01.01.zz (Device firmware)

Products Solutions Services

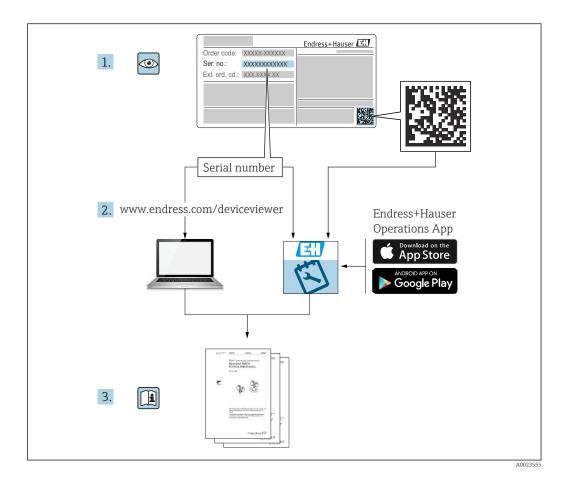
# Operating Instructions Micropilot FMR60B

Free-space radar HART









 Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device

 Avoid danger to individuals or the facility: read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures

The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. The Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to these instructions.

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# 1 About this document

# 1.1 Purpose of this document

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

# 1.2 Symbols

# 1.2.1 Safety symbols

### **⚠** DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

### **A** CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

### NOTICE

This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

# 1.2.2 Symbols for certain types of information and graphics

### **✓** Permitted

Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted

### **Forbidden**

Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden

### 1 Tip

Indicates additional information



Reference to documentation



Reference to page



Reference to graphic

Notice or individual step to be observed

### 1., 2., 3.

Series of steps

### ۱ \_

Result of a step

## 1, 2, 3, ...

Item numbers

# A, B, C, ...

Views

# 1.3 List of abbreviations

### **MWP**

Maximum working pressure The MWP is indicated on the nameplate.

### $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ (Dk value)

Relative dielectric constant

### PLC

Programmable logic controller (PLC)

### CDI

Common Data Interface

# 1.4 Documentation



matrix code on nameplate.

- following:
  Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the
- nameplate
   Endress+Hauser Operations app: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan

The following document types are available in the Downloads area of the Endress+Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads), depending on the device version:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	Reference for your parameters  The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. These are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.  The nameplate indicates which Safety Instructions (XA) apply to the device.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

# 1.5 Registered trademarks

# **HART®**

Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

### Bluetooth®

The *Bluetooth*® word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by the Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and any use of such marks by Endress+Hauser is under license. Other trademarks and trade names are those of their respective owners.

# Apple<sup>®</sup>

Apple, the Apple logo, iPhone, and iPod touch are trademarks of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. App Store is a service mark of Apple Inc.

### Android®

Android, Google Play and the Google Play logo are trademarks of Google Inc.

# KALREZ®, VITON®

Registered trademarks of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, DE USA

# 2 Basic safety instructions

# 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

# 2.2 Intended use

### Application and media

The measuring device described in these Operating Instructions is intended for continuous, non-contact level measurement in liquids, pastes and sludges. Due to its operating frequency of approx. 80 GHz, a maximum radiated peak power of <1.5 mW and an average output power of <70  $\mu$ W, unrestricted use outside of closed, metallic vessels is also permitted (for example over basins or open channels). Operation does not pose any danger whatsoever to humans and animals.

If the limit values specified in the "Technical data" and the conditions listed in the instructions and additional documentation are observed, the measuring device may be used only for the following measurements:

- ▶ Measured process variables: level, distance, signal strength
- ► Calculated process variables: volume or mass in vessels of any shape; flow rate through measuring weirs or channels (calculated based on the level using the linearization functionality)

To ensure that the measuring device remains in proper condition for the operation time:

- ► Use the measuring device only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ▶ Observe the limit values in the "Technical data".

### Incorrect use

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-intended use.

Avoid mechanical damage:

▶ Do not touch or clean device surfaces with pointed or hard objects.

Clarification of borderline cases:

► For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability.

### Residual risks

Due to heat transfer from the process as well as power loss in the electronics, the temperature of the electronics housing and the assemblies it contains (e.g. display module, main electronics module and I/O electronics module) may rise to 80  $^{\circ}$ C (176  $^{\circ}$ F). When in operation, the sensor can reach a temperature close to the medium temperature.

Danger of burns from contact with surfaces!

► In the event of elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.

# 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

- ► Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.
- ► Switch off the supply voltage before connecting the device.

# 2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- ► Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use only original spare parts and accessories.

# 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

# 2.6 Functional Safety SIL (optional)

The Functional Safety Manual must be strictly observed for devices that are used in functional safety applications.

# 2.7 IT security

The manufacturer warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

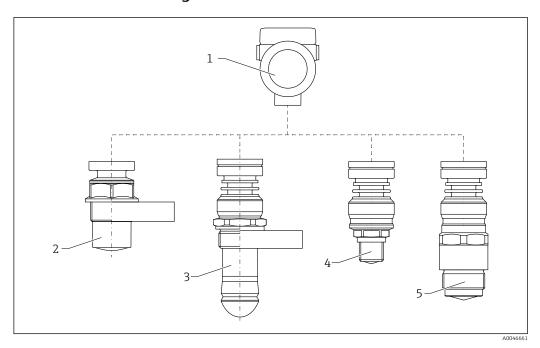
# 2.8 Device-specific IT security

The device offers specific functions to support protective measures by the operator. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater in-operation safety if used correctly. An overview of the most important functions is provided in the following section:

- Write protection via hardware write protection switch
- Access code (applies for operation via display, Bluetooth or FieldCare, DeviceCare, ASM, PDM)

### **Product description** 3

### Product design 3.1

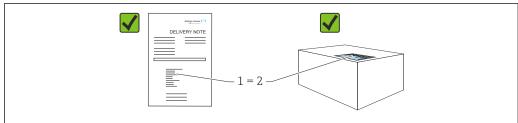


**■** 1 Design of the Micropilot FMR60B

- Electronics housing
- 2 Encapsulated antenna, PVDF, 40 mm (1.5 in)
- Drip-off antenna 50 mm (2 in) threaded or UNI flange process connection Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in)
- Integrated antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in)

# 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

# 4.1 Incoming acceptance



A0016870

Check the following during incoming acceptance:

- Is the order code on the delivery note (1) identical to the order code on the product sticker (2)?
- Are the goods undamaged?
- Do the data on the nameplate correspond to the order specifications and the delivery note?
- Is the documentation provided?
- If required (see nameplate): are the Safety Instructions (XA) provided?

 $\blacksquare$  If one of these conditions is not met, please contact the manufacturer's sales office.

# 4.2 Product identification

The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- ► *Device Viewer*(www.endress.com/deviceviewer); manually enter the serial number from the nameplate.
  - ► All the information about the measuring device is displayed.
- ► *Endress+Hauser Operations app*; manually enter the serial number indicated on the nameplate or scan the 2D matrix code on the nameplate.
  - ► All the information about the measuring device is displayed.

# 4.2.1 Nameplate

### Do you have the correct device?

The nameplate provides you with the following information on the device:

- Manufacturer identification, device designation
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Tag name (TAG) (optional)
- Technical values, e.g. supply voltage, current consumption, ambient temperature, communication-specific data (optional)
- Degree of protection
- Approvals with symbols
- Reference to Safety Instructions (XA) (optional)
- ► Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

# 4.2.2 Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG Hauptstraße 1 79689 Maulburg, Germany Place of manufacture: See nameplate.

# 4.3 Storage and transport

# 4.3.1 Storage conditions

- Use the original packaging
- Store the device in clean and dry conditions and protect from damage caused by shocks

# Storage temperature range

See Technical Information.

# 4.3.2 Transporting the product to the measuring point

# **▲** WARNING

## Incorrect transport!

The housing or sensor can be damaged or pull off. Risk of injury!

- ► Transport the device to the measuring point in its original packaging or by the process connection.
- ▶ Always secure lifting equipment (slings, eyes, etc.) at the process connection and never lift the device by the electronic housing or sensor. Pay attention to the center of gravity of the device so that it does not tilt or slip unintentionally.

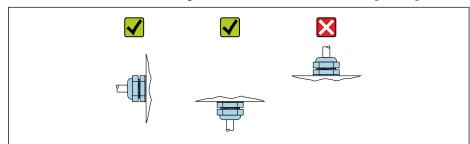
### 5 Installation

### 5.1 **General instructions**

# **A** WARNING

Loss of protection rating if the device is opened in a wet environment.

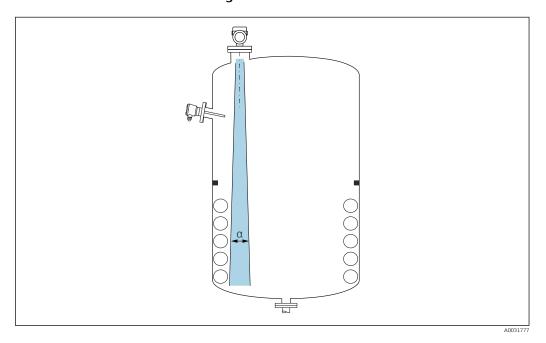
- ▶ Only open the device in a dry environment!
- 1. Install the device or turn the housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



- 2. Always firmly tighten the housing cover and the cable entries.
- Counter-tighten the cable entries.
- 4. A drip loop must be provided when laying the cables.

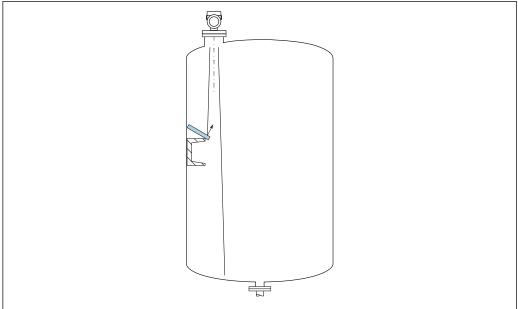
### 5.2 **Installation requirements**

### 5.2.1 **Internal vessel fittings**



Avoid internal fittings (level switches, temperature sensors, struts, vacuum rings, heating coils, baffles etc.) inside the signal beam. Pay attention to the beam angle  $\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ .

# 5.2.2 Avoiding interference echoes



4002101

Metal deflector plates, installed at an angle to scatter the radar signals, help prevent interference echoes.

# 5.2.3 Vertical alignment of antenna axis

Align the antenna so that it is perpendicular to the product surface.

The maximum reach of the antenna can be reduced, or additional interference signals can occur, if the antenna is not installed perpendicular to the product.

# 5.2.4 Radial alignment of the antenna

Based on the directional characteristic, radial alignment of the antenna is not necessary.

# 5.2.5 Optimization options

# Mapping

Measurement can be optimized by electronically suppressing interference echoes. See the **Confirm distance** parameter.

# 5.3 Mounting the device

# 5.3.1 Encapsulated antenna, PVDF 40 mm (1.5 in)

# Information concerning threaded connections

- When screwing in, turn by the hex bolt only.
- Tool: open-ended wrench 50 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 30 Nm (22 lbf ft)

### Information about the mounting nozzle

The maximum nozzle length  $H_{max}$  depends on the nozzle diameter D.

# Maximum nozzle length $H_{max}$ as a function of the nozzle diameter D

- In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.
  - Please note the following:
  - The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
  - The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
  - Mapping must be performed.
  - Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

# 5.3.2 PTFE drip-off antenna 50 mm (2 in)

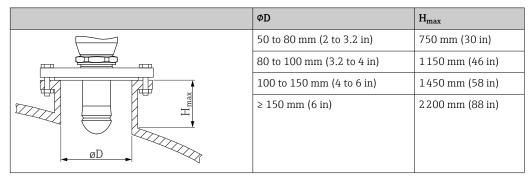
### Information concerning threaded connections

- When screwing in, turn by the hex bolt only.
- Tool: open-ended wrench 55 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 50 Nm (36 lbf ft)

### Information about the mounting nozzle

The maximum nozzle length  $H_{max}$  depends on the nozzle diameter D.

The maximum length of the nozzle  $H_{\text{max}}$  depends on the nozzle diameter D



In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:

- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

# 5.3.3 Integrated antenna, PEEK 20 mm (0.75 in)

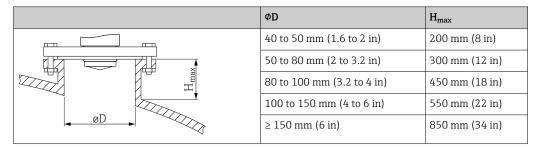
### Information concerning threaded connections

- When screwing in, turn by the hex bolt only.
- Tool: open-ended wrench 36 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 50 Nm (36 lbf ft)

# Information about the mounting nozzle

The maximum nozzle length  $H_{max}$  depends on the nozzle diameter D.

Maximum nozzle length  $H_{max}$  as a function of the nozzle diameter D





In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:

- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

# 5.3.4 Integrated antenna, PEEK 40 mm (1.5 in)

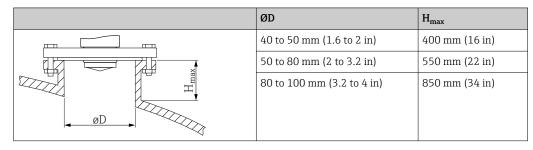
# Information concerning threaded connections

- When screwing in, turn by the hex bolt only.
- Tool: open-ended wrench 55 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 50 Nm (36 lbf ft)

# Information about the mounting nozzle

The maximum nozzle length  $H_{max}$  depends on the nozzle diameter D.

Maximum nozzle length  $H_{max}$  as a function of the nozzle diameter D



ØD	H <sub>max</sub>
100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)	1050 mm (42 in)
≥150 mm (6 in)	1600 mm (64 in)

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:

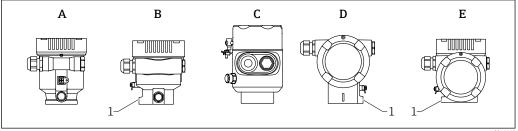
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

# 5.3.5 Turning the housing

The housing can be rotated up to 380° by loosening the locking screw.

