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Operating Instructions **iTEMP TMT36**

IO-Link temperature transmitter









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1 About this document

1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2 Symbols

1.2.1 Safety symbols

DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

A WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

ACAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

NOTICE

This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current
\sim	Alternating current
\sim	Direct current and alternating current
<u>+</u>	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network.Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

1.2.3 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
×	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.

Symbol	Meaning
i	Tip Indicates additional information.
I	Reference to documentation
	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
	Notice or individual step to be observed
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
L_	Result of a step
?	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

1.2.4 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers	1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views	A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area	×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)

1.3 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Flat blade screwdriver
A0011220	
	Phillips screwdriver
A0011219	
	Allen key
A0011221	
- AS	Open-ended wrench
A0011222	
	Torx screwdriver
A0013442	

1.4 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety Instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are a constituent part of the Operating Instructions. Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant for the device is provided on the nameplate.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

The following documentation may be available depending on the device version ordered:

1.5 Registered trademarks

⊗ IO-Link[®]

Is a registered trademark. It may only be used in conjunction with products and services by members of the IO-Link Community or by non-members who hold an appropriate license. For more detailed information on the use of IO-Link, please refer to the rules of the IO-Link Community at: www.io.link.com.

2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- Follow the instructions in this manual.

2.2 Intended use

The device is a universal and configurable temperature transmitter with a sensor input for resistance thermometers (RTD). The head transmitter version of the device is intended for mounting in a terminal head (flat face) as per DIN EN 50446. It is also possible to mount the device on a DIN rail using the optional DIN rail clip.

If the device is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or unintended use.

2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

• Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!

► If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- Use only original spare parts and accessories.

2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

2.6 IT security

Our warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

3.1 Incoming acceptance

Proceed as follows on receipt of the device:

- 1. Check whether the packaging is intact.
- 2. If damage is discovered:

Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer.

- 3. Do not install damaged components, as the manufacturer cannot otherwise guarantee the material resistance or compliance with the original safety requirements, and can also not be held responsible for the consequences that may result.
- 4. Compare the scope of delivery against the contents of your order.
- 5. Remove all the packaging material used for transportation.
- 6. Do the data on the nameplate match the ordering information on the delivery note?
- **7.** Are the technical documentation and all other necessary documents provided, e.g. certificates?

If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact your Sales Center.

3.2 **Product identification**

The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Enter the serial number from the nameplate in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all the information about the device and an overview of the Technical Documentation supplied with the device are displayed.
- Enter the serial number on the nameplate into the *Endress+Hauser Operations App* or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: all the information about the device and the technical documentation pertaining to the device is displayed.

3.2.1 Nameplate

The right device?

The nameplate provides you with the following information on the device:

- Manufacturer identification, device designation
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Tag name (TAG)
- Technical values: supply voltage, current consumption, ambient temperature, communication-specific data (optional)
- Degree of protection
- Approvals with symbols
- Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

3.2.2 Name and address of manufacturer

Name of manufacturer:	Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH + Co. KG
Address of manufacturer:	Obere Wank 1, D-87484 Nesselwang or www.endress.com

3.3 Storage and transport

Storage temperature: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F)

Maximum relative humidity : < 95 % as per IEC 60068-2-30

Pack the device for storage and transportation in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

Avoid the following environmental influences during storage and transport:

- Direct sunlight
- Proximity to hot objects
- Vibration
- Aggressive media

4 Mounting

4.1 Mounting requirements

4.1.1 Dimensions

For device dimensions, see the "Technical data" section.

4.1.2 Mounting location

In the terminal head, flat face, as per DIN EN 50446, direct mounting on insert with cable entry (center hole 7 mm (0.28 in).

Make sure there is enough space in the terminal head!

It is also possible to mount the head transmitter on a DIN rail as per IEC 60715 using the DIN rail clip as accessory.

Information about the conditions (such as the ambient temperature, degree of protection, climate class etc.) that must be present at the mounting location so that the device can be mounted correctly is provided in the "Technical data" section.

4.2 Mounting the device

A Phillips head screwdriver is required to mount the head transmitter:

- Maximum torque for securing screws = 1 Nm (³/₄ lbf ft), screwdriver: Pozidriv PZ2
- Maximum torque for screw terminals = 0.35 Nm (¼ lbf ft), screwdriver: Pozidriv PZ1



- A Terminal head, flat face, as per DIN EN 50446, direct mounting on insert with cable entry (center hole 7 mm (0.28 in)
- B With DIN rail clip on DIN rail as per IEC 60715 (TH35)

А	Mounting in a terminal head (terminal head flat face as per DIN 50446)
1	Terminal head
2	Circlips
3	Insert
4	Connection wires

А	Mounting in a terminal head (terminal head flat face as per DIN 50446)
5	Head transmitter
6	Mounting springs
7	Mounting screws
8	Terminal head cover
9	Cable entry

Procedure for mounting in a terminal head, item A:

- **1.** Open the terminal head cover (8) on the terminal head.
- **2.** Guide the connection wires (4) of the insert (3) through the center hole in the head transmitter (5).
- **3**. Fit the mounting springs (6) on the mounting screws (7).
- 4. Guide the mounting screws (7) through the side boreholes of the head transmitter and the insert (3). Then secure both mounting screws with the retaining rings (2).
- 5. Then tighten the head transmitter (5) along with the insert (3) in the terminal head.
- 6. After wiring (see 'Electrical connection' section), seal the terminal head cover (8) once again.

В	Mounting on DIN rail (DIN rail as per IEC 60715)
1	Mounting screws with springs
2	Head transmitter
3	Circlips
4	DIN rail clip
5	DIN rail

Procedure for mounting on a DIN rail, item B:

- 1. Press the DIN rail clip (4) onto the DIN rail (5) until it engages with a click.
- Guide the mounting screws (1) through the side boreholes of the head transmitter (2) and secure with the retaining rings (3).
- **3.** Screw the head transmitter (2) onto the DIN rail clip (4).

