Valid as of version 04.01 (device version)

Products Solutions

Services

Operating Instructions **iTEMP TMT162**

 $\label{eq:temperature} Temperature \ field \ transmitter \\ HART^{\text{(B)}} \ communication$









iTEMP TMT162 Table of contents

8.3

Table of contents

1	About this document	. 4
1.1	Function of document and how to use	
1.2	Symbols	
1.3 1.4	Documentation	
1.4	Registered trademarks	. 0
2	Safety instructions	. 7
2.1	Requirements for the personnel	
2.2	Intended use	
2.3 2.4	Workplace safety	
2.5	Product safety	
2.6	IT security	. 8
3	Incoming acceptance and product	
	identification	. 8
3.1	Incoming acceptance	
3.2	Product identification	
3.3 3.4	Certificates and approvals	
J. 1	Storage and transport	10
4	Mounting	11
4.1	Mounting requirements	11
4.2 4.3	Mounting the transmitter	11 13
4.4	Post-mounting check	13
5	Electrical connection	14
ر 5.1	Connecting requirements	14
5.2	Connecting the sensor	14
5.3	Connecting the measuring device	16
5.4 5.5	Special connection instructions	18 20
5.6	Ensuring the degree of protection Post-connection check	20
6	Operation options	21
6.1 6.2	Overview of operation options Structure and function of the operating	21
0.2	menu	24
6.3	Access to the operating menu via the	0.6
	operating tool	26
7	System integration	28
7.1	HART device variables and measured values	28
7.2	Device variables and measured values	29
7.3	Supported HART® commands	29
8	Commissioning	31
8.1	Post-installation check	31
8.2	Switching on the device	31

9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4	Diagnostics and troubleshooting General trouble shooting Overview of diagnostic information Diagnostic list Firmware history	33 33 35 36 39
10 10.1	Maintenance	39 39
11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	Repair General notes Spare parts Return Disposal	40 40 40 42 42
12.1 12.2 12.3	Accessories	42 42 43 43
13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4 13.5 13.6 13.7	Technical data Input	45 46 48 49 57 58 59
14.1 14.2	Operating menu and parameter description	60 67
14.3	•	90 1 16

Protecting settings from unauthorized access . 31

About this document iTEMP TMT162

1 About this document

1.1 Function of document and how to use

1.1.1 **Document function**

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.1.2 Safety Instructions (XA)

When using in hazardous areas, the relevant national standards must be observed. Separate Ex-specific documentation is provided for measuring systems that are used in hazardous areas. This documentation is an integral part of these Operating Instructions. The installation specifications, connection data and safety instructions contained therein must be strictly observed! Make sure that you use the right Ex-specific documentation for the right device with approval for use in hazardous areas! The number of the specific Ex documentation (XA...) is provided on the nameplate. If the two numbers (on the Ex documentation and the nameplate) are identical, then you may use this Ex-specific documentation.

1.1.3 **Functional safety**



Please refer to Safety Manual SD01632T for the use of approved devices in protective systems according to IEC 61508.

1.2 **Symbols**

1.2.1 Safety symbols

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

A CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

NOTICE

This symbol contains information on procedures and other facts which do not result in personal injury.

1.2.2 **Electrical symbols**

Symbol	Meaning	
===	Direct current	
~	Alternating current	
$\overline{\sim}$	Direct current and alternating current	

iTEMP TMT162 About this document

Symbol	Meaning
=	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device: Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network. Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

1.2.3 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning	
	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.	
✓	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.	
×	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.	
i	Tip Indicates additional information.	
[i	Reference to documentation	
A	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
1. , 2. , 3	Series of steps	
L-	Result of a step	
?	Help in the event of a problem	
	Visual inspection	

1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
00	Flat-blade screwdriver
A0011220	
06	Phillips screwdriver
A0011219	
	Allen key
A0011221	
68	Open-ended wrench
A0011222	
	Torx screwdriver
A0013442	

About this document iTEMP TMT162

1.3 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

1.3.1 Document function

The following documentation may be available depending on the version ordered:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document		
Technical Information (TI)	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.		
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.		
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document The Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various phases of the life cycle of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.		
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.		
Safety Instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are an integral part of the Operating Instructions. Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) relevant to the device is		
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	provided on the nameplate. Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is an integral part of the device documentation.		

