01.00.zz (Device firmware)

Products Solutions

S Services

Functional Safety Manual Liquiphant M, Liquiphant S with electronic insert FEL56 + Nivotester FTL325N

Point level measuring system







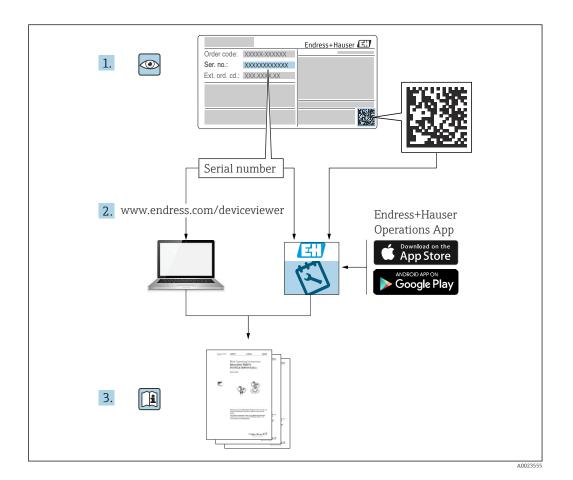


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1 Declaration of Conformity

SIL_00069_05.22



Declaration of Conformity

Functional Safety according to IEC 61508 Based on NE 130 Form B.1

Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG, Hauptstraße 1, 79689 Maulburg

being the manufacturer, declares that the product

Liquiphant M/S with electronic insert FEL56 (+ Nivotester FTL325N)

is suitable for the use in safety-instrumented systems according to IEC 61508. The instructions of the corresponding functional safety manual must be followed.

This declaration of conformity is exclusively valid for the listed products and accessories in delivery status.

Maulburg, September 8, 2022 Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG

i. V.

Gerd Bechtel Dept. Man. R&D Devices Level Limit Research & Development

Manfred Hammer
Dept. Man. R&D Quality Management/FSM
Research & Development

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			People for P	Process Autor	mation
General					
D : 1 : (: 1 : :11 (1)	Liquiphant	M/S with electro	nic insert FEL56 (+	⊦ Nivotester	FTL325N)
Device designation and permissible types 1)	FTL5*/7*-	*****6**** (+	FTL325N-y****; y	y = G, H, N, F	P, T, W, 2)
Safety-related output signal	NAMUR Int				
Fault signal	2.2 mA 2	2.8 mA			
Process variable/function	Level switc	h for liquids			
Safety function(s)	MIN / MAX	(
Device type acc. to IEC 61508-2			⊠ Ty	ype B	
Operating mode		mand Mode	High Demand I	Mode or Con	tinuous Mode
Valid hardware version	FEL56:01	.01 / FTL325N: 0	02.00		
Valid software version	FEL56:01	.00.01			
Safety manual	FY01089F				
			SW evaluation para		
			ange request acc. to		
Type of evaluation			proven in use" perfouest acc. to IEC 61		HW/SW incl. FA
(check only <u>one</u> box)		Evaluation of H	W/SW field data to	o verify "prio	or use" acc. to
		IEC 61511		, ,,,,	
		Evaluation by F	MEDA acc. to IEC 6	1508-2 for	devices w/o sof
Evaluation through – report/certificate no.	TÜV Rheinl	and 968/FSP 114	18		
Test documents	Developme	nt documents	Test reports		Data sheets
SIL – Integrity					
Systematic safety integrity			SIL 2	capable	⊠ SIL 3 cap
Hardware safety integrity	Single char	nnel use (HFT = 0))	capable	☐ SIL 3 cap
Transmit safety integrity	Multi chani	nel use (HFT 1)	☐ SIL 2 (capable	⊠ SIL 3 cap
FMEDA					
Safety function	MIN		MAX	R/	ANGE
λ _{DU} ^{2),3)}	67 FIT		54 FIT	/	
A _{DD} ^{2),3)}	7 FIT		7 FIT	/	
N _{SU} ^{2),3)}	80 FIT		82 FIT	/	
NSD ^{2),3)}	56 FIT		68 FIT	/	
SFF SFF	68%		74%	/	
PFD _{avq} ($T_1 = 1 \text{ year}$) ³⁾ (single channel architecture)	2.92 · 10-4		2.36 · 10 ⁻⁴	/	
PFH	/		/	/	
PTC ⁴⁾ A / C	93% / /		93% / 93%	/	
Atotal 2,3)	210 FIT		211 FIT	/	
Diagnostic test interval 5)	≤ 60 s		≤ 60 s	/	
Fault reaction time ⁶⁾	≤ 3 s		≤ 3 s	/	
Comments	233		2);		
Declaration Our internal company quality managemen	nt system ensur	es information on	safety-related sys	tematic faul	ts which becom
alid order codes and order code exclusions are maintained in IT = Failure In Time, number of failures per 10 ⁹ h		g system			
alid for average ambient temperature up to +40°C (+104°F) or continuous operation at ambient temperature close to +60 TC = Proof Test Coverage		factor of 2.1 should	be applied		

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1.1 General

The components can be operated as different versions:

• Version I (\rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 7)

One Liquiphant for the direct activation of a NAMUR switching unit (e.g. transmitter, safety-related PLC) via the NAMUR interface according to EN 50227 (DIN 19234; NAMUR) or IEC 60947-5-6.

■ Version II (\rightarrow 🖺 8)

OneLiquiphant with a 1-channel Nivotester, for the activation of an actuator or a safetyrelated PLC via switching contacts, for instance

■ Version III (\rightarrow 🗎 9)

One Liquiphant with a 3-channel Nivotester, switching contacts are switched in series

■ Version IV (\rightarrow 🖺 10)

Two Liquiphant devices with a 3-channel Nivotester, switching contacts are switched in series

■ Version V (\rightarrow 🖺 12)

Three Liquiphant devices with a 3-channel Nivotester, all channels are used, evaluation is performed in a safety-related PLC, for example

■ Version VI (\rightarrow 🖺 14)

Three Liquiphant devices with a 3-channel Nivotester, only channel 1 has a SIL-specific monitoring function. Channels 2 and 3 are used for level control of the same level (e.g. Δs). This level control may not be considered as a safety measure as part of functional safety according to EN 61508.

NOTICE

Measuring another, independent level (e.g. in a second tank)

▶ The remaining channels may not be used for other levels.