4.2.1 Mounting for North America



I Head transmitter mounting

- 1 Thermowell
- 2 Insert
- 3 Adapter, coupling
- 4 Terminal head
- 5 Head transmitter
- 6 Mounting screws

Structure of thermometer with RTD sensors and head transmitter:

- 1. Fit the thermowell (1) on the process pipe or on the process vessel wall. Secure the thermowell according to the instructions before the pressure is applied.
- 2. Fit the necessary neck tube nipples and adapter (3) on the thermowell.
- **3.** Make sure sealing rings are installed if they are required for harsh environmental conditions or compliance with special regulations.
- 4. Guide the mounting screws (6) through the lateral bores of the head transmitter (5).
- 5. Position the head transmitter (5) in the terminal head (4) so that the terminals for the power supply (terminals 1 and 2) point to the cable entry.
- 6. Using a screwdriver, screw down the head transmitter (5) in the terminal head (4).
- 7. Guide the connection wires of the insert (3) through the lower cable entry of the terminal head (4) and through the middle hole in the head transmitter (5). Wire together the connection wires and transmitter (see the 'Electrical connection' section).
- 8. Screw the terminal head (4), with the integrated and wired head transmitter, onto the ready-mounted nipple and adapter (3).

4.3 Post-mounting checks

After mounting the device, always perform the following checks:

Device condition and specifications	Note
Are the device, the connections and connecting cables free of damage?	
Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)?	See 'Technical data' section.
Have connections been established correctly and with the specified torque?	-

5 Electrical connection

ACAUTION

- Switch off power supply before installing or connecting the device. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction of parts of the electronics.
- Mixing up the terminal connections L+, L- and C/Q does not cause damage to the electronics.

5.1 Connecting requirements

A Phillips head screwdriver is required to wire the head transmitter with screw terminals. The push-in terminal version can be wired without any tools.

Proceed as follows to wire a mounted head transmitter:

- **1.** Open the cable gland and the housing cover on the terminal head or the field housing.
- 2. Feed the cables through the opening in the cable gland.
- **3.** Connect the cables as shown in $\rightarrow \square$ 14. If the head transmitter is fitted with pushin terminals, pay particular attention to the information in the "Connecting to push-in terminals" section. $\rightarrow \square$ 15
- 4. Tighten the cable gland again and close the housing cover.

In order to avoid connection errors always follow the instructions in the post-connection check section before commissioning!

5.2 Quick wiring guide

NOTICE

ESD - Electrostatic discharge Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge.
 Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.



Image: Terminal assignment of head transmitter

- 1 RTD sensor input: 4-, 3- and 2-wire
- 2 Display connection
- L+ 18 to 30 V_{DC} power supply
- L- $O V_{DC}$ power supply
- C/Q IO-Link or switch output

5.3 Connecting the sensor

5.3.1 Connecting to screw terminals

Maximum torque for screw terminals = $0.35 \text{ Nm} (\frac{1}{4} \text{ lbf ft})$, screwdriver: Pozidriv Z1

5.3.2 Connecting to push-in terminals



☑ 3 Connecting to push-in terminals

Item A, solid wire:

- 1. Strip wire end. Min. stripping length 10 mm (0.39 in).
- 2. Insert the wire end into the terminal.
- **3.** Pull the wire gently to ensure it is connected correctly. Repeat from step 1 if necessary.

Item B, fine-strand wire without ferrule:

- 1. Strip wire end. Min. stripping length 10 mm (0.39 in).
- 2. Press down on the lever opener.
- 3. Insert the wire end into the terminal.
- 4. Release lever opener.
- 5. Pull the wire gently to ensure it is connected correctly. Repeat from step 1 if necessary.

Item C, releasing the connection:

- 1. Press down on the lever opener.
- 2. Remove the wire from the terminal.
- 3. Release lever opener.

5.4 Connecting the transmitter

1 Cable specification

- Maximum cable length in IO-Link operation: ≤ 20 m (65.6 ft). There are no requirements with respect to shielding.
 - For cable cross-section, see the "Technical data", $\rightarrow \cong 39$

Follow the general procedure for connecting terminals. $\rightarrow \square$ 14.

5.5 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Notes			
Are the device and cable undamaged?				
Electrical connection	Notes			
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the nameplate?	Head transmitter: U = e.g. 18 to 30 V_{DC}			
Are the mounted cables relieved of tension?				
Are the power supply and signal cables connected correctly?	→ 🗎 14			
Are all the screw terminals well tightened and have the connections of the push-in terminals been checked?				
Are all the cable entries installed, tightened and leak- tight?				

6 Operation options

6.1 Overview of operation options



1 Temperature transmitter with attachable display unit

2 Remote operation in the automation system. e.g. PLC) via IO-Link interface

Configuration programs

IO-Link functions and device-specific parameters are configured via the device's IO-Link communication. Special configuration kits are available, e.g. the FieldPort SFP20. Every IO-Link device can be configured with it. IO-Link devices are typically configured via the automation system (e.g. Siemens TIA Portal + Port Configuration Tool).

6.2 Measured value display and operating elements

For the head transmitter, display and operating elements are available locally only if the head transmitter was ordered with a display unit. The display can also be ordered at a later stage; see the "Accessories" section.

6.2.1 Display elements

Head transmitter



4 Optional LC display for head transmitter

Item no.	Function	Description				
1	Display device tag	Device tag, length 32 characters				
2	'Communication' symbol	The communication symbol appears in the event of read and write access via IO-Link.				
3	Unit display	Unit display for the measured value displayed.				
4	Measured value display	Displays the current measured value.				

Item no.	Function	Description					
5	Values/channel display	PV = process value P1 = switching signal channel SSC.1 P2 = switching signal channel SSC.2 DT = device temperature					
6	'Configuration locked' symbol	The 'configuration locked' symbol appears when configuration is locked via the hardware.					
7	Status signals						
	Symbols Meaning						
	F	"Failure" error message An operating error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid. The display alternates between the error message and "" (no valid measured value present); see "Diagnostics and troubleshooting" section.					
	С	"Function check" The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).					
	S	"Out of specification" The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during startup or cleaning processes).					
	М	"Maintenance required" Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid. The display alternates between the measured value and the status message.					

6.2.2 Local operation

NOTICE

ESD - Electrostatic discharge Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge.
 Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.



