01.00.zz (Device firmware)

Products Solutions

s Services

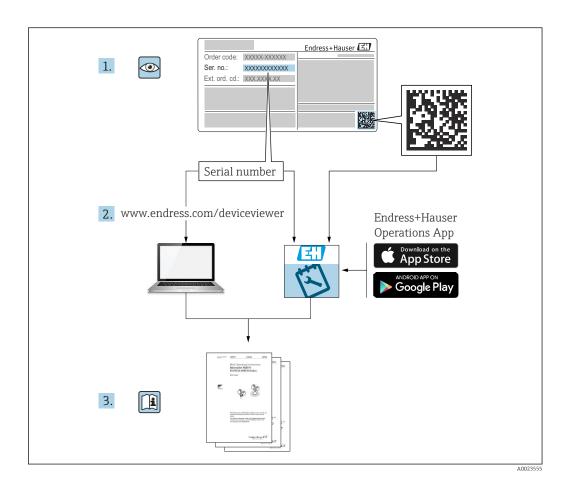
Functional Safety Manual Cerabar PMC71B

Process pressure measurement
Pressure transmitter with ceramic measuring cell









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Declaration of Conformity Cerabar PMC71B

1 Declaration of Conformity

SIL 00422 03.23



People for Process Automation

Declaration of Conformity

Functional Safety according to IEC 61508 Based on NE 130 Form B.1

Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG, Hauptstraße 1, 79689 Maulburg

being the manufacturer, declares that the product

Cerabar PMC71B

is suitable for the use in safety-instrumented systems according to IEC 61508. The instructions of the corresponding functional safety manual must be followed.

This declaration of conformity is exclusively valid for the listed products and accessories in delivery status.

Maulburg, March 15, 2024 Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG

i. V.

i. V.

E-SIGNED by Gerd Bechtel on 17 March 2024 19:59:24 CET

E-SIGNED by Manfred Hammer on 15 March 2024 15:06:36 CET

Gerd Bechtel
Dept. Man. R&D Devices Pressure
Research & Development

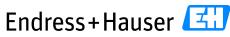
Manfred Hammer
Dept. Man. R&D Quality Management/FSM

Research & Development

A0043077

Safety-related characteristic values 1.1

SIL_00422_03.23



People for Process Automation

Device designation and permissible types 1)	Cerabar PN	Cerabar PMC71B ** BA * * * * * * * * * * * * + [LA]				
Safety-related output signal	4 20 mA					
Fault signal	≤ 3.6 mA /	> 21 0 mΔ				
Process variable/function	+	nd level measure	mont			
Safety function(s)	MIN / MAX		mem			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		7 KANGE		M Tuna B	_	
Device type acc. to IEC 61508-2	Type A	mand Mode		│		
Operating mode	+					
Valid hardware version		(ww: any double		•		
Valid software version		z: any double nu	ımber)	_	
Safety manual	FY01026P			1 11 1		
				evaluation parallel to de request acc. to IEC 61	•	
					e for HW/SW incl. FMEDA	
Type of evaluation (check only one box)				acc. to IEC 61508-2,		
(crieck only <u>one</u> box)			HW/S	W field data to verify ,	"prior use" acc. to	
		IEC 61511	ENVEL	NA 255 to IEC 61509-7	2 for devices w/o software	
Evaluation through – report/certificate no.		0 020351 0009		7A acc. to IEC 01300-2	. Tot devices w/o software	
Test documents		nt documents	,	Test reports	Data sheets	
SIL – Integrity	Developine	int documents		rescreports	Data sileets	
Systematic safety integrity				□ SC 2	⊠ SC 3	
Systematic safety integrity	Single char	nnel use (HFT = 0	0)	SIL 2 capable	SIL 3 capable	
Hardware safety integrity		•		SIL 2 capable	SIL 3 capable	
FAAFDA	/Wuiti chani	nel use (HFT≥1	.)		□ SIL 3 capable	
FMEDA	1				T	
Safety function	MIN		MAX		RANGE	
λ _{DU} ^{2),3)}	25 FIT		25 F		25 FIT	
λ _{DD} ^{2),3)}	1238 FIT			8 FIT	1238 FIT	
λs ^{2),3)}	575 FIT		575		575 FIT	
SFF	99%		99%		99%	
PFD _{avg} ($T_1 = 1 \text{ year}$) ³⁾ (single channel architecture)	1.1 · 10-4			10-4	1.1 · 10-4	
PFH	2.5 · 10 ⁻⁸ 1	/h	2.5	10 ⁻⁸ 1/h	2.5 · 10 ⁻⁸ 1/h	
PTC ⁴⁾ A / B	95% / 60%)	95%	7 60%	95% / 60%	
Diagnostic test interval ⁵⁾	≤ 30 min		≤ 30	min	≤ 30 min	
Fault reaction time ⁶⁾	≤ 5 s		≤ 5 :	5	≤ 5 s	
Comments						
_						
Declaration						

