Technical Information

Rxn-41 Raman spectroscopic probe





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Function and system design

Fields of application

The Rxn-41 Raman spectroscopic probe is intended for liquid immersion sample analysis in a process plant setting.

Recommended applications include:

- **Chemical:** reaction monitoring, blending, feed, and final product monitoring
- Polymer: polymerization reaction monitoring, polymer blending
- Pharmaceutical: active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) reaction monitoring, crystallization, polymorph, drug substance production unit operation
- Oil and gas: any hydrocarbon analysis

Use of the device for any purpose other than that described poses a threat to the safety of people and of the entire measuring system and invalidates any warranty.

Laser safety indicator

The Rxn-41 probe forms part of the interlock circuit. If the fiber cable is severed, the laser will turn off within milliseconds of the breakage.

NOTICE

Permanent damage may result if cables are not routed appropriately.

Fiber cables should NOT be kinked and should be routed to maintain the minimum bend radius of 152.4 mm (6 in).

▶ Handle probes and cables with care.

The interlock circuit is a low-current electrical loop. If the Rxn-41 probe is used in a hazardous classified area, the interlock circuit must pass through an intrinsically safe (IS) harrier

Rxn-41 probe

The parts of the Rxn-41 probe are shown below.

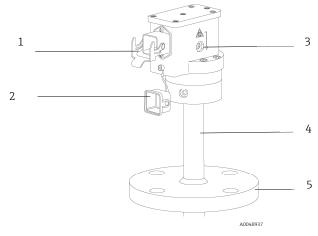


Figure 1. Rxn-41 probe

#	Description
1	Electro-optical (EO) cable connector
2	EO connector dust cover
3	Laser emission indicator
4	Probe body
5	Flange (optional)

Process and probe compatibility Prior to installation, the user must verify that the probe pressure and temperature ratings, as well as the materials from which the probe is made, are compatible with the process into which it is being inserted.

> The probes should be installed using sealing techniques (e.g., flanges, compression fittings) appropriate and typical for the vessel or piping.

WARNING

If the probe will be installed in a high temperature or pressure process, additional safety precautions must be taken to avoid equipment damage or safety hazards.

A blow-out protection device is highly recommended in accordance with local safety standards.

It is the responsibility of the user to determine if any blow-out protection devices are required and ensure they are attached to the probes during installation.

WARNING

If the probe being installed is constructed of titanium, the user should be aware that impacts or excessive process friction could cause a spark or otherwise cause ignition.

The user must ensure that precautions are taken when installing and using a titanium probe to avoid such an occurrence.

Installation

Prior to installation in the process, verify that the amount of laser power out of each probe is no more than the amount specified in the Hazardous Area Equipment Assessment (4002266) or equivalent.

Standard eye and skin safety precautions for Class 3B laser products (as per EN-60825/IEC 60825-14) should be observed during installation as described below.

A WARNING	Probes are designed with specific sealing boundaries.
	► The probe pressure specifications are only valid if sealing is accomplished on the intended sealing feature (shaft, flange, etc.).
	 Service ratings may include limitations for fittings, flanges, bolts, and seals. The installer must understand these limitations and use appropriate hardware and assembly procedures for a pressure-tight and safe joint.
	Standard precautions for laser products should be observed.
	Probes should always be capped, pointed away from people, and pointed toward a diffuse target, if not installed in a sample chamber.
A CAUTION	If stray light enters an unused probe, it will interfere with data collected from the probe in-use and may cause calibration failure or measurement errors.
	Unused probes should ALWAYS be capped to prevent stray light from entering the probe.
NOTICE	Take care to install the probe so that it measures the flowing sample or sample region of interest.

