

# Safety Instructions

## SS2100i-1 TDLAS Gas Analyzer

ATEX/IECEX/INMETRO: Zone 1

Safety instructions for the SS2100i-1 TDLAS gas analyzer in explosion-hazardous areas



Endress+Hauser 

People for Process Automation



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# 1 Introduction

Endress+Hauser's SS2100i-1 products are high-speed, diode laser-based extractive analyzers designed for extremely reliable monitoring of very low (trace) to standard concentrations of specific components in various background gases.

This document describes safety instructions for SS2100i-1 TDLAS Gas Analyzer for explosion-hazardous areas classified according to International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC), UK Statutory Instrument SI 2016 No. 1107 (as amended by SI 2019 No. 696-Schedule 3A Part 1) and Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 February 2014 on the harmonization of the laws Member States.

It is important to closely review all information contained in the manuals related to system installation, operation and maintenance, as referenced in section 1.4 → [Associated documentation](#) to operate the analyzer safely. This manual is divided into the following sections:

- General safety instructions (Chapter 2)
- Equipment installation (Chapter 3)
- Equipment operation (Chapter 4)
- Equipment maintenance and service (Chapter 5)

## 1.1 Intended equipment use

The analyzer is intended for use as instructed in the documentation package provided with the equipment. The information provided should be read and referenced by anyone installing, operating or having direct contact with the SS2100i-1 analyzer. Any use of the equipment in a manner not specified by Endress+Hauser could impair the protection provided by the equipment.

## 1.2 How to use this manual

This manual has been written to address the most common safety issues related to the installation and maintenance of the SS2100i-1 analyzer. Additional information has been provided with the analyzer model purchased to instruct qualified users in the installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment.

Images, tables and charts have been included with instruction to provide a visual understanding of the analyzers and its functions. Special symbols are also used to provide the user with key information regarding the system configuration or operation. Users should pay close attention to this information.

## 1.3 Conventions used in this manual

In addition to the symbols and instructional information, this manual is created with "hot links" to enable the user to quickly navigate between different sections within the manual. These links include table, figure and section references and are identified by a pointing finger cursor when rolling over the text. Simply click on the link to navigate to the associated reference.

## 1.4 Associated documentation

Enclosed in your analyzer system order is the product Safety Manual for your reference. Please review all necessary safety instructions before installing or operating your analyzer. This document is an integral part of the complete document package, which includes:

Part Number	Document Type	Description
BA02189C	Operating Instructions	A complete overview of the operations required to install, commission, and maintain the device.
TI01669C	Technical Information	Provides technical data on the device with an overview of associated models available.
GP01177C	Description of Device Parameters	Provides the user with an overview of the FS 5.16 firmware functionality.

Table 1. Associated documentation

For additional instruction manuals, please refer to the following:

- For custom orders, refer to the Endress+Hauser website (<https://endress.com/contact>) for the list of local sales channels to request order-specific documentation. Order-specific documentation is located by analyzer serial number (SN).
- For standard orders, refer to the Endress+Hauser website product page to download the published manuals for the analyzer: [www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com)

## 1.5 Manufacturer's certificates

ATEX/IECEX/INMETRO Certificate of Conformity:

CML 21 ATEX 11306X / IECEX CML 21.0155X / INMETRO CPEX 23.1044X

ATEX	IECEX	INMETRO
EN IEC 60079-0:2018	IEC 60079-0:2017	ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2020
EN 60079-1:2014	IEC 60079-1:2014-06	ABNT NBR IEC 60079-1:2016

Table 2. Manufacturer's certificates

## 1.6 Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser  
 11027 Arrow Route  
 Rancho Cucamonga, CA 91730  
 United States  
[www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com)

## 2 General safety

Each analyzer shipped from the factory includes documentation for the purpose of relaying installing, operating and safety instructions to the responsible party or operator of the equipment. This chapter reviews the general safety instruction for every SS2100i-1 analyzer.

### 2.1 Intended equipment use

The SS2100i-1 analyzer is intended for use as instructed in the documentation package provided with the equipment. The information provided should be read and referenced by anyone installing, operating or having direct contact with the SS2100i-1 analyzer. Any use of the equipment in a manner not specified by Endress+Hauser could impair the protection provided by the equipment.

### 2.2 Warnings and cautions

Instructional icons are provided in all equipment manuals and on the SS2100i-1 analyzer to alert the user of potential hazards, important information and valuable tips. Following are the symbols and associated warning and caution types to observe when installing or servicing the analyzer. Some of these symbols are provided for instructional purposes only and are not labeled on the system.

#### 2.2.1 Safety warning label

The warning label shown below will be affixed to the front side of all analyzer enclosures that contain sample gas.



Hazards may vary by stream composition. One or more of the following conditions may apply.



**Flammable.** Gases used in the processing of this analyzer may be extremely flammable. Any work in a hazardous area must be carefully controlled to avoid creating any possible ignition sources (e.g., heat, arcing, sparking, etc.).



**Toxins.** Endress+Hauser analyzers measure a variety of gases, including high-level H<sub>2</sub>S. Follow all safety protocols governing toxic gases and potential leaks.



**Inhalation.** Inhaling toxic gases or fumes may cause physical damage or death.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- ▶ Technicians are expected to follow all safety protocols established by the customer that are necessary for servicing or operating the analyzer. This may include, but is not limited to, lockout/tagout procedures, toxic gas monitoring protocols, personal protective equipment (PPE) requirements, hot work permits and other precautions that address safety concerns related to performing service or operation on process equipment located in hazardous areas.

**2.2.2 Equipment labels**

Equipment label	Meaning
	<b>Warning statement for hazardous voltage.</b> Contact may cause electric shock or burn. Turn off and lock out system before servicing.
	Failure to follow all directions may result in damage or malfunction of the analyzer.
	<b>CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT.</b> Invisible laser radiation when open. Avoid direct exposure to the beam.
	<b>INVISIBLE LASER RADIATION.</b> Avoid exposure to beam. Class 3b Radiation Product. Refer servicing to the manufacturer-qualified personnel.
	Maximum voltage and current specifications for fuses.
	<b>PROTECTIVE EARTH GROUND.</b> Symbol indicates the connection point of the ground wire from the main power source.
	Cleaning warning to avoid potential electrostatic charge hazard.

Table 3. Equipment labels

### 2.2.3 Instructional symbols

Structure of Information	Meaning
<p><b>⚠ WARNING</b></p> <p><b>Causes (/consequences)</b> Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ▶ Corrective action</p>	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation can result in a fatal or serious injury.
<p><b>⚠ CAUTION</b></p> <p><b>Causes (/consequences)</b> Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ▶ Corrective action</p>	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.
<p><b>NOTICE</b></p> <p><b>Cause/situation</b> Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ▶ Action/note</p>	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.