1.2 Other safety-related characteristic values



Please note the following for the tables below:

- A common cause factor $\beta = 10$ % has been assumed in the calculations indicated below.
- ullet For multi-channel systems, the PFD_{avq} values already contain common cause failures for the specific wiring scheme.
- The PFD_{avg} values only apply to the particular wiring scheme for which the values have been calculated. They are not a suitable basis for making calculations for other wiring schemes. The use of NC contacts instead of NO contacts, in particular, is not permitted for operation according to SIL specifications.
- The wiring scheme indicates the number of devices and the circuitry of the level relay contacts (open when required (demand mode)).
- If there are several devices in a wiring scheme, all the devices have the same settings shown.
- The tables show safety-related values and wiring options for the measuring system.
- FIT = Failure in Time, 1 FIT = 10^{-9} l/h.

Specific functional safety parameters:

Version I: Liquiphant M/S

Parameter as per IEC 61508	Value	
Safety function	MIN	MAX
Example		
Wiring scheme	A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator	/safety-related PLC
SIL	2	
HFT	0	
Device type	В	
Mode of operation	Low demand mode	
SFF	68 %	74 %
MTTR	8 h	
λ _{sd} 1)	56 FIT	68 FIT
λ_{su}^{1}	80 FIT	82 FIT
\lambda_{dd}^{1)}	7 FIT	
λ _{du} 1)	67 FIT	54 FIT
PFD_{avg} for $T_1 = 1$ year	2.92 x 10 ⁻⁴	2.36 x 10 ⁻⁴
MTBF	543 years	
Diagnostic test interval ²⁾	≤60 s	
Fault reaction time 3)	≤3 s	
System reaction time ⁴⁾	1 s (covered > free)	0.5 s (free > covered)
PTC test sequence A 5)	93 %	
PTC test sequence C ⁶⁾	-	93 %

- This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example Wiring scheme CH1 Α A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC SIL 2 **HFT** 0 В Device type Mode of operation Low demand mode SFF 85 % 86 % MTTR 8 h 56 FIT 68 FIT $\lambda_{su}^{\frac{1}{1}}$ 542 FIT $\lambda_{dd}^{1)}$ 9 FIT $\lambda_{du}^{ \overline{1)}}$ 110 FIT 97 FIT PFD_{avq} for $T_1 = 1$ year 4.83 x 10⁻⁴ 4.27 x 10⁻⁴ MTBF 159 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time 3) ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 88 % PTC test sequence B 6) 34 % 38 % PTC test sequence C 7) 88 %

Version II: Liquiphant M/S; 1-channel Nivotester FTL325N

- This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

Version III: Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N, CH2 and CH3 in series

Parameter as per IEC 61508	Value		
Safety function	MIN	MAX	
Example			
Wiring scheme	CH2 CH2 A CH3 A CH3 A A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator. B Possibility 1 C Possibility 2; 1002 assessment	C CH1 \(A \) CH3 \(\frac{1}{2} \) (1002)	
SIL	2		
HFT	0		
Device type	В		
Mode of operation	Low demand mode		
SFF	92 %	93 %	
MTTR	8 h		
λ _{sd} 1)	63 FIT	76 FIT	
λ _{su} 1)	803 FIT		
λ _{dd} 1)	7 FIT		
λ _{du} 1)	78 FIT	65 FIT	
PFD_{avg} for $T_1 = 1$ year	3.41 x 10 ⁻⁴	2.85 x 10 ⁻⁴	
MTBF	120 years	'	
Diagnostic test interval ²⁾	≤60 s		
Fault reaction time 3)	≤3 s		
System reaction time ⁴⁾	1 s (covered > free)	0.5 s (free > covered)	
PTC test sequence A 5)	93 %		
PTC test sequence B 6)	52 %	57 %	
PTC test sequence C 7)	-	93 %	

- 1) This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example Wiring scheme CH1 **≈##** CH1 Α **≈01**|||| CH₂ Α CH2 (1003)CH3 CH3 A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC B Possibility 1 C Possibility 2; 1003 assessment SIL 2 HFT 1 В Device type Mode of operation Low demand mode 99 % SFF MTTR 8 h $\lambda_{sd}^{\overline{1)}}$ 135 FIT 159 FIT 1225 FIT λ_{su} 1203 FIT 1 FIT λ_{dd} 16 FIT 15 FIT PFD_{avg} for $T_1 = 1$ year 7.07 x -10⁻⁵ 6.52×10^{-5} MTBF 83 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time 3) ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 88 % PTC test sequence B 6) 34 % 38 % PTC test sequence C 7) 88 %

Version IV: 2 Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N

- This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

- The failure rates are based on an analysis in accordance with DIN EN 61508-6: 2011-02, Table D.4, "Using the β -factor to calculate the probability of failure in an E/E/PE safety-related system due to common cause failures". The calculation gives a β -factor of 10 %. This factor is based on the failure rates indicated above. If additional measures are implemented during installation to prevent common cause errors as defined in Table D.1, the β -factor can possibly be reduced to 5 %. Possible measures are:
 - Sensors installed in a physically separate location
 - Cable routed separately between the Liquiphant and Nivotester
 - Separate protection from environmental influences: impact, sunshine, EMC protection and/or overvoltage
 - Use of different sensor materials, and combination of high-temperature and normal version

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example Wiring scheme CH1 CH2 (2003) CH3 A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC; 2003 assessment SIL HFT 1 В Device type Mode of operation Low demand mode SFF 99 % MTTR 8 h $\lambda_{sd}^{\,\overline{\,\,\,}1)}$ 198 FIT 234 FIT 1411 FIT 1377 FIT λ_{su} 1 FIT λ_{dd} λ_{du} 18 FIT 17 FIT PFD_{avq} for $T_1 = 1$ year 8.04 x -10⁻⁵ 7.49×10^{-5} MTBF 70 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time 3) ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 88 % PTC test sequence B 6) 34 % 38 % PTC test sequence C 7)

Version V: 3 Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N

- 1) This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

- The failure rates are based on an analysis in accordance with DIN EN 61508-6: 2011-02, Table D.4, "Using the β -factor to calculate the probability of failure in an E/E/PE safety-related system due to common cause failures". The calculation gives a β -factor of 10 %. This factor is based on the failure rates indicated above. If additional measures are implemented during installation to prevent common cause errors as defined in Table D.1, the β -factor can possibly be reduced to 5 %. Possible measures are:
 - Sensors installed in a physically separate location
 - Cable routed separately between the Liquiphant and Nivotester
 - Separate protection from environmental influences: impact, sunshine, EMC protection and/or overvoltage
 - Use of different sensor materials, and combination of high-temperature and normal version

