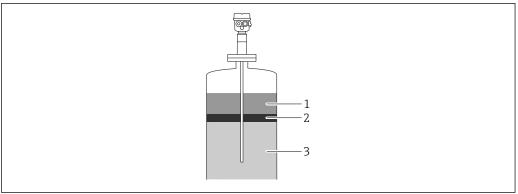
The selected electronic insert of the probe (e.g. FEI50H HART) converts the measured change in capacitance of the liquid to a signal that is proportional to the level.

#### Phase-selective measurement

The evaluation of the container capacitance works along the principle of phase-selective measurement. In this process, the amount of alternating current and the phase shift between the voltage and current is measured. With these two characteristic quantities, the capacitance idle current can be calculated by the medium capacitor and the real current by the medium resistance. Conductive buildup stuck to the probe rod acts like additional medium resistance and causes an error in measurement. As the size of the medium resistance can be determined with phase-selective measurement, the system compensates for the buildup on the probe.

#### Interface

A prior adjustment also ensures a certain and definite measured value even if the emulsion layer is of varying thickness. In this process, the average value of the emulsion film is always measured. The adjustment values for empty and full adjustment can be calculated with the FieldCare operating program from Endress+Hauser.



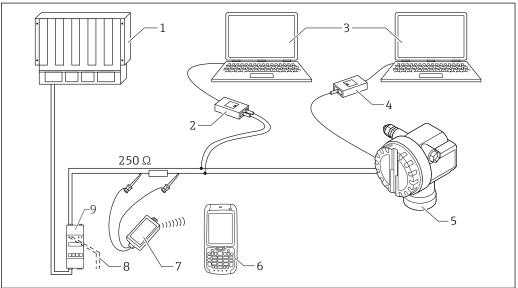
- 1 Noncoductive medium < 1  $\mu$ S/cm, DC < 5
- 2 Emulsion
- 3 Conductive medium  $\geq 100~\mu \text{S/cm}$

### Measuring system

### 4 to 20 mA output with HART protocol (FEI50H)

The complete measuring system consists of:

- the capacitance Liquicap M FMI52 level probe
- the FEI50H electronic insert
- the transmitter power supply unit
- DC voltage must be supplied to the electronic insert. The twin-core feeder is also used for HART protocol signal transmission.



- PLC
- Commubox FXA195 2
- 3 Computer with operating tool FieldCare
- Commubox FXA219 4
- 5 Probe with FEI50H electronic instert
- Field Xpert 6
- 7  ${\it VIATOR~Blue to oth~modem~with~connecting~cable}$
- 8 Output to FXA195
- ${\it Transmitter\ power\ supply\ unit\ RN221N}$ 9

### Local operation:

- Standard
  - using keys and switches on the electronic insert
- Optional
  - using display and operating module

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Remote operation:

- with HART
- with a personal computer, Commubox FXA195, and the operating program FieldCare
- FieldCare is a graphic operating program and is used to support commissioning, data backup, signal analysis and documentation of the measuring point.

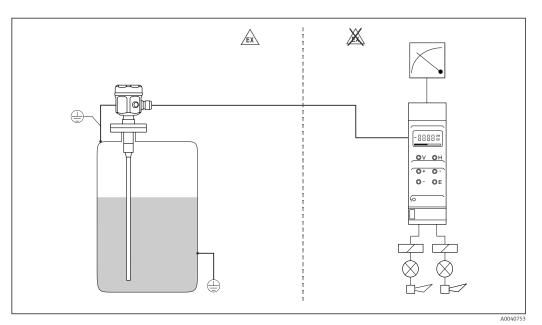
### PFM output (FEI57C)

The complete measuring system consists of:

- the capacitance Liquicap M FMI51 level probe
- the FEI57C electronic insert
- a transmitter power supply unit
- The twin-core feeder is also used for PFM signal transmission.

In combination with a power supply unit, the FEI57C will only run in a 1-channel-mode and without an automatic alignment correction.

For FEI57C a transmitter power supply unit is not available anymore (retrofit device). For new installations FMI51 with FEI50H is recommended.



■ 1 Level measurement

# Input

#### Measured variable

Continuous measurement of change in capacitance between the probe rod and container wall or ground tube, depending on the level of a liquid.

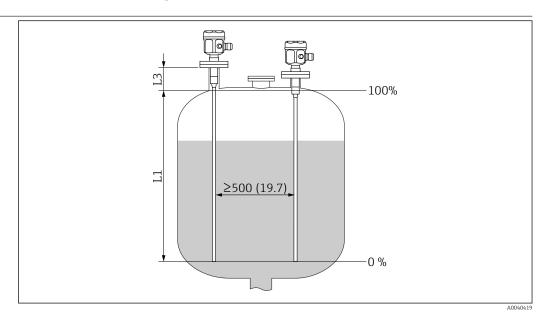
The probe covered -> high capacitance.

The probe not covered -> low capacitance.

#### Measuring range

- measuring frequency: 500 kHz
- span ∆C
  - recommended: 25 to 4000 pF
- possible: 2 to 4000 pF
- final capacitance C<sub>E</sub>: max. 4000 pF
- adjustable initial capacitance C<sub>A</sub>:
  - < 6 m (20 ft) 0 to 2 000 pF
  - > 6 m (20 ft) 0 to 4000 pF

#### Measuring condition



Unit of measurement mm (in)

- L1 Measuring range
- L3 Inactive length

Measuring range L1 possible from the tip of the probe to the process connection.

Particularly suited for small containers.

The 0 %, 100 % adjustment can be inverted.

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When installing in a nozzle, use inactive length L3.

# **Output**

#### Output signal

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

3.8 to 20.5 mA with HART protocol

#### FEI57C (PFM output)

The transmitter superimposes current pulses (PFM signal 60 to  $2\,800\,Hz$ ) with a pulse width of approximately  $100\,\mu s$  and a current strength of approximately  $8\,mA$  on the supply current.

### Signal on alarm

### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

Fault diagnosis can be called up via:

- red LED on the local display
- error symbol on the local display
- plain text on the display
- current output 22 mA
- digital interface: HART status error message

#### FEI57C (PFM output)

Fault diagnosis can be called up via:

- red LED on the local display
- local display at switching units

#### Linearization

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

The Liquicap M linearization function enables the conversion of the measured value into any desired length or volume units. Linearization tables for volume calculation of horizontal cylindrical tanks and spherical tanks are pre-programmed. Any other tables with up to 32 value pairs can be input manually or semi-automatically.

#### FEI57C (PFM output)

Linearization is performed in the transmitters.

# **Power supply**

#### Terminal assignment

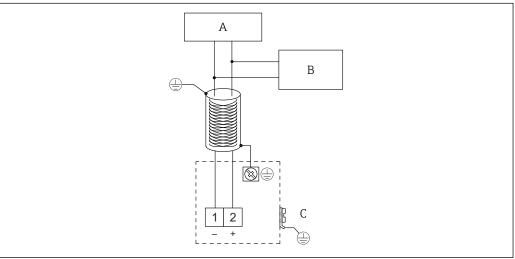
#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

The twin-core connecting cable is connected to the screw terminals with conductor cross-section 0.5 to  $2.5~\text{mm}^2$  (20 to 13~AWG) in the connection compartment at the electronic insert. If the superimposed communication signal (HART) is used, a shielded cable must be used with the shielding connected at the sensor and power supply. Protective circuits against reverse polarity, HF influences, and overvoltage peaks are integrated.



The shielding must be connected to the sensor and power supply. Protective circuits against reverse polarity, HF influences, and overvoltage peaks are integrated.

For more information see document "EMC test procedures" TI00241F.



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- A Supply voltage, communication resistor 250  $\Omega$
- B Commubox FXA195
- C Grounding terminal

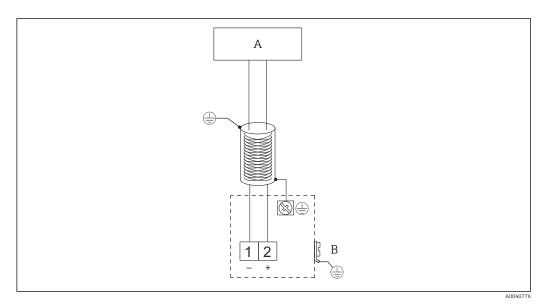
#### FEI57C (PFM output)

The twin-core, shielded connecting cable with a cable resistance of max.  $25~\Omega$  per core is connected to the screw terminals (conductor cross-section 0.5 to 2.5~mm (0.02 to 0.1 in)) in the connection compartment.



