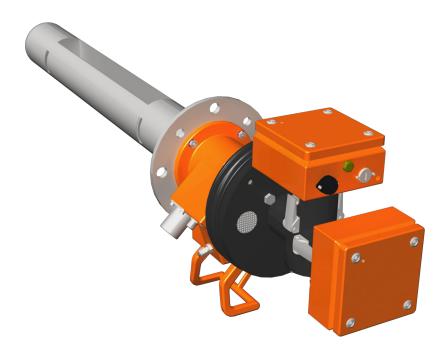
Operating Instructions **GM901-02**

Gas Analyzer, Probe Version





Described product

GM901-02

Probe version

Manufacturer

Endress+Hauser SICK GmbH+Co. KG Bergener Ring 27 01458 Ottendorf-Okrilla Germany

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Original document

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1 About this document

1.1 Function of this document

These Operating Instructions describe:

- System components
- Start-up
- Operation
- Maintenance work required for reliable operation
- Troubleshooting

1.2 Scope of application

These Operating Instructions are only applicable for the measuring device described in the product identification.

They are not applicable to other Endress+Hauser measuring devices.

The standards referred to in these Operating Instructions are to be observed in the respective valid version.

1.3 Target groups

This Manual is intended for persons installing, operating and maintaining the device.

Operation

The device may only be operated by qualified persons who, based on their device-specific training and knowledge as well as knowledge of the relevant regulations, can assess the tasks given and recognize the hazards involved.

Installation and maintenance

Installation and maintenance may only be carried out by trained specialists familiar with the installation conditions.

Please observe the information at the beginning of the respective Sections.

1.4 Further information

- Purge air unit Operating Instructions
- Final inspection record



NOTE

Observe all documents provided.

1.5 Symbols and document conventions

1.5.1 Warning symbols

Table 1: Warning symbols

Symbol	Significance
Hazard (general)	
4	Hazard by electrical voltage
	Hazard by toxic substances

About this document GM901-02

Symbol	Significance	
	Hazard through acidic substances	
	Hazard through pressure/temperature	
*	Hazard for environment and organisms	

1.5.2 Warning levels / Signal words

DANGER

Risk or hazardous situation which will result in severe personal injury or death.

WARNING

Risk or hazardous situation which could result in severe personal injury or death.

CAUTION

Hazard or unsafe practice which could result in less severe or minor injuries.

Notice

Hazard which could result in property damage.

Note

Hints

1.5.3 Information symbols

Table 2: Information symbols

Symbol	Significance
!	Important technical information for this product
4	Important information for electrical or electronic functions

1.6 Data integrity

Endress+Hauser uses standardized data interfaces, such as standard IP technology, in its products. The focus here is on the availability of the products and their properties.

Endress+Hauser always assumes the integrity and confidentiality of data and rights affected in connection with the use of the products are ensured by the customer.

In all cases, the customer is responsible for the implementation of safety measures suitable for the respective situation, e.g., network separation, firewalls, virus protection and Patch Management.

GM901-02 Safety information

2 Safety information

2.1 Basic safety information

!

NOTICE

Responsibility of the operator in case of device malfunctions or failure

If the GM901-02 is used as a sensor in combination with control technology, the operator must ensure that a failure or malfunction on the GM901-02 cannot lead to unallowed damage or hazardous operating states.

!

NOTICE

Responsibility for system safety

The person setting the system up is responsible for the safety of the system in which the device is integrated.

Electrical safety



DANGER

Danger to life through electric shock

There is a risk of electric shock when working on the device with the voltage supply switched on.

- ▶ Before starting work on the device, ensure the voltage supply can be switched off in accordance with the valid Standard using a power isolating switch/circuit breaker.
- ▶ Make sure the disconnector switch is easily accessible.
- An additional disconnecting device is mandatory when the power disconnector switch cannot be accessed or only with difficulty after installation of the device connection.
- Switch off the voltage supply before starting any work on the device.
- After completion of the work or for test purposes, calibration of the power supply may only be activated again by authorized personnel complying with the safety regulations.



WARNING

Endangerment of electrical safety through power cable with incorrect rating

Electrical accidents can occur when the specifications for installation of a power line have not been adequately observed.

► Always observe the exact specifications in the Operating Instructions (see "Technical data", page 87) for installation of a power line.

Grounding the device



NOTICE

Device damage through incorrect or non-existing grounding

During installation and maintenance work, it must be ensured that the protective grounding to the devices and/or lines involved is effective in accordance with EN 61010-1.

2.2 Intended use

2.2.1 Purpose of the device

The GM901-02 only serves to monitor CO concentrations of gases in industrial plants.

The GM901-02 measures continuously directly in the gas duct (in-situ).

Safety information GM901-02

2.2.2 Responsibility of user

Designated users

see "Target groups", page 7.

Correct project planning

- This Manual presumes that the device has been delivered as specified during project planning and with the relevant delivery state of the device (see delivered system documentation).
 - ► If you are not sure whether the device corresponds to the state defined during project planning or to the delivered system documentation: Contact Endress+Hauser Service.

Correct use

- Use the device only as described in "Intended use".
 The manufacturer bears no responsibility for any other use.
- ▶ Perform the specified maintenance work.
- ▶ Do not carry out any work or repairs on the device not described in this Manual. Do not remove, add or modify any components to or on the device unless described and specified in the official manufacturer information.

Use only original spare parts and wear and tear parts from Endress+Hauser. If you do not observe this:

- The manufacturer's warranty becomes void.
- o The device could become dangerous.

Special local requirements

In addition to the information in these Operating Instructions, follow all local laws, technical rules and company-internal operating directives applicable wherever the device is installed.

Read the Operating Instructions

- ▶ Read and observe these Operating Instructions.
- ▶ Observe all safety instructions.
- ▶ If there is something you do not understand: Contact Endress+Hauser Service.

Retention of documents

These Operating Instructions:

- Must be available for reference.
- Must be passed on to new owners.

3 Product description

3.1 Product identification

Product name	GM901-02	
Device version	CO measuring device with probe	
Manufacturer	Endress+Hauser SICK GmbH+Co. KG Bergener Ring 27 · D-01458 Ottendorf-Okrilla · Germany	
Type plates	 Sender and receiver: Under the optics tube Measuring probe: On the electronics housing 	

3.2 Product features

- The in-situ gas analyzer GM901-02 serves for continuous measurement of gas concentrations in industrial plants.
- The GM901-02 is an in-situ measuring system which means measuring is done directly in the gas carrying duct.
- Measuring components: CO and reference value temperature.
- Measuring principle: Infrared spectroscopic gas filter correlation.

3.2.1 Cross-sensitivities

Accurate temperature input is a critical factor that may be required to maintain desired measurement accuracies. The temperature of an external RTD temperature sensor should be connected to the analog input of the control unit.

The influence of temperature can be assessed in the following Table.

Process temperature	Absolute temperature error	Relative temperature error	Additional relative % measurement error
100 °C	5 °C	5%	3%
200 °C	10 °C	5%	4.8%
300 °C	15 °C	5%	6%
400 °C	20°C	5%	6.8%

The humidity in the process affects measurement accuracy. GM901 does not measure humidity, but a static humidity default value can be set.

The influence of the humidity on measurement accuracy depends on the process temperature, the absolute process humidity and the humidity input error. The effect can be assessed in the following Tables.

Table 3: Actual process moisture at **0** vol.% H₂O

Default value entered¹) (Vol% H ₂ O)	Absolute difference to input value (Vol% H ₂ O)	Process temperature (°C)	Additional relative % measurement error ²⁾
5	5	100	-2.5
5	5	200	-6.1
5	5	300	-7.6
5	5	400	-13.9

¹⁾ See Section 9.4.8

Table 4: Actual process moisture at ${f 10}$ Vol.-% ${f H}_2{f O}$

Default value entered ¹⁾ (Vol% H ₂ O)	Absolute difference to input value (Vol% H ₂ O)	Process temperature (°C)	Additional relative % CO measurement error ²⁾
0	-10	100	3.8

 $^{^{\}rm 2)}$ $\,$ Based on 500 ppm CO, the uncertainty is lower for higher concentrations

Default value entered ¹⁾ (Vol% H ₂ O)	Absolute difference to input value (Vol% H ₂ O)	Process temperature (°C)	Additional relative % CO measurement error ²⁾
0	-10	200	9.3
0	-10	300	14.2
0	-10	400	22.2
5	-5	100	1.2
5	-5	200	2.9
5	-5	300	4.3
5	-5	400	6.8
15	5	100	-0.9
15	5	200	-2.2
15	5	300	-3.3
15	5	400	-5.2
20	10	100	-1.7
20	10	200	-4.1
20	10	300	-6.2
20	10	400	-9.6

¹⁾ See Section 9.4.8

Table 5: Actual process moisture at 20 Vol.-% $\rm H_2O$

Default value entered ¹⁾ (Vol% H ₂ O)	Absolute difference to input value (Vol% H ₂ O)	Process temperature (°C)	Additional relative % CO measurement error ²⁾
10	-10	100	1.8
10	-10	200	4.2
10	-10	300	7
10	-10	400	10
15	-5	100	0.8
15	-5	200	1.9
15	-5	300	3.2
15	-5	400	4.5
25	5	100	-0.7
25	5	200	-1.7
25	5	300	-2.8
25	5	400	-4
30	10	100	-1.4
30	10	200	-3.3
30	10	300	-5.3
30	10	400	-7.6

¹⁾ See Section 9.4.8

Table 6: Actual process moisture at ${\bf 30}$ Vol.-% ${\bf H}_2{\bf O}$

Default value entered ¹⁾ (Vol% H ₂ O)	Absolute difference to input value (Vol% H ₂ O)	Process temperature (°C)	Additional relative % CO measurement error ²⁾
20	-10	100	1.4
20	-10	200	3.3
20	-10	300	5.9

²⁾ Based on 500 ppm CO, the uncertainty is lower for higher concentrations

 $^{^{2)}\,\,}$ Based on 500 ppm CO, the uncertainty is lower for higher concentrations

Default value entered ¹⁾ (Vol% H ₂ O)	Absolute difference to input value (Vol% H ₂ O)	Process temperature (°C)	Additional relative % CO measurement error ²⁾
20	-10	400	7.8
25	-5	100	0.7
25	-5	200	1.6
25	-5	300	2.8
25	-5	400	3.7
35	5	100	-0.6
35	5	200	-1.5
35	5	300	-2.6
35	5	400	-3.4
40	10	100	-1.2
40	10	200	-2.8
40	10	300	-4.9
40	10	400	-6.5

¹⁾ See Section 9.4.8

The presence of CO_2 in the process gas has an effect on CO measurement at high temperatures. The more the temperature increases at constant CO_2 concentration, the higher the relative CO measurement error becomes. Consider the influence in the following Table.

Max. CO ₂ concentration for 1 m	Max. temperature	Relative CO measurement error
10 Vol%	370 °C	2%
	400 °C	3%
	410 °C	4%
15 Vol%	390 °C	2%
	380 °C	3%
	360 °C	4%
20 Vol%	340 °C	2%
	360 °C	3%
	380 °C	4%
25 Vol%	370 °C	2%
	350 °C	3%
	330 °C	4%

3.3 Device variants

The following device variants are available depending on the measuring task and application:

	GM901 Standard	GM901 Extended calibration
Type code	GM901-02-xxxx1 or xxxx3	GM901-02-xxxx2 or xxxx4
Temperature range	Applications up to 250 °C	Applications up to 430 °C

²⁾ Based on 500 ppm CO, the uncertainty is lower for higher concentrations

Product description GM901-02

3.4 Layout

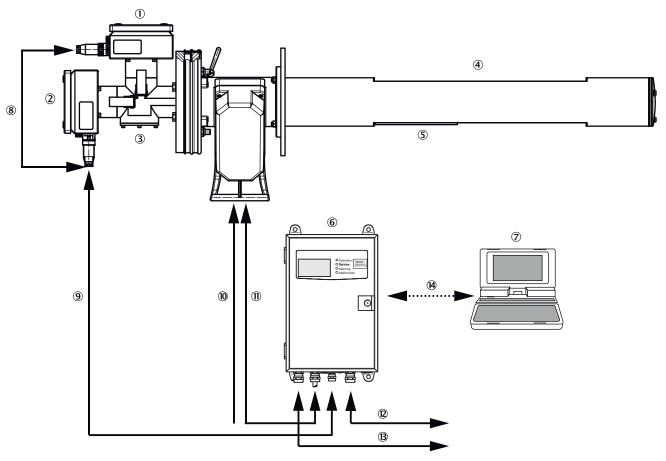


Figure 1: Device component overview

Table 7: Device components legend

	System components		Line
1	GM901-02 sender	8	Sender-receiver connection
2	GM901-02 receiver	9	CAN connection and power supply Control unit - analyzer
3	T-piece with beam splitter	10	Power supply 115 V / 230 V AC
4	Measuring probe	11)	Line to temperature sensor PT1000
(5)	Temperature sensor PT1000	12	 Analog output signals: 1 input, 1 output Status signals: 1 input, 3 outputs
6	Control unit	B	Power supply 115 V / 230 V AC
7	Service PC	14)	RS232 interface (Service)

GM901-02 Product description

3.5 Measuring probes

3.5.1 Gas-testable GPP measuring probe



Figure 2: GPP measuring probe with ceramic filter

Characteristics:

- Suitable for applications with dry process gas
- Measuring probe material:
 - Standard: Stainless steel (1.4571/316 Ti)
 - On request: 1.4539
- No moving parts
- PT1000 temperature sensor with SPU for gas temperature measurement
- Filter element for filtering dust particles
 - With ceramic filter: Dust removal for particles > 1 μm
- EPA compliant (EPA Guideline CFR 40, Part 60 or Part 75): The measuring chamber can be filled with known concentrations of test gases
- \bullet SPAN and zero point test possible: Usage as "zero path" by purging the measuring chamber with air or $\rm N_2$ possible
- Pressure-resistant up to 200 mbar differential pressure to duct
- No special flow conditions in duct necessary

Product description GM901-02

3.5.2 Open GMP measuring probe



Figure 3: Measuring probe with open measuring gap and PT1000 temperature sensor

Characteristics:

- Very short response times
- · High temperature stability
- Continuous purge air necessary
- Air outlet in the duct 90° to gas flow
- PT1000 temperature sensor with SPU for gas temperature measurement

Gas inlet and outlet with the GMP measuring probe

The measuring probe has a closing device for the opening towards sample gas and is operated using the lever on the probe flange. This ensures a correct purge air function without an analyzer.

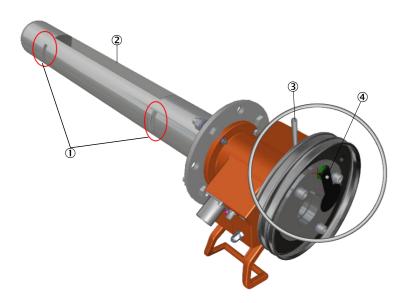


Figure 4: Closing device on the GMP measuring probe

- ① Purge air outlet
- Open measuring path (measuring gap)
- 3 Closing device lever
- 4 Closing device set to position "open"

GM901-02 Product description

GM901-02 with GMP measuring probe and purge air unit

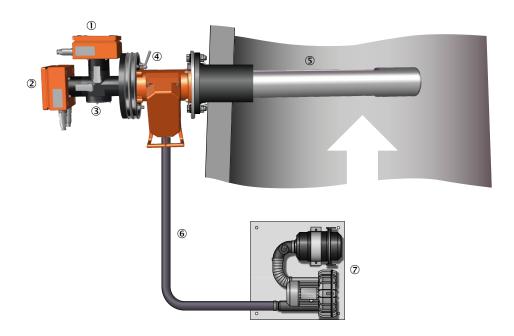


Figure 5: GMP measuring probe with purge air unit on the duct

- ① GM901-02 sender
- ② GM901-02 receiver
- 3 T-piece with beam splitter
- 4 Lever for closing device of the sample gas opening
- ⑤ GMP measuring probe
- 6 Purge air hose
- Purge air unit SLV4

3.5.3 Measuring probes in comparison

Table 8: Measuring probes: Characteristics and usage

Characteristic	Open GMP measuring probe	Gas-testable GPP measuring probe
Туре	Measuring path in flow direction open; Purge air supply with outlet aligned 90° to gas flow	Gas-testable measuring probe with ceramic filter, for dry sample gas
Max. process temperature	≤+430 °C	≤+430 °C
Gas check according to EPA specification possible	No	Yes
Purge air supply required	Yes	No
Suitable for wet sample gas	Yes	No
Measurable components	СО	CO
Response time (t ₉₀)	≥ 5 s	≥ 120 s
Duct diameter	> 360 mm	> 300 mm
Dust load	≤ 3 g/m ³ Relative to 1 m measuring distance, depending on application	≤ 30 g/m ³
Probe lengths available [m]	1,1	1,1
Active measuring paths available [mm]	250/500	250/500

Product description GM901-02

3.6 Control unit

Control unit with connection line (4 m)

The control unit AWE serves in the measuring system as user interface and prepares and outputs the measured values and performs control and monitoring functions.