The Rxn-41 probe is designed for installation directly into process streams and reactor vessels according to the installation guidelines below:

- When installing a probe equipped with the non-removable, right-angle fiber connector assembly (electro-optical [EO] style), it is recommended that the fiber cable assembly be disconnected from the probe during installation.
- Ensure that the laser interlock is connected to the safety indicator light and to any other safety systems such as liquid level sensors or purges appropriate to the installation.
- The Rxn-41 probes have no active electrical devices requiring earthing. The user should determine if the probe requires earthing for other reasons associated with its installation.

Specifications

Temperature and pressure

The temperature and pressure specifications for the Rxn-41 probe vary depending on the probe size and materials of construction. A cryogenic compatible version is available for the 1-inch Rxn-41 probe upon request.

Additional specifications include:

- Max pressure is calculated per ASME B31.3 2020 edition for material and probe geometry at temperatures not to exceed the maximum listed.
- Max service pressure ratings do not include the ratings of any fittings or flanges used to mount the probe into the process system. These items need to be independently evaluated and may lower the maximum service pressure of the probe.
- Minimum pressure rating: All probes have a minimum pressure rating of 0 Bara (full vacuum). However, unless specified they are not rated for low outgassing at high vacuum service.
- The probe withstands 0 to 100 °C (32 to 212 °F) water shock.
- The temperature ramp is ≤ 30 °C/min (≤ 54 °F/min).

Component	Materials of construction	Min temp	Max temp	Max service pressure
1-inch Rxn-41 probe	316L stainless steel	−30 °C (−22 °F)	120 ℃ (248 ℉)	141.5 barg (2053 psig))
	C276 alloy	−30 °C (−22 °F)	150 ℃ (302 ℉)	186.6 barg (2707 psig)
	Grade 2 titanium	−30 °C (−22 °F)	150 ℃ (302 ℉)	144.1 barg (2090 psig)
2-inch (nominal) Rxn-41 probe	316L stainless steel	−30 °C (−22 °F)	120 ℃ (248 ℉)	49.7 barg (721 psig)
	C276 alloy	−30 °C (−22 °F)	150 ℃ (302 ℉)	68.8 barg (998 psig)
	Grade 2 titanium	−30 °C (−22 °F)	150 ℃ (302 ℉)	51.5 barg (747 psig)
1-inch cryogenic Rxn-41 probe	C276 alloy	−196 °C (−320.8 °F)	70 °C (158 °F)	213.7 barg (3100 psig)
	Hybrid metal combination (C276 tip/316L)	−196 °C (−320.8 °F)	70 °C (158 °F)	158.6 barg (2300 psig)
Cable and connector	Cable: PVC jacketed, proprietary construction Connections: proprietary electro-optic	−40 °C (−40 °F)	70 °C (158 °F)	not applicable

 $Table\ 1.\ Temperature\ and\ pressure\ specifications$

Liquefied natural gas (LNG) process composition and temperature specifications

A specific configuration of the Rxn-41 probe has been determined to be optimal for the measurement and custody transfer of liquefied natural gas (LNG) on LNG bunkering ships:

- Hybrid metal combination (C276 tip/316L body)
- ASME B16.5 2-inch, Class 150 raised face flange
- 220 mm unsupported length for pipe inner diameters less than or equal to 254 mm (10.0 in)
- 240 mm unsupported length for pipe inner diameter greater than or equal 254 mm (10.0 in)
- Cryogenic operation from -180 °C (93 K) to -156 °C (117 K)
- 25.4 mm (1.0 in) recommended exposed length for pipe inner diameter less than 152.4 mm (6.0 in)
- 76.2 mm (3.0 in) recommended exposed length for pipe inner diameter greater than or equal to 152.4 mm (6 in)

Under these conditions, wake frequency stress calculations indicate that, for turbulent flow conditions, the 220 mm unsupported length probe satisfies the strength and serviceability requirements of ASME PTC 19.3 TW-2016 in a typical LNG stream with a density $<500\ kg/m^3$ for LNG flow rates up to the levels specified in Table 2. For pipe inner diameters greater than 254 mm (10.0 in), contact the factory for maximum linear and volumetric flow rates.

