# Operating Instructions Liquiline System CA80TP

Colorimetric analyzer for total phosphorus





# Table of contents

1	About this document	. 5
1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Warnings	. 5
2	Basic safety instructions	7
2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	Requirements for personnel	7 7 7
3	Product description	9
3.1 3.2 3.3	Product design	9
4	Incoming acceptance and product	
	identification	12
4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4	Incoming acceptance Product identification	12 12 13 13
5	Installation	15
5.1 5.2 5.3	Installation conditions	15 18 25
5.2	Mounting the analyzer	15 18
5.2 5.3	Mounting the analyzer         Post-installation check         Electrical connection         Connection conditions         Connecting the analyzer	15 18 25 <b>26</b> 26
5.2 5.3 <b>6</b> 6.1 6.2 6.3	Mounting the analyzer Post-installation check Electrical connection Connection conditions Connecting the analyzer Connecting the sensors and additional modules	15 18 25 <b>26</b> 26 26 30
5.2 5.3 <b>6</b> 6.1 6.2	Mounting the analyzer         Post-installation check         Electrical connection         Connection conditions         Connecting the analyzer         Connecting the sensors and additional	15 18 25 <b>26</b> 26
5.2 5.3 <b>6</b> 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Mounting the analyzer Post-installation check Electrical connection Connection conditions Connecting the analyzer Connecting the sensors and additional modules Hardware settings Ensuring the degree of protection	15 18 25 <b>26</b> 26 26 30 36 37
5.2 5.3 <b>6</b> 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Mounting the analyzer Post-installation check	15 18 25 <b>26</b> 26 26 26 30 36 37 38
5.2 5.3 6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 7 7.1	Mounting the analyzer Post-installation check	15 18 25 <b>26</b> 26 26 26 30 36 37 38 <b>39</b> 39
5.2 5.3 6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 7 7.1 7.2	Mounting the analyzer .Post-installation check .Electrical connection .Connection conditions .Connecting the analyzer .Connecting the sensors and additionalmodules .Hardware settings .Ensuring the degree of protection .Post-connection check .System integration .Overview of device description files .Integrating the measuring device into thesystem .Structure and function of the operating	15 18 25 26 26 30 36 37 38 39 39 39 39 43
5.2 5.3 6 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 7 7.1 7.2 8	Mounting the analyzer Post-installation check	15 18 25 26 26 26 30 36 37 38 <b>39</b> 39 39

_		
9	Commissioning	46
9.1	Preparatory steps	
9.2	Function check	
9.3	Switching on the measuring device	. 48
9.4	Access to the configuration (only versions	
0.5	CA80TP-HR)	
9.5	Setting the operating language	
9.6	Configuring the measuring device	. 49
10	Operation	50
	—	
10.1	Display	50
10.2 10.3	General settings	
10.5	Analyzer	
10.4	Current inputsBinary inputs and outputs	. 75
10.5	Signal outputs	
10.7	Additional functions	91
10.7		71
11	Diagnostics and troubleshooting	116
11.1	General troubleshooting	116
11.2	Diagnostic information on local display	117
11.3	Diagnostic information via web browser	117
11.4	Diagnostic information via fieldbus	117
11.5	Adapting the diagnostic information	118
11.6	Overview of diagnostic information	120
11.7	Pending diagnostic messages	126
11.8	Diagnostic list	127
11.9	Logbooks	127
11.10	System information	132
11.11		133
11.12	Simulation	133
11.13	Device test	135
	Resetting	136
11.15	Operating time information	136
11.10	Firmware history	137
12	Maintenance	138
12.1	Maintenance schedule	138
12.1	Maintenance tasks	139
12.3	Taking out of service	145
12.9	Tuking out of service	112
13	Repair	147
13.1	General information	147
13.2	Spare parts	147
13.3	Return	147
13.4	Disposal	147
14	Accessories	149

TI	Accessories	11)
14.1	Device-specific accessories	149
14.2	Communication-specific accessories	154
14.3	System components	155

15	Technical data 156	
15.1	Input 156	
15.2	Output 156	
15.3	Current outputs, active 158	
15.4	Relay outputs 158	
15.5	Protocol-specific data 159	
15.6	Power supply 162	
15.7	Performance characteristics 163	
15.8	Environment 164	
15.9	Process 165	
15.10	Mechanical construction 165	
Index 167		

# 1 About this document

# 1.1 Warnings

Structure of information	Meaning
▲ DANGER Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>will</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.
WARNING Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>can</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.
CAUTION Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.
NOTICE Cause/situation If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Action/note	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.

# 1.2 Symbols

1 Additional in	nformation, tips
-----------------	------------------

- Permitted or recommended
- ▶ Not permitted or not recommended
- Reference to device documentation
- Reference to page
- Reference to graphic
- Result of a step

# 1.3 Symbols on the device

- $A \rightarrow I$  Reference to device documentation
- 🔥 Caution: Hazardous voltage
- Warning: Health hazard
- Caution
- 🚸 Warning: Oxidizing
- ♦ Warning: Corrosive
- Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

# 1.4 Documentation

The following instructions complement these Operating Instructions and are available on the product pages on the Internet:

- Brief Operating Instructions Liquiline System CA80TP, KA01239C
- Operating Instructions Memosens, BA01245C
  - Software description for Memosens inputs
  - Calibration of Memosens sensors
  - Sensor-specific diagnostics and troubleshooting
- Guidelines for communication via fieldbus and web server
  - PROFIBUS, SD01188C
  - Modbus, SD01189C
  - Web server, SD01190C
  - EtherNet/IP, SD01293C
- Special documentation on reagents: CY80TP, SD01607C

# 2 Basic safety instructions

# 2.1 Requirements for personnel

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system may be carried out only by specially trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized by the plant operator to carry out the specified activities.
- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- Faults at the measuring point may only be rectified by authorized and specially trained personnel.

Repairs not described in the Operating Instructions provided must be carried out only directly at the manufacturer's site or by the service organization.

# 2.2 Designated use

The Liquiline System CA80TP is a wet-chemical analyzer for the almost continuous determination of the concentration of total phosphorus in liquid media.

The analyzer is designed for use in the following applications:

- Monitoring of the wastewater treatment plant inlet
- Monitoring of industrial wastewater
- Control of industrial wastewater treatment

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system, and is therefore not permitted. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

# 2.3 Workplace safety

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation guidelines
- Local standards and regulations
- Regulations for explosion protection

#### Electromagnetic compatibility

- The product has been tested for electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with the applicable international standards for industrial applications.
- The electromagnetic compatibility indicated applies only to a product that has been connected in accordance with these Operating Instructions.

# 2.4 Operational safety

#### Before commissioning the entire measuring point:

- 1. Verify that all connections are correct.
- 2. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are undamaged.
- 3. Do not operate damaged products, and protect them against unintentional operation.
- 4. Label damaged products as defective.

#### **During operation:**

1. If faults cannot be rectified:

products must be taken out of service and protected against unintentional operation.

2. Keep the door closed when not carrying out service and maintenance work.

### **A**CAUTION

### Activities while the analyzer is in operation

Risk of injury and infection from medium!

- Before you release any hoses, make sure that no actions, such as the pumping of sample, are currently running or are due to start shortly.
- ► Wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.
- ► Wipe up any spilt reagent with a disposable tissue and rinse with clear water. Then dry the cleaned areas with a cloth.

### **A**CAUTION

#### Risk of injury from door stop mechanism

► Always open the door fully to ensure the door stop engages properly.

# 2.5 Product safety

### 2.5.1 State-of-the-art technology

The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The relevant regulations and international standards have been observed.

Devices connected to the analyzer must comply with the applicable safety standards.

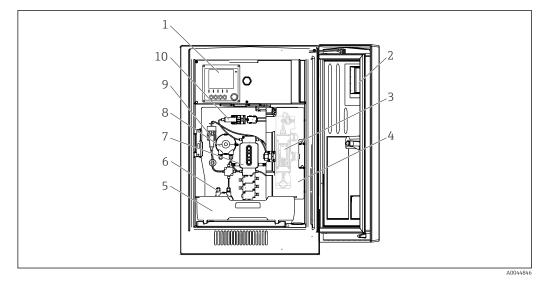
### 2.5.2 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

# **3** Product description

# 3.1 Product design



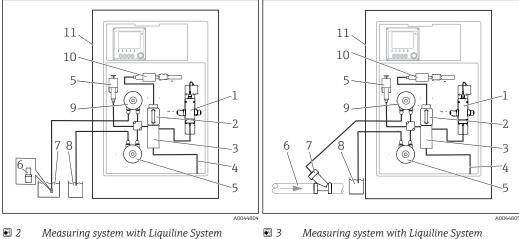
E 1 Example of a Liquiline System CA80

- 1 Controller
- 2 Window
- 3 Pressure reactor and photometer (behind safety cover)
- 4 Safety cover
- 5 Bottle tray for reagents, cleaner and standard
- 6 Peristaltic pump for dilution water (optional)
- 7 Dosing unit
- 8 Peristaltic pump for sample
- 9 Dilution module (optional)
- 10 Dispenser

# 3.2 Measuring system

A complete measuring system comprises:

- Analyzer Liquiline System CA80TP with the configuration ordered
- reagents and standard solution (to be ordered separately)
- Suction strainer or optional Y strainer with process connection



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

CA80TP and Y strainer

Dilution module (optional)

Liquiline System CA80TP

Water for optional dilution module

Y strainer (optional)

Peristaltic pump

Pressure reactor

Dosing unit

Manifold

Medium

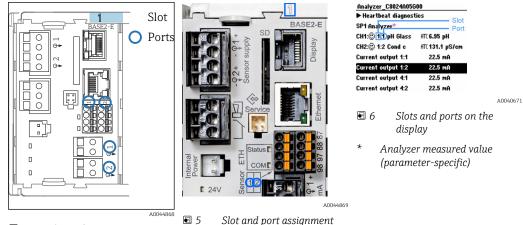
Dispenser

Outlet

- Image: Second Strain Strain
- 1 Pressure reactor
- 2 Dosing unit
- 3 Manifold
- 4 Outlet
- 5 Dilution module (optional)
- 6 Suction strainer
- 7 Medium
- 8 Water for optional dilution module
- 9 Peristaltic pump
- 10 Dispenser
- 11 Liquiline System CA80TP

# 3.3 Equipment architecture

### 3.3.1 Slot and port assignment



In Solution and port assignment

1 5

• Inputs are assigned to measuring channels in the ascending order of the slots and ports. In the example above:

"CH1: 1:1 pH glass" means:

Channel 1 (CH1) is slot 1 (basic module) : Port 1 (input 1), pH glass sensor

- Outputs and relays are named according to their function, e.g. "current output", and are displayed in ascending order with the slot and port numbers
- Display shows SP1: analyzer measuring channel 1 with sampling point SP1 (measured value display is parameter-specific; is not illustrated in the example)

### 3.3.2 Terminal diagram

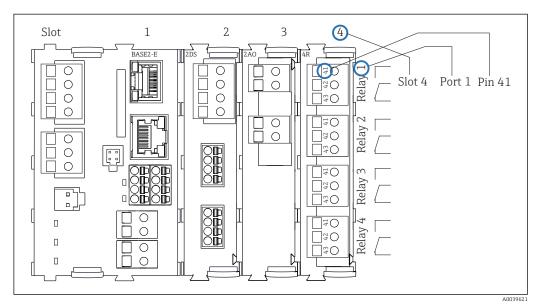
The unique terminal name is derived from:

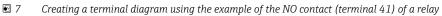
Slot no. : Port no. : Terminal

#### Example, NO contact of a relay

Device with 4 inputs for digital sensors, 4 current outputs and 4 relays

- Base module BASE2-E (contains 2 sensor inputs, 2 current outputs)
- 2DS module (2 sensor inputs)
- 2AO module (2 current outputs)
- 4R module (4 relays)





# 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

# 4.1 Incoming acceptance

- 1. Verify that the packaging is undamaged.
  - Notify the supplier of any damage to the packaging.
     Keep the damaged packaging until the issue has been resolved.
- 2. Verify that the contents are undamaged.
  - └→ Notify the supplier of any damage to the delivery contents. Keep the damaged goods until the issue has been resolved.
- 3. Check that the delivery is complete and nothing is missing.
  - └ Compare the shipping documents with your order.
- **4.** Pack the product for storage and transportation in such a way that it is protected against impact and moisture.
  - The original packaging offers the best protection.
     Make sure to comply with the permitted ambient conditions.

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your local Sales Center.

### NOTICE

### Incorrect transportation can damage the analyzer

• Always use a lifting truck or a fork-lift to transport the analyzer.

# 4.2 Product identification

# 4.2.1 Nameplate

Nameplates can be found:

- On the inside of the door on the bottom right, or on the front in the bottom right-hand corner
- On the packaging (adhesive label, portrait format)

The nameplate provides you with the following information on your device:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Firmware version
- Ambient and process conditions
- Input and output values
- Measuring range
- Activation codes
- Safety information and warnings
- Certificate information
- Approvals as per order version
- Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

# 4.2.2 Product identification

### Product page

www.endress.com/ca80tp

#### Interpreting the order code

The order code and serial number of your product can be found in the following locations:

- On the nameplate
- In the delivery papers

#### Obtaining information on the product

1. Go to www.endress.com.

- 2. Call up the site search (magnifying glass).
- 3. Enter a valid serial number.
- 4. Search.
  - ← The product structure is displayed in a popup window.
- 5. Click on the product image in the popup window.
  - ► A new window (Device Viewer) opens. All of the information relating to your device is displayed in this window as well as the product documentation.

### 4.2.3 Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG Dieselstraße 24 D-70839 Gerlingen

# 4.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- 1 analyzer in the version ordered with optional hardware
- 1 x Brief Operating Instructions (hard copy)
- 1 x Maintenance Manual
- Suction strainer
- Cleaning brush for the dosing unit
- Optional accessories
- If you have any queries:

Please contact your supplier or local sales center.

# 4.4 Certificates and approvals

### 4.4.1 **C** € mark

The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards. As such, it complies with the legal specifications of the EU directives. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing to it the  $\zeta \epsilon$  mark.

### 4.4.2 Other standards and guidelines

#### cCSAus

The product meets the requirements as per "CLASS 2252 06 - Process Control Equipment" and "CLASS 2252 86 - Process Control Equipment". It is tested to Canada and USA standards: CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 UL Std. No. 61010-1 (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition).

### EAC

The product has been certified according to guidelines TP TC 004/2011 and TP TC 020/2011 which apply in the European Economic Area (EEA). The EAC conformity mark is affixed to the product.

# 5 Installation

# 

#### Incorrect transportation can cause injury and damage the device

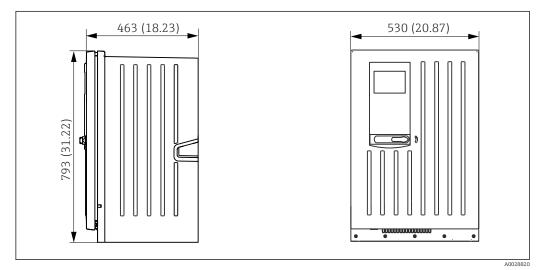
- Always use a lifting truck or a fork-lift to transport the analyzer. Two people are needed for the installation.
- Lift the device by the recessed grips.

# 5.1 Installation conditions

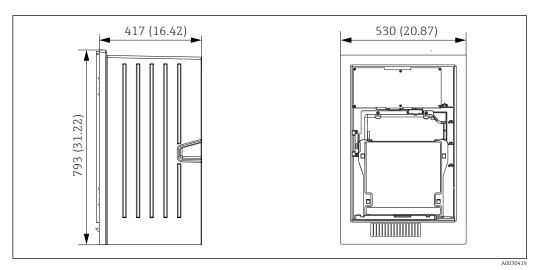
The device can be installed in the following ways:

- Mounted on a wall
- Mounted on a base
- Post mounting / on a post (accessory)

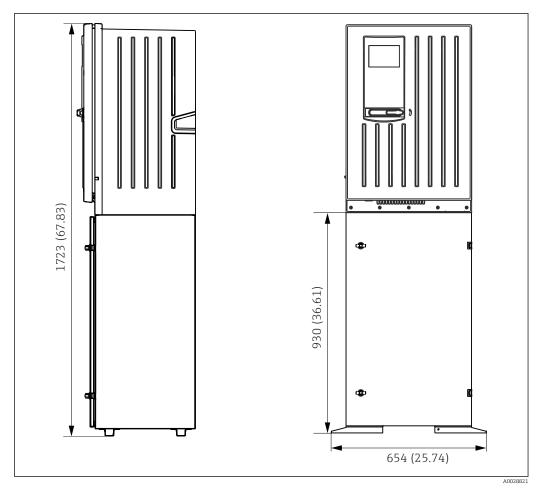
## 5.1.1 Dimensions



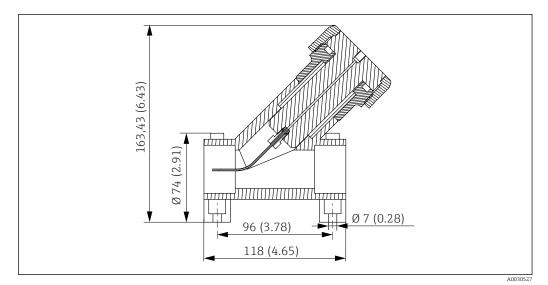
*E* 8 Liquiline System CA80 closed version, dimensions in mm (in)



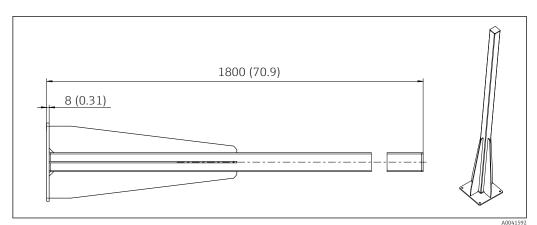
*I* 9 Liquiline System CA80 open version, dimensions in mm (in)



🖻 10 Liquiline System CA80 with base, dimensions in mm (in)



🖻 11 Y strainer (optional), dimensions in mm (inch)



■ 12 Post (accessory) for "Outdoor" version, dimensions in mm (inch)

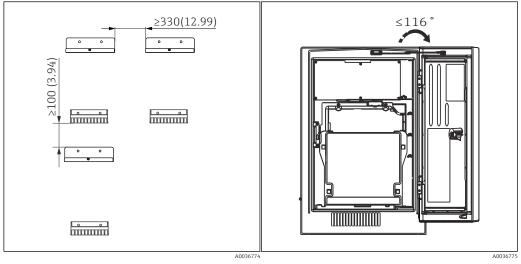
### 5.1.2 Mounting location

Note the following when erecting the device:

- If mounting on a wall, make sure that the wall has sufficient load-bearing capacity and is fully perpendicular.
- ▶ If mounting on a base, erect the device on a level surface.
- Protect the device against additional heating (e.g. from a heating system).
- Protect the device against mechanical vibrations.
- $\blacktriangleright\,$  Protect the device against corrosive gases, e.g. hydrogen sulfide (H\_2S) .
- Make sure to pay attention to the maximum height difference and the maximum distance from the sampling point.
- Ensure that the unit can drain freely, without any siphoning effects.
- Make sure air can circulate freely at the front of the housing.
- Open analyzers (i.e. analyzers that are supplied without a door) may only be erected in closed areas or in a protective cabinet or similar facility.

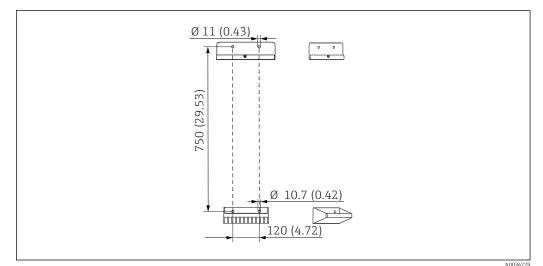
### 5.1.3 Spacing requirements when mounting

Spacing required for installing analyzer



I3 Minimum spacing required for mounting. Engineering unit mm (in). 🖻 14 Maximum opening angle





In Holder unit dimensions. Engineering unit mm (in)

# 5.2 Mounting the analyzer

## 5.2.1 Mounting the analyzer on a wall

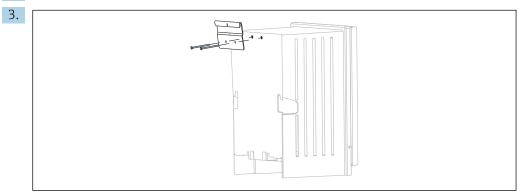
### **A**CAUTION

#### Incorrect installation can cause injury and damage the device

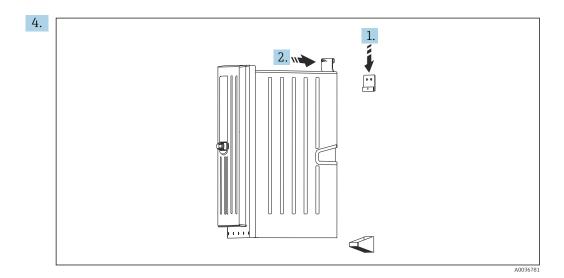
If mounting on a wall, check that the analyzer is fully hooked into the wall holder unit at the top and bottom, and secure the analyzer to the upper wall holder unit using the securing screw.

The mounting materials required to secure the device to the wall are not supplied.

- 1. Provide the mounting materials to secure the device to the wall (screws, wall plugs) onsite.
- 2. Mount the wall holder unit (2 parts) on the wall.



Secure the mount on the housing.



Hook the analyzer into the wall holder unit (1).

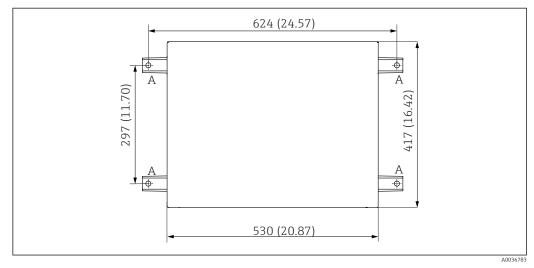
5. Fix the mount and wall holder unit in place with the screw supplied (2).

# 5.2.2 Installing version with analyzer stand

# 

### Incorrect installation can cause injury and damage the device

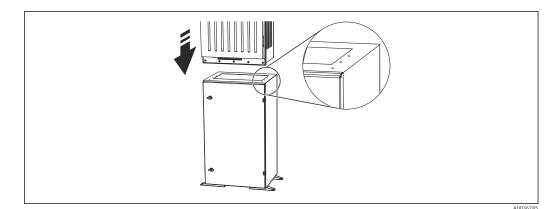
► If using the version with analyzer stand, make sure that the analyzer stand is secured to the floor.



I6 Foundation plan

A Fasteners (4 x M10)

--- Dimensions of Liquiline System CA80

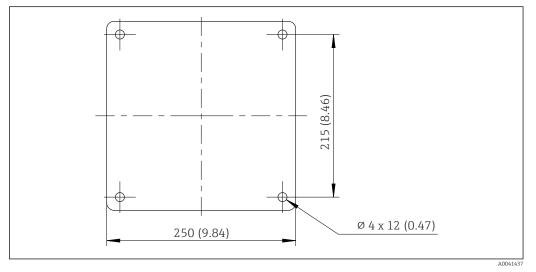


#### ■ 17 Securing the base

- 1. Screw the base to the ground.
- 2. With 2 people, lift the analyzer and fit it on the base. Use the recessed grips.
- 3. Secure the base to the analyzer using the 6 screws supplied.

# 5.2.3 "Outdoor" version: mounting on a post

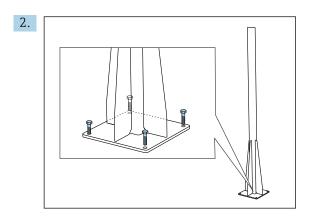
#### Erecting the post



18 Foundation plan, dimensions in mm (in)

When installing outdoors, consideration must be given to providing correct protection against lightning.

1. Prepare the foundation at the place of installation.



Erect the post and mount it securely on the foundation using 4 fixing screws (*to be provided by the customer*<sup>1)</sup>).

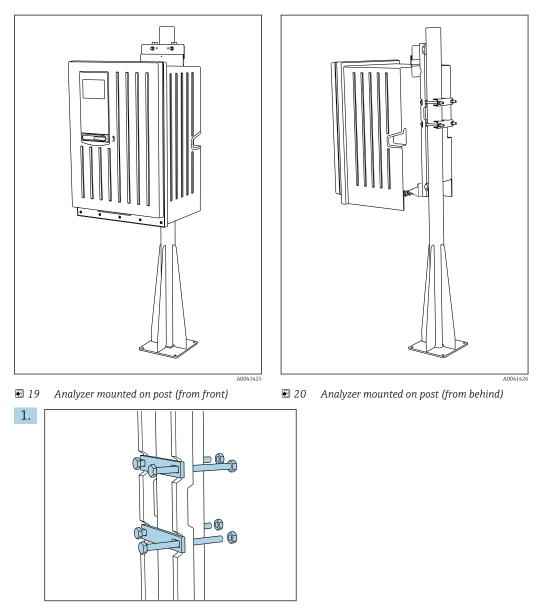
#### Tool required for post mounting

The following tools, which must be provided by the customer at the point of installation, are required to mount the analyzer on the post:

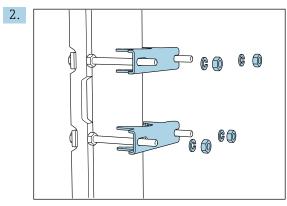
- Open-end wrench, 17mm AF (for post retainer)
- Torx screwdriver TX45 (for analyzer wall holder unit, Torx M8x20 screws)
- Torx screwdriver TX25 (for securing the wall holder unit on the post holder, Torx M5x12 screw)

<sup>1)</sup> We recommend: hexagonal-headed bolt with a shaft, DIN 931: M10x100 with A2 quality + washer + suitable plug

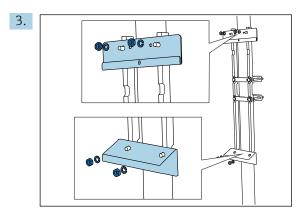
#### Mounting analyzer on the post



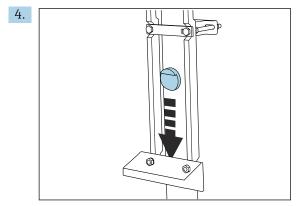
Fit the clamp of the post retainer on the retaining rods and post using the nuts.



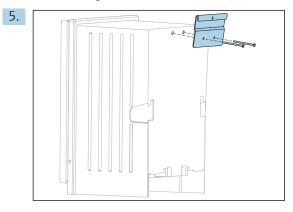
Fit the counterparts and fasten the post retainer using spring washers and nuts.



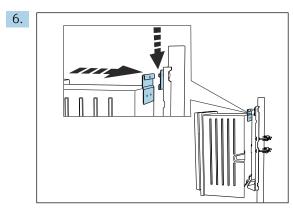
Mount the wall holder unit (included in the delivery with the analyzer) on the post retainer.



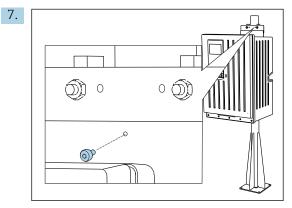
Insert the spacer.



Screw the suspension bracket of the wall holder unit (included in the delivery with the analyzer) onto the analyzer.



Hook in the analyzer.



Fix the upper wall holder unit in place with the screw provided.

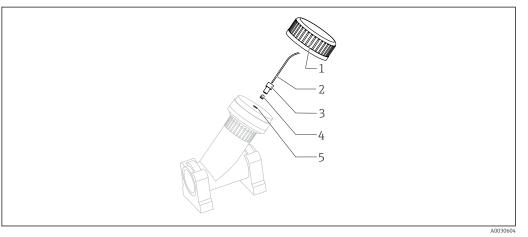
# 5.2.4 Mounting the Y strainer (optional)

The Y strainer is designed to directly tap particle-laden samples from pipes. This makes it possible to determine the TP. Here, it is necessary to include particles up to a defined size in the measurement.

Mounting materials are not supplied.

• Provide the mounting materials onsite.

#### Mounting the Y strainer on an even surface



#### 🖻 21 Y strainer

- 1 Union nut
- 2 Hose to analyzer
- 3 Threaded joint
- 4 Ferrule
- 5 Threaded borehole
- 1. Mount the Y strainer on the pipe clamps on an even surface.

2. Align the Y strainer.

#### Sticking the adhesive fittings

- **3.** Clean the adhesive surfaces (tube end on outside, sleeve or angle piece on inside) with a cleaning cloth.
- 4. Allow the cleaned surfaces to dry for approx. 5 minutes.
- 5. Apply the glue evenly (closed adhesive layer) to the surfaces (first sleeve, then pipe).
- 6. Join the parts together immediately (screw them together as far as possible).
- 7. Remove any surplus glue.
- 8. Allow the glue on the glued parts to set for at least 24 hours before running sample through the system.

#### Securing the sample hose

- 9. Turn the union nut to remove it.
- **10.** Secure the threaded joint and ferrule supplied on the hose to the analyzer.
- 11. Screw the hose with the ferrule and threaded joint into the threaded borehole.
- 12. Turn the union nut to secure it.

# 5.3 Post-installation check

After mounting, check all the connections to ensure they are secure.

# 6 Electrical connection

### **WARNING**

### Device is live!

Incorrect connection may result in injury or death!

- ► The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The electrical technician must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- **Prior** to commencing connection work, ensure that no voltage is present on any cable.
- Before establishing the electrical connection, verify that the pre-installed power cable meets the local national electrical safety specifications.

# 6.1 Connection conditions

# 6.1.1 Cable types

Power supply cable A power supply cable is not supplied for the "Outdoor" version!	Power supply cable with safety plug Cable length 4.3 m (14.1 ft) Order version CA80xx-CA (CSA C/US General Purpose): Power supply cable as per North American standard
Mains voltage	The maximum mains voltage fluctuation may not be more than $\pm 10\%$ of the values indicated on the nameplate.
Analog, signal and transmission lines	e.g. LiYY 10 x 0.34 mm <sup>2</sup>

# 6.1.2 "Outdoor" version

### NOTICE

Harmonic waves at the feed-in point of the device supply voltage

Higher radiation values

Avoid harmonic waves at the feed-in point of the device or limit them by connecting a mains filter upstream, for example.

# 6.2 Connecting the analyzer

### NOTICE

### The device does not have a power switch

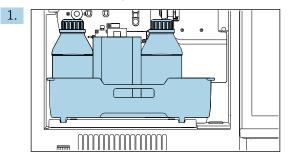
- You must install the device near (distance < 3 m (10 ft)) an easily accessible and fused plug socket so that it can be disconnected from the power supply.
- Comply with the instructions for protective grounding when installing the analyzer.

# 6.2.1 Routing the cable in the connection compartment

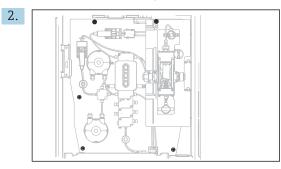
The analyzer is supplied with a pre-installed power cable. (Not in the case of the "Outdoor" version)

- For cabinet versions, the cable length is approx. 4.3 m (14.1 ft) from the base of the housing.
- For analyzer stands, the cable length is approx. 3.5 m (11.5 ft) from the foundation.

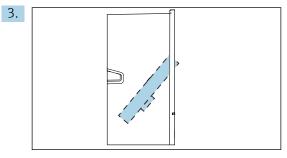
#### Connection of analog inputs and outputs, Memosens sensors or digital fieldbuses



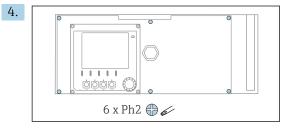
Remove the bottle tray: Lift up the recessed grip slightly and pull it towards the front.



Release the 5 screws on the carrier board using a Torx screwdriver (T25).



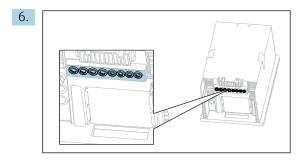
Fold out the carrier board towards the front .



Release the 6 screws on the electronics compartment cover using a Phillips-head screwdriver and fold out the cover towards the front.

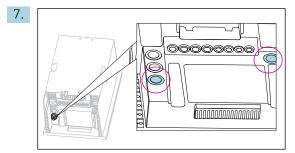
#### 5. Only for order versions with G or NPT glands:

Replace the pre-installed M-thread cable glands with the G or NPT cable glands that are enclosed. This does not affect the M32 hose glands.

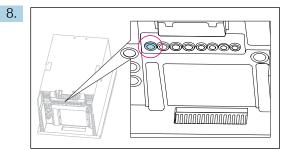


Guide the cables through the cable glands on the bottom of the device.

