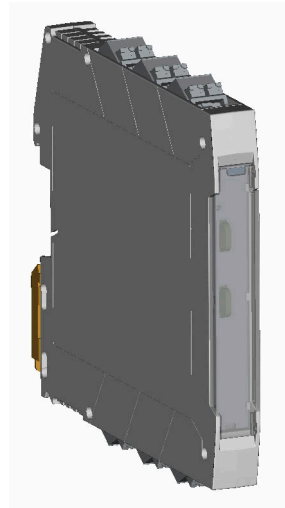


# Operating Instructions

## **Active barrier**

1- or 2-channel active barrier for safe separation of 4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits, optionally available as a signal doubler. HART-transparent



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# 1 About this document

## 1.1 Document function













These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

## 1.2 Symbols





### 1.2.1 Safety symbols

 <b>DANGER</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.	 <b>WARNING</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.
 <b>CAUTION</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.	 <b>NOTICE</b> This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

### 1.2.2 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	<b>Permitted</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	<b>Preferred</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
	<b>Forbidden</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
	<b>Tip</b> Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
	Notice or individual step to be observed
	Series of steps
	Result of a step
	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

### 1.2.3 Electrical symbols

	Direct current		Alternating current
	Direct current and alternating current		<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

### 1.2.4 Symbols in graphics

1, 2, 3,...	Item numbers	A, B, C, ...	Views
-------------	--------------	--------------	-------

### 1.2.5 Symbols at the device

	<b>Warning</b> Observe the safety instructions contained in the associated Operating Instructions
---	--

## 1.3 Registered trademarks

**HART®**

Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

## 2 Basic safety instructions

### 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ▶ Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ▶ Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ▶ Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ▶ Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

### 2.2 Designated use

#### 2.2.1 Active barrier

The active barrier is used for the safe isolation of 0/4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits. An intrinsically safe version is optionally available for operation in Zone 2. The device is designed for installation on DIN rails in accordance with IEC 60715.

A use in a manner not specified by the manufacturer's manual may impair the safety.

#### 2.2.2 Product liability

The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for damage that results from non-designated use and from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

### 2.3 Workplace safety

For work on and with the device:

- ▶ Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.

### 2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury!

- ▶ Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

#### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers:

- ▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- ▶ Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.

- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use only original spare parts and accessories from the manufacturer.

### **Hazardous area**

To eliminate danger to persons or the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection):

- ▶ Check the nameplate to verify if the device ordered can be put to its intended use in the hazardous area.
- ▶ Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation that is an integral part of these instructions.

## **2.5 Product safety**

This device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

## **2.6 Installation instructions**

- The device's IP20 degree of protection is intended for a clean and dry environment.
- Do not expose the device to mechanical and/or thermal stress that exceeds the specified limits.
- The device is intended for installation in a cabinet or similar housing. The device may only be operated as an installed device.
- To protect against mechanical or electrical damage, the device must be installed in an appropriate housing with a suitable degree of protection according to IEC/EN 60529.
- The device fulfills the EMC regulations for the industrial sector.
- NE 21: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment is met under the following condition: power failures of up to 20 ms must be bridged with a suitable power supply.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

- ▶ The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

## 3 Product descriptions

### 3.1 Product description

#### 3.1.1 Product design

##### Active barrier, 1-channel

- The active barrier is used for the transmission and galvanic isolation of 0/4 to 20 mA signals. The device has an active/passive current input to which a 2- or 4-wire transmitter can be directly connected. The output of the device can be operated actively or passively. The current signal is then available to the PLC / controller or to other instrumentation at plug-in screw terminals or optional push-in terminals.
- HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally by the device. Connecting points for connecting HART communicators are integrated into the front of the device.
- The device is optionally available as an "associated apparatus", which allows devices to be connected in Ex Zone 0/20 [ia] and operated in Ex Zone 2 [ec]. 2-wire transmitters are supplied with power, and transmit analog 0/4 to 20 mA measured values from the hazardous area to the non-hazardous area. These devices are accompanied by separate Ex documentation, which is an integral part of this manual. Compliance with the installation instructions and connection data in this documentation is mandatory!

##### Active barrier, 2-channel

With the "2-channel" option, the device has a second channel, which is galvanically isolated from channel 1, while maintaining the same width. Otherwise, the function corresponds to the 1-channel device.

##### Active barrier as signal doubler

With the signal doubler option, the active barrier is used for the galvanic isolation of a 0/4 to 20 mA signal, which is transmitted to two galvanically isolated outputs.

- Output 1 is HART-transparent. HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally between the input and output 1.
- As output 2 contains a HART filter, only the galvanically isolated analog 4 to 20 mA signal is transmitted.

## 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

### 4.1 Incoming acceptance

Check the following during incoming acceptance:

- Are the order codes on the delivery note and the product sticker identical?
- Are the goods undamaged?
- Do the nameplate data match the ordering information on the delivery note?



If one of these conditions is not met, please contact the manufacturer's sales office.

