Technical Information

**Micropilot FMR67B**

PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

Free space radar

Level measurement in bulk solids

**Application**
- Continuous, non-contact level measurement of powdered to granular bulk solids
- Process connections: Flanges with purge air and alignment unit
- Maximum measuring range: 125 m (410 ft)
- Temperature: –40 to +450 °C (–40 to +842 °F)
- Pressure: –1 to +160 bar (–14.5 to +2321 psi)
- Accuracy: ±3 mm (±0.12 in)

**Your benefits**
- PTFE lens antenna or ceramic sealed high-temperature horn antenna
- Reliable measurement thanks to strong signal focusing, even with multiple internal fixtures
- Easy, guided commissioning with intuitive user interface
- Bluetooth® wireless technology for commissioning, operation and maintenance
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<td><img src="danger.png" alt="DANGER" /></td>
<td>This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="warning.png" alt="WARNING" /></td>
<td>This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="caution.png" alt="CAUTION" /></td>
<td>This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="notice.png" alt="NOTICE" /></td>
<td>This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.</td>
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</table>

**Electrical symbols**

- Direct current
- Alternating current
- Direct current and alternating current
- Ground connection

A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

- Protective earth (PE)

Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections. The ground terminals are located on the inside and outside of the device.

- Inner ground terminal; protective earth is connected to the mains supply.
- Outer ground terminal; device is connected to the plant grounding system.

**Symbols for certain types of information and graphics**

- ![Permitted](permitted.png)
  Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted

- ![Preferred](preferred.png)
  Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred

- ![Forbidden](forbidden.png)
  Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden

- ![Tip](tip.png)
  Indicates additional information

- ![Reference to documentation](reference.png)
  Reference to documentation

- ![Reference to graphic](reference.png)
  Reference to graphic

- ![Item numbers](number.png)
  Item numbers

- ![Views](view.png)
  Views

- ![Hazardous area](hazardous.png)
  Indicates the hazardous area

- ![Safe area (non-hazardous area)](safe.png)
  Indicates the non-hazardous area
**Function and system design**

**Measuring principle**

The Micropilot is a "downward-looking" measuring system, operating based on the frequency modulated continuous wave method (FMCW). The antenna emits an electromagnetic wave at a continuously varying frequency. This wave is reflected by the product and received again by the antenna.

\[ \Delta f = k \Delta t \]

where \( \Delta t \) is the run time and \( k \) is the specified increase in frequency modulation.

\( \Delta t \) is given by the distance \( D \) between the reference point \( R \) and the product surface:

\[ D = \frac{\Delta f}{k} \]
\[ D = \left( \frac{c \Delta t}{2} \right) \]

where \( c \) is the speed of propagation of the wave.

In summary, \( D \) can be calculated from the measured difference frequency \( \Delta f \). \( D \) is then used to determine the content of the tank or silo.

**Input**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measured variable</th>
<th>The measured variable is the distance between the reference point and the product surface. The level is calculated based on ( E ), the empty distance entered.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Measuring range**

The start of the measuring range is the point where the beam hits the floor. Levels below this point cannot be measured, particularly in the case of conical outlets. An alignment unit can be used to increase the maximum measuring range in such applications.

**Maximum measuring range**

The maximum measuring range depends on the antenna size and design.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antenna</th>
<th>Maximum measuring range</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Horn, 316L, 65 mm (2.6 in)</td>
<td>125 m (410 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drip-off, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in)</td>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in)</td>
<td>125 m (410 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Usable measuring range**

The usable measuring range depends on the antenna size, the medium’s reflective properties, the installation position and any possible interference reflections.

In principle, measurement is possible up to the tip of the antenna.

Depending on the position of the product (angle of repose) and to avoid any material damage from abrasive media and deposit buildup on the antenna, the end of the measuring range should be selected 10 mm (0.4 in) before the tip of the antenna.
Micropilot FMR67B PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

**A**  Length of antenna + 10 mm (0.4 in)
**B**  Usable measuring range
**H**  Silo height
**R**  Reference point of measurement, varies depending on the antenna system

For further information on the reference point, see → Mechanical construction.

For the dielectric constants (DC values) of many media commonly used in industry, please refer to:
- Dielectric constant (DC value) Compendium CP01076F
- The Endress+Hauser 'DC Values app' (available for Android and iOS)

### Operating frequency
Approx. 80 GHz

Up to 8 devices can be installed in a tank without the devices mutually influencing one another.

### Transmission power
- Peak power: 6.3 mW
- Average output power: 63 µW

### Output

**PROFINET-APL**
PROFINET with Ethernet-APL
10BASE-T1L, 2-wire 10 Mbit/s

**Signal on alarm**
Local display
Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107):
Plain text display

**Operating tool via service interface (CDI)**
Status signal (in accordance with NAMUR Recommendation NE 107):
Plain text display

**Operating tool via PROFINET with Ethernet-APL**
- According to "Application layer protocol for decentralized periphery", Version 2.4
- Diagnostics according to PROFINET PA Profile 4.02

### Linearization
The linearization function of the device allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of length, weight, flow or volume.
### Pre-programmed linearization curves

Linearization tables for calculating the volume in the following vessels are preprogrammed into the device:

- Pyramid bottom
- Conical bottom
- Angled bottom
- Horizontal cylinder
- Sphere

Other linearization tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually.

<table>
<thead>
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<th>PROFINET with Ethernet-APL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Protocol</strong></td>
<td>Application layer protocol for decentralized device periphery and distributed automation, Version 2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Communication type</strong></td>
<td>Ethernet Advanced Physical Layer 10BASE-T1L</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Conformance Class</strong></td>
<td>Conformance Class B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Netload Class</strong></td>
<td>Netload Class II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Baud rates</strong></td>
<td>Automatic 10 Mbit/s with full-duplex detection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cycle times</strong></td>
<td>From 32 ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Polarity</strong></td>
<td>Auto-polarity for automatic correction of crossed TxD and RxD pairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP)</strong></td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>System redundancy support</strong></td>
<td>System redundancy S2 (2 AR with 1 NAP)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Device profile** | Application interface identifier 0xB321
Generic device |
| **Manufacturer ID** | 0x11 |
| **Device type ID** | 0xA1C1 |
| **Device description files (GSD, FDI, DTM, DD)** | Information and files available at:
- [www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com)
- On the product page for the device: Documents/Software → Device drivers
- [www.profibus.org](http://www.profibus.org)
| **Supported connections** | 2 x AR (IO Controller AR)
1 x AR (IO-Supervisor Device AR connection allowed)
1 x Input CR (Communication Relation)
1 x Output CR (Communication Relation)
1 x Alarm CR (Communication Relation) |
| **Configuration options for device** | Manufacturer-specific software (FieldCare, DeviceCare)
Web browser
Device master file (GSD), can be read out via the integrated Web server of the device
DIP switch for setting the service IP address |
| **Configuration of the device name** | DCP protocol
Process Device Manager (PDM)
Integrated Web server |
| **Supported functions** | Identification & maintenance
Simple device identification via:
- Control system
- Nameplate
- Measured value status
The process variables are communicated with a measured value status
Blinking feature via the local display for simple device identification and assignment
Device operation via operating tools (e.g., FieldCare, DeviceCare, SIMATIC PDM) |
| **System integration** | For information on system integration, see Operating Instructions
- Cyclic data transmission
- Overview and description of the modules
- Status coding
- Startup configuration
- Factory setting |
Power supply

Terminal assignment

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Single compartment housing</th>
</tr>
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</table>

1. Positive terminal
2. Negative terminal
3. Internal ground terminal

Dual compartment housing

1. Positive terminal
2. Negative terminal
3. Internal ground terminal
Dual compartment housing, L-form

![Diagram of dual compartment housing, L-form]

**5. Connection terminals and ground terminal in the connection compartment**

1. Positive terminal
2. Negative terminal
3. Internal ground terminal

**Terminals**
- Supply voltage and internal ground terminal: 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)
- External ground terminal: 0.5 to 4 mm² (20 to 12 AWG)

**Available device plugs**

In the case of devices with a plug, it is not necessary to open the housing for connection purposes.
Use the enclosed seals to prevent the penetration of moisture into the device.

**Devices with M12 plug**

![Diagram of M12 plug]

**6. View of the plug-in connection on the device**

1. APL signal -
2. APL signal +
3. Shielding
4. Not assigned

Various M12 sockets are available as accessories for devices with M12 plugs.

**Supply voltage**

APL performance class A (9.6 to 15 V_{DC}, 540 mW)

The APL field switch must be tested to ensure it meets safety requirements (e.g., PELV, SELV, Class 2) and must comply with the relevant protocol specifications.
**Electrical connection**

**Connection examples**

**PROFINET with Ethernet-APL**

1. Automation system
2. APL field switch
3. Observe cable specifications
4. Transmitter

---

**Potential equalization**

The protective ground on the device must not be connected. If necessary, the potential matching line can be connected to the outer ground terminal of the transmitter before the device is connected.

---

**WARNING**

Explosion Hazard!

- Please refer to the separate documentation on applications in hazardous areas for the safety instructions.

