Brief Operating Instructions
NAR300 system for high temperature

Oil leak detector float sensor

These Instructions are Brief Operating Instructions; they are not a substitute for the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device.

Detailed information about the device can be found in the Operating Instructions and the other documentation:
Available for all device versions via:
- Internet: www.endress.com/deviceviewer
- Smart phone/tablet: Endress+Hauser Operations App
1. Order code: XXXXXXXXXXX
   Ser. no.: XXXXXXXXXXX
   Ext. ord. cd.: XXXX.XXX

2. www.endress.com/deviceviewer
   Endress+Hauser Operations App

3. Serial number

Endress+Hauser

A0023555
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1 Document information

1.1 Symbols used

1.1.1 Safety symbols

⚠️ DANGER
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

⚠️ WARNING
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

⚠️ CAUTION
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

⚠️ NOTICE
This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.1.2 Electrical symbols

∼
Alternating current

∼∼
Direct current and alternating current

= =
Direct current

 Ground connection
A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

充电桩 Protective earth (PE)
Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.

The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:
- Interior ground terminal: protective earth is connected to the mains supply.
- Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

1.1.3 Tool symbols

Phillips head screwdriver

Flat blade screwdriver
Torx screwdriver

Allen key

Open-ended wrench

1.1.4 Symbols for certain types of information and graphics

- Permitted
  Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted

- Preferred
  Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred

- Forbidden
  Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden

- Tip
  Indicates additional information

- Reference to documentation

- Reference to graphic

- Notice or individual step to be observed

- Series of steps

- Result of a step

- Visual inspection

- Operation via operating tool

- Write-protected parameter

- Item numbers

- Views

Safety instructions
Observe the safety instructions contained in the associated Operating Instructions

Temperature resistance of the connection cables
Specifies the minimum value of the temperature resistance of the connection cables
1.2  Documentation
The following documents can be found in the Download area of our website (www.endress.com/downloads).

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
W@M Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from nameplate

1.2.1  Technical Information (TI)
Planning aid
The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.

1.2.2  Brief Operating Instructions (KA)
Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value
The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.

1.2.3  Operating Instructions (BA)
The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2.4  Safety Instructions (XA)
Depending on the approval, the following Safety Instructions (XA) are supplied with the device. They are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.

The nameplate indicates the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant to the device.
2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Basic instructions regarding safety

2.1.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel must fulfill the following requirements for its tasks:

‣ Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
‣ Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
‣ Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
‣ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
‣ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

2.2 Intended use

Application and measured materials
Measuring devices for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications or in applications where there is an increased risk due to process pressure are labeled accordingly on the nameplate.

Take the following measures to ensure that the device is used under appropriate conditions while in operation:

‣ Only use the measuring device in full compliance with the specifications on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the operating instructions and supplementary documentation.
‣ Check the nameplate specifications to ensure that the ordered device can be put to its intended use in the approval-related area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
‣ When not using this device at atmospheric temperature, it is important to comply with the basic requirements listed in the relevant documentation for the device.
‣ Protect the device permanently against corrosion caused by environmental effects.
‣ Observe the limit values in the "Technical Information."

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or unintended use.

2.3 Workplace safety

When working with the device:

‣ Wear personal protection gear required by your regional/national regulations.

2.4 Operational safety

Risk of injury!

‣ Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
‣ The operator is responsible for interference-free operation of the device.
Hazardous area
To eliminate danger to persons or the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection):
› Check the nameplate to verify if the device ordered can be put to its intended use in the hazardous area.
› Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation that is an integral part of these instructions.

2.5  Product safety
The NAR300 system is designed in accordance with GEP (Good Engineering Practice) to meet the latest safety requirements, and it has been tested to ensure that it is ready to be used safely before being shipped from the factory. The NAR300 system meets general safety standards and legal requirements.

2.5.1  CE mark
This measurement system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU directive. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.
Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.
3  Product description

The NAR300 system is installed in an oil-retaining wall in a tank or in a sump pit near a plant or a pump yard, and it provides the ultimate leak detection function for oils, such as petrochemicals and vegetable oils. A sensor with a conductive detection function is used to monitor the detection conditions. A two-stage alarm logic allows for an extremely low false-positive alert, ensuring the safety of the tank yard with a precise and simple device configuration.