The control unit can be located in the vicinity of the sender/receiver unit. It can also be located up to about 1000 meters from the sampling point, e.g., installed in the switch center or monitoring center of the industrial plant.

Functions:

- Output of measured values, computed data and operating states
- Communication with the peripheral equipment
- Output of error messages and other status signals
- Access during service (diagnosis)

3.7 Accessories

Weatherproof cover

For mounting the measuring device outdoors

Purge air unit

The purge air unit supplies filtered ambient air to the purge air attachments and protects the optical surfaces of the sender/receiver unit from contamination and high gas temperatures.



NOTE

As standard, Endress+Hauser recommends a separate purge air unit for the sender/ receiver unit and reflector unit when using the GMP measuring probe to ensure an optimal purge air supply.

If the supply of purge air is insufficient, hot and corrosive gases can destroy the measuring device within a few minutes.

Further information on the purge air unit, see Operating Instructions of the purge air unit.

Optical adjustment device

To align the sender and receiver

CO test cells with holder (SPAN test)

For the yearly drift control (zero point and sensitivity)

Deliverable test cells

Test cells are available depending on the application-specific measuring ranges, measuring paths and test points (e.g. 70%).

4 Transport and storage

4.1 Storage

- Clean all components of the measuring device (not the optical surfaces) with slightly moistened cleaning cloths. Use a mild cleaning agent here.
- ► Protect the openings of the sender/receiver-unit and measuring probe from atmospheric influences, preferably with the original transport safety devices.
- Pack all components for storage or transport. Preferably use the original packing.
- ▶ Store all components of the measuring device in a dry, clean area.

5 Mounting

5.1 Safety



WARNING

Risk of injury through improper assembly work

All assembly work must be carried out only by authorized persons who, based on their training and knowledge as well as knowledge of the relevant regulations, can assess the tasks given and recognize the hazards involved.



CAUTION

Accident risk through inadequate fastening of the device

- ► Consider the device weight specifications when planning the fitting supports.
- ▶ Check the load capacity/condition of the duct on which the device is to be installed.
- !

NOTICE

Damage to device and plant through unsecured parts during installation

During installation, parts of the device or flange can fall into the duct and cause damage.

► Secure all parts with wire.

!

NOTICE

Damage to the measuring device due to premature installation on the stack

Unsuitable ambient conditions in the measuring duct can damage the measuring device and make commissioning impossible.

▶ First install the measuring device on the stack after commissioning.

5.2 Preparing the measuring point

Responsibility of the operator

- Determining the measuring point (e.g. determining a representative sampling point)
- Preparing the measuring point (e.g. load capacity of welded-on flange)
- !

NOTICE

Basis for determining the measuring point:

- Preceding project planning
- Final inspection specifications for device
- · Regulations of local authorities

5.3 Checking the scope of delivery

- Check the scope of delivery according to the order confirmation/delivery note.
- ► Ensure the supply voltages indicated on the type plates correspond to the system conditions.
- ► Check all components for externally perfect delivery condition.

GM901-02 Mounting

5.4 Installation sequence

5.4.1 Installation steps overview

Table 9: Installation steps overview

Step	Procedure	Reference
1	Install the flange with tube.	see "Installing the flange with tube", page 21.
2	Fitting the control unit.	see "Installing the control unit", page 23.

5.4.2 Installing the flange with tube



DANGER

Health risk through hot or toxic gases/dusts in the measuring duct

The measuring duct can contain hot or toxic gases or dust deposits which can escape when opening the duct-side flange. Even if the measuring duct is out of operation during the installation, escaping gases can lead to severe damage to health.

- ▶ Always put the measuring duct out of operation for the duration of the installation.
- ► If required, purge the measuring duct with ambient air before starting installation work.
- ▶ Always wear suitable or company-specified protective clothing during installation work.



NOTICE

Device damage through incorrect/missing insulation of the duct when the measuring duct is hot

▶ When the measuring duct is hot, plan the duct and flange insulation so that the device is protected against high temperatures.

Installing the flange with tube



NOTE

Flange with tube dimensions: see "Dimension drawing, flange with tube, DN125", page 93

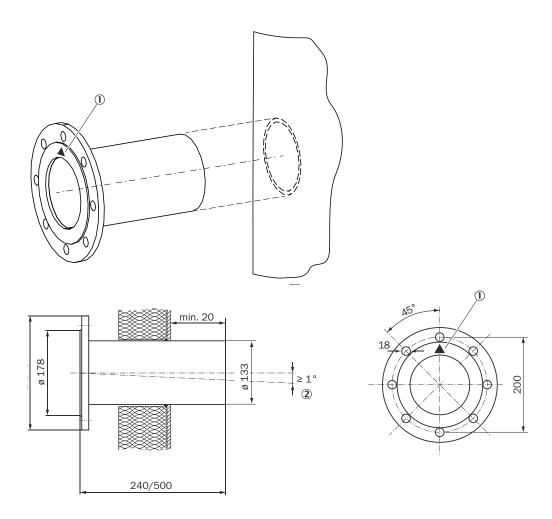


Figure 6: Flange with tube incl. orientation "TOP"

- ① Marking "Top"
- ② Tilt max. 1° (duct-side)



NOTE

Reinforcement with junction plates recommended

The device has a relatively high weight.

Weld junction plates on on-site for reinforcement of ducts with thin walls or at fitting locations subject to vibrations.

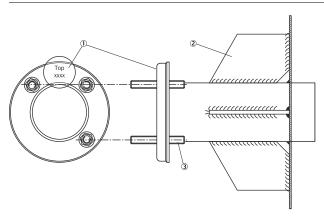


Figure 7: Flange tube with junction plates

- Marking for assembly position
- ② On-site junction plates
- The rear side of the threaded bolts serves to fasten the optional weatherproof cover

GM901-02 Mounting

Steps

- 1 Remove an area of 1000 mm x 800 mm of the insulation from the duct.
- 2 Mark the flange center point exactly on the duct wall.
 - On ducts made of stone/concrete: Duct opening approx. 2 cm larger than the flange tube outer diameter; at the same time, plan a light downward incline of the flange tube by approx. 1° to prevent condensate collecting later between the tube and probe.
 - Provide a suitable retainer plate.
- 3 Cut an opening matching the flange tube outer diameter (standard $\emptyset = 133$ mm) in the duct wall and/or retainer plate.
- Insert the flange tube so that the marking points exactly upwards (†). Tilt the tube in the duct or on the retainer plate slightly downwards (approx. 1°).
- 5 Affix in the fitting position.
 - Weld on junction plates as reinforcement when possible. For ducts made of stone/concrete: Anchor the retainer plate with flange with tube welded on securely to the duct.
- 6 Weld the flange tube on.

5.4.3 Installing the control unit

Prerequisite

- Installation location already determined during project planning.
- The maximum line length of 1000 m for all CAN bus connections has been considered



NOTE

Recommendation: The shorter the distance between sampling point and control unit, the easier it is to use the system.

Prepare the installation location

 Based on the control unit dimension drawing, ensure enough space is available at the planned installation location for assembly as well as opening the enclosure door.

Control unit AWE (sheet steel enclosure version)

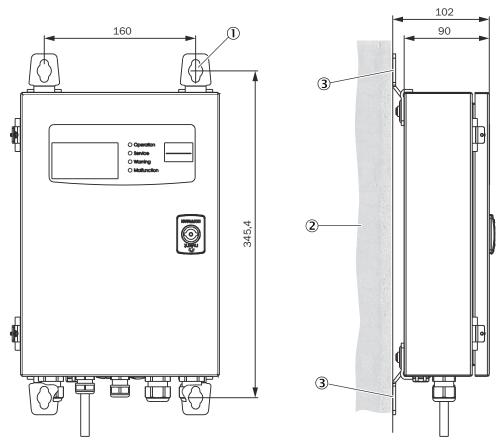


Figure 8: Fitting the control unit AWE, sheet steel enclosure (dimensions in mm)

- ① 4 × mounting holes, ø 7.2 mm
- ② Mounting surface
- 3 Fastening brackets

Steps

- 1. Drill the holes according to the installation drawing (Ø 7.2 mm for M8).
- 2. Screw the control unit tight to the four fastening brackets.

GM901-02 Electrical installation

6 Electrical installation

6.1 Safety



DANGER

Danger to life through electric shock

There is a risk of electric shock when working on the device with the voltage supply switched on.

- ▶ Before starting work on the device, ensure the voltage supply can be switched off in accordance with the valid Standard using a power isolating switch/circuit breaker.
- Make sure the disconnector switch is easily accessible.
- An additional disconnecting device is mandatory when the power disconnector switch cannot be accessed or only with difficulty after installation of the device connection.
- Switch off the voltage supply before starting any work on the device.
- After completion of the work or for test purposes, calibration of the power supply may only be activated again by authorized personnel complying with the safety regulations.



WARNING

Endangerment of electrical safety through power cable with incorrect rating

Electrical accidents can occur when the specifications for installation of a power line have not been adequately observed.

Always observe the exact specifications in the Operating Instructions (see "Technical data", page 87) for installation of a power line.



DANGER

Electrical accident due to improper performance of the electrical work

The electrical work described in these Operating Instructions requires specialist knowledge. Electrical work can lead to serious electrical accidents if not carried out properly.

 Only let the work described in the following be carried out by electricians familiar with potential hazards.



NOTICE

Risk of device damage

Electronic components are accessible when the enclosure is open. The circuit board can be severely damaged when a contact is not grounded when the power supply is switched on.

► First switch the power supply on when the sender/receiver unit and the control unit are closed.



NOTICE

Pay attention to connection values for power supply

The control unit AWE is configured to 230 V AC on delivery.

 For 115 V AC, plug the respective bridges as shown on the connection plate of the control unit AWE.



NOTICE

Device damage through short circuit on the device

When power supply is available, signal short circuits can occur and damage the internal electronics. This is also valid for plug connections.

▶ Clean work is required. Do not leave any metal cuttings in the device.

Electrical installation GM901-02

6.2 Connection overview

6.2.1 Connection overview for standard version

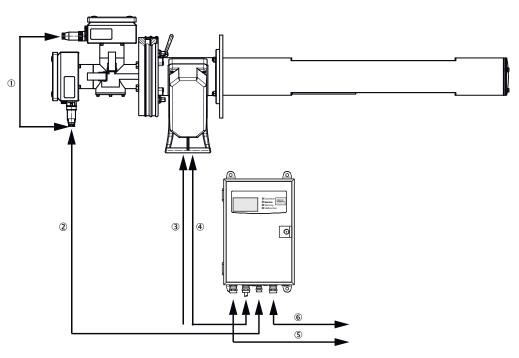


Figure 9: Electrical wiring of device components

- ① Sender-receiver connection
- (2) CAN connection and power supply, control unit analyzer
- 3 Purge air fixture power supply 115/230 V AC
- 4 Signal line, measuring probe temperature sensor, SPU on control unit analog input
- ⑤ Power supply, control unit: 115/230 V AC
- **6** Signal outputs, control unit:
 - Analog: 1 input, 1 output
 - Digital: 1 input, 3 outputs

6.2.2 Overview of control unit electrical connections

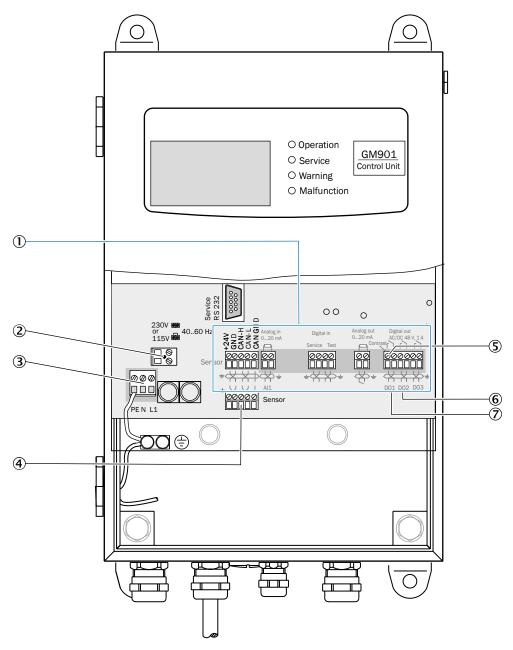


Figure 10: Electrical wiring of control unit

- Connections for wiring
- ② Operating voltage selection: 115 V or 230 V AC
- 3 Power supply:115 V/230 V AC
- 4 Receiver connection
- S Rotary potentiometer for setting display contrast
- 6 DO1 Malfunction / Maintenance
- ⑦ D02 Limit



NOTE

The control unit is delivered from the factory as 230 V AC version.

Electrical installation GM901-02

6.2.2.1 Wiring of the temperature sensor

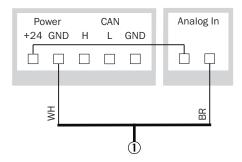


Figure 11: Wiring connections on the control unit

① Connection line, temperature sensor



NOTE

After connecting, the "External" switch in the "Temperature Input" menu must be set to "Yes" (see "Setting the use of an external temperature sensor", page 55.

6.3 Uninstalling the electrical system



DANGER

Electrical accident through bare, live lines

When uninstalling, unsecured, live lines can lead to serious accidents.

- ► Switch the power supply to the device off before starting uninstallation.
- ▶ If power supply is required during uninstallation: Secure all live lines during uninstallation work so that nobody can be injured.



CAUTION

Electrical accident through unsecured switches

Switches that should no longer be switched on for safety reasons can lead to serious accidents when switched on accidentally.

- ► Replace defective switches.
- As long as defective switches have not been replaced: Secure against being switched on accidentally with appropriate signs or safety locks.



NOTICE

Device damage through incorrect storage of electrical cables

Incorrect storage can lead to cable ends becoming damp and soiled. This can lead to device damage when restarting the device.

- ► Insulate cable ends.
- Protect cable ends against dirt and dampness.

GM901-02 Commissioning

7 Commissioning

7.1 Safety

Technical knowledge needed / requirements for commissioning



NOTICE

- You are basically familiar with GM901.
- You are familiar with the local situation, especially the potential hazards caused by gases in the gas duct (hot/noxious). You are capable of recognizing and preventing danger by possibly escaping gases.
- The specifications according to project planning have been complied with (see final inspection record).
- The installation location has been prepared according to the project planning.

If one of these requirements is not met:

▶ Please contact Endress+Hauser Customer Service or your local representative.

Gases



DANGER

Danger to life by leaking hot and toxic gases

Hot and/or noxious gases can escape during work on the gas duct, depending on the plant conditions.

Work on the gas duct may only be performed by skilled technicians who, based on their technical training and knowledge as well as knowledge of the relevant regulations, can assess the tasks given and recognize the hazards involved.



WARNING

Health risk through contact with toxic gases

The modules and devices contain enclosed potentially dangerous gases that can escape due to a defect or leak. Should a leak occur, the concentrations within the enclosed device can rise to 350 ppm.

