BA020300/09/EN/02.24-00 71687487 2024-04-08

# Operating Instructions Active barrier

Active barrier, 1-/2-channel/SD for 4 to 20 mA, HART<sup>®</sup> transparent with 24 V  $_{\rm DC}$  and active/passive input and output, optionally available with SIL and Ex



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# 1 About this document

# 1.1 Symbols

#### 1.1.1 Safety symbols

#### A DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **A** CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

#### 1.1.2 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	<b>Permitted</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	<b>Preferred</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
×	<b>Forbidden</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
i	<b>Tip</b> Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
►	Notice or individual step to be observed
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
L.	Result of a step
?	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

#### 1.1.3 Electrical symbols

	Direct current	$\sim$	Alternating current
N	Direct current and alternating current	<u> </u>	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

#### 1.1.4 Symbols in graphics

1, 2, 3,	Item numbers	A, B, C,	Views
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#### 1.1.5 Symbols at the device

$\land \rightarrow \blacksquare$	Warning Observe the safety instructions contained in the associated Operating Instructions
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# 1.2 Registered trademarks

#### HART®

Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

# 2 Basic safety instructions

# 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- Follow the instructions in this manual.

# 2.2 Intended use

The active barrier is used for the safe isolation of 0/4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits. An intrinsically safe version is optionally available for operation in Zone 2. The device is designed for installation on DIN rails in accordance with IEC 60715.

**Product liability:** The manufacturer does not accept any responsibility for damage that results from non-designated use and from failure to comply with the instructions in this manual.

# 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

• Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

# 2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury!

- Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

#### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers:

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use only original spare parts and accessories from the manufacturer.

#### Hazardous area

To eliminate danger to persons or the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection):

- Check the nameplate to verify if the device ordered can be put to its intended use in the hazardous area.
- Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation that is an integral part of these instructions.

# 2.5 Product safety

This device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-theart safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

### 2.6 Installation instructions

- The device's IP20 degree of protection is intended for a clean and dry environment.
- Do not expose the device to mechanical and/or thermal stress that exceeds the specified limits.
- The device is intended for installation in a cabinet or similar housing. The device may only be operated as an installed device.
- To protect against mechanical or electrical damage, the device must be installed in an appropriate housing with a suitable degree of protection according to IEC/EN 60529.
- The device fulfills the EMC regulations for the industrial sector.
- NE 21: Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment is met under the following condition: power failures of up to 20 ms must be bridged with a suitable power supply.

# **3 Product descriptions**

# 3.1 Product description

### 3.1.1 Product design

#### Active barrier, 1-channel

- The active barrier is used for the transmission and galvanic isolation of 0/4 to 20 mA signals. The device has an active/passive current input to which a 2-wire or 4-wire transmitter can be directly connected. The output of the device can be operated actively or passively. The current signal is then available to the PLC/controller or to other instrumentation at plug-in screw terminals or optional push-in terminals.
- HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally by the device. Connecting points for connecting HART communicators are integrated into the front of the device.
- The device is optionally available as an "associated apparatus", which allows devices to be connected in Ex Zone 0/20 [ia] and operated in Ex Zone 2 [ec]. 2-wire transmitters are supplied with power, and transmit analog 0/4 to 20 mA measured values from the hazardous area to the non-hazardous area. These devices are accompanied by separate Ex documentation, which is an integral part of this manual. Compliance with the installation instructions and connection data in this documentation is mandatory!

#### Active barrier, 2-channel

With the "2-channel" option, the device has a second channel, which is galvanically isolated from channel 1, while maintaining the same width. Otherwise, the function corresponds to the 1-channel device.

#### Active barrier as signal doubler

With the signal doubler option, the active barrier is used for the galvanic isolation of a 0/4 to 20 mA signal, which is transmitted to two galvanically isolated outputs.

- Output 1 is HART-transparent. HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally between the input and output 1.
- As output 2 contains a HART filter, only the galvanically isolated analog 4 to 20 mA signal is transmitted.

