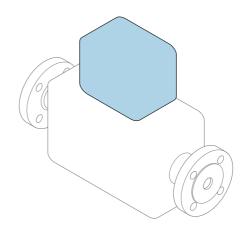
# Brief Operating Instructions **Proline 100 PROFIBUS DP**

Transmitter with Coriolis sensor





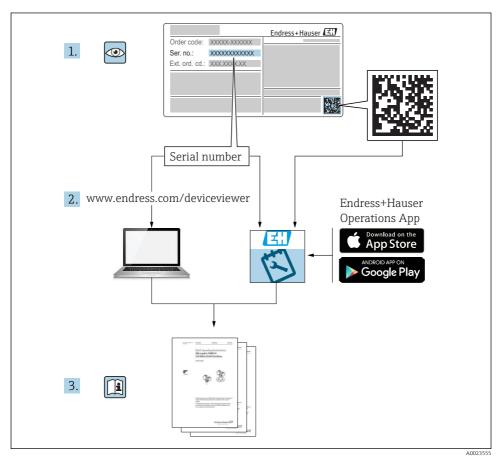
These instructions are Brief Operating Instructions; they are **not** a substitute for the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

## **Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions**

Contain information about the transmitter.

Sensor Brief Operating Instructions  $\rightarrow \cong 3$ 





# Brief Operating Instructions for the device

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

- The process of commissioning these two components is described in two separate manuals:
- Sensor Brief Operating Instructions
- Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions

Please refer to both Brief Operating Instructions when commissioning the device as the contents of the manuals complement one another:

## **Sensor Brief Operating Instructions**

The Sensor Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for installing the measuring device.

- Incoming acceptance and product identification
- Storage and transport
- Installation

## **Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions**

The Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions are aimed at specialists with responsibility for commissioning, configuring and parameterizing the measuring device (until the first measured value).

- Product description
- Installation
- Electrical connection
- Operation options
- System integration
- Commissioning
- Diagnostic information

# Additional device documentation



These Brief Operating Instructions are the **Transmitter Brief Operating Instructions**.

The "Sensor Brief Operating Instructions" are available via:

- Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
- Smart phone/tablet: Endress+Hauser Operations App

Detailed information about the device can be found in the Operating Instructions and the other documentation:

- Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
- Smart phone/tablet: Endress+Hauser Operations App

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# 1 Document information

# 1.1 Symbols used

## 1.1.1 Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning				
	<b>DANGER!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.				
WARNING WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situat serious or fatal injury.					
	<b>CAUTION!</b> This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.				
NOTICE	<b>NOTE!</b> This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.				

## 1.1.2 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
	<b>Permitted</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.		<b>Preferred</b> Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.	i	Tip Indicates additional information.
Ĩ	Reference to documentation		Reference to page
	Reference to graphic	1., 2., 3	Series of steps
4	Result of a step		Visual inspection

## 1.1.3 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current	$\sim$	Alternating current
∼	Direct current and alternating current	<u> </u>	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

Symbol	Meaning			
	Protective Earth (PE) A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.			
<ul><li>The ground terminals are situated inside and outside the device:</li><li>Inner ground terminal: Connects the protectiv earth to the mains supply.</li><li>Outer ground terminal: Connects the device to the plant grounding system.</li></ul>				

## 1.1.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
0	Torx screwdriver		Flat blade screwdriver
•	Cross-head screwdriver	$\bigcirc \not \blacksquare$	Allen key
Ŕ	Open-ended wrench		

## 1.1.5 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers	1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views	A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area	$\bigotimes$	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≋➡	Flow direction		

# 2 Basic safety instructions

## 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel must fulfill the following requirements for its tasks:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

## 2.2 Designated use

## Application and media

- The measuring device described in these Brief Operating Instructions is intended only for flow measurement of liquids and gases.
- The measuring device described in these Brief Operating Instructions is intended only for flow measurement of liquids.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

Measuring devices for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications or where there is an increased risk due to process pressure, are labeled accordingly on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring device remains in proper condition for the operation time:

- ► Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- Only use the measuring device in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- Based on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- Use the measuring device only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ► If the measuring device is not operated at atmospheric temperature, compliance with the relevant basic conditions specified in the associated device documentation is absolutely essential: "Documentation" section.
- Protect the measuring device permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

## Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

## **WARNING**

## Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids!

- ► Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

## NOTICE

## Verification for borderline cases:

 For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

## Residual risks

## **WARNING**

# The electronics and the medium may cause the surfaces to heat up. This presents a burn hazard!

► For elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.

Only applies for Proline Promass E, F, O, X and Cubemass C

## **WARNING**

#### Danger of housing breaking due to measuring tube breakage!

In the event of a measuring tube breakage for a device version without rupture disk it is possible for the pressure loading capacity of the sensor housing to be exceeded. This can lead to rupture or failure of the sensor housing.

## 2.3 Workplace safety

For work on and with the device:

 Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.

For welding work on the piping:

• Do not ground the welding unit via the measuring device.

If working on and with the device with wet hands:

• Due to the increased risk of electric shock, gloves must be worn.

## 2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury.

- Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ► The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.

## 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet stateof-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. Endress+Hauser confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

# 2.6 IT security

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings.

IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.

# **3** Product description

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

The device is available as a compact version: The transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.



For detailed information on the product description, see the Operating Instructions for the device

# 4 Installation

For detailed information about mounting the sensor, see the Sensor Brief Operating Instructions  $\rightarrow \square 3$ 

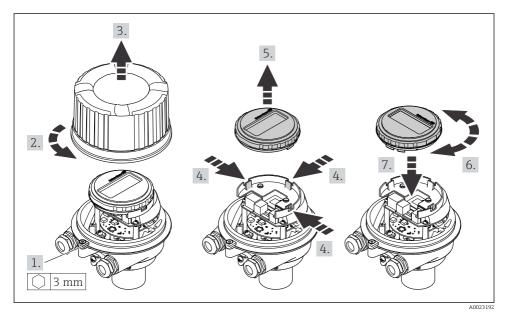
## 4.1 Mounting the measuring device

## 4.1.1 Turning the display module

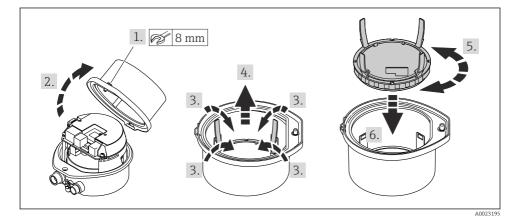
The local display is only available with the following device version: Order code for "Display; operation", option **B**: 4-line; illuminated, via communication

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability.

## Aluminum housing version



## Compact and ultra-compact housing versions



# 5 Electrical connection

## NOTICE

## The measuring device does not have an internal circuit breaker.

- For this reason, assign the measuring device a switch or power-circuit breaker so that the power supply line can be easily disconnected from the mains.
- ► Although the measuring device is equipped with a fuse, additional overcurrent protection (maximum 16 A) should be integrated into the system installation.

## 5.1 Connection conditions

## 5.1.1 Required tools

- For cable entries: Use corresponding tools
- For securing clamp (on aluminum housing): Allen screw3 mm
- For securing screw (for stainless steel housing): open-ended wrench 8 mm
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: crimper for wire end ferrule

## 5.1.2 Requirements for connecting cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

## **Electrical safety**

In accordance with applicable federal/national regulations.

## Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

## Power supply cable

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

## Signal cable

#### PROFIBUS DP

The IEC 61158 standard specifies two types of cable (A and B) for the bus line which can be used for every transmission rate. Cable type A is recommended.



For detailed information about the specification of the connecting cable, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

## Cable diameter

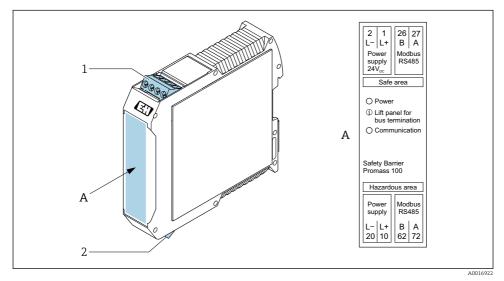
- Cable glands supplied: M20 × 1.5 with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Spring terminals: Wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

## 5.1.3 Terminal assignment

The terminal assignment for the electrical connection of the device can be found on the connection nameplate of the electronics module.

In addition, the device version with Modbus RS485 is supplied with the Safety Barrier Promass 100 whose nameplate also bears information on the terminals.