### Your benefits

- Easy installation due to optimum alignment of housing
- Easily accessible device operation
- Optimum readability of the local display (optional)



A004666

- A Plastic single compartment housing (no locking screw)
- B Aluminum single compartment housing
- C Single compartment housing, 316L, hygiene (no locking screw)
- D Dual compartment housing
- E Dual compartment housing, L-form
- 1 Locking screw

### **NOTICE**

# The housing cannot be unscrewed fully.

- ▶ Loosen the external locking screw by a maximum of 1.5 turns. If the screw is unscrewed too much or completely (beyond the screw anchor point), small parts (counter disk) can become loose and fall out.
- ▶ Tighten the securing screw (hexagon socket 4 mm (0.16 in)) with maximum 3.5 Nm (2.58 lbf ft)  $\pm$  0.3 Nm (0.22 lbf ft).

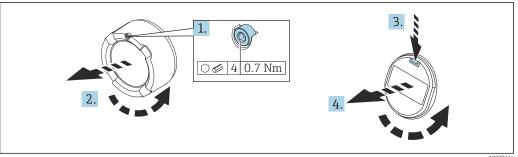
# 5.3.6 Turning the display module

### **WARNING**

### Supply voltage switched on!

Risk of electric shock and/or explosion!

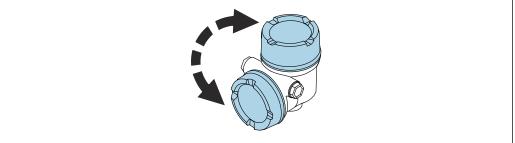
► Switch off the supply voltage before opening the measuring device.



- 1. If fitted: release the screw of the cover lock for the electronics compartment cover using the Allen key.
- 2. Unscrew the electronics compartment cover from the transmitter housing and check the cover seal.
- 3. Press the release mechanism and remove the display module.
- 4. Turn the display module to the desired position: maximum  $4 \times 90^{\circ}$  in each direction. Fit the display module on the electronics compartment in the desired position until it clicks into place. Screw the electronics compartment cover back onto the transmitter housing. If fitted: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key 0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft)±0.2 Nm (0.15 lbf ft).

### 5.3.7 Changing the installation position of the display module

The installation position of the display can be changed in the case of the dual compartment housing, L-form.

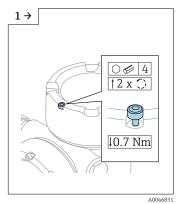


# **A** WARNING

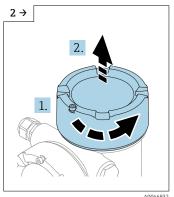
# Supply voltage switched on!

Risk of electric shock and/or explosion!

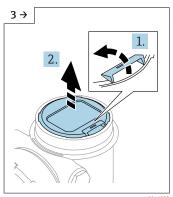
► Switch off the supply voltage before opening the measuring instrument.



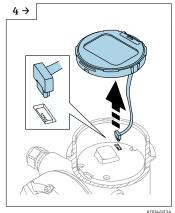
 If fitted: release the screw of the cover lock for the display cover using the Allen key.



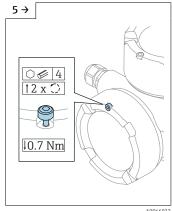
 Unscrew the display cover and check the cover seal.



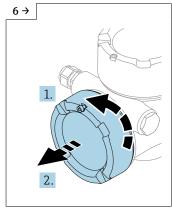
► Press the release mechanism, remove the display module.



► Release the plug connection.

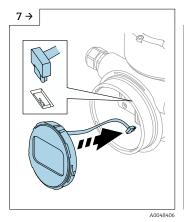


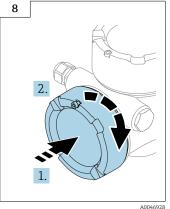
► If fitted: release the screw of the cover lock for the connection compartment cover using the Allen key.



A004692

► Unscrew the connection compartment cover, check the cover seal. Screw this cover onto the electronics compartment instead of the display cover. If fitted: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key





- Plug in the connection for the display module in the connection compartment.
- ► Fit the display module in the desired position until it clicks into place.
- Screw the display cover firmly back onto the housing. If fitted: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key 0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft).

# 5.3.8 Closing the housing covers

# **NOTICE**

# Thread and housing damaged from dirt!

- ▶ Remove dirt (e.g. sand) on the cover and housing thread.
- ► If you encounter resistance when closing the cover, check the thread for dirt and clean it.

# Housing thread

The threads of the electronics and connection compartment can be coated with an anti-friction coating.

The following applies for all housing materials:

**☒** Do not lubricate the housing threads.

# 5.4 Post-mounting check

- ☐ Is the device free from damage (visual inspection)?
- ☐ Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?
- ☐ Is the measuring device protected against precipitation and sunlight?
- Are the securing screws and cover lock tightened securely?
- $\hfill \Box$  Does the measuring device comply with the measuring point specifications? For example:
- □ Process temperature
- □ Process pressure
- □ Ambient temperature
- ☐ Measuring range

# 6 Electrical connection

# 6.1 Connecting requirements

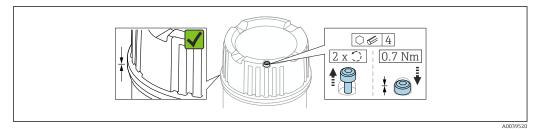
# 6.1.1 Cover with securing screw

The cover is locked by a securing screw in devices for use in hazardous areas with certain explosion protection.

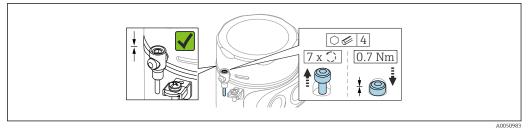
# **NOTICE**

If the securing screw is not positioned correctly, the cover cannot provide secure sealing.

- ▶ Open the cover: slacken the screw of the cover lock with a maximum of 2 turns so that the screw does not fall out. Fit the cover and check the cover seal.
- ► Close the cover: screw the cover securely onto the housing, making sure that the securing screw is positioned correctly. There should not be any gap between the cover and housing.



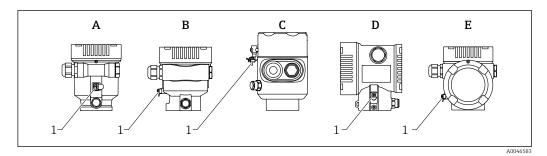
■ 2 Cover with securing screw



**■** 3 Cover with securing screw; hygienic housing (only for dust explosion protection)

# 6.1.2 Potential equalization

The protective ground on the device must not be connected. If necessary, the potential matching line can be connected to the outer ground terminal of the housing before the device is connected.



- A Single compartment housing, plastic
- B Single compartment housing, aluminum, coated
- *C* Single compartment housing, 316L, hygiene (Ex device)
- Dual compartment housing, aluminum, coated
- E Dual compartment housing, L-shaped, aluminum, coated
- 1 Ground terminal for connecting the potential matching line

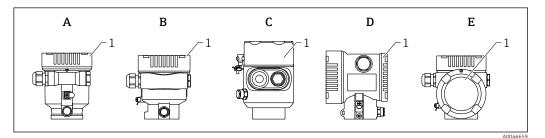
## **▲** WARNING

### Ignitable sparks or impermissible high surface temperatures.

Explosion hazard!

- ▶ Please refer to the separate documentation on applications in hazardous areas for the safety instructions.
- For optimum electromagnetic compatibility:
  - Keep potential matching line as short as possible
  - Observe minimum cross-section of 2.5 mm² (14 AWG)

# 6.2 Connecting the device



- A Single compartment housing, plastic
- B Single compartment housing, aluminum, coated
- C Single compartment housing, 316L, hygiene
- Dual compartment housing, aluminum, coated
- E Dual compartment housing, L-shaped, aluminum, coated
- 1 Connection compartment cover
- Devices with a single compartment 316L hygiene housing and conduit screw connection must be connected as end-of-line devices; only one "conduit entry" may be used.
- Housing thread

The threads of the electronics and connection compartment can be coated with an anti-friction coating.

The following applies for all housing materials:

**☒** Do not lubricate the housing threads.

# 6.2.1 Supply voltage

The supply voltage depends on the selected type of device approval

Non-hazardous, Ex d, Ex e	10.5 to 35 V <sub>DC</sub>
Ex i	10.5 to 30 V <sub>DC</sub>
Nominal current	4 to 20 mA
Power consumption	0.9 W max.

The power unit must be safety-approved (e.g. PELV, SELV, Class 2) and must comply with the relevant protocol specifications.

A suitable circuit breaker must be provided for the device in accordance with  $\mbox{IEC/EN6}1010\text{-}1$ 

# Device display and Bluetooth

The display and the Bluetooth function (order option) are dependent on the supply voltage at the moment the device is switched on.

# Supply voltage

- <15 V<sub>DC</sub>; the background lighting is switched off
- <12 V<sub>DC</sub>; the Bluetooth function is also switched off
- 👔 If the remote display FHX50B is used (accessory)

### Supply voltage

- $\bullet$  <15  $V_{DC}$ ; the background lighting and the Bluetooth function are switched off
- 12.5 V<sub>DC</sub> minimum

# 6.2.2 Cable specification

### Rated cross-section

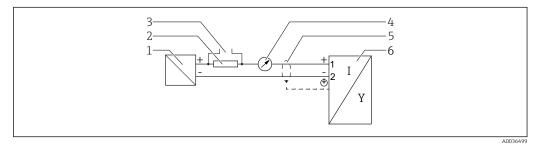
- Supply voltage: 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 13 AWG)
- Protective earth or grounding of the cable shield: > 1 mm² (17 AWG)
- External ground terminal: 0.5 to 4 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 12 AWG)

### Cable outer diameter

The cable outer diameter depends on the cable gland used

- Plastic gland: Ø5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.38 in)
- Nickel-plated brass gland: Ø7 to 10.5 mm (0.28 to 0.41 in)
- Stainless steel gland: Ø7 to 12 mm (0.28 to 0.47 in)

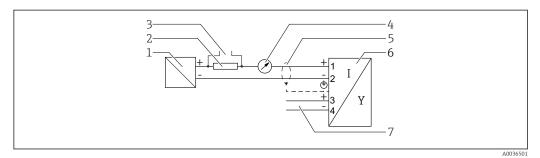
# 6.2.3 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART



■ 4 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART

- 1 Active barrier for power supply; observe terminal voltage
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 Measuring instrument

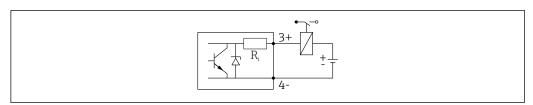
# 6.2.4 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART, switching output (optional)



■ 5 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART, switching output

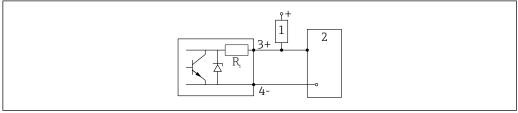
- 1 Active barrier for power supply; observe terminal voltage
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 Measuring instrument
- 7 Switching output (open collector)

# Connection example of relay



■ 6 Connection example of relay

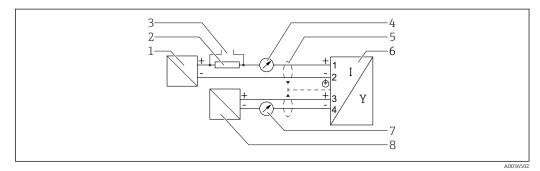
### Connection example for the digital input



A001591

- $\blacksquare$  7 Connection example for the digital input
- 1 Pull-up resistor
- 2 Digital input

# 6.2.5 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog (optional)



■ 8 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog

- 1 Active barrier for power supply, current output 1; observe terminal voltage
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 Measuring instrument
- 7 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 8 Active barrier for power supply, current output 2; observe terminal voltage

# **6.2.6** Overvoltage protection

The overvoltage protection can optionally be ordered as a "Mounted accessory" via the product structure.

### Devices without optional overvoltage protection

The devices satisfy the IEC/DIN EN IEC 61326-1 product standard (Table 2 Industrial environment).

Depending on the type of port (DC power supply, input/output port) different testing levels according to IEC/DIN EN 61326-1 against transient overvoltages are applied (IEC/DIN EN 61000-4-5 Surge):

Test level on DC power ports and input/output ports is 1000 V line to earth

# Devices with optional overvoltage protection

- Spark-over voltage: min. 400 V<sub>DC</sub>
- Tested according to IEC/DIN EN 60079-14 sub chapter 12.3 (IEC/DIN EN 60060-1 chapter 7)
- Nominal discharge current: 10 kA

### **NOTICE**

# The device can be destroyed by excessively high electrical voltages.

► Always ground the device with integrated overvoltage protection.

# Overvoltage category

Overvoltage category II

### 6.2.7 Wiring

## **▲** WARNING

# Supply voltage might be connected!

Risk of electric shock and/or explosion!

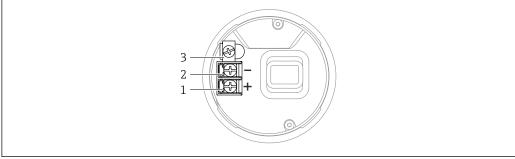
- ▶ If the device is used in hazardous areas, make sure to comply with national standards and the specifications in the Safety Instructions (XAs). The specified cable gland must be used.
- ▶ The supply voltage must match the specifications on the nameplate.
- ► Switch off the supply voltage before connecting the device.
- ▶ If necessary, the potential matching line can be connected to the outer ground terminal of the device before the power supply lines are connected.
- ▶ A suitable circuit breaker should be provided for the device in accordance with IEC/EN 61010.
- ► The cables must be adequately insulated, with due consideration given to the supply voltage and the overvoltage category.
- ▶ The connecting cables must offer adequate temperature stability, with due consideration given to the ambient temperature.
- ▶ Only operate the measuring device with the covers closed.