The shielding must be connected to the sensor and power supply. Protective circuits against reverse polarity, HF influences, and overvoltage peaks are integrated.

For more information see document "EMC test procedures" TI00241F.

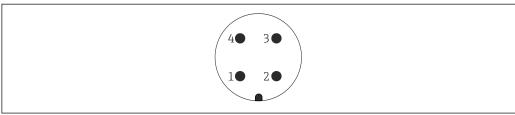


- Switching unit
- Grounding terminal

#### Connector

For the version with a connector M12, the housing does not have to be opened for connecting the signal line.

#### PIN assignment for M12 connector



- Positive potential 1
- Not used
- 3 Negative potential
- Ground

#### Supply voltage

All of the following voltages are terminal voltages directly at the device.

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

- $\, \bullet \,$  12.0 to 36.0  $V_{DC}$  a device mounted in the non-hazardous area
- $\blacksquare$  12.0 to 30.0  $V_{\text{DC}}$  a device mounted in the hazardous areas Ex ia
- $\bullet~14.4$  to 30.0  $V_{\text{DC}}$  a device mounted in the hazardous areas Ex d

### FEI57C (PFM output)

 $14.8\ V_{\text{DC}}$  from the associated supply unit



Both electronic inserts have integrated reverse polarity protection.

#### Power consumption

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

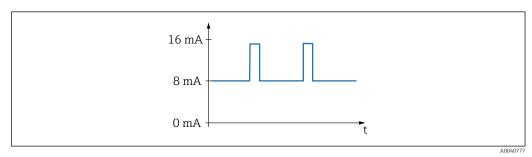
■ minimum: 40 mW ■ maximum: 800 mW FEI57C (PFM output) maximum: 250 mW

#### **Current consumption**

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

- current consumption: 3.8 to 22 mA
- HART multidrop operation: 4 mA
- residual ripple HART: 47 to 125 Hz  $U_{SS}$  = 200 mV with 500  $\Omega$
- $\bullet$  noise HART: 0.5 to 10 kHz  $U_{eff}$  < 2.2 mV with 500  $\Omega$

# FEI57C (PFM output)



**₽** 2 Frequency 60 to 2800 Hz

### Cable entries

Cable gland M20×1.5 <sup>1)</sup> - for Ex d only cable entry **1** Two cable glands are included in the scope of delivery.

Cable entry G½ or ½NPT

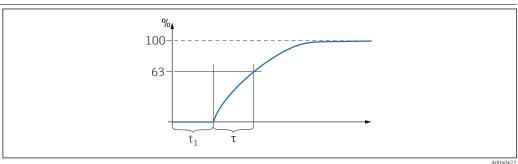
# **Performance characteristics**

Reference operating	Room temperature: $+20 ^{\circ}\text{C} \ (+68 ^{\circ}\text{F}) \pm 5 ^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\pm 8 ^{\circ}\text{F}).$			
conditions	Span: $\Delta C = 25$ to 4000 pF recommended, 2 to 4000 pF possible.			
Maximum measured error	Non-repeatability (reproducibility) as per DIN 61298-2:			
Waximum measured error	maximum ±0.1 %			
	Non-linearity for limit point setting (linearity) as per DIN 61298-2: maximum $\pm 0.5~\%$			
Influence of ambient	Electronic insert			
temperature	< 0.06 %/10  K related to the full-scale value			
	Separate housing change in capacitance of connecting cable 0.015 pF / m per K $$			
Influence of process pressure	In the case of fully insulated probes in conductive liquids:			
	< 10.0 % related to the full scale value			
Switch-on behavior	FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)			
	$14\ \text{s}$ , stable measured value after the switch-on procedure, start-up in safe status $22\ \text{mA}$			
	FEI57C (PFM output)			

 $1.5\ \text{s},$  stable measured value after the switch-on procedure, start-up in safe status 22 mA

1) Metric fine thread.

#### Measured value reaction time



- Time constant
- Dead time

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

Operating mode:  $t_1 \le 0.3 \text{ s}$ SIL operating mode:  $t_1 \le 0.5$  s

#### FEI57C (PFM output)



Observe time constant of switching unit.

 $t_1 = 0.3 \text{ s}$ 

#### Response time

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

The response time affects the speed at which the display and the current output react to changes in the level.

The factory setting for time constant  $\tau = 1$  s; 0 to 60 s can be set.

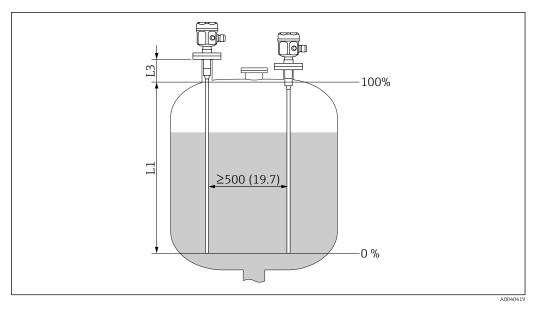
#### Accuracy of factory calibration

Empty calibration (0 %) and full calibration (100 %):

- probe length < 2 m (6.6 ft)  $\leq$  5 mm (0.2 in)
- probe length > 2 m (6.6 ft) approximately ≤ 2 %

Reference conditions for the factory calibration:

- medium conductivity ≥ 100 μS/cm
- minimum distance to tank wall = 250 mm (9.84 in)



*Unit of measurement mm (in)* 

- L1 Measuring range from the tip of the probe to the process connection
- L3 The inactive length
- In an installed state, recalibration is only necessary when:
  - $\bullet$  the 0 % or the 100 % values have to be adjusted specifically for the customer
  - the liquid is not conductive
  - the probe distance to the tank wall is < 250 mm (9.84 in)

#### Resolution

#### FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)

Analog in % (4 to 20 mA)

- 11 bit/ 2 048 steps, 8 µA
- the resolution of the electronics can be directly converted to units of length of the probe e.g. rod probe length is 1000 mm, resolution equals 1000 mm/2048 = 0.48 mm

#### FEI57C (PFM output)

Zero frequency  $f_0 = 60 \text{ Hz}$ 

- sensitivity of the electronic insert = 0.685 Hz/pF
- entry in switching unit FMC671 under V3H5 and V3H6 or V7H5 and V7H6

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# Installation

#### Rod probes

The FMI 51 rod probe can be installed:

- in conductive tanks made from metal
- in nonconductive tanks made from plastic
- vertically from above or below



- The probe may not come into contact with the container wall! Do not install probes in the area of the filling curtain.
- When using in agitating tanks, make sure you install at a safe distance from the agitator.
- If multiple probes are mounted next to each other, a minimum distance of 500 mm (19.7 in) between the probes must be observed.
- Rod probes with a ground tube should be used in the event of severe lateral load.
- When mounting, ensure there is a good electrically conductive connection between the process connection and the tank. Use an electrically conductive sealing band for example.

If the process connection of the probe is insulated from the metal tank using a seal material, then the ground connection on the probe housing must be connected to the tank using a short line.

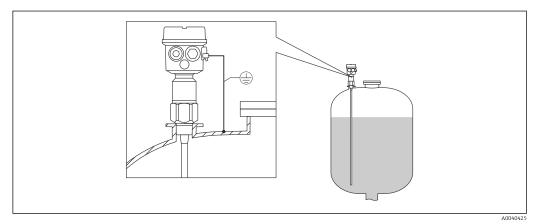
If the probe is installed in a plastic tank, then a probe with ground tube must be used. The probe housing must be grounded.

