Operating Instructions
Micropilot FMR63B
Free space radar
HART
• Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device
• Avoid danger to individuals or the facility: read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures

The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. The Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to these instructions.
# Table of contents

1 About this document ................................ 5  
   1.1 Purpose of this document ...................... 5  
   1.2 Symbols ........................................ 5  
      1.2.1 Safety symbols ........................... 5  
      1.2.2 Symbols for certain types of information and graphics .... 5  
   1.3 Documentation .................................. 6  
      1.3.1 Technical Information (TI) ............... 6  
      1.3.2 Brief Operating Instructions (KA) ......... 6  
      1.3.3 Safety Instructions (XA) .................. 6  
      1.3.4 Functional Safety Manual (FY) .......... 6  
   1.4 List of abbreviations ............................ 6  
   1.5 Registered trademarks ........................... 7  

2 Basic safety instructions .......................... 8  
   2.1 Requirements for personnel ..................... 8  
   2.2 Intended use ..................................... 8  
   2.3 Workplace safety ................................ 9  
   2.4 Operational safety ................................ 9  
   2.5 Product safety ................................... 9  
   2.6 Functional Safety SIL (optional) ............... 9  
   2.7 IT security ....................................... 9  
   2.8 Device-specific IT security ..................... 10  

3 Product description ............................... 11  
   3.1 Product design ................................... 11  

4 Incoming acceptance and product identification .... 12  
   4.1 Incoming acceptance ............................. 12  
   4.2 Product identification ........................... 12  
      4.2.1 Nameplate .................................. 12  
      4.2.2 Manufacturer address ........................ 13  
   4.3 Storage and transport ............................ 13  
      4.3.1 Storage conditions .......................... 13  
      4.3.2 Transporting the product to the measuring point .... 13  

5 Mounting .............................................. 14  
   5.1 General instructions .............................. 14  
   5.2 Mounting requirements ........................... 14  
      5.2.1 Internal vessel fittings ..................... 14  
      5.2.2 Avoiding interference echoes ............... 15  
      5.2.3 Vertical alignment of antenna axis ........... 15  
      5.2.4 Radial alignment of the antenna .......... 15  
      5.2.5 Optimization options ......................... 15  
   5.3 Mounting the device .............................. 15  
      5.3.1 Integrated antenna, PEEK 20 mm (0.75 in) .... 15  
      5.3.2 Antenna, PTFE cladded, flush mount 50 mm (2 in) .... 15  
      5.3.3 Antenna, PTFE cladded, flush mount 80 mm (3 in) .... 16  
      5.3.4 Turning the housing ......................... 17  
      5.3.5 Turning the display module ................. 17  
      5.3.6 Changing the installation position of the display module .... 18  
      5.3.7 Closing the housing covers .................. 20  
   5.4 Post-mounting check ............................. 20  

6 Electrical connection ............................. 21  
   6.1 Connecting requirements ....................... 21  
      6.1.1 Cover with securing screw .................. 21  
      6.1.2 Potential equalization ....................... 21  
   6.2 Connecting the device .......................... 22  
      6.2.1 Supply voltage ............................... 22  
      6.2.2 Cable specification ........................... 23  
      6.2.3 4 to 20 mA HART ............................. 24  
      6.2.4 Overvoltage protection ...................... 24  
      6.2.5 Wiring  ..................................... 25  
      6.2.6 Terminal assignment .......................... 25  
      6.2.7 Cable entries ................................. 27  
      6.2.8 Available device plugs ....................... 27  
   6.3 Ensuring the degree of protection ............... 28  
      6.3.1 Cable entries ................................. 28  
   6.4 Post-connection check ........................... 28  

7 Operation options ................................. 30  
   7.1 Overview of operating options ................. 30  
   7.2 Operating keys and DIP switches on the HART electronic insert .... 30  
   7.3 Structure and function of the operating menu .......... 30  
      7.3.1 User roles and related access authorization .... 30  
   7.4 Access to the operating menu via the local display .......... 31  
      7.4.1 Device display (optional) .................... 31  
      7.4.2 Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology (optional) .... 32  
   7.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool .......... 32  
   7.6 DeviceCare ...................................... 33  
      7.6.1 Function scope ............................... 33  
   7.7 FieldCare ....................................... 33  
      7.7.1 Function range ............................... 33  

8 System integration ............................... 34  
   8.1 Overview of device description files ............ 34  
   8.2 Measured variables via HART protocol ........... 34  

9 Commissioning .................................... 35  
   9.1 Preliminaries ................................. 35  
   9.2 Function check ................................. 35
9.3 Establishing a connection via FieldCare and DeviceCare ........................................... 35
9.3.1 Via HART protocol ........................................... 35
9.3.2 Via service interface (CDI) ...................... 36
9.4 Configuring the device address via software ........................................... 36
9.5 Setting the operating language ........................................... 36
9.5.1 Local display ........................................... 36
9.5.2 Operating tool ........................................... 36
9.6 Configuring the device ........................................... 37
9.6.1 Level measurement in liquids ........................................... 37
9.6.2 Commissioning with the Commissioning wizard ........................................... 37
9.7 Recording the Echo curve ........................................... 38
9.8 "Simulation" submenu ........................................... 38

10 Operation ........................................... 39
10.1 Reading off the device locking status ........................................... 39
10.2 Reading off measured values ........................................... 39
10.3 Adapting the device to process conditions ........................................... 39
10.4 Heartbeat Technology (optional) ........................................... 39
10.4.1 Heartbeat Verification ........................................... 39
10.4.2 Heartbeat Verification/Monitoring ........................................... 39

11 Diagnosis and troubleshooting ........................................... 40
11.1 General troubleshooting ........................................... 40
11.1.1 General errors ........................................... 40
11.2 Error - SmartBlue operation ........................................... 40
11.3 Diagnostic message ........................................... 41
11.3.1 Diagnostic information on local display ........................................... 42
11.3.2 Diagnostic information in the operating tool ........................................... 42
11.3.3 Status signal ........................................... 42
11.3.4 Diagnostic event and event text ........................................... 43
11.4 Remedy informationCalling up ........................................... 44
11.4.1 Graphic display with keys ........................................... 44
11.4.2 Operating menu ........................................... 44
11.5 Adapting the diagnostic information ........................................... 44
11.6 List of diagnostic events ........................................... 45
11.7 Event logbook ........................................... 47
11.7.1 Event history ........................................... 47
11.7.2 Filtering the event logbook ........................................... 47
11.7.3 Overview of information events ........................................... 47
11.8 Resetting the device ........................................... 48
11.8.1 Resetting the device via the operating tool ........................................... 48
11.8.2 Resetting the device via keys on the electronic insert ........................................... 49
11.9 Device information ........................................... 49
11.10 Firmware history ........................................... 50

12 Maintenance ........................................... 51
12.1 Exterior cleaning ........................................... 51
12.2 Seals ........................................... 51

13 Repair ........................................... 52
13.1 General information ........................................... 52
13.1.1 Repair concept ........................................... 52
13.1.2 Repairs to Ex-approved devices ........................................... 52
13.2 Spare parts ........................................... 52
13.3 Replacement ........................................... 52
13.3.1 HistOROM ........................................... 53
13.4 Return ........................................... 53
13.5 Disposal ........................................... 53

14 Accessories ........................................... 54
14.1 Weather protection cover 316L ........................................... 54
14.2 Plastic weather protection cover ........................................... 54
14.3 M12 socket ........................................... 55
14.4 Remote display FHX50B ........................................... 56
14.5 Gas-tight feedthrough ........................................... 57
14.6 Process adapter M24 ........................................... 57
14.7 Commubox FXA195 HART ........................................... 57
14.8 HART Loop Converter HMX50 ........................................... 57
14.9 FieldPort SWA50 ........................................... 57
14.10 Wireless HART adapter SWA70 ........................................... 58
14.11 Fieldgate FXA42 ........................................... 58
14.12 Field Xpert SMT70 ........................................... 58
14.13 DeviceCare SFE100 ........................................... 58
14.14 FieldCare SFE500 ........................................... 58
14.15 Memograph M ........................................... 58
14.16 RN42 ........................................... 59

15 Technical data ........................................... 60
15.1 Input ........................................... 60
15.2 Output ........................................... 67
15.3 Environment ........................................... 71
15.4 Process ........................................... 82

Index ........................................... 85
1  About this document

1.1  Purpose of this document
These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2  Symbols

1.2.1  Safety symbols

⚠️ DANGER
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

⚠️ WARNING
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

⚠️ CAUTION
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

⚠️ NOTICE
This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.2.2  Symbols for certain types of information and graphics

✅ Permitted
Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted

🚫 Forbidden
Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden

⚠️ Tip
Indicates additional information

➡️ Reference to documentation

➡️ Reference to page

➡️ Reference to graphic

➡️ Notice or individual step to be observed

1, 2, 3, ...
Series of steps

➡️ Result of a step

1, 2, 3, ...
Item numbers

A, B, C, ...
Views
1.3  Documentation

The following types of documentation are available in the Download Area of the Endress +Hauser website (www.endress.com/downloads):

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- **Device Viewer** (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- **Endress+Hauser Operations app**: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

### 1.3.1 Technical Information (TI)
**Planning aid**
The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.

### 1.3.2 Brief Operating Instructions (KA)
**Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value**
The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.

### 1.3.3 Safety Instructions (XA)
Depending on the approval, the following Safety Instructions (XA) are supplied with the device. They are an integral part of the Operating Instructions.

The nameplate indicates the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant to the device.

### 1.3.4 Functional Safety Manual (FY)
Depending on the SIL approval, the Functional Safety Manual (FY) is an integral part of the Operating Instructions and applies in addition to the Operating Instructions, Technical Information and ATEX Safety Instructions.

The different requirements that apply for the protective function are described in the Functional Safety Manual (FY).

1.4  List of abbreviations

- **BA**: Document type "Operating Instructions"
- **KA**: Document type "Brief Operating Instructions"
- **TI**: Document type "Technical Information"
- **SD**: Document type "Special Documentation"
- **XA**: Document type "Safety Instructions"
- **PN**: Nominal pressure
- **MWP**: Maximum working pressure

The MWP is indicated on the nameplate.
ToF
Time of Flight

FieldCare
Scalable software tool for device configuration and integrated plant asset management solutions

DeviceCare
Universal configuration software for Endress+Hauser HART, PROFIBUS, FOUNDATION Fieldbus and Ethernet field devices

DTM
Device Type Manager

$\varepsilon_r$ (Dk value)
Relative dielectric constant

Operating tool
The term "operating tool" is used in place of the following operating software:
- FieldCare / DeviceCare, for operation via HART communication and PC
- SmartBlue app, for operation using an Android or iOS smartphone or tablet

PLC
Programmable logic controller (PLC)

1.5 Registered trademarks

HART®
Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

Bluetooth®
The Bluetooth® word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by the Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and any use of such marks by Endress+Hauser is under license. Other trademarks and trade names are those of their respective owners.

Apple®
Apple, the Apple logo, iPhone, and iPod touch are trademarks of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. App Store is a service mark of Apple Inc.

Android®
Android, Google Play and the Google Play logo are trademarks of Google Inc.

KALREZ®, VITON®
Registered trademarks of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, DE USA

TRI-CLAMP®
Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA
2 Basic safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for personnel
The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill
the following requirements:
🔹 Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function
and task.
🔹 Personnel must be authorized by the plant owner/operator.
🔹 Be familiar with federal/national regulations.
🔹 Before starting work: personnel must read and understand the instructions in the
manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on
the application).
🔹 Personnel must follow instructions and comply with general policies.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:
🔹 Personnel are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by
the facility's owner-operator.
🔹 Personnel follow the instructions in this manual.

