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**Operating Instructions** Liquiline CM44P

Universal four-wire multichannel controller for process spectrometers and Memosens sensors





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## 1 About this document

## 1.1 Warnings

Structure of information	Meaning		
▲ DANGER Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>will</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.		
WARNING     Causes (/consequences)     If necessary, Consequences of     non-compliance (if applicable)	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid the dangerous situation <b>can</b> result in a fatal or serious injury.		
CAUTION Causes (/consequences) If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) ► Corrective action	This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or more serious injuries.		
NOTICE Cause/situation If necessary, Consequences of non-compliance (if applicable) Action/note	This symbol alerts you to situations which may result in damage to property.		

## 1.2 Symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
i	Additional information, tips	
	Permitted or recommended	
	Recommended	
	Not permitted or not recommended	
L.	Reference to device documentation	
	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
L <b></b>	Result of a step	

## 1.3 Symbols on the device

Symbol	Meaning
	Reference to device documentation
	Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

## 1.4 Documentation

The following manuals complement these Operating Instructions and are available on the product pages on the Internet:

- Brief Operating Instructions for Liquiline CM44P, KA01450C
- Operating Instructions for Memosens, BA01245C
  - Software description for Memosens inputs
  - Calibration of Memosens sensors
  - Sensor-specific diagnostics and troubleshooting
- Operating Instructions for HART communication, BA00486C
  - Onsite settings and installation instructions for HART
  - Description of HART driver
- Guidelines for communication via fieldbus and web server
  - HART, SD01187C
  - PROFIBUS, SD01188C
  - Modbus, SD01189C
  - Web server, SD01190C
  - EtherNet/IP, SD01293C
  - PROFINET, SD02490C

## 2 Basic safety instructions

## 2.1 Requirements of the personnel

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system may be carried out only by specially trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized by the plant operator to carry out the specified activities.
- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- The technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- Faults at the measuring point may only be rectified by authorized and specially trained personnel.

Repairs not described in the Operating Instructions provided must be carried out only directly at the manufacturer's site or by the service organization.

## 2.2 Intended use

## 2.2.1 Non-hazardous environment

Liquiline CM44P is a multichannel controller for connecting process spectrometers and digital sensors with Memosens technology in non-hazardous environments.

The device is designed for use in the following applications:

- Food and beverages
- Life science
- Water and wastewater
- Chemical industry
- Power stations
- Other industrial applications

### 2.2.2 Hazardous environment

 Pay attention to the information in the relevant documents relating to safety instructions (XA).

### 2.2.3 Non-intended use and improper use

#### NOTICE

#### Objects stored on top of the housing

May cause short-circuits or fire or result in the failure of individual cabinet components or complete failure of the measuring point!

- Never place any objects, such as tools, cables, paper, food, liquid containers or similar, on top of the housing.
- Always observe the operator's regulations, in particular with regard to fire safety (smoking) and foodstuffs (beverages).

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described, poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system and is therefore not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

### 2.2.4 Installation environment (cabinet device only)

The device and the associated power units can be operated with 24 V AC, 24 V DC or 100 to 230 V AC and comply with IP20.

The components were designed for pollution degree 2 and for environments with noncondensing moisture. They must therefore be installed in an appropriate enclosure for protection. The ambient conditions specified in the instructions must be observed here.

## 2.3 Workplace safety

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation guidelines
- Local standards and regulations
- Regulations for explosion protection

#### Electromagnetic compatibility

- The product has been tested for electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with the applicable international standards for industrial applications.
- The electromagnetic compatibility indicated applies only to a product that has been connected in accordance with these Operating Instructions.

## 2.4 Operational safety

#### Before commissioning the entire measuring point:

- 1. Verify that all connections are correct.
- 2. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are undamaged.
- 3. Do not operate damaged products, and protect them against unintentional operation.
- 4. Label damaged products as defective.

#### During operation:

 If faults cannot be rectified: products must be taken out of service and protected against unintentional operation.

#### **A**CAUTION

#### Programs not switched off during maintenance activities.

- Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent!
- Quit any programs that are active.
- Switch to the service mode.
- ► If testing the cleaning function while cleaning is in progress, wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.

## 2.5 Product safety

## 2.5.1 State-of-the-art

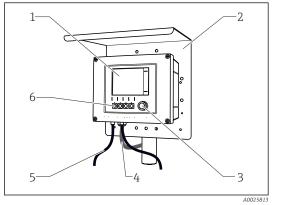
The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The relevant regulations and international standards have been observed.

## 2.5.2 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

#### **Device description** 3



#### Housing closed (field device) 3.1

Display

1

2

3

6

- Weather protection cover (optional)
- Navigator
- Sensor cable or current output cable 4
- 5 Power supply cable
  - Soft keys, assignment depends on menu

• 1 Mounted on a post

#### 3.2 Standard device

### 2 4 6 00 ÎΠ m 11 10 9 8 7 6

#### 3.2.1 Housing open (field device)

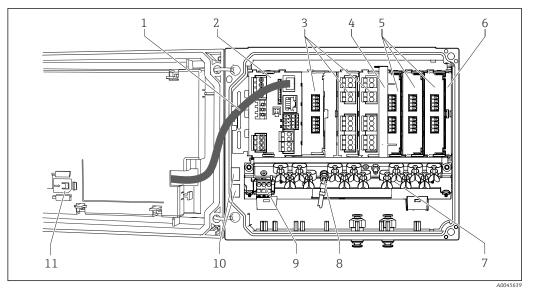
፼ 2 Example of a four-channel device with an open display cover (without wiring)

- 1 Display cable
- 2 Basic module Extension modules (optional) 3
- 4 Shock protection, dummy cover and end cover
- 5 Extension backplane
- 6 Cable mounting rail

- 7 Threaded bolt for protective ground connection 8 Extension power unit with internal cable M12 connectors for sensor connection (optional) 10 Distributor terminals for user-defined use 1)
- 11 Storage slot for SD card
- 1) Example: you want to loop the signal from the alarm relay to a siren and a lamp. The terminals on the alarm relay only accommodate one cable. Route the signal from the alarm relay to a terminal on the distributor block. The block's terminals are all interconnected. You therefore have 3 additional terminals on this block from where you can carry the signal forward to the consumer (siren, lamp etc.). The signal can be multiplied in this way.

9

# 3.3 Open?? device with sensor communication module type 2DS Ex-i



E 3 Example of a field device with sensor communication module type 2DS Ex-i and open display cover (without wiring)

7

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11

Cable mounting rail

Extension power unit

Storage slot for SD card

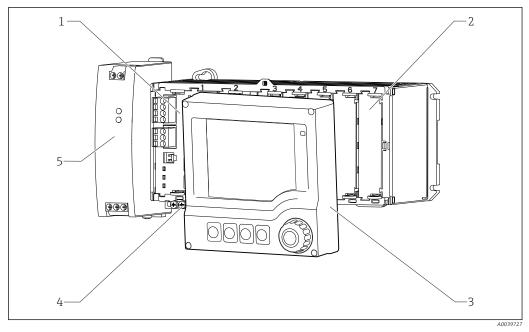
Threaded bolt for protective ground connection

Distributor terminals for user-defined use <sup>1)</sup>

- 1 Display cable
- 2 Basic module
- 3 Extension modules (optional)
- 4 Separation element (pre-installed)
- 5 Sensor communication modules 2DS Ex-i
- 6 Shock protection, dummy cover and end cover
- Example: you want to loop the signal from the alarm relay to a siren and a lamp. The terminals on the alarm relay only accommodate one cable. Route the signal from the alarm relay to a terminal on the distributor block. The block's terminals are all interconnected. You therefore have 3 additional terminals on this block from where you can carry the signal forward to the consumer (siren, lamp etc.). The signal can be multiplied in this way.

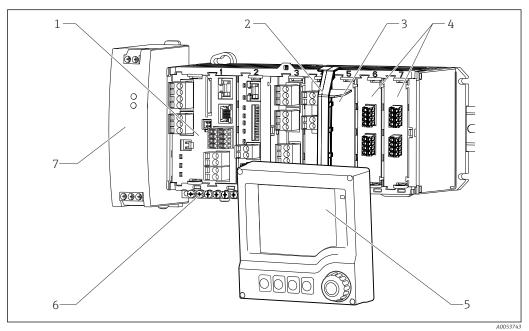
#### 3.4 **Overview (cabinet device)**

Cabinet device for non-hazardous area



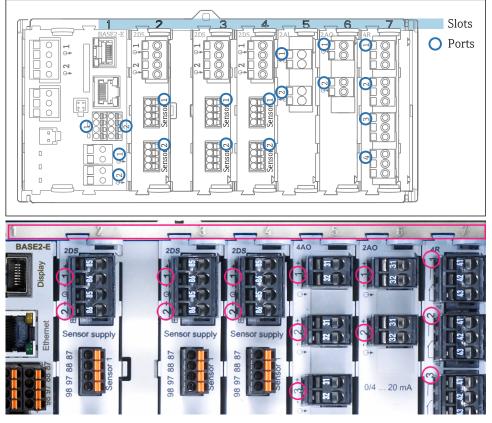
€ 4 Device with optional, external display (excluding cables)

- 1 Base module
  - Shock protection, dummy module
- 4 Terminal strip
- 2
- 5 External power unit
- 3 External display (optional)
- Cabinet device with sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i for hazardous area



7

- Base module 1
- 2 Separator element (pre-installed)
- 3 Shock protection, dummy module
- 4 Intrinsically safe sensor connections 2DS Ex-i
- 5 External display (optional)
- 6 Terminal strip
  - External power unit



## 3.5 Slot and port assignment

■ 5 Slot and port assignment of the hardware modules

Outlet 1				Ok
CH1: 11	)pH Glass	s AT	C <b>6.95</b> pH	D (
CH2: 1:2	TU/TS		500.0 g/	Port Slot
CH3: 5:1	SAC		500.0 1/	m SIUL
CH4: 5:2	Cond i	AT	(2.62 mS	/cm
CH5: 6:1	Chlorine		28.33 m	g/I
CH6: 6:2	Redox	1	51 mV	
CH7: 7:1	Oxygen	(am	32.86 mg	g/l
CH8: 7:2	Cond c	AT	C <b>131.1</b> pS	i/cm
MENU	CAL	DIAG	HOLD	

Image: Solid and port assignment on the display

- Inputs are assigned to measuring channels in the ascending order of the slots and ports. Adjacent example:
   "CH1: 1:1 pH glass" means: Channel 1 (CH1) is slot 1 (basic module) : Port 1 (input 1), pH glass sensor
- Outputs and relays are named according to their function, e.g. "current output", and are displayed in ascending order with the slot and port numbers

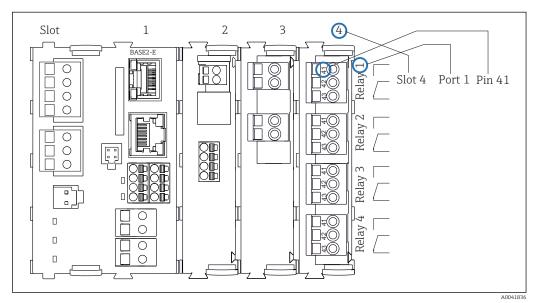
## 3.6 Terminal diagram

The unique terminal name is derived from:

Slot no. : Port no. : Terminal

### Example, NO contact of a relay

- Device with 2 inputs for digital sensors, 4 current outputs and 4 relays
- Base module BASE2-E (contains 2 sensor inputs, 2 current outputs)
- SEM module (1 spectrometer)
- 2AO module (2 current outputs)
- 4R module (4 relays)



🗉 7 Creating a terminal diagram using the example of the NO contact (terminal 41) of a relay

## 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

## 4.1 Incoming acceptance

1. Verify that the packaging is undamaged.

- Notify the supplier of any damage to the packaging.
   Keep the damaged packaging until the issue has been resolved.
- 2. Verify that the contents are undamaged.
  - Notify the supplier of any damage to the delivery contents. Keep the damaged goods until the issue has been resolved.
- **3.** Check that the delivery is complete and nothing is missing.
  - ← Compare the shipping documents with your order.
- 4. Pack the product for storage and transportation in such a way that it is protected against impact and moisture.
  - └→ The original packaging offers the best protection. Make sure to comply with the permitted ambient conditions.

If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your local Sales Center.

## 4.2 Product identification

### 4.2.1 Nameplate

The nameplate provides you with the following information on your device:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Firmware version
- Ambient conditions
- Input and output values
- Activation codes
- Safety information and warnings
- Degree of protection
- Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

## 4.2.2 Identifying the product

#### Product page

www.endress.com/cm44p

#### Interpreting the order code

The order code and serial number of your product can be found in the following locations:

- On the nameplate
- In the delivery papers

#### Obtaining information on the product

1. Go to www.endress.com.

2. Page search (magnifying glass symbol): Enter valid serial number.

3. Search (magnifying glass).

- └ The product structure is displayed in a popup window.
- 4. Click the product overview.
  - └→ A new window opens. Here you fill information pertaining to your device, including the product documentation.

#### Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser Conducta GmbH+Co. KG Dieselstraße 24 70839 Gerlingen Germany

## 4.3 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- 1 multichannel controller in the version ordered
- 1 mounting plate
- 1 wiring label (attached at the factory to the inside of the display cover)
- 1 external display (if selected as an option) <sup>1)</sup>
- 1 DIN rail power unit incl. cable (cabinet device only)
- 1 printed copy of the Operating Instructions for the DIN rail power unit (cabinet device only)
- 1 printed copy of the Brief Operating Instructions in the language ordered
- Separation element (pre-installed on hazardous area version type 2DS Ex-i)
- Safety instructions for the hazardous area (for hazardous area version type 2DS Ex-i)
- ► If you have any queries:

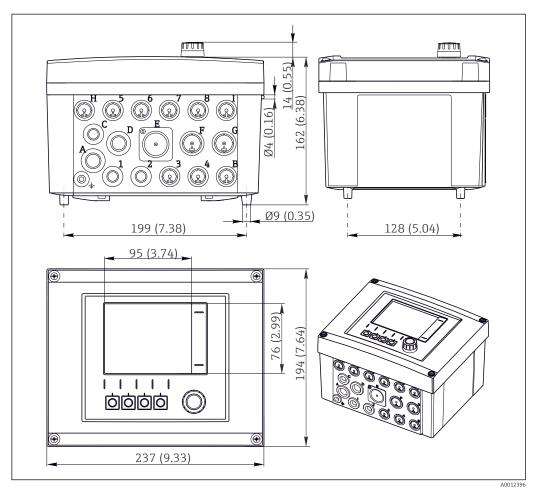
Please contact your supplier or local sales center.

<sup>1)</sup> The external display can be selected as an option in the order structure or ordered as an accessory at a later stage.

## 5 Mounting

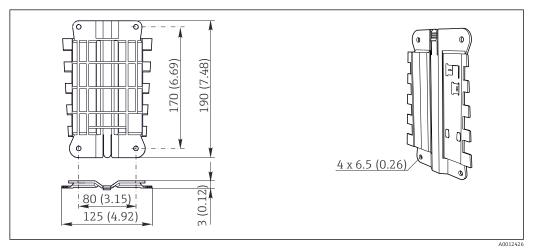
## 5.1 Mounting requirements

## 5.1.1 Dimensions



■ 8 Dimensions of field housing in mm (in)

## 5.1.2 Mounting plate



9 Mounting plate. Engineering unit: mm (in)

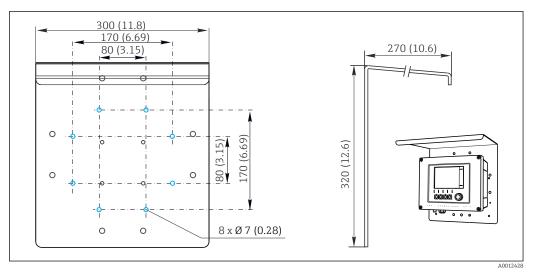
## 5.1.3 Weather protection cover

## NOTICE

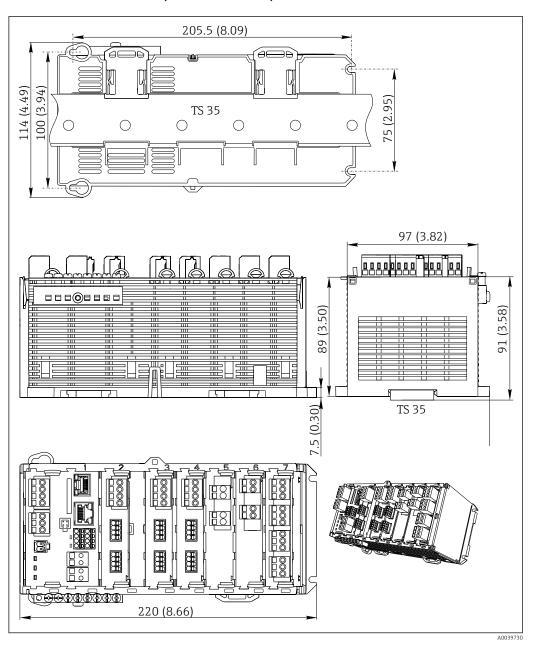
## Effect of climatic conditions (rain, snow, direct sunlight etc.)

Impaired operation to complete transmitter failure are possible!

 Always use the weather protection cover (accessory) when installing the device outdoors.







#### 5.1.4 Dimensions (cabinet device)

■ 11 Dimensions in mm (inch)

## 5.1.5 Mounting on DIN rail as per IEC 60715

#### **A**CAUTION

The power unit can get very hot under full load Burn hazard!

- Avoid touching the power unit during operation.
- The minimum distances to other devices must be observed.
- After switching off the power unit, allow it to cool down before carrying out any work on it.

### **A**CAUTION

#### Condensation on the device

Risk to user safety!

- The device complies with the IP20 degree of protection. It is designed only for environments with non-condensing moisture.
- Comply with the specified ambient conditions, e.g. by installing the device in an appropriate protective enclosure.

#### NOTICE

**Incorrect mounting location in the cabinet, spacing regulations not observed** Possible malfunctions as a result of heat buildup and interference from neighboring devices!

- Do not position the device directly above sources of heat. The temperature specification must be observed.
- ► The components are designed for convection-based cooling. Avoid heat buildup. Ensure openings are not covered, e.g. by cables.
- ► Observe the specified distances to other devices.
- Physically separate the device from frequency converters and high-voltage devices.
- Recommended installation direction: horizontal. The specified ambient conditions, and particularly the ambient temperatures, only apply for horizontal installation.
- Vertical orientation is also possible. However, this requires additional fixing clips at the place of installation to hold the device in position on the DIN rail.
- ► Recommended installation of power unit: to the left of the device

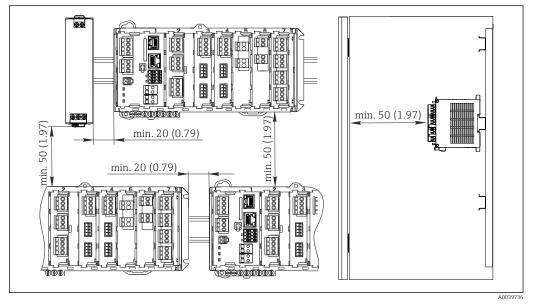
#### The following minimum clearance specifications must be observed:

• Distances at the side in relation to other devices incl. power units and to the wall of the cabinet:

at least 20 mm (0.79 inch)

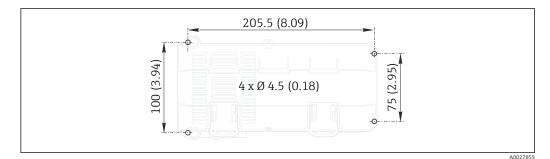
• Distance above and below the device and depth distance (to control cabinet door or other devices installed there):

at least 50 mm (1.97 inch)



🖻 12 Minimum clearance in mm (in)

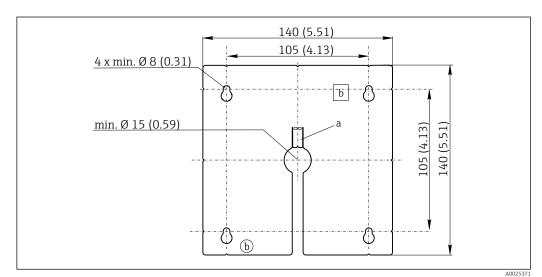
#### 5.1.6 Wall mounting



🖻 13 Drilling pattern for wall mounting in mm (in)

## 5.1.7 Mounting the external display

The mounting plate also serves as the drilling template. The marks on the side help you mark the position of the drill holes.



14 Mounting plate of external display, dimensions in mm (in)

a Retaining tab

b Production-related recesses, no function for the user

### 5.1.8 Cable length for optional display

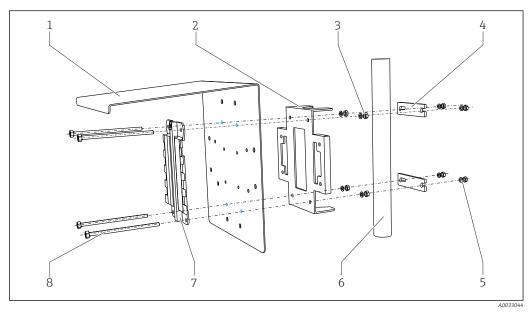
Length of display cable provided (cabinet device only): 3 m (10 ft)

Maximum permitted length of a display cable (cabinet device only): 5 m (16.5 ft)

## 5.2 Mounting the measuring device (field device)

#### 5.2.1 Post mounting

You require the post mounting kit (optional) to mount the unit on a pipe, post or railing (square or circular, clamping range 20 to 61 mm (0.79 to 2.40")).



5

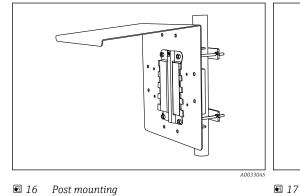
6

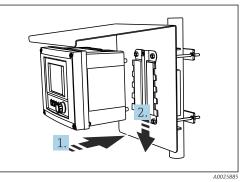
7

8

#### 🖻 15 Post mounting

- Weather protection cover (optional) 1
- 2 Post mounting plate (post mounting kit)
- 3 Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- Pipe clamps (post mounting kit) 4
- Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- *Pipe or railing (circular/square)*
- Mounting plate
  - Threaded rods (post mounting kit)





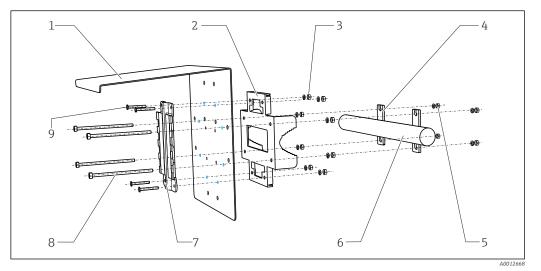
Attach the device and click it into place

🖻 16 Post mounting

1. Place the device on the mounting plate.

2. Slide the device downwards in the guide on the mounting rail until it clicks into place.

#### 5.2.2 **Rail mounting**



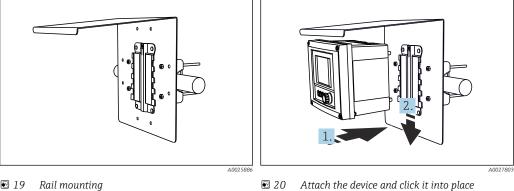
6

7

8

9

- 🛃 18 Rail mounting
- 1 Weather protection cover (optional)
- 2 Post mounting plate (post mounting kit)
- 3 Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- 4 Pipe clamps (post mounting kit)
- 5 Spring washers and nuts (post mounting kit)
- Pipe or railing (circular/square)
- Mounting plate
  - Threaded rods (post mounting kit)
  - Screws (post mounting kit)

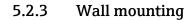


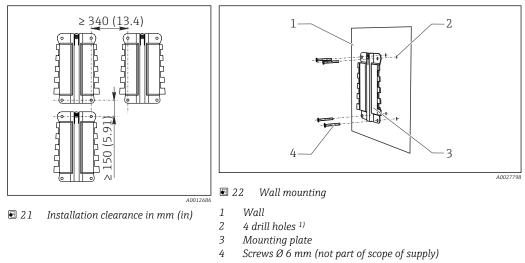
🛃 19 Rail mounting

1.

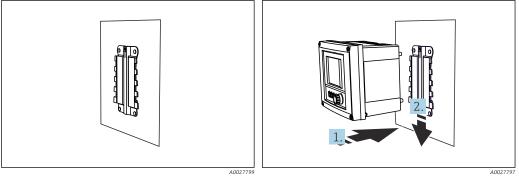
Place the device on the mounting plate.

Slide the device downwards in the guide on the mounting rail until it clicks into place. 2.





<sup>1)</sup>The size of the drill holes depends on the wall plugs used. The wall plugs and screws must be provided by the customer.



🖻 23 Wall mounting

24 Attach the device and click it into place

1. Place the device on the mounting plate.

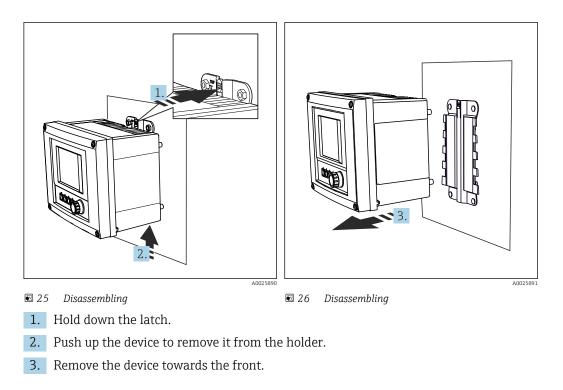
2. Slide the device downwards in the guide on the mounting rail until it clicks into place.

#### 5.2.4 Disassembly (for conversion, cleaning etc.)

#### NOTICE

#### The device can be damaged if dropped

When pushing the housing out of the holder, secure the housing to prevent it from falling. If possible, ask a second person to help you.



## 5.3 Mounting the measuring device (cabinet device)

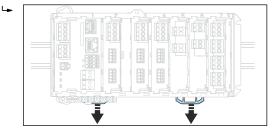
## 5.3.1 DIN rail mounting

L,

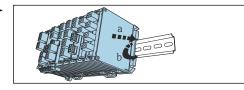
4

The mounting procedure is the same for all Liquiline devices. The example shows a CM448R.

1. In the order configuration, the securing clips are "tightened" to secure the DIN rail. Release the securing clips by pulling them downwards.



2. Attach the device from the top to the DIN rail (a) and secure it by pressing down (b).



3. Slide the securing clips upwards until they click, thereby securing the device to the DIN rail.

COMM		

4. Mount the external power unit in the same way.

### 5.3.2 Wall mounting

Mounting material (screws, dowels) are not included in the scope of delivery and must be provided by the customer.

The external power unit can be mounted on a DIN rail only.

Use the back of the housing to mark the mounting holes.

- 1. Drill the corresponding holes and insert wall plugs if necessary.
- 2. Screw the housing onto the wall.

## 5.3.3 Mounting the optional external display

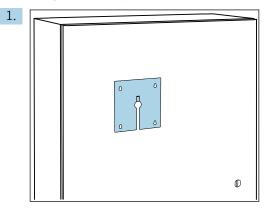
#### **A**CAUTION

### Sharp-edged, non-deburred boreholes

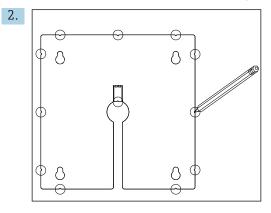
Risk of injury, display cable may get damaged!

Trim and deburr all boreholes. In particular, make sure that the middle borehole for the display cable is properly deburred.

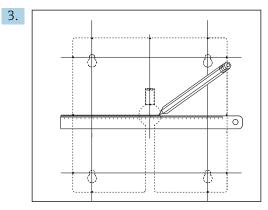
#### Mounting the display on the door of the cabinet



Hold the mounting plate from the outside against the door of the control cabinet. Select the position at which the display is to be mounted.

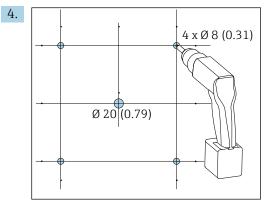


Make all the markings.



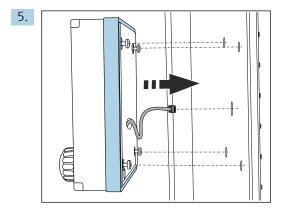
Draw lines to interconnect all the marks.

└ The points of intersection of the lines mark the position of the 5 necessary boreholes.



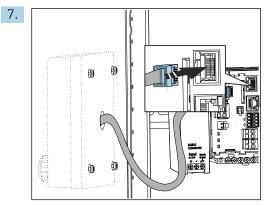
☑ 27 Diameter of boreholes in mm (in)

Drill the holes.  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 14$ ,  $\boxdot 21$ 

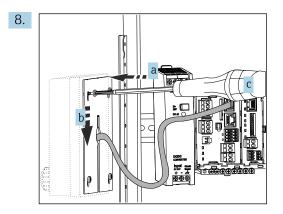


Pull the display cable through the central borehole.

6. With the Torx screws unscrewed until the last half turn (but still inserted), fit the display from the outside via the 4 outer boreholes. Ensure that the rubber frame (seal, highlighted blue) does not become damaged and is properly positioned on the surface of the door.

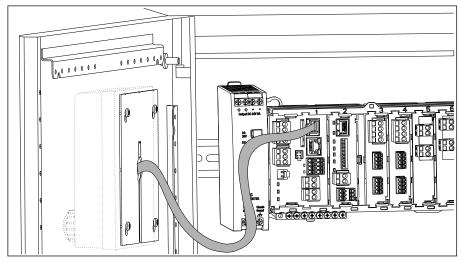


Connect the display cable to the RJ-45 socket of the base module. The RJ-45 socket is labeled **Display**.



Place the mounting plate on the inside over the screws (a), slide it down (b) and tighten the screws (c).

← The display is now mounted and ready to use.



28 Mounted display

### NOTICE

#### Incorrect installation

Damage and malfunctions possible

- Lay cables in such a way that they do not get squashed e.g. when closing the cabinet door.
- Only connect the display cable to the RJ45 socket with the **Display** labeling on the base module.

## 5.4 Post-mounting check

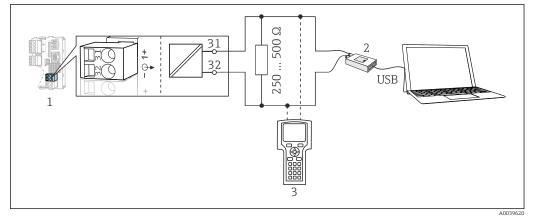
1. After installation, check the transmitter for damage.

- 2. Check whether the transmitter is protected against precipitation and direct sunlight (e.g. by the weather protection cover).
- 3. After mounting, check all devices (controller, power unit, display) for damage.
- 4. Verify that the specified installation clearances have been observed.
- 5. Verify that all securing clips have been snapped into place and that the components are securely positioned on the DIN rail.
- 6. Ensure that the temperature limits are observed at the mounting location.

## 6 Electrical connection

## 6.1 Connection conditions

## 6.1.1 Via HART (e.g. via HART modem and FieldCare)



■ 29 HART using modem

- 1 Device module Base2-L, -H or -E: current output 1 with HART
- 2 HART modem for connection to PC, e.g. Commubox FXA191 (RS232) or FXA195<sup>1)</sup> (USB)
- 3 HART handheld terminal
- <sup>1)</sup> Switch position "on" (substitutes the resistor)

## 6.2 Connecting the measuring device

#### **WARNING**

#### Device is live!

Incorrect connection may result in injury or death!

- The electrical connection may be performed only by an electrical technician.
- ► The electrical technician must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions contained therein.
- **Prior** to commencing connection work, ensure that no voltage is present on any cable.

#### NOTICE

#### The device does not have a power switch!

- Provide a protected circuit breaker in the vicinity of the device at the place of installation.
- The circuit breaker must be a switch or power switch, and must be labeled as the circuit breaker for the device.
- ► At the supply point, the power supply must be isolated from dangerous live cables by double or reinforced insulation in the case of devices with a 24 V supply voltage.

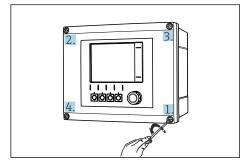
## 6.2.1 Opening the housing

#### NOTICE

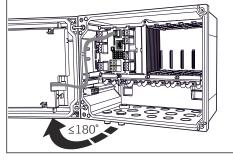
#### Pointed or sharp tools

The use of unsuitable tools can cause scratches on the housing or damage to the seal, and therefore negatively affect the leak-tightness of the housing!

- Do not use any sharp or pointed objects, e.g. a knife, to open the housing.
- Only use a suitable Phillips screwdriver.



☑ 30 Slacken the housing screws crosswise with a Phillips head screwdriver

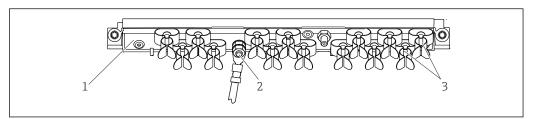


31 Opening display cover, max. opening angle 180° (depends on installation position)

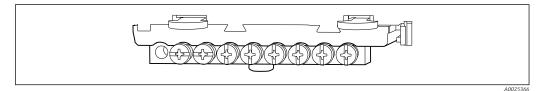
1. Slacken the housing screws crosswise.

2. To close the housing: tighten the screws in a similar step-by-step, crosswise sequence.

## 6.2.2 Cable mounting rail

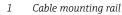


32 Cable mounting rail and associated function (field device)



3

■ 33 Mounting rail for functional ground connections (cabinet device)



Cable clamps (fixing and grounding the sensor cables)

2 Threaded bolt (protective ground connection, central grounding point)

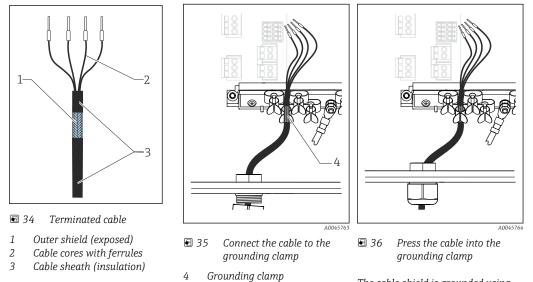
## 6.2.3 Connecting the cable shield

The sensor, fieldbus and Ethernet cables must be shielded cables.

Only use terminated original cables where possible.

Clamping range of cable clamps: 4 to 11 mm (0.16 to 0.43 in)

Cable sample (does not necessarily correspond to the original cable supplied)



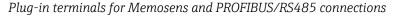
The cable shield is grounded using the grounding clamp  $^{1)}$ 

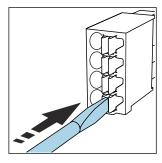
1) Please note the instructions in the "Ensuring the degree of protection" section (  $\Rightarrow \square 49$ )

- 1. Loosen a suitable cable gland on the bottom of the housing.
- 2. Remove the dummy plug.
- 3. Attach the gland to the cable end, making sure the gland is facing the right direction.
- 4. Pull the cable through the gland and into the housing.

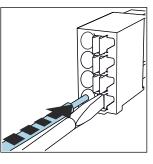
- 5. Route the cable in the housing in such a way that the **exposed** cable shield fits into one of the cable clamps and the cable cores can be easily routed as far as the connection plug on the electronics module.
- 6. Connect the cable to the cable clamp.
- 7. Clamp the cable.
- 8. Connect cable cores as per the wiring diagram.
- 9. Tighten the cable gland from outside.

#### 6.2.4 Cable terminals

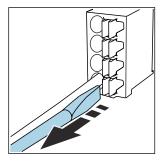




 Press the screwdriver against the clip (opens the terminal).

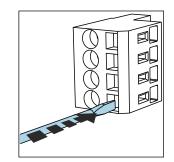


• Insert the cable until the limit stop.

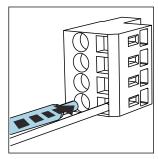


- Remove the screwdriver (closes the terminal).
- After connection, make sure that every cable end is securely in place. Terminated cable ends, in particular, tend to come loose easily if they have not been correctly inserted as far as the limit stop.

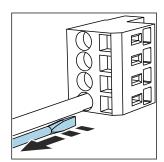
All other plug-in terminals



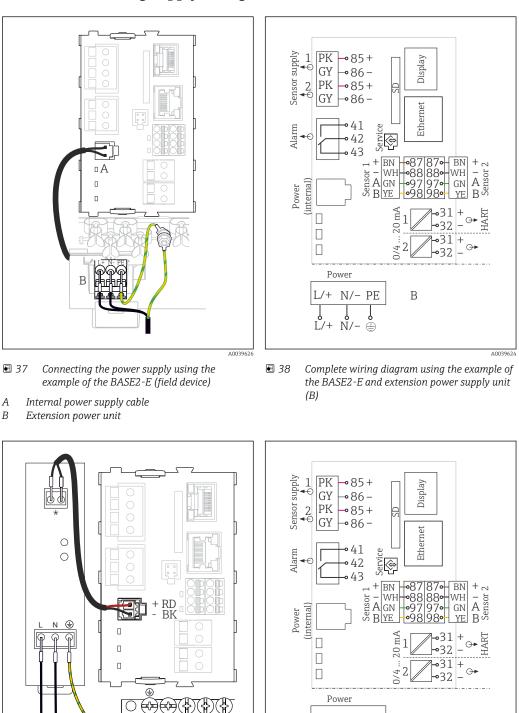
 Press the screwdriver against the clip (opens the terminal).



Insert the cable until the limit stop.



• Remove the screwdriver (closes the terminal).



#### 6.2.5 Connecting supply voltage

- 39 Connecting the power supply using the example of the BASE2-E (cabinet device)
- E 40 Complete wiring diagram using the example of the BASE2-E and external power supply unit (B)

В

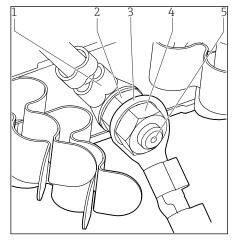
L/+ N/- PE

Ľ/+ Ň/- 🌦

- \* Assignment depends on power supply unit; make sure it is correctly connected.
- The two device versions may only be operated with the power unit supplied and the power unit cable. Also pay attention to the information in the operating instructions supplied for the power unit.