Parameter as per IEC 61508 Value MAX Safety function MIN Example ΔS A0027836 Wiring scheme CH1 CH2 Δs СНЗ A Other safety equipment e.g. actuator/safety-related PLC Δs level control (not SIL) 2 SIL 0 **HFT** Device type В Low demand mode Mode of operation SFF 85 % 86 % 8 h MTTR $\lambda_{sd}^{1)}$ 56 FIT 68 FIT 542 FIT λ_{su} $\lambda_{dd} \\$ 9 FIT 110 FIT 97 FIT λ_{du} 4.83 x 10⁻⁴ 4.27 x 10⁻⁴ PFD_{avq} for $T_1 = 1$ year MTBF 159 years Diagnostic test interval 2) ≤60 s Fault reaction time $^{3)}$ ≤3 s System reaction time 4) 1 s (covered > free) 0.5 s (free > covered) PTC test sequence A 5) 88 % PTC test sequence B 6) 34 % 38 % PTC test sequence C⁷⁾ 88 %

Version VI: Liquiphant M/S; 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N

- This value takes into account failure types relevant to the function of the electronic components according to Siemens SN29500.
- 2) During this time, all diagnostic functions are executed at least once.
- 3) Time between error detection and error response.
- 4) Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.
- 5) Proof test coverage when the level is approached, or when the sensor is removed and the tines are immersed in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- 6) Proof test coverage when simulation is performed on the Nivotester by activating the test button.
- 7) Proof test coverage when checking the switch point under reference operating conditions.

1.3 Useful lifetime of electrical components

The established failure rates of electrical components apply within the useful lifetime as per IEC 61508-2:2010 section 7.4.9.5 note 3.

According to DIN EN 61508-2:2011 section 7.4.9.5 national footnote N3, appropriate measures taken by the manufacturer and operator can extend the useful lifetime.

2 Document information

2.1 Document function

The document is part of the Operating Instructions and serves as a reference for application-specific parameters and notes.



- General information about functional safety: SIL
- General information about SIL is available:
 In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser Internet site:
 www.de.endress.com/SIL

2.2 Symbols used

2.2.1 Safety symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
▲ DANGER	DANGER! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.	
A WARNING	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.	
▲ CAUTION	CAUTION! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.	
NOTICE	NOTE! This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.	

2.2.2 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
A0011193	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
A	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
1., 2., 3	Series of steps

2.2.3 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views

2.3 Supplementary device documentation

Liquiphant M FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51H, FTL51C

Documentation	Comment
Technical Information: TI00328F/00 (FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51H) TI00347F/00 (FTL51C)	The documentation is available on the Internet: → www.endress.com
Operating Instructions: KA00143F/00 (FTL50, FTL51) KA00163F/00 (FTL50, FTL51 1) KA00144F/00 (FTL50H, FTL51H) KA00164F/00 (FTL50H, FTL51H 1) KA00162F/00 (FTL51C) KA00165F/00 (FTL51C 1)	 The document is provided with the device. The documentation is available on the Internet:
Special version of documentation: SV01222F/00	Additional installation instructions for Technical Special Products (TSP) with removable electronics module
	 The document is provided with the device. The documentation is available on the Internet: → www.endress.com → Search → Enter serial number
Safety instructions depending on the selected option "Approval".	Additional safety instructions (XA, ZE) are supplied with certified device version. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

1) with T13 aluminum housing/separate connection compartment

Liquiphant S FTL70, FTL71

Documentation	Comment
Technical Information: TI00354F/00	The documentation is available on the Internet: → www.endress.com
Operating Instructions: • KA00172F/00 • KA00173F/00 1)	 The document is provided with the device. The documentation is available on the Internet:
Special version of documentation: SV01222F/00	Additional installation instructions for Technical Special Products (TSP) with removable electronics module
	 The document is provided with the device. The documentation is available on the Internet:
Safety instructions depending on the selected option "Approval".	Additional safety instructions (XA, ZE) are supplied with certified device version. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

1) with T13 aluminum housing/separate connection compartment

Nivotester FTL325N

Documentation	Comment
Technical Information: TI00353F/00	The documentation is available on the Internet: → www.endress.com
Operating Instructions: • KA00170F/00 (1-channel) • KA00171F/00 (3-channel)	 The document is provided with the device. The documentation is available on the Internet:
Safety instructions depending on the selected option "Approval".	Additional safety instructions (XA, ZE) are supplied with certified device version. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

This supplementary Safety Manual applies in addition to the Operating Instructions, Technical Information and ATEX Safety Instructions. The supplementary device documentation must be observed during installation, commissioning and operation. The requirements specific for the protection function are described in this Safety Manual.

3 Permitted devices types

The details pertaining to functional safety in this manual relate to the device versions listed below and are valid as of the specified firmware and hardware versions. Unless otherwise specified, all the following versions can also be used for protective systems. A modification process according to IEC 61508 is applied for device changes.

Valid device versions for safety-related use: Liquiphant M FTL50, FTL50H, FTL51, FTL51H, FTL51C

Ordering feature	Designation	Option
010	Approval	All
020	Process connection	All
030	Probe length; type	All
040	Electronics; output	6 FEL56; SIL NAMUR (L-H signal)
050	Housing; cable entry	All
060	Additional options	All
570	Service	All
580	Test, certificate	All
600	Sensor design	All
895	Marking	All

Valid firmware version: 01.00.01 and higherValid hardware version: 01.01 and higher

Valid device versions for safety-related use: Liquiphant S FTL70, FTL71

Ordering feature	Designation	Option
010	Approval	All
020	Process connection	All
030	Probe length	All
040	Electronics; output	6 FEL56; SIL NAMUR (L-H signal)
050	Housing; cable entry	All
060	Additional options	All
070	Application	All
570	Service	All
580	Test, certificate	All
600	Sensor design	All
895	Marking	All

• Valid firmware version: 01.00.01 and higher

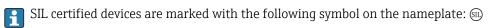
Valid hardware version: 01.01 and higher