Pipe inner diameter	Recommended probe insertion length	Maximum linear flow rate	Maximum volumetric flow rate	
	220 mm unsup	ported length		
50.8 mm	25.4 mm	14 m/sec	100 m ³ /hr	
(2.0 in)	(1.0 in)	(46 ft/sec)	(26,430 gal/hr)	
101.6 mm	25.4 mm	14 m/sec	400 m ³ /hr	
(4.0 in)	(1.0 in)	(46 ft/sec)	(105,600 gal/hr)	
152.4 mm	76.2 mm	14 m/sec	900 m ³ /hr	
(6.0 in)	(3.0 in)	(46 ft/sec)	(237,750 gal/hr)	
203.2 mm	76.2 mm	14 m/sec	1600 m ³ /hr	
(8.0 in)	(3.0 in)	(46 ft/sec)	(422,670 gal/hr)	
254.0 mm	76.2 mm	14 m/sec	2500 m ³ /hr	
(10.0 in)	(3.0 in)	(46 ft/sec)	(660,420 gal/hr)	
	240 mm unsupported length			
304.8 mm	76.2 mm	12.5 m/sec	3293.3 m ³ /hr	
(12.0)	(3.0 in)	(40.8 ft/sec)	(870,000 gal/hr)	
355.6mm	76.2 mm	12.5 m/sec	4474.4 m³/hr	
(14.0 in)	(3.0 in)	(40.8 ft/sec)	(1,182,000 gal/hr)	

Table 2. General specifications: Maximum LNG flow rate for the bunkering Raman probe (example KR41-8ABBAACACADBBBAGABJB)

Rxn-41 probe installation parameters for LNG bunkering

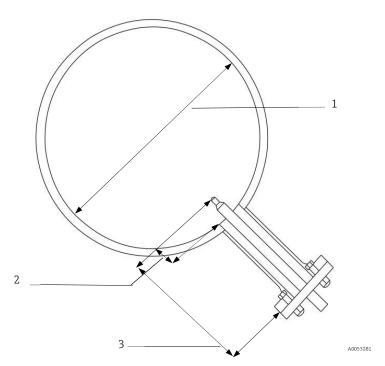


Figure 2: Rxn-41 probe installation parameters for LNG bunkering

#	Description
1	Pipe inner diameter
2	Exposed
3	Unsupported

General specifications

General specifications for the Rxn-41 probe are listed below.

Item		Description			
Laser wavelength		532 nm, 785 nm, or 993 nm			
Laser wavelength		332 mii, 763 mii, 01 993 mii			
Spectral coverage	2	Probe spectral coverage is limited by the coverage of the analyzer being used			
Maximum laser p	ower into probe	< 499 mW			
Working distance	e from probe exit	short: 0 mm (0 in) long: 3 mm (0.12 in)			
Materials of construction: Wetted materials	probe body	 C276 alloy or 316L stainless steel Grade 2 titanium available upon request Hybrid metal combination (316L stainless steel, C276 alloy) available upon request 			
materials	window	high-purity sapphire			
Probe immersible length	C276 alloy	25.4 mm (1 in) Rxn-41: Up to 3040 mm (120 in) 60.3 mm (2 in) Rxn-41: Up to 4550 mm (179.1 in)			
length	316L stainless steel	 25.4 mm (1 in) Rxn-41: Up to 3040 mm (120 in) 60.3 mm (2 in) Rxn-41: Up to 4550 mm (179.1 in) 			
	Grade 2 titanium	25.4 mm (1 in) Rxn-41: Up to 350 mm (13.78 in)			
Probe immersible diameter	C276 alloy	25.4 mm (1 in) 60.3 mm (2-inch nominal; actual OD 2.38 in)			
diameter	316L stainless steel	25.4 mm (1 in) 60.3 mm (2-inch nominal; actual OD 2.38 in)			
	Grade 2 titanium	25.4 mm (1 in)			
Chemical resistar	nce	Limited by materials of construction			
Flanges	type	 ASME B16.5 DIN EN1092 Type B flanges available upon request 			
	diameter	38.1 mm (1.5 in) minimum to 305 mm (12 in) maximum			
Fiber cable	design	PVC jacketed, proprietary construction			
(sold separately)	connections	proprietary electro-optic (EO)			
	minimum bend radius	152.4 mm (6 in)			
	length	EO cable available from 5 m to 200 m in 5 m increments (16.4 ft to 656.2 ft in 16.4 ft increments) limited by application			
	pull strength	204 kg (450 lbs)			
	flame resistance	Certified: CSA-C/US AWM I/II, A/B, 80C, 30V, FT1, FT2, VW-1, FT4 Rated: AWM I/II A/B 80C 30V FT4			