Table 4. Warnings

## 2.3 Analyzer technical specifications

Technical specifications are provided in the following tables that outline recommended equipment settings, ratings, and physical specifications.

### Peripheral devices

For systems equipped with peripheral devices, e.g., probe assemblies, the documentation indicates that only devices that meet with the manufacturer's specifications may be used.

### Equipment rating

The following equipment rating information is provided for the SS2100i-1 in the table below. This information includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Supply voltage, power and current rating
- Description of all input connections
- Environmental conditions for which the equipment is designed (i.e., environmental temperature range, environmental relative humidity)
- Degree of ingress protection (IP)

<b>Performance</b>	
Concentration	See analyzer calibration report
Repeatability	See analyzer calibration report
Measurement time	Typically less than 20 seconds
<b>Application data</b>	
Environmental temperature Range	Standard: -20 °C to 50 °C (-4 °F to 122 °F) Optional: -10 °C to 60 °C (14 °F to 140 °F)
Heated enclosure temperature	Standard: 50 °C Optional: 60 °C
Environmental relative humidity	5 % to 95 %, non-condensing
Altitude	Up to 2000 m
Sample cell operating pressure	Standard: Typically 800 to 1200 mbar Optional: 950 to 1700 mbar
Pressure to cell	70 kPaG (10 PSIG) max to spectrometer cell
Sample flow rate	0.5 to 3 SLPM (0.02 to 0.11 SCFM) <sup>1</sup>
Contaminant Sensitivity	None for gas phase glycol, methanol, amines, or mercaptans

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<sup>1</sup> Application dependent.

<b>Electrical and communications</b>		
Input voltages, maximum <sup>1</sup>	120 or 240 VAC tolerance $\pm 10\%$ 50/60 Hz, 300W <sup>2</sup> UM = 264 VAC	
Output type	Modbus RS485 or Modbus Ethernet/IP	UN = 30 VDC UM = 250 VAC N = nominal, M = maximum
Output type	Relay output	UN = AC: 15-250V, 3A N.O. contact; 1.5A N.C. contact DC: 13-24V, 1A N.O. contact; 1A N.C. contact UM=250 VAC
	Current 4-20mA input/output	UN = 30 VDC UM = 250 VAC
	Ethernet	UN = 3.3 VDC
Communications	Analog: Isolated Analog channels, 1200 ohms at 24 VDC max  Outputs: Qty (2) 4-20 mA (measurement value) Input: Qty (1) 4-20 mA (pipeline pressure) <sup>2</sup>	
Digital signals	Serial: Ethernet and RS-485 half-duplex, standard  Outputs: (5); Hi/Lo Alarm, General Fault, Validation Fail <sup>2</sup> , Validation 1 Active <sup>2</sup> , Validation 2 Active <sup>2</sup> Inputs: (2); Flow Alarm <sup>2</sup> , Validation Request <sup>2</sup>	
Protocol	Modbus Gould RTU, Daniel RTU or ASCII	
Diagnostic value examples	Detector power (optics health), spectrum reference comparison and peak tracking (spectrum quality), cell pressure and temperature (overall system health)	
LCD display	Concentration, cell pressure, cell temperature and diagnostics	

<sup>1</sup> Supply voltage not to exceed  $\pm 10\%$  of nominal. Transient over-voltages according to Overvoltage category II.

<sup>2</sup> Application dependent.

Physical Specifications	
Electronics enclosure	IP66 copper-free aluminum with marine environment RAL 7001 gray aliphatic polyurethane finish; approximately 200 µm final thickness
Size <sup>1</sup>	670 mm H x 489 mm W x 377 mm D (26.38 in. H x 44.17 in. W x 9.76 in. D)
Weight <sup>1</sup>	Approximately 86 kg (190 lbs.)
Sample cell construction	316L series polished stainless steel, standard
Number of sample cells	1 per analyzer
Area Classification	
Analyzer (electronics and laser)	ATEX / IECEx / INMETRO  II 2 G Ex db IIB+H2 T4 Gb -20 °C ≤ Tamb ≤ +60 °C CML 21 ATEX 11306X <sup>2</sup> , IECEx CML 21.0155X, CPEX 23.1044X CE

Table 5. Analyzer Technical Specifications

## 2.4 Potential risks affecting personnel

This section addresses the appropriate actions to undertake when faced with hazardous situations during or before service of the analyzer. It is not possible to list all potential hazards within this document. The user is responsible for identifying and mitigating any potential hazards present when servicing the analyzer.

### CAUTION

**Technicians are expected to follow all safety protocols established by the customer that are necessary for servicing the analyzer.**

- ▶ This may include, but is not limited to, lockout/tagout procedures, toxic gas monitoring protocols, personal protective equipment (PPE) requirements, hot work permits and other precautions that address safety concerns related to performing service on process equipment located in hazardous areas.

<sup>1</sup> Dimensions are for analyzer only.

<sup>2</sup> Including an “X” after the certificate number indicates that the product is subject to the Special Conditions of Use specified in the schedule to this certificate. Refer to the Special Conditions of Use under the relevant certification prior to installation or use.

## Personnel responsibility

### NOTICE

- ▶ The safety of the analyzer is the responsibility of the installer and the organization he/she represents.

Operatives/technicians shall possess, to the extent necessary to perform their tasks, the following:

- Understanding of the general principles of explosion protection
- Understanding of those aspects of equipment design that affect the protection concept
- Understanding of the certificate contents and relevant parts of the standard associated with the product
- General understanding of inspection and maintenance requirements of IEC 60079-17
- Familiarity with the particular techniques to be employed in the selection and installation of equipment in the standard
- Understanding of the additional importance of permit to work systems and safe isolation in relation to explosion protection

## Mitigating risks

Refer to the instructions for each situation listed below to mitigate associated risks.

### 2.4.1 Exposure to process gases

1. Shut off the process gas to the analyzer before any service that would require opening a part of the sample plumbing.
2. Purge the system with nitrogen.
3. Shut off the nitrogen purge before opening any part of the sample system.

### 2.4.2 Exposure to toxic gas (H<sub>2</sub>S)

Follow the procedure below if there has been any suspected leak from the sample system and accumulated SCS enclosure.

1. Purge the SCS enclosure to remove any potentially toxic gas.
2. Test the H<sub>2</sub>S levels of the SCS enclosure using the port from the safety purge kit to ensure the purge has cleared any toxic gas.
3. If no gas leak is detected, open the SCS enclosure door.