## 4.2 Product identification

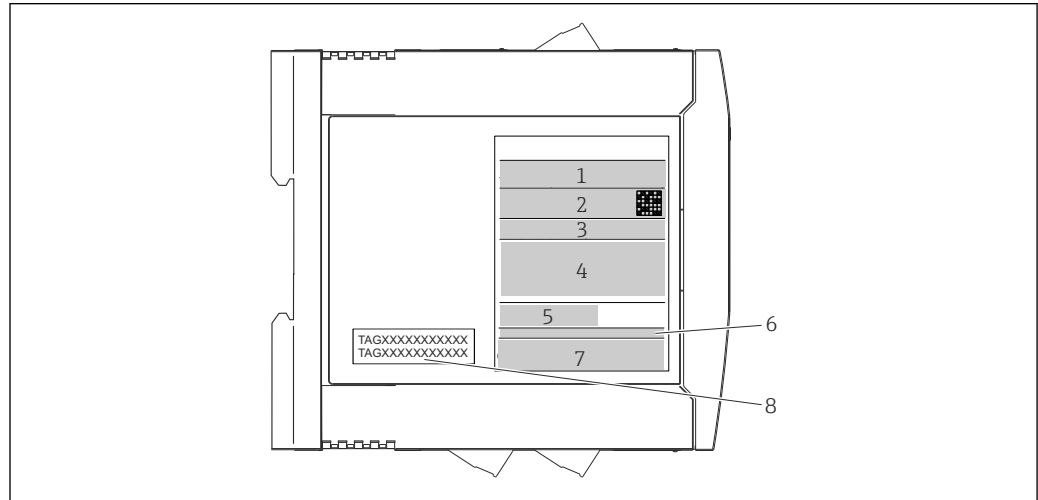
The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note

### 4.2.1 Nameplate

#### The right device?

Compare and check the data on the nameplate of the device against the requirements of the measuring point:



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1 Nameplate (example of Ex version)

- 1 Product name and manufacturer ID
- 2 Order code, extended order code and serial number, DataMatrix 2D code, FCC-ID (if applicable)
- 3 Power supply and current consumption, output
- 4 Approval in hazardous area with number of the relevant Ex documentation (XA...)
- 5 Fieldbus communication logo
- 6 Firmware version and device revision
- 7 Approval logos
- 8 2 lines for the TAG name

### 4.2.2 Name and address of manufacturer

<b>Name of manufacturer:</b>	Endress+Hauser Wetzler GmbH + Co. KG
<b>Address of manufacturer:</b>	Obere Wank 1, D-87484 Nesselwang
<b>Model/type reference:</b>	RN22

## 4.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- Device as per order
- Printed copy of the Brief Operating Instructions
- Optional: Functional safety manual (SIL mode)
- Additional documentation for devices which are suitable for use in the hazardous area (Ex, ATEX, IECEx), such as Safety Instructions (XA...), Control or Installation Drawings (ZD...).



## 4.4 Certificates and approvals

**i** For certificates and approvals valid for the device: see the data on the nameplate

## 4.5 Storage and transport

**i** When storing and transporting the device, pack it so that it is reliably protected against impact. The original packaging provides optimum protection.

# 5 Installation

## 5.1 Installation conditions

### 5.1.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of the device are provided in the 'Technical data' section of the Operating Instructions.

### 5.1.2 Mounting location

The device is designed for installation on 35 mm (1.38 in) DIN rails in accordance with IEC 60715 (TH35).

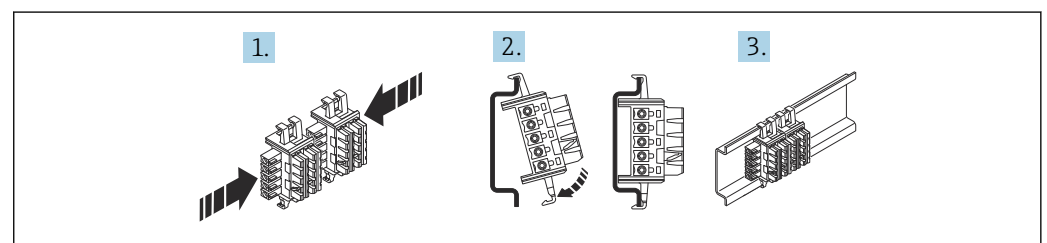
#### NOTICE

► When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed.

**i** For information on ambient conditions, see the "Technical data" section.

## 5.2 Installing the DIN rail bus connector

**i** If using the DIN rail bus connector for the power supply, clip it onto the DIN rail BEFORE mounting the device. Pay attention to the orientation of the module and DIN rail bus connector when doing so: the snap-on clip should be at the bottom and the connector piece on the left!



