# Technical Information **FlexView FMA90**

Control unit





## Control unit with color display and touch control for up to two ultrasonic, radar, hydrostatic or universal 4-20 mA/HART level sensors

#### Application

- Level measurement for level linearization and set point monitoring for alarm generation
- Level measurement with various pump control options for up to 8 pumps
- Differential level measurement for control calculations using two sensors
- Flow measurement in open channels or weirs, optionally with backflow detection
- Flow measurement with counting pulse output to external units and flow totalizers
- Flow measurement for storm water overflow tanks

#### Your benefits

- Simple operation and visualization via 3.5" colour display and touch control or integrated web server
- Communication via Ethernet or wirelessly via WLAN
- Compatible with every two-wire or four-wire level transmitter with 4-20 mA/ HART interface
- Quick and easy commissioning thanks to guided wizards
- Automatic detection and configuration of the following Endress+Hauser sensors: Micropilot FMR20B, FMR30B, and Waterpilot FMX21
- International Gas-Ex and Dust-Ex approvals
- Available for universal use as field housing, DIN rail device or panel-mounted device



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## Function and system design

The device is designed for the water and wastewater industry for the evaluation of measured values and device status, as well as for the configuration of the following Endress+Hauser sensors:

- Radar time-of-flight method: Micropilot FMR10B<sup>1)</sup>, FMR20B, FMR30B
- Hydrostatic level measurement: Waterpilot FMX11<sup>1)</sup>, FMX21

Universal level sensors can also be connected to the 4 to 20 mA/HART inputs.

#### Typical measuring tasks

- Level measurement and linearization
- Flow measurement at open flumes and weirs
- Pump control
- Rake control

#### Measuring principle The

The device receives a 4 to 20 mA signal from connected sensors and scales it to a level value.

Connected HART sensors provide a digital value with a unit that is scaled according to the application.

#### Level measurement using ultrasonic or radar sensor

The level sensor sends an electromagnetic wave or ultrasonic pulses in the direction of the surface of the medium. These are reflected there, and then received again by the level sensor. The sensor measures the time t between the transmission and reception of a pulse. The distance D between the sensor and the surface of the medium is calculated from this. The level L is derived from D. Schematic representation below; for details regarding the measuring principle, see the Operating Instructions of the connected sensor technology.



I Configuration parameters for level measurement using an ultrasonic or radar sensor

- 1 Level sensor
- 2 FlexView FMA90
- D Distance between sensor (reference point) and surface of medium
- E Empty calibration (Empty)
- F Full calibration (Full)
- L Level

<sup>1) 4</sup> to 20 mA only, configuration via HART not possible

#### Level measurement using the hydrostatic sensor

The ceramic measuring cell is a dry measuring cell, i.e. the pressure acts directly on the robust, ceramic process membrane of the Waterpilot. Changes in atmospheric pressure are guided via a pressure compensation tube through the supporting cable to the rear of the ceramic process membrane and are compensated for. A pressure-dependent change in capacitance, caused by the movement of the process membrane, is measured at the electrodes of the ceramic carrier. The sensor electronics will then convert this to a signal that is proportional to the pressure and linear to the level. At the field housing of the FlexView FMA90, the pressure compensation tube can be inserted directly. Pressure compensation relative to the environment is achieved via an integrated membrane.



- Rake control
- Pump control

Application packages

#### Application examples for flow measurement

- Flow measurement in flumes or weirs using stored curves or free tables
- Offsetting of both channels
- Totalizer + pulses
- Backwater detection
- Storm water overflow tank

#### Application examples for level measurement

#### Level measurement and alarm output

The level is recorded with the sensor. Limit values can be used to define minimum and maximum values and switch relays accordingly. Linearization must be set to "on" for the level to be passed on.



■ 2 Level measurement and alarm output

- 1 Level sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- 2 FlexView FMA90
- L Level

#### Level linearization

#### Pre-programmed linearization curves

- None (the sensor value is adopted directly)
- "Linear" cylindrical tank
- Horizontal cylindrical tank
- Spherical tank
- Tank with pyramid bottom
- Tank with conical bottom
- Tank with flat angled bottom

#### Linearization table

- Manual entry
- Up to 32 linearization points "Level Volume". A linearization table can be created on the device or via the web server using editors. This table can be imported and exported as a CSV file (backup) in the web server.

