71681868 2025-01-09 Valid as of version 04.00.zz (Device firmware)

BA02347D/06/EN/02.25-00

# Operating Instructions **Dosimass**

Coriolis flowmeter Modbus RS485







- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to this manual.

# Table of contents

1	About this document 5
1.1 1.2	Document function5Symbols51.2.1Safety symbols51.2.2Electrical symbols51.2.3Symbols for
	certain types of information 5
	1.2.4 Symbols in graphics 6
1.3 1.4	Documentation6Registered trademarks7
2	Safety instructions 8
2.1 2.2	Requirements for the personnel    8      Intended use    8
2.3 2.4	Workplace safety9Operational safety9
2.5 2.6	Product safety
3	Product description 10
3.1	Product design 10
4	Incoming acceptance and product
	identification 11
4.1 4.2	Incoming acceptance 11 Product identification 11
	4.2.1Measuring instrument nameplate 124.2.2Symbols on the device
5	Storage and transport 15
5.1	Storage conditions 15
5.2 5.3	Transporting the product
6	Installation 16
6.1	Mounting requirements166.1.1Mounting position166.1.2Environmental and process
	requirements196.1.3Special mounting instructions21
6.2	Installing the device 24
	<ul><li>6.2.1 Required tools</li></ul>
	6.2.3 Mounting the measuring device 24
6.3	Post-installation check 25
7	Electrical connection 26
7.1	Electrical safety
7.2	Connecting requirements267.2.1Requirements for connection cable267.2.2Terminal assignment27

7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6	<ul> <li>7.2.3 Available device plugs</li> <li>7.2.4 Requirements for the supply unit</li> <li>Connecting the device</li> <li>7.3.1 Connection via device plug</li> <li>7.3.2 Grounding</li> <li>Ensuring potential equalization</li> <li>Ensuring the degree of protection</li> <li>Post-connection check</li> </ul>	27 29 29 29 30 30 30
8	Operation options	31
8.1	Overview of operation options	31
8.2	Access to the operating menu via the operating tool	31
	8.2.1 Connecting the operating tool	31
	<ul><li>8.2.2 FieldCare</li><li>8.2.3 DeviceCare</li></ul>	32 33
9	System integration	34
9.1	Overview of device description files	34
	<ul><li>9.1.1 Current version data for the device</li><li>9.1.2 Operating tools</li></ul>	34 34
9.2	Modbus RS485 information	34
	9.2.1 Function codes	34
	<ul><li>9.2.2 Register information</li><li>9.2.3 Response time</li></ul>	35 35
	9.2.4 Data types	35
	9.2.5 Byte transmission sequence	36
9.3	9.2.6 Modbus data map Compatibility with previous model	37 38
10	Commissioning	39
10.1	Post-mounting and post-connection check	39
10.2 10.3	Switching on the measuring device	39 39
10.5	Connecting via FieldCare Configuring the measuring instrument	39 39
11	Operation	40
11.1	Reading the device locking status	40
11.2	Reading access authorization status on operating software	40
11.3	Reading measured values	40
11.4	Adapting the measuring instrument to the	11
11.5	process conditions Performing a totalizer reset	41 41
12	Diagnostics and troubleshooting	42
12.1	General troubleshooting	42
12.2	Diagnostic information in FieldCare or	4.0
	DeviceCare	42 42
	12.2.2 Calling up remedy information	43

12.3	Diagnostic information via communication	
	interface 4	43
	12.3.1 Reading out diagnostic information 4	43
	5 5	44
12.4	5 5 1	44
	1 0 0	44
12.5		44
12.6	J	46
12.0	5 5	47
	j	
12.8	j	48
	5	48
		48
12.9		48
12.10	Device	49
12.11	Firmware history 5	51
13	Maintenance 5	52
13.1		52
	5	52
	5	52
13.2	J 11	52
13.3	Endress+Hauser services 5	52
14	Repair 5	53
	_	
14.1		53
	1 1	53
14.2	Endress+Hauser services 5	53
14.3	Return 5	53
	Return 5	
14.3	Return	53
14.3	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device	53 53
14.3	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device	53 53 53
14.3 14.4	Return	53 53 53 53
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b>	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5	53 53 53 54 54
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5Device-specific accessories5	53 53 53 54 54 55
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5	53 53 54 55 55 55
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5	53 53 53 54 54 55
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5	53 53 54 55 55 55
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2	Return       5         Disposal       5         14.4.1       Removing the measuring device       5         14.4.2       Disposing of the measuring device       5         Accessories       5         Device-specific accessories       5         Communication-specific accessories       5         Service-specific accessories       5	53 53 54 55 55 55
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b>	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5	53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5	53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55 56 56
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5	53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55 56 56 56
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3	Return       5         Disposal       5         14.4.1       Removing the measuring device       5         14.4.2       Disposing of the measuring device       5         Accessories       5         Device-specific accessories       5         Communication-specific accessories       5         Service-specific accessories       5         Technical data       5         Application       5         Function and system design       5         Input       5	53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55 55 56 56 56 56 56
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4	Return       5         Disposal       5         14.4.1       Removing the measuring device       5         14.4.2       Disposing of the measuring device       5         Accessories       5         Device-specific accessories       5         Communication-specific accessories       5         Service-specific accessories       5         Technical data       5         Application       5         Function and system design       5         Output       5	53 53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55 56 56 56 56 56 56
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring device14.4.2Disposing of the measuring deviceAccessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Power supply5	<b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>54</b> <b>55</b> <b>55</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b>
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Output5Power supply5Performance characteristics6	53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55 56 56 56 56 56 56 59 50
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7	Return       5         Disposal       5         14.4.1       Removing the measuring device       5         14.4.2       Disposing of the measuring device       5         Accessories       5         Device-specific accessories       5         Communication-specific accessories       5         Service-specific accessories       5         Technical data       5         Application       5         Function and system design       5         Output       5         Power supply       5         Performance characteristics       6	53 53 53 54 55 55 55 55 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Power supply5Performance characteristics6Mounting6Environment6	<b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 4 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 76 <b>5</b> 76 <b>5</b> 777 <b>5</b> 77 <b>5</b> 77 <b>5</b> 77 <b>5</b> 777 <b>5</b> 777777777777777777777777777777777777
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Performance characteristics6Mounting6Process6	<b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Performance characteristics6Mounting6Process6	<b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 4 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 76 <b>5</b> 76 <b>5</b> 76 <b>5</b> 76 <b>5</b> 777 <b>5</b> 777777777777777777777777777777777777
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Performance characteristics6Mounting6Environment6Mechanical construction6	<b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10 16.11	Return       5         Disposal       5         14.4.1       Removing the measuring device       5         14.4.2       Disposing of the measuring device       5         Accessories       5         Device-specific accessories       5         Communication-specific accessories       5         Service-specific accessories       5         Technical data       5         Application       5         Function and system design       5         Output       5         Power supply       5         Performance characteristics       6         Mounting       6         Environment       6         Process       6         Mechanical construction       6         Operability       6	<b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>54</b> <b>55</b> <b>55</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>66</b> <b>67</b> <b>67 67</b> <b>67 67 67 67 67</b> <b>67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67</b>
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10 16.11 16.12	Return       5         Disposal       5         14.4.1       Removing the measuring device       5         14.4.2       Disposing of the measuring device       5         Accessories       5         Device-specific accessories       5         Communication-specific accessories       5         Service-specific accessories       5         Technical data       5         Application       5         Function and system design       5         Input       5         Output       5         Performance characteristics       6         Mounting       6         Process       6         Mechanical construction       6         Operability       6         Certificates and approvals       6	<b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>53</b> <b>54</b> <b>55</b> <b>55</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>56</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>57</b> <b>5</b>
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10 16.11 16.12 16.13	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Performance characteristics6Mounting6Environment6Process6Mechanical construction6Certificates and approvals6Accessories7	<b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>6</b> 6 <b>6</b> 6 <b>6</b> 8 <b>9</b> 0 <b>3</b> 3 <b>3</b> 4 <b>6</b> 8 <b>6</b> 6 <b>6</b> 8 <b>8</b> 9 <b>0</b> 3 <b>3</b> 4 <b>6</b> 8 <b>8</b> 8 <b>1</b> 6 <b>1</b> 6 <b></b>
14.3 14.4 <b>15</b> 15.1 15.2 15.3 <b>16</b> 16.1 16.2 16.3 16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9 16.10 16.11 16.12 16.13	Return5Disposal514.4.1Removing the measuring device514.4.2Disposing of the measuring device5Accessories5Device-specific accessories5Communication-specific accessories5Service-specific accessories5Technical data5Application5Function and system design5Input5Output5Power supply5Performance characteristics6Mounting6Environment6Process6Mechanical construction6Operability6Certificates and approvals7	<b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 3 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 5 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 6 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7 <b>5</b> 7

# 1 About this document

### 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

### 1.2 Symbols

#### 1.2.1 Safety symbols

#### **DANGER**

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **A** CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

### 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
	Direct current	
$\sim$	Alternating current	
$\sim$	Direct current and alternating current	
<u>+</u>	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.	
	Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.	
	<ul><li>The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:</li><li>Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network.</li><li>Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.</li></ul>	

### 1.2.3 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
	<b>Permitted</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
	<b>Preferred</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
×	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.

Symbol	Meaning	
i	Tip Indicates additional information.	
(I)	Reference to documentation	
	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
►	Notice or individual step to be observed	
1., 2., 3	Series of steps	
L.	Result of a step	
?	Help in the event of a problem	
	Visual inspection	

### 1.2.4 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3.,	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area
X	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≈ <b>→</b>	Flow direction

### 1.3 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

The following document types are available in the Downloads area of the Endress+Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads), depending on the device version:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document	
Technical Information (TI)	<b>Planning aid for your device</b> The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.	
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	<b>Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value</b> The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.	

Document type	Purpose and content of the document	
Operating Instructions (BA)	<b>Your reference document</b> The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.	
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	<b>Reference for your parameters</b> The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.	
Safety instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. These are an integral part of the Operating Instructions. The nameplate indicates which Safety Instructions (XA) apply to the device.	
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.	

# 1.4 Registered trademarks

### Modbus®

Registered trademark of SCHNEIDER AUTOMATION, INC.

### TRI-CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

# 2 Safety instructions

### 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- Follow the instructions in this manual.

### 2.2 Intended use

#### Application and media

The measuring instrument described in this manual is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also be used to measure potentially explosive <sup>1)</sup>, flammable, toxid and oxidizing media.

Measuring instruments for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to pressure, are specially labeled on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring instrument is in perfect condition during operation:

- Only use the measuring instrument in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- Using the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- Keep within the specified ambient temperature range.
- Protect the measuring instrument permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

#### Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

#### **WARNING**

Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids and ambient conditions!

- Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

<sup>1)</sup> Not applicable for IO-Link measuring instruments

#### NOTICE

#### Verification for borderline cases:

For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

#### **Residual risks**

#### **A**CAUTION

Risk of hot or cold burns! The use of media and electronics with high or low temperatures can produce hot or cold surfaces on the device.

• Mount suitable touch protection.

### 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

• Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

### 2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

#### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- Use only original spare parts and accessories.