# 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

### 4.1 Incoming acceptance

On receipt of the delivery:

- 1. Check the packaging for damage.
  - Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer. Do not install damaged components.
- 2. Check the scope of delivery using the delivery note.
- 3. Compare the data on the nameplate with the order specifications on the delivery note.

4. Check the technical documentation and all other necessary documents, e.g. certificates, to ensure they are complete.

If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact the manufacturer.

# 4.2 Product identification

The device can be identified in the following ways:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the measuring instrument features on the delivery note

#### 4.2.1 Nameplate

#### Do you have the correct device?

The nameplate provides you with the following information on the device:

- Manufacturer identification, device designation
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Tag name (TAG) (optional)
- Technical values, e.g. supply voltage, current consumption, ambient temperature, communication-specific data (optional)
- Degree of protection
- Approvals with symbols
- Reference to Safety Instructions (XA) (optional)
- Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

#### 4.2.2 Name and address of manufacturer

Name of manufacturer:	Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH + Co. KG
Address of manufacturer:	Obere Wank 1, D-87484 Nesselwang
Model/type reference:	RN22

### 4.3 Storage and transport

Storage temperature: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)

Maximum relative humidity: < 95%

Pack the device for storage and transportation in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging provides the best protection.

Avoid the following environmental influences during storage:

- Direct sunlight
- Proximity to hot objects
- Mechanical vibration
- Aggressive media

# 5 Mounting

# 5.1 Mounting requirements

#### 5.1.1 Dimensions

For information on device dimensions, see the "Technical data" section.

#### 5.1.2 Mounting location

The device is designed for installation on 35 mm (1.38 in) DIN rails in accordance with IEC 60715 (TH35).

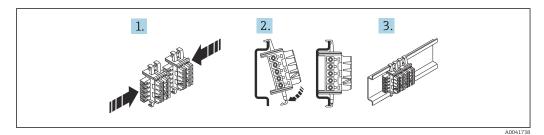
#### NOTICE

 When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed.

For information on ambient conditions, see the "Technical data" section.

### 5.2 Mounting the DIN rail bus connector

If using the DIN rail bus connector to the power supply, clip it onto the DIN rail BEFORE mounting the device. It is essential that you pay attention to the orientation of the module and the DIN rail bus connector: the snap-on clip should be at the bottom and the connector piece on the left.



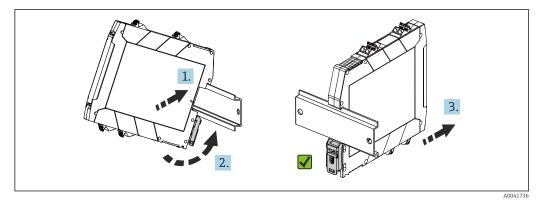
■ 1 Mounting the DIN rail bus connector 12.5 mm (0.5 in)

- 1. Connect two or more DIN rail bus connectors together.
- 2. Attach the DIN rail bus connectors to the top of the DIN rail and allow them to click into place on the underside of the DIN rail.
- 3. The DIN rail devices can now be installed.

### 5.3 Installing a DIN rail device

The device can be installed in any position (horizontal or vertical) on the DIN rail without lateral clearance from neighboring devices. No tools are required for installation. The use of end brackets (type WEW "35/1" or similar) on the DIN rail is recommended as an end support for the device.

When installing several devices side by side, it is important to ensure that the maximum side wall temperature of 80 °C (176 °F) of the individual devices is not exceeded. If this cannot be guaranteed, mount the devices at a distance from one another or ensure sufficient cooling.

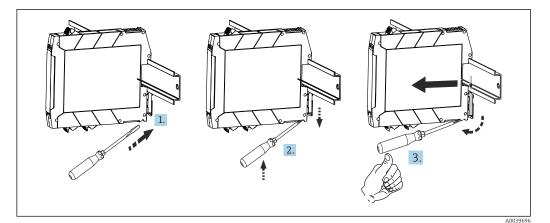


■ 2 Installing on DIN rail

1. Position the top DIN rail groove at the top end of the DIN rail.

- 2. While holding the front of the device horizontally, lower it until you hear the locking clip of the device click into place on the DIN rail.
- **3.** Pull gently on the device to check if it is correctly mounted on the DIN rail.