Connect the device in the following order:

- 1. Release the cover lock (if provided).
- 2. Unscrew the cover.
- 3. Guide the cables into the cable glands or cable entries.
- 4. Connect the cables.
- 5. Tighten the cable glands or cable entries so that they are leak-tight. Counter-tighten the housing entry.
- 6. Screw the cover securely back onto the connection compartment.
- 7. If provided: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key 0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft) ±0.2 Nm (0.15 lbf ft).

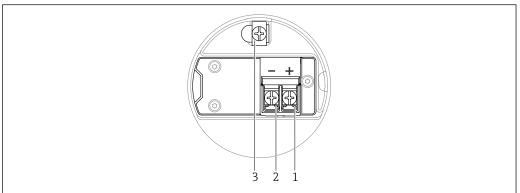
### 6.2.8 Terminal assignment

## Single compartment housing



- **₽** 9 Connection terminals and ground terminal in the connection compartment, single compartment housing
- 1 Positive terminal
- Negative terminal
- Internal ground terminal

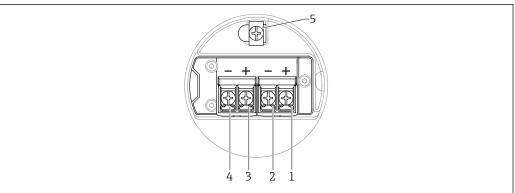
# Dual compartment housing; 4 to 20 mA HART



10042803

- $label{eq:local_state} 
  label{eq:local_state} 
  label{eq:local_stat$
- 1 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART
- 2 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART
- 3 Internal ground terminal

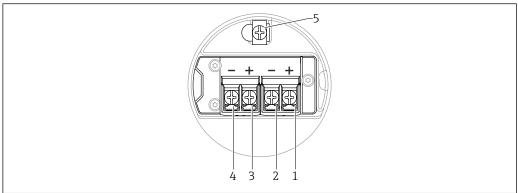
# Dual compartment housing; 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog (optional)



A005487

- 11 Terminal assignment in connection compartment; 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog; dual compartment housing
- 1 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 2 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 3 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA analog (current output 2)
- 4 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA analog (current output 2)
- 5 Internal ground terminal

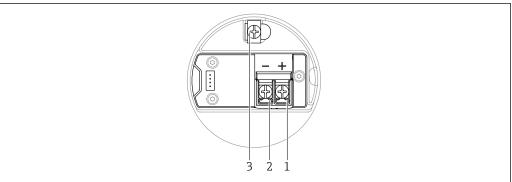
# Dual compartment housing; 4 to 20 mA HART, switching output (optional)



Δ0054875

- 12 Terminal assignment in connection compartment; 4 to 20 mA HART, switching output, dual compartment housing
- 1 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 2 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- Plus terminal switching output (open collector)
- 4 Minus terminal switching output (open collector)
- 5 Internal ground terminal

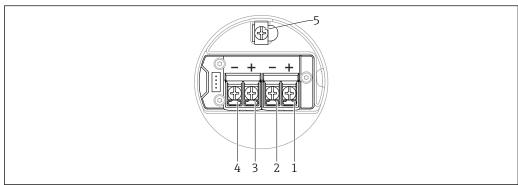
# Dual compartment housing L-shaped; 4 to 20 mA HART



A0045842

- 13 Terminal assignment in connection compartment; 4 to 20 mA HART; dual compartment housing L-shaped
- 1 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART
- 2 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART
- 3 Internal ground terminal

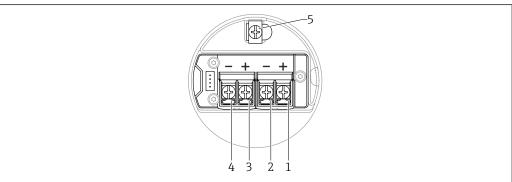
# Dual compartment housing L-shaped; 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog (optional)



A0054876

- 14 Terminal assignment in connection compartment; 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog; dual compartment housing L-shaped
- 1 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 2 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 3 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA analog (current output 2)
- 4 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA analog (current output 2)
- 5 Internal ground terminal

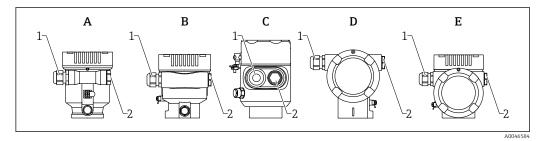
# Dual compartment housing L-shaped; 4 to 20 mA HART, switching output (optional)



A005487

- Terminal assignment in connection compartment; 4 to 20 mA HART, switching output; dual compartment housing L-shaped
- 1 Plus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 2 Minus terminal 4 to 20 mA HART (current output 1)
- 3 Plus terminal switching output (open collector)
- 4 Minus terminal switching output (open collector)
- 5 Internal ground terminal

### 6.2.9 Cable entries



- Α Single compartment housing, plastic
- В Single compartment housing, aluminum, coated
- С Single compartment housing, 316L, hygiene
- D Dual compartment housing, aluminum, coated
- Dual compartment housing, L-shaped, aluminum, coated
- Cable entry 1
- Dummy plug

The number and type of cable entries depend on the device version ordered.

Always route connecting cables downwards so that moisture cannot penetrate the connection compartment.

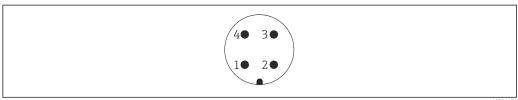
If necessary, create a drip loop or use a weather protection cover.

### 6.2.10 Available device plugs

In the case of devices with a plug, it is not necessary to open the housing for connection purposes.

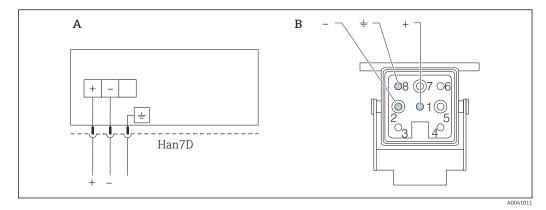
Use the enclosed seals to prevent the penetration of moisture into the device.

# Devices with M12 plug



- Signal +
- Not used
- 3 Signal -
- Ground

### Measuring instruments with Harting plug Han7D



- A Electrical connection for devices with Harting plug Han7D
- *B View of the plug connection on the device*
- Brown
- ± Green-yellow
- + Blue

### Material

- CuZn
- Gold-plated plug-in jack and plug contacts

# 6.3 Ensuring the degree of protection

### 6.3.1 Cable entries

- Gland M20, plastic, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, nickel-plated brass, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, 316L, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Thread M20, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Thread G1/2, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P If the G1/2 thread is selected, the device is delivered with an M20 thread as standard and a G1/2 adapter is included with the delivery, along with the corresponding documentation
- Thread NPT1/2, IP66/68 TYPE 4X/6P
- Dummy plug transport protection: IP22, TYPE 2
- HAN7D plug, 90 degrees, IP65 NEMA Type 4X
- M12 plug
  - When housing is closed and connecting cable is plugged in: IP66/67, NEMA Type 4X
  - ullet When housing is open or connecting cable is not plugged in: IP20, NEMA Type 1

### NOTICE

# Plug M12 and plug HAN7D: incorrect mounting can invalidate the IP protection class!

- ► The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is plugged in and screwed tight.
- ► The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is specified according to IP67, NEMA Type 4X.
- ► The IP protection classes are only maintained if the dummy cap is used or the cable is connected.

# 6.4 Post-connection check

- ☐ Are the device or cables undamaged (visual inspection)?
- ☐ Do the cables used comply with the requirements?

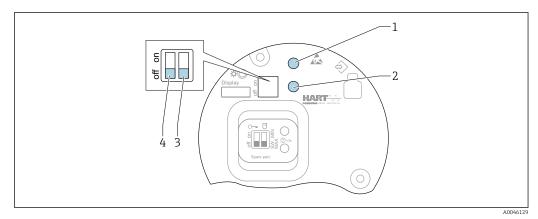
Do the mounted cables have strain relief?
Cable glands mounted, securely tightened and leak-tight?
Does the supply voltage correspond to the specifications on the nameplate?
No reverse polarity, terminal assignment correct?
Cover screwed down correctly?
Cover lock tightened correctly?

# 7 Operation options

# 7.1 Overview of operating options

- Operation via operating keys and DIP switches on the electronic insert
- Operation via optical operating keys on the device display (optional)
- Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology (with optional device display with Bluetooth) with Smartblue app or FieldXpert, DeviceCare
- Operation via operating tool (Endress+Hauser FieldCare/DeviceCare, handheld terminal, AMS, PDM, ...)

# 7.2 Operating keys and DIP switches on the HART electronic insert



■ 16 Operating keys and DIP switches on the HART electronic insert

- 1 Operating key for reset password (for Bluetooth login and Maintenance user role)
- 1+2 Operating keys for device reset (as-delivered state)
- 2 Operating key II (only for factory reset)
- 3 DIP switch for alarm current
- 4 DIP switch for locking and unlocking the device

The setting of the DIP switches on the electronic insert has priority over the settings made via other operation methods (e.g. FieldCare/DeviceCare).

# 7.3 Structure and function of the operating menu

The differences between the structure of the operating menus of the local display and the Endress+Hauser FieldCare or DeviceCare operating tools can be summarized as follows:

The local display is suitable for configuring simple applications.

The operating tools (FieldCare, DeviceCare, SmartBlue, AMS, PDM, ...) can be used to configure the parameters of wide-ranging applications.

Wizards help the user to commission the various applications. The user is guided through the individual configuration steps.

### 7.3.1 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles **Operator** and **Maintenance** (as-delivered state) have different write access to the parameters if a device-specific access code has been defined. This access code protects the device configuration from unauthorized access.

If an incorrect access code is entered, the user obtains the access rights of the **Operator** role.

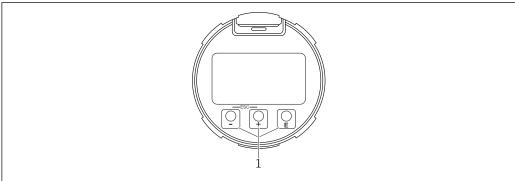
# 7.4 Access to operating menu via local display

# 7.4.1 Device display (optional)

Possible to operate the optical operating keys through the cover. No need to open the device.

### Functions:

- Display of measured values and fault and notice messages
- Background lighting, which switches from green to red in the event of an error
- The device display can be removed for easier operation
- Backlighting is switched on or off depending on the supply voltage and the current consumption.
- The device display is also optionally available with Bluetooth® wireless technology.



A0039284

■ 17 Graphic display with optical operating keys (1)

- Kev ±
  - Navigate downwards in the picklist
  - Edit the numerical values or characters within a function
- Kev F
  - Navigate upwards in the picklist
  - Edit the numerical values or characters within a function
- Kev E
  - Change from main display to main menu
  - Confirm entry
  - Jump to the next item
  - Select a menu item and activate the edit mode
  - Unlock/lock the display operation
  - Press and hold the ⑤ key to display a short description of the selected parameter (if available)
- ± key and = key (ESC function)
  - Exit edit mode for a parameter without saving the changed value
  - Menu at a selection level: pressing the keys simultaneously takes the user back up a level in the menu
  - Press and hold the keys simultaneously to return to the upper level

# 7.4.2 Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology (optional)

Prerequisite

- Device with device display including Bluetooth
- Smartphone or tablet with Endress+Hauser SmartBlue app or PC with DeviceCare from version 1.07.05 or FieldXpert SMT70

The connection has a range of up to 25 m (82 ft). The range can vary depending on environmental conditions such as attachments, walls or ceilings.

The operating keys on the display are locked as soon as the device is connected via Bluetooth.

A flashing Bluetooth symbol indicates that a Bluetooth connection is available.

# Please note the following

If the Bluetooth display is removed from one device and installed in another device:

- All the log-in data are only saved in the Bluetooth display and not in the device
- The password changed by the user is also saved in the Bluetooth display

### Operation via SmartBlue app

The device can be operated and configured with the SmartBlue app.

- The SmartBlue app must be downloaded onto a mobile device for this purpose.
- For information on the compatibility of the SmartBlue app with mobile devices, see Apple App Store (iOS devices) or Google Play Store (Android devices).
- Incorrect operation by unauthorized persons is prevented by means of encrypted communication and password encryption.
- The Bluetooth® function can be deactivated after initial device setup.



A003320

■ 18 QR code for free Endress+Hauser SmartBlue app

### Download and installation:

- 1. Scan the QR code or enter **SmartBlue** in the search field of the Apple App Store (iOS) or Google Play Store (Android).
- 2. Install and start the SmartBlue app.
- 3. For Android devices: enable location tracking (GPS) (not required for iOS devices).
- 4. Select a device that is ready to receive from the device list displayed.

### Login:

- 1. Enter the user name: admin
- 2. Enter the initial password: serial number of the device
- 3. Change the password after logging in for the first time.

### Notes on the password and reset code

- If the user-defined password is lost, access can be restored via a reset code. The reset code is the device serial number in reverse. Once the reset code has been entered, the Initial password is valid again.
- Like the password, the reset code can also be changed.
- If the user-defined reset code is lost, the password can no longer be reset via the SmartBlue app. In this case, contact Endress+Hauser Service.

## 7.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

Access via the operating tool is possible:

- Via HART communication, e.g. Commubox FXA195
- Via Endress+Hauser Commubox FXA291
   With the Commubox FXA291, a CDI connection can be established with the device interface and a Windows PC/notebook with a USB port

#### 7.6 DeviceCare

### 7.6.1 Function scope

Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs), DeviceCare presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.