Valid device versions for safety-related use: Nivotester FTL325N

Ordering feature	Designation	Option
010	Approval	■ G ATEX II 3(1)G Ex nC/A [ia] IIC T4, SIL, IECEx Zone 2 ■ H ATEX II (1)GD [EEx ia] IIC, WHG, SIL, IECEx [Ex ia] IIC ■ N NEPSI (Ex ia) IIC, SIL ■ P FM IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-G, SIL ■ T CSA IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-G, SIL ■ W TIIS Ex ia IIC, SIL, labeling in Japan ■ 2 INMETRO [Ex ia Ga] IIC, SIL ■ 8 EAC [Ex ia Ga] IIC SIL; EAC [Ex ia Da] IIC, SIL
020	Housing	 Rail mounting, 22.5 mm, 1-channel Rail mounting, 45mm, 3-channel
030	Power connection	All
040	Switch output	 1 1x SPDT level + 1x SPST alarm 3 3x SPDT level + 1x SPST alarm
995	Marking	All

Valid hardware version: 02.00 and higher

3.1 SIL label on the nameplate

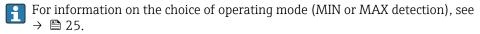


4 Safety function

4.1 Definition of the safety function

The measuring system's safety functions are:

- Maximum point level monitoring (overfill protection)
- Minimum point level monitoring (dry running protection)



4.2 Restrictions for use in safety-related applications

- The measuring system must be used correctly for the specific application, taken into account the medium properties and ambient conditions. Carefully follow instructions pertaining to critical process situations and installation conditions from the Operating Instructions. The application-specific limits must be observed.
- The specifications from the Operating Instructions must not be exceeded, $(\rightarrow \boxminus 17)$.

4.2.1 Density of the medium

Operation is only permitted with liquids:

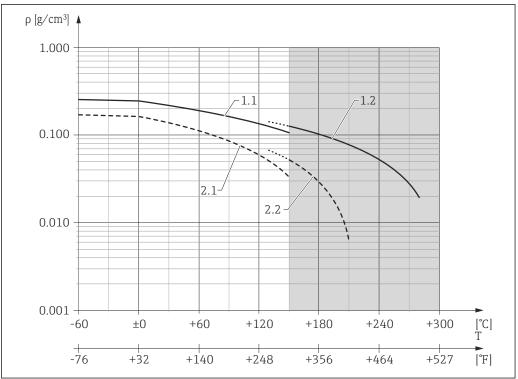
- Depending on the configured density setting, the density of the liquid must be as follows:
 - if the switch position is > 0.7 the density must be over 0.7 g/cm³ (common water- and oil-based liquids).
 - if the switch position is > 0.5 the density must be over 0.5 g/cm³ (e.g., liquefied gas, isopentane, petroleum ether).
- The gas phase above the liquid may not exceed a maximum permitted density value. The maximum possible gas density depends on the temperature and the device.

A CAUTION

Gas density is exceeded!

"Free" state is not detected and "Covered" is always signaled.

► The gas density may not be exceeded.



A002684

- 1.1 Liquiphant M; density switch position 0.7 g/cm³
- 1.2 Liquiphant S; density switch position 0.7 g/cm³
- 2.1 Liquiphant M; density switch position 0.5 g/cm³
- 2.2 Liquiphant S; density switch position 0.5 g/cm³
- There is no minimum density for the gas phase. Operation in a vacuum is permitted!
 - There is no maximum density for the liquid.
 - For more information on the levels of diagnostic coverage, refer to IEC 61508-2:2010 Appendix A.2, Comment 2 and Table A.1.

4.2.2 Buildup (only for minimum detection)

The device may only be used in media that do not tend to cause buildup.

Buildup is detected with a low diagnostic coverage.

4.2.3 Solid particles - heterogeneous mixtures (only for minimum detection)

The medium may not contain solid particles with a diameter greater than 5 mm (0.2 in). Solid particles lodged between the tines of the tuning fork can have the effect that the demand mode of the safety function is not detected and the device will not switch as intended.

Lodged solid particles are detected with low diagnostic coverage.

4.2.4 Hydrogen diffusion (only Liquiphant S - high temperature)

If there is a danger of hydrogen diffusion, the device may not be used if the following conditions apply simultaneously. Hydrogen entering the device damages the sensor to the

extent that the demand mode of the safety function is not detected and the device does not switch as intended.

- Not over +180 °C (+356 °F) and simultaneously
- Not over 64 bar (928 psi)
- ho The error is not detected by the diagnostics system.

4.2.5 Wall distance

The distance between the tuning fork of the device and the wall of the vessel containing medium (e.g. tank, pipe) must be at least 10 mm (0.39 in).

4.2.6 Corrosion

The device may only be used in media to which the wetted parts used are resistant. Corrosion can have the effect that the demand mode of the safety function is not detected and the device will not switch as intended.

Corrosion is detected with low diagnostic coverage.

If coated sensors are used, measures must be taken to ensure there is no damage during installation and operation.

4.2.7 Abrasion

The device may not be used or cleaned in abrasive media. Material removal can have the effect that the demand mode is not detected.

Abrasion is detected with low diagnostic coverage.

4.2.8 Flow velocity

In the case of flowing media, the flow velocity in the area around the tuning fork may not exceed 5~m/s. Higher flow velocities can have the effect that the demand mode is not detected and the sensor signals that it is free (uncovered).

4.2.9 External vibration

In systems exposed to strong external vibrations, e.g. in the 400 to 1200 Hz range (acceleration spectral density $>1~(m/s^2)^2/Hz$) or ultrasound with cavitation, the safety function must be verified by simulating a demand mode prior to operation. Accidental switchings may sporadically occur if a strong frequency from an external source is superimposed on the frequency of the tuning fork.

4.2.10 EMC compatibility

The device is certified in accordance with IEC 61326-3-2 and is therefore suitable for safety-related, industrial applications in a specified electromagnetic environment. If the specified electromagnetic ambient conditions are exceeded, the switch status might not be reliably detected. An unshielded cable up to $1000\,\mathrm{m}$ ($3\,281\,\mathrm{ft}$) long can be used between the devices in these environmental conditions. Electromagnetic interference immunity can be further improved by using shielded cables.

4.2.11 Mounting the Liquiphant M FTL51 with sliding sleeve

Particular care is required when mounting the device with a pipe extension in conjunction with a sliding sleeve. The operator must implement appropriate measures to ensure that the switch point is not tampered with or that any tampering is reliably detected.