For optimum electromagnetic compatibility:

- Keep the potential matching line as short as possible
- Observe a cross-section of at least 2.5 mm² (14 AWG)
Cable entries

- **A**: Single compartment housing, plastic
- **B**: Single compartment housing, aluminum
- **C**: Single compartment housing, 316L hygiene
- **D**: Dual compartment housing
- **E**: Dual compartment housing, L-form
1. Cable entry
2. Dummy plug

The type of cable entry depends on the device version ordered.

> **I** Always route connecting cables downwards so that moisture cannot penetrate the connection compartment.
> If necessary, create a drip loop or use a weather protection cover.

Cable specification

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<td>Supply voltage</td>
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<td>0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 13 AWG)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Protective earth or grounding of the cable shield</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 1 mm² (17 AWG)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>External ground terminal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.5 to 4 mm² (20 to 12 AWG)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cable outer diameter**
The cable outer diameter depends on the cable gland used
- Coupling, plastic:
  - Ø5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.38 in)
- Coupling, nickel-plated brass:
  - Ø7 to 10.5 mm (0.28 to 0.41 in)
- Coupling, stainless steel:
  - Ø7 to 12 mm (0.28 to 0.47 in)

**Reference cable type**
The reference cable type for APL segments is fieldbus cable type A, MAU type 1 and 3 (specified in IEC 61158-2). This cable meets the requirements for intrinsically safe applications according to IEC TS 60079-4-7 and can also be used in non-intrinsically safe applications.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cable type</th>
<th>A</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Cable capacitance</td>
<td>45 to 200 nF/km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loop resistance</td>
<td>15 to 150 Ω/km</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cable inductance</td>
<td>0.4 to 1 mH/km</td>
</tr>
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</table>

Further details are provided in the Ethernet-APL Engineering Guideline (https://www.ethernet-apl.org).

**Overvoltage protection**
The overvoltage protection can optionally be ordered as a "Mounted accessory" via the product structure

**Devices without optional overvoltage protection**
The equipment fulfills the requirements of the product standard IEC / DIN EN 61326-1 (Table 2 Industrial Environment).
Depending on the type of port (DC power supply, input/output port) different testing levels according to IEC / DIN EN 61326-1 against transient overvoltages (Surge) are applied (IEC / DIN EN 61000-4-5 Surge):

Test level on DC power ports and input/output ports is 1,000 V line to earth

**Devices with optional overvoltage protection**

- Spark-over voltage: min. 400 V<sub>DC</sub>
- Tested according to IEC / DIN EN 60079-14 sub chapter 12.3 (IEC / DIN EN 60060-1 chapter 7)
- Nominal discharge current: 10 kA

**NOTICE**

Device could be destroyed

- Always ground device with integrated overvoltage protection.

**Overvoltage category**

Overvoltage category II

---

**Performance characteristics**

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<tr>
<td>- Temperature = &lt;span class=&quot;number&quot;&gt;+24&lt;/span&gt; °C (±&lt;span class=&quot;number&quot;&gt;75&lt;/span&gt; °F) ±&lt;span class=&quot;number&quot;&gt;5&lt;/span&gt; °C (±&lt;span class=&quot;number&quot;&gt;9&lt;/span&gt; °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Pressure = 960 mbar abs. (14 psia) ±100 mbar (±1.45 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Humidity = 60 % ±15 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Reflector: metal plate with diameter ≥ 1 m (40 in)</td>
</tr>
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<td>- No major interference reflections inside the signal beam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Maximum measured error**

**Reference accuracy**

The devices are optimized for bulk solid applications on delivery. Additional reference condition for the accuracy specifications for solids devices is **Bin type = Workbench test**.

**Accuracy**

The accuracy is the sum of the non-linearity, non-repeatability and hysteresis.

- Measuring distance up to 1.5 m (4.92 ft): max. ±20 mm (±0.79 in)
- Measuring distance > 1.5 m (4.92 ft): ±3 mm (±0.12 in)

**Non-repeatability**

Non-repeatability is already included in the accuracy.

≤ 1 mm (0.04 in)

**NOTICE**

If conditions deviate from the reference operating conditions, the offset/zero point that results from the installation conditions can be up to ±4 mm (±0.16 in). This additional offset/zero point can be eliminated by entering a correction (**Level correction** parameter) during commissioning.
Differing values in near-range applications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>∆ [mm (in)]</th>
<th>R [m]</th>
<th>D [m (ft)]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20 (0.79)</td>
<td>1.5 (4.92)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (0.12)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-3 (-0.12)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-20 (-0.79)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum measured error in near-range applications

Maximum measured error

R Reference point of the distance measurement

D Distance from reference point of antenna

Measured value resolution

Dead band according to DIN EN IEC 61298-2/DIN EN IEC 60770-1:
Digital: 1 mm

Response time

According to DIN EN IEC 61298-2 / DIN EN IEC 60770-1, the step response time is the time following an abrupt change in the input signal up until the changed output signal has adopted 90 % of the steady-state value for the first time.

The response time can be configured.

The following step response times apply (in accordance with DIN EN IEC 61298-2/DIN EN IEC 60770-1) when damping is switched off:
- Pulse frequency ≥ 5/s (cycle time ≤ 200 ms)
- Step response time < 1 s

Influence of ambient temperature

The output changes due to the effect of the ambient temperature with respect to the reference temperature.

The measurements are performed according to DIN EN IEC 61298-3 / DIN EN IEC 60770-1

Average $T_C = 3 \text{ mm/10 } \text{K}$
Mounting

Mounting location

A  Recommended distance from wall to nozzle outer edge ~ 1/6 of the vessel diameter. The device should never be mounted closer than 20 cm (7.87 in) to the vessel wall.

1  Use of a weather protection cover; protection from direct sunlight or rain

2  Installation in the center, interference can cause signal loss

3  Do not install above the filling curtain

In applications with strong dust emissions, the integrated purge air connection can prevent the antenna from becoming clogged.
Avoid internal fittings (point level switches, temperature sensors, struts, vacuum rings, heating coils, baffles etc.) inside the signal beam. Pay attention to the beam angle \( \alpha \).

**Avoiding interference echoes**
Metal deflector plates, installed at an angle to scatter the radar signals, help prevent interference echoes.

**Vertical alignment of antenna axis**
Align the antenna so that it is perpendicular to the product surface.

- The maximum reach of the antenna can be reduced, or additional interference signals can occur, if the antenna is not installed perpendicular to the product.

**Radial alignment of the antenna**
Based on the directional characteristic, radial alignment of the antenna is not necessary.

### Installation instructions
#### Horn antenna 65 mm (2.56 in)

**Information about the mounting nozzle**
The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$.

**Maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ as a function of the nozzle diameter $D$**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\phi D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1 700 mm (67 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>2 100 mm (83 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\geq$ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>3 200 mm (126 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer’s support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

#### Horn antenna 65 mm (2.56 in) with alignment unit

UNI flanges with an integrated alignment unit are available for the horn antenna 65 mm (2.56 in). An angle of inclination of up to 15° in all directions can be set for the antenna axis using the alignment unit. The alignment unit is used to optimally align the measuring signal to the bulk solids.
Information about the mounting nozzle
The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\phi D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1700 mm (67 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>2100 mm (83 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\geq$ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>3200 mm (126 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected. Please note the following:
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

PTFE Drip-off antenna 50 mm (2 in)

Information about the mounting nozzle
The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$.

Maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ as a function of the nozzle diameter $D$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\phi D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 to 80 mm (2 to 3.2 in)</td>
<td>750 mm (30 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1150 mm (46 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>1450 mm (58 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\geq$ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>2200 mm (88 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected. Please note the following:
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

Antenna, flush mount 80 mm (3 in)

Information about the mounting nozzle
The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$. 

Endress+Hauser
In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

### Antenna flush mount 80 mm (3 in) with alignment unit

UNI flanges with an integrated alignment unit are available for the antenna flush mount 80 mm (3 in). An inclination of the antenna axis of up to 15° in all directions can be set with the help of the alignment unit. The alignment unit is used to optimally align the measuring signal to the bulk solids.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ØD</th>
<th>H&lt;sub&gt;max&lt;/sub&gt;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1750 mm (70 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>2000 mm (80 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≥ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>3000 mm (120 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information about the mounting nozzle

The maximum nozzle length H<sub>max</sub> depends on the nozzle diameter D.
The maximum length of the nozzle $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\phi D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>min. 80 to 100 mm (3 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1450 mm (57 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>1800 mm (71 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\geq$ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>2700 mm (106 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected. Please note the following:
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

Purge air connection

In applications with strong dust emissions, the integrated purge air connection can prevent the antenna from becoming clogged. Pulse operation is recommended.