## Safety Barrier Promass 100

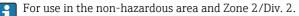


I Safety Barrier Promass 100 with terminals

- 1 Non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2
- 2 Intrinsically safe area

## 5.1.4 Pin assignment, device plug

#### Supply voltage



2	Pin		Assignment
	1	L+	DC 24 V
	2		Not assigned
	3		Not assigned
	4	L-	DC 24 V
	5		Grounding/shielding
5	Cod	ling	Plug/socket
4	A	ł	Plug
			1

#### Device plug for signal transmission (device side)

2	Pin	Assignment		
	1		Not assigned	
	2	Α	PROFIBUS DP	
	3		Not assigned	
	4	В	PROFIBUS DP	
$  \langle Q \rangle$	5		Grounding/shielding	
5	Cod	ling	Plug/socket	
4	H	3	Socket	
A0016811				

## 5.1.5 Shielding and grounding

#### PROFIBUS DP

Optimum electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of the fieldbus system can only be guaranteed if the system components and, in particular, the lines are shielded and the shield forms as complete a cover as possible. A shield coverage of 90% is ideal.

- To ensure an optimum EMC protective effect, connect the shield as often as possible to the reference ground.
- For reasons of explosion protection, you should refrain from grounding however.

To comply with both requirements, the fieldbus system allows three different types of shielding:

- Shielding at both ends.
- Shielding at one end on the feed side with capacitance termination at the field device.
- Shielding at one end on the feed side.

Experience shows that the best results with regard to EMC are achieved in most cases in installations with one-sided shielding on the feed side (without capacitance termination at the field device). Appropriate measures with regard to input wiring must be taken to allow unrestricted operation when EMC interference is present. These measures have been taken into account for this device. Operation in the event of disturbance variables as per NAMUR NE21 is thus quaranteed.

Where applicable, national installation regulations and guidelines must be observed during the installation!

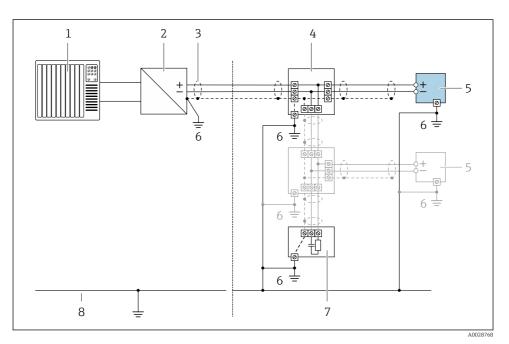
Where there are large differences in potential between the individual grounding points, only one point of the shielding is connected directly with the reference ground. In systems without potential equalization, therefore, cable shielding of fieldbus systems should only be grounded on one side, for example at the fieldbus supply unit or at safety barriers.

## NOTICE

# In systems without potential matching, the multiple grounding of the cable shield causes mains frequency equalizing currents!

Damage to the bus cable shield.

• Only ground the bus cable shield to either the local ground or the protective ground at one end. Insulate the shield that is not connected.



- 1 Controller (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Segment coupler PROFIBUS DP/PA
- 3 Cable shield
- 4 T-box
- 5 Measuring device
- 6 Local grounding
- 7 Bus terminator
- 8 Potential matching line

#### 5.1.6 Preparing the measuring device

## NOTICE

## Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- ► Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands:
   Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands:
   Observe requirements for connecting cables → 
   <sup>(1)</sup>
   <sup>(2)</sup>
   <sup>(2)</sup>

## 5.2 Connecting the measuring device

## NOTICE

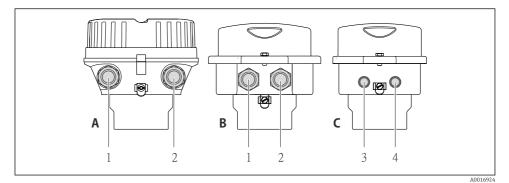
## Limitation of electrical safety due to incorrect connection!

- ► Have electrical connection work carried out by appropriately trained specialists only.
- Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ► Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- ► For use in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.
- ▶ The power unit must be tested to ensure it meets safety requirements (e.g. PELV, SELV).