Procedure for setting the DIP switch:

- 1. Open the cover of the terminal head or field housing.
- 2. Remove the attached display from the head transmitter.
- **3.** Configure the DIP switch on the rear of the display accordingly. In general: switch to ON = function enabled, switch to OFF = function disabled.
- 4. Fit the display onto the head transmitter in the correct position.
- 5. Secure the cover back onto the terminal head or field housing.

Switching write protection on/off

Write protection is switched on and off via a DIP switch on the rear of the optional attachable display.

When write protection is active, parameters cannot be modified. A lock symbol on the display indicates that write protection is on. Write protection remains active even when the display is removed. To disable write protection, the display must be attached to the transmitter with the DIP switch deactivated (WRITE LOCK = OFF). The transmitter adopts the setting during operation and does not need to be restarted.

Turning the display

The display can be rotated 180° via the DIP switch.

6.3 Structure and function of the operating menu

Identification	Vendor name	
Parameter -	Application Sensor Unit	
	Linearization Call./v. Dusen coeff. RG	<u>)</u>
	Switch output Output mode	
	Switch. signal channel 1.x SP1	
	Teach single value	
	System Device temperature	
	Display Display interval	
	Device reset	
Observation	Sensor value	
Diagnosis	Device status	
	Active diagnostics Active diagnostic	
	Diagnostic list Actual diagnostics 1	
	Event logbook Previous diagnostics 1	
	Min./Max. values	
	Simulation Sensor simulation	
	Smart Sensor descr. Meas. data channel 1	

6.3.1 Structure of the operating menu

If the measured value unit is switched to °F, the process data is retained in °C for further process calculations. Switching of the unit only applies to the measured value display.

Menu	Typical tasks	Content/meaning
"Identification"	Information on manufacturer and device identification	Contains all the parameters for unique identification of the manufacturer and device
"Parameter"	 Commissioning, tasks and information on the device configuration: Configuration of the measurement Configuration of data processing (scaling, linearization, etc.) Configuration of the switching signal Display of device temperature and operating time Information about display configuration Resetting the device 	Contains all parameters for commissioning: • "Sensor" submenu Contains all the parameters for configuring the measurement • "Linearization" submenu Contains all the parameters for linearization of the measurement • "Switching signal channel submenu" Contains all the parameters for configuring the switch output, e.g. entering the switch points, defining the switch logic (high active, low active), switching mode (1-point, window or 2-point function), teach function. Contains all higher-level device parameters that are assigned to device
		information and adjustment. "Display" submenu Configuration of the display
"Observation"	Observation of process data	Contains all the parameters for displaying the process data: Current value at sensor input, extended device status and status at switching signal channel
"Diagnostics"	 Troubleshooting: Diagnosing and eliminating process errors Error diagnostics in difficult cases. Interpretation of device error messages and correcting associated errors 	 Contains all parameters for detecting and analyzing errors: Active diagnostics, diagnostic list Displays the currently pending and triggered error messages, sorted by priority See 'Diagnostics and troubleshooting' section. "Event logbook" submenu Displays all diagnostic and information events in chronological order "Minimum/maximum values" submenu Displays all minimum and maximum measured process and device temperatures "Simulation" submenu Used to simulate input and output values

Submenus

6.4 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

The IO-Link interface allows direct access to process and diagnostics data and enables the user to configure the device during operation.

More information on IO-Link is available at: www.io-link.com

6.4.1 DeviceCare

Range of functions

DeviceCare is a free configuration tool for Endress+Hauser devices. It supports devices with the following protocols, provided a suitable device driver (DTM) is installed: HART, PROFIBUS, FOUNDATION Fieldbus, Ethernet/IP, Modbus, CDI, ISS, IPC and PCP. The target group comprises customers without a digital network in plants and workshops as well as Endress+Hauser service technicians. The devices can be connected directly via a modem (point-to-point) or a bus system. DeviceCare is fast, easy and intuitive to use. It can run on a PC, laptop or tablet with a Windows operating system.

Source for device description files

See details in the "System integration" section.

7 System integration

7.1 Overview of IODD device description file

In order to integrate field devices into a digital communication system, the IO-Link system needs a description of the device parameters, such as output data, input data, data format, data volume and supported transfer rate. This data is available in the IODD (IO Device Description) which is provided to the IO-Link master via generic modules when the communication system is commissioned.

Download via endress.com

1. endress.com/download

- 2. Select **Device Driver** from the search options shown.
- 3. For Type select "IO Device Description (IODD)".
- 4. Select the **Product Code** or enter it as text.
 - └ A list of search results is displayed.
- 5. Download the appropriate version.

Download via ioddfinder

- 1. ioddfinder.io-link.com
- 2. For Manufacturer select "Endress+Hauser".
- 3. Enter the **Product Name**.
 - ← A list of search results is displayed.
- 4. Download the appropriate version.

The IODD device description is also required for the DeviceCare operating tool. This must be adapted for the operating tool using the IODD DTM Configurator. The IODD DTM Configurator is available for download at the following address: www.software-products.endress.com

Following successful registration via Download --> Device Configuration Software & Device Driver --> DTM/FDI Package Libraries, download and install the software: **IO-Link IODD Interpreter DTM**.

In the IODD DTM Configurator, open the IODD device description file (*.xml). This file is then adapted for use in DeviceCare and automatically added to the DTM library.

7.2 Integrating the device in the system

Device ID	0x93FE01
Manufacturer ID	0x0011 (17)

7.2.1 Process data

When the device is operated in digital mode, the state of the switch output and the temperature value are transmitted in the form of process data via IO-Link. The signal is initially transmitted in SIO mode (Standard IO mode). Digital IO-Link communication starts as soon as the IO-Link master sends the "Wake Up" command.

- In SIO, the switch output is switched at the C/Q terminal. In the IO-Link communication mode, this terminal is reserved exclusively for communication.
- The device's process data are transmitted cyclically in 48-bit chunks.