- C0: 10 ml max. total volume.
- ► Check the condition of the seals on the device regularly.
- Only open the device when good ventilation is available, especially when a leak of one
 of the device components is suspected.

Commissioning GM901-02

Electric system



DANGER

Danger to life through electric shock

There is a risk of electric shock when working on the device with the voltage supply switched on.

- ▶ Before starting work on the device, ensure the voltage supply can be switched off in accordance with the valid Standard using a power isolating switch/circuit breaker.
- ▶ Make sure the disconnector switch is easily accessible.
- An additional disconnecting device is mandatory when the power disconnector switch cannot be accessed or only with difficulty after installation of the device connection.
- Switch off the voltage supply before starting any work on the device.
- After completion of the work or for test purposes, calibration of the power supply may only be activated again by authorized personnel complying with the safety regulations.



WARNING

Endangerment of electrical safety through power cable with incorrect rating

Electrical accidents can occur when the specifications for installation of a power line have not been adequately observed.

Always observe the exact specifications in the Operating Instructions (see "Technical data", page 87) for installation of a power line.



DANGER

Electrical accident due to improper performance of the electrical work

The electrical work described in these Operating Instructions requires specialist knowledge. Electrical work can lead to serious electrical accidents if not carried out properly.

Only let the work described in the following be carried out by electricians familiar with potential hazards.

Grounding



NOTICE

Device damage through incorrect or missing grounding

It must be ensured during installation and maintenance work that the protective grounding of the device or cables involved is established in accordance with EN 61010-1.

7.1.1 Important information on GPP measuring probe



NOTICE

Observe the following information during commissioning of the GPP measuring probe to avoid damage to the measuring system and to achieve stable measurements.

- Check the filter surface visually for damage.
- Gas can escape at the measuring probe during overpressure processes when the 1/4" plug is open or loose. Air is suctioned into the measuring probe during low-pressure processes. The measured value in the chamber then drops depending on the low-pressure in the process, possibly down to zero.
- Do not damage the filter when inserting the measuring probe in the flange.

7.2 Tools required

- Fork or ring spanner set
- Optical alignment tool (not included in standard scope of delivery)

GM901-02 Commissioning

7.3 Material required

- Optics cleaning wipes without detergent
- Test tool kit for SPAN test (Part No.: 2019639)

7.4 Commissioning steps overview

Commissioning comprises two main steps:

1 Zero adjust:

The sender-receiver unit is prepared for operation with the measuring probe in an atmosphere free from sample gas.

Installation and commissioning at the sampling point:
The purge air unit and the sender-receiver unit are put into operation with the measuring probe. The control unit is then switched on and checked. This can then be configured for individual requirements.

Prerequisites

- Control unit is fitted and wired.
- Potential equalization is connected to the control unit.

Table 10: Commissioning steps overview

Step	Procedure	Reference
1	Remove the transport safeguards.	see "Removing the transport safety devices of the measuring probe", page 32.
2	Fit the T-piece on the measuring probe (if not already fitted at the factory).	see "Fitting the T-piece on the measuring probe", page 32.
3	Align the sender and receiver on the optical axis.	see "Aligning transmitter and receiver optically", page 33.
4	Install the sender and receiver.	see "Fitting the sender and receiver on the T-piece", page 34.
5	Connect the sender and receiver with a signal cable.	see "Connecting the sender and receiver", page 34.
6	When using the GMP measuring probe: Ensure the purge air supply is in operation.	See the purge air supply Operating instructions
7	Connect signal lines and power supply.	see "Connection overview for standard version", page 26.
8	Calibrate the measuring device.	see "Calibration", page 35.
9	Install the measuring device on the duct.	see "Fitting the measuring device on the duct", page 41.
10	Create connections to customer data system. Configure according to customer specifications.	see "Parameter", page 50.
11	Fit the weather protection hood (optional).	see "Installing the weatherproof cover", page 42.

Commissioning GM901-02

7.5 Removing the transport safety devices of the measuring probe

7.5.1 Removing the transport safety device of the GMP measuring probe

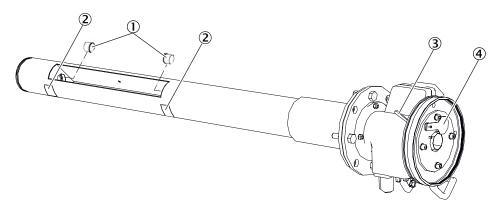


Figure 12: Transport safety device of the GMP measuring probe

- ① 2 × protective caps to cover the optics
- 2 Protective stickers
- 3 Lever of locking device
- 3 Set the locking device to the "close" position

Steps

- 1. Remove the protective stickers.
- 2. Remove the protective caps.
- 3. Store the transport safety device.

7.5.2 Removing the transport safety device of the GPP measuring probe

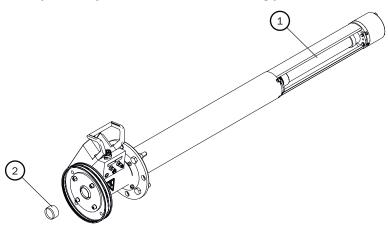


Figure 13: Transport safety device of the GPP measuring probe

- ① Filter with protective cover
- 2 Protective cap for covering

Steps

- 1. Remove the protective cover of the filter.
- 2. Remove the protective cap.
- 3. Store the transport safety device.

7.6 Fitting the T-piece on the measuring probe



NOTE

The measuring probe is normally delivered from the factory already fitted with the T-piece.

GM901-02 Commissioning



Figure 14: Fitting the T-piece on the measuring probe

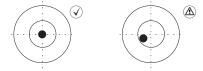
7.7 Aligning transmitter and receiver optically

Align sender

- 1. Fit the optical adjustment device on the T-piece.
 - o Fit the adjustment device with **light source** to the sender position.
 - Fit the adjustment device with the focusing screen to the receiver position.



- ① Sender position
- 2 Receiver position
- 2. On the sender, tighten the two nuts for horizontal adjustment (X) and vertical adjustment (Y) so that the light point shown is positioned centered on the focusing screen of the adjustment tube.



Align receiver

- 1. On the receiver, tighten the two nuts for horizontal adjustment (X) and vertical adjustment (Y) so that the light point shown is positioned centered on the focusing screen of the adjustment tube
- 2. Control the adjustment in both directions.

Commissioning GM901-02

7.8 Fitting the sender and receiver on the T-piece

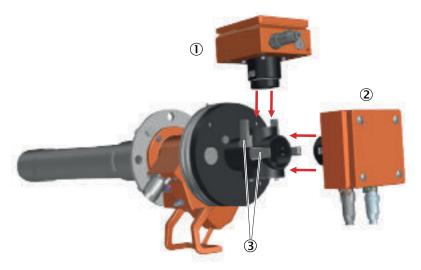


Figure 15: Fitting the sender and receiver on the T-piece

- ① Sender
- 2 Receiver
- 3 Quick-release fasteners

Procedure

- 1. Position the sender on the T-piece and fasten it with the quick-release fasteners.
- 2. Position the receiver on the T-piece and fasten it with the quick-release fasteners.

7.9 Connecting the sender and receiver



NOTE

The two connector plugs of the connection line are configured to fit only on the corresponding port. The connection sequence is unimportant.

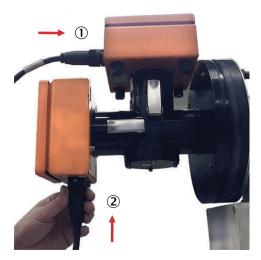


Figure 16: Connecting the sender and receiver

- ① Connection on GM901 sender
- 2 Connection on GM901 receiver

GM901-02 Commissioning

7.10 Calibration

Perform the appropriate calibration procedure depending on the device variant:

- For GM901-02 standard: see "Calibrating the GM901-02 standard", page 35.
- For GM901-02 with extended calibration: see "Calibrating the GM901-02 with extended calibration", page 35.

7.10.1 Material required

- Test tool kit for SPAN test
- A test cell with a concentration of at least 80% of the highest desired measuring range.

For example, if the desired measurement range is 0 - 10000 ppm, a test cell with the equivalent of at least 8000 ppm is required.

7.10.2 Calibrating the GM901-02 standard

Prerequisite

Only for devices with corresponding type code and temperature range, see "Device variants", page 13.

Procedure

- 1. Perform zero adjust, see "Zero adjust", page 36.
- 2. Enter the offset correction of the zero point measurement, see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.
- 3. Perform manual SPAN test (optional), see "SPAN test (optional)", page 37.
- 4. Enter SPAN value, see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.

7.10.3 Calibrating the GM901-02 with extended calibration

Prerequisite

Only for devices with corresponding type code and temperature range, see "Device variants", page 13.

Adjustment of reference value "SPAN" for high temperatures

Analyzers with extended or high temperature calibration (430 °C) have a single calibration curve over the entire operating range. To optimize the accuracy of the analyzer at higher temperatures, a further calculation is required before entering the zero point or "SPAN" value.

This additional calculation is necessary to better compensate for the difference between the calibration of the gas cell at ambient temperature and the operating temperature of the high temperature process.

The additional calculation is **not** necessary for measured values below 1600 ppm CO because the effects of temperature changes are not as pronounced.

Preparatory work

- 1. Press "cal".
- 2. Set the default temperature value to the actual ambient temperature, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 3. Set "Temperature Input External" to "No", see "Setting the use of an external temperature sensor", page 55.
- 4. Make sure algorithm coefficients C3 to C6 are set to "1". Do **not** set these values, see "Setting the use of an external temperature sensor", page 55.

 Contact Endress+Hauser Service when this is not the case.
- 5. Set SPAN value to "1" see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.

Commissioning GM901-02

Procedure

- Perform zero adjust, see "Zero adjust", page 36.
- 2. Enter the offset correction of the zero point measurement, see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.
- 3. Perform manual SPAN test (optional), see "SPAN test (optional)", page 37. Note the SPAN value.
- 4. Perform calculation for high temperature SPAN value:
 - Use Calculation Table "Span offset calculation for units with extended calibration" (contact Endress+Hauser Service).
 - Enter the noted SPAN value and the process temperature in the Calculation Table.
 - Note the high temperature SPAN value.
- 5. Enter the high temperature SPAN value, see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.
- 6. Reset temperature parameters to reflect process conditions, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.

7.11 Zero adjust



CAUTION

A zero point check or adjustment must be carried out before every initial and new commissioning.



NOTICE

The zero adjust must be carried out in a CO-free environment

- ► The zero adjust can be carried out directly at the sampling point when the plant is switched off.
- ► The zero adjust must be carried out outside the duct when the plant is in operation.



NOTE

When using the GPP measuring probe

- ▶ Purge the measuring probe with N₂.
- ▶ Allow sufficient time to clean the measuring probe.
- ► At least 20-60 mbar above process pressure



NOTE

The warming up phase for the measuring system takes 30 minutes. The measuring system is first stable after this period.

Prerequisites

Ensure the optical alignment has been carried out on the measuring probe. Correct if necessary.

Performing zero adjust

- 1. Press "cal".
- Menu navigation for zero adjust (select zero adjust), see "Performing zero adjust", page 64.

The zero point adjustment is running while "Zero Measuring" is shown in the control unit display.

- When zero adjust has completed:
 - Refit the GMP measuring probe with the measuring device on the flange, resp.
 - Terminate the N₂ purge process (GPP measuring probe).

GM901-02 Commissioning

7.11.1 SPAN test (optional)



NOTE

This test requires the optionally available CO cell and holder, see "Accessories", page 18.

An optional manual SPAN test can be carried to check linearity.

Requirements:

- A holder for the test cell mounted on the sender side
- At least one test cell filled with a known CO concentration

Test gas concentrations:

- Any CO concentration that is not zero can be used.
- Recommendation: Concentrations of more than 70% of the full scale value provide better linearity control.
- The test gas concentrations should be specified on a ppm meter basis.

A test kit with one cell (optionally two additional test cells) and holder are available from your local office.

7.11.1.1 Determining the test values

Steps

- 1. Note the full scale value of the analyzer and the measuring distance.
- 2. Multiply the full scale value (in ppm) by the measuring distance (in m) to obtain the application measuring range in ppm.m.
- 3. Use this value to select a suitable test cell that is approximately 75% of the total value.

Example: Application with

- Measuring range: 3000 ppm
- Measuring distance: 2 m
- Desired SPAN test point of 75%

Calculation of test value:

- Application measuring range = 3000 ppm x 2 m = 6000 ppm.m
- For a desired SPAN test point of 75%, a test cell with 4500 ppm.m is required.
- The standard GM901 test cell (4000 ppm.m) can be ordered. This would correspond to a SPAN test point of 66.6%, but is perfectly suitable for this SPAN test.
- Alternatively, a customized test cell can also be ordered.



NOTICE

Test cells are manually filled to 15% of the ordered value, compared with a master device and printed out with the exact test cell concentration.

For SPAN tests, **this exact concentration** is the **important** value that must be entered, not the ordered value.



NOTE

Possible deliverable test cell:

- 1600 × m
- 4000 × m
- 10000 × m
- Or a customized concentration

7.11.1.2 Carrying out a SPAN test

Prepare the SPAN test, see "Zero adjust", page 36.

Insert holder for test cell on sender.

!

NOTICE

Do not insert a cell filled with CO yet.

2 To start the SPAN test, press "cal" on the operator panel of the control unit, see "Performing a manual SPAN test", page 65.

3 Follow the menu instructions.

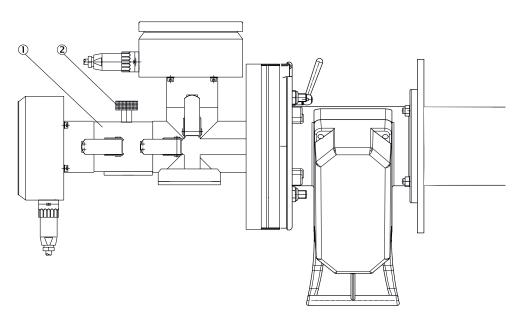


Figure 17: GM901-02 with holder for test cell

- ① Input compartment for CO cell
- 2 Holder for test cell

7.11.2 Online SPAN test according to EPA Guidelines

Criterion for EPA-compliant SPAN test

- GPP (Gas-Permeation-Probe) with
 - Connection for gas inlet
 - Connection for pressure monitoring in the gas measuring chamber

Filling test or zero gas creates an overpressure in the filter element. As soon as the overpressure is high enough, it presses the exhaust gas out of the filter. This switches the gas flow through the filter element to the opposite direction. This method serves to determine the zero point and various other test points when using suitable test gases.

7.11.2.1 Carrying out a manual EPA SPAN test

Material required	Characteristics
Test gas cylinders according to the applicable EPA Guideline (N2 and test gases)	The concentration depends on the upper measuring range values to be tested
Adjustable pressure regulator for zero gas and SPAN gas	With adjustable pressure valve
1/8" line with Swagelok screw fitting	Length: Approx. 1.5 m
Pressure gauge	 An absolute pressure of 900-1100 mbar (equivalent to the pressure in the duct) Resolution: 0.5 mbar 1/8" Swagelok connection

GM901-02 Commissioning

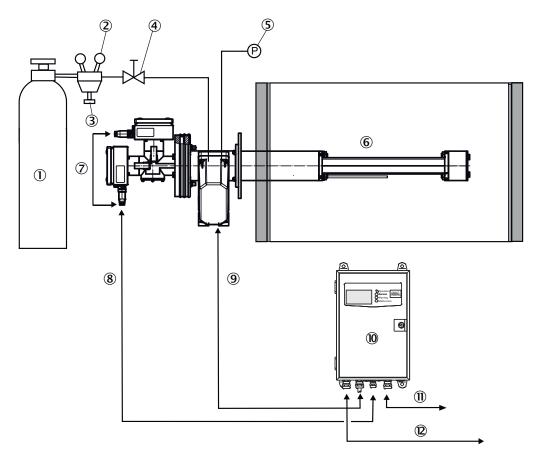


Figure 18: Equipment for the manual SPAN test

- ① Test gas
- 2 Pressure gauge 1
- ③ Pressure regulator
- 4 Shut-off valve
- ⑤ Pressure gauge 2
- 6 Measuring probe
- Sender-receiver connection
- 8 2 m line (CAN bus and power supply)
- 9 Temperature sensor
- ① Control unit
- ① Analog/status signals
- ⁽²⁾ 115/230V

Preparations

- 1 Connect the pressure regulator and pressure gauges to the gas cylinders, secure the gas cylinders.
- 2 Close the shut-off valve.
- 3 Fit the hose between the pressure regulator and one of the two GPP connections.
- 4 Set the pressure on the gas cylinder to the calculated primary pressure.