#### Connecting the supply voltage

- 1. Route the power supply cable into the housing through the suitable cable entry.
- 2. Connect the protective ground of the power unit to the threaded bolt specially provided on the cable mounting rail.
- **3.** Protective ground or grounding provided at the installation location: provide a ground cable (min. 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (corresponding to 18 AWG))<sup>1)</sup> ! Also guide the ground cable through the cable entry and connect it to the threaded bolt on the cable mounting rail. Tighten the nut to 1 Nm.
- 4. Connect the cable cores L and N (100 to 230 V AC) or + and (24 V DC) to the plugin terminals on the power unit in accordance with the wiring diagram.



☑ 41 Protective ground or grounding connection

- 1 Protective ground of power unit
- 2 Serrated washer and nut
- 3 Protective ground/ground cable, provided at the installation location (min. 0.75 mm<sup>2</sup> (≅ 18 AWG))<sup>1)</sup>
- 4 Serrated washer and nut
- 5 Mounting bolts

1) For a fuse with a 10 A rating. For a fuse with a rating of 16 A, the protective ground / ground cable must have a cross-sectional area of at least 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> ( $\cong$  14 AWG).

#### NOTICE

#### Protective ground/ground cable with end sleeve or open cable lug

Loosening the nuts on the protective ground (2) results in loss of the protective function!

- ► To connect the protective ground or ground cable to the threaded bolt, only use a cable with a closed cable lug as per DIN 46211, 46225, form A.
- Make sure that the nut of the ground cable is tightened to 1 Nm.
- Never connect the protective ground or ground cable to the threaded bolt with an end sleeve or an open cable lug!

#### NOTICE

#### Incorrect connection and cable run not separate

Interference on signal or display cable, incorrect measured values or failure of display may occur!

- Do **not** connect the cable shield of the display cable to PE (terminal strip of device)!
- Run the signal/display cable in the control cabinet separately from live (currentcarrying) cables.

## 6.3 Connecting the sensors

## 6.3.1 Sensor types for non-hazardous area

Sensors with Memosens protocol

Sensor types	Sensor cable	Sensors
Digital sensors <b>without</b> additional internal power supply	With plug-in connection and inductive signal transmission	<ul> <li>pH sensors</li> <li>ORP sensors</li> <li>Combined sensors</li> <li>Oxygen sensors (amperometric and optical)</li> <li>Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity</li> <li>Chlorine sensors (disinfection)</li> </ul>
	Fixed cable	Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity
Digital sensors with additional internal power supply	Fixed cable	<ul> <li>Process spectrometer</li> <li>Turbidity sensors</li> <li>Sensors for interface measurement</li> <li>Sensors for measuring the spectral absorption coefficient (SAC)</li> <li>Nitrate sensors</li> <li>Optical oxygen sensors</li> <li>Ion-sensitive sensors</li> </ul>

#### The following rule applies if connecting CUS71D sensors:

- The maximum number of Memosens inputs is limited to two.
- Any combination of CUS71D or other sensors is possible.

#### 6.3.2 Sensor types for hazardous area

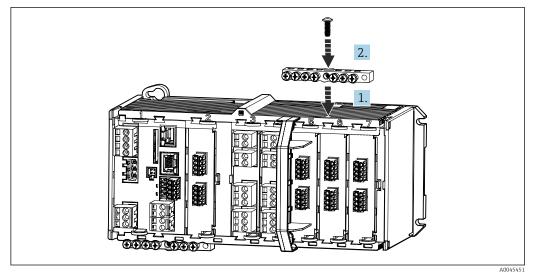
Sensors with Memosens protocol

Sensor types	Sensor cable	Sensors
Digital sensors <b>without</b> additional internal power supply	With plug-in connection and inductive signal transmission	<ul> <li>pH sensors</li> <li>ORP sensors</li> <li>Combined sensors</li> <li>Oxygen sensors (amperometric and optical)</li> <li>Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity</li> <li>Chlorine sensors (disinfection)</li> </ul>
	Fixed cable	Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity

Intrinsically safe sensors for use in explosive atmospheres may only be connected to the sensor communication module type 2DS Ex-i. Only the sensors covered by the certificates may be connected (see XA).

The sensor connections for non-Ex sensors on the base module are disabled.

6.3.3 Mounting the terminal strip for sensor communication module 2DS Ex i



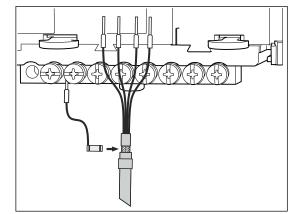
1. Fit the cable duct with the central bore over the thread of the sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i.

2. Tighten the cable duct.

**3.** Establish the grounding of the cable duct (e.g. via the cable duct of the base module). Use the green/yellow cable supplied for this purpose.

### 6.3.4 Connecting the functional ground (cabinet device)

You must always connect the terminal strip with PE from the central node in the cabinet. Use the conductor with cable clamp that is included with the Memosens cable to connect the functional earth to the terminal strip of the device.



42 Functional earth connection

You must only ever connect one functional earth to each screw in the terminal strip. Otherwise, shielding is not guaranteed.

### 6.3.5 Connecting sensors for non-hazardous area

#### Types of connection

- Direct connection of the sensor cable to the terminal connector of the , 2DS Memosens module , basic module-E ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  43 ff.)(Memosens sensors only)
- Optional for Memosens sensors: Sensor cable plug connected to the M12 sensor socket on the underside of the device (field device)

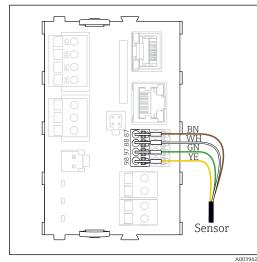
With this type of connection, the device is already wired at the factory ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare 47$ ).

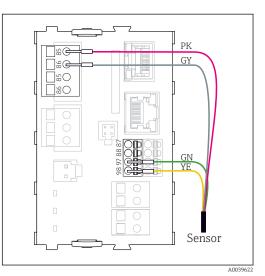
1. Sensor cable connected directly

Connect the sensor cable to the terminal connector of the SEM, or the 2DS, or of the BASE2-E module.

If connected via M12 connector (Memosens sensors only)
 Connect the sensor connector to an M12 sensor socket which has been previously installed or is supplied on delivery.

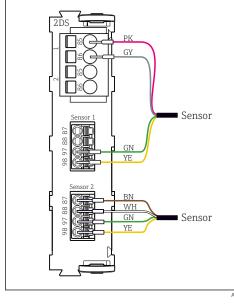
Sensor cable connected directly

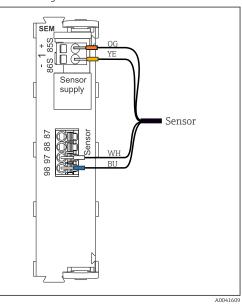




43 Memosens sensors without additional supply voltage





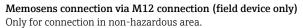


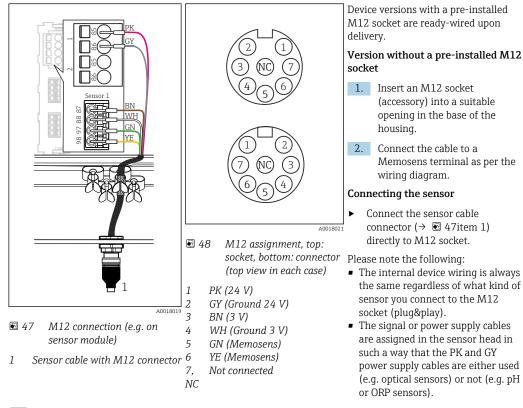
Sensors with and without additional supply voltage at sensor module 2DS

Image: Sectrometer connection to SEM module

### In the case of a single-cannel device:

The left-hand Memosens input on basic module must be used!



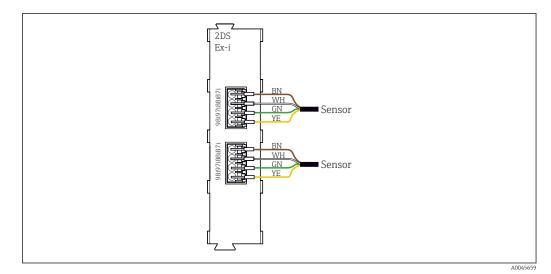


When connecting intrinsically safe sensors to transmitters with sensor communication module type 2DS Ex i, the M12 plug-in connector is **not** permitted.

# 6.3.6 Connecting intrinsically safe sensors to sensor communication module type 2DS Ex i

Sensor cable connected directly

 Connect the sensor cable to the terminal connector of the sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i.





Intrinsically safe sensors for use in explosive atmospheres may only be connected to the sensor communication module type 2DS Ex-i. Only the sensors covered by the certificates may be connected (see XA).

### 6.4 Connecting additional inputs, outputs or relays

#### **WARNING**

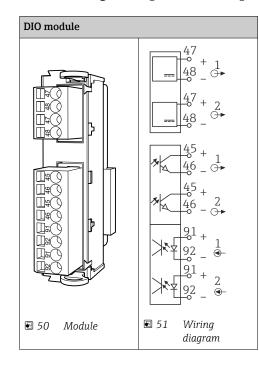
#### Module not covered

No shock protection. Danger of electric shock!

- Change or extend the hardware for the **non-hazardous area**: always fill the slots from left to right. Do not leave any gaps.
- If all of the slots are not occupied in the case of devices for the non-hazardous area: always insert a dummy cover or end cover in the slot to the right of the last module(→ 2, 10). This ensures that the unit is shock-protected.
- ► Always ensure shock protection is guaranteed particularly in the case of relay modules (2R, 4R, AOR).
- Hardware for the hazardous area may not be modified. Only the Manufacturer's Service Team may convert a certified device to another certified device version. This includes all modules of the transmitter with an integrated 2DS Ex-i module, as well as changes that concern non-intrinsically safe modules.

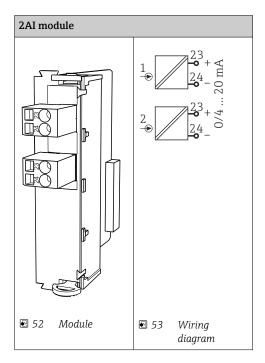
The terminal strip (cabinet unit) is used to connect the cable shields.

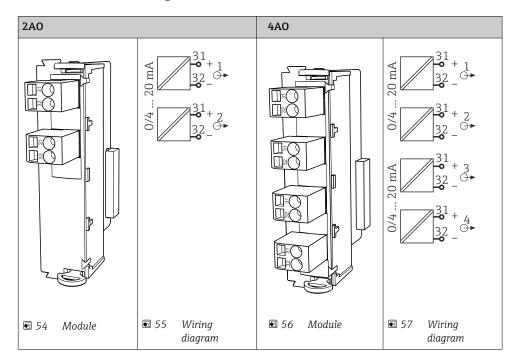
► If additional shields are required, connect them with PE centrally in the control cabinet via terminal blocks supplied by the customer.



### 6.4.1 Digital inputs and outputs

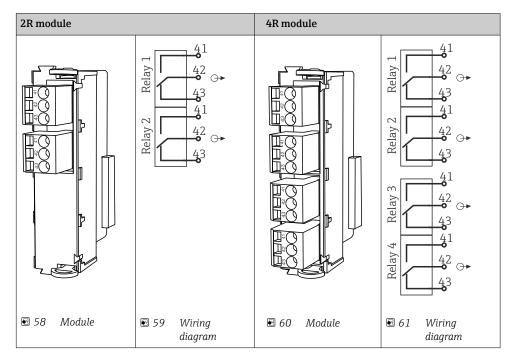
### 6.4.2 Current inputs





### 6.4.3 Current outputs

### 6.4.4 Relay



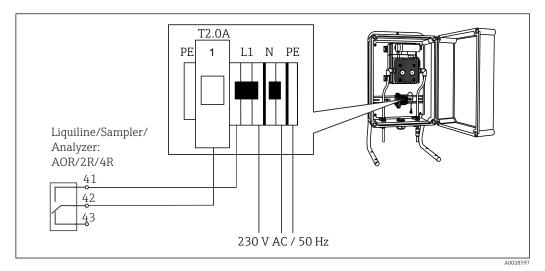
#### Example: Connecting the cleaning unit 71072583 for CAS40D

#### NOTICE

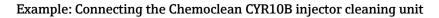
### Power consumption too high for the Liquiline alarm relay!

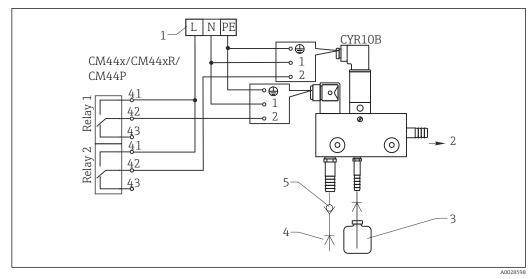
Can cause irreparable damage to the base module

 Connect the cleaning unit only to terminals of an additional module (AOR, 2R or 4R), not to the alarm relay of the base module.



■ 62 Connecting the cleaning unit for CAS40D

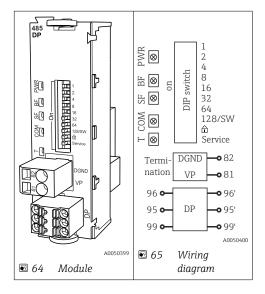




- 63 Connecting the CYR10B injector cleaning unit
- 1 External power supply
- 2 Cleaner to spray head
- 3 Container with cleaner
- 4 Motive water 2 to 12 bar (30 to 180 psi)
- 5 Backflow valve (to be provided by the customer)

# 6.5 Connecting PROFIBUS DP or Modbus RS 485

### 6.5.1 Module 485DP



Terminal	PROFIBUS DP
95	А
96	В
99	Not connected
82	DGND
81	VP

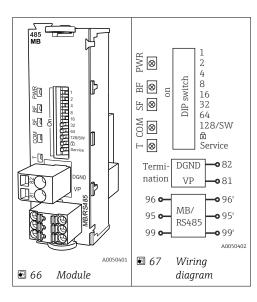
#### LEDs on front of module

LED	Designation	Color	Description
PWR	Power	GN	Supply voltage is applied and module is initialized.
BF	Bus failure	RD	Bus failure
SF	System failure	RD	Device error
COM	Communication	YE	PROFIBUS message sent or received.
Т	Bus termination	YE	<ul><li> Off = No termination</li><li> On = Termination is used</li></ul>

#### DIP switches on front of module

DIP	Factory setting	Assignment
1-128	ON	Bus address ( $\rightarrow$ "Commissioning/communication")
۵	OFF	Write protection: "ON" = configuration not possible via the bus, only via local operation
Service	OFF	The switch has no function

### 6.5.2 Module 485 MB



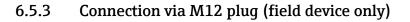
Terminal	Modbus RS485
95	В
96	A
99	C
82	DGND
81	VP

### LEDs on front of module

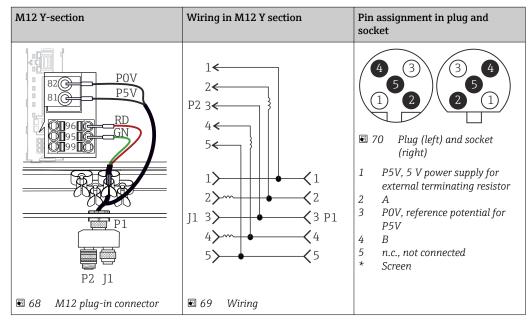
LED	Designation	Color	Description	
PWR	Power	GN	N Supply voltage is applied and module is initialized.	
BF	Bus failure	RD	Bus failure	
SF	System failure	RD	Device error	
СОМ	Communication	YE	Modbus message sent or received.	
Т	Bus termination	YE	<ul><li> Off = No termination</li><li> On = Termination is used</li></ul>	

### DIP switches on front of module

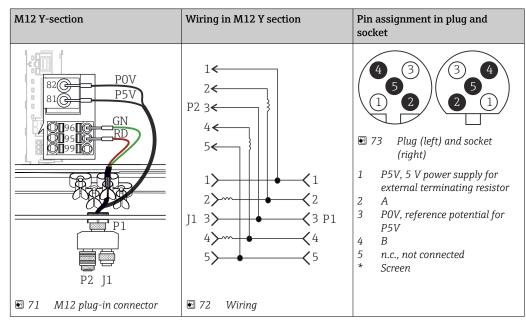
DIP	Factory setting	Assignment
1-128	ON	Bus address ( $\rightarrow$ "Commissioning/communication")
â	OFF	Write protection: "ON" = configuration not possible via the bus, only via local operation
Service	OFF	The switch has no function



#### PROFIBUS DP



When using the M12 Y-section, the maximum data transfer rate is limited to 1.5 MBit/s. For direct wiring, the maximum data transfer rate is 12 MBit/s.



#### Modbus RS485

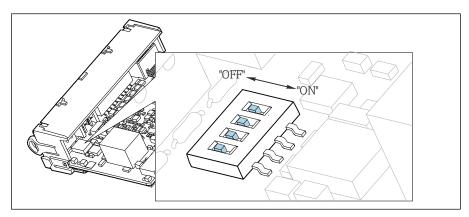
Internal connection	Pin assignment in plug and socket
<ul> <li>▼74 Ethernet socket</li> </ul>	2 $2$ $3$ $4$ $2$ $3$ $4$ $2$ $3$ $4$ $2$ $75$ $75$ $Plug (left) and socket (right)$ $1$ $1$ $7x+$ $2$ $Rx+$ $3$ $1x-$ $4$ $Rx-$ $Shielding (thread)$

Ethernet, web server, PROFINET

### 6.5.4 Bus termination

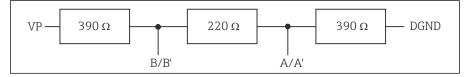
There are 2 ways to terminate the bus:

1. Internal termination (via DIP switch on module board)



☑ 76 DIP switch for internal termination

Using a suitable tool such as a tweezer, move all four DIP switches to the "ON" position.
 The internal termination is used.



In Structure of internal termination

#### 2. External termination

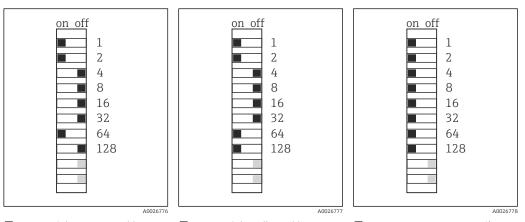
Leave the DIP switches on the module board in the "OFF" position (factory setting).

- Connect the external termination to terminals 81 and 82 on the front of module 485DP or 485MB for 5-V power supply.
  - $\leftarrow$  The external termination is used.

### 6.6 Hardware settings

#### Setting the bus address

- 1. Open the housing.
- 2. Set the desired bus address via the DIP switches of module 485DP or 485MB.
- For PROFIBUS DP, valid bus addresses are anything between 1 and 126, and anything between 1 and 247 for Modbus. If you configure an invalid address, software addressing is automatically enabled via the local configuration or via the fieldbus.



Valid PROFIBUS address 67 79 Valid Modbus address 195 80 Invalid address 255<sup>1</sup>)
 Order configuration, software addressing is active, software address configured at the factory: PROFIBUS 126, Modbus 247

# 6.7 Ensuring the degree of protection

Only the mechanical and electrical connections which are described in these instructions and which are necessary for the required, designated use, may be carried out on the device delivered.

• Exercise care when carrying out the work.

Individual types of protection permitted for this product (impermeability (IP), electrical safety, EMC interference immunity, Ex protection) can no longer be guaranteed if, for example :

- Covers are left off
- Different power units to the ones supplied are used
- Cable glands are not sufficiently tightened (must be tightened with 2 Nm (1.5 lbf ft) for the permitted level of IP protection)
- Unsuitable cable diameters are used for the cable glands
- Modules are not fully secured
- The display is not fully secured (risk of moisture entering due to inadequate sealing)
- Loose or insufficiently tightened cables/cable ends
- Conductive cable strands are left in the device

### 6.8 Post-connection check

### **WARNING**

### **Connection errors**

The safety of people and of the measuring point is at risk! The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for errors that result from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

• Put the device into operation only if you can answer **yes** to **all** the following questions.

Device condition and specifications

• Are the device and all the cables free from damage on the outside?

Electrical connection

- Are the mounted cables strain relieved?
- Are the cables routed without loops and cross-overs?
- Are the signal cables correctly connected as per the wiring diagram?
- ► Have all the other connections been established correctly?
- ► Are unused connection wires connected to the protective ground connection?
- Are all plug-in terminals securely engaged?
- Are all the connection wires securely positioned in the cable terminals?
- ► Are all cable entries mounted, tightened and leak-tight?
- Does the supply voltage match the voltage indicated on the nameplate?

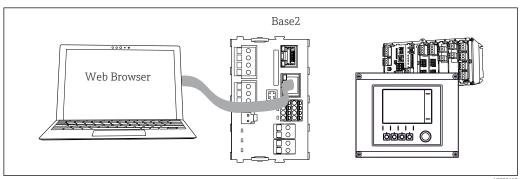
# 7 System integration

### 7.1 Web server

P Versions without fieldbus: An activation code is required for the web server.

### 7.1.1 Connection

 Connect the communication cable of the computer to the Ethernet port of the BASE2 module.



81 Web server/Ethernet connection

### 7.1.2 Establishing the data connection

*All versions with the exception of PROFINET:* 

To ensure that your device has a valid IP address, you must disable the **DHCP** parameter in the Ethernet settings. (**Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Ethernet/Settings**)

You can assign the IP address manually in the same menu (for point-to-point connections).

All versions including PROFINET:

You will find the IP address and subnet mask of the device under: **DIAG/System** information/Ethernet.

1. Start your PC.

2. First, configure a manual IP address in the network connection settings of the operating system.

#### Example: Microsoft Windows 10

3. Open Network and Sharing Center.

- └→ Apart from your standard network, you should see an additional Ethernet connection (e.g. as an "unidentified network").
- 4. Select the link to this Ethernet connection.
- 5. In the pop-up window select the "Properties" button.
- 6. Double-click "Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)".
- 7. Select "Use the following IP Address".
- 8. Enter the desired IP address. This address must be in the same subnet as the IP address of the device, e.g.:
  - IP address for Liquiline: 192.168.1.212 (as configured previously) IP address for PC: 192.168.1.213.
- 9. Start the Internet browser.

**10.** If you use a proxy server to connect to the Internet:

Disable the proxy (browser settings under "Connections/LAN settings").

- **11.** Enter the IP address of your device in the address bar (192.168.1.212 in the example).
  - The system takes a few moments to establish the connection and then the CM44 web server starts. You might be asked for a password. The factory setting is "admin" for the user name and "admin" for the password.
- 12. Enter the following address(es) to download logbooks:
  - 192.168.1.212/logbooks\_csv.fhtml (for logbooks in CSV format)
     192.168.1.212/logbooks\_fdm.fhtml (for logbooks in FDM format)
- Downloads in FDM format can be securely transmitted, saved and visualized with Endress+Hauser's "Field Data Manager Software".

 $(\rightarrow$  www.endress.com/ms20)

### 7.1.3 Operation

The menu structure of the web server corresponds to the onsite operation.

Menu/Setu	p	
Device tag: Me Device state: C	asuring point no. 1 IK	
Software version: 0	1.06.06	
Homo	► Basic setup	?
Home	<ul><li>▶ Basic setup</li><li>▶ General settings</li></ul>	? ?
	<ul> <li>General settings</li> <li>Inputs</li> </ul>	? ?
ESC	<ul> <li>General settings</li> <li>Inputs</li> <li>Outputs</li> </ul>	? ? ?
	<ul> <li>General settings</li> <li>Inputs</li> </ul>	? ? ?

*Example of web server (menu/language=English)*

- Clicking a menu name or a function corresponds to pressing the navigator.
- You can make your settings conveniently via the computer keyboard.
- Instead of using an Internet browser, you can also use FieldCare for configuration via Ethernet. The Ethernet DTM required for this is an integral part of the "Endress +Hauser Interface Device DTM Library".

Download: https://portal.endress.com/webdownload/FieldCareDownloadGUI/

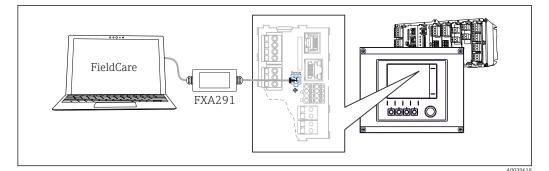
### 7.2 Service interface

You can connect the device to a computer via the service interface and configure it using "FieldCare" . Furthermore, configurations can also be saved, transferred and documented.

#### 7.2.1 Connection

**1.** Connect the service connector to the interface on the Liquiline base module and connect it to the Commubox.

2. Connect the Commubox via the USB connection to the computer on which FieldCare is installed.



83 Connection overview

### 7.2.2 Establishing the data connection

1. Start FieldCare.

- 2. Establish a connection to the Commubox. To do so, select the "CDI Communication FXA291" ComDTM.
- 3. Then select the "Liquiline CM44x" DTM and start configuration.

You can now start online configuration via the DTM.

Online configuration competes with onsite operation, i.e. each of the two options blocks the other one. On both sides it is possible to take away access from the other side.

### 7.2.3 Operation

- In the DTM the menu structure corresponds to the onsite operation. The functions of the Liquiline soft keys are found in the main window on the left.
- Clicking a menu name or a function corresponds to pressing the navigator.
- You can make your settings conveniently via the computer keyboard.
- You can use FieldCare to save logbooks, make backups of configurations and transfer configurations to other devices.
- You can also print out configurations or save them as PDFs.

### 7.3 Fieldbus systems

### 7.3.1 HART

You can communicate using the HART protocol via current output 1.

- 1. Connect the HART modem or HART handheld terminal to current output 1 (communication load 250 500 Ohm).
- 2. Establish a connection via your HART device.
- **3.** Operate the Liquiline via the HART device. To do so, follow the instructions in the manual.

More detailed information on HART communication is provided on the product pages on the Internet ( $\rightarrow$  BA00486C).

### 7.3.2 PROFIBUS DP

Communication via PROFIBUS DP is possible with module 485DP and the appropriate device version.

• Connect the PROFIBUS data cable to the terminals of the fieldbus module as described .



### 7.3.3 Modbus

Communication via Modbus RS485 is possible with module 485MB and the appropriate device version.

Communication via Modbus TCP is possible with module BASE2.

The RTU and ASCII protocols are available when connecting via Modbus RS485. You can switch to ASCII on the device.

► Connect the Modbus data cable to the terminals of module 485MB (RS 485) or to the RJ45 socket of module BASE2 (TCP) as described.

For detailed information on "Modbus communication", see the product pages on the Internet ( $\Rightarrow$  SD01189C).

### 7.3.4 EtherNet/IP

 $\label{eq:communication} Communication via EtherNet/IP is possible with module BASE2 and the appropriate device version.$ 

► Connect the EtherNet/IP data cable to the RJ45 socket of module BASE2.

For detailed information on "Ethernet/IP communication", see the product pages on the Internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD01293C).

### 7.3.5 PROFINET

Communication via PROFINET is possible with module BASE2 and the appropriate device version.

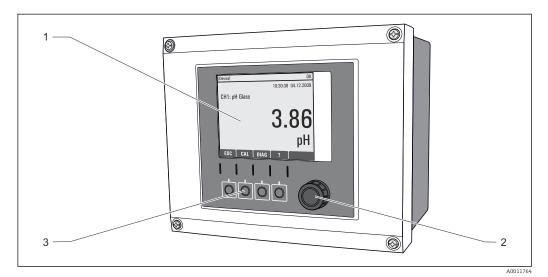
• Connect the PROFINET data cable to the RJ45 socket of module BASE2.

For detailed information on "PROFINET communication", see the product pages on the internet ( $\rightarrow$  SD02490C).

# 8 Operation options

### 8.1 Overview

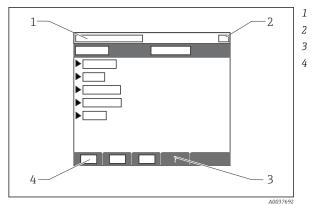
### 8.1.1 Display and operating elements



84 Overview of operation (using the example of the field device)

- 1 Display (with red display background in alarm condition)
- 2 Navigator (jog/shuttle and press/hold function)
- 3 Soft keys (function depends on menu)

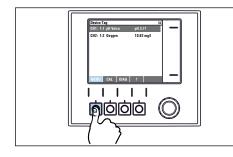
### 8.1.2 Display



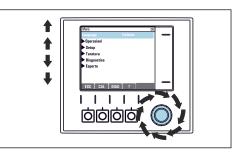
- Menu path and/or device designation
- Status display
- Help if available
- Assignment of the soft keys

### 8.2 Access to operating menu via local display

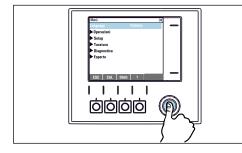
### 8.2.1 Operating concept



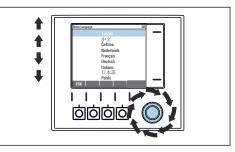
▶ Pressing the soft key: selecting the menu directly



Turning the navigator: moving the cursor in the menu

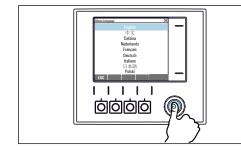


Pressing the navigator: launching a function

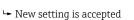


 Turning the navigator: selecting a value (e.g. from a list)

向向向向



• Pressing the navigator: accepting the new value



### 8.2.2 Locking or unlocking operating keys

### Locking operating keys

1. Press the navigator for longer than 2 s.

 A context menu for locking the operating keys is displayed. You have the choice of locking the keys with or without password protection.
 "With password" means that you can only unlock the keys again by entering the correct password. Set this password here: Menu/Setup/General settings/ Extended setup/Data management/Change key lock password. 2. Select whether to lock keys with or without a password.

└ The keys are locked. No more entries can be made. In the soft key bar, you will see the ☆symbol.

The password is 0000 when the device is delivered from the factory. **Make sure to note down any changes to the password,** as otherwise you will not be able to unlock the keypad yourself.

#### Unlocking operating keys

1. Press the navigator for longer than 2 s.

← A context menu for unlocking the operating keys is displayed.

#### 2. Key unlock .

└ The keys are unlocked immediately if you did not choose to lock with a password. Otherwise you are asked to enter your password.

3. Only if keypad is password-protected: enter the right password.

→ The keys are unlocked. It is possible to access the entire onsite operation again.
 The â symbol is no longer visible on the display.

### 8.3 Configuration options

### 8.3.1 Display only

- You can only read the values but cannot change them.
- Typical read-only values are: sensor data and system information

### 8.3.2 Picklists

- You receive a list of options. In a few cases, these also appear in the form of multiple choice boxes.
- Usually you just select one option; in rare instances you select one or more options.

### 8.3.3 Numerical values

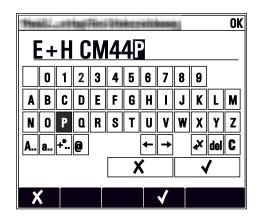
- You are changing a variable.
- The maximum and minimum values for this variable are shown on the display.
- Configure a value within these limits.

### 8.3.4 Actions

- You trigger an action with the appropriate function.
- You know that the item in question is an action if it is preceded by the following symbol:
   >
- Examples of typical actions include:
  - Deleting log entries
  - Saving or loading configurations
  - Triggering cleaning programs
- Example: Diagnostics/Logbooks/Configuration logbook/Delete all entries

### 8.3.5 User-defined text

- You are assigning an individual designation.
- Enter a text. You can use the characters in the editor for this purpose (upper-case and lower-case letters, numbers and special characters).
- Using the soft keys, you can:
  - Cancel your entries without saving the data (X)
  - Delete the character in front of the cursor ( $\swarrow$ )
  - Move the cursor back one position (+)
  - Finish your entries and save ( $\checkmark$ )
- Example: Menu/Setup/General settings/Device tag



### 8.3.6 Tables

- Tables are needed to map mathematical functions or to enter irregular interval samples.
- You edit a table by navigating through rows and columns with the navigator and changing the values of the cells.
- You only edit the numerical values. The controller automatically takes care of the engineering units.
- You can add rows to the table (INSERT soft key) or delete them (DEL soft key).
- Afterwards, you save the table (SAVE soft key).
- You can also cancel your entries any time using the **X** soft key.
- Example: Menu/Setup/Inputs/pH/Medium comp.

Nenu]]i	nputs/pH/Medium comp.		OK
	Temperature	рH	
1	20.0 °C	pH 6.90	
2	25.0 °C	pH 7.00	
3	30.0 °C	pH 7.10	
	INSERT D	EL SAVE	

# 9 Commissioning

### 9.1 Function check

### **WARNING**

#### Incorrect connection, incorrect supply voltage

Safety risks for staff and device malfunctions!

- Check that all connections have been established correctly in accordance with the wiring diagram.
- Ensure that the supply voltage matches the voltage indicated on the nameplate.

#### Saving the configuration settings as a screenshot

Via the local display , you can take screenshots at any time and save them to an SD card.

- 1. Insert an SD card into the SD card slot in the base module.
- 2. Press the navigator button for at least 3 seconds.
- 3. In the context menu, select the **Screenshot** item.
  - └ The current screen is saved as a bitmap file to the SD card in the "Screenshots" folder.

### 9.2 Power-up

During the device startup phase, the relays and current outputs have an undefined status for a few seconds prior to initialization. Watch out for possible effects on any actuators which may be connected.

### 9.2.1 Setting the operating language

#### Configuring the language

If you have not already done so, close the housing cover and screw the device closed.

- 1. Switch on the supply voltage.
  - └ Wait for the initialization to finish.
- 2. Press the soft key: **MENU**.
- 3. Set your language in the top menu item.
  - └ The device can now be operated in your chosen language.

# 9.2.2 Display behavior

Menu/Operation/Displ	Menu/Operation/Display			
Function	Options	Info		
Contrast	5 to 95 % Factory setting 50 %	Adjust the screen settings to suit your working environment. Backlight = Automatic		
Backlight	Selection • On • Off • Automatic Factory setting Automatic	The backlighting is switched off automatically after a short time if a button is not pressed. It switches back on again as soon as you press the navigator button. Backlight = On The backlighting does not switch off automatically.		
Screen rotation	Selection Manual Automatic Factory setting Manual	If <b>Automatic</b> is selected, the single-channel measured value display switches from one channel to the next every second.		

# 9.3 User definable screens

Function	Options	Info	
Meas. screen 1 6		You can create 6 measuring screens of your own and give them a name. The functions are identical for all 6 measuring screens.	
Meas. screen	Selection • On • Off Factory setting	Once you have defined your own measuring screen, you can switch it on here. You can find the new screen under <b>User definable screens</b> .	
	Off		
Label	Customized text, 20 characters	Name of the measuring screen Appears in the status bar of the display.	
Number of lines	1 to 8	Specify the number of measured values	
	<b>Factory setting</b> 8	displayed.	
▶ Line 1 8	User interface Label	Specify the content of <b>Label</b> in the submenu of each line.	
Source of data	Selection None See list in "Info" column Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Select a source of data.</li> <li>You can choose from the following:         <ul> <li>Sensor inputs</li> <li>Heartbeat diagnostics of sensor inputs</li> <li>Controller</li> <li>Current inputs</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Mathematical functions</li> <li>Binary inputs and outputs</li> <li>Current outputs</li> <li>Relay</li> <li>Measuring range switching</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Measured value <b>Source of data</b> is an input	Selection Depends on the input Factory setting None	You can display different main, secondary and raw measured values depending on the type of input. No options can be selected for outputs here.	

Menu/Operation/User definable screens			
Function	Options	Info	
Actuator type <b>Source of data</b> is a controller	Selection None Bipolar Unipolar- Unipolar+ Factory setting None	For more information on controllers and manipulated variables: → 🗎 86.	
Label	Customized text, 20 characters	User-defined name for the parameter to be displayed	
▷ Set label to "%0V" <sup>1)</sup>	Action	If you perform this action you accept the parameter name that is automatically suggested. Your own parameter name ( <b>Label</b> ) is lost!	

 "%0V" here stands for text that depends on the context. This text is generated automatically by the software and inserted in place of %0V. In the simplest situations, the generated text could be the name of the measuring channel, for example.

### 9.4 Basic setup

#### Making basic settings

- 1. Switch to the **Setup/Basic setup** menu.
  - └ Make the following settings.
- 2. **Device tag**: Give your device any name of your choice (max. 32 characters).
- 3. **Set date**: Correct the set date if necessary.
- 4. Set time: Correct the set time if necessary.
  - └→ For quick commissioning, you can ignore the additional settings for outputs, relays etc. You can make these settings later in the specific menus.
- 5. To return to the measuring mode: press the soft key for **ESC** for at least one second.
  - └→ Your controller now works with your basic settings. The sensors connected use the factory settings of the sensor type in question and the individual calibration settings that were last saved.

If you wish to configure your most important input and output parameters in the **Basic setup** :

► Configure the current outputs, relays, limit switches, controllers, device diagnostics and cleaning cycles with the submenus which follow the time setting.

# 10 Operation

## 10.1 Display

### 10.1.1 Soft keys in measuring mode

On the bottom row of the display you can find four soft keys in the measuring screens:

- With MENU, CAL and DIAG take you directly to the specific software menu.
- With **HOLD** you can activate an immediate, general hold for sensors. This also sets all the linked outputs, controllers and cleaning cycles to HOLD. Any sensor cleaning programs that are currently running are interrupted. However, you can also start manual sensor cleaning when a hold is active.