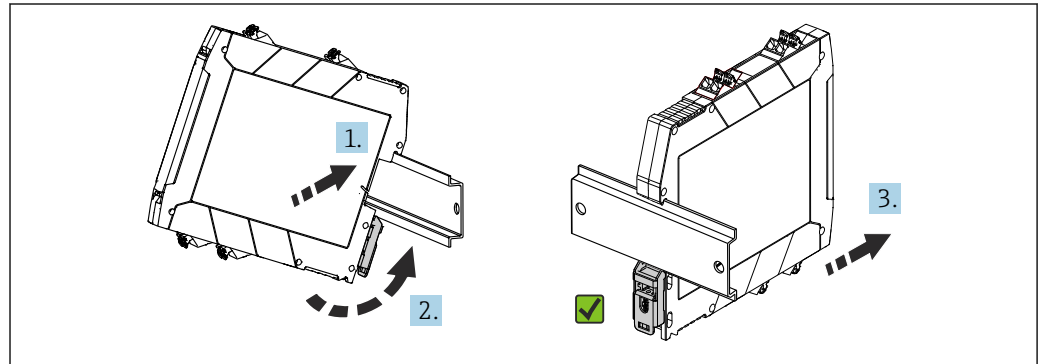
**2** Installing the DIN rail bus connector 12.5 mm (0.5 in)

1. Connect two or more DIN rail bus connectors together.
2. Attach the DIN rail bus connectors to the top of the DIN rail and allow them to click into place on the underside of the DIN rail.
3. The DIN rail devices can now be installed.

### 5.3 Installing a DIN rail device

The device can be installed in any position (horizontal or vertical) on the DIN rail without lateral clearance from neighboring devices. No tools are required for installation. The use of end brackets (type "WEW 35/1" or similar) on the DIN rail is recommended to fix the device.

**i** If several devices are installed side by side, it is important to ensure that the maximum side wall temperature of 85 °C (185 °F) is not exceeded. If this cannot be guaranteed, mount the devices at a distance from one another or ensure sufficient cooling.

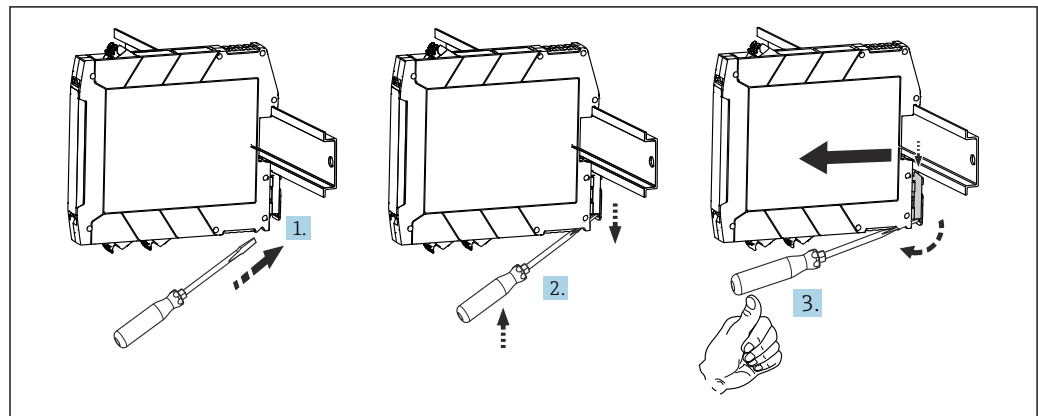


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**3** Installing on DIN rail

1. Position the top DIN rail groove at the top end of the DIN rail.
2. While holding the front of the device horizontally, lower it until you hear the locking clip of the device click into place on the DIN rail.
3. Pull gently on the device to check if it is correctly mounted on the DIN rail.

### 5.4 Disassembling the DIN rail device



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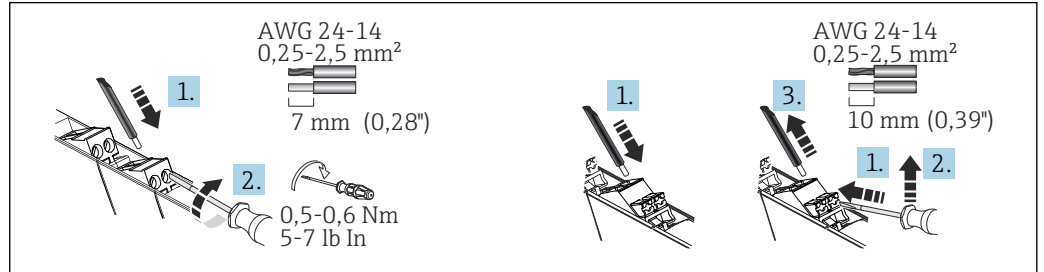
**4** Disassembling the DIN rail device

1. Insert a screwdriver into the tab of the DIN rail clip.
2. Use the screwdriver to pull down on the DIN rail clip as shown in the diagram.
3. Hold down the screwdriver to remove the device from the DIN rail.

## 6 Electrical connection

### 6.1 Connection conditions

A flat-blade screw driver is required to establish an electrical connection to screw or push-in terminals.



5 Electrical connection using screw terminals (left) and push-in terminals (right)

#### CAUTION

#### Destruction of parts of the electronics

- Switch off the power supply before installing or connecting the device.