2.2 Intended use
Application and media
The measuring device described in these Operating Instructions is intended for continuous,
non-contact level measurement in liquids, pastes and sludges. The operating frequency is
approx. 80 GHz with a maximum emitted peak power of <1.5 mW and an average power
output of <70 µW. Operation does not pose any danger whatsoever to humans and
animals.

If the limit values specified in the 'Technical data' and the conditions listed in the
instructions and additional documentation are observed, the measuring device may be
used only for the following measurements:
🔹 Measured process variables: level, distance, signal strength
🔹 Calculable process variables: volume or mass in any shape of vessel

To ensure that the measuring device remains in proper condition for the operation time:
🔹 Use the measuring device only for media to which the process-wetted materials are
sufficiently resistant.
🔹 Observe the limit values in the 'Technical data'.

Incorrect use
The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-intended use.

Avoid mechanical damage:
🔹 Do not touch or clean device surfaces with pointed or hard objects.

Clarification of borderline cases:
🔹 For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance
in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any
warranty or liability.

Residual risks
Due to heat transfer from the process as well as power loss in the electronics, the
temperature of the electronics housing and the assemblies it contains (e.g. display module,
main electronics module and I/O electronics module) may rise to 80 °C (176 °F). When in
operation, the sensor may reach a temperature close to the medium temperature.

Danger of burns from contact with surfaces!
🔹 For elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.
2.3 **Workplace safety**

When working on and with the device:

- Wear the required personal protective equipment according to federal/national regulations.
- Switch off the supply voltage before connecting the device.

2.4 **Operational safety**

Risk of injury!

- Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

**Modifications to the device**

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers:

- If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

**Repair**

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- Use only original spare parts and accessories from the manufacturer.

**Hazardous area**

To eliminate danger to persons or the installation when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety):

- Check the nameplate to verify whether the ordered device can be put to its intended use in the hazardous area.
- Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation, which is an integral part of this manual.

2.5 **Product safety**

This device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets the general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. Endress+Hauser confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

2.6 **Functional Safety SIL (optional)**

The Functional Safety Manual must be strictly observed for devices that are used in functional safety applications.

2.7 **IT security**

We only provide a warranty if the device is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The device is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the device settings. IT security measures in line with operators' security standards and designed to provide additional protection for the device and device data transfer must be implemented by the operators themselves.
2.8 Device-specific IT security

The device offers specific functions to support protective measures by the operator. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater in-operation safety if used correctly. An overview of the most important functions is provided in the following section:

- Write protection via hardware write protection switch
- Access code (applies for operation via display, Bluetooth or FieldCare, DeviceCare, ASM, PDM)
3  Product description

3.1  Product design

![Diagram of Micropilot FMR63B](image)

1  Design of the Micropilot FMR63B

1  Electronics housing
2  Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in), thread
3  Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in), M24 adapter
4  Antenna, cladded flush mount, PTFE, with Tri-Clamp ISO2852
5  Antenna, cladded flush mount, PTFE, slotted nut DIN11851
4  Incoming acceptance and product identification

4.1  Incoming acceptance

Check the following during incoming acceptance:

- Is the order code on the delivery note (1) identical to the order code on the product sticker (2)?
- Are the goods undamaged?
- Do the data on the nameplate correspond to the order specifications and the delivery note?
- Is the documentation provided?
- If required (see nameplate): are the Safety Instructions (XA) provided?

If one of these conditions is not met, please contact the manufacturer's sales office.

4.2  Product identification

The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note

- **Device Viewer** ([www.endress.com/deviceviewer](http://www.endress.com/deviceviewer)); manually enter the serial number from the nameplate.
  - All the information about the measuring device is displayed.

- **Endress+Hauser Operations app**; manually enter the serial number indicated on the nameplate or scan the 2D matrix code on the nameplate.
  - All the information about the measuring device is displayed.

4.2.1  Nameplate

The information that is required by law and is relevant to the device is shown on the nameplate, e.g.:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order number, extended order code, serial number
- Technical data, degree of protection
- Firmware version, hardware version
- Approval-related information, reference to Safety Instructions (XA)
- DataMatrix code (information about the device)
4.2.2  Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG
Hauptstraße 1
79689 Maulburg, Germany
Place of manufacture: See nameplate.

4.3  Storage and transport

4.3.1  Storage conditions

- Use the original packaging
- Store the device in clean and dry conditions and protect from damage caused by shocks

Storage temperature range

See Technical Information.

4.3.2  Transporting the product to the measuring point

⚠️ WARNING
Incorrect transport!
The housing or sensor can be damaged or pull off. Risk of injury!

- Transport the device to the measuring point in its original packaging or by the process connection.
- Always secure lifting equipment (slings, eyes, etc.) at the process connection and never lift the device by the electronic housing or sensor. Pay attention to the center of gravity of the device so that it does not tilt or slip unintentionally.
5  Mounting

5.1  General instructions

WARNING
Loss of protection rating if the device is opened in a wet environment.
→ Only open the device in a dry environment!

1. Install the device or turn the housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.

2. Always firmly tighten the housing cover and the cable entries.

3. Counter-tighten the cable entries.

4. A drip loop must be provided when laying the cables.

5.2  Mounting requirements

5.2.1  Internal vessel fittings

Avoid internal fittings (point level switches, temperature sensors, struts, vacuum rings, heating coils, baffles etc.) inside the signal beam. Pay attention to the beam angle $\alpha$. 
5.2.2 Avoiding interference echoes

Metal deflector plates, installed at an angle to scatter the radar signals, help prevent interference echoes.

5.2.3 Vertical alignment of antenna axis
Align the antenna so that it is perpendicular to the product surface.

The maximum reach of the antenna can be reduced, or additional interference signals can occur, if the antenna is not installed perpendicular to the product.

5.2.4 Radial alignment of the antenna
Based on the directional characteristic, radial alignment of the antenna is not necessary.

5.2.5 Optimization options
Mapping
Measurement can be optimized by electronically suppressing interference echoes. See the Confirm distance parameter.

5.3 Mounting the device

5.3.1 Integrated antenna, PEEK 20 mm (0.75 in)

Information concerning threaded connections
- When screwing in, turn by the hex bolt only.
- Tool: open-ended wrench 36 mm
- Maximum permissible torque: 50 Nm (36 lbf ft)

Information about the mounting nozzle
The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$. 
**5.3.2 Antenna, PTFE cladded, flush mount 50 mm (2 in)**

The cladding on the antenna also acts as a process seal. An additional seal is not required for installation.

**Information about the mounting nozzle**

The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$.

\[ H_{\text{max}} = \phi D \]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\phi D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40 to 50 mm (1.6 to 2 in)</td>
<td>200 mm (8 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 80 mm (2 to 3.2 in)</td>
<td>300 mm (12 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>450 mm (18 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>550 mm (22 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\geq$ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>850 mm (34 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:

- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

**5.3.3 Antenna, PTFE cladded, flush mount 80 mm (3 in)**

The cladding on the antenna also acts as a process seal. An additional seal is not required for installation.

**Information about the mounting nozzle**

The maximum nozzle length $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$.

\[ H_{\text{max}} = \phi D \]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$\phi D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50 to 80 mm (2 to 3.2 in)</td>
<td>600 mm (24 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1000 mm (40 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>1250 mm (50 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$\geq$ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>1850 mm (74 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:

- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer's support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.
The maximum length of the nozzle $H_{\text{max}}$ depends on the nozzle diameter $D$.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$D$</th>
<th>$H_{\text{max}}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>80 to 100 mm (3.2 to 4 in)</td>
<td>1 750 mm (70 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 in)</td>
<td>2 200 mm (88 in)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≥ 150 mm (6 in)</td>
<td>3 300 mm (132 in)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the case of longer nozzles, reduced measuring performance must be expected.

Please note the following:
- The end of the nozzle must be smooth and free from burrs.
- The edge of the nozzle should be rounded.
- Mapping must be performed.
- Please contact the manufacturer’s support department for applications with nozzles that are higher than indicated in the table.

5.3.4 Turning the housing

The housing can be rotated up to 380° by loosening the locking screw.

Your benefits
- Easy installation due to optimum alignment of housing
- Easily accessible device operation
- Optimum readability of the local display (optional)

| A Plastic single compartment housing (no locking screw) |
| B Aluminum single compartment housing |
| C Single compartment housing, 316L, hygiene (no locking screw) |
| D Dual compartment housing |
| E Dual compartment housing, L-form |
| 1 Locking screw |

**NOTICE**

The housing cannot be unscrewed fully.
- Loosen the external locking screw by a maximum of 1.5 turns. If the screw is unscrewed too much or completely (beyond the screw anchor point), small parts (counter disk) can become loose and fall out.
- Tighten the securing screw (hexagon socket 4 mm (0.16 in)) with maximum 3.5 Nm (2.58 lbf ft) ± 0.3 Nm (0.22 lbf ft).

5.3.5 Turning the display module

**WARNING**
Supply voltage switched on!
Risk of electric shock and/or explosion!
- Switch off the supply voltage before opening the measuring device.
1. If fitted: release the screw of the cover lock for the electronics compartment cover using the Allen key.

2. Unscrew the electronics compartment cover from the transmitter housing and check the cover seal.

3. Press the release mechanism and remove the display module.

4. Turn the display module to the desired position: maximum 4 × 90° in each direction. Fit the display module on the electronics compartment in the desired position until it clicks into place. Screw the electronics compartment cover back onto the transmitter housing. If fitted: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key 0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft) ± 0.2 Nm (0.15 lbf ft).

5.3.6 Changing the installation position of the display module

The installation position of the display can be changed in the case of the dual compartment housing, L-form.
WARNING
Supply voltage switched on!
Risk of electric shock and/or explosion!
➤ Switch off the supply voltage before opening the measuring device.

1. ➤ If fitted: release the screw of the cover lock for the display cover using the Allen key.
2. ➤ Unscrew the display cover and check the cover seal.
3. ➤ Press the release mechanism, remove the display module.
4. ➤ Release the connection.
5. ➤ If fitted: release the screw of the cover lock for the connection compartment cover using the Allen key.
6. ➤ Unscrew the connection compartment cover, check the cover seal. Screw this cover onto the electronics compartment instead of the display cover. If fitted: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key.
5.3.7 Closing the housing covers

**NOTICE**
Thread and housing damaged from dirt!

- Remove dirt (e.g. sand) on the cover and housing thread.
- If you encounter resistance when closing the cover, check the thread for dirt and clean it.

**Housing thread**
The threads of the electronics and connection compartment can be coated with an anti-friction coating.
The following applies for all housing materials:

**Do not lubricate the housing threads.**

5.4 Post-mounting check

- Is the device free from damage (visual inspection)?
- Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?
- Is the measuring device protected against precipitation and sunlight?
- Are the securing screws and cover lock tightened securely?
- Does the measuring device comply with the measuring point specifications?

For example:
- Process temperature
- Process pressure
- Ambient temperature
- Measuring range
6 Electrical connection

6.1 Connecting requirements

6.1.1 Cover with securing screw

The cover is locked by a securing screw in devices for use in hazardous areas with certain explosion protection.

**NOTICE**

If the securing screw is not positioned correctly, the cover cannot provide secure sealing.

- Open the cover: slacken the screw of the cover lock with a maximum of 2 turns so that the screw does not fall out. Fit the cover and check the cover seal.
- Close the cover: screw the cover securely onto the housing, making sure that the securing screw is positioned correctly. There should not be any gap between the cover and housing.