Purge air pressure range
- **Pulse operation**: Max. 6 bar (87 psi)
- **Continuous operation**: 200 to 500 mbar (3 to 7.25 psi)

Purge air connection
- Tool:
  - Open-ended wrench 13 mm (G 1/4")
  - Open-ended wrench 14 mm (NPT)
  - Open-ended wrench 17 mm (NPT "adapter")
- Min. torque: 6 Nm (4.4 lbf ft)
- Max. torque: 7 Nm
- Always use dry purge air
- In general, purging should only be performed to the extent necessary as excess purging can cause mechanical damage (abrasion)

Beam angle

The beam angle is defined as the angle $\alpha$ where the energy density of the radar waves reaches half the value of the maximum energy density (3 dB width). Microwaves are also emitted outside the signal beam and can be reflected off interfering installations.
12 Relationship between beam angle $\alpha$, distance $D$ and beamwidth diameter $W$

The beamwidth diameter $W$ depends on the beam angle $\alpha$ and the distance $D$.

**Horn antenna 65 mm (2.56 in), $\alpha = 4^\circ$**

$$W = D \times 0.07$$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$D$</th>
<th>$W$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
<td>0.35 m (1.15 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 m (33 ft)</td>
<td>0.70 m (2.30 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 m (49 ft)</td>
<td>1.05 m (3.45 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 m (66 ft)</td>
<td>1.40 m (4.59 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 m (82 ft)</td>
<td>1.75 m (5.74 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 m (98 ft)</td>
<td>2.10 m (6.89 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 m (115 ft)</td>
<td>2.45 m (8.04 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 m (131 ft)</td>
<td>2.80 m (9.19 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 m (148 ft)</td>
<td>3.15 m (10.33 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
<td>3.50 m (11.48 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55 m (180 ft)</td>
<td>3.85 m (12.63 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 m (197 ft)</td>
<td>4.20 m (13.79 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65 m (213 ft)</td>
<td>4.55 m (14.95 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 m (230 ft)</td>
<td>4.90 m (16.11 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75 m (250 ft)</td>
<td>5.25 m (17.27 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 m (262 ft)</td>
<td>5.60 m (18.37 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85 m (281 ft)</td>
<td>5.95 m (19.47 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90 m (295 ft)</td>
<td>6.30 m (20.47 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95 m (309 ft)</td>
<td>6.65 m (21.57 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 m (328 ft)</td>
<td>7.00 m (23.00 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105 m (344 ft)</td>
<td>7.35 m (24.40 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110 m (361 ft)</td>
<td>7.70 m (25.83 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115 m (377 ft)</td>
<td>8.05 m (27.26 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120 m (393 ft)</td>
<td>8.40 m (28.69 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 m (410 ft)</td>
<td>8.75 m (28.77 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Drip-off, PTFE 50 mm (2 in) antenna, $\alpha = 6^\circ$**

$$W = D \times 0.10$$

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$D$</th>
<th>$W$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
<td>0.52 m (1.70 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 m (33 ft)</td>
<td>1.04 m (3.41 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 m (49 ft)</td>
<td>1.56 m (5.12 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 m (66 ft)</td>
<td>2.08 m (6.82 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 m (82 ft)</td>
<td>2.60 m (8.53 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 m (98 ft)</td>
<td>3.12 m (10.24 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 m (115 ft)</td>
<td>3.64 m (11.94 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 m (131 ft)</td>
<td>4.16 m (13.65 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 m (148 ft)</td>
<td>4.68 m (15.35 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
<td>5.20 m (17.06 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Micropilot FMR67B PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

**PTFE, flush mount 80 mm (3 in) antenna, α 3°**

\[ W = D \times 0.05 \]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D</th>
<th>W</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
<td>0.25 m (0.82 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 m (33 ft)</td>
<td>0.50 m (1.64 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 m (49 ft)</td>
<td>0.75 m (2.46 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 m (66 ft)</td>
<td>1.00 m (3.28 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 m (82 ft)</td>
<td>1.25 m (4.10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 m (98 ft)</td>
<td>1.50 m (4.92 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35 m (115 ft)</td>
<td>1.75 m (5.74 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40 m (131 ft)</td>
<td>2.00 m (6.56 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45 m (148 ft)</td>
<td>2.25 m (7.38 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
<td>2.50 m (8.20 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 m (197 ft)</td>
<td>3.00 m (9.84 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70 m (230 ft)</td>
<td>3.50 m (11.48 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 m (262 ft)</td>
<td>4.00 m (13.12 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 m (328 ft)</td>
<td>5.00 m (16.40 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125 m (410 ft)</td>
<td>6.25 m (20.51 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special mounting instructions**

- **External measurement through plastic cover or dielectric windows**
  - Dielectric constant of medium: \( \varepsilon_r \geq 10 \)
  - The distance from the tip of the antenna to the tank should be approx. 100 mm (4 in).
  - Avoid installation positions where condensate or buildup can form between the antenna and the vessel
  - In the case of outdoor installations, ensure that the area between the antenna and the tank is protected from the weather
  - Do not install any fittings or attachments between the antenna and the tank that could reflect the signal

The thickness of the tank ceiling or the dielectric window depends on the \( \varepsilon_r \) of the material.

The material thickness can be a full multiple of the optimum thickness (table); it is important to note, however, that the microwave transparency decreases significantly with increasing material thickness.

**Optimum material thickness**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>Optimum material thickness</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PE; ( \varepsilon_r ) 2.3</td>
<td>1.25 mm (0.049 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE; ( \varepsilon_r ) 2.1</td>
<td>1.30 mm (0.051 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PP; ( \varepsilon_r ) 2.3</td>
<td>1.25 mm (0.049 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Perspex; ( \varepsilon_r ) 3.1</td>
<td>1.10 mm (0.043 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Container with heat insulation

If process temperatures are high, the device should be included in the usual container insulation system (2) to prevent the electronics from heating as a result of thermal radiation or convection. The rib structure (1) must not be insulated.

**Environment**

**Ambient temperature range**
The following values apply up to a process temperature of +85 °C (+185 °F). At higher process temperatures, the permitted ambient temperature is reduced.
- Without LCD display:
  - Standard: −40 to +85 °C (−40 to +185 °F)
- With LCD display: −40 to +85 °C (−40 to +185 °F) with limitations in optical properties such as display speed and contrast for example. Can be used without limitations up to −20 to +60 °C (−4 to +140 °F)

If operating outdoors in strong sunlight:
- Mount the device in the shade.
- Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.
- Use a weather protection cover (see accessories).

**Ambient temperature limits**
The permitted ambient temperature ($T_a$) depends on the selected housing material (Product Configurator → Housing; Material →) and the selected process temperature range (Product Configurator → Application →).

In the event of temperature ($T_p$) at the process connection, the permitted ambient temperature ($T_a$) is reduced.

The following information only takes functional aspects into consideration. Additional restrictions may apply for certified device versions.
Plastic housing

Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F) is limited to 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +80 °C (+32 to +176 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F) is limited to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F).
Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

\[ P_1 = T_p -0 °C (+32 °F) \quad | \quad T_a +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_2 = T_p +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_3 = T_p +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a +25 °C (+77 °F) \]
\[ P_4 = T_p +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a 0 °C (+32 °F) \]
\[ P_5 = T_p 0 °C (+32 °F) \quad | \quad T_a 0 °C (+32 °F) \]

Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

\[ P_1 = T_p -40 °C (+40 °F) \quad | \quad T_a +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_2 = T_p +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_3 = T_p +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a +27 °C (+81 °F) \]
\[ P_4 = T_p +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a -40 °C (+40 °F) \]
\[ P_5 = T_p -40 °C (+40 °F) \quad | \quad T_a -40 °C (+40 °F) \]

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F) is limited to 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F).
Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +280 °C (–40 to +536 °F)

\[ P1 = T_p: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \mid T_a: +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \]
\[ P2 = T_p: +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \mid T_a: +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \]
\[ P3 = T_p: +280 \degree C (+536 \degree F) \mid T_a: +48 \degree C (+118 \degree F) \]
\[ P4 = T_p: +280 \degree C (+536 \degree F) \mid T_a: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \]
\[ P5 = T_p: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \mid T_a: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \]

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +280 °C (–40 to +536 °F) is limited to 0 to +280 °C (+32 to +536 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +280 °C (+32 to +536 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +450 °C (–40 to +842 °F)

\[ P1 = T_p: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \mid T_a: +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \]
\[ P2 = T_p: +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \mid T_a: +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \]
\[ P3 = T_p: +450 \degree C (+842 \degree F) \mid T_a: +20 \degree C (+68 \degree F) \]
\[ P4 = T_p: +450 \degree C (+842 \degree F) \mid T_a: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \]
\[ P5 = T_p: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \mid T_a: -40 \degree C (-40 \degree F) \]

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +450 °C (–40 to +842 °F) is limited to 0 to +450 °C (+32 to +842 °F).
Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +450 °C (+32 to +842 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

Aluminum housing, coated

Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)
Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

\[ \text{P1} = T_p: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P2} = T_p: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P3} = T_p: +200 \text{ °C (} +392 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +47 \text{ °C (} +117 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P4} = T_p: +200 \text{ °C (} +392 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P5} = T_p: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \]

Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +280 °C (–40 to +536 °F)

\[ \text{P1} = T_p: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P2} = T_p: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P3} = T_p: +280 \text{ °C (} +536 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +59 \text{ °C (} +138 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P4} = T_p: +280 \text{ °C (} +536 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P5} = T_p: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \]

Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +450 °C (–40 to +842 °F)

\[ \text{P1} = T_p: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P2} = T_p: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +79 \text{ °C (} +174 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P3} = T_p: +450 \text{ °C (} +842 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: +39 \text{ °C (} +102 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P4} = T_p: +450 \text{ °C (} +842 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \]
\[ \text{P5} = T_p: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \mid T_a: -40 \text{ °C (} -40 \text{ °F)} \]
316L housing

316L housing; process temperature –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)

316L housing; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

316L housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)
316L housing; process temperature –40 to +280 °C (–40 to +536 °F)

316L housing; process temperature –40 to +450 °C (–40 to +842 °F)

316L housing, hygiene

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)
316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

![Diagram]

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature range: –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

- $P_1 = T_p = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F)$
- $P_2 = T_p = +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F)$
- $P_3 = T_p = +150 ^\circ C (+302 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = +41 ^\circ C (+106 ^\circ F)$
- $P_4 = T_p = +150 ^\circ C (+302 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F)$
- $P_5 = T_p = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F)$

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

![Diagram]

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature range: –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

- $P_1 = T_p = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F)$
- $P_2 = T_p = +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F)$
- $P_3 = T_p = +200 ^\circ C (+392 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = +32 ^\circ C (+90 ^\circ F)$
- $P_4 = T_p = +200 ^\circ C (+392 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F)$
- $P_5 = T_p = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F) \mid T_a = -40 ^\circ C (-40 ^\circ F)$

### Storage temperature
- Without LCD display: –40 to +90 °C (–40 to +194 °F)
- With LCD display: –40 to +85 °C (–40 to +185 °F)

### Climate class
DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

### Installation height as per IEC61010-1 Ed.3
Generally up to 5 000 m (16 404 ft) above sea level

### Degree of protection
Test as per IEC 60529 and NEMA 250-2014

#### Housing
- IP66/68, NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- IP68 test condition: 1.83 m under water for 24 hours.

#### Cable entries
- Gland M20, plastic, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, nickel-plated brass, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, 316L, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, hygiene, IP66/68/69 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- Thread M20, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
Micropilot FMR67B PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

- Thread G1/2, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
  If the G1/2 thread is selected, the device is delivered with an M20 thread as standard and a G1/2 adapter is included with the delivery, along with the corresponding documentation
- Thread NPT1/2, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- M12 plug
- When housing is closed and connecting cable is plugged in: IP66/67 NEMA TYPE 4X
- When housing is open or connecting cable is not plugged in: IP20, NEMA TYPE 1

**NOTICE**

**M12 plug: Loss of IP protection class due to incorrect installation!**
- The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is plugged in and screwed tight.
- The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is specified according to IP66/67 NEMA 4X.
- The protection classes are only maintained if the dummy cap is used or the cable is connected.

### Vibration resistance

DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 60068-2-64 for 5 to 2000 Hz: 1.5 \(\text{m/s}^2/\text{Hz}\)

### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- Electromagnetic compatibility as per EN 61326 series and NAMUR recommendation EMC (NE21)
- Maximum measured error during EMC testing: < 0.5 % of the current digital measured value

For more details refer to the EU Declaration of Conformity.

### Process

#### Process pressure range

**WARNING**
The maximum pressure for the device depends on the lowest-rated component with regard to pressure (components are: process connection, optional mounted parts or accessories).
- Only operate the device within the specified limits for the components!
- MWP (Maximum Working Pressure): The MWP is specified on the nameplate. This value refers to a reference temperature of +20 °C (+68 °F) and may be applied to the device for an unlimited time. Note temperature dependence of MWP. For flanges, refer to the following standards for the permitted pressure values at higher temperatures: EN 1092-1 (with regard to their stability/temperature property, the materials 1.4435 and 1.4404 are grouped together under EN 1092-1; the chemical composition of the two materials can be identical), ASME B16.5, JIS B2220 (the latest version of the standard applies in each case). MWP data that deviate from this are provided in the relevant sections of the Technical Information.
- The Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU) uses the abbreviation PS. This corresponds to the maximum working pressure (MWP) of the device.

The following tables show the dependencies between the seal material, process temperature \(T_p\) and process pressure range for each process connection that can be selected for the antenna used.

##### Drip-off antenna 50 mm (2 in)

**Process connection UNI flange**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>(T_p)</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>(-40) to (+80) °C ((-40) to (+176) °F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (3) bar ((-14.5) to (43.5) psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.
Horn antenna 65 mm (2.6 in)

**Process connection standard flange**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>( T_p )</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>(-40) to (+280)°C ((-40) to (+536)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (160) bar ((-14.5) to (2320.6) psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>(-40) to (+450)°C ((-40) to (+842)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (160) bar ((-14.5) to (2320.6) psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Process connection UNI flange, aluminum adjustable**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>( T_p )</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graphite</td>
<td>(-40) to (+280)°C ((-40) to (+536)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (1) bar ((-14.5) to (14.5) psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

Antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in)

**Process connection standard flange with purge air connection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>( T_p )</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>(-40) to (+150)°C ((-40) to (+302)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (16) bar ((-14.5) to (232) psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>(-40) to (+200)°C ((-40) to (+392)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (16) bar ((-14.5) to (232) psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Process connection UNI flange 316L with purge air connection**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>( T_p )</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>(-40) to (+150)°C ((-40) to (+302)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (1) bar ((-14.5) to (14.5) psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>(-40) to (+200)°C ((-40) to (+392)°F)</td>
<td>(-1) to (1) bar ((-14.5) to (14.5) psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Process connection UNI flange, aluminum adjustable with purge air connection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>(T_p)</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>–40 to +150 °C</td>
<td>–1 to 1 bar (–14.5 to 14.5 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton GLT</td>
<td>–40 to +200 °C</td>
<td>–1 to 1 bar (–14.5 to 14.5 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

Dielectric constant

For bulk solids

\(\varepsilon_r \geq 1.6\)

Contact Endress+Hauser for applications with lower dielectric constants than indicated.

Mechanical construction

Dimensions

The dimensions of the individual components must be added together for the total dimensions.

Single compartment housing, plastic

Dimensions of single compartment housing, plastic (PBT). Unit of measurement mm (in)

1. Height with cover with plastic viewing window
2. Cover without viewing window
Aluminum single compartment housing

| 1 | Height with cover with glass viewing window (devices for Ex d/XP, Dust-Ex) |
| 2 | Height with cover with plastic viewing window |
| 3 | Cover without viewing window |

Dimensions of aluminum single compartment housing. Unit of measurement mm (in)
316L single compartment housing, hygiene

Dimensions of 316L single compartment housing, hygiene. Unit of measurement mm (in)

1. Height with cover with glass viewing window (dust Ex)
2. Height with cover with plastic viewing window
3. Cover without viewing window
Aluminum dual compartment housing

Dimensions of dual compartment housing. Unit of measurement mm (in)

1  Height with cover with glass viewing window (devices for Ex d/XP, Dust-Ex)
2  Height with cover with plastic viewing window
3  Cover without viewing window
Aluminum or 316L dual compartment housing, L-form

### Dimensions of dual compartment housing, L-form. Unit of measurement mm (in)

1. Height with cover with glass viewing window (devices for Ex d/XP, Dust-Ex)
2. Height with cover with plastic viewing window
3. Cover without viewing window

DN65 horn antenna - flange process connection

### Dimensions of DN65 horn antenna - flange process connection. Unit of measurement mm (in)

- **R**: Reference point of measurement
- **1**: Bottom edge of housing
- **L1**: 466 mm (18.35 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)

The flange dimensions depend on the selected standard and sealing surface (order options). Dimensions that deviate from the standard are indicated.
DN65 horn antenna, with UNI flange and alignment unit

42 Dimensions of DN65 horn antenna, with UNI flange and alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)

R Reference point of measurement
1 Bottom edge of housing
L1 466 mm (18.35 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)

UNI flange UNI 4”/DN100/100A for antennas with alignment unit

43 Dimensions of UNI flange UNI 4”/DN100/100A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)
**UNI flange UNI 4"/DN100/100A**
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 4" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN100 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 100A

- **Material:**
  - Aluminum
- **Process pressure:**
  - ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- **Weight:**
  - 1.4 kg (3.09 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.