1.4 Registered trademarks

HART®

Registered trademark of the HART® FieldComm Group

iTEMP TMT162 Safety instructions

2 Safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

NOTICE

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists: must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations
- ▶ Before beginning work, the specialist staff must have read and understood the instructions in the manuals and supplementary documentation as well as in the certificates (depending on the application)
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions

The operating personnel must meet the following requirements:

- ► Be instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator
- ▶ Follow the instructions in these Operating Instructions

2.2 Intended use

The device is a universal and configurable temperature field transmitter with either one or two temperature sensor inputs for resistance thermometers (RTD), thermocouples (TC) and resistance and voltage transmitters. The device is designed for mounting in the field.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-intended use.

2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

▶ Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

2.4 Operational safety

- Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

Power supply

► The device must only be powered by a 11.5 to 42 V_{DC} voltage supply according to NEC class 02 (low voltage/current) with short circuit power limitation to 8 A/150 VA.

Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers:

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with Endress+Hauser.

Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- ► Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use original spare parts and accessories from Endress+Hauser only.

Hazardous area

To eliminate a danger for persons or for the facility when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection or safety equipment):

- ▶ Based on the technical data on the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area. The nameplate can be found on the side of the transmitter housing.
- ► Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation included as an integral part of these instructions.

Electromagnetic compatibility

The measuring system complies with the general safety requirements as per EN 61010-1, the EMC requirements as per the IEC/EN 61326 series and the NAMUR recommendations $NE\ 21$ and $NE\ 89$.

2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device.

2.6 IT security

Our warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

3 Incoming acceptance and product identification

3.1 Incoming acceptance

Proceed as follows on receipt of the device:

- 1. Check whether the packaging is intact.
- 2. If damage is discovered:

 Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer.
- 3. Do not install damaged components, as the manufacturer cannot otherwise guarantee the material resistance or compliance with the original safety requirements, and can also not be held responsible for the consequences that may result.
- 4. Compare the scope of delivery against the contents of your order.
- 5. Remove all the packaging material used for transportation.
- 6. Do the data on the nameplate match the ordering information on the delivery note?

- 7. Are the technical documentation and all other necessary documents provided, e.g. certificates?
- 🚹 If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact your Sales Center.

3.2 Product identification

The device can be identified in the following ways:

- Nameplate specifications
- Enter the serial number from the nameplate in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all data relating to the device and an overview of the Technical Documentation supplied with the device are displayed.
- Enter the serial number on the nameplate into the *Endress+Hauser Operations App* or scan the 2-D matrix code (QR code) on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations App*: all the information about the device and the technical documentation pertaining to the device is displayed.

3.2.1 Nameplate

The right device?

The nameplate provides you with the following information on the device:

- Manufacturer identification, device designation
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Tag name (TAG)
- Technical values: supply voltage, current consumption, ambient temperature, communication-specific data (optional)
- Degree of protection
- Approvals with symbols
- ► Compare the information on the nameplate with the order.

3.2.2 Name and address of manufacturer

Name of manufacturer:	Endress+Hauser Wetzer GmbH + Co. KG
Address of manufacturer:	Obere Wank 1, D-87484 Nesselwang or www.endress.com

3.3 Certificates and approvals

- For certificates and approvals valid for the device: see the data on the nameplate
- Approval-related data and documents: www.endress.com/deviceviewer → (enter the serial number)

3.3.1 HART® protocol certification

The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART $^{\text{(8)}}$ FieldComm Group. The device meets the requirements of the HART Communication Protocol Specifications, Revision 7 (HCF 7.6).

Storage and transport 3.4

Storage temperature	Without display -40 to $+100$ °C (-40 to $+212$ °F)
	With display -40 to $+80$ °C (-40 to $+176$ °F)

Maximum relative humidity: < 95 % as per IEC 60068-2-30



Pack the device for storage and transportation in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging provides the best protection.

Avoid the following environmental influences during storage:

- Direct sunlight
- Proximity to hot objects
- Mechanical vibration
- Aggressive media

iTEMP TMT162 Mounting

4 Mounting

If stable sensors are used, the device can be fitted directly to the sensor. For remote mounting to a wall or stand pipe, two mounting brackets are available. The illuminated display can be mounted in four different positions.

4.1 Mounting requirements

4.1.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of the device are provided in the "Technical data" section.

4.1.2 Installation point

Information about the conditions (such as the ambient temperature, degree of protection, climate class etc.) that must be present at the installation point so that the device can be mounted correctly is provided in the "Technical data" section .

For use in hazardous areas, the limit values specified on the certificates and approvals must be observed (see Ex Safety Instructions).

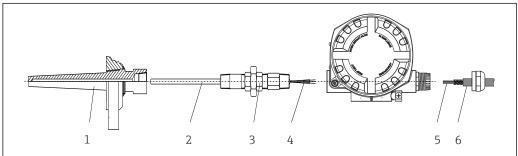
4.2 Mounting the transmitter

NOTICE

Do not over-tighten the mounting screws, as this could damage the field transmitter.