### 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

### 2.6 IT security

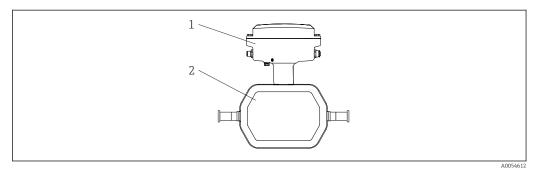
The manufacturer warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

# **3 Product description**

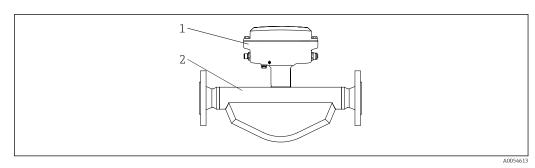
The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

# 3.1 Product design



■ 1 Important measuring instrument components DN 1 to 4 (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>24</sub> to <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub>")

- 1 Transmitter
- 2 Sensor



☑ 2 Important measuring instrument components DN 8 to 40 (¾ to /1 ½")

- 1 Transmitter
- 2 Sensor

### 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

### 4.1 Incoming acceptance

On receipt of the delivery:

- 1. Check the packaging for damage.
  - └→ Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer. Do not install damaged components.
- 2. Check the scope of delivery using the delivery note.
- 3. Compare the data on the nameplate with the order specifications on the delivery note.

4. Check the technical documentation and all other necessary documents, e.g. certificates, to ensure they are complete.

If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact the manufacturer.

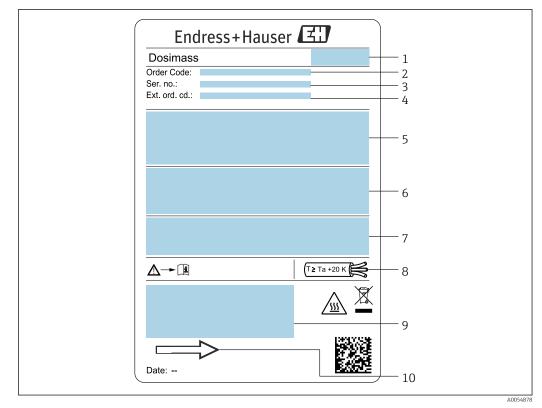
### 4.2 Product identification

The device can be identified in the following ways:

- Nameplate
- Order code with details of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all the information about the device is displayed.
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations app* or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: all the information about the device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

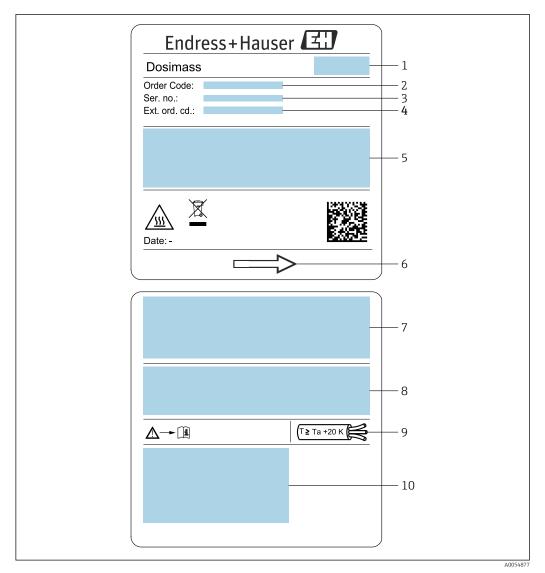
- The "Additional standard device documentation" and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation" sections
- The *Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate.



### 4.2.1 Measuring instrument nameplate

#### $\blacksquare$ 3 Example of a measuring instrument nameplate DN 1 to 4 ( $\frac{1}{24}$ to $\frac{1}{8}$ ")

- 1 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 2 Order code
- 3 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 4 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.): See the specifications on the order confirmation for the meanings of the individual letters and digits
- 5 Supply voltage; power consumption; process connection
- 6 Nominal diameter of sensor; max. flow (Qmax); pressure rating (PN = PS); materials in contact with medium; permitted medium temperature (Tm); permitted ambient temperature (Ta)
- 7 Degree of protection
- 8 Cable temperature
- 9 Space reserved for additional information on the device version (approvals, certificates, etc.)
- 10 Flow direction



- 4 Example of a measuring instrument nameplate DN 8 to 40 (% to 1½")
- 1 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 2 Order code
- 3 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 4 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.): See the specifications on the order confirmation for the meanings of the individual letters and digits
- 5 Supply voltage; power consumption; process connection
- 6 Flow direction
- 7 Nominal diameter of sensor; max. flow (Qmax); pressure rating (PN = PS); materials in contact with medium; permitted medium temperature (Tm); permitted ambient temperature (Ta)
- 8 Degree of protection
- 9 Cable temperature
- 10 Space reserved for additional information on the device version (approvals, certificates, etc.)

#### Prder code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

#### Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approvalrelated specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXX-ABCDE +).

Symbol	Meaning
	<b>WARNING!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury. Please consult the documentation for the measuring instrument to discover the type of potential danger and measures to avoid it.
	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
<u> </u>	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

### 4.2.2 Symbols on the device

# 5 Storage and transport

### 5.1 Storage conditions

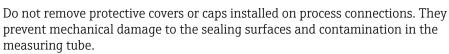
Observe the following notes for storage:

- Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- Protect from direct sunlight. Avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- ► Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature  $\rightarrow \triangleq 63$ 

### 5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring instrument to the measuring point in the original packaging.



### 5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

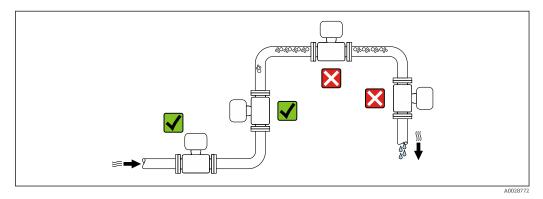
- Outer packaging of device
- Stretch wrap made of polymer in accordance with EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS) Packaging
  - Wood crate treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, confirmed by IPPC logo
  - Cardboard box in accordance with European packaging guideline 94/62/EC, recyclability confirmed by Resy symbol
- Transport material and fastening fixtures
  - Disposable plastic pallet
  - Plastic straps
  - Plastic adhesive strips
- Filler material Paper pads

### 6 Installation

### 6.1 Mounting requirements

### 6.1.1 Mounting position

#### Installation point

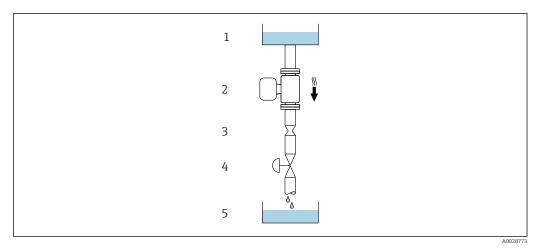


To prevent measuring errors arising from accumulation of gas bubbles in the measuring pipe, avoid the following mounting locations in the piping:

- Highest point of a pipeline.
- Directly upstream of a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

#### Installation in down pipes

However, the following installation suggestion allows for installation in an open vertical pipeline. Pipe restrictions or the use of an orifice with a smaller cross-section than the nominal diameter prevent the sensor running empty while measurement is in progress.



☑ 5 Installation in a down pipe (e.g. for batching applications)

- 1 Supply tank
- 2 Sensor
- 3 Orifice plate, pipe restriction
- 4 Valve
- 5 Filling vessel

DN		Ø orifice plate, pipe restriction	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
1	1/ <sub>24</sub>	0.8	0.03
2	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>12</sub>	1.5	0.06
4	1/8	3.0	0.12
8	3⁄8	6	0.24
15	1/2	10	0.40
25	1	14	0.55
40	1 1/2	22	0.87

#### Orientation

The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

Recommended orientation for DN 1 to 4 ( $\frac{1}{24}$  to  $\frac{1}{8}$ ")

	Recommendation		
A	Vertical orientation	A0015591	<b>V</b> <sup>1)</sup>
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	۲	2)
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	<b>∑</b> <sup>3)</sup>
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	

1) This orientation is recommended to ensure self-draining.

2) Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

3) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

Recommended orientation for DN 8 to 40 ( $\frac{3}{8}$  to  $1\frac{1}{2}$ )

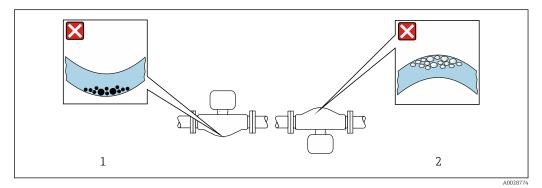
	Orientation				
A	Vertical orientation	A0015591	<b>V</b> <sup>1)</sup>		
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	۲	2)		

	Orientatio	Recommendation	
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	<b>X X</b> <sup>3)</sup>
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	×

- 1) This orientation is recommended to ensure self-draining.
- 2) Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- 3) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

#### Horizontal orientation for DN 8 to 40 ( $\frac{3}{8}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ")

If a sensor is installed horizontally with a curved measuring tube, match the position of the sensor to the fluid properties.



Orientation of sensor with curved measuring tube

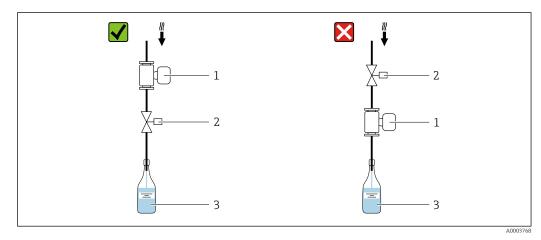
- 1 Avoid this orientation for fluids with entrained solids: Risk of solids accumulating
- 2 Avoid this orientation for outgassing fluids: Risk of gas accumulating

#### Valves

Н

Never install the sensor downstream from a filling valve. If the sensor is completely empty this corrupts the measured value.

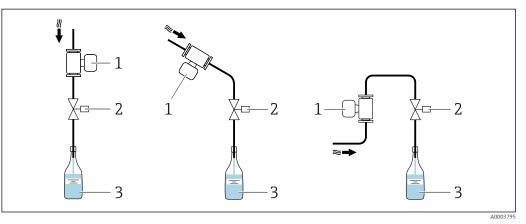
Correct measurement is possible only if the piping is completely filled. Perform sample fillings before commencing filling in production.



- 1 Measuring device
- 2 Filling valve
- 3 Vessel

#### Filling systems

The pipe system must be completely full to ensure optimum measurement.

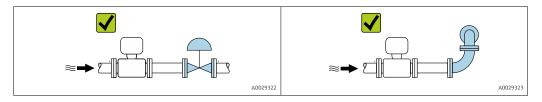


#### 🖻 7 Filling system

- 1 Measuring device
- 2 Filling valve
- 3 Vessel

#### Inlet and outlet runs

No special precautions need to be taken for fittings that create turbulence, such as valves, elbows or T-pieces, as long as no cavitation occurs  $\rightarrow \cong 19$ .



Installation dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

#### 6.1.2 Environmental and process requirements

#### Ambient temperature range

Measuring instrument	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
(Sensor, transmitter)	
Install the measuring instrument in a shady location. Avoid direct sunlight,	
	particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### Static pressure

It is important that cavitation does not occur, or that gases entrained in the liquids do not outgas.

Cavitation is caused if the pressure drops below the vapor pressure:

- In liquids that have a low boiling point (e.g. hydrocarbons, solvents, liquefied gases)
- In suction lines
- Ensure the static pressure is sufficiently high to prevent cavitation and outgassing.

For this reason, the following mounting locations are recommended:

- At the lowest point in a vertical pipe
- Downstream from pumps (no danger of vacuum)

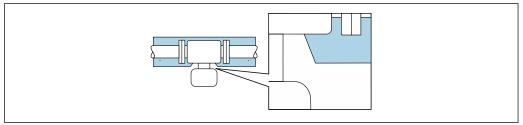
#### Thermal insulation

In the case of some fluids, it is important to keep the heat radiated from the sensor to the transmitter to a low level. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.

