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Operating Instructions **Proline Promag P 10**

Electromagnetic flowmeter Modbus RS485







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Document function

These Operating Instructions provide all of the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device:

- Incoming acceptance and product identification
- Storage and transport
- Installation and connection
- Commissioning and operation
- Diagnostics and troubleshooting
- Maintenance and disposal

Associated documentation

Technical Information	Overview of the device with the most important technical data.
Operating Instructions	All the information that is required in the various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal as well as the technical data and dimensions.
Sensor Brief Operating Instructions	Incoming acceptance, transport, storage and mounting of the device.
Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions	Electrical connection and commissioning of the device.
Description of Parameters	Detailed explanation of the menus and parameters.
Safety Instructions	Documents for the use of the device in hazardous areas.
Special Documentation	Documents with more detailed information on specific topics.
Installation Instructions	Installation of spare parts and accessories.

The related documentation is available online:

W@M Device Viewer	On the www.endress.com/deviceviewer website, enter the serial number of the device: nameplate \rightarrow <i>Product identification</i> , \square 17
Endress+Hauser Operations App	 Scan the Data Matrix code: nameplate → <i>Product identification</i>, 17 Enter the serial number of the device: nameplate → <i>Product identification</i>, 17

Symbols

Warnings

A DANGER

This symbol alerts you to an immediate dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the situation will result in a fatal or serious injury.

WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the situation may result in a fatal or serious injury.

ACAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the situation may result in a minor or mild injury.

NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid the situation may result in damage to the facility or to something in the facility's vicinity.

Electronics

- --- Direct current
- \sim Alternating current
- $m{
 abla}$ Direct current and alternating current
- 😑 Terminal connection for potential equalization

Device communication

- ***** Bluetooth is enabled.
- LED is off.
- LED flashing.
- EED lit.

Tools

- *F*lat blade screwdriver
- 🔿 🎻 Hexagon wrench
- 🔗 Wrench

Types of information

- **V** Preferred procedures, processes or actions
- Permitted procedures, processes or actions
- Forbidden procedures, processes or actions
- Image: Additional information
- Reference to documentation
- Reference to page
- Reference to graphic
- Measure or individual action to be observed

- 1., 2.,... Series of steps
- └─→ Result of a step
- ? Help in the event of a problem
- Visual inspection
- H Write-protected parameter

Explosion protection

- 🔬 Hazardous area
- 🔉 Non-hazardous area

Registered trademarks

Modbus®

Registered trademark of SCHNEIDER AUTOMATION, INC.

Bluetooth®

The Bluetooth word mark and Bluetooth logos are registered trademarks of Bluetooth SIG. Inc. and any use of such marks by Endress+Hauser is under license. Other trademarks and trade names are those of their respective owners.

Apple®

Apple, the Apple logo, iPhone, and iPod touch are trademarks of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. App Store is a service mark of Apple Inc.

Android®

Android, Google Play and the Google Play logo are trademarks of Google Inc.

2 Safety instructions

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Requirements for specialist personnel

- Installation, electrical connection, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance of the device must only be carried out by trained, specialist personnel authorized by the facility's owner-operator.
- Before commencing work, the trained, specialist personnel must carefully read, understand and adhere to the Operating Instructions, additional documentation and certificates.
- Comply with national regulations.

Requirements for operating personnel

- Operating personnel are authorized by the facility's owner-operator and are instructed according to the requirements of the task.
- Before commencing work, the operating personnel must carefully read, understand and adhere to the instructions provided in the Operating Instructions and additional documentation.

Incoming acceptance and transport

- Transport the device in a correct and appropriate manner.
- Do not remove protective covers or protective caps on the process connections.

Adhesive labels, tags and engravings

▶ Pay attention to all the safety instructions and symbols on the device.

Environment and process

- Only use the device for the measurement of appropriate media.
- ► Keep within the device-specific pressure range and temperature range.
- Protect the device from corrosion and the influence of environmental factors.

Occupational safety

- Wear the required protective equipment according to national regulations.
- Do not ground the welding unit by means of the device.
- Wear protective gloves if working on and with the device with wet hands.

Installation

- ► Do not remove protective covers or protective caps on the process connections until just before you install the sensor.
- Do not damage or remove the liner on the flange.
- Observe tightening torques.

Electrical connection

- Comply with national installation regulations and guidelines.
- Observe cable specifications and device specifications.
- Check the cable for damage.

- If using the device in hazardous areas, observe the "Safety Instructions" documentation.
- ▶ Provide (establish) potential equalization.
- Provide (establish) grounding.

Surface temperature

Media with elevated temperatures can cause the surfaces of the device to become hot. For this reason, note the following:

- Mount suitable touch protection.
- ► Wear suitable protective gloves.

Commissioning

- Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- Only put the device into operation once you have performed the postinstallation check and post-connection check.

Modifications to the device

Modifications or repairs are not permitted and can pose a danger. For this reason, note the following:

- Only carry out modifications or repairs after consulting beforehand with an Endress+Hauser service organization.
- Only use original spare parts and original accessories from Endress+Hauser.
- ► Install original spare parts and original accessories according to the Installation Instructions.

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Measuring principle

Electromagnetic flow measurement on the basis of *Faraday's law of magnetic induction*.

Designated use

The device is only suitable for flow measurement of liquids with a minimum conductivity of 5 $\mu S/cm.$

Depending on the version, the device measures potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

Devices for use in a hazardous area, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to process pressure, are labeled accordingly on the nameplate.

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

Incoming acceptance

Is technical documentation provided with the device?	
Does the scope of supply match the specifications on the delivery note?	
Is the order code on the delivery note and nameplate identical?	
Does the device bear any signs of damage from transportation?	
Has an incorrect device been ordered or delivered or has the device been damaged in transit? Complaints or returns: www.services.endress.com/return-material	

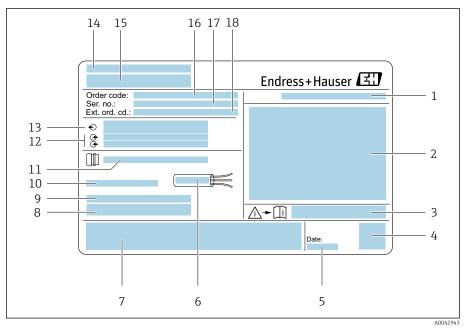
Product identification

Device name

The device comprises the following parts:

- Proline 10 transmitter
- Promag P sensor

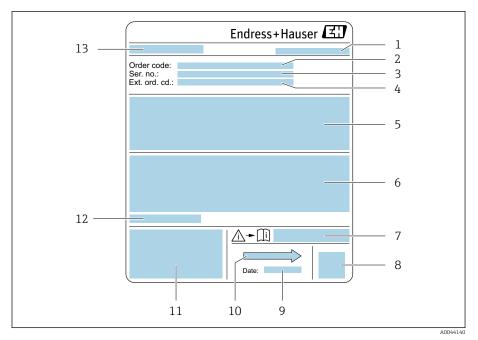
Transmitter nameplate



■ 1 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Degree of protection
- 2 Approvals for hazardous area, electrical connection data
- 3 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 4 Data Matrix code
- 5 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 6 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 7 CE mark and other approval marks
- 8 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev.Rev.) from the factory
- 9 Additional information in the case of special products
- 10 Permitted ambient temperature (T_a)
- 11 Information on the cable entry
- 12 Available inputs and outputs: supply voltage
- 13 Electrical connection data: supply voltage and supply power
- 14 Place of manufacture
- 15 Transmitter name
- 16 Order code
- 17 Serial number
- 18 Extended order code

Sensor nameplate



Example of sensor nameplate

- 1 Place of manufacture
- 2 Order code
- 3 Serial number (ser. no.)
- 4 Extended order code (ext. ord. cd.)
- 5 Flow; nominal diameter of the sensor; pressure rating; nominal pressure; system pressure; medium temperature range; material of liner and electrodes
- 6 Approval information for explosion protection, Pressure Equipment Directive and degree of protection
- 7 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 8 2-D matrix code
- 9 Manufacturing date: year-month
- 10 Flow direction
- 11 CE mark, C-Tick
- 12 Permitted ambient temperature (T_a)
- 13 Name of the sensor

X

Transport

Protective packaging

Protective covers or protective caps are fitted on the process connections to protect against damage and dirt.

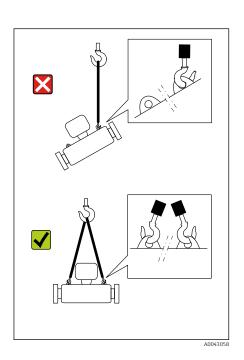
Transporting in the original packaging

NOTICE

Original packaging is missing!

Damage to the magnetic coil.

• Only lift and transport the device in the original packaging.



Transporting with lifting lugs

DANGER

A0043053

Potentially life-threatening hazard from suspended loads! The device could fall.

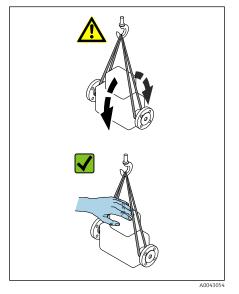
- Secure the device against slipping and turning.
- Do not move suspended loads over people.
- Do not move suspended loads over unprotected areas.

NOTICE

Lifting equipment incorrectly attached!

Lifting equipment attached on one side only can damage the device.

• Attach lifting equipment to both lifting lugs.

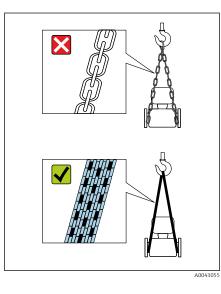


Transporting without lifting lugs

A DANGER

Potentially life-threatening hazard from suspended loads! The device could fall.

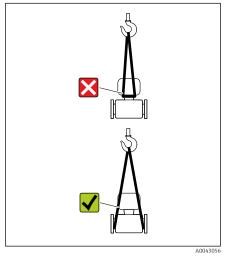
- Secure the device against slipping and turning.
- Do not move suspended loads over people.
- ► Do not move suspended loads over unprotected areas.



NOTICE

Incorrect lifting equipment can damage the device! The use of chains as hoists can damage the device.

• Use textile hoists.



NOTICE

Lifting equipment incorrectly attached!

Lifting equipment attached to unsuitable points can damage the device.

• Attach lifting equipment to both process connections of the device.

Checking the storage conditions

Are the protective covers or protection caps on the process connections?	
Is the device in the original packaging?	
Is the device protected against sunlight?	
Is it guaranteed that the device is not stored outdoors?	
Is the device stored in a dry and dust-free place?	
Does the storage temperature match the device ambient temperature specified on the nameplate?	
Is the possibility of moisture/condensation collecting on the device and original packaging as a result of variations in temperature ruled out?	

Recycling of packaging materials

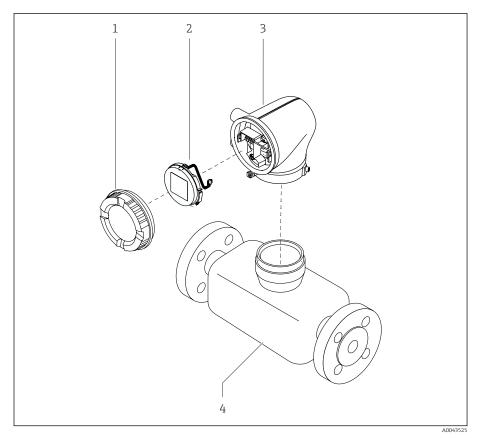
All packaging materials and packaging aids must be recycled as specified by national regulations.

- Stretch wrap: polymer in accordance with EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Crate: wood in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, confirmed by IPPC logo
- Cardboard box: in accordance with European Packaging Directive 94/62/EC, confirmed by Resy symbol
- Disposable pallet: plastic or wood
- Packaging straps: plastic
- Adhesive strips: plastic
- Padding: paper

Product design

Compact version

The transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.

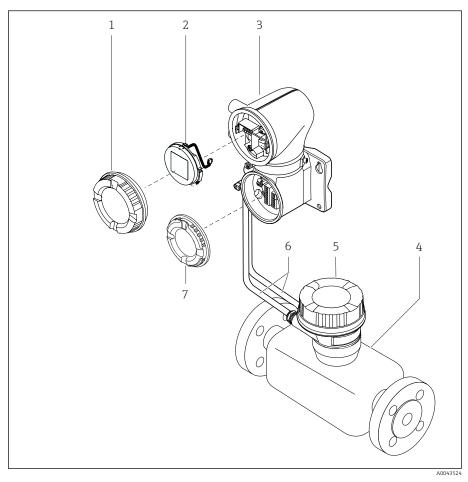


₽ 3 Main device components

- 1 Housing cover
- Display module Transmitter housing 2 3
- 4 Sensor

Remote version

The transmitter and sensor are installed in physically separate locations.



- € 4 Main device components
- 1 Housing cover
- 2
- Display module Transmitter housing 3
- 4 Sensor
- 5 Sensor connection housing
- 6 Connecting cable consisting of coil current cable and electrode cable
- 7 Connection compartment cover

Firmware history

List of firmware versions and changes since previous version

Firmware version 01.00.zz			
Release date	2021-07-01		
Version of the Operating Instructions	01.21		
Order code for "Firmware version"	Option 77		

Original firmware

Device history and compatibility

List of device models and changes since previous model

Device model A1		
Release	2021-07-01	-
Version of the Operating Instructions	01.21	
Compatibility with previous model	-	

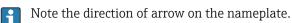
4 Installation

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Installation conditions

Flow direction

Install the device in the direction of flow.



Installation with inlet runs and outlet runs

Ensure straight, undisturbed inlet and outlet runs.

To avoid negative pressure and to comply with accuracy specifications, install the sensor upstream from assemblies that produce turbulence (e.g. valves, T-sections) and downstream from pumps \rightarrow *Installation near pumps*, \cong 29.

Keep a sufficient distance to the next pipe elbow.

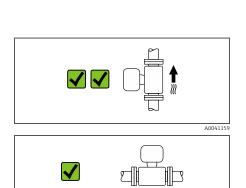
Orientations

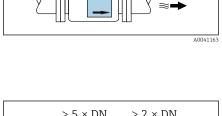
Vertical orientation, upward direction of flow For all applications.

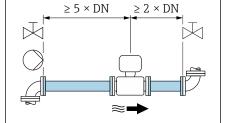
Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top

This orientation is suitable for the following applications:

- For low process temperatures in order to maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter.
- For empty pipe detection, even in the case of empty or partially filled measuring pipes.





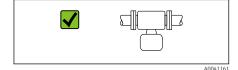


 $2 \times DN$

R

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X

Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom

This orientation is suitable for the following applications:

- For high process temperatures in order to maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter.
- To prevent the electronics from overheating in the event of strong heat formation (e.g. CIP or SIP cleaning process), install the measuring device with the transmitter part pointing downwards.

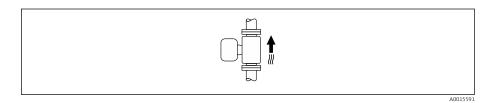
This orientation is not suitable for the following applications: If empty pipe detection is to be used.

Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side

This orientation is not suitable

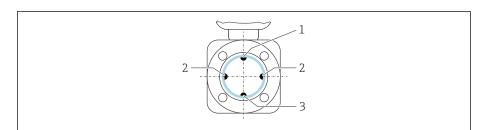
Vertical

Optimum for self-emptying pipe systems and for use in conjunction with empty pipe detection.



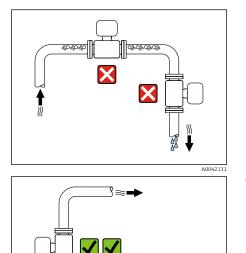
Horizontal

- Ideally, the measuring electrode plane should be horizontal. This prevents brief insulation of the measuring electrodes by entrained air bubbles.
- Empty pipe detection only works if the transmitter housing is pointing upwards as otherwise there is no guarantee that the empty pipe detection function will actually respond to a partially filled or empty measuring tube.



- 1 EPD electrode for empty pipe detection
- 2 Measuring electrodes for signal detection
- 3 Reference electrode for potential equalization
- Measuring devices with tantalum or platinum electrodes can be ordered without an EPD electrode. In this case, empty pipe detection is performed via the measuring electrodes.

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 \approx

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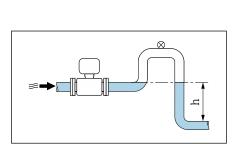
Mounting locations

- Do not install the device at the highest point of the pipe.
- Do not install the device upstream from a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

The device should ideally be installed in an ascending pipe.

Installation near control valves

Install the device in the direction of flow upstream from the control valve.



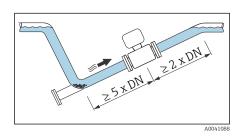
Installation upstream from a down pipe

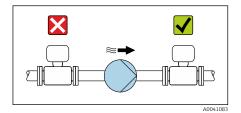
NOTICE

- Negative pressure in the measuring pipe can damage the liner!
- If installing upstream from down pipes with a length h ≥ 5 m (16.4 ft): install a siphon with a vent valve downstream from the device.
- This arrangement prevents the flow of liquid stopping in the pipe and air entrainment.

Installation with partially filled pipes

- Partially filled pipes with a gradient require a drain-type configuration.
- The installation of a cleaning valve is recommended.





Installation near pumps

NOTICE

- Negative pressure in the measuring pipe can damage the liner!
- ► Install the device in the direction of flow downstream from the pump.
- Install pulsation dampers if reciprocating, diaphragm or peristaltic pumps are used.
- Information on the liner's resistance to partial vacuum (Verweisziel existiert nicht, aber @y.link.required='true')
 - Information on the measuring system's resistance to vibration and shock \rightarrow *Vibration-resistance and shock-resistance*, \cong 107

Installation of very heavy devices

Support is required with nominal diameters of DN \ge 350 (14") and higher.

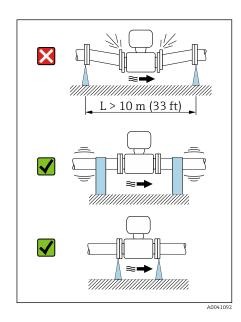
NOTICE

Damage to the device!

If incorrect support is provided, the sensor housing could buckle and the internal magnetic coils could be damaged.

A remote version is recommended in the event of strong pipe vibrations.

• Only provide supports at the pipe flanges.

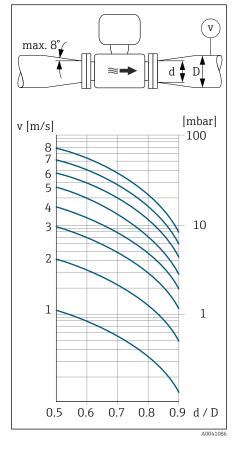


NOTICE

Pipe vibrations

Pipe vibrations can damage the device!

- Do not expose the device to strong vibrations.
- Support the pipe and fix it in place.
- Support the device and fix it in place.
- Mount the sensor and transmitter separately.



Adapters

Suitable adapters (double-flange reducers) can be used to install the sensor in larger-diameter pipes. The resulting higher rate of flow improves measuring accuracy with very slow-moving media.



The nomogram shown here can be used to calculate the pressure loss caused by reducers and expanders. It only applies to liquids with a viscosity similar to that of water.

- 1. Calculate the ratio of the diameters d/D.
- 2. Determine the flow velocity after the reduction.
- 3. From the chart, determine the pressure loss as a function of the flow velocity v and the d/D ratio.

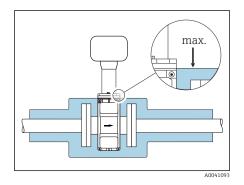
Seals

Note the following when installing seals:

- For "PFA" liner: no seal is required.
- For "PTFE" liner: no seal is required.
- For DIN flanges: only install seals according to DIN EN 1514-1.

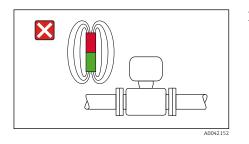
Thermal insulation

The sensor and pipe must be insulated in the event of very hot media. The insulation helps to slow energy loss and prevent injuries from accidental contact with hot pipes.



NOTICE

- If the meter electronics overheat this can damage the device!
- ► Keep the housing support completely free (heat dissipation).
- ▶ Provide insulation but make sure it does not go beyond the upper edge of the two sensor half-shells.

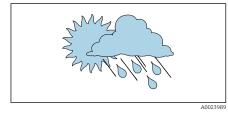


Magnetism and static electricity

Do not install the device near magnetic fields, e.g. motors, pumps, transformers.

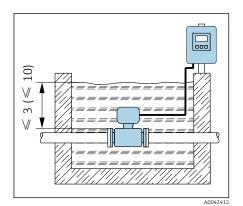
Outdoor use

- Avoid exposure to direct sunlight.
- Install in a location protected from sunlight.
- Avoid direct exposure to weather conditions.
- Use a weather protection cover \rightarrow *Transmitter*, \cong 156.



Immersion in water

Only the remote version with IP68, type 6P, is suitable for immersion in water.



NOTICE

If the maximum water depth and operating duration are exceeded, this will damage the device!