Description	Bit offset	Data type
Temperature	16	Float32
Extended device status	8	Uinteger8
Switching signal SSC. 2	1	Boolean
Switching signal SSC. 1	0	Boolean

Explanation

Process value	Value	Meaning		
Temperature	-1.7014118 · 10 ⁺³⁸ to +1.7014118 · 10 ⁺³⁸ °C	Temperature value currently measured		
	$3.3 \cdot 10^{+38}$ = No measurement data	Process value if no valid measured value is available		
	$-2.65 \cdot 10^{+38} = $ Out of range (-)	Process value if the measured value is below the lower limit value		
	$+2.65 \cdot 10^{+38} = $ Out of range (+)	Process value if the measured value is above the upper limit value		
Extended device status	36 = Failure	Summarized status as per PI		
	37 = Failure simulation	specifications		
	60 = Functional check			
	61 = Functional check simulation			
	120 = Out of spec			
	121 = Out of spec simulation			
	128 = Good			
	129 = Good simulation			
	164 = Maintenance			
	165 = Maintenance simulation			
Switching signal status	0 = Off	Switch output open/low		
SSC.2	1 = On	Switch output closed/high		
Switching signal status	0 = Off	Switch output open/low		
SSC.1	1 = On	Switch output closed/high		

7.3 Reading and writing device data

Device data are always exchanged acyclically and at the request of the IO-Link master via the ISDU communication channel. The IO-Link master can read the following parameter values or device conditions:

The default values apply to parameters which are not ordered with customer-specific settings.

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Manufacturer name	16 - (0x0010)	0	32	String	r/-	Endress +Hauser	-	-
Manufacturer text	17 - (0x0011)	0	32	String	r/-	People for Process Automati on	-	-
Product name	18 - (0x1019	0	32	String	r/-	iTEMP TMT36	-	-
Product text	20 - (0x0014)	0	32	String	r/-	Temperat ure transmitt er	-	-
Product ID	19 - (0x0013)	0	32	String	r/-	TMT36	-	-
Serial number	21 - (0x0015)	0	16	String	r/-	-	-	-
Hardware revision	22 - (0x0016)	0	16	String	r/-	-	-	-
Firmware version	23 - (0x0017)	0	8	String	r/-	-	-	-
Application-specific identification	24 - (0x0018)	0	32	String	r/w	***	-	Yes
Function identification	25 - (0x0019)	0	32	String	r/w	***	-	Yes
Standard identification	26 - (0x001a)	0	32	String	r/w	***	-	Yes
Order code	12375 - (0x3057)	0	20	String	r/-	-	-	-
Extended order code	259 - (0x0103)	0	20	String	r/-	-	-	-

7.3.1 Identification

7.3.2 Parameter

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Unit	8274 - (0x2052)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	°C	32 = °C 33 = °F	Yes
Sensor type	8242 - (0x2032)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	Pt100 IEC60751 , a = 0.00385 (1)	12 = Pt100 IEC60751, a = 0.00385 (1) 15 = Pt1000 IEC60751, a = 0.00385 (4) 3 = RTD platinum (Callendar-van Dusen)	Yes
Connection type	8248 - (0x2038)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	4-wire	2 = 2-wire 3 = 3-wire 4 = 4-wire	Yes
2-wire compensation	8249 - (0x2039)	0	4	Float	r/w	0.0	0.0 to 30.0 Ω	Yes
Sensor offset	8247 - (0x2037)	0	4	Float	r/w	0.0	±10.0 °C	Yes

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Damping	8265 - (0x2049)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	0	0 to 120 s	Yes
Call./v. Dusen coeff. R0	8253 - (0x203d)	0	4	Float	r/w	100.0	10 to 2 000 Ω	Yes
Call./v. Dusen coeff. A	8250 - (0x203a)	0	4	Float	r/w	0.003908 3	0.003 to 0.004	Yes
Call./v. Dusen coeff. B	8251 - (0x203b)	0	4	Float	r/w	- 5.775 · 1 0 ⁻⁷	$\pm 2 \cdot 10^{-06}$	Yes
Call./v. Dusen coeff. C	8252 - (0x203c)	0	4	Float	r/w	- 4.183 · 1 0 ⁻¹²	±1 · 10 ⁻⁰⁹	Yes
Sensor lower limit	8244 - (0x2034)	0	4	Float	r/w	-200.0	−200 to +850 °C	Yes
Sensor upper limit	8243 - (0x2033)	0	4	Float	r/w	-850.0	−200 to +850 °C	Yes
Output mode	8263 - (0x2047)	0	2	UInteger16	r/w	PNP	4951 = PNP 4952 = NPN 495 = PushPull	Yes
Fail-safe value	8264 - (0x2048)	0	2	UInteger16	r/w	HighZ	33193 = Low 33192 = High 4950 = HighZ	Yes
SSC .1 Param			1	1	1	J	1	1
SP1	60 - (0x003c)	1	4	Float	r/w	90.0	-1 · 10 ⁺²⁰ to +1 · 10 ⁻²⁰ °C	Yes
SP2	60 - (0x003c)	2	4	Float	r/w	100.0	$-1 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1 \cdot 10^{-20}$ °C	Yes
SSC. 1 Config								
Logic	61 - (0x003d)	1	1	UInteger8	r/w	High active	0 = High active 1 = Low active	Yes
Mode	61 - (0x003d)	2	1	UInteger8	r/w	Two point	0 = Deactivated 1 = Single point 2 = Window 3 = Two point	Yes
Hysteresis	61 - (0x003d)	3	4	Float	r/w	0.0	-1 · 10 ⁺²⁰ to +1 · 10 ^{−20} °C	Yes
SSC .2 Param								
SP1	62 - (0x003e)	1	4	Float	r/w	90.0	$-1 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1 \cdot 10^{-20}$ °C	Yes
SP2	62 - (0x003e)	2	4	Float	r/w	100.0	$-1 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1 \cdot 10^{-20}$ °C	Yes
SSC. 2 Config					·			
Logic	63 - (0x003f)	1	1	UInteger8	r/w	High active	0 = High active 1 = Low active	Yes
Mode	63 - (0x003f)	2	1	UInteger8	r/w	Two point	0 = Deactivated 1 = Single point 2 = Window 3 = Two point	Yes
Hysteresis	63 - (0x003f)	3	4	Float	r/w	0.0	$-1 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1 \cdot 10^{-20}$ °C	Yes
Teach select	58 - (0x003a)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	SSC 1.1	1 = SSC 1.1 2 = SSC 1.2	-