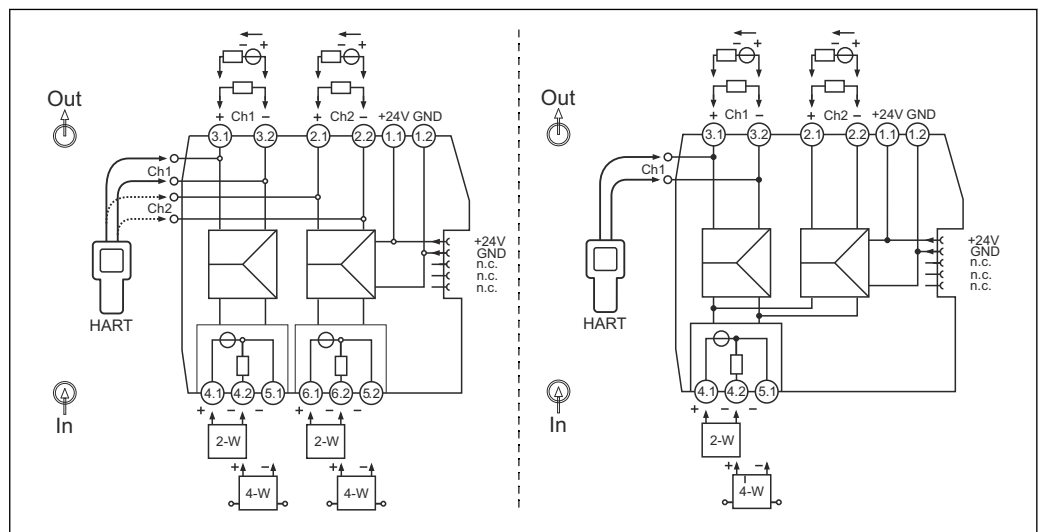
#### NOTICE

#### Destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics

- ⚠ ESD - Electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals and HART lugs on the front from electrostatic discharge.
- A shielded cable is recommended for HART communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.

**i** For information on the connection data, see the "Technical data" section.

### 6.2 Quick wiring guide




6 Terminal assignment: 1- and 2-channel version (left), signal doubler (right)

**i** HART communicators can be connected to the HART connecting points. Ensure an adequate external resistance ( $\geq 230 \Omega$ ) in the output circuit.

## 6.3 Connecting the supply voltage

Power can be supplied via terminals 1.1 and 1.2 or via the DIN rail bus connector.

 The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

### 6.3.1 Using the power and error message module to supply power

It is recommended to use the RNF22 power and error message module to provide the supply voltage to the DIN rail bus connector. An overall current of 3.75 A is possible with this option.

### 6.3.2 Supply to the DIN rail bus connector via terminals


Devices installed side by side can be powered via the terminals of the device up to a total current consumption of 400 mA. The connection is via the DIN rail bus connector. The installation of a 630 mA fuse (semi-delay or slow-blow) upstream is recommended.

#### NOTICE

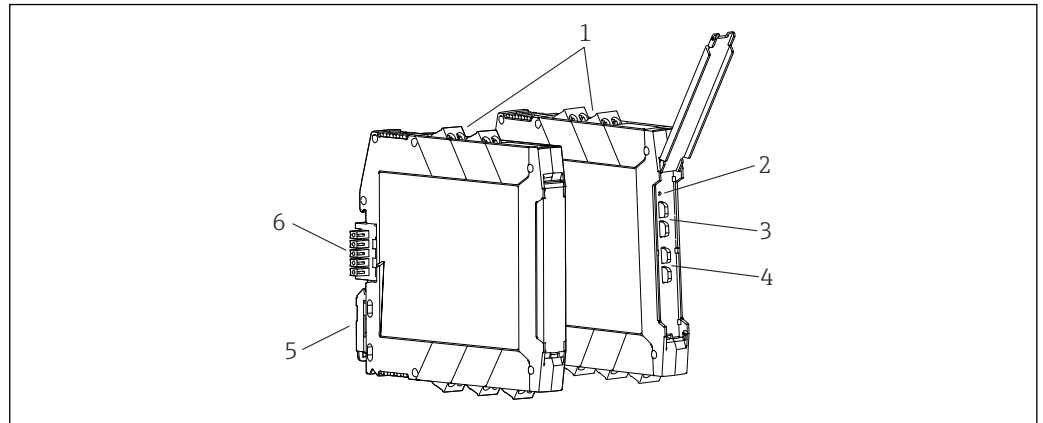
**The simultaneous use of terminals and DIN rail bus connectors to supply power is not permitted! The tapping of energy from the DIN rail bus connector for further distribution is not permitted.**

► The supply voltage must never be connected directly to the DIN rail bus connector!

## 6.4 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Are the device or cables free from damage (visual check)?	--
Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)?	See "Technical data"
Electrical connection	Notes
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the nameplate?	Active barrier: U = e.g. 19.2 to 30 V <sub>DC</sub>  The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit.
Are the power supply and signal cables connected correctly?	--
Are all the screw terminals well tightened and have the connections of the push-in terminals been checked?	--

## 7 Display and operating elements



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### 7 Display and operating elements

- 1 Plug-in screw or push-in terminal
- 2 Green LED "On", power supply
- 3 Connection lugs for HART communication (channel 1)
- 4 Connection lugs for HART communication (channel 2, option)
- 5 DIN rail clip for DIN rail mounting
- 6 DIN rail bus connector (optional)

## 7.1 Local operation

### 7.1.1 Hardware settings / configuration

No manual hardware settings are required at the device for commissioning.