![Cover with securing screw](A0039520)

![Cover with securing screw; hygienic housing (only for dust explosion protection)](A0050983)

6.1.2 Potential equalization

The protective ground on the device must not be connected. If necessary, the potential matching line can be connected to the outer ground terminal of the transmitter before the device is connected.
6.2 Connecting the device

A0046583

A Single compartment housing, plastic
B Single compartment housing, aluminum
C Single compartment housing, 316L hygiene (Ex device)
D Dual compartment housing
E Dual compartment housing, L-form
1 Ground terminal for connecting the potential matching line

**WARNING**

Explosion Hazard!

- Please refer to the separate documentation on applications in hazardous areas for the safety instructions.

For optimum electromagnetic compatibility:

- Keep the potential matching line as short as possible
- Observe a cross-section of at least 2.5 mm² (14 AWG)

6.2.1 Supply voltage

The supply voltage depends on the selected type of device approval
The power supply unit must be safety-approved (e.g., PELV, SELV, Class 2) and must comply with the relevant protocol specifications.

A suitable circuit breaker must be provided for the device in accordance with IEC/EN61010-1

### Device display and Bluetooth

The display and the Bluetooth function (order option) are dependent on the supply voltage at the moment the device is switched on.

**Supply voltage**
- <15 V<sub>DC</sub>: the background lighting is switched off
- <12 V<sub>DC</sub>: the Bluetooth function is also switched off

**If the remote display FHX50B is used (accessory)**

**Supply voltage**
- <15 V<sub>DC</sub>: the background lighting and the Bluetooth function are switched off
- 12.5 V<sub>DC</sub> minimum

#### 6.2.2 Cable specification

**Rated cross-section**
- Supply voltage
  0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 13 AWG)
- Protective earth or grounding of the cable shield
  > 1 mm<sup>2</sup> (17 AWG)
- External ground terminal
  0.5 to 4 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 12 AWG)

**Cable outer diameter**

The cable outer diameter depends on the cable gland used
- Coupling, plastic:
  Ø5 to 10 mm (0.2 to 0.38 in)
- Coupling, nickel-plated brass:
  Ø7 to 10.5 mm (0.28 to 0.41 in)
- Coupling, stainless steel:
  Ø7 to 12 mm (0.28 to 0.47 in)
6.2.3  4 to 20 mA HART

![Block diagram of HART connection](image)

1. Device with HART communication
2. HART communication resistor
3. Power supply
4. Multimeter or ammeter

The HART communication resistor of 250 Ω in the signal line is always necessary in the case of a low-impedance power supply.

**Take the voltage drop into consideration:**
Maximum 6 V for a 250 Ω communication resistor

6.2.4  Overvoltage protection

The overvoltage protection can optionally be ordered as a 'Mounted accessory' via the product structure

**Devices without optional overvoltage protection**

The equipment fulfills the requirements of the product standard IEC / DIN EN 61326-1 (Table 2 Industrial Environment).

Depending on the type of port (DC power supply, input/output port) different testing levels according to IEC / DIN EN 61326-1 against transient overvoltages (Surge) are applied (IEC / DIN EN 61000-4-5 Surge):
- Test level on DC power ports and input/output ports is 1 000 V line to earth

**Devices with optional overvoltage protection**

- Spark-over voltage: min. 400 V<sub>DC</sub>
- Tested according to IEC / DIN EN 60079-14 sub chapter 12.3 (IEC / DIN EN 60060-1 chapter 7)
- Nominal discharge current: 10 kA

**NOTICE**

**Device could be destroyed**
- Always ground device with integrated overvoltage protection.

**Overvoltage category**

Overvoltage category II
6.2.5 Wiring

**WARNING**
Supply voltage might be connected!
Risk of electric shock and/or explosion!

- If the device is used in hazardous areas, make sure to comply with national standards and the specifications in the Safety Instructions (XAs). The specified cable gland must be used.
- The supply voltage must match the specifications on the nameplate.
- Switch off the supply voltage before connecting the device.
- If necessary, the potential matching line can be connected to the outer ground terminal of the device before the power supply lines are connected.
- A suitable circuit breaker should be provided for the device in accordance with IEC/EN 61010.
- The cables must be adequately insulated, with due consideration given to the supply voltage and the overvoltage category.
- The connecting cables must offer adequate temperature stability, with due consideration given to the ambient temperature.
- Only operate the measuring device with the covers closed.

Connect the device in the following order:
1. Release the cover lock (if provided).
2. Unscrew the cover.
3. Guide the cables into the cable glands or cable entries.
4. Connect the cables.
5. Tighten the cable glands or cable entries so that they are leak-tight. Counter-tighten the housing entry.
6. Screw the cover securely back onto the connection compartment.
7. If provided: tighten the screw of the cover lock using the Allen key 0.7 Nm (0.52 lbf ft) ±0.2 Nm (0.15 lbf ft).

6.2.6 Terminal assignment

**Single compartment housing**

![Connection terminals and ground terminal in the connection compartment](image)

1. Positive terminal
2. Negative terminal
3. Internal ground terminal
Dual compartment housing

6 Connection terminals and ground terminal in the connection compartment
1 Positive terminal
2 Negative terminal
3 Internal ground terminal

Dual compartment housing, L-form

7 Connection terminals and ground terminal in the connection compartment
1 Positive terminal
2 Negative terminal
3 Internal ground terminal
6.2.7 Cable entries

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>D</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#1</td>
<td>#1</td>
<td>#1</td>
<td>#1</td>
<td>#1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Single compartment housing, plastic
B Single compartment housing, aluminum
C Single compartment housing, 316L hygiene
D Dual compartment housing
E Dual compartment housing, L-form
1 Cable entry
2 Dummy plug

The type of cable entry depends on the device version ordered.

Always route connecting cables downwards so that moisture cannot penetrate the connection compartment.

If necessary, create a drip loop or use a weather protection cover.

6.2.8 Available device plugs

In the case of devices with a plug, it is not necessary to open the housing for connection purposes.

Use the enclosed seals to prevent the penetration of moisture into the device.

Devices with M12 plug

1 Signal +
2 Not assigned
3 Signal –
4 Ground
Measuring devices with Harting plug Han7D

A  Electrical connection for devices with Harting plug Han7D
B  View of the plug-in connection on the device
- Brown
÷  Green/yellow
+  Blue

Material
CuZn, gold-plated plug-in jack and plug contacts

6.3  Ensuring the degree of protection

6.3.1  Cable entries
- Gland M20, plastic, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, nickel-plated brass, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Gland M20, 316L, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Thread M20, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
- Thread G1/2, IP66/68 NEMA TYPE 4X/6P
  If the G1/2 thread is selected, the device is delivered with an M20 thread as standard and a G1/2 adapter is included with the delivery, along with the corresponding documentation
- Thread NPT1/2, IP66/68 TYPE 4X/6P
- Dummy plug transport protection: IP22, TYPE 2
- HAN7D plug, 90 degrees, IP65 NEMA Type 4X
- M12 plug
  - When housing is closed and connecting cable is plugged in: IP66/67, NEMA Type 4X
  - When housing is open or connecting cable is not plugged in: IP20, NEMA Type 1

**NOTICE**
Plug M12 and plug HAN7D: incorrect mounting can invalidate the IP protection class!
- The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is plugged in and screwed tight.
- The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is specified according to IP67, NEMA Type 4X.
- The IP protection classes are only maintained if the dummy cap is used or the cable is connected.

6.4  Post-connection check
- Are the device or cables undamaged (visual inspection)?
- Do the cables used comply with the requirements?
☐ Do the mounted cables have strain relief?
☐ Cable glands mounted, securely tightened and leak-tight?
☐ Does the supply voltage correspond to the specifications on the nameplate?
☐ No reverse polarity, terminal assignment correct?
☐ Cover screwed down correctly?
☐ Cover lock tightened correctly?
7 Operation options

7.1 Overview of operating options

- Operation via operating keys and DIP switches on the electronic insert
- Operation via optical operating keys on the device display (optional)
- Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology (with optional device display with Bluetooth) with Smartblue app or FieldXpert, DeviceCare
- Operation via operating tool (Endress+Hauser FieldCare/DeviceCare, handheld terminal, AMS, PDM, ...)

7.2 Operating keys and DIP switches on the HART electronic insert

![Diagram of operating keys and DIP switches](image)

1 Operating key for reset password (for Bluetooth login and Maintenance user role)
1+2 Operating keys for device reset (as-delivered state)
2 Operating key II (only for factory reset)
3 DIP switch for alarm current
4 DIP switch for locking and unlocking the device

The setting of the DIP switches on the electronic insert has priority over the settings made via other operation methods (e.g. FieldCare/DeviceCare).

7.3 Structure and function of the operating menu

The differences between the structure of the operating menus of the local display and the Endress+Hauser FieldCare or DeviceCare operating tools can be summarized as follows:

The local display is suitable for configuring simple applications.

The operating tools (FieldCare, DeviceCare, SmartBlue, AMS, PDM, ...) can be used to configure the parameters of wide-ranging applications.

Wizards help the user to commission the various applications. The user is guided through the individual configuration steps.

7.3.1 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles Operator and Maintenance (as-delivered state) have different write access to the parameters if a device-specific access code has been defined. This access code protects the device configuration from unauthorized access.
If an incorrect access code is entered, the user obtains the access rights of the **Operator** role.

### 7.4 Access to the operating menu via the local display

#### 7.4.1 Device display (optional)

Possible to operate the optical operating keys through the cover. No need to open the device.

**Functions:**
- Display of measured values and fault and notice messages
- Background lighting, which switches from green to red in the event of an error
- The device display can be removed for easier operation

Backlighting is switched on or off depending on the supply voltage and the current consumption.

The device display is also optionally available with Bluetooth® wireless technology.

![Graphic display with optical operating keys (1)](image)

- **Key 】**
  - Navigate downwards in the picklist
  - Edit the numerical values or characters within a function
- **Key 】**
  - Navigate upwards in the picklist
  - Edit the numerical values or characters within a function
- **Key 】**
  - Change from main display to main menu
  - Confirm entry
  - Jump to the next item
  - Select a menu item and activate the edit mode
  - Unlock/lock the display operation
  - Press and hold the 】 key to display a short description of the selected parameter (if available)
- **】 key and 】 key (ESC function)
  - Exit edit mode for a parameter without saving the changed value
  - Menu at a selection level: pressing the keys simultaneously takes the user back up a level in the menu
  - Press and hold the keys simultaneously to return to the upper level
7.4.2 Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology (optional)

Prerequisite
- Device with device display including Bluetooth
- Smartphone or tablet with Endress+Hauser SmartBlue app or PC with DeviceCare from version 1.07.05 or FieldXpert SMT70

The connection has a range of up to 25 m (82 ft). The range can vary depending on environmental conditions such as attachments, walls or ceilings.

The operating keys on the display are locked as soon as the device is connected via Bluetooth.

A flashing Bluetooth symbol indicates that a Bluetooth connection is available.

SmartBlue app
1. Scan the QR code or enter "SmartBlue" in the search field of the App Store or Google Play.

![QR Code and App Store/Google Play icons]

2. Start the SmartBlue app.
3. Select device from livelist displayed.
4. Login:
   - Enter the user name: admin
   - Password: serial number of the device.
5. Change the password after logging in for the first time!

Prerequisites

System requirements
The SmartBlue app is available to download for smartphones or tablets. Please see the 'App Store (Apple)' or 'Google Play Store' for information regarding the compatibility of the SmartBlue app with mobile terminals.