### CAUTION

- ▶ Follow all safety protocols governing toxic gases and potential leaks.

### 2.4.3 Electrocutation hazard

1. Shut off power at the main disconnect external to the analyzer.

 **CAUTION**

- ▶ Complete this action before performing any service that requires working near the main input power or disconnecting any wiring or other electrical components.
2. Open enclosure door.

If service must be performed with power engaged:

1. Note any live electrical components and avoid any contact with them.
2. Only use tools with a safety rating for protection against accidental contact with voltage up to 1000V (IEC 900, ASTF-F1505-04, VDE 0682/201).

### 2.4.4 Explosion hazard

Any work in a hazardous area must be carefully controlled to avoid creating any possible ignition sources (e.g., heat, arcing, sparking, etc.). All tools must be appropriate for the area and hazards present. Electrical connections must not be made or broken with power on (to avoid arcing).

### 2.4.5 Electrostatic discharge

The coating and the adhesive label is non-conducting and may generate an ignition capable level of electrostatic discharge under certain extreme conditions. The user should ensure that the equipment is not installed in a location where it may be subjected to external conditions, such as high pressure steam, which may cause a build-up of electrostatic charges on non-conducting surfaces. To clean the equipment, use only a damp cloth.

## 3 Equipment installation

The information in this chapter is related to safety during the equipment installation.

### CAUTION

- ▶ When an “X” is included after the certificate number, it indicates that the product is subject to the Special Conditions of Use specified in the schedule to this certificate. For certification listings, see section 1.5 [Manufacturer’s certificates](#) → . The entries into the analyzer enclosure can be equipped with certified accessories (e.g., blanking element, breather/drain, reducer, etc.) according to the intended use of the product.
- ▶ The safety of the analyzer is the responsibility of the installer and the organization he/she represents.
- ▶ Configurations requiring optional accessories, e.g., probe assemblies, with specific characteristics must meet manufacturer specifications.

### 3.1 Hardware and tools for installation

Depending on the particular model, the configuration of accessories and options ordered, you may need the following specific hardware or tools to complete the installation process.

#### 3.1.1 Hardware

- Mounting hardware.

#### NOTICE

- ▶ Used for wall-mounting the SS2100i-1 must be able to support four times the weight of the instrument (86 kg [190 lbs.]) not including the sample conditioning system).
- Stainless steel tubing (using 1/4 in. O.D. x 0.035 in. wall thickness, seamless 316L stainless steel electro polish tubing is recommended)
- Mounting frame, or sturdy structure, designed with a safety factor of 4 (3500 N maximum load)

#### 3.1.2 Tools

- 8 mm Allen wrench
- 8 mm ball point hex L-key
- 10 mm ball point hex L-key
- 5/32 in. high torque ball point hex L-key
- 7/64 in. stainless steel ball point hex L-key
- 9/16 in. angle double open-end wrench: 15 and 75 degree
- 11/16 in. extra-long thin-head double open-end wrench

## 3.2 Lifting/carrying the analyzer

Before removing from the crate, move the analyzer as close as possible to the final installation location. Due to the analyzer's size and weight (approximately 86 kg [190 lbs.]), using a forklift, pallet jack, etc. to lift or move the analyzer is recommended.

### CAUTION

- ▶ Ensure all equipment used for lifting/moving the analyzer is rated for the weight load.

## 3.3 Mounting the analyzer

Refer to the outline and mounting diagram in the operating instructions provided with the purchased SS2100i-1 analyzer for detailed mounting dimensions.

### CAUTION

- ▶ Endress+Hauser analyzers are designed for operation within the specified ambient temperature range. Intense sun exposure in some areas may impact the internal temperature inside the analyzer enclosure; therefore, a sunshade/canopy installed over the analyzer is recommended if it is not installed indoors.
- ▶ When mounting the analyzer, be sure to position the instrument so that it is not difficult to operate adjacent devices. Allow 1 m (3 ft) of room in front of the analyzer.
- ▶ Each bolt and screw used for wall-mounting the SS2100i-1 must be able to support four times the weight of the instrument (approximately 86 kg [190 lbs]).
- ▶ It is critical to mount the analyzer so that the supply and return lines reach the supply and return connections, while still maintaining flexibility, so that the sample lines are not under excessive stress.

The SS2100i-1 is intended to be mounted to a wall or secured upright frame. Secure the analyzer frame in position using bolts or screws of the size indicated in the drawings included in the operating instructions provided with the analyzer.

## 3.4 Electrical wiring requirements

### 3.4.1 Protective and chassis ground connections

Before connecting any electrical signal or power, the chassis ground must be connected. Safety requirements for the protective and chassis grounds are as follows:

- The protective and chassis grounds must be of equal or greater size than any other current-carrying conductors.
- The protective and chassis grounds must remain connected until all other wiring is removed.
- If the protective and chassis grounds are insulated, it must use the green/yellow color.

### WARNING

- ▶ Failure to properly ground the analyzer may create a high-voltage shock hazard.

Refer to system drawings for exact locations of the chassis ground connections.

1. Connect the chassis ground to the marked bottom right corner of the right-side enclosure.
2. Connect the system ground to the ground bus bar as shown in Components on electronics panel assembly (upper level) [Figure 2](#) →  during the electrical power connection. The SS2100i-1 operating instructions give more information. See section 1.4 →  [Associated documentation](#).

### 3.4.2 Electrical wiring requirements

#### CAUTION

- ▶ Interconnection of the analyzer enclosure and cell enclosure shall be accomplished using wiring methods described in the Standard IEC/EN 60079-0 and IEC/EN60079-14. The installer is responsible for complying with all local installation codes.
- ▶ Use copper conductors only.

### 3.4.3 External circuit breaker requirements

#### CAUTION

- ▶ An approved switch or circuit breaker rated for 15 amps should be used and clearly marked as the disconnecting device for the analyzer.
- ▶ The external circuit breaker must be provided by the customer as part of the equipment installation and shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60947-1 and IEC. This switch or breaker must be suitably located and easily reached.

## 3.5 Cable installation

To avoid potential damage, cable systems and accessories should be installed, so far as is practicable, in positions that will prevent them from being exposed to mechanical damage, to corrosion or chemical influences, to the effects of heat and to UV radiation. If cables are subject to other conditions, e.g., vibrations or continuous flexing, they shall be designed to withstand that condition without damage.

When cables are secured to equipment or cable trays, the bend radius on the cable should be in compliance with the cable manufacturer's data, or be at least eight (8) times the cable diameter to prevent damage to the cable. The bend radius of the cable should start at least 25 mm from the end of the cable gland.