**UNI flange 6"/DN150/150A for antennas with alignment unit**

![Dimensions of UNI flange 6"/DN150/150A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)](image)

**UNI flange 6"/DN150/150A**
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 6" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN150 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 150A

- **Material:**
  - Aluminum
- **Process pressure:**
  - ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- **Weight:**
  - 2.2 kg (4.85 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.
UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A for antennas with alignment unit

Dimensions of UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)

UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 8" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN200 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 200A

- Material: Aluminum
- Process pressure: ≤ 1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight: 3.2 kg (7.05 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.
UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A for antennas with alignment unit

Dimensions of UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)

UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 10" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN250 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 250A
- Material: Aluminum
- Process pressure: ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight: 4.7 kg (10.36 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.
Drip-off antenna, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in), with UNI flange and purge air connection

![Diagram of Drip-off antenna](image)

**Dimensions of Drip-off antenna, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in), with UNI flange and purge air connection. Unit of measurement mm (in)**

- 1: Bottom edge of housing
- R: Reference point of measurement
- L1: 175 mm (6.89 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)
- L2: 108 mm (4.25 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)

**UNI flange 3"/DN80/80A for Drip-off antenna, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in) with purge air connection**

![Diagram of UNI flange](image)

**UNI flange 3"/DN80/80A**

- Suitable for flange: 3" 150lbs; DN80 PN16; 10K 80A
- Material: PP
- Process pressure: ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight: 0.5 kg (1.10 lb)
UNI flange 4”/DN100/100A for Drip-off antenna, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in) with purge air connection

UNI flange 4”/DN100/100A
Suitable for flange: 4” 150lbs; DN100 PN16; 10K 100A
- Material: PP
- Process pressure: ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight: 0.65 kg (1.43 lb)

UNI flange 6”/DN150/150A for Drip-off antenna, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in) with purge air connection

UNI flange 6”/DN150/150A
Suitable for flange: 6” 150lbs; DN150 PN16; 10K 150A
- Material: PP
- Process pressure: ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight: 1.1 kg (2.43 lb)
Antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in), with standard flange and purge air connection

The flange dimensions depend on the selected standard and sealing surface (order options). Dimensions that deviate from the standard are indicated.

A  Process temperature version ≤150 °C (302 °F)
B  Process temperature version ≤200 °C (392 °F)
R  Reference point of measurement
1  Bottom edge of housing
L1  158 mm (6.22 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)
L2  Variable dimension due to flange thickness (standard flange)
L3  Variable dimension due to flange thickness (standard flange)
L4  170 mm (6.69 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)
Antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in), with UNI flange and purge air connection

![Diagram of antenna flush mount](image)

**52** Dimensions of antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in), with UNI flange and purge air connection. Unit of measurement mm (in)

A  Process temperature version ≤ 150 °C (302 °F)
B  Process temperature version ≤ 200 °C (392 °F)
R  Reference point of measurement
1  Bottom edge of housing
L1  158 mm (6.22 in); version with Ex d or XP approval + 5 mm (+0.20 in)
L2  137 mm (5.39 in); version with Ex d or XP approval + 5 mm (+0.20 in)
L3  149 mm (5.87 in); version with Ex d or XP approval + 5 mm (+0.20 in)
L4  170 mm (6.69 in); version with Ex d or XP approval + 5 mm (+0.20 in)

UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A for antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in), purge air connection

![Diagram of UNI flange](image)

**53** Dimensions of UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A for DN80 antenna with purge air connection. Unit of measurement mm (in)
### UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 8" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN200 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 200A
- **Material**: 316L
- **Process pressure**: ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- **Weight**: 5.1 kg (11.24 lb)

### UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A for antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in), purge air connection

![Diagram of UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A dimensions](image)

Dimensions of UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A for DN80 antenna with purge air connection. Unit of measurement mm (in)

### UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 10" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN250 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 250A
- **Material**: 316L
- **Process pressure**: ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- **Weight**: 7.9 kg (17.41 lb)
Antenna flush mount, 80 mm (3 in), with UNI flange, alignment unit and purge air connection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>Process temperature version ≤150 °C (302 °F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Process temperature version ≤200 °C (392 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>Reference point of measurement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Bottom edge of housing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L1</td>
<td>158 mm (6.22 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L2</td>
<td>134 mm (5.28 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L3</td>
<td>146 mm (5.75 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L4</td>
<td>170 mm (6.69 in); version with Ex d or XP approval +5 mm (+0.20 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
UNI flange UNI 4"/DN100/100A for antennas with alignment unit

Dimensions of UNI flange UNI 4"/DN100/100A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)

UNI flange UNI 4"/DN100/100A
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 4" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN100 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 100A
- Material:
  Aluminum
- Process pressure:
  ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight:
  1.4 kg (3.09 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.
**UNI flange 6”/DN150/150A for antennas with alignment unit**

![Diagram of UNI flange 6”/DN150/150A](image)

- **Dimensions of UNI flange 6”/DN150/150A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)**

**UNI flange 6”/DN150/150A**

Suitable for ASME B16.5, 6” 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN150 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 150A

- **Material:** Aluminum
- **Process pressure:** ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- **Weight:** 2.2 kg (4.85 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.
UNI flange 8'/DN200/200A for antennas with alignment unit

Dimensions of UNI flange 8'/DN200/200A for antennas with alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)

UNI flange 8"/DN200/200A
Suitable for ASME B16.5, 8" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN200 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 200A
- Material:
  Aluminum
- Process pressure:
  ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight:
  3.2 kg (7.05 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.
UNI flange 10"/DN250/250A for antennas with alignment unit

Suitable for ASME B16.5, 10" 150lbs / EN1092-1; DN250 PN16 / JIS B2220; 10K 250A

- Material:
  - Aluminum
- Process pressure:
  ≤1 bar (14.5 psi)
- Weight:
  4.7 kg (10.36 lb)

The number of bolts is reduced in some cases. To match different standards the bores are enlarged. Therefore the bolts should be aligned centrally to the counter flange before tightening.

Weight

The weights of the individual components must be added together for the total weight.

Housing

Weight including electronics and display.

Single compartment housing

- Plastic: 0.5 kg (1.10 lb)
- Aluminum: 1.2 kg (2.65 lb)
- 316L hygiene: 1.2 kg (2.65 lb)

Dual compartment housing

Aluminum: 1.4 kg (3.09 lb)

Dual compartment housing, L-form

- Aluminum: 1.7 kg (3.75 lb)
- Stainless steel: 4.5 kg (9.9 lb)
Micropilot FMR67B PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

**Antenna and process connection adapter**

The flange weight (316/316L) depends on the selected standard and sealing surface.
Details -> TI00426F or in the relevant standard

*The heaviest version is indicated for the antenna weights*

**DN65 horn antenna**
4.40 kg (9.70 lb) + flange weight

**Drip-off antenna 50 mm (2 in)**
1.70 kg (3.75 lb)

**Antenna flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in)**
3.20 kg (7.05 lb) + flange weight

---

### Materials

**Materials not in contact with process**

**Plastic housing**
- Housing: PBT/PC
- Dummy cover: PBT/PC
- Cover with window: PBT/PC and PC
- Cover seal: EPDM
- Potential equalization: 316L
- Seal under potential equalization: EPDM
- Plug: PBT-GF30-FR
- M20 cable gland: PA
- Seal on plug and cable gland: EPDM
- Threaded adapter as replacement for cable glands: PA66-GF30
- Nameplate: plastic foil
- TAG plate: plastic foil, metal or provided by customer

**Aluminum housing, coated**
- Housing: aluminum EN AC 44300
- Housing, cover coating: polyester
- Dummy cover: aluminum EN AC 44300
- Cover aluminum EN AC 44300 with PC Lexan 943A window
- Cover aluminum EN AC 44300 with borosilicate window; optionally available as enclosed accessory
- For Ex d, Dust-Ex applications, the window is always made from borosilicate.
- Cover seal materials: HNBR
- Cover seal materials: FVMQ (only for low temperature version)
- Nameplate: plastic foil
- TAG plate: plastic foil, stainless steel or provided by the customer
- M20 cable glands: select material (stainless steel, nickel-plated brass, polyamide)

**Stainless steel housing, 316L**
- Housing: stainless steel 316L (1.4409)
- Dummy cover: stainless steel 316L (1.4409)
- 316L (1.4409) stainless steel cover with borosilicate window
- Cover seal materials: FVMQ (only for low temperature version)
- Cover seal materials: HNBR
- Nameplate: stainless steel housing, labeled directly
- TAG plate: plastic foil, stainless steel or provided by the customer
- M20 cable glands: select material (stainless steel, nickel-plated brass, polyamide)

**Stainless steel housing, 316L hygiene**
- Housing: stainless steel 316L (1.4404)
- Dummy cover: stainless steel 316L (1.4404)
- 316L (1.4404) stainless steel cover with PC Lexan 943A window
- 316L (1.4404) stainless steel cover with borosilicate window; can be optionally ordered as an enclosed accessory
- For Dust-Ex applications, the window is always made from borosilicate.
- Cover seal materials: EPDM
• Nameplate: stainless steel housing, labeled directly
• TAG plate: plastic foil, stainless steel or provided by the customer
• M20 cable glands: select material (stainless steel, nickel-plated brass, polyamide)

Materials in contact with the medium

DN65 horn antenna

![Diagram of DN65 horn antenna]

60 Material; DN65 horn antenna. Unit of measurement mm (in)
1 Horn: 316L / 1.4404
   Antenna: Al₂O₃ (ceramic)
   Antenna seal: graphite
2 Process connection: 316L / 1.4404
3 Housing adapter: 316L / 1.4404