A0043078

Endress+Hauser

5

¹⁾ Valid order codes and order code exclusions are maintained in the E+H ordering system
2) FIT = Failure In Time, number of failures per 10° h
3) Valid for average ambient temperature up to +40 °C (+104 °F)
For continuous operation at ambient temperature close to +60 °C (+140 °F), a factor of 2.1 should be applied
4) PTC = Proof Test Coverage
5) All diagnostic functions are performed at least once within the diagnostic test interval
6) Maximum time between error recognition and error response

About this document Cerabar PMC71B

2 About this document

2.1 Document function

This supplementary Safety Manual applies in addition to the Operating Instructions, Technical Information and ATEX Safety Instructions. The supplementary device documentation must be observed during installation, commissioning and operation. The requirements specific for the protection function are described in this Safety Manual.

General information on functional safety (SIL) is available at:

www.endress.com/SIL

■ 📵 WP01032F, Whitepaper "Functional Safety in practice"

2.2 Symbols used

2.2.1 Safety symbols

A DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

A WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

A CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

NOTICE

This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

2.2.2 Symbols for certain types of information and graphics

1 Tip

Indicates additional information

Reference to documentation

lacksquare

Reference to graphic

Notice or individual step to be observed

1., 2., 3.

Series of steps

Result of a step

1, 2, 3, ...

Item numbers

A, B, C, ...

Views

Cerabar PMC71B About this document

2.3 Supplementary device documentation



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- W@M Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- Endress+Hauser Operations App: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the matrix code on the nameplate

The following document types are available in the download area of the Endress+Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads):

2.3.1 Further applicable documents

- TI01507P
- BA02010P
- KA01463P
- GP01161P

2.3.2 Technical Information (TI)

Planning aid

The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.

2.3.3 Operating Instructions (BA)

Your reference quide

These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

2.3.4 **Brief Operating Instructions (KA)**

Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value

The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.

2.3.5 **Description of Device Parameters (GP)**

Parameter reference document

The document is part of the Operating Instructions and provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter in the operating menu.

2.3.6 Certificate

The associated certificate is available in the Endress+Hauser W@M Device Viewer or can be found in the declaration of conformity of the applicable Functional Safety Manual. This certificate must be valid at the time of delivery of the device.

Design Cerabar PMC71B

3 Design

3.1 Permitted device types

The details pertaining to functional safety in this manual relate to the device versions listed below and are valid as of the specified firmware and hardware versions.

Unless otherwise specified, all subsequent versions can also be used for safety functions.

A modification process according to IEC 61508 is applied for any device modifications.

Any exemptions from possible combinations of features are saved in the Endress +Hauser ordering system.

Valid device versions for safety-related use:

3.1.1 Order codes

PMC71B-

Feature: 010 "Approval"

Version: all

Feature: 020 "Output"

Version: BA; 2-wire 4-20mA HART Feature: 030 "Display, operation"

Version: all

Feature: 040 "Housing; material"

Version: all

Feature: 050 "Electrical connection"

Version: all

Feature: 055 "Pressure type"

Version: all

Feature: 075 "Sensor range"

Version: all

Feature: 090 "Calibration; unit"

Version: all

Feature: 105 "Process connection, sealing surface"

Version: all

Feature: 110 "Process connection"

Version: all

Feature: 200 "Seal"

Version: all **Optional:**

Feature: 500 "Display operating language"

Version: all

Feature: 540 "Application package"

Version: all

Feature: 545 "Reference accuracy"

Version: all

Feature: 550 "Calibration"

Version: all

Feature: 570 "Service"

Version: all

Cerabar PMC71B Design

Feature: 580 "Test, certificate, declaration"

Version: all

Feature: 590 "Additional approval"

Version: all

The version "LA" must be selected for use as a safety function as per IEC 61508.

Feature: 600 "Sensor design"

Version: all

Feature: 610 "Accessory mounted"

Version: all

Feature: 620 "Accessory enclosed"

Version: all

Feature: 660 "Regional device adaptation"

Version: all

Feature: 850 "Firmware version"

Version: all

Feature: 895 "Marking"

Version: all

3.2 Identification marking

SIL-certified devices are marked with the SIL logo (a) on the nameplate.

3.3 Safety function

The device's safety functions are:

- Minimum, maximum or range monitoring
- Absolute pressure measurement
- Gauge pressure measurement

For the safety function, the limit values for maximum or minimum monitoring must be defined by the user at a downstream logic unit (e.g. PLC, limit signal transmitter, etc.) for the safety-related output signal.

The same safety-related characteristic values that apply for range monitoring also apply for maximum or minimum monitoring.

Internal device errors result in a failure current at the analog output if safe measuring operation is no longer possible.