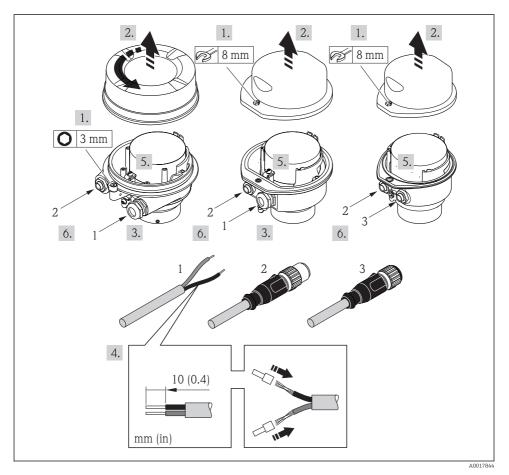
## 5.2.1 Connecting the transmitter

The connection of the transmitter depends on the following order codes:

- Housing version: compact or ultra-compact
- Connection version: device plug or terminals



- *E* 2 Housing versions and connection versions
- A Compact, coated aluminum
- B Compact hygienic, stainless or compact, stainless
- 1 Cable entry or device plug for signal transmission
- 2 Cable entry or device plug for supply voltage
- C Ultra-compact hygienic, stainless or ultra-compact, stainless
- 3 Device plug for signal transmission
- 4 Device plug for supply voltage



Device versions with connection examples

- 1 Cable
- 2 Device plug for signal transmission
- 3 Device plug for supply voltage

Depending on the housing version disconnect the local display from the main electronics module: Operating Instructions for the device .

• Connect the cable in accordance with the terminal assignment or the device plug pin assignment .

## 5.2.2 Ensuring potential equalization

## Promass, Cubemass

#### Requirements

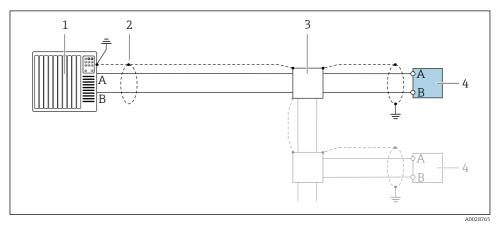
No special measures for potential equalization are required.

For devices intended for use in hazardous locations, please observe the guidelines in the Ex documentation (XA).

## 5.3 Special connection instructions

## 5.3.1 Connection examples

#### PROFIBUS DP



4 Connection example for PROFIBUS DP, non-hazardous area and Zone 2/Div. 2

- 1 Control system (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Cable shield: the cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications
- 3 Transmitter

If baud rates > 1.5 MBaud an EMC cable entry must be used and the cable shield must continue as far as the terminal wherever possible.

## 5.4 Hardware settings

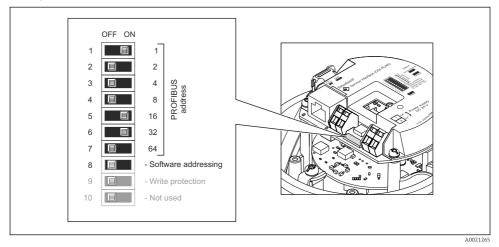
## 5.4.1 Setting the device address

## PROFIBUS DP

The address must always be configured for a PROFIBUS DP/PA device. The valid address range is between 1 and 126. In a PROFIBUS DP/PA network, each address can only be

assigned once. If an address is not configured correctly, the device is not recognized by the master. All measuring devices are delivered from the factory with the device address 126 and with the software addressing method.

#### Setting the address



☑ 5 Addressing using DIP switches on the I/O electronics module

- 1. Disable software addressing via DIP switch 8 (OFF).
- 2. Set the desired device address via the corresponding DIP switches.
  - Example → 5, 18: 1 + 16 + 32 = device address 49 The device demands rebooting after 10 s. After rebooting, hardware addressing is enabled with the configured IP address.

## 5.4.2 Enabling the terminating resistor

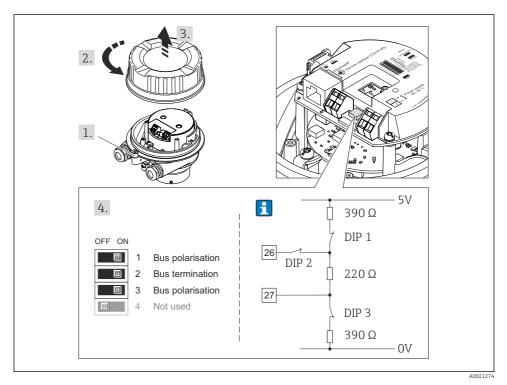
## PROFIBUS DP

To avoid incorrect communication transmission caused by impedance mismatch, terminate the PROFIBUS DP cable correctly at the start and end of the bus segment.