Initial password
The serial number of the device serves as the initial password when the connection is established for the first time.

Please note the following
If the Bluetooth display is removed from one device and installed in another device:
- All the log-in data are only saved in the Bluetooth display and not in the device
- The password changed by the user is also saved in the Bluetooth display

7.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

Access via the operating tool is possible:
- Via HART communication, e.g. Commubox FXA195
- Via Endress+Hauser Commubox FXA291

With the Commubox FXA291, a CDI connection can be established with the device interface and a Windows PC/notebook with a USB port
7.6  DeviceCare

7.6.1  Function scope
Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.
The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs), DeviceCare presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.

For details, see Innovation Brochure IN01047S

7.7  FieldCare

7.7.1  Function range
FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. FieldCare can configure all smart field devices in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, FieldCare is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Access is via:
- CDI service interface
- HART communication

Typical functions:
- Configuration of transmitter parameters
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook

For additional information about FieldCare, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
8 System integration

8.1 Overview of device description files
- Manufacturer ID: 17 (0x0011)
- Device type ID: 0x11C1
- HART specification: 7.6
- DD files, information and files can be found at:
  - www.endress.com
  - www.fieldcommgroup.org

8.2 Measured variables via HART protocol

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device variable</th>
<th>Measured value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Primary variable (PV)</td>
<td>Level linearized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary variable (SV)</td>
<td>Distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tertiary variable (TV)</td>
<td>Absolute echo amplitude</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quaternary variable (QV)</td>
<td>Relative echo amplitude</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The assignment of the measured values to the device variables can be changed in the following submenu:
Application → HART output → HART output

In a HART Multidrop loop, only one device may use the analog current value for signal transmission. For all other devices in the "Loop current mode" parameter, select the Disable option.
9 Commissioning

All configuration tools provide a commissioning assistant that supports the user when setting the most important configuration parameters (Guidance menu Commissioning wizard).

9.1 Preliminaries

The measuring range and the unit in which the measured value is transmitted correspond to the data on the nameplate.

**WARNING**
The settings of the current output are relevant for safety!
This can result in product overflow.

- The setting for the current output depends on the setting in the Assign PV parameter.
- After changing the setting of the current output, check the setting of the span (Lower range value output and Upper range value output) and change it if necessary!

9.2 Function check

Before commissioning the measuring point, check whether the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed.

- → Post-installation check
- → Post-connection check

9.3 Establishing a connection via FieldCare and DeviceCare

9.3.1 Via HART protocol

![Diagram](image.png)

10 Options for remote operation via HART protocol

1. PLC (programmable logic controller)
2. Transmitter power supply unit, e.g., RN42
3. Connection for Commubox FXA195 and AMS Trex™ device communicator
4. AMS Trex™ device communicator
5. Computer with operating tool (e.g., DeviceCare/FieldCare, AMS Device View, SIMATIC PDM)
6. Commubox FXA195 (USB)
7. Field Xpert SMT70
8. Bluetooth modem with connecting cable (e.g., VIATOR)
9. Transmitter
9.3.2  Via service interface (CDI)

1  Computer with FieldCare/DeviceCare operating tool
2  Commubox FXA291
3  Service interface (CDI) of the measuring device (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface)

9.4  Configuring the device address via software

See "HART address" parameter
Enter the address to exchange data via the HART protocol.
- Guidance → Commissioning → HART address
- Application → HART output → Configuration → HART address

9.5  Setting the operating language

9.5.1  Local display

Setting the operating language

To set the operating language, the display first needs to be unlocked:

1. Press the \( \uparrow \) key for at least 2 s.
   \( \Rightarrow \) A dialog box appears.
2. Unlock the display operation.
3. Select the Language parameter in the main menu.
4. Press the \( \uparrow \) key.
5. Select the desired language with the \( \uparrow \) or \( \downarrow \) key.
6. Press the \( \uparrow \) key.

Display operation locks automatically (except in the Safety mode wizard):
- after 1 min on the main page if no key has been pressed
- after 10 min within the operating menu if no key has been pressed

9.5.2  Operating tool

Set display language

System → Display → Language

Selection in the Language parameter; Visibility depends on order options or device settings
9.6 Configuring the device

9.6.1 Level measurement in liquids

In the case of media with a low dielectric constant, $\varepsilon_r < 2$, the tank floor may be visible through the medium at very low levels (lower than level C). Reduced accuracy must be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, the zero point should be positioned at a distance C above the tank floor in these applications.

9.6.2 Commissioning with the Commissioning wizard

In FieldCare, DeviceCare, SmartBlue and on the display, the Commissioning wizard is available to guide the user through the initial commissioning steps.

Complete this wizard to commission the device.

For each parameter, enter the appropriate value or select the appropriate option.

NOTE

If you exit the wizard before completing all required parameters, the changes you have made will be saved. For this reason, the device may then be in an undefined state! In this case, a reset to the default settings is recommended.
9.7 Recording the Echo curve

Record the current Echo curve as a reference echo curve for subsequent diagnostic purposes.

After the measurement has been configured, it is recommended to record the current Echo curve as a reference echo curve.

The Save reference curve parameter in the Echo curve submenu is used to record the Echo curve.

Diagnostics → Echo curve → Save reference curve

Under the Save reference curve parameter, activate the Customer reference curve option.

9.8 "Simulation" submenu

Simulation of a process variable, a pulse output or a diagnostic event.
10  Operation

10.1  Reading off the device locking status
Displaying active write protection in the Locking status parameter
- Local display 🏛: The 🏛 symbol appears on the main page
- Operating tool (FieldCare/DeviceCare) 🏛: Navigation: System → Device management → Locking status

10.2  Reading off measured values
All the measured values can be read off using the Measured values submenu.
Navigation: Application menu → Measured values submenu

10.3  Adapting the device to process conditions
The following menus are available for this purpose:
- Basic settings in the Guidance menu
- Advanced settings in:
  - Diagnostics menu
  - Application menu
  - System menu

10.4  Heartbeat Technology (optional)

10.4.1  Heartbeat Verification
"Heartbeat Verification" wizard
This wizard is used to start an automatic verification of the device functionality. The results can be documented as a verification report.
- The wizard can be used via the operating tools and the display
  The wizard can be started on the display but only shows the Passed option or Failed option result.
- The wizard guides the user through the entire process for creating the verification report

10.4.2  Heartbeat Verification/Monitoring
The Heartbeat submenu is only available if operating via FieldCare, DeviceCare or the SmartBlue app. It contains the wizards that are available with the application packages Heartbeat Verification and Heartbeat Monitoring.

# Diagnosis and troubleshooting

## 11.1 General troubleshooting

### 11.1.1 General errors

**Device is not responding**
- Possible cause: Supply voltage does not match the specification on the nameplate
  Remedial action: Apply the correct voltage
- Possible cause: The polarity of the supply voltage is wrong
  Remedial action: Correct the polarity
- Possible cause: The connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals
  Remedial action: Check the electrical contact between cables and correct if necessary
- Possible cause: Load resistance too high
  Remedial action: Increase the supply voltage to reach the minimum terminal voltage

**Values not visible on the display**
- Possible cause: Display setting is too bright or too dark
  Remedial action:
  Use the **Contrast display** parameter to increase or reduce contrast
  Navigation path: System → Display → Contrast display
- Possible cause: The plug of the display cable is not connected correctly
  Remedial action: Connect the plug correctly
- Possible cause: Display is defective
  Remedial action: Replace the display

**“Communication error” is indicated on the display when the device is started or the display is connected**
- Possible cause: Electromagnetic interference influence
  Remedial action: Check grounding of the device
- Possible cause: Defective cable connection or display plug
  Remedial action: Replace the display

**Communication via CDI interface not working**
Possible cause: Wrong setting of the COM port on the computer
Remedial action: Check the setting of the COM port on the computer and correct it if necessary

**Device measuring incorrectly**
Possible cause: Parameter configuration error
Remedial action: Check and correct the parameter configuration

## 11.2 Error - SmartBlue operation

Operation via SmartBlue is only possible on devices that have a display with Bluetooth (optionally available).
**Device is not visible in the live list**
- **Possible cause:** No Bluetooth connection available
  Remedial action: Enable Bluetooth in the field device via display or software tool and/or in the smartphone/tablet
- **Possible cause:** Bluetooth signal outside range
  Remedial action: Reduce distance between field device and smartphone/tablet
  The connection has a range of up to 25 m (82 ft).
  Operating radius with intervisibility 10 m (33 ft)
- **Possible cause:** Geopositioning is not enabled on Android devices or is not permitted for the SmartBlue app
  Remedial action: Enable/disable geolocation service on Android device for the SmartBlue app
- **Display does not have Bluetooth**
- **Historom is not connected**

**Device appears in the live list but a connection cannot be established**
- **Possible cause:** The device is already connected with another smartphone/tablet via Bluetooth
  Only one point-to-point connection is permitted
  Remedial action: Disconnect the smartphone/tablet from the device
- **Possible cause:** Incorrect user name and password
  Remedial action: The standard user name is "admin" and the password is the device serial number indicated on the device nameplate (only if the password was not changed by the user beforehand)
  If the password has been forgotten, contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)

**Connection via SmartBlue not possible**
- **Possible cause:** Incorrect password entered
  Remedial action: Enter the correct password, paying attention to lower/upper case
- **Possible cause:** Forgotten password
  Remedial action: Contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)

**Login via SmartBlue not possible**
- **Possible cause:** Device is being put into operation for the first time
  Remedial action: Enter the user name "admin" and the password (device serial number), paying attention to lower/upper case
- **Possible cause:** The electric current and voltage are not correct.
  Remedial action: Increase the supply voltage.

**Device cannot be operated via SmartBlue**
- **Possible cause:** Incorrect password entered
  Remedial action: Enter the correct password, paying attention to lower/upper case
- **Possible cause:** Forgotten password
  Remedial action: Contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)
- **Possible cause:** **Operator** option has no authorization
  Remedial action: System → User management → User role Change to **Maintenance** option

### 11.3 Diagnostic message
Faits detected by the self-monitoring system of the device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the measured value.
If two or more diagnostic events occur simultaneously, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is shown.

11.3.1 Diagnostic information on local display

11.3.2 Diagnostic information in the operating tool

If a diagnostic event has occurred in the device, the status signal appears in the top left status area of the operating tool together with the corresponding symbol for the event level according to NAMUR NE 107.

Click the status signal to see the detailed status signal.

Pending diagnostic messages can also be displayed in the Active diagnostics parameter.

The diagnostic events and remedial measures can be printed out in the Diagnostic list submenu.

11.3.3 Status signal

F
Failure (F)
A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
### C
Function check (C)
The device is in the service mode (e.g. during a simulation).

### S
Out of specification (S)
Device operation:
- Outside of the technical specifications (e.g. during startup or a cleaning)
- Outside of the configuration performed by the user (e.g. sensor frequency outside the configured span)

### M
Maintenance required (M)
Maintenance required. The measured value is still valid.

#### 11.3.4 Diagnostic event and event text

The fault can be identified by means of the diagnostic event. The event text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the associated status symbol is displayed in front of the diagnostic event.

**Symbol for event level**

- **"Alarm" status**
  Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs adopt the defined alarm state. A diagnostic message is generated.

- **"Warning" status**
  The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.
11.4 Remedy information Calling up

11.4.1 Graphic display with keys

1. Open the Diagnostic list submenu

2. Select the diagnostic event and confirm

3. Remedy information

11.4.2 Operating menu

In the Diagnostic list submenu, up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages can be displayed. If more than 5 messages are pending, the messages with the highest priority are shown on the display.