5 Use in safety instrumented systems

5.1 Device behavior during operation

5.1.1 Behavior of device during power-up

The behavior of the device during power-up is described in the relevant Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \implies 17$).

5.1.2 Device behavior in safety function demand mode

Version I

The safety-related output signal consists of a current signal according to the NAMUR interface as per EN 50227(DIN 19234; NAMUR) or IEC 60947-5-6.

- In the GOOD state, the current at terminal 2 is between 0.6 to 1.0 mA
- In demand mode, or if a fault is detected in the device, this current increases to 2.2 to 2.8 mA
- In the event of a cable open circuit or similar faults, the current is <0.6 mA
- In the event of a short-circuit or similar faults, the current is >2.8 mA

IEC 60947-5-6 defines ranges in which the switch points may be, see "Figure 3 - Control input of the switching amplifier" in the standard. Accordingly, the calculation of the safety-related characteristic values is based on the requirement that the downstream evaluation detects the following currents (Nivotester FTL325N meets this requirement):

- < 0.05 mA reliably detected as a cable open circuit
- > 6.6 mA reliably detected as a short-circuit

Version II to VI

The safety-related output signal consists of one switching contact per channel:

Channel 1: terminal 4 and 5

With the 3-channel Nivotester, also:

- Channel 2: terminal 22 and 23
- Channel 3: terminal 26 and 27
- The switching contacts work with quiescent current safety; they are closed in the GOOD state.

The switching contacts are de-energized in the following situations:

- In demand mode
- If a fault is detected
- If the supply voltage fails

5.1.3 Behavior of device in event of alarms and warnings

The behavior of the device if alarms or warnings occur is described in the relevant Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \implies 17$).

5.2 Device configuration for safety-related applications

The device configuration may not be changed if SIL operation is in progress.

Recommendation: perform a proof test after configuring to ensure that the safety function is working correctly.

5.2.1 Configuring the Liquiphant

A CAUTION

The permitted contact values of the relays may not be exceeded

▶ The operator must take suitable measures to ensure that the permitted contact values of the relays (U ≤ 253 V_{AC} 50/60 Hz, I ≤ 2 A, P ≤ 500 VA at cos φ ≥ 0.7 or U ≤ 40 V_{DC} , I ≤ 2 A, P ≤ 80 W) are not exceeded (e.g. current limiter, fuse).

A CAUTION

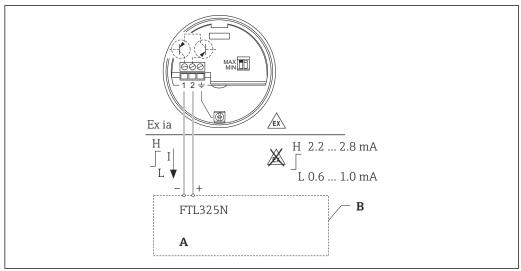
The protective function can be impaired

► After commissioning the measuring system, changes to the settings can impact the protective function.

Mode of operation

Switch on the operating mode at the left switch:

Mode of operation	Function	Switch position
MAX safety	MAX	Тор
MIN safety	MIN	Bottom



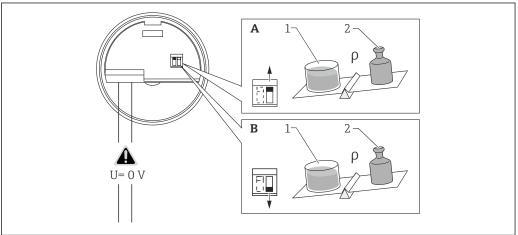
A002786

- A Multiplexer: cycle time >2 s
- B Isolating amplifier as per NAMUR (IEC 60947-5-6)

Density

Set the density at the right switch:

Liquid density	Function	Switch position	Comment
>0.7 kg/dm ³	>0.7	Top (See A in the graphic below)	Standard setting; Always use if possible
>0.5 kg/dm ³	>0.5	Bottom (See B in the graphic below)	Special settings; Extremely light liquids (e.g.: liquefied natural gas)



- A Standard setting (density >0.7 kg/dm³)
 A1 1 l (0.264 gal) or 1 dm³ (61.02 in³)
 A2 >0.7 kg (1.54 lbs)

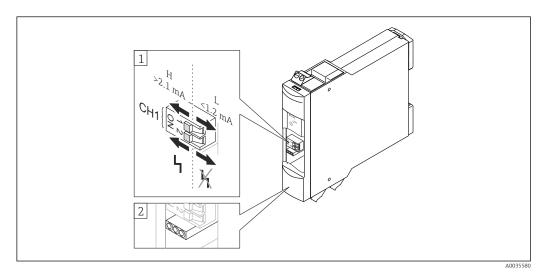
- B Special setting (density $> 0.5 \text{ kg/dm}^3$)
- B1 1 l (0.264 gal) or 1 dm³ (61.02 in³)
- B2 >0.5 to 0.7 kg (1.10 to 1.54 lbs)

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5.2.2 Configuring the Nivotester

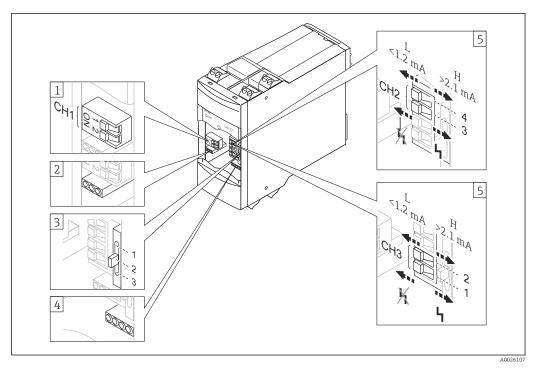
	Switch						
	Channel 1	Fault message	Channel 2 1)	Fault message	Channel 3 1)	Fault message	MODE 1)
Version	1	2	4	3	2	1	
II	H = High	With	Not applicable				
III	2.1 to 5.5 mA	None	H = High	With	H = High	With	2
IV		With	2.1 to 5.5 mA		2.1 to 5.5 mA		2
V							3
VI							1

1) Only for 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N



 $\blacksquare 1$ Operating and display element, 1-channel Nivotester FTL325N

- DIL switch: failure current signal 2.1 mA / 1.2 mA (1), fault on/off position (2)
- 2 Light emitting diodes (LEDs)



■ 2 Operating and display element, 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N

- 1 DIL switch for channel 1: failure current signal 2.1 mA / 1.2 mA (1), fault on/off position (2)
- 2 Light emitting diodes (LEDs)
- 3 Switch for functions: Δs, e.g. pump control (1), two level relays (2), individual channels (3)
- 4 Light emitting diodes (LEDs)
- 5 DIL switch for channel 2 and 3: fault on/off position (1/3), failure current signal 2.1 mA / 1.2 mA (2/4)

5.3 Proof-testing

Check the operativeness and safety of safety functions at appropriate intervals! The operator must determine the time intervals.