NOTICE

TIIS specifications

These operating instructions are not intended for products with TIIS specifications.

- If you are using a product with TIIS specifications, download and refer to KA0157BG/33/JA/01.22-00 or an earlier version from our website (www.endress.com/downloads).

3.1  Product design

The NAR300 system is configured mainly in combination with the following products.

1. 2. 3. 4.
   PG
   Power: Green
   Alarm: Red
   AC90-250V Output Monitor
   Power
   NRR262
   Sensor
   Input
   + -
   Delay
   Timer
   (second)

1.  NAR300 product design
2.  Float sensor NAR300
3.  Ex d [ia] Converter NRR261
4.  Ex [ia] Converter NRR262
5.  Ex [ia] sensor I/F Ex box
4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

4.1 Incoming acceptance

Upon receipt of the goods, check the following:

- Are the order codes on the delivery note and the product label identical?
- Are the goods undamaged?
- Do the nameplate data match the ordering information on the delivery note?
- If required (see nameplate): Are the Safety Instructions (XA) enclosed?

If one or more of these conditions are not satisfied, contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center or distributor.

4.2 Product identification

The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code on the delivery note (including details of the device specification codes)
- Entering the serial number from the nameplate in W@M Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer) will display all the information about the device.

Note that the information on a nameplate may be changed without warning when credentials and certificates are updated.

4.2.1 Nameplate specifications

![NAR300 model nameplate](image)

2 NAR300 model nameplate

1 Order code
2 Serial number
3 Cable length (order code 040)
4 Explosion-proof performance (except TIIS specification)
**Nameplate for NAR300**

**A**  
NAR300 for FM

**B**  
NAR300 nameplate for ATEX / IECEx

1. **Order code**
2. **Serial number**

---

**Endress+Hauser**

**Order code**

**Ser. no.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
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</thead>
</table>

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**Intrinsic safety circuit (Power)**

- $U_i=28V$  
- $I_i=93mA$  
- $P_i=0.65W$

- $L_i=48\mu H$  
- $C_i=0$  
- $\approx$

**Intrinsic safety circuit 2:**

- $U_o=13V$  
- $I_o=46.8mA$  
- $P_o=152.1mW$

- $L_o=58.3mH$  
- $C_o=0.25\mu F$  
- $\approx$

---

**Ambient Temp.**

- $-20\sim+60^\circ C$

---

**Process Temp.**

- $-20\sim+130^\circ C$

---

**Caution:**

- Do not modify parts and circuits of this instrument.
- Use the cables which thermal endurance is over 70°C.
- Refer to control drawing Ex1087-1281- *

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**Ex1087-1281- * IP67 Type 4X**

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**Endress+Hauser Yamanashi Co.,Ltd.**

**Yamamashi 406-0846**

**Made in Japan**

**NP-2670**

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**Endress+Hauser**

**Order code**

**Ser. no.**

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**Intrinsic safety circuit (Power)**

- $U_i=28V$  
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- $C_o=0.25\mu F$

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**Ambient Temp.**

- $-20\sim+60^\circ C$

---

**Process Temp.**

- $-20\sim+130^\circ C$

---

**Caution:**

- Do not modify parts and circuits of this instrument.
- Use the cables which thermal endurance is over 70°C.
- Refer to instruction manual XA01741G-C/00/EN IP67

---

**Endress+Hauser Yamanashi Co.,Ltd.**

**Yamamashi 406-0846**

**Made in Japan**

**NP-2742**

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**Endress+Hauser Yamanashi Co.,Ltd.**

**Yamamashi 406-0846**

**Made in Japan**

**NP-2879-1**
### Incomming acceptance and product identification

#### NAR300 system for high temperature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>Nameplate for NRR262</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Order code</strong></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Serial no.</strong></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AIS Class I, Div. 1, Gp. C, D</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Class I, Zone 0, AEx [ia] IIB</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambient temperature: -20°C ~ + 60°C</strong></td>
<td>IP20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intrinsically safe circuit:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Uo = 28 V, Io = 85 mA, Po = 595 mW, Co = 0.083 μF, Lo = 2.4mH</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>non Intrinsically safe circuit:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power supply:</strong></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Umb : AC 250 V, 50/60 Hz, DC 250 V</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Contact output : 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manufacturing date:</strong></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Caution:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· NRR262 must be installed in non-hazardous area.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Do not modify internal parts or circuits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Refer to control drawing XA01746G-*/08/EN.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Endress + Hauser Yamanashi Co., Ltd