The assessment of the functional safety of a device includes the basic unit with the main electronics, sensor electronics and sensor up to the sensor membrane and the process connection mounted directly on the device. Process adapters and mounted/enclosed accessories are not taken into account in the rating.

Detailed measured errors, such as for other temperature ranges, can be calculated with the "Sizing Pressure Performance" Applicator.

Cerabar PMC71B Design



■ 1 QR code for the "Sizing Pressure Performance" Applicator

Responsibility for assessing the suitability of the entire system - consisting of the basic unit and accessories - for safety-related use lies with the operator.

- Pay attention to the planning information provided in the usual standards
- Pay attention to the Technical Information ("Supplementary device documentation")

3.3.1 Safety-related output signal

The device's safety-related signal is the analog output signal 4 to 20 mA. All safety measures refer to this signal exclusively. The device additionally communicates for information only via HART and contains all HART features with additional device information. HART communication is not part of the safety function. The behavior of the output current in the event of an error depends on the setting for the messages. The safety-related output signal is fed to a downstream logic unit, e.g. a programmable logic controller or a limit signal transmitter where it is monitored for the following:

- To ascertain if it exceeds or drops below a predefined limit value
- The occurrence of a fault, e.g. error current (\leq 3.6 mA, \geq 21.0 mA, interruption or shortcircuit of the signal line).

NOTICE

In an alarm condition

► Ensure that the equipment under control achieves or maintains a safe state.

The following dangerous undetected failures can occur in the devices:

- An incorrect output signal that deviates from the real value by more than 2%, wherein the output signal is still in the range of 4 to 20 mA or 3.8 to 20.5 mA.
- A settling time that is delayed by more than the specified settling time plus tolerance.

For failure monitoring, the logic unit must recognize both HI alarms (≥ 21.0 mA) and LO alarms (\leq 3.6 mA).

The transmitter output is not safety-oriented in the following situations:

- Configuration changes
- Proof testing
- Simulation

3.3.2 Safe measurement

The transmitter's safety function comprises a transmitted current output signal that is proportional to the pressure value. All safety functions can be used in combination with all sensor configurations from the "Structure of the measuring system" section.

Cerabar PMC71B Design

3.3.3 Redundant configuration of multiple sensors

This section provides additional information regarding the use of homogeneously redundant sensors e.g. in a 1002 or 2003 architecture. The failure rates for HFT = 1 are based on an analysis in accordance with:

DIN EN 61508-6: 2011-02, Table D.4, "Using the β -factor to calculate the probability of failure in an E/E/PE safety-related system due to common cause failures."

The device meets the requirements for SIL 3 in homogeneously redundant applications. The following common cause factors β and β D can be used for the design.

- β for homogeneously redundant use: 5 %
- βD for homogeneously redundant use: 2%

The system-specific analysis can produce other values depending on the specific installation and use of additional components.

The following are possible measures to reduce the common cause factors:

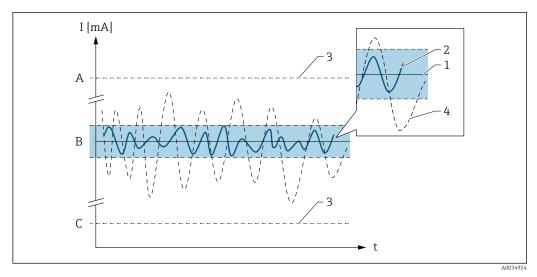
- Sensors installed in a physically separate location
- Cables routed separately
- Separate protection from environmental influences, e.g.:
 - Impact
 - Sunshine
 - EMC and/or overvoltage

3.4 Basic conditions for use in safety-related applications

The measuring system must be used correctly for the specific application, taking into account the medium properties and ambient conditions. Carefully follow instructions pertaining to critical process situations and installation conditions from the Operating Instructions. The application-specific limits must be observed. The specifications in the Operating Instructions and the Technical Information must not be exceeded.

The stability particularly of the wetted materials must be guaranteed and must be verified by the user.

3.4.1 Safety-related failures according to IEC/EN 61508



- A HI alarm ≥ 21 mA
- B SIL error range ±2%
- C LO alarm ≤ 3.6 mA

Design Cerabar PMC71B

No device error

- No failure
- Implications for the safety-related output signal:
 None (1) and measuring uncertainty is within the specified range (TI, BA)

λ_{S} (Safe)

- Safe failure
- Implication for the safety-related output signal:
 The current measured value is output (2) or adopts the safe state (3) and measuring uncertainty is within the specified safety measured errors

λ_{DD} (Dangerous detected)

- Dangerous but detectable failure
- Implication for the safety-related output signal:
 Results in a failure mode at the output signal (3) and the measuring uncertainty can exceed the specified safety measured error.

λ_{DU} (Dangerous undetected)

- Dangerous failure which cannot be detected
- Implication for the safety-related output signal:
 The current measured value is output (4) and the measuring uncertainty can exceed the specified safety measured error.