#### Rake control (differential measurement)

Two sensors measure the levels before the rake (= upstream water level) and after the rake (= downstream water level). If the rake is dirty, the difference between the levels increases and the relays can be switched accordingly for rake control.

The rake control can operate in two modes: Difference: upstream water level – downstream water level or Ratio downstream water level / upstream water level



Rake control (differential measurement)

- 1 Level sensors (e.g. Radar or ultrasonic sensor). Left sensor: upstream water level; right sensor: downstream water level
- 2 FlexView FMA90
- M Motor for rake control

#### Pump control

Via the pump control, up to eight pumps can be controlled individually or in groups based on the level, the status of digital inputs and/or the time. Additional functions for pump control are individually configurable. Each pump control can be operated in 2 modes: limit value control or pump rate control.

On 2-channel devices, two individual pump controls can be activated.



Image: A Pump control for up to eight pumps. Example on the left: Filling; on the right: Emptying

- 1 Level sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- 2 FlexView FMA90

Individually configurable for each pump:

- Pump switching delay
- E.g. to prevent overload of the power supply system.
- Pump run-on times and intervals
  - E.g. for complete emptying of shafts or channels.
- Reduction of buildup on pump chamber walls by fine adjustment of the switch point E.g. variably changing level.

Further functions:

- Alternation in sequence/according to defined load.
- E.g. for protecting individual pumps, or pumps with the same load.
- Limit control
- Individual operation/parallel operation/pump group.
- Pump rate control Pumps are switched on automatically one by one until the minimum pump rate or switch-off point is reached.
- Tariff control
- Control of pumps according to electricity tariff.
- Storm function
  - The storm function is used to prevent the unnecessary operation of the pumps if the plant is flooded for a short time (e.g. in the event of strong rainfall).
- Flush control

The flushing function enables a relay to be switched on for a certain number of flush cycles for a specific flushing duration, e.g. to inject water into the container in order to dissolve/prevent sedimentation at the bottom of the container.

Function test

Pumps that have been switched off for too long are automatically switched on for a certain amount of time with the function test in order to avoid standing damage.

Operating data recording

Display of operating data such as operating hours since the last reset, total operating hours, number of starts since the last reset, starts per operating hour since the last reset, number of runon starts since the last reset, runtime of the last switch-on (pump is off)/since switch-on (pump running), downtime (last downtime if pump on/since switch-off if pump off).

- Operating hours alarm
- E.g. alarm goes off if the operating hours of a pump are exceeded.
- Pump feedback
  - E.g. for indicating the pump status using a digital input.

#### Application examples for flow measurement

Flow measurement at flumes or weirs

A level sensor measures the level at the inlet of a flume or weir. The corresponding flow is calculated using pre-programmed or freely selectable linearization curves. If a critical value is exceeded or fallen short of, an alarm can be generated or a relay can be switched.

On 2-channel devices, two individual flow measurements can be activated.



#### ■ 5 Flow measurement at flumes or weirs

- 1 Level sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- 2 FlexView FMA90
- *D* Distance between sensor membrane (reference point) and surface of liquid
- L Level
- Q Flow

The level L is derived from D. With linearization, the flow Q is derived from L.

#### Flow linearization

#### Pre-programmed linearization curves

#### Pre-programmed open flumes:

- Khafagi-Venturi flume
- ISO Venturi flume
- Parshall flume
- Palmer-Bowlus flume
- Trapezoidal flume according to ISO 4359:2022
- Rectangular flume according to ISO 4359:2022
- Leopold-Lagco flume
- Cutthroat flume
- U-shaped flume according to ISO 4395:2022
- H-flume

#### Pre-programmed weirs:

- Trapezoidal weir
- Circular-crested horizontal weir according to ISO 4374:1990
- Broad-crested weir according to ISO 3846:2008
- Thin-walled rectangular weir according to ISO 1438:2017
- Thin-walled triangular weir according to ISO 1438:2017

The pre-programmed linearization curves are stored in the device.