Attention must be paid to the different terminal assignment when connecting 2/4-wire transmitters. At the output side, the connected system is detected and automatic switching takes place between the active and passive mode.

## 8 Commissioning

### 8.1 Post-installation check

Before commissioning the device, ensure that all installation and post-connection checks have been carried out.

#### NOTICE

- ▶ Before commissioning the device, make sure that the supply voltage matches the voltage specifications on the nameplate. Failure to perform these checks may result in damage to the device caused by the incorrect supply voltage.


### 8.2 Switching on the device

Switch on supply voltage. The green LED display on the front of the device indicates that the device is operational.

## 9 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

### 9.1 General troubleshooting

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after startup or during operation. The checklists take you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.

 Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired. However, it is possible to send the device in for examination. See the information in the "Return" section.

#### General errors

Error	Possible cause	Remedial action
Device is not responding.	Supply voltage does not match the specification on the nameplate.	Check the voltage directly using a voltmeter and correct.
	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Ensure electrical contact between the cable and the terminal.
	Electronics unit is defective.	Replace the device.
HART communication is not working.	Communication resistor missing or incorrectly installed.	Install the communication resistor ( $\geq 230 \Omega$ ) correctly.
	HART modem is not properly connected.	Connect HART modem correctly.
	HART modem is not set to "HART".	Set HART modem selector switch to "HART".
The power LED on the DIN rail device is not lit (green).	Power failure or insufficient supply voltage.	Check the supply voltage and check if wiring is correct.

## 10 Maintenance

No special maintenance work is required for the device.

### Cleaning

A clean, dry cloth can be used to clean the device.

## 11 Repair

### 11.1 General information

Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired.

### 11.2 Spare parts

 Contact the supplier where necessary.

### 11.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

1. Ask your supplier for information on returning the device.

2. Return the device if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong device was ordered or delivered.

## 11.4 Disposal



If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

# 12 Technical data

## 12.1 Function and system design

### Product description

#### Product design

##### *Active barrier, 1-channel*

- The active barrier is used for the transmission and galvanic isolation of 0/4 to 20 mA signals. The device has an active/passive current input to which a 2- or 4-wire transmitter can be directly connected. The output of the device can be operated actively or passively. The current signal is then available to the PLC / controller or to other instrumentation at plug-in screw terminals or optional push-in terminals.
- HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally by the device. Connecting points for connecting HART communicators are integrated into the front of the device.
- The device is optionally available as an "associated apparatus", which allows devices to be connected in Ex Zone 0/20 [ia] and operated in Ex Zone 2 [ec]. 2-wire transmitters are supplied with power, and transmit analog 0/4 to 20 mA measured values from the hazardous area to the non-hazardous area. These devices are accompanied by separate Ex documentation, which is an integral part of this manual. Compliance with the installation instructions and connection data in this documentation is mandatory!

##### *Active barrier, 2-channel*

With the "2-channel" option, the device has a second channel, which is galvanically isolated from channel 1, while maintaining the same width. Otherwise, the function corresponds to the 1-channel device.

##### *Active barrier as signal doubler*

With the signal doubler option, the active barrier is used for the galvanic isolation of a 0/4 to 20 mA signal, which is transmitted to two galvanically isolated outputs.

- Output 1 is HART-transparent. HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally between the input and output 1.
- As output 2 contains a HART filter, only the galvanically isolated analog 4 to 20 mA signal is transmitted.

### Dependability

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions.

## 12.2 Input

Version The following versions are available:

- 1-channel
- 2-channel
- Signal doubler

Input data, measuring range	Input signal range (underrange / overrange)	0 to 22 mA
	Function range, input signal	0/4 to 20 mA
	Input voltage drop signal for 4-wire connection	< 7 V at 20 mA
	Transmitter supply voltage	17.5 V ±1 V at 20 mA Open-circuit voltage: 24.5 V ±5 %

## 12.3 Output

Output data	Output signal range (underrange / overrange)	0 to 22 mA
	Function range, output signal	0/4 to 20 mA
	Transmission behavior	1:1 to input signal
	NAMUR NE 43	A current at the input that is valid according to NAMUR NE 43 is transmitted to the output (within the specified measuring uncertainty range)
	Maximum load, active mode	≤ 500 Ω
	Open-circuit voltage, active mode	17.5 V (± 5%)
	Maximum load, passive mode	$R_{max} = (U_{ext} - 2 V) / 0.022 A$
	External voltage, passive mode	$U_{ext} = 12 \text{ to } 30 V$
	Transmissible communication protocols	HART

Signal on alarm	Line break in input	Input 0 mA / output 0 mA
	Line short circuit in input	Input > 22 mA/ output > 22 mA