The hazardous area end of each core in multi-core cables shall either be connected to earth or be adequately insulated by means of terminations suitable for the type of protection.

#### CAUTION

- ▶ Insulation of multi-core cables by tape alone is not permitted.

### 3.5.1 Terminations

Connections shall be made in a manner consistent with the type of terminal, type of protection and not introduce undue stress on the connections.

If multi-stranded and, in particular, fine-stranded conductors are employed, the ends shall be protected against separation of the strands, e.g., by means of cable lugs, core-end sleeves or by the type of terminal, but not by soldering alone.

#### NOTICE

- ▶ The creepage distances and clearances shall not be reduced by the method in which the conductors are connected to the terminals.

### 3.5.2 Unused cores

The hazardous area end of each unused core in multi-core cables shall either be connected to earth or be adequately insulated by means of terminations suitable for the type of protection.

### 3.5.3 Cable glands

#### CAUTION

- ▶ Certified compound barrier seal type glands and cables shall be used where appropriate in compliance with local regulations.

The cable gland shall be selected to match the cable diameter. The use of sealing tape, heat-shrink tube or other materials are not permitted to make the cable fit to the cable gland.

If an Ex “d” gland clamping by the sealing ring (compression) is used with braided or armored cable, it shall be the type where the braid or armor is terminated in the gland and compression takes place on the inner cable sheath.

#### CAUTION

- ▶ For flameproof enclosures, adapters shall not be used together with blanking elements.

Flameproof cable glands, adapters or blanking elements, having parallel threads may be fitted with a sealing washer between the entry device and the flameproof enclosure provided that the applicable thread engagement is still achieved after the washer has been fitted. Thread engagement shall be at least five (5) full threads. Suitable grease may be used as long as it is non-setting, non-metallic and non-combustible and any earthing between the device and the flameproof enclosure is maintained. Using STL8 screw thread lubricant or equivalent on all screw thread and its taped opening is recommended. The lubricant application procedure can be found in the operating instructions. See section 1.4 → [Associated documentation](#).

#### CAUTION

- ▶ Do not use this lubricant on exposed current-carrying parts.

Unused cable entries shall be sealed with a flameproof blanking element, which shall be fitted directly to the hole (no threaded adapter shall be used), and shall comply with thread engagement requirements detailed above and shall be secured against loosening.

### **Cables for fixed installations**

Cables shall be appropriate for ambient conditions in service. Cables shall be:

- Sheathed with thermoplastic, thermosetting or elastomeric material
- Circular and compact
- Any bedding or sheath shall be extruded
- Fillers, if any, shall be non-hygroscopic; or mineral insulated metal sheathed

## **3.6 Inspecting the analyzer**

There are three grades of inspection; visual, close and detailed. Visual and close inspections can be performed with the analyzer energized. Detailed inspections generally require the equipment to be isolated. A visual inspection, at a minimum, is recommended to be performed after installation to reinforce understanding that the product is installed to manufacturer specifications and to the appropriate standards.

The visual inspection should not be expected to reveal faults of a random nature, such as loose connections, but should be performed to monitor the effect of environmental conditions. Some of the key elements to consider include:

- Extremely low or high temperatures
- Pressure conditions
- Corrosive atmosphere
- Vibration, mechanical impacts, friction or abrasion
- Wind
- Painting processes
- Solar radiation
- Chemicals
- Water and moisture
- Dust and dirt
- Plants, animals, insects

The corrosion of metal, or influences of chemicals on plastic or elastomeric components, may affect the type and degree of ingress protection of the equipment. If the enclosure materials begin to exhibit signs of a corrosion, notify the responsible parties so that the enclosure can be treated with the appropriate protective coating as a corrosive protection.

If the equipment is subject to vibration, notify the responsible party so that special care can be taken to ensure that all bolts and cable entries remain tight.

### Flameproof enclosure: protection type “d”

When reassembling or working on the flameproof enclosure, perform a thorough visual inspection to confirm all joints are cleaned and may be lightly smeared with a suitable grease (e.g., Silicon Grease GS9) to prevent corrosion and to assist weather-proofing.

**NOTICE**

- ▶ Only non-metallic scrapers and non-corrosive cleaning fluids may be used to clean flanges.

Bolts, screws, and similar parts, depending on the type of protection required, shall only be replaced by similar parts in accordance with the manufacturer’s design, shown in the Inspection Schedule below.

Items to Check	Description	Ex “d”	Ex “e”	Ex “n”
	<b>General (All Equipment)</b>	<b>Grade of Inspection</b>		
1	Equipment is appropriate to the EPL/zone requirements of the location	X	X	X
2	Equipment group is correct	X	X	X
3	Equipment temperature class is correct (only for gas)	X	X	X
4	Degree of protection (IP grade) of equipment is appropriate for the level of protection/ group/conductivity	X	X	X
5	Enclosure, glass parts, and glass-to-metal sealing gaskets or compounds are satisfactory	X	X	X
6	There is no damage or unauthorized modifications	X	X	X
7	Bolts, cable entry devices (direct and indirect) and blanking elements are of the correct type and are complete and tight; physical check	X	X	X
8	Joint surfaces are clean and undamaged. Gaskets, if any, are satisfactory and positioned correctly	X		
9	Condition of enclosure gaskets are satisfactory	X	X	X
10	There is no evidence of ingress of water or dust in the enclosure in accordance with IP rating	X	X	X
11	Electrical connections are tight		X	X
12	Unused terminals are tightened		X	X
13	Enclosed-break and hermetically sealed devices are undamaged			X
14	Encapsulated components are undamaged		X	X
15	Breathing and draining devices are satisfactory	X	X	X
16	There is no obvious damage to cables	X	X	X
17	Sealing of trunking, ducts, pipes, or conduits is satisfactory	X	X	X

Items to Check	Description	Ex “d”	Ex “e”	Ex “n”
18	Stopping boxes and cable boxes are correctly filled	X		
19	Earthing connections, including any supplementary earthing bonding connections, are satisfactory (for example, connections are tight and conductors are of sufficient cross-section); physical check	X	X	X
20	Cables not in use are correctly terminated	X	X	X
21	Obstructions adjacent to flameproof flanged joints are in accordance with the standard	X		
22	Equipment is adequately protected against corrosion, weather, vibration, and other adverse factors	X	X	X
23	No undue accumulation of dust and dirt	X	X	X
24	Electrical insulation is clean and dry		X	X

*Table 6. Inspection schedule for Ex “d”, Ex “e”, Ex “n”*

## 4 Equipment operation

### 4.1 Firmware version

Each Endress+Hauser analyzer operates based on its own version of firmware. The firmware version for each analyzer is listed in the system calibration report, and displays upon start-up of the analyzer. The Description of Device Parameters can be found on the Endress+Hauser website ([www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com)).