Standard formula for flow measurement

 $Q = C (h^{\alpha} + \gamma h^{\beta})$ 

- h: Upstream level
- $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$ , C: User-definable parameters

#### Other supported calculations

- Ratiometric calculation
- Pipe profile (Manning)
- Linearization table with 32 points A linearization table can be created on the device or via the web server using editors. This table can be imported and exported as a CSV file (backup) in the web server.

#### Backwater detection (differential measurement)

Two level sensors measure the level at the inlet and outlet of a flume or weir. If the "downstream level : upstream level" ratio exceeds a critical value, an alarm is generated.



6 Backwater detection

- 1 Upstream sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- h<sub>1</sub> Upstream level
- 2 Downstream sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- h<sub>2</sub> Downstream level
- 3 FlexView FMA90

#### Stormwater overflow basin

A level sensor measures the level L. Using the integrated applications for the weirs, the overflow quantity Q can be calculated and stored in a totalizer. If a critical value is exceeded, an alarm can be generated or a relay can be switched.

Low flow cut off can be activated at the device, which sets the output value to 0 when a customerspecific flow value is fallen short of. This prevents downstream totalizers from further integrating the flow.



#### 8 7 Stormwater overflow basin

- 1 Level sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- 2 FlexView FMA90
- L Level
- Q Overflow quantity

#### Totalizer + pulses (e.g. for samplers)

A level sensor measures the level at the inlet of a flume or weir. The corresponding flow is calculated using pre-programmed or freely selectable linearization curves. Using a pulse output (relay, open collector), the device can trigger additional systems such as wastewater samplers for example, with the flow-proportional volume signal.

Low flow cut off can be activated at the device, which sets the output value to 0 when a customerspecific flow value is fallen short of. This prevents downstream totalizers from further integrating the flow.



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- 1 Level sensor (e.g. radar or ultrasonic sensor)
- 2 FlexView FMA90
- *D* Distance between sensor membrane (reference point) and surface of liquid
- Q Flow

#### Dependability

Security

#### IT security

The manufacturer warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

#### **Device-specific IT security**

The device was developed in accordance with the requirements of the IEC 62443-4-1 "Secure product development lifecycle management" standard.

Link to the cybersecurity website: https://www.endress.com/cybersecurity



Further information on cybersecurity: see product-specific security manual (SD).

	Input
Measured variable and measuring range of the	Number of sensor inputs
	To be selected in order code 060 (sensor connection; analog output)
sensor inputs	1x 4–20 mA/HART input; 1x 4–20 mA output
	2x 4–20 mA/HART input; 2x 4–20 mA output
	Connectable sensors
	<ol> <li>Connectable Endress+Hauser sensors with automatic sensor detection:</li> <li>Micropilot FMR20B, FMR30B</li> <li>Waterpilot FMX21</li> </ol>
	The most important sensor parameters are transmitted to the device via the HART interface and managed there. This makes it possible, for example, to replace the sensor quickly and easily.
	<ul> <li>2. Connectable Endress+Hauser 4 to 20 mA sensors:</li> <li>Micropilot FMR10B</li> <li>Waterpilot FMX11</li> </ul>
	3. Universal level sensors can also be connected to the 4 to 20 mA/HART inputs.
	Sensor supply
	Supply voltage (LPS): 14 to 27 V (load-dependent)
	Input resistor current measurement: 25 $\Omega$ typ.
	Internal HART communication resistor: 330 $\Omega$ typ.
	Measurement accuracy
	Basic accuracy: < 0.02 mA
	Temperature drift: < 2 $\mu$ A/K
	Long-term drift: < 0.02 mA/year
Digital inputs	Number of digital inputs
	4; to be selected in order code 080 (digital input; switch output)
	Switching possibilities
	<ul> <li>External limit switch (for safety functions such as overflow or dry-running protection)</li> <li>0: ≤ 5 V</li> <li>1: ≥ 11 V</li> <li>Maximum permitted voltage: 30 V</li> </ul>
	Possible applications
	<ul> <li>Pump feedback</li> <li>Pump tariff control</li> <li>Min/max level detection e.g. using Liquiphant</li> </ul>

# Output

Analog output (current output)	Quantity
	To be selected in order code 060 (sensor connection; analog output)
	1x 4–20 mA/HART input; 1x 4–20 mA output
	2x 4–20 mA/HART input; 2x 4–20 mA output

#### Technical data for analog output

- Version: Active current output
- Load: Max. 600 Ω
- Basic accuracy: < 0.02 mA</li>
- Temperature drift: < 2 µA/K
- Long-term drift: < 0.02 mA/year</li>

#### Output signal

Configurable:

- 4 to 20 mA with HART
- 0 to 20 mA without HART

The HART signal is superimposed on the first analog output. The second analog output does not have a HART signal.