Proof-testing can be performed as follows:

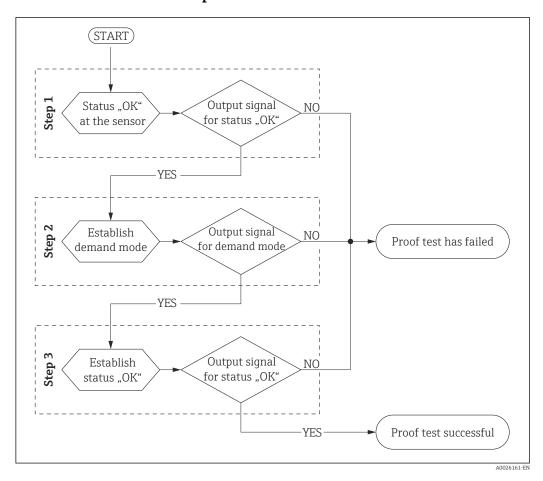
- Test sequence A:
 - Approach the level or remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity.
- Test sequence B:
 - Activate simulation by pressing the test button on the Nivotester.
- Test sequence C
 Check the switch point under reference operating conditions

NOTICE

Ensuring correct device sealing!

You must also check and ensure that all cover seals and cable entries are sealing correctly.

5.3.1 Procedure of the proof-test



A demand mode or a fault takes absolute precedence over the proof test and in the measuring system safety path. For this reason, the demand mode must first be ended or the fault rectified before the proof test can commence. It is advisable to also check that the alarm relay (terminal 15 and 16) has not de-energized (no fault is present) at the start of the proof test (step 1).

The proof test can and may only be performed if the device state is GOOD.

It is advisable to document the steps of the proof test ($\rightarrow \triangleq 44$).

Version I	Mode of operation			
	MIN	MAX		
Approach the level	Version I, test sequence A,	Version I, test sequence A,		
Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity	MIN detection (→ 🖺 31)	MAX detection (→ 🖺 32)		
Check the switch point under reference operating conditions	-	Version I, test sequence C, MAX detection (→ 🖺 36)		

Version II to VI	Mode of operation			
	MIN	MAX		
Approach the level	Version II to VI, test sequence	Version II to VI, test sequence		
Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity	A, MIN detection (→ 🖺 33)	A, MAX detection (→ 🖺 34)		
Activate simulation by pressing the test button on the Nivotester.	Version II to VI, test sequence B (→ 🖺 35)			
Check the switch point under reference operating conditions	-	Version II to VI, test sequence C, MAX detection (→ 🖺 37)		

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5.3.2 Version I, test sequence A, MIN detection

- Approach the level or
- Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity

Step 1

- 1. Raise the level or immerse the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed into the medium until the tuning fork is fully covered.
 - If it is not possible to do this with the original medium, a medium of a similar density and viscosity must be used.
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), the current must be between 0.6 to 1.0 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Lower the level or remove the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed out of the medium until the tuning fork is completely free.
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), the current must be between 2.2 to 2.8 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Re-install the sensor that was removed.
- 2. Restore the GOOD state by fully covering the tuning fork.
- 3. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s) or after the voltage is restored (plus a response time of approx. 3 s), the current must be between 0.6 to 1.0 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

5.3.3 Version I, test sequence A, MAX detection

- Approach the level or
- Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity

Step 1

- 1. Lower the level or remove the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed out of the medium until the tuning fork is completely free.
 - If it is not possible to do this with the original medium, a medium of a similar density and viscosity must be used.
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - ► The current must be between 0.6 to 1.0 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Raise the level or immerse the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed into the medium until the tuning fork is fully covered.
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), the current must be between 2.2 to 2.8 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Re-install the sensor that was removed.
- 2. Restore the GOOD state by fully exposing the tuning fork.
- 3. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s) or after the voltage is restored (plus a response time of approx. 3 s), the current must be between 0.6 to 1.0 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

5.3.4 Version II to VI, test sequence A, MIN detection

- Approach the level or
- Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity

Step 1

- 1. Raise the level or immerse the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed into the medium until the tuning fork is fully covered.
 - If it is not possible to do this with the original medium, a medium of a similar density and viscosity must be used.
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	III	IV	v	VI
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Lower the level or remove the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed out of the medium until the tuning fork is completely free.
- 2. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	vi
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are closed, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Re-install the sensor that was removed.
- 2. Restore the GOOD state by fully covering the tuning fork.
- 3. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s) or after the voltage is restored (plus a response time of approx. 3 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	Ш	IV	v	vi
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

5.3.5 Version II to VI, test sequence A, MAX detection

- Approach the level or
- Remove and immerse in a medium of similar density and viscosity

Step 1

- 1. Lower the level or remove the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed out of the medium until the tuning fork is completely free.
 - If it is not possible to do this with the original medium, a medium of a similar density and viscosity must be used.
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	vı
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Raise the level or immerse the tuning fork of the sensor that has been removed into the medium until the tuning fork is fully covered.
- 2. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	Ш	IV	v	vi
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are closed, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Re-install the sensor that was removed.
- 2. Restore the GOOD state by fully exposing the tuning fork.
- 3. After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s) or after the voltage is restored (plus a response time of approx. 3 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

5.3.6 test sequence B

Activate simulation by pressing the test button on the Nivotester.

Step 1

► Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	Ш	IV	v	VI
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Press and hold the test button on the Nivotester.
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are closed, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Release the test button on the Nivotester.
- 2. After releasing the button (plus a response time of approx. 3 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version				
Terminal	п	Ш	IV	v	VI
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

5.3.7 General, test sequence C

Check the switch point under reference operating conditions.