3.4.2 Safety measured error

The total deviations with regard to the safety-related current output are composed of:

- A) Measured errors under reference operating conditions: according to TI
- B) Measured errors due to process/installation/ambient conditions: according to TI
- C) Measured errors due to ambient conditions (EMC): ±0.5 % in relation to the span of the safety-related current output
- D) Measured errors due to random component failures (SIL error range): ±2.0 % in relation to the span of the safety-related current output

Strong, pulse-like EMC interference on the power supply line can cause transient (< 1 s) deviations in the output signal ($\geq \pm 1.0$ % in relation to the span of the safety-related current output. For this reason, filtering with a time constant of ≥ 1 s should be performed in the downstream logic unit.

3.5 Dangerous undetected failures in this scenario

An incorrect output signal that deviates from the value specified in this manual but is still in the range of 4 to 20 mA, is considered a "dangerous, undetected failure".

3.6 Useful lifetime of electric components

The established failure rates of electrical components apply within the useful lifetime as per IEC 61508-2:2010 section 7.4.9.5 note 3.

In accordance with DIN EN 61508-2:2011 section 7.4.9.5, national footnote N3, appropriate measures taken by the manufacturer and operator can extend the useful lifetime.

The useful lifetime can be significantly shorter if the device is operated at temperatures outside specifications.

4 Commissioning (installation and configuration)

4.1 Requirements for personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ▶ Personnel must be authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ▶ Be familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work: personnel must read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Personnel must follow instructions and comply with general policies.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Personnel are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Personnel follow the instructions in this manual.

4.2 Installation

The mounting and wiring of the device and the permitted orientations are described in the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

4.3 Commissioning

The device can be commissioned using the commissioning wizard. The commissioning procedure is described in the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

Prior to operating the device in a safety instrumented system, verification must be performed by carrying out a test sequence as described in **Section 6 Proof testing**.

4.4 Operation

The operation of the device is described in the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

4.5 Device configuration for safety-related applications

4.5.1 Calibration of the measuring point

Measuring point calibration is described in the Operating Instructions.

The following safety-related parameters must be configured or checked:

- Lower range value output
- Upper range value output
- Simulation
- Current span
- Failure behavior current output
- Loop current mode
- Measuring mode current output
- Damping

- Output current transfer function
- Sensor pressure range behavior
- Assign PV parameter; Details → 📵 GP01161P

The **CRC device configuration** parameter is unique and is based on the current settings of safety relevant parameters.

CRC device configuration based on current settings of safety relevant parameters. The CRC device configuration is unique and can be used to detect changes in safety relevant parameter settings.

The following are also relevant for safety:

- Zero
- Lo Trim Measured
- Hi Trim Measured

4.5.2 Device protection

The devices can be protected against external influences as follows:

■ Software write protection

Is set with the SIL mode wizard

Hardware write protection
 Optionally via DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert

4.5.3 Device configuration and locking

The following operating methods are possible to configure the safety function:

- DTM-based software such as Field Care or Device Care
- MSD-based software SmartBlue (App)
- Operation via display
- EDD-based software such as PDM / FDI /AMS

The safety function can be set in a variety of ways, which are described in detail below:

- Default setting ex works
- Configured onsite without the operating menu
- Configured using the wizard
- Expert setting

4.5.4 Default setting ex works

Requirement

The customer specified the desired configuration in the order, which was then written to the device during the production process.

A function test must be performed onsite by the user before the device may be used in SIL mode. This can be done using one of the procedures described for proof testing (see the "Proof testing" section).

To protect against external influences, the device can be locked using hardware write protection (DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert).

4.5.5 Configured onsite without the operating menu

- Recommended for initial commissioning:
 Reset the device according to the Operating Instructions. This resets all parameters to defined values (factory settings or customized settings).
- 1. Check the position of DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert, set to "OFF" if necessary.
- 2. Configure the device as explained in section 9.7 of the Operating Instructions.
- 3. Lock the device using DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert.

A function test must then be performed before the device may be used in SIL mode. This can be done using one of the procedures described for proof testing (see the "Proof-testing" section).

4.5.6 Confirmation of parameter configuration using the wizard

By limiting the possibilities during parameter configuration, this method offers added safety against incorrect settings.

- Recommended for initial commissioning:
 Reset the device according to the Operating Instructions. This resets all parameters to defined values (factory settings or customized settings).
- 1. Check the position of DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert, set to "OFF" if necessary.
- 2. Carry out the configuration as described in the Operating Instructions, while paying attention to the restrictions (see below). **Simulation** parameter must be set to **Off** option.
- 3. Guidance \rightarrow SIL mode
- 4. Under SIL preparation enter "7 452" for Enter SIL locking code.
 - **└** Locking status = **Temporarily locked** option
 - i

A temporary lock is only implemented if all of the following restrictions regarding configuration options are implemented:

Current range output parameter is NOT Customer specific option
Loop current mode parameter is set to Enable option
Simulation parameter is set to Off option
Assign PV parameter is set to Pressure option

- 5. Perform **SIL mode** wizard step by step. Under **SIL Locking** wizard enter "**7 452**" for Enter SIL locking code again.
- 6. Once all the pages are completed, click the Finish button in order to close the wizard.
 - Locking status = **SIL locked** option
 Optionally, it is also possible to lock via DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert.