• Observe the maximum water depth and operating duration.

Order code for "Sensor option", options CB, CC

Use of device under water at a maximum water depth of:

- 3 m (10 ft): permanent use
- 10 m (30 ft): max. 48 hours

Order code for "Sensor option", option CQ "Temporarily water-proof" Temporary use of the device under non-corrosive water at a maximum water

depth of:

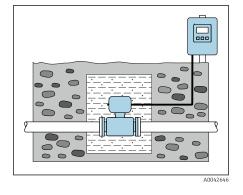
3 m (10 ft): max. 168 hours

Order code for "Sensor option", options CD, CE

- For the operation of the device under water and in saline water
- Operating duration at a maximum depth of:
 - 3 m (10 ft): permanent use
 - 10 m (30 ft): maximum 48 hours

Use in buried applications

Only the remote version with IP68 is suitable for use in buried applications.



Order code for "Sensor option", options CD, CE

The device can be used in buried applications without the need to implement additional precautionary measures on the device. Installation is performed according to regional installation regulations.

Device installation

Preparing the device

1. Remove the entire transportation packaging.

2. Remove protective covers or protective caps on the device.

Installing seals

WARNING

Improper process sealing can put staff at risk!

• Check whether the seals are clean and undamaged.

NOTICE

Incorrect installation can lead to incorrect measurement results!

- The internal diameter of the seal must be greater than or equal to that of the process connection and pipe.
- ▶ Fit the seals and measuring pipe centrically.
- Make sure that the seals do not protrude into the pipe cross-section.

NOTICE

Formation of an electrically conductive layer on the inside of the measuring pipe!

Measuring signal short circuit possible.

• Do not use electrically conductive sealing compounds such as graphite.

Installing the ground disks

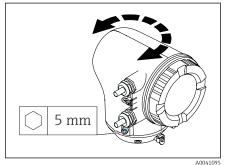
- In the case of plastic pipes or pipes with an insulating liner, grounding is via ground disks.
- Observe the information for the use of ground disks \rightarrow *Ensuring potential equalization*, \square 48.

Installing the sensor

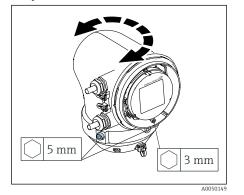
- **1.** Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.
- 2. If using ground disks, comply with the Installation Instructions provided.
- **3.** Observe tightening torques. Maximum or nominal screw tightening torques apply depending on the flange standard and flange size \rightarrow *Screw tightening torques,* **161**.
- 4. Install and turn the device or transmitter housing in such a way that the cable entries point down or to the side.

Turning the transmitter housing

Order code for "Housing", option "Aluminum"



Order code for "Housing", option "Polycarbonate"



1. Loosen the fixing screws on both sides of the transmitter housing.

2. NOTICE

A004419

Overrotation of the transmitter housing! Interior cables are damaged.

► Turn the transmitter housing a maximum of 180° in each direction.

Turn the transmitter housing to the desired position.

- 3. Tighten the screws in the logically reverse sequence.
- 1. Loosen the screw on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Loosen the grounding screw (below the display).
- 4. Loosen the fixing screws on both sides of the transmitter housing.

5. NOTICE

Overrotation of the transmitter housing!

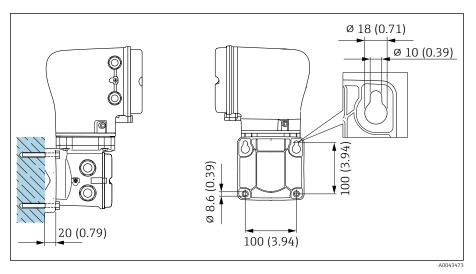
Interior cables are damaged.

• Turn the transmitter housing a maximum of 180° in each direction.

Turn the transmitter housing to the desired position.

6. Tighten the screws in the logically reverse sequence.

Mounting the transmitter on the wall



E 5 Engineering unit mm (in)

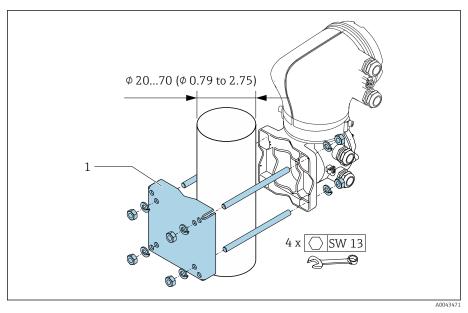
NOTICE

Ambient temperature too high!

If the electronics overheat this can damage the transmitter housing.

- Do not exceed the permissible temperature range for the ambient temperature.
- Use a weather protection cover \rightarrow *Transmitter*, 🖺 156.
- ► Mount the device correctly.

Mounting the transmitter on a post



■ 6 Engineering unit mm (in)

NOTICE

Ambient temperature too high!

If the electronics overheat this can damage the transmitter housing.

- Do not exceed the permissible temperature range for the ambient temperature.
- Use a weather protection cover \rightarrow *Transmitter*, 🖺 156.
- Mount the device correctly.

Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Does the device comply with the measuring point specifications?	
For example: Process temperature Process pressure Ambient temperature Measuring range	
Has the correct orientation been selected for the device?	
Does the direction of the arrow on the device match the flow direction of the medium?	
Is the device protected against precipitation and sunlight?	
Are the screws tightened with the correct tightening torque?	

5 Electrical connection

40
41
46
48
52
52
53

Connection conditions

Notes on the electrical connection

WARNING

Components carry voltage!

Incorrect work performed on the electrical connections can result in an electric shock.

- Have electrical connection work carried out by appropriately trained specialists only.
- ► Comply with applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- Comply with national and local workplace safety regulations.
- Establish the connections in the correct order: always make sure to first connect the protective earth (PE) to the inner ground terminal.
- ▶ When using in hazardous areas, observe the "Safety Instructions" document.
- Ground the device carefully and provide potential equalization.
- Connect protective earthing to all outer ground terminals.

Additional protective measures

The following protective measures are required:

- Set up a disconnecting device (switch or power-circuit breaker) to easily disconnect the device from the supply voltage.
- In addition to the device fuse, include an overcurrent protection unit, with max. 10 A, in the facility installation.
- Plastic sealing plugs act as safeguards during transportation and must be replaced by suitable, individually approved installation material.
- Connection examples: \rightarrow *Examples for electric terminals,* \blacksquare 167

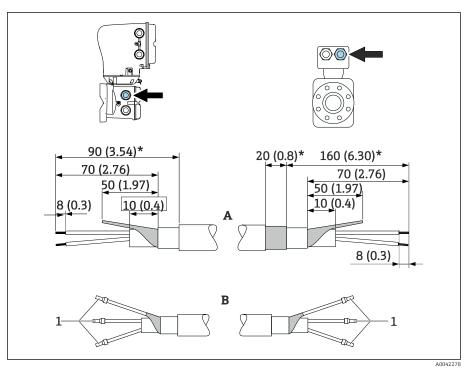
Connecting the cable shield

- To avoid power (mains) frequency equalizing currents over the cable shield, the potential equalization of the facility must be ensured. If potential equalization (equipotential bonding) of the facility is not possible, only connect the cable shield to the facility on one side. Shielding against electromagnetic interference is then only partially ensured.
- **1.** Keep stripped and twisted cable shields to the inner ground terminal as short as possible.
- 2. Shield cables fully.
- **3.** Connect the cable shield to the potential equalization of the facility on both sides.

Connecting cable connection

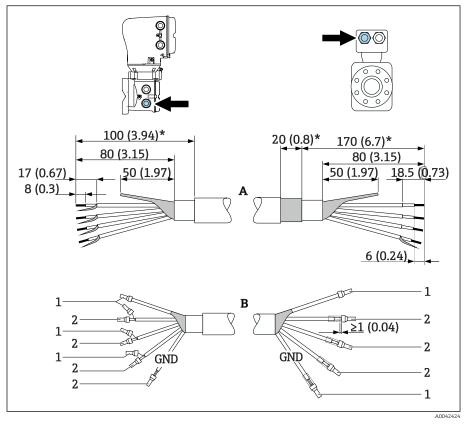
Preparing the connecting cable

Coil current cable



- 1 Ferrules, red \$\$1.0 mm (0.04 in)
- **1.** Insulate one core of the three-core cable at the level of the core reinforcement. Only 2 cores are required for the connection.
- 2. A: Terminate coil current cable, strip reinforced cables (*).
- 3. B: Fit ferrules over the strands and press in place.
- 4. Insulate the cable shield on the transmitter side, e.g. heat shrink tube.

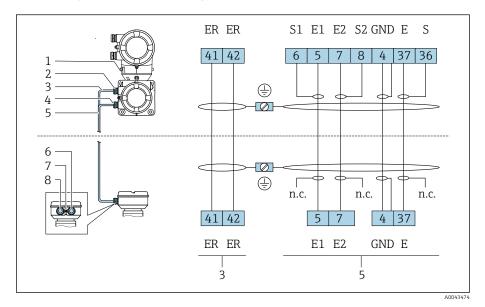
Electrode cable



- 1 Ferrules, red ϕ 1.0 mm (0.04 in)
- 2 Ferrules, white ϕ 0.5 mm (0.02 in)
- 1. Make sure that the ferrules do not touch the cable shields on the sensor side. Minimum distance = 1 mm (exception: green "GND" cable)
- 2. A: Terminate electrode cable, strip reinforced cables (*).
- 3. B: Fit ferrules over the strands and press in place.
- 4. Insulate the cable shield on the transmitter side, e.g. heat shrink tube.

Connecting the connecting cable

Connecting cable terminal assignment



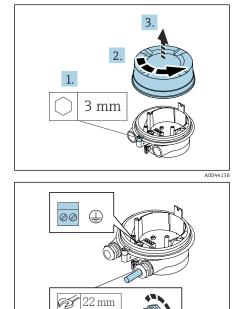
- 1 Ground terminal, outer
- 2 Transmitter housing: cable entry for coil current cable
- 3 Coil current cable
- 4 Transmitter housing: cable entry for electrode cable
- 5 Electrode cable
- 6 Sensor connection housing: cable entry for electrode cable
- 7 Ground terminal, outer
- 8 Sensor connection housing: cable entry for coil current cable

Wiring the sensor connection housing

NOTICE

Incorrect wiring can damage the electronic components!

- Only connect sensors and transmitters with identical serial numbers.
- Connect the sensor connection housing and the transmitter housing to the potential equalization of the facility via the outer ground terminal.
- Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential.



 $24\,\mathrm{mm}$



A004413

If the sealing ring is missing, the housing is not sealed tight! Damage to the device.

2. Open the connection compartment cover counterclockwise.

• Do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.

1. Loosen the Allen key of the securing clamp.

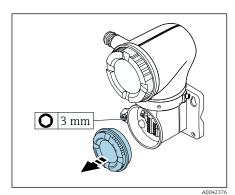
- **3.** Feed the coil current cable and electrode cable through the corresponding cable entry.
- 4. Adjust the cable lengths.
- 5. Connect the cable shield to the inner ground terminal.
- 6. Strip the cable and cable ends.
- 7. Fit ferrules over the strands and press in place.
- 8. Connect the coil current cable and the electrode cable as per the terminal assignment.
- 9. Tighten the cable glands.
- **10.** Close the connection compartment cover.
- **11.** Fasten the securing clamp.

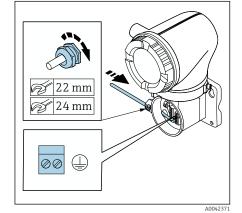
Wiring the transmitter housing

NOTICE

Incorrect wiring can damage the electronic components!

- Only connect sensors and transmitters with identical serial numbers.
- Connect the sensor connection housing and the transmitter housing to the potential equalization of the facility via the outer ground terminal.
- Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential.





- 1. Loosen the Allen key of the securing clamp.
- 2. Open the connection compartment cover counterclockwise.

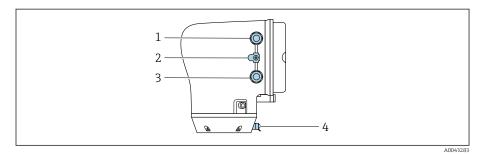
NOTICE

If the sealing ring is missing, the housing is not sealed tight! Damage to the device.

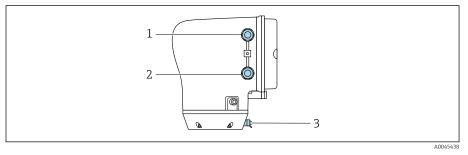
- Do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- **3.** Feed the coil current cable and electrode cable through the corresponding cable entry.
- 4. Adjust the cable lengths.
- 5. Connect the cable shields to the inner ground terminal.
- 6. Strip the cable and cable ends.
- 7. Fit ferrules over the strands and press in place.
- 8. Connect the coil current cable and the electrode cable as per the terminal assignment.
- 9. Tighten the cable glands.
- **10.** Close the connection compartment cover.
- **11.** Fasten the securing clamp.

Connecting the transmitter

Transmitter terminal connections



- 1 Cable entry for power supply cable: supply voltage
- 2 Outer ground terminal: on transmitters made of polycarbonate with a metal pipe adapter
- 3 Cable entry for signal cable
- 4 Outer ground terminal



- 1 Cable entry for power supply cable: supply voltage
- 2 Cable entry for signal cable
- 3 Outer ground terminal

Terminal assignment

The terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label.

The following terminal assignment is available:

Modbus RS485 and current output 4 to 20 mA (active)

Supply	voltage	Output 1		Output 2			
1 (+)	2 (-)	26 (+)	27 (-)	24 (+)	25 (-)	22 (B)	23 (A)
Ľ/+	N/-	Current output 4 to 20 mA (active)		-	_	Modbus	s RS485

Modbus RS485 and current output 4 to 20 mA (passive)

Supply	voltage	Output 1				Output 2	
1 (+)	2 (-)	26 (+)	27 (-)	24 (+)	25 (–)	22 (B)	23 (A)
Ľ/+	N/-	-		Current 4 to 20 mA	-	Modbus	s RS485

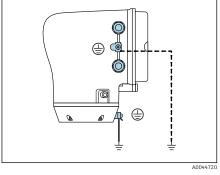
Wiring the transmitter

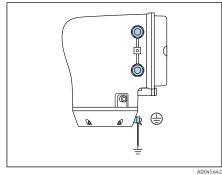
- Use a suitable cable gland for the power supply cable and signal cable. -
 - Pay attention to the requirements for the power supply cable and signal $cable \rightarrow Requirements$ for connecting cable, 🖺 102.
 - Use shielded cables for digital communication.

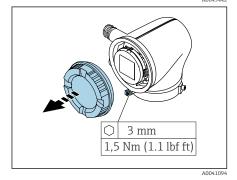
NOTICE

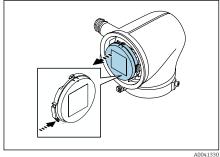
If the cable gland is incorrect, this compromises the sealing of the housing! Damage to the device.

- ▶ Use a suitable cable gland corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Ground the device carefully and provide potential equalization.
- 2. Connect protective earthing to the outer ground terminals.



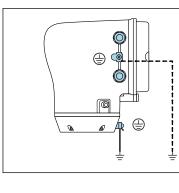


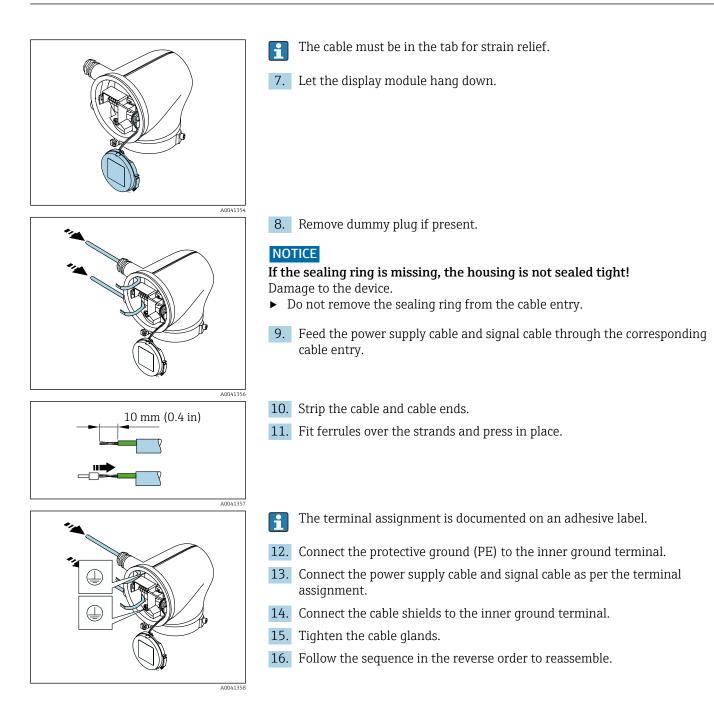




- 3. Loosen the Allen key of the securing clamp.
- 4. Open the housing cover counterclockwise.

- 5. Press the tab of the display module holder.
- 6. Remove the display module from the display module holder.





Ensuring potential equalization

Introduction

Correct potential equalization (equipotential bonding) is a prerequisite for stable and reliable flow measurement. Inadequate or incorrect potential equalization can result in device failure and present a safety hazard.

The following requirements must be observed to ensure correct, trouble-free measurement:

- The principle that the medium, the sensor and the transmitter must be at the same electrical potential applies.
- Take in-company grounding guidelines, materials and the grounding conditions and potential conditions of the pipe into consideration.
- The necessary potential equalization connections must be established using a ground cable with a minimum cross-section of 6 mm² (0.0093 in²). Also use a cable lug.
- In the case of remote device versions, the ground terminal in the example always refers to the sensor and not to the transmitter.

Accessories such as ground cables and ground disks can be ordered from Endress+Hauser→ *Device-specific accessories,*

156

For devices intended for use in hazardous areas, observe the instructions in the Ex documentation (XA).

Abbreviations used

- PE (Protective Earth): potential at the potential equalization terminals of the device
- P_P (Potential Pipe): potential of the pipe, measured at the flanges
- P_M (Potential Medium): potential of the medium

Connection examples for standard situations

Unlined and grounded metal pipe

- Potential equalization is via the measuring pipe.
- The medium is set to ground potential.

Starting conditions:

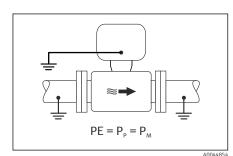
- Pipes are correctly grounded on both sides.
- Pipes are conductive and at the same electrical potential as the medium
- Connect the connection housing of the transmitter or sensor to ground potential via the ground terminal provided for this purpose.

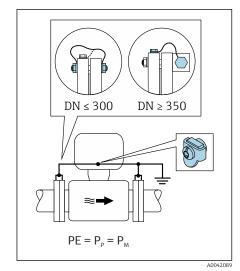
Unlined metal pipe

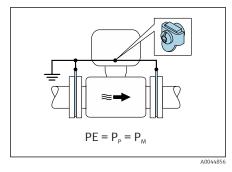
- Potential equalization is via the ground terminal and pipe flanges.
- The medium is set to ground potential.

Starting conditions:

- Pipes are not sufficiently grounded.
- Pipes are conductive and at the same electrical potential as the medium
- **1.** Connect both sensor flanges to the pipe flange via a ground cable and ground them.
- 2. Connect the connection housing of the transmitter or sensor to ground potential via the ground terminal provided for this purpose.
- 3. For $DN \le 300$ (12"): Mount the ground cable directly on the conductive flange coating of the sensor with the flange screws.
- 4. For DN ≥ 350 (14"): Mount the ground cable directly on the metal transport bracket. Observe the screw tightening torques: see the Brief Operating Instructions for the sensor.







Plastic pipe or pipe with insulating liner

- Potential equalization is via the ground terminal and ground disks.
- The medium is set to ground potential.

Starting conditions:

- The pipe has an insulating effect.
- Low-impedance medium grounding close to the sensor is not guaranteed.
- Equalizing currents through the medium cannot be ruled out.
- **1.** Connect the ground disks via the ground cable to the ground terminal of the connection housing of the transmitter or sensor.
- 2. Connect the connection to ground potential.

Connection example with the potential of medium not equal to potential equalization connection without the "Floating measurement" option

In these cases, the medium potential can differ from the potential of the device.

Metal, ungrounded pipe

The sensor and transmitter are installed in a way that provides electrical insulation from PE, e.g. applications for electrolytic processes or systems with cathodic protection.

Starting conditions:

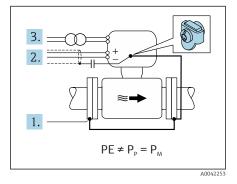
- Unlined metal pipe
- Pipes with an electrically conductive liner
- 1. Connect the pipe flanges and transmitter via the ground cable.
- 2. Route the shielding of the signal lines via a capacitor (recommended value 1.5μ F/50V).
- 3. Device connected to power supply such that it is floating in relation to the potential equalization connection (isolation transformer). This measure is not required in the case of 24V DC supply voltage without PE (= SELV power unit).