For details, see Innovation Brochure IN01047S

#### 7.7 FieldCare

#### 7.7.1 Function range

FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. FieldCare can configure all smart field devices in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, FieldCare is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Access is via:

- CDI service interface
- HART communication

Typical functions:

- Configuration of transmitter parameters
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook



## 8 System integration

### 8.1 Overview of device description files

■ Manufacturer ID: 17 (0x0011)

Device type ID: 0x11C1HART specification: 7.6

• DD files, information and files can be found at:

www.endress.com

www.fieldcommgroup.org

## 8.2 Measured variables via HART protocol

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variable	Measured value
Primary variable (PV)	Level linearized
Secondary variable (SV)	Distance
Tertiary variable (TV)	Absolute echo amplitude
Quaternary variable (QV)	Relative echo amplitude

The assignment of the measured values to the device variables can be changed in the following submenu:

Application  $\rightarrow$  HART output  $\rightarrow$  HART output

In a HART Multidrop loop, only one device may use the analog current value for signal transmission. For all other devices in the "Loop current mode" parameter, select the Disable option.

#### 9 Commissioning



All configuration tools provide a commissioning assistant that supports the user when setting the most important configuration parameters (Guidance menu **Commissioning** wizard).

#### 9.1 **Preliminaries**

The measuring range and the unit in which the measured value is transmitted correspond to the specifications on the nameplate.

#### **WARNING**

The settings of the current output are relevant for safety!

This can result in product overflow.

- The current output setting depends on the setting in the **Assign PV** parameter.
- After changing the setting of the current output, check the setting of the span (Lower range value output and Upper range value output) and change it if necessary!

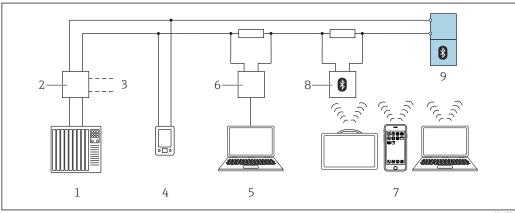
#### 9.2 Installation and function check

Before commissioning the measuring point, check whether the post-installation and postconnection checks have been performed.

- Post-mounting check
- Post-connection check

#### 9.3 Connecting via FieldCare and DeviceCare

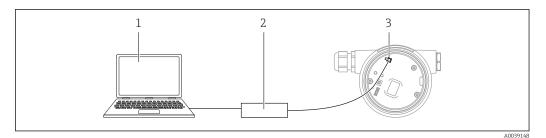
#### 9.3.1 Via HART protocol



**■** 19 Options for remote operation via HART protocol

- 1 PLC (programmable logic controller)
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN42 (with communication resistor)
- Connection for Commubox FXA195 and AMS Trex Device Communicator
- AMS Trex Device Communicator
- Computer with operating tool e.g. DeviceCare, FieldCare, AMS Device View, SIMATIC PDM)
- Commubox FXA195 (USB)
- Field Xpert SMT70/SMT77, smartphone or computer with operating tool (e.g. DeviceCare, SmartBlue app)
- Bluetooth modem with connecting cable (e.g. VIATOR)
- Transmitter

#### 9.3.2 Via service interface (CDI)



- 1 Computer with FieldCare/DeviceCare operating tool
- 2 Commuhox
- 3 Service interface (CDI) of the device (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface)

### 9.4 Configuring the device address via software

#### See "HART address" parameter

Enter the address to exchange data via the HART protocol.

- Guidance → Commissioning → HART address
- Application → HART output → Configuration → HART address

## 9.5 Setting the operating language

### 9.5.1 Local display

### Setting the operating language

- To set the operating language, the display first needs to be unlocked:
- 1. Press the E key for at least 2 s.
  - ► A dialog box appears.
- 2. Unlock the display operation.
- 3. Select the **Language** parameter in the main menu.
- 4. Press the E key.
- 5. Select the desired language with the  $\pm$  or  $\Box$  key.
- 6. Press the E key.
- Display operation locks automatically (except in the Safety mode wizard):
  - after 1 min on the main page if no key has been pressed
  - after 10 min within the operating menu if no key has been pressed

### 9.5.2 Operating tool

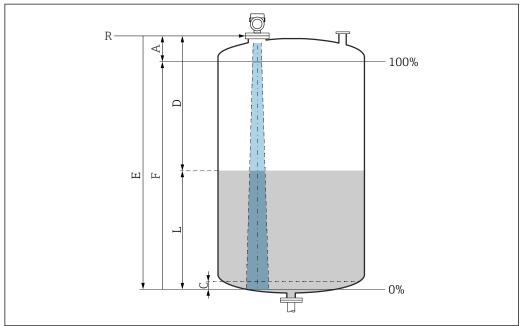
Set display language

System → Display → Language

Selection in the **Language** parameter; Visibility depends on order options or device settings

#### Configuring the device 9.6

#### 9.6.1 Level measurement in liquids



€ 20 Configuration parameters for level measurement in liquids

- R Reference point of measurement
- Length of antenna + 10 mm (0.4 in)
- 50 to 80 mm (1.97 to 3.15 in); medium  $\varepsilon r < 2$
- D Distance
- L Level
- Ε "Empty calibration" parameter (= 0 %)
- "Full calibration" parameter (= 100 %)

In the case of media with a low dielectric constant,  $\varepsilon r < 2$ , the tank floor may be visible through the medium at very low levels (lower than level C). Reduced accuracy must be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, the zero point should be positioned at a distance C above the tank floor in these applications  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$ Configuration parameters for level measurement in liquids.

#### 9.6.2 Commissioning with the Commissioning wizard

In FieldCare, DeviceCare, SmartBlue and on the display, the **Commissioning** wizard is available to guide the user through the initial commissioning steps.

Complete this wizard to commission the device.

For each parameter, enter the appropriate value or select the appropriate option.

#### NOTE

If you exit the wizard before completing all required parameters, the changes you have made will be saved. For this reason, the device may then be in an undefined state! In this case, a reset to the default settings is recommended.

## 9.7 Configuring the "Frequency mode" parameter

The **Frequency mode** parameter is used to define country or region-specific settings for the radar signals.

The **Frequency mode** parameter must be configured at the start of commissioning in the operating menu using the appropriate operating tool.

Application  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Advanced settings  $\rightarrow$  Frequency mode

Operating frequency 80 GHz:

- **Mode 2** option: Continent Europe, USA, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, Brazil, Japan, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand
- Mode 3 option: Russia, Kazakhstan
- **Mode 4** option: Mexico
- Mode 5 option: India, Malaysia, South Africa, Indonesia
- The metrological properties of the device may vary, depending on the mode set. The specified metrological properties refer to the device as supplied to the customer (**Mode 2** option).

### 9.8 Recording the Echo curve

The Echo curve is only saved in the relevant operating tool.

Record the current Echo curve as a reference echo curve for subsequent diagnostic purposes.

After the measurement has been configured, it is recommended to record the current Echo curve as a reference echo curve.

The **Save reference curve** parameter in the **Echo curve** submenuis used to record the Echo curve.

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Echo curve  $\rightarrow$  Save reference curve

► Under the **Save reference curve** parameter, activate the **Customer reference curve** option

### 9.9 "Simulation" submenu

Simulation of a process variable, a pulse output or a diagnostic event.

## 10 Operation

### 10.1 Reading off the device locking status

Displaying active write protection in the Locking status parameter

- Local display 📵:
- The 🕞 symbol appears on the main page
- Operating tool (FieldCare/DeviceCare) □:
   Navigation: System → Device management → Locking status

### 10.2 Reading off measured values

All the measured values can be read off using the **Measured values** submenu.

Navigation: **Application** menu → **Measured values** submenu

### 10.3 Adapting the device to process conditions

The following menus are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings in the **Guidance** menu
- Advanced settings in:
  - Diagnostics menu
  - Application menu
  - System menu

### 10.4 Heartbeat Technology (optional)

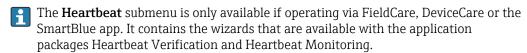
#### 10.4.1 Heartbeat Verification

#### "Heartbeat Verification" wizard

This wizard is used to start an automatic verification of the device functionality. The results can be documented as a verification report.

- The wizard can be used via the operating tools and the display
   The wizard can be started on the display but only shows the Passed option or Failed option result.
- The wizard guides the user through the entire process for creating the verification report

#### 10.4.2 Heartbeat Verification/Monitoring





## 11 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

### 11.1 General troubleshooting

#### 11.1.1 General errors

#### Device is not responding

- Possible cause: Supply voltage does not match the specification on the nameplate Remedial action: Apply the correct voltage
- Possible cause: The polarity of the supply voltage is wrong Remedial action: Correct the polarity
- Possible cause: The connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals
   Remedial action: Check the electrical contact between cables and correct if necessary
- Possible cause: Load resistance too high
   Remedial action: Increase the supply voltage to reach the minimum terminal voltage

#### Values not visible on the display

Possible cause: Display setting is too bright or too dark Remedial action:

Use the **Contrast display** parameter to increase or reduce contrast

Navigation path: System  $\rightarrow$  Display  $\rightarrow$  Contrast display

- Possible cause: The plug of the display cable is not connected correctly Remedial action: Connect the plug correctly
- Possible cause: Display is defective Remedial action: Replace the display

# "Communication error" is indicated on the display when the device is started or the display is connected

- Possible cause: Electromagnetic interference influence Remedial action: Check grounding of the device
- Possible cause: Defective cable connection or display plug Remedial action: Replace the display

#### Communication via CDI interface not working

Possible cause: Wrong setting of the COM port on the computer

Remedial action: Check the setting of the COM port on the computer and correct it if

necessary

#### Device measuring incorrectly

Possible cause: Parameter configuration error

Remedial action: Check and correct the parameter configuration

## 11.2 Error - SmartBlue operation

Operation via SmartBlue is only possible on devices that have a display with Bluetooth (optionally available).

#### Device is not visible in the live list

Possible cause: No Bluetooth connection available
 Remedial action: Enable Bluetooth in the field device via display or software tool and/or

in the smartphone/tablet

- Possible cause: Bluetooth signal outside range
  - Remedial action: Reduce distance between field device and smartphone/tablet The connection has a range of up to 25 m (82 ft).

Operating radius with intervisibility 10 m (33 ft)

- Possible cause: Geopositioning is not enabled on Android devices or is not permitted for the SmartBlue app
  - Remedial action: Enable/disable geolocation service on Android device for the SmartBlue app
- Display does not have Bluetooth
- Historom is not connected

#### Device appears in the live list but a connection cannot be established

- Possible cause: The device is already connected with another smartphone/tablet via Bluetooth
  - Only one point-to-point connection is permitted
  - Remedial action: Disconnect the smartphone/tablet from the device
- Possible cause: Incorrect user name and password
  - Remedial action: The standard user name is "admin" and the password is the device serial number indicated on the device nameplate (only if the password was not changed by the user beforehand)

If the password has been forgotten, contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)

#### Connection via SmartBlue not possible

- Possible cause: Incorrect password entered
- Remedial action: Enter the correct password, paying attention to lower/upper case
- Possible cause: Forgotten password

Remedial action: Contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)

#### Login via SmartBlue not possible

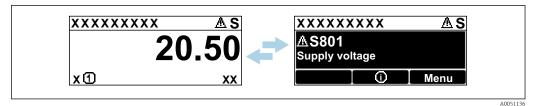
- Possible cause: Device is being put into operation for the first time
   Remedial action: Enter the user name "admin" and the password (device serial number),
   paying attention to lower/upper case
- Possible cause: The electric current and voltage are not correct.
   Remedial action: Increase the supply voltage.

#### Device cannot be operated via SmartBlue

- Possible cause: Incorrect password entered
- Remedial action: Enter the correct password, paying attention to lower/upper case
- Possible cause: Forgotten password
- Remedial action: Contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)
- Possible cause: Operator option has no authorization
   Remedial action: System → User management → User role Change to Maintenance option

### 11.3 Diagnostic message

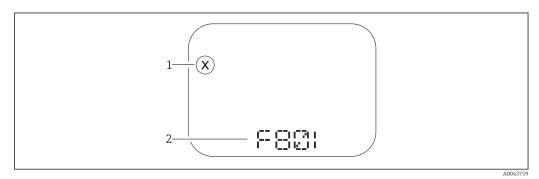
Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the measured value.



 $\blacksquare$  21 Diagnostic message displayed in alternating sequence with the measured value

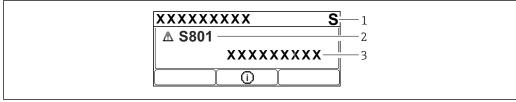
If two or more diagnostic events occur simultaneously, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is shown.

### 11.3.1 Diagnostic information on local display



■ 22 Segment display without keys

- 1 Status symbol for event level
- 2 Status signal with diagnostic event



A004310

23 Graphic display with keys

- 1 Status signal
- 2 Status symbol with diagnostic event and preceding symbol for event level
- 3 Event text

### 11.3.2 Diagnostic information in the operating tool

If a diagnostic event has occurred in the device, the status signal appears in the top left status area of the operating tool together with the corresponding symbol for the event level according to NAMUR NE 107.

Click the status signal to see the detailed status signal.

Pending diagnostic messages can also be displayed in the **Active diagnostics** parameter.

The diagnostic events and remedial measures can be printed out in the **Diagnostic list** submenu.

### 11.3.3 Status signal

F

Failure (F

A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.

#### С

Function check (C)

The device is in the service mode (e.g. during a simulation).