Navigation path
Diagnostics → Diagnostic list

Queued diagnostic messages are also displayed in the Active diagnostics parameter.

Navigation: Diagnostics → Active diagnostics

11.5 Adapting the diagnostic information

The event level can be configured:

Navigation: Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings → Configuration
## 11.6 List of diagnostic events

If Remedy information **Contact the Service Department** is displayed (www.addresses.endress.com), be ready with the **service ID** shown.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diagnostic number</th>
<th>Short text</th>
<th>Remedy instructions</th>
<th>Status signal [from the factory]</th>
<th>Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diagnostic of sensor</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>062</td>
<td>Sensor connection faulty</td>
<td>Check sensor connection</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151</td>
<td>Sensor electronic failure</td>
<td>1. Restart device</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>168</td>
<td>Build-up detected</td>
<td>Check process conditions</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>Warning 3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diagnostic of electronic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>203</td>
<td>HART Device Malfunction</td>
<td>Check device specific diagnosis.</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>204</td>
<td>HART Electronic Defect</td>
<td>Check device specific diagnosis.</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>242</td>
<td>Firmware incompatible</td>
<td>1. Check software</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>252</td>
<td>Module incompatible</td>
<td>1. Check if correct electronic module is plugged</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270</td>
<td>Main electronics defective</td>
<td>Replace main electronics</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>272</td>
<td>Main electronics faulty</td>
<td>1. Restart device</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>273</td>
<td>Main electronics defective</td>
<td>Replace main electronics</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>282</td>
<td>Data storage inconsistent</td>
<td>Restart device</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>283</td>
<td>Memory content inconsistent</td>
<td>1. Restart device</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>287</td>
<td>Memory content inconsistent</td>
<td>1. Restart device</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>388</td>
<td>Electronics and HistoROM defective</td>
<td>1. Restart device</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diagnostic of configuration</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410</td>
<td>Data transfer failed</td>
<td>1. Retry data transfer</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>412</td>
<td>Processing download</td>
<td>Download active, please wait</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>420</td>
<td>HART Device Configuration Locked</td>
<td>Check device locking configuration.</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>421</td>
<td>HART Loop Current fixed</td>
<td>Check Multi-drop mode or current simulation</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>431</td>
<td>Trim required</td>
<td>Carry out trim</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>435</td>
<td>Linearization faulty</td>
<td>Check linearization table</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>437</td>
<td>Configuration incompatible</td>
<td>1. Update firmware</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Diagnosis and troubleshooting

### Micropilot FMR63B HART

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Diagnostic number</th>
<th>Short text</th>
<th>Remedy instructions</th>
<th>Status signal [from the factory]</th>
<th>Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 438               | Dataset different | 1. Check dataset file  
2. Check device parameterization  
3. Download new device parameterization | M | Warning |
| 441               | Current output out of range | 1. Check process  
2. Check current output settings | S | Warning |
| 484               | Failure mode simulation active | Deactivate simulation | C | Alarm |
| 485               | Process variable simulation active | Deactivate simulation | C | Warning |
| 491               | Current output simulation active | Deactivate simulation | C | Warning |
| 495               | Diagnostic event simulation active | Deactivate simulation | S | Warning |
| 538               | Configuration Sensor Unit invalid | 1. Check sensor configuration  
2. Check device configuration | F | Alarm |
| 585               | Simulation distance | Deactivate simulation | C | Warning |
| 586               | Record map | Recording of mapping please wait | C | Warning |

### Diagnostic of process

<p>| | | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>801</td>
<td>Supply voltage too low</td>
<td>Increase supply voltage</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Alarm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>802</td>
<td>Supply voltage too high</td>
<td>Decrease supply voltage</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Warning</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 805 | Loop current faulty | 1. Check wiring  
2. Replace electronics | F | Alarm |
| 806 | Loop diagnostics | 1. Check supply voltage  
2. Check wiring and terminals | M | Warning 1) |
| 807 | No Baseline due to insuf. volt. at 20 mA | Increase supply voltage | M | Warning |
| 825 | Electronics temperature | 1. Check ambient temperature  
2. Check process temperature | S | Warning |
| 826 | Sensor temperature out of range | 1. Check ambient temperature  
2. Check process temperature | S | Warning |
| 846 | HART Non-Primary Variable Out of Limit | Check device specific diagnosis. | S | Warning |
| 847 | HART Primary Variable Out of Limit | Check device specific diagnosis. | S | Warning |
| 848 | HART Device Variable Alert | Check device specific diagnosis. | S | Warning |
| 941 | Echo lost | Check parameter 'DC value' | S | Warning 1) |
| 942 | In safety distance | 1. Check level  
2. Check safety distance  
3. Reset self holding | S | Warning 1) |
| 952 | Foam detected | Check process conditions | C | Warning 1) |
| 968 | Level limited | 1. Check level  
2. Check limit parameters | S | Warning |

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.
11.7  Event logbook

11.7.1  Event history
A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the Event logbook submenu. This submenu only exists if operating via the local display with keys. In the case of operation via FieldCare, the event list can be displayed with the 'Event List / HistoROM' functionality of FieldCare.

Navigation:
Diagnostics → Event logbook → Event list
A maximum of 100 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.

The event history includes entries for:
- Diagnostic events
- Information events

In addition to the operating time when the event occurred, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is finished:
- Diagnostic event
  - : Occurrence of the event
  - : End of the event
- Information event
  - : Occurrence of the event

Calling up and closing the remedial measures
1. Press .
   ← The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
2. Press  +  simultaneously.
   ← The message about the remedial measures closes.

11.7.2  Filtering the event logbook
Filters can be used to determine which category of event messages is displayed in the Event list submenu.

Navigation: Diagnostics → Event logbook

Filter categories
- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information

11.7.3  Overview of information events

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Info number</th>
<th>Info name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I1000</td>
<td>------(Device ok)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I1079</td>
<td>Sensor changed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I1089</td>
<td>Power on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I1090</td>
<td>Configuration reset</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I1091</td>
<td>Configuration changed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I11074</td>
<td>Device verification active</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 11.8 Resetting the device

#### 11.8.1 Resetting the device via the operating tool

Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state

Navigation: System → Device management → Reset device

**Reset device** parameter

For details see the "Description of device parameters" documentation.
11.8.2 Resetting the device via keys on the electronic insert

Resetting the password

![Diagram showing the sequence of pressing keys to reset the password](image)

15 Sequence - resetting the password

Deleting/resetting the password

1. Press operating key I three times.
   - The Reset Password function is started, the LED flashes.
2. Press operating key I once within 15 s.
   - The password is reset, the LED flashes briefly.

If operating key I is not pressed within 15 s, the action is canceled and the LED is no longer lit.

Resetting the device to the factory setting

![Diagram showing the sequence of pressing keys to reset to factory setting](image)

16 Operating keys on the electronic insert

Resetting the device to the factory setting

- Press operating key I and operating key II simultaneously for at least 12 s.
  - Device data are reset to the factory setting, the LED flashes briefly.

11.9 Device information

All device information is contained in the Information submenu.

Navigation: System → Information

For detailed information on the Information submenu: Description of device parameters.
11.10 Firmware history

The firmware version can explicitly be ordered via the product structure. This makes it possible to ensure the compatibility of the firmware version with an existing or planned system integration.

Version  
01.00.00  
- Initial software  
- Valid from: 1 August 2022
12 Maintenance

No special maintenance work is required.

12.1 Exterior cleaning

Notes on cleaning
- The cleaning agents used should not corrode the surfaces and the seals
- Observe the degree of protection of the device

12.2 Seals

The process seals, located on the process connection of the device, should be replaced periodically. The interval between changes depends on the frequency of the cleaning cycles, the cleaning temperature and the medium temperature.
13 Repair

13.1 General information

13.1.1 Repair concept
Endress+Hauser repair concept
- The devices have a modular design
- Repairs can be carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated replacement instructions

For more information on service and spare parts, please contact your Endress+Hauser sales representative.

13.1.2 Repairs to Ex-approved devices

**WARNING**
Incorrect repair can compromise electrical safety!
Explosion hazard!
- Only specialist personnel or the manufacturer's service team may carry out repairs on Ex-certified devices in accordance with national regulations.
- Relevant standards and national regulations on hazardous areas, safety instructions and certificates must be observed.
- Only use original spare parts from the manufacturer.
- Please note the device designation on the nameplate. Only identical parts may be used as replacements.
- Carry out repairs according to the instructions.
- Only the manufacturer's service team is permitted to modify a certified device and convert it to another certified version.

13.2 Spare parts

- Some replaceable device components are identified by a spare part nameplate. This contains information about the spare part.
- All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed in the Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer) and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.

Device serial number or QR code:
Located on the device and spare part nameplate.

13.3 Replacement

**CAUTION**
Data upload/download is not permitted if the device is used for safety-related applications.
- After an entire device or an electronics module has been replaced, the parameters can be downloaded to the device again via the communication interface. For this, the data must have been uploaded to the PC beforehand using the ‘FieldCare/DeviceCare’ software.
13.3.1 HistoROM
It is not necessary to perform a new device calibration after replacing the display or transmitter electronics.

The spare part is supplied without HistoROM.

After removing the transmitter electronics, remove HistoRom and insert it into the new spare part.

13.4 Return
The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

1. Refer to the web page for information:
   https://www.endress.com/support/return-material
   Select the region.

2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

13.5 Disposal

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.
14 Accessories

14.1 Weather protection cover 316L
The weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.

It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

Weather protection cover 316L is suitable for the dual compartment housing made of aluminum or 316L. The delivery includes the holder for direct mounting on the housing.

Material
- Weather protection cover: 316L
- Clamping screw: A4
- Holder: 316L

Order number for accessories:
71438303

14.2 Plastic weather protection cover
The weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.

It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.

The plastic weather protection cover is suitable for the single compartment housing made of aluminum. The delivery includes the holder for direct mounting on the housing.
Material
Plastic

Order number for accessories:
71438291

14.3 M12 socket

M12 socket, straight
- Material:
  Body: PBT; union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc; seal: NBR
- Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
- Pg coupling: Pg7
- Order number: 52006263

M12 socket, angled
- Material:
  Body: PBT; union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc; seal: NBR
- Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
- Pg coupling: Pg7
- Order number: 71114212

M12 socket, angled, cable
- Material:
  Body: PBT; union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc; seal: NBR
- Degree of protection (fully locked): IP67
- Pg coupling: Pg7
- Order number: 71114212
#### M12 socket, angled, 5 m (16 ft) cable
- M12 socket material:
  - Body: TPU
  - Union nut: nickel-plated die-cast zinc
- Cable material:
  - PVC
- Cable Li Y YM 4×0.34 mm² (20 AWG)
- Cable colors:
  - 1 = BN = brown
  - 2 = WH = white
  - 3 = BU = blue
  - 4 = BK = black
- Order number: 52010285

#### 14.4 Remote display FHX50B
The remote display is ordered via the Product Configurator.

If the remote display is to be used, the device version **Prepared for display FHX50B** must be ordered.

![Diagram](image.png)

A  Plastic single compartment housing, remote display
B  Aluminum single compartment housing, remote display
C  Single compartment housing, 316L hygiene, remote display
D  Device side, plastic single compartment housing prepared for display FHX50B
E  Device side, aluminum single compartment housing prepared for display FHX50B
F  Device side, dual compartment housing, L-form, prepared for display FHX50B
G  Device side, single compartment housing, 316L hygiene, prepared for display FHX50B

**Material of single compartment housing, remote display**
- Aluminum
- Plastic

**Degree of protection:**
- IP68 / NEMA 6P
- IP66 / NEMA 4x
Connecting cable:
- Connecting cable (option) up to 30 m (98 ft)
- Customer-supplied standard cable up to 60 m (197 ft)
  Recommendation: EtherLine®-P CAT.5e from LAPP.