Ex connection data See associated XA Safety Instructions

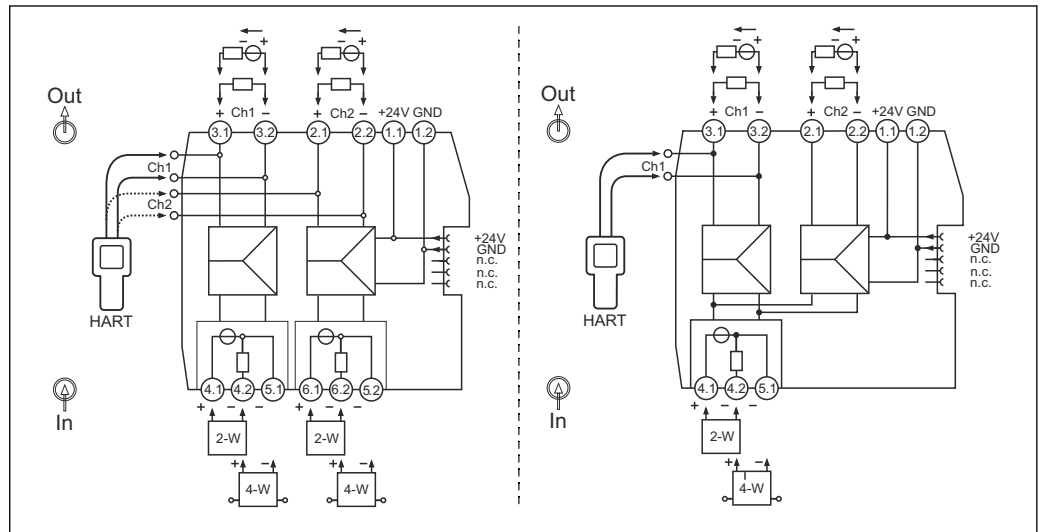
Galvanic isolation	Power supply / input; power supply / output Input / output; output / output	Testing voltage: 3000 V <sub>AC</sub> 50 Hz, 1 min
	Input / input	Testing voltage: 500 V <sub>AC</sub> 50 Hz, 1 min



## 12.4 Power supply

Terminal assignment

Quick wiring guide



8 Terminal assignment: 1- and 2-channel version (left), signal doubler (right)

**i** HART communicators can be connected to the HART connecting points. Ensure an adequate external resistance ( $\geq 230 \Omega$ ) in the output circuit.

Connecting the supply voltage

Power can be supplied via terminals 1.1 and 1.2 or via the DIN rail bus connector.

**i** The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

**Using the power and error message module to supply power**

It is recommended to use the RNF22 power and error message module to provide the supply voltage to the DIN rail bus connector. An overall current of 3.75 A is possible with this option.

**Supply to the DIN rail bus connector via terminals**

Devices installed side by side can be powered via the terminals of the device up to a total current consumption of 400 mA. The connection is via the DIN rail bus connector. The installation of a 630 mA fuse (semi-delay or slow-blow) upstream is recommended.

**NOTICE**

**The simultaneous use of terminals and DIN rail bus connectors to supply power is not permitted! The tapping of energy from the DIN rail bus connector for further distribution is not permitted.**

► The supply voltage must never be connected directly to the DIN rail bus connector!

Performance characteristics Power supply <sup>1)</sup>

Supply voltage	24 V <sub>DC</sub> (-20% / +25%)
Supply current to the DIN rail bus connector	max. 400 mA
Power consumption at 24 V <sub>DC</sub>	1-channel: $\leq 1.5 \text{ W}$ (20 mA) / $\leq 1.6 \text{ W}$ (22 mA) 2-channel: $\leq 3 \text{ W}$ (20 mA) / $\leq 3.2 \text{ W}$ (22 mA) Signal doubler: $\leq 2.4 \text{ W}$ (20 mA) / $\leq 2.5 \text{ W}$ (22 mA)

Current consumption at 24 V <sub>DC</sub>	1-channel: ≤ 0.07 A (20 mA) / ≤ 0.07 A (22 mA) 2-channel: ≤ 0.13 A (20 mA) / ≤ 0.14 A (22 mA) Signal doubler: ≤ 0.1 A (20 mA) / ≤ 0.11 A (22 mA)
Power loss at 24 V <sub>DC</sub>	1-channel: ≤ 1.2 W (20 mA) / ≤ 1.3 W (22 mA) 2-channel: ≤ 2.4 W (20 mA) / ≤ 2.5 W (22 mA) Signal doubler: ≤ 2.1 W (20 mA) / ≤ 2.2 W (22 mA)

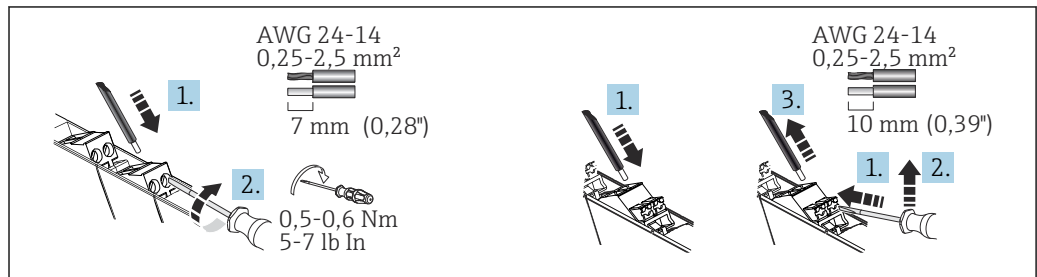
- 1) The data apply for the following operating scenario: input active / output active / output load 0 Ω. When external voltages are connected to the output, the power loss in the device may increase. The power loss in the device can be reduced by connecting an external output load.