#### NOTICE

#### Electronics overheating on account of thermal insulation!

- Recommended orientation: horizontal orientation, transmitter housing pointing downwards.
- Do not insulate the transmitter housing .
- Maximum permissible temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing: 80 °C (176 °F)
- Regarding thermal insulation with an exposed extended neck: We advise against insulating the extended neck to ensure optimal heat dissipation.



8 Thermal insulation with exposed extended neck

A003439

#### Heating

#### NOTICE

#### Electronics can overheat due to elevated ambient temperature!

- Observe maximum permitted ambient temperature for the transmitter.
- Depending on the medium temperature, take the device orientation requirements into account.

#### NOTICE

#### Danger of overheating when heating

- ► Ensure that the temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing does not exceed 80 °C (176 °F).
- Ensure that sufficient convection takes place at the transmitter neck.
- ► Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the transmitter neck remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.

#### Heating options

If a fluid requires that no heat loss should occur at the sensor, users can avail of the following heating options:

- Electrical heating, e.g. with electric band heaters<sup>2)</sup>
- Via pipes carrying hot water or steam
- Via heating jackets

<sup>2)</sup> The use of parallel electric band heaters is generally recommended (bidirectional electricity flow). Particular considerations must be made if a single-wire heating cable is to be used. For additional information, refer to EA01339D "Installation Instructions for Electrical Trace Heating Systems ".

#### Vibrations

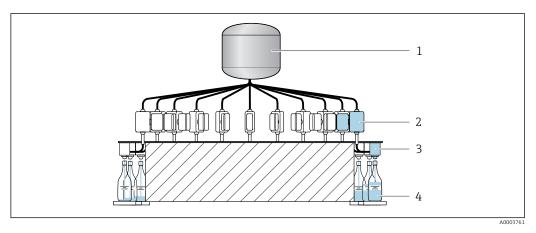
The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

#### 6.1.3 Special mounting instructions

#### Information for filling systems

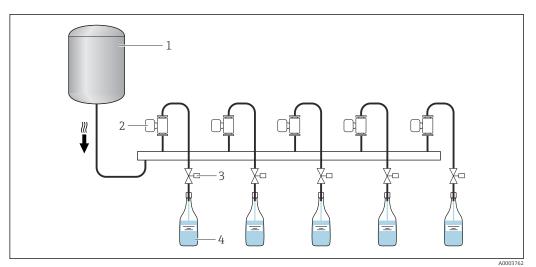
Correct measurement is only possible if the pipe is completely full. We therefore recommend that some test batches be carried out prior to production batching.

Circular filling system



- 1 Tank
- 2 Measuring instrument
- 3 Filling valve
- 4 Vessel

#### Linear filling system



- 1 Tank
- 2 Measuring instrument
- 3 Filling valve
- 4 Vessel

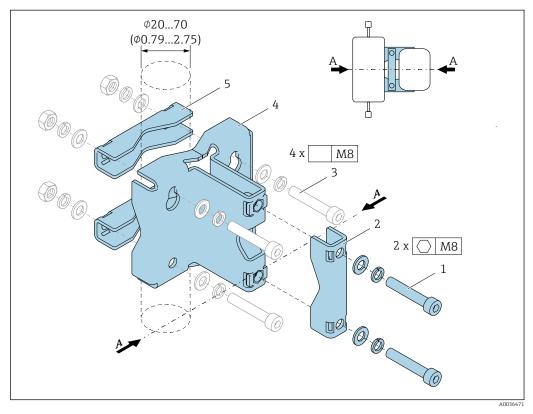
#### Hygienic compatibility



When installing in hygienic applications, please refer to the information in the "Certificates and approvals/hygienic compatibility" section  $\rightarrow \bigoplus 69$ 

#### Sensor holder DN 1 to 4 ( $\frac{1}{24}$ to $\frac{1}{8}$ ")

- The appropriate sensor holder must be used for all applications with increased safety or load requirements and for sensors with clamp process connections.



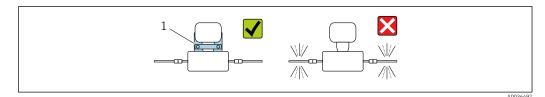
- 1 2 x Allen screw M8 x 50, washer and spring washer A4
- 2 1 x clamp (measuring instrument neck)
- 3 4 x securing screw for wall, tabletop or pipe mounting (not supplied)
- 4 1 x base profile
- 5 2 x clamp (pipe mounting)
- A Measuring instrument central line

#### **WARNING**

#### Strain on pipes!

Excessive strain on an unsupported pipe can cause the pipe to break.

Install the sensor in a sufficiently supported pipe. In addition to the use of the sensor holder, for maximum mechanical stability the sensor can also be supported on the inlet and outlet sides onsite at the installation location with the use of pipe clamps, for example.



1 Sensor holder Order number: 71392563

#### The following mounting versions are recommended for the installation:

Lubricate all threaded joints prior to mounting. The screws for wall, tabletop or pipe mounting are not supplied with the device and must be chosen to suit the individual installation position.

#### Wall mounting

Screw the sensor holder to the wall with four screws. Two of the four holes to secure the holder are designed to hook into the screws.

#### Mounting on a table

Screw the sensor holder onto the tabletop with four screws.

#### Pipe mounting

Secure the sensor holder to the pipe with two clamps.

#### **WARNING**

# Failure to comply with the specifications for vibration and shock resistance can damage the measuring instrument!

▶ During operation, transportation and storage, ensure compliance with the specifications for maximum vibration and shock resistance  $\rightarrow \cong 63$ .

#### Zero adjustment

The Sensor adjustment submenu contains parameters required for zero adjustment.

Detailed information on the "Sensor adjustment submenu": Device parameters  $\rightarrow \cong 70$ 

#### NOTICE

#### All Dosimass measuring instruments are calibrated in accordance with state-of-theart technology. Calibration takes place under reference conditions .

Zero adjustment is therefore not required for the Dosimass as a general rule.

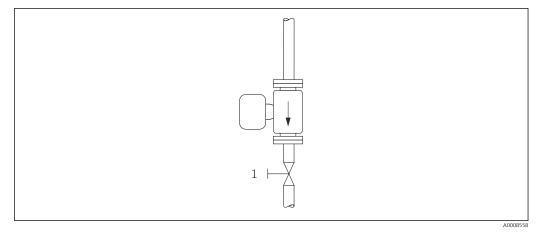
- Experience shows that a zero adjustment is advisable only in special cases.
- When maximum measurement accuracy is required and flow rates are very low.
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).

P Detailed information on reference operating conditions  $\rightarrow \cong 60$ 

#### Prerequisites for zero adjustment

Note the following points before performing the adjustment:

- A zero adjustment can be performed only with fluids that contain no gas or solid contents.
- Zero adjustment is performed with the measuring tubes completely filled and at zero flow (v = 0 m/s (0 ft/s)). Shutoff valves, for example, may be provided for this purpose or existing valves and sliders can be used.
  - Normal operation  $\rightarrow$  Valve 1 open
  - Zero adjustment  $\rightarrow$  Valve 1 closed



🖻 9

Performing the zero adjustment

- 1. Let the system run until normal operating conditions are present.
- 2. Stop the flow (v = 0 m/s (0 ft/s)).
- 3. Check the shutoff valves for leaks.
- 4. Perform adjustment using the **Zero point adjustment control** function.

### 6.2 Installing the device

#### 6.2.1 Required tools

For process connections, use the appropriate installation tool

#### 6.2.2 Preparing the measuring instrument

- 1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.
- 2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.
- 3. Remove the transport label on the transmitter housing.

#### 6.2.3 Mounting the measuring device

#### **WARNING**

#### Danger due to improper process sealing!

- Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
- Ensure that the seals are clean and undamaged.
- Secure the seals correctly.
- Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the nameplate of the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.

# 6.3 Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Does the measuring instrument correspond to the measuring point specifications?	
<ul> <li>For example:</li> <li>Process temperature →</li></ul>	
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected $\rightarrow \square$ 17?	
<ul> <li>According to sensor type</li> <li>According to medium temperature</li> <li>According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)</li> </ul>	
Does the arrow on the sensor match the direction of flow of the medium? $\rightarrow \square 12$ ?	
Is the tag name and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	
Is the device sufficiently protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?	

# 7 Electrical connection

### **WARNING**

# Live parts! Incorrect work performed on the electrical connections can result in an electric shock.

- Set up a disconnecting device (switch or power-circuit breaker) to easily disconnect the device from the supply voltage.
- ► In addition to the device fuse, include an overcurrent protection unit with max. 16 A in the plant installation.

### 7.1 Electrical safety

In accordance with applicable national regulations.

### 7.2 Connecting requirements

### 7.2.1 Requirements for connection cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

#### Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

#### Signal cable

Cables are not included in the scope of delivery.

Please note the following with regard to cable loading:

- Voltage drop due to the cable length and cable type.
- Valve performance.

Switch output (batch), status output and status input Standard installation cable is sufficient.

#### Modbus RS485

The electrical connection of the shield to the device housing must be properly implemented (e.g. using a knurled nut).

Total length of cable in the Modbus network  $\leq$  50 m

Use a shielded cable.

*Example:* Terminated device plug with cable: Lumberg RKWTH 8-299/10

Total length of cable in the Modbus network > 50 m

Use shielded twisted pair cable for RS485 applications.

#### Example:

- Cable: Belden item no. 9842 (for 4-wire version, the same cable can be used for the power supply)
- Terminated device plug: Lumberg RKCS 8/9 (shieldable version)

#### 7.2.2 Terminal assignment

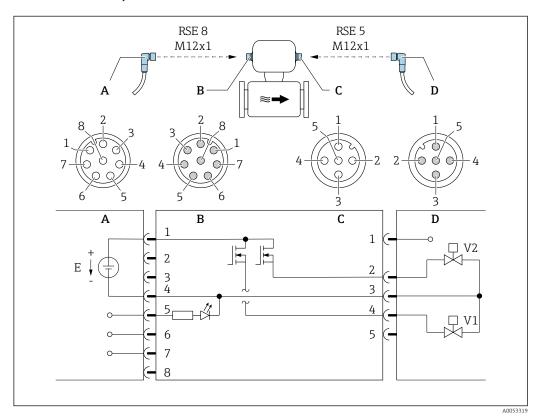
Connection is solely by means of device plug  $\rightarrow \cong 27$ .

#### 7.2.3 Available device plugs

# Device version: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input

Order code for "Output, input", option MD: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input

Version 1: Status input via connection A/B

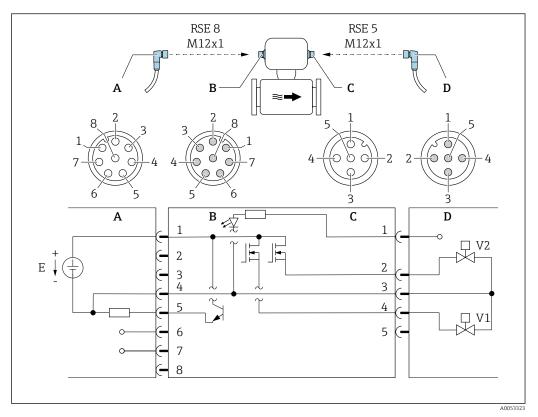


☑ 10 Connection to device

A Coupling: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status input

- B Connector: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status input
- *C Coupling: Switch output (batch)*
- D Connector: Switch output (batch)
- *E PELV or SELV power supply*
- V1 Valve (batch), level 1
- V2 Valve (batch), level 2
- 1 to Pin assignment
- 8

#### Version 2: Status output via connection A/B



#### ■ 11 Connection to device

- A Coupling: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status output
- *B* Connector: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status output
- C Coupling: Switch output (batch), status input
- D Connector: Switch output (batch), status input
- E PELV or SELV power supply
- V1 Valve (batch), level 1
- V2 Valve (batch), level 2
- 1 to Pin assignment
- 8

#### Pin assignment

Connection: Coupling (A) – Connector (B)			Connection: Coupling (C) – Connector (D)		
Pin	Pin Assignment		Pin	Pin Assignment	
1	L+	Supply voltage	1	+	Status input
2	+	Service interface RX	2	+	Switch output (batch) 2
3	+	Service interface TX	3	-	Switch output (batch) 1 and 2, status input
4	L-	Supply voltage	4	+	Switch output (batch) 1
5	+	Status output/Status input <sup>1)</sup>	5		Not used
6	+	Modbus RS485			
7	-	Modbus RS485			
8	-	Service interface GND			

1) The functionality of status input and status output is not possible at the same time.