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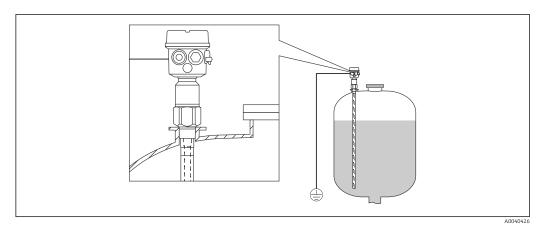
A fully insulated rod probe may be neither shortened nor extended.

Damaged insulation of the probe rod causes improper measurements.

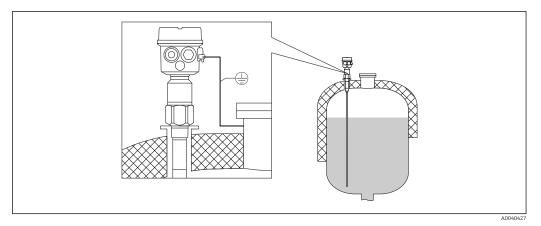
The following application examples show the vertical installation for continuous level measurement.



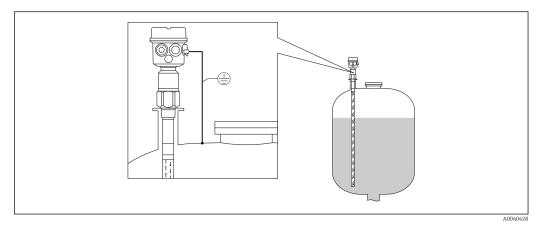
■ 3 A probe with the conductive tanks



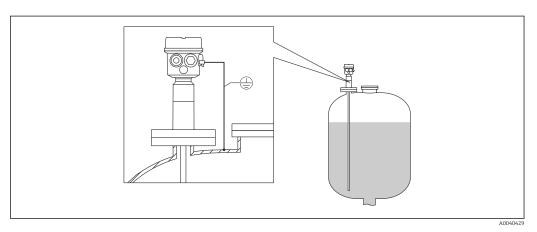
■ 4 A probe with ground tube for the nonconductive tanks



 $\blacksquare$  5 A probe with inactive length for the insulated tanks

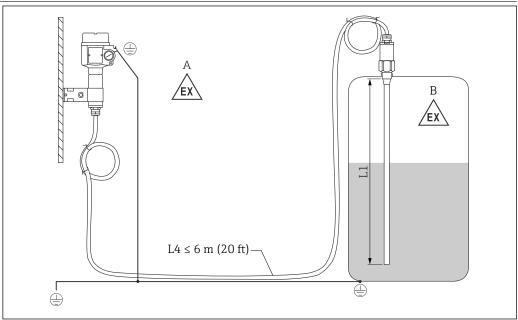


 $\blacksquare$  6 A probe with ground tube and inactive length for mounting nozzles



 $\blacksquare$  7 A probe fully insulated with clad flange for aggressive media

#### Probe with separate housing



- ₽8 Connection of the probe and separate housing
- Explosive zone 1
- В Explosive zone 0
- L1Rod length: max. 4 m (13 ft)
- Cable length

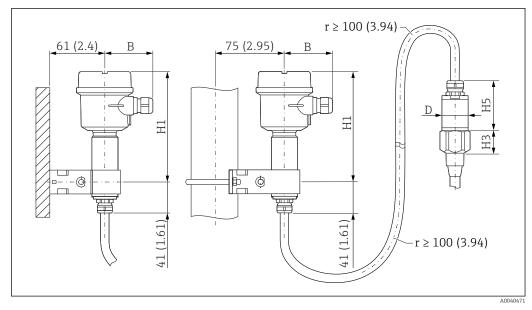
The maximum cable length L4 and rod length L1 cannot exceed 10 m (33 ft).

The maximum cable length between the probe and separate housing is 6 m (20 ft). The required cable length must be indicated in the ordering process of a Liquicap M with separate housing.

If the cable connection has to be shortened or led through a wall, then it must be separated from the process connection.

# Extension heights: separate housing

- The cable has:
  - a minimum bending radius of  $r \ge 100$  mm (3.94 in)
  - diameter Ø 10.5 mm (0.14 in)
  - outer jacket made of silicone, notch resistance



🛮 9 Housing side: wall mounting, pipe mounting, and sensor side. Unit of measurement mm (in)

Values of parameters: 2)

#### Polyester housing (F16)

- B: 76 mm (2.99 in)
- H1: 172 mm (6.77 in)

#### Polyester housing (F15)

- B: 64 mm (2.52 in)
- H1: 166 mm (6.54 in)

#### Aluminum housing (F17)

- B: 65 mm (2.56 in)
- H1: 177 mm (6.97 in)

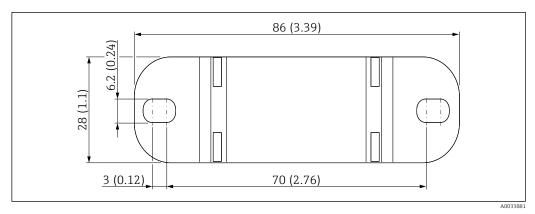
#### D and H5 parameter value

- Probes Ø10 mm (0.39 in) rod:
  - D: 38 mm (1.5 in)
  - H5: 66 mm (2.6 in)
- Probes  $\emptyset$ 16 mm (0.63 in) rod, without fully insulated inactive length and threads G¾", G1", NPT¾", NPT1", Clamp 1", Clamp 1½", Universal  $\emptyset$ 44 mm (1.73 in), flange < DN50, ANSI 2", 10K50:
  - D: 38 mm (1.5 in)
  - H5: 66 mm (2.6 in)
- Probes Ø16 mm (0.63 in) rod, without fully insulated inactive length and threads: G1½", NPT1½", Clamp 2", DIN 11851, flange ≥ DN50, ANSI 2", 10K50:
  - D: 50 mm (1.97 in)
  - H5: 89 mm (3.5 in)
- Probes Ø22 mm (0.87 in) rod, with fully insulated inactive length:
  - D: 38 mm (1.5 in)
  - H5: 89 mm (3.5 in)

#### Wall bracket

- i ·
- The wall bracket is a part of the scope of delivery.
  - To use the wall bracket as a drill template, the wall bracket must be first screwed to the separate housing.
  - The distance between the holes is reduced by screwing it to the separate housing.

<sup>2)</sup> See parameters on the drawings.



Unit of measurement mm (in)

# **Environment**

■ IP67 ■ Type4X

IP66IP67Type4X

**Stainless steel housing F15** Protection degree:

Ambient temperature range	■ F16 housing: -40 to +70 °C (-40 to +158 °F)			
	<ul> <li>remaining housing: -50 to +70 °C (-58 to +158 °F)</li> <li>observe derating</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>use a protective cover, when operating outdoors</li> </ul>			
	ace a proceeding content operating outdoors			
Storage and transport	For storage and transportation, pack the device to protect it against impact. The original packing			
	offers the best protection for this. The permitted storage temperature is			
	$-50 \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C} \ (-58 \text{ to } +185 ^{\circ}\text{F}).$			
Climate class	DIN EN 60068-2-38/IEC 68-2-38: Z/AD check			
Vibration resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-64/IEC 68-2-64: 20 to 2 000 Hz, 0.01 g <sup>2</sup> /Hz			
Shock resistance	DIN EN 60068-2-27/IEC 68-2-27: 30 g acceleration			
Cleaning	Housing:			
	Make sure that the housing surface and seals are resistant to cleaning agents.			
	Probe:			
	Depending on the application, buildup of contamination or soiling can form on the probe rod. A high level of material buildup can affect the measurement result.			
	The regular cleaning of the probe rod is recommended if the medium tends to create a high level of buildup.			
	Make sure that the insulation of the probe rod is not damaged if hosing down or during mechanical cleaning.			
Degree of protection	All protection degree regarding EN60529.			
	Type4X protection degree regarding NEMA250.			
	Polyester housing F16			
	Protection degree:			
	■ IP66			

#### Aluminum housing F17

Protection degree:

- IP66
- IP67
- Type4X

#### Aluminum housing F13 with gas-tight process seal

Protection degree:

- IP66
- IP68<sup>3)</sup>
- Type4X

#### Stainless steel housing F27 with gas-tight process seal

Protection degree:

- IP66
- IP67
- IP68<sup>3)</sup>
- Type4X

# Aluminum housing T13 with gas-tight process seal and separate connection compartment

Protection degree:

- IP66
- IP68<sup>3)</sup>
- Type4X

#### Separate housing

Protection degree:

- IP66
- IP68<sup>3)</sup>
- Type4X

#### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Interference emission to EN 61326, Electrical Equipment Class B. Interference immunity to EN 61326, Annex A (Industrial) and NAMUR Recommendation NE 21 (EMC).