**Specification of customer-supplied connecting cable**
Push-in CAGE CLAMP®, connection technology, push actuation
- Conductor cross-section:
  - Solid conductor 0.2 to 0.75 mm² (24 to 18 AWG)
  - Fine-stranded conductor 0.2 to 0.75 mm² (24 to 18 AWG)
  - Fine-stranded conductor, with insulated ferrule 0.25 to 0.34 mm²
  - Fine-stranded conductor, without insulated ferrule 0.25 to 0.34 mm²
- Stripping length 7 to 9 mm (0.28 to 0.35 in)
- Outer diameter: 6 to 10 mm (0.24 to 0.4 in)
- Maximum cable length: 60 m (197 ft)

**Ambient temperature:**
- –40 to +80 °C (–40 to +176 °F)
- Option: –50 to +80 °C (–58 to +176 °F)

14.5  **Gas-tight feedthrough**
Chemically inert glass feedthrough, which prevents gases from entering the electronics housing.
Can optionally be ordered as "Accessory mounted" via the product structure.

14.6  **Process adapter M24**
For details, refer to TI00426F/00/EN "Weld-in adapters, process adapters and flanges".

14.7  **Commubox FXA195 HART**
For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface
For details, see "Technical Information" TI00404F

14.8  **HART Loop Converter HMX50**
Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values.
**Order number:**
71063562
For details, see "Technical Information" TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F

14.9  **FieldPort SWA50**
Intelligent Bluetooth® and/or WirelessHART adapter for all HART field devices
For details, see "Technical Information" TI01468S
14.10  **Wireless HART adapter SWA70**

The WirelessHART adapter is used for the wireless connection of field devices. It can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks.

For details, see Operating Instructions BA00061S

14.11  **Fieldgate FXA42**

Fieldgates enable communication between connected 4 to 20 mA, Modbus RS485 and Modbus TCP devices and SupplyCare Hosting or SupplyCare Enterprise. The signals are transmitted either via Ethernet TCP/IP, WLAN or mobile communications (UMTS). Advanced automation capabilities are available, such as an integrated Web-PLC, OpenVPN and other functions.

For details, see "Technical Information" TI01297S and Operating Instructions BA01778S.

14.12  **Field Xpert SMT70**

Universal, high-performance tablet PC for device configuration in Ex Zone 2 and non-Ex areas

For details, see "Technical Information" TI01342S

14.13  **DeviceCare SFE100**

Configuration tool for HART, PROFIBUS and FOUNDATION Fieldbus field devices

Technical Information TI01134S

14.14  **FieldCare SFE500**

FDT-based plant asset management tool

It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Technical Information TI00028S

14.15  **Memograph M**

The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant process variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on an SD card or USB stick.

Technical Information TI00133R and Operating Instructions BA00247R
14.16 RN42

Single-channel active barrier with wide-range power supply for safe electrical isolation of 4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits, HART transparent.

Technical Information TI01584K and Operating Instructions BA02090K
15 Technical data

15.1 Input

Measured variable
The measured variable is the distance between the reference point and the product surface. The level is calculated based on "E", the empty distance entered.

Measuring range
The measuring range starts at the point where the beam hits the tank floor. Levels below this point cannot be measured, particularly in the case of spherical bases or conical outlets.

**Maximum measuring range**
The maximum measuring range depends on the antenna size and design.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Antenna</th>
<th>Maximum measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Integrated, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in)</td>
<td>10 m (32.8 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cladded flush mount, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in)</td>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cladded flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in)</td>
<td>80 m (262 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Usable measuring range**
The usable measuring range depends on the antenna size, the medium's reflective properties, the installation position and any possible interference reflections.

In principle, measurement is possible up to the tip of the antenna.

To avoid any material damage from corrosive or aggressive media or deposit buildup on the antenna, the end of the measuring range should be selected 10 mm (0.4 in) before the tip of the antenna.
2.2 Usable measuring range

A  Length of antenna + 10 mm (0.4 in)
B  Usable measuring range
C  50 to 80 mm (1.97 to 3.15 in); medium ε<sub>r</sub> < 2
H  Vessel height
R  Reference point of measurement, varies depending on the antenna system

For further information on the reference point, see → Mechanical construction.

In the case of media with a low dielectric constant, ε<sub>r</sub> < 2, the tank floor may be visible through the medium at very low levels (lower than level C). Reduced accuracy must be expected in this range. If this is not acceptable, the zero point should be positioned at a distance C above the tank floor in these applications → Usable measuring range.

The media groups and the possible measuring range are described as a function of the application and media group in the following section. If the dielectric constant of the medium is not known, to ensure a reliable measurement assume the medium belongs to group B.
Media groups

- **A0** ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)
  e.g. n-butane, liquid nitrogen, liquid hydrogen
- **A** ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)
  Non-conductive liquids, e.g. liquefied gas
- **B** ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)
  Non-conductive liquids, e.g. gasoline, oil, toluene, etc.
- **C** ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)
  e.g. concentrated acid, organic solvents, ester, aniline, etc.
- **D** ($\varepsilon_r$ >10)
  Conductive liquids, aqueous solutions, diluted acids, bases and alcohol

**Measurement of the following media with absorbing gas phase**

For example:

- Ammonia
- Acetone
- Methylene chloride
- Methyl ethyl ketone
- Propylene oxide
- VCM (vinyl chloride monomer)

To measure absorbing gases, either use a guided radar, measuring devices with another measuring frequency or another measuring principle.

If measurements must be performed in one of these media, please contact Endress + Hauser.

For the dielectric constants (DC values) of many media commonly used in industry, please refer to:

- Dielectric constant (DC value) Compendium CP01076F
- The Endress+Hauser "DC Values app" (available for Android and iOS)

**Measurement in storage vessel**

**Storage vessel - measuring conditions**

Calm medium surface (e.g. bottom filling, filling via immersion tube or rare filling from above)

**Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in storage vessel**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>2.5 m (8 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>8 m (26 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>10 m (33 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Antenna, PTFE cladded flush mount, 50 mm (2 in) in storage vessel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>7 m (23 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>12 m (39 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>23 m (75 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>40 m (131 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Antenna, PTFE cladded flush mount, 80 mm (3 in) in storage vessel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>22 m (72 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>40 m (131 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>65 m (231 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>80 m (262 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cladded antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in storage vessel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>2.5 m (8 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>8 m (26 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>10 m (33 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Cladded antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in) in storage vessel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group (ε&lt;sub&gt;r&lt;/sub&gt; range)</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 (1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>6 m (20 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>11 m (36 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (4 to 10)</td>
<td>15 m (49 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (ε&lt;sub&gt;r&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; 10)</td>
<td>22 m (72 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Measurement in buffer vessel

**Buffer vessel - measuring conditions**
Moving medium surface (e.g. permanent free filling from above, mixing jets)

### Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in buffer vessel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group (ε&lt;sub&gt;r&lt;/sub&gt; range)</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 (1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>1 m (3.3 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (4 to 10)</td>
<td>6 m (20 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (ε&lt;sub&gt;r&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; 10)</td>
<td>8 m (26 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Antenna, PTFE cladded flush mount, 50 mm (2 in) in buffer vessel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group (ε&lt;sub&gt;r&lt;/sub&gt; range)</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 (1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>4 m (13 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>7 m (23 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>13 m (43 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (4 to 10)</td>
<td>28 m (92 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (ε&lt;sub&gt;r&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; 10)</td>
<td>44 m (144 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Antenna, PTFE cladded flush mount, 80 mm (3 in) in buffer vessel**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 (εr 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>12 m (39 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (εr 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>23 m (75 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (εr 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>45 m (148 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (εr 4 to 10)</td>
<td>60 m (197 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (εr &gt;10)</td>
<td>70 m (230 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cladded antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in buffer vessel**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 (εr 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>1 m (3.3 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (εr 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (εr 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (εr 4 to 10)</td>
<td>6 m (20 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (εr &gt;10)</td>
<td>8 m (26 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Cladded antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in) in buffer vessel**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 (εr 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A (εr 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B (εr 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>6 m (20 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C (εr 4 to 10)</td>
<td>13 m (43 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D (εr &gt;10)</td>
<td>20 m (66 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Measurement in vessel with agitator**

**Vessel with agitator - measuring conditions**
Turbulent medium surface (e.g. from filling from above, stirrers and baffles)
### Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in vessel with agitator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>1 m (3.3 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Antenna, PTFE cladded flush mount, 50 mm (2 in) in vessel with agitator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>2 m (7 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>4 m (13 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>7 m (23 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>15 m (49 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>25 m (82 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Antenna, PTFE cladded flush mount, 80 mm (3 in) in vessel with agitator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>7 m (23 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>13 m (43 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ($\varepsilon_r$ 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>25 m (82 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ($\varepsilon_r$ 4 to 10)</td>
<td>50 m (164 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ($\varepsilon_r$ &gt;10)</td>
<td>60 m (197 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Cladded antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in) in vessel with agitator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A ((\varepsilon_r) 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>1 m (3.3 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ((\varepsilon_r) 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ((\varepsilon_r) 4 to 10)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ((\varepsilon_r) &gt;10)</td>
<td>5 m (16 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Cladded antenna, PEEK, 40 mm (1.5 in) in vessel with agitator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Media group</th>
<th>Measuring range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A0 ((\varepsilon_r) 1.2 to 1.4)</td>
<td>1 m (3.3 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A ((\varepsilon_r) 1.4 to 1.9)</td>
<td>1.5 m (5 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B ((\varepsilon_r) 1.9 to 4)</td>
<td>3 m (10 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C ((\varepsilon_r) 4 to 10)</td>
<td>7 m (23 ft)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D ((\varepsilon_r) &gt;10)</td>
<td>11 m (36 ft)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating frequency
Approx. 80 GHz
Up to 8 devices can be installed in a tank without the devices mutually influencing one another.

Transmission power
- Peak power: <1.5 mW
- Average output power: <70 µW

15.2 Output

Output signal
HART

Signal coding:
FSK ±0.5 mA over current signal

Data transmission rate:
1 200 Bit/s

Galvanic isolation:
Yes
Current output

4 to 20 mA with superimposed digital communication protocol HART, 2-wire

The current output offers a choice of three different operating modes:

- 4.0 to 20.5 mA
- NAMUR NE 43: 3.8 to 20.5 mA (factory setting)
- US mode: 3.9 to 20.8 mA

Signal on alarm

Current output

Failure mode (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 43):

- Minimum alarm (= factory setting): 3.6 mA
- Maximum alarm: 22 mA
- Failure mode with user-configurable value: 3.59 to 22.5 mA

Local display

Status signal (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107):

Plain text display

Operating tool via service interface (CDI)

Status signal (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107):

Plain text display

Operating tool via HART communication

Status signal (according to NAMUR Recommendation NE 107):

Plain text display

Linearization

The linearization function of the device allows the conversion of the measured value into any unit of length, weight, flow or volume.