#### 7.2.4 Requirements for the supply unit

#### Supply voltage

DC 24 V (nominal voltage: DC 18 to 30 V)

- The power unit must be safety-approved (e.g. PELV, SELV).
  - The maximum short-circuit current must not exceed 50 A.

### 7.3 Connecting the device

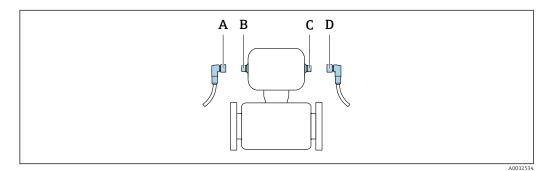
#### NOTICE

#### An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!

- Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
- Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ► When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

### 7.3.1 Connection via device plug

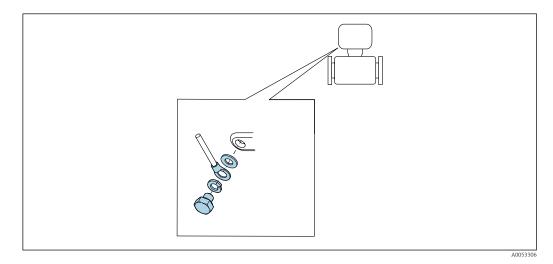
Connection is solely by means of device plug.



A, C Coupling B, D Plug

# 7.3.2 Grounding

Grounding is by means of a cable socket.



Endress+Hauser

### 7.4 Ensuring potential equalization

No special measures for potential equalization are required.

### 7.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring device fulfills all the requirements for IP67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee IP67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

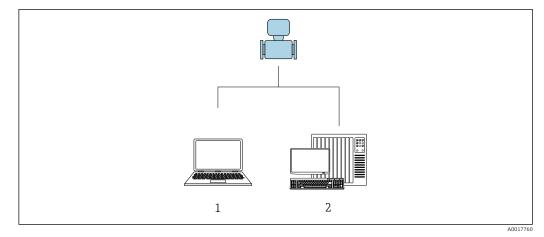
• Tighten all device plugs.

# 7.6 Post-connection check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?		
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate $\rightarrow$ 🗎 12?		
Do the cables used meet the requirements $\rightarrow \square 26$ ?		
Are the mounted cables strain relieved?		
Is the terminal assignment correct $\rightarrow \square 27$ ?		
Is the protective earthing established correctly $\rightarrow \square$ 29?		
Are the maximum values for voltage and current observed at the Modbus interface, switch outputs, status output and status input $\rightarrow \cong 58$ ?		

# 8 Operation options

### 8.1 Overview of operation options



1 Computer with "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool

2 Control system (e.g. PLC)

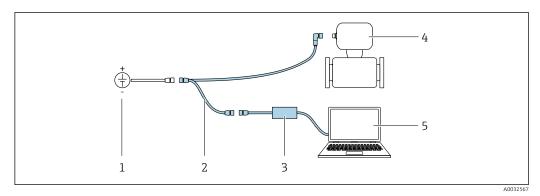
### 8.2 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

#### 8.2.1 Connecting the operating tool

#### Using service adapter and Commubox FXA291

Operation and configuration can be performed using the Endress+Hauser FieldCare or DeviceCare service and configuration software.

The device is connected to the USB port of the computer via the service adapter and Commubox FXA291.



- 1 Supply voltage 24 V DC
- 2 Service adapter
- 3 Commubox FXA291
- 4 Dosimass
- 5 Computer with "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool

The service adapter, cable and Commubox FXA291 are not included in the delivery. These components can be ordered as accessories  $\rightarrow \cong 55$ .

### 8.2.2 FieldCare

#### Function range

FDT-based (Field Device Technology) plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Access is via:

Service adapter and Commubox FXA291

Typical functions:

- Transmitter parameter configuration
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook

Operating Instructions BA00027S

Operating Instructions BA00059S

Source for device description files →

#### Establishing a connection

Service adapter, Commubox FXA291 and "FieldCare" operating tool

- 1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.
- 2. In the network: Add a device.
  - └ The **Add device** window opens.
- 3. Select the **CDI Communication FXA291** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Right-click **CDI Communication FXA291** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.
- 5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 6. Establish the online connection to the device.
- Operating Instructions BA00027S
  - Operating Instructions BA00059S

#### User interface



1 Device name

2 Device tag

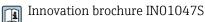
- 3 Status area with status signal  $\rightarrow \implies 42$
- 4 Display area for current measured values
- 5 Editing toolbar with other functions
- 6 Navigation area with operating menu structure

#### 8.2.3 **DeviceCare**

#### **Function range**

Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.





Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \square 34$ 

# 9 System integration

### 9.1 Overview of device description files

### 9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	04.00.zz	<ul> <li>On the title page of the manual</li> <li>On the transmitter nameplate →          □ 12     </li> <li>Firmware version</li> <li>System → Information → Device → Firmware version</li> </ul>
Release date of firmware version	07.2024	

For an overview of the various firmware versions for the device  $\rightarrow \cong 51$ 

### 9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Downloads area</li> <li>USB stick (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
DeviceCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Downloads area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>

### 9.2 Modbus RS485 information

### 9.2.1 Function codes

Function codes are used to define which read or write action is carried out via the Modbus protocol. The measuring device supports the following function codes:

Code	Name	Description	Application
03	Read holding register	Master reads one or more Modbus registers from the device.Read device parameters with and write accessA maximum of 125 consecutive registers can be read with 1 	
		The measuring device does not make a distinction between function codes 03 and 04; these codes therefore yield the same result.	
04	Read input register	Master reads one or more Modbus registers from the device. A maximum of 125 consecutive registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 register = 2 bytes	Read device parameters with read access Example: Read totalizer value
		The measuring device does not make a distinction between function codes 03 and 04; these codes therefore yield the same result.	

Code	Name	Description	Application
06	Write single registers	Master writes a new value to <b>one</b> Modbus register of the measuring device.	Write only 1 device parameter Example: reset totalizer
		Use function code 16 to write multiple registers with just 1 telegram.	
08	Diagnostics	Master checks the communication connection to the measuring device.	
		<ul> <li>The following "Diagnostics codes" are supported:</li> <li>Sub-function 00 = Return query data (loopback test)</li> <li>Sub-function 02 = Return diagnostics register</li> </ul>	
16	Write multiple registers	Master writes a new value to multiple Modbus registers of the device. A maximum of 120 consecutive registers can be written with 1 telegram.	Write multiple device parameters Example: • Mass flow unit • Mass unit
		If the required device parameters are not available as a group, yet must nevertheless be addressed with a single telegram, use Modbus data map $\rightarrow \cong 37$	
23	Read/Write multiple registers	Master reads and writes a maximum of 118 Modbus registers of the measuring device simultaneously with 1 telegram. Write access is executed <b>before</b> read access.	Write and read multiple device parameters Example: • Read mass flow • Reset totalizer



Broadcast messages are only allowed with function codes 06, 16 and 23.

#### 9.2.2 **Register information**

For an overview of device parameters with their respective Modbus register information, please refer to the "Modbus RS485 register information" section in the "Description of device parameters" documentation  $\rightarrow$  🗎 70.

#### 9.2.3 **Response time**

Response time of the measuring device to the request telegram of the Modbus master: typically 3 to 5 ms

#### 9.2.4 Data types

The measuring device supports the following data types:

<b>FLOAT</b> (floating point number IEEE 754) Data length = 4 bytes (2 registers)						
Byte 3   Byte 2   Byte 1   Byte 0						
SEEEEEE	SEEEEEE EMMMMMMM MMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMMM					
S = sign, E = exponent, M = mantissa						

INTEGER Data length = 2 bytes (1 register)		
Byte 1	Byte 0	
Most significant byte (MSB)	Least significant byte (LSB)	

#### STRING

Data length = depends on the device parameter, e.g. presentation of a device parameter with a data length = 18 bytes (9 registers)

Byte 17	Byte 16	 Byte 1	Byte 0
Most significant byte (MSB)			Least significant byte (LSB)

#### 9.2.5 Byte transmission sequence

Byte addressing, i.e. the transmission sequence of the bytes, is not specified in the Modbus specification. For this reason, it is important to coordinate or match the addressing method between the master and slave during commissioning. This can be configured in the measuring device using the **Byte order** parameter.

The bytes are transmitted depending on the selection in the **Byte order** parameter:

FLOAT						
	Sequence					
Options	1.	2.	3.	4.		
1-0-3-2*	Byte 1	Byte 0	Byte 3	Byte 2		
	(MMMMMMMM)	(MMMMMMMM)	(SEEEEEEE)	(EMMMMMMM)		
0 - 1 - 2 - 3	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3		
	(MMMMMMM)	(MMMMMMMM)	(EMMMMMMM)	(SEEEEEEE)		
2 - 3 - 0 - 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 0	Byte 1		
	(EMMMMMMM)	(SEEEEEEE)	(MMMMMMM)	(MMMMMMM)		
3 - 2 - 1 - 0	Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0		
	(SEEEEEEE)	(EMMMMMMM)	(MMMMMMMM)	(MMMMMMM)		
* = factory setting	g, S = sign, E = exponent	, M = mantissa	•	·		

INTEGER					
	Sequence	Sequence			
Options	1.	2.			
<b>1</b> - <b>0</b> - 3 - 2 * 3 - 2 - <b>1</b> - <b>0</b>	Byte 1 (MSB)	Byte 0 (LSB)			
<b>0</b> - <b>1</b> - 2 - 3 2 - 3 - <b>0</b> - <b>1</b>	Byte 0 (LSB)	Byte 1 (MSB)			
* = factory setting, MSB = most significan	t byte, LSB = least signif	icant byte			

<b>STRING</b> Presentation taking the example of a device parameter with a data length of 18 bytes.						
	Sequence	Sequence				
Options	1.	2.		17.	18.	
1-0-3-2* 3-2-1-0	Byte 17 (MSB)	Byte 16		Byte 1	Byte 0 (LSB)	

<b>0</b> - <b>1</b> - 2 - 3 2 - 3 - <b>0</b> - <b>1</b>	Byte 16	Byte 17 (MSB)		Byte 0 (LSB)	Byte 1
* = factory setting, MSB = r	nost significant byte	e, LSB = least signif	icant byte		

#### 9.2.6 Modbus data map

#### Function of the Modbus data map

The measuring instrument offers a special memory area, the Modbus data map (for a maximum of 16 device parameters), to allow users to call up multiple device parameters via Modbus RS485 and not only individual device parameters or a group of consecutive device parameters.