Failure current is in accordance with NAMUR NE43: FEI50H = 22 mA.

A standard commercial instrument cable can be used.

Information on connecting shielded cables is provided in Technical Information TI00241F "EMC test procedures".

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Only with M20 cable entry or G1/2 thread. 3)

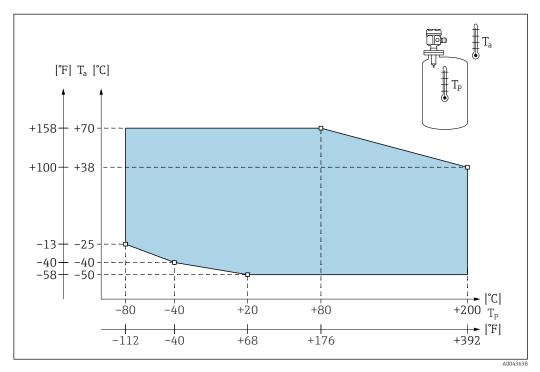
# **Process**

### Process temperature range

The following diagrams apply for:

- lacktriangle insulation
  - PTFE
  - PFA
- standard applications outside hazardous areas
- The temperature is restricted to  $T_a$  –40 °C (–40 °F) when the polyester housing F16 is used or if additional option B is selected: free from paint-wetting impairment substances.

### Probe with compact housing

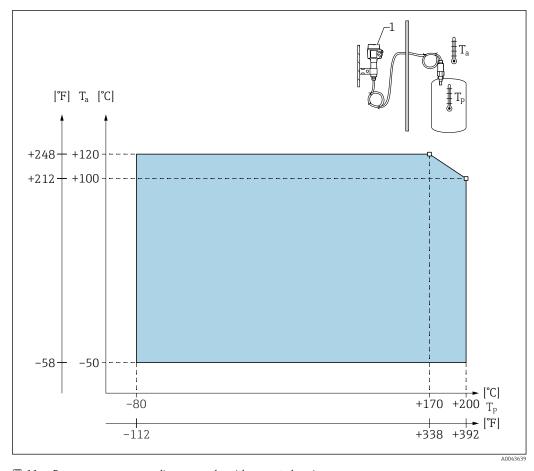


 $\blacksquare$  10 Process pressure range diagram: probe with compact housing

*T<sub>a</sub>* Ambient temperature

 $T_p$  Process temperature

#### Probe with separate housing



 $\blacksquare 11$  Process pressure range diagram: probe with separate housing

- T<sub>a</sub> Ambient temperature
- $T_n$  Process temperature
- 1 The permitted ambient temperature at the separate housing is the same as indicated for the compact housing.

#### Influence of process temperature

Error in case of fully insulated probes typically 0.13 %/K related to the full-scale value.

# **Process pressure limits**

i

The process pressure limits depends on process connections.

See also chapter "Process connections"  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  28

#### Probe Ø10 mm (0.39 in) including insulation

-1 to 25 bar (-14.5 to 362.5 psi)

#### Probe Ø16 mm (0.63 in) including insulation

- -1 to 100 bar (-14.5 to 1450 psi)
- in regards to an inactive length, the maximum permitted process pressure is 63 bar (913.5 psi)
- for CRN approval and inactive length: the maximum permitted process pressure is 32 bar (464 psi)

#### Probe Ø22 mm (0.87 in) including insulation

-1 to 50 bar (-14.5 to 725 psi)

Refer to the following standards for the pressure values permitted at higher temperatures:

22

- EN 1092-1: 2005 Table, Appendix G2 With regard to its resistance and temperature property, the material 1.4435 is identical to 1.4404 (AISI 316L) which is grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab. 18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.
- ASME B 16.5a 1998 Tab. 2-2.2 F316
- ASME B 16.5a 1998 Tab. 2.3.8 N10276
- JIS B 2220

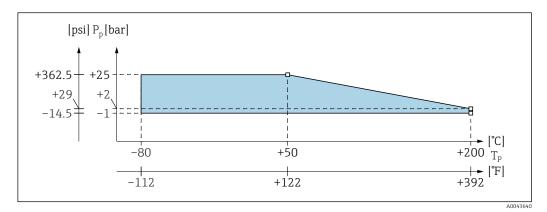
The lowest value from the derating curves of the device and the selected flange applies.

#### Pressure and temperature derating



For process connections 1/2", 3/4", 1", flanges <DN50, <ANSI 2", <JIS 10K (Ø 10 mm (0.39 in) rod) and process connections 3/4", 1", flanges <DN50, <ANSI 2", <JIS 10K (Ø 16 mm (0.63 in) rod)

Rod insulation: PTFE, PFA

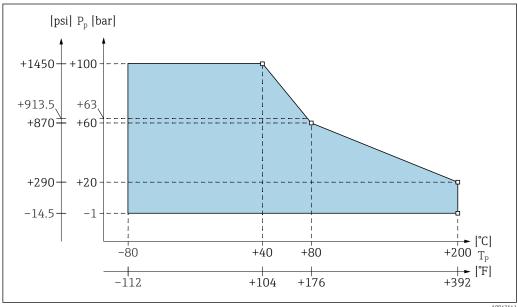


Process pressure

Process temperature

For process connections 1½", flanges ≥DN50, ≥ANSI 2", ≥JIS 10K (Ø 16 mm (0.63 in) rod)

Rod insulation: PTFE, PFA



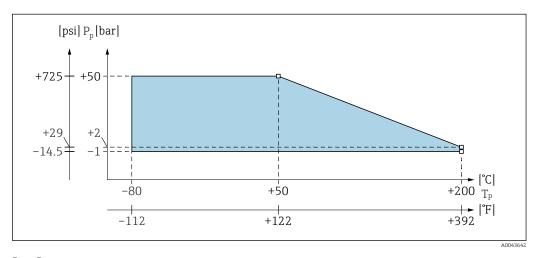
Process pressure

 $T_p$ Process temperature

Process pressure for probes with an inactive length

#### With a fully insulated inactive length (Ø 22 mm (0.87 in) rod)

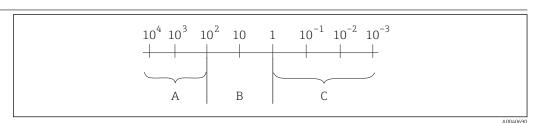
Rod insulation: PTFE, PFA



P<sub>p</sub> Process pressure

 $T_p$  Process temperature

#### Conductivity



■ 12 Unit of measurement: µS/cm

- A The measuring accuracy is independent of the conductivity and dielectric constant value. The factory calibration is valid in this range.
- B The measuring accuracy depends on the dielectric constant value and the conductivity of the medium. Measurement not recommendable, select therefore a different measurement principle.
- C The measuring accuracy depends on the dielectric constant value.