DN65 horn antenna, with UNI flange and alignment unit

![Diagram of DN65 horn antenna with UNI flange and alignment unit]

61 Material; DN65 horn antenna, with UNI flange and alignment unit. Unit of measurement mm (in)
1 Horn: 316L / 1.4404
   Antenna: Al₂O₃ (ceramic)
   Antenna seal: graphite
2 Process connection: aluminum
3 Housing adapter: 316L / 1.4404
4 Sensor adapter with alignment unit: 316L / 1.4404
5 Screws: A4-70, A2-70
6 Clamping washer: 3.1645 / aluminum
Drip-off antenna, purge air connection

1. Antenna: PTFE, seal material FKM Viton GLT
2. Process connection: PP
3. Housing sensor adapter: 316L / 1.4404
4. Synthetic/organic fiber elastomer seal (asbestos-free), FA material
5. Threaded adapter, plug screw fitting: 316L / 1.4404
   For NPT plug screw fitting: seal material PTFE tape
   For G plug screw fitting or NPT adapter: seal material: FKM O-ring
6. Purge air adapter: PA-GF (polyamide fiber-glass reinforced)
7. Synthetic/organic fiber elastomer seal (asbestos-free), FA material

Antenna flush mount, 80 mm (3 in), with flange and purge air connection

1. Antenna: PTFE, seal material FKM Viton GLT
2. Process connection: 316L / 1.4404
3. Housing adapter: 316L / 1.4404
4. Threaded adapter, plug screw fitting: 316L / 1.4404
   For NPT plug screw fitting: seal material PTFE tape
   For G plug screw fitting or NPT adapter: seal material: FKM O-ring
5. Integrated purge air adapter: 316L / 1.4404
Antenna flush mount, 80 mm (3 in), with UNI flange and purge air connection

1. Antenna: PTFE, seal material FKM Viton GLT
2. Process connection: 316L / 1.4404
3. Housing adapter: 316L / 1.4404
4. Threaded adapter, plug screw fitting: 316L / 1.4404
   - For NPT plug screw fitting: seal material PTFE tape
   - For G plug screw fitting or NPT adapter: seal material: FKM O-ring
5. Integrated purge air adapter: 316L / 1.4404

Antenna flush mount, 80 mm (3 in), with UNI flange, alignment unit and purge air connection

1. Antenna: PTFE, seal material FKM Viton GLT
2. Process connection: aluminum
3. Housing adapter: 316L / 1.4404
4. Threaded adapter, plug screw fitting, purge air adapter: 316L / 1.4404
   - For NPT plug screw fitting: seal material PTFE tape
   - For G plug screw fitting or NPT adapter: seal material: FKM O-ring
5. Sensor adapter with alignment unit: 316L / 1.4404
6. Screws: A4-70, A2-70
7. Clamping washer: 3.1645 / aluminum
Display and user interface

Operating concept
Operator-oriented menu structure for user-specific tasks
- Guidance
- Diagnostics
- Application
- System

Fast and safe commissioning
- Interactive wizard with graphical user interface for guided commissioning in FieldCare, DeviceCare or DTM, AMS and PDM-based third-party tools or SmartBlue
- Menu guidance with short explanations of the individual parameter functions
- Standardized operation at the device and in the operating tools

Integrated HistOROM data memory
- Adoption of data configuration when electronics modules are replaced
- Up to 100 event messages recorded in the device

Efficient diagnostic behavior increases measurement availability
- Remedial measures are integrated in plain text
- Diverse simulation options

Bluetooth (optionally integrated in local display)
- Quick and easy setup with SmartBlue app or PC with DeviceCare, version 1.07.05 and higher, or FieldXpert SMT70
- No additional tools or adapters required
- Encrypted single point-to-point data transmission (tested by Fraunhofer Institute) and password-protected communication via Bluetooth® wireless technology

Languages
Operating languages
- English option (English option is set at the factory if no other language is ordered)
- Deutsch
- Français
- Español
- Italiano
- Nederlands
- Portuguesa
- Polski
- русский язык (Russian)
- Türkçe
- 中文 (Chinese)
- 日本語 (Japanese)
- 한국어 (Korean)
- česina (Czech)
- Svenska

Local operation
Operating keys and DIP switches on the electronic insert

1 Operating key for Reset password and Reset device
2 DIP switch for setting the service IP address
3 DIP switch for locking and unlocking the device

The setting of the DIP switches on the electronic insert has priority over the settings made via other operation methods (e.g. FieldCare/DeviceCare).
Local display

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device display (optional)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Functions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Display of measured values and fault and notice messages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Background lighting, which switches from green to red in the event of an error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• The device display can be removed for easier operation</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Graphic display with optical operating keys (1)](image)

Remote operation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Via PROFINET with Ethernet-APL network</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Options for remote operation via PROFINET with Ethernet-APL network: star topology](image)

1. Automation system, e.g., Simatic S7 (Siemens)
2. Ethernet switch
3. Computer with Web browser (e.g., Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device Web server or computer with operating tool (e.g., FieldCare, DeviceCare, SIMATIC PDM) with iDTM Profinet Communication
4. APL power switch (optional)
5. APL field switch
6. APL field device

Call up the website via the computer in the network. The IP address of the device must be known.
The IP address can be assigned to the device in a variety of ways:

- **Dynamic Configuration Protocol (DCP), factory setting**
  The automation system (e.g., Siemens S7) automatically assigns the IP address to the device

- **Software addressing**
  The IP address is entered via the IP address parameter

- **DIP switch for service**
  The device then has the fixed IP address 192.168.1.212
  The IP address is only adopted following a restart.
  The IP address can now be used to establish the connection to the network

The default setting is that the device uses the Dynamic Configuration Protocol (DCP). The automation system (e.g., Siemens S7) automatically assigns the IP of the device.

**Via service interface (CDI)**

1. Computer with FieldCare/DeviceCare operating tool
2. Commubox FXA291
3. Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface)

**Via Web browser**

*Function scope*

Thanks to the integrated Web server the device can be operated and configured via a Web browser. The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, device status information is also displayed and allows users to monitor the status of the device. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

**Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology (optional)**

*Prerequisite*

- Measuring device with Bluetooth display
- Smartphone or tablet with SmartBlue app or PC with DeviceCare, version 1.07.00 and higher, or FieldXpert SMT70

The connection has a range of up to 25 m (82 ft). The range can vary depending on environmental conditions such as attachments, walls or ceilings.

**System integration**

- **PROFINET with Ethernet-APL**
  PROFINET Profile 4.02

**Supported operating tools**

- Smartphone or tablet with Endress+Hauser SmartBlue (app), DeviceCare, version 1.07.00 and higher, FieldCare, DTM, AMS and PDM.
- PC with Web server via fieldbus protocol.

**Certificates and approvals**

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at [www.endress.com](http://www.endress.com) on the relevant product page:

1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
2. Open the product page.
3. Select Downloads.
| CE mark | The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied. The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark. |
| RoHS | The measuring system meets the substance restrictions of the Directive on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) and the Delegated Directive (EU) 2015/863 (RoHS 3). |
| RCM marking | The supplied product or measuring system meets the ACMA (Australian Communications and Media Authority) requirements for network integrity, interoperability, performance characteristics as well as health and safety regulations. Here, especially the regulatory arrangements for electromagnetic compatibility are met. The products bear the RCM marking on the nameplate. |
| Ex approvals | Additional safety instructions must be followed for use in hazardous areas. Please refer to the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document included in the delivery. Reference to the applicable XA can be found on the nameplate. |
| Explosion-protected smartphones and tablets | If used in hazardous areas, mobile end devices with an Ex approval must be used. |
| Pressure equipment with allowable pressure ≤ 200 bar (2900 psi) | Pressure instruments with a flange and threaded boss that do not have a pressurized housing do not fall within the scope of the Pressure Equipment Directive, irrespective of the maximum allowable pressure. | Reasons: According to Article 2, point 5 of EU Directive 2014/68/EU, pressure accessories are defined as "devices with an operational function and having pressure-bearing housings". If a pressure instrument does not have a pressure-bearing housing (no identifiable pressure chamber of its own), there is no pressure accessory present within the meaning of the Directive. |
| Radio approval | Displays with Bluetooth LE have radio licenses according to CE and FCC. The relevant certification information and labels are provided on display. |
| EN 302729 radio standard | The devices comply with the LPR (Level Probing Radar) radio standard EN 302729. The devices are approved for unrestricted use inside and outside closed containers in countries of the EU and the EFTA. As a prerequisite, the countries must have already implemented this standard. The standard is already implemented in the following countries: Belgium, Bulgaria, Germany, Denmark, Estonia, France, Greece, UK, Ireland, Iceland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Latvia, Malta, The Netherlands, Norway, Austria, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Sweden, Switzerland, Slovakia, Spain, Czech Republic and Cyprus. Implementation is still underway in all of the countries not listed. Please note the following for the operation of the devices outside of closed vessels: • Installation must be carried out by properly trained, expert staff. • The device antenna must be installed in a fixed location pointing vertically downwards. • The installation site must be located at a distance of 4 km (2.49 mi) from the astronomy stations listed or otherwise approval must be provided by the relevant authority. If a device is installed within a radius of 4 to 40 km (2.49 to 24.86 mi) around one of the listed stations, it must not be installed at a height of more than 15 m (49 ft) above the ground. |
## Astronomy stations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Name of the station</th>
<th>Latitude</th>
<th>Longitude</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>Effelsberg</td>
<td>50° 31' 32&quot; North</td>
<td>06° 53' 00&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>Metsähovi</td>
<td>60° 13' 04&quot; North</td>
<td>24° 23' 37&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tuorla</td>
<td>60° 24' 56&quot; North</td>
<td>24° 26' 31&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>Plateau de Bure</td>
<td>44° 38' 01&quot; North</td>
<td>05° 54' 26&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Floirac</td>
<td>44° 50' 10&quot; North</td>
<td>00° 31' 37&quot; West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Britain</td>
<td>Cambridge</td>
<td>52° 09' 59&quot; North</td>
<td>00° 02' 20&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Damhall</td>
<td>53° 09' 22&quot; North</td>
<td>02° 32' 03&quot; West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jodrell Bank</td>
<td>53° 14' 10&quot; North</td>
<td>02° 18' 26&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Knockin</td>
<td>52° 47' 24&quot; North</td>
<td>02° 59' 45&quot; West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pickmere</td>
<td>53° 17' 18&quot; North</td>
<td>02° 26' 38&quot; West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>Medicina</td>
<td>44° 31' 14&quot; North</td>
<td>11° 38' 49&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Noto</td>
<td>36° 52' 34&quot; North</td>
<td>14° 59' 21&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sardinia</td>
<td>39° 29' 50&quot; North</td>
<td>09° 14' 40&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>Fort Skala Krakow</td>
<td>50° 03' 18&quot; North</td>
<td>19° 49' 36&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russia</td>
<td>Dmitrov</td>
<td>56° 26' 00&quot; North</td>
<td>37° 27' 00&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Kalyazin</td>
<td>57° 13' 22&quot; North</td>
<td>37° 56' 01&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pushchino</td>
<td>54° 49' 00&quot; North</td>
<td>37° 40' 00&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Zelenchukskaya</td>
<td>43° 49' 53&quot; North</td>
<td>41° 35' 32&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>Onsala</td>
<td>57° 23' 45&quot; North</td>
<td>11° 55' 35&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>Bleien</td>
<td>47° 20' 26&quot; North</td>
<td>08° 06' 44&quot; East</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>Yebes</td>
<td>40° 31' 27&quot; North</td>
<td>03° 05' 22&quot; West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Robledo</td>
<td>40° 25' 38&quot; North</td>
<td>04° 14' 57&quot; West</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>Penc</td>
<td>47° 47' 22&quot; North</td>
<td>19° 16' 53&quot; East</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As a general rule, the requirements outlined in EN 302729 must be observed.

### EN 302372 radio standard

The devices comply with the TLPR (Tanks Level Probing Radar) radio standard EN 302372 and are permitted for use in closed vessels. Points a to f in Annex E of EN 302372 must be observed for the installation.

### FCC

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

[Any] changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.


In addition, the devices are compliant with Section 15.256. For these LPR (Level Probe Radar) applications the devices must be professionally installed in a downward operating position. In addition, the devices are not allowed to be mounted in a zone of 4 km (2.49 mi) around RAS stations and within a radius of 40 km (24.86 mi) around RAS stations the maximum operation height of devices is 15 m (49 ft) above ground.

### Industry Canada

Canada CNR-Gen Section 7.1.3
This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to
the following two conditions: (1) This device may not interfere, and (2) this device must accept
any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts
de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas
producire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique
subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

[Any] changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could
void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

- The installation of the LPR/TLPR device shall be done by trained installers, in strict compliance
  with the manufacturer’s instructions.
- The use of this device is on a "no-interference, no-protection” basis. That is, the user shall accept
  operations of high-powered radar in the same frequency band which may interfere with or
  damage this device. However, devices found to interfere with primary licensing operations will be
  required to be removed at the user’s expense.
- This device shall be installed and operated in a completely enclosed container to prevent RF
  emissions, which can otherwise interfere with aeronautical navigation.
- The installer/user of this device shall ensure that it is at least 10 km from the Dominion
  Astrophysical Radio Observatory (DRAO) near Penticton, British Columbia. The coordinates of the
  DRAO are latitude 49°19ʹ15ʹʹ N and longitude 119°37ʹ12ʹʹ W. For devices not meeting this 10 km
  separation (e.g., those in the Okanagan Valley, British Columbia,) the installer/user must
  coordinate with, and obtain the written concurrence of, the Director of the DRAO before the
  equipment can be installed or operated. The Director of the DRAO may be contacted at
  250-497-2300 (tel.) or 250-497-2355 (fax). (Alternatively, the Manager, Regulatory Standards
  Industry Canada, may be contacted.)

Certification PROFINET with Ethernet-APL interface

The device is certified and registered by the PNO (PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V. / PROFIBUS
User Organization). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following
specifications:

- Certified according to:
  - Test specification for PROFINET devices
  - PROFINET Security Level – Netload Class
- The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)

External standards and guidelines

- EN 60529
  Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)
- EN 61010-1
  Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use
- IEC/EN 61326
  Emission in accordance with Class A requirements A; Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC
  requirements)
- NAMUR NE 21
  Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment
- NAMUR NE 53
  Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics
- NAMUR NE 107
  Status categorization in accordance with NE 107
- NAMUR NE 131
  Requirements for field devices for standard applications

Ordering information

Detailed ordering information is available from your nearest sales organization
www.addresses.endress.com or in the Product Configurator at www.endress.com:

1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
2. Open the product page.
3. Select Configuration.

Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration
- Up-to-the-minute configuration data
- Depending on the device: Direct input of measuring point-specific information such as measuring range or operating language
- Automatic verification of exclusion criteria
- Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format
- Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop

Calibration

Factory calibration certificate
The calibration points are spread evenly over the measuring range (0 to 100%). The Empty calibration \( E \) and Full calibration \( F \) must be specified to define the measuring range. If this information is missing, antenna-dependent default values are used instead.

Measuring range restrictions
The following restrictions must be considered when selecting \( E \) and \( F \):
- Minimum distance between reference point \( R \) and 100% mark
  \( A \geq 400 \text{ mm} \) (16 in)
- Minimum span
  \( F \geq 45 \text{ mm} \) (1.77 in)
- Maximum value for Empty calibration
  \( E \geq 450 \text{ mm} \) (17.72 in) (maximum 50 m (164 ft))
- Calibration takes place under reference conditions.
- The selected values for Empty calibration and Full calibration are only used to create the factory calibration certificate. Afterwards, the values are reset to the default values specific for the antenna. If values other than the default values are required, they must be ordered as a customized empty/full calibration.

Product Configurator → Optional → Service → Customized empty/full calibration

Service
Services that can be selected via the product structure in the Product Configurator include:
- Cleaned of oil+grease (wetted)
- PWIS-free (paint-wetting impairment substances)
- ANSI Safety Red coating, coated housing cover
- Set damping
- Set max. alarm current
- Bluetooth communication is disabled on delivery
- Customized empty/full calibration
- Product documentation on paper

A printed (hard copy) version of test reports, declarations and inspection certificates can optionally be ordered via the Service feature, Product documentation on paper option. The documents can be selected via the Test, certificate, declaration feature and are then provided with the device upon delivery.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test, certificate, declaration</th>
<th>All test reports, declarations and inspection certificates are provided electronically in the Device Viewer. Enter the serial number from the nameplate (<a href="http://www.endress.com/deviceviewer">www.endress.com/deviceviewer</a>)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Marking                        | **Measuring point (TAG)**  
The device can be ordered with a tag name.  
**Location of tag name**  
Select in the additional specification:  
- Stainless steel wired-on tag plate  
- Paper adhesive label  
- TAG provided by the customer  
- RFID TAG  
- RFID TAG + stainless steel wired-on tag plate  
- RFID TAG + paper adhesive label  
- RFID TAG + TAG provided by the customer  
- DIN SPEC 91406 stainless steel TAG  
- DIN SPEC 91406 stainless steel TAG + NFC TAG  
- DIN SPEC 91406 stainless steel TAG, stainless steel TAG  
- DIN SPEC 91406 stainless steel TAG + NFC, stainless steel TAG  
- DIN SPEC 91406 stainless steel TAG, plate supplied  
- DIN SPEC 91406 stainless steel TAG + NFC, plate supplied  
**Definition of tag name**  
Specify in the additional specification:  
3 lines with a maximum of 18 characters per line  
The specified tag name appears on the selected plate and/or on the RFID TAG.  
**Presentation in the SmartBlue app**  
The first 32 characters of the tag name  
The tag name can always be changed specifically for the measuring point via Bluetooth.  
**Presentation on the electronic nameplate (ENP)**  
The first 32 characters of the tag name |
| Application packages           | **Heartbeat Technology**  
The Heartbeat Verification + Monitoring application package offers diagnostic functionality through continuous self-monitoring, the transmission of additional measured variables to an external Condition Monitoring system and the in-situ verification of devices in the application.  
The application package can be ordered together with the device or can be activated subsequently with an activation code. Detailed information on the order code is available via the Endress+Hauser website www.endress.com or from your local Endress+Hauser Sales Center.  
**Heartbeat Verification**  
Heartbeat Verification is performed on demand and complements the self-monitoring function, which is performed constantly, with additional checks. During verification, the system checks whether the device components comply with the factory specifications. Both the sensor and the electronics modules are included in the tests.  
Heartbeat Verification confirms on demand that the device is functioning within the specified measuring tolerance with a total test coverage TTC (Total Test Coverage) specified as a percentage.  
Heartbeat Verification meets the requirements for measurement traceability in accordance with ISO 9001 (ISO9001:2015 Section 7.1.5.2).  
The verification result is Passed or Failed. The verification data is saved in the device on a 'First In, First Out' basis (FIFO) and optionally saved on a PC with the FieldCare asset management software or in the Netilion Library. Based on this data, a verification report is generated automatically to ensure the traceable documentation of the verification results. |
Heartbeat Monitoring

**Foam detection** wizard and **Build-up detection** wizard are available, process windows can be configured. Furthermore, additional monitoring parameters can be displayed and used for predictive maintenance or application optimization.