Grouping of device parameters is flexible and the Modbus master can read or write to the entire data block simultaneously with a single request telegram.

#### Structure of the Modbus data map

The Modbus data map consists of two data sets:

- Scan list: Configuration area The device parameters to be grouped are defined in a list by entering their Modbus RS485 register addresses in the list.
- Data area

The measuring instrument reads out the register addresses entered in the scan list cyclically and writes the associated device data (values) to the data area.



For an overview of device parameters with their respective Modbus register information, please refer to the "Modbus RS485 register information" section in the "Description of device parameters" documentation  $\rightarrow \square 70$ .

#### Scan list configuration

For configuration, the Modbus RS485 register addresses of the device parameters to be grouped must be entered in the scan list. Please note the following basic requirements of the scan list:

Max. entries	16 device parameters
Supported device parameters	<ul><li>Only parameters with the following characteristics are supported:</li><li>Access type: read or write access</li><li>Data type: float or integer</li></ul>

Configuration of the scan list via FieldCare or DeviceCare

Carried out using the operating menu of the measuring instrument: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Modbus data map  $\rightarrow$  Scan list register 0 to 15

Scan list	
No.	Configuration register
0	Scan list register 0
15	Scan list register 15

# Configuration of the scan list via Modbus RS485

Carried out using register addresses 5001 - 5016

Scan list	t		
No.	Modbus RS485 register	Data type	Configuration register
0	5001	Integer	Scan list register 0
		Integer	
15	5016	Integer	Scan list register 15

#### Reading out data via Modbus RS485

The Modbus master accesses the data area of the Modbus data map to read out the current values of the device parameters defined in the scan list.

Master access to data area	Via register addresses 5051-5081

Data area				
Device parameter value	Modbus RS485 r	egister	Data type*	Access**
	Start register	End register (Float only)	-	
Value of scan list register 0	5051	5052	Integer/float	read/write
Value of scan list register 1	5053	5054	Integer/float	read/write
Value of scan list register				
Value of scan list register 15	5081	5082	Integer/float	read/write

\* Data type depends on the device parameters entered in the scan list.

**\*\*** Data access depends on the device parameters entered in the scan list. If the device parameter entered supports read and write access, the parameter can also be accessed via the data area.

# 9.3 Compatibility with previous model

-

If the device is replaced, the measuring instrument Dosimass supports the compatibility of the Modbus registers for the process variables and the diagnostic information with the previous model. It is not necessary to change the engineering parameters in the automation system.

The Modbus registers are compatible but the diagnostic numbers are not. Overview of the new diagnostic numbers  $\rightarrow \textcircled{B}$  44.

# 10 Commissioning

### **10.1** Post-mounting and post-connection check

Before commissioning the device:

- Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed successfully.
- Checklist for "Post-installation" check  $\rightarrow \cong 25$
- Checklist for "Post-connection" check  $\rightarrow$  🗎 30

# **10.2** Switching on the measuring device

- The function check has been completed successfully. Switch on the supply voltage.
  - └ The measuring device runs through internal test functions.

The device is operational and operation commences.

If the device does not start up successfully, depending on the cause, a diagnostic message is displayed in the system asset management tool "FieldCare" .

# 10.3 Connecting via FieldCare

- For connecting FieldCare  $\rightarrow \implies 31$
- For connecting via FieldCare  $\rightarrow \cong 32$
- For user interface of FieldCare  $\rightarrow \cong 33$

# **10.4** Configuring the measuring instrument

The device-specific parameters are configured via the **"Commissioning** wizard".

For detailed information on the "**Commissioning** wizard": Separate "Description of Device Parameters "(GP) document

# 11 Operation

# 11.1 Reading the device locking status

#### Navigation

"System" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device management  $\rightarrow$  Locking status

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Locking status	Indicates the write protection with the highest priority that is currently active.	Temporarily locked

# 11.2 Reading access authorization status on operating software

#### Navigation

"System" menu  $\rightarrow$  User management  $\rightarrow$  User role

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
	Displays the role the user is currently logged on in. The role determines the user's access rights for the parameters. The access rights can be changed via the "Enter access code" parameter.	<ul> <li>Operator</li> <li>Maintenance</li> <li>Service</li> <li>Production</li> <li>Development</li> </ul>

# 11.3 Reading measured values

#### Navigation

"Application" menu → Measured values

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Mass flow	Shows the mass flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
Volume flow	Shows the volume flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
Density	Shows the density currently measured.	Positive floating-point number
Temperature	Shows the medium temperature currently measured.	Positive floating-point number

# 11.4 Adapting the measuring instrument to the process conditions

The following menus are available for this purpose:

- Guidance
- Application

Detailed information on "Guidance menu" and "Application menu": Device parameters  $\rightarrow \cong 70$ 

# **11.5** Performing a totalizer reset

#### Navigation

"Application" menu  $\rightarrow$  Totalizers  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer handling  $\rightarrow$  Reset all totalizers

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection
Reset all totalizers	Reset all totalizers to "0" and restart the totalizers. The counter readings are not logged prior to the reset.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Reset + totalize</li></ul>

# 12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

#### For access

Fault	Possible causes	Remedial action
Write access to parameters is not possible.	Current user role has limited access authorization.	Check the access authorization status $\rightarrow \square$ 40.
Connection via service interface is not possible.	configured.	Refer to the documentation on Commubox FXA291: Technical Information TI00405C

# 12.2 Diagnostic information in FieldCare or DeviceCare

### 12.2.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.

omaq400 (Online Parameterize) 🗙	/				×
Device tag Pro Device name Pro	Status signal Out of specification (S) Locking status Dunlocked	Volume flow	Mass flow 502.6548 cm <sup>3</sup> /s	502.6548 g/s	Endress+Hauser 🖽
☆ > Diagnostics		/	/		
Diagnostics	Actual diagnostics S441 Current output 1				
Diagnostic list				Actual di	lagnostics
Event logbook	Timestamp 154d21h21m12s	盘			the currently active diagnostic
Custody transfer logbook	Previous diagnostics				s more than one pending diagnostic
Device information		₽			e message for the diagnostic event highest priority is displayed.
Measured values	> Timestamp 0d00h00m00s	۵		S441 Cu	rrent output 1 process 2. Check current output
Data logging	Operating time from re				(Service ID:153)
Heartbeat Technology	0d00h41m31s	A			

- 1 Status area with status signal
- 2 Diagnostic information  $\rightarrow \square 43$
- 3 Remedial measures with service ID

In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:

- Via parameter
- Via submenu

#### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

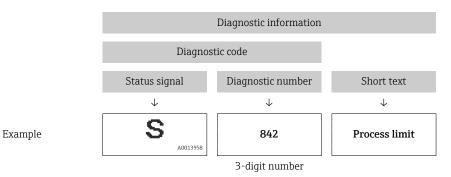
40008199

Symbol	Meaning
$\otimes$	<b>Failure</b> A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
V	<b>Function check</b> The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
2	Out of specification           The device is being operated:           Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

#### **Diagnostic information**

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault.



### 12.2.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

- On the home page Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
  In the **Diagnostics** menu
  - Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

1. Call up the desired parameter.

2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.

← A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

### 12.3 Diagnostic information via communication interface

#### 12.3.1 Reading out diagnostic information

Diagnostic information can be read out via Modbus RS485 register addresses.

- Via register address 6821 (data type = string): diagnosis code, e.g. F270
- Via register address **6859** (data type = integer): diagnosis number, e.g. 270

For an overview of diagnostic events with diagnosis number and diagnosis code  $\rightarrow \cong 44$ 

### 12.3.2 Configuring error response mode

The error response mode for Modbus RS485 communication can be configured in the **Modbus configuration** submenu using 1 parameters.

#### Navigation path

Application  $\rightarrow$  Modbus  $\rightarrow$  Modbus configuration

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Options	Factory setting
Failure mode	Select measured value output behavior when a diagnostic message occurs via Modbus communication. The effect of this parameter depends on the option selected in the Assign diagnostic behavior parameter.	<ul> <li>NaN value</li> <li>Last valid value</li> <li>NaN = not a number</li> </ul>	NaN value

# 12.4 Adapting the diagnostic information

### 12.4.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic settings** submenu.

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic settings

You can assign the following options to the diagnostic number as the diagnostic behavior:

Options	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The measured value output via Modbus RS485 and the totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The measured value output via Modbus RS485 and the totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is entered only in the <b>Event logbook</b> submenu.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

# 12.5 Overview of diagnostic information

In the case of some items of diagnostic information, the diagnostic behavior can be changed. Adapting the diagnostic information  $\rightarrow \cong 44$ 

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
Diagnostic of se	ensor			
022	Temperature sensor defective	Replace device	F	Alarm
046	Sensor limit exceeded	<ol> <li>Check process conditions</li> <li>Check sensor</li> </ol>	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
062	Sensor connection faulty	Replace device	F	Alarm
082	Data storage inconsistent	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Replace device</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
083	Memory content inconsistent	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Restore S-DAT</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
140	Sensor signal asymmetrical	Replace device	S	Warning
Diagnostic of e	lectronic			
201	Electronics faulty	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Replace device</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
242	Firmware incompatible	<ol> <li>Check firmware version</li> <li>Flash device</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
252	Module incompatible	Replace device	F	Alarm
270	Main electronics defective	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
271	Main electronics faulty	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Replace device</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
272	Electronic module faulty	Restart device	F	Alarm
273	Main electronics defective	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
283	Memory content inconsistent	Restart device	F	Alarm
311	Electronic module faulty	Maintenance required! Do not reset device	М	Warning
331	Firmware update failed in module 1 to n	<ol> <li>Update firmware of device</li> <li>Restart device</li> </ol>	F	Warning
372	Electronic module faulty	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Check if failure recurs</li> <li>Replace device</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
374	Electronic module faulty	Restart device	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
Diagnostic of c	onfiguration			1
410	Data transfer failed	<ol> <li>Retry data transfer</li> <li>Check connection</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
412	Processing download	Download active, please wait	С	Warning
437	Configuration incompatible	<ol> <li>Update firmware</li> <li>Execute factory reset</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
438	Dataset different	<ol> <li>Check dataset file</li> <li>Check device parameterization</li> <li>Download new device parameterization</li> </ol>	М	Warning
442	Frequency output 1 to n saturated	<ol> <li>Check frequency output settings</li> <li>Check process</li> </ol>	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
443	Pulse output 1 to n saturated	<ol> <li>Check pulse output settings</li> <li>Check process</li> </ol>	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
453	Flow override active	Deactivate flow override	С	Warning
484	Failure mode simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Alarm
485	Process variable simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
492	Frequency output 1 to n simulation active	Deactivate simulation frequency output	С	Warning
493	Pulse output 1 to n simulation active	Deactivate simulation pulse output	С	Warning
494	Switch output 1 to n simulation active	Deactivate simulation switch output	С	Warning
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
496	Status input 1 simulation active	Deactivate status input simulation	С	Warning
Diagnostic of p	process	1	1	
834	Process temperature too high	Reduce process temperature	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
835	Process temperature too low	Increase process temperature	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
842	Process value below limit	Low flow cut off active! Check low flow cut off configuration	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
862	Partly filled pipe	<ol> <li>Check for gas in process</li> <li>Adjust detection limits</li> </ol>	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
880	Output overloaded	Reduce load at the outputs	S	Warning
910	Tubes not oscillating	<ol> <li>Check electronic module</li> <li>Check sensor</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
912	Medium inhomogeneous	<ol> <li>Check process cond.</li> <li>Increase system pressure</li> </ol>	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
913	Medium unsuitable	<ol> <li>Check process conditions</li> <li>Check electronic modules or sensor</li> </ol>	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
948	Oscillation damping too high	Check process conditions	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
991	Batch process aborted	Check process conditions	F	Alarm <sup>1)</sup>
992	Batch start failed	<ol> <li>Check fill quantity</li> <li>Check device status</li> <li>Complete last batch</li> <li>Check switch output configuration</li> </ol>	F	Warning <sup>1)</sup>

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

# 12.6 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \triangleq 43$

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Active diagnostics

► Active diagnostic	s		
	Actual diagnostics		→ 🖺 47
[	Timestamp		→ 🗎 47
[	Previous diagnostics		→ 🗎 47
	Timestamp	I	→ 🗎 47
[	Operating time from restart	l	→ 🖺 47
	Operating time	l.	→ 🖺 47

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	Displays the currently active diagnostic message.	Positive integer
	If there is more than one pending diagnostic event, the message for the diagnostic event with the highest priority is displayed.	
Timestamp	Displays the timestamp for the currently active diagnostic message.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)
Previous diagnostics	Displays the diagnostic message for the last diagnostic event that has ended.	Positive integer
Timestamp	Displays the timestamp of the diagnostic message generated for the last diagnostic event that has ended.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)
Operating time from restart	Indicates how long the device has been in operation since the last time the device was restarted.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)
Operating time	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)

# 12.7 Actual diagnostics

The current diagnostic message is displayed under Actual diagnostics. If several diagnostic events are pending at the same time, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is displayed.