#### Only for the "Outdoor" version



Guide the heated waste hose (left in the graphic) and the heated sample hose (right in the graphic) through the cable glands indicated.



Guide the power supply cable, which is provided by the customer at the installation location, through the cable gland indicated.

#### For all versions

- 9. Route the cables on the rear panel of the device so that they are properly protected. Use cable clips.
- **10.** Guide the cable to the electronics compartment.

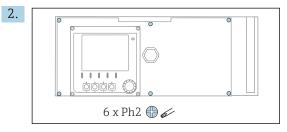
#### After connecting:

- 1. Secure the electronics compartment cover with the 6 screws.
- 2. Fold up the carrier board and use the 5 screws to secure it after connecting.
- **3.** Tighten the cable glands on the bottom of the device to secure the cables.
- 4. Place the bottle tray back into the housing.

# 6.2.2 "Outdoor" version: connecting the power supply and hose heater

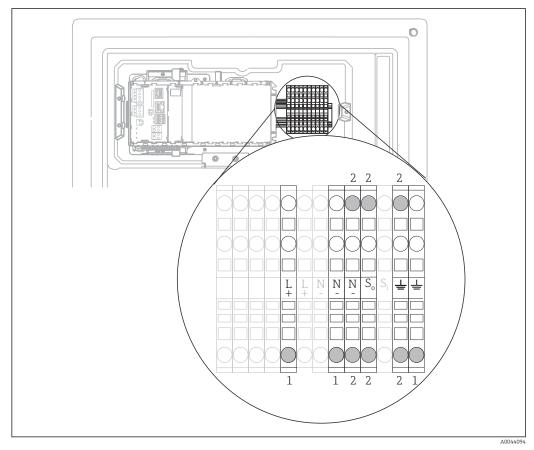
The power supply cable is not included with the delivery and must be provided by the customer.

**1.** Guide the power supply cable and the two cables of the hose heaters from below through the cable gland on the inner rear panel of the device and feed them up into the electronics compartment ( $\rightarrow \square 28$ ).



Release the 6 screws on the electronics compartment cover using a Phillips-head screwdriver and fold out the cover towards the front.

3. Connect the cable.



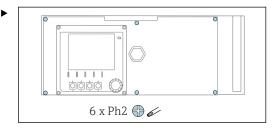
22 Terminal assignment for the "Outdoor" version

- 1 Terminals for power supply
- 2 Terminals for hose heater (2x)

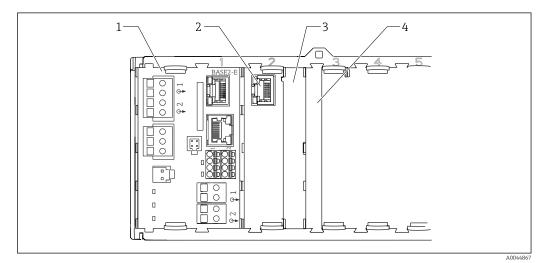
# 6.3 Connecting the sensors and additional modules

# 6.3.1 Overview of connection compartment in the controller housing

The controller has a separate connection compartment.



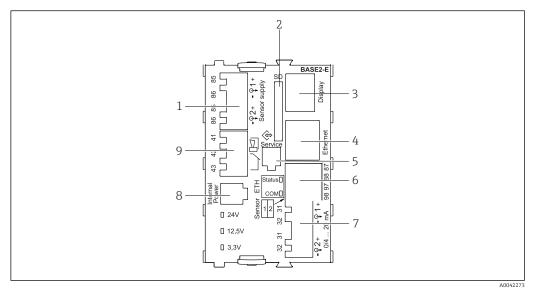
Release the 6 screws on the electronics compartment cover using a Phillips-head screwdriver and fold out the cover towards the front.



23 Connection compartment in the controller housing

- 1 Base module Base2-E
- 2 Analyzer interface
- 3 Dummy cover
- 4 Module cover

#### Base module E



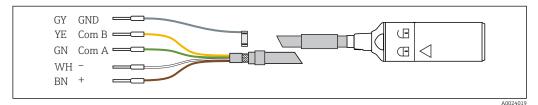
#### ☑ 24 BASE2-E

- 1 Power supply for digital fixed cable sensors with Memosens protocol
- 2 SD card slot
- 3 Slot for display cable <sup>1)</sup>
- 4 Ethernet interface
- 5 Service interface
- 6 Connections for 2 Memosens sensors
- 7 Current outputs
- 8 Socket for internal power supply cable 1)
- 9 Alarm relay connection

<sup>1)</sup> Internal device connection. Do not disconnect the plug!

### 6.3.2 Connecting the sensors

[] Only use terminated original cables where possible.

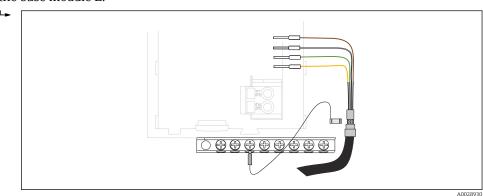


■ 25 Example of a Memosens CYK10 data cable

#### Connecting the ferrules of the sensor cable to the base module E

- 1. To access the electronics compartment, proceed as described in the "Routing the cables" section .
- 2. Guide the sensor connecting cable from below through the cable gland on the inner rear panel of the device and feed it up into the electronics compartment.
- **3.** Establish the connection as per  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 25$ ,  $\blacksquare 31$ .

**4.** Ground the outer shield of the cable via the metal gland on the grounding rail below the base module E.



🖻 26 Terminal strip

### 6.3.3 Connecting additional inputs, outputs or relays

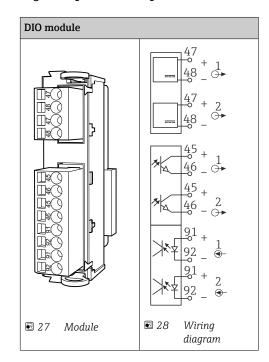
#### **WARNING**

#### Module not covered

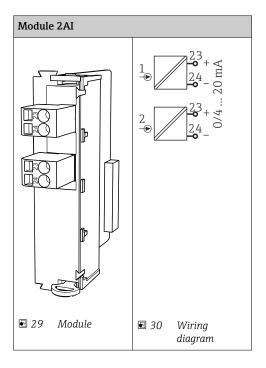
No shock protection. Danger of electric shock!

- Change or extend the hardware for the non-hazardous area: always fill the slots from left to right. Do not leave any gaps.
- If all of the slots are not occupied in the case of devices for the non-hazardous area: always insert a dummy cover or end cover in the slot to the right of the last module→ 23, 30. This ensures that the unit is shock-protected.
- Always ensure shock protection is guaranteed particularly in the case of relay modules (2R, 4R, AOR).
- Hardware for the hazardous area may not be modified. Only the Manufacturer's Service Team may convert a certified device to another certified device version. This includes all modules of the transmitter with an integrated 2DS Ex-i module, as well as changes that concern non-intrinsically safe modules.
- ► If additional shields are required, connect them with PE centrally in the control cabinet via terminal blocks supplied by the customer.

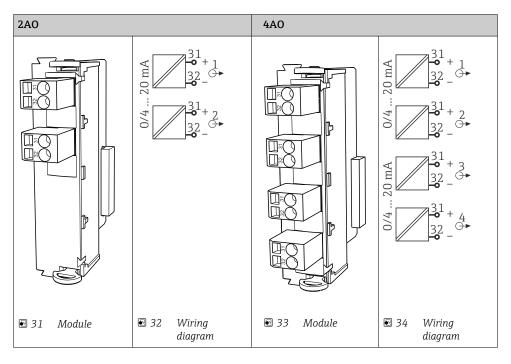
#### Digital inputs and outputs



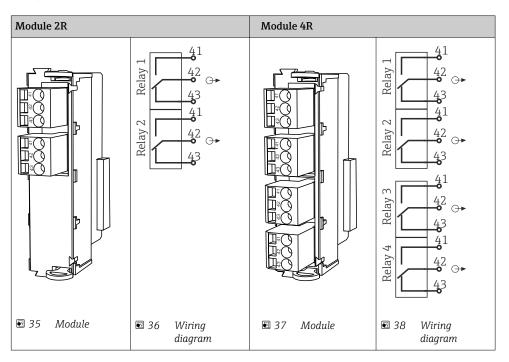
#### **Current inputs**



#### **Current outputs**



#### Relays



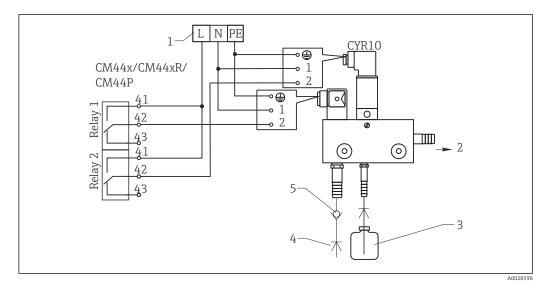
Example: Connecting the cleaning unit 71072583 for CAS40D

#### NOTICE

#### **Power consumption too high for the Liquiline alarm relay!** Can cause irreparable damage to the base module

 Connect the cleaning unit only to terminals of an additional module (AOR, 2R or 4R), not to the alarm relay of the base module.

Example: Connecting the Chemoclean CYR10 injector cleaning unit

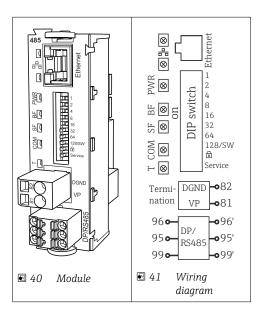


39 Connecting the CYR10 injector cleaning unit

- 1 External power supply
- 2 Cleaner to spray head
- 3 Container with cleaner4 Motive water 2 to 12 bar (30 to ...
- 4 Motive water 2 to 12 bar (30 to 180 psi)
- 5 Backflow valve (to be provided by the customer)

# 6.3.4 Connecting digital communication

#### Module 485



Terminal	PROFIBUS DP	Modbus RS485
95	А	В
96	В	А
99	Not connected	С
82	DGND	DGND
81	VP	VP

### LEDs on front of module

LED	Identifier	Color	Description
RJ45	LNK/ACT	GN	RJ45 is disabled. Ethernet communication is via the BASE2 module
RJ45	10/100	YE	
PWR	Power	GN	Supply voltage is applied and module is initialized
BF	Bus failure	RD	Bus failure
SF	System failure	RD	Device error
COM	Communication	YE	Modbus message sent or received
Т	Bus termination	YE	<ul><li> Off = No termination</li><li> On = Termination is used</li></ul>

#### DIP switches on front of module

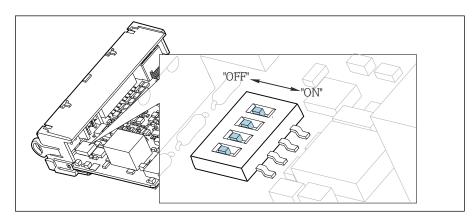
DIP	Factory setting	Assignment
1-128	ON	Bus address ( $\rightarrow$ "Commissioning/communication")
â	OFF	Write protection: "ON" = configuration not possible via the bus, only via local operation
Service	OFF	The switch has no function

# 6.4 Hardware settings

# 6.4.1 Bus termination (module 485 only)

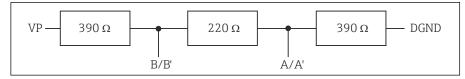
There are 2 ways to terminate the bus:

1. Internal termination (via DIP switch on module board)



42 DIP switch for internal termination

Using a suitable tool such as a tweezer, move all four DIP switches to the "ON" position.
 The internal termination is used.



43 Structure of internal termination

#### 2. External termination

Leave the DIP switches on the module board in the "OFF" position (factory setting).

- Connect the external termination to terminals 81 and 82 on the front of module 485 for 5-V power supply.
  - └ The external termination is used.

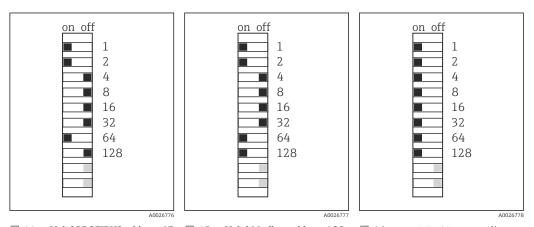
#### 6.4.2 Bus address

#### Setting the bus address

1. Open the housing.

2. Set the desired bus address via the DIP switches of module 485.

For PROFIBUS DP, valid bus addresses are anything between 1 and 126, and anything between 1 and 247 for Modbus. If you configure an invalid address, software addressing is automatically enabled via the local configuration or via the fieldbus.



Valid PROFIBUS address 67 45 Valid Modbus address 195 46 Invalid address 255<sup>1</sup>
 Order configuration, software addressing is active, software address configured at the factory: PROFIBUS 126, Modbus 247

### 6.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

Only the mechanical and electrical connections which are described in these instructions and which are necessary for the required, designated use, may be carried out on the device delivered.

• Exercise care when carrying out the work.

Individual types of protection permitted for this product (impermeability (IP), electrical safety, EMC interference immunity, Ex protection) can no longer be guaranteed if, for example :

- Covers are left off
- Different power units to the ones supplied are used
- Cable glands are not sufficiently tightened (must be tightened with 2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft) for the permitted level of IP protection)
- Unsuitable cable diameters are used for the cable glands
- Modules are not fully secured
- The display is not fully secured (risk of moisture entering due to inadequate sealing)
- Loose or insufficiently tightened cables/cable ends
- Conductive cable strands are left in the device

### 6.6 Post-connection check

#### **WARNING**

#### **Connection errors**

The safety of people and of the measuring point is at risk! The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for errors that result from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

> Put the device into operation only if you can answer **yes** to **all** the following questions.

Device condition and specifications

• Are the device and all the cables free from damage on the outside?

Electrical connection

- Are the mounted cables strain relieved?
- Are the cables routed without loops and cross-overs?
- Are the signal cables correctly connected as per the wiring diagram?
- Are all plug-in terminals securely engaged?
- Are all the connection wires securely positioned in the cable terminals?

### 7 System integration

### 7.1 Overview of device description files

#### 7.1.1 Device identification

 $\rightarrow$  🗎 159, protocol-specific data

#### 7.1.2 Source for device description and device master files

#### Downloading device drivers

- 1. Go to the website: www.endress.com/downloads.
  - └ A dropdown list is displayed.
- 2. Select: device driver.
- 3. Narrow your search by specifying the driver type, product root and communication protocol.

4. Search.

5. Click the suitable entry from the list of hits.

└ You receive the download links including an extended description.

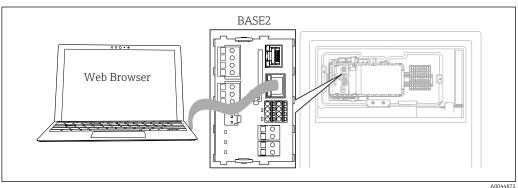
### 7.2 Integrating the measuring device into the system

#### 7.2.1 Web server

Yersions without a fieldbus: you require an activation code for the web server.

#### Connection

 Connect the communication cable of the computer to the Ethernet port of the BASE2 module.



Web server/Ethernet connection

#### Establishing the data connection

All versions with the exception of PROFINET:

You must switch off the **DHCP** parameter in the Ethernet settings for your device to have a valid IP address. (**Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet/Settings**) You can assign the IP address manually in the same menu (for point-to-point connections).

#### All versions including PROFINET:

The IP address and subnet mask of the device can be found under: **DIAG/System** information/Ethernet.

- 1. Start your PC.
- 2. First, configure a manual IP address in the network connection settings of the operating system.

#### Example: Microsoft Windows 10

3. Open Network and Sharing Center.

- └→ Apart from your standard network, you should see an additional Ethernet connection (e.g. as "Unidentified network").
- 4. Select the link to this Ethernet connection.
- 5. In the pop-up window select the "Properties" button.
- 6. Double-click "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)".
- 7. Select "Use the following IP Address".
- 8. Enter the desired IP address. This address must be in the same subnet as the IP address of the device, e.g.:
  - └→ IP address for Liquiline: 192.168.1.212 (as configured previously) IP address for PC: 192.168.1.213.
- 9. Start the Internet browser.
- 10. If you use a proxy server to connect to the Internet: Disable the proxy (browser settings under "Connections/LAN settings").
- **11.** Enter the IP address of your device in the address bar (192.168.1.212 in the example).
  - The system takes a few moments to establish the connection and then the CM44 web server starts. You might be asked for a password. The factory setting is "admin" for the user name and "admin" for the password.
- **12.** Enter the following address(es) to download logbooks:
  - 192.168.1.212/logbooks\_csv.fhtml (for logbooks in CSV format) 192.168.1.212/logbooks\_fdm.fhtml (for logbooks in FDM format)
- Downloads in FDM format can be securely transmitted, saved and visualized with Endress+Hauser's "Field Data Manager Software".
  - $(\rightarrow$  www.endress.com/ms20)

#### Operation

The menu structure of the web server corresponds to the onsite operation.

Software version: 01.06.06         Home       > Basic setup       ?         ESC       > Inputs       ?         CAL       > Additional functions       ?	Menu/Setup		
HomeBasic setup?General settings?ESCInputs?CALAdditional functions?	Device tag: Measuring point Device state: OK	no. 1	
Former       General settings       ?         ESC       Inputs       ?         CAL       Additional functions       ?	Software version: 01.06.06		
Former       General settings       ?         ESC       Inputs       ?         CAL       Additional functions       ?			
ESC Inputs ? Outputs ? CAL Additional functions ?	Home		
ESC Outputs ? CAL Additional functions ?		•	
CAL Additional functions ?	ESC		
	CAL		
	DIAG		

*Example of web server (menu/language=English)*

- Clicking a menu name or a function corresponds to pressing the navigator.
- You can make your settings conveniently via the computer keyboard.
- Instead of using an Internet browser, you can also use FieldCare for configuration via Ethernet. The Ethernet DTM required for this is an integral part of the "Endress +Hauser Interface Device DTM Library".

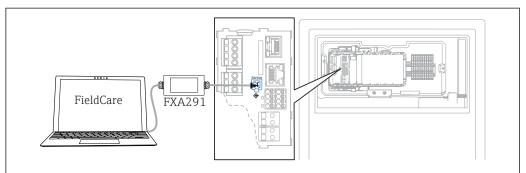
Download: https://portal.endress.com/webdownload/FieldCareDownloadGUI/

#### 7.2.2 Service interface

You can connect the device to a computer via the service interface and configure it using "FieldCare" . Furthermore, configurations can also be saved, transferred and documented.

#### Connection

- 1. Connect the service connector to the interface on the Liquiline base module and connect it to the Commubox.
- 2. Connect the Commubox via the USB connection to the computer on which FieldCare is installed.



E 49 Connection overview

#### Establishing the data connection

- 1. Start FieldCare.
- 2. Establish a connection to the Commubox. To do so, select the "CDI Communication FXA291" ComDTM.
- 3. Then select the "Liquiline CM44x" DTM and start configuration.

You can now start online configuration via the DTM.

Online configuration competes with onsite operation, i.e. each of the two options blocks the other one. On both sides it is possible to take away access from the other side.

#### Operation

- In the DTM the menu structure corresponds to the onsite operation. The functions of the Liquiline soft keys are found in the main window on the left.
- Clicking a menu name or a function corresponds to pressing the navigator.
- You can make your settings conveniently via the computer keyboard.
- You can use FieldCare to save logbooks, make backups of configurations and transfer configurations to other devices.
- You can also print out configurations or save them as PDFs.

#### 7.2.3 Fieldbus systems

#### **PROFIBUS DP**

With the fieldbus module 485 and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via PROFIBUS DP.

Connect the PROFIBUS data cable to the terminals of the fieldbus module as described
 → 
 <sup>(1)</sup>
 <sup>(2)</sup>
 <sup>(2)</sup>

For detailed information on "PROFIBUS communication", see the product pages on the Internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD01188C).

#### Modbus

With the fieldbus module 485 and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via Modbus RS485.

You use the BASE2 module for Modbus TCP.

The RTU and ASCII protocols are available when connecting via Modbus RS485. You can switch to ASCII on the device.

► Connect the Modbus data cable to the terminals of the fieldbus module (RS 485) or to the RJ45 socket of the BASE2 module (TCP) as described.

For detailed information on "Modbus communication", see the product pages on the Internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD01189C).

#### EtherNet/IP

With the BASE2 module and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via EtherNet/IP.

• Connect the EtherNet/IP data cable to the RJ45 socket of the BASE2 module.

For detailed information on "Ethernet/IP communication", see the product pages on the Internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD01293C).

#### PROFINET

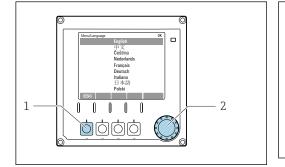
With the BASE2 module and the appropriate device version, you can communicate via PROFINET.

• Connect the PROFINET data cable to the RJ45 socket of the BASE2 module.

For detailed information on "PROFINET communication", see the product pages on the internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD02490C).

## 8 Operation options

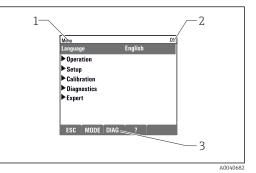
### 8.1 Structure and function of the operating menu



🖻 50 Display (example)

1 Soft key (press function)

2 Navigator (jog/shuttle and press/hold function)



#### 🖻 51 Display (example)

- Menu path and/or device designation
- Status indicator
- 3 Assignment of soft keys, ESC: Go back, MODE: Fast access to frequently used functions, DIAG: Link to Diagnostics menu ?: Help, if available

### 8.2 Access to the operating menu via the local display

1

2

### 8.2.1 Locking or unlocking operating keys

#### Locking operating keys

- 1. Press the navigator for longer than 2 s.
  - A context menu for locking the operating keys is displayed. You have the choice of locking the keys with or without password protection.
     "With password" means that you can only unlock the keys again by entering the correct password. Set this password here: Menu/Setup/General settings/ Extended setup/Data management/Change key lock password.
- 2. Select whether to lock keys with or without a password.
  - └ The keys are locked. No more entries can be made. In the soft key bar, you will see the ☆symbol.

The password is 0000 when the device is delivered from the factory. **Make sure to note down any changes to the password,** as otherwise you will not be able to unlock the keypad yourself.

#### Unlocking operating keys

- 1. Press the navigator for longer than 2 s.
  - ← A context menu for unlocking the operating keys is displayed.
- 2. Key unlock .
  - └ The keys are unlocked immediately if you did not choose to lock with a password. Otherwise you are asked to enter your password.
- 3. Only if keypad is password-protected: enter the right password.
  - └ The keys are unlocked. It is possible to access the entire onsite operation again. The ∩ symbol is no longer visible on the display.

### 8.2.2 Configuration options

#### Display only

- You can only read the values but cannot change them.
- Typical read-only values are: analyzer data, sensor data and system information
- Example: Menu/Setup/Analyzer/../Measuring parameter

#### Picklists

- You receive a list of options. In a few cases, these also appear in the form of multiple choice boxes.
- Usually you just select one option; in rare instances you select one or more options.
- Example: Menu/Setup/General settings/Temperature unit

#### Numerical values

- You are changing a variable.
- The maximum and minimum values for this variable are shown on the display.
- Configure a value within these limits.
- Example: Menu/Operation/Display/Contrast

52	2						OK
			0	1	2	3	4
Min	5		5	6	7	8	9
Max	95					+	C
				7	(		
		_		_			
X		+					

#### Actions

- You trigger an action with the appropriate function.
- You know that the item in question is an action if it is preceded by the following symbol:
- Examples of typical actions include:
  - Deleting log entries
  - Saving or loading configurations
  - Triggering cleaning programs
- Example: Menu/Operation/Manual operation

#### User-defined text

- You are assigning an individual designation.
- Enter a text. You can use the characters in the editor for this purpose (upper-case and lower-case letters, numbers and special characters).
- Using the soft keys, you can:
  - Cancel your entries without saving the data (X)
  - Delete the character in front of the cursor ( $\swarrow$ )
  - Move the cursor back one position (+)
  - Finish your entries and save ( $\checkmark$ )

Mei	Menu/neral settings/Device tag <b>OK</b>											
	E+H CA80											
				<b>U</b> 1	-10							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
A	B	C	D	Ε	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	0	P	۵	R	S	Т	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
A	a	+*	0				+	+		≯	del	C
	X											
			X		•			V				

#### Tables

- Tables are needed to map mathematical functions .
- You edit a table by navigating through rows and columns with the navigator and changing the values of the cells.
- You only edit the numerical values. The controller automatically takes care of the engineering units.
- You can add rows to the table (INSERT soft key) or delete them (DEL soft key).
- Afterwards, you save the table (SAVE soft key).
- You can also cancel your entries any time using the **X** soft key.
- Example: Menu/Setup/Inputs/pH/Medium comp.

Menu//h	nputs/pH/Medium comp.		OK
	Temperature	pH	
1	20.0 °C	pH 6.90	
2	25.0 °C	pH 7.00	
3	30.0 °C	pH 7.10	
	INSERT D	EL SAVE	

# 9 Commissioning

#### Before the supply voltage is applied

On account of the device design, high switch-on currents occur when the device is commissioned at low temperatures. The power value indicated on the nameplate refers to the power consumption after one minute of operation when the device is commissioned at 5  $^{\circ}$ C (41  $^{\circ}$ F).

■ "Outdoor" version only: To avoid overloading the power cable or triggering the mains fuse, only commission the device at temperatures ≥5 °C (41 °F).

#### Activities while the analyzer is in operation

Risk of injury and infection from medium!

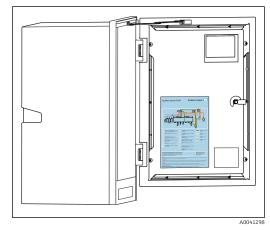
- Before you release any hoses, make sure that no actions, such as the pumping of sample, are currently running or are due to start shortly.
- ► Wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.
- ▶ Wipe up any spilt reagent with a disposable tissue and rinse with clear water. Then dry the cleaned areas with a cloth.

### 9.1 Preparatory steps

#### 9.1.1 Commissioning steps

- **1.** Connect the liquid-bearing hoses of the sample supply system.  $\rightarrow \cong 47$
- 2. Visually inspect all the hose connections to ensure everything is correct. Use the hose connection diagram → 🖺 46.
- 3. Insert the bottles and make the most important menu settings.  $\rightarrow \square 49$

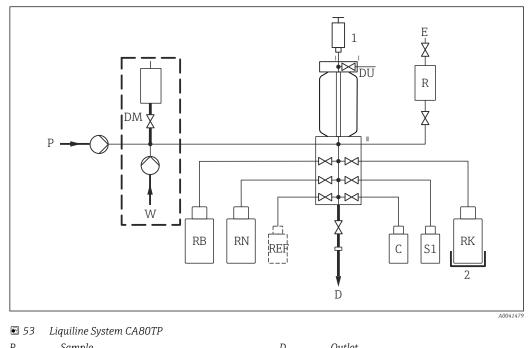
### 9.1.2 Hose connection diagram



hose connection diagram that applies for your device version is provided on the inside of the door of the analyzer.
Only connect the hoses as specified in this diagram.

The diagrams below reflect the status at the time of issue of this documentation. The

■ 52 Hose connection diagram



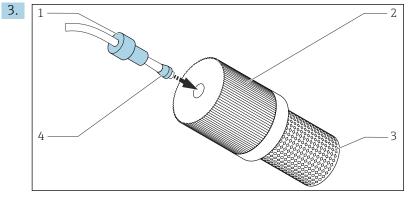
Р	Sample	D	Outlet
DM	Dilution module (optional)	С	Cleaner
W	Water for optional dilution module	S1	Standard 1
RB	Reagent RB	Ε	Ventilation
RN	Reagent RN	R	Pressure reactor
DU	Dosing unit	RK	Reagent RK
1	Dispenser	REF	Reference sample (optional) <sup>1)</sup>
2	Cooling (optional)		

1) Functionally not necessary; only if required by law (China)

#### 9.1.3 Connecting the sample inlet hose

**1.** Ensure a constant and sufficient supply of sample at the installation location.

Connect the intake hose supplied to the peristaltic pump ("sample", → hose connection diagram) and guide it through the hose gland of the analyzer to the outside.



☑ 54 Mounting the suction strainer (supplied) on the sample hose

Fit the gland (1) and cone (4) onto the hose in the direction indicated and screw into the adapter (2) of the suction strainer (3) together with the hose.

- 4. Insert the suction strainer into the sampling unit.
- 5. Ensure that only sample that is aqueous and homogenized is supplied, as otherwise there is a risk of blockage.

### 9.2 Function check

#### **WARNING**

#### Incorrect connection, incorrect supply voltage

Safety risks for staff and device malfunctions!

- Check that all connections have been established correctly in accordance with the wiring diagram.
- Ensure that the supply voltage matches the voltage indicated on the nameplate.
- Ensure that the reactor's safety cover is undamaged and installed correctly.

#### **WARNING**

#### **Connection errors**

The safety of people and of the measuring point is under threat. The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for errors that result from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

• Put the device into operation only if you can answer **yes** to **all** the following questions.

Device condition and specifications

• Are the hoses free from damage on the outside?

#### Pressure reactor

- ► Have all of the reactor's connections been installed correctly?
- ► Has the reactor's safety cover been installed?

Visual inspection of the liquid-bearing lines

- Check the hose connections using the hose connection diagram.
- ► Is the suction line connected to the peristaltic pump?
- ► Is the dispenser correctly inserted?
- Can the dispenser move freely?
- ► Are all the hose connections leak-tight?
- ▶ is the sample hose in the hose gland strain-relieved?
- ▶ Have the bottles with reagents, and standard been inserted and connected?

### 9.3 Switching on the measuring device

- 1. Connect the power supply.
- 2. Wait for the initialization to finish.

### 9.4 Access to the configuration (only versions CA80TP-HR)

#### Enabling access to the configuration

Only authorized persons may make settings on the device. Access is password-protected.

#### 1. Call up: **MENU/Enter maintenance level**.

- 2. Enter 8888 as the password.
  - ← Access is enabled and you can change the settings.
- 3. Change the password to a new, secure password: **MENU/General settings/Extended** setup/Data management/Change maintenance level password.

If you forget your password, you can reset it here using the PUK supplied: **Reset password** with **PUK**.

#### Locking access to the configuration

- Call up: MENU/Exit maintenance level.
  - ← Access is locked again and you cannot change any settings.

### 9.5 Setting the operating language

#### Configuring the language

1. Press the soft key: **MENU**.

2. Set your language in the top menu item.

└ The device can now be operated in your chosen language.

### 9.6 Configuring the measuring device

#### 9.6.1 Basic setup analyzer

#### Making basic settings

- 1. Switch to the menu **Setup/Basic setup analyzer**.
  - └ Make the following settings.
- Device tag
  - Give your device any name of your choice (max. 32 characters).
- Set date

Correct the set date if necessary.

Set time

Correct the set time if necessary.

- 2. Insert the bottles and activate the bottles used in the menu: **Bottle insertion/Bottle selection**.
- 3. Check the concentration of the calibration standard used: **Calibration/Settings/ Nominal concentration**.
- 4. Optionally, also change the measuring interval: Measurement/Measuring interval.

   — All the other settings can be left in the default factory settings for the time being.
- 5. Return to the measuring mode: press and hold the soft key for **ESC** for at least one second.
  - └ Your analyzer now works with your general settings. Optionally connected sensors use the factory settings of the specific sensor type and the individual calibration settings that were last saved.

If you want to already configure additional input and output parameters in the **Basic setup analyzer**:

 Configure the current outputs, relays, limit switches and device diagnostics with the following submenus.

# 10 Operation

### 10.1 Display

#### 10.1.1 Soft keys in the measuring mode

On the bottom row of the display you can find four soft keys in the measuring screens:

- With **MENU** and **DIAG** take you directly to the specific software menu.
- With **HOLD** you can activate an immediate, general hold for sensors. This also sets all the linked outputs, controllers and cleaning cycles to HOLD. Any sensor cleaning programs that are currently running are interrupted. However, you can also start manual sensor cleaning when a hold is active.
- With **MODE** takes you to a picklist of frequently used software functions.

### 10.1.2 Measuring mode

There are different display modes: (press the navigator button to change the mode)

- (1) Overview of all the inputs and outputs
- (2) Analyzer measured value or main measured value of an input or output or the status of a relay
- (3) Smaller visualization of the analyzer measured value or main and secondary measured value in the case of a sensor input
- (4) Analyzer measured value and pending actions or all measured values in the case of a sensor input
- (5) **Only for analyzer measured value:** Graphic display

There are also submenus:

(6) User-definable measuring menus (only available if already defined) Choice of previously configured screens

#### Change of channel to modes (2) - (5)

- Turn the navigator.
  - └ The display changes from channel to channel.