### 5.4 Disassembling the DIN rail device



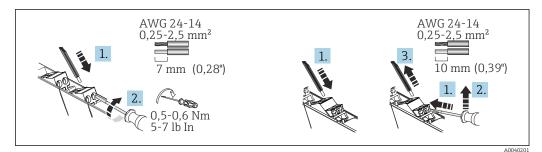
3 Disassembling the DIN rail device

- 1. Insert a screwdriver into the tab of the DIN rail clip.
- 2. Use the screwdriver to pull down on the DIN rail clip as shown in the diagram.
- 3. Hold down the screwdriver to remove the device from the DIN rail.

# 6 Electrical connection

### 6.1 Connecting requirements

A flat-blade screw driver is required to establish an electrical connection to screw or pushin terminals.



Electrical connection using screw terminals (left) and push-in terminals (right)

#### **A**CAUTION

#### Destruction of parts of the electronics

• Switch off the power supply before installing and connecting the device.

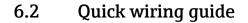
#### NOTICE

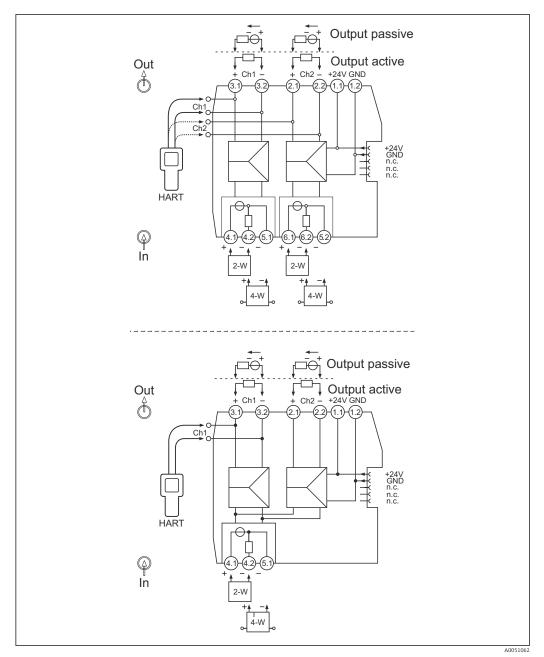
#### Destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics

- ► ▲ ESD Electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals and HART lugs on the front from electrostatic discharge.
- A shielded cable is recommended for HART communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.

For information on the connection data, see the "Technical data" section.

Only use copper cables with a minimum temperature rating of 75  $^{\circ}$ C (167  $^{\circ}$ F) as the connection cable.







Connection for operation with active output:

- 1. Connect + with 3.2/2.2.
- 2. Connect with 3.1/2.1.
  - └ The operating mode is switched automatically.

Connection for operation with passive output:

1. Connect + with 3.1/2.1.

2. Connect - to 3.2/2.2.

└ The operating mode is switched automatically.



HART communicators can be connected to the HART connecting points. Ensure an adequate external resistance ( $\geq$  230  $\Omega$ ) in the output circuit.

# 6.3 Connecting the supply voltage

Power can be supplied via terminals 1.1 and 1.2 or via the DIN rail bus connector.

The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

#### 6.3.1 Using the power and error message module to supply power

It is recommended to use the RNF22 power and error message module to provide the supply voltage to the DIN rail bus connector. An overall current of 3.75 A is possible with this option.

### 6.3.2 Supply to the DIN rail bus connector via terminals

Devices installed side by side can be powered via the terminals of the device up to a total current consumption of 400 mA. The connection is via the DIN rail bus connector. The installation of a 630 mA fuse (semi-delay or slow-blow) upstream is recommended.

#### NOTICE

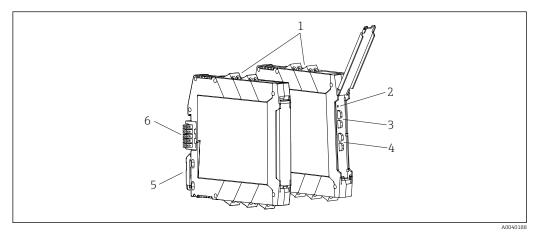
The simultaneous use of terminals and DIN rail bus connectors to supply power is not permitted! The tapping of energy from the DIN rail bus connector for further distribution is not permitted.