Connection examples with the potential of medium not equal to potential equalization connection with the "Floating measurement" option

In these cases, the medium potential can differ from the potential of the device.

Introduction

The "Floating measurement" option enables the galvanic isolation of the measuring system from the device potential. This minimizes harmful equalizing currents caused by differences in potential between the medium and the device.



The "Floating measurement" option is optionally available: order code for "Sensor option", option CV

Operating conditions for the use of the "Floating measurement" option

Device version	Compact version and remote version (length of connecting cable \leq 10 m)
Differences in voltage between medium potential and device potential	As small as possible, usually in the mV range
Alternating voltage frequencies in the medium or at ground potential (PE)	Below typical power line frequency in the country

To achieve the specified conductivity measuring accuracy, a conductivity calibration is recommended when the device is installed.

A full pipe adjustment is recommended when the device is installed.

Plastic pipe

Sensor and transmitter are correctly grounded. A difference in potential can occur between the medium and potential equalization connection. Potential equalization between P_M and PE via the reference electrode is minimized with the "Floating measurement" option.

Starting conditions:

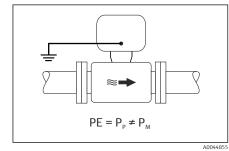
- The pipe has an insulating effect.
- Equalizing currents through the medium cannot be ruled out.
- 1. Use the "Floating measurement" option, while also observing the operating conditions for floating measurement.
- 2. Connect the connection housing of the transmitter or sensor to ground potential via the ground terminal provided for this purpose.

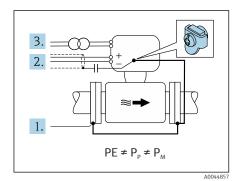
Metal, ungrounded pipe with insulating liner

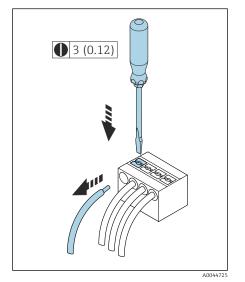
The sensor and transmitter are installed in a way that provides electrical insulation from PE. The medium and pipe have different potentials. The "Floating measurement" option minimizes harmful equalizing currents between P_M and P_P via the reference electrode.

Starting conditions:

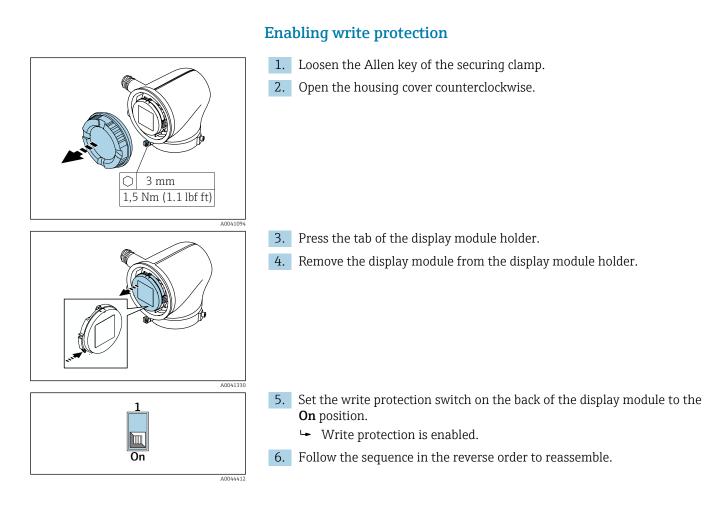
- Metal pipe with insulating liner
- Equalizing currents through the medium cannot be ruled out.
- 1. Connect the pipe flanges and transmitter via the ground cable.
- 2. Route the shielding of the signal cables via a capacitor (recommended value 1.5μ F/50V).
- **3.** Device connected to power supply such that it is floating in relation to the potential equalization connection (isolation transformer). This measure is not required in the case of 24V DC supply voltage without PE (= SELV power unit).
- 4. Use the "Floating measurement" option, while also observing the operating conditions for floating measurement.







Engineering unit mm (in)



Hardware settings

Removing a cable

- **1.** Use a flat-blade screwdriver to press down on the slot between the two terminal holes and hold.
- 2. Remove the cable end from the terminal.

Post-connection check

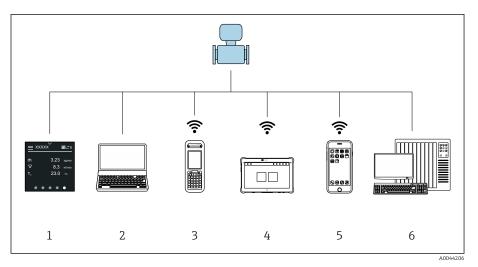
Only for remote version: Is the serial number on the nameplates of the connected sensor and transmitter identical?	
Is the potential equalization established correctly?	
Is the protective earthing established correctly?	
Are the device and cable undamaged (visual check)?	
Do the cables meet the requirements?	
Is the terminal assignment correct?	
Are all the cable glands installed, firmly tightened and leak-tight?	
Are dummy plugs inserted in unused cable entries?	
Are transportation plugs replaced by dummy plugs?	
Are the housing screws and housing cover tightened?	
Do the cables loop down before the cable gland ("water trap")?	
A0042316	

Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate?

6 Operation

Overview of the operating options	56
Local operation	56
SmartBlue app	61

Overview of the operating options

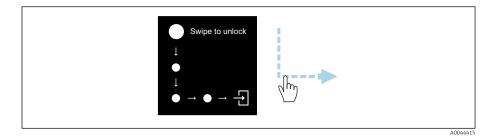


- 1 Local operation via touch screen
- 2 Computer with operating tool, e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM
- 3 Field Xpert SFX350 or SFX370 via Bluetooth, e.g. SmartBlue App
- 4 Field Xpert SMT70 via Bluetooth, e.g. SmartBlue App
- 5 Tablet or smartphone via Bluetooth, e.g. SmartBlue App
- 6 Automation system, e.g. PLC

Local operation

Unlocking local operation

Local operation must first be unlocked before the device can be operated via the touch screen. To unlock, draw the pattern "L" on the touch screen.



Navigation



Тар

- Open menus.
- Select items in a list.
- Acknowledge buttons.
- Enter characters.



Swipe horizontally

Display next or previous page.



Swipe vertically

Display additional points in a list.

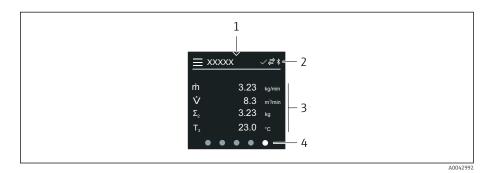
Operational display

During routine operation, the local display shows the operational display screen. The operational display consists of several windows which the user can toggle between.



The operational display can be customized: see the description of parameters \rightarrow *Main menu*, \cong 58.

Operational display and navigation



- 1 Quick access
- 2 Status symbols, communication symbols and diagnostic symbols
- 3 Measured values
- 4 Rotating page display



Тар

- Open the main menu.
- Open quick access.



Swipe horizontally

Display next or previous page.

Symbols

- Open the main menu.
- ✓ Quick access
- A Locking status
- **Bluetooth** is active.
- \blacktriangleright Device communication is enabled.
- 𝐨 Status signal: function check
- Status signal: maintenance required
- A Status signal: out of specification
- 🗴 Status signal: failure
- Status signal: diagnostics active.

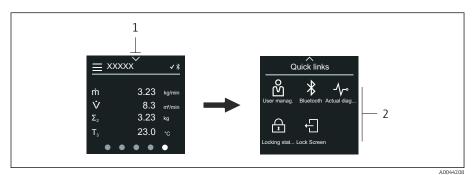
Quick access

The Quick access menu contains a selection of specific device functions.



Quick access is indicated by a triangle at the top of the local display in the middle.

Quick access and navigation



- 1 Quick access
- 2 Quick access with specific device functions



Тар

Back to operational display.

• Open specific device functions.

Symbols

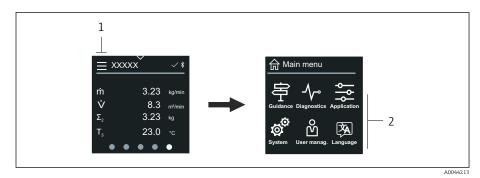
When a symbol is tapped, the local display shows the menu with the corresponding specific device functions.

- * Enable or disable Bluetooth.
- සnter access code.
- \bigcirc Write protection is enabled.
- \times Back to operational display.

Main menu

The main menu contains all the menus required for the commissioning, configuration and operation of the device.

Main menu and navigation



1 Open the main menu.

2 Open menus for the specific device functions.



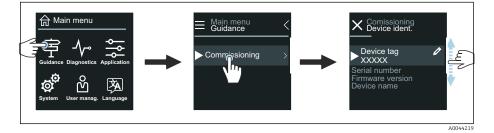
Тар

- Back to operational display.
- Open menus.

Symbols

- 命 Back to operational display.
- 寄 Guidance menu Configuration of the device
- ✓ Diagnostics menu Troubleshooting and control of device behavior
- Application menu Application-specific adjustments
- System menu
 Device management and user administration
- Set display language.

Submenus and navigation





Тар

- Open the main menu.
- Open submenus or parameters.
- Select options.
- Skip items in list.



Swipe vertically

Select items in a list on a step-by-step basis.

Symbols

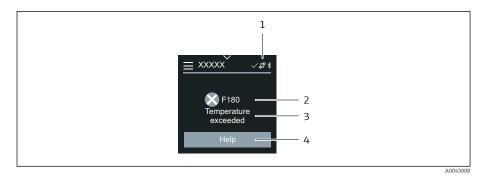
- < Return to previous menu.
- Skip to bottom of list.
- \bigcirc Skip to top of list.

Diagnostic information

Diagnostic information displays additional instructions or background information for diagnostic events.

Opening the diagnostic message

The diagnostic behavior is indicated on the top right of the local display by a diagnostics symbol. Tap the symbol or the "Help" button to open the diagnostic message.

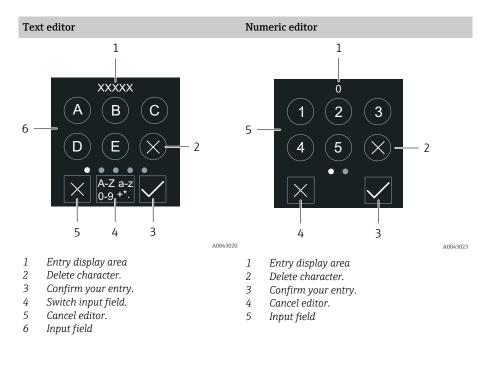


- 1 Device status
- 2 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 3 Short text
- 4 Open the troubleshooting measures.

Editing view

Editor and navigation

The text editor is used to enter characters.



Ĩm

Тар

- Enter characters.
- Select next character set.



Swipe horizontally

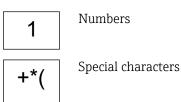
Display next or previous page.

Input field



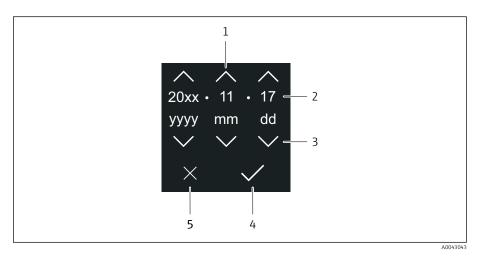
Lower case

Upper case



Date

The device has a real-time clock for all log functions. The time can be configured here.



- 1 Increase date by 1.
- 2 Actual value
- 3 Decrease date by 1.
- 4 *Confirm settings*.
- 5 Cancel editor.



Тар

- Make settings.
- Confirm settings.
- Cancel editor.

SmartBlue app

The device has a Bluetooth interface and can be operated and configured using the SmartBlue App. The SmartBlue App must be downloaded onto a terminal device for this purpose. Any terminal device can be used.

- The range is 20 m (65.6 ft) under reference conditions.
- Incorrect operation by unauthorized persons is prevented by means of encrypted communication and password encryption.
- Bluetooth can be disabled.

Download	Endress+Hauser SmartBlue App:
	Google Playstore (Android)iTunes Apple Shop (iOS devices)
	ANDROID APP ON Google Play Download on the App Store
Supported functions	 Configuration of the device Access to measured values, device status and diagnostic information

Downloading the SmartBlue app:

1. Install and start the SmartBlue app.

- A Live List shows all the devices available. The list displays the devices with the configured tag name. The default setting of the device tag is EH_**BB_XXYYZZ (XXYYZZ = the first 6 characters of the device serial number).
- 2. For Android devices, activate GPS positioning (not necessary for devices with IOS)
- 3. Select the device from the Live List.
 - └ The Login dialog box opens.
- For energy-saving reasons, if the device is not powered by a power unit, it is only visible in the live list for 10 seconds every minute.
 - The device appears immediately in the live list if the local display is touched for 5 seconds.
 - The device with the highest signal strength appears at the very top of the live list.

Logging in:

- 4. Enter the user name: admin
- 5. Enter the initial password: serial number of the device.
 - ↓ When you log in for the first time, a message is displayed advising you to change the password.

6. Confirm your entry.

- └ The main menu opens.
- 7. Optional: Change Bluetooth[®] password: System \rightarrow Connectivity \rightarrow Bluetooth configuration \rightarrow Change Bluetooth password
- Forgotten your password: contact Endress+Hauser Service.

Performing a firmware update via the SmartBlue app

The flash file must be uploaded to the desired terminal (e.g. smartphone) beforehand.

- 1. In the SmartBlue app: open system.
- 2. Open the software configuration.

3. Open the firmware update.

└ The wizard now guides you through the firmware update.

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7 System integration

Device description files Modbus RS485 information

Device description files

Version data

Firmware version		 On the title page of the Operating instructions On the transmitter nameplate → <i>Transmitter nameplate</i>, 17 System → Information → Device → Firmware version
Release date of firmware version	04.2021	-

Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be obtained.

Operating tools via service interface (CDI) or Modbus interface	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	 www.endress.com → Downloads CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)
DeviceCare	 www.endress.com → Downloads CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)

Modbus RS485 information

Function codes

The function code determines which read or write actions should be performed via the Modbus protocol.

Code	Name	Description	Application
03	Read holding register	Modbus master reads 1 Modbus register from the device. A maximum of 125 consecutive Modbus registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 Modbus register = 2 bytes Function codes 03 and 04 produce the same result.	Read parameters with read access and write access Example: Read volume flow
04	Read input register	Modbus master reads 1 Modbus register from the device. A maximum of 125 consecutive Modbus registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 Modbus register = 2 bytes Function codes 03 and 04 produce the same result.	Read parameters with read access Example: Read totalizer value
06	Write single registers	Modbus Master writes 1 new value to 1 Modbus register of the device. Function code 16 can be used to write to multiple registers with 1 telegram.	Write only 1 parameter Example: reset the totalizer
08	Diagnostics	Modbus master checks the communication with the device. The following "Diagnostics codes" are supported: • Sub-function 00 = Return query data (loopback test) • Sub-function 02 = Return diagnostics register	

Code	Name	Description	Application
16	Write multiple registers	Modbus master writes 1 new value to multiple Modbus registers of the device. A maximum of 120 consecutive Modbus registers can be written with 1 telegram. If the required device parameters are not available as a group, but must be addressed with a single telegram, use the Modbus data map .	Write multiple parameters
23	Read/Write multiple registers	Modbus master reads and writes a maximum of 118 Modbus registers of the device simultaneously with 1 telegram. Write access is executed before read access.	Read and write multiple parameters Example: • Read mass flow • Reset the totalizer

Broadcast messages are allowed with function codes 06, 16 and 23.

Modbus register information

Overview of parameters with the Modbus register information: Description of Parameters $\rightarrow \square 6$.

Response time

Response time of the device to the telegram of the Modbus master: typically 3 to 5 ms.

Data types

FLOAT	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
Floating point numbers IEEE 754Data length = 4 bytes (2 registers)	SEEEEEE	ЕММММММ	МММММММ	МММММММ
	S = sign, E = exponent, M = mantissa			

INTEGER	Byte 1	Byte 0
Data length = 2 bytes (1 register)	Most significant byte (MSB)	Least significant byte (LSB)

STRING	Byte 17	Byte 16	 Byte 1	Byte 0
 Data length = depends on parameter Example of a parameter with a data length = 18 bytes (9 registers) 	Most significant byte (MSB)			Least significant byte (LSB)

Byte sequence

Byte addressing (the byte sequence) is not specified in the Modbus specification. During commissioning, it is necessary to configure the addressing between the master and slave with the **"Byte order" parameter**.

The bytes are transmitted depending on the selection in the **"Byte order"** parameter.

FLOAT	Selection	Byte sequence			
		1.	2.	3.	4.
	1 - 0 - 3 - 2 *	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)
	0 - 1 - 2 - 3	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)
	2 - 3 - 0 - 1	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)	Byte 3 (SEEEEEE)	Byte 0 (MMMMMMM)	Byte 1 (MMMMMMM)
	3 - 2 - 1 - 0	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)
	* = factory setting, S = sign, E = exponent, M = mantissa				

INTEGER Selection Byte sequence 2. 1. **1 - 0 -** 3 - 2 * Byte 1 Byte 0 3 - 2 - **1** - **0** (MSB) (LSB) 0 - 1 - 2 - 3Bvte 0 Bvte 1 2 - 3 - **0** - **1** (LSB) (MSB)

* = factory setting, MSB = most significant byte, LSB = least significant byte

STRING	Selection	Byte sequence				
		1.	2.		17.	18.
Example of a parameter with a data length = 18 bytes (9 registers)	1 - 0 - 3 - 2 * 3 - 2 - 1 - 0	Byte 17 (MSB)	Byte 16		Byte 1	Byte 0 (LSB)
	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 2 - 3 - 0 - 1	Byte 16	Byte 17 (MSB)		Byte 0 (LSB)	Byte 1

* = factory setting, MSB = most significant byte, LSB = least significant byte

Modbus data map

Function of the Modbus data map

The device offers a special memory area, the Modbus data map (for a maximum of 16 parameters), so that the calling of parameters via Modbus RS485 is no longer limited to individual parameters or a group of consecutive parameters.

Parameters can be grouped flexibly. The Modbus master can read and write to the entire data block via a single telegram.

Structure of the Modbus data map

The Modbus data map consists of two data sets:

- Scan list: Configuration area The parameters to be grouped are defined in a scan list by entering their Modbus register addresses in the scan list.
- Data area

The device cyclically reads out the Modbus register addresses entered in the scan list and writes the associated values for the parameters to the data area.

Overview of parameters with the Modbus register information: Description of Parameters $\rightarrow \cong 6$.

Scan list configuration

For configuration, the Modbus register addresses of the parameters to be grouped must be entered in the scan list. Please note the following basic requirements of the scan list:

Max. entries
Supported parameters

Configuration of the scan list via the local display or the SmartBlue App

The scan list is configured with FieldCare or DeviceCare via the **Scan list register 0 to 15** parameter.

Navigation

Application \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Modbus data map \rightarrow Scan list register 0 to 15

No.	Configuration register
0	Scan list register 0
15	Scan list register 15

Configuration of the scan list via Modbus RS485

The scan list is configured via Modbus register addresses 5001 to 5016

No.	Modbus register address	Data type	Configuration register
0	5001	Integer	Scan list register 0
		Integer	
15	5016	Integer	Scan list register 15

Reading out data via Modbus RS485

- Values for the parameters have been defined in the scan list.
- To read out the values, the Modbus master accesses the data area of the Modbus data map.
- Modbus master access to the data area via Modbus register addresses 5051 to 5081.

Data area						
Parameter value	Modbus register addresses		Data type 1)	Access ²⁾		
	Start register	End register (Float only)				
Value of scan list register 0	5051	5052	Integer/float	Read/write		
Value of scan list register 1	5053	5054	Integer/float	Read/write		
Value of scan list register						
Value of scan list register 15	5081	5082	Integer/float	Read/write		

1) The data type depends on the parameter entered in the scan list.

2) The data access depends on the parameter entered in the scan list. If the parameter entered supports read access and write access, the parameter can be accessed via the data area.

8 Commissioning

Post-installation check and post-connection check	70
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Post-installation check and post-connection check

Before commissioning the device, make sure that the post-installation and postconnection checks have been performed:

- Post-installation check \rightarrow *Post-installation check*, 🗎 37
- Post-connection check \rightarrow Post-connection check, 🗎 53

IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

Device-specific IT security

Access via Bluetooth

Secure signal transmission via Bluetooth uses an encryption method tested by the Fraunhofer Institute.

- Without the SmartBlue App, the device is not visible via Bluetooth.
- Only one point-to-point connection is established between the device and a smartphone or tablet.

Access via the SmartBlue app

Two access levels (user roles) are defined for the device: the **Operator** user role and the **Maintenance** user role. The **Maintenance** user role is configured when the device leaves the factory.

If a user-specific access code is not defined (in the Enter access code parameter), the default setting **0000** continues to apply and the **Maintenance** user role is automatically enabled. The device's configuration data are not write-protected and can be edited at all times.