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Teach result	59 - (0x003b)	0	1	UInteger8	r/-	Idle	0 = Idle 1 = SP 1 success 2 = SP 2 success 3 = SP 1, SP2 success 4 = Wait for command 5 = Busy 7 = Error	-
Device temperature	8313 - (0x2079)	0	4	Float	r/-	-	-	-
Operating time	8280 - (0x2058)	0	4	UInteger32	r/-	-	-	-
Alarm delay	8279 - (0x2057)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	2	0 to 5 s	Yes
Display interval	8225 - (0x2021)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	4	4 to 20 s	Yes
Value 1 display	8226 - (0x2022)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	Process value	13 = Process value 20 = SSC.1 21 = SSC.2 1 = Device temperature	Yes
Decimal places 1	8227 - (0x2023)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	X.X	255 = Automatic 0 = x 1 = x.x 2 = x.xx	Yes
Value 2 display	8228 - (0x2024)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	Off	12 = Off 13 = Process value 20 = SSC.1 21 = SSC.2 1 = Device temperature	Yes
Decimal places 2	8229 - (0x2025)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	X.X	255 = Automatic 0 = x 1 = x.x 2 = x.xx	Yes
Value 3 display	8230 - (0x2026)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	Off	12 = Off 13 = Process value 20 = SSC.1 21 = SSC.2 1 = Device temperature	Yes
Decimal places 3	8231 - (0x2027)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	X.X	255 = Automatic 0 = x 1 = x.x 2 = x.xx	Yes

7.3.3 Observation

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
External process data								
Sensor value	40 - (0x0028)	1	4	Float	r/-	0	- $1.7014118 \cdot 10^{+38}$ to $+1.7014118 \cdot 10^{+38}$ ° C $3.3 \cdot 10^{+38}$ = No measurement data $-2.65 \cdot 10^{+38}$ = Out of range (-) $+2.65 \cdot 10^{+38}$ = Out of range (+)	-

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Extended device status	40 - (0x0028)	2	1	UInteger8	r/-	Not specified	36 = Failure 37 = Failure - simulation 60 = Function check 61 = Function check - simulation 120 = Out of specification 121 = Out of specification - simulation 128 = Good 164 = Maintenance required 165 = Maintenance required 129 = Good - simulation 0 = Not specified	-
Switching signal channel .2	40 - (0x0028)	3	1	Boolean	r/-	0	0 = Off 1 = On	-
Switching signal channel .1	40 - (0x0028)	4	1	Boolean	r/-	0	0 = Off 1 = On	-

7.3.4 Diagnosis

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Device status	36 - (0x0024)	0	1	UInteger8	r/-	0	0 = Device is OK 1 = Maintenance required 2 = Out of specification 3 = Functional check 4 = Failure	-
Detailed device status	37 - (0x0025)	0	15	OctetString	r/-	0x00	-	-
Actual diagnostics 1	8284 - (0x205c)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Actual diagnostics 2	8285 - (0x205d)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Actual diagnostics 3	8286 - (0x205e)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Previous diagnostics 1	8295 - (0x2067)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Time stamp 1	8290 - (0x2062)	0	4	UInteger32	r/-	-	-	-
Previous diagnostics 2	8296 - (0x2068)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Time stamp 2	8291 - (0x2063)	0	4	UInteger32	r/-	-	-	-
Previous diagnostics 3	8297 - (0x2069)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Time stamp 3	8292 - (0x2064)	0	4	UInteger32	r/-	-	-	-
Previous diagnostics 4	8298 - (0x206a)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Time stamp 4	8293 - (0x2065)	0	4	UInteger32	r/-	-	-	-
Previous diagnostics 5	8299 - (0x206b)	0	2	UInteger16	r/-	-	-	-
Time stamp 5	8294 - (0x2066)	0	4	UInteger32	r/-	-	-	-

Designation	Index dec - (hex)	Subin dex	Size (byte)	Data type	Access	Default value	Value range	Data storag e
Sensor min value	8246 - (0x2036)	0	4	Float	r/-	-	-	-
Sensor max value	8245 - (0x2035)	0	4	Float	r/-	-	-	-
Device temperature min value	8319 - (0x207f)	0	4	Float	r/-	-	-	-
Device temperature max value	8318 - (0x207e)	0	4	Float	r/-	-	-	-
Sensor simulation	8259 - (0x2043)	0	1	UInteger8	r/w	Off	0 = Off 1 = On	-
Sensor simulation value	8254 - (0x203e)	0	4	Float	r/w	0.0	±1 · 10 ⁺²⁰	-
Switch output simulation 2	8482 - (0x2122)	0	2	UInteger16	r/w	Off	4166 = Off 4167 = High 4168 = Low	-
Switch output simulation 1	8418 - (0x20e2)	0	2	UInteger16	r/w	Off	4166 = Off 4167 = High 4168 = Low	-
Measurement data channel 1				-		1		
Lower value	16512 - (0x4080)	1	4	Float	r/-	-200.0	-	-
Upper value	16512 - (0x4080)	2	4	Float	r/-	850.0	-	-
Unit	16512 - (0x4080)	3	2	UInteger16	r/-	°C	1001 = °C	-
Scaling	16512 - (0x4080)	4	1	Integer8	r/-	0	-	-

8 Commissioning

8.1 Function check

Perform the following checks prior to commissioning the measuring point:

- 1. Perform the post-mounting check using the checklist.
- 2. Perform the post-connection check using the checklist.

8.2 Switching on the device

During the switch-on procedure, the transmitter runs through internal test functions. The following sequence of messages appears on the display:

Step	Indication				
1	Text "Display" and firmware version of the display				
2	Device name with firmware, hardware version and the IO-Link device ID in hexadecimal format				
3	Information on the sensor configuration (sensor element and type of connection)				
4	Displays the switch points				
5a	Current measured value or				
5b	Current status message				
	If the switch-on procedure is not successful, the relevant diagnostic event is displayed, depending on the cause. For a detailed list of diagnostic events and the corresponding troubleshooting instructions, see the "Diagnostics and troubleshooting" section.				