### 10.1.3 Device status

Icons on the display alert you to special device states.

Icon	Location	Description
F	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Failure"
М	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Maintenance request"
C	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Check"
S	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Out of specification"
←→	Header bar	Fieldbus or TCP/IP communication active
I	Header bar	Hold active (for sensors)
X	At measured value	Hold for the actuator (current output, limit switch etc.) is active
玊	At measured value 1)	An offset has been added to the measured value
&	At measured value	Measured value in "Bad" or "Alarm" state
ATC	At measured value	Automatic temperature compensation active (for sensors)
MTC	At measured value	Manual temperature compensation active (for sensors)
SIM	Header bar	Simulation mode active or Memocheck SIM connected

Icon	Location	Description
SIM	At measured value	The measured value is influenced by a simulated value
SIM	At measured value	The displayed measured value is simulated (for sensors)
	Header bar	Controller is active

1) Only pH or ORP measurement

If two or more diagnostic messages occur simultaneously, only the icon for the message with the highest priority is shown on the display (for the order of priority according to NAMUR,  $\rightarrow \square$  118).

#### 10.1.4 Assignment views

Assignment views, e.g. **Channel assignment view**, appear as the last function in many sections of the menu. You can use this function to see which actuators or functions are connected to an input or output. The assignments appear in hierarchical order.

### 10.2 General settings

### 10.2.1 Basic settings

Menu/Setup/General settings					
Function	Options	Info			
Temperature unit	Selection • °C • °F • K Factory setting °C				
Current output range	Selection • 020 mA • 420 mA Factory setting 420 mA	In accordance with Namur NE43, the linear range is from 3.8 to 20.5 mA ( <b>420 mA</b> ) or from 0 to 20.5 mA ( <b>020 mA</b> ). If the range is exceeded or undershot, the current value stops at the range limit and a diagnostic message (460 or 461) is output.			
Failure current	0.0 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 22.5 mA	<ul> <li>The function meets NAMUR NE43.</li> <li>Set the current value that should be output at the current outputs in the event of an error.</li> </ul>			
output range = 020 mA output range = 420 mA	you should set an error currer you could also define a value current within the measuring	asuring range. If you decided that your <b>Current</b> as between 20.1 and 23 mA. If the <b>Current</b> < 4 mA as the error current. grange. In such instances pay attention to any			
Alarm delay	0 to 9999 s Factory setting 0 s	The software displays only the errors that are present longer than the set delay time. This makes it possible to suppress messages that only occur briefly and are caused by normal process- specific fluctuations.			
Device hold	Selection • Disabled • Enabled Factory setting Disabled	You can enable an immediate, general hold (for sensors) here. The function acts in the same way as the <b>HOLD</b> soft key in the screens.			

10.2.2 Date a	and time
---------------	----------

Menu/Setup/General settings	Menu/Setup/General settings/Date/Time					
Function	Options	Info				
Set date	Depends on the format	Editing mode: Day (two-digit): 01 to 31 Month (two-digit): 01 to 12 Year (four-digit): 1970 to 2106				
Set time	Depends on the format	Editing mode: hh (hour): 00 to 23 / 0 am to 12 pm mm (minutes): 00 to 59 ss (seconds): 00 to 59				
Extended setup						
Date format	Selection DD.MM.YYYY YYYY-MM-DD MM-DD-YYYY	<ul> <li>Select a date format.</li> </ul>				
	<b>Factory setting</b> DD.MM.YYYY					
Time format	Selection • hh:mm am (12h) • hh:mm (24h) • hh:mm:ss (24h)	<ul> <li>Choose between 12-hour display or 24-hour display. Seconds can also be displayed with the latter version.</li> </ul>				
	Factory setting hh:mm:ss (24h)					
Time zone	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Choice of 35 time zones</li> </ul>	None = Greenwich Mean Time (London).				
	<b>Factory setting</b> None					
DST	Selection • Off • Europe • USA • Manual Factory setting Off	The controller adapts the summertime/normal time changeover automatically if you choose European or American daylight saving time. Manual means that you can specify the start and end of daylight saving time yourself. Here, two additional submenus are displayed in which you specify the changeover date and time.				

### 10.2.3 Hold settings

Menu/Setup/General settings/Hold settings					
Function	Options	Info			
Settings automatic Hold					
Hold release time	0 to 600 s	The hold status is maintained for the duration of			
	Factory setting 0 s	the delay time when you switch to the measuring mode.			

Menu/Setup/General settings/Hold settings					
Function	Options	Info			
Setup menu	Selection	<ul> <li>Decide whether the device outputs should</li> </ul>			
Diagnostics menu	<ul><li>Disabled</li><li>Enabled</li></ul>	switch to the defined hold state when the particular menu is opened.			
	<b>Factory setting</b> Disabled				
Calibration active	Factory setting Enabled				
External hold	Selection <ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Enabled</li> </ul> Factory setting Disabled				

#### 10.2.4 Logbooks

Logbooks record the following events:

- Calibration/adjustment events
- Operator events
- Diagnostic events
- Analyzer events
- Measured values

You define how the logbooks should store the data.

In addition, you can also define individual data logbooks for sensors.

1. Assign the logbook name.

2. Select the measured value to be recorded.

3. Set the scan time (**Scan time**).

└ You can set the scan time individually for every data logbook.



Further information on the logbooks: .

Data logbooks only apply for sensors (optional). There are special data logbooks for the analyzer. These logbooks are automatically enabled and assigned to the measuring channel.

SP1: Data logbook SP1 is assigned to measuring channel 1 of the analyzer.

Menu/Setup/General settings/Logbooks		
Function	Options	Info
Logbook ident	Customized text, 16 characters	Part of the file name when exporting a logbook
Event logbook	Selection • Off • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer	All diagnostic messages are recorded         Ring buffer         If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry.         Fill up buffer         If the memory is full, there is an overflow,i. e. you cannot store any new values. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.

#### Endress+Hauser

Menu/Setup/General settings/Logbooks		
Function	Options	Info
Analyzer event logbook	Selection • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer	All diagnostic messages are recorded         Ring buffer         If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry.         Fill up buffer         If the memory is 80 % full, the device displays a diagnostic message.         If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i. e. no new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
<ul> <li>Overflow warnings</li> </ul>		
Analyzer calibration logbook = Fill up buffer		
Calibration logbook	Selection	• Decide whether you want to receive a
Diagnostic logbook	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	diagnostic message if the fill buffer of the relevant loqbook overflows.
Configuration logbook	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	
Analyzer data logbooks		For analyzer measured data The entry is made automatically on completion of the measurement. A setting does not need to be made. The logbook is activated automatically. SP1 is assigned to data logbook SP1.
Data logbook SP1		Assignment to measuring channel
Source of data	Read only	The assigned measuring channel is displayed
Measuring parameter	Read only	Plain-text information on the parameter that is being recorded
Unit	Read only	Information about the unit in which the data are available
Logbook name	Customized text, 16 characters	
Line plotter		Menu to define the graphic display
Axes	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Should the axes (x, y) be displayed ( <b>On</b> ) or not ( <b>Off</b> )?
Orientation	Selection <ul> <li>Horizontal</li> <li>Vertical</li> </ul> Factory setting Horizontal	You can choose whether the value curves should be displayed from left to right ( <b>Horizontal</b> ) or from top to bottom ( <b>Vertical</b> ). If you want to display two data logbooks simultaneously, make sure that both logbooks have the same settings here.
X-Description	Selection	• Decide whether a description should be
Y-Description	• Off • On Factory setting On	displayed for the axes and whether gridlines should be shown. In addition, you can also
Grids		decide whether pitches should be displaye
Pitches		
X Pitch/Grid distance	10 to 50% Factory setting	► Determine the pitch.
Y Pitch/Grid distance	10 %	

nction	Options	Info
Data logbooks		For connected Memosens sensors (optional)
▶ New		You can create a maximum of 8 data logbooks.
Logbook name	Customized text, 20 characters	
Source of data	Selection Sensor inputs Controller Current inputs Temperature Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Select a data source for the logbook entries</li> <li>You can choose from the following:</li> <li>Connected sensors</li> <li>Available controllers</li> <li>Current inputs</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Binary input signals</li> <li>Mathematical functions</li> </ul>
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data Factory setting None	You can record different measured values depending on the data source.
Scan time	0:00:01 to 1:00:00 Factory setting 0:01:00	Minimum time interval between two entries Format: H:MM:SS
Data logbook	Selection <ul> <li>Ring buffer</li> <li>Fill up buffer</li> </ul> Factory setting Ring buffer	Ring buffer If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. Fill up buffer If the memory is full, there is an overflow,i. e. n
		new values can be saved. The controller display a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
Overflow warnings Data logbook = Fill up buffer	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	<ul> <li>Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill buffer of the relevant logbook overflows.</li> </ul>
⊳ Add another logbook	Action	Only if you want to create another data logbool immediately. You add a new data logbook at a later date using <b>New</b> .
⊳ Finished	Action	This allows you to exit the <b>New</b> menu.
▷ Start/stop simultaneously	Action	Appears if you have created more than one dat logbook. With one mouse click, you can start of stop recording all the data logbooks.
▶ Logbook name		The name of this submenu is based on the nam of the logbook and only appears once you have created a logbook.

unction	Options	Info
Source of data Measured value	Read only	This is for information purposes only. If you want to record another value, delete this logboo
		and create a new data logbook.
Log time left Data logbook = Fill up buffer	Read only	Displays the days, hours and minutes remaining until the logbook is full.
Log size	Read only	Displays the number of entries remaining until
Data logbook = Fill up buffer		the logbook is full.
Logbook name	Customized text, 20 characters	You can change the name here again.
Scan time	0:00:01 to 1:00:00	As above
	Factory setting 0:01:00	Minimum time interval between two entries Format: H:MM:SS
Data logbook	Selection • Ring buffer • Fill up buffer	<b>Ring buffer</b> If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry.
	<b>Factory setting</b> Ring buffer	<b>Fill up buffer</b> If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i. e. n new values can be saved. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
Overflow warnings Data logbook = Fill up buffer	Selection • Off • On	<ul> <li>Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill buffer of the relevant logbook overflows.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting Off	
Line plotter		Menu to define the graphic display
Axes	Selection • Off • On	Should the axes (x, y) be displayed ( <b>On</b> ) or not ( <b>Off</b> )?
	<b>Factory setting</b> On	
Orientation	Selection • Horizontal • Vertical Factory setting Horizontal	You can choose whether the value curves should be displayed from left to right ( <b>Horizontal</b> ) or from top to bottom ( <b>Vertical</b> ). If you want to display two data logbooks simultaneously, make sure that both logbooks have the same settings here.
X-Description	Selection	<ul> <li>Decide whether a description should be</li> </ul>
Y-Description	• Off • On	displayed for the axes and whether gridline should be shown. In addition, you can also
Grids	Factory setting	decide whether pitches should be displayed
Pitches	On	
X Pitch/Grid distance	10 to 50%	<ul> <li>Determine the pitch.</li> </ul>
Y Pitch/Grid distance	Factory setting	
⊳ Remove	Action	This action removes the data logbook. Any data that have not been saved are lost.

Example: New data logbook (Setup/General settings/Logbooks/Data logbooks/New)

1. Make the settings:

Logbook name

Assign a name. Example: "01".

- Source of data
- Select a data source. Example: Signal of binary input 1.
- Measured value
- Select the measured value to be recorded. Example: pH value.
- Scan time
- Specify the time interval between two logbook entries.
- Data logbook Activate the logbook: specify the data storage method.
- 2. ../**Finished**: Perform the action.

← The device shows the new logbook in the list of data logbooks.

3. Select data logbook "01".

← Additional display: Log time left.

4. Only in the case of **Fill up buffer**:

Decide to set **Overflow warning**: **On** or **Off**.

- └ **On**: The device displays a diagnostic message in the event of memory overflow.
- 5. Line plotter submenu: Specify the type of graphic representation.

#### 10.2.5 Extended setup

#### **Diagnostics settings**

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/(General settings or Inputs <sensor channel="">)/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior</sensor>		
Function	Options	Info
List of diagnostic messages		<ul> <li>Select the message to be changed. Only then can you make the settings for this message.</li> </ul>
Diag. code	Read only	
Diagnostic message	Selection <ul> <li>On</li> <li>Off</li> </ul> Factory setting Depends on the message	<ul> <li>You can deactivate or reactivate a diagnostic message here.</li> <li>Deactivating means:</li> <li>No error message in the measuring mode</li> <li>No failure current at the current output</li> </ul>
Failure current	Selection • On • Off Factory setting Depends on the message	<ul> <li>Decide whether an failure current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated.</li> <li>In the event of general device errors, the failure current is output at all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the failure current is only output at the assigned current output.</li> </ul>
Status signal	Selection <ul> <li>Maintenance (M)</li> <li>Out of specification (S)</li> <li>Function check (C)</li> <li>Failure (F)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107.</li> <li>Decide whether you want to change a status signal assignment for your application.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> Depends on the message	

unction	Options	Info
Diag. output	Selection None Alarm relay Binary output Relay 1 to n (depends on the device version)	Before being able to assign the message to an output you must first configure a relay output t <b>Diagnostics</b> . (Menu/Setup/Outputs: assign Diagnostics function and set Operating mode to as assigned.)
	Factory setting None	
Alarm relays are ava	ilable, depending on the device vers	sion.
Cleaning program (for sensors)	Selection None Cleaning 1 Cleaning 2 Cleaning 3 Cleaning 4	<ul> <li>Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program.</li> <li>You can define the cleaning programs under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting None	
Detail information	Read only	Here you can find more information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.

#### PROFIBUS DP

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/PROFIBUS		
Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
	<b>Factory setting</b> On	
Termination	Read only	If the device is the last in the bus, you can terminate via the hardware.
Bus address	1 to 125	If you have addressed the bus via hardware (DIP switches on the module, ), you can only read the address here. If an invalid address is set via the hardware, you have to assign a valid address for your device either here or via the bus.
Ident number	Selection • Automatic • PA-Profile 3.02 (9760) • Manufacturer specific	
	<b>Factory setting</b> Automatic	

#### Modbus

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Modbus		
Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
Termination	Read only	If the device is the last in the bus, you can terminate via the hardware.
Settings		
Transmission Mode	Selection TCP RTU ASCII Factory setting (Modbus-RS485 only) RTU	The transmission mode is displayed depending on the version ordered. In the case of RS485 transmission, you can choose between <b>RTU</b> and <b>ASCII</b> . There are no choices for Modbus-TCP.
Byte order	Selection 1-0-3-2 0-1-2-3 2-3-0-1 3-2-1-0 Factory setting 1-0-3-2	
Watchdog	0 to 999 s Factory setting 5 s	If no data transmission takes place for longer than the time set, this is an indicator that communication has been interrupted. After this time, input values received via the Modbus are considered to be invalid.

#### Web server

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Webserver		
Function	Options	Info
Webserver	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
Webserver TCP Port 80	Read only	The Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) is an arrangement (protocol) as to how data should be exchanged between computers. A port is a part of an address which assigns data segments to a network protocol.
Webserver login	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch user administration on and off at this point. This makes it possible to create multiple users with password access.

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Webserver			
Function	Options	Info	
User administration			
List of users already created	View/edit	You can change user names or passwords or delete users. A user is already created at the factory: "admin" with password "admin".	
New user:			
Name	Free text	Create new user	
Enter new user password	Free text	1. INSERT .	
Confirm new user	Free text	2. Assign any name to the new user.	
password		3. Select a password for the user.	
Change user password	Free text	4. Confirm password.	
		<ul> <li>You can now change the password at any time.</li> </ul>	

#### EtherNet/IP

If PROFINET is used, the settings in this menu are read only settings. The network settings are made via the PROFINET-DCP protocol.

For detailed information on "PROFINET communication", see the product pages on the internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD02490C).

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet		
Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
Settings		
Link settings	Selection Auto negotiation 10MBps Half duplex 10MBps Full duplex 100MBps Half duplex 100MBps Full duplex Factory setting Auto negotiation	<ul> <li>Transmission methods of the communication channels</li> <li>Full duplex: Data can be transmitted and received simultaneously.</li> <li>Half-duplex: Data can be transmitted and received on an alternating basis only, i.e. not simultaneously.</li> </ul>
DHCP	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) makes it possible to assign the network configuration to clients via a server. With DHCP, it is possible to automatically integrate the device into an existing network without the need for manual configuration. Normally only the automatic assignment of the IP address must be configured at the client. During startup, the IP address, the netmask and the gateway are retrieved from a DHCP server. Do you want to assign the IP address of the device manually? If so, you have to set DHCP = Off.
IP-Address	XXX.XXX.XXX	An IP address is an address in computer networks which are based on the Internet protocol (IP). You can only set the IP address if <b>DHCP</b> is switched off.

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet		
Function	Options	Info
Netmask	XXX.XXX.XXX	On the basis of the IP address of a device, the netmask specifies which IP addresses this device searches for in its own network and which addresses it could access in other networks via a router. It therefore divides the IP address into a network part (network prefix) and a device part. The network part must be identical for all devices in the individual network, and the device part must be different for every device within the network.
Gateway	X.X.X.X	A gateway (protocol converter) enables communication between networks that are based on completely different protocols.
Service switch	Read only	
MAC-Address	Read only	The MAC address (Media Access Control address) is the hardware address of every individual network adapter which is used to uniquely identify the device in a computer network.
EtherNetIP Port 44818	Read only	A port is a part of an address which assigns data segments to a network protocol.

#### Accepting settings

Have you changed settings manually, such as the IP address?

▶ Before you leave the **Ethernet** menu:

select **SAVE** to apply your settings.

└ In the **DIAG/System information** menu you can check whether the new settings are used.

#### Data management

Firmware update

Please contact your local sales office for information on firmware updates available for your controller and its compatibility with earlier versions.

**Current firmware version** of the analyzer, actuator control module and the photometer: Menu/Diagnostics/System information.

▶ Back up your current setup and your logbooks to an SD card.

To install a firmware update, you must have the update available on an SD card.

- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/ Firmware update.
  - ← The update files on the SD card are displayed.
- 3. Select the desired update and select yes when asked the following:

The current firmware will be overwritten. After this the device will reboot. Do you want to proceed?

└ The firmware is loaded and the device is then started with the new firmware.

#### Saving the setup

Saving a setup offers the following advantages, among others :

- Copying settings for other devices
- Quick and easy switching between various setups, e.g. for different user groups or for recurring sensor type changes
- Restoring a tried-and-tested setup, e.g. if you have changed a lot of settings and no longer know what the original settings were
- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Save setup .
- 3. **Name**: Assign a file name.
- 4. Then select Save .
  - If you have already assigned the file name, you will be asked whether you want to overwrite the existing setup.
- 5. Use **OK** to confirm or cancel and assign a new file name.
  - Your setup is stored on the SD card and you can upload it quickly to the device at a later date.

#### Loading the setup

When you load a setup, the current configuration is overwritten.

Note that cleaning and controller programs may be active. Do you want to continue anyway?

- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader. A setup must have been saved to the SD card.
- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Load setup .
  - A list of all the setups on the SD card is displayed.
     An error message is displayed if there is no valid setup on the card.
- 3. Select the desired setup.
  - ► A warning is displayed:

The current parameters will be overwritten and the device will reboot. Warning: Please note that cleaning and controller programs can be active. Do you want to proceed?

- 4. Use **OK** to confirm or cancel.
  - └ If you select **OK** to confirm, the device restarts with the desired setup.

#### Exporting the setup

Exporting a setup offers the following advantages, among others:

- Export in XML format with a stylesheet for formatted display in an XML-compatible application, such as . Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Importing the data (drag and drop the XML file into a browser window)
- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Export setup .
- 3. **Name**: Assign a file name.
- 4. Then select **Export** .
  - If you have already assigned the file name, you will be asked whether you want to overwrite the existing setup.

5. Use **OK** to confirm or cancel and assign a new file name.

└ Your setup is saved on the SD card in the "Device" folder.



#### Activation code

-

You require activation codes for:

- Additional functions, e.g. fieldbus communication
- Firmware upgrades

If your original device has activation codes, these can be found on the nameplate. The corresponding device functions are activated at the factory. You only require the codes if servicing the device.

1. Enter the activation code: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Activation code.

2. Confirm your entry.

└ The new hardware or software function is activated and can be configured.

Functions that are enabled by an activation code:

Function	Activation code beginning with
Two current outputs (BASE2-E module only)	081
Web server <sup>1)</sup>	351
PROFIBUS DP	0B3
Modbus TCP	0B8
Modbus RS485	0B5
EtherNet/IP	0B9
PROFINET	0B7
Cooling <sup>2)</sup>	0F1
Feedforward control	220
Chemoclean Plus	25
Collecting vessel <sup>2)</sup>	20
Measuring channels <sup>2)</sup>	28
Formula <sup>3)</sup>	321

1) Via Ethernet socket of the Base2 module, for versions without an Ethernet fieldbus

2) Availability depends on measuring parameter

3) Mathematical function

#### Changing the password

You can lock the operating keys with a password (access the context menu by pressing the navigator for longer). The keys can then only be enabled by entering the right password.

You can set the password to lock the keys here: **Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Change key lock password**.

1. Enter the current password (factory setting 0000).

🛏 Enter new password

2. Enter a new password.

└ Confirm new password

3. Enter the new password again.

└ The password has been changed successfully.

Press the navigator for longer to return to the measuring mode.

### 10.3 Analyzer

Function	Options	Info
Mode	Read only	Manual, automatic or fieldbus
Device tag	Customized text, 32 characters Factory setting Analyzer_serial number	<ul> <li>Select any name for your analyzer. Use the TAG name for example.</li> </ul>
Measuring parameter	Read only	
Range switch	Selection Automatic Manual Factory setting Manual	<ul> <li>Automatic         <ul> <li>CA80TP-AA/CA/GR</li> <li>No options available for measuring range of dilution</li> <li>The device uses all the available ranges</li> <li>Dilution is not displayed</li> </ul> </li> <li>CA80TP-HR         <ul> <li>No options available for measuring range of dilution</li> <li>The device uses all the internal ranges, starting with the smallest range up to the range that can measure the limit concentration</li> <li>Set the limit concentration: Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Upper range limit</li> <li>Dilution is not displayed</li> </ul> </li> <li>Manual</li> <li>CA80TP-AA/CA/GR         <ul> <li>Measuring range can be selected from a list</li> <li>Internal dilution is displayed again separately</li> <li>CA80TP-HR</li> <li>The measuring range cannot be selected</li> <li>The measuring range cannot be selected</li> <li>The measuring range cannot be selected</li> <li>The internal measuring range is limited by the limit concentration entered (Upper range limit)</li> <li>Dilution can be selected from a list</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Measuring range	Range switch = Automatic         No other options         Range switch = Manual         The options available depend on the device version ordered.	
Internal Dilution Menu only available for device versions CA80TP-HR	Options depend on the parameter	<ul> <li>Select the dilution factor from the list.</li> <li>The internal measuring range changes depending on the selected dilution. In the measuring range displayed, only the lower limit changes, as the upper limit continues to be defined by the limit concentration.</li> </ul>

### 10.3.1 Extended setup

#### Measured value

Function	Options	Info
Main value	Selection P Factory setting P	
Unit	Selection mg/l ppm Factory setting mg/l	
Main value format	Selection • # • #.# • Auto Factory setting #.#	
Status for failed measurement	Selection • Keep last value • Status bad Factory setting Keep last value	Keep last valueStandard practice is to keep the measured valueof the last successful measurement until the nextsuccessful measurement.To detect an error during measurement, theNAMUR status signal, the time stamp of themeasurement and the measured value statusmust be evaluated.Status badIf a measurement cannot be performed due to an
		error, the measured value status is set to <b>Bad</b> and the measured value to 0. The time stamp is updated accordingly.

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup		
Function	Options	Info
Upper range limit Menu only available for device versions CA80TP-HR	<ul> <li>Configurable</li> <li>At least 10% of the upper limit value of the smallest available measuring range</li> <li>The maximum upper limit value of the largest available measuring range (factory setting)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Range of adjustment depends on: Menu/Setup/ Analyzer/Measuring range</li> <li>Specify the desired value for the measuring range upper limit.</li> <li>Directly affects the display: Menu/ Setup/Analyzer/Measuring range.</li> </ul>
Device Range Menu not available for device versions CA80TP-HR	Selection	<ul> <li>The options available depend on the device version ordered.</li> <li>Select the desired measuring range from the list.</li> </ul>

Endress+Hauser

#### Signals

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup		
Function	Options	Info
▶ Signal for sample request		
Lead time SPX <sup>1)</sup>	Selection 0.00 to 30.00 (mm:ss) Factory setting 0.00 (mm:ss)	In the automatic mode, each measurement only starts once the lead time has elapsed. The request sample signal is active from the start of the lead time until the end of the specified signal duration time.
Duration SPX <sup>1)</sup>	Selection 0:00 to 60:00 (mm:ss) Factory setting 3:00 (mm:ss)	You can set the duration for which the signal is active.
Signal for process access		
SP1	Selection Always accessible Binary input x:y Factory setting Always accessible	Always accessible: The input signal level at the binary inputs does not affect actions that require sample (measurement, calibration, cleaning). Binary input x:y: When the signal is active at the selected input, the analyzer starts actions where sample is required. Otherwise the analyzer defers or skips the action.

1) X is context-dependent, is automatically generated by the software and stands for the name of the sample preparation, e.g. "1" or "2".

#### **Diagnostic settings**

*Limit values for dispensers* 

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Limits dispensers		
Function	Options	Info
Control	Selection • Off • On	
	<b>Factory setting</b> On	
▶ Warning limits		Diag. code 733
Remaining operating time	Selection 1 to 90 (d)	A warning limit can be configured for every dispenser:
	<b>Factory setting</b> 28 d	Dispenser 1
► Alarm limits		Diag. code 732
Remaining operating time     Selection     An alarm limit can be conditioned dispenser:       1 to 60 d     Tactory setting     Dispenser 1       7 d     7 d     Dispenser 1		÷
	Dispenser 1	

#### Bottles

You can monitor the levels of all the bottles.

1. Switch on monitoring.

- 2. Enter the starting volume for every bottle.
- 3. Specify alarm and warning limits for the residual volumes.

**4.** Specify alarm and warning limits for the remaining time until the bottle refills are consumed.

unction	Options	Info
ontrol	Selection Off On Factory setting Off	On After the monitoring function is switched on, you can find 2 additional menu items in: Menu, Operation/Maintenance/Change bottle • Remaining operating time • Bottle filling levels
Bottle filling levels		
Start volume		
Cleaner C	100 to 1000 ml <b>Factory setting</b> 500 ml	
Reagent RB	100 to 1000 ml Factory setting 1000 ml	
Reagent RK	100 to 1000 ml Factory setting 1000 ml	
Reagent RN	100 to 5000 ml Factory setting 1000 ml	
Standard S1	100 to 1000 ml Factory setting 500 ml	
► Warning limits	Diag. code 726	<ul> <li>Warning limits are intended as an early warnin for maintenance tasks that will need to be performed soon.</li> <li>1. Procure spare parts in time.</li> <li>2. Schedule maintenance tasks.</li> </ul>
Cleaner C	1 to 20 %	
	Factory setting 2 %	
Reagent RB	1 to 40 % Factory setting 10 %	
Reagent RK	1 to 40 % Factory setting 10 %	
Reagent RN	1 to 40 % Factory setting 10 %	
Standard S1	1 to 20 % Factory setting 2 %	
► Alarm limits	Diag. code 727	<ul> <li>Alarm limits are intended to immediately trigge maintenance tasks.</li> <li>Replace the materials concerned as quickly as possible.</li> </ul>

inction	Options	Info	
Cleaner C	1 to 20 %		
ofeaner o	Factory setting		
	2 %		
Reagent RB	1 to 40 %		
	Factory setting		
	10 %		
Reagent RK	1 to 40 %		
	Factory setting 5 %		
Reagent RN	1 to 40 %		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 5 %		
Standard S1	1 to 20 %		
	Factory setting		
	2 %		
Remaining operating ti	me		
Warning limits		Diag. code 726	
Cleaner C	1 to 14 d		
	Factory setting 14 d		
Reagent RB	1 to 14 d		
-	Factory setting		
	14 d		
Reagent RK	1 to 14 d		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 14 d		
Reagent RN	1 to 14 d		
	Factory setting 14 d		
Standard S1	1 to 14 d		
	Factory setting		
	14 d		
Alarm limits		Diag. code 727	
Cleaner C	1 to 7 d		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 2 d		
Reagent RB	1 to 7 d		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 2 d		
Reagent RK	1 to 7 d		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 2 d		
Reagent RN	1 to 7 d		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 2 d		
Standard S1	1 to 7 d		
	<b>Factory setting</b> 2 d		

#### Waste canister

Function	Options	Info
Monitoring	Selection Off On Factory setting On	The analyzer monitors the level of the vessel to prevent overfilling.
Volume	1 to 25 l Factory setting 5 l	<ul> <li>Enter the volume of the vessel used for reaction waste.</li> </ul>
Residual volume		
Warning limit	1 to 20 % Factory setting 5 %	Specifies the residual volume as of which a warning message is displayed. The residual volume is expressed as a percentage of the total volume of the waste canister. Diag. code 376
Alarm limit	1 to 20 % Factory setting 2 %	Specifies the residual volume as of which an alarm is displayed. The residual volume is expressed as a percentage of the total volume of the waste canister. Diag. code 377

### Pump hose limit values

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Limits pump hoses		
Function	Options	Info
Monitoring	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Diag. code 733
Operating time	Read only	
Process P	1 to 999 d <b>Factory setting</b> 180 d	

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Limits valve hoses		
Function	Options	Info
Monitoring	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Diag. code 733
Operating time	Read only	
Drain D	1 to 999 d Factory setting 90 d	

#### Absorption curve recording

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Absorption curve recording		
Function	Options	Info
In automatic mode	Selection <ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> </ul> Factory setting Off	<b>Off</b> : Recording is only possible in the manual mode <b>On</b> : Recording also takes place in the automatic mode
Curve	Selection 1 to 7 Factory setting 2	Select the absorption curve to be recorded. Only one curve can be selected at any one time. The data are saved in a logbook.

#### Behavior after power failure and other settings

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup		
Function	Options	Info
After power failure	Selection • Last mode • Manual mode Factory setting Last mode	Setting specifying how the analyzer should behave after a power failure, or when the power is back on. <b>Last mode</b> : The analyzer remains in the mode that was last set. Example: The automatic mode was set. The analyzer continues after initialization and after any samples have been discarded. <b>Manual mode</b> : The analyzer switches to the manual mode and waits for user action.
Sample hose length	Selection 0.10 to 10.00 m Factory setting 5.00 m	
Sample discard mode	Selection • To process • To drain • Do not discard Factory setting To process	Specifies whether the content of the sample hose is discarded after sampling and where. <b>To process</b> : The sample is forced back into the process. <b>To drain</b> : The sample is forced into the drain. <b>Do not discard</b> : The sample is not discarded and remains in the sample hose.

#### Measurement 10.3.2

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Measurement		
Function	Options	Info
Start condition	Selection Immediate Date/time Continuous Factory setting Immediate	Immediate: The analyzer immediately starts with the measurement cycle once the system changes to the automatic mode. Date/time: The analyzer starts with the measurement cycle at the set date/time. Continuous: The analyzer measures continuously, without interruption, between the measurements.
Date	01.01.1970 to 07.02.2106	Functions only available for: Start condition = Date/time
Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Measurement		
Function	Options	Info
Measuring interval	0:33 to 24:00 (hh:mm) Factory setting	Function only available for: Start condition = Immediate or Date/time
	1:00	For configuring the time interval of the measurement
		Recommendation: Select a measuring interval that is 25 minutes longer than the set digestion time.
Digestion time	0:01 to 2:00 ( <b>hh:mm</b> )	
	<b>Factory setting</b> 0:15	
Digestion temperature	100 to 150 °C 100 to 120 °C	
	Factory setting 120 ℃	

### 10.3.3 Reference measurement

Menu only available for device versions CA80TP-HR.