If a user-specific access code has been defined (in the Enter access code parameter), all the parameters are write-protected. The device is accessed with the **Operator** user role. When the user-specific access code is entered a second time, the **Maintenance** user role is enabled. All parameters can be written to.



Protecting access via a password

There are a variety of ways to protect against write access to the device parameters:

- User-specific access code:
- Protect write access to the device parameters via all the interfaces.
- Bluetooth key:

The password protects access and the connection between an operating unit, e.g. a smartphone or tablet, and the device via the Bluetooth interface.

General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and Bluetooth key that are valid when the device is delivered must be redefined during commissioning.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code and Bluetooth key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and Bluetooth key.

Write protection switch

The entire operating menu can be locked via the write protection switch. The values of the parameters cannot be changed. Write protection is disabled when the device leaves the factory.

Access authorization with write protection:

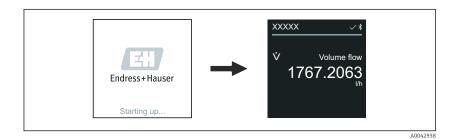
- Disabled: write access to the parameters
- Enabled: read-only access to the parameters

Write protection is enabled with the write protection switch on the back of the display module \rightarrow *Hardware settings*, \cong 52.

The local display indicates that write protection is enabled on the top right of the display: (2).

Switching on the device

- Switch on the supply voltage for the device.
 - └ The local display switches from the start screen to the operational display.



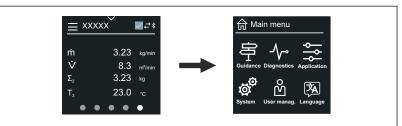
If device startup is not successful, the device displays an error message to this effect \rightarrow *Diagnostics and troubleshooting*, \cong 78.

Commissioning the device

Local operation

P Detailed information on local operation: \rightarrow Operation, \cong 56

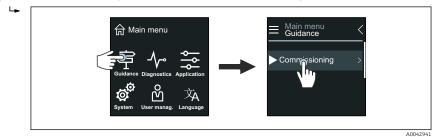
1. Via the "Menu" symbol, open the main menu.



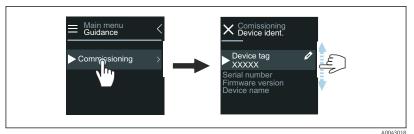
2. Via the "Language" symbol, select the desired language.



3. Via the "Guidance" symbol, open the **Commissioning** wizard.



4. Start the **Commissioning** wizard.



5. Follow the instructions on the local display.

└ The **Commissioning** wizard goes through all the device parameters that are necessary to commission the device.



For detailed information, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document pertaining to the device.

SmartBlue App

Information on the SmartBlue App \rightarrow SmartBlue app, \cong 61.

Connecting the SmartBlue App to the device

- **1.** Enable Bluetooth on the mobile handheld terminal, tablet or smartphone.
- 2. Start the SmartBlue App.
 - ← A Live List shows all the devices available.
- 3. Select the desired device.
 - └ The SmartBlue App shows the device login.
- 4. Under user name, enter **admin**.
- 5. Under password, enter the device's serial number. Serial number: \rightarrow *Transmitter nameplate*, \cong 17.
- 6. Confirm your entries.
 - └ The SmartBlue App connects to the device and displays the main menu.

Opening the "Commissioning" wizard

- 1. Via the **Guidance** menu, open the **Commissioning** wizard.
- 2. Follow the instructions on the local display.
 - └ The Commissioning wizard goes through all the device parameters that are necessary to commission the device.

9 Operation

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Reading the device locking status

Indicates the write protection with the highest priority that is currently active.

Navigation

"System" menu \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow Locking status

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Locking status	Indicates the write protection with the highest priority that is currently active.	Hardware lockedTemporarily locked

HistoROM data management

The device features HistoROM data management. Device data and process data can be saved, imported and exported with the HistoROM data management function, making operation and servicing far more reliable, secure and efficient.

Data backup

Automatic

The most important device data, e.g. the transmitter and sensor, are automatically saved in the S+T-DAT.

When the sensor is replaced, the customer-specific sensor data is adopted in the device. The device goes into operation immediately without any problems.

Manuell

The transmitter data (customer settings) must be saved manually.

Storage concept

	HistoROM backup	S+T-DAT
Available data	Event logbook, e.g. diagnostic eventsParameter data record backup	 Sensor data, e.g. nominal diameter Serial number Calibration data Configuration of the device, e.g. software options
Storage location	On the sensor electronics module (ISEM)	In the sensor connector in the sensor neck

Data transfer

A parameter configuration can be transferred to another device using the export function of the operating tool. The parameter configuration can be duplicated or saved in an archive.

10 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

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Device reset	88

General troubleshooting

Local display

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Local display dark, no output signals	Supply voltage does not match that specified on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage.
	The polarity of the supply voltage is wrong.	Correct the polarity.
	No contact between cables and terminals.	Check contact of cables.Connect the cables to the terminals again.
	Terminals are not plugged into the electronics module correctly.	Check the terminals.Plug the terminals into the electronics module again.
	Electronics module is defective.	Order the appropriate spare part.
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range.	Incorrect contrast setting of local display.	Adjust the contrast of the local display to ambient conditions.
	Cable connector for the local display is not correctly connected.	Plug in the cable connector correctly.
	Local display is defective.	Order the appropriate spare part.
Display alternates between error message and operational display	Diagnostic event has occurred.	Carry out appropriate troubleshooting measures.
Local display shows text in a foreign, incomprehensible language.	A foreign language is set.	Set the language of the local display.

Only for remote version

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Local display displays an error, no output signals	Cable connectors between the electronics module and local display are not plugged in correctly.	Plug in the cable connector correctly.
	Electrode cable and coil current cable are not plugged in correctly.	Plug in the electrode cable and coil current cable correctly.

Output signal

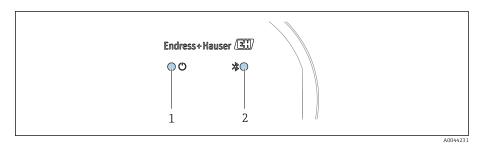
Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Signal output is outside the valid current range (< 3.5 mA or > 23 mA).	Electronics module is defective.	Order the appropriate spare part.
Local display shows the correct value, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Configuration error	Check parameter configuration.Correct parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	 Configuration error The device is being operated outside the application range. 	Check parameter configuration.Correct parameter configuration.Observe limit values indicated.
No signal at frequency output	Device uses passive frequency output.	Wire the device correctly as described in the Operating Instructions .

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Not possible to write-access the parameter.	Write protection is enabled.	Set the write protection switch on the local display to the Off position.
	Current user role has limited access authorization.	 Check user role. Enter correct customer-specific access code.
Modbus communication is not possible.	Modbus RS485 bus cable is connected incorrectly.	Check the terminal assignment.
	Modbus RS485 cable is incorrectly terminated.	Check terminating resistor .
	Settings for the communication interface are incorrect.	Check the Modbus RS485 configuration.
Device communication is not possible.	Data transfer is active.	Wait until the data transfer or the current action is finished.
SmartBlue App does not show the device in the live list.	 Bluetooth is disabled on the device. Bluetooth is disabled on the smartphone or tablet. 	1. Check whether the Bluetooth symbol appears on the local display.
		2. Enable Bluetooth on the device.
		3. Enable Bluetooth on the smartphone or tablet.
Device cannot be operated with the SmartBlue App.	 Bluetooth connection is not available. 	1. Check whether other devices are connected to the SmartBlue App.
	 The device is already connected to another smartphone or tablet. 	2. Disconnect any other device connected to the SmartBlue App.
	 Incorrect password entered. 	1. Enter correct password.
	 Password forgotten. 	2. Contact Endress+Hauser service organization.
Login with user data is not possible with the SmartBlue App.	Device in operation for the first time.	1. Enter the initial password (serial number of the device).
		2. Change the initial password.

Access and communication

Diagnostic information via LED

Only for devices with the order code for "Display; operation", option H



1 Device status

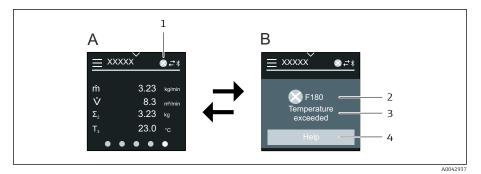
2 Bluetooth

LED		Status	Meaning
1	Device status (normal operation)	Off	No power supply
		Permanently green	Device status is OK. No warning / failure / alarm
		Flashing red	Warning is active.
		Permanently red	Alarm is active.
2	Bluetooth	Off	Bluetooth is disabled.
		Permanently blue	Bluetooth is enabled.
		Flashing blue	Data transfer in progress.

Diagnostic information on local display

Diagnostic message

The local display alternates between displaying faults as a diagnostic message and displaying the operational display screen.



- Α Operational display in alarm condition
- В Diagnostic message
- Diagnostic behavior 1
- 2 Status signal
- 3 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 4 Short text
- 5 Open information on remedial measures.

If two or more diagnostics events are pending simultaneously, the local display only shows the diagnostic message with the highest priority.

Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be opened in the -Diagnostics menu as follows:

- Via parameters
- Via submenus

Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).



The status signals are categorized according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required, N = No Effect



A0013959

Failure

A device error has occurred.

Measured value is no longer valid.



Function check

Device is in the service mode, e.g. during a simulation.

Out of specification

Device is being operated outside the technical specification limits, e.g. outside the process temperature range.



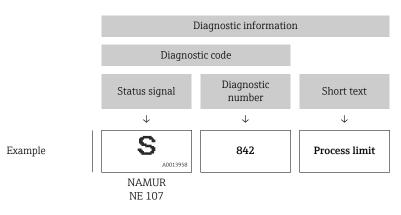
S

Maintenance required

- Maintenance is required.
- Measured value is still valid.

Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text displays a tip about the fault.



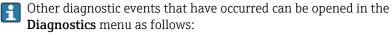
Diagnostic information in FieldCare or DeviceCare

Diagnostic options

After the connection has been established, the device shows faults on the home page.

Device tag Xxxxxxx 1 Device name Xxxxxxx	Status signal ▼ Function check (C) Locking status ☆ Unlocked	Volume flow	12.3400 l/s	Mass flow	96.2725 kg/h	Endress+Hauser 🖾
→ - Diagnostics		^	•			🛓 Maintenanc
Active diagnostics	Actual diagnostic C485 Process va					e diagnostics ng active diagnostics
Diagnostic list	Timestamp				Actual	l diagnostics
Event logbook	2020-01-15 00:	51:02				ys the currently active diagnosti
Simulation	> Previous diagnost					ige. Te is more than one pending ostic event, the message for the
Heartbeat Technology	>	ि				ostic event with the highest prior
Diagnostic settings	> Timestamp > 1970-01-01 00:	00:00 合			***	Process variable simulation
Minimum/maximum	> Operating time fr	om restart	2	3 -	active	
	4d01h03m12s	£		0		
	Operating time					
		合				

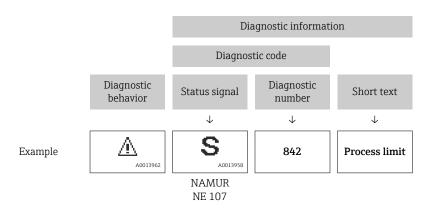
- 1 Status area with diagnostic behavior and status signal
- 2 Diagnostic code and short message
- 3 Troubleshooting measures with service ID



- Via parameter
- Via submenus

Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text displays a tip about the fault. The corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior appears at the start.



Changing the diagnostic information

Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change the assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic settings** submenu.

Navigation path

i

 $\text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Diagnostic settings}$

You can assign the following options to the diagnostic number as the diagnostic behavior:

Options	Description
Alarm	 Device stops measurement. Signal outputs and totalizers assume a defined alarm condition. Diagnostic message is generated. Background lighting changes to red.
	 Device stops measurement. Measured value output via Modbus RS485 and totalizers assume a defined alarm condition. Diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	 Device continues measuring. Measured value output via Modbus RS485 and totalizers are not affected. Diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	 Device continues measuring. The local display shows the diagnostic message in the Event logbook submenu (Event list submenu) and does not alternate with the operational display.
Off	Diagnostic event is ignored.Diagnostic message is not generated and not entered.

Overview of diagnostic information

The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the device has one or more application packages.

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
Diagnostic of	sensor			
043	Sensor 1 short circuit detected	 Check sensor cable and sensor Execute Heartbeat Verification Replace sensor cable or sensor 	S	Warning ¹⁾
082	Data storage inconsistent	 Check module connections Contact service 	F	Alarm
083	Memory content inconsistent	 Restart device Restore HistoROM S-DAT backup ('Device reset' parameter) Replace HistoROM S-DAT 	F	Alarm
168	Build-up detected	Clean measuring tube	М	Warning
169	Conductivity measurement failed	 Check grounding conditions Deactivate conductivity measurement 	М	Warning
170	Coil resistance faulty	Check ambient and process temperature	F	Alarm
180	Temperature sensor defective	 Check sensor connections Replace sensor cable or sensor Turn off temperature measurement 	F	Warning
181	Sensor connection faulty	 Check sensor cable and sensor Execute Heartbeat Verification Replace sensor cable or sensor 	F	Alarm
Diagnostic of	electronic			1
201	Electronics faulty	 Restart device Replace electronics 	F	Alarm
230	Date/time incorrect	 Replace RTC buffer battery Set date and time 	М	Warning ¹⁾
231	Date/time not available	 Replace display module or its cable Set date and time 	М	Warning ¹⁾
242	Firmware incompatible	 Check firmware version Flash or replace electronic module 	F	Alarm
252	Module incompatible	 Check electronic modules Check if correct modules are available (e.g. NEx, Ex) Replace electronic modules 	F	Alarm
278	Display module defective	Replace display module	F	Alarm
283	Memory content inconsistent	 Reset device Contact service 	F	Alarm
302	Device verification active	Device verification active, please wait.	С	Warning ¹⁾
311	Sensor electronics	1. Do not reset device 2. Contact service	М	Warning

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
331	Firmware update failed in module 1 to n	 Update firmware of device Restart device 	F	Warning
372	Sensor electronics (ISEM) faulty	 Restart device Check if failure recurs Replace sensor electronic module (ISEM) 	F	Alarm
373	Sensor electronics (ISEM) faulty	Contact service	F	Alarm
376	Electronic module faulty	1. Replace electronic module 2. Turn off diagnostic message	S	Warning ¹⁾
377	Electronic module faulty	 Activate empty pipe detection Check partial filled pipe and installation direction Check sensor cabling Deactivate diagnostics 377 	S	Warning ¹⁾
378	Electronic module supply voltage faulty	 Restart device Check if failure recurs Replace electronic module 	F	Alarm
383	Memory content	 Restart device Delete T-DAT via 'Reset device' parameter Replace T-DAT 	F	Alarm
387	HistoROM data faulty	Contact service organization	F	Alarm
Diagnostic of	configuration			
410	Data transfer failed	 Check connection Retry data transfer 	F	Alarm
412	Processing download	Download active, please wait	С	Warning
431	Trim 1 required	Carry out trim	С	Warning
437	Configuration incompatible	 Restart device Contact service 	F	Alarm
438	Dataset different	 Check data set file Check device configuration Up- and download new configuration 	М	Warning
441	Current output faulty	 Check process Check current output settings 	S	Warning ¹⁾
453	Flow override active	Deactivate flow override	С	Warning
484	Failure mode simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Alarm
485	Process variable simulation active	Deactivate simulation C		Warning
491	Current output 1 simulation active	Deactivate simulation C War		Warning
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation C		Warning
511	Electronic module settings faulty	 Check measuring period and integration time Check sensor properties 	С	Alarm

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
Diagnostic of	process			
832	Sensor electronics temperature too high	Reduce ambient temperature	S	Warning ¹⁾
833	Sensor electronics temperature too low	Increase ambient temperature	S	Warning ¹⁾
834	Process temperature too high	Reduce process temperature	S	Warning ¹⁾
835	835 Process temperature Increase process temperature too low		S	Warning ¹⁾
842	842 Process value above Low flow cut off active limit 1. Check low flow cut configuration		S	Warning ¹⁾
937	 37 Sensor symmetry 1. Eliminate external magnetic field near sensor 2. Turn off diagnostic message 		S	Warning ¹⁾
938	EMC interference	 Check ambient conditions regarding EMC influence Turn off diagnostic message 	F	Alarm ¹⁾
944	Monitoring failed	Check process conditions for Heartbeat Monitoring	S	Warning
961	Electrode potential out of specification	 Check process conditions Check ambient conditions 	S	Warning ¹⁾
962 Pipe empty		 Perform full pipe adjustment Perform empty pipe adjustment Turn off empty pipe detection 	S	Warning ¹⁾

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

Pending diagnostic events

The **Active diagnostics** submenu displays the current diagnostic event and the last diagnostic event to occur.

Diagnostics \rightarrow Active diagnostics

The **Diagnostic list** submenu shows other diagnostic events that are pending.

Diagnostic list

The **Diagnostic list** submenu shows up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events with the related diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the local display shows the diagnostic information with the highest priority.

Navigation path

Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list

Event logbook

Reading out the event logbook

The event logbook is only available via FieldCare or SmartBlue App (Bluetooth).

The **Event logbook** submenu shows a chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred.

Navigation path

Diagnostics menu → Event logbook submenu

Chronological display with a maximum of 20 event messages.

The event history includes the following entries:

- Diagnostic event \rightarrow Overview of diagnostic information , 🖺 83
- Information event \rightarrow Overview of information events, 🖺 87

In addition to the operation time of the event occurrence, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or has ended:

- Diagnostic event
 - $\overline{\odot}$: Occurrence of the event
 - 🕞: End of the event
- Information event

 \odot : Occurrence of the event

Filter event messages:

Filtering the event logbook

The **Event logbook** submenu displays the category of event messages that were configured with the **Filter options** parameter.

Navigation path

Diagnostics \rightarrow Event logbook \rightarrow Filter options

Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

Overview of information events

The information event is only displayed in the event logbook.

Info number	Info name		
I1000	(Device ok)		
I1079	Sensor changed		
I1089	Power on		
I1090	Configuration reset		
I1091	Configuration changed		
I11036	Date/time set successfully		
I11167	Date/time resynchronized		
I1137	Display module replaced		
I1151	History reset		

Info number	Info name		
I1155	Sensor electronics temperature reset		
I1157	Memory error event list		
I1256	Display: access status changed		
I1335	Firmware changed		
I1351	Empty pipe detection adjustment failure		
I1353	Empty pipe detection adjustment ok		
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed		
I1398	CDI: access status changed		
I1443	Build-up thickness not determined		
I1444	Device verification passed		
I1445	Device verification failed		
I1459	I/O module verification failed		
I1461	Sensor verification failed		
I1462	Sensor electronic module verific. failed		
I1512	Download started		
I1513	Download finished		
I1514	Upload started		
I1515	Upload finished		
I1622	Calibration changed		
I1624	All totalizers reset		
I1625	Write protection activated		
I1626	Write protection deactivated		
I1629	CDI: login successful		
I1632	Display: login failed		
I1633	CDI: login failed		
I1634	Reset to factory settings		
I1635	Reset to delivery settings		
I1649	Hardware write protection activated		
I1650	Hardware write protection deactivated		
I1712	New flash file received		
I1725	Sensor electronic module (ISEM) changed		

Device reset

The entire configuration, or a part of the configuration, can be reset to a defined state here.

Navigation path

System \rightarrow Device management \rightarrow Device reset

Options	Description
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to the customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.
Of customer settings	Visibility depends on order options or device settings

Options	Description
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter with data stored in volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.
Restore S-DAT backup	Restore the data that is saved on the S-DAT. The data record is restored from the electronics memory to the S-DAT. Visibility depends on order options or device settings The local display only displays this option in an alarm condition.

11 Maintenance

Maintenance tasks	92
Services	92

Maintenance tasks

The device is maintenance-free. Modifications or repairs may only be carried out following consultation with an Endress+Hauser service organization. It is recommended to examine the device regularly for corrosion, mechanical wear and damage.

Exterior cleaning

Clean the device as follows:

- Use a dry or slightly damp lint-free cloth.
- Do not use sharp objects or aggressive cleaning agents.
- Do not use high-pressure steam.

Interior cleaning

No interior cleaning is required.

Services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services for device maintenance, e.g. recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Endress+Hauser sales organizations can provide information about the services available.

12 Disposal

Removing the device	94
Disposing of the device	94

Removing the device

- 1. Disconnect the device from the supply voltage.
- 2. Remove all connecting cables.

WARNING

Process conditions can put staff at risk!

- Wear suitable protective equipment.
- Allow the device and pipe to cool.
- Empty the device and pipe so that they are unpressurized.
- ► Rinse the device and pipe if necessary.

3. Remove the device correctly.

Disposing of the device

WARNING

Dangerous media can endanger staff and the environment!

 Ensure that the device and all cavities are free of medium residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

|--|

A0042336

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the device is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste.