A function test must then be performed before the device may be used in SIL mode. This can be done using one of the procedures described for proof testing (see the "Proof testing" section).

At the end of the SIL activation sequence the current **"CRC device configuration" parameter** is stored and the device is SIL locked. If a device is unlocked and locked again, the current **CRC device configuration** parameter is compared with the **Stored CRC device configuration** parameter. If there is no difference in the values, the device is SIL-locked immediately. If the values deviate from one another, the safety-related parameter settings must be confirmed once again.

If the wizard is canceled, SIL locking is not active on the device (device is SIL-unlocked).

► Edit all the necessary wizard pages.

4.5.7 Expert parameter configuration

This method of parameter configuration offers the expert device configuration options.

- Recommended for initial commissioning:
 Reset the device according to the Operating Instructions. This resets all parameters to defined values (factory settings or customized settings).
- 1. Check the position of DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert, set to "OFF" if necessary.
- 2. Carry out the configuration as described in the Operating Instructions. Restriction the **Simulation** parameter must be set to the **Off** option.

Operation Cerabar PMC71B

- 3. Switch off the operating voltage to the device for 20 to 30 s.
- 4. Switch the operating voltage back on.
- 5. Lock the device using DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert.
- 6. Check the device settings and document them in a suitable manner. The Fieldcare print function is an easy way to document the device settings.

A function test must then be performed before the device may be used in SIL mode. This can be done using one of the procedures described for proof testing (see the "Proof-testing" section).

4.5.8 Unlocking a device using the wizard

When SIL locking is active on a device, the device is protected against unauthorized operation by means of a locking code and, as an additional option, by means of a write protection switch (DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert). The device must be unlocked in order to change parameters and to reset self-holding diagnostic messages.

- 1. Check the position of DIP switch 1 on the electronic insert, set to "OFF" if necessary.
- 2. Click "Guidance menu \rightarrow SIL Locking \rightarrow Deactivate SIL" to call up the wizard.
- 3. Under SIL preparation enter "7 452" for Enter SIL unlocking code parameter.
 - ► Locking status = **SIL** is unlocked

4.6 Parameters and default settings for the SIL mode

The following settings are not permitted for the SIL mode:

- **Simulation** parameter:
 - Pressure
 - Current output
 - Diagnostic event simulation
- Loop current mode parameter:

Disable

5 Operation

The behavior during operation and in the event of a fault is described in the Operating Instructions (BA).

5.1 Device behavior when switched on

Once switched on, the device runs through a diagnostic phase of approx. 5 s. The current is ≤ 3.6 mA during this phase.

During the diagnostic phase, no communication is possible via the service interface (CDI) or via HART.

5.2 Device behavior in safety function demand mode

The device outputs a current value corresponding to the measured value. This value must be monitored and processed further in a connected logic unit.

Cerabar PMC71B Proof testing

5.3 Safe states

Overpressure or negative pressure in the process are detected by the pressure transmitters. The configured output current "Alarm" or "Warning" is set at the output. This state persists until the application error is resolved and the device can again supply a valid measured value at the current output.

Malfunction/description

If a fault is detected, the pressure transmitter sets the configured alarm current (safe state) at the output:

- I ≤ 3.6 mA (low alarm)
- $I \ge 21 \text{ mA}$ (high alarm)
- The factory setting of the pressure transmitters is $I \le 3.6$ mA (low alarm).

5.4 Behavior of device in the event of an alarm and warnings

The output current on alarm can be set to a value of \leq 3.6 mA or \geq 21 mA. In some cases (e.g. failure of power supply, a line break and faults in the current output itself, where the failure current \geq 21 mA cannot be set), output currents \leq 3.6 mA can occur irrespective of the configured failure current.

In some other cases (e.g. short circuit of cabling), output currents of ≥ 21 mA occur irrespective of the configured failure current.

For alarm monitoring, the downstream logic unit must therefore be able to recognize HI alarms (≥ 21 mA) and LO alarms (≤ 3.6 mA).

5.5 Alarm and warning messages

The behavior of the device in the event of an alarm and warnings is described in the relevant Operating Instructions.

Correlation between the error code and the current that is output:

Error code "Fxxx"

Current output: ≥ 21 mA or ≤ 3.6 mA Comment: xxx = three-digit number

Error code ""Mxxx" / "Cxxx" / "Sxxx"" Current output: as per measured value

Comment: xxx = three-digit number

Overview of output signals depending on the diagnostic state (warning and alarm).