#### S

Out of specification (S)

Device operation:

- Outside of the technical specifications (e.g. during startup or a cleaning)
- Outside of the configuration performed by the user (e.g. sensor frequency outside the configured span)

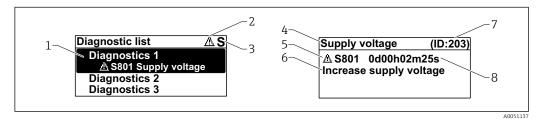
#### М

Maintenance required (M)

Maintenance required. The measured value is still valid.

### 11.3.4 Diagnostic event and event text

The fault can be identified by means of the diagnostic event. The event text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the associated status symbol is displayed in front of the diagnostic event.



Diagnostic message

- 2 Symbol for event level
- 3 Status signal
- 4 Short text
- 5 Symbol for event level, status signal, diagnostic number
- 6 Remedial measure
- 7 Service ID
- 8 Operating time of occurrence

#### Symbol for event level

#### 

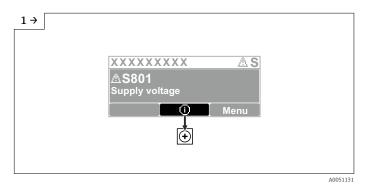
Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs adopt the defined alarm state. A diagnostic message is generated.

#### **△** "Warning" status

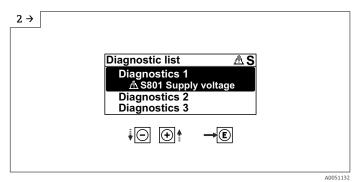
The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.

## 11.4 Remedy informationCalling up

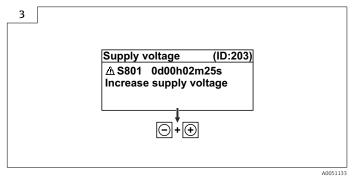
### 11.4.1 Graphic display with keys



▶ Open the **Diagnostic list** submenu



▶ Select the diagnostic event and confirm



▶ Remedy informationClosing

### 11.4.2 Operating menu

In the **Diagnostic list** submenu, up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages can be displayed. If more than 5 messages are pending, the messages with the highest priority are shown on the display.

### Navigation path

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list

Queued diagnostic messages are also displayed in the **Active diagnostics** parameter.

Navigation: Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Active diagnostics

## 11.5 Adapting the diagnostic information

The event level can be configured:

Navigation: Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings → Configuration

#### List of diagnostic events 11.6

If Remedy information **Contact the Service Department** is displayed (www.addresses.endress.com), be ready with the **service ID** shown.

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
Diagnostic of s	sensor	ı		
062	Sensor connection faulty	Check sensor connection	F	Alarm
151	Sensor electronic failure	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
168	Buildup detected	Check process conditions	M	Warning 1)
Diagnostic of e	electronic			
203	HART Device Malfunction	Check device specific diagnosis.	S	Warning
204	HART Electronic Defect	Check device specific diagnosis.	F	Alarm
242	Firmware incompatible	Check software     Flash or change main electronic module	F	Alarm
252	Module incompatible	Check if correct electronic module is plugged     Replace electronic module	F	Alarm
270	Main electronics defective	Replace main electronics or device.	F	Alarm
272	Main electronics faulty	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
273	Main electronics defective	Replace main electronics or device.	F	Alarm
282	Data storage inconsistent	Restart device	F	Alarm
283	Memory content inconsistent	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
287	Memory content inconsistent	Restart device     Contact service	М	Warning
388	Electronics and HistoROM defective	Restart device     Replace electronics and     HistoROM     Contact service	F	Alarm
Diagnostic of o	configuration			
410	Data transfer failed	Retry data transfer     Check connection	F	Alarm
412	Processing download	Download active, please wait	С	Warning
420	HART Device Configuration Locked	Check device locking configuration.	S	Warning
421	HART Loop Current fixed	Check Multi-drop mode or current simulation.	S	Warning
431	Trim required	Carry out trim	С	Warning
435	Linearization faulty	Check linearization table	F	Alarm
437	Configuration incompatible	Update firmware     Execute factory reset	F	Alarm

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
438	Dataset different	Check dataset file     Check device parameterization     Download new device     parameterization	M	Warning
441	Current output 1 to 2 saturated	Check process     Check current output settings	S	Warning
484	Failure mode simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Alarm
485	Process variable simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
491	Current output simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
494	Switch output 1 simulation active	Deactivate simulation switch output	С	Warning
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation	S	Warning
538	Configuration Sensor Unit invalid	Check sensor configuration     Check device configuration	F	Alarm
585	Simulation distance	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
586	Record map	Recording of mapping please wait	С	Warning
Diagnostic of p	process		<u>'</u>	'
801	Supply voltage too low	Increase supply voltage	F	Alarm
802	Supply voltage too high	Decrease supply voltage	S	Warning
803	Loop current faulty	Check wiring     Replace electronics or device	M	Warning
805	Loop current faulty	Check wiring     Replace electronics or device	F	Alarm
806	Loop diagnostics	Only with a passive I/O: Check supply voltage of current loop.     Check wiring and connections.	М	Warning 1)
807	No Baseline due to insuf. volt. at 20 mA	Increase supply voltage	М	Warning
825	Electronics temperature out of range	Check ambient temperature     Check process temperature	S	Warning
826	Sensor temperature out of range	Check ambient temperature     Check process temperature	S	Warning
846	HART Non-Primary Variable Out of Limit	Check device specific diagnosis.	S	Warning
847	HART Primary Variable Out of Limit	Check device specific diagnosis.	S	Warning
848	HART Device Variable Alert	Check device specific diagnosis.	S	Warning
941	Echo lost	Check parameter "DC value"	S	Warning 1)
942	In safety distance	Check level     Check safety distance     Reset self holding	S	Warning 1)

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
952	Foam detected	Check process conditions	S	Warning 1)
968	Level limited	Check level     Check limit parameters	S	Warning

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

### 11.7 Event logbook

### 11.7.1 Event history

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the **Event logbook** submenu. This submenu only exists if operating via the local display with keys. In the case of operation via FieldCare, the event list can be displayed with the "Event List / HistoROM" functionality of FieldCare.

#### Navigation:

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Event logbook  $\rightarrow$  Event list

A maximum of 100 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events
- Information events

In addition to the operating time when the event occurred, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is finished:

- Diagnostic event
  - ①: Occurrence of the event
  - 🕒: End of the event
- Information event
  - €: Occurrence of the event

#### Calling up and closing the remedial measures

- 1. Press E.
  - └ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message about the remedial measures closes.

### 11.7.2 Filtering the event logbook

Filters can be used to determine which category of event messages is displayed in the **Event list** submenu.

Navigation: Diagnostics → Event logbook

#### Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information

### 11.7.3 Overview of information events

Info number	Info name
I1000	(Device ok)
I1079	Sensor changed
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I11074	Device verification active
I1110	Write protection switch changed
I11104	Loop diagnostics
I11284	DIP MIN setting to HW active
I11285	DIP SW setting active
I1151	History reset
I1154	Reset terminal voltage min/max
I1155	Reset electronics temperature
I1157	Memory error event list
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1264	Safety sequence aborted
I1335	Firmware changed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1440	Main electronic module changed
I1444	Device verification passed
I1445	Device verification failed
I1461	Sensor verification failed
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1551	Assignment error fixed
I1552	Failed: Main electronic verification
I1554	Safety sequence started
I1555	Safety sequence confirmed
I1556	Safety mode off
I1956	Reset

## 11.8 Resetting the device

### 11.8.1 Resetting the device via the operating tool

Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state

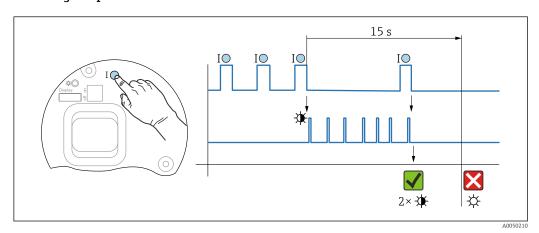
Navigation: System  $\rightarrow$  Device management  $\rightarrow$  Reset device

Reset device parameter

For details see the "Description of device parameters" documentation.

### 11.8.2 Resetting the device via keys on the electronic insert

#### Resetting the password



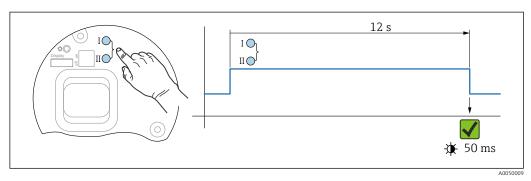
■ 24 Sequence - resetting the password

#### Deleting/resetting the password

- 1. Press operating key I three times.
  - ► The Reset Password function is started, the LED flashes.
- 2. Press operating key I once within 15 s.
  - └ The password is reset, the LED flashes briefly.

If operating key I is not pressed within 15 s, the action is canceled and the LED is no longer lit.

#### Resetting the device to the factory setting



■ 25 Operating keys on the electronic insert

### Resetting the device to the factory setting

- ▶ Press operating key I and operating key II simultaneously for at least 12 s.
  - ► Device data are reset to the factory setting, the LED flashes briefly.

### 11.9 Device information

All device information is contained in the **Information** submenu.

Navigation: System → Information

For detailed information on the **Information** submenu: Description of device parameters.

### 11.10 Firmware history

The firmware version can explicitly be ordered via the product structure. This makes it possible to ensure the compatibility of the firmware version with an existing or planned system integration.

#### Version

**01.00.00** 

Initial software

**01.01.00** 

Advanced functionality, switch output and 2nd analog output 4 to 20 mA

### 12 Maintenance

No special maintenance work is required.

### 12.1 Cleaning

#### 12.1.1 Cleaning of surfaces not in contact with the medium

- Recommendation: Use a lint-free cloth that is either dry or slightly dampened using water.
- Do not use any sharp objects or aggressive cleaning agents that corrode the surfaces (displays, housing, for example) and seals.
- Do not use high-pressure steam.
- Observe the degree of protection of the device.
- The cleaning agent used must be compatible with the materials of the device configuration. Do not use cleaning agents with concentrated mineral acids, bases or organic solvents.

#### 12.1.2 Cleaning of surfaces in contact with the medium

Note the following for cleaning and sterilization in place (CIP/SIP):

- Use only cleaning agents to which the materials in contact with the medium are sufficiently resistant.
- Observe the permitted maximum medium temperature.

#### 12.2 Seals

The process seals, located on the process connection of the device, should be replaced periodically. The interval between changes depends on the frequency of the cleaning cycles, the cleaning temperature and the medium temperature.

## 13 Repair

#### 13.1 General information

#### 13.1.1 Repair concept

Endress+Hauser repair concept

- The devices have a modular design
- Repairs can be carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated replacement instructions
- For more information on service and spare parts, please contact your Endress+Hauser sales representative.

#### 13.1.2 Repairs to Ex-approved devices

#### **WARNING**

Incorrect repair can compromise electrical safety!

Explosion hazard!

- ► Only specialist personnel or the manufacturer's service team may carry out repairs on Ex-certified devices in accordance with national regulations.
- ▶ Relevant standards and national regulations on hazardous areas, safety instructions and certificates must be observed.
- ▶ Only use original spare parts from the manufacturer.
- ▶ Please note the device designation on the nameplate. Only identical parts may be used as replacements.
- Carry out repairs according to the instructions.
- ▶ Only the manufacturer's service team is permitted to modify a certified device and convert it to another certified version.

## 13.2 Spare parts



For spare parts currently available for the product, see online at: https://www.endress.com/deviceviewer (→ Enter serial number)

## 13.3 Replacement

#### **A** CAUTION

Data upload/download is not permitted if the device is used for safety-related applications.

► After an entire device or an electronics module has been replaced, the parameters can be downloaded to the device again via the communication interface. For this, the data must have been uploaded to the PC beforehand using the "FieldCare/DeviceCare" software.

#### 13.3.1 HistoROM

It is not necessary to perform a new device calibration after replacing the display or transmitter electronics.

The spare part is supplied without HistoROM.

After removing the transmitter electronics, remove HistoRom and insert it into the new spare part.

### 13.4 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the web page for information: https://www.endress.com/support/return-material
  - → Select the region.
- 2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

### 13.5 Disposal



If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

### 14 Accessories

The accessories currently available for the product can be selected at www.endress.com:

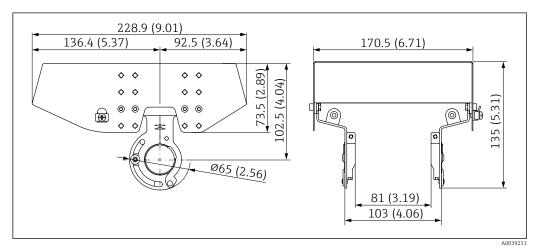
- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Spare parts & Accessories**.

### 14.1 Weather protection cover: 316L, XW112

The weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.

It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

Weather protection cover 316L is suitable for the dual compartment housing made of aluminum or 316L. The delivery includes the holder for direct mounting on the housing.



26 Dimensions of weather protection cover, 316 L, XW112. Unit of measurement mm (in)

#### Material

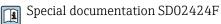
■ Weather protection cover: 316L

Clamping screw: A4

■ Holder: 316L

#### Accessory order code:

71438303

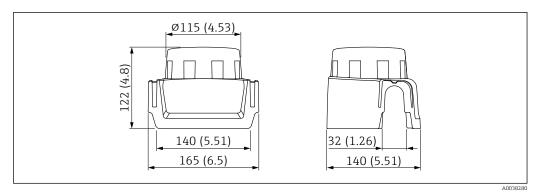


## 14.2 Weather protection cover, plastic, XW111

The weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.

It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

The plastic weather protection cover is suitable for the single compartment housing made of aluminum. The delivery includes the holder for direct mounting on the housing.