Response to errors

- For setting 4 to 20 mA, selectable:MIN: 3.5 mA
  - MAX: Adjustable 21.5 to 22.5 mA
- For setting 0 to 20 mA: Adjustable 21.5 to 22.5 mA

#### **Relay output**

#### Quantity

To be selected in order code 070 (relay output)

Selection 1 relay: Version as SPDT<sup>2)</sup>

Selection 5 relay: 2xSPDT<sup>2)</sup>, 3xSPST<sup>3)</sup>;

#### technical data for relay

- Version: Potential-free contact, can be inverted
- Switching capacity (DC voltage): 4 A at 30 V
- Switching capacity (AC voltage): 4 A, 250 V, 1000 VA (AC1)
- Mechanical switching cycles (without load): > 10<sup>6</sup>
- Mechanical switching cycles (under load): > 10<sup>4</sup>

#### Assignable functions

The functions that can be assigned to a switch output or a relay are identical.

- Alarm:
- Switches as soon as "Alarm" type diagnostics are pending
- Switch output: Digital inputs Limit values
- Pump control application: Pumps
   Flush control
   Alarm feedback
   Alarm operating hours
- Rake control application:
- Switching the rakeFlow measurement application:
- Backwater alarmPulse output: Flow 1 or 2
- Calculated flows
- Time pulse output:
   Switching a pulse after an adjustable duration

<sup>2) &</sup>quot;Single Pole, Double Throw" = relay with changeover contact

<sup>3) &</sup>quot;Single Pole, Single Throw" = relay with make contact

Switch output	Quantity
	To be selected in order code 080 (digital inputs; switch outputs)
	1 or 3 open collector outputs (NPN)
	Technical data for switch output
	<ul> <li>Max. switching current: 120 mA</li> <li>Max. voltage: 30 V</li> <li>Max. rate: 1000 pulses/second (at a load resistance ≤ 10 kΩ); adjustable pulse length</li> <li>Voltage drop when switched on (live): &lt; 3 V</li> </ul>
	Assignable functions
	The functions that can be assigned to a switch output or a relay are identical.
	<ul> <li>Alarm: Switches as soon as "Alarm" type diagnostics are pending</li> <li>Switch output: Digital inputs Limit values</li> <li>Pump control application: Pumps Flush control Alarm feedback Alarm operating hours</li> <li>Rake control application: Switching the rake</li> <li>Flow measurement application: Backwater alarm</li> <li>Pulse output: Flow 1 or 2 Calculated flows</li> <li>Time pulse output: Switching a pulse after an adjustable duration</li> </ul>
Galvanic isolation	The following connections are galvanically isolated from one another: Power supply Sensor inputs Analog outputs Relay outputs Digital inputs (isolated from other connections but not from each other) Open collector outputs

# Power supply

Connection data (AC voltage)	Device version
	Order code 020 (power supply); option 1 (100-230 V AC)
	<ul> <li>Supply voltage: 85 to 253 V<sub>AC</sub> (50/60 Hz)</li> <li>Power consumption: Max. 20 VA</li> </ul>
Connection data (DC voltage)	Device version
	Order code 020 (power supply); option 2 (10.5-32 V DC)
	<ul> <li>Supply voltage: 10.5 to 32 V<sub>DC</sub></li> <li>Power consumption: Max. 15 VA</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CAUTION</li> <li>The device must be powered only by a power unit that operates using a limited-energy circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements in Table 18.</li> <li>Apart from the relays and the AC supply voltage, only energy-limited circuits according to IEC/EN 61010-1 may be connected.</li> </ul>
Terminal assignment	Terminal areas of DIN rail device
	Device version
	Order code 040 (housing); option A (DIN rail mounting)
	The DIN rail device is designed for installation in the optional aluminum field housing.
	The DIN rail device is available with or without a display unit (optional). The electrical connection is the same.
	$G \\ F \\ $