Table 3. General specifications

Dimensions: 1-inch probe The dimension

The dimensions for the 1-inch diameter Rxn-41 probe and its tip are below.

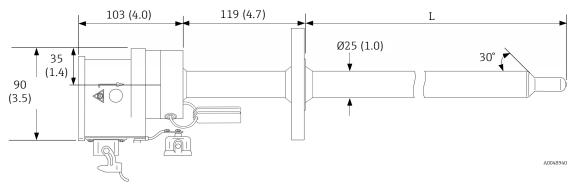


Figure 3. Rxn-41 1-inch probe. Dimensions: mm (in) L= immersible length per specifications

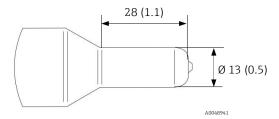


Figure 4. Tip of 1-inch Rxn-41 probe. Dimensions: mm (in)

Dimensions: 2-inch probe

The dimensions for the 2-inch (nominal) diameter Rxn-41 probe and its tip are below.

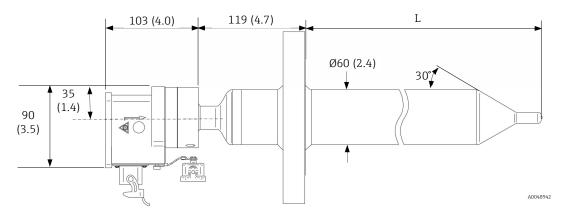


Figure 5. Rxn-41 2-inch probe. Dimensions: mm (in) L = Immersible length per specifications

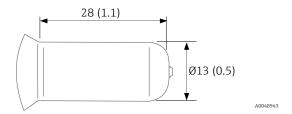


Figure 6. Tip of 2-inch Rxn-41 probe. Dimensions: mm (in)

Maximum permitted exposure (MPE): ocular exposure

For more assistance with taking appropriate precautions and setting the proper controls when dealing with lasers and their hazards, refer to the most current version of ANSI Z136.1 or IEC 60825-14. A correction factor (C_A) may also be required and can be determined below.

MPE for point source ocular exposure to a laser beam			
Wavelength	Exposure Duration	MPE Calculation	
λ (nm)	$\lambda (nm)$ $t(s)$	(J·cm⁻²)	(W·cm ⁻²)
532	10 ⁻¹³ to 10 ⁻¹¹	1.0 × 10 ⁻⁷	-
	10 ⁻¹¹ to 5 × 10 ⁻⁶	2.0 × 10 ⁻⁷	-
	5 × 10 ⁻⁶ to 10	$1.8 \ t^{0.75} \times 10^{-3}$	-
	10 to 30,000	-	1 × 10 ⁻³