### 10.1.2 Measuring mode

There are different display modes: (press the navigator button to change the mode)

- (1) Overview of all the inputs and outputs
- (2) Main measured value of an input or output or the status of a relay
- (3) Main and secondary measured value of a sensor input
- (4) All measured values of a sensor input
- (5) **Only for spectrometer measured value:** Graphic display of the absorption spectrum
- (5) **Only for interface measurement:** Graphic display of the separation zone

There are also submenus:

- (7) Heartbeat diagnostics Quick overview of the health of the device and of each connected sensor that supports Heartbeat technology

### Change of channel to modes (2) - (5)

- Turn the navigator.
  - └ The display changes from channel to channel.

Sensor type	Main value	Main/secondary measured value	All values
Spectrometer	L*	L* Temperature	L*, a*, b*, temperature Graphic display of spectrum
pH, glass	pH value	pH value, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature, Glass impedance
Combined sensor pH and ORP	pH value or ORP or rH value	pH value or ORP or rH value, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature, Glass impedance
pH, ISFET	pH value	pH value, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
ORP	ORP	ORP, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Offset, Temperature
Conductivity, measured inductively	Conductivity, concentration	Conductivity, concentration, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Conductivity, measured conductively	Conductivity, resistivity, concentration	Conductivity, resistivity, concentration, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Oxygen, optical and amperometric	Oxygen	Oxygen, temperature	Partial pressure, Saturation , Concentration, Temperature

Sensor type	Main value	Main/secondary measured value	All values
Disinfection	Chlorine or chlorine dioxide (depending on the sensor)	Chlorine or chlorine dioxide, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Nitrate	Nitrate	Nitrate, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Turbidity	Turbidity	Turbidity, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Spectral absorption coefficient (SAC)	SAC	SAC, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Sludge level	Turbidity	Turbidity, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Ammonium, ion- selective	Ammonium	Ammonium, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Nitrate, ion-selective	Nitrate	Nitrate, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Potassium, ion- selective	Potassium	Potassium, temperature	Main value, Raw value, Temperature
Interface measurement	UIS	UIS	Main value, Raw value, Temperature Separation zone (graphic)

#### Heartbeat diagnostics

(Optional or with additional activation code)

- Heartbeat diagnostics screen with graphic indicators for the health of the device and sensor and with a maintenance or (sensor-dependent) calibration timer
- - 😳: Sensor/device condition and maintenance timer > 20 %; no action is required
  - $\bigcirc$ : Sensor/device condition or maintenance timer > 5  $\le$  20 %, maintenance not yet urgent but should be scheduled
  - Sensor/device condition or maintenance timer < 5 %, maintenance is recommended</li>
- The Heartbeat sensor condition is the assessment of the calibration results and the sensor diagnostic functions.

An unhappy smiley can be due to the calibration result, the measured value status or to the operating hours limit having been exceeded. These limits can be configured in the sensor setup in a way that adapts the Heartbeat diagnostics to the application.

#### Heartbeat and NAMUR category

The Heartbeat status indicates the sensor or device condition while the NAMUR categories (F, C, M, S) assess the reliability of the measured value. The two conditions can correlate but do not have to.

- Example 1
  - The number of remaining cleaning cycles for the sensor reaches 20% of the defined maximum number. The Heartbeat symbol changes from to . The measured value is still reliable so the NAMUR status signal does not change.
  - If the maximum number of cleaning cycles is exceeded, the Heartbeat symbol changes from 
     to 
     c. While the measured value can still be reliable, the NAMUR status signal changes to M (maintenance required).
- Example 2

The sensor breaks. The Heartbeat status changes immediately from  $\bigcirc$  to  $\bigcirc$  and the NAMUR status signal also changes immediately to F (failure).

### 10.1.3 Device status

Icons on the display alert you to special device states.

Icon	Location	Description
F	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Failure"
М	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Maintenance request"
C	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Check"
S	Header bar	Diagnostic message "Out of specification"
←→	Header bar	Fieldbus or TCP/IP communication active
X	Header bar	Hold active (for sensors)
I	At measured value	Hold for the actuator (current output, limit switch etc.) is active
玊	At measured value 1)	An offset has been added to the measured value
&	At measured value	Measured value in "Bad" or "Alarm" state
ATC	At measured value	Automatic temperature compensation active (for sensors)
MTC	At measured value	Manual temperature compensation active (for sensors)
SIM	Header bar	Simulation mode active or Memocheck SIM connected
SIM	At measured value	The measured value is influenced by a simulated value
SIM	At measured value	The displayed measured value is simulated (for sensors)
$\odot$	After the channel number	Heartbeat diagnostics: condition of sensor is good
$\odot$	After the channel number	Heartbeat diagnostics: condition of sensor is bad
	After the channel number	Heartbeat diagnostics: condition of sensor is OK
	Header bar	Controller is active

1) Only pH or ORP measurement

If two or more diagnostic messages occur simultaneously, only the icon for the message with the highest priority is shown on the display (for the order of priority according to NAMUR,  $\rightarrow \square$  136).

### 10.1.4 Assignment views

Assignment views, e.g. **Channel assignment view**, appear as the last function in many sections of the menu. You can use this function to see which actuators or functions are connected to an input or output. The assignments appear in hierarchical order.

### 10.2 General settings

### 10.2.1 Basic settings

Menu/Setup/General settings		
Function	Options	Info
Device tag	Customized text, 32 characters	<ul> <li>Select any name for your controller, e.g. use the TAG name.</li> </ul>
Temperature unit	Selection • °C • °F • K Factory setting °C	

Menu/Setup/General settings		
Function	Options	Info
Current output range	Selection • 020 mA • 420 mA Factory setting 420 mA	In accordance with NAMUR NE43, the linear range is 3.8 to 20.5 mA ( <b>420 mA</b> ) or 0 to 20.5 mA ( <b>020 mA</b> ). If the range is exceeded or undershot, the current value stops at the range limit and a diagnostic message (460 or 461) is output.
Failure current	rent0.0 to 23.0 mAThe function meets NAMUR NE43.Factory setting 22.5 mASet the current value that should be output at the current outputs in the event of an error.	
output range = 020 mA, range = 420 mA is select	you should set a fault current red, you could also define a va urrent within the measuring r	asuring range. If you have selected <b>Current</b> t between 20.1 and 23 mA. If <b>Current output</b> lue of < 4 mA as a fault current. range. In such instances, pay attention to any
Alarm delay	0 to 9999 s Factory setting 0 s	The software displays only the errors that are present longer than the set delay time. This makes it possible to suppress messages that only occur briefly and are caused by normal process- specific fluctuations.
Device hold	Selection <ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Enabled</li> </ul> Factory setting Disabled	You can enable an immediate, general hold (for sensors) here. The function acts in the same way as the <b>HOLD</b> softkey in the measuring screens.

### 10.2.2 Date and time

Menu/Setup/General settings/Date/Time		
Function	Options	Info
Set date	Depends on the format	Editing mode: Day (two-digit): 01 to 31 Month (two-digit): 01 to 12 Year (four-digit): 1970 to 2106
Set time	Depends on the format	Editing mode: hh (hour): 00 to 23 / 0 am to 12 pm mm (minutes): 00 to 59 ss (seconds): 00 to 59

Menu/Setup/General settings/Date/Time		
Function	Options	Info
<ul> <li>Extended setup</li> </ul>		
Date format	Selection DD.MM.YYYY YYYY-MM-DD MM-DD-YYYY	<ul> <li>Select a date format.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> DD.MM.YYYY	
Time format	Selection hh:mm am (12h) hh:mm (24h) hh:mm:ss (24h)	<ul> <li>Choose between 12-hour display or 24-hour display. Seconds can also be displayed with the latter version.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> hh:mm:ss (24h)	
Time zone	Selection None Choice of 35 time zones	None = Greenwich Mean Time (London).
	Factory setting None	
DST	Selection • Off • Europe • USA • Manual Factory setting Off	The controller adapts the summertime/normal time changeover automatically if you choose European or American daylight saving time. Manual means that you can specify the start and end of daylight saving time yourself. Here, two additional submenus are displayed in which you specify the changeover date and time.

### 10.2.3 Hold settings

Menu/Setup/General settings/Hold settings		
Function	Options	Info
Settings automatic Hold	·	
Hold release time	0 to 600 s Factory setting 0 s	The hold status is maintained for the duration of the delay time when you switch to the measuring mode.
Setup menu Diagnostics menu	Selection Disabled Enabled Factory setting Disabled	<ul> <li>Decide whether the device outputs should switch to the defined hold state when the particular menu is opened.</li> </ul>
Calibration active	Factory setting Enabled	

If a device-specific hold status is activated, any cleaning previously started is interrupted. When a hold is active you can only start manual cleaning.

### 10.2.4 Logbooks

Logbooks record the following events:

- Calibration/adjustment events
- Operator events
- Diagnostic events

You define how the logbooks should store the data.

In addition, you can also define individual data logbooks .

- 1. Assign the logbook name.
- 2. Select the measured value to be recorded.
- 3. Set the scan time (**Scan time**).
  - └ You can set the scan time individually for every data logbook.

Further information on the logbooks:  $\rightarrow \square$  158.

#### Menu/Setup/General settings/Logbooks

Function	Options	Info
Logbook ident	Customized text, 16 characters	Part of the file name when exporting a logbook
Event logbook	Selection Off Ring buffer Fill up buffer Factory setting Ring buffer	All diagnostic messages are recorded <b>Ring buffer</b> If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry. <b>Fill up buffer</b> If the memory is full, there is an overflow,i. e. you cannot store any new values. The controller displays a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
Overflow warnings		
Event logbook = Fill up buffer		
Calibration logbook	Selection	• Decide whether you want to receive a
Diagnostic logbook	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	diagnostic message if the fill buffer of the relevant logbook overflows.
Configuration logbook	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	
▶ Data logbooks		
New		You can create a maximum of 8 data logbooks.
Logbook name	Customized text, 20 characters	
Source of data	Selection Sensor inputs Heartbeat signals Controller Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Select a data source for the logbook entries.</li> <li>You can choose from the following:</li> <li>Connected sensors</li> <li>Available controllers</li> <li>Current inputs</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Binary input signals</li> <li>Mathematical functions</li> </ul>
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data Factory setting None	You can record different measured values depending on the data source.

nction	Options	Info
Scan time	0:00:01 to 1:00:00	Minimum time interval between two entries
	Factory setting 0:01:00	Format: H:MM:SS
Data logbook	Selection <ul> <li>Ring buffer</li> </ul>	<b>Ring buffer</b> If the memory is full, the most recent entry
	<ul> <li>Fill up buffer</li> </ul>	automatically overwrites the oldest entry.
	Factory setting Ring buffer	<b>Fill up buffer</b> If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i. e. n new values can be saved. The controller display a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
Overflow warnings	Selection <ul> <li>Off</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic meson go if the fill buffer of the</li> </ul>
Event logbook = Fill up buffer	• On	diagnostic message if the fill buffer of the relevant logbook overflows.
r	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	
▷ Add another logbook	Action	Only if you want to create another data logbool immediately. You add a new data logbook at a later date using <b>New</b> .
⊳ Finished	Action	This allows you to exit the <b>New</b> menu.
▷ Start/stop simultaneously	Action	Appears if you have created more than one dat logbook. With one mouse click, you can start or stop recording all the data logbooks.
▶ Logbook name		The name of this submenu is based on the nam of the logbook and only appears once you have created a logbook.
This menu appears sever	al times if you have several	data logbooks.
Source of data Measured value	Read only	This is for information purposes only. If you want to record another value, delete this logbod
Log time left	Dead only	and create a new data logbook.
Log time left Event logbook = Fill up buffer	Read only	Displays the days, hours and minutes remainin until the logbook is full.
Log size	Read only	Displays the number of entries remaining until
Event logbook = Fill up buffer		the logbook is full.
Logbook name	Customized text, 20 characters	You can change the name here again.
Scan time	0:00:01 to 1:00:00	As above Minimum time interval between two entries
	Factory setting 0:01:00	Format: H:MM:SS
Data logbook	Selection <ul> <li>Ring buffer</li> <li>Fill up buffer</li> </ul>	<b>Ring buffer</b> If the memory is full, the most recent entry automatically overwrites the oldest entry.
	Factory setting Ring buffer	<b>Fill up buffer</b> If the memory is full, there is an overflow, i. e. n new values can be saved. The controller display a corresponding diagnostic message. The memory then has to be cleared manually.
Overflow warnings	Selection  Off	<ul> <li>Decide whether you want to receive a diagnostic message if the fill buffer of the</li> </ul>
Event logbook = Fill up buffer	• On	relevant logbook overflows.
	Factory setting	

Menu/Setup/General settings/Logbooks		
Function	Options	Info
► Line plotter		Menu to define the graphic display
Axes	Selection • Off • On	Should the axes (x, y) be displayed ( <b>On</b> ) or not ( <b>Off</b> )?
	<b>Factory setting</b> On	
Orientation	Selection Horizontal Vertical Factory setting Horizontal	You can choose whether the value curves should be displayed from left to right ( <b>Horizontal</b> ) or from top to bottom ( <b>Vertical</b> ). If you want to display two data logbooks simultaneously, make sure that both logbooks have the same settings here.
X-Description	Selection	<ul> <li>Decide whether a description should be</li> </ul>
Y-Description	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> </ul>	displayed for the axes and whether gridline should be shown. In addition, you can also
Grids	Factory setting	decide whether pitches should be displayed.
Pitches	On	
X Pitch/Grid distance	10 to 50%	► Determine the pitch.
Y Pitch/Grid distance	Factory setting 10 %	
▷ Remove	Action	This action removes the data logbook. Any data that have not been saved are lost.

Example: New data logbook (Setup/General settings/Logbooks/Data logbooks/New)

1. Make the settings:

Logbook name

Assign a name. Example: "01".

- Source of data
- Select a data source. Example: Sensor connected to channel 1 (CH1).
- Measured value
- Select the measured value to be recorded. Example: pH value.
- Scan time
- Specify the time interval between two logbook entries.
- Data logbook
  - Activate the logbook: specify the data storage method.
- 2. ../**Finished**: Perform the action.

← The device shows the new logbook in the list of data logbooks.

- 3. Select data logbook "01".
  - └ → Additional display: Log time left.
- 4. Only in the case of **Fill up buffer**:

Decide to set **Overflow warning: On** or **Off**.

- └ **On**: The device displays a diagnostic message in the event of memory overflow.
- 5. **Line plotter** submenu: Specify the type of graphic representation.

### 10.2.5 Extended setup

### **Diagnostics settings**

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/(General settings or Inputs <sensor channel="">)/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior</sensor>		
Function	Options	Info
List of diagnostic messages		<ul> <li>Select the message to be changed. Only then is it possible to make the settings for this message.</li> </ul>
Diag. code	Read only	
Diagnostic message	Selection <ul> <li>On</li> <li>Off</li> </ul> Factory setting Depends on the message	Deactivate the diagnostic message or activate it again. Deactivating means: • No error message in the measuring mode • No failure current at the current output
Failure current	Selection • On • Off	<ul> <li>Decide whether a failure current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting Depends on the message	In the event of general device errors, the failure current is output at all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the failure current is only output at the assigned current output.
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F) Factory setting	<ul> <li>The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107.</li> <li>▶ Decide whether a status signal assignment should be changed for the application.</li> </ul>
Diag output	Depends on the message Selection	Select an output to which the diagnostic message
Diag. output	<ul> <li>None</li> </ul>	Select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned.
	<ul> <li>Alarm relay</li> <li>Binary output</li> <li>Relay 1 to n (depends on the device version)</li> <li>Factory setting None</li> </ul>	A relay output must first be configured for <b>Diagnostics</b> before it is possible to assign the message to an output. (Menu/Setup/Outputs: Assign the Diagnostics function and set Operating mode to as assigned.)
Alarm relays are availal	ble, depending on the device ver	
Cleaning program (for sensors)	Selection None Cleaning 1 Cleaning 2 Cleaning 3 Cleaning 4 Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program.</li> <li>The cleaning programs can be defined under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning.</li> </ul>
Detail information	Read only	Additional information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.

#### HART bus address

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/HART		
Function	Options	Info
Bus address	0 to 63 <b>Factory setting</b> 0	You can change the device address to integrate several HART devices in a single network (Multidrop mode).

If you reset the device to the factory settings (**Diagnostics/Reset/Factory default**), the bus address is not reset. Your setting is retained.

#### PROFIBUS DP

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/PROFIBUS			
Function	Options	Info	
Enable	Selection • Off • On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.	
	<b>Factory setting</b> On		
Termination	Read only	If the device is the last in the bus, you can terminate via the hardware. $\rightarrow \cong 48$	
Bus address	1 to 125	If you have addressed the bus via hardware (DIP switches on the module, $\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 48$ ), you can only read the address here. If an invalid address is set via the hardware, you have to assign a valid address for your device either here or via the bus.	
Ident number	Selection <ul> <li>Automatic</li> <li>PA-Profile 3.02 (9760)</li> <li>Liquiline CM44x (155D)</li> <li>Manufacturer specific</li> </ul>		
	Factory setting Automatic		

#### Modbus

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Modbus			
Function	Options	Info	
Enable	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.	
Termination	Read only	If the device is the last in the bus, you can terminate via the hardware. $\rightarrow \square 48$	

Function	Options	Info
Settings		
Transmission mode	Selection TCP RTU ASCII Factory setting (Modbus-RS485 only) RTU	The transmission mode is displayed depending on the version ordered. In the case of RS485 transmission, you can choose between <b>RTU</b> and <b>ASCII</b> . There are no choices for Modbus-TCP.
Baudrate Modbus-RS485 only	Selection           1200           2400           4800           9600           19200           38400           57600           115200           Factory setting           19200	
Parity Modbus-RS485 only	Selection <ul> <li>Even (1 Stopbit)</li> <li>Odd (1 Stopbit)</li> <li>None (2 Stopbit)</li> </ul> Factory setting Even (1 Stopbit)	
Byte order	Selection 1-0-3-2 0-1-2-3 2-3-0-1 3-2-1-0 Factory setting 1-0-3-2	
Watchdog	0 to 999 s Factory setting 5 s	If no data transmission takes place for longer than the time set, this is an indicator that communication has been interrupted. After this time, input values received via the Modbus are considered to be invalid.

#### Web server

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Webserver			
Function	Options	Info	
Webserver	Selection • Off • On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.	
	<b>Factory setting</b> On		
Webserver TCP port 80	Read only	The Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) is an arrangement (protocol) as to how data should be exchanged between computers. A port is a part of an address which assigns data segments to a network protocol.	
Webserver login	Selection • Off • On	You can switch user administration on and off at this point. This makes it possible to create multiple users with password access.	
	<b>Factory setting</b> On		

Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Webserver		
Function	Options	Info
User administration		
List of users already created	View/edit	You can change user names or passwords or delete users. A user is already created at the factory: "admin" with password "admin".
New user:	-	
Name	Free text	Create new user
Enter new user password	Free text	1. INSERT .
Confirm new user	Free text	2. Assign any name to the new user.
password		3. Select a password for the user.
Change user password	Free text	4. Confirm password.
		<ul> <li>You can now change the password at any time.</li> </ul>

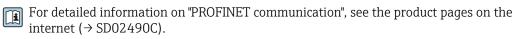
### PROFINET

Function	Options	Info
Name of station	Read only	Symbolic name for unique identification of the
	<b>Factory setting</b> Empty character string	field device in a PROFINET system. The parameter can only be written via the DCP protocol.

### Ethernet/IP or Ethernet (depending on the protocol)



If PROFINET is used, the settings in this menu are read only settings. The network settings are made via the PROFINET-DCP protocol.



Function	Options	Info
Enable	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	You can switch off communication at this point. The software can then only be accessed via local operation.
Settings		
Link settings	Selection Auto negotiation 10MBps half duplex 10MBps full duplex 100MBps half duplex 100MBps full duplex Factory setting Auto negotiation	<ul> <li>Transmission methods of the communication channels</li> <li>Full duplex: Data can be transmitted and received simultaneously.</li> <li>Half-duplex: Data can be transmitted and received on an alternating basis only, i.e. not simultaneously</li> </ul>
DHCP	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) makes it possible to assign the network configuration to clients via a server. With DHCP, it is possible to automatically integrate the device into an existing network without the need for manual configuration. Normally only the automatic assignment of the IP address must be configured at the client. During startup, the IP address, the netmask and the gateway are retrieved from a DHCP server. Do you want to assign the IP address of the device manually? If so, you have to set DHCP = Off.
IP-Address	XXX.XXX.XXX	An IP address is an address in computer networks which are based on the Internet protocol (IP). You can only set the IP address if <b>DHCP</b> is switched off.
Netmask	XXX.XXX.XXX	On the basis of the IP address of a device, the netmask specifies which IP addresses this device searches for in its own network and which addresses it could access in other networks via a router. It therefore divides the IP address into a network part (network prefix) and a device part. The network part must be identical for all devices in the individual network, and the device part must be different for every device within th network.
Gateway	x.x.x.x	A gateway (protocol converter) enables communication between networks that are based on completely different protocols.
Service switch	Read only	
MAC-Address	Read only	The MAC address (Media Access Control address) is the hardware address of every individual network adapter which is used to uniquely identify the device in a computer network.
EtherNetIP Port 44818	Read only	A port is a part of an address which assigns data segments to a network protocol.

### Accepting settings

Have you changed settings manually, such as the IP address?

- ► Before you leave the **Ethernet** menu:
  - select **SAVE** to apply your settings.
  - └ In the DIAG/System information menu you can check whether the new settings are used.

#### Data management

Firmware update

Please contact your local sales office for information on firmware updates available for your controller and its compatibility with earlier versions.

#### Current firmware version : Menu/Diagnostics/System information.

▶ Back up your current setup and your logbooks to an SD card.

To install a firmware update, you must have the update available on an SD card.

- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/ Firmware update.
  - └ The update files on the SD card are displayed.
- 3. Select the desired update and select yes when asked the following:

The current firmware will be overwritten. After this the device will reboot. Do you want to proceed?

└ The firmware is loaded and the device is then started with the new firmware.

### Saving the setup

Saving a setup offers the following advantages, among others :

- Copying settings for other devices
- Quick and easy switching between various setups, e.g. for different user groups or for recurring sensor type changes
- Restoring a tried-and-tested setup, e. g. if you have changed a lot of settings and no longer know what the original settings were

1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.

- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Save setup .
- 3. Name: Assign a file name.

4. Then select Save .

- └ If you have already assigned the file name, you will be asked whether you want to overwrite the existing setup.
- 5. Use **OK** to confirm or cancel and assign a new file name.
  - Your setup is stored on the SD card and you can upload it quickly to the device at a later date.

### Loading the setup

When you load a setup, the current configuration is overwritten.

1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader. A setup must have been saved to the SD card.

2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Load setup .

- A list of all the setups on the SD card is displayed.
   An error message is displayed if there is no valid setup on the card.
- 3. Select the desired setup.
  - ← A warning is displayed:

The current parameters will be overwritten and the device will reboot. Warning: Please note that cleaning and controller programs can be active. Do you want to proceed?

- 4. Use **OK** to confirm or cancel.
  - └ If you select **OK** to confirm, the device restarts with the desired setup.

#### Exporting the setup

Exporting a setup offers the following advantages, among others:

- Export in XML format with a stylesheet for formatted display in an XML-compatible application, such as . Microsoft Internet Explorer
- Importing the data (drag and drop the XML file into a browser window)
- 1. Insert the SD card into the controller card reader.
- 2. Go to Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Export setup .
- 3. **Name**: Assign a file name.
- 4. Then select **Export** .
  - If you have already assigned the file name, you will be asked whether you want to overwrite the existing setup.
- 5. Use **OK** to confirm or cancel and assign a new file name.
  - └ Your setup is saved on the SD card in the "Device" folder.
- You cannot upload the exported setup to the device again. You must use the **Save setup**. This is the only way you can save a setup to an SD card and reload it later on or upload it to other devices.

#### Activation code

Activation codes are required for:

- Additional functions, e. g. Fieldbus communication
- Firmware upgrades
- Modifications, e.g. deactivation of fieldbus protocols

If the original device has activation codes, these can be found on the nameplate. The corresponding device functions are activated at the factory. Codes are only required if servicing the device or deactivating fieldbus protocols.

- 1. Enter the activation code: Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Activation code.
- 2. Confirm your entry.
  - The new hardware or software function is activated and can be configured.

Functions that are enabled by an activation code:

Function	Activation code beginning with
Second Memosens input	062
Fieldbus deactivation when removing module 485DP/485MB <sup>1)</sup>	0ВО
2 current outputs (BASE2-E module only)	081
Web server <sup>2) 3)</sup>	351

Function	Activation code beginning with
HART	0B1
PROFIBUS DP	0B3
Modbus TCP <sup>3)</sup>	0B8
Modbus RS485	0B5
EtherNet/IP <sup>3)</sup>	0B9
PROFINET	0B7
Measuring range switching, set 1	211
Measuring range switching, set 2 <sup>4)</sup>	212
Feedforward control	220
Chemoclean Plus	25
Cation exchanger capacity <sup>5)</sup>	301
Formula <sup>6)</sup>	321
Heartbeat monitoring	2D1
Heartbeat verification	2E1

- If module 485DP/485MB is removed with the fieldbus protocol activated, the device outputs an error message. Enter the activation code from the inside nameplate. The fieldbus is only deactivated once you do this. The appropriate activation code must then be entered to activate current outputs of the base module. Additional current outputs (CM444R and CM448R only) are activated as soon as the corresponding module is used.
- 2) Via Ethernet socket of the BASE2 module, for versions without an Ethernet fieldbus
- 3)
- 4) When you order the "Measuring range switching" option, you receive two activation codes. Enter both in order to have two sets for measuring range switching.
- 5) Mathematical function
- 6) Mathematical function

#### Change password

You can lock the operating keys with a password (access the context menu by pressing the navigator for longer). The keys can then only be enabled by entering the right password.

You can set the password to lock the keys here: **Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Data management/Change key lock password**.

- 1. Enter the current password (factory setting 0000).
  - └ Enter new password
- 2. Enter a new password.
  - └ Confirm new password
- 3. Enter the new password again.
  - └ The password has been changed successfully.

Press the navigator for longer to return to the measuring mode.

# 10.3 Inputs

### 10.3.1 Spectrometer

### **Basic settings**

Spectrometer identification

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: sensor type		
Function	Options	Info
Channel	Selection Off On Factory setting	On The channel display is switched on in the measuring mode Off
	On	The channel is not displayed in the measuring mode, regardless of whether a sensor is connected or not.
Sensor type	Read only (Only available if a sensor is connected)	Connected sensor type
Order code		Order code of the connected sensor

### Application

Calibration datasets are saved under an individual name in the sensor. A new sensor is calibrated at the factory and thus already has appropriate datasets. You can add your own datasets during each calibration. These are then available for selection under **Application type**.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Spectrometer		
Function	Options	Info
Application type	Selection color Factory setting color	
Dataset		Preselection for saved calibration datasets

### Manual hold

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Sensor type		
Function	Options	Info
Manual hold	Selection • Off • On	<b>On</b> You can use this function to set the channel manually to "Hold".
	Factory setting Off	<b>Off</b> No channel-specific hold

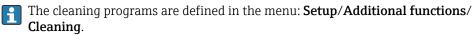
### Extended setup

Temperature format and measurement period

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Spectrometer/Extended setup		
Function	Options	Info
Temperature format	Selection • #.# • #.##	<ul> <li>For specifying the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting #.#	
Measurement period	Selection Default Manual	
	<b>Factory setting</b> Default	
Measurement period	1.00 to 3600.00 s	Number of measurements
Measurement period = Manual		

### Cleaning hold

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: <sensor type="">/  Extended setup</sensor>		
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning hold	Selection None Cleaning 1 4 Factory setting None	<ul> <li>For selecting one or more cleaning programs (multiple selection).</li> <li>For the programs defined, the channel switches to "Hold" while cleaning is in progress.</li> <li>Cleaning programs are executed:</li> <li>At a specified interval For this, the cleaning program must be started.</li> <li>If a diagnostics message is pending on the channel and a cleaning has been specified for this message (→ Inputs/Channel: Sensor type/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior/Diagnostic number/Cleaning program).</li> </ul>



Calibration settings

Stability criteria

You define the permitted variation in the measured value which may not be exceeded in a certain timeframe during calibration. If the permitted difference is exceeded, the calibration will not be allowed and is canceled automatically.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Spectrometer/ Extended setup/Calib. settings/ Stability criteria		
Function	Options	Info
Delta temperature	0.10 to 2.00 K Factory setting 0.50 K	Permitted temperature fluctuation during calibration
Duration	5 to 100 s Factory setting 10 s	Timeframe within which the permitted measured value variation may not be exceeded

#### Calibration monitoring

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Spectrometer/ Extended setup/Calib. settings/ Calib. expiration time		
Function	Options	Info
Warning limit	1 to 51 weeks Factory setting 48 weeks	Warning and alarm limits mutually influence each other's adjustment range. General rule: Alarm limit > warning limit.
Alarm limit	49 to 104 weeks Factory setting 52 weeks	<ul> <li>Select warning and alarm limits that match your process.</li> </ul>

### Diagnostic settings

Operating hours limit values

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Spectrometer/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Limits operating hours		
Function	Options	Info
Function	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	
<ul> <li>Operating time</li> </ul>	0 to 60 000 h	The total operating time of the process
▶ Operation < -20 °C	Factory setting 10 000 h	spectrometer and its use under extreme conditions is monitored. If the operating time exceeds the defined threshold values, the device issues a corresponding diagnostics message.
▶ Operation > 60 °C		

### Diagnostic behavior

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are device-specific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/(General settings or Inputs <sensor channel="">)/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior</sensor>		
Function	Options	Info
List of diagnostic messages		<ul> <li>Select the message to be changed. Only then is it possible to make the settings for this message.</li> </ul>
Diag. code	Read only	
Diagnostic message	Selection <ul> <li>On</li> <li>Off</li> </ul> Factory setting Depends on the message	Deactivate the diagnostic message or activate it again. Deactivating means: • No error message in the measuring mode • No failure current at the current output
Failure current	Selection • On • Off Factory setting Depends on the message	<ul> <li>Decide whether a failure current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated.</li> <li>In the event of general device errors, the failure current is output at all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the failure current is only output at the assigned current output.</li> </ul>

Function	Options	Info
ruicuon	Options	1110
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F) Factory setting Depends on the message	<ul> <li>The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107.</li> <li>Decide whether a status signal assignment should be changed for the application.</li> </ul>
Diag. output	Selection None Alarm relay Binary output Relay 1 to n (depends on the device version) Factory setting None	Select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned. A relay output must first be configured for <b>Diagnostics</b> before it is possible to assign the message to an output. ( <b>Menu/Setup/Outputs</b> : Assign the <b>Diagnostics</b> function and set <b>Operating mode</b> to <b>as</b> <b>assigned</b> .)
Alarm relays are avail	able, depending on the device ver	sion.
Cleaning program (for sensors)	Selection None Cleaning 1 Cleaning 2 Cleaning 3 Cleaning 4 Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program.</li> <li>The cleaning programs can be defined under: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning.</li> </ul>
Detail information	Read only	Additional information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.

#### Menu/Setup/(General settings or Inputs<Sensor channel>)/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior

### Spectrum

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Spectrometer/Extended setup/Spectrum		
Function	Options	Info
Spectrum	Selection Intensity Absorption Reference Factory setting Absorption	Determines the type of spectrum display and spectrum storage
Logging	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	<ul> <li>For specifying whether or not a spectrum should be written to the SD card for each measurement period configured.</li> </ul>
Dspl. spctr. lower limit	190 to 1000 nm Factory setting 350 nm	Configures the spectrum limits for the spectrum shown
Dspl. spctr. upper limit	350 to 1000 nm Factory setting 1000 nm	

### Tag check

This function is used to specify which sensors are accepted at the device.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Sensor type/Extended setup/ Tag control		
Function	Options	Info
Operating mode	Selection • Off • Tag • Group Factory setting Off	Off         No tag control, all sensors are accepted.         Tag         Only sensors with the same tag name are accepted.         Group         Only sensors in the same tag group are accepted.
Tag	User-defined text Factory setting EH_CM44P_	Enter the tag name. The controller checks every sensor to be connected as to whether this sensor belongs to the measuring point, and only accepts the
Group	Numerical <b>Factory setting</b> O	sensors that have the same name.

#### Sensor change

# Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Sensor type/Extended setup/Sensor change

• On

When the sensor is replaced, the last measured value is retained via the "hold" function. A diagnostics message is not triggered.

Off

When the sensor is replaced, the last measured value is not retained and triggers a diagnostics message.

#### Sensor factory setting

Here you can restore the sensor factory settings.

### Menu/Setup/Inputs/Channel: Sensor type/Extended setup

### 1. > Factory default sensor

- 2. Respond to prompt: **OK**when the prompt for the device software appears.
  - → Only the factory settings for the sensor are restored. The settings for the input remain unchanged.

# 10.3.2 Current inputs

The input can be used as the data source for limit switches and logbooks, for example. Furthermore, external values can be made available as set points for controllers.

Menu/Setup/Inputs/Current input x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Mode	Selection • Off • 0 - 20mA • 4 - 20mA	<ul> <li>Select the same current range as in the data source (connected device).</li> </ul>
	Factory setting 4 - 20mA	
Input variable	Selection Flow rate Parameter Current	<ul> <li>Select the input variable.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting Current	
Meas. value format	Selection # # #.# #.## #.###	<ul> <li>Specify the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting #.#	
Parameter name Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	<ul> <li>Assign a useful name, e.g. the parameter name that the data source also uses.</li> </ul>
Unit of measure Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	You cannot choose the unit from a list. If you want to use a unit, you must enter it here as customized text.
Lower range value Input variable = Parameter	-20.0 <b>Upper range</b> <b>value</b> <unit measure="" of=""></unit>	• Enter the measuring range. The lower and upper range values are assigned to the 0 or
	<b>Factory setting</b> 0.0 <engineering unit=""></engineering>	4 mA value and the 20 mA value respectively. The system uses the engineering unit which you entered
Upper range value Input variable = Parameter	Lower range value to 10000.0 <engineering unit&gt;</engineering 	beforehand.
	<b>Factory setting</b> 10.0 <engineering unit=""></engineering>	
Damping	0 to 60 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of
	Factory setting 0 s	the measured values over the time specified.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

# 10.4 Outputs

### **10.4.1** Current outputs

The basic version of the device always has two current outputs.

You can configure additional current outputs with extension modules.

### Setting the current output range

► Menu/Setup/General settings: 0..20 mA or 4..20 mA.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Current output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Current output	Selection Off On Expression	Use this function to activate or deactivate a variable being output at the current output
	Factory setting Off	
Source of data	Selection None Connected inputs Controller	The sources of data on offer depend on your device version. The all the sensors and controllers connected to inputs are available for selection.
	Factory setting None	
Measured value	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Depends on the Source of data</li> </ul>	The measured value you can select depends on the option selected under <b>Source of data</b> .
	Factory setting None	
Apart from measured valu The best way to do so is by	les from connected sensors, yo	e <b>Measured value</b> <i>table, subject to the</i> <b>Source of</b> ou can also select a controller as the data source. <b>ons</b> menu. Here, you can select and configure the
Range lower value	Range of adjustment and	You can output the entire measuring range or
Range upper value	factory settings depend on the <b>Measured value</b>	just some of it at the current output. To do so, specify the upper and lower range values in accordance with your requirements.
Hold behavior	Selection Freeze last value Fixed value Ignore	Freeze last value The device freezes the last current value.
		<b>Fixed value</b> You define a fixed current value that is output at
	<b>Factory setting</b> Depends on the	the output.
	channel:output	<b>Ignore</b> A hold does not affect this current output.
Hold current	0.0 to 23.0 mA	• Specify which current should be output at
Hold behavior = Fixed value	Factory setting 22.0 mA	this current output in the hold state.

1) x:y = slot:output number

### Measured value depending on the Source of data

Source of data	Measured value
Spectrometer	Selection • L* • a* • b* • Temperature
pH Glass	Selection
pH ISFET	<ul> <li>Raw value mV</li> <li>pH</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
ORP	Selection • Temperature • ORP mV • ORP %

Source of data	Measured value
Oxygen (amp.)	Selection
Oxygen (opt.)	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Partial pressure</li> <li>Concentration liquid</li> <li>Saturation</li> <li>Raw value nA (only Oxygen (amp.))</li> <li>Raw value µs (only Oxygen (opt.))</li> </ul>
Cond i	Selection
Cond c	<ul><li>Temperature</li><li>Conductivity</li></ul>
Cond c 4-pol	<ul> <li>Resistance (only Cond c)</li> <li>Concentration (only Cond i and Cond c 4-pol)</li> </ul>
Disinfection	Selection • Temperature • Sensor current • Concentration
ISE	Selection • Temperature • pH • Ammonium • Nitrate • Potassium • Chloride
TU/TS	Selection
TU	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Turbidity g/l (only TU/TS)</li> <li>Turbidity FNU (only TU/TS)</li> <li>Turbidity Formazine (only TU)</li> <li>Turbidity solid (only TU)</li> </ul>
Nitrate	Selection • Temperature • NO3 • NO3-N
Ultrasonic interface	Selection Interface
SAC	Selection • Temperature • SAC • Transm. • Absorption • COD • BOD
Controller 1	Selection
Controller 2	<ul> <li>Bipolar (only for current outputs)</li> <li>Unipolar+</li> <li>Unipolar-</li> </ul>
Mathematical functions	All the mathematical functions can also be used as a data source and the calculated value can be used as the measured value.

#### Outputting the controller manipulated variable via the current output

**Unipolar+** Assign to the output to which an actuator that can increase the measured value is connected. **Unipolar-** Assign to the output to which an actuator that can decrease the measured value is connected.

To output the manipulated variable of a two-sided controller, positive manipulated variables and negative manipulated variables generally have to be output to different actuators, as most actuators are able to influence the process in one direction only (not in both). For this purpose, the instrument splits the bipolar manipulated variable y into two unipolar manipulated variables, y+ and y-.