**9** Terminals for DIN rail device; terminal design: attachable push-in terminals

- Α Power unit with relay 1 (changeover contact). Optional: Relay 2 to 5
- I/O option card with analog input 2 (incl. loop power supply), analog output 2, open collector 2, 3 В
  - С Standard I/O card with analog input 1 (incl. loop power supply), analog output 1, open collector 1, optional: digital inputs 1 to 4

А

- D 3 LEDs (only for version without display): DS (device status), NS (network status), WLAN
- Ε DIP switch

H

- F Ethernet connection 1 (standard), Ethernet connection 2 (optional)
- G Unlocking device

The switching positions of the relays shown on the terminal area refer to the de-energized (current-free) state.

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#### Terminal areas of panel-mounted device

#### Device version

Order code 040 (housing); option B (panel mounting)



🗉 10 Terminals for panel-mounted device (rear of device); terminal design: attachable push-in terminals

A Power unit with relay 1 (changeover contact). Optional: Relay 2 to 5

- *B I/O* option card with analog input 2 (incl. loop power supply), analog output 2, open collector 2, 3
- C Standard I/O card with analog input 1 (incl. loop power supply), analog output 1, open collector 1, optional: digital inputs 1 to 4

The switching positions of the relays shown on the terminal area refer to the de-energized (current-free) state.



- 🖻 11 Connections for panel-mounted device (underside of devices)
- DIP switch 1
- Ethernet connection 1 (standard)
- 2 3 Ethernet connection 2 (optional)

#### Terminal areas of polycarbonate field housing

#### **Device version**

Order code 040 (housing); option C (field mounting, polycarbonate)



E 12 Terminals in terminal compartment of polycarbonate field housing; terminal design: push-in terminals

- A Terminal area for analog input 2 (incl. loop power supply), analog output 2, open collector 2, 3
- *B* Terminal area for analog input 1 (incl. loop power supply), analog output 1, open collector 1, optional: Digital inputs 1 to 4
- C Terminal area for power supply and relay 1 (changeover contact). Optional: Relay 2 to 5
- *D* Holder for commercially available shunting clamps

The switching positions of the relays shown on the terminal area refer to the de-energized (current-free) state.

Terminal areas on rear side of display for the polycarbonate field housing

#### **Device version**

Order code 040 (housing); option C (field mounting, polycarbonate)



**Cable specification** 

Terminals

**Cable entries** 

#### **A**CAUTION

Unsuitable connection cables may cause overheating and fire hazards, insulation damage, electric shock, power loss, and reduced operating life.

- Only use connection cables that comply with the specifications below.

Minimum requirement: Cable temperature range ≥ ambient temperature +20 K

For all connections on the field device and for power and relay connections in the case of the panelmounted and DIN rail device:

- Conductor cross-section: 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (26 to 14 AWG)
- Cross-section with wire end ferrule: 0.25 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)
- Stripping length: 10 mm (0.39 in)

For digital input, open collector and analog input/output connections in the case of panel-mounted and DIN rail device:

- Conductor cross-section: 0.2 to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (26 to 16 AWG)
- Cross-section with wire end ferrule (excluding collar/including collar):
  - 0.25 to 1 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 16 AWG)/ 0.25 to 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 16 AWG)
- Stripping length: 10 mm (0.39 in)

## **Performance characteristics**

Only the performance characteristics of the device are mentioned at this point. The sensorspecific performance characteristics can be found in the technical data of the respective sensor.