Table 4. MPE for ocular exposure with 532 nm laser emission

MPE for point source ocular exposure to a laser beam				
Wavelength	Exposure duration	MPE calculation		
λ (nm)	t (s)	(J·cm ⁻²)	(W·cm⁻²)	$ extcolor{C}_{ extcolor{A}}$
785 and 993	10 ⁻¹³ to 10 ⁻¹¹	$1.5 C_{\rm A} \times 10^{-8}$	-	532: C _A = 1.000 785: C _A = 1.479
	10 ⁻¹¹ to 10 ⁻⁹	2.7 C _A t ^{0.75}	-	
	10 ⁻⁹ to 18 × 10 ⁻⁶	$5.0 C_{\rm A} \times 10^{-7}$	-	
	18 x 10 ⁻⁶ to 10	$1.8 C_{\rm A} t^{0.75} \times 10^{-3}$	-	993: C _A = 3.855
	10 to 3 × 10 ⁴	-	$C_{\rm A} \times 10^{-3}$	

Table 5. MPE for ocular exposure with 785 nm or 993 nm laser emission

MPE: skin exposure

Refer to the table below from the ANSI Z136.1 standard to calculate the MPE for skin exposure to a laser beam.

MPE for skin exposure to a laser beam				
Wavelength	Exposure Duration	MPE Calculation		
λ (nm)	t (s)	(J·cm ⁻²)	(W·cm⁻²)	C _A
	10 ⁻⁹ to 10 ⁻⁷	$2 C_{\rm A} \times 10^{-2}$	-	532: C _A = 1.000
532, 785 and 993	10 ⁻⁷ to 10	1.1 C _A t ^{0.25}	-	785: C _A = 1.479
	10 to 3 x 10 ⁴	-	0.2 C _A	993: C _A = 3.855

Table 6. MPE for skin exposure with 532 nm, 785 nm, or 993 nm laser emission

Certificates and approvals

Hazardous area approvals

The hazardous area approvals are listed below.

Туре	Description
Hazardous area approvals	ATEX The Rxn-41 probe has been third-party approved for use in hazardous areas in accordance with Article 17 of Directive 2014/34/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council dated 26 February 2014. The Rxn-41 probe has been certified to the ATEX Directive for use in Europe, as well as in other countries accepting ATEX-certified equipment.
	IECEx The Rxn-41 probe can also be marked for International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Certification Systems for Explosive Atmospheres when installed in accordance with the Hazardous Area Installation Drawing. North American
	The Rxn-41 probe has also been approved for use in hazardous areas in the United States (US) and Canada by the Canadian Standards Association when installed in accordance with the Hazardous Area Installation Drawing. The products are eligible to bear the CSA Mark with adjacent indicators 'C' and 'US' for Canada and US or with adjacent indicator 'US' for US only or without either indicator for Canada only.

Table 7. Hazardous area approvals

Certifications and markings

 $\label{lem:endress} Endress + Hauser\ offers\ certifications\ for\ the\ Rxn-41\ probe\ following\ the\ standards\ below.$ Select the desired certification(s) and the probe or probe tag will be marked accordingly.