NOTE

Air is suctioned into the partial vacuum channels as soon as the gas connection is opened. The measured values approach zero depending on the partial vacuum present.

- 5 Connect a pressure gauge to the second gas connection.
- 6 Read off the current measured values on the control unit display.

Measurement

Commissioning GM901-02

- Start the EPA-SPAN test per menu, see "SPAN test according to EPA Guidelines", page 66, or digital input.
- 2 Set T90 to 10 seconds.
- 3 Open the shut-off valve fully.
- 4 Observe the measured values on the display until the value is stable.
- 5 Read off the pressure on the second pressure gauge to correct measurement when necessary.
- 6 Close the valve on the pressure reducer and the gas cylinder.
- 7 Now terminate data recording and start the evaluation.
- 8 Reset the T90 value.
- 9 Return to measuring mode.
- 10 When required, repeat the procedure (preparation and measurement) with further test gases.

7.11.2.2 Carrying out a thermal adjustment

The cold test gas flow withdraws energy from the measuring probe body as it flows through the device. Long purge times can therefore effect a difference between the test gas temperature and the process temperature. The following factors influence the difference:

- Throughflow volumes of the test gas
- Measurement duration
- Gas velocity in the process

This is the reason why it is recommended to determine the SPAN points first and then the zero point because a temperature drop does not influence the zero point measurement. A break between the measurements and the reduction in gas flow reduce this effect.

7.11.2.3 One-off preliminary measurement/determining the basic setting

Each GPP measuring probe has certain production tolerances. The ideal pressure parameters for the test must be determined once before the first measurement. The GPP must be installed in the duct for this test because the length of the measuring chamber and velocity of the exhaust gases in the duct also influence the initial pressure settings.

Carrying out a one-off determination of the basic settings

- 1 Prepare the gas (e.g. N₂ or air), see "Carrying out a manual EPA SPAN test", page 38.
- 2 Start the EPA test, see "Carrying out a manual EPA SPAN test", page 38.
- 3 Set T90 to 10 seconds.
- 4 Observe the display.
- 5 Set the pressure regulator on the gas cylinder to 0 bar and observe the measured values.
- 6 Set the pressure on the pressure regulator to approx. 3 bar and observe the measured values.
- If zero is not reached within a certain time (depending on the T90 settings of the measuring system), increase the pressure in steps until zero is stable.
- 8 When zero is stable, reduce the pressure in small steps again and observe the display.
- 9 Increase the pressure again by 0.5 bar when the display rises above zero again.
- 10 Note the values on gauges 1 and 2.



NOTE

These values can be used later as prelimiinary pressure settings.

The correct test gas pressure is typically between 4 mbar and 10 mbar above the process pressure.

- 11 Reset the T90 value.
- 12 Close the shut-off valve and gas cylinder.
- 13 Return to measuring mode.

GM901-02 Commissioning

7.11.3 Automatic SPAN test

The calibration test is carried out with different equipment depending on customer requirements.



NOTICE

Valve control as well as triggering a SPAN test must be carried out with an automatic calibration test unit from the customer.

Equipment for an automatic SPAN test

Low requirements

- 1 Determine the pressure settings required before starting the test.
- 2 Connect test gas via solenoid valves to the GPP inlet.
- 3 Use a gauge to set the preliminary pressure settings on the gas cylinder.
 - NOTE | Changes to the flow resistance in the filter can cause pressure rises or drops that then influence measuring precision (gas law).

High requirements

- 1 Connect test gas via solenoid valves and adjustable pressure regulator to the GPP inlet.
 - ► The pressure regulator serves to keep the pressure in the measuring chamber constant.
 - ► The control signal is generated by comparing the fine pressure measurement in the chamber with a value previously specified.
 - NOTE | Changes in the filter material influence the time required for purging.

7.12 Fitting the measuring device on the duct

Overview

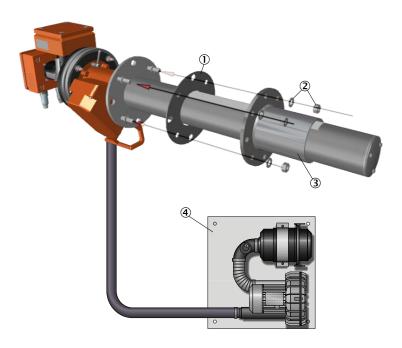


Figure 19: Installing the device on the duct flange

- Seal
- 2 Screws M16x60 with nuts and washers
- 3 Flange with tube (duct-side)
- 4 Purge air unit SLV4 (only for GMP measuring probe)

Commissioning GM901-02

Important information



DANGER

Health risk through hot or toxic gases/dusts in the measuring duct

The measuring duct can contain hot or toxic gases or dust deposits which can escape when opening the duct-side flange. Even if the measuring duct is out of operation during the installation, escaping gases can lead to severe damage to health.

- ▶ Always put the measuring duct out of operation for the duration of the installation.
- ► If required, purge the measuring duct with ambient air before starting installation work.
- Always wear suitable or company-specified protective clothing during installation work.

!

NOTICE

Device damage through incorrect/missing insulation of the duct when the measuring duct is hot

▶ When the measuring duct is hot, plan the duct and flange insulation so that the device is protected against high temperatures.



NOTICE

Avoid damage to the device

For the measuring probes:

Measuring probe GMP: Ensure uninterrupted purge air feed to the measuring probe!

Procedure

- 1. If present, remove the cover of the duct-side flange with tube.
- Insert the measuring probe with fitted sender-receiver unit in the duct-side flange with tube.
 - I NOTICE | A seal must be present between the device flange and the duct flange.
- Fit the measuring probe on the duct-side flange. Use the supplied mounting kit.

7.13 Installing the weatherproof cover

The weatherproof cover is installed in two steps:

- 1 Fit the installation plate on the flange of the purge air fixture and the measuring probe flange.
- 2 Place the weatherproof cover on the installation plate.
- 1 Fit the installation plate on the flange of the purge air fixture:
 - ▶ Lay the weatherproof cover upside down on the floor.
 - ▶ Open and unhinge the locks on both sides.
 - ▶ Pull the installation plate upwards and remove it from the cover.

GM901-02 Commissioning

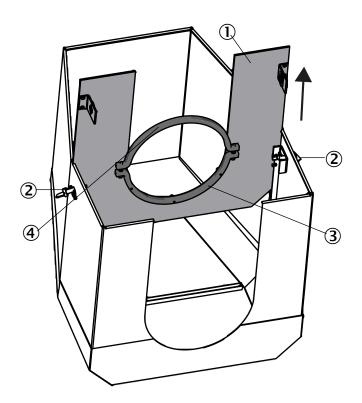


Figure 20: Removing the installation plate

- ① Installation plate
- 2 Lock
- 3 Top mounting ring
- 4 Bottom mounting ring
- ► Remove the bottom mounting ring.
- Place the installation plate on the rubber band of the purge air fixture from the ton
- ▶ Position the mounting ring on the side of the purge air fixture.
- Screw the lower mounting ring to the upper mounting ring.

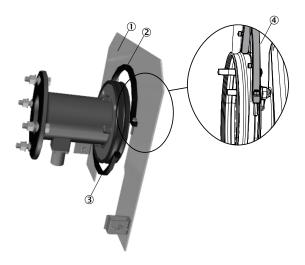


Figure 21: Detail view: Positioning the top mounting ring on the side of the purge air fixture

- ① Installation plate
- ② Top mounting ring
- 3 Bottom mounting ring
- Detail view: Positioning the top mounting ring on the side of the purge air fixture.

Commissioning GM901-02

2 Place the weatherproof cover on the installation plate:

- Position the cover on the installation plate from the top.
- ► Engage the locks and close again.

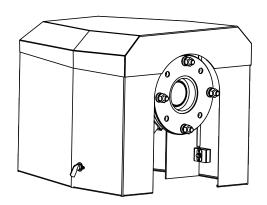


Figure 22: Placing the weatherproof cover on the installation plate

7.14 Preset parameter values

Parameter settings

Physical unit mg/Nm³ Normalization wet

Response time 24 s (parameter setting)

Note: The actual total response time is 30 s because the preset value (11) of the Median filter extends the

response time by 6 s.

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Measuring range} & 1000 \text{ mg/Nm}^3 \\ \text{Limit value} & 1000 \text{ mg/Nm}^3 \end{array}$

Measuring distance

Active measuring distance 250 or 500 mm

Temperature

Substitute 150 °C
External Analog in
Scale low 0 °C
Scale high 250 °C
Input low 4.0 mA
Input high 20.0 mA

Humidity

Substitute 00.0 % (Vol.)

Pressure

Substitute 1013 hPa (change the value to the current value when

measuring in ppm)

Analog out

Live zero 4 mA

Calibration

Span 1.00 Zero +000

Median Filter

Commissioning GM901-02

> Size 11

> > Note: The preset value 11 adds 6 seconds to the setting value (see "Median Filter", page 60.).

Device parameters

Serial number Current software version Evaluation unit Current software version Configuration Type code of the control unit

Service

C1 Determined during zero adjust C2 Determined during zero adjust

С3 Data specified at the factory and assigned to the C4 GM901-02 receiver (individual, per device).

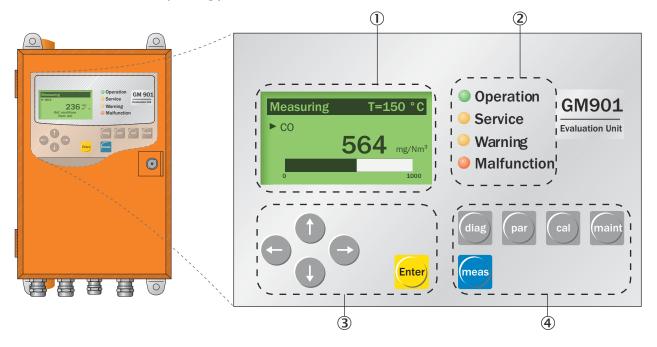
C5 C6

C7 **C8**

8 Operation

8.1 Operating and display elements

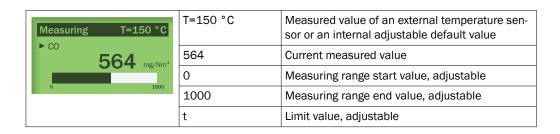
8.1.1 Control unit operating panel



1	Display		
2	Status LEDs		
3	Arrow buttons to edit units/digits		
	Move the cursor		
	Increase/decrease digits		
	Abort and return button (arrow left)		
	Enter	Confirm set value	
4	Function buttons and submenus		
	"diag": Diagnosis	see "Diagnosis", page 49	
	"par": Parameter	see "Parameter", page 50	
	"cal": Calibration	see "Calibration", page 64	
	"maint": Maintenance	see "Maintenance", page 67	
	"meas": Measurement	see "Measuring mode", page 49	

The basic setting parameters are default values. All individual settings, including calibration parameters, are overwritten.

8.1.2 Display



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8.1.3 Status LEDs

Table 11: Significance of Status LEDs

LED	Significance	
	Measuring modeDevice is switched on. Power voltage available.	
OPERATION		
0	Service mode	
SERVICE		
Warning	 Warning message At least one warning message pending. Read the warning message, see Diagnosis mode (diag) 	
MALFUNCTION	 Device malfunction At least one malfunction message pending. Read the malfunction message, see Diagnosis mode (diag) 	

8.2 Setting the display contrast

The rotary potentiometer for setting the display contrast is located above the "Digital Out" terminal block.

Use a 2 mm precision screwdriver to adjust the display contrast setting.

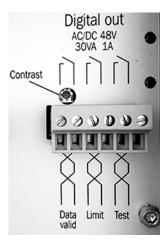


Figure 23: Rotary potentiometer for display contrast

8.3 Entering the password

- The password is always prompted for when a parameter is to be changed.
- The password is "1234".
- The password remains active for 30 minutes.



DANGER

Endangerment of system safety through parameters with incorrect settings

Entering the password allows parameters to be changed. Unauthorized changes to safety-relevant parameters can lead to unsafe operation of the measuring system and can thereby endanger plant safety.

▶ Password entry only by technicians.

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Figure 24: Entering the password

9 Menus

9.1 Safety



CAUTION

Hazard for persons and plant through unsafe operation of the measuring device

If the device is or could be in an unsafe state:

- ▶ Put the device out of operation.
- ▶ Disconnect the device from the main supply voltage and signal voltage.
- ▶ Secure the device against unallowed or unintentional start-up.

9.2 Measuring mode



The measuring mode display is shown during active measuring operation.

- The "Operation" Status LED is green.
- Explanations of the measuring mode display see "Display", page 46

The operator can switch directly to the measuring mode display from every menu item:

▶ Press "meas".

9.3 Diagnosis



Menu "Diagnosis" serves to view the following data:

- Malfunction: Malfunction messages
- Warning: Warning messages
- Sensor values: Displays sensor measured values for error diagnosis
- Press "diag" on the operator panel of the evaluation unit to call up the submenu items.

9.3.1 Viewing error messages

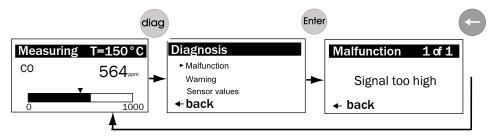


Figure 25: Viewing error messages (example)



NOTE

Table of all error messages, see "Malfunction messages", page 77.

9.3.2 Viewing warning messages

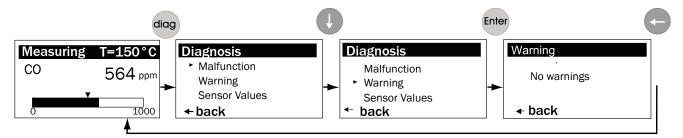


Figure 26: Viewing warning messages (example)



NOTE

Table of all warning messages, see "Warning messages", page 76.

9.3.3 Viewing sensor values

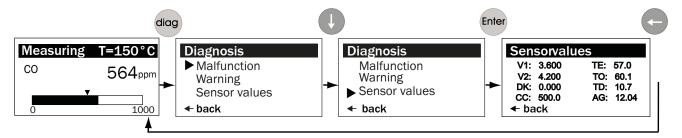


Figure 27: Viewing sensor values (example)



NOTE

Table of standard sensor values, see "Sensor values for trouble-free operation", page 81.

9.4 Parameter



The parameters currently set can be called up and changed in submenu item "Parameter settings".

Calling up parameter settings

The following parameters are available:

- 1 Physical Unit: see "Changing the physical unit", page 51.
- 2 Normalization: see "Setting the humidity correction", page 52.
- 3 Response Time: see "Changing the response time", page 52.
- 4 Measuring Range: see "Changing the measuring range", page 53.
- 5 Limit Value: see "Changing the limit value", page 54.
- 6 Meas.Distance: see "Changing the active measuring path", page 54.
- 7 Temperature: see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 8 Humidity: see "Setting the humidity content in sample gas", page 58.
- 9 Pressure: see "Setting the sample gas pressure", page 58.
- Analog Out: see "Changing the Live Zero value of the analog output (Analog Out)", page 59.
- 11 Calibration: see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.