► The supply voltage must never be connected directly to the DIN rail bus connector!

# 6.4 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Are the device and cables undamaged (visual check)?	
Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)?	See 'Technical data'
Electrical connection	Notes
Does the supply voltage match the information on the nameplate?	Active barrier: U = e.g. 19.2 to 30 $V_{DC}$ The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit.
Are the power supply and signal cables connected correctly?	
Are all the screw terminals well tightened and have the connections of the push-in terminals been checked?	

# 7 Display and operating elements



- 6 Display and operating elements
- 1 Plug-in screw or push-in terminal
- 2 Green LED "On", power supply
- 3 Connection lugs for HART communication (channel 1)
- 4 Connection lugs for HART communication (channel 2, option)
- 5 DIN rail clip for DIN rail mounting
- 6 DIN rail bus connector (optional)

# 7.1 Local operation

### 7.1.1 Hardware settings/configuration

No manual hardware settings are required at the device for commissioning.

Attention must be paid to the different terminal assignment when connecting 2-/4-wire transmitters. At the output side, the connected system is detected and automatic switching takes place between the active and passive mode.

# 8 Commissioning

# 8.1 Post-installation check

Before commissioning the device, ensure that all post-mounting and post-connection checks have been carried out.

#### NOTICE

Before commissioning the device, make sure that the supply voltage matches the voltage specifications on the nameplate. Failure to perform these checks may result in damage to the device caused by the incorrect supply voltage.

# 8.2 Switching on the device

Switch on the supply voltage. The green LED display on the front of the device indicates that the device is operational.



To prevent incorrect wiring, the output current should be verified when simulating a high alarm at the input.

# 9 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

### 9.1 General troubleshooting

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after startup or during operation. The checklists take you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.



Due to its design, the device cannot be repaired. However, it is possible to send the device in for examination. See the "Return" section.

#### General faults

Fault	Possible cause	Remedial action
Device does not respond.	Supply voltage does not match the voltage specified on the nameplate.	Check the voltage directly using a voltmeter and correct.
	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Ensure electrical contact between the cable and the terminal.
	Electronics module is defective.	Replace the device.
HART communication is not working.	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor.	Install the communication resistor (230 $\Omega$ ) correctly.
	HART modem is not properly connected.	Connect HART modem correctly.
	HART modem is not set to "HART".	Set HART modem selector switch to "HART".
The power LED on the DIN rail device is not lit (green).	Power failure or insufficient supply voltage.	Check the supply voltage and check if wiring is correct.
High-alarm at the input cannot be output at the output.	Output load is too high (max. output load active / passive: see technical data)	Reduce output load.
	Passive mode: external voltage at the output is incorrectly connected.	Connect external voltage correctly to output.

# 10 Maintenance and cleaning

No special maintenance work is required for the device.

# 10.1 Cleaning of surfaces not in contact with the medium

- Recommendation: Use a lint-free cloth that is either dry or slightly dampened using water.
- Do not use any sharp objects or aggressive cleaning agents that corrode the surfaces (displays, housing, for example) and seals.
- Do not use high-pressure steam.
- Observe the degree of protection of the device.

The cleaning agent used must be compatible with the materials of the device configuration. Do not use cleaning agents with concentrated mineral acids, bases or organic solvents.

# 11 Repair

### 11.1 General information

Due to the device's design and construction, it cannot be repaired.

### 11.2 Spare parts

[] Contact the supplier where necessary.