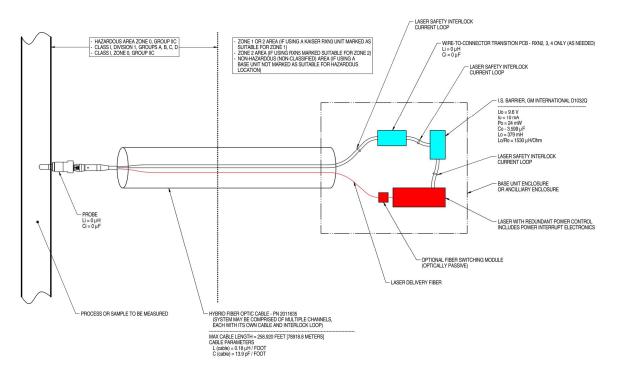
Туре	Description
ATEX marking and	ATEX marking is available as an option at the time of purchase. Available
installations	markings: II 2/1 G Ex ia op is IIA or IIB or IIB+H2 or IIC T3 or T4 or T6 Ga
	II 2/1 G EX la op is lik of lib of lib 112 of lic 15 of 14 of 10 da
	Prior to the order, the marking for the particular probe/application must be
	determined. The customer must do one of the following: Work with purchasing to identify the required marking OR
	Provide Endress+Hauser with a completed copy of the Hazardous Area
	Equipment Assessment (4002266).
	Endress+Hauser will mark the Rxn-41 probes according to the customer's provided information. Endress+Hauser is not responsible for the customer's
	inaccuracies.
	▲ WARNING
	In an ATEX-governed environment, only ATEX-marked probes may be
	used.
North American hazardous area	CSA marking is available as an option at the time of purchase. Available markings:
marking and installations	Ex ia op is IIA or IIB or IIB + H2 or IIC T3 or T4 or T6 Ga
	Class I, Zone O AEx ia op is IIA or IIB or IIB + H2 or IIC T3 or T4 or T6 Ga Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D T3/T4/T6
	Prior to the order, the marking for the particular probe/application must be determined. The customer must do one of the following:
	Work with purchasing to identify the required marking OR
	Provide Endress+Hauser with a completed copy of the Hazardous Area Equipment Assessment (4002266).
	Endress+Hauser will mark the Rxn-41 probes according to the customer's
	provided information. Endress+Hauser is not responsible for the customer's
	inaccuracies. For North American applications into classified environments, the probe set
	will have the CSA mark and can be considered intrinsically safe when installed according to the Hazardous Area Installation Drawing (4002396). See Certifications and markings → .
	▲ WARNING
	In a CSA-governed environment, only CSA-marked probes may be used.
IECEx hazardous area	IECEx marking is available as an option at the time of purchase. Available
marking and installations	markings:
mstanacions	Ex ia op is IIA or IIB or IIB + H2 or IIC T3 or T4 or T6 Ga
	Prior to the order, the marking for the particular probe or application must be determined. The customer must do one of the following:
	Work with purchasing to identify the required marking OR
	 Provide Endress+Hauser with a completed copy of the Hazardous Area Equipment Assessment (4002266).
	Endress+Hauser will mark the Rxn-41 probes according to the customer's provided information. Endress+Hauser is not responsible for the customer's inaccuracies.
	For IECEx applications into classified environments, the probe set will have
	the IECEx mark and can be considered intrinsically safe when installed according to the Hazardous Area Installation Drawing (4002396). See Certifications and markings → 🖺.
	▲ WARNING
	In an IECEx-governed environment, only IECEx-marked probes may be
	used.

Table 8. Certifications and markings

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Hazardous area drawing

The Hazardous Area Installation Drawing is shown below.



NOTES:

- 1. CONTROL EQUIPMENT CONNECTED TO THE ASSOCIATED APPARATUS MUST NOT USE OR GENERATE MORE THAN 250 VRMS OR VDC.
- 2. INSTALLATION IN THE U.S. SHOULD BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ANSI/ISA RP12.6 "INSTALLATION OF INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEMS FOR HAZARDOUS (CLASSIFIED) LOCATIONS" AND THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE® (ANSI/NFPA 70) SECTIONS 504 AND 505.
- 3. INSTALLATION IN CANADA SHOULD BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, CSA C22.1, PART 18, APPENDIX J18.
- 4. ASSOCIATED APPARATUS MANUFACTURER'S INSTALLATION DRAWING MUST BE FOLLOWED WHEN INSTALLING THIS EQUIPMENT.
- FOR U.S. INSTALLATIONS, THE PROBE MODELS RXN-30 (AIRHEAD), RXN-40 (WETHEAD) AND RXN-41 (PILOT) ARE APPROVED FOR CLASS I, ZONE 0 APPLICATIONS.
- 6. NO REVISION TO DRAWING WITHOUT PRIOR CSA APPROVAL.
- 7. WARNING: SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MAY IMPAIR INTRINSIC SAFETY.

A0049010

Figure 7. Hazardous Area Installation Drawing (4002396 version X6)

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