- For baud rates > 1.5 MBaud: Due to the capacitance load of the user and the line reflections generated as a result, ensure that an external bus terminator is used.



It is generally advisable to use an external bus terminator as the entire segment can fail if a device that is terminated internally is defective.



6 Termination using DIP switches on the I/O electronics module (for baud rates < 1.5 MBaud)

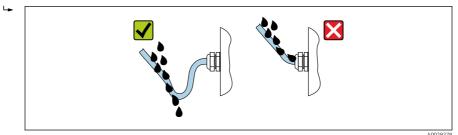
## 5.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring device fulfills all the requirements for the IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee IP66/67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly.
- 2. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 3. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.

 To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry: Route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



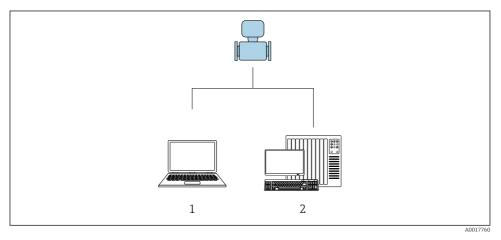
6. Insert dummy plugs into unused cable entries.

# 5.6 Post-connection check

Are cables or the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Do the cables used meet the requirements $\rightarrow \square$ 11?	
Do the cables have adequate strain relief?	
Are all the cable glands installed, firmly tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" $\rightarrow$ 🖺 19?	
Depending on the device version: are all the device plugs firmly tightened ?	
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate ?	
Is the terminal assignment or pin assignment of the connector $\rightarrow \square$ 12 correct?	
If supply voltage is present, is the power LED on the electronics module of the transmitter lit green ?	
Depending on the device version, is the securing clamp or fixing screw firmly tightened?	

# 6 Operation options

## 6.1 Overview of operating options



- 1 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) or with "FieldCare" operating tool
- 2 Automation system, e.g. "RSLogix" (Rockwell Automation) and work station for measuring device operation with Add-on Profile Level 3 for "RSLogix 5000" software (Rockwell Automation)

# 6.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

## 6.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

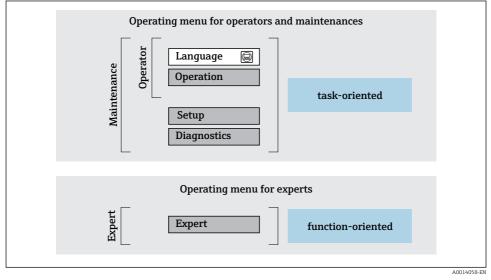


Image: Schematic structure of the operating menu

## 6.2.2 Operating philosophy

The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device lifecycle.

For detailed information on the operating philosophy, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

## 6.3 Access to the operating menu via the web browser

## 6.3.1 Function range

Thanks to the integrated Web server, the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser and via a service interface (CDI-RJ45) . In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is also displayed and allows the user to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.



For additional information on the Web server, refer to the Special Documentation for the device

## 6.3.2 Prerequisites

## Computer hardware

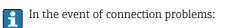
Interface	The computer must have an RJ45 interface.	
Connection	Standard Ethernet cable with RJ45 connector.	
Screen	Recommended size: $\geq 12$ " (depends on the screen resolution)	

## Computer software

Recommended operating systems	Microsoft Windows 7 or higher.  Microsoft Windows XP is supported.
Web browsers supported	<ul> <li>Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 or higher</li> <li>Microsoft Edge</li> <li>Mozilla Firefox</li> <li>Google Chrome</li> <li>Safari</li> </ul>

## Computer settings

User rights	Appropriate user rights (e.g. administrator rights) for TCP/IP and proxy server settings are necessary (for adjusting the IP address, subnet mask etc.).	
Proxy server settings of the Web browser	The Web browser setting Use a Proxy Server for Your LAN must be <b>deselected</b> .	
JavaScript	JavaScript must be enabled. If JavaScript cannot be enabled: enter http://XXX.XXX.XXX/basic.html in the address line of the Web browser, e.g. http://192.168.1.212/basic.html. A fully functional but simplified version of the operating menu structure starts in the Web browser.	
Network connections	Only the active network connections to the measuring device should be used. Switch off all other network connections such as WLAN.	