The device works after approx. 5 seconds. Normal measuring mode commences as soon as the switch-on procedure is completed.

8.3 Configuring the device

IO-Link functions and device-specific parameters are configured via the device's IO-Link communication. Special configuration kits are available, e.g. the FieldPort SFP20. Every IO-Link device can be configured with it.

IO-Link devices are typically configured via the automation system (e.g. Siemens TIA Portal + Port Configuration Tool). The device supports IO-Link Data Storage, which enables easy device replacement.

8.3.1 Switching signal channels and switch output

IO-Link switching signal channels (SSC)

SSCs are specified by the IO-Link Smart Sensor Profile. The device has two independent SSCs (SSC. 1 and SSC. 2). Based on the measured process temperature, each of the two channels issues a binary switching signal (OFF or ON) which is transferred to the IO-Link process data as **Switching signal channel 1** and **Switching signal channel 2**. Both channels can be configured with the parameters: **SP1/SP2**, **Logic**, **Mode** and **Hysteresis**; see section on System Integration. In addition, the output values can be set to a fixed value using the **Simulation switch output .1/.2** parameter ('High' becomes ON and 'low' becomes OFF).

In addition to manual configuration for switch points **SP1/SP2**, a teach mechanism is also available in the Teach menu. This mechanism writes the current process value to the selected SSC via a system command.



Physical switch output

The C/Q output signal is generated based on the binary signal in the **Switching signal channel 1**. The output signal is only available at the C/Q terminal if the IO-Link communication is disabled (SIO). The voltage of the C/Q output signal is displayed according to the binary value of **Switching signal channel 1** and the **Output Mode** parameter as per the following table.

Output mode	Switching signal channel 1	C/Q switch output
PNP	OFF	Not connected (HighZ)
	ON	L+
NPN	OFF	Not connected (HighZ)
	ON	L-
PushPull	OFF	L-
	ON	L+

Assignment of binary switching signal and C/Q output signal

If the value of the **Logic** parameter is set to Low active, the binary switching signals are inverted compared to the values specified in the table. OFF -> ON, ON -> OFF.

In the event of an error, the C/Q output signal can be defined using the **Fail-safe value** parameter: Low (L-), High (L+) and HighZ (not connected). This value applies, irrespective of the **Output Mode** parameter setting.

Switching signals

The switching signals offer a simple way of monitoring the measured values for limit violations. The following section illustrates the different switching behaviors of the modes available for selection.

Mode Single Point

SP2 is not used in this mode.





H Hysteresis

SP1 Switch point 1

MV Measured value

Mode Single Point

 SP_{hi} always corresponds to whichever value is higher, SP1 or SP2 and SP_{lo} always corresponds to whichever value is lower, SP1 or SP2.



🖸 7 SSC, Window

- H Hysteresis
- W Window
- SP_{lo} Switch point with lower measured value
- SP_{hi} Switch point with higher measured value
- MV Measured value

Mode Two-point

 $\rm SP_{hi}$ always corresponds to whichever value is higher, SP1 or SP2 and $\rm SP_{lo}$ always corresponds to whichever value is lower, SP1 or SP2. Hysteresis is not used.



- 🗷 8 SSC, Two-Point
- SP_{lo} Switch point with lower measured value
- SP_{hi} Switch point with higher measured value
- MV Measured value

8.4 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

Write protection can be activated using A WRITE LOCK DIP switch on the back of the optional plug-on display. See also the 'Local operation' section.

When write protection is active, parameters cannot be modified. A lock symbol on the display indicates that write protection is on. Write protection remains active even when the display is removed. To disable write protection, the display must be attached to the transmitter with the DIP switch deactivated (WRITE LOCK = OFF). The transmitter adopts the setting during operation and does not need to be restarted.

Diagnosis and troubleshooting 9

General troubleshooting 9.1

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after startup or during operation. The checklists take you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.

Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired. However, it is possible to send the device in for examination. See the information in the "Return" section.

Error	Possible cause	Remedial action	
	Supply voltage does not match the voltage specified on the nameplate.	Check the voltage at the transmitter directly using a voltmeter and correct.	
Device is not responding.	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Check the contacting of the cables and terminals and correct if necessary.	
	Electronics module is defective.	Replace the device.	
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.	
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the installed length of the sensor.	
	Device configuration is incorrect (number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.	
Measured value is incorrect/ inaccurate.	Incorrect RTD configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.	
	Connection of the sensor (number of wires or incorrectly connected)	Check that the sensor is connected correctly.	
	The cable resistance of the sensor (2-wire) was not compensated.	Compensate the cable resistance.	
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.	
No communication	Communication cable is not connected.	Check wiring and cables.	
	Communication cable is incorrectly attached to the IO-Link master.		



9.2 Diagnostic information on local display

- *A* Display in the event of a warning
- B Display in the event of an alarm
- 1 Status signal in the header
- 2 The display alternates between the primary measured value and the status indicated by the appropriate letter (M, C or S) plus the defined error number.
- 3 The display alternates between "- - " (no valid measured value) and the status indicated by the appropriate letter (F) plus the defined error number.

9.3 Diagnostic information via communication interface

The **Device Status** parameter shows the event category of the active diagnostic message with the highest priority. This category is displayed in the diagnostic list.

Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event). The status signals are categorized according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required

Alphabetic character	Symbol	Event category	Meaning
F	8	Operating error	An operating error has occurred.
С	V	Service mode	The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	A	Out of specification	The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during startup or cleaning processes).
М	\$	Maintenance required	Maintenance is required.

9.3.1 Behavior of the device in the event of a failure

All diagnostic messages are saved in the event logbook and can be called up there.

The device displays warnings and faults via IO-Link. All the device warnings and faults are for information purposes only and do not have a safety function. The errors diagnosed by the device are displayed via IO-Link in accordance with NE 107. A distinction must be made between the following types of diagnostic behavior in this context:

Warning

The device continues measuring in the event of warning-type diagnostic behavior. The output signal is not affected (exception: simulation of the process variable is active).