Typical dielectric constant (DC) values:

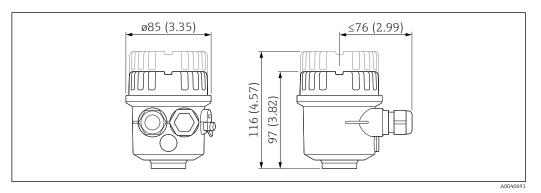
- air: 1 µS/cm
- vacuum: 1 µS/cm
- general liquified gases: 1.2 to 1.7 μS/cm
- gasoline: 1.9 µS/cm
- diesel fuel: 2.1 µS/cm
- general oils: 2 to 4 µS/cm
- methyl ether:  $5 \mu S/cm$
- butanol: 11 μS/cm
- ammonia: 21 µS/cm
- latex: 24 µS/cm
- ethanol: 25 µS/cm
- ullet caustic soda: 22 to 26  $\mu$ S/cm
- acetone: 20 µS/cm
- ullet glycerine: 37  $\mu$ S/cm
- water: 81 µS/cm
- Further information and dielectric constants (DC values) in the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site:
  - Endress+Hauser DC manual (CP01076F)
  - Endress+Hauser "DC Values App" on Android and iOS

# Mechanical construction

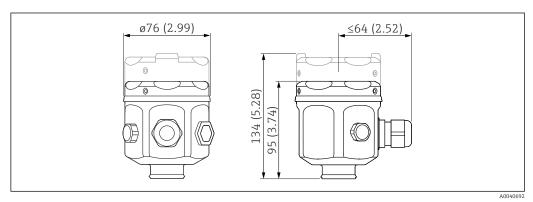
# Design, dimensions

### Housing

Polyester housing F16

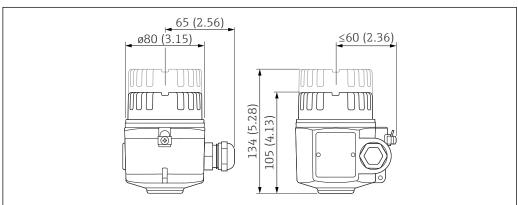


Stainless steel housing F15



Unit of measurement mm (in)

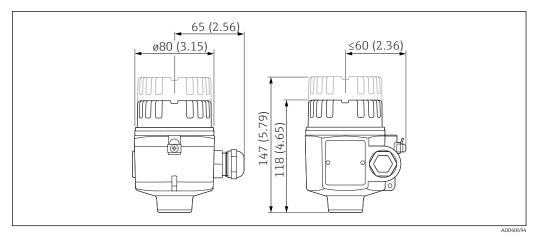
# Aluminium housing F17



Unit of measurement mm (in)

Aluminum housing F13

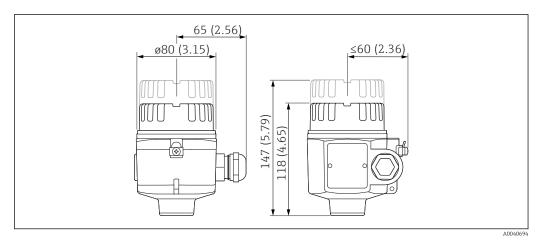
With the gas-tight process seal.



Unit of measurement mm (in)

Stainless steel housing F27

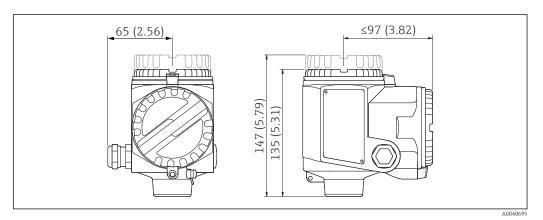
With the gas-tight process seal.



Unit of measurement mm (in)

# Aluminum housing T13

With separate connection compartment and gas-tight process seal.



Unit of measurement mm (in)

# The extension height of housing with adapter

#### List of abbreviations:

- G order code
- H1 height without displayH2 height with display

	A 1)	B <sup>2)</sup>	C 3)
	A0040696	A0040697	A0040698
G	2	1	3
H1	143 mm (5.63 in)	141 mm (5.55 in) 150 mm (5.9	
H2	162 mm (6.38 in)	179 mm (7.05 in) 179 mm (7.05 in)	

- 1) Polyester housing F16
- Stainless steel housing F15 Aluminium housing F17 2)
- 3)

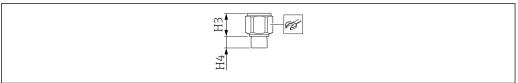
	D 1)	D <sup>1)</sup> E <sup>2)</sup>	
	H1 H2	A0040699	A0040700
G	4	6	5
H1	194 mm (7.64 in)	194 mm (7.64 in) 194 mm (7.64 in)	
H2	223 mm (8.78 in)	223 mm (8.78 in)	223 mm (8.78 in)

- 1) Aluminum housing F13
- Stainless steel housing F27 Aluminum housing T13 2)
- 3)

#### **Process connections**

Thread G - DIN EN ISO 228-1

Seal material: elastomer

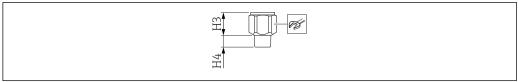


# List of abbreviations:

- p<sub>max</sub> maximum pressure value
   H3 cone heights
   H4 thread heights

	Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)		Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)		Ø 22 mm (0.87 in)	
Version						
G½	G¾	G1	G¾	G1	G1½	G1½
Order code						
GCJ	GDJ	GEJ	GDJ	GEJ	GGJ	GGJ
p <sub>max</sub>						
25 bar (362.5 psi)	100 bar (1450 psi)	50 bar (725 psi)				
НЗ						
38 mm (1.5 in)	41 mm (1.61 in)	85 mm (3.35 in)				
H4						
19 mm (0.75 in)	25 mm (0.98 in)	25 mm (0.98 in)				
Ó						
						A0011222
41	41	41	41	41	55	55

# Thread NPT - ANSI B 1.20.1

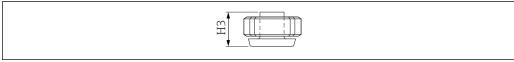


### List of abbreviations:

- p<sub>max</sub> maximum pressure value
   H3 cone heights
   H4 thread heights

	Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)		Ø 16 mm (0.63 in) Ø 22 mm		Ø 22 mm (0.87 in)	
Version						
NPT½	NPT¾	NPT1	NPT¾	NPT1	NPT1½	NPT1½
Order code						
RCJ	RDJ	REJ	RDJ	REJ	RGJ	RGJ
p <sub>max</sub>						
25 bar (362.5 psi)	25 bar (362.5 psi)	100 bar (1450 psi)	50 bar (725 psi)			
нз						
38 mm (1.5 in)	38 mm (1.5 in)	41 mm (1.61 in)	85 mm (3.35 in)			
H4						
19 mm (0.75 in)	19 mm (0.75 in)	25 mm (0.98 in)	25 mm (0.98 in)			
Ø						
						A0011222
41	41	41	41	41	55	55

# Threaded pipe joint - DIN11851



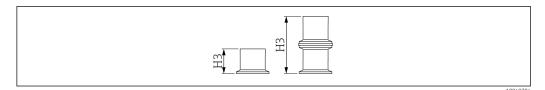
# List of abbreviations:

- p <sub>max</sub> maximum pressure value
   H3 cone heights

Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)	Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)
Version	
DN50 PN40	DN50 PN40
Order code	
MRJ	MRJ
$p_{\text{max}}$	
25 bar (362.5 psi)	40 bar (580 psi)
Н3	
57 mm (2.24 in)	66 mm (2.6 in)
Surface roughness 1)	
≤0.8 µm (31.5 µin)	≤0.8 µm (31.5 µin)

Not in conjunction with inactive length 1)

# Tri-Clamp - ISO2852



#### List of abbreviations:

- $\bullet \ p_{max}$  maximum pressure value  $\bullet \ H3$  cone heights

Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)		Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)			
Version					
DN25 1 in	DN38 1.5 in	DN38 1.5 in	DN40-51 2 in		
Order code					
TCJ	TJJ	TNJ	TDJ		
p <sub>max</sub> 1)					
25 bar (362.5 psi)	25 bar (362.5 psi)	40 bar (580 psi)	40 bar (580 psi)		
Н3	НЗ				
57 mm (2.24 in)	57 mm (2.24 in)	98 mm (3.86 in) <sup>2)</sup> 66 mm (2.6 in)			
Surface roughness 3)					
≤ 0.8 µm (31.5 µin)	≤ 0.8 µm (31.5 µin)	≤ 0.8 µm (31.5 µin)	≤ 0.8 µm (31.5 µin)		

- 1)
- In the event of CRN approval, the maximum permitted process pressure is 11 bar (159.5 psi). Process connection: Tri-Clamp (47 mm (1.85 in)) with seal (2 mm (0.08 in)) and removable clamp (49 mm (1.93 in)). Not in conjunction with inactive length 2)
- 3)

# Tri-Clamp clad - ISO2852



#### List of abbreviations:

- p <sub>max</sub> maximum pressure value
   H3 cone heights

Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)				
Version				
DN38 1.5 in	DN40-51 2 in			
Order code				
ТЈК	TDK			
<b>p</b> <sub>max</sub> 1)				
16 bar (232 psi)	16 bar (232 psi)			
нз				
66 mm (2.6 in) 66 mm (2.6 in)				
Surface roughness <sup>2)</sup>				
≤ 0.8 μm (31.5 μin) ≤ 0.8 μm (31.5 μin)				

- In the event of CRN approval, the maximum permitted process pressure is 11 bar (159.5 psi). Not in conjunction with inactive length 1)

### Flanges



The process pressure depends on the chosen flange.