Only the two unipolar manipulated variable parts are available for selection for outputting to modulated relays. If outputting the values via a current output, you also have the possibility of outputting the bipolar manipulated variable y to one current output only (split range).

### 10.4.2 Alarm relay and optional relays

The basic version of the device always has one alarm relay. Additional relays are also available depending on the version of the device.

#### The following functions can be output via a relay:

- Limit switch status
- Controller manipulated variable for controlling an actuator
- Diagnostic messages
- Status of a cleaning function in order to control a pump or a valve

You can assign a relay to multiple inputs in order to clean several sensors with just one cleaning unit, for example.

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Alarm relay or relay at channel no.		
Function	Options	Info
Function	Selection Off Curve Controller Diagnostics Cleaning (sensor) Formula (sensor) Device status signal Factory setting Alarm relays: Diagnostics Off	The following functions depend on the option selected. These versions are illustrated individually in the following sections to provide a clearer understanding of the options. <b>Function = Off</b> Switches off the relay function and means no further settings are required.

### Outputting the status of a limit switch

Function = Limit switch		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection Limit switch 1 8	Select the limit switch via which the status of the relay is to be output.
	Factory setting None	The limit switches are configured in the menu: <b>Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches</b> .
		Use the <b>ALL</b> and <b>NONE</b> soft keys to select or deselect all the limit switches in one go.
Hold behavior	Selection Freeze last value Fixed value Ignore Factory setting Ignore	

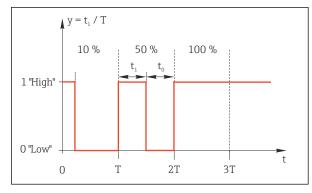
### Outputting the manipulated variable of a controller

To output a controller manipulated variable via a relay, the relay is modulated. The relay is energized (pulse,  $t_1$ ) and is then de-energized (interval,  $t_0$ ).

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Controller 1</li> <li>Controller 2</li> </ul> Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Select the controller that should act as the data source.</li> </ul>
Operating mode	Selection PWM PFM Factory setting PWM	PWM=pulse width modulation PFM=pulse frequency modulation

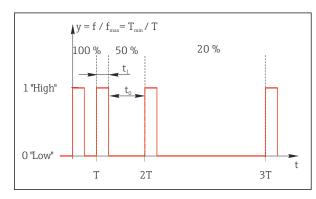
1. **PWM** (pulse width modulation):

The duty cycle is varied within a period **T** ( $T=t_1+t_0$ ). The cycle duration remains constant.



85 Typical application: solenoid valve

2. **PFM** (pulse frequency modulation): Here, pulses of a constant length  $(t_1)$  are output and the interval between the pulses varies  $(t_0)$ . At a maximum frequency,  $t_1 = t_0$ .



🖻 86 Typical application: dosing pump

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Actuator type	Selection • None • Unipolar(-) • Unipolar(+) Factory setting None	Here you specify what part of the controller should power the relay. <b>Unipolar(+)</b> is the part of the manipulated variable which the controller uses to increase the process value (e.g. for heating purposes). Alternatively, select <b>Unipolar(-)</b> if you are connecting an actuator to the relay that reduces the controlled variable (e.g. for cooling purposes).
Cycle duration Operating mode = PWM	Shortest turn-on time to 999.0 s	<ul> <li>Specify the cycle duration within which the duty cycle should be varied (only PWM).</li> </ul>
operating model i thin	<b>Factory setting</b> 10.0 s	
The settings for Cycle dura Cycle duration $\geq$ Shortest		ime influence one another. The following applies:
Shortest turn-on time	0.3 s to Cycle duration	Pulses that are shorter than this limit value are
Operating mode = PWM	Factory setting 0.3 s	not output in order to conserve the actuator.

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Maximum frequency Operating mode = PFM	1 to 180 min <sup>-1</sup> Factory setting 60 min <sup>-1</sup>	Maximum number of pulses per minute The controller calculates the pulse duration based on this setting.
Hold behavior	Selection <ul> <li>Freeze last value</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>Ignore</li> </ul> Factory setting Ignore	

#### Outputting diagnostic messages via the relay

If a relay is defined as a diagnostic relay (Function = Diagnostics), it operates in "Failsafe mode".

This means that the relay is always energized ("normally closed", n.c.) in the basic state if an error is not present. This enables it to also indicate a voltage drop, for example. The alarm relay always works in the failsafe mode.

You can output two categories of diagnostic messages via the relay:

- Diagnostic messages from one of the four NAMUR classes  $\rightarrow \square 136$
- Diagnostic messages which you have individually assigned to the relay output

A message is individually assigned to the relay output at 2 specific points in the menu:

- Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior (device-specific messages)
- Menu/Setup/Inputs/<Sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior (sensor-specific messages)

Before you can assign a special message to the relay output in **Diag. behavior**, you need to set Outputs/relay x:y or /Alarm relay/Function = Diagnostics.

Function = Diagnostics		
Function	Options	Info
Operating mode	Selection as assigned NAMUR M NAMUR S NAMUR C NAMUR F Factory setting Relay: as assigned Alarm relays: NAMUR F	as assigned If this option is selected, the diagnostic messages which you have individually assigned to the relay are output via the relay. NAMUR M NAMUR F If you decided to use one of the NAMUR classes, all the messages that are assigned to the individual class are output via the relay. You can also change the NAMUR class assignment for every diagnostic message. (Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior or Menu/Setup/Inputs/ <sensor>/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior)</sensor>
Attributed diagnostic messages Operating mode = as assigned	Read only	All the messages assigned to the relay output appear on the display. You do not have the option of editing the information here.

### Outputting diagnosis messages from the CYA27 assembly

Function = Device status signal		
Function	Options	Info
Operating mode	Selection OK NAMUR M NAMUR S NAMUR C NAMUR F Factory setting All disabled	The function allows the status signals of the CYA27 assembly to be output via a relay. Several signals can be output in parallel during this process.

### Outputting the status of a cleaning function

Function = Cleaning	Function = Cleaning		
Function	Options	Info	
Assignments	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Depends on the type of cleaning</li> </ul> Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Here you can specify how a cleaning function should be displayed for the relay.</li> <li>You have the following options depending on the cleaning program that is selected (Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning: <ul> <li>Cleaning type = Standard clean</li> <li>Cleaning 1 - Water, Cleaning 2 - Water,</li> <li>Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Water</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cleaning type = Chemoclean</li> <li>Cleaning 2 - Water, Cleaning 2 - Cleaner,</li> <li>Cleaning 3 - Water, Cleaning 3 - Cleaner,</li> <li>Cleaning 4 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Cleaner,</li> <li>Cleaning 4 - Water, Cleaning 4 - Cleaner</li> <li>Cleaning type = Chemoclean Plus <ul> <li>4x Cleaning 1 - %0V, 4x Cleaning 2 - %0V<sup>1</sup></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
Hold behavior	Selection <ul> <li>Freeze last value</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>Ignore</li> </ul> Factory setting Ignore	Freeze last value The device freezes the last measured value. Fixed value You define a fixed measured value that is output at the output. Ignore A hold has no effect.	

1) %0V is variable text which you can assign in Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Chemoclean Plus/Output label 1 ... 4.

### Formula

Function = Controller		
Function	Options	Info
Operating mode	Selection • PWM • PFM Factory setting PWM	PWM=pulse width modulation PFM=pulse frequency modulation→ 🗎 88
Source of data	<ul> <li>Selection</li> <li>List of available formulas</li> <li>Maximum of 8 formulas</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mathematical functions of type Formula must be available.</li> <li>Select the formula which is to serve as a data source.</li> </ul>
Range lower value	0 to 9999	

Function	Options	Info
Range upper value	Range lower value to 9999	
Cycle duration Operating mode = PWM	Shortest turn-on time to 999.0 s	• Specify the cycle duration within which the duty cycle should be varied (only PWM).
	<b>Factory setting</b> 10.0 s	
The settings for Cycle d Cycle duration ≥ Short		time affect one another. The following applies:
Shortest turn-on time	0.3 s to Cycle duration	Pulses that are shorter than this limit value are
Operating mode = PWM	<b>Factory setting</b> 0.3 s	not output in order to conserve the actuator.
Maximum frequency	1 to 180 min <sup>-1</sup>	Maximum number of pulses per minute
Operating mode = PFM	<b>Factory setting</b> 60 min <sup>-1</sup>	The controller calculates the pulse duration based on this setting.
Hold behavior	Selection <ul> <li>Freeze last value</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>Ignore</li> </ul>	
	Factory setting	

# 10.4.3 HART

Function = Controller

Specify which device variables should be output via HART communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables.

1. Specify the data source.

- └ You can choose from sensor inputs and controllers.
- 2. Select the measured value to be output.
- 3. Specify the behavior in "Hold" status. (Configuration options of Source of data, **Measured value** and **Hold behavior**)  $\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 84$

Please note that if you select Hold behavior = Freeze, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

More information is provided in: 

Operating Instructions "HART Communication", BA00486C

#### 10.4.4 **PROFIBUS DP and PROFINET**

### Device variables (device $\rightarrow$ PROFIBUS/PROFINET)

Here you can specify which process values should be mapped to the PROFIBUS function blocks and are thereby available for transmission via PROFIBUS communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables (AI Blocks).

1. Define the data source.

└ You can choose from sensor inputs, current inputs and mathematical functions.

- 2. Choose the measured value to be transmitted.

3. Define how the device should behave in the hold state. (Configuration options of Source of data, Measured value and Hold behavior)  $\rightarrow \implies 84$ 

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior**= **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

In addition, you can define 8 binary variables (DI Blocks):

- 1. Define the data source.
- 2. Select the limit switch or relay whose status is to be transmitted.

#### **PROFIBUS/PROFINET** variables (**PROFIBUS/PROFINET** $\rightarrow$ device)

A maximum of 4 analog (AO) and 8 digital (DO) PROFIBUS variables are available as measured values in the controller, limit switch or current output menus.

Example: Using an AO or DO value as the set point for the controller

#### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1

1. In the specified menu, define PROFIBUS as the data source.

2. Select the desired analog output (AO) or digital output (DO) as the measured value.

Further information on "PROFIBUS" can be found in the Guideline for Communication via PROFIBUS, SD01188C

Further information on "PROFINET" can be found in the Guideline for Communication via PROFINET, SD02490C

### 10.4.5 Modbus RS485 and Modbus TCP

Specify which process values should be output via Modbus RS485 Communication or via Modbus TCP.

In the case of Modbus RS485, you can switch between the RTU and the ASCII protocol.

You can define a maximum of 16 device variables.

- 1. Define the data source.
  - └→ You can choose from sensor inputs and controllers.
- 2. Select the measured value to be output.

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

Further information on "Modbus" can be found in the Guideline for Communication via Modbus, SD01189C

#### 10.4.6 Ethernet/IP

Specify which process values should be output via EtherNet/IP communication.

You can define a maximum of 16 analog device variables (AI).

- 1. Define the data source.
  - └ You can choose from sensor inputs and controllers.
- 2. Select the measured value to be output.
- 3. Define how the device should behave in the hold state. (Configuration options of **Source of data**, **Measured value** and **Hold behavior**)  $\rightarrow \cong 84$
- 4. In the case of controllers, also specify the type of manipulated variable.

Please note that if you select **Hold behavior** = **Freeze**, the system not only flags the status but also actually "freezes" the measured value.

In addition you can define digital device variables (DI):

- Define the data source.
  - └ You can choose from relays, binary inputs and limit switches.

For further information on "EtherNet/IP", see the Guideline for Communication via EtherNet/IP, SD01293C

# **10.5** Binary inputs and outputs

Hardware options, such as the DIO module with 2 digital inputs and 2 digital outputs or fieldbus module 485DP/485MB enable the following:

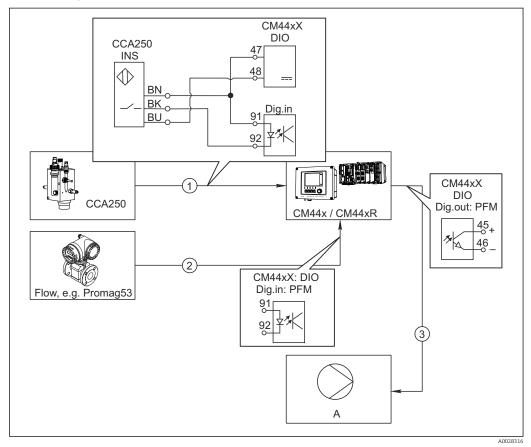
- Via a digital input signal
  - measuring range switching for conductivity (upgrade code required,  $\rightarrow \square 76$ )
  - switching between different calibration datasets in the case of optical sensors
  - external hold
  - a cleaning interval to be triggered
  - PID controller switch-on/switch-off, e.g. via the proximity switch of the CCA250
  - the use of the input as an "analog input" for pulse-frequency modulation (PFM)

Via a digital output signal

- diagnostic states, point level switches, or similar states transmitted statically (similar to a relay)
- the dynamic transmission (comparable to a non-wearing "analog output") of PFM signals, e.g. to control dosing pumps

### 10.5.1 Application examples

#### Chlorine regulation with feedforward control



Example of chlorine control with feedforward control

- 1 Connection of the inductive proximity switch INS of CCA250 to the digital input of the DIO module
- 2 Connection of the signal from a flowmeter to the digital input of the DIO module
- 3 Activation of a (pulse) dosing pump via the digital output of the DIO module
- A Dosing pump

Utilize the advantage of the effectively wear-free control with binary outputs versus a control system with relay. With pulse frequency modulation (PFM), it is possible to achieve virtually continuous dosing using a dosing pump with higher input frequency.

- 1. Connect the INS proximity switch of the CCA250 assembly to a digital input of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 1).
- In the software, configure a controller and as the source select the binary input (e.g.Binary input 1) to which the proximity switch is connected. (Menu/Additional functions/Controllers/Controller 1/Controller enable = Binary input 1)
- 3. **Signal type**: For the selected input, select the factory setting (**Static signal**).
- 4. Connect the measured value of a flowmeter to the second input of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 2).
- 5. Signal type: for this input, select PFM . (Menu/Inputs/Binary input 6:2/Signal type = PFM)
- 6. Input variable: select the corresponding measured value (Flow rate).
  - └→ You can now use the input you have just configured as the disturbance variable for your controller<sup>2</sup>).

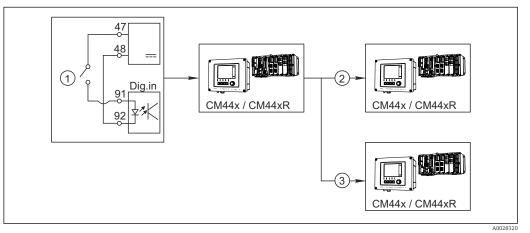
<sup>2)</sup> An activation code, Order No. 71211288, is necessary for the "feedforward control" function.

- 7. **Disturbance variable**: in the controller menu, select the binary input to which you have connected the flow measured value. (Menu/Additional functions/Controllers/ Controller 1/Disturbance variable/Source of data = Binary input 6:2 and Measured value = PFM value)
- 8. You can activate a dosing pump through PFM via a digital output of the DIO module. Connect the pump to an output of the DIO module (e.g. slot 6, port 1) and select the following settings in the menu: Menu/Outputs/Binary output 6:1/Signal type = **PFM** and **Source of data** = **Controller 1**.

Take the direction of action of your dosing into account. Select the correct parameter (Actuator type = Unipolar+ or Unipolar-).

You must make additional settings in the controller menu to fully customize the control to suit your process conditions.

#### CM44x as the cleaning master



88 Example of a central cleaning control

- 1 External cleaning trigger at the binary input
- 2 Transferring the external hold over binary output to other measuring devices without connected cleaning functions 3
  - Transferring the cleaning trigger over a binary output to other self-cleaning measuring points
- 1. An external trigger actuates a cleaning operation at the master. A cleaning unit is connected via a relay or a binary output, for example.
- 2. The cleaning trigger is transferred to another device via a binary output. This does not have its own connected cleaning unit, but its sensors are installed in the medium affected by cleaning the master and are set to hold by the trigger.
- 3. The trigger is transferred via an additional binary output to another device, whose connected sensors have their own cleaning units. The signal can be used to simultaneously activate a self-cleaning with the master.

Function	Options	Info
Binary input	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Switches the input on/off
Signal type	Selection • Static signal • PFM Factory setting Static signal	<ul> <li>Select the signal type.</li> <li>Static signal         Use this setting to read out the position of, for example, an on/off switch, an inductive proximity switch or a PLC binary output.         Signal application: for measuring range switching, acceptance of an external hold, as a cleaning trigger or for controller activation     </li> <li>PFM         The PFM setting produces a pulse-frequency-modulated signal that is subsequently available on the device as a quasi-continuous process value.         Example: Measuring signal of a flowmeter     </li> </ul>
Signal type = Static signa	1	
Signal level	Selection • Low • High Factory setting High	Specifies which input signal levels should activate, for example, measuring range switching or a cleaning. Low Input signals between 0 and 5 V DC High Input signals between 11 and 30 V DC
Signal type = PFM		
Max. frequency	100.00 to 1000.00 Hz Factory setting 1000.00 Hz	Maximum frequency of the PFM input signal Is to equal the maximum possible upper limit of the measuring range. If the value selected is too small, higher frequencies will not be detected. If the value is too large, on the other hand, the resolution for small frequencies will be relatively inexact.
Meas. value format	Selection # # #.# # .## # .### Factory setting #.##	<ul> <li>Specify the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>

# 10.5.2 Binary input configuration

Function	Options	Info
Input variable	Selection • Frequency • Parameter • Flow rate Factory setting Frequency	Frequency         Display in Hz in the measuring menu         Parameter         You subsequently determine the parameter         name and unit. These are then displayed in the         measuring menu.         Flow rate         For connecting a flowmeter
Parameter name Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	<ul> <li>Define a name for the parameter, e.g. "Pressure".</li> </ul>
Unit of measure Input variable = Parameter	Customized text, 16 characters	<ul> <li>Specify the unit for your parameter, e.g. "hPa".</li> </ul>
Flow rate unit Input variable = Flow rate	Selection 1/s 1/h m <sup>3</sup> /s m <sup>3</sup> /h cfs cfd mgd Factory setting 1/s	<ul> <li>Define the unit for the flow.</li> <li>cfs = cubic feet per second</li> <li>cfd = cubic feet per day</li> <li>mgd = mega gallon per day</li> </ul>
Lower range value Input variable = Parameter or Flow rate	-2000.00 to 0.00 Factory setting 0.00	The start of measuring range corresponds to a frequency of 0 Hz. Your previously defined unit is additionally displayed.
Upper range value Input variable = Parameter or Flow rate	0.00 to 10000.00 Factory setting 0.00	The end of measuring range corresponds to the maximum frequency defined above. Your previously defined unit is additionally displayed.
Damping	0 to 60 s Factory setting 0 s	The damping causes a floating average curve of the measured values over the time specified.

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

# 10.5.3 Configuration of binary outputs

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Binary output	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	Switches the output on/off
Signal type	Selection • Static signal • PFM Factory setting Static signal	<ul> <li>Select the signal type.</li> <li>Static signal Comparable to a relay: output of a diagnostic status or a limit switch</li> <li>PFM You can output a measured value, e.g. the chlorine value or the manipulated variable of a controller. It functions as a "wear-free" switching contact that can be used to control a dosing pump, for example.</li> </ul>

Menu/Setup/Outputs/Binary output x:y <sup>1)</sup>		
Function	Options	Info
Signal type = Static signal		
Function	Selection None Limit switches Diagnostics message Cleaning Factory setting	Source for the outputted switching state The following functions depend on the option selected. Function = None switches off the function. There are no other settings.
	None	
Assignments Function = Cleaning	Multiple selection <ul> <li>Cleaning 1 - Water</li> <li>Cleaning 4 - Cleaner</li> </ul>	Here you can decide which binary outputs should be used for activating the valves and pumps. Here you specifically assign a control signal to the binary output for the cleaner/water dosing of a cleaning program. You can define cleaning programs under: <b>Menu/</b> <b>Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning</b> .
Data sources Function = Limit switches	Multiple selection Limit switch 1 8	<ul> <li>Select the limit switches that should be output via the binary output.</li> <li>Configuration of the limit switches: Menu/ Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches.</li> </ul>
Operating mode Function = Diagnostics message	Selection as assigned NAMUR M NAMUR S NAMUR C NAMUR F Factory setting as assigned	as assigned         With this selection, the diagnosis messages are transmitted over the binary output that you individually allocated to it.         NAMUR M F         When you choose one of the Namur classes, all messages allocated to that particular class are output.         You can change the Namur class assignment for each diagnostic message.
Signal type = PFM		
Max. frequency	1.00 to 1000.00 Hz Factory setting 1000.00 Hz	Maximum frequency of the PFM output signal Is to equal the maximum possible upper limit of the measuring range.
Meas. value format	Selection • # • #.# • #.## • #.### Factory setting #.##	<ul> <li>Specify the number of decimal places.</li> </ul>

Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Binary inputs Controller Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions Factory setting None	Source whose value should be read out as a frequency via the binary output.
Measuring value Source of data ≠ Controller	Selection Depends on: Source of data	<ul> <li>Choose the measured value which should be output as the frequency via the binary output.</li> </ul>
Actuator type <b>Source of data</b> = Controller	Selection None Bipolar Unipolar+ Unipolar- Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Determines which part of the controller should control the connected actuators, e.g. the dosing pump.</li> <li>Bipolar "Split range"</li> <li>Unipolar+ Part of the manipulated variable that the controller uses to increase the process value</li> <li>Unipolar- For connected actuators that decrease the controlled variable</li> </ul>
Hold behavior	Selection • Freeze • Fixed value • None Factory setting None	Freeze The device freezes the last value. Fixed value You define a fixed current value that is transmitted at the output. None A hold does not affect this output.
Hold value	0 100 %	
Hold behavior = Fixed value	Factory setting 0 %	
Error behavior	Selection • Freeze • Fixed value Factory setting Fixed value	Freeze The device freezes the last value. Fixed value You define a fixed current value that is transmitted at the output.
Error value	0 100 %	
Error behavior = Fixed value	Factory setting	

1) x:y = slot no. : input number

# **10.6** Additional functions

### 10.6.1 Limit switch

There are different ways to configure a limit switch:

- Assigning a switch-on and switch-off point
- Assigning a switch-on and switch-off delay for a relay
- Setting an alarm threshold and also outputting an error message
- Starting a cleaning function

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches/Limit switch 1 8		
Function	Options	Info
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Binary inputs Controller Fieldbus signals Mathematical functions MRS set 1 2 Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Specify the input or output which is to be the data source for the limit switch.</li> <li>The sources of data on offer depend on your device version.</li> <li>You can choose from connected sensors, binary inputs, fieldbus signals, mathematical functions, controllers and sets for measuring range switching.</li> </ul>
Measuring value	Selection Depends on: Source of data	<ul> <li>Select the measured value, see the following table.</li> </ul>

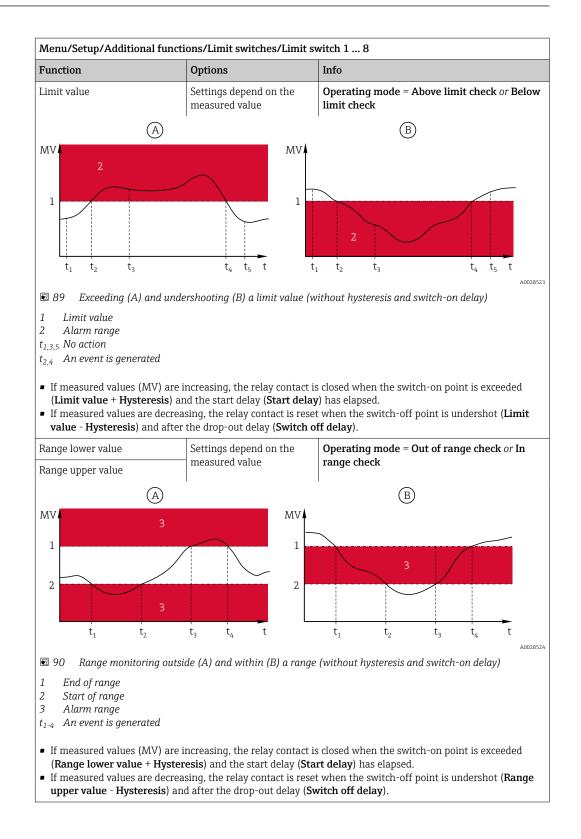
# Measured value depending on the Source of data

Source of data	Measured value
Spectrometer	Selection • L* • a* • b* • Temperature
pH Glass	Selection
pH ISFET	<ul> <li>Raw value mV</li> <li>pH</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
ORP	Selection <ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>ORP mV</li> <li>ORP %</li> </ul>
Oxygen (amp.)	Selection
Oxygen (opt.)	<ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Partial pressure</li> <li>Concentration liquid</li> <li>Saturation</li> <li>Raw value nA (only <b>Oxygen (amp.)</b>)</li> <li>Raw value µs (only <b>Oxygen (opt.)</b>)</li> </ul>
Cond i	Selection
Cond c	Temperature     Conductivity
Cond c 4-pol	<ul> <li>Resistance (only Cond c)</li> <li>Concentration (only Cond i and Cond c 4-pol)</li> </ul>
Disinfection	Selection <ul> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Sensor current</li> <li>Concentration</li> </ul>
ISE	Selection  Temperature  PH  Ammonium  Nitrate  Potassium  Chloride

Source of data	Measured value
TU/TS TU	Selection  Temperature Turbidity g/l (only TU/TS)  Turbidity FNU (only TU/TS)  Turbidity Formazine (only TU)  Turbidity solid (only TU)
Nitrate	Selection • Temperature • NO3 • NO3-N
Ultrasonic interface	Selection Interface
SAC	Selection • Temperature • SAC • Transm. • Absorption • COD • BOD
Controller 1	Selection
Controller 2	<ul> <li>Bipolar (only for current outputs)</li> <li>Unipolar+</li> <li>Unipolar-</li> </ul>
Mathematical functions	All the mathematical functions can also be used as a data source and the calculated value can be used as the measured value.

You can monitor the manipulated variable by assigning the controller manipulated variable to a limit switch (e.g. configure a dosing time alarm).

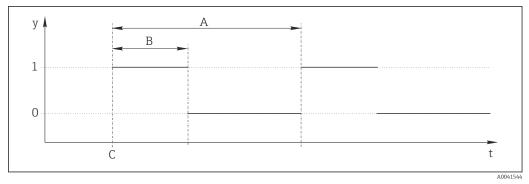
Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches/Limit switch 1 8		
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning program	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Cleaning 1 4</li> </ul> Factory setting None	Use this function to choose which cleaning instance should start when the limit switch is active.
Function	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	Activating/deactivating the limit switch
Operating mode	Selection <ul> <li>Above limit check</li> <li>Below limit check</li> <li>In range check</li> <li>Out of range check</li> <li>Change rate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Type of limit value monitoring:</li> <li>Limit value overshoot or undershoot →  89</li> <li>Measured value within or outside a range →  90</li> <li>Rate of change →  92</li> </ul>
	Factory setting Above limit check	



Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Limit switches/Limit switch 1 8		
Function	Options	Info
Hysteresis	Settings depend on the measured value	Operating mode ≠ Change rate
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{MV} \\ 1 \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	t <sub>2</sub> t	The hysteresis is needed to ensure a stable switching behavior. The device software adds or subtracts the value set here to/from the limit value ( <b>Limit value</b> , <b>Range lower value</b> or <b>Range upper value</b> ). This results in double the <b>Hysteresis</b> value for the hysteresis range around the limit value. An event is then only generated if the measured value (MV) completely passes through the hysteresis range.
■ 91 Hysteresis taking the exovershoot	cample of limit value	
<ol> <li>Limit value</li> <li>Alarm range</li> <li>Hysteresis range</li> <li>t<sub>1,2</sub> An event is generated</li> </ol>		
Start delay	0 to 9999 s	Synonyms: pick-up and drop-out delay
Operating mode ≠ Change rate	<b>Factory setting</b> 0 s	
Switch off delay		
Operating mode ≠ Change rate		
Delta value	Settings depend on the measured value	<b>Operating mode = Change rate</b> The slope of the measured value (MV) is
Delta time	00:00:01 23:59:00	monitored in this mode. If, in the specified time frame ( <b>Delta time</b> ), the
	Factory setting 01:00:00	measured value increases or decreases by more than the specified value ( <b>Delta value</b> ), an event
Auto confirm	00:01 to 23:59	is generated. No further event is generated if the value continues to experience such a steep
	Factory setting 00:01	increase or decrease. If the slope is back below the limit value, the alarm status is reset after a
$MV \downarrow \\ \Delta MV_2 \downarrow \\ \Delta MV_1 \downarrow \\ t_1 t_2 t_3 t_4$	ΔMV <sub>3</sub> t <sub>5</sub> t <sub>6</sub> t A0028526	preset time (Auto confirm). Events are triggered by the following conditions in the example given: $t_2 - t_1 < Delta time and \Delta MV1 > Delta value$ $t_4 - t_3 > Auto confirm and \Delta MV2 < Delta value$ $t_6 - t_5 < Delta time and \Delta MV3 > Delta value$
92 Rate of change		

### 10.6.2 Time switch

A time switch provides a time-controlled, binary process value. This can be used as a source by the "Formula" mathematical function.



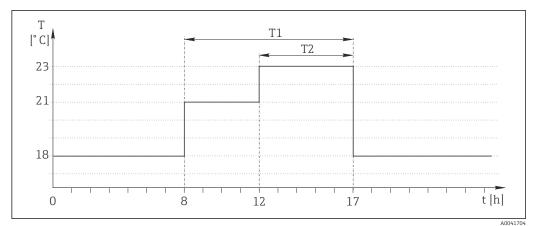
*93* Signal pattern of a time switch

- t Timeline
- *y* Signal level (1 = on, 0 = off)
- A Period
- B Signal duration
- C Start time (Start date, Start time)

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Time switches/ Time switch 1 8		
Function	Options	Info
Function	Selection • On • Off	Switches the function on or off
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off	
Start date	01.01.2000 to 31.12.2099	► Enter start date
	<b>Format</b> DD.MM.YYYY	
Start time	00:00:00 to 23:59:59	► Enter start time
	Format hh.mm.ss	
Signal duration	00:00:03 to 2400:00:00 Format hh.mm.ss	Duration of the high signal level at the start of a cycle
Period	00:00:03 to 2400:00:00	Duration of a cycle
	Format hh.mm.ss	
Signal	Display only	Current process value of the time switch
Next signal date	Display only	Date of the next signal
Next signal time	Display only	Time of the next signal

#### Example 1: Time-based set point for a temperature controller

The temperature should increase to 21 °C from 08:00 every day, and then to 23 °C for 5 hours from 12:00. The temperature should be controlled to fall back down to 18 °C from 17.00. Two time switches are defined for this purpose which are used in a **MF1: Formula** mathematical function. Using the mathematical function, an analog temperature set point is thus available for a controller.



94 Time-based temperature control

1. Program **Time switch 1** (T1):

- Start date = 01.01.2020
- **Start time** = 08:00:00
- Signal duration = 09:00:00
- **Period** = 24:00:00

2. Define **Time switch 2** (T2):

- Start date = 01.01.2020
- **Start time** = 12:00:00
- **Signal duration** = 05:00:00
- **Period** = 24:00:00

3. Create **Formula** mathematical function.

#### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions

- MF1: Formula
- Tracking = On
- Source A = Time switch 1
- Source B = Time switch 2
- Formula = 18.0 + 3\*NUM(A) + 2\*NUM(B)

Explanation: NUM converts the logical value to a numerical value and thus enables multiplication.

- 3\*NUM(A) results in the value 3.0 from 08:00 to 17:00 and 0.0 outside of this time period.
- 2\*NUM(B) results in the value 2.0 from 12:00 to 17:00 and 0.0 outside of this time period.

The formula thus yields one of these analog values depending on the time: 18.0, 21.0 or 23.0. This analog value can be used as a set point for a temperature controller.

#### Example 2: Time-based condition

A pump should switch on (via a relay) for 10 minutes every 2 hours. This only applies if the pH value is lower than 4.0.

1. Program **Time switch 1**:

- **Start date** = 01.01.2020
- **Start time** = 00:00:00
- **Signal duration** = 00:10:00
- Period = 02:00:00

2. Create **Formula** mathematical function.

#### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions

- MF1: Formula
- Tracking = On
- Source A = Time switch 1
- Source B = pH value of a Memosens pH input
- Formula = A AND(B<4.0)</p>

3. Use the formula as the data source of a relay.

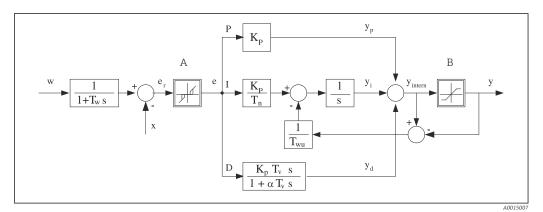
Menu/Setup/Outputs/Relay[x:y]

- Function = Formula
- Operating mode = Static signal
- Source of data = MF1: Formula

The formula yields a logical value (TRUE or FALSE) and is thus suitable to trigger a relay directly in the static operating mode. **Time switch 1** provides a TRUE value for 10 minutes every 2 hours but only if the pH value has dropped to below 4 at the same time.

### 10.6.3 Controller

#### Controller structure in Laplace representation



Block diagram of the controller structure

- A Neutral zone
- B Output limiting
- K<sub>p</sub> Gain (P-value)
- $T_n$  Integral action time (I-value)
- $T_v$  Derivative action time (D-value)
- $T_w$  Time constant for set point damping
- $T_{wu}$  Time constant for anti-windup feedback
- P Proportional value

- I Integral value
- D Derivative value
- $aT_V$  Damping time constant with a = 0 to 1
- e Control deviation
- w Set point
- x Controlled variable
- y Manipulated variable

The controller structure of the device comprises set point damping at the input to prevent erratic changes in the manipulated variable if the set point changes. The difference between the set point w and the controlled variable (measured value) X results in the control deviation which is filtered by a neutral zone.

The neutral zone is used to suppress control deviations (e) that are too small. The control deviation thus filtered is now fed to the actual PID controller which divides into 3 parts based on the P (proportional), I (integral) and D (derivative) values (top-down). The integral section (middle) also comprises an anti-windup mechanism for limiting the integrator. A low-pass filter is added to the D-section to damp hard D-terms in the manipulated variable. The sum of the 3 sections results in the internal controller manipulated variable which is limited according to the settings (for PID-2s to -100% to +100%).

The graphic does not illustrate a downstream filter for limiting the rate of change of the manipulated variable (can be configured in the menu in **Max y change rate**).

In the menu do not configure the gain  $K_p$ . Instead configure the reciprocal value, the proportional band  $X_p$  ( $K_p=1/X_p$ ).

#### Parameter configuration

Make the following decisions to configure a controller:

- (1) What type of process can your process be assigned to? → **Process type**
- (2) Should it be possible to influence the measured variable (controlled variable) in one direction or in both directions? One-sided or two-sided controller, → Controller type
- (3) What should be the controlled variable (sensor, measured value)? → Controlled variable
- (4) Do you have a disturbance variable that should be active at the controller output? → Disturbance variable
- (5) Specify the parameters for the controller:
  - Set point, → Setpoint
  - Neutral zone,  $\rightarrow Xn$
  - Proportional band,  $\rightarrow Xp$
  - Integral action time (I-value),  $\rightarrow$  **Tn**
  - Derivative action time (D-value),  $\rightarrow \mathbf{Tv}$
- (6) What should the controller do in the event of a hold (measured error, sensor replacement, cleaning etc.)?
  - Pause or continue with dosing? →Hold behavior/Manipulated Variable
  - At the end of a hold, continue or restart the control loop (affects I-value)? →Hold behavior/State
- (7) How should the actuator be triggered?
  - **Unipolar+**: assign this setting to the output for an actuator which can increase the measured value.
  - **Unipolar**-: assign this setting to the output for an actuator which can decrease the measured value.
  - **Bipolar**: select this setting if you want to output the manipulated variable via one current output only (split range).
- (8) Configure the outputs and switch on the controller.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 2		
Function	Options	Info
Control	Selection Off Automatic Manual mode Factory setting Off	<ul> <li>First configure the controller and leave the switch at the factory setting (Off).</li> <li>Once you have made all the settings, you can assign the controller to an output and switch it on.</li> </ul>
Manual mode		
у	-100 to 100 % Factory setting 0 %	<ul> <li>Specify the manipulated variable that should be output in manual mode.</li> </ul>
y actual output	Read only	Manipulated variable actually output.
Setpoint	-	Current set point
Х		Current measured value
Disturbance variable		Current measured value of disturbance variable
Norm. disturb. value		
Name	Free text	<ul> <li>Give the controller a name so you can identify it later on.</li> </ul>

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 ... 2

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 2		
Function	Options	Info
Controller enable	Selection None Binary inputs Limit switches Fieldbus variables Factory setting None	In connection with the DIO module, you can select a binary input signal, e.g.from an inductive proximity switch, as a source for enabling the controller.
Setup Level	Selection <ul> <li>Standard</li> <li>Advanced</li> </ul> Factory setting Standard	Changes the number of parameters that can be configured. → <b>Parameters</b> → 🗎 111 <b>Standard</b> : If you choose this, the other controller parameters are active nevertheless. The factory settings are used. These suffice in most cases.
Process type	Selection Inline Batch Factory setting Inline	<ul> <li>Decide what type of process best describes your particular process.</li> </ul>

#### Batch process

The medium is in a closed system.

The task of the control system is to dose in such a way that the measured value (controlled variable) changes from its start value to its target value. No more dosing is needed once the set point has been reached and the system is stable. If the target value is overshot, a two-sided control system can compensate for this. In the case of 2-sided batch control systems, a neutral zone is used/configured to suppress oscillations around the set point.