- Alarm
 - The device does **not** continue measuring if this type of error occurs. The output signal assumes its error status (value in the event of an error see section 'Overview of diagnostic information').
 - The PDValid Flag indicates that the process data are invalid.
 - The fault state is displayed via IO-Link.

9.3.2 Overview of the diagnostic information

Diagnostic message	Diagnostic behavior	IO-Link Event Qualifier	IO-Link Event Code	Cause	Corrective measure
F041	Alarm	IO-Link error	0x8D3D	Sensor breakage detected	1. Check electrical connection.
					2. Replace sensor.
					3. Check configuration of connection type.
F043	Alarm	IO-Link error	0x8D00	Sensor short circuit detected	1. Check electrical connection.
					2. Check sensor.
					3. Replace sensor or cable.
S047	Warning	IO-Link warning	0x1819	Sensor limit reached	1. Check sensor.
					2. Check process conditions.
F201	Alarm	IO-Link error	0x8D02	Electronics faulty	1. Restart the device.
					2. Replace electronics.
C401	Warning	IO-Link Notification	0x181F	Factory reset active	► Factory reset in progress, please wait.
C402	-	-	-	Initialization active	► Initialization in progress, please wait.
F410	Alarm	IO-Link error	0x8D0A	Data transfer failed	1. Check connection.
					2. Repeat data transfer.
C411	Warning	IO-Link warning	0x1808	Up-/download active	► Up-/download in progress, please wait.
F419	Alarm	IO-Link error	0x1856	Power cycle required	► Power cycle device.
C485	Warning	IO-Link warning	0x181A	Process variable simulation active	Deactivate simulation.
C494	Warning	IO-Link warning	0x181C	Switch output simulation active	• Deactivate simulation switch output.
F537	Alarm	IO-Link error	0x181D	Configuration	1. Check device configuration.
					2. Up- and download new configuration.
S801	Warning	IO-Link warning	0x181E	Supply voltage too low	 Increase supply voltage.
S804	Alarm	IO-Link warning	0x1801	Switch output overloaded	1. Increase load resistance at switch output.
					2. Check the output.
					3. Replace device.
S825	Warning	IO-Link warning	0x1812	Electronics temperature out	1. Check ambient temperature.
				of range	2. Check process temperature.

9.4 Diagnostic list

If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the 3 diagnostic messages with the highest priority are shown in the diagnostic list. The status signal dictates the priority in which the diagnostic messages are displayed. The following order of priority applies: F, C, S, M. If two or more diagnostic events with the same status signal are

active simultaneously, the numerical order of the event number dictates the order of priority in which the events are displayed, e.g. F042 appears before F044 and before S044.

9.5 Event logbook

The diagnostic messages are shown in chronological order in the **Event logbook**. In addition, a timestamp is saved with every diagnostic message. This timestamp is referenced to the operating time counter.

9.6 Firmware history

Revision history
The firmware version (FW) on the nameplate and in the Operating Instructions indicates
the device release: XX.YY.ZZ (example 01.02.01).
XX Change to main version. No longer compatible. The device and
Operating Instructions change.
VX Change to functions and operation Compatible. The Operating

ΥY	Change to functions and operation Compatible. The Operating
	Instructions change.
ZZ	Fixes and internal changes No changes to the Operating Instructions.

Date	Firmware version	Changes	Documentation
02/2024	01.01.zz	Original firmware	BA02289T/09/EN/01.23

10 Maintenance and cleaning

No special maintenance work is required for the device.

A clean, dry cloth can be used to clean the device.

11 Repair

11.1 General notes

Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired.

11.2 Spare parts



For spare parts currently available for the product, see online at: https://www.endress.com/deviceviewer (→ Enter serial number)

Туре	Order code
Standard - DIN mounting set (2 screws and springs, 4 lock washers, 1 CDI connector cover)	71044061
US - M4 mounting set (2 screws and 1 CDI connector cover)	71044062

11.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the website for more information: http://www.endress.com/support/return-material
- 2. Return the device if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong device was ordered or delivered.

11.4 Disposal

X

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), our products are marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Such products may not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste and can be returned to Endress+Hauser for disposal at conditions stipulated in our General Terms and Conditions or as individually agreed.

12 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

12.1 Device-specific accessories

Adapter for DIN rail mounting, clip as per IEC 60715 (TH35) without securing screws
Standard - DIN mounting set (2 screws + springs, 4 securing disks and 1 display connector cover)
US - M4 securing screws (2 M4 screws and 1 CDI connector cover)
Attachable display unit for head transmitter TID10

12.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
FieldPort SFP20	 Mobile configuration tool for all IO-Link devices: The FieldPort SFP20 is a USB interface for the configuration of IO-Link devices. The FieldPort SFP20 can be connected to a laptop or tablet via a USB cable. A point-to-point connection between the laptop and IO-Link devices is possible with the FieldPort SFP20. M12 connection for IO-Link field devices
IO-Link master BL20	IO-Link master from Turck for DIN rails supports PROFINET, EtherNet/IP and Modbus TCP. With web server for easy configuration.
Field Xpert SMT50	Universal, high-performance tablet PC for device configuration in non-hazardous areas.

12.3 Service-specific accessories

Applicator

- Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices:
- Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections.
- Graphic illustration of the calculation results

Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.

Applicator is available: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator

Configurator

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration

- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

The Configurator is available on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com -> Click "Corporate" -> Select your country -> Click "Products" -> Select the product using the filters and the search field -> Open the product page -> The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.

DeviceCare SFE100

Configuration tool for HART, PROFIBUS and FOUNDATION Fieldbus field devices DeviceCare is available for download at <u>www.software-products.endress.com</u>. You need to register in the Endress+Hauser software portal to download the application.