# 11.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

1. Ask your supplier for information on returning the device.

2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

# 11.4 Disposal

# X

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

# 12 Technical data

# 12.1 Function and system design

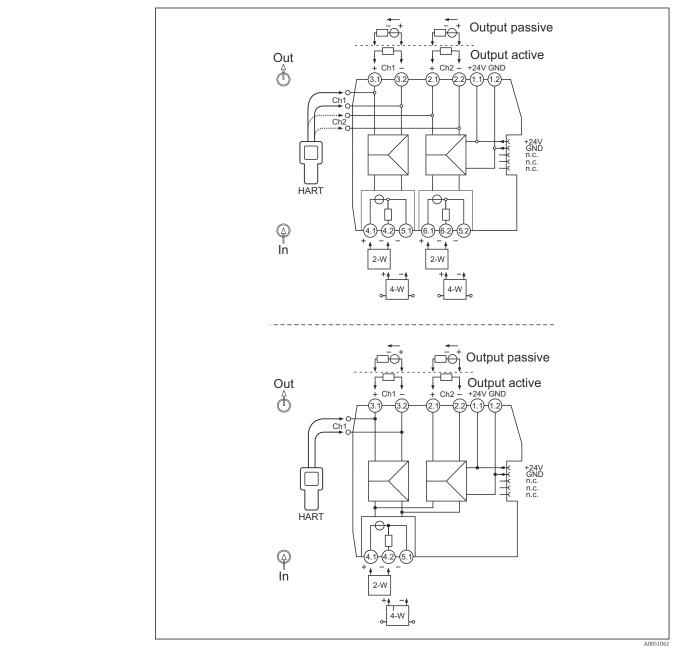
Product description	Product design
	Active barrier, 1-channel
	<ul> <li>The active barrier is used for the transmission and galvanic isolation of 0/4 to 20 mA signals. The device has an active/passive current input to which a 2-wire or 4-wire transmitter can be directly connected. The output of the device can be operated actively or passively. The current signal is then available to the PLC/controller or to other instrumentation at plug-in screw terminals or optional push-in terminals.</li> <li>HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally by the device. Connecting points for connecting HART communicators are integrated into the front of the devices.</li> <li>The device is optionally available as an "associated apparatus", which allows devices to be connected in Ex Zone 0/20 [ia] and operated in Ex Zone 2 [ec]. 2-wire transmitters are supplied with power, and transmit analog 0/4 to 20 mA measured values from the hazardous area to the non-hazardous area. These devices are accompanied by separate Ex documentation, which is an integral part of this manual. Compliance with the installation instructions and connection data in this documentation is mandatory!</li> </ul>
	Active barrier, 2-channel
	With the "2-channel" option, the device has a second channel, which is galvanically isolated from channel 1, while maintaining the same width. Otherwise, the function corresponds to the 1-channel device.
	Active barrier as signal doubler
	With the signal doubler option, the active barrier is used for the galvanic isolation of a 0/4 to 20 mA signal, which is transmitted to two galvanically isolated outputs.
	<ul> <li>Output 1 is HART-transparent. HART communication signals are transmitted bidirectionally between the input and output 1.</li> <li>As output 2 contains a HART filter, only the galvanically isolated analog 4 to 20 mA signal is transmitted.</li> </ul>
Reliability	We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions.
	12.2 Input

Version	The following versions are available: <ul> <li>1-channel</li> <li>2-channel</li> <li>Signal doubler</li> </ul>	
Input data, measuring	Input signal range (underrange / overrange)	0 to 22 mA
range	Function range, input signal	0/4 to 20 mA
	Input voltage drop signal for 4-wire connection	< 7 V at 20 mA
	Transmitter supply voltage	17.5 V ±1 V at 20 mA Open-circuit voltage: 24.5 V ±5 %

Output data	Output signal range (underrange/overrange)	0 to 22 mA
	Function range, output signal	0/4 to 20 mA
	Transmission behavior	1:1 to input signal
	NAMUR NE 43	A current at the input that is valid according to NAMUR NE 43 is transmitted to the output (within the specified measuring uncertainty range)
	Maximum load, active mode	20 mA: ≤ 610 Ω 22 mA: ≤ 550 Ω
	Open-circuit voltage, active mode	17.5 V (± 5%)
	Maximum load, passive mode	Rmax = (Uext - 4 V) / 0.022 A
	External voltage, passive mode	Uext = 12 to 30 V
	Transmissible communication protocols	HART
Signal on alarm	Line break in input	Input 0 mA / output 0 mA
	Line short circuit in input	Input > 22 mA/ output > 22 mA
Ex connection data	See associated XA Safety Instructions	
Galvanic isolation	Power supply / input; power supply / output Input / output; output / output	Testing voltage: 1500 V <sub>AC</sub> 50 Hz, 1 min
	Input / input	Testing voltage: 500 V <sub>AC</sub> 50 Hz, 1 min
	L	1