#### In-line process

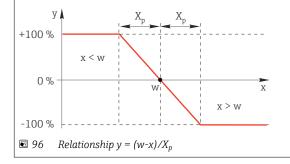
In an in-line process, the control system works with the medium flowing by in the process. Here, the controller has the task of using the manipulated variable to set a mixture ratio between the medium and dosing agent such that the resulting measured variable corresponds to the set point. The properties and volume of the medium flow can change at any time and the controller has to react to these changes on a continuous basis. If the flow rate and medium remain constant, the manipulated variable can also assume a fixed value once the process has settled. Since the control process is never "finished" here, this type of control is also referred to as continuous control.



A mixture of both process types can often be found in practice: the semi-batch process. Depending on the ratio between the flow and the container volume, this arrangement behaves either like a batch process or an in-line process.

Controller type	Selection	Depending on which actuator you have
	<ul> <li>PID 1-sided</li> </ul>	connected, you influence the process in only one
	<ul> <li>PID 2-sided</li> </ul>	direction (e.g . heating) or in both directions
	Factory setting PID 2-sided	(e.g. heating and cooling).

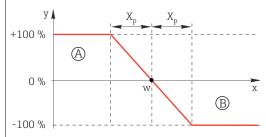
A 2-sided controller can output a manipulated variable in the range from -100% to +100%, i. e. the manipulated variable is bipolar. The manipulated variable is positive if the controller should increase the process value. In the case of a pure P-controller, this means that the value of the controlled variable x is smaller than the set point w. On the other hand, the manipulated variable is negative if the process value should be decreased. The value for x is greater than the set point w.



Function	Options	Info
Effective direction	Selection	In what direction should the controller influence
Controller type = PID 1-sided	<ul> <li>Direct</li> </ul>	the measured value?
	<ul> <li>Reverse</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The measured value should increase as a</li> </ul>
	Factory setting	result of dosing (e.g. heating)
	Reverse	→ Reverse
	reverse	<ul> <li>The measured value should decrease as a</li> </ul>
		result of dosing (e.g. cooling)
		→ Direct

A 1-sided controller has a unipolar manipulated variable, i. e. it can only influence the process in one direction. **Reverse**: If the controller should increase the process value, set this as the direction of action. The controller becomes active when the process value is too small (range A).

**Direct**: With this direction of action, the controller acts as a "downwards controller". It becomes active when the process value (e. g. the temperature) is too high (range B).



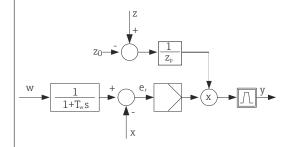
97 Red: overlap between the curves of the two 1-sided controllers.

Controlled variable		
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions	<ul> <li>Specify the input or output which should be the source of data for the controlled variable.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data	<ul> <li>Specify the measured value that should be your controlled variable.</li> </ul>
	Factory setting None	You can use different measured values depending on the data source. → 🗎 99
▶ Setpoint		Target value of the controlled variable This menu is not displayed if you selected a fieldbus as the source ( <b>Source of data</b> = fieldbus).
Setpoint	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	<ul> <li>Specify the target value for the controlled variable.</li> </ul>
Tw	0.0 to 999.9 s	Time constant for the set point damping filter
Setup Level = Advanced	<b>Factory setting</b> 2.0 s	
▶ Disturbance variable		optional, activation code necessary

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 ... 2

Function	Options	Info

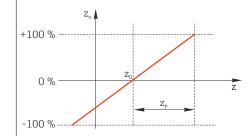
In the case of "flowing medium" (in-line) controls, the flow rate may not be constant. In some circumstances, strong fluctuations are possible. In the case of a settled control system in which the flow rate is suddenly halved, it is desirable that the dosed quantity from the controller is also directly halved. In order to achieve this type of "flow-rate-proportional" dosing, this task is not left to the I-component of the controller, but rather one enters the (to be measured) flow rate as disturbance variable z multiplicative at the controller output.



Strictly speaking, feedforward control involves an open-loop control system, since its effect is not measured directly. That means that the feed flow is directed exclusively forward. Hence the designation "feedforward control".

For the additive feedforward control that is alternatively available in the device, the (standardized) disturbance variable is added to the controller manipulated variable. This enables you to set up a type of variable base load dosing.

The standardization of the disturbance variable is required both for multiplicative and for additive feedforward control and is done using parameters  $Z_0$  (zero point) and  $Z_p$  (proportional band):  $z_n = (z - z_0)/z_p$ 



#### Example

Flowmeter with measuring range 0 to 200 m<sup>3</sup>/ h

The controller would currently dose 100% without feedforward control.

The feedforward control should be configured such that at  $z = 200m^3/h$ , the controller still doses at 100% ( $z_n = 1$ ).

If the flow rate drops, the dosing rate should be reduced, and at a flow rate of less than 4 m<sup>3</sup>/h, dosing should stop entirely ( $z_n = 0$ ).

 $\rightarrow$  Select the zero point  $z_0 = 4 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$  and the proportional band  $Z_p = 196 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ .

		A
Function	Selection • Off • Multiply • Add Factory setting Off	Selecting multiplicative or additive feedforward control
Source of data	Selection None Sensor inputs Current inputs Fieldbus signals Binary inputs Mathematical functions Factory setting None	<ul> <li>Specify the input which should be the source of data for the disturbance variable.</li> </ul>

Function	Options	Info
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data	<ul> <li>Specify the measured value that should be your disturbance variable.</li> </ul>
	<b>Factory setting</b> None	You can use different measured values depending on the data source. $\rightarrow \cong 99$
Zp	Range of adjustment	Proportional band>
ZO	depending on the selection of the measured value	Zero point
Parameters		

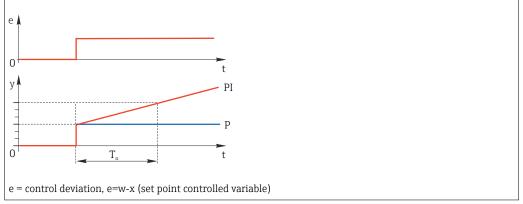
- Integral action time T<sub>n</sub>
   Derivative action time T<sub>v</sub>
- Proportional band X<sub>p</sub>

Setup Level = Advanced: With this setup level, you can also configure the following:

- Time constant T<sub>wu</sub>
- Time constant  $\alpha$
- Width of the neutral zone X<sub>n</sub>
  Width of the hysteresis range of the neutral zone X<sub>hyst</sub>
- Clock time of the controller

Tn	<b>Factory setting</b>	The integral action time specifies the effect of the I-value If <b>Tn</b> > 0 the following applies: <b>Clock</b> < <b>Twu</b> < 0.5( <b>Tn</b> + <b>Tv</b> )
----	------------------------	--

The integral action time is the time needed in a step-function response to achieve a change in the manipulated variable - as a result of the I effect - which has the same magnitude as the P-value.



Menu/Setup/Additional funct	ions/Controller 1 2	
Function	Options	Info
Twu	0.1 to 999.9 s Factory setting 20.0 s	Time constant for anti-windup feedback The lower the value the greater the integrator inhibition. Exercise extreme caution when making changes. <b>Clock &lt; Twu &lt;</b> 0.5( <b>Tn + Tv</b> )
Tv	0.1 to 999.9 s Factory setting 0.0 s	The derivative action time specifies the effect of the D-value
The derivative action time is the heritage is the manipulated variable at an	e time by which the ramp resp earlier stage than it would sol	oonse of a PD controller reaches a specific value of ely as a result of its P-value.
J.	t PD	
	P	
alpha	0.0 to 1.0 Factory setting 0.3	Affects the additional damping filter of the D-controller. The time constant is calculated from $\alpha T_{\rm v}$ .
Process balance Controller type = PID 2- sided	Selection • Symmetric • Asymmetric	<b>Symmetric</b> There is only one control gain and this applies for both sides of the process.
	Factory setting Symmetric	Asymmetric You can set the control gain individually for bot sides of the process.
Xp Process balance = Symmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	Proportional band, reciprocal value of the proportional gain $K_p$ As soon as controlled variable x deviates more than $x_p$ from the set point w, manipulated variable y reaches 100%.
Xp Low Process balance = Asymmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	$x_p$ for y < 0 (manipulated variable < 0)
Xp High Process balance = Asymmetric		$x_p$ for y > 0 (manipulated variable > 0)
Xn	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	Tolerance range about the set point that prevents minor oscillations about the set point i using two-sided control loops.
XN Low Process balance = Asymmetric	Range of adjustment and factory setting depending on the <b>Source of data</b>	$x_n$ for x < w (controlled variable < set point)
XN High Process balance = Asymmetric		$x_n$ for x > w (controlled variable > set point)

#### Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Controller 1 ... 2

Function	Options	Info
XHyst	0.0 to 99.9 % Factory setting 0.0 %	Width of the hysteresis range of the neutral zone, relative component of $\boldsymbol{x}_{n}$
y x <sub>hyst</sub>	e = W-X	,

The graphic illustrates the manipulated variable (with a pure P-controller) over the control deviation e (set point minus controlled variable). Very low control deviations are set to zero. Control deviations >  $x_n$  are processed "in the normal way". Via  $x_{hyst}$  it is possible to configure a hysteresis to suppress oscillations at the edges.

Clock	0.333 to 100.000 s Factory setting 1.000 s	Expert setting Only change the clock time of the controller if you know exactly what you are doing. Clock < Twu < 0.5(Tn + Tv)
Max y change rate	0.00 to 1.00 Factory setting 0.40	Limits the change of the output variable A value of 0.5 permits a maximum manipulated variable change of 50 % within one second.
<ul> <li>Exception behavior</li> </ul>		Hold=measured value is no longer reliable
Manipulated Variable	Selection <ul> <li>Freeze</li> </ul>	How should the controller react to a measured value that is no longer reliable?
	<ul> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>Factory setting</li> <li>Freeze</li> </ul>	<b>Freeze</b> The manipulated variable is frozen at the current value
		<b>Fixed value</b> Manipulated variable is set to 0 (no dosing)
State	Selection • Freeze • Reset Factory setting Freeze	Internal controller status Freeze No change Reset After a hold, the control system starts from scratch, and settling time takes place again.
Hold as exception	Selection All None Factory setting All	Select: Should the hold trigger the previously selected exception behaviour, or should it be ignored?
▶ Outputs		Goes to the menu <b>Outputs</b> $\rightarrow \cong 83$
Controller assignment view		Shows an overview of the inputs and outputs used

### 10.6.4 Cleaning programs

### **A**CAUTION

#### Programs not switched off during maintenance activities.

Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent!

- Quit any programs that are active.
- ► Switch to the service mode.
- If testing the cleaning function while cleaning is in progress, wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.

### Types of cleaning

The user can choose from the following cleaning types:

- Standard clean
- Chemoclean
- Chemoclean Plus

**State of cleaning**: Indicates whether the cleaning program is active or not. This is for information purposes only.

#### Selecting the cleaning type

1. Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning: Select a cleaning program.

- You can configure 4 different types of cleaning which you can assign individually to the inputs.
- **2. Cleaning type**: For each cleaning program decide which type of cleaning should be performed.

### Standard cleaning

Standard cleaning involves cleaning a sensor with compressed air as performed with the ion-selective sensor CAS40D (connection of cleaning unit for  $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$  43CAS40D) or rinsing with water, for example.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Standard clean		
Function	Options	Info
Cleaning time	5 to 600 s Factory setting 10 s	<ul> <li>Cleaning duration</li> <li>The cleaning duration and interval are</li> <li>dependent on the process and sensor.</li> <li>Determine the variables empirically or based on experience.</li> </ul>

▶ Define the cleaning cycle  $\rightarrow \triangleq 117$ .

### Chemoclean

One example is the use of the CYR10B injector unit for cleaning sensors, e.g. with CYA112 (CYR10B $\rightarrow \cong$  43 connection).

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Chemoclean			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning time	0 to 900 s <b>Factory setting</b> 5 s	Cleaning duration	
Prerinse time Postrinse time	0 to 900 s Factory setting 0 s	The cleaning duration, pre-rinse and post-rinse times and the interval are dependent on the process and sensor. Determine the variables empirically or based on experience.	

### **Chemoclean Plus**

One example is the use of the CYR10B injector unit in conjunction with Cleanfit Control CYC25 for automated cleaning of 12 mm sensors in pneumatic retractable assemblies (CYC25 connection, see CYC25 Operating Instructions: BA01436C).

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4/Chemoclean Plus/Chemoclean Plus setup			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning steps setup	Table to create a time program	You define a maximum of 30 program ste which are to be performed one after the of For each step, enter the duration [s] and state (0 = "off", 1 = "on") of each relay or of You can specify the number and name of outputs further down in the menu. See below for an example of programmin	
		Querying the switch status switch in the limit switch co When used with CYC25 wit assembly connected, the for applies:	olumn: h a retractable
		CPA871/CPA875	
		Service	ES1 1 ES2 1
		Measuring	ES1 0 ES2 0
		CPA472D/CPA473/CPA47	4
		Service	ES1 1 ES2 0
		Measuring	ES1 0 ES2 1
Failsafe step setup	Table view	<ul> <li>In the table specify the states that the relays or outputs should assume in the event of an error.</li> </ul>	
Limit contacts	0 to 2	<ul> <li>Select the number of digital input signals (e.g. from limit position switches of the retractable assembly). For querying the limit position switches of a retractable assembly, select 2.</li> </ul>	
Limit contact 1 2	Selection <ul> <li>Binary inputs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Define the signal source for each limit position switch.</li> <li>When used with CYC25 with a retractable assembly connected:</li> <li>Limit contact 1= DI x:1 (Service)</li> <li>Limit contact 2= DI x:2 (Measuring)</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> </ul>		
Outputs	0 to 4	<ul> <li>Select the number of outputs that actuators, such as valves or pumps, should activate.</li> </ul>	
Output label 1 4	User-defined text	You can assign a meaningful name to each output, e.g. "assembly", "cleaner 1", "cleaner 2", etc. When used with CYC25: • Output 1 = assembly (4/2-way pilot valve) • Output 2 = water (relay, e.g. CYR10B) • Output 3 = cleaner (relay, e.g. CYR10B) • Output 4 = optional valve (CYC25-AA relay or CYC25-AB 3/2-way pilot valve)	

The pneumatic retractable assembly, e.g. CPA87x, is activated by compressed air via a twoway valve. As a result, the assembly assumes either the "Measuring" position (sensor in medium) or the "Service" position (sensor in rinse chamber). Media such as water or cleaning agents are supplied via valves or pumps. Here there are two states: 0 (= "off" or "closed") and 1 (= "on" or "open").

Step	Limit switch	Duration [s]	Assembly CPA87x	Water	Cleaner 1	Cleaner 2
1	ES1 1	5	1	1	0	0
2	ES2 1	5	1	1	0	0
3	0	30	1	1	0	0
4	0	5	1	1	1	0
5	0	60	1	0	0	0
6	0	30	1	1	0	0
7	0	5	1	1	0	1
8	0	60	1	0	0	0
9	0	30	1	1	0	0
10	ES1 0	5	0	1	0	0
11	ES2 0	5	0	1	0	0
12	0	5	0	0	0	0

Programming example: Regular cleaning with water and two cleaning agents

*Programming example: Regular cleaning with water, one cleaning agent and additional valve on the rinse chamber outlet of the assembly (seal water)* 

Step	Limit switch	Duration [s]	Assembly CPA87x	Water	Cleaner	Valve
1	0	5	0	1	0	0
2	ES1 1	5	1	1	0	0
3	ES2 0	5	1	1	0	1
4	0	30	1	1	0	1
5	0	5	1	1	1	0
6	0	60	1	0	0	1
7	0	30	1	1	0	0
8	ES1 0	5	0	1	0	0
9	ES2 1	5	0	1	0	0
10	0	5	0	0	0	0

# Defining the cleaning cycle

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning/Cleaning 1 4			
Function	Options	Info	
Cleaning cycle	Selection • Off • Interval • Weekly program Factory setting Weekly program	<ul> <li>Choose from a cleaning routine that is restarted at set intervals and a user- definable weekly program.</li> </ul>	
Cleaning interval Cleaning cycle = Interval	0-00:01 to 07-00:00 (D-hh:mm) Factory setting 1-00:00	The interval value can be between 1 minute and 7 days. Example: You have set the value "1-00:00". Each day, the cleaning cycle starts at the same time you started the first cleaning cycle.	
Daily event times Cleaning cycle = Weekly program	00:00 to 23:59 (HH:MM)	<ol> <li>Define up to 6 times (Event time 1 6).</li> <li>You can then choose from these for each day of the week.</li> </ol>	
Weekdays Cleaning cycle = Weekly program	Selection Monday Sunday	2. Choose individually for each day of the week which of the 6 times should be used for a cleaning routine on this particular day.	
		This allows you to create weekly programs that are perfectly adapted to suit your process.	

Function	Options	Info
Start signal	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Signals of digital or analog inputs</li> </ul> Factory setting None	<ul> <li>In addition to cyclic cleaning, you can also use ar input signal to start event-controlled cleaning.</li> <li>Choose the trigger for such a cleaning process here.</li> <li>Interval and weekly programs are executed as normal, which means that conflicts can arise.</li> <li>Priority is given to the cleaning program that was the first to be started.</li> </ul>
Hold	Selection • Off • On Factory setting On	<ul> <li>Decide whether there should be a hold during the cleaning process. This hold affects the inputs to which this cleaning process is assigned. Activate the cleaning hold in the advanced setup for the sensor.</li> </ul>
Start cyclic	Action	Activates the cyclical cleaning as set. Only visible if <b>Interval</b> is selected under <b>Cleaning cycle</b> .
⊳ Start single	Action	Starts an individual cleaning process with the selected parameters. If cyclical cleaning is enabled, there are times in which it is not possible to manually start the process.
⊳ Stop or Stop failsafe	Action	Ends the cleaning process (cyclical or manual) Only visible if the program is running or if <b>Failsafe</b> has happened.
▶ Outputs		Switch to the <b>Outputs</b> $\rightarrow \cong$ 83 menu
		<ul> <li>Assignment of the relay with Chemoclean Plus</li> <li>Relay x:1 - Cleaning x - Out1 or as assigned in setup for Chemoclean Plus.</li> <li>Relay x:2 - Cleaning x - Out2 or as assigned in setup for Chemoclean Plus.</li> <li>Relay x:3 - Cleaning x - Out3 or as assigned in setup for Chemoclean Plus.</li> <li>Relay x:4 - Cleaning x - Out4 or as assigned in setup for Chemoclean Plus.</li> </ul>
Cleaning program assignment view		Shows an overview of the assignment of inputs and outputs in the cleaning program.

### Other settings and manual cleaning

## 10.6.5 Mathematical functions

In addition to "real" process values, which are provided by connected physical sensors or analog inputs, mathematical functions can be used to calculate a maximum of 8 "virtual" process values.

The "virtual" process values can be:

- Output via a current output or a fieldbus
- Used as a controlled variable
- Assigned as a measured variable to a limit switch
- Used as a measured variable to trigger cleaning
- Displayed in user-defined measuring menus

#### Difference

You can subtract the measured values of two sensors and use the result to detect incorrect measurements, for example.

To calculate a difference, you must use two measured values with the same engineering unit.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Difference			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Y1	The options depend on the	Select the sensors and measured variables that	
Measured value	sensors connected	should function as the minuend (Y1) or subtrahend (Y2).	
Y2			
Measured value			
Difference value	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

### Redundancy

Г

Use this function to monitor two or three sensors with redundant measurements. The arithmetic average of the two closest measured values is calculated and output as the redundancy value.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Redundancy			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	<b>Factory setting</b> Off		
Ү1	The options depend on the	You can select a maximum of 3 different types of	
Measured value	sensors connected	sensor that output the same measured value.	
Y2		<b>Example for temperature redundancy</b> You have a pH sensor and an oxygen sensor at	
Measured value		inputs 1 and 2. Select the pH sensor as <b>Y1</b> and the oxygen sensor as <b>Y2</b> . <b>Measured value</b> : Sele	
Y3 (optional)		<b>Temperature</b> in each case.	
Measured value			
Deviation control	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	You can monitor the redundancy. Specify an absolute limit value that must not be exceeded.	
Deviation limit	Depends on the selected measured value		
Redundancy	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

### rH value

To calculate the rH value, a pH sensor and an ORP sensor must be connected. It is irrelevant whether you are using a pH glass sensor, an ISFET sensor or the pH electrode of an ISE sensor.

Instead of the mathematical functions, you can also connect a combined pH/ORP sensor.

• Set the main measured value simply to rH.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = rH calculation			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function	
	Factory setting Off		
pH source	Connected pH sensor	Set the input for the pH sensor and the input for	
ORP source	Connected ORP sensor	the ORP sensor. Measured value querying is obsolete – you must select pH or ORP mV.	
Calculated rH	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
► Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

#### Degassed conductivity

Carbon dioxide from the air can be a contributing factor to the conductivity of a medium. The degassed conductivity is the conductivity of the medium excluding the conductivity caused by carbon dioxide.

Advantages of using degassed conductivity taking the example of a power station:

- The conductivity caused by corrosion products or contamination in the feed water is determined as soon as the turbines are started. The system excludes the initially high conductivity values resulting from the ingress of air.
- If carbon dioxide is regarded as non-corrosive, the live steam can be directed to the turbine far earlier during startup.
- If the conductivity value increases during normal operation, it is possible to immediately determine an ingress of coolant or air by calculating the degassed conductivity.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Degassed conductivity			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Cation conductivity	Connected conductivity sensor	<b>Cation conductivity</b> represents the sensor downstream from the cation exchanger and	
Degassed conductivity	Connected conductivity sensor	upstream from the "degassing module", <b>Degassed conductivity</b> represents the sensor at the outlet of the degassing module. Measured value querying is obsolete – you can only select conductivity.	
CO2 concentration	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output.	
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

### Dual conductivity

You can subtract two conductivity values and use the result to monitor the efficiency of an ion exchanger, for example.

Function	Options	Info
Calculation	Selection • Off • On	On/off switch for the function
	Factory setting Off	
Inlet	The options depend on the	Select the sensors that should act as the
Measured value	sensors connected	minuend ( <b>Inlet</b> , e.g. sensor upstream of the ion exchanger) or subtrahend ( <b>Outlet</b> , e.g. sensor
Outlet		downstream of the ion exchanger).
Measured value		
Main value format	Selection Auto # #.# #.## #.###	Specify the number of decimal places.
	Factory setting Auto	
Cond. unit	Selection Auto μS/cm mS/cm S/cm μS/m mS/m S/m Factory setting	
	Auto	
Dual conductivity	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions

### Calculated pH value

The pH value can be calculated from the measured values of two conductivity sensors under certain conditions. Areas of application include power stations, steam generators and boiler feedwater.

Function	Options	Info
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function
Method	Selection NaOH NH3 LiOH	The calculation is performed on the basis of Guideline VGB-R-450L of the Technical Association of Large Power Plant Operators (Verband der Großkesselbetreiber, (VGB)).
	Factory setting NaOH	<b>NaOH</b> pH = 11 + log {( $\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$ )/273}
		<b>NH3</b> pH = 11 + log {(κ <sub>v</sub> - 1/3 κ <sub>h</sub> )/243}
		<b>LiOH</b> pH = 11 + log {( $\kappa_v - 1/3 \kappa_h$ )/228}
		$K_v \dots$ <b>Inlet</b> direct conductivity $K_h \dots$ <b>Outlet</b> acid conductivity
Inlet	The options depend on the	Inlet
Measured value	sensors connected	Sensor upstream from the cation exchanger, "direct conductivity"
Outlet		Outlet
Measured value		Sensor downstream from the cation exchanger, "acid conductivity"
		Selection of the measured value is obsolete as it must always be <b>Conductivity</b> .
Calculated pH	Read only	View this value in a user-defined measuring screen or output the value via the current output
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions

#### Cation exchanger capacity (optional, with activation code)

Cation exchangers are used to monitor the water/steam circuit for inorganic contamination. The cation exchangers eliminate the disruptive influence of alkalizing agents, such as ammonium hydroxide or caustic soda, which are added to the boiler feedwater.

The service life of cation exchangers depends on:

- The type of alkalizing agent
- The concentration of the alkalizing agent
- The amount of contamination in the medium
- The capacity of the cation exchanger (efficiency of the resin)

To ensure the smooth operation of power stations, it is important to continuously monitor the exchange column load. When a user-defined remaining capacity is reached, the transmitter displays a diagnostic message so that the ion exchange column can be replaced or regenerated in good time. The calculation of the remaining capacity depends on the following factors:

- Flow rate
- Volume of the exchangerSalinity of the water at the exchanger inlet
- Total volume capacity of the resin
- Degree of efficiency of the exchanger

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Cation exchanger capacity			
Function	Options	Info	
Cond IEX output	Read only		
Cond IEX input	-		
Flow rate	-		
Remaining capacity	-		
Remaining op. time	-		
Time until %0B <sup>1)</sup>	-		
▶ Configuration			
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Unit of volume	Selection l gal Factory setting l		
Exchanger volume	0.0 to 99999 Factory setting 0.0	Volume of the cation exchanger Unit depending on the option selected in <b>Unit of</b> <b>volume</b>	
TVC resin	0.0 to 99999 <b>eq/l</b> or <b>eq/gal</b> Factory setting 0.0 <b>eq/l</b>	TVC = total volume capacity Unit as equivalent per <b>Unit of volume</b>	
Resin efficiency	1.0 to 100.0% Factory setting 100.0%	For information on the resin efficiency, refer to the data provided by the manufacturer of the resin used.	
Set remaining capacity	Selection • Yes • No Factory setting No	Before you start monitoring, specify the remaining capacity of the exchanger resin. This value makes allowances for the re-use of resin that has already been used. If no value is entered manually, 100% is used as the initial value for calculating the current	
Remaining capacity	0.0 to 100.0%	remaining capacity.	
Set remaining capacity = Yes	Factory setting 0.0%		
Warning limit	1.0 to 100.0%	Specify the remaining capacity at which the	
	Factory setting 20.0%	transmitter should display a diagnostic message.	

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Cation exchanger capacity			
Function	Options	Info	
Cond IEX input	Connected conductivity sensor	Select the conductivity sensor upstream from the inlet of the exchanger column.	
Cond IEX output	Connected conductivity sensor	Select the conductivity sensor downstream from the outlet of the exchanger column.	
Max cond at IEX output	0.0 to 99999 μS/cm <b>Factory setting</b> 0.0 μS/cm	Here, enter the maximum value that the acid conductivity may have at the outlet of the cation exchanger. The transmitter displays a diagnostic message if this value is exceeded.	
Flow rate type	Selection <ul> <li>Source value</li> <li>Fixed value</li> </ul>	<b>Source value</b> You have connected the measured value of a flowmeter via a current input or a binary input.	
	<b>Factory setting</b> Source value	<b>Fixed value</b> Manual entry of a fixed flow rate	
Flow rate	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Current inputs</li> <li>Binary inputs</li> </ul>	Specify the input at which you have connected and configured the measured value of a flowmeter ( <b>Menu/Setup/Inputs</b> ).	
	Factory setting None		
Fixed value	User-defined text	Specify the fixed flow value which you have read	
Flow rate type = Fixed value		on an external flowmeter, for example.	
Min flow rate	0.0 to 99999 l/h		
Max flow rate	<b>Factory setting</b> 0.0 l/h		
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

1) %0B is a variable whose value depends on the configuration. The configured value is displayed, e.g. 20%.

### **Combined chlorine**

This function calculates the concentration of combined chlorine in the medium. This calculation involves subtracting the free chlorine concentration from the total chlorine

concentration. This requires both a sensor for free chlorine CCS51E and a sensor for total chlorine CCS53E.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode /Combined chlorine			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting	On/off switch for the function	
	Off		
Free chlorine	Selection Channels to which a sensor for free chlorine is connected		
	Factory setting		
Total chlorine	Selection Channels to which a sensor for total chlorine is connected Factory setting		
Unit	Selection           • mg/l           • μg/l           • ppm           • ppb		
	Factory setting mg/l		
Format	Selection  # .### # .## # .## # .# # .#	Specify the number of decimal places.	
	Factory setting #.###		
Combined chlorine	Read only	Current, calculated value	
<ul> <li>Mathematical function assignment view</li> </ul>		Overview of the configured functions	

### Formula (optional, with activation code)

With the formula editor, it is possible to calculate a new value from a maximum of 3 measured values. A wide range of mathematical and logical (Boolean) operations are available for this purpose.

The Liquiline firmware offers you a powerful mathematics tool with the formula editor. You are responsible for the feasibility of your formula, and therefore for the feasibility of the result.

Symbol	Operation	Type of operands	Type of result	Example
+	Addition	Numerical	Numerical	A+2
-	Subtraction	Numerical	Numerical	100-B
*	Multiplication	Numerical	Numerical	A*C
1	Division	Numerical	Numerical	B/100
^	Power	Numerical	Numerical	A^5
2	Square	Numerical	Numerical	A <sup>2</sup>

Symbol	Operation	Type of operands	Type of result	Example
3	Cube	Numerical	Numerical	B <sup>3</sup>
SIN	Sine	Numerical	Numerical	SIN(A)
COS	Cosine	Numerical	Numerical	COS(B)
EXP	Exponential function e <sup>x</sup>	Numerical	Numerical	EXP(A)
LN	Natural logarithm	Numerical	Numerical	LN(B)
LOG	Decadic logarithm	Numerical	Numerical	LOG(A)
MAX	Maximum of two values	Numerical	Numerical	MAX(A,B)
MIN	Minimum of two values	Numerical	Numerical	MIN(20,B)
MOD	Division with remainder	Numerical	Numerical	MOD (10,3)
ABS	Absolute value	Numerical	Numerical	ABS(C)
NUM	Boolean $\rightarrow$ numerical conversion	Boolean	Numerical	NUM(A)
=	Equals	Boolean	Boolean	A=B
<>	Not equal to	Boolean	Boolean	A<>B
>	Greater than	Numerical	Boolean	B>5.6
<	Less than	Numerical	Boolean	A <c< td=""></c<>
OR	Disjunction	Boolean	Boolean	B OR C
AND	Conjunction	Boolean	Boolean	A AND B
XOR	Exclusive disjunction	Boolean	Boolean	B XOR C
NOT	Negation	Boolean	Boolean	NOT A

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Formula			
Function	Options	Info	
Calculation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	On/off switch for the function	
Source A C	Selection Select source Factory setting None	You can use all the sensor inputs, binary and analog inputs, mathematical functions, limit switches, time switches, fieldbus signals, controllers and datasets for measuring range switching as the source for measured values.	
Measured value	Selection Depends on the source	Switching as the source for measured values.     Choose a maximum of three sources (A, B and C) for measured values.	
A C	The current measured value is displayed	<ul> <li>For each source, choose the measured value to be calculated.</li> <li>All available signals - depending on the selected source - are possible measured values.</li> </ul>	
		<ol> <li>Enter the formula.</li> <li>Switch on the calculation.</li> <li>The current measured values A, B and C as well as the result of the calculation using the formula are displayed.</li> </ol>	

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Mathematical functions/MF1 to 8/Mode = Formula			
Function	Options	Info	
Formula	User-defined text	Table $\rightarrow \square$ 125	
		Make sure the exact notation is used (upper case). Blank spaces before and after mathematical characters are irrelevant. Note the operator precedence, i.e. multiplication and division take precedence over addition and subtraction. Use parentheses if necessary.	
Result unit	User-defined text	You may enter a unit for the calculated value if desired.	
Result format	Selection # #.# #.## #.### Factory setting #.##	Select the number of decimal places.	
Result numeric	Read only	Current, calculated value	
► Mathematical function assignment view		Overview of the configured functions	

### Example: 2-point chlorine regulator with volume flow monitoring

A relay output activates a dosing pump. The pump should switch on when the following 3 conditions are met:

- (1) There is flow
- (2) The volume flow is above a defined value
- (3) The concentration of chlorine drops below a defined value
- 1. Connect a binary input signal from an "INS" point level switch of the CCA250 assembly to the DIO module.
- 2. Connect an analog input signal of a volume flow meter to the AI module.
- 3. Connect the chlorine sensor.
- 4. Configure the Formula mathematical function: Source A = binary input DIO, Source B = current input AI, Source C = input Disinfection.
  - ← Formula:
    - A AND (B > 3) AND (C < 0.9)

(where 3 is the lower limit value of the volume flow and 0.9 is the lower limit value of the chlorine concentration)

5. Configure the relay output with the **Formula** mathematical function and connect the dosing pump to the corresponding relay.

The pump is switched on if all 3 conditions are met. If one of the conditions is no longer met, the pump is switched off again.

Instead of outputting the result of the formula directly to a relay, you can also connect a limit switch in between in order to attenuate the output signal via a switch-on and switch-off delay.

#### Example: Load-based control

The load – i.e. the product of the concentration and volume flow – is needed for the dosage of precipitants, for instance.

- 1. Connect the input signal of a phosphate analyzer to the AI module.
- 2. Connect an analog input signal of a volume flow meter to the AI module.

- 3. Configure the **Formula** mathematical function: **Source A** = input signal phosphate and **Source B** = input signal volume flow.
  - Formula: A\*B\*x
    - (where x is an application-specific proportionality factor)
- 4. Select this formula as the source e.g. of the current output or of a modulated binary output.
- 5. Connect the valve or pump.

### 10.6.6 Measuring range switching

A measuring range switching (MRS) configuration includes the following options for each of the four binary input states:

- Operating mode (conductivity or concentration)
- Concentration table
- Temperature compensation
- Current output turndown
- Limit switch range

An MRS set is assigned to a channel and switched on. The measuring range configuration selected via the binary inputs is now applied instead of the normal configuration of the linked sensor channel. For current outputs and limit switches to be controlled by the MRS, they must be linked to the MRS set, not to the measuring channel.

Current outputs and limit switches can be linked to an MRS set. This MRS set gives you the measured value and the associated turn down (current outputs) or the range for limit value monitoring (limit switches).

A limit switch connected to an MRS set always uses the **Out of range check**mode.

Consequently, it switches when the value is outside the configured range.

If a current output or limit switch is connected to an MRS set, the turndown, monitoring range and limit switch mode can no longer be configured manually. Therefore, these options are hidden in the menus (current outputs and limit switch).

	Beer	Water	Alkali	Acid
Binary input 1	0	0	1	1
Binary input 1	0	1	0	1
	Measuring range 00	Measuring range 01	Measuring range 10	Measuring range 11
Operating mode	Conductivity	Conductivity	Concentration	Concentration
Conc. table	-	-	NaOH 015%	User table 1
Compensation	User table 1	Linear	-	-
Current output				
Range lower value	1.00 mS/cm	0.1 mS/cm	0.50 %	0.50 %
Range upper value	3.00 mS/cm	0.8 mS/cm	5.00 %	1.50 %
Limit switches				
Range lower value	2.3 mS/cm	0.5 mS/cm	2.00 %	1.30 %
Range upper value	2.5 mS/cm	0.7 mS/cm	2.10 %	1.40 %

Programming example: CIP cleaning in a brewery

Function	Options	Info
▶ MRS set 1 2		If you enter both activation codes, you have two independent parameter sets available for measuring range switching. The submenus are the same for both sets.
MRS	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	Switches the function on or off
Sensor	Selection None Connected conductivity sensors Factory setting	This function can be used on conductivity sensors only.
Binary input 1 2	None Selection None Binary inputs Fieldbus signals Limit switches Factory setting None	Source of the switching signal, can be selected for input 1 and 2 in each case
Measuring range 00 11		Select the MRSs; a maximum of 4 are possible. The submenus are identical for each and thus are displayed only once.
Operating mode	Selection Conductivity Concentration TDS Resistance Factory setting Conductivity	<ul> <li>Selection depends on the sensor used:</li> <li>Inductive sensor and conductive four-pin sensor</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>TDS</li> <li>Conductive sensor</li> <li>Conductivity</li> <li>Resistance</li> <li>TDS</li> </ul>
Conc. table Operating mode = Concentration	Selection           NaOH 015%           NAOH 2550%           HCI 020%           HNO3 024%           HNO3 2430%           H2SO4 0.527%           H2SO4 0.527%           H3PO4 040%           NaCl 026%           User table 1 4           Factory setting           NaOH 015%	Concentration tables saved at the factory: NaOH: 0 to 15%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) NaOH: 25 to 50%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F) HCl: 0 to 20%, 0 to 65 °C (32 to 149 °F) HNO3: 0 to 25%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F) H2SO4: 0 to 28%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) H2SO4: 40 to 80%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) H2SO4: 93 to 100%, 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) H3PO4: 0 to 40%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F) NaCl: 0 to 26%, 2 to 80 °C (36 to 176 °F)
Compensation Operating mode = Conductivity	Selection None Linear NaCl (IEC 746-3) Water ISO7888 (20°C) Water ISO7888 (25°C) UPW NaCl UPW HCl User table 1 4 Factory setting Linear	Various methods are available to compensate fo the temperature dependency. Depending on you process, decide which type of compensation you want to use. Alternatively, you can also select <b>None</b> and thus measure uncompensated conductivity.

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Measuring range switch			
Function	Options	Info	
<ul> <li>Current output</li> </ul>			
Range lower unit	Depends on the <b>Operating</b>	Units are only queried for <b>Operating mode</b> =	
Range lower value	mode	<b>Conductivity</b> . The other units are pre-defined and cannot be modified.	
Range upper unit		Conductivity	
Range upper value		<ul> <li>S/m, mS/cm, µS/cm, S/cm, µS/m, mS/m</li> <li>Concentration %</li> <li>TDS ppm</li> <li>Resistance Ωcm</li> </ul>	
Limit switches			
Range lower unit	Depends on the <b>Operating</b>		
Range lower value	mode	<b>Conductivity</b> . The other units are pre-defined and cannot be modified.	
Range upper unit		Conductivity	
Range upper value		<ul> <li>S/m, mS/cm, µS/cm, S/cm, µS/m, mS/m</li> <li>Concentration %</li> <li>TDS ppm</li> <li>Resistance Ωcm</li> </ul>	

# 10.6.7 Diagnostic modules

Here you can configure a maximum of 8 individual diagnostic messages.