Reference conditions	<ul> <li>Temperature: +25 °C (+77 °F) ±5 °C (±9 °F)</li> <li>Pressure: 960 mbar (14 psi) ±100 mbar (±1.45 psi)</li> <li>Humidity: 20 to 60 % r.F.</li> </ul>
Maximum measurement error	See the "Sensor inputs" and "Analog output" sections
Response time	<ul> <li>The response time is defined from a physical input up to the response at a physical output.</li> <li>Response time without HART: &lt; 500 ms</li> <li>Response time with HART: &lt; 2 s</li> <li>Response time for open circuit: &lt; 5 s</li> </ul>
Real time clock (RTC)	<ul> <li>Automatic or manual summer time changeover.</li> <li>Battery buffer. Operating life &gt; 5 years if the device is not supplied with energy, &gt; 10 years if the device is supplied with energy.</li> <li>Deviation: &lt; 15 min./year</li> <li>Time synchronization possible via NTP or via digital input.</li> </ul>
	Mounting
	Ensure compliance with the permitted ambient conditions during installation and operation. The device must be protected against the effects of heat (see the "Environment" section).
Mounting location	Panel mounting, installation on a DIN rail or installation in the field housing possible. The mounting location must be free from vibrations. A suitable electrical, fire-proof and mechanical enclosure must be provided.
	<ul> <li>Panel mounting and DIN rail version:</li> <li>In the control cabinet outside potentially explosive atmospheres</li> <li>At a sufficient distance from high-voltage cables or motor cables as well as contactors or frequency converters</li> <li>Minimum distance to the left: Panel-mounted device: 10 mm (0.4 in); DIN rail device: 20 mm (0.8 in)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Field housing:</li> <li>Protected from direct sunlight. Use a weather protection cover if necessary (see "Accessories")</li> <li>If mounting outdoors: Use overvoltage protection (see "Accessories")</li> <li>Minimum clearance to the left: 55 mm (2.17 in); the housing cover cannot be opened otherwise.</li> </ul>
Orientation	Vertical
Installation instructions	Special mounting instructions
	An optional assembly board is available to mount the field housing, see "Accessories".
	Sensor selection and arrangement
	Please note the respective Operating Instructions when it comes to installing and mounting the sensor.

Length of connecting cable	See technical data of the respective sensor.
Connecting cable	See technical data of the respective sensor.
Beam angle	See technical data of the respective sensor.

# Environment

Ambient temperature range	–40 to +60 °C (–40 to +140 °F) (Type tested)
	-35 to +60 °C (-31 to +140 °F) (approved by CSA)
	<ul> <li>The functionality of the LCD display becomes limited at T<sub>A</sub> &lt; -20 °C (-4 °F).</li> <li>If operating outdoors in strong sunlight: Use a weather protection cover.</li> </ul>
Storage temperature	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
Relative humidity	Maximum 95%
	Non-condensing in the case of panel-mounted and DIN rail device.
Operating height	Non-ex version: Maximum 3 000 m (9 842 ft) above standard elevation zero
	Ex version: Maximum 2 000 m (6 562 ft) above standard elevation zero
Degree of protection	Degree of protection of polycarbonate field housing
	IP65/NEMA Type 4x
	Degree of protection of aluminum field housing
	IP65/NEMA Type 4x
	Degree of protection of DIN rail housing
	IP20
	Degree of protection of panel housing
	<ul> <li>IP65/NEMA Type 4 (at front, if mounted in cabinet door)</li> <li>IP20 (at rear, if mounted in cabinet door)</li> </ul>
Electrical safety	<ul> <li>Electrical safety according to IEC 61010-1:2010/AMD1:2016/COR1:2019</li> <li>Class:         <ul> <li>230 V<sub>AC</sub> version: Class II equipment</li> <li>24 V<sub>DC</sub> version: Class III equipment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Overvoltage category II</li> <li>Pollution level 2</li> <li>Upstream overcurrent protection device ≤ 10 A</li> </ul>
Mechanical load	Vibration resistance
	Field housing: Sinusoidal vibrations according to IEC 60068-2-6 * 2 to 8.4 Hz with 3.5 mm (0.14 in) amplitude (peak) * 8.4 to 500 Hz with 1g acceleration (peak)
	For all housing variants: Noise-induced vibrations according to IEC 60068-2-64 * 10 to 200 Hz with 0.003 g²/Hz * 200 to 2 000 Hz with 0.001 g²/Hz
	Shock resistance
	Field housing: Half-sine vibrations according to IEC 60068-2-27 (30G, 6 ms)

	Note: Deviations from normal operation may occur during the test (e.g. switching of relays).
	Impact resistance
	Impact resistance and drop test according to IEC 61010-1:2010/AMD1:2016-/COR1:2019
Cleaning	A clean, dry cloth can be used to clean the device.
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements outlined in the EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE 21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.
	Under the influence of interference, the measurement error may be 1% of the full scale value (0.5% for sensor inputs in 4 to 20 mA operation).
	Interference immunity according to IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements.
	With regard to interference emission, the device meets the requirements of Class A, and is only designed for use in an "industrial environment".
	Interference emission according to IEC/EN 61326 series (CISPR 11) Group 1 Class A
	This device is not intended for use in living areas. Appropriate protection of the radio reception cannot be ensured in such environments.