Dimensions of weather protection cover, plastic, XW111. Unit of measurement mm (in)

#### Material

Plastic

#### Accessory order code:

71438291



Special documentation SD02423F

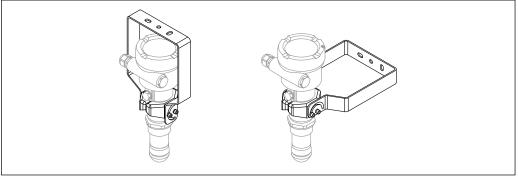
#### 14.3 Mounting bracket adjustable, FMR6xB

The device can be mounted on a wall or ceiling with the mounting bracket.

The device can be aligned with the product surface with the swivel function.

The mounting bracket can be ordered together with the device via the product structure "Accessory enclosed".

Suitable for device with single compartment plastic housing, single compartment aluminum housing or dual compartment L-shaped aluminum housing, each in combination with encapsulated antenna, 40 mm (1.5 in) PVDF or 50 mm (2 in) drip-off antenna with process connection thread.



■ 28 Mounting bracket adjustable FMR6xB; ceiling or wall mounting

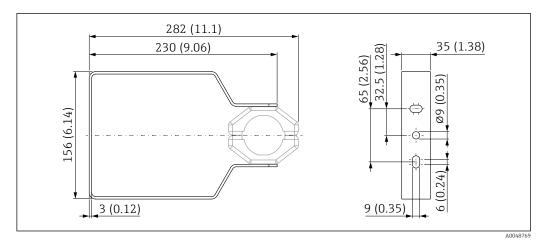
There is **no** conductive connection between the mounting bracket and the transmitter housing. The bracket should be included in local potential equalization to prevent any electrostatic charge.

Fasten only to stable materials (e.g. metal, brick, concrete) with suitable fastening fixtures (provided by the customer).

#### Accessory order code:

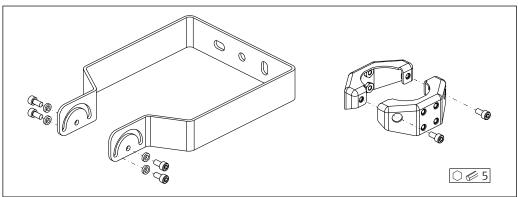
71597288

### 14.3.1 Dimensions



 $\blacksquare$  29 Dimensions; mounting bracket adjustable FMR6xB. Unit of measurement mm (in)

### 14.3.2 Scope of delivery

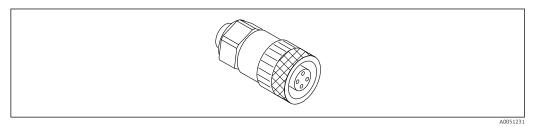


■ 30 Scope of delivery; mounting bracket adjustable FMR6xB

- 1 × mounting bracket, 316L (1.4404)
- 2 × holder, 316L (1.4404)
- 6 × screws, A4
- 4 × lock washer, A4

## 14.4 M12 plug-in jack

### 14.4.1 M12 socket, cable side



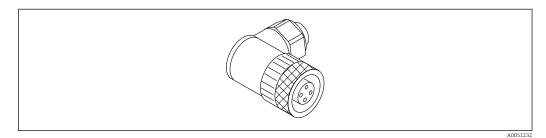
■ 31 M12 socket, cable side

Endress+Hauser 59

A0049050

- Material:
  - Body: PBT
  - Union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc
  - Seal: NBR
- Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
- Pg coupling: Pg7Order code: 52006263
- Special documentation SD02586F

### 14.4.2 M12 socket, 90deg, cable side

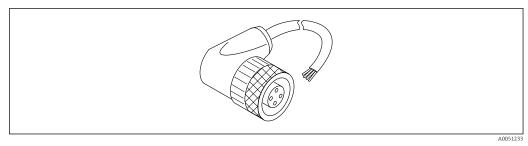


■ 32 M12 socket, angled

- Material:
  - Body: PBT
  - Union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc
  - Seal: NBR
- Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
- Pg coupling: Pg7
- Order code: 71114212



### 14.4.3 M12 socket, 100deg, 5 m (16 ft) cable

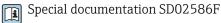


■ 33 M12 socket, 100deg, 5 m (16 ft) cable

- M12 socket material:
  - Body: TPU
  - Union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc
- Cable material:

PVC

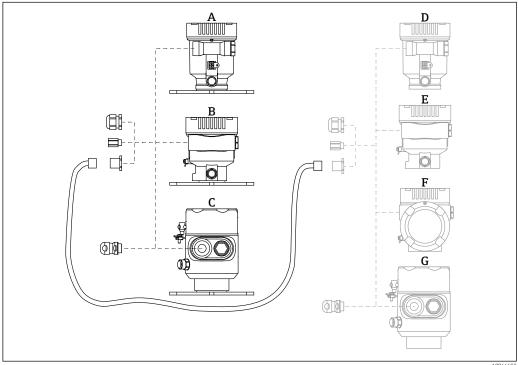
- Cable Li Y YM 4×0.34 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 AWG)
- Cable colors
  - 1 = BN = brown
  - 2 = WH = white
  - 3 = BU = blue
  - 4 = BK = black
- Order code: 52010285



#### 14.5 Remote display FHX50B

The remote display is ordered via the Product Configurator.

If the remote display is to be used, the device version Prepared for display FHX50B must be ordered.



- Single compartment housing, plastic, remote display Α
- Single compartment housing, aluminum, remote display
- С Single-compartment housing, 316L hygiene, remote display
- Device side, single compartment housing, plastic, prepared for FHX50B display
- Е Device side, single compartment housing, aluminum, prepared for FHX50B display
- Device side, dual compartment housing, L-shaped, prepared for FHX50B display Device side, single compartment housing, 316 L hygiene, prepared for FHX50B display

#### Single compartment housing material, remote display

- Aluminum
- Plastic

#### Degree of protection:

- IP68 / NEMA 6P
- IP66 / NEMA 4x

#### Connecting cable:

- Connecting cable (option) up to 30 m (98 ft)
- Standard cable supplied by customer up to 60 m (197 ft) Recommendation: EtherLine®-P CAT.5e from LAPP.

#### Specification of customer-supplied connecting cable

Push-in CAGE CLAMP® connection technology, push actuation

- Conductor cross-section:
  - Solid conductor 0.2 to 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 18 AWG)
  - Fine-stranded conductor 0.2 to 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 18 AWG)
  - Fine-stranded conductor; with insulated ferrule 0.25 to 0.34 mm<sup>2</sup>
  - Fine-stranded conductor; without insulated ferrule 0.25 to 0.34 mm<sup>2</sup>
- Stripping length 7 to 9 mm (0.28 to 0.35 in)
- Outer diameter: 6 to 10 mm (0.24 to 0.4 in)
- Maximum cable length: 60 m (197 ft)

#### Ambient temperature:

- -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
- Option: -50 to +80 °C (-58 to +176 °F)



Special documentation SD02991F

#### 14.6 Gas-tight feedthrough

Chemically inert glass feedthrough, which prevents gases from entering the electronics

Can optionally be ordered as "Accessory mounted" via the product structure.

#### 14.7 Commubox FXA195 HART

For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface



Technical Information TI00404F

## HART loop converter HMX50

Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values.

#### Order number:

71063562



Technical Information TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F

#### 14.9 FieldPort SWA50

Intelligent Bluetooth® and/or WirelessHART adapter for all HART field devices



Technical Information TI01468S

### 14.10 Wireless HART adapter SWA70

The WirelessHART adapter is used for the wireless connection of field devices. It can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks.



Operating Instructions BA00061S

### 14.11 Fieldgate FXA42

Fieldgates enable communication between connected 4 to 20 mA, Modbus RS485 and Modbus TCP devices and SupplyCare Hosting or SupplyCare Enterprise. The signals are transmitted either via Ethernet TCP/IP, WLAN or cellular radio (UMTS). Advanced automation capabilities are available, such as an integrated Web-PLC, OpenVPN and other functions.



Technical Information TI01297S and Operating Instructions BA01778S

### 14.12 Field Xpert SMT70

Universal, high-performance tablet PC for device configuration in Ex Zone 2 and non-Ex areas



Technical Information TI01342S

### 14.13 DeviceCare SFE100

Configuration tool for HART, PROFIBUS and FOUNDATION Fieldbus field devices



Technical Information TI01134S

#### 14.14 FieldCare SFE500

FDT-based plant asset management tool

It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.



Technical Information TI00028S

#### 14.15 Memograph M RSG45

The Advanced Data Manager is a flexible and powerful system for organizing process values.

The Memograph M is used for electronic acquisition, display, recording, analysis, remote transmission and archiving of analog and digital input signals as well as calculated values.



Technical Information TI01180R and Operating Instructions BA01338R

### 14.16 RN42

Single-channel active barrier with wide-range power supply for safe electrical isolation of 4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits, HART transparent.



Technical Information TI01584K and Operating Instructions BA02090K

### 15 Technical data

### 15.1 Input

#### Measured variable

The measured variable is the distance between the reference point and the product surface. The level is calculated based on "E", the empty distance entered.

#### Measuring range

The measuring range starts at the point where the beam hits the tank floor. Levels below this point cannot be measured, particularly in the case of spherical bases or conical outlets.

#### Maximum measuring range

The maximum measuring range depends on the antenna size and design.

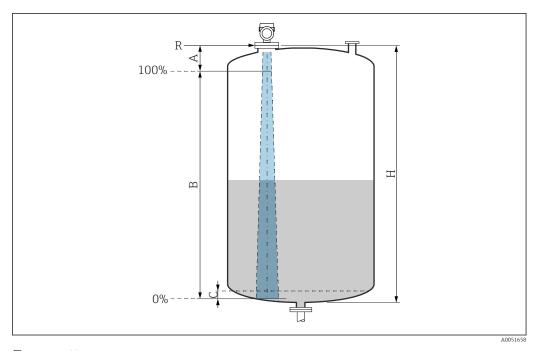
Antenna	Maximum measuring range
Encapsulated, PVDF, 40 mm (1.5 in)	40 m (131 ft)
Drip-off, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in)	50 m (164 ft)
Integrated, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in)	10 m (32.8 ft)
Integrated, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in)	22 m (72 ft)

#### Usable measuring range

The usable measuring range depends on the antenna size, the medium's reflective properties, the installation position and any possible interference reflections.

In principle, measurement is possible up to the tip of the antenna.

To avoid any material damage from corrosive or aggressive media or deposit buildup on the antenna, the end of the measuring range should be selected 10 mm (0.4 in) before the tip of the antenna.



■ 34 Usable measuring range

- A Length of antenna + 10 mm (0.4 in)
- B Usable measuring range
- C 50 to 80 mm (1.97 to 3.15 in); medium  $\varepsilon r < 2$
- H Vessel height
- R Reference point of measurement, varies depending on the antenna system

 $\blacksquare$  For further information on the reference point, see  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  Mechanical construction.

In the case of media with a low dielectric constant,  $\varepsilon r < 2$ , the tank floor may be visible through the medium at very low levels (lower than level C). Reduced accuracy must be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, the zero point should be positioned at a distance C above the tank floor in these applications  $\rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  Usable measuring range.

The media groups and the possible measuring range are described as a function of the application and media group in the following section. If the dielectric constant of the medium is not known, to ensure a reliable measurement assume the medium belongs to group B.

#### Media groups

■ **A0** ( $\varepsilon_r$  1.2 to 1.4)

e.g. n-butane, liquid nitrogen, liquid hydrogen

■ **A** ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$  1.4 to 1.9)

Non-conductive liquids, e.g. liquefied gas

**■ B** ( $\varepsilon_r$  1.9 to 4)

Non-conductive liquids, e.g. gasoline, oil, toluene, etc.

**■ C** ( $\epsilon_{\rm r}$  4 to 10)

e.g. concentrated acid, organic solvents, ester, aniline, etc.

**■ D**  $(\epsilon_r > 10)$ 

Conductive liquids, aqueous solutions, diluted acids, bases and alcohol

# Measurement of the following media with absorbing gas phase For example:

- Ammonia
- Acetone
- Methylene chloride
- Methyl ethyl ketone
- Propylene oxide
- VCM (vinyl chloride monomer)

To measure absorbing gases, either use a guided radar, measuring devices with another measuring frequency or another measuring principle.

If measurements must be performed in one of these media, please contact Endress +Hauser.