#### Navigation path

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Active diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Actual diagnostics

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \triangleq 43$

# 12.8 Event logbook

### 12.8.1 Event history

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \triangleq 43$

### 12.8.2 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name
11000	(Device ok)
I1089	Power on
11090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I1111	Density adjust failure
I1151	History reset
I1157	Memory error event list
I1209	Density adjustment ok
I1221	Zero point adjust failure
I1222	Zero point adjustment ok
I1335	Firmware changed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1622	Calibration changed
I1624	All totalizers reset
I1629	CDI: login successful
I1635	Reset to delivery settings

# 12.9 Device reset

The entire device configuration or some of the configuration can be reset to a defined state with the **Device reset** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 49$ ).

#### Navigation

"System" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device management  $\rightarrow$  Device reset

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>To delivery settings</li> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Restore S-DAT backup*</li> <li>Create T-DAT backup</li> <li>Restore T-DAT backup*</li> </ul>

\* Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 12.10 Device

The **Device** submenu contains all the parameters that display different information for identifying the device.

#### Navigation

"System" menu  $\rightarrow$  Information  $\rightarrow$  Device

► Device		
	Device name	→ 🖺 49
	Device tag	→ 🗎 49
	Serial number	→ 🗎 50
	Order code	→ 🖺 50
	Firmware version	→ 🖺 50
	Extended order code 1	→ 🗎 50
	Extended order code 2	→ 🗎 50
	Extended order code 3	→ 🗎 50
	ENP version	→ 🗎 50
	Manufacturer	→ 🗎 50

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry
Device name	Displays the name of the transmitter. The transmitter name is also provided on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Device tag	Enter a unique designation for the measuring point to be able to easily identify it within the plant.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (32)

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry
Serial number	Displays the serial number of the measuring device. The serial number is also provided on the nameplate of the sensor and of the transmitter.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
	The serial number can also be used to retrieve further device- related information and documentation via the Operations app or the Device Viewer on the Endress+Hauser website.	
Order code	Displays the device order code.	Character string comprising numbers, letters
	The order code is used for instance to order a replacement or spare device or to verify that the device features specified on the order form match the shipping note.	and special characters
Firmware version	Displays the device firmware version installed.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Extended order code 1	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
	Due to character length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates for each feature in the product structure the selected option, thereby uniquely identifying the device model.	
	The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate.	
Extended order code 2	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
	Due to character length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates for each feature in the product structure the selected option, thereby uniquely identifying the device model.	
	The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate.	
Extended order code 3	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
	Due to character length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates for each feature in the product structure the selected option, thereby uniquely identifying the device model.	
	The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate.	
ENP version	Displays the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Manufacturer	Displays the manufacturer.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

Release date	Firmware version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware Changes	Documentation type	Documentation
07.2024	04.00.zz	Option <b>78</b>	<ul> <li>New original firmware</li> <li>Can be operated via FieldCare and DeviceCare</li> </ul>	Operating Instructions	BA02347D/06/EN/ 01.24-00
09.2015	03.00.zz	Option <b>A</b>	No change in firmware	Operating Instructions	BA01320D/06/EN/02.15
08.2014	03.00.zz	Option <b>A</b>	<ul> <li>Original firmware</li> <li>Can be operated via FieldCare and DeviceCare</li> </ul>	Operating Instructions	BA01320D/06/EN/01.14

# 12.11 Firmware history

For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.

The manufacturer's information is available:

- In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Downloads
- Specify the following details:
  - Product root: e.g. D8AB

The product root is the first part of the order code: see the nameplate on the device.

- Text search: Manufacturer's information
- Media type: Documentation Technical Documentation

# 13 Maintenance

### 13.1 Maintenance work

No special maintenance work is required.

### 13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

### 13.1.2 Internal cleaning

Observe the following points for CIP and SIP cleaning:

- Use only cleaning agents to which the process-wetted materials are adequately resistant.
- Observe the maximum permitted medium temperature for the measuring device  $\rightarrow \cong 64$ .

# 13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a variety of measuring and testing equipment, such as Netilion or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

List of some of the measuring and testing equipment:  $\rightarrow \cong 55$ 

# 13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14 Repair

### 14.1 General information

#### 14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring device cannot be converted.
- If the measuring device is defective, the entire device is replaced.
- It is possible to replace seals.

### 14.2 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

### 14.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

1. Refer to the web page for information:

https://www.endress.com/support/return-material

- 2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

# 14.4 Disposal

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

#### 14.4.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

#### **WARNING**

#### Danger to persons from process conditions!

- Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive media.
- 2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

### 14.4.2 Disposing of the measuring device

### **WARNING**

#### Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

# 15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

# 15.1 Device-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Sensor holder	For wall, tabletop and pipe mounting.
	Order number: 71392563
	Installation Instructions EA01195D

# 15.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessory	Description
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
DeviceCare	Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. Technical Information TI00405C
Adapter connection	Adapter connections for installation on other electrical connections: Adapter FXA291 (order number: 71035809)

# 15.3 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description	
Applicator	<ul> <li>Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring instruments:</li> <li>Choice of measuring instruments for industrial requirements</li> <li>Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: <ul> <li>e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and measurement accuracy.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Graphic display of the calculation results</li> <li>Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.</li> </ul>	
	Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator	
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress +Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. Technical Information TI00405C	

# 16 Technical data

# 16.1 Application

The measuring device is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

# 16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Mass flow measurement based on the C	Coriolis measuring principle	
Measuring system	The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.		
	For information on the structure of the measuring instrument $ ightarrow  extsf{B}$ 10		
	16.3 Input		
Measured variable	Direct measured variables		
	<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Density</li><li>Temperature</li></ul>		
	<b>Calculated measured variables</b> Volume flow		
Measuring range	Flow values in SI units		
	DN	Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	
	[mm]	[kg/h]	
	1	0 to 20	
	2	0 to 100	
	4	0 to 450	
	8	0 to 2 000	
	15	0 to 6 500	
	25	0 to 18000	
	40	0 to 45 000	

#### Flow values in US units

DN	Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$
[in]	[lb/min]
1/24	0 to 0.735
البر البر	0 to 3.675
1/8	0 to 16.54
3/8	0 to 73.50
4/2	0 to 238.9
1	0 to 661.5
1 ½	0 to 1654



To calculate the measuring range, use the Applicator  $\rightarrow \cong$  55 sizing tool

#### Recommended measuring range

Flow limit  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 65$ 

Operable flow range

#### Over 1000 : 1.

Flow rates above the preset full scale value do not override the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.

Input signal

The batching process is controlled by the automation system via the status input or 1 via the fieldbus interface (Modbus) of the device.

#### Status input via connection A/B

Maximum input values	<ul> <li>DC -3 to 30 V</li> <li>5 mA</li> </ul>
Response time	Configurable: 10 to 200 ms
Input signal level	<ul> <li>Low signal: DC -3 to 5 V</li> <li>High signal: DC 15 to 30 V</li> </ul>
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Start batching process</li> <li>Start and stop batching process</li> <li>Reset totalizer 1 to 3 separately</li> <li>Reset all totalizers</li> <li>Flow override</li> </ul>

#### Status output via connection A/B

Maximum input values	<ul> <li>DC 30 V</li> <li>6 mA</li> </ul>
Response time	Configurable: 10 to 200 ms

Input signal level	<ul> <li>Low signal: DC 0 to 1.5 V</li> <li>High signal: DC 10 to 30 V</li> </ul>
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Start batching process</li> <li>Start and stop batching process</li> <li>Reset totalizer 1 to 3 separately</li> <li>Reset all totalizers</li> <li>Flow override</li> </ul>

# 16.4 Output

#### Output signal

### Modbus RS485

Physical interface

RS485 according to Standard EIA/TIA-485-A

#### Switch output (batch: valve control)

Switch output (batch)	
Version	Active, high-side
Maximum output values	<ul> <li>DC 30 V</li> <li>500 mA</li> </ul>
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li><li>Batching</li></ul>

#### Status output

Status output	
Version	Active, high-side
Maximum output values	<ul> <li>DC 30 V</li> <li>100 mA</li> </ul>
Voltage drop	At 100 mA: ≤ DC 3 V
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Batching process status (batch)</li> <li>Batching process status (batch), output 1</li> <li>Batching process status (batch), output 2</li> </ul>

#### Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows.

#### Modbus RS485

Failure mode	Choose from:
	<ul> <li>NaN value instead of current value</li> <li>Last valid value</li> </ul>

Low flow cut off	The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.	
Galvanic isolation	<ul> <li>Device version: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input (Order code for "Output, input": option MD)</li> <li>Switch outputs (batch) on supply potential.</li> <li>Status output on supply potential.</li> <li>Status input galvanically isolated (connection C/D) or on supply potential (connection A/B)</li> </ul>	

Protocol-specific data

#### Modbus RS485

Protocol	Modbus Applications Protocol Specification V1.1	
Device type	Slave	
Slave address range	1 to 247	
Broadcast address range	0	
Function codes	<ul> <li>03: Read holding register</li> <li>04: Read input register</li> <li>06: Write single registers</li> <li>08: Diagnostics</li> <li>16: Write multiple registers</li> <li>23: Read/write multiple registers</li> <li>43: Read device identification</li> </ul>	
Broadcast messages	Supported by the following function codes: <ul> <li>06: Write single registers</li> <li>16: Write multiple registers</li> <li>23: Read/write multiple registers</li> </ul>	
Supported baud rate	<ul> <li>1 200 BAUD</li> <li>2 400 BAUD</li> <li>4 800 BAUD</li> <li>9 600 BAUD</li> <li>19 200 BAUD</li> <li>38 400 BAUD</li> <li>57 600 BAUD</li> <li>115 200 BAUD</li> <li>230 400 BAUD</li> </ul>	
Data transfer mode	RTU	
Data access	Each device parameter can be accessed via Modbus RS485. For Modbus register information $\rightarrow \triangleq 70$	

# 16.5 Power supply

Terminal assignment	→ 🗎 27
Supply voltage	DC 24 V (nominal voltage: DC 18 to 30 V) The power unit must be safety-approved (e.g. PELV, SELV). The maximum short-circuit current must not exceed 50 A.
Power consumption	2.5 W (no outputs)