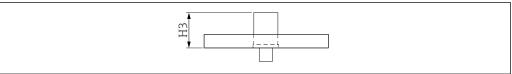
EN1092-1

ANSI B 16.5

JIS B2220

# Version and order code: ■ EN / B##

- ANSI / A##
- JIS / K##



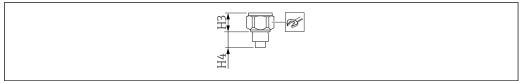
A0040706

Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)	Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)	Ø 22 mm (0.87 in)			
<b>p</b> max <sup>1)</sup>					
25 bar (362.5 psi)	100 bar (1450 psi)	50 bar (725 psi)			
Н3					
57 mm (2.24 in)	66 mm (2.6 in)	111 mm (4.37 in)			
Dimensions with inactive length					
-	56 mm (2.2 in)	-			
Additional information					
1 <sup>2)</sup>	1 <sup>2)</sup>	2 <sup>3)</sup>			

- 1) Depends on flange
- 2)
- Also clad (PTFE) Only clad (PTFE)

### Hygiene connections

Thread G¾ with flush-mounted seal

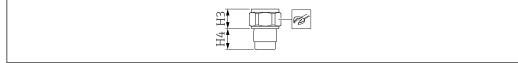


# List of abbreviations:

- p max maximum pressure value
   H3 cone heights
   H4 thread heights

Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)	
Version	
G3/4	
Order code	
GQJ	
$p_{\text{max}}$	
25 bar (362.5 psi)	
нз	
31 mm (1.22 in)	
H4	
26 mm (1.02 in)	
TI TO THE TOTAL	
	A0011222
41	

# Thread G1 with flush-mounted seal



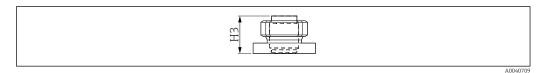
# List of abbreviations:

- p<sub>max</sub> maximum pressure value
   H3 cone heights
   H4 thread heights

Ø 10 mm (0.39 in)	
Version	
G1	
Order code	
GWJ	
$p_{\text{max}}$	
25 bar (362.5 psi)	
НЗ	
30 mm (1.18 in)	
H4	
27 mm (1.06 in)	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
A0011	1222
41	

Adapter 44 mm (1.73 in) with flush-mounted seal

**Version** Universal adapter



Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)
Order code
UPJ
p <sub>max</sub> <sup>1)</sup>
16 bar (232 psi)
нз
57 mm (2.24 in)

Tightening torque 10 Nm (7.37 lbf ft)

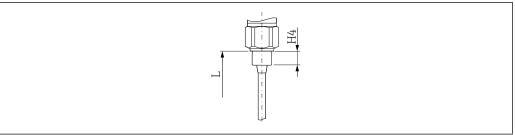
36

# Rod probes FMI51



Remeber that:

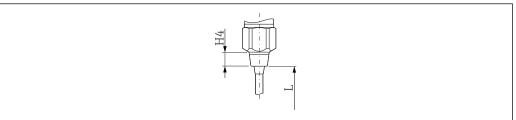
- the active probe rod (L1) is always fully insulated
- the total length of the probe from the sealing surface equals: L = L1 + L3
- the thickness of insulation for probe rod diameter:
  - -10 mm (0.39 in) = 1 mm (0.04 in)
  - -16 mm (0.63 in) = 2 mm (0.08 in)
  - -22 mm (0.87 in) = 2 mm (0.08 in)
- the insulation is welded at the tip of the probe and the measurement cannot be performed in this area:
  - probe rod diameter 10 mm (0.39 in), approximately 10 mm (0.39 in)
  - probe rod diameter 16 mm (0.63 in) and 22 mm (0.87 in), approximately 15 mm (0.59 in)
  - for conductive liquids > 100  $\mu S/cm$  , the probe is adjusted at the factory to the probe length ordered 0 to 100 %.
- $\blacksquare$  for nonconductive liquids < 1  $\mu S/cm$  the 0 % adjustment is performed at the factory and the 100 % adjustment has to be carried out on site
- the length tolerances L1, L3 equals:
  - -<1 m (3.3 ft) = 0 to -5 mm (0 to -0.2 in)
  - -1 to 3 m (3.3 to 9.8 ft) = 0 to -10 mm (0 to -0.39 in)
  - -3 to 6 m (9.8 to 20 ft) = 0 to -20 mm (0 to -0.79 in)



A0040736

# $\blacksquare$ 13 The probe with G thread

- L The total length of the probe
- H4 Thread height. Important value for calculating the exact probe length for process connections with a thread → 🖺 28



A0044656

■ 14 The probe with the conical thread NPT

- L The total length of the probe

# Rod probe, rod probe with ground tube

A 1)		B <sup>2)</sup>			
A0040737		A0040738			
Total length L					
100 to 4000 mm (3.94 to 157 in)		100 to 4000 mm (3.94 to 157 in)			
Active rod length L1					
100 to 4000 mm (3.94 to 157 in)		100 to 4000 mm (3.94 to 157 in)			
Inactive rod length L3					
-	-	-	-		
Rod diameter					
10 mm (0.39 in)	16 mm (0.63 in)	10 mm (0.39 in)	16 mm (0.63 in)		
Height of the cone at the end of	the active rod length (L1)				
10 mm (0.39 in)	13 mm (0.51 in)	10 mm (0.39 in)	13 mm (0.51 in)		
Ground tube diameter					
-	-	22 mm (0.87 in)	43 mm (1.69 in)		
Lateral load at 20 °C (68 °F) less than					
15 Nm (11 lbf ft)	30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)	300 Nm (221.3 lbf ft)		
For use in agitating tanks					
-	-	-	·		
For conductive liquids > $100 \mu S/cm$					
V	V	-	-		
Nonconductive liquids < 1 μS/cm					
-	-	V	V		
For aggressive liquids					
V	V	-	-		
For high-viscosity liquids					
<i>V</i>	V	-	-		
For use in plastic tanks					
-	-	V	V		
For use in mounting nozzles					
-	-	-	-		
The probe can be used in the event of condensate on tank ceiling					
-	-	-	-		

<sup>1)</sup> 

Rod probe
Rod probe with ground tube 2)

Rod probes with inactive lenght, ground tube and inactive lenght, fully insulated inactive lenght

C 1)		D <sup>2)</sup>		E 3)		
A0040739		E 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		A0040741		
Total length L						
200 to 6 000 mm (7.87 to 236 in)		200 to 6 000 mm (7.87 to 236 in)		300 to 4000 mm (11.8 to 157 in)		
Active rod length L1						
100 to 4 000 mm (3.94 to 157 in)		100 to 4000 mm (3.94 to 157 in)		150 to 3 000 mm (5.91 to 118 in)		
Inactive rod length L3						
100 to 2 000 mm (3.94 to 78.7 in)		100 to 2 000 mm (3.94 to 78.7 in)		150 to 1000 mm (5.91 to 39.4 in)		
Rod diameter						
10 mm (0.39 in)	16 mm (0.63 in)	10 mm (0.39 in)	16 mm (0.63 in)	22 mm (0.87 in) <sup>4)</sup>		
Height of the cone at the	e end of the active rod le	ngth (L1)				
10 mm (0.39 in)	13 mm (0.51 in)	10 mm (0.39 in)	13 mm (0.51 in)	-		
Ground tube diameter						
22 mm (0.87 in)	43 mm (1.69 in)	22 mm (0.87 in)	43 mm (1.69 in)	22 mm (0.87 in) <sup>4)</sup>		
Lateral load at 20 °C (68 °F) less than						
30 Nm (22.1 lbf ft)	60 Nm (44.2 lbf ft)	40 Nm (29.5 lbf ft)	300 Nm (221.3 lbf ft)	25 Nm (18.4 lbf ft)		
For use in agitating tank	ks		I			
-	-	-	V	-		
For conductive liquids > 100 μS/cm						
V	V	-	-	V		
Nonconductive liquids < 1 µS/cm						
-	-	V	V	-		
For aggressive liquids						
-	-	-	-	V		
For high-viscosity liquids						
V	V	-	-	V		
For use in plastic tanks						
-	-	V	V	-		
For use in mounting nozzles						
V	V	V	V	V		
The probe can be used in the event of condensate on tank ceiling						
V	V	V	V	V		