Function	Options	Info
Start condition	Selection <ul> <li>Immediate</li> <li>Date/time</li> <li>Disabled</li> </ul> Factory setting Immediate	Immediate: The reference measurement starts immediately once the system changes to the automatic mode. Date/time: The reference measurement starts at the set time. Disabled: No reference measurement
Date	01.01.1970 to 07.02.2106	Functions only available for: Start condition = Date/time
Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	
Inspection Interval	0-12 to 1-00 ( <b>DD-hh</b> ) Factory setting 1-00 <b>DD-hh</b>	Function only available for: <b>Start condition = Immediate</b> or <b>Date/time</b> Setting the test interval
Nominal concentration	<ul> <li>Without dilution: 1 to 10 mg/l P</li> <li>With dilution module: 1 to 50 mg/l P</li> <li>Factory setting</li> </ul>	Concentration of the reference sample
	<ul> <li>Without dilution: 2 mg/l P</li> <li>With dilution module: 20 mg/l P</li> </ul>	
Acceptance limit	Read only	

### 10.3.4 Calibration

Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Calibration			
Function	Options	Info	
Start condition	Selection Immediate Date/time Disabled	The calibration can start either immediately or at the set time.	
	Factory setting Immediate		
If the start condition selected is	Immediate		
Date	01.01.1970 to 07.02.2106	Functions only available for:	
Time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	Start condition = Date/time	
Calibration interval	0-12 to 90-00 ( <b>DD-hh</b> )	For configuring the time interval of the	
	Factory setting 02-00 DD-hh	calibration/adjustment.	
Next calibration Mode = Automatic	Read only		
Zero point	Read only		
Calibration factor	Read only	Relationship of the measured concentration to the pre-specified concentration of the calibration standard.	
▶ Settings			
Nominal concentration	Factory setting Factory setting depends on the selected order option (measuring range, with/ without dilution module)	For configuring the concentration of the calibration standard solution. Depends on the settings under Menu/Setup/ Analyzer/Extended setup/Measuring value/ Main value	
Automatic cleaning	Selection • Off • On	For specifying whether cleaning will take place before every calibration/adjustment (only in the automatic mode).	
	<b>Factory setting</b> On		
Calibration method Menu only available for device version CA80TP-**F4	<ul> <li>Selection <ul> <li>2-point (zero and range calibration)</li> <li>1-point (range calibration)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Factory setting <ul> <li>2-point (zero and range calibration)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

# 10.4 Current inputs

The input can be used as the data source for limit switches and logbooks, for example. Furthermore, external values can be made available as set points for controllers.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Current input x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Mode	Selection • Off • 0 - 20mA • 4 - 20mA	<ul> <li>Select the same current range as in the data source (connected device).</li> </ul>
	Factory setting 4 - 20mA	
Input variable	Selection Parameter Current	<ul> <li>Select the input variable.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> Current	
Meas. value format	Selection • # • #.# • #.## • #.###	<ul> <li>Specify the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting #.#	
Parameter name Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	<ul> <li>Assign a useful name, e.g. the parameter name that the data source also uses.</li> </ul>
Unit of measure Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	You cannot choose the unit from a list. If you want to use a unit, you must enter it here as customized text.
Lower range value Input variable = Parameter	-20.0 Upper range value <unit measure="" of=""> Factory setting 0.0 <engineering unit=""></engineering></unit>	<ul> <li>Enter the measuring range. The lower and upper range values are assigned to the 0 or 4 mA value and the 20 mA value respectively. The system uses the engineering unit which you entered</li> </ul>
Upper range value Input variable = Parameter	Lower range value to 10000.0 <engineering unit&gt;</engineering 	beforehand.
	<b>Factory setting</b> 10.0 <engineering unit=""></engineering>	
Damping	0 to 60 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

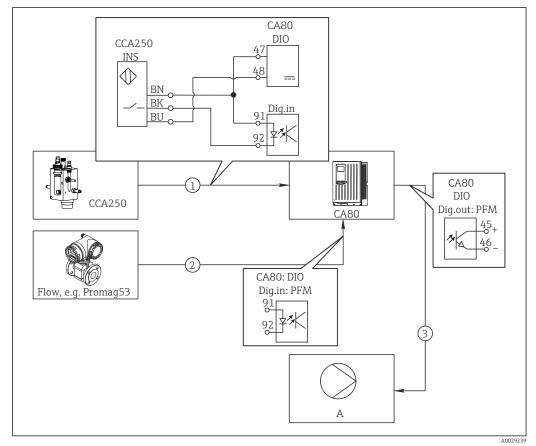
# 10.5 Binary inputs and outputs

Hardware options, such as the "DIO" module with 2 digital inputs and 2 digital outputs or fieldbus module "485" enable the following:

- Via a digital input signal
  - measuring range switching for conductivity (upgrade code required,  $\rightarrow \triangleq 63$ )
  - switching between different calibration datasets in the case of optical sensors
  - external hold (for sensors)
  - a cleaning interval to be triggered (for sensors)
  - measurements to be started, interruption of measuring intervals
  - PID controller switch-on/switch-off, e.g. via the proximity switch of the CCA250
  - the use of the input as an "analog input" for pulse-frequency modulation (PFM)
- Via a digital output signal
  - diagnostic states, point level switches, "Active measurement" system state, "Sample required" information or similar states transmitted statically (similar to a relay)
  - the dynamic transmission (comparable to a non-wearing "analog output") of PFM signals, e.g. to control dosing pumps

# **10.5.1** Application examples

### Chlorine regulation with feedforward control



55 Example of chlorine control with feedforward control

- 1 Connection of the inductive proximity switch INS of CCA250 to the digital input of the DIO module
- 2 Connection of the signal from a flowmeter to the digital input of the DIO module
- 3 Activation of a (pulse) dosing pump via the digital output of the DIO module
- A Dosing pump

Utilize the advantage of the effectively wear-free control with binary outputs versus a control system with relay. With pulse frequency modulation (PFM), it is possible to achieve virtually continuous dosing using a dosing pump with higher input frequency.

1. Connect the INS proximity switch of the CCA250 assembly to a digital input of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 1).

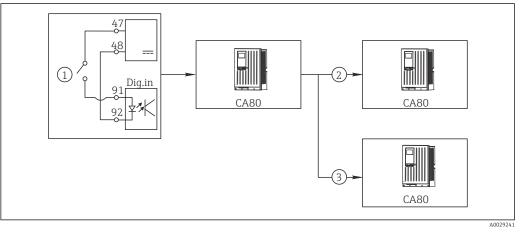
 In the software, configure a controller and as the source select the binary input (e.g.Binary input 1) to which the proximity switch is connected. (Menu/Additional functions/Controllers/Controller 1/Controller Enable = Binary input 1)

- 3. Signal type: For the selected input, select the factory setting (Static signal).
- 4. Connect the measured value of a flowmeter to the second input of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 2).
- 5. Signal type: for this input, select PFM . (Menu/Inputs/Binary input 6:2/Signal type = PFM)
- 6. **Input variable**: select the corresponding measured value (**Flow rate**).
  - └→ You can now use the input you have just configured as the disturbance variable for your controller <sup>2</sup>).
- Disturbance variable: in the controller menu, select the binary input to which you have connected the flow measured value. (Menu/Additional functions/Controllers/Controller 1/Disturbance variable/Source of data = Binary input 6:2 and Measured value = PFM value)
- 8. You can activate a dosing pump through PFM via a digital output of the DIO module. Connect the pump to an output of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 1) and select the following settings in the menu: **Menu/Outputs/Binary output 6:1/Signal type** = **PFM** and **Source of data** = **Controller 1**.

Take the direction of action of your dosing into account. Select the correct parameter (Actuator type = Unipolar+ or Unipolar-).

You must make additional settings in the controller menu to fully customize the control to suit your process conditions.

### CA80 as the cleaning master for connected sensors (optional)



■ 56 Example of a central cleaning control

- 1 External cleaning trigger at the binary input
- 2 Transferring the external hold over binary output to other measuring devices without connected cleaning functions
- 3 Transferring the cleaning trigger over a binary output to other self-cleaning measuring points

1. An external trigger actuates a cleaning operation at the master. A cleaning unit is connected via a relay or a binary output, for example.

<sup>2)</sup> An activation code, Order No. 71211288, is necessary for the "feedforward control" function.

- 2. The cleaning trigger is transferred to another device via a binary output. This does not have its own connected cleaning unit, but its sensors are installed in the medium affected by cleaning the master and are set to hold by the trigger.
- **3.** The trigger is transferred via an additional binary output to another device, whose connected sensors have their own cleaning units. The signal can be used to simultaneously activate a self-cleaning with the master.

### Interrupting the operation via an external signal

You can temporarily interrupt the automatic operation of the analyzer via an external signal at the "DIO" module. This can be useful if no sample is available in your process at certain times, e.g. during a cleaning phase.

The following information is processed at the binary inputs or output at the binary outputs:

Binary inputs:

**Signal for process access**: The analyzer can only perform activities that require sample (measurement, calibration, cleaning) when the signal is active. The time and the sequence of activities correspond to the settings in the setup. All activities that require sample are delayed as long as the signal is inactive.

- Binary outputs:
  - **Measurement active** signal: Indicates that a measurement is currently running. The signal is not active in the event of a calibration or cleaning.
  - **Sample required** signal: The signal is active for a configurable time before every activity that requires sample. This makes it possible to activate an external pump or a dilution module, for example.
- 1. Select Menu/Setup/Inputs/Binary input x:y.
- 2. Configure the binary inputs as follows:

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Binary input x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Binary input	Selection On	
Signal type	Selection Static signal	
Signal level	Selection High Low	Specifies the active signal level: <b>Low</b> Input signals between 0 and 5 V DC <b>High</b> Input signals between 11 and 30 V DC

- 1) x:y = slot no. : input number
- 3. Link the binary inputs with the analyzer: select **Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended** setup/Signal for process access.
- 4. Select measuring channel **SP1**.
- 5. Assign a binary input to the selected measuring channel: select **Binary input** x:y.

### Controlling the measurement start time via an external signal

You can temporarily interrupt the automatic operation of the analyzer via an external signal at the "DIO" module. You can also use this signal to specifically start individual measurements. In this way, you can specify the time of the measurements using your external control system.

For this, connect the **Signal for process access** to a binary input of the "DIO" module and set the starting time of the measurements to **Continuous**. A measurement starts immediately as soon as the signal at the binary input is active. The only exception is if a

calibration or cleaning is due on the basis of the set time intervals: in this case, these activities are performed first of all and then the measurement follows immediately afterwards. If necessary, connect the **Measurement active** to a binary output to identify when the measurement actually begins. If you do not require any more measurements once the first measurement is finished, you have to already disable the **Signal for process access** during the active measurement.

The following information is processed at the binary inputs or output at the binary outputs:

Binary inputs:

**Signal for process access**: The analyzer can only perform activities that require sample (measurement, calibration, cleaning) when the signal is active. The time and the sequence of activities correspond to the settings in the setup. All activities that require sample are delayed as long as the signal is inactive.

- Binary outputs:
  - **Measurement active** signal: Indicates that a measurement is currently running. The signal is not active in the event of a calibration or cleaning.
  - **Sample required** signal: The signal is active for a configurable time before every activity that requires sample. This makes it possible to activate an external pump or a dilution module, for example.
- 1. For the measurement, under **Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Measurement** select **Continuous** as the start condition (analyzer measures continuously, without interruption, between the measurements).
- 2. Select Menu/Setup/Inputs/Binary input x:y.
- 3. Configure the binary inputs as follows:

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Binary input x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Binary input	Selection On	
Signal type	<b>Selection</b> Static signal	
Signal level	Selection • High • Low	Specifies the active signal level: <b>Low</b> Input signals between 0 and 5 V DC <b>High</b> Input signals between 11 and 30 V DC

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

4. Link the binary inputs with the analyzer: select **Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended** setup/Signal for process access.

- 5. Select measuring channel **SP1**.
- 6. Assign a binary input to the selected measuring channel: select **Binary input** x:y.

7. Select Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y.

8. Configure the binary outputs as follows:

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Binary output	Selection On	
Signal type	Selection Static signal	
Function	Selection Analyzer	
Assignments Function = Analyzer	Selection Measurement active SP1	Here select which binary outputs output the system status for a measurement currently running.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

#### 9. Press **OK** to confirm.

- ← The binary inputs and binary outputs are configured.
- 10. Switch to the automatic mode: Press the **MODE** soft key and select **Continue automatic mode** or **Start automatic mode**.
  - ← The display shows **Current mode Automatic**.

### Activating an external pump before every measurement

If you convey the sample to the analyzer using an external pump or an external sample preparation system, you can use the **Signal for sample request** to switch on the external devices for a limited time only when the analyzer requires sample. The signal becomes active before every measurement, calibration and cleaning. You can configure how long the signal should be active for. The start of the actual analyzer activity is delayed by this time.

- 1. You must select Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Signal for sample request.
- 2. Under **Lead time**, set how long an action that requires sample (measurement, calibration or cleaning) is delayed.
- 3. Under **Duration SP%C**, set how long the signal should remain active. The duration can be longer than the lead time. The maximum possible value equals the lead time plus the duration of the measurement.
- 4. Configure the binary outputs as follows:

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Binary output	Selection On	
Signal type	Selection Static signal	
Function	<b>Selection</b> Analyzer	
Assignments Function = Analyzer	Selection Sample required SP1	Here select which binary outputs output the system status for a measurement currently running.

- 1) x:y = slot no. : input number
- 5. 🛏 The output signal level **High** indicates that sample is required.

# 10.5.2 Binary input configuration

Function	Options	Info
Binary input	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Switches the input on/off
Signal type	Selection Static signal PFM Factory setting Static signal	<ul> <li>Select the signal type.</li> <li>Static signal         Use this setting to read out the position of, for example, an on/off switch, an inductive proximity switch or a PLC binary output.         Signal application: for measuring range switching, acceptance of an external hold, as a cleaning trigger or for controller activation     </li> <li>PFM         The PFM setting produces a pulse-frequency-modulated signal that is subsequently available on the device as a quasi-continuous process value.         Example: Measuring signal of a flowmeter     </li> </ul>
Signal type = Static signa	al	
Signal level	Selection • Low • High Factory setting High	Specifies which input signal levels should activate, for example, measuring range switching or a cleaning. Low Input signals between 0 and 5 V DC High Input signals between 11 and 30 V DC
Signal type = PFM		
Max. frequency	100.00 to 1000.00 Hz Factory setting 1000.00 Hz	Maximum frequency of the PFM input signal Is to equal the maximum possible upper limit of the measuring range. If the value selected is too small, higher frequencies will not be detected. If the value is too large, on the other hand, the resolution for small frequencies will be relatively inexact.
Meas. value format	Selection # #.# #.## #.### Factory setting #.##	<ul> <li>Specify the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Binary input x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Input variable	Selection Frequency Parameter Flow rate Factory setting Frequency	Frequency Display in Hz in the measuring menu Parameter You subsequently determine the parameter name and unit. These are then displayed in the measuring menu. Flow rate For connecting a flowmeter
Parameter name Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	<ul> <li>Define a name for the parameter, e.g. "Pressure".</li> </ul>
Unit of measure Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	<ul> <li>Specify the unit for your parameter, e.g. "hPa".</li> </ul>
Lower range value Input variable = Parameter or Flow rate	-2000.00 to 0.00 Factory setting 0.00	The start of measuring range corresponds to a frequency of 0 Hz. Your previously defined unit is additionally displayed.
Upper range value Input variable = Parameter or Flow rate	0.00 to 10000.00 Factory setting 0.00	The end of measuring range corresponds to the maximum frequency defined above. Your previously defined unit is additionally displayed.
Damping	0 to 60 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

# 10.5.3 Configuration of binary outputs

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Binary output	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Switches the output on/off
Signal type	Selection • Static signal • PFM Factory setting Static signal	<ul> <li>Select the signal type.</li> <li>Static signal Comparable to a relay: output of a diagnostic status , a limit switch or the status of an active measurement</li> <li>PFM You can output a measured value, e.g. the chlorine value or the manipulated variable of a controller. It acts as a "wear-free" switching contact that can be used to activate a dosing pump, for example.</li> </ul>

Function	Options	Info
	options	Into
Signal type = Static signal		Γ
Function	Selection None Limit switches Diagnostics message Cleaning Analyzer Factory setting None	Source for the outputted switching state The following functions depend on the option selected. Function = None switches off the function. There are no other settings.
Assignments Function = Cleaning	Multiple selection <ul> <li>Cleaning 1 - Water</li> <li>Cleaning 4 - Cleaner</li> </ul>	Here you can decide which binary outputs should be used for activating the valves and pumps. Here you specifically assign a control signal to the binary output for the cleaner/water dosing of a cleaning program. You can define cleaning programs under: <b>Menu/</b> <b>Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning</b> .
Data sources Function = Limit switches	Multiple selection Limit switch 1 8	<ul> <li>Select the limit switches that should be output via the binary output.</li> </ul>
		Configuration of the limit switches: <b>Menu</b> / <b>Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches</b> .
Operating mode Function = Diagnostics message	Selection as assigned Namur M Namur S Namur C Namur F Factory setting	as assigned With this selection, the diagnosis messages are transmitted over the binary output that you individually allocated to it. Namur M F When you choose one of the Namur classes, all messages allocated to that respective class are
	as assigned	output. You can change the Namur class assignment for every diagnostic message.
Assignments Function = Analyzer	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Sample required SP1</li> <li>Measurement active SP1</li> </ul>	If this option is selected, the binary output outputs information as to whether a measurement is active on the selected measuring channel or an action is started that
	Factory setting None	requires sample (measurement, calibration or cleaning).
Signal type = PFM	1	·
Max. frequency	1.00 to 1000.00 Hz Factory setting 1000.00 Hz	Maximum frequency of the PFM output signal Is to equal the maximum possible upper limit of the measuring range.
Meas. value format	Selection # #.# #.## #.###	<ul> <li>Specify the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting #.##	

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Binary inputs Controller Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions	Source whose value should be read out as a frequency via the binary output.
	Factory setting None	
Measuring value <b>Source of data</b> ≠ Controller	Selection Depends on:	<ul> <li>Choose the measured value which should be output as the frequency via the binary</li> </ul>
	Source of data	output.
Actuator type <b>Source of data</b> = <i>Controller</i> Hold behavior	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Bipolar</li> <li>Unipolar+</li> <li>Unipolar-</li> </ul> Factory setting None Selection <ul> <li>Freeze</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>None</li> </ul> <li>Factory setting</li> <li>None</li>	<ul> <li>Determines which controller component should trigger the connected actuator, e.g. the dosing pump.</li> <li>Bipolar         "Split range"         Unipolar+         Part of the manipulated variable that the controller uses to increase the process value         Unipolar-         For connected actuators that decrease the controlled variable     </li> <li>Freeze         The device freezes the last value.     </li> <li>Fixed value         You define a fixed current value that is transmitted at the output.     </li> </ul>
Hold value	0 to 100 %	A hold does not affect this output.
Hold behavior = Fixed value	<b>Factory setting</b> 0 %	
Error behavior	Selection • Freeze • Fixed value	Freeze The device freezes the last value. Fixed value
	Factory setting Fixed value	You define a fixed current value that is transmitted at the output.
Error value	0 to 100 %	
Error behavior = Fixed value	Factory setting 0 %	

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

# 10.6 Signal outputs

# **10.6.1** Current outputs

Liquiline System CA80 has two analog current outputs by default.

You can configure additional current outputs with extension modules.

### Setting the current output range

• Menu/Setup/General settings: 0..20 mA or 4..20 mA.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Current output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Current output	Selection <ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> </ul> Factory setting Off	Use this function to activate or deactivate a variable being output at the current output
Source of data	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Connected inputs</li> <li>Controller</li> </ul> Factory setting None	The sources of data on offer depend on your device version. The main value of the analyzer and all the sensors and controllers connected to inputs are available for selection.
Measured value	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Depends on the Source of data</li> </ul> Factory setting None	The measured value you can select depends on the option selected under <b>Source of data</b> .

The list of dependent measured values is provided in the **Measured value** *table, subject to the* **Source of** data  $\rightarrow \cong 83$ .

Apart from measured values from connected sensors, you can also select a controller as the data source. The best way to do so is by using the **Additional functions** menu. Here, you can select and configure the current output for outputting the controlled variable.

Range lower value	Range of adjustment and	You can output the entire measuring range or
Range upper value	factory settings depend on the <b>Measured value</b>	just some of it at the current output. To do so, specify the upper and lower range values in accordance with your requirements.
Hold behavior (for sensors)	Selection Freeze last value Fixed value Ignore Factory setting Depends on the channel:output	Freeze last value The device freezes the last current value. Fixed value You define a fixed current value that is output at the output. Ignore A hold does not affect this current output.
Hold current (for sensors) Hold behavior = Fixed value	0.0 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 22.0 mA	<ul> <li>Specify which current should be output at this current output in the hold state.</li> </ul>

1) x:y = slot:output number

### Measured value depending on the Source of data

Source of data	Measured value
Total phosphorous	Selection Main value
pH Glass	Selection
pH ISFET	<ul> <li>Raw value mV</li> <li>pH</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
ORP	Selection • Temperature • ORP mV • ORP %

Source of data	Measured value
Oxygen (amp.)	Selection • Temperature
Oxygen (opt.)	<ul> <li>Femperature</li> <li>Partial pressure</li> <li>Concentration liquid</li> <li>Saturation</li> <li>Raw value nA (only Oxygen (amp.))</li> <li>Raw value µs (only Oxygen (opt.))</li> </ul>
Cond i	Selection
Cond c	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Resistance (only Cond c)</li> <li>Concentration (only Cond i and Cond c 4-pol)</li> </ul>
Disinfection	Selection • Temperature • Sensor current • Concentration
ISE	Selection • Temperature • pH • Ammonium • Nitrate • Potassium • Chloride
TU/TS	Selection
TU	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Turbidity g/l (only TU/TS)</li> <li>Turbidity FNU (only TU/TS)</li> <li>Turbidity Formazine (only TU)</li> <li>Turbidity solid (only TU)</li> </ul>
Nitrate	Selection • Temperature • NO3 • NO3-N
Ultrasonic interface	Selection Interface
SAC	Selection • Temperature • SAC • Transm. • Absorption • COD • BOD
Controller 1 Current input 1 3	Selection • Bipolar
Controller 2 Temperature 1 3	<ul> <li>(only for current outputs)</li> <li>Unipolar+</li> <li>Unipolar-</li> </ul>
Mathematical functions	All the mathematical functions can also be used as a data source and the calculated value can be used as the measured value.

### Outputting the controller manipulated variable via the current output

**Unipolar+** Assign to the output to which an actuator that can increase the measured value is connected. **Unipolar-** Assign to the output to which an actuator that can decrease the measured value is connected.

To output the manipulated variable of a two-sided controller, positive manipulated variables and negative manipulated variables generally have to be output to different actuators, as most actuators are able to influence the process in one direction only (not in both). For this purpose, the instrument splits the bipolar manipulated variable y into two unipolar manipulated variables, y+ and y-.

Only the two unipolar manipulated variable parts are available for selection for outputting to modulated relays. If outputting the values via a current output, you also have the possibility of outputting the bipolar manipulated variable y to one current output only (split range).

# 10.6.2 Alarm relay and optional relays

The basic version of the device always has one alarm relay. Additional relays are also available depending on the version of the device.

### The following functions can be output via a relay:

- Limit switch status
- Controller manipulated variable for controlling an actuator
- Diagnostic messages
- Status of a cleaning function in order to control a pump or a valve

You can assign a relay to multiple inputs in order to clean several sensors with just one cleaning unit, for example.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Alarm relay or relay at channel no.		
Function	Options	Info
Function	Selection Off Limit switch Controller Diagnostics Cleaning (sensor) Formula (sensor) Analyzer Factory setting Alarm relays: Diagnostics Other relays: Off	The following functions depend on the option selected. These versions are illustrated individually in the following sections to provide a clearer understanding of the options. <b>Function = Off</b> Switches off the relay function and means no further settings are required.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Alarm relay or relay at channel no.

### Outputting the status of a limit switch

Function = Limit switch		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection Limit switch 1 8	Select the limit switch via which the status of the relay is to be output.
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	The limit switches are configured in the menu: <b>Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches</b> .
		Use the <b>ALL</b> and <b>NONE</b> soft keys to select or deselect all the limit switches in one go.
Hold behavior	Selection Freeze last value Fixed value Ignore Ignore Ignore	

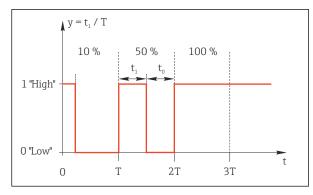
### Outputting the manipulated variable of a controller

To output a controller manipulated variable via a relay, the relay is modulated. The relay is energized (pulse,  $t_1$ ) and is then de-energized (interval,  $t_0$ ).

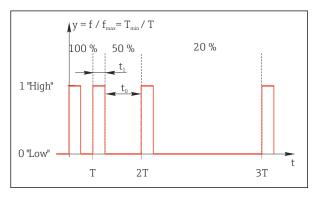
Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Controller 1</li> <li>Controller 2</li> </ul> Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Select the controller that should act as the data source.</li> </ul>
Operating mode	Selection • PWM • PFM Factory setting PWM	PWM=pulse width modulation PFM=pulse frequency modulation

1. **PWM** (pulse width modulation):

The duty cycle is varied within a period **T** ( $T=t_1+t_0$ ). The cycle duration remains constant.



- 57 Typical application: solenoid valve
- 2. **PFM** (pulse frequency modulation): Here, pulses of a constant length ( $t_1$ ) are output and the interval between the pulses varies ( $t_0$ ). At a maximum frequency,  $t_1 = t_0$ .



■ 58 Typical application: dosing pump

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Actuator type	Selection None Unipolar(-) Unipolar(+) Factory setting None	Here you specify what part of the controller should power the relay. <b>Unipolar(+)</b> is the part of the manipulated variable which the controller uses to increase the process value (e.g. for heating purposes). Alternatively, select <b>Unipolar(-)</b> if you are connecting an actuator to the relay that reduces the controlled variable (e.g. for cooling purposes).
Cycle duration Operating mode = PWM	<b>Shortest turn-on time</b> to 999.0 s	<ul> <li>Specify the cycle duration within which the duty cycle should be varied (only PWM).</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> 10.0 s	
The settings for <b>Cycle duration</b> and <b>Shortest turn-on time</b> influence one another. The following applies: <b>Cycle duration</b> ≥ <b>Shortest turn-on time</b> .		
Shortest turn-on time	0.3 s to Cycle duration	Pulses that are shorter than this limit value are
Operating mode = PWM	Factory setting 0.3 s	not output in order to conserve the actuator.

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Maximum frequency Operating mode = PFM	1 to 180 min <sup>-1</sup> Factory setting 60 min <sup>-1</sup>	Maximum number of pulses per minute The controller calculates the pulse duration based on this setting.
Hold behavior	Selection • Freeze last value • Fixed value • Ignore Factory setting Ignore	

### Outputting diagnostic messages via the relay

If a relay is defined as a diagnostic relay (**Function** = **Diagnostics**), it works in the **"fail-safe mode"**.

This means that the relay is always energized ("normally closed", n.c.) in the basic state if an error is not present. In this way it can also indicate a drop in voltage, for example. The alarm relay always works in the failsafe mode.

You can output two categories of diagnostic messages via the relay:

- Diagnostic messages from one of the 4 Namur classes
- Diagnostic messages which you have individually assigned to the relay output

A message is individually assigned to the relay output at 2 specific points in the menu:

- Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior (device-specific messages)
- Menu/Setup/Inputs/<Sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior (sensor-specific messages)

Before being able to assign the relay output to a special message in **Diag. behavior** you must first configure **Outputs**/Relay x:y or /**Alarm relay/Function = Diagnostics** .

Function = Diagnostics		
Function	Options	Info
Operating mode	Selection as assigned Namur M Namur S Namur C Namur F Factory setting Relay: as assigned Alarm relays: Namur F	as assigned If this option is selected, the diagnostic messages which you have individually assigned to the relay are output via the relay. Namur M Namur F If you decided to use one of the Namur classes, all the messages that are assigned to the individual class are output via the relay. You can also change the Namur class assignment for every diagnostic message. (Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior or Menu/Setup/Inputs/ <sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior)</sensor>
Attributed diagnostic messages Operating mode = as assigned	Read only	All the messages assigned to the relay output appear on the display. You do not have the option of editing the information here.

### Outputting the status of a cleaning function

Function	Options	Info
Assignments	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Depends on the type of</li> </ul>	Here you can specify how a cleaning function should be displayed for the relay.
	Factory setting None	<ul> <li>You have the following options depending on the cleaning program that is selected (Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning:</li> <li>Cleaning type = Standard clean Cleaning 1 - Water, Cleaning 2 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Water</li> <li>Cleaning type = Chemoclean Cleaning 1 - Water, Cleaning 1 - Cleaner, Cleaning 2 - Water, Cleaning 2 - Cleaner, Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Cleaner, Cleaning 4 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Cleaner</li> <li>Cleaning type = Chemoclean Plus 4x Cleaning 1 - %0V, 4x Cleaning 2 - %0V<sup>1</sup>)</li> </ul>
Hold behavior	Selection • Freeze last value • Fixed value • Ignore Factory setting Ignore	Freeze last valueThe device freezes the last measured value.Fixed valueYou define a fixed measured value that is output at the output.Ignore A hold has no effect.

Г

1) %0V is variable text which you can assign in Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Chemoclean Plus/Output label 1 ... 4.

### Outputting the "Measurement active" system status and the information "Sample required"

Function = Analyzer			
Function	Options	Info	
Signal type = Static signal	Signal type = Static signal		
Assignments Function = Analyzer	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Sample required SP1</li> <li>Measurement active SP1</li> </ul> Factory setting None	If this option is selected, information is output as to whether a measurement is active on the selected measuring channel or an action is started that requires sample (measurement, calibration or cleaning).	

#### 10.6.3 **PROFIBUS DP and PROFINET**

### Device variables (device $\rightarrow$ PROFIBUS/PROFINET)

Here you can specify which process values should be mapped to the PROFIBUS function blocks and are thereby available for transmission via PROFIBUS communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables (AI Blocks).

1. Define the data source.

└ You can choose from sensor inputs, current inputs and mathematical functions.

2. Choose the measured value to be transmitted.

3. Define how the device should behave in the hold state (for sensors). (Configuration options of **Source of data**, **Measured value** and **Hold behavior**) → 🖺 83

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior**= **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

In addition, you can define 8 binary variables (DI Blocks):

- 1. Define the data source.
- 2. Select the limit switch or relay whose status is to be transmitted.

#### PROFIBUS/PROFINET variables (PROFIBUS/PROFINET $\rightarrow$ device)

A maximum of 4 analog (AO) and 8 digital (DO) PROFIBUS variables are available as measured values in the controller, limit switch or current output menus.

Example: Using an AO or DO value as the set point for the controller

#### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1

1. In the specified menu, define PROFIBUS as the data source.

2. Select the desired analog output (AO) or digital output (DO) as the measured value.

Further information on "PROFIBUS" can be found in the Guideline for Communication via PROFIBUS, SD01188C

Further information on "PROFINET" can be found in the Guideline for Communication via PROFINET, SD02490C

### 10.6.4 Modbus RS485 and Modbus TCP

Specify which process values should be output via Modbus RS485 Communication or via Modbus TCP.

In the case of Modbus RS485, you can switch between the RTU and the ASCII protocol.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables.

- 1. Define the data source.
  - You can choose from the analyzer as well as sensor inputs and controllers.
- 2. Select the measured value to be output.
- **3.** Define how the device should behave in the hold state (for sensors). (Configuration options of **Source of data**, **Measured value** and **Hold behavior**)  $\rightarrow \cong 83$

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

Further information on "Modbus" can be found in the Guideline for Communication via Modbus, SD01189C

### 10.6.5 EtherNet/IP

Specify which process values should be output via EtherNet/IP communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 analog device variables (AI).

- 1. Define the data source.
  - └ You can choose from the analyzer as well as sensor inputs and controllers.
- 2. Select the measured value to be output.
- 3. Define how the device should behave in the hold state (for sensors). (Configuration options of **Source of data**, **Measured value** and **Hold behavior**)  $\rightarrow \cong 83$
- 4. In the case of controllers, also specify the type of manipulated variable.

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

**In addition** you can define 8 digital device variables (DI):

- Define the data source.
  - └ You can choose from relays, binary inputs and limit switches.