Current consumption	Order code for "Output, input"		Maximum current consumption		
	Option MD: Modbus RS485, 2 switch o status input	outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1	100 mA + 1 100 mA <sup>1)</sup>		
	1) Per switch output used (batch) 5	00 mA, status output 100 mA			
	<b>Switch-on current</b> Option MD: Modbus RS485, 2 s Max. 1.2 A (< 15 ms)	witch outputs (batch), 1 sta	tus output, 1 status input		
Power supply failure	<ul> <li>Totalizers stop at the last value measured.</li> <li>Configuration is retained in the device memory.</li> <li>Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.</li> </ul>				
Electrical connection	→ 🗎 29				
Potential equalization	→ 🗎 30				
Cable specification	→ 🗎 26				
	16.6 Performance	characteristics			
Reference operating conditions	<ul> <li>Error limits based on ISO 116</li> <li>Water</li> <li>+15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113)</li> <li>2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)</li> <li>Data as indicated in the calibr</li> <li>Accuracy based on accredited</li> </ul>	<sup>5</sup> °F) ration protocol	o ISO 17025		
	<ul> <li>Installation</li> <li>Measuring device is grounded.</li> <li>The sensor is centered in the pipe.</li> </ul>				
	To obtain measured errors,	use the <i>Applicator</i> sizing to	ool → 🗎 55		
Maximum measurement error	o.r. = of reading; $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature				
	Base accuracy				
	Bases for calculation $\rightarrow \cong 62$				
	Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)				
	±0.15 %				
	Density (liquids)				

±0.0005 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

±0.0005 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

±0.0025 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

#### Temperature

 $\pm 0.5 \ ^{\circ}C \pm 0.005 \cdot T \ ^{\circ}C \ (\pm 0.9 \ ^{\circ}F \pm 0.003 \cdot (T - 32) \ ^{\circ}F)$ 

#### Zero point stability

DN		Zero point stability	
[mm]	[mm] [in]		[lb/min]
1	1/ <sub>24</sub>	0.0005	0.000018
2	1/ <sub>12</sub>	0.0025	0.00009
4	1⁄8	0.0100	0.00036
8	3⁄8	0.20	0.007
15	1/2	0.65	0.024
25	1	1.80	0.066
40	1 1/2	4.50	0.165

#### Flow values

Flow values as turndown parameters depending on nominal diameter.

SI units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
1	20	2	1	0.4	0.2	0.04
2	100	10	5	2	1	0.2
4	450	45	22.5	9	4.5	0.9
8	2 000	200	100	40	20	4
15	6 500	650	325	130	65	13
25	18000	1800	900	360	180	36
40	45 000	4 500	2250	900	450	90

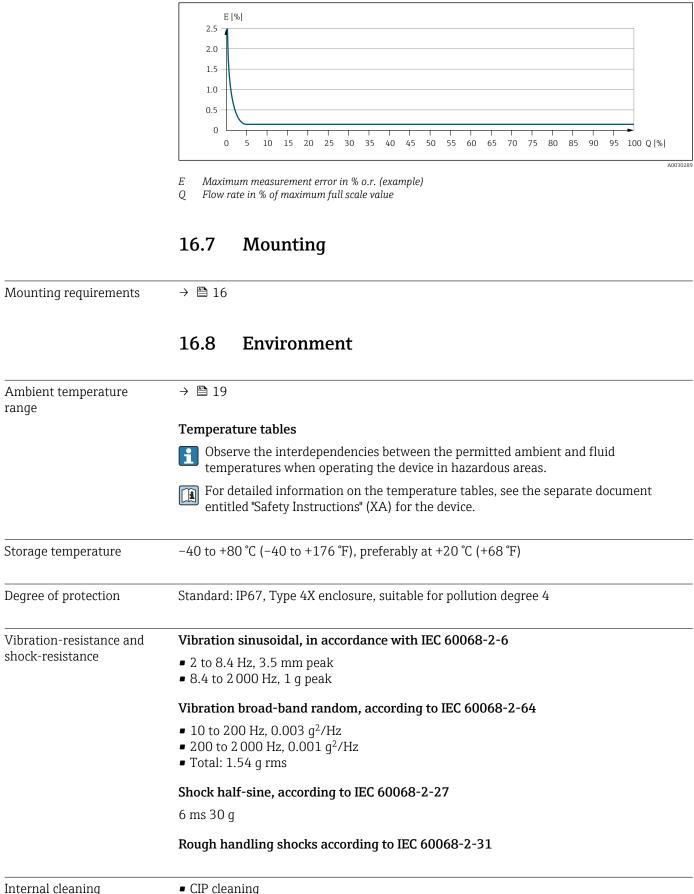
#### US units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[in]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]
1/24	0.735	0.074	0.037	0.015	0.007	0.001
1/12	3.675	0.368	0.184	0.074	0.037	0.007
1/8	16.54	1.654	0.827	0.331	0.165	0.033
3/8	73.50	7.350	3.675	1.470	0.735	0.147
1/2	238.9	23.89	11.95	4.778	2.389	0.478
1	661.5	66.15	33.08	13.23	6.615	1.323
1 1/2	1654	165.4	82.70	33.08	16.54	3.308

Repeatability	Base repeatability			
	Dosing time [s]	Standard deviation [%]		
	0.75 s < t <sub>a</sub> < 1.5 s	0.2		
	1.5 s < t <sub>a</sub> < 3 s	0.1		
	3 s < t <sub>a</sub>	0.05		
	<b>Density (liquids)</b> ±0.00025 g/cm <sup>3</sup>			
	<b>Temperature</b> $\pm 0.25 \degree C \pm 0.0025 \cdot T \degree C (\pm 0.0025 \cdot T) \degree C (\pm 0.0025 \cdot T)$	.45 °F ± 0.0015 · (T-32) °F)		
Response time	The response time depends	on the configuration (damping).		
Influence of medium temperature	<b>Mass flow</b> If there is a differential between the temperature during zero adjustment and the process temperature, the typical measurement error of the sensor is $\pm 0.0002$ % of the full scale value/°C ( $\pm 0.0001$ % of the full scale value/°F).			
	<b>Temperature</b> ±0.005 · T °C (± 0.005 · (T − 32) °F)			
Influence of medium pressure	A difference between the calibration pressure and process pressure does not affect accuracy.			
 Design fundamentals	o.r. = of reading, o.f.s. = of full scale value			
	BaseAccu = base accuracy in % o.r., BaseRepeat = base repeatability in % o.r.			
	MeasValue = measured value; ZeroPoint = zero point stability			
	Calculation of the maximum measured error as a function of the flow rate			
	Flow rate	Maximum measured error in % o.r.		
	$\geq \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$	± BaseAccu مەر21339		
	< ZeroPoint BaseAccu · 100	$\pm \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{MeasValue}} \cdot 100$		
	Calculation of the maximum	repeatability as a function of the flow rate		
	Flow rate	Maximum repeatability in % o.r.		
	$\geq \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseRepeat}} \cdot 100$	± BaseRepeat		
	$< \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseRepeat}} \cdot 100$	$\pm \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{MeasValue}} \cdot 100$		
		A0021336 A002133		

A0021336

#### Example of maximum measurement error



- SIP cleaning

	<ul> <li>Options</li> <li>Oil- and grease-free version for wetted parts, without declaration</li> <li>Order code for "Service", option HA<sup>3</sup></li> <li>Observe the maximum medium temperatures → </li> <li>64</li> </ul>			
Electromagnetic	As per IEC/EN 61326			
compatibility (EMC)	Details are provided in	the Declaration of Conform	ity.	
		d for use in residential envi the radio reception in such	ironments and cannot guarantee environments.	
	16.9 Process			
Medium temperature range	<b>Sensor</b> −40 to +130 °C (−40 to +26	6 °F)		
	Cleaning			
	+150 °C (+302 °F) for a maximum of 60 min for CIP and SIP processes <b>Seals</b> No internal seals			
Medium pressure range	Max. 40 bar (580 psi), depe	nding on the process conne	ection	
Vedium density	DN p <sub>max</sub>			
	[mm]	[in]	[kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	
	1	1/24	3 1 5 0	
	2	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>12</sub>	3 100	
	4	1/8	3 100	
	8	3/8	4548	
	15	1/2	4900	
	25	1	4270	
	40 1 1/2 4700			
-	For an overview of the the Technical Information		gs for the process connections, see	
ratings		ion		
Pressure-temperature ratings Sensor housing	<ul> <li>The sensor housing is filled mechanics inside.</li> <li>The housing does not hav</li> </ul>	ion with dry nitrogen gas and p e a pressure rating classific		

<sup>3)</sup> The cleaning refers to the measuring instrument only. Any accessories supplied are not cleaned.

Flow limit	Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss.		
	For an overview of the full scale values for the measuring range, see the "Measuring range" section $\rightarrow \cong 56$		
	<ul> <li>The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal</li> <li>A low full scale value must be selected for abrasive media (such as liquids with entrained solids): flow velocity &lt; 1 m/s (&lt; 3 ft/s).</li> </ul>		
	To calculate the flow limit, use the <i>Applicator</i> sizing tool $\rightarrow \cong 55$		
Pressure loss	To calculate the pressure loss, use the <i>Applicator</i> sizing tool $\rightarrow \cong 55$		
Heating	→ 🖹 20		
Vibrations	→ <sup>1</sup> 21		

# 16.10 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

Weight

#### Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
1	3.7
2	5.3
4	7.1
8	3.6
15	3.9
25	4.4
40	6.6

#### Weight in US units

DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
1/24	8.2
1/ <sub>12</sub>	11.7
1/8	15.7
3⁄8	7.9
1/2	8.6
1	9.7
1 1/2	14.6

Materials

#### Transmitter housing

- Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
- Stainless steel, 1.4409 (CF3M)

#### **Device** plug

Electrical connection	Material
M12x1 plug	<ul> <li>Socket: Polyamide contact support</li> <li>Connector: Contact support made of thermoplastic polyurethane (TPU-GF)</li> <li>Contacts: Gold-plated brass</li> </ul>

#### Sensor housing

Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface

**DN 1 to 4 mm (<sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>24</sub> to <sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>8</sub>")** Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316/316L)

**DN 8 to 40 mm (¾ to 1 ½")** Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

#### Measuring tubes

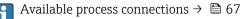
**DN 1 to 4 mm (<sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>24</sub> to <sup>1</sup>⁄<sub>8</sub>")** Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316/316L)

**DN 8 to 40 mm (¾ to 1 ½")** Stainless steel, 1.4539 (904L)

#### **Process connections**

**DN 1 to 4 mm (½4 to ½")** ½" Tri-Clamp: Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L)

DN 8 to 40 mm (<sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub> to 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>") All process connections: Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316/316L)



Seals

Welded process connections without internal seals

#### Accessories

Sensor holder

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

Process connections Fixed flange EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N) EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) **Clamp connections** 1" clamp according to DIN 32676 Tri-Clamp I/2" Tri-Clamp • 1/2" Tri-Clamp BS4825-3 ■ ¾" Tri-Clamp 1" Tri-Clamp Threaded adapter • DIN 11864-1 Form A DIN 11851 ISO 2853 Process connection materials  $\rightarrow \triangleq 67$ 

Surface roughness

All data refer to parts in contact with the medium.