### 4.2 Intermittent operation

If the analyzer is to be stored or shut down for any period of time, follow the instructions for isolating the measurement cell and sample conditioning system (SCS) in the SCS operating instructions.

### 4.3 Cleaning and decontaminating the analyzer

If the analyzer has been installed and or operated (even for purposes of a demonstration), the system should be decontaminated (purged with an inert gas) before powering down the analyzer.

#### CAUTION

**Process samples may contain hazardous material in potentially flammable or toxic concentrations.**

- ▶ Personnel should have a thorough knowledge and understanding of the physical properties of the sample and prescribed safety precautions before installing, operating or maintaining the analyzer.

#### 4.3.1 To clean and decontaminate the analyzer for shipment or storage

1. Shut off the process gas flow.
2. Allow all residual gas to dissipate from the lines.
3. Connect a purge supply ( $N_2$ ), regulated to the specified sample supply pressure, to the sample supply port (maximum pressure 0.69 Barg [10 PSIG]).
4. Confirm that any valves controlling the sample flow effluent to the low pressure flare or atmospheric vent are open.
5. Turn on the purge supply and purge the system to clear any residual process gases. For differential systems, make sure to purge the scrubber/dryer for several dry cycles. If necessary, dry cycles can be initiated by pressing the **#** key followed by the **2** key to enter **Mode 2** and then pressing the **#** key followed by the **1** key to return to **Mode 1**.
6. Turn off the purge supply.
7. Allow all residual gas to dissipate from the lines.
8. Close any valves controlling the sample flow effluent to the low pressure flare or atmospheric vent.
9. Disconnect power to the system.
10. Disconnect all tubing and signal connections.

11. Cap all inlets, outlets, vents, conduit or gland openings (to prevent foreign material such as dust or water from entering the system) using the original fittings supplied as part of the packaging from the factory.

#### 4.4 Exd accessory conditions of use

All accessories listed in the table below shall comply with the latest IEC/EN 60079-0 and IEC/EN 60079-1.

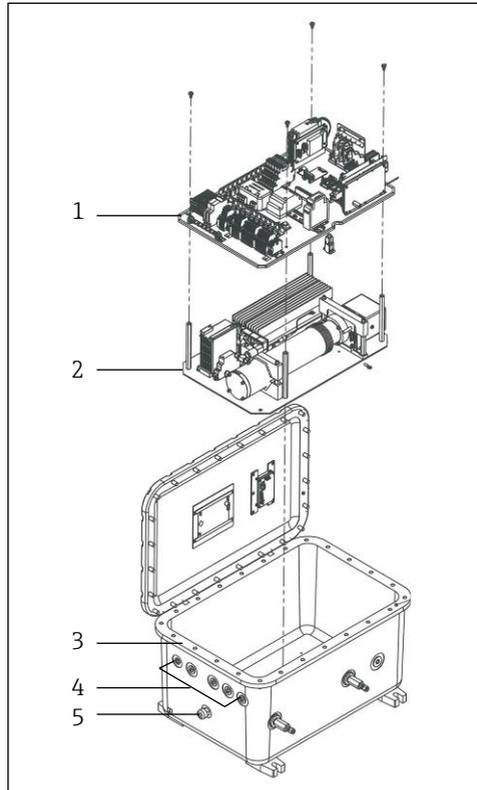
Accessory Type	Rating	Notes
Stopper plug	Exd, Zone 1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stopping plugs shall be assembled in such a way that their protrusion from an associated enclosure is not increased.</li> <li>2. Installer must ensure the stopping plug ingress protection matches the ingress protection rating of the associated enclosure, IP66.</li> </ol>
Adapter/reducers	Exd, Zone 1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adapter/reducers shall be assembled in such a way that their protrusion from an associated enclosure is not increased.</li> <li>2. Installer must ensure the stopping plug ingress matches the ingress protection of the rating of the associated enclosure, IP66.</li> <li>3. For direct entry Exd applications, only one adapter/reducer shall be used per cable entry.</li> <li>4. The female connection thread of a Thread Conversion Adapter shall “step” not more than two “sizes” up in the case of a thread gender change.</li> </ol>
Breather/drain	Exd, Zone 1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The breather/drain shall be suitable for bottom entry application only.</li> <li>2. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that the ingress protection level of an associated enclosure is maintained at the interface, IP66.</li> <li>3. Breather/drain specified shall meet the following requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Exd enclosures with an internal volume <math>75 \text{ L} \leq V \leq 175 \text{ L}</math></li> <li>▪ Exd enclosure reference pressure 40 bar maximum.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Cable gland(s)	Exd, Zone 1	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Compound barrier cable glands shall be specified for use with our analyzer Exd enclosure.</li> <li>2. Compound barrier cable glands shall carry a minimum IP66 ingress protection level.</li> </ol>

Table 7. Exd accessory conditions of use

## 5 Maintenance and service

This chapter provides safety information related to maintenance and service of the SS2100i-1 analyzer. Below is an outline of the SS2100i-1 analyzer configuration.

The SS2100i-1 analyzer supports two levels inside the analyzer enclosure. The top level contains the electronics assembly, and the bottom level is the measurement cell assembly. Refer to the figure below.