Pre-programmed linearization curves

Linearization tables for calculating the volume in the following vessels are preprogrammed into the device:

- Pyramid bottom
- Conical bottom
- Angled bottom
- Horizontal cylinder
- Sphere

Other linearization tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually.
Load

4 to 20 mA HART

\[
R_{L_{\text{max}}} \leq \frac{U - 10.5 \text{ V}}{23 \text{ mA}}
\]

1  Power supply 10.5 to 30 V DC Ex i
2  Power supply 10.5 to 35 V DC, for other types of protection and non-certified device versions
3  \( R_{\text{L_{max}}} \) maximum load resistance

\( U \)  Supply voltage

Operation via handheld terminal or PC with operating program: take minimum communication resistor of 250 \( \Omega \) into consideration.

Protocol-specific data

HART

Manufacturer ID:
17 (0x11 (hex))

Device type ID:
0x11C1

Device revision:
1

HART specification:
7

DD version:
1

Device description files (DTM, DD)
Information and files available at:

- www.endress.com
  On the product page for the device: Documents/Software → Device drivers
- www.fieldcommgroup.org

HART load:
Min. 250 \( \Omega \)

HART device variables

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device variable</th>
<th>Measured value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assign PV</td>
<td>Level linearized</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(The PV is always applied to the current output)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assign SV</td>
<td>Distance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assign TV</td>
<td>Absolute echo amplitude</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assign QV</td>
<td>Relative echo amplitude</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Choice of HART device variables

- Level linearized
- Distance
- Terminal voltage
- Electronics temperature
- Sensor temperature
- Absolute echo amplitude
- Relative echo amplitude
- Area of incoupling
- Percent of range
- Loop current
- Terminal current
- Not used
- Build-up index, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Build-up detection → Configuration → Build-up index)
- **Build-up detection** parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Build-up detection → Configuration → Build-up detection)
- **Foam index** parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection → Configuration → Foam index)
- **Foam detection** parameter, optional (Guidance → Heartbeat Technology → Foam detection → Configuration → Foam detection)

Supported functions

- Burst mode
- Additional transmitter status
- Device locking

### Wireless HART data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Minimum start-up voltage:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10.5 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Start-up current:**

- < 3.6 mA

**Starting time:**

- < 15 s

**Minimum operating voltage:**

- 10.5 V

**Multidrop current:**

- 4 mA

**Time to establish connection:**

- < 30 s
15.3 Environment

### Ambient temperature range

The following values apply up to a process temperature of +85 °C (+185 °F). At higher process temperatures, the permitted ambient temperature is reduced.

- Without LCD display:
  - Standard: –40 to +85 °C (–40 to +185 °F)
  - Optionally available: –50 to +85 °C (–58 to +185 °F) with restricted operating life and performance
  - Optionally available: –60 to +85 °C (–76 to +185 °F) with restricted operating life and performance; below –50 °C (–58 °F): devices can be damaged permanently
- With LCD display: –40 to +85 °C (–40 to +185 °F) with limitations in optical properties such as display speed and contrast. Can be used without limitations up to –20 to +60 °C (–4 to +140 °F)

If operating outdoors in strong sunlight:

- Mount the device in the shade.
- Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.
- Use a weather protection cover (see accessories).

### Ambient temperature limits

The permitted ambient temperature ($T_a$) depends on the selected housing material (Product Configurator → Housing; Material →) and the selected process temperature range (Product Configurator → Application →).

In the event of temperature ($T_p$) at the process connection, the permitted ambient temperature ($T_a$) is reduced.

The following information only takes functional aspects into consideration. Additional restrictions may apply for certified device versions.

#### Plastic housing

**Plastic housing; process temperature –10 to +150 °C (+14 to +302 °F)**

\[
\begin{align*}
P_1 &= T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) & T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \\
P_2 &= T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) & T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \\
P_3 &= T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) & T_a: +25 °C (+77 °F) \\
P_4 &= T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) & T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F) \\
P_5 &= T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) & T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F) \\
\end{align*}
\]

The selected process temperature range is restricted from –10 to +150 °C (+14 to +302 °F) to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) in devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval.
Process temperature restricted to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) for CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

\[ T_a \leq P1, \quad P2 \leq T_p \leq P3, \quad P4 \leq P5 \]

24 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) for CSA C/US approval

\begin{align*}
P1 &= T_p: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \\
P2 &= T_p: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \\
P3 &= T_p: \ +150 \degree C (+302 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +25 \degree C (+77 \degree F) \\
P4 &= T_p: \ +150 \degree C (+302 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \\
P5 &= T_p: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \\end{align*}

Plastic housing; process temperature –10 to +200 °C (+14 to +392 °F)

\[ T_a \leq P1, \quad P2 \leq T_p \leq P3, \quad P4 \leq P5 \]

25 Plastic housing; process temperature –10 to +200 °C (+14 to +392 °F)

\begin{align*}
P1 &= T_p: \ -10 \degree C (+14 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \\
P2 &= T_p: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \\
P3 &= T_p: \ +200 \degree C (+392 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +27 \degree C (+81 \degree F) \\
P4 &= T_p: \ +200 \degree C (+392 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ -10 \degree C (+14 \degree F) \\
P5 &= T_p: \ -10 \degree C (+14 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ -10 \degree C (+14 \degree F) \\end{align*}

The selected process temperature range is restricted from –10 to 200 °C (+14 to +392 °F) to 0 to 200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) in devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval.

Process temperature restricted to 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) for CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

\[ T_a \leq P1, \quad P2 \leq T_p \leq P3, \quad P4 \leq P5 \]

26 Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) for CSA C/US approval

\begin{align*}
P1 &= T_p: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \\
P2 &= T_p: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +76 \degree C (+169 \degree F) \\
P3 &= T_p: \ +200 \degree C (+392 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ +27 \degree C (+81 \degree F) \\
P4 &= T_p: \ +200 \degree C (+392 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \\
P5 &= T_p: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \ | \ T_a: \ 0 \degree C (+32 \degree F) \\end{align*}
Plastic housing; process temperature −20 to +150 °C (−4 to +302 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of −20 to +150 °C (−4 to +302 °F) is limited to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

Plastic housing; process temperature −20 to +200 °C (−4 to +392 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of −20 to +200 °C (−4 to +392 °F) is limited to 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F).
Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

**Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) with CSA C/US approval**

\[
P_1 = T_p: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \\
P_2 = T_p: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \\
P_3 = T_p: +200 ^\circ C (+392 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +27 ^\circ C (+81 ^\circ F) \\
P_4 = T_p: +200 ^\circ C (+392 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \\
P_5 = T_p: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F)
\]

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

**Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval**

\[
P_1 = T_p: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \\
P_2 = T_p: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \\
P_3 = T_p: +150 ^\circ C (+302 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +25 ^\circ C (+77 ^\circ F) \\
P_4 = T_p: +150 ^\circ C (+302 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \\
P_5 = T_p: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F)
\]

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F) is limited to 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

**Plastic housing; process temperature 0 to +150 °C (+32 to +302 °F) with CSA C/US approval**

\[
P_1 = T_p: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \\
P_2 = T_p: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +76 ^\circ C (+169 ^\circ F) \\
P_3 = T_p: +150 ^\circ C (+302 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: +25 ^\circ C (+77 ^\circ F) \\
P_4 = T_p: +150 ^\circ C (+302 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \\
P_5 = T_p: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F) \mid T_a: 0 ^\circ C (+32 ^\circ F)
\]
Plastic housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

In the case of devices with a plastic housing and CSA C/US approval, the selected process temperature of –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F) is limited to 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F).

Restriction to a process temperature of 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F) with CSA C/US approval and plastic housing

Aluminum housing, coated

Aluminum housing; process temperature –10 to +150 °C (+14 to +302 °F)
**Technical data**

**Micropilot FMR63B HART**

Aluminum housing; process temperature –10 to +200 °C (+14 to +392 °F)

![Diagram](image1)

- P1 = $T_p$: –10 °C (+14 °F) | $T_a$: +79 °C (+174 °F)
- P2 = $T_p$: +79 °C (+174 °F) | $T_a$: +79 °C (+174 °F)
- P3 = $T_p$: +200 °C (+392 °F) | $T_a$: +200 °C (+392 °F)
- P4 = $T_p$: +200 °C (+392 °F) | $T_a$: –10 °C (+14 °F)
- P5 = $T_p$: –10 °C (+14 °F) | $T_a$: –10 °C (+14 °F)

Aluminum housing; process temperature –20 to +150 °C (–4 to +302 °F)

![Diagram](image2)

- P1 = $T_p$: –20 °C (–4 °F) | $T_a$: +79 °C (+174 °F)
- P2 = $T_p$: +79 °C (+174 °F) | $T_a$: +79 °C (+174 °F)
- P3 = $T_p$: +150 °C (+302 °F) | $T_a$: +53 °C (+127 °F)
- P4 = $T_p$: +150 °C (+302 °F) | $T_a$: –20 °C (–4 °F)
- P5 = $T_p$: –20 °C (–4 °F) | $T_a$: –20 °C (–4 °F)

Aluminum housing; process temperature –20 to +200 °C (–4 to +392 °F)

![Diagram](image3)

- P1 = $T_p$: –20 °C (–4 °F) | $T_a$: +79 °C (+174 °F)
- P2 = $T_p$: +79 °C (+174 °F) | $T_a$: +79 °C (+174 °F)
- P3 = $T_p$: +200 °C (+392 °F) | $T_a$: +200 °C (+392 °F)
- P4 = $T_p$: +200 °C (+392 °F) | $T_a$: –20 °C (–4 °F)
- P5 = $T_p$: –20 °C (–4 °F) | $T_a$: –20 °C (–4 °F)
Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

P1 = \( T_p \): –40 °C (–40 °F) | \( T_a \): +79 °C (+174 °F)
P2 = \( T_p \): +79 °C (+174 °F) | \( T_a \): +79 °C (+174 °F)
P3 = \( T_p \): +150 °C (+302 °F) | \( T_a \): +53 °C (+127 °F)
P4 = \( T_p \): +150 °C (+302 °F) | \( T_a \): –40 °C (–40 °F)
P5 = \( T_p \): –40 °C (–40 °F) | \( T_a \): –40 °C (–40 °F)

Aluminum housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

P1 = \( T_p \): –40 °C (–40 °F) | \( T_a \): +79 °C (+174 °F)
P2 = \( T_p \): +79 °C (+174 °F) | \( T_a \): +79 °C (+174 °F)
P3 = \( T_p \): +200 °C (+392 °F) | \( T_a \): +47 °C (+117 °F)
P4 = \( T_p \): +200 °C (+392 °F) | \( T_a \): –40 °C (–40 °F)
P5 = \( T_p \): –40 °C (–40 °F) | \( T_a \): –40 °C (–40 °F)

316L housing

316L housing; process temperature –10 to +150 °C (+14 to +302 °F)

P1 = \( T_p \): –10 °C (+14 °F) | \( T_a \): +77 °C (+171 °F)
P2 = \( T_p \): +77 °C (+171 °F) | \( T_a \): +77 °C (+171 °F)
P3 = \( T_p \): +150 °C (+302 °F) | \( T_a \): +43 °C (+110 °F)
P4 = \( T_p \): +150 °C (+302 °F) | \( T_a \): –10 °C (+14 °F)
P5 = \( T_p \): –10 °C (+14 °F) | \( T_a \): –10 °C (+14 °F)
Micropilot FMR63B HART

316L housing; process temperature –10 to +200 °C (+14 to +392 °F)

\[
P_1 = T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) \mid T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F)
\]

\[
P_2 = T_p: +77 °C (+171 °F) \mid T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F)
\]

\[
P_3 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \mid T_a: +38 °C (+100 °F)
\]

\[
P_4 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \mid T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F)
\]

\[
P_5 = T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) \mid T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F)
\]