For further information on "EtherNet/IP", see the Guideline for Communication via EtherNet/IP, SD01293C

# **10.7** Additional functions

### 10.7.1 Limit switch

There are different ways to configure a limit switch:

- Assigning a switch-on and switch-off point
- Assigning a switch-on and switch-off delay for a relay
- Setting an alarm threshold and also outputting an error message
- Starting a cleaning function (for sensors)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches/Limit switch 1 ... 8

Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Binary inputs Controller Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions MRS set 1 2 Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Specify the input or output which is to be the data source for the limit switch.</li> <li>The sources of data on offer depend on your device version.</li> <li>You can choose from connected sensors, binary inputs, fieldbus signals, mathematical functions, controllers and sets for measuring range switching.</li> </ul>
Measuring value	<b>Selection</b> Depends on: Source of data	<ul> <li>Select the measured value, see the following table.</li> </ul>

### Measured value depending on the Source of data

Source of data	Measured value
Total phosphorous	Selection Main value
pH Glass	Selection
pH ISFET	<ul> <li>Raw value mV</li> <li>pH</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
ORP	Selection  Temperature ORP mV ORP %
Oxygen (amp.)	Selection
Oxygen (opt.)	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Partial pressure</li> <li>Concentration liquid</li> <li>Saturation</li> <li>Raw value nA (only Oxygen (amp.))</li> <li>Raw value µs (only Oxygen (opt.))</li> </ul>

Source of data	Measured value
Cond i	Selection
Cond c	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Resistance (only Cond c)</li> <li>Concentration (only Cond i and Cond c 4-pol)</li> </ul>
Disinfection	Selection • Temperature • Sensor current • Concentration
ISE	Selection • Temperature • pH • Ammonium • Nitrate • Potassium • Chloride
TU/TS	Selection
TU	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Turbidity g/l (only TU/TS)</li> <li>Turbidity FNU (only TU/TS)</li> <li>Turbidity Formazine (only TU)</li> <li>Turbidity solid (only TU)</li> </ul>
Nitrate	Selection • Temperature • NO3 • NO3-N
Ultrasonic interface	Selection Interface
SAC	Selection • Temperature • SAC • Transm. • Absorption • COD • BOD
Controller 1 Current input 1 3 Controller 2 Temperature 1 3	Selection • Bipolar (only for current outputs) • Unipolar+ • Unipolar-
Mathematical functions	All the mathematical functions can also be used as a data source and the calculated value can be used as the measured value.

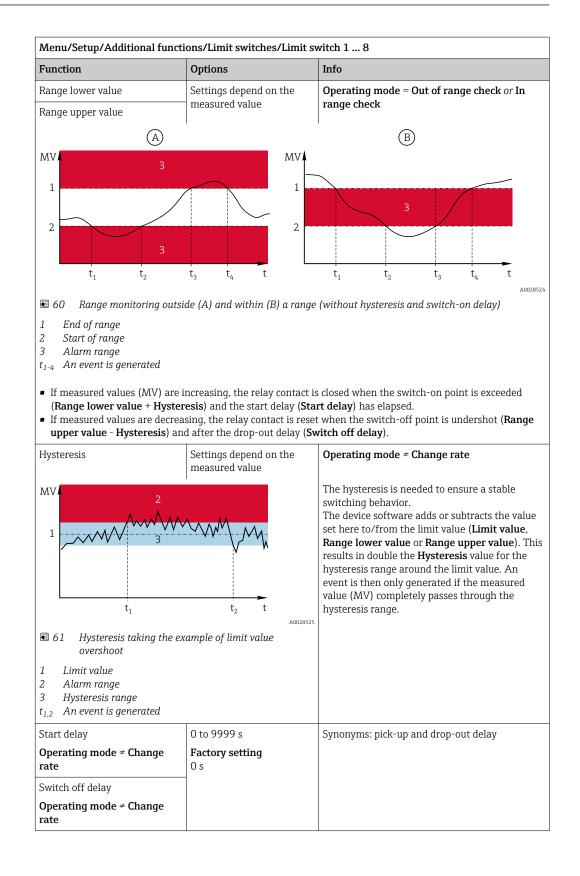
You can monitor the manipulated variable by assigning the controller manipulated variable to a limit switch (e.g. configure a dosing time alarm).

Menu/Setup/Additional f	unctions/Limit switches/Limit	switch 1 8
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning program	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Cleaning 1 4</li> </ul>	Use this function to choose which cleaning instance should start when the limit switch is active.
	Factory setting None	
Function	Selection Off On	Activating/deactivating the limit switch
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	
Operating mode	Selection Above limit check Below limit check In range check Out of range check Change rate	<ul> <li>Type of limit value monitoring:</li> <li>Limit value overshoot or undershoot →  59</li> <li>Measured value within or outside a range →  60</li> <li>Rate of change →  62</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> Above limit check	
Limit value	Settings depend on the measured value	Operating mode = Above limit check or Below limit check
Â	)	(B)
$MV = 2$ $1 = \frac{1}{t_1 + t_2 + t_3}$	MV	2 t <sub>1</sub> t <sub>2</sub> t <sub>3</sub> t <sub>4</sub> t <sub>5</sub> t
■ 59 Exceeding (A) and	undershooting (B) a limit value (	A00285 without hysteresis and switch-on delay)
<ol> <li>Limit value</li> <li>Alarm range</li> <li>t<sub>1,3,5</sub> No action</li> <li>t<sub>2,4</sub> An event is generated</li> </ol>		

 $t_{2,4}$  An event is generated

• If measured values (MV) are increasing, the relay contact is closed when the switch-on point is exceeded (Limit value + Hysteresis) and the start delay (Start delay) has elapsed.
If measured values are decreasing, the relay contact is reset when the switch-off point is undershot (Limit

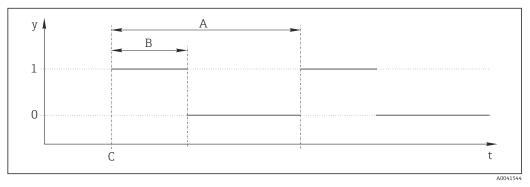
value - Hysteresis) and after the drop-out delay (Switch off delay).



Function	Options	Info
Delta value	Settings depend on the measured value	Operating mode = Change rate The slope of the measured value (MV) is
Delta time	00:00:01 23:59:00 <b>Factory setting</b> 01:00:00	monitored in this mode. If, in the specified time frame ( <b>Delta time</b> ), the measured value increases or decreases by more than the specified value ( <b>Delta value</b> ), an event
Auto Confirm	00:01 to 23:59 Factory setting 00:01	is generated. No further event is generated if the value continues to experience such a steep increase or decrease. If the slope is back below the limit value, the alarm status is reset after a preset time ( <b>Auto Confirm</b> ).
MV $\Delta MV_2$ $\Delta MV_1$ $t_1$ $t_2$ $t_3$	$\Delta MV_3$ t <sub>4</sub> t <sub>5</sub> t <sub>6</sub> t	Events are triggered by the following conditions in the example given: $t_2 - t_1 < Delta time and \Delta MV1 > Delta value$ $t_4 - t_3 > Auto Confirm and \Delta MV2 < Delta value$ $t_6 - t_5 < Delta time and \Delta MV3 > Delta value$

# 10.7.2 Time switch

A time switch provides a time-controlled, binary process value. This can be used as a source by the "Formula" mathematical function.



• 63 Signal pattern of a time switch

t Timeline

y Signal level (1 = on, 0 = off)

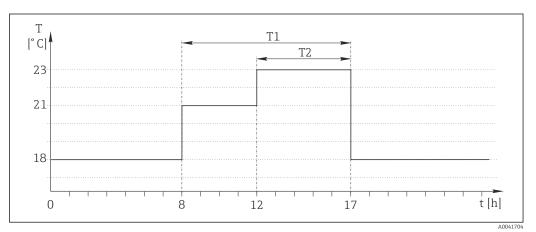
A Period

- B Signal duration
- C Start time (Start date, Start time)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Time switches/ Time switch 1 8		
Function	Options	Info
Function	Selection • On • Off	Switches the function on or off
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	
Start date	01.01.2000 to 31.12.2099	Enter start date
	<b>Format</b> DD.MM.YYYY	
Start time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	Enter start time
	<b>Format</b> hh.mm.ss	
Signal duration	00:00:03 to 2400:00:00	Duration of the high signal level at the start of a
	<b>Format</b> hh.mm.ss	cycle
Period	00:00:03 to 2400:00:00	Duration of a cycle
	<b>Format</b> hh.mm.ss	
Signal	Display only	Current process value of the time switch
Next signal date	Display only	Date of the next signal
Next signal time	Display only	Time of the next signal

### Example 1: Time-based set point for a temperature controller

The temperature should increase to 21 °C from 08:00 every day, and then to 23 °C for 5 hours from 12:00. The temperature should be controlled to fall back down to 18 °C from 17.00. Two time switches are defined for this purpose which are used in a **MF1: Formula** mathematical function. Using the mathematical function, an analog temperature set point is thus available for a controller.



64 Time-based temperature control

1. Program **Time switch 1** (T1):

- Start date = 01.01.2020
- Start time = 08:00:00
- **Signal duration** = 09:00:00
- Period = 24:00:00

2. Define **Time switch 2** (T2):

- Start date = 01.01.2020
- Start time = 12:00:00
- **Signal duration** = 05:00:00
- **Period** = 24:00:00

3. Create **Formula** mathematical function.

### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions

- MF1: Formula
- Tracking = On
- Source A = Time switch 1
- Source B = Time switch 2
- Formula = 18.0 + 3\*NUM(A) + 2\*NUM(B)

Explanation: NUM converts the logical value to a numerical value and thus enables multiplication.

- 3\*NUM(A) results in the value 3.0 from 08:00 to 17:00 and 0.0 outside of this time period.
- 2\*NUM(B) results in the value 2.0 from 12:00 to 17:00 and 0.0 outside of this time period.

The formula thus yields one of these analog values depending on the time: 18.0, 21.0 or 23.0. This analog value can be used as a set point for a temperature controller.

### Example 2: Time-based condition

A pump should switch on (via a relay) for 10 minutes every 2 hours. This only applies if the pH value is lower than 4.0.

1. Program **Time switch 1**:

- **Start date** = 01.01.2020
- Start time = 00:00:00
- Signal duration = 00:10:00
- **Period** = 02:00:00

2. Create **Formula** mathematical function.

### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions

- MF1: Formula
- Tracking = On
- Source A = Time switch 1
- Source B = pH value of a Memosens pH input
- Formula = A AND(B<4.0)

3. Use the formula as the data source of a relay.

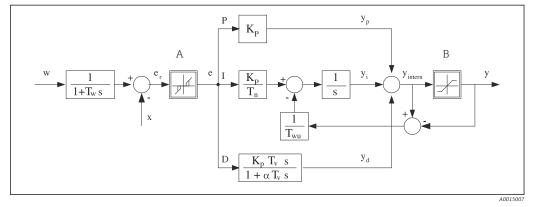
Menu/Setup/Outputs/Relay[x:y]

- Function = Formula
- Operating mode = Static signal
- Source of data = MF1: Formula

The formula yields a logical value (TRUE or FALSE) and is thus suitable to trigger a relay directly in the static operating mode. **Time switch 1** provides a TRUE value for 10 minutes every 2 hours but only if the pH value has dropped to below 4 at the same time.

### 10.7.3 Controller

### Controller structure in Laplace representation



■ 65 Block diagram of the controller structure

- A Neutral zone
- B Output limiting
- K<sub>p</sub> Gain (P-value)
- $T_n$  Integral action time (I-value)
- $T_{v}$  Derivative action time (D-value)
- $T_{w}$  Time constant for set point damping
- $T_{wu}$  Time constant for anti-windup feedback
- P Proportional value

- I Integral value
- D Derivative value
- $\alpha T_V$  Damping time constant with  $\alpha = 0$  to 1
- e Control deviation
- w Set point
- x Controlled variable
- y Manipulated variable

The controller structure of the device comprises set point damping at the input to prevent erratic changes in the manipulated variable if the set point changes. The difference between the set point w and the controlled variable (measured value) X results in the control deviation which is filtered by a neutral zone.

The neutral zone is used to suppress control deviations (e) that are too small. The control deviation thus filtered is now fed to the actual PID controller which divides into 3 parts based on the P (proportional), I (integral) and D (derivative) values (top-down). The integral section (middle) also comprises an anti-windup mechanism for limiting the integrator. A low-pass filter is added to the D-section to damp hard D-terms in the manipulated variable. The sum of the 3 sections results in the internal controller manipulated variable which is limited according to the settings (for PID-2s to -100% to +100%).

The graphic does not illustrate a downstream filter for limiting the rate of change of the manipulated variable (can be configured in the menu in **Max y change rate**).

In the menu do not configure the gain  $K_p$ . Instead configure the reciprocal value, the proportional band  $X_p$  ( $K_p=1/X_p$ ).

### Configuration

Make the following decisions to configure a controller:

- (1) What type of process can your process be assigned to?  $\rightarrow$  **Process type**
- (2) Should it be possible to influence the measured variable (controlled variable) in one direction or in both directions? One-sided or two-sided controller, → Controller type
- (3) What should be the controlled variable (sensor, measured value)? → Controlled variable
- (4) Do you have a disturbance variable that should be active at the controller output? → Disturbance variable

- (5) Specify the parameters for the controller:
  - Set point, → Setpoint
  - Neutral zone,  $\rightarrow Xn$
  - Proportional band,  $\rightarrow Xp$
  - Integral action time (I-value),  $\rightarrow$  **Tn**
  - Derivative action time (D-value),  $\rightarrow \mathbf{Tv}$
- (6) What should the controller do in the event of a hold (measured error, sensor replacement, cleaning etc.)?
  - Pause or continue with dosing? →**Hold behavior/Manipulated Variable**
  - At the end of a hold, continue or restart the control loop (affects I-value)? →Hold behavior/State
- (7) How should the actuator be triggered?
  - **Unipolar+**: assign this setting to the output for an actuator which can increase the measured value.
  - **Unipolar**-: assign this setting to the output for an actuator which can decrease the measured value.
  - **Bipolar**: select this setting if you want to output the manipulated variable via one current output only (split range).
- (8) Configure the outputs and switch on the controller.

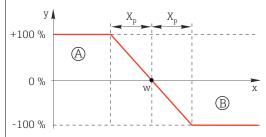
Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 2		
Function	Options	Info
Control	Selection <ul> <li>Off</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>First configure the controller and leave the switch at the factory setting (Off).</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Automatic</li><li>Manual mode</li></ul>	Once you have made all the settings, you can assign the controller to an output and switch it
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	on.
▶ Manual mode		
у	-100 to 100 %	► Specify the manipulated variable that should
	Factory setting 0 %	be output in manual mode.
y Actual output	Read only	Manipulated variable actually output.
Setpoint		Current set point
Х		Current measured value
Disturbance variable		Current measured value of disturbance variable
Norm. disturb. value		
Name	Free text	<ul> <li>Give the controller a name so you can identify it later on.</li> </ul>
Controller Enable	Selection None Binary inputs Limit switches Fieldbus variables	In connection with the DIO module, you can select a binary input signal, e.g.from an inductive proximity switch, as a source for enabling the controller.
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	
Setup Level	Selection <ul> <li>Standard</li> <li>Advanced</li> </ul>	Changes the number of parameters that can be configured. → <b>Parameters</b> → 🗎 103 <b>Standard</b> : If you choose this, the other controller
	Factory setting Standard	parameters are active nevertheless. The factory settings are used. These suffice in most cases.

Io more dosing is nevershot, a two-sided tral zone is used/core in works with the mean generative with the mean generative with the mean generative variable at any time and the edium remain const is since the control pean often be found in	<ul> <li>Decide what type of process best describes your particular process.</li> <li>the measured value (controlled variable) changes eded once the set point has been reached and the control system can compensate for this. In the cas afigured to suppress oscillations around the set</li> <li>dium flowing by in the process.</li> <li>variable to set a mixture ratio between the medium e corresponds to the set point. The properties and e controller has to react to these changes on a rant, the manipulated variable can also assume a rocess is never "finished" here, this type of control is arrangement behaves either like a batch process.</li> <li>Depending on which actuator you have connected, you influence the process in only of process.</li> </ul>
e in such a way that lo more dosing is ne vershot, a two-sided tral zone is used/cor n works with the mee g the manipulated v g measured variable at any time and the edium remain const . Since the control pr an often be found in ntainer volume, this <b>cion</b>	eded once the set point has been reached and the control system can compensate for this. In the cas figured to suppress oscillations around the set dium flowing by in the process. variable to set a mixture ratio between the medium corresponds to the set point. The properties and controller has to react to these changes on a cant, the manipulated variable can also assume a rocess is never "finished" here, this type of control a practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on th s arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on which actuator you have
Io more dosing is ne rershot, a two-sided tral zone is used/cor a works with the me- ig the manipulated v g measured variable at any time and the edium remain const . Since the control pr an often be found in ntainer volume, this <b>cion</b>	eded once the set point has been reached and the control system can compensate for this. In the cas figured to suppress oscillations around the set dium flowing by in the process. variable to set a mixture ratio between the medium corresponds to the set point. The properties and controller has to react to these changes on a cant, the manipulated variable can also assume a rocess is never "finished" here, this type of control a practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on th s arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on which actuator you have
. Since the control pr an often be found in ntainer volume, this <b></b>	rocess is never "finished" here, this type of control a practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on the s arrangement behaves either like a batch process Depending on which actuator you have
0 -: 1 - 1	
2-sided <b>ry setting</b> ·sided	direction (e.g. heating) or in both directions (e.g. heating and cooling).
nipulated variable is ontroller, this means l, the manipulated va an the set point w.	he range from -100 % to +100 %, i.e. the s positive if the controller should increase the that the value of the controlled variable x is small ariable is negative if the process value should be
x > w	
	ry setting sided pulated variable in th nipulated variable in ntroller, this means , the manipulated v in the set point w.

Function	Options	Info
Effective direction	Selection	In what direction should the controller influence
Controller type = PID 1-sided	<ul> <li>Direct</li> </ul>	the measured value?
	<ul> <li>Reverse</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The measured value should increase as a</li> </ul>
	Factory setting	result of dosing (e.g. heating)
	Reverse	$\rightarrow$ Reverse
Tieve.		<ul> <li>The measured value should decrease as a</li> </ul>
		result of dosing (e.g. cooling)
		→Direct

A 1-sided controller has a unipolar manipulated variable, i. e. it can only influence the process in one direction. **Reverse**: If the controller should increase the process value, set this as the direction of action. The controller becomes active when the process value is too small (range A).

**Direct**: With this direction of action, the controller acts as a "downwards controller". It becomes active when the process value (e. g. the temperature) is too high (range B).

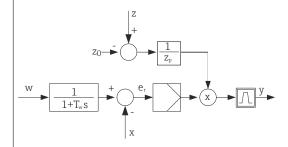


<ul> <li>Controlled variable</li> </ul>		
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions	<ul> <li>Specify the input or output which should the source of data for the controlled vari</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data	<ul> <li>Specify the measured value that should your controlled variable.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	You can use different measured values depending on the data source.
▶ Setpoint		Target value of the controlled variable This menu is not displayed if you selected a fieldbus as the source ( <b>Source of data</b> = fieldbus).
Setpoint	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	<ul> <li>Specify the target value for the controlle variable.</li> </ul>
Tw	0.0 to 999.9 s	Time constant for the set point damping filte
Setup Level = Advanced	Factory setting 2.0 s	
▶ Disturbance variable		• optional, activation code necessary

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 ... 2

Function	Options	Info

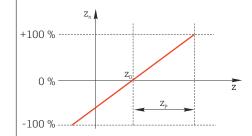
In the case of "flowing medium" (in-line) controls, the flow rate may not be constant. In some circumstances, strong fluctuations are possible. In the case of a settled control system in which the flow rate is suddenly halved, it is desirable that the dosed quantity from the controller is also directly halved. In order to achieve this type of "flow-rate-proportional" dosing, this task is not left to the I-component of the controller, but rather one enters the (to be measured) flow rate as disturbance variable z multiplicative at the controller output.



Strictly speaking, feedforward control involves an open-loop control system, since its effect is not measured directly. That means that the feed flow is directed exclusively forward. Hence the designation "feedforward control".

For the additive feedforward control that is alternatively available in the device, the (standardized) disturbance variable is added to the controller manipulated variable. This enables you to set up a type of variable base load dosing.

The standardization of the disturbance variable is required both for multiplicative and for additive feedforward control and is done using parameters  $Z_0$  (zero point) and  $Z_p$  (proportional band):  $z_n = (z - z_0)/z_p$ 



#### Example

Flowmeter with measuring range 0 to 200 m<sup>3</sup>/ h

The controller would currently dose 100% without feedforward control.

The feedforward control should be configured such that at  $z = 200m^3/h$ , the controller still doses at 100% ( $z_n = 1$ ).

If the flow rate drops, the dosing rate should be reduced, and at a flow rate of less than 4 m<sup>3</sup>/h, dosing should stop entirely ( $z_n = 0$ ).

 $\rightarrow$  Select the zero point  $z_0 = 4 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  and the proportional band  $Z_p = 196 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ .

		A
Function	Selection • Off • Multiply • Add Factory setting Off	Selecting multiplicative or additive feedforward control
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Specify the input which should be the source of data for the disturbance variable.</li> </ul>

Function	Options	Info
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data	<ul> <li>Specify the measured value that should be your disturbance variable.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting None	You can use different measured values depending on the data source.
Zp	Range of adjustment	Proportional band>
ZO	depending on the selection of the measured value	Zero point
Parameters		
The Liquiline PID controlle parameters: Integral action time T <sub>n</sub> Derivative action time T, Proportional band X <sub>n</sub>		al structural form, i. e. it has the following

Setup Level = Advanced: With this setup level, you can also configure the following:

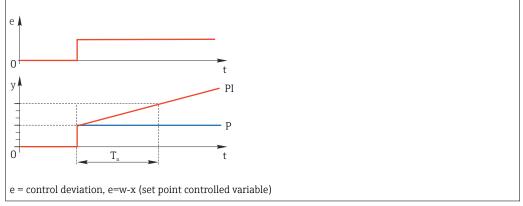
Time constant T<sub>wu</sub>

• Time constant  $\alpha$ 

- Width of the neutral zone X<sub>n</sub>
  Width of the hysteresis range of the neutral zone X<sub>hyst</sub>
- Clock time of the controller

Tn	Factory setting	The integral action time specifies the effect of the I-value If <b>Tn</b> > 0 the following applies: <b>Clock</b> < <b>Twu</b> < 0.5( <b>Tn</b> + <b>Tv</b> )
----	-----------------	--

The integral action time is the time needed in a step-function response to achieve a change in the manipulated variable - as a result of the I effect - which has the same magnitude as the P-value.



unction	Options	Info	
	-		
Twu	0.1 to 999.9 s Factory setting 20.0 s	Time constant for anti-windup feedback The lower the value the greater the integrator inhibition. Exercise extreme caution when making changes. Clock < Twu < 0.5(Tn + Tv)	
Tv	0.1 to 999.9 s	The derivative action time specifies the effect o	
ĨV	<b>Factory setting</b> 0.0 s	the D-value	
he derivative action time is th ne manipulated variable at an	e time by which the ramp resp earlier stage than it would sol	oonse of a PD controller reaches a specific value o ely as a result of its P-value.	
•			
)	t		
v 🖡	PD		
<u>+</u>	P		
$T_v$	, t		
alpha	0.0 to 1.0	Affects the additional damping filter of the D-	
	Factory setting 0.3	controller. The time constant is calculated from $\alpha T_{v}.$	
Process balance	Selection	Symmetric	
Controller type = PID 2- sided	<ul><li>Symmetric</li><li>Asymmetric</li></ul>	There is only one control gain and this applies for both sides of the process.	
sided	Factory setting Symmetric	<b>Asymmetric</b> You can set the control gain individually for bot sides of the process.	
Xp Process balance = Symmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	Proportional band, reciprocal value of the proportional gain $K_p$ As soon as controlled variable x deviates more than $x_p$ from the set point w, manipulated variable y reaches 100%.	
Xp Low Process balance = Asymmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	$x_p$ for y < 0 (manipulated variable < 0)	
Xp High	-	$x_p$ for y > 0 (manipulated variable > 0)	
Process balance = Asymmetric			
Xn	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	Tolerance range about the set point that prevents minor oscillations about the set point using two-sided control loops.	
XN Low	Range of adjustment and	$x_n$ for x < w (controlled variable < set point)	
Process balance = Asymmetric	factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>		
XN High		$x_n$ for x > w (controlled variable > set point)	
Process balance =			

#### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 ... 2

nction	Options	Info
XHyst	0.0 to 99.9 % Factory setting 0.0 %	Width of the hysteresis range of the neutral zone, relative component of $x_n$
y x <sub>hyst</sub>	e = w-x	

The graphic illustrates the manipulated variable (with a pure P-controller) over the control deviation e (set point minus controlled variable). Very low control deviations are set to zero. Control deviations >  $x_n$  are processed "in the normal way". Via  $x_{hyst}$  it is possible to configure a hysteresis to suppress oscillations at the edges.

Clock	0.333 to 100.000 s Factory setting 1.000 s	Expert setting Only change the clock time of the controller if you know exactly what you are doing. Clock < Twu < 0.5(Tn + Tv)
Max y change rate	0.00 to 1.00 <b>Factory setting</b> 0.40	Limits the change of the output variable A value of 0.5 permits a maximum manipulated variable change of 50 % within one second.
Exception behavior		Hold=measured value is no longer reliable
Manipulated Variable	Selection Freeze Fixed value	How should the controller react to a measured value that is no longer reliable?
	<b>Factory setting</b> Freeze	The manipulated variable is frozen at the current value
		<b>Fixed value</b> Manipulated variable is set to 0 (no dosing)
State	Selection • Freeze • Reset Factory setting Freeze	Internal controller status <b>Freeze</b> No change <b>Reset</b> After a hold, the control system starts from scratch, and settling time takes place again.
Hold as exception	Selection • All • None Factory setting All	<ul> <li>Select: Should the hold trigger the previously selected exception behaviour, or should it be ignored?</li> </ul>
▶ Outputs		Goes to the menu <b>Outputs</b>
Controller assignment view		Shows an overview of the inputs and outputs used

### 10.7.4 Cleaning programs for sensors

### **A**CAUTION

**Cleaning not switched off during calibration or maintenance activities** Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent!

- If a cleaning system is connected, switch it off before removing a sensor from the medium.
- If you need to test the cleaning function while cleaning is in progress, wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.

### Types of cleaning

The user can choose from the following cleaning types:

- Standard clean
- Chemoclean
- Chemoclean Plus

**State of cleaning**: Indicates whether the cleaning program is active or not. This is for information purposes only.

### Selecting the cleaning type

1. Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning: Select a cleaning program.

└ You can configure 4 different types of cleaning which you can assign individually to the inputs.

**2. Cleaning type**: For each cleaning program decide which type of cleaning should be performed.

### Standard cleaning

Standard cleaning involves cleaning a sensor with compressed air, for instance, as performed with the ion-selective sensor CAS40D (connection of cleaning unit for  $\rightarrow \square 35$ CAS40D)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Standard clean			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning time	5 to 600 s Factory setting 10 s	<ul> <li>Cleaning duration</li> <li>The cleaning duration and interval depend on the process and sensor.</li> <li>Determine the variables empirically or based on experience.</li> </ul>	

• Define the cleaning cycle  $\rightarrow \equiv 108$ .

### Chemoclean

An example is the use of the CYR10 injector unit to clean pH glass sensors. (CYR10 connection  $\rightarrow \cong 35$ )

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Chemoclean			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning time	0 to 900 s Factory setting 5 s	Cleaning duration	
Prerinse time Postrinse time	0 to 900 s Factory setting 0 s	The cleaning duration, pre-rinse and post-rinse times and the interval depend on the process and sensor. Determine the variables empirically or based on experience.	

### **Chemoclean Plus**

An example is the use of the CYR10 injector unit to clean pH glass sensors. (CYR10 connection  $\rightarrow \triangleq 35$ )

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Chemoclean Plus/ChemoCleanPlus setup			
Function Options		Info	
Cleaning steps setup	Table to create a time program	You define a maximum of 30 program steps which should be performed one after the other. For each step enter the duration [s] and the state (0 = "off", 1 = "on") of each relay or output. You can specify the number and name of the outputs further down in the menu. See below for an example of programming.	
Failsafe step setup	Table view	<ul> <li>In the table specify the states that the relays or outputs should assume in the event of an error.</li> </ul>	
Limit contacts	0 to 2	<ul> <li>Select the number of digital input signals (e.g. from limit position switches of the retractable assembly).</li> </ul>	
Limit contact 1 2	Selection <ul> <li>Binary inputs</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Define the signal source for each limit position switch.</li> </ul>	
Outputs	0 to 4	<ul> <li>Select the number of outputs that actuators, such as valves or pumps, should activate.</li> </ul>	
Output label 1 4	Free text	You can assign a meaningful name to each output, e. g. "assembly", "cleaner 1", "cleaner 2", etc.	

### Programming example: regular cleaning with water and 2 cleaning agents

Limit switch	Duration [s]	Assembly CPA87x	Water	Cleaner 1	Cleaner 2
ES1 1	5	1	1	0	0
ES2 1	5	1	1	0	0
0	30	1	1	0	0
0	5	1	1	1	0
0	60	1	0	0	0
0	30	1	1	0	0
0	5	1	1	0	1
0	60	1	0	0	0
0	30	1	1	0	0
ES1 0	5	0	1	0	0
ES2 0	5	0	1	0	0
0	5	0	0	0	0

The pneumatic retractable assembly, e.g. CPA87x, is activated by compressed air via a twoway valve. As a result, the assembly assumes either the "Measure" position (sensor in medium) or the "Service" position (sensor in rinse chamber). Media such as water or cleaning agents are supplied via valves or pumps. Here there are two states: 0 (= "off" or "closed") and 1 (= "on" or "open").



The hardware required for "Chemoclean Plus", such as control valves, pumps, compressed air supply, media supply etc., must be provided by the customer.

### Defining the cleaning cycle

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning cycle	Selection Off Interval Weekly program Factory setting Weekly program	<ul> <li>Choose from a cleaning routine that is restarted at set intervals and a user- definable weekly program.</li> </ul>	
Cleaning interval Cleaning cycle = Interval	0-00:01 to 07-00:00 (D-hh:mm) Factory setting 1-00:00	The interval value can be between 1 minute and 7 days. Example: You have set the value "1-00:00". Each day, the cleaning cycle starts at the same time you started the first cleaning cycle.	
Daily event times Cleaning cycle = Weekly program	00:00 to 23:59 (HH:MM)	<ol> <li>Define up to 6 times (Event time 1 6).</li> <li>└→ You can then choose from these for each day of the week.</li> </ol>	
Weekdays Cleaning cycle = Weekly program	Selection Monday Sunday	<ol> <li>Choose individually for each day of the week which of the 6 times should be used for a cleaning routine on this particular day.</li> <li>This allows you to create weekly programs that are perfectly adapted to suit your process.</li> </ol>	

### Other settings and manual cleaning

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4			
Function	Options	Info	
Start signal	<ul> <li>Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Signals of digital or analog inputs</li> </ul> </li> <li>Factory setting <ul> <li>None</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>In addition to cyclic cleaning, you can also use an input signal to start event-controlled cleaning.</li> <li>➤ Choose the trigger for such a cleaning process here.</li> <li>Interval and weekly programs are executed as normal, i. e. conflicts can occur. Priority is given to the cleaning program that was the first to be started.</li> </ul>	
Hold	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	<ul> <li>Decide whether there should be a hold during the cleaning process. This hold affects the inputs to which this cleaning process is assigned.</li> </ul>	
⊳ Start single	Action	Start an individual cleaning process with the selected parameters. If cyclical cleaning is enabled, there are times in which it is not possible to manually start the process.	
<b>Stop</b> or <b>Stop Failsafe</b>	Action	End the cleaning process (cyclically or manually)	
▶ Outputs		Goes to the menu <b>Outputs</b>	
Cleaning program assignment view		Shows an overview of the cleaning processes	

# 10.7.5 Mathematical functions

In addition to "real" process values, which are provided by connected physical sensors or analog inputs, mathematical functions can be used to calculate a maximum of 8 "virtual" process values.

The "virtual" process values can be:

- Output via a current output or a fieldbus
- Used as a controlled variable
- Assigned as a measured variable to a limit switch
- Used as a measured variable to trigger cleaning
- Displayed in user-defined measuring menus

#### Difference

You can subtract the measured values of two sensors and use the result to detect incorrect measurements, for example.

To calculate a difference, you must use two measured values with the same engineering unit.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Difference			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off		
Y1	The options depend on the sensors connected	Select the sensors and measured variables that should function as the minuend <b>(Y1)</b> or subtrahend <b>(Y2)</b> .	
Measured value			
Y2			
Measured value			
Difference value	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
► Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

#### Redundancy

Use this function to monitor two or three sensors with redundant measurements. The arithmetic average of the two closest measured values is calculated and output as the redundancy value.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Redundancy			
Function Options		Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
Y1	1 1 51	You can select a maximum of 3 different types of	
Measured value	sensors connected	sensor that output the same measured value.	
Y2		<b>Example for temperature redundancy</b> You have a pH sensor and an oxygen sensor at	
Measured value		inputs 1 and 2. Select the pH sensor as <b>Y1</b> and the oxygen sensor as <b>Y2</b> . <b>Measured value</b> : Select	
Y3 (optional)		Temperature in each case.	
Measured value			

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Redundancy		
Function	Options	Info
Deviation control	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	You can monitor the redundancy. Specify an absolute limit value that must not be exceeded.
Deviation limit	Depends on the selected measured value	
Redundancy	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions

#### rH value

To calculate the rH value, a pH sensor and an ORP sensor must be connected. It is irrelevant whether you are using a pH glass sensor, an ISFET sensor or the pH electrode of an ISE sensor.