NOTICE

The test sequence can only be performed if the following conditions are met:

- ▶ Uncoated fork (FTL50, FTL51, FTL50H or FTL51H)
- ► Fork material: 316L (order code 020 "Process connection" must end in a 2)
- ► Surface Ra < 3.2 μ m (126 μ in) or Ra < 1.5 μ m (59 μ in) (order code 030 "Probe length; type" must end in an "A" for FTL50, and FTL51, and in a "C" for FTL50H and FTL51H)
- As proof of functionality is provided indirectly, it cannot be ruled out that a Liquiphant that received a "Good" result in test sequence A "Approach the level or remove" is incorrectly assessed as having "Failed" test sequence C.

Preparation

- 1. Remove the device and store it at room temperature +24 °C±5 °C (+75 °F±41 °F).
- 2. Store distilled water at the same temperature.
- 3. Choose a time when the device and liquid have adapted to the room air

Recommendation

- Add a drop of dishwashing detergent, for example, to the distilled or deionized water to reduce the surface of the water curving at walls.
- The vessel for the test must be of the following dimensions at least: ø50 mm (1.97 in), height 80 mm (3.15 in).
- The Liquiphant fork must be clearly visible in the area around the switch point (e.g. use a see-through vessel).
- If using a longer or heavier Liquiphant, fix the sensor in a vertical position and move the vessel.
- Fit a scale clearly indicating the three switch points on the device or vessel (see the following table).
- The immersion depth is measured from the lower edge of the fork.
- Version I: connect the Liquiphant to a suitable power source.
- Version II to VI: connect the Liquiphant to the Nivotester. For versions V and VI, steps 1 to 3 must be performed separately and consecutively for every Liquiphant, channel and pair of terminals.

Step		Immersion depth			
		Density setting 0.5	Density setting 0.7		
1	Immerse "free"	7 to 8 mm (0.28 to 0.31 in)	10 to 11 mm (0.39 to 0.43 in)		
2	Immerse "covered"	10.5 to 11.5 mm (0.41 to 0.45 in)	13.5 to 14.5 mm (0.53 to 0.57 in)		
3	Retract "free"	6 to 7 mm (0.24 to 0.28 in)	8 to 9 mm (0.31 to 0.35 in)		

5.3.8 Version I, test sequence C, MAX detection

Step 1

- 1. Slowly immerse the tuning fork vertically into the water.
 - ► The water surface is within the limits for "Immerse free".
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - ► The current must be between 0.6 to 1.0 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Slowly further immerse the tuning fork vertically into the water.
 - ► The water surface is within the limits for "Immerse covered".
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), the current must be between 2.2 to 2.8 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Slowly retract the tuning fork vertically from the water.
 - └ The water surface is within the limits for "Retract free".
- 2. Check the current at terminal 2.
 - After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s), the current must be between 0.6 to 1.0 mA.
- If the current is outside the specified tolerance, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

5.3.9 test sequence C, MAX detection

Step 1

- 1. Slowly immerse the tuning fork vertically into the water.
 - The water surface is within the limits for "Immerse free".
- 2. Check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version	⁷ ersion					
Terminal	п	III	IV	v	vi		
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed		
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable		
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable		

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 2

- 1. Slowly further immerse the tuning fork vertically into the water.
 - ► The water surface is within the limits for "Immerse covered".
- 2. After immersing the fork (plus a response time of approx. 1 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	vi	
4+5	Open	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	
22+23	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Open	Open	Open	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

Step 3

- 1. Slowly retract the tuning fork vertically from the water.
 - ► The water surface is within the limits for "Retract free".
- 2. After retracting the fork (plus a response time of approx. 2 s), check the status of the safety contacts.

	Version					
Terminal	п	ш	IV	v	VI	
4+5	Closed	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	
22+23	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	
26+27	Not applicable	Closed	Closed	Closed	Not applicable	

If one or more safety contacts are open, a fault has occurred in the safety path. The proof test has not been passed and must be aborted.

6 Life cycle

6.1 Requirements for personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics, repair and maintenance must meet the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations
- Before beginning work, the specialist staff must have read and understood the instructions in the manuals and supplementary documentation as well as in the certificates (depending on the application)
- Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions

The operating personnel must meet the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator
- Follow the instructions in this manual

6.2 Installation

The installation of the device is described in the relevant Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow = 17$).

As the application conditions affect the reliability of the measurement, please pay attention to the notes in the Technical information and Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \implies 17$).

6.3 Operation

Mandatory settings and information for the safety function ($\Rightarrow \triangleq 24$).

6.4 Maintenance

Maintenance information, .

Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure process safety during configuration, proof-testing and maintenance work on the device.

6.5 Repair

Repair means a one-to-one replacement of components. Repairs on the devices must always be carried out by Endress+Hauser. Safety functions cannot be guaranteed if repairs are carried out by anybody else.

Exceptions:

Qualified personnel may replace the following components on the condition that original spare parts are used and the relevant Installation Instructions are observed:

Component	Installation Instructions	Checking the device after repair
Electronic insert	EA01030F/00	Proof-testing, see the "Proof-testing" section $(\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
Housing cover T13	 EA01049F/00 (electronics) EA01049F/00 (inspection glass) EA01050F/00 (connection) 	(7 = 28) - 7
Housing cover F13	EA01046F/00	

Component	Installation Instructions	Checking the device after repair
Housing cover F15	EA01034F/00	
Housing cover F16	EA01035F/00	
Housing cover F17	EA01036F/00	
Housing cover F27	EA01047F/00	
Cover seal F15	KA00620F/00	

1) Additional country-specific regulations and tests must be observed.

6.6 Modification



Modifications are changes to devices with SIL capability already delivered or installed.

Modifications to devices with SIL capability are usually performed in the Endress+Hauser manufacturing center.

Modifications to devices with SIL capability onsite at the user's plant are possible following approval by the Endress+Hauser manufacturing center. In this case, the modifications must be performed and documented by an Endress+Hauser service technician.

Modifications to devices with SIL capability by the user are not permitted.