Power supply failure

To meet SIL and NE21 requirements, voltage interruptions of up to 20 ms must be bridged with a suitable power supply.

Terminals

A flat-blade screwdriver is required to establish an electrical connection to screw or push-in terminals.



9 Electrical connection using screw terminals (left) and push-in terminals (right)

Terminal design	Cable design	Cable cross-section
<b>Screw terminals</b> Tightening torque: minimum 0.5 Nm/maximum 0.6 Nm	Rigid or flexible (Stripping length = 7 mm (0.28 in))	0.2 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)
	Flexible with wire end ferrules (with or without plastic ferrule)	0.25 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)
<b>Push-in spring terminals</b>	Rigid or flexible (Stripping length = 10 mm (0.39 in))	0.2 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)
	Flexible with wire end ferrules (with or without plastic ferrule)	0.25 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)

Cable specification

A shielded cable is recommended for HART communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.

## 12.5 Performance characteristics

Response time

Step response (10 to 90 %)	≤ 1 ms
Step response (10 to 90 %) signal doubler output 2 HART filter	≤ 50 ms

Reference operating conditions

- Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °F ±5.4 °F)
- Supply voltage: 24 V<sub>DC</sub> / 230 V<sub>AC</sub>
- Output load: 225 Ω
- External output voltage (passive output): 20 V<sub>DC</sub>
- Warm-up: > 1 h

Maximum measured error

Accuracies

Transmission error	< 0.1 % / of full scale value (< 20 μA)
Temperature coefficient	< 0.01 % /K

Long-term drift

Max. ±0.1 %/year (of full scale value)

## 12.6 Installation

Mounting location

The device is designed for installation on 35 mm (1.38 in) DIN rails in accordance with IEC 60715 (TH35).


### NOTICE

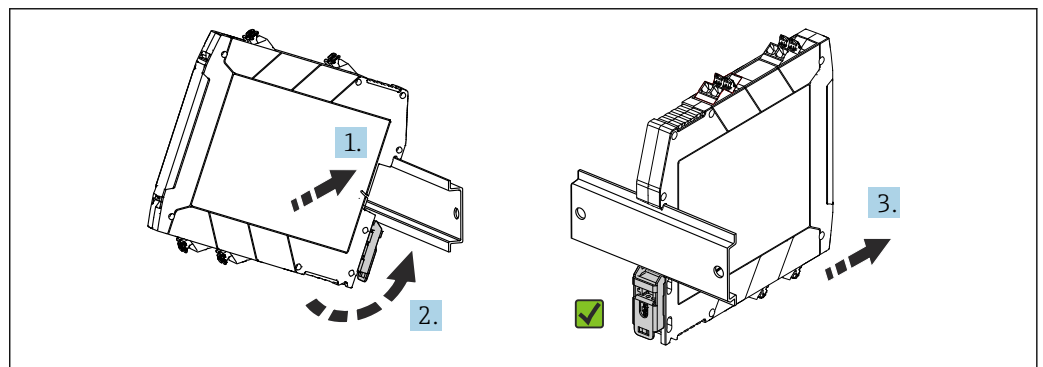
- ▶ When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed.

 For information on ambient conditions, see the "Technical data" section.

Installing a DIN rail device

The device can be installed in any position (horizontal or vertical) on the DIN rail without lateral clearance from neighboring devices. No tools are required for installation. The use of end brackets (type "WEW 35/1" or similar) on the DIN rail is recommended to fix the device.

 If several devices are installed side by side, it is important to ensure that the maximum side wall temperature of 85 °C (185 °F) is not exceeded. If this cannot be guaranteed, mount the devices at a distance from one another or ensure sufficient cooling.



 10 Installing on DIN rail

A0041736

1. Position the top DIN rail groove at the top end of the DIN rail.
2. While holding the front of the device horizontally, lower it until you hear the locking clip of the device click into place on the DIN rail.
3. Pull gently on the device to check if it is correctly mounted on the DIN rail.

## 12.7 Environment

Important ambient conditions	Ambient temperature range	-40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140 °F)	Storage temperature	-40 to 80 °C (-40 to 176 °F)
	Degree of protection	IP 20	Overvoltage category	II
	Pollution degree	2	Humidity	5 to 95 %
	Altitude	≤ 2 000 m (6 562 ft)	Insulation class	Class III

Maximum temperature change rate      0.5 °C/min, no condensation permitted


Shock and vibration resistance      Sinusoidal vibrations, in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6

- 5 to 13.2 Hz: 1 mm peak
- 13.2 to 100 Hz: 0.7g peak

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)      **CE compliance**

Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.