#### The following surface roughness categories can be ordered:

Category	Method	Option(s) order code "Measuring tube mat., wetted surface"
Not polished	_	SA
Ra ≤ 0.76 µm (30 µin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished <sup>2)</sup>	BB
Ra ≤ 0.76 µm (30 µin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished, welds in as welded condition	SJ

Category	Method	Option(s) order code "Measuring tube mat., wetted surface"
Ra $\leq$ 0.38 µm (15 µin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished <sup>2)</sup>	BF
Ra $\leq$ 0.38 µm (15 µin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished, welds in as welded condition	SK

1) 2)

Ra according to ISO 21920 Excludes inaccessible weld seams between pipe and manifold

# 16.11 Operability

Languages	Can be operated in the following languages: Via "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese
Local operation	This device cannot be operated locally using a display or operating elements.
Remote operation	→ 🗎 31
	16.12 Certificates and approvals
	Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at <u>www.endress.com</u> on the relevant product page:
	1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
	2. Open the product page.
	3. Select <b>Downloads</b> .
CE mark	The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
UKCA marking	The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable UK regulations (Statutory Instruments). These are listed in the UKCA Declaration of Conformity along with the designated standards. By selecting the order option for UKCA marking, Endress+Hauser confirms a successful evaluation and testing of the device by affixing the UKCA mark.
	Contact address Endress+Hauser UK: Endress+Hauser Ltd. Floats Road Manchester M23 9NF United Kingdom www.uk.endress.com
RCM marking	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

Ex-approval	<ul> <li>Only measuring instruments with the order code for "Approval", option "BT", "FC" and "US" have an Ex approval.</li> <li>The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.</li> </ul>
Hygienic compatibility	<ul> <li>3-A approval</li> <li>Only measuring instruments with the order code for "Additional approval", option LP "3A" have 3-A approval.</li> <li>The 3-A approval refers to the measuring instrument.</li> <li>When installing the measuring instrument, ensure that no liquid can accumulate on the outside of the measuring instrument.</li> <li>Accessories (e.g. sensor retainer) must be installed in accordance with the 3-A Standard. Each accessory can be cleaned. Disassembly may be necessary under certain circumstances.</li> <li>EHEDG-tested <sup>4)</sup></li> <li>Only devices with the order code for "Additional approval", option LT "EHEDG" have been tested and meet the requirements of the EHEDG. To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be used with process connections in accordance with the EHEDG position paper entitled "Easy cleanable Pipe couplings and Process connections" (www.ehedg.org).</li> <li>To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be installed in a position that ensures drainability.</li> <li>Food Contact Materials Regulation (EC) 1935/2004</li> </ul>
Pharmaceutical compatibility	<ul> <li>FDA 21 CFR 177</li> <li>USP &lt;87&gt;</li> <li>USP &lt;88&gt; Class VI 121 °C</li> <li>TSE/BSE Certificate of Suitability</li> <li>cGMP</li> <li>Devices with the order code for "Test, certificate", option JG "Conformity with cGMP-derived requirements, declaration" comply with the requirements of cGMP with regard to the surfaces of parts in contact with the medium, design, FDA 21 CFR material conformity, USP Class VI tests and TSE/BSE conformity. A serial number-specific declaration is generated.</li> </ul>
Pressure Equipment Directive	<ul> <li>With the marking <ul> <li>a) PED/G1/x (x = category) or</li> <li>b) PESR/G1/x (x = category)</li> <li>on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms compliance with the "Essential Safety Requirements" <ul> <li>a) specified in Annex I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or</li> <li>b) Schedule 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Devices not bearing this marking (without PED or PESR) are designed and manufactured according to sound engineering practice. They meet the requirements of <ul> <li>a) Art. 4 Para. 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or</li> <li>b) Part 1, Para. 8 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The scope of application is indicated <ul> <li>a) in diagrams 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or</li> <li>b) Schedule 3, Para. 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>

<sup>4)</sup> DN 8 to 40 (<sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub> to 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>")

External standards and guidelines	<ul> <li>EN 60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code) </li> <li>EN 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use </li> <li>EN 61326-1/-2-3 EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use, Part 1: General Requirements</li> <li>ANSI/ISA-61010-1 (82.02.01) Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use – Part 1: General Requirements</li> </ul>
Additional certification	CRN approval
	Some device versions have CRN approval. A CRN-approved process connection with a CSA approval must be ordered for a CRN-approved device.
	16.13 Accessories
	Overview of accessories available to order $\rightarrow \cong 55$

# 16.14 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

Standard documentation Brief C	Operating Instructions
Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Dosimass	KA01688D

#### **Description of Device Parameters**

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Dosimass	GP01220D

#### **Technical Information**

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Dosimass	TI01785D

Supplementary device- dependent documentation	Safety instructions	
Contents		Documentation code
ATEX Ex ec		XA03257D
UL Class I, Division 2		XA03263D
UKEX Ex ec		XA03264D

#### Installation instructions

Contents	Note
Installation instructions for spare part sets and accessories	<ul> <li>Access the overview of all the available spare part sets via <i>Device Viewer</i></li> <li>Accessories available for order with Installation Instructions →  <sup>B</sup> 55</li> </ul>

# Index

3-A approval
٥
A
Adapting the diagnostic behavior
Ambient conditions
Vibration resistance and shock resistance 63
Ambient temperature range 19
Application
Resetting the totalizer
Totalizer reset
Approvals
Auto scan buffer
see Modbus RS485 Modbus data map

### С

	68 68 69
Checklist	
Post-connection check	30
Post-installation check	25
CIP cleaning	63
Cleaning	
CIP cleaning	52
	52
	52
	52
	39
5	39
	44
Connecting requirements	26
Connecting the device	
Device plug	29
Connecting the measuring instrument	
	29
Connection	
see Electrical connection	
Connection cable	26
Current consumption	
*	
D	
Date of manufacture	
Declaration of Conformity	
Degree of protection	63
Design	
Measuring instrument	10
Design fundamentals	
Measurement error	62
Repeatability	62

Device components10Device description files34Device locking, status40

 Sensor
 12

 Device Viewer
 11

DeviceCare	
Device description file	34
Diagnostic information	
Communication interface	43
Design, description	43
DeviceCare	42
FieldCare	42
Overview	44
Remedial measures	44
Diagnostic list	47
Display	
Current diagnostic event	46
Previous diagnostic event	
Display values	10
For locking status	<i>μ</i> Ο
Disposal	
Document	ככ
	г
Function	
Symbols	. ว -
Document function	
Documentation	
Down pipe	16
E	
-	<u> </u>
EHEDG-tested	69
Electrical connection	~ ~
Degree of protection	
Measuring instrument	
Electromagnetic compatibility	64
Endress+Hauser services	
Maintenance	
Repair	53
Environment	
Storage temperature	63
Error messages	
see Diagnostic messages	
Event history	48
Event list	48
Ex-approval	69
Extended order code	
Sensor	12
Sensor	
Sensor	
Exterior cleaning	52
Exterior cleaning	52
Exterior cleaning	52 69
Exterior cleaning	52 69
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32 34
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32 34 32
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32 34 32 32
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32 34 32
Exterior cleaning	52 69 32 34 32 32 33
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32 34 32 32 33 33
Exterior cleaning	52 69 . 9 32 34 32 33 33 34 34 34

Device name

Flow direction	24
Flow limit	65
Food Contact Materials Regulation	69
Function codes	34
Functions	
see Parameters	

### G

Galvanic isolation	59
<b>H</b> Hygienic compatibility	69
I	

Identifying the measuring instrument	11
Incoming acceptance	11
Influence	
Medium pressure	62
Medium temperature	62
Information about this document	. 5
Inlet runs	19
Input	56
Inspection	
Connection	30
Installation	25
Received goods	11
Installation	16
Installation dimensions	19
Installation point	16
Intended use	. 8
Internal cleaning 52,	63

# L

Languages, operation options	68
Local operation	68
Low flow cut off	59

### M

111	
Maintenance work	52
Materials	66
Maximum measurement error	60
Measured variables	
see Process variables	
Measurement accuracy	60
Measuring and test equipment	52
Measuring device	
Conversion	53
Disposal	54
Mounting the sensor	24
Removing	
Repair	
Switching on	39
Measuring instrument	34
Configuring	
Design	10
Preparing for mounting	24
Measuring principle	56
Measuring range, recommended	65
Measuring system	56
Medium density	
-	

Medium pressure	
Influence	62
Medium temperature	
Influence	62
Menus	
For measuring instrument configuration	39
Modbus RS485	
Configuring error response mode	44
Diagnostic information	
Function codes	34
Modbus data map	37
Read access	
Reading out data	38
Register addresses	35
Register information	35
Response time	
Scan list	
Write access	34
Mounting dimensions	
see Installation dimensions	
Mounting preparations	24
Mounting requirements	
Down pipe	16
Inlet and outlet runs	
Installation dimensions	19
Installation point	16
Orientation	17
Sensor heating	20
Static pressure	
Thermal insulation	

### N

Nameplate	
Sensor	12
Netilion	52

# 0

0	
Operable flow range	1
Operation	)
Operation options	_
Operational safety	)
Order code	
Orientation	
Filling systems	)
Orientation (vertical, horizontal) 17	'
Outlet runs	)
Output signal 58	3
Output variables	3

# Ρ

Packaging disposal	15
Parameter settings	
Active diagnostics (Submenu)	46
Device (Submenu)	49
Device management (Submenu) 40,	48
Measured values (Submenu)	40
Totalizer handling (Submenu)	41

User management (Submenu)	C
Performance characteristics	
Pharmaceutical compatibility	9
Pin assignment, device plug	7
Post-connection check	
Post-connection check (checklist)	С
Post-installation check	9
Post-installation check (checklist)	5
Potential equalization	C
Power consumption	9
Power supply failure	C
Pressure Equipment Directive	9
Pressure loss	5
Pressure range	
Medium pressure	4
Pressure-temperature ratings	4
Process connections	
Process variables	
Calculated	5
Measured	5
Product safety	9

# R

RCM marking 68
Reading measured values
Reading out diagnostic information, Modbus RS485 43
Recalibration
Reference operating conditions 60
Registered trademarks
Remote operation
Repair
Repeatability
Replacement
Device components
Requirements for personnel
Response time
Return

### C

2	
Safety	8
Seals	
Medium temperature range	64
Sensor	
Installing	24
Medium temperature range	64
Sensor heating	20
Sensor housing	64
Serial number	12
Settings	
Adapting the measuring instrument to the process	
conditions	41
Device reset	48
Signal on alarm	58
SIP cleaning	63
Special mounting instructions	
Hygienic compatibility	21
Standards and guidelines	70
Static pressure	19
Status output	58

Status signals       Storage conditions         Storage conditions       Storage temperature         Storage temperature       Storage temperature         Storage temperature range       Storage temperature	15 15
Active diagnostics	46
Device	
Device management	
	48
Measured values	40
	41
User management	40
Supply unit	
Requirements	29
Supply voltage	
Surface roughness	
Switch output	
System design	
Measuring system	56
see Measuring instrument design	
System integration	34

### Т

Technical data, overview	ó
Temperature range	
Medium temperature	ł
Storage temperature	5
Terminal assignment	7
Thermal insulation	
Tool	
Mounting	ł
Transporting 15	5
Transporting the measuring instrument 15	5
Troubleshooting	
General	2
TSE/BSE Certificate of Suitability 69	)

# U

UKCA marking	68
Use of measuring device	
Borderline cases	. 8
Incorrect use	8
Use of measuring instrument	
see Intended use	
USP Class VI	69
V	

v	
Vibration resistance and shock resistance	63
Vibrations	21

# W

Weight	
SI units	66
Transport (notes)	15
US units	66
Workplace safety	9



www.addresses.endress.com