# 12.3 Output

Terminal assignment



12.4 Power supply

Quick wiring guide

Terminal assignment: 1- and 2-channel version (top), signal doubler (bottom)

Connection for operation with active output:

- 1. Connect + with 3.2/2.2.
- 2. Connect with 3.1/2.1.
  - ← The operating mode is switched automatically.

Connection for operation with passive output:

1. Connect + with 3.1/2.1.

2. Connect - to 3.2/2.2.

└ The operating mode is switched automatically.



HART communicators can be connected to the HART connecting points. Ensure an adequate external resistance ( $\geq 230 \Omega$ ) in the output circuit.

Connecting the supply voltage

Power can be supplied via terminals 1.1 and 1.2 or via the DIN rail bus connector.

The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

#### Using the power and error message module to supply power

It is recommended to use the RNF22 power and error message module to provide the supply voltage to the DIN rail bus connector. An overall current of 3.75 A is possible with this option.

#### Supply to the DIN rail bus connector via terminals

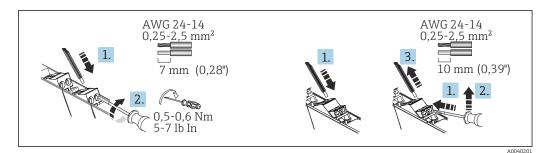
Devices installed side by side can be powered via the terminals of the device up to a total current consumption of 400 mA. The connection is via the DIN rail bus connector. The installation of a 630 mA fuse (semi-delay or slow-blow) upstream is recommended.

#### NOTICE

# The simultaneous use of terminals and DIN rail bus connectors to supply power is not permitted! The tapping of energy from the DIN rail bus connector for further distribution is not permitted.

The supply voltage must never be connected directly to the DIN rail bus connector!

#### Performance characteristics Power supply 1) Supply voltage 24 V<sub>DC</sub> (-20% / +25%) Supply current to the DIN rail bus max. 400 mA connector Power consumption at 24 V<sub>DC</sub> 1-channel: $\leq$ 1.5 W (20 mA) / $\leq$ 1.6 W (22 mA) 2-channel: $\leq$ 3 W (20 mA) / $\leq$ 3.2 W (22 mA) Signal doubler: $\leq 2.4 \text{ W} (20 \text{ mA}) / \leq 2.5 \text{ W} (22 \text{ mA})$ Current consumption at 24 V<sub>DC</sub> 1-channel: $\leq 0.07 \text{ A} (20 \text{ mA}) / \leq 0.07 \text{ A} (22 \text{ mA})$ 2-channel: $\leq 0.13$ A (20 mA) / $\leq 0.14$ A (22 mA) Signal doubler: $\leq 0.1 \text{ A} (20 \text{ mA}) / \leq 0.11 \text{ A} (22 \text{ mA})$ 1-channel: $\leq$ 1.2 W (20 mA) / $\leq$ 1.3 W (22 mA) Power loss at 24 V<sub>DC</sub> 2-channel: $\leq$ 2.4 W (20 mA) / $\leq$ 2.5 W (22 mA) Signal doubler: $\leq 2.1 \text{ W} (20 \text{ mA}) / \leq 2.2 \text{ W} (22 \text{ mA})$ 1) The data apply to the following operating scenario: input active/output active/output load 0 $\Omega$ . When external voltages are connected to the output, the power loss in the device may increase. The power loss in the device can be reduced by connecting an external output load. Power supply failure To meet SIL and NE21 requirements, voltage interruptions of up to 20 ms must be bridged with a suitable power supply. Terminals A flat-blade screwdriver is required to establish an electrical connection to screw or pushin terminals.