► Maximum torque = 6 Nm (4.43 lbf ft)

4.2.1 Direct sensor mounting



A0024817

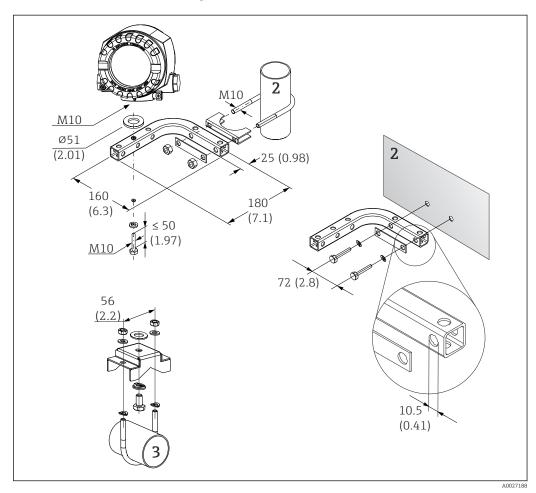
- 1 Direct field transmitter mounting on sensor
- 1 Thermowell
- 2 Insert
- 3 Neck tube nipple and adapter
- 4 Sensor cables
- 5 Fieldbus cables
- 6 Fieldbus shielded cable
- 1. Mount the thermowell and screw down (1).
- 2. Screw the insert with the neck tube nipple and adapter into the transmitter (2). Seal the nipple and adapter thread with silicone tape.
- 3. Connect the sensor cables (4) to the terminals for the sensors, see the terminal assignment.
- 4. Fit the field transmitter with the insert on the thermowell (1).
- 5. Mount the fieldbus shielded cable or fieldbus connector (6) on the other cable gland.

Mounting iTEMP TMT162

6. Guide the fieldbus cables (5) through the cable gland of the fieldbus transmitter housing into the connection compartment.

7. Screw the cable gland tight as described in the *Ensuring the degree of protection* section → \(\begin{align*}\end{align*}\end{align*} 20. The cable gland must meet explosion protection requirements.

4.2.2 Remote mounting

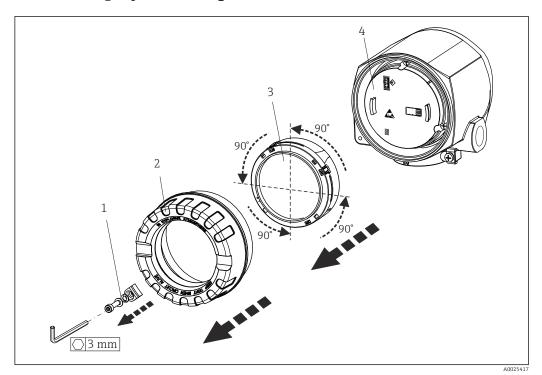


Installation of the field transmitter using the mounting bracket, see 'Accessories' section. Dimensions in mm (in)

- 2 Combined wall/pipe mounting bracket 2", L-shaped, material 304
- 3 Pipe mounting bracket 2", U-shaped, material 316L

iTEMP TMT162 Mounting

4.3 Display mounting



■ 3 4 display installation positions, attachable in 90° stages

- 1 Cover clamp
- 2 Housing cover with O-ring
- 3 Display with retainer and twist protection
- 4 Electronics module
- 1. Remove the cover clamp (1).
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover together with the O-ring (2).
- 3. Remove the display with twist protection (3) from the electronics module (4). Fit the display with retainer in the desired position in 90° stages and plug it into the correct slot on the electronics module.
- 4. Clean the thread in the housing cover and housing base and lubricate if necessary. (Recommended lubricant: Klüber Syntheso Glep 1)
- 5. Then screw the housing cover together with the O-ring.
- 6. Fit the cover clamp (1) back on.

4.4 Post-mounting check

After installing the device, always perform the following checks:

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	-
Do the ambient conditions match the device specification (e.g. ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.)?	

Electrical connection iTEMP TMT162

5 Electrical connection

5.1 Connecting requirements

A CAUTION

The electronics could be destroyed

- ► Switch off power supply before installing or connecting the device. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction of parts of the electronics.
- ▶ When connecting Ex-certified devices, please take special note of the instructions and connection schematics in the Ex-specific supplement to these Operating Instructions. Contact the supplier if you have any questions.

A Phillips head screwdriver is required to wire the field transmitter at the terminals.