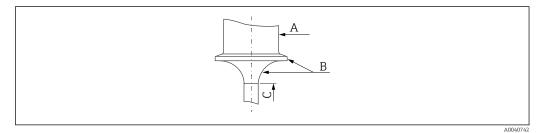
- 1)
- Rod probe with inactive lenght Rod probe with ground tube and inactive lenght Rode probe with fully insulated inactive lenght 2)
- 3)
- 4) Probe tube

# Rod probes FMI51 for hygiene applications



Remember that:

- the total length of probe from sealing surface equals: L = L1
- the thickness of insulation for probe rod diameter: 16 mm (0.63 in) = 2 mm (0.08 in)
- the length tolerances L1 equals:
  - < 1 m (3.3 ft) = 0 to -5 mm (0 to -0.2 in)
  - -1 to 3 m (3.3 to 9.8 ft) = 0 to -10 mm (0 to -0.39 in)
  - -3 to 6 m (9.8 to 20 ft) = 0 to -20 mm (0 to -0.79 in)

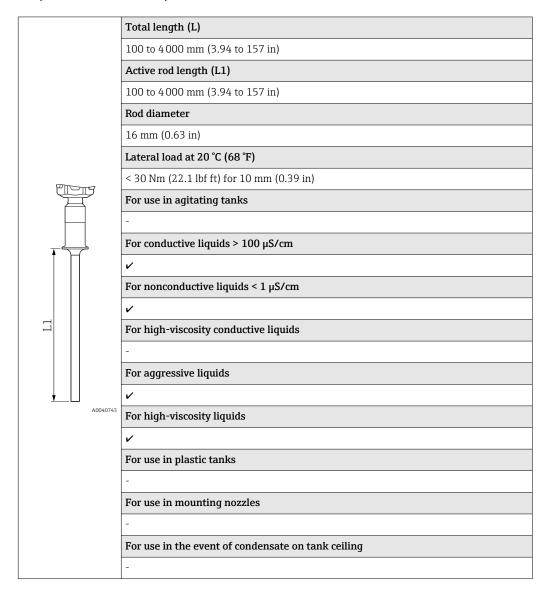


316L Α

В PTFE

PFA С

# Rod probe with clad Tri-Clamp



## Weight

Housing with process connection:

- F15, F16, F17, F13 approximately 4.00 kg (8.82 lb)
- T13 approximately 4.50 kg (9.92 lb)
- F27 approximately 5.50 kg (10.1 lb)

# Flange weight

- Probe rod Ø 10 mm (0.39 in) = 1 mm (0.04 in)
   0.5 kg/m (0.34 lb/ft)
- Probe rod Ø 16 mm (0.63 in)
   1.1 kg/m (0.74 lb/ft)
- Probe rod Ø 22 mm (0.87 in)
   0.8 kg/m (0.54 lb/ft)

#### Measuring rod specifications

#### Capacitance values of the probe

The basic capacitance of the probe is approximately 18 pF.

#### Additional capacitance

Mount the probe at a minimum distance of 50 mm (1.97 in) from a conductive container wall: approximately 1.3 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) in the air for a rod probe

Fully insulated probe rod in water:

- approximately 38 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) for Ø 16 mm (0.63 in) rod
- approximately 45 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) for Ø 10 mm (0.39 in) rod
- approximately 50 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) for Ø 22 mm (0.87 in) rod

Rod probe with ground tube:

- approximately 6.4 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) in air
- approximately 38 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) in water for Ø 16 mm (0.63 in) probe rod
- approximately 45 pF/100 mm (3.94 in) in water for Ø 10 mm (0.39 in) probe rod

#### Probe lengths for continuous measurement in conductive liquids

The maximum length of the rod probe  $\leq 4$  m (13 ft) for capacitive range 0 to 2000 pF.

# Materials

Material specifications as per AISI and DIN-EN.

# In contact with the process

- probe rod, ground tube, inactive length, tensioning weight for rope probe: 316L (1.4435)
- probe rod insulation:
  - if PFA selected: PFA (FDA 21 CFR 177.1550)
  - if PTFE selected: PTFE and PFA (FDA 21 CFR 177.1550)
- process connection: 316L (1.4435 or 1.4404)
- ullet flat seal for process connection G¾ or G1: elastomer fiber, asbestos-free
- sealing ring for process connection G½, G¾, G1, G1½: elastomer fiber, asbestos-free, resistant to lubricants, solvents, steam, weak acids, and alkalis to 300 °C (572 °F) and to 100 bar (1450 psi)

# Not in contact with the process

- ground terminals on housing (exterior): 304 (1.4301)
- the nameplate on housing (exterior): 304 (1.4301)
- cable glands:
  - housing F13, F15, F16, F17, F27: polyamide (PA) with C, D, E, F, H, M, J, P, S, 1, 4, 5, approval: nickel-plated brass
  - housing T13: nickel-plated brass
- polyester housing F16: PBT-FR with a cover made of PBT-FR or with sight glass made of PA12
  - cover seal: EPDM
  - adhesive nameplate: polyester foil (PET)
  - pressure compensation filter: PBT-GF20

- stainless steel housing F15: 316L (1.4404)
  - cover seal: silicone
  - cover clamp: 304 (1.4301)
  - pressure compensation filter: PBT-GF20, PA
- aluminum housing F17/F13/T13: EN-AC-AlSi10Mg, plastic-coated
  - cover seal: EPDM
  - cover clamp: nickel-plated brass
  - pressure compensation filter: silicone (not T13)
- stainless steel housing F27: 316L (1.4435)
  - cover seal: FVMQ, optional: EPDM seal available as a spare part
  - cover clamp: 316L (1.4435)

# Operability

## Operating concept

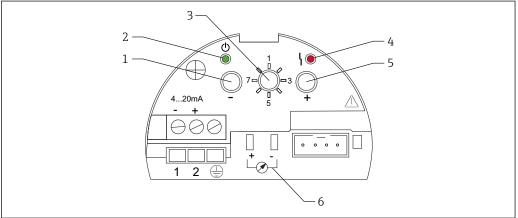
This device can operate with:

- the operating elements at the FEI50H or FEI57C electronic insert
- the display and operating module
- the HART protocol with Commubox FXA195 and FieldCare operating program
- the HART handheld terminal

# Local operation

# **Electronic inserts**

FEI50H (4 to 20 mA / HART version 5)



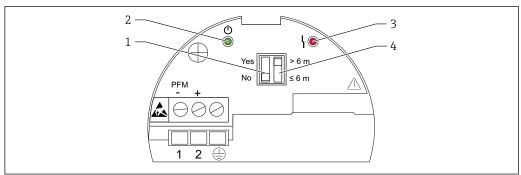
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- 1 Key *⊡*
- 2 Green LED operational status
- 3 Mode switch
- 4 Red LED fault
- 5 Key **±**
- 6 Current pick-off 4 to 20 mA

# Mode switch positions:

- 1: Operation
- 2: Empty adjustment
- 3: Full adjustment
- 4: Measuring modes buildup
- 5: Measuring range
- 6: Self-test
- 7: Reset
- 8: Upload sensor EEPROM

# FEI57C (PFM output)



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- 1 Two-position DIP switch "Build up"
- 2 Green LED operational status
- 3 Red LED fault
- 4 Two-position DIP switch "Probe length"

# Elements description

- Two-position DIP switch "Build up" (1):
  - YES: setting is recommended for media that cause heavy buildup, e.g. honey
  - NO: setting is recommended for media that do not cause buildup, e.g. water
- Green LED operational status (2):
  - indicates that the device is ready for operation when flashes every 5 s
- Red LED fault (3):
  - flashes 5x a second Alarm.