- For the relative permittivity values ( $\epsilon_r$  values) of many media commonly used in industry, please refer to:
  - ullet Relative permittivity ( $\varepsilon_{r}$  value), Compendium CP01076F
  - The Endress+Hauser "DC Values app" (available for Android and iOS)

Measurement in storage vessel

#### Storage vessel - measuring conditions

Calm medium surface (e.g. bottom filling, filling via immersion tube or rare filling from above)

Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in storage vessel

	Media group	Measuring range
	<b>A0</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.2 to 1.4)	1.5 m (5 ft)
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	2.5 m (8 ft)
	<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	5 m (16 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	8 m (26 ft)
	<b>D</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> >10)	10 m (33 ft)
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Integrated antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in) in storage vessel

	Media group	Measuring range
n 🗑	<b>A0</b> ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	3 m (10 ft)
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	6 m (20 ft)
	<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	11 m (36 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	15 m (49 ft)
	$\mathbf{D}$ ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r} > 10$ )	22 m (72 ft)

### Encapsulated antenna, PVDF, 40 mm (1.5 in) in storage vessel

	Media group	Measuring range
n 👨	<b>A0</b> ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	7 m (23 ft)
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	12 m (39.4 ft)
	$m{B}$ ( $\epsilon_{ m r}$ 1.9 to 4)	23 m (75.5 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	40 m (131 ft)
	$\mathbf{D}$ ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r} > 10$ )	40 m (131 ft)

PTFE Drip-off antenna, 50 mm (2 in) in storage vessel

Media group	Measuring range
<b>A0</b> ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	7 m (23 ft)
<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	12 m (39 ft)
<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	23 m (75 ft)
<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	40 m (131 ft)
<b>D</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> >10)	50 m (164 ft)

Measurement in the buffer vessel

### Buffer vessel - measuring conditions

Moving medium surface (e.g. permanent free filling from above, mixing jets)

### Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in buffer vessel

	Media group	Measuring range
	<b>A0</b> ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	1 m (3.3 ft)
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	1.5 m (5 ft)
	<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	3 m (10 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	6 m (20 ft)
	<b>D</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> >10)	8 m (26 ft)
,		
<b>□</b>		

## Integrated antenna, PEEK, $40\ mm\ (1.5\ in)$ in buffer vessel

Media group	Measuring range
<b>A0</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.2 to 1.4)	1.5 m (5 ft)
<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	3 m (10 ft)
<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	6 m (20 ft)
<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	13 m (43 ft)
$\mathbf{D}$ ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r} > 10$ )	20 m (66 ft)

### Encapsulated antenna, PVDF, 40 mm (1.5 in) in buffer vessel

	Media group	Measuring range
	<b>A0</b> ( $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	4 m (13 ft)
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	7.5 m (24.6 ft)
A	<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	15 m (49.2 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	25 m (82 ft)
	<b>D</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> >10)	35 m (114.8 ft)
,,		

PTFE Drip-off antenna, 50 mm (2 in) in buffer vessel

	Media group	Measuring range
	<b>A0</b> ( $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	4 m (13 ft)
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	7 m (23 ft)
	<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	13 m (43 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	28 m (92 ft)
	<b>D</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> >10)	44 m (144 ft)
\		

Measurement in vessel with agitator

### Vessel with agitator - measuring conditions

Turbulent medium surface (e.g. from filling from above, stirrers and baffles)

Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in vessel with agitator

	Media group	Measuring range
	<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	1 m (3.3 ft)
	<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	1.5 m (5 ft)
	<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	3 m (10 ft)
	$\mathbf{D}$ ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r} > 10$ )	5 m (16 ft)
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Integrated antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in) in vessel with agitator

Media group	Measuring range
<b>A0</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.2 to 1.4)	1 m (3.3 ft)
<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	1.5 m (5 ft)
<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	3 m (10 ft)
<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	7 m (23 ft)
$\mathbf{D}$ ( $\varepsilon_{r} > 10$ )	11 m (36 ft)

#### Encapsulated antenna, PVDF, 40 mm (1.5 in) in vessel with agitator

Media group	Measuring range
<b>A0</b> ( $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	2 m (7 ft)
<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	4 m (13 ft)
<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	5 m (16.4 ft)
<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	15 m (49.2 ft)
<b>D</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> >10)	20 m (65.6 ft)

### PTFE Drip-off antenna, 50 mm (2 in) in vessel with agitator

Media group	Measuring range
<b>A0</b> ( $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ 1.2 to 1.4)	2 m (7 ft)
<b>A</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.4 to 1.9)	4 m (13 ft)
<b>B</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 1.9 to 4)	7 m (23 ft)
<b>C</b> (ε <sub>r</sub> 4 to 10)	15 m (49 ft)
$\mathbf{D}$ ( $\varepsilon_{\rm r} > 10$ )	25 m (82 ft)

### Operating frequency

Approx. 80 GHz

Up to 8 devices can be installed in a tank without the devices mutually influencing one another.

#### Transmission power

■ Peak power: <1.5 mW

■ Average output power: <70 µW

## 15.2 Output

### Output signal

**HART** 

 ${\bf Signal\ coding:}$ 

FSK ±0.5 mA over current signal

Data transmission rate:

1200 Bit/s

Galvanic isolation:

Yes

#### Current output 1, 4 to 20 mA passive

4 to 20 mA with superimposed digital communication protocol HART, 2-wire

Current output 1 offers three operating modes for selection:

- 4.0 to 20.5 mA
- NAMUR NE 43: 3.8 to 20.5 mA (factory setting)
- US mode: 3.9 to 20.8 mA
- Current output 1 is always assigned to the level measured value.

#### Current output 2, 4 to 20 mA passive (optional)

Current output 2 is available as an option.

Current output 2 offers three operating modes for selection:

- 4.0 to 20.5 mA
- NAMUR NE 43: 3.8 to 20.5 mA (factory setting)
- US mode: 3.9 to 20.8 mA
- Current output 2 can be assigned to the following device variables:
- Level linearized
  - Distance
  - Terminal voltage
  - Electronics temperature
  - Sensor temperature
  - Absolute echo amplitude
  - Relative echo amplitude
  - Area of incoupling
  - Percent of range
  - Loop current
  - Terminal current
  - Buildup index parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Buildup detection → Configuration → Buildup index)
  - Buildup detection on current output 2? parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Buildup detection → Diagnostic settings → Buildup detection on current output 2?) Note: If "Yes" is selected here, the previous setting of "Output settings" will be overwritten.
  - Foam index parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection → Configuration → Foam index)
  - Foam detection on current output 2? parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection → Diagnostic settings → Foam detection on current output 2?) Note: If "Yes" is selected here, the previous setting of "Output settings" will be overwritten.
  - Loop diagnostics on current output 2? parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Loop diagnostics → Activate/Deactivate → Loop diagnostics on current output 2?) Note: If "Yes" is selected here, the previous setting of "Output settings" will be overwritten.

#### Switching output (optional)

- 🚹 The switching output is available as an option.
- Function:
  - Open collector switching output
- Switching behavior:
   Binary (conductive or non-conductive), switches when the programmable switch-on point/switch-off point is reached
- Failure mode:

Non-conductive

• Electrical connection data:

 $U = 16 \text{ to } 35 \text{ V}_{DC}$ , I = 0 to 40 mA

■ Internal resistor:

 $R_{\rm I} < 880 \ \Omega$ 

The voltage drop at this internal resistor must be taken into account when planning the configuration. For example, the resulting voltage at a connected relay must be sufficient to switch the relay.

For optimum interference immunity, we recommend to connect an external resistor (internal resistance of the relay or pull-up resistor) of  $< 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ .

• Insulation voltages:

Floating, insulation voltage 1350  $\,V_{DC}$  in relation to power supply and 500  $\,V_{AC}$  in relation to ground

Switching point:

User-programmable, separate for switch-on point and switch-off point

Switching delay:

User-programmable in the 0 to  $100 \, s$  range, separate for switch-on point and switch-off point

Scan rate:

Corresponds to the measuring cycle

Number of switch cycles:

Unlimited

- The switching output can be assigned to the following device variables:
  - Level linearized
  - Distance
    - Terminal voltage
    - Electronics temperature
    - Sensor temperature
    - Relative echo amplitude
    - Area of incoupling
    - Buildup index parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Buildup detection → Configuration → Buildup index)
    - Buildup detection on switch output? parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Buildup detection → Diagnostic settings → Buildup detection on switch output?) Note: If "Yes" is selected here, the previous setting of "Output settings" will be overwritten.
    - Foam index parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection → Configuration → Foam index)
    - Foam detection on switch output? parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection → Diagnostic settings → Foam detection on switch output?) Note: If "Yes" is selected here, the previous setting of "Output settings" will be overwritten.
    - Loop diagnostics on switch output? parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Loop diagnostics → Activate/Deactivate → Loop diagnostics on switch output?) Note: If "Yes" is selected here, the previous setting of "Output settings" will be overwritten.

#### Signal on alarm

#### **Current output**

Failure mode (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 43):

- Minimum alarm (= factory setting): 3.6 mA
- Maximum alarm: 22 mA
- Failure mode with user-configurable value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA

#### Local display

Status signal (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107): Plain text display

#### Operating tool via service interface (CDI)

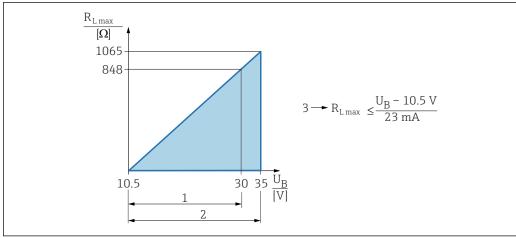
Status signal (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107): Plain text display

## Operating tool via HART communication

Status signal (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107): Plain text display

Load

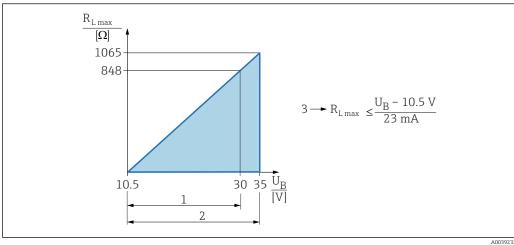
## 4 to 20 mA passive, HART



- 1 Power supply 10.5 to 30 VDC Ex i
- Power supply 10.5 to 35 VDC, for other types of protection and non-certified device versions 2
- 3  $R_{I,max}$  maximum load resistance
- Supply voltage

Operation via handheld terminal or PC with operating program: take minimum communication resistance of 250  $\Omega$  into consideration.

#### 4 to 20 mA passive, current output 2 (optional)



- 1 Power supply 10.5 to 30 VDC Ex i
- Power supply 10.5 to 35 VDC, for other types of protection and non-certified device versions
- 3  $R_{Lmax}$  maximum load resistance
- Supply voltage

Linearization

The linearization function of the device allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of length, weight, flow or volume.

## Pre-programmed linearization curves

Linearization tables for calculating the volume in the following vessels are preprogrammed into the device:

- Pyramid bottom
- Conical bottom
- Angled bottom
- Horizontal cylinder
- Sphere

Other linearization tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually.

#### Protocol-specific data

#### **HART**

#### Manufacturer ID:

 $17 (0x11\{hex\})$ 

#### Device type ID:

0x11C1

#### Device revision:

1

## **HART** specification:

7

#### DD version:

1

#### Device description files (DTM, DD)

Information and files available at:

www.endress.com

On the product page for the device: Documents/Software → Device drivers

www.fieldcommgroup.org

## HART load:

Min. 250 Ω

#### HART device variables

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variable	Measured value
Assign PV (The PV is always applied to current output 1)	Level linearized
Assign SV	Distance
Assign TV	Absolute echo amplitude
Assign QV	Relative echo amplitude

## Choice of HART device variables

- Level linearized
- Distance
- Terminal voltage
- Electronics temperature
- Sensor temperature
- Absolute echo amplitude
- Relative echo amplitude
- Area of incoupling
- Percent of range
- Loop current
- Terminal current

- **Buildup index** parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Buildup  $detection \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow Buildup index)$
- Buildup detection parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Buildup  $detection \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow Buildup detection)$
- Foam index parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection  $\rightarrow$  Configuration  $\rightarrow$  Foam index)
- Foam detection parameter, optional (Guidance  $\rightarrow$  Heartbeat Technology  $\rightarrow$  Foam  $detection \rightarrow Configuration \rightarrow Foam detection)$
- **Loop diagnostics** parameter, optional (Diagnostics → Heartbeat Technology → Loop diagnostics → Loop diagnostics)

#### Supported functions

- Burst mode
- Additional transmitter status
- Device locking

#### Wireless HART data

#### Minimum start-up voltage:

10.5 V

#### Start-up current:

< 3.6 mA

#### Starting time:

< 15 s

#### Minimum operating voltage:

10.5 V

#### Multidrop current:

4 mA

#### Time to establish connection:

< 30 s

#### 15.3 **Environment**

#### Ambient temperature range

The following values apply up to a process temperature of +85 °C (+185 °F). At higher process temperatures, the permitted ambient temperature is reduced.

- Without LCD display:
  - Standard: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)
  - Optionally available: -50 to +85 °C (-58 to +185 °F) with restricted operating life and performance
  - $\bullet$  Optionally available: -60 to +85 °C (-76 to +185 °F) with restricted operating life and performance; below −50 °C (−58 °F): devices can be damaged permanently
- With LCD display: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) with limitations in optical properties such as display speed and contrast for example. Can be used without limitations up to  $-20 \text{ to } +60 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-4 \text{ to } +140 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

### Restriction of the ambient temperature

In the case of devices with current output 2 or switching output, the permitted ambient temperature limit is reduced by 5 K due to the higher operating temperature of the electronics.



If operating outdoors in strong sunlight:

- Mount the device in the shade.
- Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.
- Use a weather protection cover (see accessories).

Ambient temperature limits

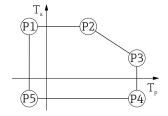
The permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$  depends on the selected housing material (Product Configurator  $\rightarrow$  Housing; Material  $\rightarrow$ ) and the selected process temperature range (Product Configurator  $\rightarrow$  Application  $\rightarrow$ ).

In the event of temperature  $(T_p)$  at the process connection, the permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$  is reduced.

The following information only takes functional aspects into consideration. Additional restrictions may apply for certified device versions.

## Plastic housing

Plastic housing; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)

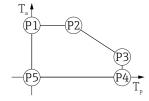


A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  35 Plastic housing; process temperature –20 to +150  $^{\circ}$ C (–4 to +302  $^{\circ}$ F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F) is limited to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing



A0048826

 $\blacksquare$  36 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +150  $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +302  $^{\circ}$ F) with CSA C/US approval

```
P1 = T_p: 0 °C (+32 °F) | T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F)

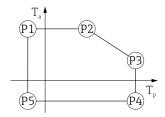
P2 = T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) | T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F)

P3 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) | T_a: +25 °C (+77 °F)

P4 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) | T_a: 0 °C (+32 °F)

P5 = T_p: 0 °C (+32 °F) | T_a: 0 °C (+32 °F)
```

Plastic housing; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)

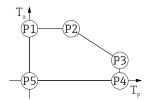


A0032024

■ 37 Plastic housing; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F) is limited to 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F).