## Measuring device: Via CDI-RJ45 service interface

Device	CDI-RJ45 service interface	
Measuring device	The measuring device has an RJ45 interface.	
Web server	Web server must be enabled; factory setting: ON	

## 6.3.3 Establishing a connection

## Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

Preparing the measuring device

Configuring the Internet protocol of the computer

The following information refers to the default Ethernet settings of the device.

IP address of the device: 192.168.1.212 (factory setting)

- 1. Switch on the measuring device.
- 2. Connect to the computer using a cable .
- 3. If a 2nd network card is not used, close all the applications on the notebook.
  - ← Applications requiring Internet or a network, such as e-mail, SAP applications, Internet or Windows Explorer.
- 4. Close any open Internet browsers.
- 5. Configure the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) as defined in the table:

IP address	192.168.1.XXX; for XXX all numerical sequences except: 0, 212 and 255 $\rightarrow$ e.g. 192.168.1.213
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.1.212 or leave cells empty

## Starting the Web browser

- 1. Start the Web browser on the computer.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the Web server in the address line of the Web browser: 192.168.1.212
  - └ The login page appears.

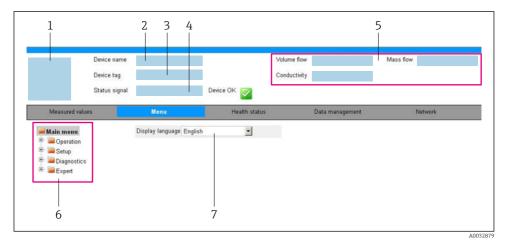


If a login page does not appear, or if the page is incomplete, see the Special Documentation for the Web server

## 6.3.4 Logging on

Access code	0000 (factory setting); can be changed by customer
-------------	--

## 6.3.5 User interface



- 1 Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Navigation area
- 7 Local display language

#### Header

The following information appears in the header:

- Device tag
- Device status with status signal
- Current measured values

#### **Function** row

Functions	Meaning	
Measured values	Displays the measured values of the measuring device	
Menu	<ul> <li>Access to the operating menu from the measuring device</li> <li>The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the operating tools</li> <li>For detailed information on the structure of the operating menu, see the Operating Instructions for the measuring device</li> </ul>	
Device status	Displays the diagnostic messages currently pending, listed in order of priority	

Functions	Meaning	
Data management	<ul> <li>Data exchange between PC and measuring device:</li> <li>Device configuration: <ul> <li>Load settings from the device</li> <li>(XML format, save configuration)</li> <li>Save settings to the device</li> <li>(XML format, restore configuration)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Logbook - Export Event logbook (.csv file)</li> <li>Documents - Export documents: <ul> <li>Export backup data record</li> <li>(.csv file, create documentation of the measuring point configuration)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Verification report <ul> <li>(PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)</li> </ul> </li> <li>File for system integration - If using fieldbuses, upload device drivers for system integration from the measuring device: PROFIBUS DP: GSD file</li> </ul>	
Network configuration	<ul> <li>Configuration and checking of all the parameters required for establishing the connection to the measuring device:</li> <li>Network settings (e.g. IP address, MAC address)</li> <li>Device information (e.g. serial number, firmware version)</li> </ul>	
Logout	End the operation and call up the login page	

#### Navigation area

If a function is selected in the function bar, the submenus of the function open in the navigation area. The user can now navigate through the menu structure.

## Working area

Depending on the selected function and the related submenus, various actions can be performed in this area:

- Configuring parameters
- Reading measured values
- Calling up help text
- Starting an upload/download

## 6.3.6 Disabling the Web server

The Web server of the measuring device can be switched on and off as required using the **Web server functionality** parameter.

#### Navigation

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Web server

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Web server functionality	Switch the Web server on and off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>HTML Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	On

Option	Description
Off	<ul><li>The web server is completely disabled.</li><li>Port 80 is locked.</li></ul>
On	<ul> <li>The complete functionality of the web server is available.</li> <li>JavaScript is used.</li> <li>The password is transferred in an encrypted state.</li> <li>Any change to the password is also transferred in an encrypted state.</li> </ul>

#### Function scope of the "Web server functionality" parameter

#### Enabling the Web server

If the Web server is disabled it can only be re-enabled with the **Web server functionality** parameter via the following operating options:

- Via Bedientool "FieldCare"
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool

#### 6.3.7 Logging out

Before logging out, perform a data backup via the **Data management** function (upload configuration from device) if necessary.