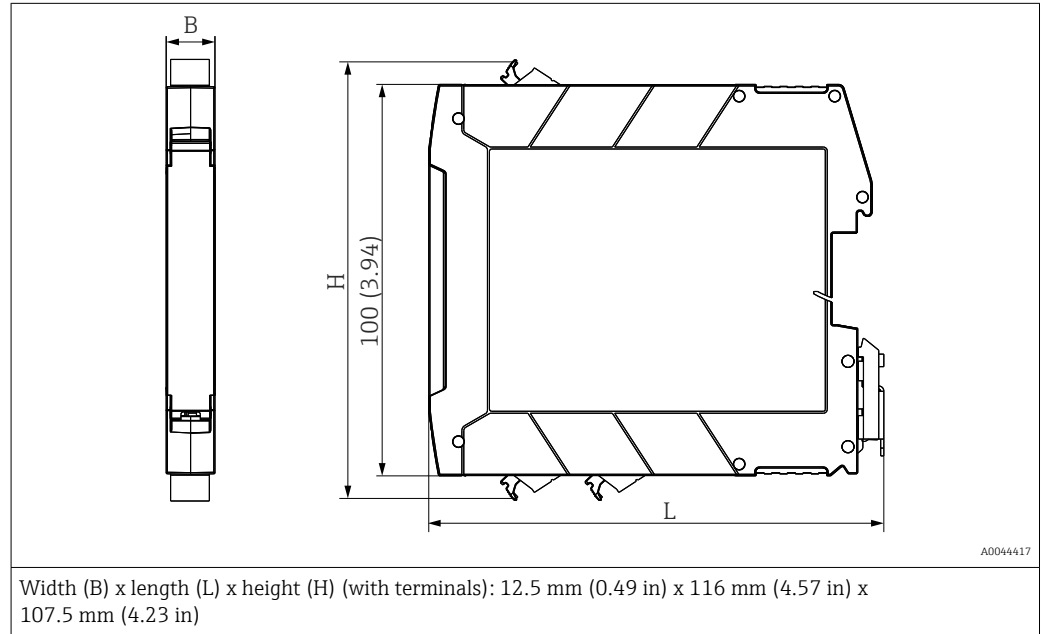
- Maximum measured error < 1% of measuring range
- Strong, pulse-like EMC interference can result in transient (< 1) deviations in the output signal (≥ ±1 %).
- Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements
- Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series (CISPR 11) Group 1 Class A

 This unit is not intended for use in residential environments and cannot guarantee adequate protection of the radio reception in such environments.

## 12.8 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)

*Terminal housing for mounting on DIN rail*

Weight

Device with terminals (values rounded up):

1-channel: approx. 105 g (3.7 oz); 2-channel: approx. 125 g (4.4 oz); signal doubler:  
approx. 120 g (4.23 oz)

Color

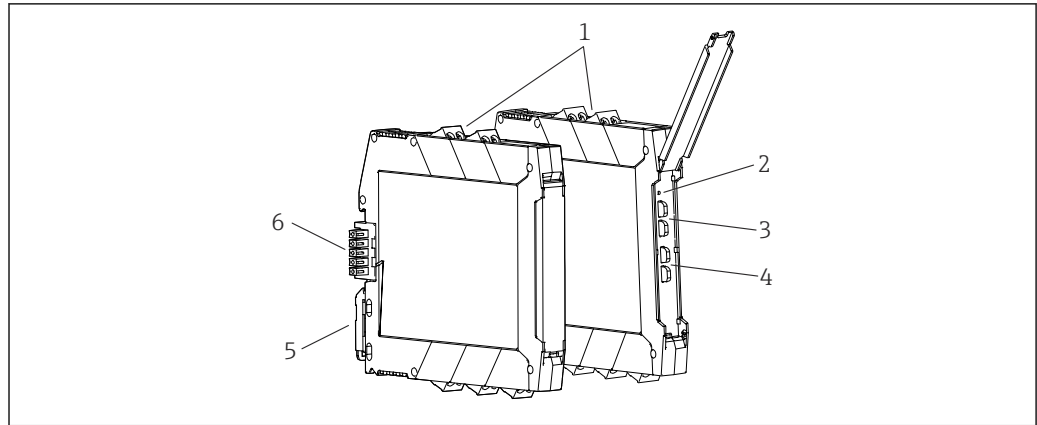
Light gray


Materials

All the materials used are RoHS-compliant.

Housing: polycarbonate (PC); flammability rating according to UL94: V-0

## 12.9 Display and operating elements



 11 Display and operating elements

- 1 Plug-in screw or push-in terminal
- 2 Green LED "On", power supply
- 3 Connection lugs for HART communication (channel 1)
- 4 Connection lugs for HART communication (channel 2, option)
- 5 DIN rail clip for DIN rail mounting
- 6 DIN rail bus connector (optional)

### Local operation

#### Hardware settings / configuration

No manual hardware settings are required at the device for commissioning.

Attention must be paid to the different terminal assignment when connecting 2/4-wire transmitters. At the output side, the connected system is detected and automatic switching takes place between the active and passive mode.


## 12.10 Accessories

Various accessories are available for the device, and can be ordered with the device or at a later stage.

### Device-specific accessories

Type	Order code
DIN rail bus connector 12.5 mm (x 1)	71505349

## 12.11 Certificates and approvals

 For certificates and approvals valid for the device: see the data on the nameplate

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