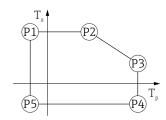
Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +200  $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +392  $^{\circ}$ F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing



A0048826

 $\blacksquare$  38 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) with CSA C/US approval

Plastic housing; process temperature -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)



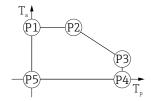
A0032024

■ 39 Plastic housing; process temperature -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of

```
-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) is limited to 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F).
```

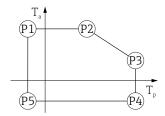
Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing



A0048826

 $\blacksquare$  40 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F) with CSA C/US approval

Plastic housing; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)

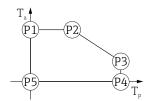


A0032024

■ 41 Plastic housing; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F) is limited to 0 to +130 °C (+32 to +266 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +130  $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +266  $^{\circ}$ F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

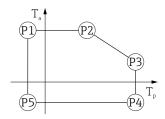


A0048826

 $\blacksquare$  42 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +130  $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +266  $^{\circ}$ F) with CSA C/US approval

```
\begin{array}{llll} P1 & = & T_p : \ 0 \ ^{\circ} \ (+32 \ ^{\circ} F) & | & T_a : \ +76 \ ^{\circ} \ (+169 \ ^{\circ} F) \\ P2 & = & T_p : \ +76 \ ^{\circ} \ (+169 \ ^{\circ} F) & | & T_a : \ +76 \ ^{\circ} \ (+169 \ ^{\circ} F) \\ P3 & = & T_p : \ +130 \ ^{\circ} \ (+266 \ ^{\circ} F) & | & T_a : \ +41 \ ^{\circ} \ (+106 \ ^{\circ} F) \\ P4 & = & T_p : \ +130 \ ^{\circ} \ (+266 \ ^{\circ} F) & | & T_a : \ 0 \ ^{\circ} \ (+32 \ ^{\circ} F) \\ P5 & = & T_p : \ 0 \ ^{\circ} \ (+32 \ ^{\circ} F) & | & T_a : \ 0 \ ^{\circ} \ (+32 \ ^{\circ} F) \\ \end{array}
```

Plastic housing; process temperature -40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)



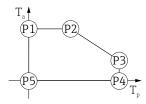
A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  43 Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of -40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F) is limited to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F).

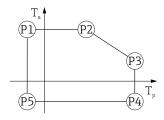
80

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +150  $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +302  $^{\circ}$ F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing



 $\blacksquare$  44 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval

Plastic housing; process temperature -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)



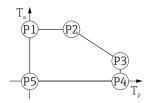
A0032024

A0048826

 $\blacksquare$  45 Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F) is limited to 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +200  $^{\circ}$ C (+32 to +392  $^{\circ}$ F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

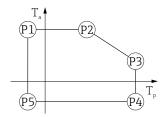


A004882

■ 46 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) with CSA C/US approval

### Aluminum housing, coated

Aluminum housing; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)

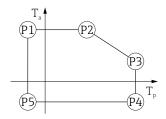


A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  47 Aluminum housing, coated; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)

 $P5 = T_p: -20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-4 \,^{\circ}\text{F}) \mid T_a: -20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-4 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

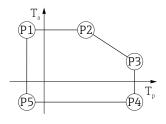
Aluminum housing; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)



A0032024

■ 48 Aluminum housing, coated; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)

Aluminum housing; process temperature -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)

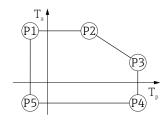


A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  49 Aluminum housing, coated; process temperature –40 to +80  $^{\circ}$ C (–40 to +176  $^{\circ}$ F)

82

## Aluminum housing; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)

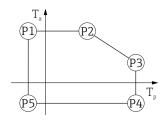


A0032024

■ 50 Aluminum housing, coated; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)

 $P5 = T_p: -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-40 \,^{\circ}\text{F}) \mid T_a: -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (-40 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +150  $^{\circ}$ C (–40 to +302  $^{\circ}$ F)

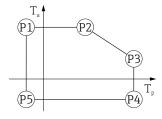


A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  51 Aluminum housing, coated; process temperature –40 to +150  $^{\circ}$ C (–40 to +302  $^{\circ}$ F)

 $\begin{array}{llll} P1 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +79 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+174 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P2 & = & T_p : +79 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+174 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +79 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+174 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P3 & = & T_p : +150 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+302 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +53 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+127 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P4 & = & T_p : +150 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+302 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P5 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ \end{array}$ 

Aluminum housing; process temperature -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)



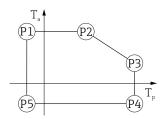
A0032024

■ 52 Aluminum housing, coated; process temperature -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)

 $\begin{array}{lllll} P1 & = & T_p \colon -40\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (-40\,^{\circ}\text{F}) & | & T_a \colon +79\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (+174\,^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ P2 & = & T_p \colon +79\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (+174\,^{\circ}\text{F}) & | & T_a \colon +79\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (+174\,^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ P3 & = & T_p \colon +200\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (+392\,^{\circ}\text{F}) & | & T_a \colon +47\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (+117\,^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ P4 & = & T_p \colon +200\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (+392\,^{\circ}\text{F}) & | & T_a \colon -40\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (-40\,^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ P5 & = & T_p \colon -40\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (-40\,^{\circ}\text{F}) & | & T_a \colon -40\,^{\circ}\text{C} \; (-40\,^{\circ}\text{F}) \\ \end{array}$ 

## 316L housing

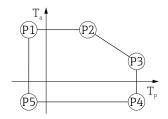
316L housing; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)



A0032024

■ 53 316L housing; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)

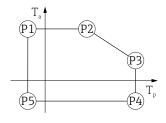
316L housing; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)



A0032024

■ 54 316L housing; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)

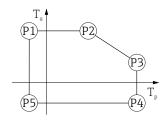
316L housing; process temperature -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)



A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  55 316L housing; process temperature -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)

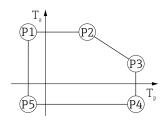
## 316L housing; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)



 $\blacksquare$  56 316L housing; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)

 $\begin{array}{llll} P1 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +77 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+171 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P2 & = & T_p : +77 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+171 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +77 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+171 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P3 & = & T_p : +130 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+266 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +54 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+129 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P4 & = & T_p : +130 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+266 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P5 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ \end{array}$ 

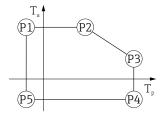
#### 316L housing; process temperature -40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)



■ 57 316L housing; process temperature range: -40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)

 $\begin{array}{llll} P1 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +77 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+171 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P2 & = & T_p : +77 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+171 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +77 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+171 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P3 & = & T_p : +150 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+302 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +43 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+109 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P4 & = & T_p : +150 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+302 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P5 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ \end{array}$ 

## 316L housing; process temperature -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)



 $\blacksquare$  58 316L housing; process temperature -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)

A0032024

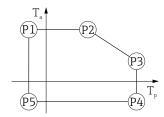
A0032024

A0032024

85

### 316L housing, hygiene

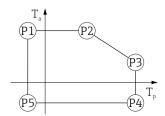
316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)



A0032024

■ 59 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)

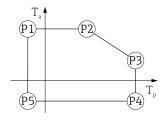
316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)



A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  60 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)

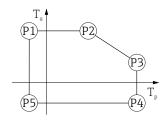


A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  61 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)

86

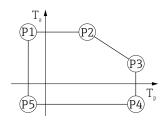
#### 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)



A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  62 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)

## 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)

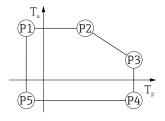


A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  63 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature range: -40 to +150  $^{\circ}$ C (-40 to +302  $^{\circ}$ F)

```
\begin{array}{llll} P1 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +76 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+169 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P2 & = & T_p : +76 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+169 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +76 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+169 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P3 & = & T_p : +150 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+302 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : +41 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+106 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P4 & = & T_p : +150 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (+302 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ P5 & = & T_p : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) & | & T_a : -40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{C} \, (-40 \, ^{\circ} \! \text{F}) \\ \end{array}
```

### 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature -40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)



A0032024

 $\blacksquare$  64 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +200  $^{\circ}$ C (–40 to +392  $^{\circ}$ F)

Storage temperature

- Without LCD display: -40 to +90 °C (-40 to +194 °F)
- With LCD display: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F)

Climate class

DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

## Installation height as per IEC61010-1 Ed.3

- Generally up to 2000 m (6600 ft) above sea level
- Over 2 000 m (6 600 ft) under the following conditions:
  - Supply voltage < 35 V<sub>DC</sub>
  - Power supply, overvoltage category 1

#### Degree of protection

Testing according to IEC 60529 and NEMA 250

#### Housing

IP66/68, NEMA Type 4X/6P

IP68 test condition: 1.83 m under water for 24 hours.

#### Cable entries

- M20 coupling, plastic, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- M20 coupling, nickel-plated brass, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- M20 coupling, 316L, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- M20 coupling, hygiene, IP66/68/69 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- M20 thread, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- G ½ thread, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P If the G½ thread is selected, the device is provided with an M20 thread as standard and a M20 to G½ adapter is included, along with the associated documentation
- ullet NPT ½ thread , IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- HAN7D plug, 90 degrees, IP65 NEMA Type 4X
- M12 plug
  - When housing is closed and connecting cable is plugged in: IP66/67 NEMA Type 4X
  - When housing is open or connecting cable is not plugged in: IP20, NEMA Type 1

#### NOTICE

## M12 plug and HAN7D plug: incorrect mounting can invalidate the IP protection class!

- ► The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is plugged in and screwed tight.
- ► The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is specified according to IP67 NEMA Type 4X.
- ► The protection classes are only maintained if the dummy cap is used or the cable is connected.

#### Vibration resistance

DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 60068-2-64 for 5 to 2000 Hz: 1.25 (m/s<sup>2</sup>)<sup>2</sup>/Hz

# Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- Electromagnetic compatibility as per EN 61326 series and NAMUR recommendation EMC (NE21)
- With regard to the safety function (SIL), the requirements of EN 61326-3-x are satisfied
- Maximum measured error during EMC testing: < 0.5 % of the span.

For more details refer to the EU Declaration of Conformity.

## 15.4 Process

Process pressure range

#### **WARNING**

The maximum pressure for the device depends on the lowest-rated component with regard to pressure (components are: process connection, optional mounted parts or accessories).

- ▶ Only operate the device within the specified limits for the components!
- ▶ MWP (Maximum Working Pressure): The MWP is specified on the nameplate. This value refers to a reference temperature of +20 °C (+68 °F) and may be applied to the device for an unlimited time. Note temperature dependence of MWP. For flanges, refer to the following standards for the permitted pressure values at higher temperatures: EN 1092-1 (with regard to their stability/temperature property, the materials 1.4435 and 1.4404 are grouped together under EN 1092-1; the chemical composition of the two materials can be identical), ASME B16.5, JIS B2220 (the latest version of the standard applies in each case). MWP data that deviate from this are provided in the relevant sections of the Technical Information.
- ► The Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU) uses the abbreviation **PS** . This corresponds to the maximum working pressure (MWP) of the device.

The following tables show the dependencies between the seal material, process temperature  $(T_P)$  and process pressure range for each process connection that can be selected for the antenna used.

#### Encapsulated antenna, PVDF, 40 mm (1.5 in)

Process connection thread 1-1/2"

	Seal	T <sub>p</sub>	Process pressure range
	PVDF encapsulated	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	PVDF encapsulated	+80 to +130 °C (+176 to +266 °F)	Atmospheric pressure
	with the dust ignition-proof		
A0047831	PVDF encapsulated	-20 to +80 °C (-4 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)

#### Process connection UNI flange PP

	Seal	Tp	Process pressure range
	PVDF encapsulated	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	The following temperature restriction applies to devices with the dust ignition-proof approval category 1D, 2D or 3D		
A0047947	PVDF encapsulated	-20 to +80 °C (-4 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

## Drip-off antenna 50 mm (2 in)

## Process connection thread

	Seal	$T_{\rm p}$	Process pressure range
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +130 °C (−40 to +266 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)
	EPDM	-40 to +130 °C (−40 to +266 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)
	HNBR	−20 to +150 °C (−4 to +302 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)
A0047447	FFKM Kalrez	−20 to +150 °C (−4 to +302 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)
	FFKM Kalrez	-20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)	-1 to 16 bar (-14.5 to 232 psi)

## Process connection UNI flange PP

	Seal	T <sub>p</sub>	Process pressure range	
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)	
	EPDM	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)	
	The following temp O-ring	The following temperature restriction applies to devices with the HNBR or FFKM Kalrez O-ring		
	HNBR	−20 to +80 °C (−4 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)	
A00477	FFKM Kalrez	-20 to +80 °C (-4 to +176 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)	

## Process connection UNI flange 316L

	Seal	T <sub>p</sub>	Process pressure range
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	EPDM	-40 to +130 °C (-40 to +266 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	HNBR	-20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
A0047726	FFKM Kalrez	-20 to +150 °C (-4 to +302 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)
	FFKM Kalrez	-20 to +200 °C (-4 to +392 °F)	-1 to 3 bar (-14.5 to 43.5 psi)

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

## Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in)

## Process connection thread 3/4"

	Seal	$T_{\mathrm{p}}$	Process pressure range
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
	FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
	FFKM Kalrez	−20 to +150 °C (−4 to +302 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
	FFKM Kalrez	−20 to +200 °C (−4 to +392 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
A0047832			

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

## Integrated antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in)

Process connection thread 1-1/2"

		Seal	$T_{\mathrm{p}}$	Process pressure range
		FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
		FKM Viton GLT	-40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
	FFKM Kalrez	−20 to +150 °C (−4 to +302 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)	
		FFKM Kalrez	−20 to +200 °C (−4 to +392 °F)	-1 to 20 bar (-14.5 to 290 psi)
	A0047833			

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

## Dielectric constant

## For liquids

 $\epsilon_r \geq ~1.2$ 

Contact Endress+Hauser for applications with lower dielectric constants than indicated.

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