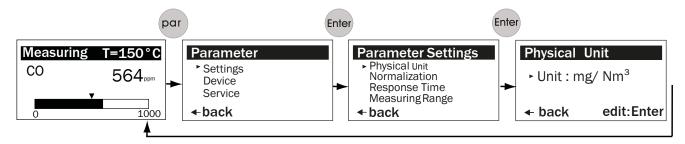


Figure 28: Path from Measuring Screen to change parameters (example)

Changing parameter settings

- Press "Enter" in the display for current parameter setting.
- ► Enter the password, 8.3 "Entering the password", page 47
- Press "Left arrow" after entering the new value.

Menu "Parameter Settings" is displayed again.

9.4.1 Changing the physical unit

Submenu item "Physical Unit" serves to set the physical unit for the CO value output. Available are:

- ppm
- mg/m³N
- mg/m³
- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

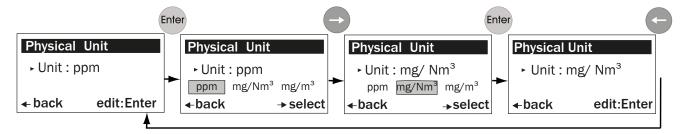


Figure 29: Changing the physical unit

9.4.2 Setting the humidity correction

Submenu item "Normalization" serves to set whether the measured value is output calculated as "wet" or "dry". The default value entered for H_2O is used here, see "Setting the humidity content in sample gas", page 58.

The damp correction is activated when "wet" is set. Available are:

- dry
- wet
- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

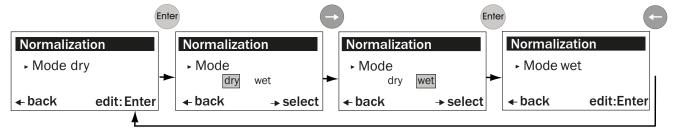


Figure 30: Selecting the humidity correction

9.4.3 Changing the response time

Submenu item "Response Time" serves to change the response time.



NOTE

Basic factory setting: 24 s.

Allowable values: 5 ... 360 s.

The actual total response time is 30s because the preset value (11) of the Median filter extends the response time by 6 s.

Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you are not sure which response time should be set.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

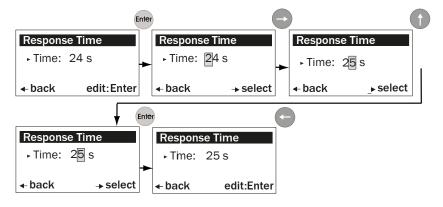


Figure 31: Changing the response time (example)

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

8029921/AE00/V5-0/2025-05

9.4.4 Changing the measuring range

Submenu item "Measuring Range" serves to change the measuring range currently set.



NOTE

Factory setting: 1000 ppm

Values that can be set on the device:

GM901-02 Standard:

- Min: 0-573 mg/Nm³ (0-500 ppm)
- Max: 0-11456 mg/Nm³ (0-10000 ppm)

GM901-02 with extended calibration:

- Min: $0-573 \text{ mg/Nm}^3 (0-500 \text{ ppm})$
- Max: 0-22912 mg/Nm³ (0-20000 ppm)

Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you are not sure which value should be set for your measuring range.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

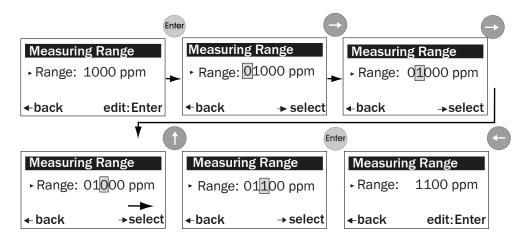


Figure 32: Changing the measuring range (example)

9.4.5 Changing the limit value

Submenu item "Limit Value" serves to change the limit value currently set.



NOTE

Factory setting: 1000 ppm.

Caution:

- Limit value must be within the measuring range.
- Limit value relays are NO (normally open)

Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you are not sure which value should be set for your measuring range.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

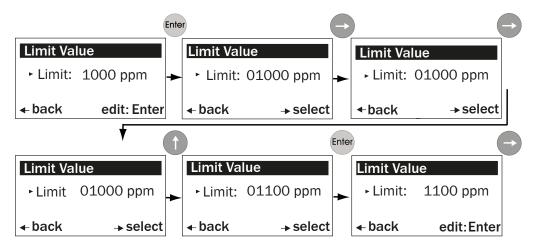


Figure 33: Setting the limit value (example)

9.4.6 Changing the active measuring path

Submenu item "Meas.Distance" serves to enter or change the value for the active measuring path.



WARNING

Adjusting the value for the active measuring path can lead to incorrect measuring results

The value set at the factory corresponds to the measuring path of the delivered measuring probe.

► Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you want to change the values.

9.4.7 Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000

Submenu item "Temperature Input" serves to check and change the following settings.

- Substitute: Default temperature value when the temperature sensor fails
- External: Using an external temperature sensor
- Scale Low: Lower limit value for the sample gas temperature
- Scale High: Upper limit value for the sample gas temperature
- Input Low: mA signal for the lower limit value of the sample gas temperature
- Input High: mA signal for the upper limit value of the sample gas temperature

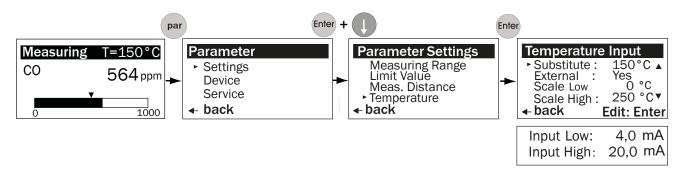


Figure 34: Setting parameters for temperature sensor PT1000

9.4.7.1 Changing the substitute temperature value

Submenu item "Substitute" serves to enter the default temperature value. The measuring system uses this value as temperature value when:

- The external temperature sensor fails.
- The temperature measurement is outside the configured upper limit value. The device outputs a warning message in this case.



NOTE

Factory setting: 150 °C

Allowable values: ? ... 430 °C

Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you are not sure which response time should be set.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

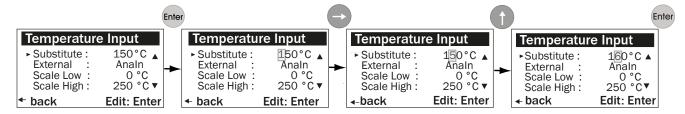


Figure 35: Setting the default temperature setting (example)

9.4.7.2 Setting the use of an external temperature sensor

Submenu item "External" serves to set a "Yes"/"No" switch as to whether an external temperature sensor (PT1000) is used. The signal runs via an analog input. "Analn" is shown when the switch is set to "Yes".

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

Figure 36: Activating the use of an external temperature sensor

9.4.7.3 Setting the temperature range: Lower limit value

Submenu item "Scale Low" serves to set the lower limit value for the sample gas temperature. The lower limit value corresponds to Live Zero.



NOTE

Factory setting: 0 °C

Allowable values: See Technical Data

Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you are not sure which response time should be set.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

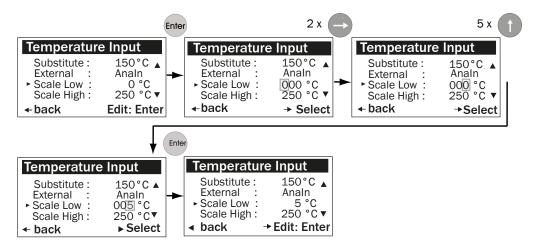


Figure 37: Setting the lower limit value for the temperature range (example) (corresponds to Live Zero)

9.4.7.4 Setting the temperature range: Upper limit value (20 mA)

Submenu item "Scale High" serves to set the upper limit value for the sample gas temperature.



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NOTE

Factory setting: 250 °C

Allowable values: Max. 500 °C

Contact Endress+Hauser Service when you are not sure which response time should be set.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.

- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

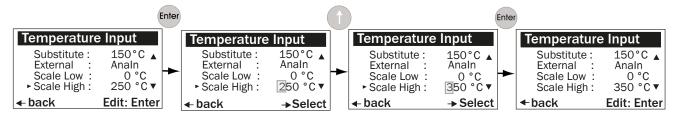


Figure 38: Setting the upper limit value for the temperature range (example)

9.4.7.5 Setting the signal: Live Zero

Submenu item "Input Low" serves to set the signal strength for the lower measuring range value (Live Zero).



NOTE

Factory setting: 4.0 mA

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

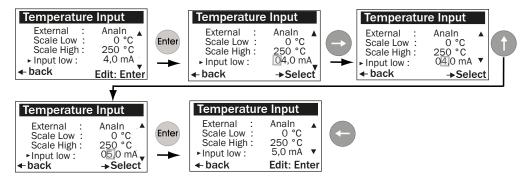


Figure 39: Setting the lower measuring range value (Live Zero) (example)

9.4.7.6 Setting the signal: Upper output value

Submenu item "Input High" serves to set the signal strength for the upper measuring range value.



NOTE

Factory setting: 20.0 mA

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter settings for the external temperature sensor PT1000", page 54.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

Figure 40: Changing the value for the upper output value (example)

9.4.8 Setting the humidity content in sample gas

Submenu item "Humidity" serves to set the value for the humidity content in the sample gas as default value.



NOTE

Factory basic setting: 0.0 %.

This value is used to perform a gas dryness correction.

Max. possible value: 99 %.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

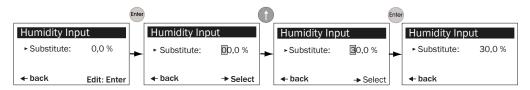


Figure 41: Entering the default value for humidity content in sample gas (example)

9.4.9 Setting the sample gas pressure

Submenu item "Pressure" serves to set the default value for the sample gas pressure. The measuring system uses this value for correction.

The pressure correction is made in ppm or Norm in the display.



NOTE

Factory setting: 1013 hPa

Min. value: 800 hPa Max. value: 1200

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

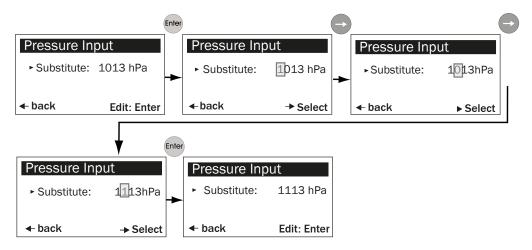


Figure 42: Entering the default value for the sample gas pressure (example)

9.4.10 Changing the Live Zero value of the analog output (Analog Out)

Submenu item "Analog Out" serves to change the Live Zero value.



NOTE

Factory setting: 4 mA

Min. value: 0 mA Max. value: 4 mA

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

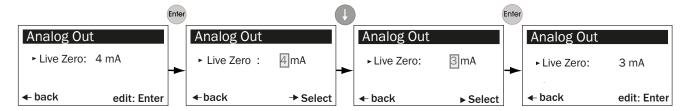


Figure 43: Changing the Live Zero value (example)

9.4.11 Changing the calibration values

Submenu item "Calibration" serves to change the characteristic gradient after a span test and the offset correction for the zero point after a reference measurement during on-site calibration.

- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

SPAN value

Submenu item "Span" serves to adapt the setting for the SPAN after completing the SPAN test.

Factory setting: 1.00

Possible setting range: 0 ... 1,99

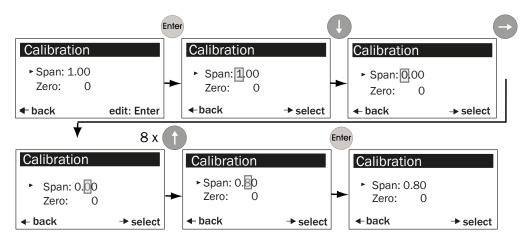


Figure 44: Changing the SPAN value (example)

Offset correction after zero point measurement

Submenu item "Zero" serves to perform an offset correction after a reference measurement.

Factory setting: 0

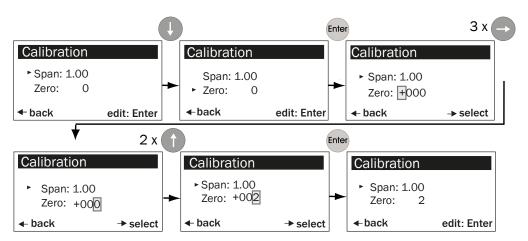


Figure 45: Changing the zero point value (example)

9.4.12 Median Filter

Submenu item "Median Filter" serves to set the median filter.

The median filter reduces signal noise caused by high dust concentrations or rapidly changing processes.



NOTE

Basic factory setting: 24 s

Min. value: 5 s Max. value: 360 s

Median Filter value:

- "1" = no Median Filter
- "17" = highest value
- "11" = preset value

The Median Filter adds 1 to 9 seconds to the response time according to the following formula:

(Median Filter + 1)/2

Example:

- Desired response time: 20 s
- When Median Filter = 15: (15 + 1)/2 = 8 s extension
- Enter new value "Response Time": 12 s (see "Changing the response time", page 52)
- 1 Follow the menu path as described, see "Parameter", page 50.
- 2 Enter the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.
- 3 Enter the changes.
- 4 Confirm value with "Enter".
- 5 Press the "Left arrow" to return to menu item "Parameter Settings".

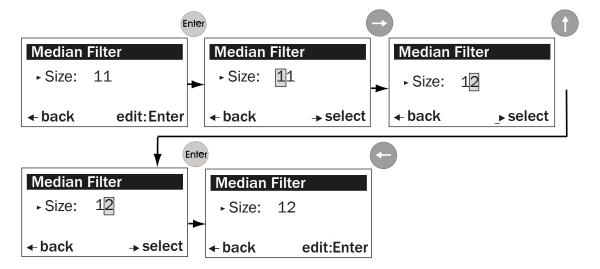


Figure 46: Changing the Median Filter value (example)

9.4.13 Device characteristic data (Device)

Menu item "Device" serves to view the device characteristic data entered at the factory.

The following characteristic data are available:

- 1 Serial Number
- 2 Software Revision
- 3 Configuration

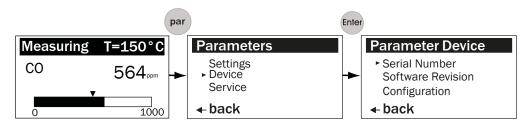


Figure 47: Path from Measuring Screen to Device Characteristic Data

9.4.13.1 Viewing the serial number

Submenu item "Serial Number" serves to retrieve the serial numbers of the measuring device and the control unit.



NOTE

The respective 8-character serial numbers of the control unit and measuring device must match the serial numbers on the type plates.

Changing the serial number can lead to Endress+Hauser Service no longer being able to provide technical support.

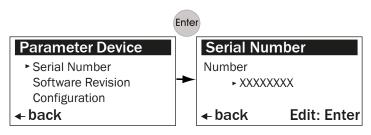


Figure 48: Viewing the serial number

9.4.13.2 Calling up the software version

Submenu item "Software Revision" serves to retrieve the software version of the measuring device and control unit.



NOTE

This value is updated automatically when Service updates the software. The customer cannot change this entry.

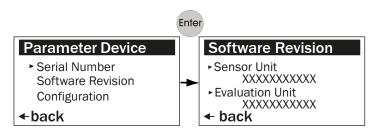


Figure 49: Calling up the current software version

9.4.13.3 Viewing the device configuration

Submenu item "Configuration" serves to retrieve the code for the device configuration.



NOTE

The standard display for the device configuration delivered is 0212.

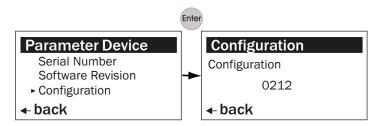


Figure 50: Viewing the device configuration

9.4.14 Service

Menu item "Service" serves to retrieve and change the device calibration data set.

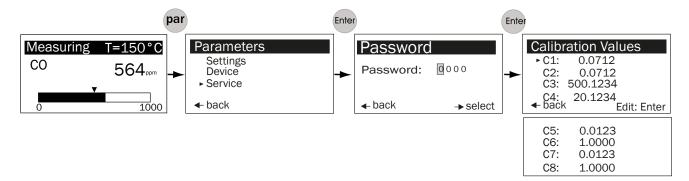


Figure 51: Calling up the device calibration data

9.4.14.1 Changing the device calibration parameters



WARNING

Endangerment of system safety through calibration parameters with incorrect settings

The calibration values can be changed after the password has been entered. This is only necessary in special cases, e.g., exchanging the sender lamp. Changing the calibration values without the necessary technical knowledge can lead to measured value deviations that can endanger safe operation of the plant.