NOTICE

Do not over-tighten the screw terminals, as this could damage the transmitter.

► Maximum torque = $1 \text{ Nm } (\frac{3}{4} \text{ lbf ft}).$

Proceed as follows to wire the device:

- 1. Remove the cover clamp. $\rightarrow \blacksquare 3$, $\blacksquare 13$
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover on the connection compartment together with the O-ring $\rightarrow \blacksquare 3$, $\blacksquare 13$. The connection compartment is opposite the electronics module.
- 3. Open the cable glands of the device.
- 4. Route the appropriate connecting cables through the openings of the cable glands.
- 5. Wire the cables in accordance with $\rightarrow \blacksquare 4$, $\blacksquare 15$ and as described in the sections: "Connecting the sensor" $\rightarrow \blacksquare 14$ and "Connecting the measuring device" $\rightarrow \blacksquare 16$.
- 6. On completion of the wiring, screw the screw terminals tight. Tighten the cable glands again. Refer to the information provided in the 'Ensuring the degree of protection' section.
- 7. Clean the thread in the housing cover and housing base and lubricate if necessary. (Recommended lubricant: Klüber Syntheso Glep 1)
- 8. Screw the housing cover tight again and fit the cover clamp back on. $\rightarrow \triangleq 13$

In order to avoid connection errors always follow the instructions in the post-connection check section before commissioning!

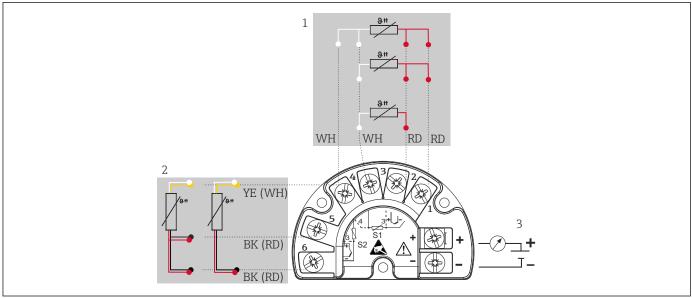
5.2 Connecting the sensor

NOTICE

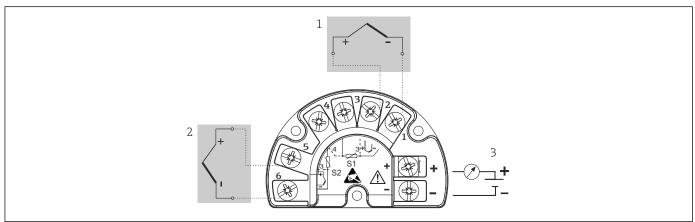
► ▲ ESD - Electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.

Terminal assignment

iTEMP TMT162 Electrical connection



- € 4 Wiring of the field transmitter, RTD, dual sensor input
- Sensor input 1, RTD, : 2-, 3- and 4-wire 1
- Sensor input 2, RTD: 2-, 3-wire
- Field transmitter power supply and analog output 4 to 20 mA or fieldbus connection



- **₽** 5 Wiring of the field transmitter, TC, dual sensor input
- Sensor input 1, TC 1
- 2 Sensor input 2, TC
- Field transmitter power supply and analog output 4 to 20 mA or fieldbus connection

NOTICE

When connecting 2 sensors ensure that there is no galvanic connection between the sensors (e.g. caused by sensor elements that are not isolated from the thermowell). The resulting equalizing currents distort the measurements considerably.

The sensors must remain galvanically isolated from one another by connecting each sensor separately to a transmitter. The transmitter provides sufficient galvanic isolation (> 2 kV AC) between the input and output.

Electrical connection iTEMP TMT162

The following connection combinations are possible when both sensor inputs are assigned:

	Sensor input 1				
		RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire	RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire	RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire	Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire			-	
Sensor input 2	RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire			-	
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire	-	-	-	-
	Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter				