- A diagnostic module has the following properties:
- The feed source can be configured like a binary output (relay, digital output).
- You can choose whether the diagnostic message should be output at a high level or low level.
- You decide which error category (Namur class) should be assigned to the message.
- You can define a customized text to be output as the diagnostic message text.

In addition you can switch off the factory diagnostic code for limit switches. This allows you to:

- Use the limit switch on a purely functional basis (without a message)
- Configure application-specific message texts
- Control diagnostic modules directly by a digital signal or via a limit switch output (enables the use of switch-on/switch-off delay, for example).

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Diagnostic modules		
Function	Options	Info
▶ Diagnostic module 1 (961) 8 (968)		
Source of data	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Fieldbus signals</li> <li>Binary inputs</li> <li>Limit switch</li> </ul> Factory setting None	Specify the input which should be the source of data for the diagnostic message.
Measured value	Selection Depends on Source of data Factory setting None	Specify the measured value that should trigger the diagnostic message. You can use different measured values depending on the data source. $\rightarrow \square$ 99

Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Diagnostic modules			
Function	Options	Info	
Active low	Selection • Off • On Extern setting	<b>On</b> : The output value is equal to the inverse output value.	
	<b>Factory setting</b> On		
Short text	User-defined text	Give the diagnostic message a name.	
Diagnostic module assignment view		Shows an overview of the diagnostic modules used.	

# 11 Calibration

- Sensors with Memosens protocol are calibrated at the factory.
- Users must decide whether the process conditions present require calibration during initial commissioning.
- Additional calibration is not required in many standard applications.
- Calibrate sensors at sensible intervals depending on the process.

🗊 Operating Instructions "Memosens", BA01245C

# 11.1 Calibration instructions

### Calibration

(according to DIN 1319)

A calibration is defined as an operation to establish the relationship between the measured value or expected value of the output variable and the related true or correct value of the measured variable (input variable) for a measuring system under specified conditions.

A calibration does not alter the performance of the measuring device.

### Adjustment

An adjustment corrects the value displayed by a measuring device, in other words the measured/displayed value (the actual value) is corrected so that the reading agrees with the correct, set value.

The value determined during calibration is used to calculate the correct measured value and saved in the sensor.

# 11.2 CAL menu

### 11.2.1 Take reference spectrum

- 1. CAL/CH..x:y Spectrometer/Spectrometer/Take reference spectrum.
- 2. ▷Reference spectrum (zero solution)
  - Do you want to start the calibration? (Hold turns to active)
- 3. Clean the measuring gap and put the sensor in zero solution.
- 4. OK
  - └ Lamp spectrum is recorded.

Following calibration, clean the sensor again and insert it back into the process.

# 11.2.2 Application calibration

Menu settings

Function	Options	Info	
Dataset	Options Dataset 1 50 Default setting Dataset 1	Select the dataset.	
Package	Options color Default setting color	Measuring package for color measurement	
Parameter	Options • L* • a* • b* Default setting L*		
Unit	none	No unit in "Lab" color space	
Calibration table		<b>Application table</b> Application adjustment whereby L*, a* or b* is assigned a different value.	
Calibration curve	Display only		
▶ Edit factor	Display • Dataset name • Parameter name	<ol> <li>Cal. factor</li> <li>Enter the new factor.</li> <li>&gt;Accept calibration data</li> </ol>	
► Edit offset	Display • Dataset name • Parameter name	<ol> <li>Offset</li> <li>Enter the new offset.</li> <li>&gt;Accept calibration data</li> </ol>	

# 11.2.3 Temperature

# Menu settings

CAL/CHx:y Spectrometer/Spectrometer/Temperature			
Function	Options	Info	
▶ Edit offset	Action	The current offset is displayed.	
		1. Enter the new offset [K].	
		<ul><li>∠Accept calibration data</li><li>↓ The new offset is used.</li></ul>	
▷ Start calibration		1. CAL/CHx:y Spectrometer/ Spectrometer/Temperature/>Start calibration.	
		<ul> <li>Do you want to start the calibration? (Hold turns to active)</li> </ul>	
		2. OK.	
		3. Place the sensor in the calibration medium. <b>OK</b> .	
		└ The new actual value is displayed.	
		4. Enter the reference temperature. <b>▷Next</b> .	
		<ul> <li>The current and new offset are displayed.</li> </ul>	
		5. Adopt calibration data.	
		6. Clean the sensor and place it in the process medium. <b>OK</b> .	

# 12 Diagnosis and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

The transmitter continuously monitors its functions itself.

If a diagnostic message occurs, the display alternates between the diagnostic message and the measured value in the measuring mode.

The color of the display background changes to red if a diagnostic message for error category "F" occurs.

# 12.1.1 Troubleshooting

A diagnostic message appears on the display or via the fieldbus , measured values are not plausible, or you identify a fault.

1. See the Diagnostics menu for details on the diagnostic message.

← Follow the instructions to rectify the problem.

- 2. If this does not help, search for the diagnostic message under "Overview of diagnostic information" in these Operating Instructions. Use the message number as a search criterion. Ignore the letters indicating the NAMUR error category.
  - └→ Follow the troubleshooting instructions provided in the last column of the error tables.
- **4.** Contact the Service Department if you cannot rectify the error yourself, citing only the error number.

### 12.1.2 Process errors without messages

🛐 Operating Instructions "Memosens", BA01245C

# 12.1.3 Device-specific errors

Problem	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures
Dark display	No supply voltage	<ul> <li>Check if supply voltage applied.</li> </ul>
	Display connector plugged in incorrectly	• Check. Must be in RJ45 socket on base module.
	Base module defective	► Replace base module.
Values appear on display but: • Display does not change	Module not wired correctly	<ul> <li>Check modules and wiring.</li> </ul>
and/or • Device cannot be operated	Impermissible operating system condition	<ul> <li>Switch off device and switch it on again.</li> </ul>
Implausible measured values	Inputs defective	<ul> <li>First perform tests and take measures as outlined in "Process-specific errors" section.</li> </ul>
		Measuring input test:
		<ul> <li>Connect the Memocheck Sim CYP03D to the input and use it to check the function of the input.</li> </ul>

Problem	Possible cause	Tests and/or remedial measures
Current output, incorrect	Incorrect adjustment	• Check with integrated current simulation,
current value	Load too large	connect mA meter directly to current output.
	Shunt/short to ground in current loop	
No current output signal	Base module defective	<ul> <li>Check with integrated current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.</li> </ul>

# 12.2 Diagnostic information on local display

Up-to-date diagnostic events are displayed along with their status category, diagnostic code and short text. Clicking on the navigator lets you retrieve more information and tips on remedial measures.

# 12.3 Diagnostic information via web browser

The same diagnostic information that is available for the local display is available via the web server.

# 12.4 Diagnostic information via fieldbus

Diagnostic events, status signals and more information are transmitted according to the definitions and technical capability of the respective fieldbus systems.

# 12.5 Adapting the diagnostic information

## 12.5.1 Classification of diagnostic messages

In the **DIAG/Diagnostics list** menu, you can find more detailed information on the current diagnostic messages displayed.

In accordance with NAMUR specification NE 107, the diagnostic messages are characterized by:

- Message number
- Error category (letter in front of the message number)
  - **F** = (Failure) a malfunction has been detected

The measured value of the affected channel is no longer reliable. The cause of the malfunction is to be found in the measuring point. Any controller connected should be set to manual mode.

- C = (Function check), (no error) Maintenance work is being performed on the device. Wait until the work has been completed.
- S = (Out of specification), the measuring point is being operated outside its specification

Operation is still possible. However, you run the risk of increased wear, a shorter operating life or lower accuracy levels. The cause of the problem is to be found outside the measuring point.

- M = Maintenance required. Action must be taken as soon as possible
   The device still measures correctly. Immediate measures are not necessary. However, proper maintenance efforts would prevent a possible malfunction in the future.
- Message text

If you contact the Service Department, please cite the message number only. Since you can individually change the assignment of an error to an error category, the Service Department cannot use this information.

# 12.5.2 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

All the diagnostic messages are assigned to specific error categories at the factory. Since other settings might be preferred depending on the application, error categories and the effect errors have on the measuring point can be configured individually. Furthermore, every diagnostic message can be disabled.

### Example

Diagnostic message 531 **Logbook full**appears on the display. You want to change this message so that an error is not shown on the display for example.

- 1. Menu/Setup/General settings/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior .
- 2. Select the diagnostics message and press the navigator button.
- Decide: (a) Should the message be deactivated? (Diagnostics message = Off)
   (b) Do you want to change the error category?(Status signal)
  - (c) Should an error current be output? (Failure current = On)
  - (d) Do you want to trigger a cleaning program? (Cleaning program)
- 4. Example: You deactivate the message.
  - └ The message is no longer displayed. In the DIAG menu, the message appears as Past message.

#### **Possible settings**

The list of diagnostic messages displayed depends on the path selected. There are devicespecific messages, and messages that depend on what sensor is connected.

Menu/Setup/Run the/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior							
Function	Options	Info					
List of diagnostic messages		<ul> <li>Select the message to be changed.</li> <li>Only then can you make the settings for this message.</li> </ul>					
Diag. code	Read only						
Diagnostic message	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	You can deactivate or reactivate a diagnostic message here. Deactivating means: • No error message in the measuring mode • No error current at the current output					
Failure current	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	Decide whether an error current should be output at the current output if the diagnostic message display is activated. In the event of general device errors, the error current is switched to all the current outputs. In the event of channel-specific errors, the error current is only switched to the current output in question.					
Status signal	Selection Maintenance (M) Out of specification (S) Function check (C) Failure (F) Factory setting Depends on the Diag. code	The messages are divided into different error categories in accordance with NAMUR NE 107. Decide whether you want to change a status signal assignment for your application.					

Menu/Setup/Run the/Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior						
Function	Options	Info				
Diag. output	Selection None Binary outputs Alarm relay Relay Factory setting None	<ul> <li>You can use this function to select an output to which the diagnostic message should be assigned.</li> <li>An alarm relay is always available, regardless of the device version. Other relays are optional.</li> <li>Before you can assign the message to an output: Configure one of the output types mentioned as follows:</li> <li>Menu/Setup/Outputs/(Alarm relay or Binary output or relay)/Function = Diagnostics and Operating mode = as assigned.</li> </ul>				
Cleaning program	Selection <ul> <li>None</li> <li>Cleaning 1 4</li> </ul> Factory setting None	Decide whether the diagnostic message should trigger a cleaning program. You can define cleaning programs under: <b>Menu/Setup/Additional functions/Cleaning</b> .				
▶ Detail information	Read only	Here you can find more information on the diagnostic message and instructions on how to resolve the problem.				

# 12.6 Overview of diagnostic information

12.6.1	Device-specific,	general	diagnostic n	nessages

No.	Message	Factor	Factory settings		Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>	
202	Selftest active	F	On	Off	Wait for self-test to be finished
216	Hold active	С	On	Off	Output values and status of the channel are on hold
241	Firmware failure	F	On	On	Internal device error
242	Firmware incomp.	F	On	On	1. Update the software.
243	Firmware failure	F	On	On	2. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
					3. Replace the backplane (Endress+Hauser Service).
261	Electronics module	F	On	On	Electronics module defective
					1. Replace the module.
					2. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
262	Module connection	F	On	On	Electronics module not communicating
					1. Check the module , replace it if necessary.
					2. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
263	Incomp. detected	F	On	On	Wrong type of electronics module
					1. Replace the module.
					2. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
284	Firmware update	М	On	Off	Update completed successfully

visite         visite <thvisit< th=""> <thvisit< th="">         visit</thvisit<></thvisit<>	No.	Message	Factory settings			Tests or remedial action
Internal of the series interval series interva			S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>	
302     Battery low     M     On     Off     SD card error → use another card.       302     Battery low     M     On     Off     Suffer battery of real time clock is low       304     Module data     F     On     On     At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data       305     Power consumption     F     On     On     At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data       305     Power consumption     F     On     On     At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data       306     Power consumption     F     On     On     At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data       306     Power consumption     F     On     On     At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data       307     Power consumption     F     On     On     At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data       308     Power consumption     F     On     On     Total power consumption too high       309     Power consumption     F     On     On     Internal fitmware error       306     Software error     F     On     On     No communication with the actuator module       307     Internal voltage     F     On     On     No measurement signal from sensor       317     Chetconictemp. high     M	285	Update error	F	On	On	Firmware update failed
302       Battery low       M       On       Off       Gutfer buttery of real time clock is low         302       Battery low       M       On       Off       Duffer buttery of real time clock is low         304       Module data       F       On       On       At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data         305       Power consumption       F       On       On       At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data         306       Software error       F       On       On       Total power consumption to high         306       Software error       F       On       On       Incernent Information.         307       Internal voltage       F       On       On       Internal remove sensors/modules.         308       Software error       F       On       On       Internal voltage outside the valid range         309       Internal voltage       F       On       On       Internal voltage outside the valid range         307       Internal voltage       F       On       On       Internal voltage       Internal voltage         308       Software       F       On       On       Internal voltage       Internal voltage         309       Internal voltage       F       On<						1. Repeat.
Image: Series of the series						<b>2.</b> SD card error $\rightarrow$ use another card.
302Battery lowMOnOnBuffer battery of real time clock is low The date and time are lost if the power is interrupted. 						
Internal voltageFOnOnAt least 1 module has incorrect configuration data304Module dataFOnOnAt least 1 module has incorrect configuration data305Power consumptionFOnOnAt least 1 module has incorrect configuration data306Software errorFOnOnTotal power consumption to high306Software errorFOnOnInternal firmware error > Contact Endress+Hauser Service.306Module connectionFOnOnNo communication with the actuator module > Check the internal connecting cable to the 11F module.370Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range 1. Check hup to and outputs for short- circuiting.373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature > Check hubient temperature and energy consumption.374Sensor checkFOnOnFeatory reset is performed401Factory resetFOnOnFeatory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait404Service IP activeCOffOffEvice can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. > Switch off the service switch o change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOffIwait for onfiguration to be finished.402Vinitig backupFOnOffIwait for onfiguration to be finished. <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.</td>						4. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
304Module dataFOnOnAt least 1 module has incorrect configuration data304Module dataFOnAt least 1 module has incorrect configuration data305Power consumptionFOnOnTotal power consumption to high306Software errorFOnOnInternal firmware error306Module connectionFOnOnInternal firmware error307Module connectionFOnOnNo communication with the actuator module308Module connectionFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range I. Check the internal connecting cable to the 1IF module.309Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range I. Check supply voltage.309Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range I. Check supply voltage.309Sensor checkFOnOnHigh electronics temperature ocnsumption.309Sensor checkFOnOnFactory reset is performed400Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed401Factory resetFOnOffDevice verification active, please wait401Factory resetCOffOffDevice verification to be finished.403Device VerificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait404Factory resetCOffOffDevice verifi	302	Battery low	M	On	Off	The date and time are lost if the power is interrupted.
And BindminingAnd BinAnd BinAnd BinAnd BinAnd BinAnd Bin <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>replacement).</td>						replacement).
Image: Service Pactive ParticleImage: Service Pactive	304	Module data	F	On	On	At least 1 module has incorrect configuration data
305Power consumptionFOnOnTotal power consumption too high 1. Check installation. 2. Remove sensors/modules.306Software errorFOnOnInternal firmware error > Contact Endress+Hauser Service.366Module connectionFOnOnNo communication with the actuator module 						1. Check the system information.
11.11						2. Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
Image: Software errorFOnOnImage: Service error306Software errorFOnOnInternal firmware error > Contact Endress+Hauser Service.366Module connectionFOnOnNo communication with the actuator module > Check the internal connecting cable to the IIF module.370Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range 1. Check supply voltage.373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature > Check ambient temperature and energy consumption.374Sensor checkFOnOnFactory resetF401Factory resetFOnOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff> Wait for configuration to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.	305	Power consumption	F	On	On	Total power consumption too high
306Software errorFOnOnInternal firmware error 						1. Check installation.
And InstructionAnd InstructionAnd InstructionAnd InstructionAnd Instruction366Module connectionFOnOnNo communication with the actuator module 						2. Remove sensors/modules.
366Module connectionFOnOnNoNo communication with the actuator module370Internal voltageFOnOnNo communication with the actuator module370Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature374Sensor checkFOnOnOffHigh electronics temperature and energy consumption.374Sensor checkFOnOnFactory reset is performed401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. > Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff• Wait for maintenance to be finished.407Diag. setup activeCOffOff• Wait for the write process to be finished.	306	Software error	F	On	On	Internal firmware error
Internal onlineImageImageImageImageImage370Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range371Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature374Sensor checkFOnOnNo measurement signal from sensor374Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed405Service IP activeCOffOffDevice verification active, please wait406Param. activeCOffOffFundessr+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. > Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff> Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.411Writing backupFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.						► Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
Internal voltageFOnOnInternal voltage outside the valid range 1. Check supply voltage. 2. Check inputs and outputs for short- circuiting.373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature - Check ambient temperature and energy consumption.374Sensor checkFOnOffNo measurement signal from sensor 1. Check sensor connection. 2. Check the sensor, replace it if necessary.401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1212. Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff> Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.	366	Module connection	F	On	On	No communication with the actuator module
And And StressAnd StressAnd StressAnd Stress373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature . Check ambient temperature and energy consumption.374Sensor checkFOnOffNo measurement signal from sensor 1. Check sensor connection. 2. Check the sensor, replace it if necessary.401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffFundesstread at 192.168.1.212. . Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff> Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.						5
And ConstructionAnd ConstructionCheck inputs and outputs for short-circuiting.373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature > Check ambient temperature and energy consumption.374Sensor checkFOnOffNo measurement signal from sensor 1. Check sensor connection. 2. Check the sensor, replace it if necessary.401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. > Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff> Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeCOffOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished.	370	Internal voltage	F	On	On	
373Electronictemp. highMOnOffHigh electronics temperature 						
And Program <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· ·</td>						· ·
374Sensor checkFOnOffNo measurement signal from sensor 1. Check sensor connection. 2. Check the sensor, replace it if necessary.401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. 	373	Electronictemp. high	М	On	Off	High electronics temperature
A01Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. 						
Image: Network in the sensor, replace it if necessary.401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. 	374	Sensor check	F	On	Off	No measurement signal from sensor
401Factory resetFOnOnFactory reset is performed403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff• Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeCOffOff• Wait for the write process to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff• Wait for the write process to be finished.						1. Check sensor connection.
403Device verificationMOffOffDevice verification active, please wait405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. 						2. Check the sensor, replace it if necessary.
405Service IP activeCOffOffEndress+Hauser Service switch is switched on The device can be addressed at 192.168.1.212. Switch off the service switch to change to the saved IP settings.406Param. activeCOffOff• Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeCOffOff• Wait for maintenance to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff• Wait for the write process to be finished.	401	Factory reset	F	On	On	Factory reset is performed
LetterLette	403	Device verification	М	Off	Off	Device verification active, please wait
406Param. activeCOffOff• Wait for configuration to be finished.407Diag. setup activeCOffOff• Wait for maintenance to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff• Wait for the write process to be finished	405	Service IP active	С	Off	Off	
407Diag. setup activeCOffOff> Wait for maintenance to be finished.412Writing backupFOnOff> Wait for the write process to be finished						
412     Writing backup     F     On     Off        • Wait for the write process to be finished	406	Param. active	С	Off	Off	• Wait for configuration to be finished.
	407	Diag. setup active	С	Off	Off	• Wait for maintenance to be finished.
413 Reading backup F On Off <b>•</b> Wait.	412	Writing backup	F	On	Off	► Wait for the write process to be finished
	413	Reading backup	F	On	Off	► Wait.

No.	Message	Factory	Factory settings		Tests or remedial action
	S <sup>1)</sup> D <sup>2)</sup> F <sup>3)</sup>				
436	<b>SD card</b> (80%)	М	On	Off	SD card 80% full
					1. Replace SD card with empty card.
					2. Clear SD card.
					3. Set logbook properties to ring buffer (Setup/General settings/Logbooks).
437	<b>SD card</b> (100%)	М	On	Off	SD card 100% full. No longer possible to write to the card.
					1. Replace SD card with empty card.
					2. Clear SD card.
					3. Set logbook properties to ring buffer (Setup/General settings/Logbooks).
438	SD card removed	М	On	Off	SD card not plugged in
					1. Check SD card.
					2. Replace SD card.
					3. Disable logging.
455	Mathemat. function	F	On	On	Mathematical function: fault condition
					1. Check mathematical function.
					2. Check assigned input variables.
460	Output below limit	S	On	Off	Reasons
461	Output above limit	S	On	Off	<ul> <li>Sensor in air</li> <li>Air pockets in assembly</li> </ul>
					<ul> <li>Sensor fouled</li> </ul>
					Incorrect flow to sensor
					1. Check sensor installation.
					2. Clean the sensor.
					3. Change assignment of current outputs.
502	No text catalog	F	On	On	Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
503	Language change	М	On	Off	Language change failed
					Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
529	Diag. setup active	С	Off	Off	Wait for maintenance to be finished.
530	Logbook at 80%	М	On	Off	1. Save the logbook to the SD card and then delete the logbook in the device.
531	Logbook full	М	On	Off	2. Set memory to circular buffer.
					3. Deactivate logbook.
532	License error	M	On	Off	Contact Endress+Hauser Service.
540	Parameter save fail	M	On	Off	Storage of configuration has failed
040		101	OII		<ul> <li>▶ Repeat.</li> </ul>
541	Parameter load ok	М	On	Off	Configuration successfully loaded
542	Parameter load fail	М	On	Off	Loading of configuration has failed
					► Repeat.
543	Parameter load abort	М	On	Off	Configuration loading aborted
544	Parameter reset ok	М	On	Off	Factory default successful
545	Parameter reset fail	М	On	Off	Setting of device configuration to factory setting has failed

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Tests or remedial action
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>	
583	SD card write protected	м	On	Off	SD card write-protected. Not possible to write to the card.
					1. Remove the write protection from the SD card.
					2. Replace the SD card with an SD card that does not have write protection.
					3. Set logbook properties to ring buffer (Setup/General settings/Logbooks).
906	Cat.exchanger failure	F	On	Off	Invalid values for conductivity or flow
					1. Check for valid measured values in the menu of the mathematical function.
					2. Check sensors.
					3. Check minimum flow.
907	Cat.exchanger warning	S	On	Off	Limit values exceeded for conductivity or flow. Possible reasons: Resin depleted Blocked pipe
					<ul> <li>Check application.</li> </ul>
908	IEX capacity low	М	On	Off	The capacity of the exchange resin will soon be exhausted.
					► Schedule resin regeneration or replacement.
909	IEX capacity exhausted	F	On	Off	The capacity of the exchange resin is exhausted.
					► Regenerate or replace the resin.
910	Limit switch	S	On	Off	Limit switch activated
937	Controlled variable	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of the controller variable is not OK
					► Check application.
938	Controller setpoint	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of set point is not OK
					<ul> <li>Check application.</li> </ul>
939	Control. disturbance	S	On	Off	Controller input warning Status of disturbance variable is not OK
					<ul> <li>Check application.</li> </ul>
951 - 958	Hold active CH1	C	On	Off	Output values and status of the channels are on hold.
0.01		0	0.0	0.0	Wait until the hold is deactivated.
961 - 968	Diagnostic module 1 (961)	S	Off	Off	Diagnostic module is enabled
	Diagnostic module 8 (968)				
969	Modbus Watchdog	S	Off	Off	The device did not receive a Modbus telegram from the master within the specified time. The status of received Modbus process values is set to invalid
970	Curr. input overload	S	On	On	Current input overloaded The current input is switched off at 23 mA and above due to overload and reactivated automatically when a normal load is present.
971	Current Input low	S	On	On	Current input too low At 4 to 20 mA, the input current is less than the lower fault current.
					• Check the input for short-circuit.

No.	Message	Factory settings		5	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>	
972	Curr. input > 20 mA	S	On	On	Output current above current output range
973	Current Input < 4 mA	S	On	On	Output current below current output range
974	Diagnostics confirm.	С	Off	Off	User has acknowledged the message displayed in the measuring menu.
975	Device restart	С	Off	Off	Device reset
976	PFM/PWM value high	S	On	Off	Pulse frequency modulation: Measured value
977	PFM/PWM value low	S	On	Off	<ul> <li>above/below the specified output signal range.</li> <li>Sensor in air</li> <li>Air pockets in assembly</li> <li>Incorrect flow to sensor</li> <li>Sensor fouled</li> <li>1. Clean the sensor</li> <li>2. Check plausibility.</li> <li>3. Adjust the PFM configuration.</li> </ul>
978	Chemoclean Failsafe	S	On	On	<ol> <li>No feedback signal detected within the configured period.</li> <li>Check application.</li> <li>Check wiring.</li> <li>Extend the duration.</li> <li>Carry out active reset of Failsafe. Path: Menu/Setup/Additional functions/ CleaningICleaning x/Stop failsafe</li> </ol>
990	Deviation limit	F	On	On	Redundancy: Percentage deviation value above limit value
991	CO2 conc. range	F	On	On	$CO_2$ concentration (degassed conductivity) outside the measuring range
992	pH calculation range	F	On	On	pH calculation outside the measuring range
993	rH calculation range	F	On	On	rH calculation outside the measuring range
994	Difference conduct.	F	On	On	Dual conductivity outside the measuring range

1) Status signal

2) Diagnostic message

3) **Failure current** 

### 12.6.2 Sensor-specific diagnostic messages

The following abbreviations for the various sensor types are used in the table:

- P ... pH/ORP (general, applies for all pH sensors)
  - P (glass) ... only applies for glass electrodes
  - P (ISFET) ... only applies for ISFET sensors
- C ... conductivity (general, applies for all conductivity sensors)
  - C (cond.) ... only applies for sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity
  - C (ind.) ... only applies for sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity
- O ... oxygen (general, applies for all oxygen sensors)
  - O (opt.) ... only applies for optical oxygen sensors
  - O (amp.) ... only applies for amperometric oxygen sensors
- N ... nitrate sensors
- T ... turbidity and solids sensors
- S ... SAC sensors
- U ... interface sensors
- I ... ion-selective sensors
- DI ... disinfection sensors

- SC ... spectrometer for water analysisFL ... sensors for fluorescence measurement
- Spc ... spectrometer

No.	Message	Factory settings			Sensor type	Tests or remedial action	
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>			
002	Sensor unknown	F	On	On	All	► Replace sensor.	
004	Sensor defective	F	On	On	All		
005	Sensor data invalid	F	On	On	All	<ol> <li>Check the firmware compatibility of the sensor and transmitter or load suitable firmware</li> <li>Set the sensor to the factory settings, disconnect the sensor and reconnect it.</li> <li>Update transmitter data</li> </ol>	
						4. Replace sensor.	
010	Sensor scanning	F	Off	On	All	• Wait for initialization to be finished.	
012	Writing data failed	F	On	On	All	1. Repeat write process.	
						2. Replace sensor.	
013	Sensor type wrong	F	On	On	All	<ul> <li>Sensor does not suit the device configuration or device configuration must be changed to new type of sensor</li> <li>1. Change to a sensor of the type that is configured.</li> <li>2. Adapt the device configuration to the connected sensor.</li> </ul>	
018	Sensor not ready	F	On	On	All	Sensor communication blocked	
						<ol> <li>Sensor fails tag check. Replace.</li> <li>Internal software error. Contact the Service Department.</li> </ol>	
022	Temperature sensor	F	On	On	P, C, O, I, DI, SC, FL	Temperature sensor defective <ul> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ul>	
061	Sensor electronic	F	On	On	All	Sensor electronics defective <ul> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ul>	
062	Sensor connection	F	On	On	All	<ol> <li>Check sensor connection.</li> <li>Contact Service Department.</li> </ol>	
081	Initialization	F	On	On	All	<ul> <li>Wait for initialization to be finished.</li> </ul>	
100	Sensor communication	F	On	On	All	<ol> <li>Sensor not communicating</li> <li>Check sensor connection.</li> <li>Check sensor connector.</li> <li>Contact Service Department.</li> </ol>	
101	Sensor incompatible	F	On	On	All	<ol> <li>Update sensor firmware</li> <li>Replace sensor.</li> <li>Contact Service Department.</li> </ol>	
102	Calibration timer	М	On	Off	All except SC, FL	Calibration interval elapsed. Measurement can still take place. Calibrate sensor.	
103	Calibration timer	М	On	Off	All except SC, FL	Calibration interval will elapse soon. Measurement can still take place. ► Calibrate sensor.	

Calibration validity Calibration validity Calibration validity Sensor TAG Calibration active SIP, CIP, autoclaving SIP, CIP, autoclav cap	S <sup>1)</sup> M M F C M M	D <sup>2)</sup> On On On On On On On	F <sup>3)</sup> Off       Off       Off       On       Off       Off       Off	All All All All P, C, O, I, DI P, C, O	<ul> <li>Last calibration no longer valid. Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>Calibrate sensor.</li> <li>Last calibration will lose its validity soon. Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>Calibrate sensor.</li> <li>Sensor has invalid tag or tag group</li> <li>Wait for calibration to be finished.</li> <li>Specified number of sterilizations will</li> </ul>
Calibration validity Sensor TAG Calibration active SIP, CIP, autoclaving SIP, CIP, autoclav	M F C M	On On On	Off On Off	All All P, C, O, I, DI	<ul> <li>Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>Calibrate sensor.</li> <li>Last calibration will lose its validity soon. Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>Calibrate sensor.</li> <li>Sensor has invalid tag or tag group</li> <li>Wait for calibration to be finished.</li> </ul>
Sensor TAG Calibration active SIP, CIP, autoclaving SIP, CIP, autoclav	F C M	On On	On Off	All P, C, O, I, DI	<ul> <li>Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>► Calibrate sensor.</li> <li>Sensor has invalid tag or tag group</li> <li>► Wait for calibration to be finished.</li> </ul>
Calibration active SIP, CIP, autoclaving SIP, CIP, autoclav	C M	On	Off	P, C, O, I, DI	<ul> <li>Wait for calibration to be finished.</li> </ul>
SIP, CIP, autoclaving SIP, CIP, autoclav	M			DI	
autoclaving SIP, CIP, autoclav		On	Off	Р, С, О	Specified number of sterilizations will
	М				<ul> <li>soon be reached. Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ul>
		On	Off	O (amp.)	<ul> <li>Specified number of sterilizations for the cap is reached. Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>Replace membrane cap.</li> </ul>
Init. channel	F	On	On	All except SC	Channel initialization has failed. Measuring operation not possible. • Contact Service Department.
Operating time cap	M	On	Off	DI	<ul> <li>Hours of operation monitoring</li> <li>The limit set for the total hours of operation for the cap has been reached.</li> <li>Measurement can still take place.</li> <li>1. Replace the cap.</li> <li>2. Change monitoring limit.</li> </ul>
Incompatible filter	F	On	On	O (opt)	<ol> <li>Incompatible filter setting in the sensor</li> <li>Switch to valid measurement filter (sensor settings).</li> <li>Update the device firmware.</li> <li>Contact Service Department.</li> </ol>
Temp.offset high	М	On	Off	All except U, SC, FL	Calibration alarm: Limit values for temperature offset exceeded
Temp. offset low	М	On	Off	All except U, SC, FL	<ol> <li>Check temperature sensor.</li> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ol>
Temp. slope high	М	On	Off	All except U, SC, FL	Calibration alarm: Limit values for temperature slope exceeded
Temp. slope low	М	On	Off	All except U, SC, FL	Sensor old or defective <ol> <li>Repeat calibration.</li> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ol>
Sensor glass break.	F	On	Off	P (glass)	Glass breakage warning, impedance of
Sensor check	М	On	Off	P (glass)	<ul> <li>pH glass too low</li> <li>Measuring can continue until the alarm (118) occurs.</li> <li>Inspect sensor for hair-line cracks and breakage.</li> <li>Check medium temperature.</li> </ul>
	Incompatible filter Incompatible filter Temp.offset high Temp. slope high Temp. slope low Sensor glass break.	Incompatible filter F Temp.offset high M Temp. offset low M Temp. slope high M Temp. slope low M Sensor glass break. F	Incompatible filter F On Temp.offset high M On Temp. slope high M On Temp. slope high M On Sensor glass break. F On	Incompatible filter F On On Temp.offset high M On Off Temp. slope high M On Off Temp. slope low M On Off Temp. slope low M On Off Sensor glass break. F On Off	Incompatible filterFOnOnO (opt)Incompatible filterFOnOnO (opt)Temp.offset highMOnOffAll except U, SC, FLTemp. offset lowMOnOffAll except U, SC, FLTemp. slope highMOnOffAll except U, SC, FLTemp. slope lowMOnOffAll except U, SC, FLSensor glass break.FOnOffP (glass)

No.	Message	Factory	r settings	;	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
120	Sensor reference	F	On	Off	P (glass)	Reference warning, impedance of
121	Sensor reference	М	On	Off	P (glass)	reference too low Measuring can continue until the alarm (120) occurs.
						1. Check reference for clogging/ contamination.
						2. Clean reference/junction.
				0.00	5(1)	3. Replace sensor.
122	Sensor glass	F	On	Off	P (glass)	Impedance limit values exceeded/ undershot
123	Sensor glass	M	On	On	P (glass)	Measuring can continue until the alarm
124	Sensor glass	M	On	Off	P (glass)	(122, 124) occurs.
125	Sensor glass	F	On	Off	P (glass)	1. Inspect sensor for hair-line cracks and breakage.
						2. Check or change limit values.
			_			3. Replace sensor.
126	Sensor check	M	On	Off	P (glass)	Sensor condition check (SCC), poor sensor condition
						Glass membrane fouled or dry, junction blocked
						1. Clean sensor, regenerate
						2. Replace sensor.
127	Sensor check	М	On	Off	P (glass)	Sensor condition check (SCC), adequate sensor condition
128	Sensor leakage	F	On	Off	P (ISFET), O (amp.),	Leak current alarm Defective due to abrasion or damage
					DI	Damage to the gate (only ISFET)
120			0	0.0		Replace sensor.
129	Sensor leakage	F	On	Off	P (ISFET), O (amp.), DI	Leak current warning Measuring can continue until the alarm occurs
130	Sensor supply	F	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Poor sensor power supply
						1. Check sensor connection.
						2. Replace sensor.
131	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Limit values for sensor relaxation time
132	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	(fluorescence decay time) exceeded/ undershot
						Reasons: high oxygen content, incorrect calibration
						1. Repeat calibration.
						2. Replace sensor cap.
						3. Contact Service Department.
133	Sensor signal	F	On	Off	O (opt.)	No signal (fluorescence decay)
						1. Replace sensor cap.
						2. Contact Service Department.
134	Sensor signal	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Low signal amplitude. Measurement can still take place.
						1. Replace sensor cap.
						2. Contact Service Department.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
135	Sensor temp. low	S	On	Off	0	Temperature outside specification
136	Sensor temp. high	S	On	Off	O, Spc	1. Check process.
						2. Check installation.
137	Sensor LED	F	On	Off	O (opt.)	Sensor LED: no voltage
						Contact Service Department.
138	Sensor LED	F	On	Off	O (opt.)	Sensor LED: no power
						Contact Service Department.
140	Sensor check	F	On	Off	0	Sensor range errors
					- /	Contact Service Department.
141	Polarization	F	On	Off	C (cond.)	Polarization warning The measured value is corrupted at high
						conductivity levels.
						<ul> <li>Use a sensor with a larger cell constant.</li> </ul>
142	Sensor signal	F	On	Off	С	Reasons: sensor in air, sensor defective
						1. Check installation.
						2. Replace sensor.
143	Sensor check	F	On	Off	С	Sensor self-test error
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Contact Service Department.
144	Conductivity range	S	Off	On	С	Conductivity outside measuring range
						<ul> <li>Use a sensor with a suitable cell constant.</li> </ul>
146	Sensor temperature	S	Off	Off	C, N, T, S,	Temperature outside specification
					FL	1. Check the temperature.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Replace sensor type.
147	Sensor check	F	On	On	C (ind.)	Coil transmission current too high
						Reasons: transmission coil short-circuit, inductance too low
						1. Replace sensor.
						<ol> <li>Replace sensor.</li> <li>Contact Service Department.</li> </ol>
148	Sensor check	F	On	On	C (ind.)	Reasons: transmission coil interrupted,
						inductance too high
						1. Replace sensor.
1/0		-		0	-	2. Contact Service Department.
149	Sensor LED	F	On	On	Т	Sensor LED error
						1. Replace sensor.
1	Compon basil d	E	05	01-	T	2. Contact Service Department.
151	Sensor buildup	F	On	On	Т	Buildup, high degree of contamination
						<ol> <li>Clean sensor.</li> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ol>
						1
150	Concordata interiti 1	λα	0#	Off	C (ind)	1
152	Sensor data invalid	M	Off	Off	C (ind.)	No calibration data <ul> <li>Perform air set calibration.</li> </ul>
						<ul> <li>Periorin air set calibration.</li> </ul>

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
153	Sensor defective	F	On	On	N, T, S	Sensorlamp defective
						Reasons: aging, end of operating life, mechanical disturbance/vibration
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Contact Service Department.
154	Sensor data invalid	М	Off	Off	С	Factory calibration is used ► Calibrate.
155	Sensor defective	F	On	On	N, T, S	Sensor defective
						Error with analog evaluation
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Contact Service Department.
156	Organic pollution	F	On	On	N, T, S	Excessive organic fouling
						Reasons: sensor fouling, high organic content, incorrect orientation
						1. Clean sensor
						2. Install automatic cleaning.
						3. Check application.
157	Filter change	М	On	Off	N, S	Optical filter must be replaced
						Reasons: long period of operation, moisture in sensor
						► Contact Service Department.
158	Sensor check	F	On	Off	N, T, S	Invalid measured value
						1. Check sensor power supply.
						2. Restart the device.
						3. Contact Service Department.
159	Sensor check	F	On	Off	N, T, S	Uncertain measured value
						Reasons: sensor fouling, incorrect application
						1. Clean sensor.
						2. Check application.
160	Sensor data invalid	F	On	Off	N, T, S, DI,	No calibration data
					SC, FL	Reasons: data deleted
						1. Select other data record.
						2. Use factory calibration.
						3. Contact Service Department.
161	Filter change	F	On	Off	N, T, S	Filter needs to be changed
						Reasons: long period of operation, moisture in sensor
						► Contact Service Department.
162	Install.factor	М	On	Off	C (ind.)	Installation factor exceeded/undershot, alarm
163	Install.factor	М	On	Off	C (ind.)	Reason: distance between wall and sensor too small (< 15 mm)
						1. Check pipe diameter.
						<ol> <li>Clean sensor.</li> </ol>
						<ol> <li>Clean sensor.</li> <li>Calibrate sensor.</li> </ol>
						Cambrate School.