- 1. Select the **Logout** entry in the function row.
  - └ The home page with the Login box appears.
- 2. Close the Web browser.
- 3. If no longer needed:

Reset modified properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP)  $\rightarrow \cong 24$ .

#### Access to the operating menu via the operating tool 6.4



The operating menu can also be accessed via the FieldCare and DeviceCare operating tools. See the Operating Instructions for the device.

#### 7 System integration

For detailed information on system integration, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

- Overview of device description files
  - Current version data for the device
  - Operating tools
- Device master file (GSD)
  - Manufacturer-specific GSD
  - Profile GSD
- Cyclic data transmission
  - Block model
  - Description of the modules

# 7.1 Cyclic data transmission

Cyclic data transmission when using the device master file (GSD).

## 7.1.1 Block model

The block model shows which input and output data the measuring device makes available for cyclic data exchange. Cyclic data exchange takes place with a PROFIBUS master (Class 1), e.g. a control system.

Measuring device			Control system		
	Analog Input block 1 to 8	→ 🖺 29	Output value AI	÷	
			Output value TOTAL	÷	
	Totalizer block 1 to 3	→ 🖺 29	Controller SETTOT	÷	
Transducer Block			Configuration MODETOT	÷	PROFIBUS DP
	Analog Output block 1 to 3	→ 🖺 31	Input values AO	÷	
	Discrete Input block 1 to 2	→ 🖺 31	Output values DI	÷	
	Discrete Output block 1 to 3	→ 🖺 32	Input values DO	÷	

## Defined order of modules

The modules are permanently assigned to the slots, i.e. when configuring the modules, the order and the arrangement of the modules must be respected.

Slot	Module	Function block
1 to 8	AI	Analog Input block 1 to 8
9	TOTAL or	Totalizer block 1
10	SETTOT_TOTAL or SETOT_MODETOT_TOTAL	Totalizer block 2
11		Totalizer block 3
12-14	AO	Analog Output block 1 to 3
15-16	DI	Discrete Input block 1 to 2
17-19	DO	Discrete Output block 1 to 3

To optimize the data throughput rate of the PROFIBUS network, it is advisable to only configure modules that are processed in the PROFIBUS master system. If this results in gaps between the configured modules, these gaps must be assigned to the EMPTY\_MODULE.

## 7.1.2 Description of the modules

The data structure is described from the perspective of the PROFIBUS master:

- Input data: Are sent from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master.
- Output data: Are sent from the PROFIBUS master to the measuring device.

## AI module (Analog Input)

Transmit an input variable from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1). Eight Analog Input blocks are available (slot 1 to 8).

Selection: input variable

The input variable can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting
AI 1	Mass flow
AI 2	Volume flow
AI 3	Corrected volume flow
AI 4	Density
AI 5	Reference density
AI 6	Temperature
AI 7	Off
AI 8	Off

## TOTAL module

Transmit a totalizer value from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 9 to 11).

Selection: totalizer value

The totalizer value can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

CHANNEL	Input variable
32961	Mass flow
33122	Volume flow
33093	Corrected volume flow
901	Target fluid mass flow <sup>1)</sup>
793	Carrier mass flow 1)

1) Only available with the "Concentration" application package

#### Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: TOTAL
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	Mass flow

## SETTOT\_TOTAL module

The module combination consists of the SETTOT and TOTAL functions:

- SETTOT: Control the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- TOTAL: Transmit totalizer value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS master.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 9 to 11).

#### Selection: control totalizer

CHANNEL	Value SETTOT	Control totalizer
33310	0	Totalize
33046	1	Resetting
33308	2	Adopt totalizer initial setting

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: Value SETTOT (meaning)
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	0 (totalizing)

## SETTOT\_MODETOT\_TOTAL module

The module combination consists of the SETTOT, MODETOT and TOTAL functions:

- SETTOT: Control the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- MODETOT: Configure the totalizers via the PROFIBUS master.
- TOTAL: Transmit totalizer value, along with the status, to the PROFIBUS master.

Three Totalizer blocks are available (slot 9 to 11).

Selection: totalizer configuration

CHANNEL	MODETOT value	Totalizer configuration
33306	0	Balancing
33028	1	Balance the positive flow
32976	2	Balance the negative flow
32928	3	Stop totalizing

Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting: Value MODETOT (meaning)
Totalizer 1, 2 and 3	0 (balancing)

## AO module (Analog Output)

Transmit a compensation value from the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to the measuring device. Three Analog Output blocks are available (slot 12 to 14).