- Do not dispose of devices bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to Endress+Hauser for disposal under the applicable conditions.
- Observe applicable federal/national regulations.
- Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.
- Overview of installed materials: \rightarrow *Materials*, \cong 116

13 Technical data

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Input

Measured variable

Direct measured variables	 Volume flow (proportional to induced voltage) Conductivity (order code for "Sensor Option", option CX) 	
Calculated measured variables	Mass flow	

Operable flow range

Over 1000 : 1

Measuring range

Typically v = 0.01 to 10 m/s (0.03 to 33 ft/s) with specified measuring accuracy

Electrical conductivity:

- \geq 5 µS/cm for liquids in general
- \geq 20 µS/cm for demineralized water

Flow characteristic values in SI units: DN 15 to 125 (1/2 to 4")

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow	Factory settings		
		min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)	Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)	Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)
[mm]	[in]	[dm³/min]	[dm ³ /min]	[dm ³]	[dm ³ /min]
15	1/2	4 to 100	25	0.2	0.5
25	1	9 to 300	75	0.5	1
32	-	15 to 500	125	1	2
40	1 1/2	25 to 700	200	1.5	3
50	2	35 to 1100	300	2.5	5
65	-	60 to 2 000	500	5	8
80	3	90 to 3 000	750	5	12
100	4	145 to 4700	1200	10	20
125	-	220 to 7 500	1850	15	30

Flow characteristic values in SI units: DN 150 to 600 (6 to 24")

Nominal diameter		diameter	Recommended flow	Factory settings				
			min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Full scale value current outputPulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)		Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)		
	[mm] [in]		[m ³ /h]	[m ³ /h]	[m ³]	[m ³ /h]		
	150	6	20 to 600	150	0.03	2.5		
	200	8	35 to 1100	300	0.05	5		
	250	10	55 to 1700	500	0.05	7.5		
	300	12	80 to 2 400	750	0.1	10		
	350	14	110 to 3 300	1000	0.1	15		
	400	16	140 to 4200	1200	0.15	20		

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow				
		min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)		Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)	
[mm]	n] [in] [m ³ /h]		[m ³ /h]	[m ³]	[m³/h]	
450	18	180 to 5 400	1 500	0.25	25	
500	20 220 to 6 600		2 000	0.25	30	
600 24		310 to 9600	2 500	0.3	40	

Flow characteristic values in US units: ½ - 24" (DN 15 - 600)

Nominal diameter		Recommended flow	Factory settings				
		min./max. full scale value (v ~ 0.3/10 m/s)	Full scale value current output (v ~ 2.5 m/s)	Pulse value (~ 2 pulse/s)	Low flow cut off (v ~ 0.04 m/s)		
[in]	[mm]	[gal/min]	[gal/min]	[gal]	[gal/min]		
1/2	15	1.0 to 27	6	0.1	0.15		
1	25	2.5 to 80	18	0.2	0.25		
1 1/2	40	7 to 190	50	0.5	0.75		
2	50	10 to 300	75	0.5	1.25		
3	80	24 to 800	200	2	2.5		
4	100	40 to 1250	300	2	4		
6	150	90 to 2 650	600	5	12		
8	200	155 to 4850	1200	10	15		
10	250	250 to 7 500	1500	15	30		
12	300	350 to 10600	2400	25	45		
14	350	500 to 15 000	3600	30	60		
16	400	600 to 19000	4800	50	60		
18	450	800 to 24000	6000	50	90		
20	500	1000 to 30000	7500	75	120		
24	600	1400 to 44000	10500	100	180		

Output

Output signal

Output versions

Order code for 020: output; input	Output version
Option M	Modbus RS485Current output 4 to 20 mA
Option U	 Modbus RS485 Ex i Current output 4 to 20 mA Ex i

Modbus RS485

Physical interface	RS485 in accordance with EIA/TIA-485 standard
--------------------	---

Current output 4 to 20 mA

Signal mode	Choose via terminal assignment: • Active • Passive			
Current range	Can be set to: • 4 to 20 mA NAMUR • 4 to 20 mA US • 4 to 20 mA • Fixed current			
Max. output current	21.5 mA			
Open-circuit voltage	DC < 28.8 V (active)			
Max. input voltage	DC 30 V (passive)			
Max. load	400 Ω			
Resolution	1 μΑ			
Damping	Configurable: 0 to 999.9 s			
Assignable measured variables	 Off Volume flow Mass flow Conductivity* Noise* Coil current shot time* * Visibility depends on order options or device settings 			

Signal on alarm

Output behavior in the event of a device alarm (failure mode)

Modbus RS485

Failure n	node
-----------	------

Selectable:

- NaN value instead of current value
- Last valid value

Current output 4 to 20 mA

4 to 20 mA	Selectable:
	 Min. value: 3.59 mA
	• Max. value: 21.5 mA
	 Freely definable value between: 3.59 to 21.5 mA
	 Actual value
	 Last valid value

Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

Ex connection data

Pay attention to the documentation on Ex connection values .

Safety-related values and intrinsically safe values: Safety Instructions (XA)

Galvanic isolation

The outputs are galvanically isolated from one another and from earth.

Protocol-specific data

Physical interface Terminating resistor	RS485 in accordance with EIA/TIA-485 standard Not integrated
Protocol	Modbus Applications Protocol Specification V1.1
Response times	 Direct data access: typically 25 to 50 ms Auto-scan buffer (data range): typically 3 to 5 ms
Device type	Slave
Slave address range	1 to 247
Broadcast address range	0
Function codes	 03: Read holding register 04: Read input register 06: Write single registers 08: Diagnostics 16: Write multiple registers 23: Read/write multiple registers

Broadcast messages	 Supported by the following function codes: 06: Write single registers 16: Write multiple registers 23: Read/write multiple registers
Supported baud rate	 1 200 BAUD 2 400 BAUD 4 800 BAUD 9 600 BAUD 19 200 BAUD 38 400 BAUD 57 600 BAUD 115 200 BAUD
Data transfer mode	RTU
Data access	Each parameter can be accessed via Modbus RS485.
System integration	Information on system integration . Modbus RS485 information Function codes Register information Response time Modbus data map

Power supply

Terminal assignment



The terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label.

The following terminal assignment is available:

Modbus RS485 and current output 4 to 20 mA (active)

Supply		Output 1				Output 2	
1 (+)	2 (-)	2 (-) 26 (+)		24 (+)	25 (–)	22 (B)	23 (A)
L/+	N/-	Current output 4 to 20 mA (active)		_	-	Modbus	s RS485

Modbus RS485 and current output 4 to 20 mA (passive)

Supply		Outŗ	out 1		Output 2		
1 (+)	2 (-)	26 (+)	27 (–)	24 (+)	25 (–)	22 (B)	23 (A)
Ľ/+	N/-	-		Current output 4 to 20 mA (passive)		Modbus	s RS485

Supply voltage

Order code for "Power supply"	Terminal voltage		Frequency range
Option D	DC 24 V	-20 to +30 %	-
Option E	AC 100 to 240 V	-15 to +10 %	50/60 Hz,±5 Hz
Option I	DC 24 V	-20 to +30 %	-
	AC 100 to 240 V	-15 to +10 %	50/60 Hz, ±5 Hz
Option ${f M}$ non-hazardous area	DC 24 V	-20 to +30 %	-
	AC 100 to 240 V	-15 to +10 %	50/60 Hz, ±5 Hz

Power consumption

- Transmitter: max. 10 W (active power)
- Switch-on current: max. 36 A (< 5 ms) as per NAMUR Recommendation NE 21

Current consumption

- Max. 400 mA (24 V)
- Max. 200 mA (110 V, 50/60 Hz; 230 V, 50/60 Hz)

Power supply failure

- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Device configuration remains unchanged.
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

Terminals

Spring terminals

- Suitable for strands and strands with ferrules.
- Conductor cross-section 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 12 AWG).

Cable entries

- Cable gland: M20 × 1.5 for cable Ø6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Thread for cable entry:
 - NPT ¹/₂"
 - G ½", G ½" Ex d
 - M20

Overvoltage protection

Mains voltage fluctuations	\rightarrow Supply voltage, 🗎 101
Overvoltage category	Overvoltage category II
Short-term, temporary overvoltage	Between cable and neutral conductor up to 1200 V for max. 5s
Long-term, temporary overvoltage	Up to 500 V between cable and ground

Cable specification

Requirements for connecting cable

Electrical safety

As per applicable national regulations.

Permitted temperature range

- Observe the installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum temperatures and maximum temperatures to be expected.

Power supply cable (incl. conductor for the inner ground terminal)

- A standard installation cable is sufficient.
- Provide grounding according to applicable national codes and regulations.

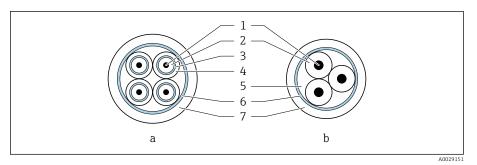
Signal cable

- Modbus RS485: Cable type A according to EIA/TIA-485 standard is recommended
- Current output 4 to 20 mA: Standard installation cable

Ground cable requirements

Copper wire: at least 6 mm² (0.0093 in²)

Connecting cable requirements



🗟 8 Cable cross-section

- a Electrode cable
- b Coil current cable
- 1 Core
- 2 Core insulation
- 3 Core shield
- 4 Core jacket
- 5 Core reinforcement
- 6 Cable shield
- 7 Outer jacket

Armored connecting cable

Armored connecting cables with additional, metal reinforcing braid can be ordered from Endress+Hauser. Armored connecting cables are used:

- When laying the cable directly in the ground
- Where there is a risk of damage from rodents
- If using the device below IP68 degree of protection

Electrode cable

Design	$3 \times 0.38 \text{ mm}^2$ (20 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ($\emptyset \sim 9.5 \text{ mm}$ (0.37 in)) and individual shielded cores If using the empty pipe detection (EPD) function: $4 \times 0.38 \text{ mm}^2$ (20 AWG)) with common, braided copper shield
Conductor resistance	$(\emptyset \sim 9.5 \text{ mm } (0.37 \text{ in}))$ and individual shielded cores $\leq 50 \Omega/\text{km} (0.015 \Omega/\text{ft})$
Capacitance: core/shield	≤ 420 pF/m (128 pF/ft)
Cable length	Depends on the medium conductivity: maximum 200 m (656 ft)
Cable lengths (available for order)	5 m (15 ft), 10 m (30 ft), 20 m (60 ft) or variable length: maximum 200 m (656 ft) Armored cables: variable length up to maximum 200 m (656 ft)
Operating temperature	-20 to +80 °C (-4 to +176 °F)

Coil current cable

Design	$3 \times 0.38 \text{ mm}^2$ (20 AWG) with common, braided copper shield ($\emptyset \sim 9.5 \text{ mm}$ (0.37 in)) and individual shielded cores
Conductor resistance	\leq 37 Ω /km (0.011 Ω /ft)
Capacitance: core/shield	≤ 120 pF/m (37 pF/ft)
Cable length	Depends on the medium conductivity, max. 200 m (656 ft)

Cable lengths (available for order)	5 m (15 ft), 10 m (30 ft), 20 m (60 ft) or variable length up to max. 200 m (656 ft) Armored cables: variable length up to max. 200 m (656 ft)
Operating temperature	-20 to +80 °C (-4 to +176 °F)
Test voltage for cable insulation	\leq AC 1433 V rms 50/60 Hz or \geq DC 2026 V

Performance characteristics

Reference operating conditions

- Error limits based on ISO 20456:2017
- Water, typically: +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F); 0.5 to 7 bar (73 to 101 psi)
- Data as indicated in the calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs according to ISO 17025

To obtain measured errors, use the Applicator sizing tool \rightarrow Service-specific accessory , \cong 157

Maximum measured error

o. r. = of reading

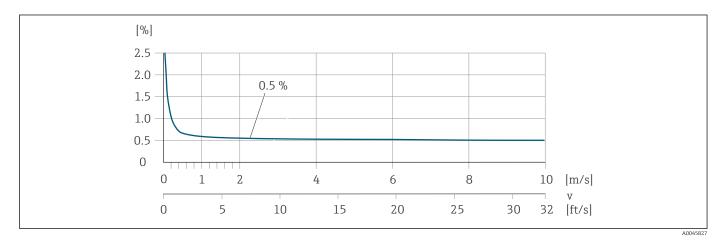
Error limits under reference operating conditions

Volume flow

±0.5 % o. r.±1 mm/s (±0.04 in/s)



Fluctuations in the supply voltage do not have any effect within the specified range.



Electrical conductivity

Max. measured error not specified.

Accuracy of outputs

Current output	±5 μA
Pulse/frequency output	Max. ± 100 ppm o. r. (across the entire ambient temperature range)

Repeatability

Volume flow	Max. ±0.1 % o. r. ± 0.5 mm/s (0.02 in/s)
Electrical conductivity	Max. ±5 % o. r. (5 to 100000 µS/cm)

Influence of ambient temperature

Current output	Temperature coefficient max. 1 µA/°C
Pulse/frequency output	No additional effect. Is included in the accuracy.

Environment

Ambient temperature range

Transmitter	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Local display	-20 to $+60$ °C (-4 to $+140$ °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.
Sensor	Process connection, carbon steel: –10 to +60 °C (+14 to +140 °F)
	Process connection, stainless steel: -40 to $+60$ °C (-40 to $+140$ °F)
Liner	Do not exceed or fall below the permitted temperature range of the liner .
	Dependency of ambient temperature on medium temperature \rightarrow Medium temperature range, \cong 108
	If using the device in hazardous areas, observe the "Safety Instructions" documentation.

Storage temperature

The storage temperature corresponds to the ambient temperature range of the transmitter and sensor.

Relative humidity

The device is suitable for use in outdoor and indoor areas with a relative humidity of 5 to 95%.

Operating height

According to EN 61010-1

- Without overvoltage protection: $\leq 2\,000$ m
- With overvoltage protection: > 2 000 m

Degree of protection

Transmitter	 IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4 Open housing: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2 	
Sensor	IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4	
Optional sensor		
Order code for "Sensor option", option CB, CC	IP68, Type 6P enclosure Fully welded, with protective coating as per EN ISO 12944 C5-M and EN 60529	Use of device under water at a maximum water depth of: • 3 m (10 ft): permanent use • 10 m (30 ft): max. 48 hours

Order code for "Sensor option", option CE, CG	IP68, type 6P enclosure Fully welded, with protective coating as per EN ISO 12944 Im2/Im3 and EN 60529	 Use of the device in buried applications, under water and in saline water at a maximum water depth of: 3 m (10 ft): permanent use 10 m (30 ft): max. 48 hours Use of device under water at a maximum water depth of: 10 m (30 ft): max. 48 hours Use of device in buried applications
Order code for "Sensor option", option CQ	IP68, type 6P, temporarily waterproof	Temporary use of the device under non-corrosive water at a maximum water depth of: 3 m (10 ft): max. 168 hours

Vibration-resistance and shock-resistance

Compact version

Vibration, sinusoidal Following IEC 60068-2-6 20 cycles per axis	2 to 8.4 Hz 8.4 to 2 000 Hz	3.5 mm peak 1 g peak
Vibration, broad-band random • Following IEC 60068-2-64 • 120 min per axis	10 to 200 Hz 200 to 2 000 Hz	0.003 g²/Hz 0.001 g²/Hz (1.54 g rms)
 Shocks, half-sine Following IEC 60068-2-27 3 positive and 3 negative shocks 	6 ms 30 g	

Shock

Due to rough handling according to IEC 60068-2-31.

Remote version (sensor)

Vibration, sinusoidal Following IEC 60068-2-6 20 cycles per axis	2 to 8.4 Hz 8.4 to 2 000 Hz	7.5 mm peak 2 g peak
Vibration, broad-band randomFollowing IEC 60068-2-6120 min per axis	10 to 200 Hz 200 to 2 000 Hz	0.01 g ² /Hz 0.003 g ² /Hz (2.7 g rms)
Shocks, half-sineFollowing IEC 60068-2-63 positive and 3 negative shocks	6 ms 50 g	

Shock

Due to rough handling according to IEC 60068-2-31.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

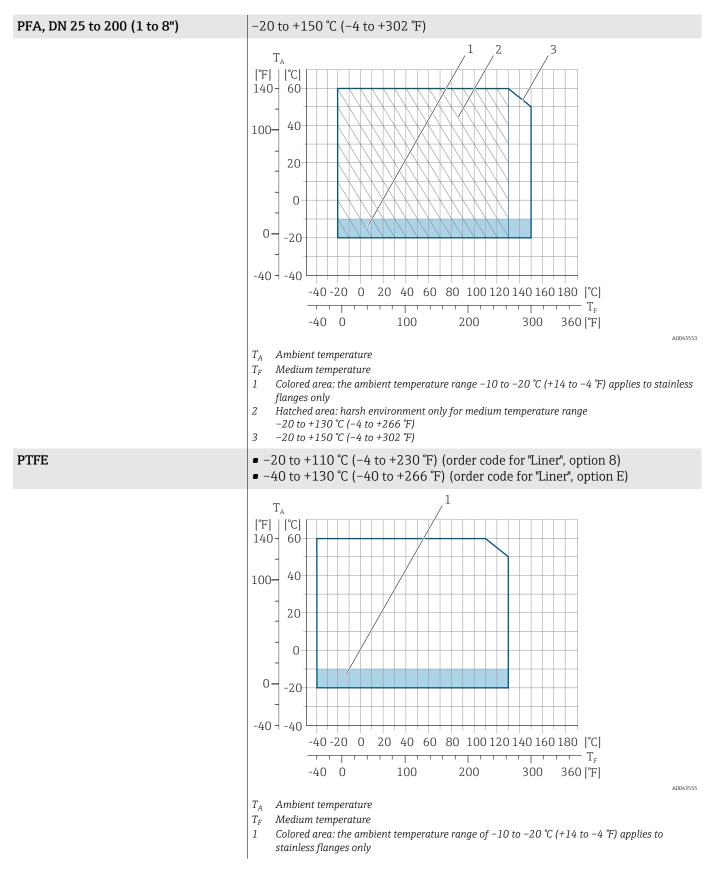
As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 21.

For more information: Declaration of Conformity

Process

Medium temperature range

The medium temperature range depends on the liner.



Conductivity

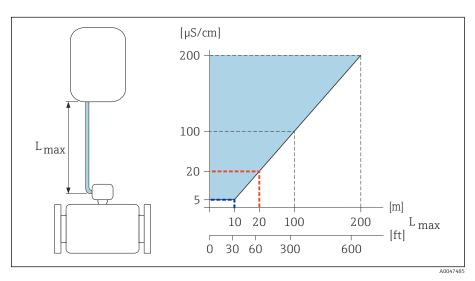
The minimum conductivity is:

- 5 µS/cm for liquids in general
- 20 μ S/cm for demineralized water

The following basic conditions must be observed for < 20 μ S/cm:

- Order code 013 for "Functionality", option D "Extended transmitter" and higher output signal damping is recommended for values under 20 μS/cm.
- Observe the maximum permitted cable length $L_{\rm max}$. This length is determined by the conductivity of the medium.
- With order code 013 "Functionality", option A "Standard transmitter" and empty pipe detection (EPD) switched on, the minimum conductivity is $20 \ \mu S/cm$.
- With order code 013 "Functionality", option A "Standard transmitter" remote version, empty pipe detection may not be activated if $L_{max} > 20$ m.

Note that in the case of the remote version, the minimum conductivity depends on the cable length.



9 Permitted length of connecting cable

Colored area = permitted range L_{max} = length of connecting cable in [m] ([ft]) [µS/cm] = medium conductivity Red line = order code 013 "Functionality", option A "Standard transmitter" Blue line = order code 013 "Functionality", option D "Extended transmitter"

Flow limit

Pipe diameter and flow rate determine the nominal diameter of the sensor.

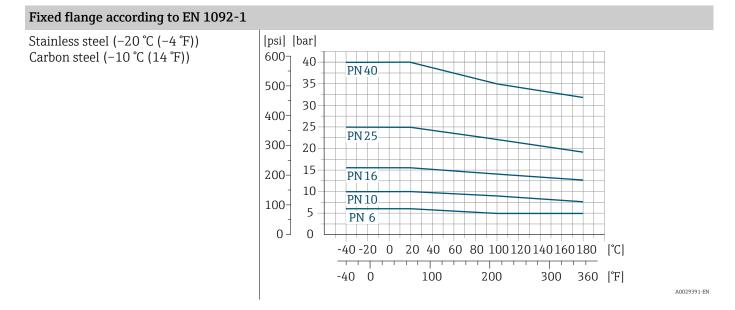
The flow velocity is increased by reducing the sensor nominal diameter.