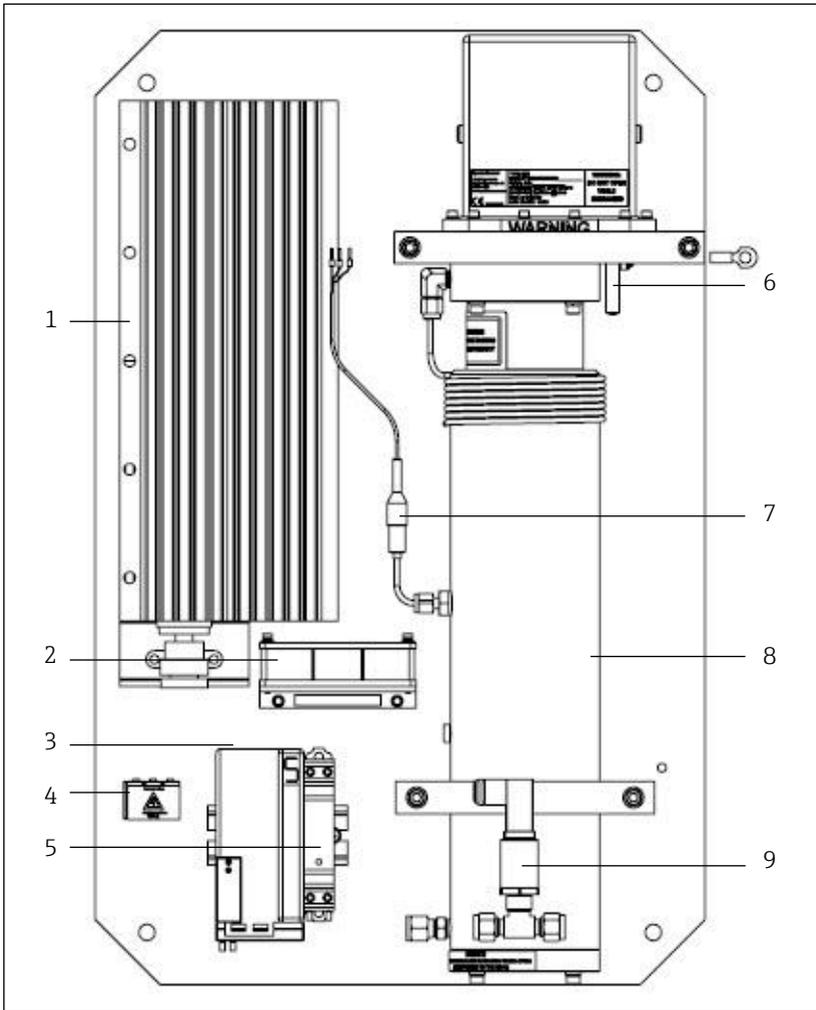
A0052182

Figure 1. Analyzer component overview

- |                               |                                 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Electronics panel assembly | 4. M20x1.5 power input (5)      |
| 2. Sample cell panel assembly | 5. M25x1.5 digital/analog input |
| 3. Analyzer enclosure         |                                 |

For an illustration of the top-level electronics assembly components, see [Figure 2](#) → . Components on an 8/28 m sample cell panel can be viewed in [Figure 3](#) → , the 0.8 m in [Figure 4](#) → , and the 0.1 m sample cell in [Figure 5](#) → . While the analyzer cell size may vary, the components remain the same.

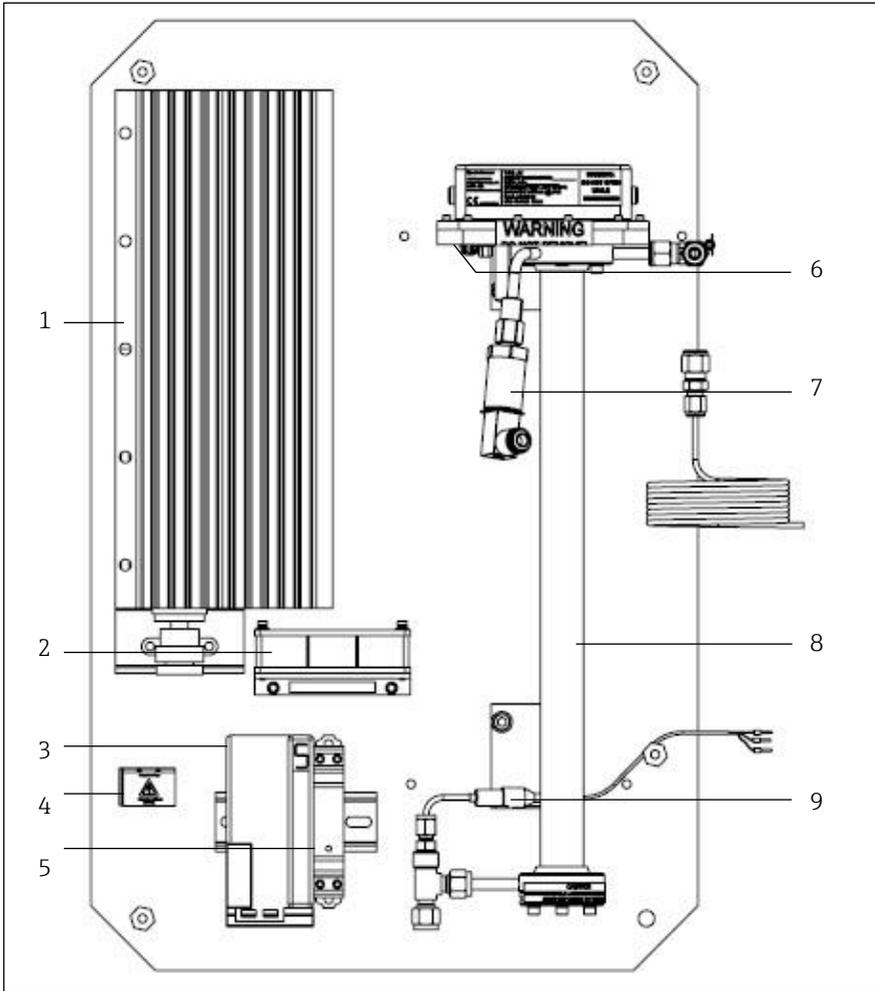




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Figure 3. Components on sample cell panel assembly (8/28 m sample cell) (lower level)