**Foam detection** wizard

This wizard configures the automatic foam detection. Foam detection can be linked to an output variable or status information e.g. to control a sprinkler used to dissolve the foam. It is also possible to monitor the foam increase in a so called foam index. The foam index can also be linked to an output variable and can be shown on the display.

**Preparation:**
The Foam monitoring initialization should only be done without or less foam.

**Areas of application**
- Measurement in liquids
- Reliable detection of foam on the medium

**Build-up detection** wizard

This wizard configures the build-up detection.

**Basic idea:**
The build-up detection can, for example, be linked to a compressed-air system to clean the antenna. With the build-up monitoring the maintenance cycles can be optimized.

**Preparation:**
The build-up monitoring initialization should only be done without or less build-up.

**Areas of application**
- Measurement in liquids and solids
- Reliable detection of buildup on the antenna

**Detailed description**

[Special Documentation SD03093F]

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**Accessories**

**Weather protection cover 316L**

The weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the 'Accessory enclosed' product structure.

It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

Weather protection cover 316L is suitable for the dual compartment housing made of aluminum or 316L. The delivery includes the holder for direct mounting on the housing.
Micropilot FMR67B PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

69  Dimensions. Unit of measurement mm (in)

Plastic weather protection cover

The plastic weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure. It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

The plastic weather protection cover is suitable for the single compartment housing made of aluminum. The delivery includes the holder for direct mounting on the housing.

70  Dimensions. Unit of measurement mm (in)

Adjustable flange seal

The adjustable flange seal is used to align the sensor to the surface of the product. It can be ordered directly with the device via the product structure 'Accessory enclosed' or individually via the specific order number.

Seal, adjustable, DN80

The seal, adjustable, DN80 is compatible with flanges EN DN80 PN10/PN40

Material

- Weather protection cover: 316L
- Clamping screw: A4
- Holder: 316L

Order number for accessories:
71438303

Material

Plastic

Order number for accessories:
71438291
Technical data
- Material: EPDM
- Recommended screw size: M14
- Recommended screw length: 100 mm (3.9 in)
- Process pressure: –0.1 to 0.1 bar (~1.45 to 1.45 psi)
- Process temperature: –40 to +80 °C (~40 to +176 °F)

Ordering information
- The flange seal can be ordered together with the device via the ‘Accessory enclosed’ product structure.
- Order number: 71074263

Seal, adjustable, DN100
The seal, adjustable, DN100 is compatible with flanges EN DN100 PN10/PN16

Technical data
- Material: EPDM
- Recommended screw size: M14
- Recommended screw length: 100 mm (3.9 in)
- Process pressure: –0.1 to 0.1 bar (~1.45 to 1.45 psi)
- Process temperature: –40 to +80 °C (~40 to +176 °F)

Ordering information
- The flange seal can be ordered together with the device via the ‘Accessory enclosed’ product structure.
- Order number: 71074264

Seal, adjustable, DN150
The seal, adjustable, DN150 is compatible with flanges EN DN150 PN10/PN19
Technical data
- Material: EPDM
- Recommended screw size: M18
- Recommended screw length: 110 mm (4.3 in)
- Process pressure: –0.1 to 0.1 bar (–1.45 to 1.45 psi)
- Process temperature: –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)

Ordering information
- The flange seal can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.
- Order number: 71074265

Seal, adjustable, ASME 3"/ JIS 80A
The seal, adjustable, ASME 3"/ JIS 80A is compatible with flanges ASME 3" 150 lbs and JIS 80A 10K

Technical data
- Material: EPDM
- Recommended screw size: M14
- Recommended screw length: 100 mm (3.9 in)
- Process pressure: –0.1 to 0.1 bar (–1.45 to 1.45 psi)
- Process temperature: –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)

Ordering information
- The flange seal can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.
- Order number: 71249070

Seal, adjustable, ASME 4"
The seal, adjustable, ASME 4" is compatible with flanges ASME 4" 150 lbs
Ordering information

- The flange seal can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.
- Order number: 71249072

Seal, adjustable, ASME 6"/JIS 150A

The seal, adjustable, ASME 6"/JIS 150A is compatible with flanges ASME 6" 150 lbs and JIS 150A 10K

Technical data

- Material: EPDM
- Recommended screw size: M18
- Recommended screw length: 100 mm (3.9 in)
- Process pressure: –0.1 to 0.1 bar (–1.45 to 1.45 psi)
- Process temperature: –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)

Ordering information

- The flange seal can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.
- Order number: 71249073

M12 socket

- Material: Body: PBT; union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc; seal: NBR
- Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
- Pg coupling: Pg7
- Order number: 52006263
**M12 socket, angled**
- **Material:**
  - Body: PBT; union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc; seal: NBR
  - Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
  - Pg coupling: Pg7
  - Order number: 71114212

**M12 socket, angled, 5 m (16 ft) cable**
- **M12 socket material:**
  - Body: TPU
  - Union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc
- **Cable material:**
  - PVC
- **Cable Li Y YM 4×0.34 mm² (20 AWG)**
- **Cable colors**
  - 1 = BN = brown
  - 2 = WH = white
  - 3 = BU = blue
  - 4 = BK = black
- **Order number:** 52010285

**Remote display FHX50B**
The remote display is ordered via the Product Configurator.
If the remote display is to be used, the device version **Prepared for display FHX50B** must be ordered.
Material of single compartment housing, remote display
- Aluminum
- Plastic

Degree of protection:
- IP68 / NEMA 6P
- IP66 / NEMA 4x

Connecting cable:
- Connecting cable (option) up to 30 m (98 ft)
- Customer-supplied standard cable up to 60 m (197 ft)
  Recommendation: EtherLine®-P CAT.5e from LAPP.

Specification of customer-supplied connecting cable
Push-in CAGE CLAMP®, connection technology, push actuation
- Conductor cross-section:
  - Solid conductor 0.2 to 0.75 mm² (24 to 18 AWG)
  - Fine-stranded conductor 0.2 to 0.75 mm² (24 to 18 AWG)
  - Fine-stranded conductor; with insulated ferrule 0.25 to 0.34 mm²
  - Fine-stranded conductor; without insulated ferrule 0.25 to 0.34 mm²
- Stripping length 7 to 9 mm (0.28 to 0.35 in)
- Outer diameter: 6 to 10 mm (0.24 to 0.4 in)
- Maximum cable length: 60 m (197 ft)

Ambient temperature:
- –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)
- Option: –50 to +80 °C (–58 to +176 °F)

Gas-tight feedthrough
Chemically inert glass feedthrough, which prevents gases from entering the electronics housing.
Can optionally be ordered as "Accessory mounted" via the product structure.
### Field Xpert SMT70
Universal, high-performance tablet PC for device configuration in Ex Zone 2 and non-Ex areas
For details, see "Technical Information" TI01342S

### DeviceCare SFE100
Configuration tool for HART, PROFIBUS and FOUNDATION Fieldbus field devices
Technical Information TI01134S

### FieldCare SFE500
FDT-based plant asset management tool
It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.
Technical Information TI00028S

### Documentation
For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- Endress+Hauser Operations app: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

### Document function
The following documentation may be available depending on the version ordered:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Document type</th>
<th>Purpose and content of the document</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Technical Information (TI)</td>
<td>Planning aid for your device&lt;br&gt;The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brief Operating Instructions (KA)</td>
<td>Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value&lt;br&gt;The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Instructions (BA)</td>
<td>Your reference document&lt;br&gt;The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description of Device Parameters (GP)</td>
<td>Reference for your parameters&lt;br&gt;The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety Instructions (XA)</td>
<td>Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are an integral part of the Operating Instructions. Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) relevant to the device is provided on the nameplate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)</td>
<td>Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is an integral part of the device documentation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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