2 to 3 m/s (6.56 to 9.84 ft/s)	Optimum flow velocity
v < 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s)	For abrasive media, e.g. potter's clay, lime milk, ore slurry
v > 2 m/s (6.56 ft/s)	For media producing buildup, e.g. wastewater sludge

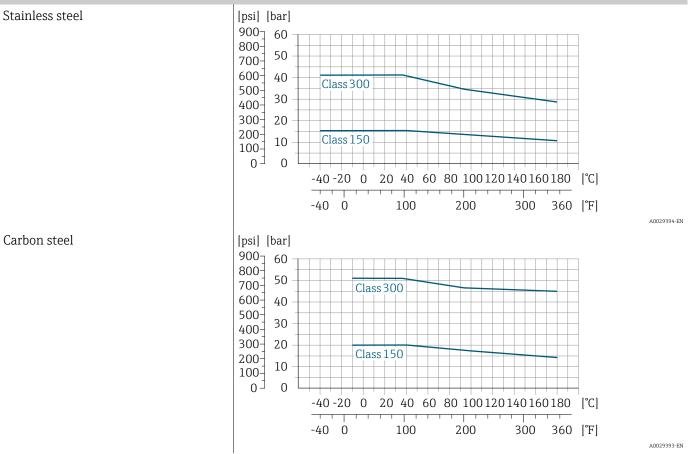
Pressure-temperature ratings

Maximum permitted medium pressure as a function of the medium temperature.

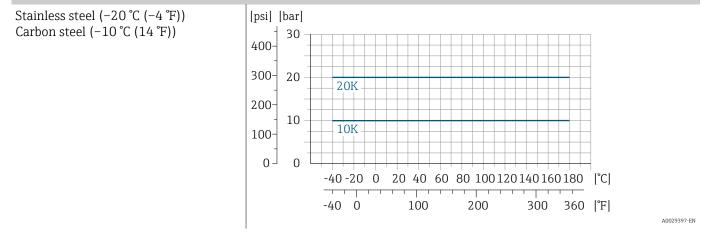
The data relate to all pressure bearing parts of the device.



Fixed flange according to ASME B16.5

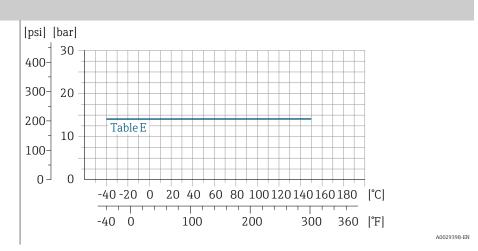


Fixed flange according to JIS B2220



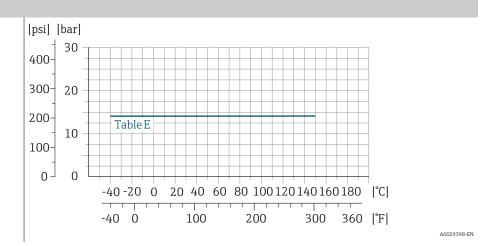
Fixed flange according to AS 2129

Carbon steel

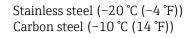


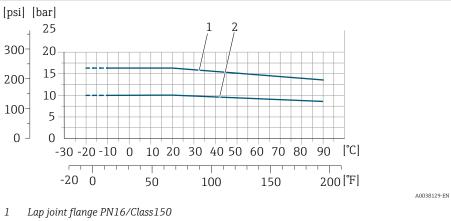
Fixed flange according to AS 4087

Carbon steel



Lap joint flange/lap joint flange, stamped plate according to EN 1092-1 and ASME B16.5





2 Lap joint flange, stamped plate PN10, lap joint flange PN10

Pressure tightness

Limit values for the absolute pressure depending on the liner and medium temperature

PFA	Nominal	diameter	Absolu	ute pressure in [mbar]	([psi])
	[mm]	[in]	+25 °C (+77 °F)	+80 °C (+176 °F)	+100 to +180 °C (+212 to +356 °F)
	25	1	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	32	-	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	40	1 1/2	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	50	2	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	65	-	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	80	3	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	100	4	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	125	-	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	150	6	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)
	200	8	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)

PTFE	Nominal diameter		Limit values fo	or absolute pressure in [mbar] ([psi]) for medium temperatures:			
	[mm]	[in]	+25 °C (+77 °F)	+80 °C (+176 °F)	+100 °C (+212 °F)	+130 °C (+266 °F)	
	15	1/2	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	100 (1.45)	
	25	1	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	100 (1.45)	
	32	-	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	100 (1.45)	
	40	1 1/2	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	100 (1.45)	
	50	2	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	100 (1.45)	
	65	-	0 (0)	-	40 (0.58)	130 (1.89)	
	80	3	0 (0)	-	40 (0.58)	130 (1.89)	
	100	4	0 (0)	-	135 (1.96)	170 (2.47)	
	125	-	135 (1.96)	-	240 (3.48)	385 (5.58)	
	150	6	135 (1.96)	-	240 (3.48)	385 (5.58)	

PTFE

Nominal diameter		Limit values fo	es for absolute pressure in [mbar] ([psi]) for medium temperatures:				
[mm]	[in]	+25 °C (+77 °F)	+80 °C (+176 °F)	+100 °C (+212 °F)	+130 °C (+266 °F)		
200	8	200 (2.90)	-	290 (4.21)	410 (5.95)		
250	10	330 (4.79)	-	400 (5.80)	530 (7.69)		
300	12	400 (5.80)	-	500 (7.25)	630 (9.14)		
350	14	470 (6.82)	-	600 (8.70)	730 (10.6)		
400	16	540 (7.83)	-	670 (9.72)	800 (11.6)		
450	18		No negative pres	ssure permitted!			
500	20		No negative pres	ssure permitted!			
600	24		No negative pres	ssure permitted!			

Pressure loss

- No pressure loss: transmitter installed in a pipe with the same nominal diameter.
- Pressure loss information when adapters are used \rightarrow *Adapters*, \cong 30

Mechanical construction

Weight

All values refer to devices with flanges with a standard pressure rating. Weight data are guideline values. The weight may be lower than indicated depending on the pressure rating and design.

Different values due to different transmitter versions: Transmitter version for the hazardous area:+1 kg (+2.2 lbs) Transmitter version, order code for "Housing", option M "Polycarbonate": -1 kg (-2.2 lbs)

Transmitter remote version

- Polycarbonate: 1.4 kg (3.1 lbs)
- Aluminum: 2.4 kg (5.3 lbs)

Sensor remote version

Aluminum sensor connection housing: see the information in the following table.

Weight in SI units

Nominal d	iameter	EN (DIN), AS	5 ¹⁾	ASME		JIS	
[mm]	[in]	Pressure rating	[kg]	Pressure rating	[kg]	Pressure rating	[kg]
15	1/2	PN 40	7.2	Class 150	7.2	10K	4.5
25	1	PN 40	8.0	Class 150	8.0	10K	5.3
32	-	PN 40	8.7	Class 150	-	10K	5.3
40	1 ½	PN 40	10.1	Class 150	10.1	10K	6.3
50	2	PN 40	11.3	Class 150	11.3	10K	7.3
65	-	PN 16	12.7	Class 150	-	10K	9.1
80	3	PN 16	14.7	Class 150	14.7	10K	10.5
100	4	PN 16	16.7	Class 150	16.7	10K	12.7
125	-	PN 16	22.2	Class 150	-	10K	19
150	6	PN 16	26.2	Class 150	26.2	10K	22.5
200	8	PN 10	45.7	Class 150	45.7	10K	39.9
250	10	PN 10	65.7	Class 150	75.7	10K	67.4
300	12	PN 10	70.7	Class 150	111	10K	70.3
350	14	PN 10	105.7	Class 150	176	10K	79
400	16	PN 10	120.7	Class 150	206	10K	100
450	18	PN 10	161.7	Class 150	256	10K	128
500	20	PN 10	156.7	Class 150	286	10K	142
600	24	PN 10	208.7	Class 150	406	10K	188

1) For flanges according to AS, only DN 25 and 50 are available.

Weight in US units

Nominal diameter		ASME			
[mm]	[in]	Pressure rating	[lbs]		
15	1∕2	Class 150	15.9		
25	1	Class 150	17.6		

Nominal	diameter	AS	ME
[mm]	[in]	Pressure rating	[lbs]
40	1 1⁄2	Class 150	22.3
50	2	Class 150	24.9
80	3	Class 150	32.4
100	4	Class 150	36.8
150	6	Class 150	57.7
200	8	Class 150	101
250	10	Class 150	167
300	12	Class 150	244
350	14	Class 150	387
400	16	Class 150	454
450	18	Class 150	564
500	20	Class 150	630
600	24	Class 150	895

Measuring pipe specification

Nominal	diameter			Rating			Process	connectior	n internal d	liameter
		EN (DIN)	ASME	AS 2129	AS 4087	JIS	PI	Ā	PT	FE
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[psi]	[bar]	[bar]	[bar]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
15	1/2	PN 40	Class 150	-	-	20K	-	-	15	0.59
25	1	PN 40	Class 150	Table E	-	20K	23	0.91	26	1.02
32	_	PN 40	-	-	-	20K	32	1.26	35	1.38
40	1 1/2	PN 40	Class 150	-	-	20K	36	1.42	41	1.61
50	2	PN 40	Class 150	Table E	PN 16	10K	48	1.89	52	2.05
65	-	PN 16	-	-	-	10K	63	2.48	67	2.64
80	3	PN 16	Class 150	-	-	10K	75	2.95	80	3.15
100	4	PN 16	Class 150	-	-	10K	101	3.98	104	4.09
125	-	PN 16	-	-	-	10K	126	4.96	129	5.08
150	6	PN 16	Class 150	-	-	10K	154	6.06	156	6.14
200	8	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	201	7.91	202	7.95
250	10	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	256	10.1
300	12	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	306	12.0
350	14	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	337	13.3
400	16	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	387	15.2
450	18	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	432	17.0
500	20	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	487	19.2
600	24	PN 10	Class 150	-	-	10K	-	-	593	23.3

	Materials
Transmitter housing	
Order code for "Housing"	 Option A: aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated Option M: polycarbonate
Window material	 Order code for "Housing" option A: glass Order code for "Housing" option M: polycarbonate
Sensor connection housing	
	Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
Cable glands and entries	
Cable gland M20×1.5	Non-hazardous area: plasticHazardous area: brass
Adapter for cable entry with female thread G $\frac{1}{2}$ " or NPT $\frac{1}{2}$ "	Nickel-plated brass
Connecting cable for remote version	
	Electrode and coil current cable: PVC cable with copper shield
Sensor housing	
DN 25 to 300 (1 to 12")	 Aluminum half-shell housing: aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated Fully welded carbon steel housing with protective varnish
DN 350 to 600 (14 to 24")	Fully welded carbon steel housing with protective varnish
Measuring tubes	
DN 25 to 600 (1 to 24")	Stainless steel: 1.4301, 1.4306, 304, 304L
Liner	
DN 25 to 200 (1 to 8")	PFA
DN 15 to 600 (1 to 24")	PTFE
Electrodes	
	 1.4435 (316L) Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022) Tantalum (only measuring electrode) Platinum (only measuring electrode)
Seals	
	As per DIN EN 1514-1, Form IBC

Process connections	
EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501)	 Fixed flange Carbon steel: DN ≤ 300: S235JRG2, S235JR+N, P245GH, A105, E250C DN 350 to 600: P245GH, S235JRG2, A105, E250C Stainless steel: DN ≤ 300: 1.4404, 1.4571, F316L DN 350 to 600: 1.4571, F316L, 1.4404
	Lap joint flange ■ Carbon steel DN ≤ 300: S235JRG2, A105, E250C ■ Stainless steel DN ≤ 300: 1.4306,1.4404, 1.4571, F316L
	Lap joint flange, stamped plate ■ Carbon steel DN ≤ 300: S235JRG2 similar to S235JR+AR or 1.0038 ■ Stainless steel DN ≤ 300: 1.4301 similar to 304
ASME B16.5	Carbon steel: A105Stainless steel: F316L
JIS B2220	Carbon steel: A105, A350 LF2Stainless steel: F316L
AS 2129	Carbon steel: A105, E250C, P235GH, P265GH, S235JRG2
AS 4087	Carbon steel: A105, P265GH, S275JR
Accessories	
Protective cover	Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
Pipe mounting set	Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
Wall mounting kit	Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
Grounding rings	15 to 1200 mm (½ to 48 in) • Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L) • Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022)

Fitted electrodes

Standard electrodes:

- Measuring electrodes
- Reference electrodes
- Empty pipe detection electrodes

Surface roughness

All data relate to parts in contact with medium.

Stainless steel electrodes, 1.4435 (F316L); Alloy C22, 2.4602 (UNS N06022), platinum , tantalum \leq 0.3 to 0.5 μm (11.8 to 19.7 μin)

Liner with PFA: ≤ 0.4 µm (15.7 µin)

Local display

Operating concept

Operation method	 Operation via local display with touch screen. Operation via SmartBlue App.
Menu structure	Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks: Diagnostics Application System Guidance Language
Commissioning	 Commissioning via a guided menu (Commissioning wizard). Menu guidance with interactive help function for individual parameters.
Reliable operation	 Operation in local language. Uniform operating philosophy in device and in the SmartBlue App. Write protection When electronics modules are replaced: configurations are transferred using the T-DAT Backup device memory. The device memory contains process data, device data and the event logbook. No reconfiguration is necessary.
Diagnostic behavior	 Efficient diagnostic behavior increases measurement availability: Open troubleshooting measures via local display and SmartBlue App. Diverse simulation options. Logbook of events that have occurred.

Operating options

Local display	A0042957 Display elements: • LCD touch screen • Depends on the orientation, automatic alignment of local display. • Configuration of display format for measured variables and status variables. Operating elements: • Touch screen • Depends on the orientation, automatic alignment of local display. • Configuration of display format for measured variables and status variables. Operating elements: • Touch screen • Local display can also be accessed in the hazardous area.
SmartBlue App	 The SmartBlue App allows the user to put devices into operation and operate them. Based on Bluetooth. No separate driver required. Available for mobile handheld terminals, tablets and smartphones. Suitable for convenient and secure access to devices in hard-to-reach locations or in hazardous areas. Can be used within a 20 m (65.6 ft) radius of the device. Encrypted and secure data transmission. No data loss during commissioning and maintenance. Diagnostic information and process information in real time.

Operating tools	Operating unit	Interface	Additional information
DeviceCare SFE100	 Notebook PC Tablet with Microsoft Windows system 	CDI service interfaceFieldbus protocol	Innovation brochure IN01047S
FieldCare SFE500	 Notebook PC Tablet with Microsoft Windows system 	CDI service interfaceFieldbus protocol	Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
SmartBlue App	 Devices with iOS: iOS9.0 or higher Devices with Android: Android 4.4 KitKat or higher 	Bluetooth	Endress+HauserSmartBlue App: • Google Playstore (Android) • iTunes Apple Shop (iOS devices)

Operating tools

Certificates and approvals

Ex approval

- ATEX
- IECEx
- cCSAus
- EAC
- NEPSI
- INMETRO
- JPN

Non-Ex approval

- cCSAus
- EAC
- UK
- KC

Pressure Equipment Directive

- CRN
- PED Cat. II/III

Radio approval

The device has radio approvals.

Additional approvals

- Food Contact Materials Regulation (EC) 1935/2004 A declaration for a specific serial number that confirms compliance with the requirements of (EC) 1935/2004 is only generated for measuring devices with the order code for "Test, Certificate", option J1 "EU Food Contact Materials (EC) 1935/2004.
- FDA

A declaration for a specific serial number that confirms compliance with FDA requirements is only generated for measuring devices with the order code for "Test, Certificate", option J2 "US Food Contact Materials FDA CFR 21".

- USP Class VI
- TSE/BSE Certificate of Suitability
- VDS (for stationary fire extinguishing systems)

Other standards and guidelines

- IEC/EN 60529
- Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)
- IEC/EN 60068-2-6 Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Fc: vibrate (sinusoidal)
 IEC/EN 60068-2-31
- Environmental influences: Test procedure Test Ec: shocks due to rough handling, primarily for devices.
- IEC/EN 61010-1
 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements.
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Part 1 General Requirements.
- IEC/EN 61326
 Emission in accordance with Class A requirements. Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC requirements)
- ANSI/ISA-61010-1 (82.02.01)
 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Part 1 General Requirements.
- NAMUR NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment.
- NAMUR NE 32 Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors.
- NAMUR NE 43 Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.
- NAMUR NE 53 Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics.
- NAMUR NE 105 Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices.
- NAMUR NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices.
- NAMUR NE 131 Requirements for field devices for standard applications.
- ETSI EN 300 328
- Guidelines for 2.4 GHz radio components
- EN 301489

Electromagnetic compatibility and radio spectrum matters (ERM).

Application packages

Use

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the relevant order code is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales organization or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Heartbeat Verification + Monitoring

Heartbeat Verification

Availability depends on the product structure.

Meets the requirement for traceable verification to DIN ISO 9001:2008 Chapter 7.6 a) "Control of monitoring and measuring equipment":

- Functional testing in the installed state without interrupting the process.
- Traceable verification results on request, including a report.
- Simple testing process with local operation or other operating interfaces.
- Clear measuring point assessment (pass/fail) with high test coverage within the framework of manufacturer specifications.
- Extension of calibration intervals according to operator's risk assessment.

Heartbeat Monitoring

Availability depends on the product structure.

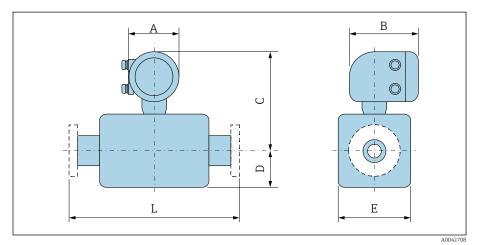
Heartbeat Monitoring continuously supplies data, which are characteristic of the measuring principle, to an external condition monitoring system for the purpose of preventive maintenance or process analysis. These data enable the operator to:

- Draw conclusions using these data and other information about the impact the process influences, e.g. corrosion, abrasion, formation of buildup, have on the measuring performance over time.
- Schedule servicing in time.
- Monitor the process quality or product quality, e.g. gas pockets.

14 Dimensions in SI units

Compact version Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated" Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"; Zone 1, Division 1 Order code for "Housing", option M "Compact, polycarbonate"	124 124 125 126
Remote version Transmitter remote version Sensor remote version	127 127 128
Fixed flange Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 10 Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 16 Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 40 Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150 Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 300 Flange according to JIS B2220, 10K Flange according to JIS B2220, 20K Flange according to AS 2129, Tab. E Flange according to AS 4087, PN 16	129 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138
Lap joint flange	139
Lap joint flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 10 Lap joint flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N), PN 16	139
2512N): PN 16 Lap joint flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150	140 141
Lap joint flange, stamped plate Lap joint flange, stamped plate in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 10	142 142
Accessories Protective cover Ground disks for flanges	143 143 143

Compact version



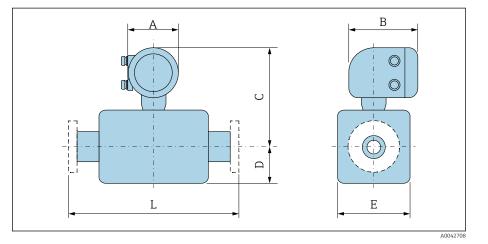
Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"

D	N	A ¹⁾	В	C ²⁾	D	E	L ³⁾
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
15	1/2	139	178	258	84	120	200
25	1	139	178	258	84	120	200
32	-	139	178	258	84	120	200
40	1 1/2	139	178	258	84	120	200
50	2	139	178	258	84	120	200
65	-	139	178	283	109	180	200
80	3	139	178	283	109	180	200
100	4	139	178	283	109	180	250
125	-	139	178	323	150	260	250
150	6	139	178	323	150	260	300
200	8	139	178	348	180	324	350
250	10	139	178	373	205	400	450
300	12	139	178	398	230	460	500
350	14	139	178	457	282	564	550
400	16	139	178	483	308	616	600
450	18	139	178	508	333	666	650
500	20	139	178	533	359	717	650
600	24	139	178	586	411	821	780

1) Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +30 mm

2) With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation": values + 110 mm

 Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).



Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"; Zone 1, Division 1

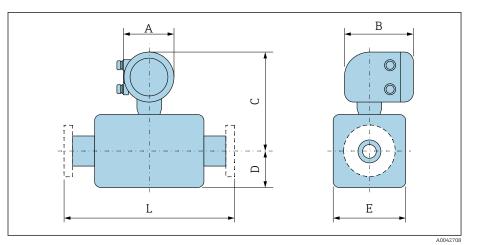
D	N	A 1)	B ²⁾	C ³⁾	D	E	L ⁴⁾
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
15	1/2	139	206	281	84	120	200
25	1	139	206	281	84	120	200
32	-	139	206	281	84	120	200
40	1 1/2	139	206	281	84	120	200
50	2	139	206	281	84	120	200
65	-	139	206	306	109	180	200
80	3	139	206	306	109	180	200
100	4	139	206	306	109	180	250
125	-	139	206	346	150	260	250
150	6	139	206	346	150	260	300
200	8	139	206	371	180	324	350
250	10	139	206	396	205	400	450
300	12	139	206	421	230	460	500
350	14	139	206	480	282	564	550
400	16	139	206	506	308	616	600
450	18	139	206	531	333	666	650
500	20	139	206	556	359	717	650
600	24	139	206	609	411	821	780

1) Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +30 mm

2) For Ex de: values +10 mm

3) With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation": values +110 mm

4) Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).