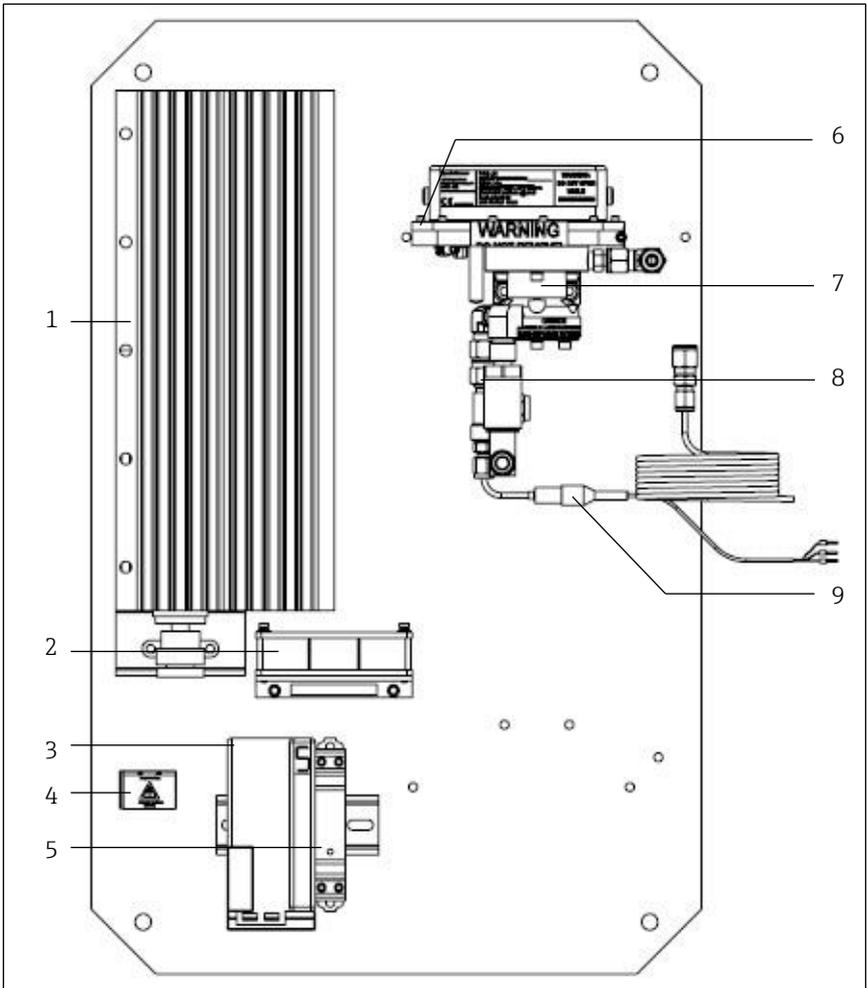
- |                                 |                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Heater                       | 6. Transition plate thermistor |
| 2. Fan                          | 7. Thermistor assembly         |
| 3. Temperature controller       | 8. Measurement cell            |
| 4. AC terminal block for heater | 9. Pressure sensor             |
| 5. Solid-state relay            |                                |



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Figure 4. Components on sample cell panel assembly (0.8 m sample cell) (lower level)

- |                                 |                                |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Heater                       | 6. Transition plate thermistor |
| 2. Fan                          | 7. Pressure sensor             |
| 3. Temperature controller       | 8. Measurement cell            |
| 4. AC terminal block for heater | 9. Thermistor assembly         |
| 5. Solid-state relay            |                                |



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Figure 5. Components on sample cell panel assembly (0.1 m sample cell) (lower level)

- |                                 |                                  |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Heater                       | 6. Transition plate thermistor   |
| 2. Fan                          | 7. Measurement cell              |
| 3. Temperature controller       | 8. Pressure sensor               |
| 4. AC terminal block for heater | 9. Sample temperature thermistor |
| 5. Solid-state relay            |                                  |

## 5.1 Accessing the measurement cell

To access the measurement cell for mirror cleaning or to replace the pressure sensor, for example, the electronics assembly (top level) panel must first be removed. Procedures for maintaining the components on the sample cell (lower level) panel can be found in the operating instructions. See section 1.4 → [Associated documentation](#).

### CAUTION

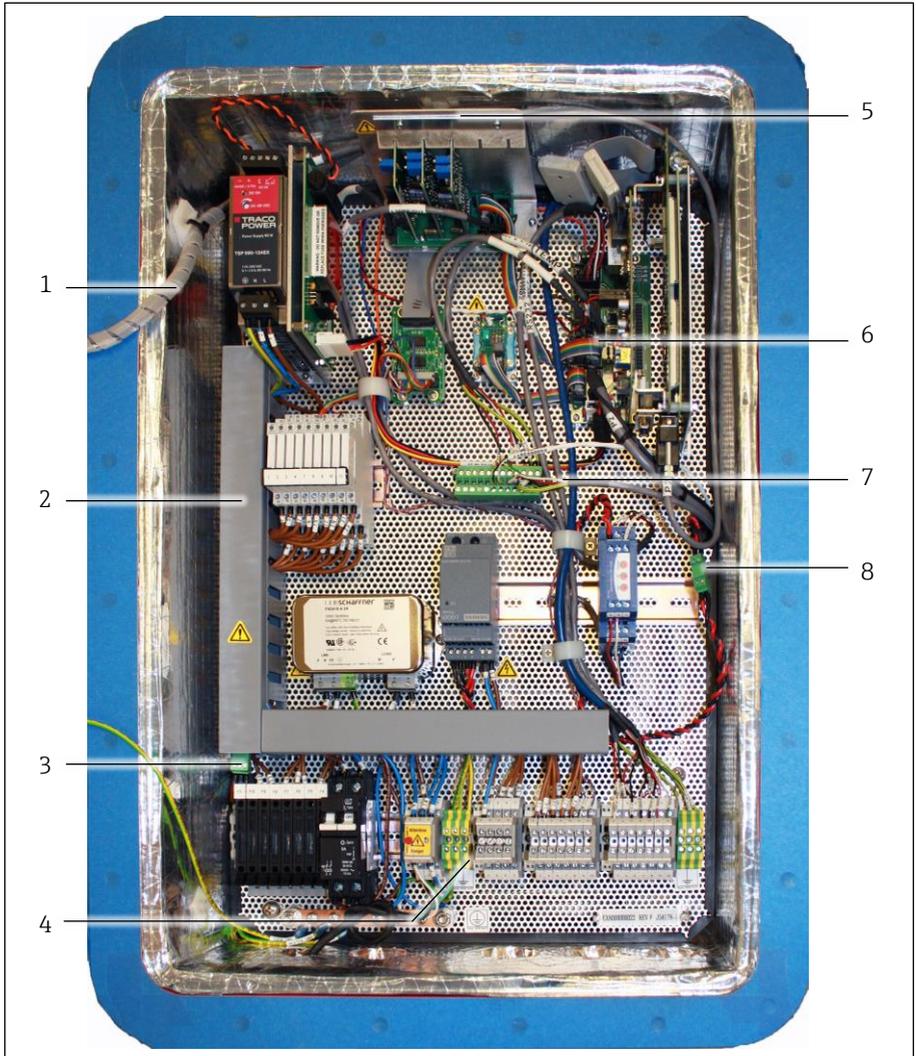
- ▶ Process samples may contain hazardous material in potentially flammable or toxic concentrations. Personnel should have a thorough knowledge and understanding of the physical properties of the sample and prescribed safety precautions before operating the analyzer.
- ▶ All valves, regulators, switches, etc. should be operated in accordance with site lockout/tagout procedures.

### 5.1.1 Removing the electronics assembly

1. Power down the analyzer following the procedure outlined in the Description of Device Parameters titled “Powering Down the Analyzer.”
2. Close isolation valves to stop flow of process gas through the analyzer.