Technical Information TI01134S

13 Technical data

13.1 Input

Measured variable

Temperature

Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard	Description	α	Measuring range limits
IEC 60751:2022	Pt100 (1) Pt1000 (4)	0.003851	−200 to +850 °C (−328 to +1562 °F) −200 to +500 °C (−328 to +932 °F)
-	Callendar-Van Dusen	-	The measuring range limits are specified by entering the limit values that depend on the coefficients A to C and RO.
	 Type of connection: 2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire connection, sensor current: ≤ 0.3 mA Cable resistance compensation possible in 2-wire version (0 to 30 Ω) With 3-wire and 4-wire connection, sensor wire resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire 		

13.2 Output

Output signal	C/Q (IO-Link or switch output)			
Switch output	 1 × PNP, NPN or push Switching capacity Ia s Voltage drop PNP, NP Overload protection: T switches to a safe stat the switch output is i Switch functions: Hysteresis or windo NC contact or NO contact 	NP, NPN or push-pull switch output, configurable ning capacity Ia \leq 150 mA ge drop PNP, NPN \leq 2 V bad protection: The switching current load is automatically tested. The device nes to a safe state if an overload is detected. The diagnostic message Overload at vitch output is issued. In functions: teresis or window function contact or NO contact		
Failure information	Failure information is generated if the measuring information is missing or not valid. The device displays the three diagnostic messages with the highest priority. The fault state of the switch output can be configured: On, off, high-impedance.			
Damping	Configurable sensor input damping	0 to 120 s		
	Factory setting	0 s		
Protocol-specific data	IO-Link specification	Version 1.1.3		
	Device ID	0x93FE01		
	Manufacturer ID	0x0011 (17)		
	IO-Link Smart Sensor Profile 4.3.1	Supported: Identification and diagnosis Measuring and switching sensor, floating point, 1 channel 		
	SIO	Yes		
	IO-Link transmission rate	COM2; 38.4 kBaud		

Minimum cycle time	10 ms
Process data width	6 bytes
IO-Link data storage	Yes
Block configuration	Yes

Switch-on delay

 \leq 5 s, until the first valid measured value signal is present

13.3 Power supply

Supply voltage	$U = 18$ to 30 V_{DC} , protected against reverse polarity

 $Current \ consumption \qquad \qquad I \leq 11 \ mA$

Terminals

Choice of screw-type or push-in terminals:

Terminal design	Cable design	Cable cross-section	
Screw terminals	Rigid or flexible	≤ 1.5 mm² (16 AWG)	
Push-in terminals 1) (Cable design,	Rigid or flexible	0.2 to 1.5 mm ² (24 to 16 AWG)	
stripping length = min. 10 mm (0.39 in)	Flexible with ferrules (with or without plastic ferrule)	0.25 to 1.5 mm ² (24 to 16 AWG)	

1) Ferrules must be used with push-in terminals and when using flexible cables with a cable cross-section of $\leq 0.3 \text{ mm}^2$.

13.4 Performance characteristics

e time Response time:			
Resistance temperature detector (RTD) $\leq 0.5 \text{ s}$			
 Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °F ±5.4 °F) Supply voltage: 24 V DC 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment 			
In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference conditions specified above. The measurement error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution). The data include non-linearities and repeatability.			
Measurement error (±)			
in the entire measuring range 0.15 K			
	Response time: Resistance temperature detector (RTD) • Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °F • Supply voltage: 24 V DC • 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference and repeatability. in the entire measuring range		

Sensor adjustment	Sensor-transmitter-matching
	The device enables the following method to improve the temperature measurement accuracy of RTD sensors significantly:
	Callendar-Van Dusen equation: $R_T = R_0[1+AT+BT^2+C(T-100)T^3]$
	The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 60751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically with the aid of sensor calibration.
	Sensor-transmitter matching using the method mentioned above significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is because the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor to calculate the measured temperature, instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.
	1-point adjustment (offset)
	Shifts the sensor value

Operating influences

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for resistance thermometers (RTD) in the entire measuring range

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change	Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change
Pt100 (1)	IEC 60751:2022	0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)
Pt1000 (4)		0.02 °C (0.03 °F)	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)

Long-term drift (±)		
after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years
Based on measured value		
0.05 K	0.06 K	0.07 K

Calculation of the maximum measurement error: $\sqrt{(Measurement error^2 + Influence of ambient temperature^2 + Influence of supply voltage^2)}$

13.5 Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	−40 to +85 °C (−40 to +185 °F)
Storage temperature	–50 to +100 °C (–58 to +212 °F)
Altitude	Up to 4000 m (13 123 ft) above sea level.

Humidity	 Condensation: Permitted Maximum relative humidity: 95 % as per IEC 60068-2-30
Climate class	Climate class C1 as per IEC 60654-1
Dograp of protection	Head transmitter with screw-type or push-in terminals: IP 20. In the installed state, it
Degree of protection	depends on the terminal head used.
Shock and vibration resistance	Vibration resistance according to IEC 60068-2-6:
	 5 to 25 Hz, 1.6 mm 25 to 100 Hz, 4 g
	Vibration resistance according to IEC 60068-2-27:
	 30 g, 18 ms KTA 3505 (Section 5.8.4)
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	CE conformity
	Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity.
	Maximum measurement error <1% of measuring range.
	Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements
	Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series (CISPR 11), Class B equipment, Group 1
	IO-Link
	The requirements of IEC/EN 61131-9 are met in IO-Link mode.
Overvoltage category	Overvoltage category II
Pollution degree	Pollution degree 2

13.6 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)



🛃 9 Version with screw terminals

Α

Display connection Spring travel $L \ge 5 mm$ (0.2 in) (not for US - M4 securing screws) В



I 10 Version with push-in terminals. Dimensions are identical to the version with screw terminals, apart from housing height.

Weight	40 to 50 g (1.4 to 1.8 oz)
Materials	All the materials used are RoHS-compliant.
	 Housing: polycarbonate (PC) Terminals: Screw terminals: nickel-plated brass Push-in terminals: tin-plated brass, contact springs 1.4310, 301 (AISI) Potting compound: SIL gel
	13.7 Certificates and approvals
	Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at <u>www.endress.com</u> on the relevant product page:
	1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
	2. Open the product page.
	3. Select Downloads .
MTTF	371 years

The mean time to failure (MTTF) denotes the theoretically expected time until the device fails during normal operation. The term MTTF is used for systems that cannot be repaired, e.g. temperature transmitters.



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