Order code for "Housing", option M "Compact, polycarbonate"

D	N	A 1)	В	C ²⁾	D	E	L ³⁾
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
15	1/2	132	172	255	84	120	200
25	1	132	172	255	84	120	200
32	-	132	172	255	84	120	200
40	1 1/2	132	172	255	84	120	200
50	2	132	172	255	84	120	200
65	-	132	172	280	109	180	200
80	3	132	172	280	109	180	200
100	4	132	172	280	109	180	250
125	-	132	172	320	150	260	250
150	6	132	172	320	150	260	300
200	8	132	172	345	180	324	350
250	10	132	172	370	205	400	450
300	12	132	172	395	230	460	500
350	14	132	172	454	282	564	550
400	16	132	172	480	308	616	600
450	18	132	172	505	333	666	650
500	20	132	172	530	359	717	650
600	24	132	172	583	411	821	780

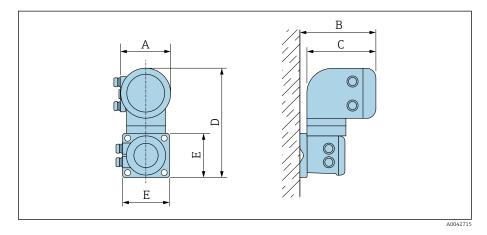
1) Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +30 mm

2) With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation": values + 110 mm

 Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).

Remote version

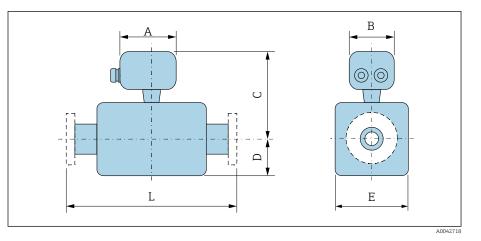
Transmitter remote version



Order code for "Housing"	A 1)	В	С	D	Е
	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
Option N "Remote, polycarbonate"	132	187	172	307	130
Option P "Remote, aluminum, coated"	139	185	178	309	130

1) Depending on the cable entry used: values up to + 30 mm

Sensor remote version



D	N	A ¹⁾	В	C ²⁾	D	E	L ³⁾
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
15	1/2	148	136	197	84	120	200
25	1	148	136	197	84	120	200
32	-	148	136	197	84	120	200
40	1 1/2	148	136	197	84	120	200
50	2	148	136	197	84	120	200
65	-	148	136	222	109	180	200
80	3	148	136	222	109	180	200
100	4	148	136	222	109	180	250
125	-	148	136	262	150	260	250
150	6	148	136	262	150	260	300
200	8	148	136	287	180	324	350
250	10	148	136	312	205	400	450
300	12	148	136	337	230	460	500
350	14	148	136	396	282	564	550
400	16	148	136	422	308	616	600
450	18	148	136	447	333	666	650
500	20	148	136	472	359	717	650
600	24	148	136	525	411	821	780

1)

Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +30 mm With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation" or order 2) code for "Liner", option B "PFA high temperature": values +110 mm

3) Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).

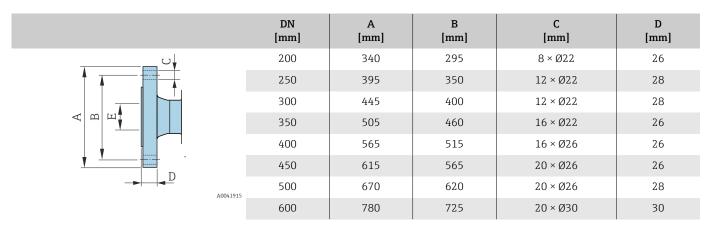
Fixed flange

Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 10

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D2K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D2S

Surface roughness: EN 1092-1 Form B1 (DIN 2526 Form C), Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115.



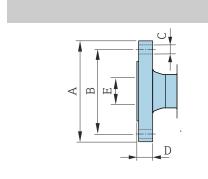
Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 16

• Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D3K

• Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D3S

Surface roughness: EN 1092-1 Form B1 (DIN 2526 Form C), Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, 🗎 115.



A004

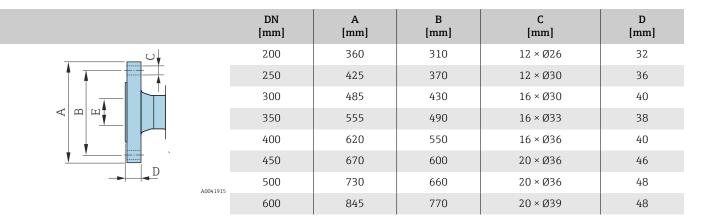
	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	65	185	145	8 × Ø18	20
	80	200	160	8 × Ø18	20
	100	220	180	8 × Ø18	22
	125	250	210	8 × Ø18	24
	150	285	240	8 × Ø22	24
	200	340	295	12 × Ø22	26
041915	250	405	355	12 × Ø26	32
	300	460	410	12 × Ø26	32
	350	520	470	16 × Ø26	30
	400	580	525	16 × Ø30	32
	450	640	585	20 × Ø30	34
	500	715	650	20 × Ø33	36
	600	840	770	20 × Ø36	40

Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 25

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D4K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D4S

Surface roughness: EN 1092-1 Form B1 (DIN 2526 Form C), Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, 🗎 115.



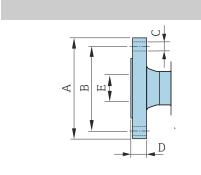
Flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 40

• Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D5K

• Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D5S

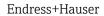
Surface roughness: EN 1092-1 Form B1 (DIN 2526 Form C), Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, 🗎 115.



AC

	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	15	95	65	$4 \times Ø14$	14
	25	115	85	$4 \times Ø14$	16
	32	140	100	$4 \times Ø18$	18
	40	150	110	$4 \times Ø18$	18
	50	165	125	4ר18	20
	65	185	145	8 × Ø18	24
40041915	80	200	160	8 × Ø18	26
40041913	100	235	190	8 × Ø22	26
	125	270	220	8 × Ø26	28
	150	300	250	8 × Ø26	30

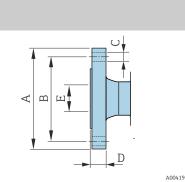


Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option A1K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option A1S

Surface roughness: Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115



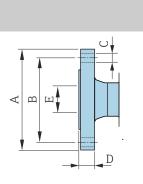
	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	15	88.9	60.5	4ר16	9.6
	25	108	79.2	4ר16	12.6
	40	127	98.6	4ר16	15.9
	50	152.4	120.7	4 × Ø19.1	17.5
	80	190.5	152.4	4 × Ø19.1	22.3
	100	228.6	190.5	8 × Ø19.1	22.3
915	150	279.4	241.3	8ר22.4	23.8
.515	200	342.9	298.5	8ר22.4	26.8
	250	406.4	362	12 × Ø25.4	29.6
	300	482.6	431.8	12 × Ø25.4	30.2
	350	535	476.3	12 × Ø28.6	35.4
	400	595	539.8	16 × Ø28.6	37
	450	635	577.9	16 × Ø31.8	40.1
	500	700	635	20 × Ø31.8	43.3
	600	815	749.3	20 × Ø34.9	48.1

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 300

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option A2K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option A2S

Surface roughness: Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow Measuring pipe specification, 115



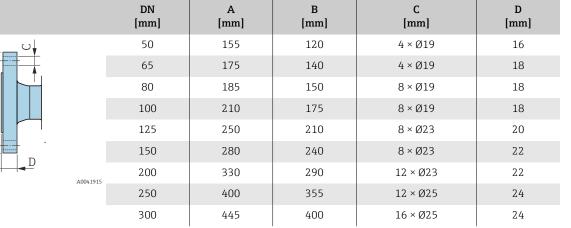
	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	15	95.3	66.5	4ר16	12.6
	25	123.9	88.9	4 × Ø19.1	15.9
	40	155.4	114.3	4ר22.4	19
	50	165.1	127	8 × Ø19.1	20.8
	80	209.6	168.1	8ר22.4	26.8
A0041915	100	254	200.2	8ר22.4	30.2
	150	317.5	269.7	12 × Ø22.4	35

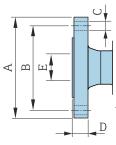
Flange according to JIS B2220, 10K

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option N3K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option N3S

Surface roughness: Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115



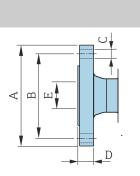


Flange according to JIS B2220, 20K

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option N4K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option N4S

Surface roughness: Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow Measuring pipe specification, \boxplus 115



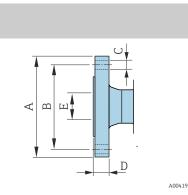
	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	15	95	70	4 × Ø15	14
	25	125	90	4 × Ø19	16
	32	135	100	4 × Ø19	18
	40	140	105	4 × Ø19	18
	50	155	120	8 × Ø19	18
	65	175	140	8 × Ø19	20
A0041915	80	200	160	8 × Ø23	22
10011515	100	225	185	8 × Ø23	24
	125	270	225	8 × Ø25	26
	150	305	260	12 × Ø25	28
	200	350	305	12 × Ø25	30
	250	430	380	12 × Ø27	34
	300	480	430	16 × Ø27	36

Flange according to AS 2129, Tab. E

Order code for "Process connection", option M2K

Surface roughness: Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115.



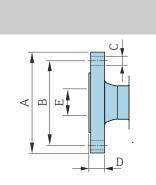
	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	80	185	146	4 × Ø18	12
	100	215	178	8 × Ø18	13
	150	280	235	8 × Ø22	17
	200	335	292	8 × Ø22	19
1915	250	405	356	12 × Ø22	22
	300	455	406	12 × Ø26	25
	350	525	470	12 × Ø26	30
	400	580	521	12 × Ø26	32
	450	640	584	16 × Ø26	35
	500	705	641	16 × Ø26	38
	600	825	756	16 × Ø33	48

Flange according to AS 4087, PN 16

Order code for "Process connection", option M3K

Surface roughness: Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115.



	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
	80	185	146	$4 \times \emptyset 18$	12
	100	215	178	4 × Ø18	13
	150	280	235	8 × Ø18	13
	200	335	292	8 × Ø18	19
	250	405	356	8 × Ø22	19
	300	455	406	12 × Ø22	23
A0041915	350	525	470	12 × Ø26	30
	375	550	495	12 × Ø26	30
	400	580	521	12 × Ø26	32
	450	640	584	12 × Ø26	30
	500	705	641	16 × Ø26	38
	600	825	756	16 × Ø30	48

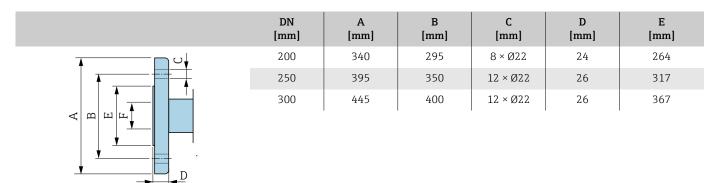
Lap joint flange

Lap joint flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 10

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D22
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D24

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

F: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, 115



A0042254

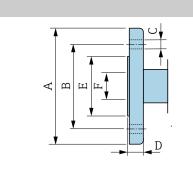
Lap joint flange in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 16

• Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D32

• Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D34

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

F: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115



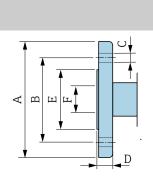
	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]
	25	115	85	$4 \times Ø14$	16	49
	32	140	100	$4 \times Ø18$	18	65
	40	150	110	$4 \times Ø18$	18	71
	50	165	125	$4 \times Ø18$	20	88
	65	185	145	8ר18	20	103
	80	200	160	8ר18	20	120
A0042254	100	220	180	8ר18	22	148
A0042234	125	250	210	8ר18	22	177
	150	285	240	8 × Ø22	24	209
	200	340	295	12 × Ø22	26	264
	250	405	355	12 × Ø26	29	317
	300	460	410	12 × Ø26	32	367

Lap joint flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option A12
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option A14

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μm

F: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115



	DN [mm]	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]	E [mm]
	25	110	80	$4 \times Ø16$	14	49
	40	125	98	$4 \times Ø16$	17.5	71
	50	150	121	$4 \times Ø19$	19	88
	80	190	152	$4 \times Ø19$	24	120
	100	230	190	8ר19	24	148
	150	280	241	8 × Ø23	25	209
A0042254	200	345	298	8 × Ø23	29	264
A00422.34	250	405	362	12 × Ø25	30	317
	300	485	432	12 × Ø25	32	378

Lap joint flange, stamped plate

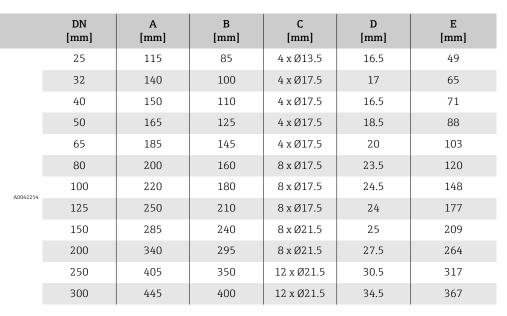
Lap joint flange, stamped plate in accordance with EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N): PN 10

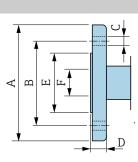
• Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option D21

Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option D23

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 6.3 to 12.5 μ m

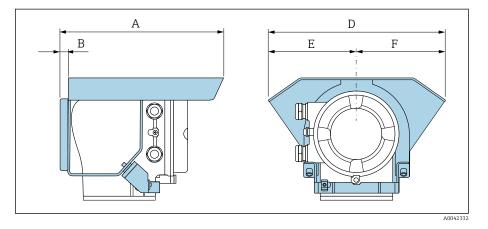
F: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow Measuring pipe specification, B 115





Accessories

Protective cover



A	B	D	E	F
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
257	12	280	140	140

Ground disks for flanges

DN 15 to 300 (½ to 12")	DN		Pressure rating	А	В	C 1)	D	E	F
	[mm]	[in]		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
	15	1/2"	2).	73.0	6.5	2	16	43	61.5
ØB	25	1"	2)	87.5	6.5	2	26	62	77.5
	32	1 ¼"	2)	94.5	6.5	2	35	80	87.5
	40	1 1⁄2"	2)	103	6.5	2	41	82	101
	50	2"	2)	108	6.5	2	52	101	115.5
~ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	65	2 1⁄2"	2)	118	6.5	2	68	121	131.5
	80	3"	2)	135	6.5	2	80	131	154.5
OF	100	4"	2)	153	6.5	2	104	156	186.5
ØF	125	5"	2)	160	6.5	2	130	187	206.5
	150	6"	2)	184	6.5	2	158	217	256
	200	8"	2)	205	6.5	2	206	267	288
$\neg \mid \times$	250	10"	2)	240	6.5	2	260	328	359
C 40042322	300	12"	PN 10 PN 16 Cl. 150	273	6.5	2	312	375	413

1) Material thickness

2) In the case of DN 15 to 250, ground disks can be used for all the flange standards/pressure ratings which can be supplied in the standard version.

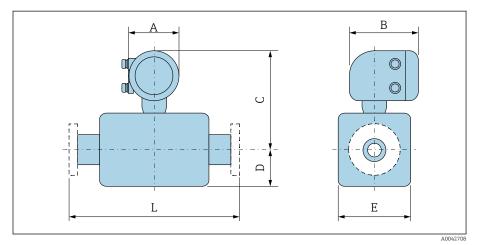
DN 300 to 600 (12 to 24")		N	Rating	А	В	C 1)	D	E	F
	[mm]	[in]		[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]
	300	12"	PN 25 JIS 10K JIS 20K	268	9	2	310	375	404
ØB	350	14"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	365	9	2	343	420	479
	375	15"	PN 16	395	9	2	393	461	523
OF OF	400	16"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	395	9	2	393	470	542
	450	18"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	417	9	2	439	525	583
C A0042323	500	20"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	460	9	2	493	575	650
	600	24"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	522	9	2	593	676	766

1) Material thickness

15 Dimensions in US units

Compact version	146
Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"	146
Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"; Zone 1, Division 1	147
Order code for "Housing", option M "Compact, polycarbonate"	148
Remote version	149
Transmitter remote version	149
Sensor remote version	150
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Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150	151
Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 300	151
Lap joint flange	152
Lap joint flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150	152
Accessories	153
Protective cover	153
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Compact version



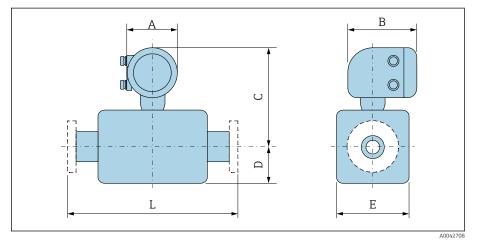
Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"

D	N	A ¹⁾	В	C ²⁾	D	E	L ³⁾
[mm]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
15	1/2	5.47	7.01	10.16	3.31	4.72	7.87
25	1	5.47	7.01	10.16	3.31	4.72	7.87
32	-	5.47	7.01	10.16	3.31	4.72	7.87
40	1 1/2	5.47	7.01	10.16	3.31	4.72	7.87
50	2	5.47	7.01	10.16	3.31	4.72	7.87
65	-	5.47	7.01	11.14	4.29	7.09	7.87
80	3	5.47	7.01	11.14	4.29	7.09	7.87
100	4	5.47	7.01	11.14	4.29	7.09	9.84
125	-	5.47	7.01	12.72	5.91	10.24	9.84
150	6	5.47	7.01	12.72	5.91	10.24	11.81
200	8	5.47	7.01	13.7	7.09	12.76	13.78
250	10	5.47	7.01	14.69	8.07	15.75	17.72
300	12	5.47	7.01	15.67	9.06	18.11	19.69
350	14	5.47	7.01	17.99	11.1	22.2	21.65
400	16	5.47	7.01	19.02	12.13	24.25	23.62
450	18	5.47	7.01	20	13.11	26.22	25.59
500	20	5.47	7.01	20.98	14.13	28.23	25.59
600	24	5.47	7.01	23.07	16.18	32.32	30.71

1) Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +1.18 in

2) With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation": values +4.33 in

 Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).



Order code for "Housing", option A "Aluminum, coated"; Zone 1, Division 1

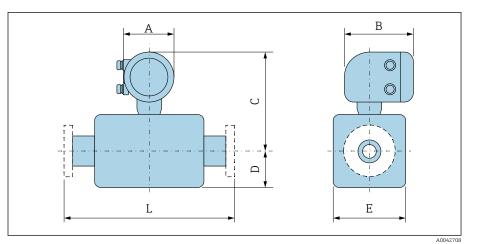
D	N	A 1)	B ²⁾	C ³⁾	D	E	L ⁴⁾
[mm]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
15	1/2	5.47	8.11	11.06	3.31	4.72	7.87
25	1	5.47	8.11	11.06	3.31	4.72	7.87
32	-	5.47	8.11	11.06	3.31	4.72	7.87
40	1 1/2	5.47	8.11	11.06	3.31	4.72	7.87
50	2	5.47	8.11	11.06	3.31	4.72	7.87
65	-	5.47	8.11	12.05	4.29	7.09	7.87
80	3	5.47	8.11	12.05	12.05 4.29		7.87
100	4	5.47	8.11	12.05	12.05 4.29 7		9.84
125	-	5.47	8.11	13.62	5.91	10.24	9.84
150	6	5.47	8.11	13.62	5.91	10.24	11.81
200	8	5.47	8.11	14.61	7.09	12.76	13.78
250	10	5.47	8.11	15.59	8.07	15.75	17.72
300	12	5.47	8.11	16.57	9.06	18.11	19.69
350	14	5.47	8.11	18.9	11.1	22.2	21.65
400	16	5.47	8.11	19.92	12.13	24.25	23.62
450	18	5.47	8.11	20.91	13.11	26.22	25.59
500	20	5.47	8.11	21.89	14.13	28.23	25.59
600	24	5.47	8.11	23.98	16.18	32.32	30.71

1) Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +1.18 in

2) For Ex de: values +0.39 in

3) With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation": values +4.33 in

4) Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).