Decommissioning 6.7

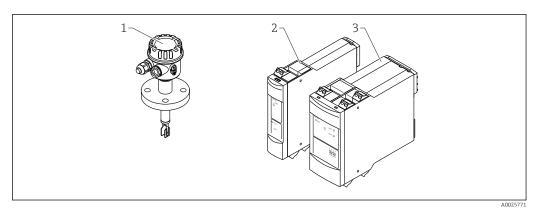
For detailed information on decommissioning, see the relevant Operating Instructions → 🖺 17

7 Appendix

7.1 Structure of the measuring system

7.1.1 System components

The measuring system's devices are displayed in the following diagram (example):



- 1 Liquiphant M/S
- 2 1-channel Nivotester FTL325N
- 3 3-channel Nivotester FTL325N

7.1.2 Description of use as a protective system

The sensor's tuning fork vibrates at its intrinsic frequency. The vibration frequency decreases as the density increases. This change in the frequency causes the current signal to change. There is a choice of two operating modes:

- Minimum detection
- Maximum detection

MIN detection

The measuring system is used to protect against a level that is too low (e.g. pump dry running protection, protection against emptying or protection against insufficient filling).

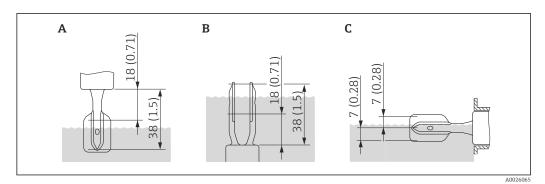
In normal operation, the tuning fork is covered by liquid and the measuring system reports the "GOOD" state. If the tuning fork is free, the device assumes the safe state and signals the demand mode.

MAX detection

The measuring system is used to protect against a level that is too high (e.g. overfill prevention).

In normal operation, the tuning fork is not covered by liquid and the measuring system reports the "GOOD" state. If the tuning fork is covered, the device assumes the safe state and signals the demand mode.

The switch point depends on the installation. It is in the area of the tuning fork, see the following diagram.



- 3 Dimensions: mm (in)
- A Installation from above
- B Installation from below
- C Installation from the side

For information about the switch point under reference operating conditions, please refer to the Technical Information, $\rightarrow \implies 17$.

Correct installation is a prerequisite for safe operation of the device.

Commissioning or proof test report 7.2

7.2.1 Report for version I

System-specific data						
Company						
Measuring point/TAG no.						
Facility						
Device type/Order code						
Serial no. Liquiphant						
Name						
Date						
Signature						
Operating mode, density ra	ange and v	ersion (please tick appropriate bo	ox)			
Mode of operation	MIN safety					
	MAX safe	ty				
Density switch	Setting >0).7				
	Setting >0).5				
Version	I	One Liquiphant, no Nivotester		Electronic insert FEL56		
				Electronic insert FEL58		
Commissioning or proof te	st report					
Test sequence	A	Approach the level				
		Remove and immerse in a medium	n of similar density and viscosity			
	В	Perform simulation on the Liquiph				
	С	Check the switch point under reference operating conditions. ²⁾ .				
			Current at terminal 2			
Test step	Termin al	Set point FEL56	Set point FEL58	Actual value		
Step 1 (GOOD state)		0.6 to 1.0 mA	2.2 to 3.5 mA			
Step 2 (demand mode) 2.2 to		2.2 to 2.8 mA	A, C: 0.6 to 1.0 mA B: 0 mA			
Step 3 (GOOD state)		0.6 to 1.0 mA	2.2 to 3.5 mA			
Conclusion		Passed □		Failed		

Only for Liquiphant with electronic insert FEL58. For restrictions and immersion depths, see \rightarrow $\stackrel{\square}{=}$ 36 1) 2)

7.2.2 Report for versions II to VI

System-specific data								
Company								
Measuring point/TAG no.								
Facility								
Device type/Order code								
Serial no. Liquiphant(en)								
Serial no. Nivotester								
Name								
Date								
Signature								
Operating mode, density r	ange and v	ersion (please tid	ck appropriate bo	ox)				
Mode of operation	MIN safety \Box							
	MAX safety \Box							
Density switch	Setting >0	0.7						
	Setting >0	Setting >0.5						
Version	II	One Liquiphant	on one channel (1	.001)				
	III	One Liquiphant	(1001), output rel	ay CH2 and CH3	switched in series	s (1oo2)		
	IV	Two Liquiphant (1003)						
	v	Three Liquiphan	t devices, evaluati	ion e.g., by PLC (2003)			
	VI	Three Liquiphan	t devices, 1 x SIL,	2 x level control	(∆s)			
Commissioning or proof to	est report							
Test sequence	A	Approach the lev	<i>r</i> el					
		Remove and imn	nerse in a mediun	n of similar dens	ity and viscosity			
	В	Perform simulation on Liquiphant by pressing test button ¹⁾						
		Perform simulation on Nivotester by pressing test button						
	С	Check the switch	n point under refe	rence operating	conditions. ²⁾ .			
		Version						
Test step	Termin al	п	ш	IV	v	VI	Actual value	
Step 1	4+5		3)			1		
(GOOD state)	22+23	3)				4)		
Switch is closed	26+27	3)	_L	1		4)		
Step 2	4+5		3)					
(demand mode)	22+23	3)				4)		
Switch is open	26+27	3)				4)		
Step 3	4+5		3)			_ <u>_</u>		
(GOOD state)	22+23	3)			Ł	4)		
Switch is closed	26+27	3)		L	L	4)		

System-specific data		
Conclusion	Passed □	Failed □

- 1) Only for Liquiphant with electronic insert FEL58 + Nivotester FLT325N.
- 2) For restrictions and immersion depths, see \rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 36
- 3) Not applicable as channel is not used.
- Not relevant for SIL, is used for level control (Δ s).

7.3 Further information

General information on functional safety (SIL) is available at:

www.de.endress.com/SIL (Germany) or www.endress.com/SIL (English) and in the Competence Brochure CP01008Z/11 "Functional Safety in the Process Industry- Risk Reduction with Safety Instrumented Systems".

7.4 Version history

Version	Changes	Valid for hardware version
SD00168F/00/EN/10.03 (MAX) SD00188F/00/EN/13.13 (MIN)	First version	01.00
SD01521F/00/EN/01.15	 MIN (SD00188F) and MAX (SD00168F) merged Nivotester Update to IEC61508-2011 	02.00
SD01521F/00/EN/02.16	New declaration of conformity	02.00
SD01521F/00/EN/04.19	Added to supplementary device documentation: SV01222F, for Technical Special Products (TSP) with removable electronics module	02.00



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