No.	Message	Factory	v settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>		
164	Sensor data invalid	М	Off	Off	С	No temperature calibration data
						Factory calibration is used
						1. Check process.
						2. Check or replace sensor.
168	Polarization	S	On	Off	C (cond.)	Polarization warning The measured value is corrupted at high conductivity levels.
						<ul> <li>Use a sensor with a larger cell constant.</li> </ul>
169	Operating time	М	On	Off	S	Operating hours, conc. > 200 mg/l, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
170	Operating time	M	On	Off	S	Operating hours, conc. < 50 mg/l, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
171	Lamp change	М	On	Off	N, T, S, SC	Lamp change recommended
172	Echo lost	F	On	On	U	Echo signal lost
173	Sludge level	F	On	On	U	Incorrect separation zone measurement
						<ul> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ul>
174	Turbid. failure	F	On	On	U	Incorrect turbidity measurement
						<ul> <li>Replace sensor.</li> </ul>
175	Wiper failure	F	On	On	U	Wiper not working
1.7.6				0.0	D.	Clean or replace sensor.
176	Operating time	M	On	Off	DI	Operating hours > 100 nA, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
177	Operating time	M	On	Off	DI	Operating hours > 20 nA, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
178	Operating time	M	On	Off	DI	Operating hours > 15 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
179	Operating time	M	On	Off	Р	Operating hours > 300 mV, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.

No.	Message	Factor	y setting	S	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
180	Operating time	M	On	Off	P	Operating hours < -300 mV, measurement can still take place 1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
181	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Operating hours < 25 µS, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
182	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Operating hours > 40 $\mu$ S, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
183	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 10 nA (COS51D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
184	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 30 nA (COS22D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
185	Operating time	Μ	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 40 nA (COS51D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
186	Operating time	М	On	Off	O (amp.)	Operating hours > 160 nA (COS22D), measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
187	Operating time	Μ	On	Off	С	Operating hours > 80 °C, 100 nS/cm, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
188	Operating time	М	On	Off	С, О	Operating hours < 5 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.

S <sup>1)</sup> D <sup>2)</sup> F <sup>3)</sup> Operating hours > 5 °C, mean still take place         189       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 5 °C, mean still take place         1.       Replace sensor.       2.       Change monitoring line       3.       Disable monitoring.         190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, mean still take place         190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, mean still take place         190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, mean still take place         191       Operating time       M       On       Off       O, I, DI       Operating hours > 30 °C, mean still take place	surement can
Image: Still take place       1. Replace sensor.         Image: Still take place       1. Replace sensor.         Image: Still take place       1. Replace sensor.         Image: Still take place       3. Disable monitoring.         Image: Still take place       3. Disable monitoring.         Image: Still take place       1. Replace sensor.         Image: Still take place       1. Replace sensor.	surement can
190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, me can still take place         190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, me can still take place         1       Replace sensor.       2.       Change monitoring line         191       Operating time       M       On       Off       O, I, DI       Operating hours > 30 °C, me	
190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, me can still take place         190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, me can still take place         1       Replace sensor.       2.       Change monitoring.         191       Operating time       M       On       Off       O, I, DI       Operating hours > 30 °C, me	
190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, me can still take place         190       Operating time       M       On       Off       O       Operating hours > 25 °C, me can still take place         1       Replace sensor.       2.       Change monitoring li         3.       Disable monitoring.         191       Operating time       M       On       Off       O, I, DI       Operating hours > 30 °C, me	mit.
1       1       1       Can still take place         1       Replace sensor.       2       Change monitoring li         3       Disable monitoring.         191       Operating time       M       On       Off       O, I, DI       Operating hours > 30 °C, me	
191       Operating time       M       On       Off       O, I, DI       Operating hours > 30 °C, me	easurement
191     Operating time     M     On     Off     O, I, DI     Operating hours > 30 °C, me	
191     Operating time     M     On     Off     O, I, DI     Operating hours > 30 °C, me	mit.
can still take place	easurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3. Disable monitoring.	
192Operating timeMOnOffO, IOperating hours > 40 °C, me can still take place	easurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3. Disable monitoring.	
193Operating timeMOnOffP, C, OOperating hours > 80 °C, me can still take place	easurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3. Disable monitoring.	
194Operating timeMOnOffPOperating hours > 100 °C, m can still take place	neasurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3.   Disable monitoring.	
195Operating timeMOnOffCOperating hours > 120 °C, mcan still take place	neasurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3. Disable monitoring.	
196Operating timeMOnOffCOperating hours > 125 °C, m196Operating timeMOnOffCOperating hours > 125 °C, mcan still take place	neasurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3. Disable monitoring.	
197Operating timeMOnOffCOperating hours > 140 °C, mcan still take place	neasurement
1. Replace sensor.	
2. Change monitoring li	mit.
3. Disable monitoring.	

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
198	Operating time	М	On	Off	С	Operating hours > 150 °C, measurement can still take place
						1. Replace sensor.
						2. Change monitoring limit.
						3. Disable monitoring.
199	Operating time	M	On	Off	All except U	<ul><li>The limit set for the total operating hours has been reached. Measurement can still take place.</li><li>1. Replace sensor.</li></ul>
						2. Change monitoring limit.
215	Simulation active	С	On	Off	All	Simulation active End simulation by changing to measuring mode.
408	Calibration aborted	М	Off	Off	P, C, O, I, DI	Calibration aborted
500	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	All, except SC, FL	Calibration aborted, main measured value varies
						Reasons: sensor too old, sensor occasionally dry, calibration value not constant
						1. Check sensor.
						2. Check calibration solution.
501	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	All except U, SC, FL	Calibration aborted, temperature measured value varies
						Reasons: sensor too old, sensor occasionally dry, temperature of calibration solution not constant
						1. Check sensor.
						2. Regulate calibration solution temperature.
505	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Max. zero point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.
507	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Min. zero point warning, measurement can still take place
						Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check or replace calibration solution.
						3. Repeat calibration.

511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Check or replace sensor.         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         514       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can solution to ol of or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibration solution to ol of or contaminated       1       Check or replace calibration solution to ol of or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibration solution	No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Check or replace sensor.         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         514       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can solution to ol of or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibration solution to ol of or contaminated       1       Check or replace calibration solution to ol of or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibration solution			S <sup>1)</sup>	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>		
511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         514       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace calibration solution too old or contaminated         1. <t< td=""><td>509</td><td>Sensor calibration</td><td>М</td><td>On</td><td>Off</td><td>P, O, I, DI</td><td>Min. slope warning, measurement can still take place</td></t<>	509	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Min. slope warning, measurement can still take place
511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         7       Check or replace calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         7       Check or replace calibration       Solution.       Sensor calibration       Sensor calibration         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         7       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         7       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         7       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         7       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         7       Sensor calibration       M							
511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace calibration         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         514       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can solution to old or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibration solution to old or contaminated       1       Check or replace calibration solution to old or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibratio							1. Check or replace sensor.
511       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P, O, I, DI       Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace sensor.         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Bax. slope warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Check or replace calibration solution.         514       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Repeat calibration.         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution.       3.       Repeat calibration solution too old or contaminated         1       Check or replace sensor.       2.       Check or replace calibration solution too old or contaminated         1       Check or replace calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace calibration solution too old or con							
Still take placestill take placePossible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated1.Check or replace sensor.2.Check or replace calibration solution.513Zero warningMOnOffO (amp.), 							3. Repeat calibration.
Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place518Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place515Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place	511	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Max. slope warning, measurement can still take place
513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace sensor.         2.       Check or replace calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace calibration solution too old or contaminated         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration.       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible rea							Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         90       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Check or replace sensor.       2.         2.       Check or replace calibration solution.       3.       Repeat calibration.         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         90       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         90       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         91       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         917       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         917       Sens							1. Check or replace sensor.
513       Zero warning       M       On       Off       O (amp.), DI       Zero point warning, measurement can still take place         90       Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace sensor.         2.       Check or replace calibration solution.       3.       Repeat calibration.         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         90       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         91       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         9       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place							-
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515Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: co old or contaminated517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference sensor.	513	Zero warning	М	On	Off		
515Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution.517Sensor calibrationMOnOffP (ISFET)Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration.							Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1       Check or replace sensor.         2       Check or replace calibration       3       Repeat calibration.         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place							1. Check or replace sensor.
515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         515       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Max. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated       1.       Check or replace sensor.         2.       Check or replace calibration solution.       3.       Repeat calibration.         517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective replace calibration.       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective reasons: sensor old or defect							-
517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place							3. Repeat calibration.
517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective	515	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P (ISFET)	
517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective							
517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective							1. Check or replace sensor.
517       Sensor calibration       M       On       Off       P (ISFET)       Min. operating point warning, measurement can still take place         Possible reasons: sensor old or defective							*
measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defectiv							3. Repeat calibration.
	517	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P (ISFET)	
too old or contaminated							Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated
1. Check or replace sensor.							1. Check or replace sensor.
2. Check or replace calibration solution.							-
3. Repeat calibration.							3. Repeat calibration.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D <sup>2)</sup>	F <sup>3)</sup>		
518	Sensor calibration	М	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	Delta slope warning, measurement can still take place Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution
						<ol> <li>too old or contaminated</li> <li>Check or replace sensor.</li> <li>Check or replace calibration solution.</li> <li>Repeat calibration.</li> </ol>
520	Sensor calibration	M	On	Off	P, O, I, DI	<ul> <li>Delta zero point warning, measurement can still take place</li> <li>Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated</li> <li>1. Check or replace sensor.</li> <li>2. Check or replace calibration solution.</li> <li>3. Repeat calibration.</li> </ul>
522	Sensor calibration	M	On	Off	P (ISFET)	<ul> <li>Delta operating point warning, measurement can still take place</li> <li>Possible reasons: sensor old or defective, reference blocked, calibration solution too old or contaminated</li> <li>1. Check or replace sensor.</li> <li>2. Check or replace calibration solution.</li> <li>3. Repeat calibration.</li> </ul>
534	Electrolyte warning	М	On	Off	DI	<ul> <li>Electrolyte consumption warning</li> <li>The limit set for the electrolyte capacity has been reached.</li> <li>1. Replace electrolyte.</li> <li>2. Reset consumption counter.</li> <li>3. Replace sensor.</li> </ul>
535	Sensor check	М	On	Off	O (amp.), DI	Specified number of cap calibrations is reached Measurement can still take place. ► Replace sensor cap.
550	Process temperature	S	On	On	С	Process temperature above/below concentration table
551	Process temperature	S	On	On	С	<ul> <li>Process value outside specifications</li> <li>Table incomplete</li> <li>Extend table.</li> </ul>
552	Conductivity low	S	On	On	С	Process concentration above/below
553	Conductivity high	S	On	On	С	<ul> <li>concentration table</li> <li>Process value outside specifications</li> <li>Table incomplete</li> <li>Extend table.</li> </ul>
554	Concentration low	S	On	On	С	Process concentration above/below
555	Concentration high	S	On	On	С	<ul> <li>concentration table</li> <li>Process value outside specifications</li> <li>Table incomplete</li> <li>Extend table.</li> </ul>

No.	Message	Factor	y setting	S	Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
556 557	Temperature low Temperature high	S S	On On	On On	C C	Process temperature above/below compensation table • Process value outside specifications • Table incomplete
						<ul> <li>Extend table.</li> </ul>
558	Conductivity low	S	On	On	С	Process conductivity above/below
559	Conductivity high	S	On	On	С	<ul> <li>compensation table</li> <li>Process value outside specifications</li> <li>Table incomplete</li> <li>Extend table.</li> </ul>
560	Conduc. compensation	S	On	On	С	Conductivity compensation above/below compensation table
561	Conduc. compensation	S	On	On	С	<ul> <li>Process value outside specifications</li> <li>Table incomplete</li> <li>Extend table.</li> </ul>
566	Package	С	On	Off	SC	Incompatible model package
	incompatible					<ul> <li>Check the configuration of the assigned outputs, measuring settings and application calibration.</li> </ul>
720	Membrane change	М	On	Off	I	Membrane cap must be replaced
						<b>1.</b> Replace membrane cap.
						2. Reset timer.
722	Sensor reference	F	On	On	Р	Alarm: Reference membrane impedance too low.
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check/correct reference limit value.
723	Sensor reference	M	On	Off	Ι	Warning: Reference membrane impedance too low.
						Can continue measuring until the alarm occurs.
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check/correct reference limit value.
724	Sensor reference	F	On	On	Ι	Alarm: Reference membrane impedance too high.
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check/correct reference limit value.
725	Sensor reference	М	On	Off	Ι	Warning: Reference membrane impedance too high.
						Can continue measuring until the alarm occurs.
						1. Check or replace sensor.
						2. Check/correct reference limit value.

No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
		S <sup>1)</sup>	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
734	Calibration quality	М	On	Off	O (opt.)	Warning: The calibration quality index indicates a substantial change since the last calibration.
						Measurement can still take place.  1. Repeat calibration.
						<ol> <li>Repeat canoration.</li> <li>Check the sensor and replace if necessary.</li> </ol>
740	Sensor defective	F	On	On	C (only	Internal electrode failure
					four-pin sensor)	1. Replace sensor.
					,	2. Contact Service Department.
771	Lamp change	F	On	Off	N, T, S, SC	Lamp change alarm
						Configured operating time has been reached
						<ul> <li>Contact the Service Department to have the lamp replaced.</li> </ul>
772	Lamp change	М	On	Off		Lamp change warning
						Possible reasons: remaining lamp intensity low, lamp service life was not reset after lamp replacement
						1. Replace lamp and reset lamp service life.
						2. Contact Service Department.
773	Lamp change	F	On	On		Lamp change alarm
						Possible reasons: remaining lamp intensity low, lamp service life was not reset after lamp replacement
						1. Replace lamp and reset lamp service life.
						2. Contact Service Department.
774	Lamp defective	F	On	On		Possible reasons: cable defective, lamp defective
						1. Check cable.
						2. Replace lamp.
						3. Contact Service Department.
832	Temp. range exceeded	S	Off	Off	All except U, FL	Outside temperature specification
	exceeded				U, PL	1. Check application.
						2. Check temperature sensor.
841	Operating range	S	Off	Off	All except FL	Process value outside operational range
						1. Check application.
					-	2. Check sensor.
842	Process value	S	Off	Off	P	Process limit value exceeded/undershot
843	Process value	S	Off	Off	Р	Reasons: sensor in air, air pockets in assembly, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defective
						1. Change process value.
						2. Check electrode system.
						3. Change sensor type.

ParticipantProcess check alarmF F FOn C <b< th=""><th>No.</th><th>Message</th><th>Factory</th><th>settings</th><th></th><th>Sensor type</th><th>Tests or remedial action</th></b<>	No.	Message	Factory	settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action
ParticipantProcess check alarmF F FOn 			S <sup>1)</sup>	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
904 904 914Process check alarmF F On oneOn 	844	Process value	S	Off	Off	N, T, S	Measured value outside specified range
904       Process check alarm       F       On       On       All except Phot       Stagnating measuring signal Reasons: sensor in air, sensor fouling incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defect 1.         914       USP/ EP alarm       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         915       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         915       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       N, S, U, SC, PL       Process temp-thigh         934       Process temp. high       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, PL       Process temperature.         935       Process temp. low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, PL       Process temperature.         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         943       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value low         944       Sensor range       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value low         944       Sensor range       S       On <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>assembly, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor</td></t<>							assembly, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor
904       Process check alarm       F       On       On       All except Phot       Stagnating measuring signal Reasons: sensor in air, sensor fouling, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defect in         914       USP/ EP alarm       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         915       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         915       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         915       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         915       USP / EP warning       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process temperature low         92       Process temp, low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process reale process value.         936       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         942       Process value       S       Off<							1. Increase process value.
904       Process check alarm       F       On       All except Phot       Stagnating measuring signal Reasons: sensor in air, sensor fouling, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defect         914       USP / EP alarm       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP alarm       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP limit values exceeded         914       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       USP / EP concess temp. high         934       Process temp. high       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, Process temperature high         935       Process temp. low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process temperature low         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high       1       Do not increase process value.         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high       1       Do not decrease process value.							2. Check electrode system.
alarm       alarm       Image: Second							3. Change sensor type.
ParticipationPrecess valueSOffOffCUSP / EP alarmMOnOffCUSP / EP alarmMOnOffCUSP / EP warningMOnOffCUSP / EP warningMOnOffN, S, U, SC, Process temperature highI.Do not increase process temperature.Z.Check electrode system.Z.Check electrode system.Z. <th< td=""><td>904</td><td></td><td>F</td><td>On</td><td>On</td><td>-</td><td>Stagnating measuring signal</td></th<>	904		F	On	On	-	Stagnating measuring signal
Image: Second		alarm				Phot	Reasons: sensor in air, sensor fouling, incorrect flow to sensor, sensor defective
914USP / EP alarmMOnOffCUSP limit values exceeded914USP / EP warningMOnOffCUSP limit values exceeded934Process temp. highSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature high935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low935Process valueSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high 1. Do not increase process value. 2. Check electrode system. 3. Change sensor type.943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range Reasons: changes in process to a high or lower measuring range of the application.945pH value highSOnOffDiWarning maximum pH value exceede 1. Check application.							1. Check electrode system.
914USP/ EP alarmMOnOffCUSP limit values exceeded915USP / EP warningMOnOffCCheck process.934Process temp. highSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature high935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede							2. Check sensor.
915       USP / EP warning       M       On       Off       C       Check process.         934       Process temp. high       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process temperature high         935       Process temp. low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process temperature.         935       Process temp. low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process temperature low         935       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC, FL       Process temperature low         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         943       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value low         944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede         1.       Check application.       Z       Check application.       Z       Check application.							3. Restart the device.
934       Process temp. high       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC,       Process temperature high         934       Process temp. high       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC,       Process temperature.         935       Process temp. low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC,       Process temperature low         935       Process temp. low       S       Off       Off       N, S, U, SC,       Process temperature low         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         943       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value low         944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede	914	USP/ EP alarm	М	On	Off	С	
FLI.Do not increase process temperature.935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high944Sensor rangeSOnOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede application.	915	USP / EP warning	М	On	Off	С	<ul> <li>Check process.</li> </ul>
935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffDiffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede application.	934	Process temp. high	S	Off	Off		Process temperature high
935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range Reasons: changes in process to a high or lower measuring range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceeded application.						FL	-
935Process temp. lowSOffOffN, S, U, SC, FLProcess temperature low942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede1Check application.SOnOffDI							2. Check electrode system.
FLI. Do not lower process temperat942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede1.Check application.							3. Change sensor type.
942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede1.Check application.	935	Process temp. low	S	Off	Off		Process temperature low
942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high942Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value high1Do not increase process value.2.Check electrode system.3Change sensor type.943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede1.Check application.SOnOffDI						FL	1. Do not lower process temperature.
942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         942       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         943       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value high         943       Process value       S       Off       Off       N, P, U       Process value low         944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede         1.       Check application.       2.       Use sensor that suits the measuring range of the application.							2. Check electrode system.
PriceProcess failProcess valueProcess value </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3. Change sensor type.</td>							3. Change sensor type.
943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffDICheck application.945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede1.Check application.I.Check application.I.	942	Process value	S	Off	Off	N, P, U	Process value high
943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low1.Do not decrease process value.2.Check electrode system.3.Change sensor type.944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range Reasons: changes in process to a high or lower measuring range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede 1.945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede							1. Do not increase process value.
943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low943Process valueSOffOffN, P, UProcess value low1Do not decrease process value.2Check electrode system.3Change sensor type.944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede945pH value highSOnOffDIUse plication.							
944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range Reasons: changes in process to a high or lower measuring range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede 1. Check application.							3. Change sensor type.
944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede 1. Check application.	943	Process value	S	Off	Off	N, P, U	
944Sensor rangeSOnOffS, U, FLMeasurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range Reasons: changes in process to a high or lower measuring range945pH value highSOnOffDIWarning maximum pH value exceede 1. Check application.							_
944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         944       Sensor range       S       On       Off       S, U, FL       Measurement at periphery of sensor dynamic range         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede         1.       Check application.       2.       Use sensor that suits the measuring range of the application.         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede							
945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede         1.       Check application.       2.       Use sensor that suits the measuring range of the application.         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede							
945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede         1.       Check application.       2.       Use sensor that suits the measuring range of the application.         945       pH value high       S       On       Off       DI       Warning maximum pH value exceede	944	Sensor range	S	On	Off	S, U, FL	dynamic range
945     pH value high     S     On     Off     DI     Warning maximum pH value exceeded       1.     Check application.							
945     pH value high     S     On     Off     DI     Warning maximum pH value exceede       1.     Check application.							
945     pH value high     S     On     Off     DI     Warning maximum pH value exceeded       1.     Check application.							measuring range of the
1.   Check application.	945	pH value high	S	On	Off	DI	Warning maximum pH value exceeded
		_					
2. Check pH sensor.							
	946	pH value low	S	On	Off	DI	Warning minimum pH value not reached. Potential leaking of gaseous chlorine!
1. Check application.							1. Check application.
2. Check pH sensor.							2. Check pH sensor.

No.	Message	Factory settings		Sensor type	Tests or remedial action	
		S 1)	D 2)	F <sup>3)</sup>		
950	Process	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
	temperature					Process temperature below the lowest value in the table
						► Extend table.
951	Process	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
	temperature					Process temperature above the highest value in the table
						► Extend table.
952	Conductivity low	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process conductivity below the lowest value in the table
						► Extend table.
953	Conductivity high	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process conductivity above the highest value in the table
						► Extend table.
954	Concentration low	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process concentration below the lowest value in the table
						► Extend table.
955	Concentration high	F	On	On	С	Concentration table (conductivity)
						Process concentration above the highest value in the table
						► Extend table.
983	Sensor ISE check	F	On	On	Ι	Electrode or membrane defective
						1. Check or replace electrode.
						2. Check or replace membrane cap.
984	Process temp. high	S	On	On	Ι	Temperature outside specification
						1. Check process temperature.
						2. Check electrode system.
985	Sensor Interface	F	On	On	Ι	Sensor interface error
						1. Check connector.
						2. Check or replace cable.
987	Calibration required	М	On	On	I, DI, SC	A calibration is required due to sensor maintenance.

1) 2) 3)

Status signal Diagnostic message

Failure current

#### 12.7 Pending diagnostic messages

The Diagnostics menu contains all the information on the device status. Furthermore, various service functions are available.

The following messages are directly displayed every time you enter the menu:

- Most important message
- Diagnostic message recorded with the highest criticality level
- Past message

Diagnostic message whose cause is no longer present.

All the other functions in the Diagnostics menu are described in the following chapters.

# 12.8 Diagnostics list

All the current diagnostic messages are listed here.

A time stamp is available for each message. Furthermore, the user also sees the configuration and description of the message as saved in **Menu/Setup/General settings/ Extended setup/Diagnostics settings/Diag. behavior**.

# 12.9 Event logbook

# 12.9.1 Available logbooks

Types of logbooks

- Logbooks physically available (all apart from the overall logbook)
- Database view of all logbooks (= overall logbook)

Logbook	Visible in	Max. entries	Can be disabled <sup>1</sup>	Logbook can be deleted	Entries can be deleted	Can be exported
Overall logbook	All events	20000	Yes	No	Yes	No
Calibration logbook	Calibration events	75	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Operation logbook	Configuration events	250	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Diagnostics logbook	Diagnostic events	10000	(Yes)	No	Yes	Yes
Version logbook	All events	50	No	No	No	Yes
Hardware version logbook	All events	125	No	No	No	Yes
Data logbook for sensors (optional)	Data logbooks	150 000	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Debugging logbook	Debug events (only accessible by entering the special service activation code)	1000	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

1) Data in brackets means this depends on the overall logbook

# 12.9.2 Logbooks menu

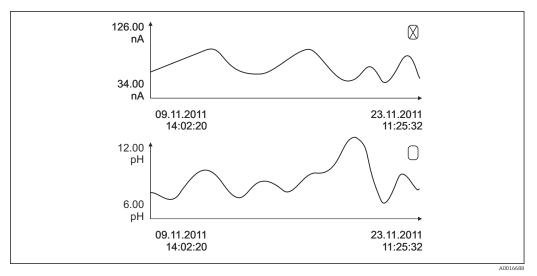
DIAG/Logbooks			
Function	Options	Info	
▶ All events		Chronological list of all the logbook entries, with information on the type of event	
▶ Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.	
► Go to date	User entry • Go to date • Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.	

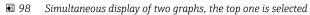
DIAG/Logbooks			
Function	Options	Info	
Calibration events		Chronological list of the calibration events	
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.	
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.	
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can delete all the calibration logbook entries here.	
Configuration events		Chronological list of the configuration events	
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.	
▶ Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.	
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all the operation logbook entries.	
<ul> <li>Diagnostic events</li> </ul>		Chronological list of the diagnostics events	
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detailed information.	
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scroll through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.	
$\triangleright$ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all the diagnostics logbook entries.	

You can also view your data logbook entries graphically on the display (Show plot).

You can also adapt the display to suit your individual requirements:

- Press the navigator button in the graphic display: you are given additional options such as the zoom function and x/y movement of the graph.
- Define the cursor: if you select this option, you can move along the graph with the navigator and view the logbook entry (data stamp/measured value) in text form for every point in the graph.
- Simultaneous display of two logbooks: Select 2nd plot and Show plot
  - A small cross marks the currently selected graph for which the zoom can be changed or a cursor used, for example.
  - In the context menu (press the navigator button), you can select the other graph. You can then apply the zoom function, a movement or a cursor to this graph.
  - Using the context menu, you can also select both graphs simultaneously. This enables you to use the zoom function on both graphs simultaneously, for example.





Function	Options	Info
Data logbooks		Chronological list of the data logbook entries for sensors
Data logbook 1 8 <logbook name=""></logbook>		This submenu is available for each data logbook that you have set up and activated.
Source of data	Read only	Input or mathematical function is displayed
Measured value	Read only	Measured value being recorded is displayed
Log time left	Read only	Display of days, hours and minutes until logboo is full.
		<ul> <li>Pay attention to the information on selecting the memory type in the menu General settings/Logbooks.</li> </ul>
► Show	Events are displayed	Select a particular event to display more detaile information.
► Go to date	User entry Go to date Time	Use this function to go directly to a specific time in the list. In this way, you avoid having to scrol through all the information. The complete list is always visible, however.
Show plot	Graphic display of the logbook entries	The display is according to your settings in the menu <b>General settings/Logbooks</b> .
Select 2nd plot	Select another data logbook	You can view a second logbook at the same time as the current one.
▷ Delete all entries	Action	You can use this to delete all data logbook entries.
Save logbooks		
File format	Selection CSV	<ul> <li>Save the logbook in the preferred file format.</li> </ul>
	• FDM	You can then open the saved CSV file on the PC in MS Excel, for example, and make further edi here. <sup>1)</sup> . You can import the FDM files into FieldCare and archive them so that they are tamper-proof.

DIAG/Logbooks			
Function	Options	Info	
<ul> <li>All data logbooks</li> <li>Data logbook 1 8</li> <li>All event logbooks</li> <li>Calibration logbook</li> <li>Diagnostic logbook</li> <li>Configuration logbook</li> <li>HW version logbook</li> <li>Version logbook</li> </ul>	Action, commences as soon as the option is selected	<ul> <li>Use this function to save the logbook to an SD card.</li> <li>Save the logbook in the preferred file format. You can then open the saved CSV file on the PC in MS-Excel, for example, and edit it. You can import the FDM files into Fieldcare and archive them so they are tamper-proof.</li> </ul>	

- abbreviation for the particular logbook and a time stamp.
- CSV files use international number formats and separators. Therefore they must be imported into MS Excel as external data with the correct format settings. If you double-click the file to open it, the data are only displayed correctly if MS Excel is installed with the US country setting.

# 12.10 Simulation

You can simulate values at inputs and outputs for testing purposes:

- Current values at current outputs
- Measured values at inputs
- Relay contact opening or closing

Only current values are simulated. Via the simulation function, it is not possible to calculate the totalized value for the flow or rainfall.

DIAG/Simulation				
Function	Options	Info		
Current output x:y		Simulation of an output current This menu appears once for each current output.		
Simulation	Selection Off On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the value at the current output, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the current value.		
Current	2.4 to 23.0 mA Factory setting 4 mA	<ul> <li>Set the desired simulation value.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Alarm relay</li> <li>Relay x:y</li> </ul>		Simulation of a relay state This menu appears once for each relay.		
Simulation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the relay state, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the relay display.		
State	Selection • Low • High Factory setting Low	► Set the desired simulation value. The relay switches in accordance with your setting when you switch on the simulation. On the measured value display, you see <b>On</b> (= Low) or <b>Off</b> (= High) for the simulated relay state.		

DIAG/Simulation		
Function	Options	Info
▶ Meas. inputs Channel : parameter		Simulation of a measured value (only for sensors) This menu appears once for each measuring input.
Simulation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the measured value, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the measured value.
Main value	Depends on the sensor	<ul> <li>Set the desired simulation value.</li> </ul>
Sim. temperature	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	If you simulate the temperature measured value, this is indicated on the display by a simulation icon in front of the temperature.
Temperature	-50.0 to +250.0 °C (-58.0 to 482.0 °F) Factory setting 20.0 °C (68.0 °F)	<ul> <li>Set the desired simulation value.</li> </ul>
Binary input x:y Binary output x:y		Simulation of a binary input or output signal The number of submenus available corresponds to the number of binary inputs or outputs.
Simulation	Selection • Off • On Factory setting Off	
State	Selection • Low • High	

# 12.11 Device test

DIAG/System test				
Function	Options	Info		
▶ Photometer				
Cleaning factor	Read only			
▶ Power supply	Read only Digital supply 1: 1.2V Digital supply 2: 3.3V Analog supply: 12.5V Sensor supply: 24V Temperature	Detailed list of power supply to instrument. The actual values can vary without a malfunction being present.		

DIAG/System test	DIAG/System test			
Function	Options	Info		
▶ Heartbeat		Heartbeat has no effect on the outputs and their status. You can start the verification at any time without affecting the measurement.		
<ul> <li>Perform verification</li> </ul>		Starts verification.		
		<ol> <li>To save the results, press OK.</li> <li></li></ol>		
		2. Ensure that the writable SD card is inserted in the device's card reader.		
		Export to SD-card.		
		<ul> <li>Results are written to the SD card in the form of a PDF file. Display indicates if this was successful or not.</li> </ul>		
		3. If export fails:		
		Check SD card; use a different SD card if necessary. Check SD compartment on base module.		
⊳ Verification results		Result displayPlant operator Customized text, maximum 32 charactersLocation Customized text, maximum 32 charactersVerification report Automatic time stampVerification ID Automatic counterOverall result Passed or failed		
⊳ Export to SD- card		<ul><li>Export the verification report as a pdf file</li><li>Detailed report on various device tests</li><li>Input and output information</li><li>Device information</li><li>Sensor information</li></ul>		
		The report is ready to be printed out and signed. You can file it immediately in an operations log, for example.		

# 12.12 Resetting the measuring device

DIAG/Reset			
Function	Options	Info	
▷ Device restart	Selection OK ESC	Restart and keep all the settings	
▷ Factory default	Selection OK ESC	Restart with factory settings Settings that have not been saved are lost.	

# 12.13 Device information

# 12.13.1 System information

DIAG/System information				
Function	Options	Info		
Device tag	Read only	Individual device tag → <b>General</b> settings		
Order code	Read only	You can order identical hardware with this code. This code changes on account of changes to the hardware and you can enter the new code you received from the manufacturer here <sup>1)</sup> .		
To establish the version of your d address: www.endress.com/orde		the search screen at the following		
Orig. order code ext.	Read only	Complete order code for the original device, resulting from the product structure.		
Current order code ext.	Read only	Current code, taking into account changes to the hardware. You must enter this code yourself.		
Serial number	Read only	The serial number allows you to access device data and documentation on the Internet: www.endress.com/device-viewer		
Software version	Read only	Current version		
► HART Only with the HART option	Read only Bus address Unique address Manufacturer ID Device type Device revision Software revision	HART-specific information The unique address is linked to the serial number and is used to access devices in a Multidrop environment. Device and software version numbers are incremented as soon as changes have been made.		
► Modbus Only with the Modbus option	Read only Enable Bus address Termination Modbus TCP Port 502	Modbus-specific information		
▶ PROFIBUS Only with the PROFIBUS option	Read only Termination Bus address Ident number Baudrate DPV0 state DPV0 fault DPV0 master addr DPV0 WDT [ms]	Module status and other PROFIBUS- specific information		

DIAG/System information						
Function	Options	Info				
▶ Ethernet Only with the Ethernet, EtherNet/IP, Modbus TCP, Modbus RS485 or PROFIBUS DP or PROFINET option	Read only Enable Webserver Link settings DHCP IP-Address Netmask Gateway Service switch MAC-Address EtherNetIP Port 44818 Modbus TCP Port 502 Webserver TCP port 80	Ethernet-specific information Display depends on the fieldbus protocol used.				
▶ PROFINET						
Only with the PROFINET option						
Name of station	Read only					
▶ SD card	Read only • Total • Free memory					
▶ System modules						
Backplane Base Display module Extension module 1 8	Read only • Description • Serial number • Order code • Hardware version • Software version	This information is provided for every electronics module available. Specify the serial numbers and order codes when servicing, for example.				
► Sensors	Read only Description Serial number Order code Hardware version Software version	This information is provided for every sensor available. Specify the serial numbers and order codes when servicing, for example.				
Save system information						
⊳ Save to SD card	File name assigned automatically (includes a time stamp)	The information is saved on the SD card in a "sysinfo" subfolder. The csv file can be read and edited in MS Excel, for example. This file can be used when servicing the device.				

DIAG/System information					
Function	Options	Info			
► Heartbeat operation		Heartbeat functions are only available with the appropriate device version or optional access code.			
▶ Device	<ul> <li>Read only</li> <li>Total operating time</li> <li>Counters since reset</li> <li>Availability</li> <li>Operating time</li> <li>Time in failure</li> <li>Number of failures</li> <li>MTBF</li> <li>MTTR</li> <li>▷ Reset counters</li> </ul>	AvailabilityPercentage of time no error with the status signal F was pending (Operating time - Time in failure)*100% /Operating timeTime in failureTotal amount of time an error with the status signal F was pendingMTBF Mean Time Between Failures (Operating time - Time in failure)/ Number of failuresMTTR Mean Time To Repair Time in failure/Number of 			

1) Provided you give the manufacturer all the information about changes to the hardware.

### 12.13.2 Sensor information

• Select the required channel from the list of channels.

Information in the following categories is displayed:

Extreme values

Extreme conditions to which the sensor was previously exposed, e.g. min./max. temperatures  $^{\rm 3)}$ 

- Operating time Operating time of the sensor under defined extreme conditions
- Calibration information
   Calibration data of the last calibration
   Calibration data of the factory calibration<sup>4)</sup>
- Sensor specifications Measuring range limits for main measured value and temperature
- General information

Information on sensor identification

The specific data that are displayed depends on what sensor is connected.

<sup>3)</sup> Not available for all sensor types.

<sup>4)</sup> Not available for all sensor types.