The PFM output signalized an error current signal and sets the output of the connected switching unit to 3.6 mA or 22 mA. The switching unit outputs an alarm itself.

- flashes 1x a second - Warning

The temperature in the electronic insert is outside the permitted temperature range.

- Two-position DIP switch "Probe length" (4):
  - probe length > 6 m (20 ft)
  - probe length  $\leq$  6 m (20 ft)

# Local display

The optional display can be used to configure via 3 keys directly at the device. All device functions can be set via menu operation. The menu consists of function groups and functions. Application parameters can be read or set in the functions.

The menu guidance with integrated help texts ensures quick and safe commissioning. For accessing the display, the cover of the electronics compartment can also be opened in hazardous areas (Ex ia).

# Remote operation

# FieldCare Device Setup - the operating program

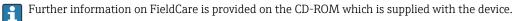
FieldCare is a graphic operating program for Endress+Hauser measuring devices based on the time-of-flight principle. It is used to support commissioning, data backup, signal analysis and documentation of the devices.

The following operating systems are supported:

- Windows 7 Professional SP1 (x32+x64)
- Windows 7 Ultimate SP1 (x32+x64)
- Windows 7 Enterprise SP1 (x32+x64)
- Windows Server 2008 R2 SP2
- Windows 8.1
- Windows 8.1 Professional
- Windows 8.1 Enterprise
- Windows 10 Professional
- Windows 10 Enterprise

FieldCare supports the following functions:

- configuration of transmitters in online operation
- tank linearization
- loading and saving device data (upload or download)
- documentation of the measuring point



# FieldCare

# Function scope

FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field devices in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.



For additional information about FieldCare, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S

Connection options: HART via Commubox FXA195 and the USB port of a computer

Source for device description files

- www.endress.com → Downloads
- CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)
- DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)

# Certificates and approvals

CE mark	The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied. Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
RoHS	The measuring system complies with the substance restrictions of the Restriction on Hazardous Substances Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2).
RCM-Tick marking	The supplied product or measuring system meets the ACMA (Australian Communications and Media Authority) requirements for network integrity, interoperability, performance characteristics as well as health and safety regulations. Here, especially the regulatory arrangements for electromagnetic compatibility are met. The products are labelled with the RCM- Tick marking on the name plate.
Ex approval	■ ATEX ■ IECEx ■ CSA ■ FM

- NEPSI
- INMETRO
- EAC

# Hygienic compatibility

Information regarding device versions that meet the requirements of 3A Sanitary Standard No. 74 and/or are certified by the EHEDG:



SD02503F



Suitable fittings and seals must be used to ensure hygiene-compliant design according to 3A and EHEDG specifications.

Comply with the maximum permitted temperature of the process seal.

The gap-free connections can be cleaned of all residue using the typical cleaning methods within this industry (CIP and SIP).

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## **EAC** conformity

The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EAC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EAC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied. Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the EAC mark.

# Other standards and guidelines

#### EN 60529

Degrees of protection by housing (IP code)

#### EN 61010

Protection measures for electrical equipment for measurement, control, regulation and laboratory procedures

#### EN 61326

Interference emission (Class B equipment), interference immunity (Annex A - Industrial).

#### NAMIIR

Association for Standards for Control and Regulation in the Chemical Industry

#### IEC 61508

Functional safety

# CRN approval

Versions with a CRN approval (Canadian Registration Number) are listed in the corresponding registration documents. CRN-approved devices are labeled with registration number CRN 0F1988.7C on the nameplate. You can find further details on the maximum pressure values in the "Download Area" of the Endress+Hauser website: <a href="www.endress.com">www.endress.com</a>.

# Additional approvals



The wetted device components are listed in:

#### TSE Certificate of Suitability (FMI51)

The following applies to wetted device components:

- they do not contain any materials derived from animals
- no additives or operating materials derived from animals are used in production or processing

#### AD2000

The wetted material (316L) corresponds to AD2000 - W0/W2.

# Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU

# Pressure equipment with allowable pressure ≤200 bar (2 900 psi)

Pressure instruments with a flange and threaded boss that do not have a pressurized housing do not fall within the scope of the Pressure Equipment Directive, irrespective of the maximum allowable pressure.

# Reasons:

According to Article 2, point 5 of EU Directive 2014/68/EU, pressure accessories are defined as "devices with an operational function and having pressure-bearing housings". If a pressure instrument does not have a pressure-bearing housing (no identifiable pressure chamber of its own), there is no pressure accessory present within the meaning of the Directive.

# Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from your nearest sales organization www.addresses.endress.com or in the Product Configurator at www.endress.com:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Configuration**.

# Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: direct input of information specific to the measuring point, such as the measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

# Accessories

# Protective cover for F13, F17 and F27 housing

order number: 71040497

Protective cover for F16 housing

order number: 71127760

#### Commubox FXA195 HART

For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the RS232C interface or USB.

# Surge arresters

# **HAW562**



For supply lines: BA00302K.For signal lines: BA00303K.

# **HAW569**



• For signal lines in field housing: BA00304K.

• For signal or supply lines in field housing: BA00305K.

# Weld-in adapter

All available weld-in adapters are described in the document TI00426F.

The documentation is available in the Download section on Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com

# **Documentation**

# Technical Information Fieldgate FXA320, FXA520 TI00025S Operating Instructions Liquicap M FMI51 HART BA01978F Liquicap M FMI51 PFM BA01989F

#### **Certificates**

#### **ATEX** safety instructions

Liquicap M FMI51

- II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T3...T6 Ga/Gb II 1/2 G Ex ia IIB T3...T6 Ga/Gb II 1/2 D Ex ia IIIC T90 °C Da/Db XA00327F
- II 1/2 Ex ia/db IIC T6...T3 Ga/Gb
   II 1/2 Ex ia/db eb IIC T6...T3 Ga/Gb
   II 1/2 D Ex ia /tb IIIC T90 °C Da/Db
   XA00328F
- Ga/Gb Ex ia IIC T3...T6
   Zone 20/21 Ex iaD 20/Ex tD A21 IP65 T 90 °C
   IECEX BVS 08.0027X
   XA00423F
- II 3 G Ex nA IIC T6 Gc II 3 G Ex nA nC IIC T5 Gc II 3C D Ex tc IIIC T100 °C Dc XA00346F

# **INMETRO** safety instructions

Liquicap M FMI51

- Ex d [ia Ga] IIB T3...T6 Ga/Gb Ex d [ia Ga] IIC T3...T6 Ga/Gb Ex de [ia Ga] IIC T3...T6 Ga/Gb XA01171F
- Ex ia IIC T\* Ga/Gb Ex ia IIB T\* Ga/Gb Ex ia IIIC T90 °C Da/Db IP66 XA01172F

# **NEPSI** safety instructions

- Liquicap M FMI51
   Ex ia IIC/IIB T3...T6 Ga/Gb XA00417F
- Liquicap M FMI51 Ex d ia IIC/IIB T3/T4/T6 Ga/Gb Ex d e ia IIC/IIB T3/T4/T6 Ga/Gb XA00418F
- Liquicap M FMI51 Ex nA IIC T3...T6 Gc Ex nA nC IIC T3...T6 Gc XA00430F

# Overfill protection DIBt (WHG)

Liquicap M FMI51 ZE00265F

# Functional safety (SIL2)

Liquicap M FMI51 SD00198F

# Control Drawings (CSA and FM)

- Liquicap M FMI51 FM IS ZD00220F
- Liquicap M FMI51 CSA IS ZD00221F
- Liquicap M FMI51 CSA XP ZD00233F



www.addresses.endress.com