Yamanashi 406-0846

Made in Japan

NP-2741-1

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B</th>
<th>Nameplate for NRR262</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Order code</strong></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Serial no.</strong></td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ATEX: II 2G [Ex ia] IIB Gb</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FM 14ATEX0048X</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>IECEx: [Ex ia] IIB Gb</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>IECEx FMG 14.0024X</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Ambient temperature: -20°C ~ + 60°C</strong></td>
<td>IP20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Intrinsically safe circuit:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Uo = 28 V, Io = 85 mA, Po = 595 mW, Co = 0.083 μF, Lo = 2.4mH</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>non Intrinsically safe circuit:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Power supply:</strong></td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Umb : AC 250 V, 50/60 Hz, DC 250 V</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Contact output : 5 A 250 V AC, 5 A 30 V DC</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manufacturing date:</strong></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Caution:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· NRR262 must be installed in non-hazardous area.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Do not modify internal parts or circuits</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>· Refer to Ex-instruction manual XA01743-*/08/EN.</td>
<td></td>
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Endress + Hauser Yamanashi Co., Ltd

Yamanashi 406-0846

Made in Japan

NP-2740-1

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1. **Order code**
2. **Serial number**
3. **Power supply voltage**
4. **Manufacturing date**
5 Nameplate for JPN Ex

| A | NAR300 nameplate for JPN Ex |
| B | NRR261 nameplate for JPN Ex (NAR300 separate type) |
| 1 | Order code |
| 2 | Serial number |
| 3 | Power supply voltage |
| 4 | Manufacturing date |
### 6 NRR262 nameplate for JPN Ex

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<td>1</td>
<td>Order code</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Serial number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Power supply voltage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Manufacturing date</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4.3 Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser Yamanashi Co., Ltd.
406-0846
862-1 Mitsukunugi, Sakaigawa-cho, Fuefuki-shi, Yamanashi

### 4.4 Storage and transport

#### 4.4.1 Storage conditions

- Storage temperature: −20 to +60 °C (−4 to 140 °F)
- Store the device in its original packaging.
4.4.2 Transport

**NOTICE**

The housing may become damaged or dislodged.

Risk of injury

- When transporting the device to the measuring point, either use the device's original packaging or hold by the process connector.
- Secure a hoisting device (such as a hoisting ring or a lifting eye bolt) to the process connector, not to the housing. Pay attention to the device's center of gravity to prevent unexpected tilting.
- Comply with the safety precautions and transportation conditions for devices that weigh 18 kg (39.6 lbs) or more (IEC61010).
5  **Installation**

5.1  **Mounting the NAR300 system**

5.1.1  **Handling precautions**

Always use both hands to hold the float when carrying NAR300. Do not lift or hold by any of the components shown in the figure below, and do not lift by the upper portion of the float sensor. In addition, do not rotate the housing. Doing so may cause device failure.
5.1.2  Float guide mounting

NAR300 may be mounted on a float guide that has been installed for existing products (CFD10, CFD30, UFD10, NAR291, NAR292).

If the float guide is shorter than 2000 mm (78.74 in), either cut and use it or follow the protocol for when it is 2000 mm (78.74 in) or longer and contact your nearest Endress +Hauser Sales Center or distributor.

![Diagram of NAR300/float guide]

8  NAR300/float guide

1  Nut (M10)
2  Float guide
3  Weight

- The 20 mm (0.73 in) and 40 mm (1.57 in) of the float guide in the diagram represent the lengths of thread grooves.
5.1.3  **NAR300-x6xxxx and sensor I/F Ex box cable mounting**

**Mounting procedure**

1. Remove the intrinsically safe terminal box cover [5] and the circuit board guard [4].
3. Connect the cable to the terminal block (refer to "Electrical connection").
4. Tighten the main unit of the cable gland [1] and the seal nut.
   - Tightening torque (main unit and seal nut): approx. 1.96 N·m (20 kgf cm)
5. Insert the NRR262/NRR261 connection cable into the cable entry of the terminal box, and connect it to the terminal block.
6. Secure the cable in place with a cable holder [3].
7. Install the circuit board guard and close the cover of the intrinsically safe terminal box.