*Electrical connection using screw terminals (left) and push-in terminals (right)*

Terminal design	Cable design	Cable cross-section	
Screw terminals	Rigid or flexible (Stripping length = 7 mm (0.28 in)	0.2 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)	
Tightening torque: minimum 0.5 Nm/maximum 0.6 Nm	Flexible with wire end ferrules (with or without plastic ferrule)	0.25 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 14 AWG)	
Push-in spring terminals	Rigid or flexible (Stripping length = 10 mm (0.39 in)	0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 14 AWG)	
	Flexible with wire end ferrules (with or without plastic ferrule)	0.25 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)	

Cable specification A shielded cable is recommended for HART communication. Observe grounding concept of the plant.

# 12.5 Performance characteristics

Response time	Step response (10 to 90 %)	≤ 1 ms ≤ 40 ms	
	Step response (10 to 90 %) signal doubler output 2 HART filter		
Reference conditions	<ul> <li>Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °</li> <li>Supply voltage: 24 V<sub>DC</sub></li> <li>Output load: 225 Ω</li> <li>External output voltage (passive output): 2</li> <li>Warm-up: &gt; 1 h</li> </ul>		
Maximum measured error	Accuracies		
	Transmission error	$<0.1$ % / of full scale value (<20 $\mu A)$	
	Temperature coefficient	< 0.01 % /K	
Long-term drift	Max. ±0.1 %/year (of full scale value)		

# 12.6 Mounting

Mounting location The device is designed for installation on 35 mm (1.38 in) DIN rails in accordance with IEC 60715 (TH35).

### NOTICE

 When using in hazardous areas, the limit values of the certificates and approvals must be observed.

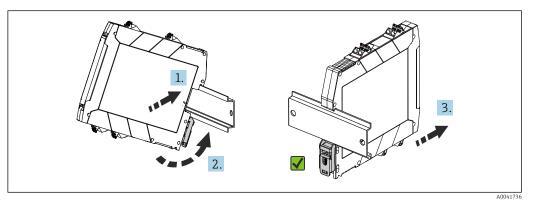


For information on ambient conditions, see the "Technical data" section.

Installing a DIN rail device

The device can be installed in any position (horizontal or vertical) on the DIN rail without lateral clearance from neighboring devices. No tools are required for installation. The use of end brackets (type WEW "35/1" or similar) on the DIN rail is recommended as an end support for the device.

When installing several devices side by side, it is important to ensure that the maximum side wall temperature of 80 °C (176 °F) of the individual devices is not exceeded. If this cannot be guaranteed, mount the devices at a distance from one another or ensure sufficient cooling.



🖻 9 Installing on DIN rail

- 1. Position the top DIN rail groove at the top end of the DIN rail.
- 2. While holding the front of the device horizontally, lower it until you hear the locking clip of the device click into place on the DIN rail.

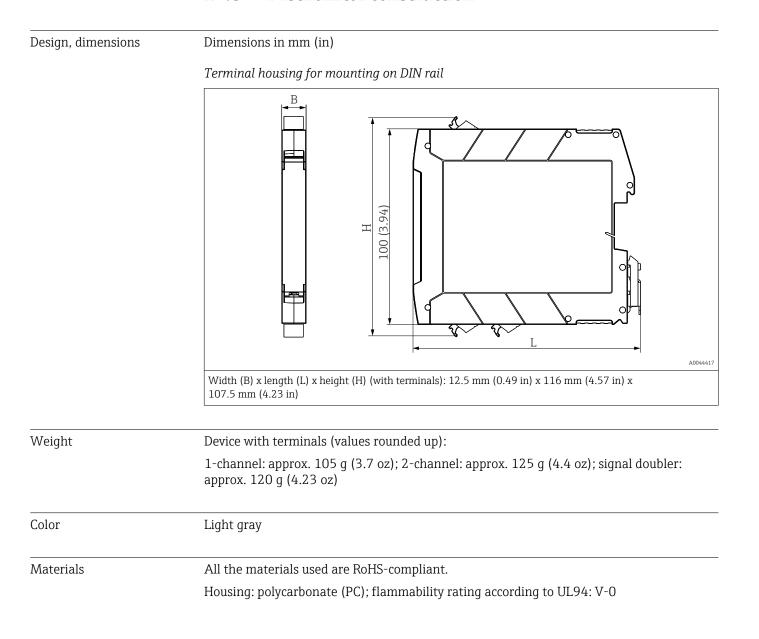
**3.** Pull gently on the device to check if it is correctly mounted on the DIN rail.