Instead of the mathematical functions, you can also connect a combined pH/ORP sensor.

• Set the main measured value simply to rH.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = rH calculation			
Function Options		Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
pH source	Connected pH sensor	Set the input for the pH sensor and the input for	
ORP source	Connected ORP sensor	the ORP sensor. Measured value interrogation is obsolete as you must select pH or ORP mV.	
Calculated rH	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

#### Degassed conductivity

Carbon dioxide from the air can be a contributing factor to the conductivity of a medium. The degassed conductivity is the conductivity of the medium excluding the conductivity caused by carbon dioxide.

Advantages of using degassed conductivity taking the example of a power station:

- The conductivity caused by corrosion products or contamination in the feed water is determined as soon as the turbines are started. The system excludes the initially high conductivity values resulting from the ingress of air.
- If carbon dioxide is regarded as non-corrosive, the live steam can be directed to the turbine far earlier during startup.
- If the conductivity value increases during normal operation, it is possible to immediately determine an ingress of coolant or air by calculating the degassed conductivity.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Degassed conductivity			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Cation conductivity	Connected conductivity sensor	<b>Cation conductivity</b> represents the sensor downstream from the cation exchanger and	
Degassed conductivity	Connected conductivity sensor	<ul> <li>upstream from the "degassing module",</li> <li>Degassed conductivity represents the sensor at the outlet of the degassing module.</li> <li>Measured value interrogation is obsolete as you can only choose conductivity.</li> </ul>	
CO2 concentration	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

#### Dual conductivity

You can subtract two conductivity values and use the result to monitor the efficiency of an ion exchanger, for example.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Dual conductivity			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
Inlet	The options depend on the	Select the sensors that should function as the	
Measured value	sensors connected	minuend ( <b>Inlet</b> , e.g. sensor upstream from the ion exchanger) or subtrahend ( <b>Outlet</b> , e.g.	
Outlet		sensor downstream from the ion exchanger).	
Measured value			
Main value format	Selection Auto # # #.# #.## Factory setting Auto	Specify the number of decimal places.	
Cond. unit	Selection • Auto • $\mu$ S/cm • $m$ S/cm • $\mu$ S/cm • $\mu$ S/m • $\mu$ S/m • $m$ S/m • $m$ S/m • $S/m$ Factory setting Auto		
Dual conductivity	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

#### Calculated pH value

The pH value can be calculated from the measured values of two conductivity sensors under certain conditions. Areas of application include power stations, steam generators and boiler feedwater.

conductivity		
Function	Options	Info
Calculation	Selection <ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> </ul> Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function
Method	Selection NaOH NH3 LiOH	The calculation is performed on the basis of Guideline VGB-R-450L of the Technical Association of Large Power Plant Operators (Verband der Großkesselbetreiber, (VGB)).
	<b>Factory setting</b> NaOH	<b>NaOH</b> pH = 11 + log {( $\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$ )/273}
		<b>NH3</b> pH = 11 + log {( $\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$ )/243}
		<b>LiOH</b> pH = 11 + log {( $\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$ )/228}
		$K_v \dots$ Inlet direct conductivity $K_h \dots$ Outlet acid conductivity
Inlet	The options depend on the	Inlet
Measured value	sensors connected	Sensor upstream from the cation exchanger, "direct conductivity"
Outlet		Outlet
Measured value		Sensor downstream from the cation exchanger, "acid conductivity"
		Selection of the measured value is obsolete as it must always be <b>Conductivity</b> .
Calculated pH	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions

#### Formula (optional, with activation code)

With the formula editor, it is possible to calculate a new value from a maximum of 3 measured values. A wide range of mathematical and logical (Boolean) operations are available for this purpose.

The Liquiline firmware offers you a powerful mathematics tool with the formula editor. You are responsible for the feasibility of your formula, and therefore for the feasibility of the result.

Symbol	Operation	Type of operands	Type of result	Example
+	Addition	Numerical	Numerical	A+2
-	Subtraction	Numerical	Numerical	100-В
*	Multiplication	Numerical	Numerical	A*C
1	Division	Numerical	Numerical	B/100
^	Power	Numerical	Numerical	A^5
2	Square	Numerical	Numerical	A <sup>2</sup>
3	Cube	Numerical	Numerical	B <sup>3</sup>

Symbol	Operation	Type of operands	Type of result	Example
SIN	Sine	Numerical	Numerical	SIN(A)
COS	Cosine	Numerical	Numerical	COS(B)
EXP	Exponential function e <sup>x</sup>	Numerical	Numerical	EXP(A)
LN	Natural logarithm	Numerical	Numerical	LN(B)
LOG	Decadic logarithm	Numerical	Numerical	LOG(A)
MAX	Maximum of two values	Numerical	Numerical	MAX(A,B)
MIN	Minimum of two values	Numerical	Numerical	MIN(20,B)
MOD	Division with remainder	Numerical	Numerical	MOD (10.3)
ABS	Absolute value	Numerical	Numerical	ABS(C)
NUM	Boolean $\rightarrow$ numerical conversion	Boolean	Numerical	NUM(A)
=	Equals	Boolean	Boolean	A=B
<>	Not equal to	Boolean	Boolean	A<>B
>	Greater than	Numerical	Boolean	B>5.6
<	Less than	Numerical	Boolean	A <c< td=""></c<>
OR	Disjunction	Boolean	Boolean	B OR C
AND	Conjunction	Boolean	Boolean	A AND B
XOR	Exclusive disjunction	Boolean	Boolean	B XOR C
NOT	Negation	Boolean	Boolean	NOT A

Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Forstory setting	On/off switch for the function	
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off		
Source A C	Selection Select source	You can use all the sensor inputs, binary and analog inputs, mathematical functions, limit	
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	switches, time switches, fieldbus signals, controllers and datasets for measuring range switching as the source for measured values.	
Measured value	Selection Depends on the source	1.       Choose a maximum of three sources (A, B and C) for measured values.	
A C	The current measured value is displayed	2. For each source, choose the measured value to be calculated.	
		<ul> <li>All available signals - depending on the selected source - are possible measured values.</li> </ul>	
		3. Enter the formula.	
		4. Switch on the calculation.	
		The current measured values A, B and C as well as the result of the calculation using the formula are displayed.	

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Formula			
Function	Options	Info	
Formula	User-defined text	Table → 🗎 112	
		Make sure the exact notation is used (upper case). Blank spaces before and after mathematical characters are irrelevant. Note the operator precedence, i.e. multiplication and division take precedence over addition and subtraction. Use parentheses if necessary.	
Result unit	User-defined text	You may enter a unit for the calculated value if desired.	
Result format	Selection # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	Select the number of decimal places.	
	Factory setting #.##		
Result numeric	Read only	Current, calculated value	
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

#### Example: 2-point chlorine regulator with volume flow monitoring

A relay output activates a dosing pump. The pump should switch on when the following 3 conditions are met:

- (1) There is flow
- (2) The volume flow is above a defined value
- (3) The concentration of chlorine drops below a defined value
- 1. Connect a binary input signal from an "INS" point level switch of the CCA250 assembly to the DIO module.
- 2. Connect an analog input signal of a volume flow meter to the AI module.
- 3. Connect the chlorine sensor.
- 4. Configure the Formula mathematical function: Source A = binary input DIO, Source B = current input AI, Source C = input Disinfection.
  - └ Formula:
    - A AND (B > 3) AND (C < 0.9)

(where 3 is the lower limit value of the volume flow and 0.9 is the lower limit value of the chlorine concentration)

5. Configure the relay output with the **Formula** mathematical function and connect the dosing pump to the corresponding relay.

The pump is switched on if all 3 conditions are met. If one of the conditions is no longer met, the pump is switched off again.

Instead of outputting the result of the formula directly to a relay, you can also connect a limit switch in between in order to attenuate the output signal via a switch-on and switch-off delay.

#### Example: Load-based control

The load - i.e. the product of the concentration and volume flow - is needed for the dosage of precipitants, for instance.

- **1.** Connect the input signal of a phosphate analyzer to the AI module.
- 2. Connect an analog input signal of a volume flow meter to the AI module.

- **3.** Configure the **Formula** mathematical function: **Source A** = input signal phosphate and **Source B** = input signal volume flow.
  - └ Formula:

#### A\*B\*x

(where x is an application-specific proportionality factor)

- 4. Select this formula as the source e.g. of the current output or of a modulated binary output.
- 5. Connect the valve or pump.

#### 10.7.6 Diagnostic modules

Here you can configure a maximum of 8 individual diagnostic messages.

A diagnostic module has the following properties:

- The feed source can be configured like a binary output (relay, digital output).
- You can choose whether the diagnostic message should be output at a high level or low level.
- You decide which error category (Namur class) should be assigned to the message.
- You can define a customized text to be output as the diagnostic message text.

In addition you can switch off the factory diagnostic code for limit switches. This allows you to:

• Use the limit switch on a purely functional basis (without a message)

·D.

• Configure application-specific message texts

10 ...

/ . . . ....

• Control diagnostic modules directly by a digital signal or via a limit switch output (enables the use of switch-on/switch-off delay, for example).

. .

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Diagnostic modules							
Function	Options	Info					
▶ Diagnostic module 1 (961) 8 (968)							
Source of data	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Binary inputs</li> <li>Limit switches</li> </ul>	Specify the input which should be the source of data for the diagnostic message.					
	Factory setting None						
Measured value	Selection depend on Source of data Factory setting	Specify the measured value that should trigger the diagnostic message. You can use different measured values					
	None	depending on the data source.					
Active low	Selection • Off • On	<b>On</b> : The output value is equal to the inverse output value.					
	<b>Factory setting</b> On						
Short text	Free text	Give the diagnostic message a name.					
Diagnostic module assignment view		Shows an overview of the diagnostic modules used.					

# 11 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

## 11.1 General troubleshooting

The analyzer continuously monitors its functions itself.

If a diagnostic message occurs, the display alternates between the diagnostic message and the measured value in the measuring mode.

The color of the display background changes to red if a diagnostic message for error category "F" occurs.

### 11.1.1 Troubleshooting

A diagnostic message appears on the display or via the fieldbus , measured values are not plausible, or you identify a fault.

1. See the Diagnostics menu for details on the diagnostic message.

- └ Follow the instructions to rectify the problem.
- 2. If this does not help, search for the diagnostic message under "Overview of diagnostic information" in these Operating Instructions. Use the message number as a search criterion. Ignore the letters indicating the Namur error category.
  - └→ Follow the troubleshooting instructions provided in the last column of the error tables.
- **4.** Contact the Service Department if you cannot rectify the error yourself. citing only the error number.

### 11.1.2 Process errors without messages

Operating Instructions "Memosens", BA01245C

### 11.1.3 Device-specific errors

Problem	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures			
Dark display	No supply voltage	<ul> <li>Check if supply voltage applied.</li> </ul>			
	Base module defective	Replace base module			
Values appear on display but:	Module not wired correctly	<ul> <li>Check modules and wiring.</li> </ul>			
<ul><li>Display does not change and/or</li><li>Device cannot be operated</li></ul>	Impermissible operating system condition	<ul> <li>Switch off device and switch it on again.</li> </ul>			
Implausible measured values	Inputs defective	<ul> <li>First perform tests and take measures as outlined in "Process-specific errors" section.</li> </ul>			
		Measuring input test:			
		<ul> <li>Connect the Memocheck Sim CYP03D to the input and use it to check the function of the input.</li> </ul>			
	Calibration/adjustment failed	Repeat calibration			

Problem	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures			
	No reagents/sample	1. Check levels			
		2. Check the hoses of the reagents			
		3. Check sample			
		4. Check all connectors and tighten if necessary.			
	Cuvette dirty	1. Perform calibration with standard			
		2. Clean using manual cleaning routine, then repeat calibration with standard			
	Incorrect reagent	<ul> <li>Check the configured measuring parameter and the reagents used</li> </ul>			
	Incorrect concentration of the standard solution	Check the concentration setting for the standard solution			
	Reagents have passed their shelf life				
	Incorrect hose system	<ul> <li>Check the hose system using the hose routing diagram (see "Commissioning" section).</li> </ul>			
Measurement//calibration	Action still active				
does not start	Appropriate bottles not used	► Check status			
	No sample available	• Check if sufficient sample is available			
	Device is in the fieldbus mode; no manual actions are possible				
	Dispenser run times have elapsed				
Calibration has failed	Stability criterion was not met	1. Check the configuration and perform manual calibration again			
		2. Check the hoses of the reagents			
Current output, incorrect	Incorrect adjustment	Check with integrated current simulation,			
current value	Load too large	connect mA meter directly to current output.			
	Shunt/short to ground in current loop				
No current output signal	Base module defective	<ul> <li>Check with integrated current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.</li> </ul>			

## **11.2** Diagnostic information on local display

Up-to-date diagnostic events are displayed along with their status category, diagnostic code and short text. Clicking on the navigator lets you retrieve more information and tips on remedial measures.

## **11.3** Diagnostic information via web browser

The same information as for the local display is available via the web server.

## 11.4 Diagnostic information via fieldbus

Diagnostic events, status signals and more information are transmitted according to the definitions and technical capability of the respective fieldbus systems.

## 11.5 Adapting the diagnostic information

#### 11.5.1 Classification of diagnostic messages

In the **DIAG/Diagnostics list** menu you can find more detailed information on the current diagnostic messages displayed.

In accordance with Namur specification NE 107, the diagnostic messages are characterized by:

- Message number
- Error category (letter in front of the message number)
  - **F** = (Failure) a malfunction has been detected The measured value of the affected channel is no longer reliable. The cause of the malfunction is to be found in the measuring point. Any control system connected should be set to manual mode.
  - C = (Function check), (no error) Maintenance work is being performed on the device. Wait until the work has been completed.
  - **S** = (Out of specification), the measuring point is being operated outside its specification

Operation is still possible. However, you run the risk of increased wear, shorter operating life or lower measurement accuracy. The cause of the problem is to be found outside the measuring point.

- **M** = (Maintenance required), action should be taken as soon as possible The device still measures correctly. Immediate measures are not necessary. However, proper maintenance efforts would prevent a possible malfunction in the future.
- Message text
- If you contact the Service Department, please cite the message number only. Since you can individually change the assignment of an error to an error category, the Service Department cannot use this information.

### 11.5.2 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

All the diagnostic messages are assigned to specific error categories at the factory. Since other settings might be preferred depending on the application, error categories and the effect errors have on the measuring point can be configured individually. Furthermore, every diagnostic message can be disabled.

#### Example

Diagnostic message 531 **Logbook full**appears on the display. You want to change this message so that an error is not shown on the display for example.

- 1. For analyzer-specific diagnostic messages, select Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior and for sensor-related messages, select Menu/Setup/Inputs/<Sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior.
- 2. Select the diagnostics message and press the navigator button.
- 3. Decide: (a) Should the message be deactivated? (**Diagnostics message = Off**)
  - (b) Do you want to change the error category?(Status signal)
  - (c) Should an error current be output? (Failure current = On)
  - (d) Do you want to trigger a cleaning program? (Cleaning program)
- 4. Example: You deactivate the message.
  - └→ The message is no longer displayed. In the DIAG menu, the message appears as Past message.

#### Possible settings

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/Run the/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior							
Function	Options	Info					
List of diagnostic messages		<ul> <li>Select the message to be changed.</li> <li>Only then can you make the settings for this message.</li> </ul>					
Diag. code	Read only						
Diagnostic message	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	You can deactivate or reactivate a diagnostic message here. Deactivating means: • No error message in the measuring mode • No error current at the current output					
Failure current	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	Decide whether an error current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated. In the event of general device errors, the error current is switched to all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the error current is only switched to the current output in question.					
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F) Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107. Decide whether you want to change a status signal assignment for your application.					
Diag. output	Selection None Binary outputs Alarm relay Relay1 to n (depends on the device version) Factory setting None	<ul> <li>You can use this function to select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned.</li> <li>An alarm relay is always available, regardless of the device version. Other relays are optional.</li> <li>For sensors with the Memosens protocol:</li> <li>Before you can assign the message to an output: Configure one of the output types mentioned as follows:</li> <li>Menu/Setup/Outputs/(Alarm relay or Binary output or relay)/Function = Diagnostics and Operating mode = as assigned.</li> </ul>					
Cleaning program	Selection None Cleaning 1 4 Factory setting None	Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program. You can define cleaning programs under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning.					
▶ Detail information	Read only	Here you can find more information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.					

## 11.6 Overview of diagnostic information

# 11.6.1 Device-specific, general diagnostic messages

No.	Message	Factor	y settings	5	Tests or remedial action		
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>			
202	Selftest active	F	On	Off	Wait for self-test to be finished		
216	Hold active	С	On	Off	Output values and status of the channel are on hold		
241	Firmware failure	F	On	On	Internal device error		
242	Firmware incomp.	F	On	On	1. Update the software.		
243	Firmware failure	F	On	On	2. Contact the Service Department.		
					<b>3.</b> Replace the backplane (Service).		
261	Electronics module	F	On	On	Electronics module defective		
					1. Replace the module.		
					2. Contact the Service Department.		
262	Module connection	F	On	On	Electronics module not communicating		
					1. Check the module , replace it if necessary.		
					2. Contact the Service Department.		
263	Incomp. detected	F	On	On	Wrong kind of electronics module		
					1. Replace the module.		
					2. Contact the Service Department.		
284	Firmware update	М	On	Off	Update completed successfully		
285	Update error	F	On	On	Firmware update failed		
					1. Repeat.		
					<b>2.</b> SD card error $\rightarrow$ use another card.		
					3. Incorrect firmware → repeat with suitable firmware.		
					4. Contact the Service Department.		
302	Battery low	М	On	Off	Buffer battery of real time clock is low The date and time are lost if the power is interrupted.		
					<ul> <li>Contact the Service Department (battery replacement).</li> </ul>		
304	Module data	F	On	On	At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data		
					1. Check the system information.		
					2. Contact the Service Department.		
305	Power consumption	F	On	On	Total power consumption too high		
					1. Check installation.		
					2. Remove sensors/modules.		
306	Software error	F	On	On	Internal firmware error		
					► Contact the Service Department.		
335	Fan defective	F	On	On	Fan defective		
					1. Replace the fan.		
					2. Contact the Service Department.		

No.	Message	Factory settings			Tests or remedial action			
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>				
337	Pump hose warning	M	On	Off	<ul> <li>End of pump hose service life will be reached shortly</li> <li>Display under Menu/Diagnostics/Operating time information/Pump tube life</li> <li>1. Schedule replacement.</li> <li>2. After replacing, reset the operating time under Menu/Diagnostics/Operating time information.</li> </ul>			
360	Cooling/Heating	С	On	Off	<ol> <li>Temperature range in the housing exceeded</li> <li>Check installation conditions and the ambient temperature</li> <li>Replace the actuator module.</li> <li>Contact the Service Department.</li> </ol>			
361	Cooling/Heating	F	On	On	<ul> <li>Cooling/heating module defective</li> <li>Defined temperature range not reached. This could affect the functionality of the reagents.</li> <li>1. Check whether the insulation cap is seated correctly over the reagents.</li> <li>2. Replace cooling/heating module.</li> <li>3. Contact the Service Department.</li> </ul>			
365	Photometer comm.	F	On	On	<ul> <li>Photometer not communicating</li> <li>Possible reasons:</li> <li>Incorrect photometer connection</li> <li>1. Check photometer connection.</li> <li>2. Contact the Service Department.</li> </ul>			
366	Dosing unit defect.	F	On	On	Dosing unit is faulty <ul> <li>Contact the Service Department.</li> </ul>			
367	Module connect.	F	On	On	<ul> <li>No communication to sample preparation</li> <li>Check the connecting cable to the sample preparation system.</li> </ul>			
368	Reactor temp. low	F	On	On	<ul><li>Target temperature of decomposition reactor not reached</li><li>Contact the Service Department.</li></ul>			
369	Reactor temp. high	F	On	On	<ul> <li>Temperature of decomposition reactor is too high</li> <li>Check the reactor temperature on the display.</li> <li>If the reactor temperature does not drop, disconnect the power supply.</li> <li>Contact the Service Department.</li> </ul>			
370	Internal voltage	F	On	On	<ol> <li>Internal voltage outside the valid range</li> <li>Check supply voltage.</li> <li>Check inputs and outputs for short- circuiting.</li> </ol>			
372	Dosing failure	F	On	On	<ol> <li>Error in dosing process</li> <li>Check hoses and connectors.</li> <li>Check level.</li> <li>Replace dosing dispenser.</li> <li>Contact the Service Department.</li> </ol>			

No.	Message	Factory settings			Tests or remedial action		
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>			
373	Electronictemp. high	М	On	Off	High electronics temperature		
					<ul> <li>Check ambient temperature and energy consumption.</li> </ul>		
374	Sensor check	F	On	Off	No measurement signal from sensor		
					1. Check sensor connection.		
					2. Check the sensor, replace it if necessary.		
376	Waste canister	Μ	On	Off	<ul> <li>The total volume of the waste canister has almost been reached.</li> <li>Empty the waste canister and reset the overfill counter in the menu Diagnostics/ Operating time information.</li> </ul>		
377	Waste canister	F	On	On	<ul> <li>The total volume of the waste canister has almost been reached.</li> <li>▶ Empty the waste canister and reset the overfill counter in the menu Diagnostics/ Operating time information.</li> </ul>		
378	Safety cover open	С	On	Off	Safety cover is open ► Install safety cover correctly.		
379	Safety cover defective	F	On	Off	Safety cover is defective ► Install safety cover correctly.		
380	Temperature sensor	F	On	On	Temperature sensor defective in reactor, cuvette or sample pre-heating system		
					<ul> <li>Contact the Service Department and quote the number displayed.</li> </ul>		
381	Valve defective	F	On	On	Indicated valve is defective		
					<ul> <li>Contact the Service Department and quote the number displayed.</li> </ul>		
385	Heating temp. low	S	On	Off	Sample pre-heating target temperature not reached		
					1. Check fuse.		
					2. Check cable and connector.		
386	Heating temp. high	S	On	Off	Temperature of sample pre-heating too high		
					1. Monitor the temperature of the sample.		
					2. Disconnect the power supply if the sample temperature does not drop.		
401	Factory reset	F	On	On	Factory reset is performed		
405	Service IP active	C	Off	Off	<ul> <li>Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212.</li> <li>Switch off the service switch to change to the</li> </ul>		
(10			0	04	saved IP settings.		
412	Writing backup	F	On	Off	Wait for the write process to be finished		
413	Reading backup	F	On	Off	► Wait.		

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Tests or remedial action		
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>			
436	<b>SD card</b> (80%)	M	On	Off	<ul> <li>SD card 80% full</li> <li>1. Replace SD card with empty card.</li> <li>2. Clear SD card.</li> <li>3. Set logbook properties to ring buffer (Setup/General settings/Logbooks).</li> </ul>		
437	SD card (100%)	M	On	Off	<ul> <li>SD card 100% full. No longer possible to write to the card.</li> <li>1. Replace SD card with empty card.</li> <li>2. Clear SD card.</li> <li>3. Set logbook properties to ring buffer (Setup/General settings/Logbooks).</li> </ul>		
438	SD card removed	M	On	Off	<ul> <li>SD card not plugged in</li> <li>1. Check SD card.</li> <li>2. Replace SD card.</li> <li>3. Disable logging.</li> </ul>		
455	Mathemat. function	F	On	On	<ul><li>Mathematical function: fault condition</li><li>1. Check mathematical function.</li><li>2. Check assigned input variables.</li></ul>		
460	Output below limit	S	On	Off	Reasons		
461	Output above limit	S	On	Off	<ul> <li>Sensor in air</li> <li>Air pockets in assembly</li> <li>Sensor fouled</li> <li>Incorrect flow to sensor</li> <li>1. Check sensor installation.</li> <li>2. Clean sensor.</li> <li>3. Change assignment of current outputs.</li> </ul>		
502	No text catalog	F	On	On	► Contact the Service Department.		
503	Language change	М	On	Off	<ul><li>Language change failed</li><li>Contact the Service Department.</li></ul>		
529	Diag. setup active	С	Off	Off	► Wait for maintenance to be finished.		
530	Logbook at 80%	М	On	Off	1. Save the logbook to the SD card and then		
531	Logbook full	M	On	Off	<ul><li>delete the logbook in the device.</li><li>2. Set memory to circular buffer.</li><li>3. Deactivate logbook.</li></ul>		
532	License error	М	On	Off	Contact the Service Department.		
540	Parameter save fail	М	On	Off	Storage of configuration has failed <ul> <li>Repeat.</li> </ul>		
541	Parameter load ok	M	On	Off	Configuration successfully loaded		
542	Parameter load fail	М	On	Off	Loading of configuration has failed ► Repeat.		
543	Parameter load abort	М	On	Off	Configuration loading aborted		
544	Parameter reset ok	М	On	Off	Factory default successful		
545	Parameter reset fail	М	On	Off	Setting of device configuration to factory setting has failed		

No.	Message	Factory	Factory settings		Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>	
565	Configuration	М	On	Off	Invalid configuration of sample preparation system
					1. In Setup/Sample preparation, check the number of channels used, their operating mode and type of installation.
					2. Check the permitted combinations of sample preparation and analyzers, see the Operating Instructions for the sample preparation system.
714	Filter mats change	M	On	Off	Filter mat change necessary The limit value for operating hours has been exceeded
					<ul> <li>Replace the filter mats and reset the operating hours counter in the Diagnostics menu.</li> </ul>
715	Calibration expired	М	On	Off	The validity of the last calibration has expired. The date of the last calibration is too far in the past. Measurement can still take place.
					Possible reasons: Manual intervention has prevented automatic calibration
					<b>1.</b> Calibrate analyzer manually.
					2. Check device configuration.
716	Calibration expired	S	On	Off	Calibration has failed or is not reliable Possible reasons: Stability criteria are not met
					1. Check the configuration and perform a manual calibration again.
					2. Contact the Service Department.
717	Photometer defective	F	On	On	Photometer defective
					Possible reasons: • No lamp voltage • No lamp power
					► Contact the Service Department.
718	Cuvette covering	М	On	Off	Photometer check
					High degree of contamination - reliable measurement will not be possible soon
					1. Clean analyzer manually.
					2. Contact the Service Department.
726	Liquids warning	М	On	Off	Consumable liquids, warning Measurement can still take place.
					<ul><li>Possible reasons</li><li>The level of one or more liquids is low</li><li>One or more liquids almost past their shelf life.</li></ul>
					<ul> <li>Top up/replace the liquids in question and reset the counter in Diagnostics/Operating time information.</li> </ul>
727	Liquids alarm	F	On	Off	Consumable liquids, alarm Measurement can still take place.
					<ul><li>Possible reasons</li><li>The level of one or more liquids is low</li><li>One or more liquids past their shelf life.</li></ul>
					<ul> <li>Top up/replace the liquids in question and reset the counter in Diagnostics/Operating time information.</li> </ul>

No.	b. Message Factory settings			Tests or remedial action			
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>			
731	Leakage detected	F	On	Off	<ol> <li>Leak detected in the sample preparation system or analyzer</li> <li>Check hoses and connections.</li> <li>Check solenoid valves.</li> <li>Check leak sensor.</li> <li>Check the free outlet on the analyzer.</li> <li>Replace defective parts and, if necessary, reset the operating hours counters in the Diagnostics menu.</li> </ol>		
732	Wear parts alarm	F	On	On	<ul> <li>One or more wear parts has exceeded its service life.</li> <li>Replace the wear parts in question and reset the counter in Diagnostics/Operating time information.</li> </ul>		
733	Wear parts warning	M	On	Off	<ul> <li>One or more wear parts has almost reached the end of its service life.</li> <li>Replace the wear parts in question and reset the counter in Diagnostics/Operating time information.</li> </ul>		
910	Limit switch	S	On	Off	Limit switch activated		
930	No sample	F	On	On	<ul> <li>Sample flow interrupted during intake</li> <li>Suction line blocked or leaking</li> <li>No inflow of sample</li> <li>1. Check the suction line and suction strainer.</li> <li>2. Check inflow of sample.</li> </ul>		
937	Controlled variable	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of the controller variable is not OK Check application.		
938	Controller setpoint	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of set point is not OK Check application.		
939	Control. disturbance	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of disturbance variable is not OK Check application.		
940	Process value	S	On	Off	<ul> <li>Measured value out of specification</li> <li>Uncertain measured value.</li> <li>1. Change the measuring range.</li> <li>2. Calibrate the system.</li> </ul>		
941	Process value	F	On	On	<ul> <li>Measured value out of specification Invalid measured value.</li> <li>1. Change the measuring range.</li> <li>2. Calibrate the system.</li> </ul>		
951 - 958	Hold active CH1	С	On	Off	Output values and status of the channels are on hold. ► Wait until the hold is deactivated again.		
961 - 968	Diagnostic module 1 (961)  Diagnostic module 8 (968)	S	Off	Off	Diagnostic module is enabled		

No.	o. Message Factory settings		Tests or remedial action				
		S 1)	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>			
969	Modbus Watchdog	S	Off	Off	The device did not receive a Modbus telegram from the master within the specified time. The status of Modbus process values received is set to invalid		
970	Curr. input overload	S	On	On	Current input overloaded The current input is switched off from 23 mA due to overload and reactivated automatically when a normal load is present.		
971	Current Input low	S	On	On	Current input too low At 4 to 20 mA, the input current is less than the lower failure current.		
					<ul> <li>Check the input for short-circuiting.</li> </ul>		
972	Curr. input > 20 mA	S	On	On	Current output range exceeded		
973	Current Input < 4 mA	S	On	On	Current output range undershot		
974	Diagnostics confirm.	C	Off	Off	User has acknowledged the message displayed in the measuring menu.		
975	Device restart	С	Off	Off	Device reset		
976	PFM/PWM value high	S	On	Off	Pulse frequency modulation: output signal		
977	PFM/PWM value low	S	On	Off	<ul> <li>exceeded/undershot. Measured value outside the specified range.</li> <li>Sensor in air</li> <li>Air pockets in assembly</li> <li>Incorrect flow to sensor</li> <li>Sensor fouled</li> <li>1. Clean the sensor</li> <li>2. Check plausibility.</li> </ul>		
					3. Adjust the PFM configuration.		
978	ChemoClean Failsafe	S	On	On	<ul> <li>No feedback signal detected within the configured period.</li> <li>1. Check application.</li> <li>2. Check wiring.</li> <li>3. Extend the duration.</li> </ul>		
990	Deviation limit	F	On	On	Redundancy: limit value of percentage deviation exceeded		
991	CO2 conc. range	F	On	On	$\mathrm{CO}_2$ concentration (degassed conductivity) outside the measuring range		
992	pH calculation range	F	On	On	pH calculation outside the measuring range		
993	rH calculation range	F	On	On	rH calculation outside the measuring range		
994	Difference conduct.	F	On	On	Dual conductivity outside the measuring range		

1)

Status signal Diagnostic message 2)

3) Failure current

#### 11.6.2 Sensor-specific diagnostic messages

Operating Instructions "Memosens", BA01245C

#### 11.7 Pending diagnostic messages

The Diagnostics menu contains all the information on the device status. Furthermore, various service functions are available.

The following messages are directly displayed every time you enter the menu:

- Most important message
- Diagnostic message recorded with the highest criticality level
- Past message Diagnostic message whose cause is no longer present.

All the other functions in the Diagnostics menu are described in the following chapters.

## 11.8 Diagnostic list

All the current diagnostic messages are listed here.

A time stamp is available for each message. Furthermore, the user also sees the configuration and description of the message as saved in **Menu/Setup/General settings/ Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior**.