This completes the mounting procedure.
9 NAR300-x6xxxx and sensor I/F Ex box cable mounting

a Cable gland (must be procured separately)
b Shielded cable for NRR261/262 (must be procured separately)
1 Cable gland mounting example
2 Float sensor cable
3 Cable holder
4 Circuit board guard
5 Intrinsically safe terminal box cover
6 Shielded cable screw (M3)
7 Screw (M5)
8 Shielded cable gland

Since the cable gland a shown in the diagram is not supplied with products that do not have JPN Ex specifications, a water-proof cable gland that is IP67 or higher must be procured separately.
5.1.4 NRR261-5xx cable mounting

Mounting procedure

1. Remove the intrinsically safe terminal box cover [6] and the terminal block cover [5].
3. Connect the cable to the terminal block (refer to "Electrical connection").
4. Mount the cable gland [1] according to the operating instructions.
5. Secure the cable in place with the cable holder.
6. Install the terminal block cover and close the intrinsically safe terminal box cover.

This completes the mounting procedure.
Since the cable gland [1] shown in the diagram is not supplied with products that do not have JPN Ex specifications, a water-proof cable gland that is IP67 or higher must be procured separately.
5.2  Adjustment

5.2.1  Verification of detection sensitivity in actual liquid

Verification of detection sensitivity when the lower layer is water and the upper layer is oil

If the electrode tip is pulled out of the lower-layer water due to increased thickness of the oil layer, water may cling onto the electrode tip like an icicle even if the electrode tip is in oil. In this case, detection sensitivity may increase by 1 to 2 mm. When an accurate detection check is required, apply a small amount of neutral detergent to the electrode tip to keep water from clinging to the electrode.

*Verification of the oil layer thickness in a transparent container*

Exercise caution as a reading error may occur due to the liquid's surface tension, liquid adhesion to the container wall, and for other reasons.

5.2.2  Alarm output adjustment

The only adjustment that can be made on the converter is the delayed activation time (ON delay) setting for the alarm output relay. Time is set on the delay trimmer. In NRR261, the delay trimmer can be found by turning off the power and opening the main unit's cover. In NRR262, the delay trimmer is found on the case surface. Match the setting to the necessary delay time in units of seconds. Delayed activation is used to prevent a false alarm by recognizing an alarm condition that continues over a certain period of time as an alarm while not outputting an alarm when the alarm condition stops within the delay time setting. This can be set up to a maximum of 15 seconds for SIL specifications.

- A response delay time in the detection circuit of approximately 6 seconds is always added to the delay time of the delay trimmer.
- Open the NRR261 main unit cover after the power has been turned off for at least 10 minutes.
1  Delay trimmer
2  Cover
3  LED power (green) / alarm (red)
6 Electrical connection

6.1 NRR262-4/A/B/C wiring

12 Wiring of Ex [ia] Converter NRR262-4/A/B/C
A  Float sensor NAR300-x6xxxx (sensor I/F Ex box is also included in the code)
B  Sensor I/F Ex box
C  Ex [ia] Converter NRR262
   a  Green, screw (M3) (see 1 below)
   b  Output to NRR262, screw (M3)
   c  Yellow, screw (M3)
   d  Black, screw (M3)
   e  White, screw (M3)
   f  Input from sensor I/F Ex box, screw (M3)
   g  90 to 250 V<sub>AC</sub>50/60 Hz, screw (M3)
   h  Alarm output, screw (M3)
   i  Check monitor output, screw (M3)
1  Ex [ia]-dedicated connection cable used (6 to 30 m (19.69 to 98.43 ft): Supplied with the product depending on the option code)
2  Sensor I/F Ex box and NRR262 cable (must be procured by the customer)
3  For protective grounding, screw (M4)

Below, the numbers correspond to the description in the diagram.

1. Normally, only the FG of a sensor I/F Ex box is shielded; however, depending on the installation environment, either the GND of NRR262 alone or both the FG of the sensor I/F Ex box and the GND of NRR262 are connected.

2. When the power supply is 22 to 26 V<sub>DC</sub>, terminal number L is + (plus) and N is - (minus).

3. In order to maintain the Ex [ia] performance, ensure that the power supply voltage does not exceed 250 V<sub>AC</sub>50/60 Hz and 250 V<sub>DC</sub> during normal time and abnormal time, respectively.