#### Assigned compensation values

A compensation value is permanently assigned to the individual Analog Output blocks.

CHANNEL	Function block	Compensation value
306	A0 1	External pressure <sup>1)</sup>
307	AO 2	External temperature <sup>1)</sup>
488	A0 3	External reference density

1) The compensation values must be transmitted to the device in the SI basic unit



The selection is made via: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  External compensation

## DI module (Discrete Input)

Transmit discrete input values from the measuring device to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1). Discrete input values are used by the measuring device to transmit the state of device functions to the PROFIBUS master (Class 1).

Two Discrete Input blocks are available (slot 15 to 16).

## Selection: device function

The device function can be specified using the CHANNEL parameter.

CHANNEL	Device function	Factory setting: Status (meaning)
893	Status switch output	
894	Empty pipe detection	<ul> <li>0 (device function not active)</li> </ul>
895	Low flow cut off	<ul> <li>1 (device function active)</li> </ul>
1430	Verification status 1)	

1) Only available with the Heartbeat Verification application package

#### Factory setting

Function block	Factory setting
DI 1	Empty pipe detection
DI 2	Low flow cut off

## DO module (Discrete Output)

Transmit discrete output values from the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to the measuring device. Discrete output values are used by the PROFIBUS master (Class 1) to enable and disable device functions.

Three Discrete Output blocks are available (slot 17 to 19).

## Assigned device functions

A device function is permanently assigned to the individual Discrete Output blocks.

CHANNEL	Function block	Device function	Values: control (meaning)
891	DO 1	Flow override	
890	DO 2	Zero point adjustment	<ul><li> 0 (disable device function)</li><li> 1 (enable device function)</li></ul>
1429	DO 3	Start verification <sup>1)</sup>	

1) Only available with the Heartbeat Verification application package

## EMPTY\_MODULE module

This module is used to assign empty spaces arising from modules not being used in the slots .

# 8 Commissioning

# 8.1 Function check

Before commissioning the measuring device:

- ► Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed.
- "Post-installation check" checklist
- "Post-connection check" checklist  $\rightarrow$  🖺 20

# 8.2 Setting the operating language

Factory setting: English or ordered local language

The operating language can be set in FieldCare, DeviceCare or via the Web server: Operation  $\rightarrow$  Display language

# 8.3 Configuring the measuring device

The **Setup** menu with its submenus enable fast commissioning of the measuring device. The submenus contain all the parameters required for configuration, such as parameters for measurement or communication.



The submenus available in the particular device can vary on account of the device version (e.g. sensor).

Submenu	Meaning
Medium selection	Define the medium
Output conditioning	Define the output conditioning
System units	Configure the units for all measured values
Communication	Configure the digital communication interface
Display	Configure the measured value display
Analog inputs	Configure the analog inputs
Low flow cut off	Set the low flow cut off
Partially filled pipe detection	Configure partial and empty pipe detection

## 8.4 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following write protection options exist in order to protect the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification:

- Protect access to parameters via access code
- Protect access to local operation via key locking
- Protect access to measuring device via write protection switch

For detailed information on protecting the settings against unauthorized access, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

# 9 Diagnostic information

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in the operating tool once the connection has been established and on the home page of the web browser once the user has logged on.

Remedial measures are provided for each diagnostic message to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly.

- In FieldCare: Remedial measures are displayed on the home page in a separate field below the diagnostic message: see the Operating Instructions for the device

1	
Xxxxxx//	
Device name: Xxxxxx Mass flow: 🔁 12.34 kg/h	
Device tag: Xxxxxx Volume flow: 🐉 12.34 m³/h	
Status signal: 🖉 🍞 Function check (C)	
The XXXXXX Instrument health status	
Diagnostics 1: C485 Simu	
Po Remedy information: Deactivate	
P Access status tooling: Mainenance Failure (F)	
🗄 🛅 Operation 🛛 😵 Function check (C)	— 2
Diagnostics 1: C485 Simulation measured vari	
EDiagnostics Remedy information: Deactivate Simulation (Service	
Expert	
Out of spezification (S)	— 3
Maintenance required (M)	

A0021799-EN

- 1 Status area with status signal
- 2 Diagnostic information
- 3 Remedy information with Service ID
- Perform the remedial measure displayed.

www.addresses.endress.com