6 Proof testing

The safety-related functionality of the device in the SIL mode must be verified during commissioning, when changes are made to safety-related parameters, and also at appropriate time intervals. This enables this functionality to be verified within the entire safety instrumented system. The time intervals must be specified by the operator.

Proof testing Cerabar PMC71B

A CAUTION

The safety function is not quaranteed during a proof test

Suitable measures must be taken to guarantee process safety during the test.

- ► The safety-related output signal 4 to 20 mA must not be used for the protective system during testing.
- ► A completed test must be documented; the report provided in the Appendix can be used for this purpose.
- ► The operator specifies the test interval and this must be taken into account when determining the probability of failure PFD_{avg} of the sensor system.

If no operator-specific proof testing requirements have been defined, the following is a possible alternative for testing the transmitter depending on the measured variable used for the safety function. The individual proof test coverages (PTC) that can be used for calculation are specified for the test sequences described below.

Flexible testing of field devices

NAMUR Worksheet NA106 "Flexible proof testing of field devices in safety instrumented systems" explains how to optimize testing activities on existing installations.

Heartbeat Verification enables the documentation of the current device diagnostic or device status as proof of testing. This supports the documentation of proof tests according to IEC 61511-1:2016 Section 16.3.3, "Documentation of proof tests and inspections".

Heartbeat Verification cannot replace a proof test. Test sequences with Heartbeat Verification can support the detection of systematic errors as part of a proof test. In this case, Heartbeat Verification is listed as one step in the proof test sequence.

Heartbeat Verification is based on device-specific test sequences that are performed automatically. The verification also enables the detection of systematic errors in the process, e.g.

- Plugged impulse lines
- Change in loop resistance

Heartbeat Technology is a methodological design concept based on IEC 61508:2010 consisting of the Heartbeat Diagnostic, Verification and Monitoring modules. See the accompanying documentation (SD02525P) for further information on Heartbeat Technology.

NOTICE

If there is a device fault before the test, an alarm is output

► The cause of the fault must be first eliminated before starting the proof test.

NOTICE

If HW write protection is enabled

► Remove HW write protection before carrying out the proof test. If necessary, enable HW write protection again on completion of the proof test.

Overview of the proof tests:

- Test sequence A (using wizard or manual test)
 - Simulate min. and max. alarm current
 - Approach the lower and upper measured value
- Test sequence B (using wizard or manual test)
 Simulate min. and max. alarm current
- Heartbeat Technology also provides a wizard for the proof test.

Cerabar PMC71B Proof testing

Note the following for the test sequences:

• The individual proof test coverages (PTC) that can be used for calculation are specified in the Declaration of Conformity

- The devices (e.g. ammeter) recommended for the verification should be sufficiently precise
- The test must be carried out in such a way that it verifies the correct operation of the safety instrumented system in interaction with all of the components

6.1 Test sequence A

Proof test procedure with the wizard:

- 1. Guidance \rightarrow Proof test \rightarrow Select test procedure
- 2. Please select: Test procedure A
- 3. Go through the proof test step by step and enter the results. Details on the individual test steps are provided under "Proof test procedure with manual testing".
- 4. Once all the pages are completed, click the Finish button in order to close the wizard.

NOTICE

The device has failed the proof test if the deviation of the measured current value from the expected current value $> \pm 2\%$.

► For troubleshooting measures, see the Operating Instructions.

Proof test procedure with manual testing:

- 1. Poll the device identification (check Device tag, Device ID, Serial number, Firmware version and Hardware revision)
- 2. Read out the setting for the customer-specific **Terminal current (high alarm)** parameter (≥ 21 mA), compare it to the configured value and note it down.
- 3. Simulate the maximum Alarm current
- 4. Check whether the safety mechanism downstream from the device detects the alarm as expected. Alternatively, measure the output current and compare it.
- 5. Simulate the minimum Alarm current
- 6. Check whether the safety mechanism downstream from the device detects the alarm as expected. Alternatively, measure the output current and compare it.
- 7. Approach the **Upper range value** parameter (approx. 16 to 20 mA) or apply it via pressure reference.
- 8. Check the safety-related output and assess for accuracy. The result of this step is satisfactory if the output value is within the required accuracy range.
- 9. Approach the **Lower range value** parameter (approx. 4 to 8 mA) or apply it via pressure reference.
- 10. Check the safety-related output and assess for accuracy. The result of this step is satisfactory if the output value is within the required accuracy range.

NOTICE

The device has failed the proof test if the deviation of the measured current value from the expected current value $> \pm 2\%$.

▶ For troubleshooting measures, see the Operating Instructions.

6.2 Test sequence B

Proof test procedure with the wizard:

1. Guidance \rightarrow Proof test \rightarrow Select test procedure

Repair and error handling Cerabar PMC71B

- 2. Please select:**Test procedure B** option
- 3. Go through the proof test step by step and enter the results. Details on the individual test steps are provided under "Proof test procedure with manual testing".
- 4. Once all the pages are completed, click the Finish button in order to close the wizard.