4. Although cable (1) that connects NAR300 and a sensor I/F Ex box is included with the device, a cable (2) that connects a sensor I/F Ex box and NRR262 is not included, and it must be procured by the customer. For detailed information on the connection cables, refer to the "Process conditions" section.
6.2 NRR261-5 wiring

1. Wiring of Ex d [ia] Converter NRR261-5
A  Float sensor NAR300-x6xxxx (sensor I/F Ex box is also included in the code)
B  Sensor I/F Ex box
C  Ex d [ia] Converter NRR261 (separate type)
   a  Green, screw (M3) (see 1 below)
   b  Output to NRR261-3xx, screw (M3)
   c  Yellow, screw (M3)
   d  Black, screw (M3)
   e  White, screw (M3)
   f  Blue 2, screw (M4) (connected at the time of shipping)
   g  Blue 3, screw (M4) (connected at the time of shipping)
   h  Input from sensor I/F Ex box, screw (M4)
1  Ex [ia]-dedicated connection cable used (6 to 30 m (19.69 to 98.43 ft): Supplied with the product depending on the option code)
2  Sensor I/F Ex box and NRR261 cable (must be procured by the customer)
3  Power supply: AC/DC
4  Alarm output: Alarm/PLC/DCS, etc.
5  Ex d terminal
6  Intrinsically safe terminal
7  Power supply arrester (installed), screw (M3)

Below, the numbers correspond to the description in the diagram.

1. Normally, only the FG of a sensor I/F Ex box is shielded; however, depending on the installation environment, either the GND of NRR262 alone or both the FG of the sensor I/F Ex box and the GND of NRR262 are connected.
2. It is connected when an FG-equipped AC cable is used.
3. When the power supply is 22 to 26 V<sub>DC</sub>, terminal number L is + (plus) and N is - (minus).
4. In order to maintain the Ex [ia] performance, ensure that the power supply voltage does not exceed 250 V<sub>AC</sub>50/60 Hz and 250 V<sub>DC</sub> during normal time and abnormal time, respectively.
5. The cable for connecting NAR300 and the sensor I/F Ex box (1) is included with NAR300. The cable (5) connecting the sensor I/F Ex box to the NRR261, the alarm output cable (2) from the NRR261, as well as the power cable (3) to the NRR261 are not included and must be procured by the customer. For detailed information on the connection cables, refer to the "Process conditions" section.
6.3  Wiring diagram

A  Ex d-type converter system (integrated type)
B  Intrinsically safe-type converter system (separate type)
PE  Protection earth (protective grounding)
1  Conductivity detection electrode (sensor)
2  Conductivity detection electrode (float)
3  Dedicated cable
4  Conductivity detection circuit
5  Current output circuit
6  Sensor I/F Ex box
7  Current signal
8  Safety barrier
9  Power supply circuit
10  Current detection
11  Relay
12  Delay circuit
13  Converter NRR262
14  Delay trimmer
15  Alarm
16  Converter NRR261 (separate type)
6.4 Operating principles of alarm activation

The oil leak detection signal detected by the NAR300 float sensor is converted to a current signal in the converter or the sensor I/F Ex box. After this, it is connected to the current detection circuit via the Ex [ia] safety barrier in the converter. In the current detection circuit, the presence or absence of an oil leak alarm signal is determined by the magnitude of electrical current values, and the alarm output relay is turned on or off by the operation delay circuit. The delay time can be set, and there is a trimmer for setting the delay time in the alarm delay circuit. A fail-safe function is available in the relay contact output (refer to the "Alarm output table" below).

Alarm output table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NRR261/NRR262 terminals</th>
<th>Between NC and COM</th>
<th>Between NO and COM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Condition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-alarm</td>
<td>Contact point is open</td>
<td>Contact point is closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leak alarm</td>
<td>Contact point is closed</td>
<td>Contact point is open</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power OFF</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frozen liquid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The high-temperature sensor is exclusively for use in the presence of water; an alarm will be activated in an empty pit.

NAR300 current value

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Current Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Non-alarm</td>
<td>12 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil leak alarm</td>
<td>16 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other trouble</td>
<td>&lt; 10 mA or 14 mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>