- Only change the calibration parameters when you have sufficient technical knowledge of the device calibration.
- ▶ Only pass the password on to authorized persons.

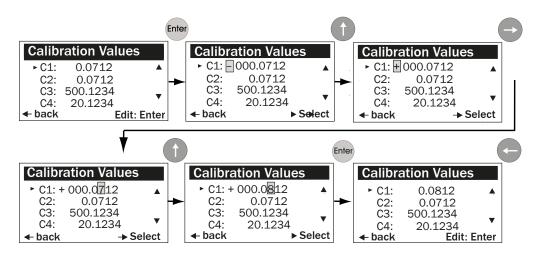


Figure 52: Changing device calibration data

9.5 Calibration



Menu "Calibration" serves to retrieve the following submenu items:

- Zero Adjust: Zero adjust
- SPAN Test: Manual SPAN test
- EPA SPAN Test: SPAN test according to EPA Guidelines

9.5.1 Performing zero adjust

Submenu item "Zero Adjust" serves to perform the zero adjust.



NOTE

- The adjust process is started when the prompt "Are you sure to start adjust procedure" is confirmed with "Enter". Making entries during the process or aborting are not possible.
- The adjust first starts when the device temperature stabilizes at 60 $^{\circ}$ C (\pm 0.5 $^{\circ}$ C). Warming up time depending on ambient conditions; 30 60 minutes.
- Press "Enter" to save the data when the zero adjust has completed.

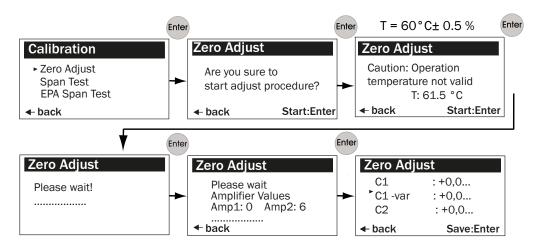


Figure 53: Performing zero adjust

9.5.2 Performing a manual SPAN test

Submenu item "SPAN Test" serves to perform the zero adjust and the sensitivity tests

!

NOTICE

The SPAN test must be performed in a "Zero Path" duct.

Zero Path: Duct with a CO concentration = 0.

- The adjust process for the SPAN test is started when the prompt "Are you sure to start adjust procedure" is confirmed with "Enter". Making entries during the process or aborting are not possible.
- The adjust first starts when the device temperature stabilizes at 60 °C (\pm 0.5 °C). Warming up time depending on ambient conditions; 30 60 minutes.
- Press "Enter" to save the data when the zero adjust has completed.
- The temperature is set to the standard value. Enter the current ambient temperature.
- Compare the measured value displayed for CO with that on the test cell (setpoint value). Correct deviations:
 - ➤ The SPAN value to be set = measured value displayed: Nominal value.
 - ▶ Enter the SPAN value under menu item par/calibration.

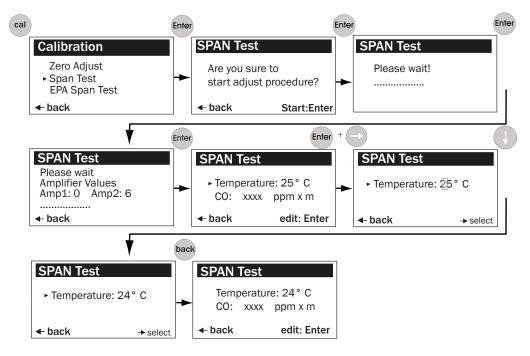


Figure 54: Performing a manual SPAN test

9.5.3 SPAN test according to EPA Guidelines

Submenu item "SPAN Test" serves to perform the zero adjust and the sensitivity test according to the EPA Guidlines.

NOTICE !

This SPAN test is only possible with a GPP measuring probe.

!

NOTICE

The SPAN test must be performed in a "Zero Path" duct.

Zero Path: Duct with a CO concentration = 0.

- 1 The test is activated by pressing "Enter" in menu item "EPA Span Test". It can also be started with a binary signal. Making entries during the process or aborting are not possible.
- 2 The display switches to the measuring mode screen. The status indicator is "Span Test".
- 3 The test relay is activated.
- The humidity correction is deactivated because the test gases do not contain any humidity.
- 5 Deviations of the SPAN test value against the expected value can be adjusted in submenu item "SPAN Parameter", see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.
- 6 Calculating the SPAN value to be set:
 - Actual value (test gas concentration): value displayed.
- 7 If the SPAN parameter is already set to value 1, the SPAN value to be set must be calculated differently:
 - Actual value (test gas concentration) x value displayed.
- 8 Deviations of the zero point can be adjusted in submenu item "ZERO", see "Changing the calibration values", page 59.
- Recommendation: Perform zero adjust.
- 10 The EPA SPAN test is terminated using the "Left arrow" or "meas" button.

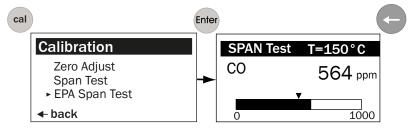


Figure 55: Performing a manual SPAN test

9.6 Maintenance



Menu "Maintenance" serves to retrieve the following submenu items:

- Reset System: Restart system
- Maint Mode: Set Maintenance mode
- Test Analog Out: Check the power value on the analog output
- Test Relay: Relay test
- Reset Parameter: Reset parameters to the default setting

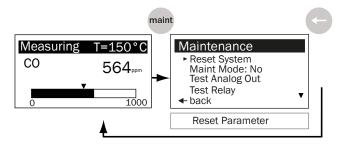


Figure 56: Path from Measuring Screen to change parameters (example)

9.6.1 Measuring system restart

Submenu item "Reset System" serves to restart the system.

Switch to the Service menu with "maint", see "Maintenance", page 67.



NOTE

- A restart cannot be interrupted or terminated.
- The restart takes a few seconds.
- An input is not possible.

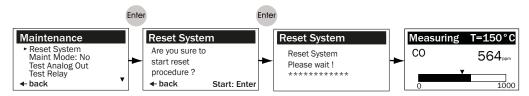


Figure 57: Restarting the system

9.6.2 Activating/deactivating maintenance mode

When maintenance mode is active, the output relay drops off and the analog output holds the last value.



NOTE

Select "Yes" and press "Enter" to activate maintenance mode.

The "Service" LED is on as long as maintenance mode is activated.

Figure 58: Activating/deactivating maintenance mode

9.6.3 Setting the test analog output



NOTICE

The device switches to maintenance mode as soon as submenu item "Test Analog Out" is activated.

- LED "Service" goes on.
- The device switches back to measuring mode as soon as the right arrow button for "back" is pressed in the submenu.

Submenu "Test Analog Out" serves to change the mA value for the analog output and then check the value output.



NOTE

- Zero Point: see "Setting the signal: Live Zero", page 57.
- Upper output value: see "Setting the signal: Upper output value", page 57.

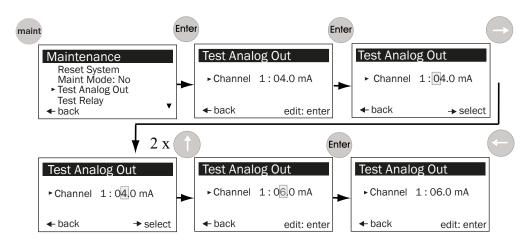


Figure 59: Setting the analog value

9.6.4 Test relay

Submenu "Test Relay" serves to test relays 1, 2 and 3.

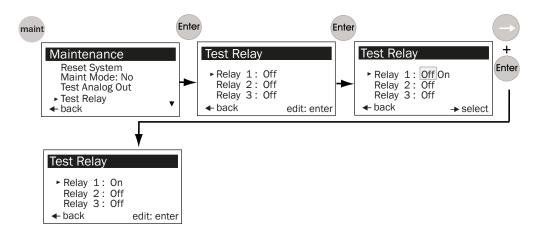


Figure 60: Testing relays 1, 2 and 3

9.6.5 Reset Parameter

Submenu "Reset Parameter" serves to reset all parameters to the factory settings.



NOTE

The password is necessary to reset the parameters to the factory settings.

- The device switches to maintenance mode.
- LED "Service" goes on.

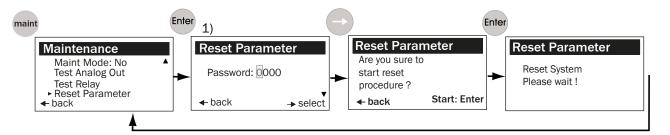


Figure 61: Resetting parameters to the factory settings

Entering the password, see "Entering the password", page 47.



NOTE

Factory settings for parameters, see "Preset parameter values", page 44.

10 Maintenance

10.1 Safety



DANGER

Danger to life through electric shock

There is a risk of electric shock when working on the device with the voltage supply switched on.

- ▶ Before starting work on the device, ensure the voltage supply can be switched off in accordance with the valid Standard using a power isolating switch/circuit breaker.
- Make sure the disconnector switch is easily accessible.
- ► An additional disconnecting device is mandatory when the power disconnector switch cannot be accessed or only with difficulty after installation of the device connection.
- ▶ Switch off the voltage supply before starting any work on the device.
- After completion of the work or for test purposes, calibration of the power supply may only be activated again by authorized personnel complying with the safety regulations.



DANGER

Risk of injury due to electrical accident

- If the device must be opened for adjustment or repair:
 - ▶ Disconnect the device from all voltage sources beforehand.
- If the device must be live during work:
 - Have this work performed by skilled persons who are familiar with the possible hazards. If internal components are removed or opened, live parts may be exposed.
- If liquid has penetrated electrical equipment components:
 - ► Take the device out of operation. Disconnect the power voltage at an external point (e.g. pull out the power cable). Then call the manufacturer's service or appropriately trained skilled persons to have the device repaired.
- If safe operation with the device is no longer possible:
 - ► Take the device out of operation. Secure against unauthorized startup.
- Do not interrupt the protective conductor connections inside or outside the device.



WARNING

Health risk through contact with toxic gases

The modules and devices contain enclosed, potentially dangerous gases that can escape should a defect or leak occur. Concentrations inside the closed unit can rise up to 350 ppm.

- CO: 10 ml maximum total amount
- ▶ Check the unit regularly for the condition of the seals.
- Only open the device when good ventilation is available, especially when a leak of one of the device components is suspected.

GM901-02 Maintenance



WARNING

Risk of chemical burns/poisoning through caustic/toxic residues on components with sample gas contact

After the device has been decommissioned or removed from the measuring duct, process gas residues can exist as deposits on components with sample gas contact (e.g., gas filter, gas-carrying lines etc.). These residues can be odorless or invisible depending on the gas mixture in the duct. Without protective clothing, contact with such contaminated components can lead to severe burns or poisoning.

- ► Take appropriate protective measures for work (e.g., by wearing a safety mask, protective gloves and acid resistant clothes).
- ► In case of contact with skin or the eyes, rinse immediately with clear water and consult a doctor.
- Decontaminate all contaminated components according to regulations after disassembly.



NOTICE

Risk of device damage when the purge air is switched off too soon

Hot and contaminated gas can cause device damage when the purge air is switched off when the device is still in the gas duct.

 Do not switch the purge air unit off as long as the measuring device is still in the gas duct.

10.2 Maintenance plan



NOTICE

There is a risk of damage to the device when the maintenance intervals are not observed.

Table 12: Maintenance intervals

Inter- val ¹⁾	Maintenance work	Reference
1W	Check measured values in the control area are plausible	see "Diagnosis", page 49
	Visual control of the system	see "Visual check", page 72
	Clean windows.	see "Cleaning optical surfaces", page 72
1M	Check optical alignment	see "Aligning transmitter and receiver optically", page 33
	Check and/or clean purge air unit	see "Cleaning the purge air unit", page 75 and purge air unit Operating Instructions
6M	Carry out zero adjust.	see "Zero adjust", page 36
1Y	Check analyzer with reference gas	Normally carried out by Endress+Hauser Service.

^{1) 1}W = weekly, 1M = monthly, 6M = half-yearly, 1Y = yearly

10.2.1 Maintenance protocol

Log the following data:

- Maintenance dates
- Work done
- Special observations
- · Required consumables and spare parts

10.2.2 Expendable, wearing and spare parts

Contact Endress+Hauser Service.

10.3 Preparatory work



NOTE

Some maintenance tasks will cause the measuring device to switch to malfunction

Activate Maintenance mode before starting the work.



NOTE

- ► Ensure good accessibility to the device in accordance with valid accident prevention regulations.
- ▶ Provide suitable work platforms/pedestals.

10.4 Visual check

All device components

- Check enclosures for mechanical damage.
- ▶ Check enclosures for soiling and clean.
- ▶ Check all lines for damage. Pay attention to chafe marks and kinks on line ducts.
- ► Check all hose fittings for tight seat.
- ▶ Check all electrical connections are free from corrosion and have a tight seat.
- ▶ Check grounding conductors are free from corrosion.
- ► Check flanges and screw fittings for tight seat.

Control unit

- ▶ Check for moisture outside and inside the enclosure.
- ► Check inspection window for soiling and clean.
- Check LEDs.
- ▶ If the control unit is damaged (e.g. LC display failure): Contact Endress+Hauser Service.

Weather hood

► Check condition of the weather hood from the outside and inside.

10.5 Cleaning optical surfaces



CAUTION

Sample gases can cause injuries when working on the device.

Before starting work, read the safety information in the Section "Commissioning".



NOTICE

▶ Do not use cleaning agents. Residues can falsify measuring results.

Material required

- Optics cleaning cloth
- Demineralized water

10.5.1 Cleaning the optical surface of the GMP measuring probe



NOTICE

▶ Do not use cleaning agents. Residues can falsify measuring results.

GM901-02 Maintenance

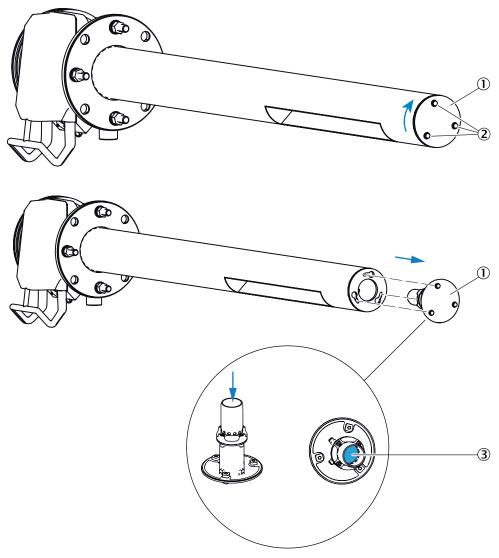


Figure 62: Optical surface of the GMP measuring probe

- ① Probe cover
- ② Screws
- 3 Optical surface

Steps

- 1. Switch the device off. Allow the measuring probe to cool down to room temperature.
- Loosen the screws on the probe cover.
- 3. Loosen the probe cover from the bayonet catch with a clockwise rotation and remove it.
- 4. Blow dirt off the optical surface with compressed air.
- If required: Clean the optical surface with optics cleaning cloth and demineralized water.
- 6. Replace the probe cover. Turn to the left as far as it will go.
- 7. Tighten the screws on the probe cover.

10.5.2 Cleaning the optical surface of the GPP measuring probe



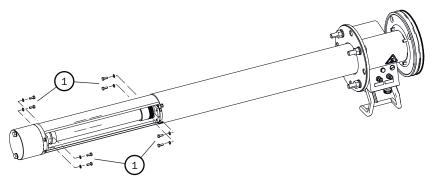
NOTICE

Do not use cleaning agents. Residues can falsify measuring results.