316L housing; process temperature –20 to +150 °C (–4 to +302 °F)

\[
P_1 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \mid T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F)
\]

\[
P_2 = T_p: +77 °C (+171 °F) \mid T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F)
\]

\[
P_3 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \mid T_a: +43 °C (+109 °F)
\]

\[
P_4 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \mid T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F)
\]

\[
P_5 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \mid T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F)
\]

316L housing; process temperature –20 to +200 °C (–4 to +392 °F)

\[
P_1 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \mid T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F)
\]

\[
P_2 = T_p: +77 °C (+171 °F) \mid T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F)
\]

\[
P_3 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \mid T_a: +38 °C (+100 °F)
\]

\[
P_4 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \mid T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F)
\]

\[
P_5 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \mid T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F)
\]
316L housing; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

316L housing; process temperature range: –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

\[ \begin{align*}
P1 &= T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F) \\
P2 &= T_p: +77 °C (+171 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +77 °C (+171 °F) \\
P3 &= T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +43 °C (+109 °F) \\
P4 &= T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F) \\
P5 &= T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F)
\end{align*} \]

316L housing; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

316L housing; process temperature range: –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

\[ \begin{align*}
P1 &= T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \\
P2 &= T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \\
P3 &= T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +38 °C (+100 °F) \\
P4 &= T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F) \\
P5 &= T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F)
\end{align*} \]

316L housing, hygiene

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –10 to +150 °C (+14 to +302 °F)

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature range: –10 to +150 °C (+14 to +302 °F)

\[ \begin{align*}
P1 &= T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \\
P2 &= T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \\
P3 &= T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +41 °C (+106 °F) \\
P4 &= T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F) \\
P5 &= T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F)
\end{align*} \]
316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –10 to +200 °C (+14 to +392 °F)

\[ 48 \] 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –10 to +200 °C (+14 to +392 °F)

\[ P_1 = T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_2 = T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_3 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +32 °C (+90 °F) \]
\[ P_4 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F) \]
\[ P_5 = T_p: -10 °C (+14 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -10 °C (+14 °F) \]

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –20 to +150 °C (–4 to +302 °F)

\[ 49 \] 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –20 to +150 °C (–4 to +302 °F)

\[ P_1 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_2 = T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_3 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +41 °C (+106 °F) \]
\[ P_4 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F) \]
\[ P_5 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F) \]

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –20 to +200 °C (–4 to +392 °F)

\[ 50 \] 316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –20 to +200 °C (–4 to +392 °F)

\[ P_1 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_2 = T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P_3 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: +32 °C (+90 °F) \]
\[ P_4 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F) \]
\[ P_5 = T_p: -20 °C (–4 °F) \quad | \quad T_a: -20 °C (–4 °F) \]
316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +150 °C (–40 to +302 °F)

![Diagram of temperature settings]

\[ P1 = T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \mid T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P2 = T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \mid T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P3 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \mid T_a: +41 °C (+106 °F) \]
\[ P4 = T_p: +150 °C (+302 °F) \mid T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F) \]
\[ P5 = T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \mid T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F) \]

316L housing, hygiene; process temperature –40 to +200 °C (–40 to +392 °F)

![Diagram of temperature settings]

\[ P1 = T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \mid T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P2 = T_p: +76 °C (+169 °F) \mid T_a: +76 °C (+169 °F) \]
\[ P3 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \mid T_a: +32 °C (+90 °F) \]
\[ P4 = T_p: +200 °C (+392 °F) \mid T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F) \]
\[ P5 = T_p: -40 °C (-40 °F) \mid T_a: -40 °C (-40 °F) \]

Storage temperature
- Without LCD display: –40 to +90 °C (–40 to +194 °F)
- With LCD display: –40 to +85 °C (–40 to +185 °F)

Climate class
DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

Installation height as per IEC61010-1 Ed.3
- Generally up to 2000 m (6600 ft) above sea level
- Over 2000 m (6600 ft) under the following conditions:
  - Supply voltage \(< 35 V_{DC}\)
  - Power supply, overvoltage category 1

Degree of protection
Testing according to IEC 60529 and NEMA 250

Housing
IP66/68, NEMA Type 4X/6P
IP68 test condition: 1.83 m under water for 24 hours.

Cable entries
- M20 coupling, plastic, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- M20 coupling, nickel-plated brass, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
- M20 coupling, 316L, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
Technical data

• M20 coupling, hygiene, IP66/68/69 NEMA Type 4X/6P
• M20 thread, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
• G1/2 thread, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
If the G1/2 thread is selected, the device is delivered with an M20 thread as standard and a G1/2 adapter is included with the delivery, along with the corresponding documentation
• NPT ½ thread, IP66/68 NEMA Type 4X/6P
• HAN7D plug, 90 degrees, IP65 NEMA Type 4X
• M12 plug
  ▪ When housing is closed and connecting cable is plugged in: IP66/67 NEMA Type 4X
  ▪ When housing is open or connecting cable is not plugged in: IP20, NEMA Type 1

NOTICE
Plug M12 and plug HAN7D: incorrect mounting can invalidate the IP protection class!
  ▪ The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is plugged in and screwed tight.
  ▪ The degree of protection only applies if the connecting cable used is specified according to IP67 NEMA Type 4X.
  ▪ The protection classes are only maintained if the dummy cap is used or the cable is connected.

Vibration resistance

DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 60068-2-64 for 5 to 2000 Hz: 1.5 (m/s²)²/Hz

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

• Electromagnetic compatibility as per EN 61326 series and NAMUR recommendation EMC (NE21)
• With regard to the safety function (SIL), the requirements of EN 61326-3-x are satisfied
• Maximum measured error during EMC testing: < 0.5 % of the span.
For more details refer to the EU Declaration of Conformity.

15.4 Process

Process pressure range

⚠️ WARNING ⚠️
The maximum pressure for the device depends on the lowest-rated component with regard to pressure (components are: process connection, optional mounted parts or accessories).
  ▪ Only operate the device within the specified limits for the components!
  ▪ MWP (Maximum Working Pressure): The MWP is specified on the nameplate. This value refers to a reference temperature of +20 °C (+68 °F) and may be applied to the device for an unlimited time. Note temperature dependence of MWP. For flanges, refer to the following standards for the permitted pressure values at higher temperatures: EN 1092-1 (with regard to their stability/temperature property, the materials 1.4435 and 1.4404 are grouped together under EN 1092-1; the chemical composition of the two materials can be identical), ASME B16.5, JIS B2220 (the latest version of the standard applies in each case). MWP data that deviate from this are provided in the relevant sections of the Technical Information.
  ▪ The Pressure Equipment Directive (2014/68/EU) uses the abbreviation PS. This corresponds to the maximum working pressure (MWP) of the device.

The following tables show the dependencies between the seal material, process temperature (Tₚ) and process pressure range for each process connection that can be selected for the antenna used.
Integrated antenna, PEEK, 20 mm (0.75 in)

Process connection M24 with process adapter, accessory enclosed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>$T_p$</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton</td>
<td>$-10$ to $+150$ °C (+14 to $+302$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $20$ bar (–14.5 to $290$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FKM Viton</td>
<td>$-20$ to $+200$ °C (+14 to $+392$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $20$ bar (–14.5 to $290$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EPDM</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+150$ °C (–40 to $+302$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $20$ bar (–14.5 to $290$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FFKM Kalrez</td>
<td>$-20$ to $+150$ °C (–4 to $+302$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $20$ bar (–14.5 to $290$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FFKM Kalrez</td>
<td>$-20$ to $+200$ °C (–4 to $+392$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $20$ bar (–14.5 to $290$ psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

Antenna, cladded flush mount, PTFE, 50 mm (2 in)

Process connection Tri-Clamp DN51 (2") ISO2852

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>$T_p$</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+150$ °C (–40 to $+302$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $16$ bar (–14.5 to $232$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+200$ °C (–40 to $+392$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $16$ bar (–14.5 to $232$ psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Process connection Tri-Clamp DN70-76.1 (3") ISO2852

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>$T_p$</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+150$ °C (–40 to $+302$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $14$ bar (–14.5 to $203$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+200$ °C (–40 to $+392$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $14$ bar (–14.5 to $203$ psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Process connection slotted nut DIN11851 DN50 PN25

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>$T_p$</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+150$ °C (–40 to $+302$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $25$ bar (–14.5 to $362.6$ psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>$-40$ to $+200$ °C (–40 to $+392$ °F)</td>
<td>$-1$ to $25$ bar (–14.5 to $362.6$ psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.
Antenna, cladded flush mount, PTFE, 80 mm (3 in)

Process connection Tri-Clamp DN101.6 (4") ISO2852

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>$T_p$</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>-40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)</td>
<td>-1 to 14 bar (-14.5 to 203 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>-40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)</td>
<td>-1 to 14 bar (-14.5 to 203 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Process connection slotted nut DIN11851 DN80 PN25

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seal</th>
<th>$T_p$</th>
<th>Process pressure range</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>-40 to +150 °C (-40 to +302 °F)</td>
<td>-1 to 25 bar (-14.5 to 362.6 psi)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PTFE cladded</td>
<td>-40 to +200 °C (-40 to +392 °F)</td>
<td>-1 to 25 bar (-14.5 to 362.6 psi)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The pressure range may be further restricted in the event of a CRN approval.

Dielectric constant

For liquids

$\varepsilon_r \geq 1.2$

Contact Endress+Hauser for applications with lower dielectric constants than indicated.
Index

A
Access authorization to parameters
  Read access .................................. 30
  Write access .................................. 30
Access code .................................. 30
  Incorrect input ................................ 30
Application .................................. 8

B
Bluetooth® wireless technology ......... 32

C
CE mark (Declaration of Conformity) .......... 9
  Cleaning .................................. 51
  Climate class ............................... 81

D
Declaration of Conformity .................. 9
  Device locking, status ...................... 39
  DeviceCare ................................ 33
  Diagnostic event ............................ 43
  Display values
    For locking status ........................ 39
  Disposal .................................. 53
  Document
    Purpose .................................. 5

E
Event history ................................ 47
  Event list .................................. 47
  Event text .................................. 43
  Exterior cleaning ............................ 51

F
Field of application
  Residual risks ................................ 8
  FieldCare ................................ 33
    Function ................................. 33
  Filtering the event logbook ............... 47
  Functional Safety Manual (FY) ........... 6
  FV (HART variable) ......................... 34

H
HART integration .............................. 34
  HART protocol ............................. 35
  HART variables ............................. 34

I
Intended use ................................ 8

M
Media ......................................... 8

O
Operation .................................... 39
  Operational safety .......................... 9

P
Product safety ................................ 9
  Purpose of this document .................... 5
  PV (HART variable) ......................... 34

R
Read access ................................ 30
  Reading off measured values ............... 39
  Registered trademarks ...................... 7
  Repair concept ............................. 52
  Requirements concerning the staff .......... 8
  Return ...................................... 53

S
Safety instructions
  Basic ........................................ 8
  Safety Instructions (XA) ...................... 6
  Securing screw .............................. 21
  Service interface (CDI) ...................... 36
  Settings
    Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions ................. 39
    Spare parts ............................... 52
    Nameplate ................................ 52
    Status signal ............................. 42
    Submenu
      Event list ................................ 47
      SV (HART variable) ....................... 34

T
Troubleshooting .............................. 40
  Turning the display module ................ 17
  TV (HART variable) ......................... 34

U
Use of measuring device
  see Intended use
  Use of the measuring devices
    Borderline cases ........................... 8
    Incorrect use ................................ 8

W
Workplace safety .................... 9
  Write access ................................ 30