NOTICE

The device has failed the proof test if the deviation of the measured current value from the expected current value $> \pm 2\%$.

▶ For troubleshooting measures, see the Operating Instructions.

Proof test procedure with manual testing:

- 1. Identify the device (check the Device tag, Device ID, Serial number, Firmware version and Hardware revision).
- Read out the setting of the customized **Terminal current (high alarm)** parameter $(\geq 21 \text{ mA})$, compare with the configured value and note this down.
- 3. Simulate the maximum Alarm current.
- 4. Check whether the safety mechanism downstream from the device detects the alarm as expected. Alternatively, measure the output current and compare it.
- 5. Simulate the minimum Alarm current.
- 6. Check whether the safety mechanism downstream from the device detects the alarm as expected. Alternatively, measure the output current and compare it.

NOTICE

The device has failed the proof test if the deviation of the measured current value from the expected current value $> \pm 2\%$.

► For troubleshooting measures, see the Operating Instructions.

6.3 Verification criterion

If one of the test criteria from the test sequences described above is not fulfilled, the device may no longer be used as part of a safety instrumented system.

- The purpose of proof-testing is to detect dangerous undetected device failures (λ_{DU}).
- This test does not cover the impact of systematic faults on the safety function, which must be assessed separately.
- Systematic faults can be caused, for example, by process material properties, operating conditions, build-up or corrosion.
- As part of the visual inspection, for example, ensure that all of the seals and cable entries provide adequate sealing and that the device is not visibly damaged.

7 Repair and error handling

7.1 Maintenance

Maintenance instructions and instructions regarding recalibration may be found in the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure process safety during configuration, proof-testing and maintenance work on the device.

7.2 Repair

Repair means restoring functional integrity by replacing defective components.

Components may be repaired/replaced by the customer's technical staff if **genuine spare parts** from Endress+Hauser are used (they can be ordered by the end user) and the appropriate installation instructions are followed.

A proof test must always be performed after every repair.

Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated replacement instructions.

Document the repair with the following information:

- Serial number of the device
- Date of the repair
- Type of repair
- Person who performed the repair
- Installation Instructions are supplied with the original spare part and can also be accessed in the Download Area at www.endress.com

Send in replaced components to Endress+Hauser for fault analysis.

When returning the defective component, always enclose the "Declaration of Hazardous Material and Decontamination" with the note "Used as SIL device in a safety instrumented system.

Information on returns: http://www.endress.com/support/return-material

7.3 Modification

- Modifications to SIL devices by the user are not permitted as they can impair the functional safety of the device
- Modifications to SIL devices on site at the user's plant are possible following approval by the Endress+Hauser manufacturing center
- Modifications to SIL devices must be performed by staff who have been authorized to perform this work by Endress+Hauser
- Only **original spare parts** from Endress+Hauser must be used for modifications
- All modifications must be documented in the Endress+Hauser W@M Device Viewer
- All modifications require a modification nameplate or the replacement of the original nameplate.

7.4 Decommissioning

When decommissioning, the requirements according to IEC 61508-1:2010 section 7.17 must be observed.

7.5 Disposal



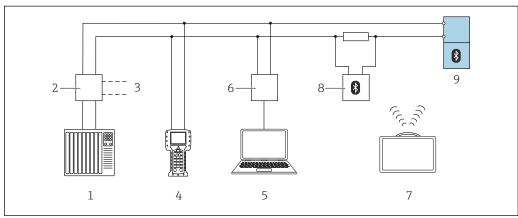
If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to Endress+Hauser for disposal under the applicable conditions.

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8 Appendix

8.1 Structure of the measuring system

8.1.1 System components



■ 2 Options for remote operation via HART protocol (passive)

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- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN22 (with communication resistor)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 and Field Communicator 475
- 4 Field Communicator 475
- 5 Computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM) with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- 6 Commubox FXA195 (USB), FXA291 (CDI)
- 7 Tablet with built-in Bluetooth modem / Field Xpert
- 8 VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable
- 9 Transmitter / transmitter with built-in Bluetooth modem

An analog signal (4 to 20 mA) in proportion to the pressure is generated in the transmitter. This is sent to a downstream logic unit (e.g. PLC, limit signal transmitter, etc.) where it is monitored to determine whether:

- it exceeds or drops below a predefined value
- it is outside a range to be monitored
- a fault has occurred (e.g. sensor error, interruption or short-circuit of the sensor line, failure of the supply voltage)

For fault monitoring, the logic unit must recognize both HI alarms (\geq 21 mA) and LO alarms (\leq 3.6 mA).