# Mechanical construction



📧 14 Polycarbonate field housing. Unit of measurement mm (in)

#### Aluminum field housing



In Section 215 Aluminum field housing (for installing the DIN rail device). The cable entries are located on the bottom. Unit of measurement mm (in)

#### DIN rail device



■ 16 DIN rail housing. Unit of measurement mm (in)

#### Panel-mounted device



■ 17 Panel housing (panel cutout 92 mm (3.62 in) x 92 mm (3.62 in)). Unit of measurement mm (in)

- 1 Sealing ring (included in the delivery)
- 2 Fastening clips (2x included in the delivery)

#### Polycarbonate field housing

Approx. 1.6 to 1.8 kg (3.53 to 3.97 lb) depending on device version

#### Aluminum field housing

Approx. 1.6 to 1.8 kg (3.53 to 3.97 lb) depending on device version

#### DIN rail device

Approx. 0.7 kg (1.54 lb) depending on device version

#### Panel-mounted device

Approx. 0.5 kg (1.10 lb)

#### Materials

Weight

#### Polycarbonate field housing

- Assembly board for pipe mounting: Stainless steel 316L
- Field housing: PC-FR
- Seal: VMQ
- Nameplate: Polyester
- Screws: A4 (1.4578)

#### Aluminum field housing

- Field housing: Aluminum
- Seal: PUR soft foam
- Nameplate: Polyester
- Screws: A4 (1.4578)

#### Panel-mounted and DIN rail device

- Housing: PC
- Seal for panel housing: EPDM
- Nameplate: Lasered on

# Display and user interface

The device's display and operating options are defined in order code 050 (display, operation)

	<ul> <li>1: None; RJ45 Ethernet</li> <li>2: None; RJ45 Ethernet + WLAN</li> <li>3: 3.5" TFT touch display; RJ45 Ethernet</li> <li>4: 3.5" TFT touch display; RJ45 Ethernet + WLAN</li> </ul>
Onsite operation and display	The device is optionally equipped with a 3.5" TFT touch display for onsite operation.
	Size (diagonal screen measurement)
	90 mm (3.5 ")
	Resolution
	QVGA, 76,800 pixels (320 x 240)
	Backlight
	50,000 h half-life (= half brightness)
	Number of colors
	24 bit color depth; 16.7 million displayable colors
	Maximum character size; number of digits
	Digit height max. 50 pixels or 13 mm with max. seven digits
	Viewing angle
	Max. viewing angle range: 85 $^\circ$ in all directions from the display central axis
	Screen displays
	<ul> <li>Users can choose between black and white for the background color.</li> <li>Active channels can be assigned to up to six groups. For unique identification, each group can be given a descriptive name.</li> <li>Linear scales</li> <li>Horizontal curve display, bar graph display or digital display</li> </ul>
Elements on front of device with touch display	The device version without display features 3 LEDs: DS (device status), NS (network status) and WLAN status at the bottom left instead of the display
	<ul> <li>A Front of device</li> <li>Front of device</li> <li>Header: date/time, tag name, diagnostic information, quick access menu (logging in/log out, language)</li> <li>Function tiles for display and touch operation</li> </ul>

4 Touch display

Light emitting diodes (LEDs)

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The LEDs are only visible with the DIN rail version without touch display.