Order code for "Housing", option M "Compact, polycarbonate"

D	N	A 1)	В	C ²⁾	D	E	L ³⁾
[mm]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
15	1/2	5.2	6.77	10.04	3.31	4.72	7.87
25	1	5.2	6.77	10.04	3.31	4.72	7.87
32	-	5.2	6.77	10.04	3.31	4.72	7.87
40	1 1/2	5.2	6.77	10.04	3.31	4.72	7.87
50	2	5.2	6.77	10.04	3.31	4.72	7.87
65	-	5.2	6.77	11.02	4.29	7.09	7.87
80	3	5.2	6.77	11.02	4.29	7.09	7.87
100	4	5.2	6.77	11.02	4.29	7.09	9.84
125	-	5.2	6.77	12.6	5.91	10.24	9.84
150	6	5.2	6.77	12.6	5.91	10.24	11.81
200	8	5.2	6.77	13.58	7.09	12.76	13.78
250	10	5.2	6.77	14.57	8.07	15.75	17.72
300	12	5.2	6.77	15.55	9.06	18.11	19.69
350	14	5.2	6.77	17.87	11.1	22.2	21.65
400	16	5.2	6.77	18.9	12.13	24.25	23.62
450	18	5.2	6.77	19.88	13.11	26.22	25.59
500	20	5.2	6.77	20.87	14.13	28.23	25.59
600	24	5.2	6.77	22.95	16.18	32.32	30.71

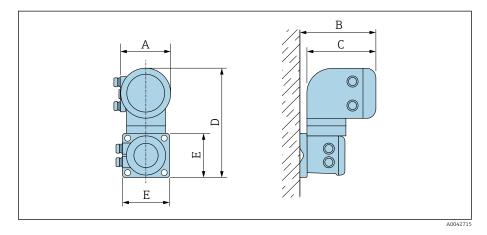
1) Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +1.18 in

2) With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation": values +4.33 in

 Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).

Remote version

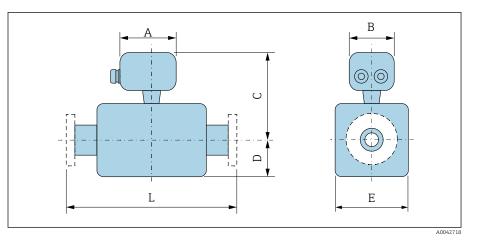
Transmitter remote version



Order code for "Housing"	A 1)	В	С	D	Е
	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
Option N "Remote, polycarbonate"	5.2	7.36	6.77	12.09	5.12
Option P "Remote, aluminum, coated"	5.47	7.28	7.01	12.17	5.12

1) Depending on the cable entry used: values up to +1.18 in

Sensor remote version



D	N	A 1)	В	C ²⁾	D	E	L ³⁾
[mm]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
15	1/2	5.83	5.35	7.76	3.31	4.72	7.87
25	1	5.83	5.35	7.76	3.31	4.72	7.87
32	-	5.83	5.35	7.76	3.31	4.72	7.87
40	1 1/2	5.83	5.35	7.76	3.31	4.72	7.87
50	2	5.83	5.35	7.76	3.31	4.72	7.87
65	-	5.83	5.35	8.74	4.29	7.09	7.87
80	3	5.83	5.35	8.74	8.74 4.29		7.87
100	4	5.83	5.35	8.74	4.29	7.09	9.84
125	-	5.83	5.35	10.31	5.91	10.24	9.84
150	6	5.83	5.35	10.31	5.91	10.24	11.81
200	8	5.83	5.35	11.3	7.09	12.76	13.78
250	10	5.83	5.35	12.28	8.07	15.75	17.72
300	12	5.83	5.35	13.27	9.06	18.11	19.69
350	14	5.83	5.35	15.59	11.1	22.2	21.65
400	16	5.83	5.35	16.61	12.13	24.25	23.62
450	18	5.83	5.35	17.6	13.11	26.22	25.59
500	20	5.83	5.35	18.58	14.13	28.23	25.59
600	24	5.83	5.35	20.67	16.18	32.32	30.71

1)

Depending on the cable gland used: values up to +1.18 in With order code for "Sensor option", option CG "Sensor extended neck for insulation" or order 2) code for "Liner", option B "PFA high temperature": values +4.33 in

3) Total installed length is independent of the process connections. Installed length according to DVGW (German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water).

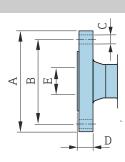
Fixed flange

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option A1K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option A1S

Surface roughness: Ra 250 to 492 µin

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115



	DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]
	1/2	3.50	2.38	4 × Ø0.63	0.38
	1	4.25	3.12	4 × Ø0.63	0.5
	1 1⁄2	5	3.88	4 × Ø0.63	0.63
	2	6	4.75	4 × Ø0.75	0.69
	3	7.5	6	4 × Ø0.75	0.88
	4	9	7.5	8 × Ø0.75	0.88
A0041915	6	11	9.5	8 × Ø0.88	0.94
	8	13.5	11.75	8 × Ø0.88	1.06
	10	16	14.25	12 × Ø1	1.17
	12	19	17	12 × Ø1	1.19
	14	21.06	18.75	12 × Ø1.13	1.39
	16	23.43	21.25	16 × Ø1.13	1.46
	18	25	22.75	16 × Ø1.25	1.58
	20	27.56	25	20 × Ø1.25	1.7
	24	32.09	29.5	20 × Ø1.37	1.89

Flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 300

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option A2K
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option A2S

Surface roughness: Ra 250 to 492 µin

E: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115

	DN [in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]
	1/2	3.75	2.62	4 × Ø0.63	0.50
	1	4.88	3.5	4 × Ø0.75	0.63
	1 1⁄2	6.12	4.5	4 × Ø0.88	0.75
	2	6.5	5	8 × Ø0.75	0.82
	3	8.25	6.62	8 × Ø0.88	1.06
	4	10	7.88	8 × Ø0.88	1.19
U	5	12.5	10.62	12 × Ø0.88	1.38

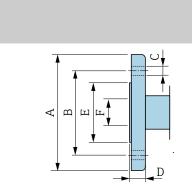
Lap joint flange

Lap joint flange according to ASME B16.5, Class 150

- Carbon steel: order code for "Process connection", option A12
- Stainless steel: order code for "Process connection", option A14

Surface roughness (flange): Ra 248 to 492 μin

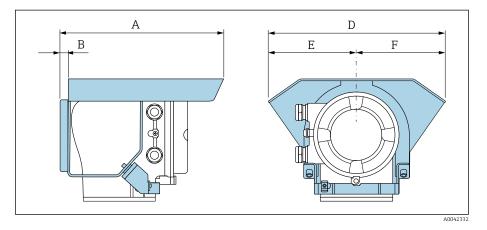
F: Internal diameter depends on the liner \rightarrow *Measuring pipe specification*, \cong 115



	DN					
	[in]	A [in]	B [in]	C [in]	D [in]	E [in]
	1	4.33	3.15	4 × Ø0.63	0.55	1.93
	1 1/2	4.92	3.86	4 × Ø0.63	0.69	2.8
	2	5.91	4.76	4 × Ø0.75	0.75	3.46
	3	7.48	5.98	4 × Ø0.75	0.94	4.72
	4	9.06	7.48	8 × Ø0.75	0.94	5.83
	6	11.02	9.49	8ר0.91	0.98	8.23
A0042254	8	13.58	11.73	8ר0.91	1.14	10.39
AU042234	10	15.94	14.25	12 × Ø0.98	1.18	12.48
	12	19.09	17.01	12 × Ø0.98	1.26	14.88

Accessories

Protective cover



A	B	D	E	F
[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
10.12	0.47	11.02	5.51	5.51

Ground disks for flanges

DN 15 to 300 (½ to 12")	DN		Pressure rating	A	В	C 1)	D	Е	F
	[mm]	[in]		[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
	15	1/2"	2).	2.87	0.26	0.08	0.63	1.69	2.42
ØB	25	1"	2)	3.44	0.26	0.08	1.02	2.44	3.05
	32	1 ¼"	2)	3.72	0.26	0.08	1.38	3.15	3.44
	40	1 1⁄2"	2)	4.06	0.26	0.08	1.61	3.23	3.98
	50	2"	2)	4.25	0.26	0.08	2.05	3.98	4.55
	65	2 1⁄2"	2)	4.65	0.26	0.08	2.68	4.76	5.18
ϕ	80	3"	2)	5.31	0.26	0.08	3.15	5.16	6.08
ØE	100	4"	2)	6.02	0.26	0.08	4.09	6.14	7.34
OF	125	5"	2)	6.3	0.26	0.08	5.12	7.36	8.13
	150	6"	2)	7.24	0.26	0.08	6.22	8.54	10.08
	200	8"	2)	8.07	0.26	0.08	8.11	10.51	11.34
\neg	250	10"	2)	9.45	0.26	0.08	10.24	12.91	14.13
C 40042322	300	12"	PN 10 PN 16 Cl. 150	10.75	0.26	0.08	12.28	14.76	16.26

1) Material thickness

2) In the case of DN ½ to 10", ground disks can be used for all the flange standards/pressure ratings which can be supplied in the standard version.

DN 300 to 600 (12 to 24")	D	N	Rating	А	В	C 1)	D	Е	F
	[mm]	[in]		[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]	[in]
	300	12"	PN 25 JIS 10K JIS 20K	10.55	0.35	0.08	12.2	14.76	15.91
ØB	350	14"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	14.37	0.35	0.08	13.5	16.54	18.86
	375	15"	PN 16	15.55	0.35	0.08	15.47	18.15	20.59
OF OF	400	16"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	15.55	0.35	0.08	15.47	18.5	21.34
	450	18"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	16.42	0.35	0.08	17.28	20.67	22.95
C A0042323	500	20"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	18.11	0.35	0.08	19.41	22.64	25.59
	600	24"	PN 6 PN 10 PN 16	20.55	0.35	0.08	23.35	26.61	30.16

1) Material thickness

16 Accessories

Device-specific accessories	156
Communication-specific accessories	157
Service-specific accessory	157
System components	158

Device-specific accessories

Transmitter

Accessories	Description	Order number
Proline 10 transmitter	Installation Instructions EA01350D	5XBBXX-**
Weather protection cover	Protects the device from weather exposure: Installation Instructions EA01351D	71502730
Connecting cable	Can be ordered with the device. The following cable lengths are available: order code for "Cable, sensor connection" • 5 m (16 ft) • 10 m (32 ft) • 20 m (65 ft) • User-configurable cable length (m or ft) Max. cable length: 200 m (660 ft)	DK5013-**
Ground cable	1 ground cable set for potential equalization, consisting of 2 ground cables	

Sensor

Accessories	Description
Ground disks	Ground medium in lined measuring pipes.
	Installation Instructions EA00070D

Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA291	Connects the Endress+Hauser devices with the CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) to the USB interface of a personal computer or laptop. Technical Information TI405C/07
Fieldgate FXA42	 Transmission of measured values from connected 4 to 20 mA analog and digital devices. Technical Information TI01297S Operating Instructions BA01778S Product page: www.endress.com/fxa42
Field Xpert SMT70	Tablet PC for the configuration of the device. Enables mobile Plant Asset Management to manage the devices with a digital communication interface. Suitable for Zone 2. Image:
Field Xpert SMT77	 Tablet PC for the configuration of the device. Enables mobile Plant Asset Management to manage the devices with a digital communication interface. Suitable for Zone 1. Technical Information TI01418S Operating Instructions BA01923S Product page: www.endress.com/smt77

Service-specific accessory

Accessories	Description	Order number
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser devices.	https:// portal.endress.com/ webapp/applicator
W@M Life Cycle Management	Information platform with software applications and servicesSupports the entire life cycle of the facility.	www.endress.com/ lifecyclemanagement
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management software from Endress+Hauser. Management and configuration of Endress+Hauser devices. () Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S	 Device driver: www.endress.com → Download Area CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)
DeviceCare	Software for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser devices.	 Device driver: www.endress.com → Download Area CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)

System components

Accessories	Description
Memograph M	Graphic data manager: • Record measured values • Monitor limit values • Analyze measuring points
	 Technical Information TI00133R Operating Instructions BA00247R
iTEMP	 Temperature transmitter: Measure the absolute pressure and gauge pressure of gases, vapors and liquids Read the medium temperature
	Fields of Activity" document FA00006T

17 Appendix

Screw tightening torques	161
Examples for electric terminals	167

Screw tightening torques

General notes

Note the following for the screw tightening torques:

- Only for lubricated threads.
- Only for pipes that are free from tensile stress.
- Tighten the screws uniformly and in diagonally opposite sequence.
- Overtightening the screws will deform the sealing surface or damage the seal.
- Maximum or nominal screw tightening torques apply depending on the flange standard and size.

Max. screw tightening torques	
EN 1092-1: DN 25 to 600	\rightarrow Max. screw tightening torques for EN 1092-1, 🗎 162
ASME B16.5	\rightarrow Max. screw tightening torques for ASME B16.5, 🗎 163
JIS B2220: DN 25 to 300	\rightarrow Max. screw tightening torques for JIS B2220, 🗎 163
AS 2129, Table E	\rightarrow Max. screw tightening torques for AS 2129, Table E, 🗎 164
AS 4087, PN 16	\rightarrow Max. screw tightening torques for AS 4087, PN 16, 🗎 164

Nominal screw tightening torques	
JIS B2220: DN 350 to 750	ightarrow Nominal screw tightening torques for JIS B2220, 🖺 166

Maximum screw tightening torques

May	ccrow	tightening	torallos	for	ΕN	1002-1
max.	sciew	uyniening	lorques	JUL	LΙΝ	1092-1

Nominal	diameter	Rating	Screws	Flange thickness	Max. screw tightening torque [N		torque [Nm]
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[mm]	[mm]	HG	PUR	PTFE
25	1	PN 40	4×M12	18	-	15	26
32	-	PN 40	4×M16	18	-	24	41
40	1 1⁄2	PN 40	4×M16	18	-	31	52
50	2	PN 40	4×M16	20	48	40	65
65 ¹⁾	-	PN 16	8×M16	18	32	27	44
65	-	PN 40	8×M16	22	32	27	44
80	3	PN 16	8×M16	20	40	34	53
		PN 40	8×M16	24	40	34	53
100	4	PN 16	8×M16	20	43	36	57
		PN 40	8×M20	24	59	50	79
125	-	PN 16	8×M16	22	56	48	75
		PN 40	8×M24	26	83	71	112
150	6	PN 16	8×M20	22	74	63	99
		PN 40	8×M24	28	104	88	137
200	8	PN 10	8×M20	24	106	91	141
		PN 16	12×M20	24	70	61	94
		PN 25	12×M24	30	104	92	139
250	10	PN 10	12×M20	26	82	71	110
		PN 16	12×M24	26	98	85	132
		PN 25	12×M27	32	150	134	201
300	12	PN 10	12×M20	26	94	81	126
		PN 16	12×M24	28	134	118	179
		PN 25	16×M27	34	153	138	204
350	14	PN 6	12×M20	22	111	120	-
		PN 10	16×M20	26	112	118	-
		PN 16	16×M24	30	152	165	-
		PN 25	16×M30	38	227	252	-
400	16	PN 6	16×M20	22	90	98	-
		PN 10	16×M24	26	151	167	-
		PN 16	16×M27	32	193	215	-
		PN 25	16×M33	40	289	326	-
450	18	PN 6	16×M20	22	112	126	-
		PN 10	20×M24	28	153	133	-
		PN 16	20×M27	40	198	196	-
		PN 25	20×M33	46	256	253	-
500	20	PN 6	20×M20	24	119	123	-
		PN 10	20×M24	28	155	171	-
		PN 16	20×M30	34	275	300	-
		PN 25	20×M33	48	317	360	_

Nominal	diameter	Rating	Screws	Flange thickness	Max. screw tightening torque [Nr		torque [Nm]
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[mm]	[mm]	HG	PUR	PTFE
600	24	PN 6	20×M24	30	139	147	-
		PN 10	20×M27	28	206	219	-
600	24	PN 16	20×M33	36	415	443	-
600	24	PN 25	20×M36	58	431	516	-

1) Sizing as per EN 1092-1 (not DIN 2501)

Max. screw tightening torques for ASME B16.5

Nom diam	inal ieter	Rating	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque		e		
[mm	[:]	[mail	[:]	HG		PI	PUR	
]	[in]	[psi]	[in]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]	[Nm]	[lbf · ft]	
25	1	Class 150	4×1⁄2	-	-	7	5	
25	1	Class 300	4×5/8	-	-	8	6	
40	1 1⁄2	Class 150	4×1⁄2	-	-	10	7	
40	1 1⁄2	Class 300	4×¾	-	-	15	11	
50	2	Class 150	4×5/8	35	26	22	16	
50	2	Class 300	8×5/8	18	13	11	8	
80	3	Class 150	4×5/8	60	44	43	32	
80	3	Class 300	8×¾	38	28	26	19	
100	4	Class 150	8×5/8	42	31	31	23	
100	4	Class 300	8×¾	58	43	40	30	
150	6	Class 150	8×¾	79	58	59	44	
150	6	Class 300	12×¾	70	52	51	38	
200	8	Class 150	8×¾	107	79	80	59	
250	10	Class 150	12×7/8	101	74	75	55	
300	12	Class 150	12×7/8	133	98	103	76	
350	14	Class 150	12×1	135	100	158	117	
400	16	Class 150	16×1	128	94	150	111	
450	18	Class 150	16×1 1/8	204	150	234	173	
500	20	Class 150	20×1 1/8	183	135	217	160	
600	24	Class 150	20×1 ¼	268	198	307	226	

Max. screw tightening torques for JIS B2220

Nominal diameter	Rating	Screws	Max. screw tighte	ning torque [Nm]
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	HG	PUR
25	10K	4×M16	-	19
25	20K	4×M16	-	19
32	10K	4×M16	-	22
32	20K	4×M16	-	22
40	10K	4×M16	-	24

Nominal diameter	Rating	Screws	Max. screw tighte	ning torque [Nm]
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	HG	PUR
40	20K	4×M16	-	24
50	10K	4×M16	40	33
50	20K	8×M16	20	17
65	10K	4×M16	55	45
65	20K	8×M16	28	23
80	10K	8×M16	29	23
80	20K	8×M20	42	35
100	10K	8×M16	35	29
100	20K	8×M20	56	48
125	10K	8×M20	60	51
125	20K	8×M22	91	79
150	10K	8×M20	75	63
150	20K	12×M22	81	72
200	10K	12×M20	61	52
200	20K	12×M22	91	80
250	10K	12×M22	100	87
250	20K	12×M24	159	144
300	10K	16×M22	74	63
300	20K	16×M24	138	124

Max. screw tightening torques for AS 2129, Table E

Nominal diameter	Screws	Max. screw tightening torque [Nm]		
[mm]	[mm]	HG	PUR	
50	4×M16	32	-	
80	4×M16	49	-	
100	8×M16	38	-	
150	8×M20	64	-	
200	8×M20	96	-	
250	12×M20	98	-	
300	12×M24	123	-	
350	12×M24	203	-	
400	12×M24	226	-	
450	16×M24	226	-	
500	16×M24	271	-	
600	16×M30	439	-	

Max. screw tightening torques for AS 4087, PN 16

Nominal diameter	Screws	Max. screw tighte	ning torque [Nm]
[mm]	[mm]	HG	PUR
50	4×M16	32	-
80	4×M16	49	-

Nominal diameter	Screws	Max. screw tighte	ning torque [Nm]
[mm]	[mm]	HG	PUR
100	4×M16	76	_
150	8×M20	52	-
200	8×M20	77	-
250	8×M20	147	-
300	12×M24	103	-
350	12×M24	203	-
375	12×M24	137	_
400	12×M24	226	-
450	12×M24	301	-
500	16×M24	271	-
600	16×M27	393	_

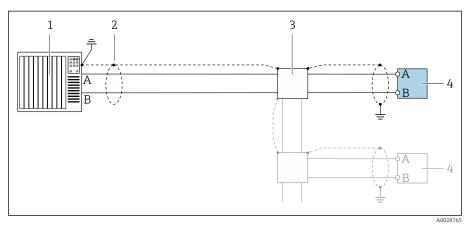
Nominal screw tightening torques

Nominal screw tightening torques for JIS B2220

Nominal diameter	Rating	Screws	Nominal screw t	ightening torque m]
[mm]	[bar]	[mm]	HG	PUR
350	10K	16×M22	109	109
	20K	16×M30×3	217	217
400	10K	16×M24	163	163
	20K	16×M30×3	258	258
450	10K	16×M24	155	155
	20K	16×M30×3	272	272
500	10K	16×M24	183	183
	20K	16×M30×3	315	315
600	10K	16×M30	235	235
	20K	16×M36×3	381	381

Examples for electric terminals

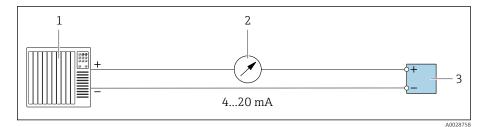
Modbus RS485



Connection example for Modbus RS485, non-hazardous area and Zone 2; Class I, Division 2

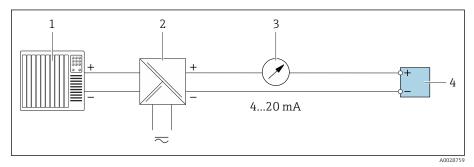
- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Cable shield
- 3 Distribution box
- 4 Transmitter

Current output 4 to 20 mA (active)



- 1 Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Analog display unit: observe max. load
- 3 Transmitter

Current output 4 to 20 mA (passive)



- 1 Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Active barrier for supply voltage (e.g. RN221N)
- 3 Analog display unit: observe max. load
- 4 Transmitter

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