## 11.9 Logbooks

### 11.9.1 Available logbooks

Types of logbooks

- Logbooks physically available (all apart from the overall logbook)
- Database view of all logbooks (=overall logbook)

Logbook	Visible in	Max. entries	Can be disabled <sup>1</sup>	Logbook can be deleted	Entries can be deleted	Can be exported
Overall logbook	All events	20000	Yes	No	Yes	No
Calibration logbook	Calibration events	75	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Operation logbook	Configuration events	250	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Diagnostics logbook	Diagnostic events	250	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Analyzer event logbook	Analyzer events	19500 <sup>2)</sup>	No	No	Yes	Yes
Analyzer calibration logbook	Analyzer calibration logbook	250	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Analyzer data logbook	Analyzer data logbooks	20000 <sup>2)</sup>	No	No	Yes	Yes
Analyzer absorbance data logbook	Absorption data logbook	5000	No	No	Yes	Yes
Analyzer raw values logbook	Raw data logbook	5000	No	No	Yes	Yes
Version logbook	All events	50	No	No	No	Yes
Hardware version logbook	All events	125	No	No	No	Yes
Data logbook for sensors (optional)	Data logbooks	150 000	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Debugging logbook	Debug events (only accessible by entering the special service activation code)	1000	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

1) Data in brackets means this depends on the overall logbook

2) Suffices for 1 year of operation with a usual measuring interval

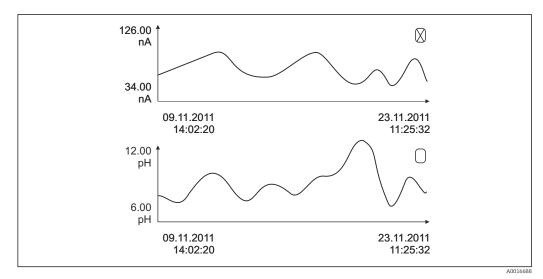
## 11.9.2 Menu Logbooks

Function	Options	Info
All events		Chronological list of all the logbook entries, with information on the type of event
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
Calibration events		Chronological list of the calibration events
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can delete all the calibration logbook entries here.
Configuration events		Chronological list of the configuration events
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.
▶ Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all the operation logbook entries.
Diagnostic events		Chronological list of the diagnostics events
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all the diagnostics logbook entries.
Analyzer events		Entries for analyzer events, such as measurement, cleaning and calibration.
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all analyzer event entries.

You can also view your data logbook entries graphically on the display (Show plot).

You can also adapt the display to suit your individual requirements:

- Press the navigator button in the graphic display: you are given additional options such as the zoom function and x/y movement of the graph.
- Define the cursor: if you select this option, you can move along the graph with the navigator and view the logbook entry (data stamp/measured value) in text form for every point in the graph.
- Simultaneous display of two logbooks: Select 2nd plot and Show plot
  - A small cross marks the currently selected graph for which the zoom can be changed or a cursor used, for example.
  - In the context menu (press the navigator button), you can select the other graph. You can then apply the zoom function, a movement or a cursor to this graph.
  - Using the context menu, you can also select both graphs simultaneously. This enables you to use the zoom function on both graphs simultaneously, for example.



68 Simultaneous display of two graphs, the top one is selected

nction	Options	Info
Analyzer data logbooks		Data logbooks for the data of the wet-chemical analyzers
Data logbook SP1		
Source of data	Read only	Displays the measuring channel
Measuring parameter	Read only	Displays the measurement parameter recorded
Unit	Read only	Displays the unit
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detaile information.
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scrol through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
▶ Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The entries are displayed according to your settings in the menu <b>General settings</b> / Logbooks.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all data logbook entries.
Absorption data logbook		
Curve	Read only	Displays the absorption curve
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detaile information.
► Go to date	User entry • Go to date • Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scrol through all the information. The complete list i always visible, however.
▶Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The entries are displayed according to your settings in the menu <b>General settings</b> / Logbooks.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can delete all the absorption data logbook entries here.
Raw data logbook		
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detaile information.
►Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The entries are displayed according to your settings in the menu <b>General settings</b> / Logbooks.
Set plotting window range		Here you can specify the start and end times of the logbook entries to be displayed graphically.
Plotter begin	Selection • First entry • Date/Time Factory setting First entry	<ul> <li>First entry: Defines the first entry saved in the logbook as the start time.</li> <li>Date/Time: Defines the set date/time as the start time.</li> </ul>
Plotter end	Selection • Last entry • Date/Time Factory setting Last entry	<ul> <li>First entry: Defines the last entry saved in the logbook as the end time.</li> <li>Date/Time: Defines the set date/time as the end time.</li> </ul>
► Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The entries are displayed according to your settings in the menu <b>General settings</b> / Logbooks.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can delete all the absorption data logbook

DIAG/Logbooks		
Junction	Options	Info
▶ Data logbooks		Chronological list of the data logbook entries for sensors
Data logbook 1 8 <logbook name=""></logbook>		This submenu is available for each data logbook that you have set up and activated.
Source of data	Read only	Input or mathematical function is displayed
Measured value	Read only	Measured value being recorded is displayed
Log time left	Read only	<ul> <li>Display of days, hours and minutes until logbook is full.</li> <li>Pay attention to the information on selecting the memory type in the menu General settings/Logbooks.</li> </ul>
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.
▶ Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
▶ Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The display is according to your settings in the menu <b>General settings/Logbooks</b> .
Select 2nd plot	Select another data logbook	You can view a second logbook at the same time as the current one.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all data logbook entries.
Save logbooks		
File format	Selection • CSV • FDM	<ul> <li>Save the logbook in the preferred file format.</li> <li>You can then open the saved CSV file on the PC in MS Excel, for example, and make further edits here. <sup>1)</sup>. You can import the FDM files into FieldCare and archive them so that they are tamper-proof.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>All data logbooks</li> <li>Data logbook SP1</li> <li>Absorption data logbook</li> <li>Raw data logbook</li> <li>Data logbook 1 8</li> <li>All event logbooks</li> <li>Calibration logbook</li> <li>Diagnostic logbook</li> <li>Analyzer data logbook</li> <li>Analyzer calibration logbook</li> <li>Configuration logbook</li> <li>HW version logbook</li> <li>Version logbook</li> <li>Version logbook</li> </ul>	Action, commences as soon as the option is selected	<ul> <li>Use this function to save the logbook to an SD card.</li> <li>Save the logbook in the preferred file format. You can then open the saved CSV file on the PC in MS-Excel, for example, and edit it. You can import the FDM files into Fieldcare and archive them so they are tamper-proof.</li> </ul>

 CSV files use international number formats and separators. Therefore they must be imported into MS Excel as external data with the correct format settings. If you double-click the file to open it, the data are only displayed correctly if MS Excel is installed with the US country setting.

٦

## 11.10 System information

## DIAG/System information

DIAG/System information				
Function	Options	Info		
Device tag	Read only	Individual device tag → <b>General</b> settings		
Order code	Read only	You can order identical hardware with this code. This code changes on account of changes to the hardware and you can enter the new code you received from the manufacturer here <sup>1)</sup> .		
To establish the version of your device address: www.endress.com/order-ide		e search screen at the following		
Orig. order code ext.	Read only	Complete order code for the original device, resulting from the product structure.		
Current order code ext.	Read only	Current code, taking into account changes to the hardware. You must enter this code yourself.		
Serial number	Read only	The serial number allows you to access device data and documentation on the Internet: www.endress.com/device-viewer		
Software version	Read only	Current version		
Measuring parameter	Read only	Set measuring parameter		
MPL version	Read only	Current version		
► Actuator control module	Read only • Firmware version • Hardware version			
▶ Photometer	Read only Firmware version Hardware version			
▶ Modbus Only with the Modbus option	Read only • Enable • Bus address • Termination • Modbus TCP Port 502	Modbus-specific information		
▶ PROFIBUS Only with the PROFIBUS option	Read only Termination Bus address Ident number Baudrate DPV0 state DPV0 fault DPV0 master addr DPV0 WDT [ms]	Module status and other PROFIBUS- specific information		
► Ethernet Only with the Ethernet, EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP, Modbus RS485 or PROFIBUS DP or PROFINET option	Read only Enable Webserver Link settings DHCP IP-Address Netmask Gateway Service switch MAC-Address EtherNetIP Port 44818 Modbus TCP Port 502 Webserver TCP Port 80	Ethernet-specific information Display depends on the fieldbus protocol used.		

Function	Options	Info
SD card	Read only • Total • Free memory	
System modules		
Backplane	Read only	This information is provided for
Base	<ul><li>Description</li><li>Serial number</li></ul>	every electronics module available. Specify the serial numbers and order codes when servicing, for example.
Display module	Order code     Hardware version	
Extension module 1 8	<ul> <li>Flattwate version</li> <li>Software version</li> </ul>	
► Sensors	Read only Description Serial number Order code Hardware version Software version	This information is provided for every sensor available. Specify the serial numbers and order codes when servicing, for example.
Save system information		
⊳ Save to SD card	File name assigned automatically (includes a time stamp)	The information is saved on the SD card in a "sysinfo" subfolder. The csv file can be read and edited in MS Excel, for example. This file can be used when servicing the device.

1) Provided you give the manufacturer all the information about changes to the hardware.

## 11.11 Sensor information

• Select the channel you want from the list of channels.

Information in the following categories is displayed:

Extreme values

Extreme conditions to which the sensor was previously exposed, e.g. min./max. temperatures  $^{\rm 3)}$ 

Operating time

Operating time of the sensor under defined extreme conditions

- Calibration information
- Calibration data of the last calibration

  Sensor specifications
- Measuring range limits for main measured value and temperature
- General information

Information on sensor identification

The specific data that are displayed depends on what sensor is connected.

## 11.12 Simulation

You can simulate values at inputs and outputs for testing purposes:

- Current values at current outputs
- Measured values at inputs
- Relay contact opening or closing

Only current values are simulated. Via the simulation function, it is not possible to calculate the totalized value for the flow or rainfall.

<sup>3)</sup> Not available for all sensor types.

• Before simulation: Enable the inputs and outputs in the Setup menu.

Function	Options	Info
Current output x:y		Simulation of an output current This menu appears once for each current output
Simulation	Selection Off On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the value at the current output, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the current value.
Current	2.4 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 4 mA	<ul> <li>Set the desired simulation value.</li> </ul>
▶ Alarm relay ▶ Relay x:y		Simulation of a relay state This menu appears once for each relay.
Simulation	Selection Off On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the relay state, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the relay display.
State	Selection	<ul> <li>Set the desired simulation value.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Low</li> <li>High</li> <li>Factory setting</li> <li>Low</li> </ul>	The relay switches in accordance with your setting when you switch on the simulation. On the measured value display, you see <b>On</b> (= <b>Low</b> ) or <b>Off</b> (= <b>High</b> ) for the simulated relay state.
Meas. inputs		Simulation of a measured value (only for
Channel : parameter		sensors) This menu appears once for each measuring input.
Simulation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the measured value, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the measured value.
Main value	Depends on the sensor	► Set the desired simulation value.
Sim. temperature	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the temperature measured value this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the temperature.
Temperature	-50.0 to +250.0 °C (-58.0 to 482.0 °F) Factory setting 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)	<ul> <li>Set the desired simulation value.</li> </ul>
Binary input x:y Binary output x:y		Simulation of a binary input or output signal The number of submenus available corresponds to the number of binary inputs or outputs.
Simulation	Selection Off On Factory setting Off	
State	Selection • Low • High	

## 11.13 Device test

## 11.13.1 Analyzer

DIAG/System testAnalyzer/Photometer		
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning factor	Read only	
Raw value	Read only	

DIAG/System testAnalyzer/Reactor		
Function	Options	Info
Reactor temperature	Read only	Displays the temperature of the digestion reactor
Reactor current	Read only	Displays the reactor current
Reactor state	Read only	
Reactor fan	Read only	
⊳ On		

DIAG/System testAnalyzer/Valves		
Function	Options	Info
Valve selection	Selection Cleaner C Drain D Dosing unit DU Exhaust E Reactor R Reagent RB Reagent RK Reagent RN Standard S1	<ul> <li>Select the valves that should be tested.</li> </ul>
⊳ Open		Opens the selected valve.
▷ Close		Closes the selected valve.

DIAG/System testAnalyzer/Pump       Function     Options       Info			
		Info	
	▷ Start for 1 minute		

## 11.13.2 Power supply

DIAG/System test/Power supply		
Function	Options	Info
Digital supply 1: 1.2V	Read only	Detailed list of power supply to instrument.
Digital supply 2: 3.3V		The actual values can vary without a malfunction having occurred.
Analog supply: 12.5V		manufiction naving occurred.
Sensor supply: 24V		
Temperature		

## 11.14 Resetting

DIAG/Reset

DIAG/Reset		
Function	Options	Info
▷ Device restart	Selection • OK • ESC	Restart and keep all the settings
⊳ Factory default	Selection • OK • ESC	Restart with factory settings Settings that have not been saved are lost.

## 11.15 Operating time information

List of functional and operating time counters

- Operating time filter mats
  - Displays the period of usage in days
- Operating time photometer
- Remaining operating time
- Dispensers
  - Displays the remaining period of usage in days; i.e. the dispenser can still be used for this many days.
- Pump hose Remaining operating hours until warning for: Process P Dilution water W
   Valve hose
- Remaining operating hours until warning for: Drain D
- Dilution module DM
- Operating time pump hose Operating time of hoses
  - Process P
- Dilution water W
- Operating time valve hose
  - Operating time of hoses
  - Drain D
  - Dilution module DM
- Operating time cooling module The counter can also be reset here.

Date	Version	Changes to firmware	Documentation
03/2021 (	01.09.00	<ul> <li>Extension</li> <li>Support for new base module</li> <li>PROFINET</li> <li>Reference measurement function for the versions CA80TP-HR</li> <li>New sub-measuring ranges for the versions CA80TP-HR</li> <li>Password-protected access to the configuration for the versions CA80TP-HR</li> </ul>	BA01593C/07//04.21 BA01245C/07//08.20
		<ul> <li>Improvements</li> <li>Air bubble detection, measurement is repeated if the threshold value is overshot</li> <li>Minimum time for compressed air cleaning reduced to 1 s</li> </ul>	
06/2017	01.06.04	Extension <ul> <li>New mathematical function Formula</li> <li>Improvements</li> <li>Enhanced help text</li> </ul>	BA01593C/07//02.17 BA01245C/07//05.17
06/2016	01.06.02	Original software	BA01593C/07//06.16 BA01245C/07//03.16

## 11.16 Firmware history

This product uses Lua, which is distributed under the following license:

Copyright © 1994–2013 Lua.org, PUC-Rio.

Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:

The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software.

THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHORS OR COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE.

## 12 Maintenance

Effects on process and process control

 Take all the necessary precautions in time to ensure the operational safety and reliability of the entire measuring point.

#### **WARNING**

**Process pressure and temperature, contamination, electrical voltage** Risk of serious or fatal injury

- ► If a sensor has to be removed during maintenance work, avoid hazards posed by pressure, temperature and contamination.
- Make sure the device is de-energized before you open it.
- Power can be supplied to switching contacts from separate circuits. De-energize these circuits before working on the terminals.

#### **A**CAUTION

#### Maintenance activities in automatic mode

Risk of injury from chemicals or contaminated media

- Before releasing the hoses, ensure that no action is running or about to start.
- Set the device to the manual mode.
- Wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.

#### NOTICE

#### Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Risk of damaging the electronic components

- Take personal protective measures to avoid ESD, such as discharging beforehand at PE or permanent grounding with a wrist strap.
- ► For your own safety, use only genuine spare parts. With genuine parts, the function, accuracy and reliability are also ensured after maintenance work.

#### NOTICE

#### Failure to observe the maintenance intervals

Possibility of material damage

• Observe the recommended maintenance intervals.

## 12.1 Maintenance schedule

Interval	Maintenance work
After every reagent replacement, during commissioning, maintenance and repair	Perform calibration
Weekly	Visual inspection of the dilution vessel Change the position of the valve hoses (waste hose and hose of dilution module) so that strain is placed on another point of the hose, and rub with silicone grease
66 days	Replace reagent RN (typically; with a measuring interval of 30 min)
112 days	Replace reagents RK and RB (typically; with a measuring interval of 30 min, depending on the temperature)
85 or 200 days	<ul> <li>Replace standard CY80TP (typically; with a calibration interval of 48 h)</li> <li>Without dilution module 85 days</li> <li>With dilution module 200 days</li> </ul>
3 months	Replace Pharmed hose for waste valve
Every 160 days	Replace cleaner CY800 (typically; with a cleaning interval of 48 h)

Interval	Maintenance work	
6 months	<ul><li>Clean filter mats</li><li>Replace dispenser</li><li>Replace pump head of sample pump</li></ul>	
12 months	<ul> <li>(If necessary) replace hoses</li> <li>Replace filter mats</li> <li>Replace pump head of dilution water pump</li> <li>Replace O-rings of pressure reactor (Endress+Hauser Service)</li> </ul>	
24 months	<ul><li>Replace reactor glass (incl. heating coil and PT1000)</li><li>Replace O-rings of cleaning opening</li></ul>	
If required	<ul> <li>Clean the housing</li> <li>Check the fan of the cooling module for dirt and vacuum clean if necessary</li> <li>Clean dilution vessel</li> <li>Rinse the system</li> <li>Replace plug-in connectors of hoses</li> <li>Depending on measuring interval and dilution factor: Visual inspection of the level of the waste vessel</li> </ul>	

## 12.2 Maintenance tasks

### 12.2.1 Software menu Maintenance

#### Menu/Operation/Maintenance

- Bottle replacement
- If level monitoring is activated: specify when bottles are replaced.
- Dispenser replacement Operating time counter, can be reset here. Replace dispensers: → 
   <sup>144</sup>
   Filter mats replacement
- Operating time counter, can be reset here. Replace filter mats:  $\rightarrow \square 144$
- Pump hose replacement
- Operating time counter, can be reset here. Replace hose: → 
  <sup>(1)</sup> 143
  Valve hose replacement
- Operating time counter, can be reset here. Replace hose:  $\rightarrow \cong 143$
- Decommissioning
   → 
   ⇒ 145
- Empty reactor
- Empty dosing unit
- For cleaning, e.g.  $\rightarrow \cong 140$
- Empty dilution module

### 12.2.2 Setting the manual mode

Initial situation: The device is still in the automatic mode and you want to perform maintenance work.

1. Press the **MODE** soft key.

└ The current mode is displayed: **Automatic** 

2. Select an action: Manual mode

└ The device changes to the manual mode.

3. Wait until all operations have stopped.

#### 4. Alternatively:

Stop actions currently running under: Menu/Operation/Manual operation.

### 12.2.3 Cleaning

#### 

#### Risk of injury from reagents escaping

• Before replacing, always rinse the system first.

#### Cleaning the housing

• Clean the front of the housing using commercially available cleaning agents only.

The front of the housing is resistant to the following in accordance with DIN 42 115:

- Ethanol (for a short time)
- Diluted acids (max. 2% HCl)
- Diluted bases (max. 3% NaOH)
- Soap-based household cleaning agents

#### NOTICE

#### Cleaning agents not permitted

Damage to the housing surface or housing seal

- Never use concentrated mineral acids or alkaline solutions for cleaning.
- ► Never use organic cleaners such as acetone, benzyl alcohol, methanol, methylene chloride, xylene or concentrated glycerol cleaner.
- Never use high-pressure steam for cleaning.

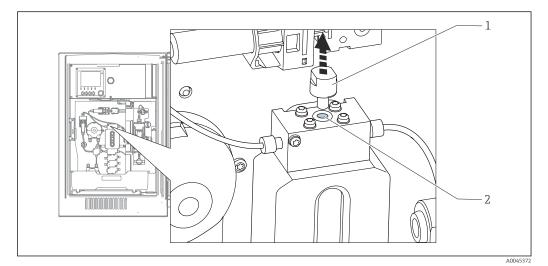
#### Cleaning the dilution vessel (optional)

1. Open the holder of the dilution vessel.

- 2. Remove the lower hose and the cover of the dilution vessel.
- 3. Clean the mixing vessel manually.

#### Cleaning the dosing unit

Only clean if necessary.



69 Dosing unit with cleaning opening

- 1 Cap
- 2 Cleaning opening
- 1. If you have not already done so, set the manual mode.
- 2. Menu/Operation/Maintenance/Empty dosing unit
- 3. Remove the cap (1).

4. Clean the dosing unit through the cleaning opening (2) using the cleaning brush supplied and warm water.

Then fit the cap back on.

#### Rinsing the system

Measurement, cleaning or calibration is not possible while the bottles are removed.

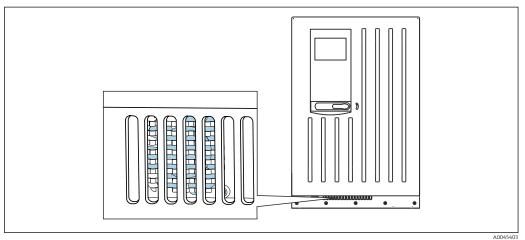
#### Emptying the hoses

- 1. Stop the sample supply.
- 2. If you have not already done so, set the manual mode.
- 3. Pull all the hoses out of the reagent bottles as far as they will go so that the hose ends are outside of the liquid.
- 4. In addition, disconnect the sample hose (P) and, if the optional dilution module is installed, remove the hose for the water for the dilution module (W) from the liquid sample so that the hose end is outside of the liquid.
- 5. In addition, disconnect the sample hose (P) and remove the hose of the dilution water (W) from the bottle so that the hose end is outside of the liquid.
- 6. Select **Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Decommissioning/Empty hoses** to remove the liquid from the hoses.
  - └ The hoses are automatically purged with air and emptied. This process takes several minutes.
- 7. Wait until this action has finished. Under **MODE/Info** you can check whether the action has finished.

#### Rinsing the analyzer with water

- 1. Open all the reagent bottles and carefully remove the hoses together with the covers. Then close the bottles firmly.
- 2. Dry the ends of the hoses with a clean paper towel.
- 3. Immerse all the hoses into a beaker with approx. 200 ml of distilled water in order to rinse the system with water.
- 4. Trigger the action: Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Decommissioning/Rinse with water.
  - The system is rinsed automatically and emptied. This process takes approx. 8 minutes.
- 5. Once the action is finished, remove the hoses from the beaker and dry them with a clean paper towel.
- 6. To remove the liquid from the hoses: Menu/Operation/Maintenance/ Decommissioning/Empty hoses.
  - └ The hoses are automatically purged with air and emptied. This process takes several minutes.
- 7. Wait until this action has finished. Check whether the action has finished: **MODE**/ Info.
- 8. Put all the hoses back into the bottles and connect the sample hose to the valve.

#### Cleaning the fan of the cooling module



■ 70 Fan of the cooling module (behind the ventilation grille)

- 1. Check the fan regularly for dirt.
- 2. In environments with a heavy particle load: vacuum clean regularly from outside.

#### 12.2.4 Replacing reagents

#### **Removing bottles**

- 1. Stop the sample supply.
- 2. If you have not already done so, set the manual mode.
- **3.** Pull the hoses (RB, RK, RN, S1, , C) out of the reagent bottles as far as they will go so that the hose ends are outside of the liquid.
- 4. Select Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Bottle change mode/Bottle removal/ Bottle selection.
- 5. Select the bottles that you want to remove and press **OK** to confirm.
- 6. Select **Confirm bottles removed**.

#### **Replacing bottles**

- 1. Replace the removed bottles with fresh reagent .
  - Reagents must be prepared according to the instructions for mixing a reagent.
- 2. Select Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Bottle change mode/Bottle insertion/ Bottle selection.
- 3. Select all the bottles that you have replaced and press **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Select Confirm bottles inserted.
- If bottle level monitoring is activated (Menu/Setup/Analyzer/Extended setup/ Diagnostics settings/Bottles), you must reset this under Menu/Operation/ Maintenance/ Bottle change mode/Bottle insertion/Reset filling levels.
- 6. Following the replacement, a zero point calibration must be performed and the calibration factor must be redetermined: Menu/Operation/Manual operation/ Determine zero point and /Determine calibration factor (in the versions CA80TP-AA/CA/GR, both actions are provided in one function: Determine zero point and calibr. factor).
- 7. Go back to the **MODE/Continue automatic mode** or **MODE/Start automatic mode** to start the normal measurement.

#### 12.2.5 Carrying out zero point calibration (not for CA80TP-HR)

#### Replacing standard calibration solution with zero standard

- 1. If you have not already done so,
- set the manual mode.
- 2. Remove the bottles containing standard S1 by removing the hose from the bottle. Use a paper towel to catch any reagents that may escape. This prevents any contamination of the zero standard.
- 3. Replace the standard with zero standard.
- 4. Connect the zero standard to the manifold.
- 5. Select Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Bottle change mode/Bottle insertion/ Bottle selection.
- 6. Select **Standard S1** and press **OK** to confirm.
- 7. Select Confirm bottles inserted.

#### Determining the zero point

- 1. Call up: Menu/Operation/Manual operation/Determine zero point.
- 2. Carry out zero point calibration.
  - └ The values should only differ slightly (0.2 mg/l P (without dilution module), 1 mg/l P (with dilution module).
- **3.** Following successful calibration, the following message appears: "Do you want to accept the calibration data for adjustment?". Press **OK** to confirm.

#### Re-deploying the standard calibration solution

- 1. Replace the zero standard with the standard. Use either an additional hose in order to reconnect the standard calibration solution, or allow the hose to drain and dry the hose well.
- 2. Connect the standard calibration solution to the Liquid Manager.
- 3. Select Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Bottle change mode/Bottle insertion/ Bottle selection.
- 4. Select **Standard S1** and select **OK** to confirm.
- 5. Select **Confirm bottles inserted**.
- Recommendation: Afterwards, perform a manual calibration with the standard solution (**Determine calibration factor**).

Alternatively, the zero point and calibration factor can be determined in one step (**Determine zero point and calibr. factor**).

#### 12.2.6 Replacing the hoses

You require the following parts:

1 pair of gloves that are resistant to the reagents used

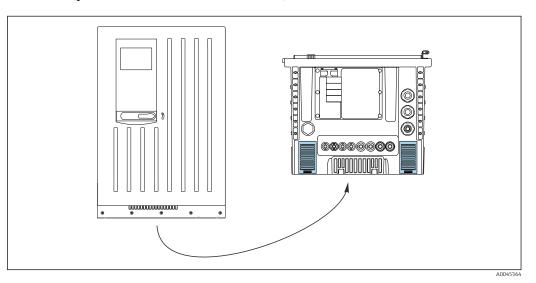
- **1**. Rinse the system.  $\rightarrow \square$  141
  - ← There should not be any more sample left in the dosing unit.
- 2. Remove the bottles and the bottle tray.
- 3. Replace the hoses with hoses of the same diameter and length. Attach hose labels to the new hoses.
- 4. Place the bottle tray back into the housing.
- 5. Connect the bottles to the appropriate covers and hoses.

#### 6. Select Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Bottle change mode/Bottle insertion/ Bottle selection.

- 7. Select all the bottles and press **OK** to confirm.
- 8. Select Confirm bottles inserted.
- 9. Press the **MODE** soft key and select **Continue automatic mode** or **Start automatic mode**.

#### 12.2.7 Replacing filter mats

You require the following parts: Filter mats (part of the CAV880 maintenance kit)



Fan screen on the bottom

1. Open both fan screens and remove them.

- └ The filter mats are located under the screens.
- 2. Remove the used filter mats and replace them with new ones from the maintenance kit.
- 3. Fit the fan screens back on.
- 4. Reset the operating hours counter for the mats: Menu/Operation/Operating time filter mats/Reset.

#### 12.2.8 Replacing dispenser

You require the following parts: 1 pair of gloves that are resistant to the reagents used

#### Preparing to replace dispensers

- 1. Rinse the system.
- 2. Remove the bottles including the reagent hoses and the bottle tray.

#### **Removing dispenser**

#### 1. Select Menu/Operation/Dispenser replacement/Dispenser selection.

- 2. Select the dispenser that you want to replace.
- 3. Open the dispenser holder by pressing both snap-fit hooks together and removing it.
- 4. Remove the adapter and the dispenser from the dispenser drive. To do so, hold the dispenser by the black block at the lower end and pull the block from the metal pin.

#### Inserting new dispenser

1. Make sure that the dispenser is connected correctly.

2. Slide the dispenser holder over the snap-fit hooks. Ensure that the holder snaps into place.

- 3. Place the bottle tray back into the housing.
- 4. Connect the reagent hoses to the corresponding reagent valves.
- 5. Select Menu/Operation/Dispenser replacement/Dispenser selection.
- 6. Select the dispensers that you have replaced and press OK to confirm.
- 7. Select **Reset operating time counter**.
- 8. Select Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Bottle change mode/Bottle insertion/ Bottle selection.
- 9. Select all the bottles and press **OK** to confirm.
- 10. Select Confirm bottles inserted.
- 11. The system must be calibrated after a replacement routine. Select Menu/Operation/ Manual operation/Determine calibration factor.
- 12. After the calibration go back to **MODE/Continue automatic mode** or **MODE/Start automatic mode**.

# 12.3 Taking out of service

#### **A**CAUTION

#### Activities while the analyzer is in operation

Risk of injury and infection from medium!

- Before you release any hoses, make sure that no actions, such as the pumping of sample, are currently running or are due to start shortly.
- Wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.
- Wipe up any spilt reagent with a disposable tissue and rinse with clear water. Then dry the cleaned areas with a cloth.

#### NOTICE

# Do not operate the analyzer for longer than 5 days without taking it out of service properly!

Can result in damage to the device.

► Take the analyzer out of service as described.

#### To take out of service, proceed as follows:

- 1. Set the manual mode
- 2. Empty the hoses
- 3. Rinse the analyzer
- 4. Empty the hoses again

#### 12.3.1 Setting the manual mode

Initial situation: The device is still in the automatic mode and you now want to take the device out of service.

1. Press the **MODE** soft key.

- └ The current mode is displayed: Automatic
- 2. Select an action: Manual mode
  - ← The device changes to the manual mode.

3. Wait until all operations have stopped.

#### 4. Alternatively:

Stop actions currently running under: Menu/Operation/Manual operation.

### 12.3.2 Emptying the hoses

- 1. Pull the hoses (RB, RK, C, RN, S1,) out of the reagent bottles as far as they will go so that the hose ends are outside of the liquid.
- 2. Only for version CA80TP-HR:

Also pull the REF hose out of the liquid as far as it will go.

- **3.** Pull the sample hose (P) out of the bottle, and if the optional dilution module is installed pull the hose to the water for the dilution module (W) out of the bottle, so that the hose end is outside of the liquid.
- 4. Select **Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Decommissioning/Empty hoses** to remove the liquid from the hoses.
  - The hoses are automatically purged with air and emptied. This process takes several minutes.
     Following the successful completion of the action, the following message appears

Following the successful completion of the action, the following message appears **The action was successful**.

### 12.3.3 Rinsing the analyzer

- 1. Open all the reagent bottles and carefully remove the hoses together with the covers. Then close the bottles firmly.
- 2. Dry the ends of the hoses with a clean paper towel.
- 3. Immerse all the hoses into a beaker with approx. 200 ml (6.76 fl oz) of distilled water in order to rinse the system with water.
- 4. Select Menu/Operation / Maintenance/Decommissioning/Rinse with water.
  - The system is rinsed automatically and emptied. This process takes approx. 8 minutes.
    - Following the successful completion of the action, the following message appears **The action was successful**.
- 5. Once the action is finished, remove the hoses from the beaker and dry them with a clean paper towel.

#### 12.3.4 Emptying the hoses again

- 1. **Menu/Operation /Maintenance/Decommissioning/Empty hoses** must be selected to remove the liquid from the hoses.
  - The hoses are automatically purged with air and emptied. This process takes several minutes.
- 2. Wait until this action has finished. Following the successful completion of the action, the following message appears **The action was successful**.
- 3. The analyzer can now be disconnected from the mains supply.

# 13 Repair

# 13.1 General information

The repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The product has a modular design
- Spare parts are grouped into kits which include the associated kit instructions
- Only use original spare parts from the manufacturer
- Repairs are carried out by the manufacturer's Service Department or by trained users
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified device versions by the manufacturer's Service Department or at the factory
- Observe applicable standards, national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates

1. Carry out the repair according to the kit instructions.

2. Document the repair and conversion and enter, or have entered, in the Life Cycle Management tool (W@M).

# 13.2 Spare parts

Device spare parts that are currently available for delivery can be found on the website:

www.endress.com/device-viewer

• Quote the serial number of the device when ordering spare parts.

# 13.3 Return

The product must be returned if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong product was ordered or delivered. As an ISO-certified company and also due to legal regulations, Endress+Hauser is obliged to follow certain procedures when handling any returned products that have been in contact with medium.

To ensure the swift, safe and professional return of the device:

 Refer to the website www.endress.com/support/return-material for information on the procedure and conditions for returning devices.

# 13.4 Disposal

# X

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to Endress+Hauser for disposal under the applicable conditions.

### Dispose of batteries correctly

• Always dispose of batteries in accordance with local regulations on battery disposal.

### **Disposing of chemicals**

#### ►

- Risk of injury if used reagents and reagent waste are disposed of incorrectly!
  When disposing, follow the instructions of the safety data sheets for the chemicals used.
- Observe the local regulations regarding waste disposal.

# 14 Accessories

The following are the most important accessories available at the time this documentation was issued.