Remote operation	The device can be operated independently of the optional touch display using the following operating tools:
	English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish, Chinese (simplified), Japanese, Korean, Indonesian, Czech, Swedish
Longunges	<ul> <li>Via the lock switch in the terminal compartment</li> <li>Via touch display on the operating module</li> <li>Automatic operating lock after a set time (configurable)</li> </ul>
	Locking operation
	Only function groups that are relevant for the device version and installation environment are displayed in the menu. The integrated wizard guides the user intuitively through the entire commissioning process.
	Dynamic operating menu
	configuration via interfaces and operating tools (web server). <b>Integrated Operating Instructions</b> Thanks to the device's simple operating concept, it is possible to commission the device for many applications without a hard copy of the Operating Instructions. The device has an integrated help function and displays operating instructions directly on the monitor.
Operation concept	The device can be operated directly on site (option of 3.5" TFT touch display), or through remote
	No connection
	Connection established
	Searching for WLAN access point  Lit blue
	<ul> <li>Flashing blue</li> </ul>
	WLAN: LED for communication
	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>No connection</li> </ul>
	Lit green     Connection established as active communication
	Lit red     Communication active
	NS (network status): LED for PROFINET or Ethernet/IP
	<ul> <li>Lit red Alarm is pending. Details are saved in the diagnostic list.</li> <li>Off No supply voltage.</li> </ul>
	Normal operation; no faults detected. • Flashes red Warning is pending. Details are saved in the diagnostic list.
	DS (device status): LED for operating status <ul> <li>Lit green</li> </ul>

#### **Operation options**



🗷 18 System integration

- 1 FlexView FMA90
- 2 Fieldbus: PROFINET, Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP to PLC (optional)
- 3 HART modem with connection cable, e.g. Commubox FXA195 or VIATOR Bluetooth (restricted operation)
- 4 PLC via HART protocol (FDI package, restricted operation)
- 5 Field Xpert SMT70 via WLAN and web server
- 6 Operation and configuration via WLAN and web server
- 7 Operation and configuration via Ethernet and web server

#### Device access via WLAN

The device is optionally equipped with WLAN. In addition to Ethernet TCP/IP, device access is therefore also possible via WLAN.

#### Operation options via web server

A web server is integrated into the device. The web server offers the following range of functions:

- Easy configuration without additional installed software
- Instantaneous value display and diagnostics information
- Display of current measured value curves
- Display of events and logbook entries
- Device firmware update
- Device configuration indicated as PDF

System integration	Communication	Driver technology	Configuration possible	Systems (examples)
	HART	EDD	No	EDD hosts (e.g. Emerson AMS, Yokogawa PRM)
	HART	EDD (Siemens)	No	Siemens PDM

Supported operating tools

Device configuration and measured value retrieval can also be done via interfaces. The following operating tools are available for this purpose:

Operating tool	Functions	Communication
Web server (integrated into the device; access via browser)	<ul> <li>Easy configuration without additional installed software</li> <li>Display of data and measured value curves via the web browser</li> <li>Remote access to device and diagnostic information</li> </ul>	Ethernet, WLAN

## **Certificates and approvals**

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at <a href="www.endress.com">www.endress.com</a> on the relevant product page:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.

3. Select Downloads.

## **Ordering information**

Detailed ordering information is available from your nearest sales organization www.addresses.endress.com or in the Product Configurator at www.endress.com:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.

3. Select **Configuration**.

#### Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: direct input of information specific to the measuring point, such as the measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

 Scope of delivery
 The scope of delivery of the device comprises:

 Device (with terminals, according to order)

 Panel-mounted device: Two screw fastening clips, sealing rubber towards the panel wall

 Delivery note

 Hard copy of Brief Operating Instructions

Hard copy of Ex Safety Instructions (optional)

### Accessories

The accessories currently available for the product can be selected at www.endress.com:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select Spare parts & Accessories.



Online tools	Product information over the entire life cycle of the device: www.endress.com/onlinetools
System components	Surge arrester modules from the HAW product family

Surge arrester modules for DIN rail and field device mounting, for the protection of plants and measuring instruments with power supply and signal/communication lines.

More detailed information: www.endress.com

## Documentation

The following document types are available in the Downloads area of the Endress+Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads), depending on the device version:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	<b>Planning aid for your device</b> The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	<b>Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value</b> The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	<b>Your reference document</b> The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	<b>Reference for your parameters</b> The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. These are an integral part of the Operating Instructions. The nameplate indicates which Safety Instructions (XA) apply to the device.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.



www.addresses.endress.com