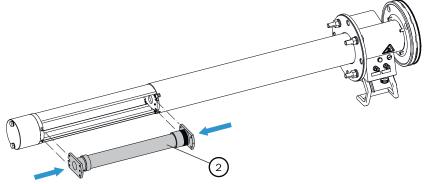
Steps

- 1. Switch the device off. Allow the measuring probe to cool down to room temperature.
- 2. Remove 8 screws ① at the filter element.

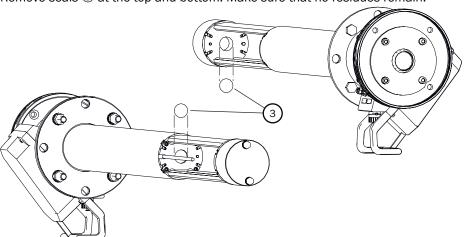
Maintenance GM901-02



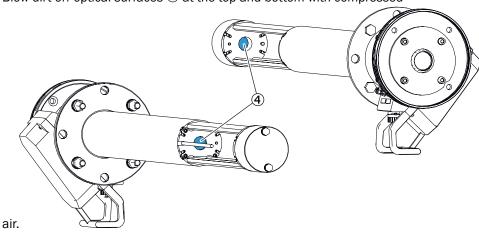
3. Press filter element ② together and take it out.



4. Remove seals 3 at the top and bottom. Make sure that no residues remain.



5. Blow dirt off optical surfaces 4 at the top and bottom with compressed



- 6. If required: Clean the optical surfaces with an optics cleaning cloth and demineralized water.
- 7. Insert new seals at the top and at the bottom.
- 8. Press the filter element together and push it in carefully. Make sure that the seals are not damaged.
- 9. Screw in and tighten 8 screws on the filter element.

GM901-02 Maintenance

10.6 Cleaning the control unit

The device operates maintenance-free during operation.

Depending on the installation location, the following preventive maintenance work may be required for the device at regular intervals:

Table 13: Maintenance work

Maintenance work	Interval	To be carried out by
Clean enclosure and operator panel.	Cleaning interval depending on ambient conditions and climate	Qualified personnel
Check screw fittings and plug connections.	Depending on the installation location or operational requirements	Authorized electrician (authorized skilled electrician or person with similar training)

10.7 Cleaning the purge air unit



NOTE

For information on the purge air unit, see the Operating Instructions of the purge air unit (SLV4).

Troubleshooting GM901-02

11 Troubleshooting

11.1 Safety



CAUTION Risk of burns!

Infrared lamp is very hot when in operation.

- Let the device cool down before checking.
- Wear protective gloves.

11.2 Warning messages

Table 14: Warning messages in the Diagnosis menu

Message	Possible causes	Measures
Analog input tempera-	Input signal (0 20 mA) of the temperature measurement is outside the configured limits, the system continues running with the	Check the temperature sensor.
ture out of range		Check the cable connection.
	default temperature value.	Check the parameter settings: see "Setting the signal: Live Zero", page 57, see "Setting the signal: Upper output value", page 57.
Temperature low, no	Measured gas temperature is so low that it is assumed the plant has been switched off. This means the cross-sensitivity correction for exhaust gas humidity is not performed.	No measures required when the plant is switched off
humidity correction		Check the parameter settings: see "Setting the signal: Live Zero", page 57, see "Setting the signal: Upper output value", page 57.
		The switching point is at 70 °C or half the value of the default temperature depending on which value is lower.
		Check the temperature sensor.
Sensor low signal	Dust content too high (outside the calibration data from project planning).	Observe the ambient conditions in the technical data.
	Fog formation.	
	Optical surfaces contaminated.	Clean the optical interfaces.
	Device disadjusted.	Check device alignment.
	Lamp defective.	Check lamp, exchange when necessary. CAUTION Risk of burns! Lamp is very hot when in operation.
		Check for free light path through the duct.
		If warning messages still occur after carrying out the measures: New zero adjust.
Warming up	The required operating temperature is not reached shortly after switching on. Displayed measured values could be outside the tolerance.	Observe warming up time of approx. 30 minutes.
Out of range	The measured value exceeds the specified measuring range.	Set the measuring range to a higher value: see "Changing the measuring range", page 53

GM901-02 Troubleshooting

11.3 Malfunction messages

Table 15: Malfunction message for Diagnosis menu

Message	Possible causes	Measures
EEPROM Parameter	Invalid parameter.	Perform reset parameter: see "Reset Parameter", page 69.
		Reconfigure.
		New zero adjust.
	Control unit defective.	Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
Sensor communication	Data communication between receiver unit and control unit interrupted.	Check cable connection and correct seating of the plug connector.
		Further measures, see "Communication error between control unit and receiver", page 81.
Sensor amplifier has	Erroneous device adjustment.	Check device alignment, realign when necessary.
reached maximum value	Optical surfaces contaminated.	Clean the optical interfaces.
	Light path interrupted.	Check for free light path through the duct.
Sensor no signal	Erroneous device adjustment.	Check device alignment, realign when necessary.
	Optical surfaces contaminated.	Clean the optical interfaces.
		Check for free light path through the duct.
	Receiver unit defective.	Exchange receiver unit.
IR source fault	Infrared module defective.	Check lamp plug connector. CAUTION Risk of burns! Lamp is very hot when in operation.
		Check sender/receiver unit, exchage when necessary.
Chopper fault	Chopper in sender unit defective.	Check lamp plug connector. CAUTION Risk of burns! Lamp is very hot when in operation.
		Check sender/receiver unit, exchange when necessary.
Device not ready, warming up	The required operational temperature is not reached shortly after switching on.	Observe warming up time of approx. 30 minutes.
	Device is not capable of measuring.	
Motor fault	Motor in receiver unit defective.	Exchange receiver unit.

Troubleshooting GM901-02

11.4 Troubleshooting on the sender



CAUTION

Risk of burns!
Infrared lamp is very hot when in operation.

- ▶ Let the device cool down before checking.
- ▶ Wear protective gloves.

!

NOTICE

Disadjustment through adjusting the adjustment screws!

Readjustment is only possible at the factory.

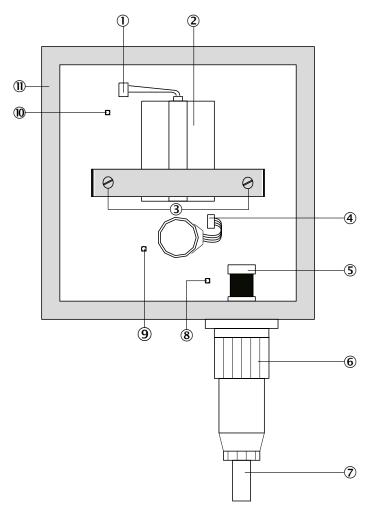


Figure 63: Sender

- $\textcircled{1} \quad \text{IR source: Plug connection}$
- ② IR source
- 3 Adjustment screws: 4 x
- 4 Chopper motor plug
- ⑤ Internal plug
- 6 External plug
- ? Receiver cable
- (8) LED: On when voltage connected for motor and logic module
- 9 LED: On when voltage for IR source connected
- 10 LED: On when the lamp is on and the chopper disk rotates
- Sender housing

GM901-02 Troubleshooting

11.5 Troubleshooting on receiver

!

NOTICE

Disadjustment through adjusting the adjustment screws!

Readjustment is only possible at the factory.

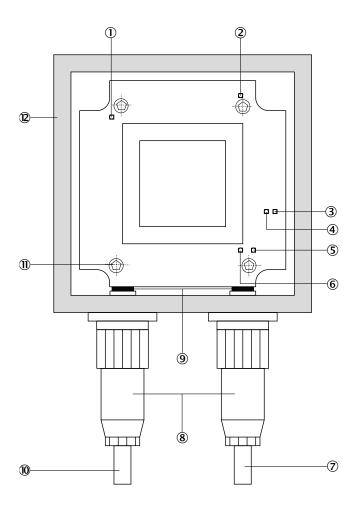


Figure 64: Receiver

- ① LED: On when operation is uninterrupted
- 2 LED as status indicator for optics heating:
 - On continuously: Ambient temperature too high
 - Blinks: Normal operation
 - Off: Ambient temperature too low
- 3 LED: Communication to control unit (TD)
- 4 LED: Communication from control unit (RD)
- ⑤ LED: Blinks when the cell disk in the receiver rotates and receives chopper signal.
- 6 LED: Blinks when the motor of the cell disk rotates
- 7 Line to sender
- 8 Outer plug-in connector
- 9 Inner plug-in connector
- 10 Line to control unit
- ① Adjustment screws: 4 x
- Receiver housing

Troubleshooting GM901-02

11.6 Troubleshooting on the control unit

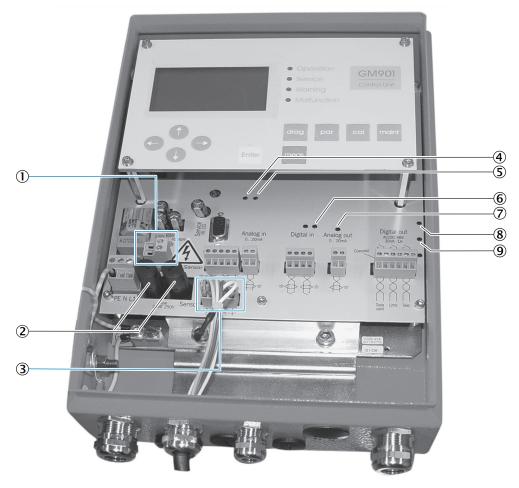


Figure 65: Control unit

- ① Operating voltage selection: 230 V AC no bridge, 115 V AC bridge
- ② Fuses, 2.5 AT
- 3 Receiver connection
- 4 Data to receiver (TD)
- ⑤ Data from receiver (RD)
- 6 Digital input status
- ② Analog output: LED on output current identical to nominal value
- 8 Switching state relay 1
- 9 Switching state relay 2

Device shows no reaction

- 1. Check power supply.
- 2. Check operating voltage set.
- 3. Check fuses in control unit.
- 4. Check display for 24 V / 5 V supply in the control unit, when doing so, remove the plug-in terminal on the cable to the receiver when necessary.
- 5. If the displays only light up with the plug connector disconnected, first check the wiring.
- 6. If no error is found, connect the system components one after each other:
 - a) Connect only the cable from the control unit to the receiver.
 - b) Connect the receiver.
 - c) Lay the cable from the receiver to the sender.
 - d) Connect the sender.
- 7. If the error occurs again, it has been triggered by the last component connected which must then be exchanged.

GM901-02 Troubleshooting

11.7 Communication error between control unit and receiver

Error message: "Sensor Communication"

The receiver sends data continually to the control unit, an error message is generated automatically when no data is received there.

Check following connections:

- 1 Control unit -> receiver.
- 2 Line connection on the plug-in terminal in the control unit.
- 3 Cable to receiver.
- 4 Outer plug-in connector on receiver.
- 5 Inner plug-in connector in receiver.

11.7.1 Sensor values for trouble-free operation

All values refer to a warmed up device in operation withing the specific limits.

Calling up the sensor values: see "Viewing sensor values", page 50.

Table 16: Sensor values

Unit	Description	Min. value	Typical value	Max. value
V1	Signal voltage 1	0.5 V	Depending on the current conditions	<5.0
V2	Signal voltage 2	0.5 V	Depending on the current conditions	<5.0
DK	Variation k-value	0	Depending on the current conditions	
CC	Peltier current	0 mA	Dependent on the ambient temperature	1200 mA
TE	Temperature electronics	20°C	Dependent on the ambient temperature	80 °C
ТО	Temperatur optics	50 °C	60 °C	80 °C
TD	Detector temperature	9 °C	10.7 °C	12 °C
А	Amplifier setting	00.00	Dependent on the measuring path	31.31



NOTE

Please contact Endress+Hauser Service for remote diagnosis should the sensor values of the GM901-02 be outside these value ranges.

▶ Use the form, see "Remote Diagnosis, GM901 Sensor Values", page 82.

Troubleshooting GM901-02

11.7.2 Remote Diagnosis, GM901 Sensor Values

Company:	Date:
Contact person:	Plant:
Email:	Telefon:

Malfunction messages		
Malfunction message 1:		
Malfunction message 2:		
Warning messages		
Warning message 1:		
Warning message 2:		
Sensor values		
V1:	CC:	TD:
V2:	TE:	AG:
DK:	TO:	
Parameters		
Physical Unit:		
Normalization:		
Response time:		
Measuring range:		
Measuring distance	FlFl.:	Active:
Temperature	Substitute:	External:
	Scale Low:	Scale High:
	Scale High:	Input High:
Humidity	Substitute:	
Pressure	Substitute:	
Analog Out:	Active Zero:	
_	SPAN:	Zero:
Calibration	OF AIV.	2010.
Device		
Serial Number:		
 Software Revision 	Sensor Unit:	Evaluation Unit:
Configuration	No:	
Service	C1:	C2:
	C3:	C4:
	C5:	C6:
	C7:	C8:
Current measuring conditions		
	Measured value:	
	Exhaust gas temperature:	
	Ambient temperature:	

GM901-02 Troubleshooting

11.8 Measures after purge air failure (when using the GMP measuring probe)

Failure of the purge air supply can cause the following damage:

- Damage/destruction of the sender/receiver unit through hot and corrosive gas.
- With overpressure, gas can penetrate the purge air compressor and filter via the purge air hose and damage these system parts.

Measures:

- 1 Open the quick-release fasteners on the sender/receiver unit and remove the device.
- As protective measure, especially with overpressure, close off the flange opening with heat-resistant material (blind flange, optional).
- 3 Clear the failure cause (see Operating Instructions for purge air supply) or exchange the purge air supply.
- 4 Connect the purge air supply.
- 5 Refit the units and switch on again.

Decommissioning GM901-02

12 Decommissioning

12.1 Safety information on shutting down



DANGER

Health risk though pressure and hot or toxic gases

Dangerous pressures, hot or toxic gases can escape when opening the duct depending on the process gas characteristics.

▶ Before removing the sender, receiver and probe, be sure all safety measures that prevent gas escaping uncontrolled have been taken.



DANGER

Health hazard through contamination

The components of the measuring device may be contaminated with substances that can cause serious damage to health. This depends on the composition of the gas in the measuring channel.

- Decontaminate the measuring device components before storage.
- Wear the proper protective clothing for all work.

12.2 Materials and tools required

Table 17: Materials and tools required for shutting down

Materials and tools required	Required for
Insulated screwdriver set	Electrical connections
TORX screwdriver, size 10	GPP probe
Allen key	Connections
19 mm open-ended spanner or ring spanner	Flange screw fitting
2 x 24 mm open-ended spanners or ring spanners	
Cleaning cloths	Cleaning the housing
Personal protective equipment	Protection when working on the stack
Flange cover	Closing off the stack
Original transport safeguards and packaging	Storing the measuring device

12.3 Disassembling the sender and receiver

Disassembling the measuring device is recommended for longer plant standstills.



NOTE

The analyzer must be removed from the gas duct when:

- The optional purge air unit is taken out of operation on device versions with GMP measuring probe.
- The heating is no longer in operation on device versions with GPP measuring probe.

Procedure

- 1 Disconnect the device from the power supply.
- 2 Disconnect the cable plug on the sender/receiver unit. For longer storage: Protect the cable plug against damp and dirt.
- 3 Take the sender and receiver off the T-piece:
 - Undo the quick-release fasteners
 - ► Take the sender or receiver off

GM901-02 Decommissioning

- 4 Remove the probe.
- 5 Close off the opening on the T-piece with an optional blind flange.



NOTE

The optical adjustment remains intact.

12.4 Storage



WARNING

Risk of chemical burns/poisoning through caustic/toxic residues on components with sample gas contact

After the device has been decommissioned or removed from the measuring duct, process gas residues can exist as deposits on components with sample gas contact (e.g., gas filter, gas-carrying lines etc.). These residues can be odorless or invisible depending on the gas mixture in the duct. Without protective clothing, contact with such contaminated components can lead to severe burns or poisoning.