► For accessories not listed here, please contact your Service or Sales Center.

# 14.1 Device-specific accessories

### 14.1.1 Installation accessories

Kit, post with bracket CA80, outd.

- Post 60 x 60 x 1800 mm, stainless steel 1.4571
- Post mount clamp CA80xx
- Kit installation instructions
- Order No. 71458285

## 14.1.2 Consumables

You can find the order codes on the website: https://www.endress.com/device-viewer.

1. Indicate the serial number of the device.

2. Search.

└ → Device information is displayed.

3. Select the "Spare parts" tab.

- 4. Click the product root.
  - └ The complete product structure is displayed.

The following consumables are available:

- Reagent and standard solutions CY80TP
- Cleaner CY800 (for hoses in the device)
- CAC880, inlet and outlet hoses for CA80

## 14.1.3 Maintenance kit CAV880

Order according to product structure

CAV880 maintenance kit for CA80 for 1 year

#### Standard

- Waste valve hose (PharMed)
- Silicone grease, medium-viscosity, tube 2 g
- Complete pump head, excluding motor
- Dispenser with dispenser holder, 2 x 10 ml
- Coupling with cone
- O-ring set, reactor
- O-ring of cleaning opening
- Filter mats (2x)
- Inlet hose (PTFE, black)
- Tubing cutter

#### Additionally for the wide measuring range

- Hose for dilution water (PTFE, black)
- Dilution valve hose (PharMed)
- Complete pump head, excluding motor
- Coupling with cone
- Dilution vessel with plug

### Optional

- O-ring-set, dosing unit
- In-process hoses (PTFE, white)
- Hose connector
- Reactor cuvette with heating wire, O-rings, T-sensor
- Dosing tubes with O-rings

# 14.1.4 Upgrade kits CAZ880

Kit for upgrade with dilution module for high measuring range

- Carrier board with dilution module
- Activation code
- Order No. CAZ880-FFFC

Kit for upgrade with cooling system

- Cooling module integrated in base of housing
- Bottle tray with recess and insulation
- Activation code
- Order No. CAZ880-FFN1

Kit for upgrade for low measuring range

- Activation code
- Order No. CAZ880-FFFB

## 14.1.5 Sensors

#### pH glass electrodes

#### Memosens CPS11E

- pH sensor for standard applications in process and environmental engineering
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps11e

Technical Information TI01493C

#### Memosens CPS41E

- pH sensor for process technology
- With ceramic junction and KCl liquid electrolyte
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps41e

Technical Information TI01495C

#### Memosens CPS71E

- pH sensor for chemical process applications
- With ion trap for poison-resistant reference
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps71e

Technical Information TI01496C

#### Memosens CPS91E

- pH sensor for heavily polluted media
- With open aperture
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps91e

Technical Information TI01497C

#### Memosens CPS31E

- pH sensor for standard applications in drinking water and swimming pool water
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps31e

Technical Information TI01574C

#### Memosens CPS71E

- pH sensor for chemical process applications
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps71e
- Technical Information TI01496C

#### Memosens CPS91E

- pH sensor for heavily polluted media
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps91e

Technical Information TI01497C

#### Ceramax CPS341D

- pH electrode with pH-sensitive enamel
- Meets highest demands of measuring accuracy, pressure, temperature, sterility and durability
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps341d

Technical Information TI00468C

#### Orbipac CPF81D

- Compact pH sensor for installation or immersion operation
- In industrial water and wastewater
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpf81d
- Technical Information TI00191C

#### **ORP** electrodes

#### Memosens CPS12E

- ORP sensor for standard applications in process and environmental engineering
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps12e

Technical Information TI01494C

#### Memosens CPS42E

- ORP sensor for process technology
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps42e

Technical Information TI01575C

#### Memosens CPS72E

- ORP sensor for chemical process applications
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps72e

Technical Information TI01576C

#### Memosens CPS92E

- ORP sensor for use in heavily polluted media
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps92e

Technical Information TI01577C

#### **Orbipac CPF82D**

- Compact ORP sensor for installation or immersion operation in process water and wastewater
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpf82d

Technical Information TI00191C

#### Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity

#### Indumax CLS50D

- High-durability inductive conductivity sensor
- For standard and hazardous area applications
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls50d

Technical Information TI00182C

#### Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity

#### Memosens CLS21E

- Digital conductivity sensor for media with medium or high conductivity
- Conductive measurement
- With Memosens 2.0
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls21e

Technical Information TI01528C

#### Oxygen sensors

#### Oxymax COS51D

- Amperometric sensor for dissolved oxygen
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos51d

Technical Information TI00413C

#### Oxymax COS61D

- Optical oxygen sensor for drinking water and industrial water measurement
- Measuring principle: quenching
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos61d

Technical Information TI00387C

#### Memosens COS81D

- Sterilizable, optical sensor for dissolved oxygen
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos81d

Technical Information TI01201C

#### Chlorine dioxide and chlorine sensors

#### Memosens CCS50D

- Membrane-covered amperometric sensor for chlorine dioxide
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ccs50d

Technical Information TI01353C

#### Memosens CCS51D

- Sensor for measuring free chlorine
- Product configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ccs51d

Technical Information TI01423C

#### Ion-selective sensors

#### ISEmax CAS40D

- Ion selective sensors
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas40d

Technical Information TI00491C

#### **Turbidity sensors**

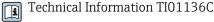
#### Turbimax CUS51D

- For nephelometric measurements of turbidity and solids in wastewater
- 4-beam scattered light method
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus51d

Technical Information TI00461C

#### **Turbimax CUS52D**

- Hygienic Memosens sensor for turbidity measurement in drinking water, process water and in utilities
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus52d



### SAC and nitrate sensors

#### Viomax CAS51D

- SAC and nitrate measurement in drinking water and wastewater
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas51d



Technical Information TI00459C

#### Interface measurement

#### Turbimax CUS71D

- Immersion sensor for interface measurement
- Ultrasonic interface sensor
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus71d

Technical Information TI00490C

#### 14.1.6 Cable junction with Velcro strip

- 4 pieces, for sensor cableOrder No. 71092051

#### Communication-specific accessories 14.2

#### Additional functionality 14.2.1

• Always quote the serial number of your device when ordering activation codes.

	Communication; software	
51516983	Commubox FXA291 (hardware)	
71127100	SD card with Liquiline Firmware, 1 GB, Industrial Flash Drive	
71135636	Activation code for Modbus RS485	
71219871	Activation code for EtherNet/IP	
71135635	Activation code for Profibus DP for module 485	
71449914	Upgrade code for EtherNet/IP+web server for BASE2	
71449915	Upgrade code for Modbus TCP+web server for BASE2	
71449918	Upgrade code for web server for BASE2	
71449901	Upgrade code for PROFINET+web server for BASE2	
71249548	Kit CA80: activation code for 1st digital sensor input	
71249555	Kit CA80: activation code for 2nd digital sensor input	

	Retrofit kits	
71136999	Kit CSF48/CA80: retrofit service interface (CDI flange connector, counter nut)	
71111053	Kit module AOR: 2 x relay, 2 x analog output 0/4 to 20 mA	
71125375	Kit module 2R: 2 x relay	
71125376	Kit module 4R: 4 x relay	
71135632	Kit module 2AO: 2 x analog output 0/4 to 20 mA	
71135633	Kit module 4AO: 4 x analog output 0/4 to 20 mA	
71135631	Kit module 2DS: 2 x digital sensor, Memosens	
71135634	Kit module 485: PROFIBUS DP or Modbus RS485. This requires an additional activation code which can be ordered separately.	
71135638	Kit module DIO: 2 x digital input; 2 x digital output; auxiliary power supply for digital output	
71135639	Kit module 2AI: 2 x analog input 0/4 to 20 mA	
71140888	Upgrade kit module 485 + Profibus DP	
71140889	Upgrade kit module 485 + Modbus RS485	
71141366	Kit, extension backplane module	

### 14.2.2 Software

#### Memobase Plus CYZ71D

- PC software to support laboratory calibration
- Visualization and documentation of sensor management
- Sensor calibrations stored in database
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyz71d

Technical Information TI00502C

### Field Data Manager Software MS20/21

- PC software for central data management
- Visualization of series of measurements and logbook events
- SQL database for secure data storage

# 14.3 System components

### 14.3.1 Measuring cables

### Memosens data cable CYK10

- For digital sensors with Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk10

Technical Information TI00118C

### Memosens data cable CYK11

- Extension cable for digital sensors with Memosens protocol
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk11

Technical Information TI00118C

#### Measuring cable CYK81

- Unterminated cable for extending sensor cables (e.g. Memosens, CUS31/CUS41)
- 2 x 2 cores, twisted with shielding and PVC sheath (2 x 2 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> + shielding)
- Sold by meter, Order No.: 51502543

## 14.3.2 SD card

- Industrial Flash Drive, 1 GB
- Order number: 71110815

# 15 Technical data

# 15.1 Input

Measured variables	Total phosphorus [mg/l, pp	om]
Measuring range	CA80TP-**F0:	0 to 2 mg/l P
	CA80TP-**F1:	0.05 to 10 mg/l P
	CA80TP-**F4:	0.5 to 50 mg/l P
Types of input	<ul> <li>1 measuring channel (an</li> <li>1 to 4 digital sensor inpu</li> <li>Analog current inputs (o</li> <li>Binary inputs (optional)</li> </ul>	ts for sensors with Memosens protocol (optional)
Input signal	Depending on version 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA (optional	), passive, potentially isolated
Current input, passive	<b>Span</b> > 0 to 20 mA	
	<b>Signal characteristic</b> Linear	
	<b>Internal resistance</b> Non-linear	
	<b>Test voltage</b> 500 V	
Cable specification (for optional sensors with Memosens technology)	<b>Cable type</b> Memosens data cable CYK: round-pin connector (optic	l0 or sensor fixed cable, each with cable end sleeves or M12 nal)
	<b>Cable length</b> Max. 100 m (330 ft)	
	15.2 Output	

Depending on version:
<ul> <li>2 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, potentially isolated (standard version)</li> </ul>
4 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, potentially isolated (version with 2 additional analog outputs)
6 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, potentially isolated (version with 4 additional analog outputs)
<ul> <li>Binary outputs</li> </ul>

PROFIBUS DP/RS485		
Signal encoding	EIA/TIA-485, PROFIBUS DP-compliant acc. to IEC 61158	
Data transmission rate	9.6 kBd, 19.2 kBd, 45.45kBd, 93.75 kBd, 187.5 kBd, 500 kBd, 1.5 MBd, 6 MBd, 12 MBd	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	
Connectors	Spring terminal (max. 1.5 mm), bridged internally (T-function), optional M12	
Bus termination	Internal slide switch with LED display	

Modbus RS485	
Signal encoding	EIA/TIA-485
Data transmission rate	2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 and 115,200 baud
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Bus termination	Internal slide switch with LED display

Web server and Modbus TCP	
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)
Data transmission rate	10 / 100 MBd
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connection	RJ45, M12 optional
IP address	DHCP or configuration using menu

EtherNet/IP	
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)
Data transmission rate	10 / 100 MBd
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connection	RJ45, M12 optional (D-encoded)
IP address	DHCP (default) or configuration via menu

PROFINET		
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)	
Data transmission rate	100 MBd	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	
Connection	RJ45	
Name of station	Via DCP protocol using the configuration tool (e.g. Siemens PRONETA)	
IP address	Via DCP protocol using the configuration tool (e.g. Siemens PRONETA)	

Signal on alarm	<ul> <li>Adjustable, as per NAMUR Recommendation NE 43</li> <li>In measuring range 0 to 20 mA: Failure current from 0 to 23 mA</li> <li>In measuring range 4 to 20 mA: Failure current from 2.4 to 23 mA</li> <li>Factory setting for failure current for both measuring ranges: 21.5 mA</li> </ul>
Load	Max. 500 Ω

### Transmission behavior Linear

# 15.3 Current outputs, active

Span	0 to 23 mA
Signal characteristic	Linear
Electrical specification	<b>Output voltage</b> Max. 24 V
	<b>Test voltage</b> 500 V
Cable specification	<b>Cable type</b> Recommended: shielded cable
	Cable specification Max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)
	15.4 Relay outputs

### Electrical specification Relay types

• 1 single-pin changeover contact (alarm relay)

• 2 or 4 single-pin changeover contacts (optional with extension modules)

#### Maximum load

- Alarm relay: 0.5 A
- All other relays: 2.0 A

#### Relay switching capacity

Base module (Alarm relay)

Switching voltage	Load (max.)	Switching cycles (min.)
230 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	700,000
	0.5 A	450,000
115 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	1,000,000
	0.5 A	650,000
24 V DC, L/R = 0 to 1 ms	0.1 A	500,000
	0.5 A	350,000

#### Extension module

Switching voltage	Load (max.)	Switching cycles (min.)
230 V AC, cosΦ = 0.8 to 1	0.1 A	700,000
	0.5 A	450,000
	2 A	120,000
115 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	1,000,000
	0.5 A	650,000
	2 A	170,000
24 V DC, L/R = 0 to 1 ms	0.1 A	500,000
	0.5 A	350,000
	2 A	150,000

Minimum load (typical)

- Min. 100 mA at 5 V DC
- Min. 1 mA at 24 V DC
- Min. 5 mA at 24 V AC
- Min. 1 mA at 230 V AC

# 15.5 Protocol-specific data

### PROFIBUS DP

Manufacturer ID	11 <sub>h</sub>
Device type	155E <sub>h</sub>
Profile version	3.02
Device database files (GSD files)	www.endress.com/profibus Device Integration Manager DIM
Output variables	16 AI blocks, 8 DI blocks
Input variables	4 AO blocks, 8 DO blocks
Supported features	<ul> <li>1 MSCYO connection (cyclical communication, master class 1 to slave)</li> <li>1 MSAC1 connection (acyclical communication, master class 1 to slave)</li> <li>2 MSAC2 connections (acyclical communication, master class 2 to slave)</li> <li>Device lock: The device can be locked using the hardware or software.</li> <li>Addressing using DIL switches or software</li> <li>GSD, PDM DD, DTM</li> </ul>

#### Modbus RS485

Protocol	RTU/ASCII
Function codes	03, 04, 06, 08, 16, 23
Broadcast support for function codes	06, 16, 23
Output data	16 measured values (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status)
Input data	4 setpoints (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status), diagnostic information
Supported features	Address can be configured using switch or software

# Modbus TCP

TCP port	502
TCP connections	3
Protocol	ТСР
Function codes	03, 04, 06, 08, 16, 23
Broadcast support for function codes	06, 16, 23
Output data	16 measured values (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status)
Input data	4 setpoints (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status), diagnostic information
Supported features	Address can be configured using DHCP or software

### EtherNet/IP

Log	EtherNet/IP	
ODVA certification	Yes	
Device profile	Generic device (p	roduct type: 0x2B)
Manufacturer ID	0x049E <sub>h</sub>	
Device type ID	0x109F	
Polarity	Auto-MIDI-X	
Connections	CIP	12
	I/O	6
	Explicit message	6
	Multicast	3 consumers
Minimum RPI	100 ms (default)	
Maximum RPI	10000 ms	
System integration	EtherNet/IP EDS	
	Rockwell	Add-on-Profile Level 3, Faceplate for Factory Talk SE
IO data	Input (T $\rightarrow$ O)	Device status and diagnostic message with highest priority
		Measured values: <ul> <li>16 AI (analog input) + Status + Unit</li> <li>8 DI (discrete input) + Status</li> </ul>
	Output (O → T)	Actuating values: • 4 A0 (analog output) + status + unit • 8 DO (discrete output) + Status

### PROFINET

Protocol	"Application layer protocol for decentral device periphery and distributed automation", PNIO Version 2.34	
Communication type	100 MBit/s	
Conformance Class	Conformance Class B	
Netload Class	Netload Class II	
Baud rate	Automatic 100 Mbps with full-duplex detection	
Cycle times	From 32 ms	
Device profile	Application interface identifier 0xF600 Generic device	
PROFINET interface	1 port, Realtime Class 1 (RT_CLASS_1)	
Manufacturer ID	0x11 <sub>h</sub>	
Device type ID	0x859F <sub>h</sub>	
Device description files (GSD)	Information and files under: • www.endress.com On the product page for the device: Documents/Software → Device drivers • www.profibus.com On the website under Products/Product Finder	
Polarity	Auto-polarity for automatic correction of crossed TxD and RxD pairs	
Supported connections	<ul> <li>1 x AR (IO Controller AR)</li> <li>1 x AR (IO-Supervisor Device AR connection allowed)</li> <li>1 x Input CR (Communication Relation)</li> <li>1 x Output CR (Communication Relation)</li> <li>1 x Alarm CR (Communication Relation)</li> </ul>	
Configuration options for measuring device	<ul> <li>Web browser</li> <li>Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare, DeviceCare)</li> <li>Device master file (GSD), can be read out via the integrated web server of the measuring device</li> </ul>	
Configuration of the device name	DCP protocol	
Supported functions <ul> <li>Identification &amp; maintenance Simple device identification via:                 <ul> <li>Process control system</li> <li>Nameplate</li> <li>Measured value status The process variables are communicated with a value status</li> <li>Blinking feature (FLASH_ONCE) via the local di simple device identification and assignment</li> <li>Device operation via operating tools (e.g. FieldC DeviceCare)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
System integration	For information on system integration, see the Operating Instructions • Cyclic data transmission • Overview and description of the modules • Status coding • Startup configuration • Factory setting	

Web server

The Web server enables full access to the device configuration, measured values, diagnostic messages, logbooks and service data via standard WiFi/WLAN/LAN/GSM or 3G routers with a user-defined IP address.

TCP port	80
Supported features	<ul> <li>Remote-controlled device configuration(1 session)</li> <li>Save/restore device configuration (via SD card)</li> <li>Logbook export (file formats: CSV, FDM)</li> <li>Access to Web server via DTM or Internet Explorer</li> <li>Login</li> <li>Web server can be switched off</li> </ul>

# 15.6 Power supply

Supply voltage	<ul> <li>100 to 120 V AC / 200 to 240 V AC</li> <li>50 or 60 Hz</li> </ul>			
Fieldbus connection	Supply voltage: not applicable			
Power consumption	All versions except "Outdoor" version			
	250 VA			
	"Outdoor" version			
	250 VA + 650 VA per hose heater, max. 900 VA (version w	ith cooling) <sup>4)</sup>		
Cable entries	<ul> <li>4 x bores for M16, G3/8, NPT3/8", Memosens connection</li> <li>4 x bores for M20, G1/2, NPT1/2"</li> </ul>	5)		
Cable specification	Cable gland	Permitted cable diameter		
	M16x1.5 mm	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")		
	M12x1.5 mm (for order version M12 socket for Memosens sensors)	2 to 5 mm (0.08 to 0.20")		
	M20x1.5 mm	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.48")		
	NPT <sup>3</sup> /8"	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")		
	G <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")		
	NPT <sup>1</sup> /2"	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.48")		

**R** Cable glands mounted at the factory are tightened with 2 Nm.

<sup>4)</sup> The power value indicated on the nameplate refers to the power consumption when commissioning at 5 °C (41 °F) after an operating time of one minute.

<sup>5)</sup> In the case of the "Outdoor" version, 2 bores are occupied; for this reason only 2 Memosens sensors are possible

Sensor connection (optional)

Sensors with Memosens protocol

Sensor types	Sensor cable	Sensors	
Digital sensors <b>without</b> additional internal power supply	With plug-in connection and inductive signal transmission	<ul> <li>pH sensors</li> <li>ORP sensors</li> <li>Combined sensors</li> <li>Oxygen sensors (amperometric and optical)</li> <li>Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity</li> <li>Chlorine sensors (disinfection)</li> </ul>	
	Fixed cable	Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity	
Digital sensors with additional internal power supply	Fixed cable	<ul> <li>Turbidity sensors</li> <li>Sensors for interface measurement</li> <li>Sensors for measuring the spectral absorption coefficient (SAC)</li> <li>Nitrate sensors</li> <li>Optical oxygen sensors</li> <li>Ion-sensitive sensors</li> </ul>	

# **15.7** Performance characteristics

Maximum measured	CA80TP-AAF0:	0.05 to 2 mg/l (ppm) P	0.06 mg/l (ppm) P		
error <sup>6)</sup>	CA80TP-AAF1:	0.05 to 2 mg/l (ppm) P	0.06 mg/l (ppm) P		
	CA80TP-AAF1:	2 to 10 mg/l (ppm) P	3% of reading		
	CA80TP-AAF4:	0.5 to 10 mg/l (ppm) P	0.4 mg/l (ppm) P		
	CA80TP-AAF4:	10 to 50 mg/l (ppm) P	4 % of reading		
Maximum measured error for sensor inputs	→ Documentatio	n of the connected sensor			
Maximum measured error	Typical measure	d errors:			
for current inputs and outputs	< 20 $\mu$ A (with current values < 4 mA)				
outputs	< 50 $\mu$ A (with current values 4 to 20 mA)				
	at 25 °C (77° F) in each case				
	Additional meas < 1.5 μΑ/Κ	ured error depending on the ten	iperature:		
LOD (limit of detection)	0.015 mg/l (ppr	n)			
Repeatability <sup>6)</sup>	CA80TP-AAF0:	$\pm$ 2 % of the measured value + 0.	01 mq/l (ppm) P		
Repeatability	CA80TP-AAF1: $\pm 2$ % of the measured value + 0.01 mg/l (ppm) P				
	CA80TP-AAF4:	$\pm$ 3 % of the measured value + 0.	05 mg/l (ppm) P		
Repeatability of sensor inputs	→ Documentatio	on of the connected sensor			
Measuring interval	Continuous (app	prox. 30 min with 1 min digestion	n time, adjustable 33 min to 24 h)		

<sup>6)</sup> According to ISO 15839 with standard solutions. Measured errors include all the uncertainties of the analyzer. They do not include the uncertainties from the standard solutions used as a reference.

Sample requirement	6 ml (0.21 fl oz)/measurement	
Reagent requirement	RN	
	<ul> <li>Approx. 630 µl per reagent and measurement</li> <li>Given a measuring interval of 30 min, approx. 1000 ml (33.81 fl.oz) per reagent and month</li> </ul>	
	RB, RK	
	<ul> <li>Approx. 370 µl per reagent and measurement</li> <li>Given a measuring interval of 30 min, approx. 600 ml (20.29 fl.oz) per reagent and month</li> </ul>	
Standard requirement	<ul> <li>Given a calibration interval of 48 h approx. 180 ml (6.09 fl.oz) per month (without dilution module)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Given a calibration interval of 48 h approx. 75 ml (2.54 fl.oz) per month (with dilution module)</li> </ul>	
Dilution water requirement	Approx. 20 ml (0.68 fl.oz) per measurement	
	Demineralized water is recommended for expected sample concentrations of < 50 mg/l (ppm).	
Calibration interval	12 h to 90 days, depending on the application and ambient conditions	
Maintenance interval	Every 3 to 6 months, depending on the application	
Maintenance effort	<ul><li>Weekly: visual inspection</li><li>Weekly: 15 minutes</li></ul>	
	15.8 Environment	
Ambient temperature	All housing versions except "Outdoor" version	
range	+5 to +40 °C (41 to 104 °F)	
	"Outdoor" version	
	-20 to +40 °C (-4 to 104 °F)	
Storage temperature	−20 to 60 °C (−4 to 140 °F)	
Humidity	10 to 95 %, non-condensing	
Degree of protection	IP55 (cabinet, analyzer stand), TYPE 3R (cabinet, analyzer stand)	
Electromagnetic compatibility <sup>7)</sup>	Interference emission and interference immunity as per EN 61326-1:2013, Class A for Industry	

<sup>7)</sup> Sufficient mains quality is required to operate the product as designated.

Electrical safety	According to EN/IEC 61010-1:2010, Class I equipment Low voltage: overvoltage category II For installations up to 2000 m (6500 ft) above MSL	
Pollution degree	Pollution level 2	
	15.9 Process	
Sample temperature	4 to 40 °C (39 to 104 °F)	
Consistency of the sample	Low solids content, particle size < 800 $\mu m$ ; the optional Y strainer or another form of pretreatment is required for samples with a larger particle size	
Sample supply	Analyzer (without optional Y strainer): Unpressurized	
	<ul> <li>Y strainer (optional):</li> <li>Permitted pressure range: max. 4 bar (58.01 psi)</li> <li>Flow: ensure sufficient flow for a Y strainer that is completely filled <sup>8)</sup></li> </ul>	

# 15.10 Mechanical construction

Dimensions	→ 🖺 15			
Weight	Order version	Weight with cooling module	Weight without cooling module	
-	Cabinet version	42 kg (92.6 lbs)	39.5 kg (87.1 lbs)	
	Open installation	34 kg (74.96 lbs)	31.5 kg (69.45 lbs)	
	Analyzer stand	75 kg (165.3 lbs)	72.5 kg (159.8 lbs)	
Materials	Parts not in contact with medium			
	Cabinet version, e	xterior cover		
	Open installation,		– Plastic ASA+PC	
	Cabinet version, ir	iterior lining	– Plastic PP	
	Open installation,		r	
	Window	Shatterp	Shatterproof glass, coated	
	Reagent container	e Plastic P	Plastic PP	
	Insulation	Plastic E	Plastic EPP (extruded PP)	
	Base, analyzer sta	nd Powder-	Powder-coated sheet steel	

Tarts in contact with meanan	
Dispenser	Plastic PP and elastomer TPE

<sup>8)</sup> The greater the flow the greater the self-cleaning effect of the suction line. Preferred: > 1  $m^3/h$ 

	Dosing unit • Manifold • Valve seals • Optical tube	<ul><li>Plastic ETFE</li><li>Plastic FKM</li><li>Borosilicate glass</li></ul>
	Hoses	<ul> <li>PTFE</li> <li>Sample hose, hose from pump to dilution vessel: PharMed</li> </ul>
	Reactor • Reactor valves • Optical tube • Seal	<ul><li>PVDF plastic</li><li>Borosilicate glass</li><li>FFKM plastic</li></ul>
	Dilution vessel (optional)	PE
	Y strainer	PVC-U
Process connection	Sample inlet: Dilution water: Outlet:	Hose gland for rigid hoses with OD 3.2 mm Hose gland for rigid hoses with OD 3.2 mm Hose gland for rigid hoses with OD 6 mm
Hose entries	4 x bores for M32 for sample inflo	ow and outflow
Hose specification	Analyzer: • Clearance: max. 5.0 m (16.4 ft) • Height: max. 3 m (9.8 ft) • Hose ID: 1.6 mm ( <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub> in)	
	<b>Y strainer (optional):</b> • Hose to analyzer: • ID 1.6 mm $(^{1}/_{16} in)$ • OD 3.2 mm $(^{1}/_{8} in)$ • Hose to process: • ID 0.8 mm $(^{1}/_{32} in)$ • OD 1.6 mm $(^{1}/_{16} in)$	
	Adhasiya fitting ID 40 mm straig	

Process connection,

Adhesive fitting, ID 40 mm, straight

optional Y strainer

# Index

# Α

2 <b>b</b>
Accessory
For installation
Maintenance kit
Reagent set
Sensors
Standard solution
Activation code
Adapting the diagnostic behavior
Additional functions
Cleaning programs
Controller
Limit switch
Mathematical functions
Time switch
Address
Alarm relay
Ambient temperature 164
Analyzer
Additional functions
Binary inputs and outputs
Configuration
Configuration menu
Connecting
Current inputs
Current outputs
EtherNet/IP
Integrating into the system
Modbus
Mounting
Relay
Signal outputs
Switching on
Assignment views

# В

Base mounting	19
Basic settings	51
Basic setup	49
Bus address	37
Bus termination	36

# С

Cable entries162Cable specification156, 162Cable specification112
Calculated pH value
Changing the password 63
Check
Connection
Installation
Installation and function
Chemoclean
Chemoclean Plus
Chlorine regulation with feedforward control 74
Cleaning cycle
Cleaning function

Cleaning programs
Chemoclean
Chemoclean Plus
Manual cleaning
Standard cleaning
Cleaning unit
Commissioning
Basic setup
Steps
Switching on
Configuration
Binary inputs
Binary outputs
Configure
Actions
Numerical values
Picklists
Tables
User-defined text
Connection
Analyzer
Cable entries
Check
Fieldbus
Hose entries
Optional module
Sensors
Supply voltage 162
Web server
Controller
Controller structure
Current inputs
Current outputs

# D

Data management	
Date	
Declaration of Conformity	13
Degassed conductivity	110
Degree of protection	164
Description of the product	
Design of the product	
Designated use	7
Device drivers	39
Device status	50
Device variables	89
Device-specific diagnostic messages	120
Device-specific errors	116
Diagnostic messages	
Adapting	118
Classification	118
Device-specific	120
Fieldbus	117
Local display	117
Outputting via the relay	
Sensor-specific	
-	

Web browser
Diagnostic modules
Diagnostics list
Dimensions
Display
Disposal
Documentation
DTM
Dual conductivity

# Ε

Electrical safety	65
Electromagnetic compatibility	64
Ensuring the degree of protection	37
Equipment architecture	10
EtherNet/IP	
Event logbook	27
Exporting the setup	62
Extended setup	

# F

Fieldbus
Connecting
Termination
Firmware history
Firmware update
Formula
Function check

# Η

Hardware settings	36
Hold settings	. 52
Hook and loop Velcro fasteners	154
Hose connection diagram	46
Hose entries	166
Hose specification	166
Humidity	164

# I

Incoming acceptance 12 Input signal 156 Inputs
Binary
Current inputs
Installation
Check
Conditions15Installation check48
L
Laplace representation
Limit switch
Loading the setup
Locking/unlocking operating keys 43
Logbooks

### Μ

Maintenance	138
Maintenance tasks	139
Manipulated variable	86

Manual mode		
Materials		65
Mathematical functions	10	98
Calculated pH value	11	12
Degassed conductivity		10
Difference	10	09
Dual conductivity		11
Formula		12
Redundancy		09
rH value		
Measured variables	15	56
Measuring device		
Configuration	4	49
Connecting	2	26
Integrating into the system		
Mounting		
Switching on		
Measuring mode		
Measuring range		
Measuring system		9
Menu		
Additional functions		
Analyzer		
Binary inputs and outputs		
Current inputs		73
Current outputs		82
EtherNet/IP		90
Maintenance	13	39
Modbus		90
Relay	8	85
Signal outputs		82
Modbus		
Modbus RS485	15	59
Modbus TCP	16	60
Mounting		17
Location	•••••	17
N		
		1 7
Nameplate	••••	12
0		
Operating language	4	49
Operating menu		43
Operating time information		
Operation		5
Access to the operating menu via the local dis	play 4	43

Additional functions91Analyzer64Binary inputs and outputs74Configure44Current inputs73Current outputs82Display50EtherNet/IP90General settings51Integrating the measuring device into the system39

 Modbus
 90

 Relay
 85

 Signal outputs
 82

# Ρ

Pollution degree
Port assignment 10
Power consumption
Power supply
Cable entries
Cable specification
Connecting digital communication
Connecting optional modules
Connecting the analyzer
Hose entries
Power consumption
Sensor connection
Supply voltage
Process errors without messages 116
Product description
Product design
Product identification 12
Product safety
PROFIBUS DP 42, 58, 159
Device variables
PROFIBUS variables
PROFINET
Device variables
PROFINET variables
Protocol-specific data 159

# R

Reagent set
Relay
Repair
Requirements for personnel
Reset
Return
rH value
Routing the cable in the connection compartment 26

# Safot

Safety	
Operational	1
Product	3
Workplace safety	1
Safety instructions	1
Saving the setup 62	1
Scope of delivery	\$

SD card 155
Security
IT
Sensor information
Sensor-specific diagnostic messages
Service interface
Settings
Additional functions
Analyzer
Binary inputs and outputs
Current inputs
Current outputs
Diagnostics 57
EtherNet/IP
Extended
General
Hardware
Modbus
Operating language
PROFIBUS DP
Relay
Signal outputs
Web server
Signal outputs
Simulation 133
Slot assignment
Soft keys in the measuring mode
Spare parts
Standard cleaning
Standard solution 149
State-of-the-art technology
Storage temperature
Supply voltage
Switching on
Symbols 5
System information
System integration
Fieldbus
Service interface
Web server
System test
Т
Technical data
Environment
Input
Mechanical construction
Output
Process
Protocol-specific data
Relay outputs

Technical personnel7Terminal diagram11Time52Time switch95Troubleshooting116Diagnostic information117General troubleshooting116Types of cleaning106

Types of input
<b>U</b> Upgrade kit
W         Wall mounting       18         Warnings       5         Web server       59, 162         Weight       165         Workplace safety       7
<b>Y</b> Y strainer



www.addresses.endress.com