Date	Version	Changes to firmware	Documentation
12/2019 01.07.00		Expansion Support for new BASE2 module PROFINET New sensor Memosens Wave CAS80E New sensor Memosens Wave CKI50 Time switch for binary process values depending on time- based conditions	BA01570C/07/EN/07.19 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/08.20
		<ul> <li>Improvement</li> <li>Maximum character length for formula mathematical function has been extended to 255 characters</li> <li>Heartbeat device status also via fieldbus</li> <li>Heartbeat Verification: Status "not activated" redefined</li> <li>Single-point calibration for pH sensors adapted to process and logbook behavior of CM42</li> <li>Format of delta time extended to seconds</li> </ul>	
01/2019	01.06.08	<ul> <li>Improvement</li> <li>Heartbeat verification no longer affects outputs</li> <li>Graphic display of Heartbeat status also in integrated web server</li> <li>Limit values for electrolyte depletion for amperometric oxygen sensors</li> <li>Limit values for CIP cycles for 4-pin conductivity sensors</li> </ul>	BA01570C/07/EN/05.19 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/06.19
05/2018	01.06.06	<ul> <li>Improvement</li> <li>New soft keys ALL and NONE in multiple choice editors</li> <li>Manual factor for CAS51D nitrate</li> <li>Calibration timer and validity revised for pH, conductivity, oxygen and disinfection</li> <li>Clear distinction between offset and 1-point calibration for pH</li> <li>Heartbeat verification report can now also be downloaded via the web server</li> <li>Better description of diagnostics code 013</li> </ul>	BA01570C/07/EN/04.18 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/05.17
06/2017	01.06.04	Expansion • Heartbeat Monitoring and Verification • New mathematical function <b>Formula</b> • New sensors: CUS50D and chlorine dioxide • Calibration via Ethernet/IP • PDF generator for Heartbeat • Sample calibration CAS51D • OUSAF46 with Easycal	BA01570C/07/EN/03.17 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/05.17
		<ul> <li>Improvement</li> <li>Changes to conductivity concentration tables</li> <li>Renaming of parameter chlorine → Disinfection</li> <li>Last active measuring screen restored after reboot</li> <li>Cap and electrolyte replacements are logged in the calibration logbook (oxygen, disinfection)</li> <li>Manual factor for nitrate</li> </ul>	

# 12.14 Firmware history

Date	Version	Changes to firmware	Documentation
12/2016	01.06.03	<ul> <li>Expansion</li> <li>EasyCal filter recertification date visible in the DIAG/ Sensor information/Operating time menu</li> <li>Sensor calibration via Modbus or Ethernet/IP: conductivity, oxygen, chlorine and turbidity</li> <li>Four-factor adjustment, SAC</li> <li>Flash meter, nitrate and SAC</li> <li>New sludge model CUS51D</li> <li>Improvement</li> <li>Local display can be locked via Modbus or Ethernet/IP</li> <li>The output status can also be recorded in the data logbook</li> <li>Name of Endress+Hauser pH buffer 9.18 changed to 9.22</li> <li>CUS51D factor can be read out via fieldbus</li> </ul>	BA01570C/07/EN/02.16 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/04.16
03/2016	01.06.00	Original firmware Expansion Heartbeat verification User-configurable diagnostic modules Four-factor adjustment, SAC Offset calibration CUS71D New mathematical function, cation exchanger Configurable byte order for Modbus Improvement Sensor calibration validity check (adaptation to batch processes) pH-Offset can be saved in either the sensor or the transmitter (previously only possible in the transmitter) CUS71D screens (gain display, trend information) Modified menu texts	BA01570C/07/EN/01.16 BA00486C/07/EN/02.13 BA01245C/07/EN/03.16

### LZ4 Library

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# 13 Maintenance

Effects on process and process control

 Take all the necessary precautions in time to ensure the operational safety and reliability of the entire measuring point.

The maintenance of the measuring point comprises:

- Calibration
- Cleaning the controller, assembly and sensor
- Checking cables and connections.

### **WARNING**

## Process pressure and temperature, contamination, electrical voltage

Risk of serious or fatal injury

- Avoid hazards posed by pressure, temperature and contamination.
- Make sure the device is de-energized before you open it.
- Power can be supplied to switching contacts from separate circuits. De-energize these circuits before working on the terminals.

### NOTICE

#### Electrostatic discharge (ESD)

Risk of damaging the electronic components

- Take personal protective measures to avoid ESD, such as discharging beforehand at PE or permanent grounding with a wrist strap.
- ► For your own safety, use only genuine spare parts. With genuine parts, the function, accuracy and reliability are also ensured after maintenance work.

# 13.1 Cleaning

## 13.1.1 Controller

• Clean the front of the housing using commercially available cleaning agents only.

The front of the housing is resistant to the following in accordance with DIN 42 115:

- Ethanol (for a short time)
- Diluted acids (max. 2% HCl)
- Diluted bases (max. 3% NaOH)
- Soap-based household cleaning agents

### NOTICE

#### Cleaning agents not permitted

Damage to the housing surface or housing seal

- Never use concentrated mineral acids or alkaline solutions for cleaning.
- ► Never use organic cleaners such as acetone, benzyl alcohol, methanol, methylene chloride, xylene or concentrated glycerol cleaner.
- ► Never use high-pressure steam for cleaning.

## 13.1.2 Digital sensors

### **A**CAUTION

#### Programs not switched off during maintenance activities.

Risk of injury due to medium or cleaning agent!

- Quit any programs that are active.
- ► Switch to the service mode.
- If testing the cleaning function while cleaning is in progress, wear protective clothing, goggles and gloves or take other suitable measures to protect yourself.

#### Replacing the sensor while ensuring measuring point availability

If an error occurs or the maintenance schedule stipulates that the sensor has to be replaced, use a new sensor, or a sensor that has been precalibrated in the laboratory.

- A sensor is calibrated in the laboratory under optimum external conditions, thereby ensuring better quality of measurement.
- You must perform onsite calibration if you use a sensor that is not precalibrated.
- **1.** Pay attention to the safety instructions regarding the removal of the sensor that are provided in the Operating Instructions for the sensor.
- 2. Remove the sensor that requires maintenance.
- 3. Install the new sensor.
  - └ The sensor data are automatically accepted by the transmitter. A release code is not required.

Measurement is resumed.

- 4. Take the used sensor back to the laboratory.
  - In the laboratory get the sensor ready for reuse while ensuring the availability of the measuring point.

#### Prepare the sensor for reuse

- 1. Clean sensor.
  - ← For this purpose, use the cleaning agent specified in the sensor manual.
- 2. Inspect the sensor for cracks or other damage.
- 3. If no damage is found, regenerate the sensor. Where necessary, store the sensor in a regeneration solution ( $\rightarrow$  sensor manual).
- 4. Recalibrate the sensor for reuse.

### 13.1.3 Assemblies

Refer to the assembly operating instructions for information on servicing and troubleshooting the assembly. The assembly operating manual describes the procedure for mounting and disassembling the assembly, replacing the sensors and seals, and contains information on the material resistance properties, as well as on spare parts and accessories.

# 14 Repair

# 14.1 General notes

The repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The product has a modular design
- Spare parts are grouped into kits which include the associated kit instructions
- Only use original spare parts from the manufacturer
- Repairs are carried out by the manufacturer's Service Department or by trained users
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified device versions by the manufacturer's Service Department or at the factory
- Observe applicable standards, national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates

1. Carry out the repair according to the kit instructions.

2. Document the repair and conversion and enter, or have entered, in the Life Cycle Management tool (W@M).

# 14.2 Spare parts

Device spare parts that are currently available for delivery can be found on the website: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/SparePartFinder

• Quote the serial number of the device when ordering spare parts.

# 14.3 Return

The product must be returned if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong product was ordered or delivered. As an ISO-certified company and also due to legal regulations, Endress+Hauser is obliged to follow certain procedures when handling any returned products that have been in contact with medium.

To ensure the swift, safe and professional return of the device:

 Refer to the website www.endress.com/support/return-material for information on the procedure and conditions for returning devices.

# 14.4 Disposal

The device contains electronic components. The product must be disposed of as electronic waste.

► Observe the local regulations.

### Dispose of batteries correctly

• Always dispose of batteries in accordance with local regulations on battery disposal.

# 15 Accessories

The following are the most important accessories available at the time this documentation was issued.

Listed accessories are technically compatible with the product in the instructions.

- Application-specific restrictions of the product combination are possible.
   Ensure conformity of the measuring point to the application. This is the responsibility of the operator of the measuring point.
- 2. Pay attention to the information in the instructions for all products, particularly the technical data.
- 3. For accessories not listed here, please contact your Service or Sales Center.

# 15.1 Device-specific accessories

### 15.1.1 Measuring cables

#### Memosens data cable CYK10

- For digital sensors with Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk10

Technical Information TI00118C

#### Memosens data cable CYK11

- Extension cable for digital sensors with Memosens protocol
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyk11

Technical Information TI00118C

### 15.1.2 Sensors

#### Glass electrodes

#### Memosens CPS11E

- pH sensor for standard applications in process and environmental engineering
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps11e



Technical Information TI01493C

#### Memosens CPS41E

- pH sensor for process technology
- With ceramic junction and KCl liquid electrolyte
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps41e

Technical Information TI01495C

#### Memosens CPS71E

- pH sensor for chemical process applications
- With ion trap for poison-resistant reference
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps71e

Technical Information TI01496C

#### Memosens CPS91E

- pH sensor for heavily polluted media
- With open aperture
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps91e

Technical Information TI01497C

#### Memosens CPS31E

- pH sensor for standard applications in drinking water and swimming pool water
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps31e

Technical Information TI01574C

#### Memosens CPS61E

- pH sensor for bioreactors in life sciences and for the food industry
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps61e

Technical Information TI01566C

#### Memosens CPF81E

- pH sensor for mining operations, industrial water and wastewater treatment
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpf81e

Technical Information TI01594C

### Enamel pH electrodes

#### Ceramax CPS341D

- pH electrode with pH-sensitive enamel
- Meets highest demands of measuring accuracy, pressure, temperature, sterility and durability
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps341d

Technical Information TI00468C

#### **ORP** sensors

#### Memosens CPS12E

- ORP sensor for standard applications in process and environmental engineering
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps12e

Technical Information TI01494C

#### Memosens CPS42E

- ORP sensor for process technology
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps42e

Technical Information TI01575C

#### Memosens CPS72E

- ORP sensor for chemical process applications
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps72e

Technical Information TI01576C

#### Memosens CPF82E

- ORP sensor for mining operations, industrial water and wastewater treatment
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cpf82e

Technical Information TI01595C

#### Memosens CPS92E

- ORP sensor for use in heavily polluted media
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps92e

Technical Information TI01577C

#### Memosens CPS62E

- ORP sensor for hygienic and sterile applications
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps62e

Technical Information TI01604C

#### pH-ISFET sensors

#### Memosens CPS47E

- ISFET sensor for pH measurement
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps47e

Technical Information TI01616C

#### Memosens CPS77E

- Sterilizable and autoclavable ISFET sensor for pH measurement
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps77e

Technical Information TI01396

#### Memosens CPS97E

- ISFET sensor for pH measurement
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps97e

Technical Information TI01618C

#### pH and ORP combined sensors

#### Memosens CPS16E

- pH/ORP sensor for standard applications in process technology and environmental engineering
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps16e

Technical Information TI01600C

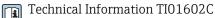
#### Memosens CPS76E

- pH/ORP sensor for process technology
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps76e

Technical Information TI01601C

#### Memosens CPS96E

- pH/ORP sensor for heavily polluted media and suspended solids
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cps96e



#### Conductivity sensors with inductive measurement of conductivity

#### Indumax CLS50D

- High-durability inductive conductivity sensor
- For standard and hazardous area applications
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls50d

Technical Information TI00182C

#### Indumax H CLS54D

- Inductive conductivity sensor
- With certified, hygienic design for foodstuffs, beverages, pharmaceuticals and biotechnology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls54d

Technical Information TI00508C

#### Conductivity sensors with conductive measurement of conductivity

#### Memosens CLS15E

- Digital conductivity sensor for measurements in pure and ultrapure water
- Conductive measurement
- With Memosens 2.0
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls15e

Technical Information TI01526C

#### Memosens CLS16E

- Digital conductivity sensor for measurements in pure and ultrapure water
- Conductive measurement
- With Memosens 2.0
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls16e

Technical Information TI01527C

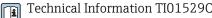
#### Memosens CLS21E

- Digital conductivity sensor for media with medium or high conductivity
- Conductive measurement
- With Memosens 2.0
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls21e

Technical Information TI01528C

#### Memosens CLS82E

- Hygienic conductivity sensor
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cls82e



### Oxygen sensors

#### Memosens COS22E

- Hygienic amperometric oxygen sensor with maximum measurement stability over multiple sterilization cycles
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos22e

Technical Information TI01619C

#### Memosens COS51E

- Amperometric oxygen sensor for water, wastewater and utilities
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos51e

Technical Information TI01620C

#### Oxymax COS61D

- Optical oxygen sensor for drinking water and industrial water measurement
- Measuring principle: quenching
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos61d

Technical Information TI00387C

#### Memosens COS81E

- Hygienic optical oxygen sensor with maximum measurement stability over multiple sterilization cycles
- Digital with Memosens 2.0 technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cos81e

Technical Information TI01558C

### **Disinfection sensors**

#### Memosens CCS51D

- Sensor for measuring free available chlorine
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/ccs51d

Technical Information TI01423C

#### Ion-selective sensors

#### ISEmax CAS40D

- Ion selective sensors
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas40d

Technical Information TI00491C

#### **Turbidity sensors**

#### **Turbimax CUS51D**

- For nephelometric measurements of turbidity and solids in wastewater
- 4-beam scattered light method
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus51d

Technical Information TI00461C

#### Turbimax CUS52D

- Hygienic Memosens sensor for turbidity measurement in drinking water, process water and in utilities
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus52d

Technical Information TI01136C

#### SAC and nitrate sensors

#### Viomax CAS51D

- SAC and nitrate measurement in drinking water and wastewater
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas51d

Technical Information TI00459C

#### Interface measurement

#### Turbimax CUS71D

- Immersion sensor for interface measurement
- Ultrasonic interface sensor
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cus71d

Technical Information TI00490C

#### Spectrometer sensors

#### Memosens Wave CAS80E

- Measurement of various parameters in liquid media
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cas80e

Technical Information TI01522C

#### Fluorescence sensors

#### Memosens CFS51

- Sensor for fluorescence measurement
- With Memosens technology
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cfs51

Technical Information TI01630C

# **15.2** Communication-specific accessories

#### Device Care SFE100

- Configuration of Endress+Hauser devices
- Fast and easy installation, online application updates, one-click connection to devices
- Automatic hardware identification and driver catalog update
- Device configuration with DTMs

Technical Information Device Care SFE100, TI01134S

#### **Commubox FXA195**

Intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB port



Technical Information TI00404F

#### Commubox FXA291

Connects the CDI interface of measuring devices with the USB port of the computer or laptop



Technical Information TI00405C

#### Wireless HART adapter SWA70

- Wireless device connection
- Easily integrated, offers data protection and transmission safety, can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks, minimum cabling complexity

Technical Information TI00061S

#### Field Data Manager Software MS20/21

- PC software for central data management
- Visualization of series of measurements and logbook events
- SQL database for secure data storage

#### FieldCare SFE500

- Universal tool for field device configuration and management
- Supplied with a complete library of certified DTMs (Device Type Manager) for operation of Endress+Hauser field devices
- Order according to product order structure
- www.endress.com/sfe500

#### Memobase Plus CYZ71D

- PC software to support laboratory calibration
- Visualization and documentation of sensor management
- Sensor calibrations stored in database
- Product Configurator on the product page: www.endress.com/cyz71d

Technical Information TI00502C

#### 15.3 Service-specific accessories

#### 15.3.1 Additional functionality

#### Hardware extension modules

#### Kit, extension module AOR

- 2 x relay, 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA analog output
- Order No. 71111053

#### Kit, extension module 2R

- 2 x relay
- Order No. 71125375

#### Kit, extension module 4R

- 4 x relav
- Order No. 71125376

#### Kit, extension module 2AO

- 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA analog output
- Order No. 71135632

#### Kit, extension module 4AO

- 4 x analog output 0/4 to 20 mA
- Order No. 71135633

#### Kit, extension module 2DS

- 2 x digital sensor, Memosens
- Order No. 71135631

#### Kit, extension module 2AI

- 2 x 0/4 to 20 mA analog input
- Order No. 71135639

#### Kit, extension module DIO

- 2 x digital input
- 2 x digital output
- Auxiliary voltage supply for digital output
- Order No. 71135638

#### Upgrade kit, extension module 485DP

- Extension module 485DP
- PROFIBUS DP
- Order No. 71575177

#### Upgrade kit, extension module 485MB

- Extension module 485MB
- Modbus RS485
- Order No. 71575178

#### Firmware and activation codes

#### SD card with Liquiline firmware

- Industrial Flash Drive, 1 GB
- Order No. 71127100

You must quote the serial number of the device when ordering the activation code.

#### **Kit CM442: activation code for 2nd digital sensor input** Order No. 71114663

#### Activation code for feedforward control

- Requires current input or fieldbus communication
- Order No. 71211288

#### Activation code for measuring range switch

- Requires digital inputs or fieldbus communication
- Order No. 71211289

#### Activation code for ChemocleanPlus

- Requires relays or digital outputs or fieldbus communication and optional digital inputs
- Order No. 71239104

#### Activation code for Heartbeat Verification and Monitoring Order No. 71367524

#### Activation code for mathematics

- Formula editor
- Order No. 71367541

Activation code for Ethernet/IP and web server Order No. XPC0018

Activation code for Modbus TCP and web server Order No. XPC0020

Activation code for web server for BASE2 Order No. XPC0021

Activation code for PROFINET and web server Base2 Order No. XPC0022

Activation code for HART Order No. XPC0023

Activation code for Profibus DP for module 485 Order No. XPC0024 Activation code for module 485 Modbus RS485 Order No. XPC0025

Activation code for Liquiline inputs/outputs Order No. XPC0026

# **15.4** System components

### RIA14, RIA16

- Field display unit for integration into 4-20 mA circuits
- RIA14 in flameproof metal enclosure

Technical Information TI00143R and TI00144R

### RIA15

- Process display unit, Digital display unit for integration into 4-20 mA circuits
- Panel mounting
- With optional HART communication

Technical Information TI01043K

# 15.5 Other accessories

# 15.5.1 External display<sup>5)</sup>

### Graphic display

- For installation in the control cabinet door or panel
- Order number: 71185295

#### Service display

- Portable, for commissioning
- Order number: 71185296

# 15.5.2 SD card

- Industrial Flash Drive, 1 GB
- Order number: 71110815

## 15.5.3 M12 built-in socket and cable junction with Velcro strip

### Kit CM442/CM444/CM448/CSF48: M12 built-in socket for digital sensors

- Pre-terminated
- Order No. 71107456

# Kit CM442/CM444/CM448/CSF48: M12 built-in socket for PROFIBUS DP/Modbus RS485

- B-coded, pre-terminated
- Order No. 71140892

### Kit CM442/CM444/CM448/CSF48: M12 built-in socket for Ethernet

- D-coded, pre-terminated
- Order No. 71140893

### Kit: external CDI socket, complete

- Retrofit kit for CDI interface, with terminated connecting cables
- Order No. 51517507

<sup>5)</sup> The external display can be selected as an option in the product structure or ordered subsequently as an accessory.

# Cable junction with Velcro strip4 pieces, for sensor cableOrder No. 71092051

# 16 Technical data

# 16.1 Input

Measured variables	<b>Spectrometer</b> Color (L*, a*, b*)		
	Memosens sensors $\rightarrow$ Documentation of the connected sensor		
Measuring ranges	Spectrometer → Documentation of the connected sensor Memosens sensors → Documentation of the connected sensor		
Types of input	<ul> <li>Digital sensor inputs for sensors with Memosens protocol</li> <li>Analog current inputs (optional)</li> <li>Digital inputs (optional)</li> <li>Digital sensor inputs for intrinsically safe sensors with Memosens protocol and Ex approval (optional)</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Only the following approved sensors, cables and devices may be connected to the intrinsically safe digital sensor inputs of the sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i:</li> <li>Memosens cable xYK10, xYK20 The connection of the sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i, which is an associated apparatus of CM44P, with the Memosens cable xYK10 and xYK20 is certified as a system.</li> <li>Digital Memosens sensors and other Memosens devices <ul> <li>Sensors and devices must meet the specified electrical parameters of the CM44P with the sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i.</li> <li>Sensors and devices excluding xLS50D must be connected with Memosens cable xYK10 or xYK20 via an inductive interface.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Digital sensor simulator xYP03D Sensor simulator/ Memocheck simulation tester (type xYP03D) must be used with the following batteries: Duracell MN1500 or Energizer EN91.</li> </ul>		
Input signal	<ul> <li>Depending on version:</li> <li>1 x spectrometer</li> <li>max. 4 x binary sensor signal</li> <li>2 x 0/4 to 20 mA (optional), passive, potentially isolated from one another and from the sensor inputs</li> <li>0 to 30 V</li> </ul>		
Cable specification	<b>Cable type</b> Memosens data cable CYK10 or sensor fixed cable, each with cable end sleeves or M12 circular plug (optional, for field housing)		
	Cable length		

Electrical specification	<ul><li>drawing power (passive)</li><li>Galvanically isolated</li></ul>
Span	<ul> <li>High: 11 to 30 V DC</li> <li>Low: 0 to 5 V DC</li> </ul>
Nominal input current	max. 8 mA
PFM function	Minimum pulse width: 500 µs (1 kHz)
Test voltage	500 V
Cable specification	Max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)

# 16.2 Digital inputs, passive

# 16.3 Current input, passive

Span	> 0 to 20 mA			
Signal characteristic	Linear			
Internal resistance	Non-linear			
Test voltage	500 V			
	16.4 Output			
Output signal	<ul> <li>sensor circuits</li> <li>4 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, gasensor circuits</li> <li>6 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, gasensor circuits</li> <li>8 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, gasensor circuits</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits</li> <li>4 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits</li> <li>6 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits</li> <li>8 x 0/4 to 20 mA, active, galvanically isolated from one another and from the sensor circuits</li> </ul>		
	HART			
	Signal encoding	FSK ± 0.5 mA above current signal		
	Data transmission rate	1200 baud		
	Galvanic isolation	Yes		

Load (communication resistor)

250 Ω

PROFIBUS DP/RS485	
Signal encoding	EIA/TIA-485, PROFIBUS DP-compliant acc. to IEC 61158
Data transmission rate	9.6 kBd, 19.2 kBd, 45.45kBd, 93.75 kBd, 187.5 kBd, 500 kBd, 1.5 MBd, 6 MBd, 12 MBd
Galvanic isolation	Yes
Connectors	Spring terminal (max. 1.5 mm), bridged internally (T-function), optional M12
Bus termination	Internal slide switch with LED display

Modbus RS485		
Signal encoding	EIA/TIA-485	
Data transmission rate	2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 and 115,200 baud	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	
Connectors	Spring terminal (max. 1.5 mm), bridged internally (T-function), optional M12	
Bus termination	Internal slide switch with LED display	

Ethernet and Modbus TCP		
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)	
Data transmission rate	10/100 MBd	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	
Connection	RJ45	
IP address	DHCP (default) or configuration via menu	

Ethernet/IP		
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)	
Data transmission rate	10/100 MBd	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	
Connection	RJ45	
IP address	DHCP (default) or configuration via menu	

PROFINET		
Signal encoding	IEEE 802.3 (Ethernet)	
Data transmission rate	100 MBd	
Galvanic isolation	Yes	
Connection	RJ45	
Name of station	Via DCP protocol by means of configuration tool (e.g. Siemens PRONETA)	
IP address	Via DCP protocol by means of configuration tool (e.g. Siemens PRONETA)	

Signal on alarm	Adjustable, as per NAMUR Recommendation NE 43 In measuring range 0 to 20 mA (HART is not available with this measuring range): Failure current from 0 to 23 mA In measuring range 4 to 20 mA:		
	Failure current from 2.4 to 23 mA		
	<ul> <li>Factory setting for failure current for both measuring ranges: 21.5 mA</li> </ul>		
Load	Μαχ. 500 Ω		
Linearization/transmission behavior	Linear		
	16.5 Digital outputs, passive		
Electrical specification	Passive		
	<ul> <li>Open collector, max. 30 V, 15 mA</li> <li>Maximum voltage drop 3 V</li> </ul>		
External power supply	When using an onsite auxiliary voltage supply and an onsite digital input:		
	Recommended minimum auxiliary voltage = $3 V + V_{IHmin}$ ( $V_{IHmin}$ = minimum input voltage required (high-level input voltage)		
PFM function	Minimum pulse width: 500 µs (1 kHz)		
Auxiliary voltage	<ul><li>Electrical specification</li><li>Galvanically isolated</li></ul>		
	<ul> <li>Unregulated, 24 V DC</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Max. 50 mA (per DIO module)</li> </ul>		
Test voltage	500 V		
Cable specification	Max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)		
	16.6 Current outputs, active		
Span	0 to 23 mA		
	2.4 to 23 mA for HART communication		
Signal characteristic	Linear		
Electrical specification	<b>Output voltage</b> Max, 24 V		
Electrical specification	Output voltage Max. 24 V Test voltage		

Cable specification

#### Cable type

Recommended: shielded cable

# Cable specification $M_{\text{case}} > 5 \text{ mm}^2 (14, 1)$

Max. 2.5  $mm^2$  (14 AWG)

# 16.7 Relay outputs

#### Electrical specification

# Relay types1 single-pin changeover contact (alarm relay)

• 2 or 4 single-pin changeover contacts (optional with extension modules)

#### Maximum load

- Alarm relay: 0.5 A
- All other relays: 2.0 A

#### Relay switching capacity

Base module (Alarm relay)

Switching voltage	Load (max.)	Switching cycles (min.)
230 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	700,000
	0.5 A	450,000
115 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	1,000,000
	0.5 A	650,000
24 V DC, L/R = 0 to 1 ms	0.1 A	500,000
	0.5 A	350,000

#### Extension modules

Switching voltage	Load (max.)	Switching cycles (min.)
230 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	700,000
	0.5 A	450,000
	2 A	120,000
115 V AC, $\cos \Phi = 0.8$ to 1	0.1 A	1,000,000
	0.5 A	650,000
	2 A	170,000
24 V DC, L/R = 0 to 1 ms	0.1 A	500,000
	0.5 A	350,000
	2 A	150,000

#### Cable specification

Max. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)

# 16.8 Protocol-specific data

#### HART

Manufacturer ID	11 <sub>h</sub>
Device type	155D <sub>h</sub>
Device revision	001 <sub>h</sub>
HART version	7.2
Device description files (DD/DTM)	www.endress.com/hart Device Integration Manager DIM
Device variables	16 user-definable and 16 predefined device variables, dynamic variables PV, SV, TV, QV
Supported features	PDM DD, AMS DD, DTM, Field Xpert DD

#### PROFIBUS DP

Manufacturer ID	11 <sub>h</sub>
Device type	155D <sub>h</sub>
Profile version	3.02
Device database files (GSD files)	www.endress.com/profibus Device Integration Manager DIM
Output variables	16 AI blocks, 8 DI blocks
Input variables	4 AO blocks, 8 DO blocks
Supported features	<ul> <li>1 MSCY0 connection (cyclical communication, master class 1 to slave)</li> <li>1 MSAC1 connection (acyclical communication, master class 1 to slave)</li> <li>2 MSAC2 connections (acyclical communication, master class 2 to slave)</li> <li>Device lock: The device can be locked using the hardware or software.</li> <li>Addressing using DIL switches or software</li> <li>GSD, PDM DD, DTM</li> </ul>

#### Modbus RS485

Protocol	RTU/ASCII
Function codes	03, 04, 06, 08, 16, 23
Broadcast support for function codes	06, 16, 23
Output data	16 measured values (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status)
Input data	4 setpoints (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status), diagnostic information
Supported features	Address can be configured using switch or software

#### Modbus TCP

TCP port	502
TCP connections	3
Protocol	ТСР
Function codes	03, 04, 06, 08, 16, 23
Broadcast support for function codes	06, 16, 23
Output data	16 measured values (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status)

1	4 setpoints (value, unit, status), 8 digital values (value, status), diagnostic information
Supported features	Address can be configured using DHCP or software

#### Ethernet/IP

	-	
Log	EtherNet/IP	
ODVA certification	Yes	
Device profile	Generic device (p	roduct type: 0x2B)
Manufacturer ID	0x049E <sub>h</sub>	
Device type ID	0x109C <sub>h</sub>	
Polarity	Auto-MIDI-X	
Connections	CIP	12
	I/O	6
	Explicit message	6
	Multicast	3 consumers
Minimum RPI	100 ms (default)	
Maximum RPI	10000 ms	
System integration	EtherNet/IP	EDS
	Rockwell	Add-on-Profile Level 3, Faceplate for Factory Talk SE
IO data	Input (T $\rightarrow$ O)	Device status and diagnostic message with highest priority
		Measured values: • 16 AI (analog input) + Status + Unit • 8 DI (discrete input) + Status
	Output (O → T)	Actuating values: • 4 A0 (analog output) + status + unit • 8 DO (discrete output) + Status

#### PROFINET

Protocol	"Application layer protocol for decentral device periphery and distributed automation", PNIO Version 2.34
Communication type	100 MBit/s
Conformance Class	Conformance Class B
Netload Class	Netload Class II
Baud rate	Automatic 100 Mbps with full-duplex detection
Cycle times	From 32 ms
Device profile	Application interface identifier 0xF600 Generic device
PROFINET interface	1 port, Realtime Class 1 (RT_CLASS_1)
Manufacturer ID	0x11 <sub>h</sub>
Device type ID	0x859C D <sub>h</sub>
Device description files (GSD)	Information and files under: • www.endress.com On the product page for the device: Documents/Software → Device drivers • www.profibus.com On the website under Products/Product Finder
Polarity	Auto-polarity for automatic correction of crossed TxD and RxD pairs
Supported connections	<ul> <li>1 x AR (IO Controller AR)</li> <li>1 x AR (IO-Supervisor Device AR connection allowed)</li> <li>1 x Input CR (Communication Relation)</li> <li>1 x Output CR (Communication Relation)</li> <li>1 x Alarm CR (Communication Relation)</li> </ul>
Configuration options for measuring device	<ul> <li>Web browser</li> <li>Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare, DeviceCare)</li> <li>Device master file (GSD), can be read out via the integrated web server of the measuring device</li> </ul>
Configuration of the device name	DCP protocol
Supported functions	<ul> <li>Identification &amp; maintenance Simple device identification via:</li> <li>Process control system</li> <li>Nameplate</li> <li>Measured value status The process variables are communicated with a measured value status</li> <li>Blinking feature (FLASH_ONCE) via the local display for simple device identification and assignment</li> <li>Device operation via operating tools (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)</li> </ul>
System integration	For information on system integration, see the Operating Instructions • Cyclic data transmission • Overview and description of the modules • Status coding • Startup configuration • Factory setting

 Web server
 The web server enables full access to the device configuration, measured values, diagnostic messages, logbooks and service data via standard WiFi/WLAN/LAN/GSM or 3G routers with a user-defined IP address.

TCP port	80
Supported features	<ul> <li>Remote-controlled device configuration(1 session)</li> <li>Save/restore device configuration (via SD card)</li> <li>Logbook export (file formats: CSV, FDM)</li> <li>Access to web server via DTM or Internet Explorer</li> <li>Login</li> <li>Web server can be switched off</li> </ul>

# 16.9 Energy supply

Supply voltage	<ul> <li>CM44P</li> <li>Depending on the version,:</li> <li>100 to 230 V AC, 50/60 Hz</li> <li>Maximum permitted fluctuation of mains supply voltage: ± 15 % of nominal voltage <sup>6</sup>)</li> <li>24 V DC</li> <li>Maximum permitted fluctuation of mains supply voltage: + 20/- 15 % of nominal voltage <sup>6</sup>)</li> </ul>
Power consumption	CM44P Depending on supply voltage • 100 to 230 V AC: Max. 73 VA (field device) Max. 150 VA (cabinet device) <sup>6)</sup> • 24 V DC: Max. 68 W (field device) Max. 59 W (cabinet device) <sup>6)</sup>
Fuse	Fuse not exchangeable
Surge arrester	Integrated overvoltage/lightning protection as per EN 61326-1/-2 Protection category 1 and 3

<sup>6) \*</sup>Specifications only apply if used with power unit supplied by manufacturer.

#### Cable entries

Cable entries for transmitters for the non-hazardous area

Identification of the cable entry on housing base	Suitable gland
B, C, H, I, 1-8	M16x1.5 mm/NPT3/8"/G3/8
A, D, F, G	M20x1.5 mm/NPT1/2"/G1/2
E	-
÷	M12x1.5 mm
<u>विचल</u> ्य	Recommended assignment
	1-8Sensors 1-8APower supplyBUnrestricted useCRS485 Out or M12 EthernetD,F,GCurrent outputs and inputs, relaysHRS485 In or M12 DP/RS485IUnrestricted useEDo not use

Cable entries for transmitters with sensor communication module 2DS Ex-i for the hazardous area

Identification of the cable entry on housing base	Suitable gland	
B, C, H, I, 1-8	M16x1.5 mm/NPT3/8"/G3/8	
A, D, F, G	M20x1.5 mm/NPT1/2"/G1/2	
Е	-	
÷	M12x1.5 mm	
A	Recommended assignment	
	1/2/3 Do not use 5/6/7	
	4/8 Intrinsically safe sensors B/F/G/I	
	A Power supply	
	C RS485 Out or M12 Ethernet	
	D Current outputs and inputs, relays	
	H RS485 In or M12 DP/RS485	
	E Do not use	
AUA45661 99 A: Non-hazardous area, B: Hazardous area		

Do not cross cables for the non-hazardous area and the hazardous area in the housing. Select a suitable cable entry for the connection.

#### Cable specification

Cable gland	Permitted cable diameter
M16x1.5 mm	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")
M12x1.5 mm	2 to 5 mm (0.08 to 0.20")
M20x1.5 mm	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.48")
NPT3/8"	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")
G3/8	4 to 8 mm (0.16 to 0.32")
NPT1/2"	6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.48")
G1/2	7 to 12 mm (0.28 to 0.48")

**Cable glands mounted at the factory are tightened with 2 Nm.** 

```
Length of display cable provided (cabinet device only): 3 m (10 ft)
```

Maximum permitted length of a display cable (cabinet device only): 5 m (16.5 ft)

# 16.10 Performance characteristics

Response time	<b>Current outputs</b> $t_{90}$ = max. 500 ms for an increase from 0 to 20 mA
	<b>Current inputs</b> $t_{90}$ = max. 330 ms for an increase from 0 to 20 mA
	<b>Digital inputs and outputs</b> $t_{90} = max$ . 330 ms for an increase from low to high
Reference temperature	25 °C (77 °F)
Measurement error for sensor inputs	$\rightarrow$ Documentation of the connected sensor
Measurement error for current inputs and outputs	<b>Typical measured errors:</b> < 20 μA (with current values < 4 mA) < 50 μA (with current values 4 to 20 mA) at 25 °C (77° F) each
	Additional measured error depending on the temperature: $< 1.5 \ \mu A/K$
Frequency tolerance of digital inputs and outputs	≤ 1%
Resolution of current inputs and outputs	< 5 μΑ
Repeatability	$\rightarrow$ Documentation of the connected sensor

Vibration resistance	<b>Environmental tests</b> Vibration test according to DIN EN 60068-2 Vibration test according to DIN EN 60654-3
Climate class	As per IEC 60654-1: B2
	IP66/67, tightness and corrosion resistance in accordance with NEMA TYPE 4X
	Field device
	<b>External display</b> IP66 front-panel, when installed correctly including seal for housing door
Degree of protection	<b>cabinet device</b> IP20
	10 to 95 %, non-condensing
	Field device
	<b>External display (in installed state)</b> 10 to 95%, not condensing
Relative humidity	<b>cabinet device</b> 5 to 85%, not condensing
	–25 to 85 °C (–13 to 185 °F)
	Cabinet device
	-40 to +80 °C (-40 to 176 °F)
Storage temperature	Field device
	<ul> <li>Field device</li> <li>Generally -20 to 50 °C (-4 to 122 °F), with the exception of packages under the following point in the list</li> <li>-20 to 45 °C (-4 to 113 °F) for the following packages: CM44P-**FIHP2M4*A5FI*****+</li> </ul>
	<b>External display (optional)</b> -20 to 60 °C (-4 to 140 °F)
Ambient temperature	<ul> <li>Cabinet device</li> <li>Generally 0 to 50 °C (32 to 122 °F), with the exception of packages under the following point in the list</li> <li>0 to 45 °C (32 to 113 °F) for the following packages: CM44P-**DINP2M4*A5FI*****+</li> </ul>

# 16.11 Environment

	Frequency	range	10 to 500 Hz (sinusoi		
	Amplitude		10 to 57.5 Hz: 57.5 to 500 Hz:	0.15 mm 2 g <sup>1)</sup>	
	Test durati	on	10 frequency cycles/ s min)	spatial axis, in 3 spatial axes (1 oct./	
	Wall mour	nting			
	Frequency	range	10 to 150 Hz (sinusoi	dal)	
	Amplitude		10 to 12.9 Hz: 12.9 to 150 Hz:	0.75 mm 0.5 g <sup>1)</sup>	
	Test durati	on	10 frequency cycles/ s min)	spatial axis, in 3 spatial axes (1 oct./	
	1) g acc	eleration due to g	gravity (1 g $\approx$ 9.81 m/s <sup>2</sup> )		
Electromagnetic compatibility	Interferenc areas	e emission an	d interference immunity as	per EN 61326-1, class A for industrial	
Electrical safety	Field devic	e			
	Low voltag	-1, Class I equ e: overvoltage nt < 3000 m (	1		
	Cabinet de	vice			
	Low voltag	-1, Class I equ e: overvoltage nt < 2000 m (			
Pollution degree	Field devic	e			
	Pollution le	evel 2			
	cabinet de	vice			
	Pollution level 2				
	Optional display				
	Pollution le	evel 2			
Pressure compensation to environment field device only	Filter made of GORE-TEX used as pressure compensation element Ensures pressure compensation to environment and guarantees IP protection.				
	16.12	Mechani	cal construction		
Dimensions	→ 🗎 17				

#### Weight

#### **Field device** Complete device

Individual module

Approx. 2.1 kg (4.63 lbs), depending on the version Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs)

#### Cabinet device

CM44P (fully configured) Individual module External display (excluding cables) Service display cover External power unit

Approx. 0.95 kg (2.1 lbs) Approx. 0.06 kg (0.13 lbs) Approx. 0.56 kg (1.2 lbs) 0.46 kg (1 lbs) 0.27 to 0.42 kg (0.60 to 0.92 lbs), depending on the power unit variant

#### Materials

Housing base and DIN rail housing	PC-FR
	PC-FR
Display cover	PC-FR
Display film and soft keys (field device)	PE
Housing seal Display seal	EPDM
Soft keys (optional display)	EPDM
Module side panels	PC-FR
Module housing 2DS Ex-i	PC-PBT
Module covers	PBT GF30 FR
Cable mounting rail (field device) Terminal strip (cabinet device)	PBT GF30 FR, stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304) Nickel-plated brass
Clamps Ground terminals	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304)
Screws	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304)
Mounting plate (optional display)	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI304)
Securing screws (optional display)	Steel, galvanized
Cover for service display (accessories)	EPDM
Cable glands	Polyamide VO as per UL94
Separation element	PC-PBT GF30

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# Α

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