- ► Take appropriate protective measures for work (e.g., by wearing a safety mask, protective gloves and acid resistant clothes).
- In case of contact with skin or the eyes, rinse immediately with clear water and consult a doctor.
- ▶ Decontaminate all contaminated components according to regulations after disassembly.
- 1 Clean the outside of all housings, the measuring probe and all other components with slightly moistened cleaning cloths. A mild cleaning agent can be used.
- 2 Protect the openings on the SR-unit and measuring probe against atmospheric conditions. Refit transport safeguards.
- 3 Pack the device for storage or transport (preferably in the original packing).
- 4 Store the device and all belonging components in a dry, clean room.

12.5 Environmentally compatible disposal

The device should be disposed as industrial waste.



NOTICE

▶ Observe relevant local conditions for disposal of industrial waste.



WARNING

Disposal of subassemblies containing residual substances which are harmful to the environment

The following subassemblies could contain substances that have to be disposed of separately:

- Electronics: Capacitors, rechargeable batteries, batteries
- · Display: Liquid of LC-Display

12.5.1 Removing the battery

To remove the battery, the AWE control unit must be dismounted.

Decommissioning GM901-02

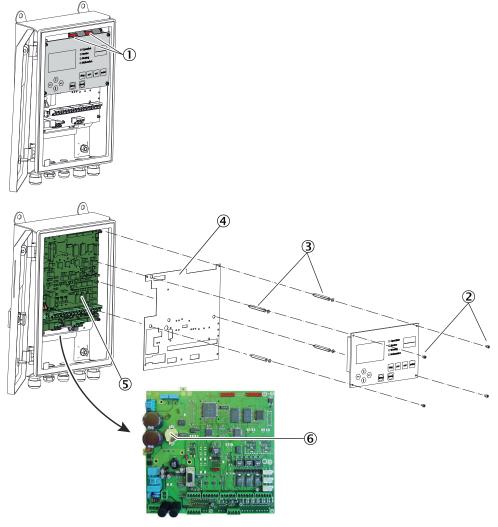


Figure 66: Removing the control unit

Steps

- 1. Disconnect the complete device (control unit and sender/receiver unit) from the power supply.
- 2. Open control unit with control cabinet key.
- 3. Disconnect plug connections ①.
- 4. Remove the display:
 - Remove 4 × 2.5 mm screws 2.
 - o Pull off the display.
- 5. Remove 4×5.5 mm spacer bolts ③.
- 6. Remove cover plate 4.
- 7. Remove button cell 6 from electronic board 5.

GM901-02 Technical data

13 Technical data



NOTE

The technical data depend to some extent on the individual equipment of your device.

▶ See the enclosed System Description for the configuration of your device.

13.1 System GM901-02

Table 18: Technical data, System GM901-02

Description	In-situ gas analyzer for emission monitoring and process measurement
Measured variable	СО
Maximum number of measured variables	1
Measuring principles	Gas filter correlation
Measuring ranges CO	500 20 000 ppm (depending on the active measuring path and gas temperature)
Precision	± 5% of the upper measuring range value
Usage	Indoor and outdoor
Altitude	Max. 2000 m (above sea level)
Process temperature	 Up to 250 °C, standard With extended calibration (recommended for process temperatures : ≤ +430 °C)
Process gas humidity	Non-condensing
Ambient temperature	-20 °C +55 °C
Ambient humidity	≤ 96% relative humidity, non-condensing
Conformities	TÜV type examination (Cross-Duct)GPP measuring probe: U.S. EPA compliant
Electrical safety	CE
Overvoltage category	II
Contamination level	2
Installation	One fitting location on duct
Control functions	Manual span point test with gas-filled cell

13.2 Sender/receiver unit

Table 19: Technical data, sender/receiver unit

Description	Analyzer unit of measuring system	
Degree of protection	IP65	
Dimensions	see "Dimension drawing, sender-receiver unit with GMP measuring probe", page 90	
Weight	6 kg	
Power supply	Voltage: 24 V DC, supply via control unit	
Lamp service life	Approx. 20 000 operating hours	

13.3 Open GMP measuring probe

Table 20: Technical data, open GMPmeasuring probe

Description	Measuring probe in open design version with integrated purge
	air guidance system

Measuring distance	see Dimension drawing
Accuracy	Pressure sensor: 1 %Temperature sensor: 1 %
Process temperature	≤+430 °C
Process pressure	-60 +30 hPa, depending on purge air supply
Dust load	≤3 g/m³ Relative to 1 m measuring distance, depending on application
Degree of protection	IP66
Dimensions (W × H × D)	see Dimension drawing
Weight	see Dimension drawing
Material, media contact	Stainless steel 1.4571, stainless steel 1.4539
Power supply	Supply via sender/receiver unit
Auxiliary gas connections	Purge air: Hose nozzle 40 mm
Built-in components	 Flow monitor for purge air monitoring Temperature sensor PT1000 Pressure sensor

13.4 Gas-testable GPP measuring probe

Table 21: Technical data, gas-testable GPP measuring probe

Description	Measuring probe with gas permeable filter element for adjustment with test gas	
Measuring distance	see Dimension drawing	
Accuracy	Pressure sensor: 1%Temperature sensor: 1%	
Process temperature	≤+430 °C	
Process pressure	-120 +200 hPa	
Dust load	≤ 30 g/m³	
Degree of protection	IP65	
Dimensions (W × H × D)	see Dimension drawing	
Weight	see Dimension drawing	
Material, media contact	Stainless steel 1.4571, stainless steel 1.4539, ceramic, PTFE	
Power supply	Supply via sender/receiver unit	
Auxiliary gas connections	Test gas: Clamping ring screw connection 1/4"	
Built-in components	Temperature sensor PT1000 Pressure sensor	

13.5 Control unit AWE, standard version (Part No.: 2020428, 2021433)

Table 22: Technical data, AWE control unit

Description	The control unit serves as user interface, for data processing and output as well as control and monitoring functions.
Electrical safety	CE
Degree of protection	IP65
Analog outputs	1 output: • 0/4 20 mA, 500 Ω
Analog inputs	1 input: • 0 20 mA, 100 Ω for gas temperature

Digital outputs	 2 relay contacts: 48 V AC, 1 A, 60 VA / 48 V DC, 1 A, 30 W Relay 1: N/O contact, normally open – for device malfunction, potential-free Relay 2: N/O contact, normally open – for limit value overrun, potential-free
Digital inputs	1 input: • +24 V
Serial	 Type of field bus integration: RS-232 Function: Proprietary Service Interface
PROFIBUS DP	No
CAN bus	✓ Function: Internal System bus
Display	LC-Display Status LEDs: Operation, Service, Warning, Malfunction
Input	Arrow buttons Function buttons
Operation	Menu-guided operation via LC-display and membrane keyboard
Version	Sheet steel enclosure
Dimensions (W × H × D)	210 mm × 381.4 mm × 108 mm Details, see dimension drawings
Weight	4.3 kg
Power supply	 Voltage: 115 V / 230 V AC, ±10% (line voltage fluctuation) Frequency: 50 Hz / 60 Hz Power input: ≤ 50 VA
Battery	Type: Button cell 3V CR2032 Chemical system: Lithium-lon (Li-lon)

13.6 Control unit AWE with extended connectivity (Part No.: 2027607, 2084045)

Table 23: Technical data, AWE control unit

Description	The control unit serves as user interface, for data processing and output as well as control and monitoring functions.
Electrical safety	CE
Degree of protection	IP65
Analog outputs	3 outputs: • 0/4 20 mA, 500 Ω • Galvanically isolated
Analog inputs	1 input: • 0 20 mA, 100 Ω for gas temperature
Digital outputs	 3 relay contacts: 48 V AC, 1 A, 60 VA / 48 V DC, 1 A, 30 W For AWE 2027607: Relay 1: N/O contact, normally open – for device malfunction, potential-free Relays 2 and 3: N/O contact, normally open – for limit value overrun, potential-free For AWE 2084045:
	 Relay 1: N/O contact, normally open – for device malfunction, potential-free Relays 2 and 3: N/O contact, normally closed – for limit value overrun, potential-free

Digital inputs	3 inputs: • +24 V
Serial	 Type of field bus integration: RS-232 Function: Proprietary Service Interface
PROFIBUS DP	Only for AWE 2027607 Type of field bus integration; RS-485
CAN bus	✓ Function: Internal System bus
Display	LC-Display Status LEDs: Operation, Service, Warning, Malfunction
Input	Arrow buttons Function buttons
Operation	Menu-guided operation via LC-display and membrane keyboard
Version	Sheet steel enclosure
Dimensions (W × H × D)	200 mm × 381.4 mm × 108 mm Details, see dimension drawings
Weight	4.3 kg
Power supply	 Voltage: 115 V / 230 V AC, ±10% (line voltage fluctuation) Frequency: 50 Hz / 60 Hz Power input: ≤ 50 VA
Battery	Type: Button cell 3V CR2032 Chemical system: Lithium-Ion (Li-Ion)

13.7 Dimension drawing, sender-receiver unit with GMP measuring probe

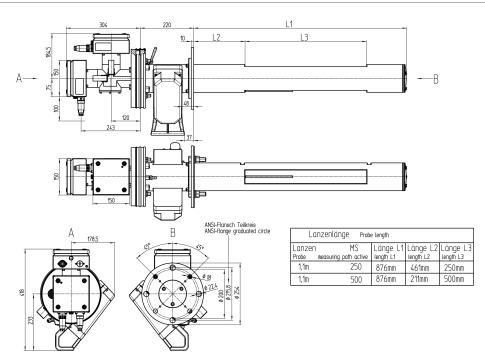


Figure 67: Dimensions, GM901-02 sender-receiver unit with GMP measuring probe (all specifications in mm)

GM901-02 Technical data

13.8 Dimension drawing, sender/receiver unit with GPP measuring probe

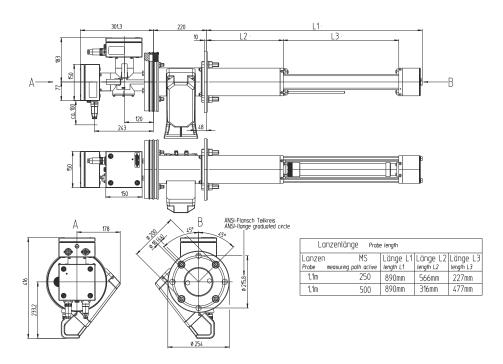


Figure 68: Dimensions, GM901-02 sender-receiver unit with GMP measuring probe (all specifications in mm)

Technical data GM901-02

13.9 Dimension drawing, control units

Control unit AWE (sheet steel enclosure version)

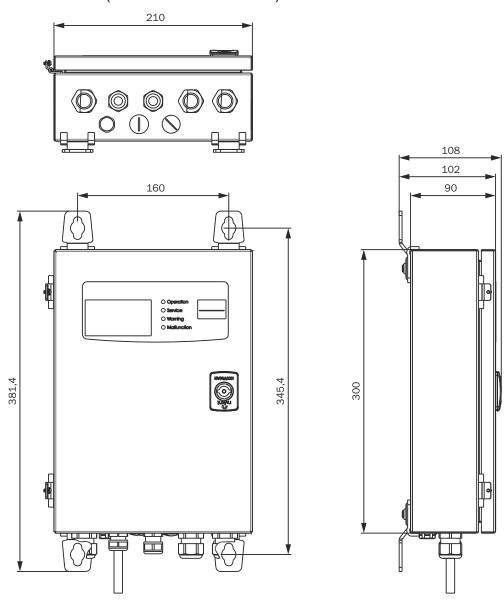


Figure 69: Control unit AWE (sheet steel enclosure version), dimensions in mm

GM901-02 Technical data

13.10 Dimension drawing, flange with tube, DN125

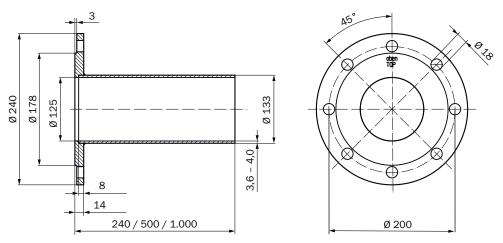


Figure 70: Flange with tube, DN125 (dimensions in mm)

13.11 Dimension drawing, weather hoods

Weatherproof cover for sender/receiver unit

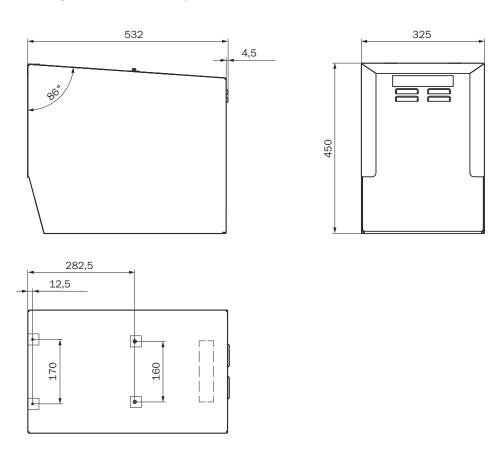


Figure 71: Weather hood for sender/receiver unit (dimensions in mm)

Annex GM901-02

14 Annex

14.1 Dimensional drawing, control unit



NOTE

This control unit is no longer available.

Control unit AWE (sheet steel enclosure version)

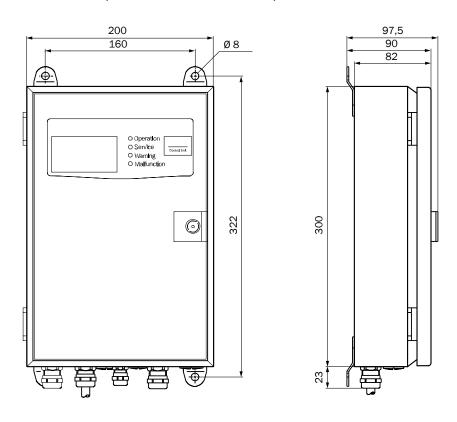


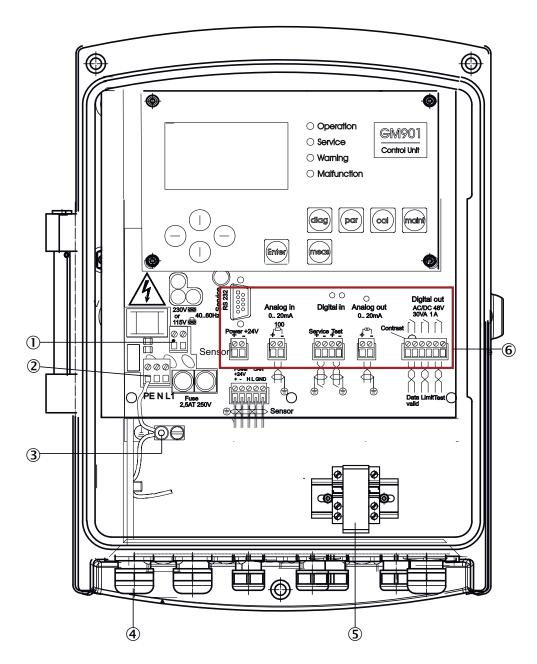
Figure 72: Fitting the control unit AWE (sheet steel enclosure version), dimensions in mm

14.2 Overview of AWE control unit electrical connections (cast metal enclosure)



NOTE

This control unit is no longer available.



- ① Cable bridge: Operating voltage selection:115 V or 230 V
- 2 Power supply: 115 V / 230 V
- 3 Potential equalization connection
- 4 Screw cap for power supply cable
- (5) Measuring transducer for PT1000 -> 20mA
- 6 Terminals for wiring by customer

Connect new measuring probe to control unit AWE (cast metal enclosure)

For new probes delivered after November 15, 2019, the connection is made to the analog input and not to the temperature transducer.

Connecting the measuring probe

- ▶ Connect the white wire to 24 V GND.
- Connect the brown wire to analog input (right terminal).
- ► Connect the jumper cable between the +24 V terminal and the left terminal of the analog input.

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