# 12.7 Environment

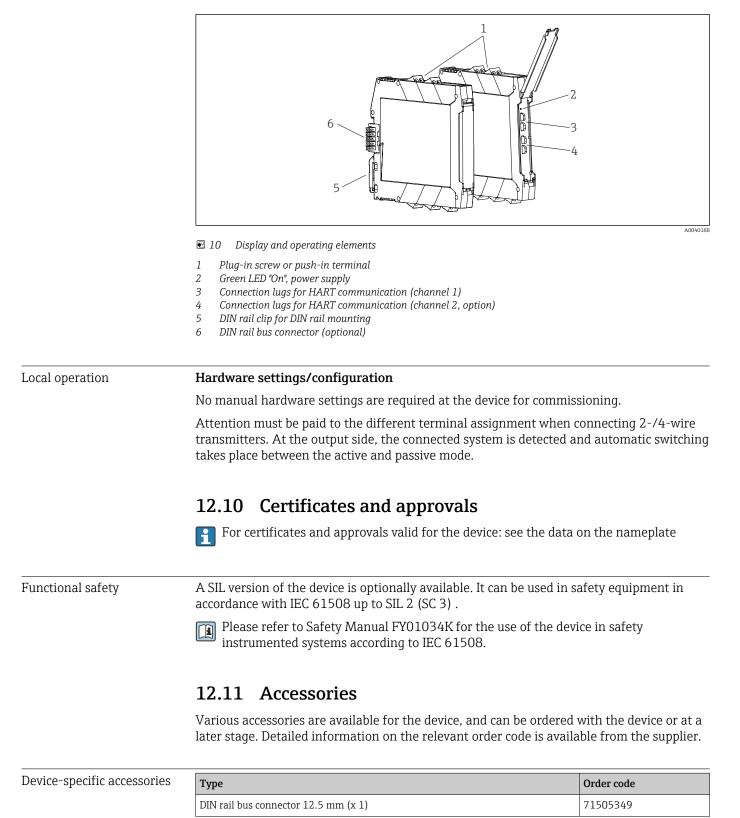
Important ambient conditions	Ambient temperature range	−40 to 60 °C (−40 to 140 °F)	Storage temperature	−40 to 80 °C (−40 to 176 °F)
	Degree of protection	IP 20	Overvoltage category	II
	Pollution degree	2	Humidity	5 to 95 %
	Altitude	≤ 2 000 m (6 562 ft)	Insulation class	Class III
Maximum temperature change rate	0.5 °C/min, no conde	ensation permitted		
Shock and vibration resistance	Sinusoidal vibrations, in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6 5 to 13.2 Hz: 1 mm peak			

13.2 to 100 Hz: 0.7g peak

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	CE compliance		
	Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to th Declaration of Conformity.		
	<ul> <li>Maximum measured error &lt; 1% of full scale value</li> <li>Strong, pulse-like EMC interference can result in transient (&lt; 1 s) deviations in the output signal (≥ ±1%)</li> <li>Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements</li> <li>Interference emission according to IEC/EN 61326 series (CISPR 11) Group 1 Class A</li> </ul>		
	This unit is not intended for use in residential environments and cannot guarantee adequate protection of the radio reception in such environments.		
	12.8 Mechanical construction		



# 12.9 Display and operating elements



# 12.12 Documentation

The following documentation may be available depending on the device version ordered:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	<b>Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value</b> The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	<b>Your reference document</b> The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	<b>Reference for your parameters</b> The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. They are an integral part of the Operating Instructions. The nameplate indicates which Safety Instructions (XA) apply to the device in question.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is an integral part of the device documentation.