8.1.2 Description of application as a safety instrumented system

The pressure transmitter is used for the following measuring tasks:

- Absolute pressure and overpressure measurement in gases, vapors or liquids in all areas
 of process engineering and process measurement technology
- Level, volume or mass measurements in liquids

8.1.3 Installation conditions

The installation conditions for various measurements are described in the Technical Information for the device.

Correct installation is a prerequisite for safe operation of the device.

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8.1.4 Measurement function

The measuring principle and the measurement functions are described in the Operating Instructions for the device.

8.2 Commissioning or proof test report

The following device-specific test report acts as a print/master template and can be replaced or supplemented any time by the customer's own SIL reporting and testing system.

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8.2.1 Test Report - Page 1 -

Device information	n		
System			
Device tag			
Device name/Order	code		
Serial number			
Firmware version			
Hardware revision			
Test information			
Company/contact p	person		
Performed by			
Date/time			
Inspector			
Verification result			
Overall result			
	□ Pass 🗸		□ Fail 🔀
Notes			
 Date	Signature	Signature of tester	

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8.2.2 Test Report - Page 2 -

Device information		
System		
Device tag		
Serial number		
Preparation		
I have read the warning texts. Yes		
Visual inspection		
Proof test report		
Test steps		
1. Read out max. Failure current		
Actual value:		mA
2. Simulate max. Failure current		
Is the alarm detected by the downstream safety unit?		
□ Yes	□ No	
3. Simulate min. Failure current		
Is the alarm detected by the downstream safety unit?		
□ Yes	□ No	
4. Approach upper measured value (approx. 16 to 20 mA) or apply it via pressure reference		
Actual value:		mA
5. Measure Current at output		
Actual value:		mA
6. Result (Max. toler. deviation < +/-2%) ? \Box Yes \Box No		
7. Approach lower measured value (approx. 4 to 8 mA) or apply it via pressure reference		
Actual value:		mA
8. Measure Current at output		
Actual value:		mA
9. Result (Max. toler. deviation < +/-2%) ?		

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8.2.3 Commissioning Test Report - Page 1 -

SIL Commissi	oning	Endress + Hauser	
Plant operator:			
Device and verification infor	mation Page 1		-
Serial number Device tag Operating time		SIL	
Device information			-
Device tag Device name Serial number Firmware version Hardware revision			
SIL Locking CRC device configuration			
Stored CRC device configuration Timestamp stored CRC device config. Operating time Configuration counter			
Notes			

 \blacksquare 3 Example of a commissioning report using the wizard - Page 1 -

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8.2.4 Commissioning Test Report - Page 2 -

Plant operator: Device and verification information Page 2 Serial number Device tag Operating time SIL preparation Proof test via Bluctooth allowed? SIL preparation Character test string Result Inspector Location Date/time Notes Plant operator	Plant operator: Device and verification information Page 2 Serial number Device tag Operating time SIL preparation Proof test via Bluetooth allowed? SIL preparation Character test string Result Inspector Location Date/time Notes	Plant operator: Device and verification information Page 2 Serial number Device tag Operating time SIL preparation Proof test via Bluetooth allowed? SIL preparation Character test string Result Inspector Location Date/time Notes	Plant operator: Device and verification information Page 2 Serial number Device tag Operating time SIL preparation Proof test via Bluetooth allowed? SIL preparation Character test string Result Inspector Location Date/time Notes	SIL Commissioning	Endress + Hauser People for Process Automation
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Location Date/time Notes	Location Date/time Notes	Location Date/time Notes	Location Date/time Notes		
				Location Date/time	

 \blacksquare 4 Example of a commissioning report using the wizard - Page 2 -

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Commissioning Test Report - Page 3 -8.2.5

SIL Commissioning	Endress + Hauser People for Process Automation	
Plant operator:		
Device and verification information Page 3		
Serial number Device tag Operating time	SIL	
Parameter CRC		<u> </u>
Current output simulation		
Lower range value output		
Upper range value output		
Current range output		
Failure behavior current output		
Loop current mode		
Measuring mode current output		
Damping		
Output current transfer function		
Sensor pressure range behavior		
Assign PV		
Parameter additional		
Zero adjustment offset		
Lower sensor trim		
Upper sensor trim		

₽ 5 Example of a commissioning report using the wizard - Page 3 -

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8.3 Version history

FY01026P; Version 01.20

- Firmware version: 01.00.zz (zz: any double number)
- Hardware version: 01.00.ww (ww. any double number) or from date of device delivery
- Changes:

First version

FY01026P; Version 02.22

- Firmware version: 01.00.zz (zz: any double number)
- Hardware version: 01.00.ww (ww. any double number) or from date of device delivery
- Changes:

Safety-related characteristic values improved

FY01026P; Version 03.24

- Firmware version: 01.00.zz (zz: any double number)
- Hardware version: 01.00.ww (ww: any double number) or from date of device delivery
- Changes:

Declaration of Conformity



www.addresses.endress.com