### CAUTION

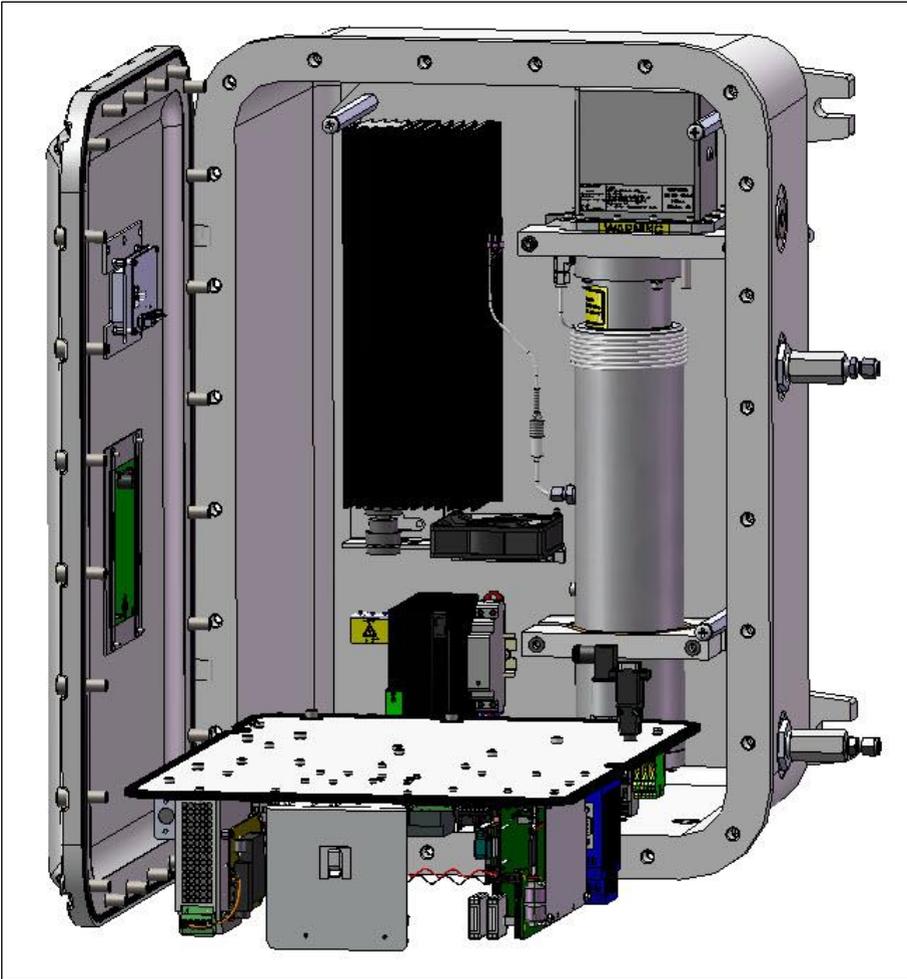
- ▶ Failure to complete this step could result in the release of toxic gases, which could harm personnel or trigger an explosion.
3. If possible, purge the system with nitrogen for 10 minutes.
  4. Open the enclosure cover.
  5. Remove the keypad and display control cable from the clips at the top of the enclosure as shown in [Figure 6](#) → .
  6. Disconnect the optical head cable.
  7. Disconnect the temperature/pressure cables by removing the green connector block.
  8. Slide the wire duct cover at the left of the enclosure towards the top and disconnect the heater power terminal.
  9. Disconnect the Watlow controller. Remove the four mounting screws from the four corners of the electronics panel and set them aside. You are now ready to remove the electronics panel.
  10. Gently pull the electronics panel towards you, away from the enclosure, tilting the panel forward slightly to lift up and over the wires connected at the base of the enclosure as in [Figure 7](#) → .
  11. Support the electronics panel without completing removing it from the enclosure, as shown in [Figure 7](#) → .



A0052.187

Figure 6. Electronics assembly panel

- |                          |                                    |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. Keypad/display cable  | 5. Keypad/display cable clips      |
| 2. Wire duct cover       | 6. Optical head cable              |
| 3. Heater power terminal | 7. Temperature/pressure cables     |
| 4. Protective ground     | 8. Watlow controlled quick connect |



A0052188

Figure 7. Accessing the measurement cell

## 5.2 Potentially hazardous substances

The SS2100i-1 analyzers may be provided with a scrubber and scrubber indicator. See below for proper disposal of these items.

### 5.2.1 Disposal of hazardous substances

For an analyzer equipped with H<sub>2</sub>S scrubbers, discard used scrubber and scrubber indicator in an appropriate leak-proof receptacle for safe disposal of old components.

**⚠ CAUTION**

- ▶ Depleted H<sub>2</sub>S scrubbers and scrubber indicators contain predominantly Copper (II) Sulfide [CAS# 1317-40-4] with some remaining Copper (II) Oxide [CAS# 1317-38-0] and basic cupric carbonate [CAS# 12069-69-1], each of which are odorless dark powders that require few special precautions other than avoiding contact with the internal substances, keeping the scrubber tightly sealed and protecting the contents against humidity.

## 5.3 Fuse ratings and characteristics

**⚠ WARNING**

- ▶ Hazardous voltage and risk of electric shock. Turn off and lock out system power before opening the electronics enclosure and making any connections.
- ▶ If you need to replace a fuse, use only the same type and rating of fuse as the original. Refer also to specifications listed in the tables below.

For an illustration of the fuse location in the electronics assembly, see [Figure 2](#) → .

Fuse specifications for 120 VAC systems			
	Drawing reference	Description	Rating
	F3	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/1.6 A
	F4 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/0.5 A
	F5 <sup>1</sup> , F6 <sup>1</sup> , F7 <sup>1</sup> , F8 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/0.1 A
	F9 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/1.0 A
	F10 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/2.0 A

Table 8. Fuse specifications for 120 VAC systems

<sup>1</sup> Housed in fuse terminal blocks. Illuminated LED indicates blown fuse.

Fuse specifications for 240 VAC systems			
	Drawing reference	Description	Rating
	F3	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/1.6 A
	F4 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/0.5 A
	F5 <sup>1</sup> , F6 <sup>1</sup> , F7 <sup>1</sup> , F8 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/0.1 A
	F9 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/1.0 A
	F10 <sup>1</sup>	Miniature fuse, 5 x 20 mm, time delay	250 VAC/1.2 A

Table 9. Fuse specifications for 240 VAC systems

## 5.4 Service

For Service, refer to our website (<https://www.endress.com/contact>) for the list of local sales channels in your area.

<sup>1</sup> Housed in fuse terminal blocks. Illuminated LED indicates blown fuse.

[www.addresses.endress.com](http://www.addresses.endress.com)

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