5.3 Connecting the measuring device

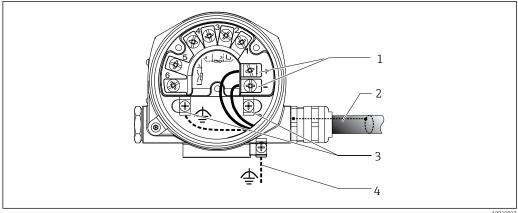
5.3.1 Cable gland or cable entry

A CAUTION

Risk of damage

- ► Switch off power supply before installing or connecting the device. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction of parts of the electronics.
- ▶ If the device has not been grounded as a result of the housing being installed, we recommended grounding it via one of the ground screws. Observe the grounding concept of the plant! Keep the cable shield between the stripped fieldbus cable and the ground terminal as short as possible! Connection of the functional grounding may be needed for functional purposes. Compliance with the electrical codes of individual countries is mandatory.
- ▶ If the shielding of the fieldbus cable is grounded at more than one point in systems without additional potential matching, mains frequency equalizing currents can occur that damage the cable or the shielding. In such cases, the shielding of the fieldbus cable is to be grounded on one side only, i.e. it must not be connected to the ground terminal of the housing. The shield that is not connected should be insulated!
- The terminals for the fieldbus connection have integrated reverse polarity protection.
 - Cable cross-section: max. 2.5 mm²
 - A shielded cable must be used for the connection.

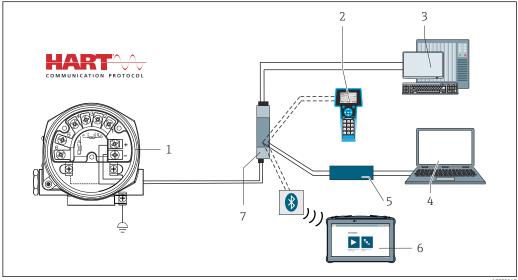
iTEMP TMT162 Electrical connection



- € 6 Connecting the device to the fieldbus cable
- Fieldbus terminals fieldbus communication and power supply
- Shielded fieldbus cable 2
- 3 Ground terminals, internal
- *Ground terminal (external, relevant for remote version)*

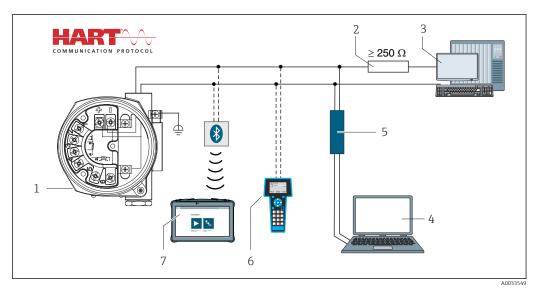
Connecting the HART® communication resistor 5.3.2

If the HART® communication resistor is not integrated into the power supply unit, it is necessary to incorporate a communication resistor of 250 Ω into the 2-wire cable. For the connection, also refer to the documentation published by the HART® FieldComm Group, particularly HCF LIT 20: "HART, a technical summary".



- **₽** 7 HART® connection with Endress+Hauser power supply unit, including integrated communication resistor
- Temperature field transmitter
- HART® handheld communicator
- 3 PLC/DCS
- Configuration software, e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare
- HART® modem
- Configuration via Field Xpert SMT70
- Power supply unit, e.g. RN22 from Endress+Hauser

Electrical connection iTEMP TMT162

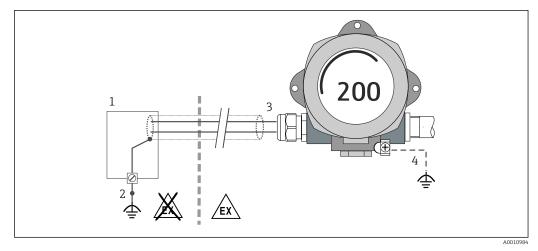


8 HART® connection with other power supply units that do not have a built-in HART® communication resistor

- 1 Temperature field transmitter
- 2 HART® communication resistor
- 3 PLC/DCS
- 4 Configuration software, e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare
- 5 HART® modem
- 6 HART® handheld communicator
- 7 Configuration via Field Xpert SMT70

5.3.3 Shielding and grounding

The specifications of the HART FieldComm Group must be observed during installation.



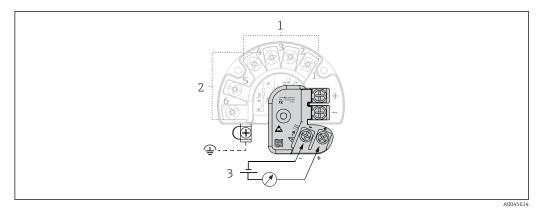
 \blacksquare 9 Shielding and grounding the signal cable at one end with HART® communication

- 1 Supply unit
- 2 Grounding point for HART® communication cable shield
- 3 Grounding of the cable shield at one end
- 4 Optional grounding of the field device, isolated from cable shielding

5.4 Special connection instructions

If the device is fitted with a surge arrester module, the bus is connected and the power is supplied via the screw terminals on the surge arrester module.

iTEMP TMT162 Electrical connection



■ 10 Electrical connection of surge arrester

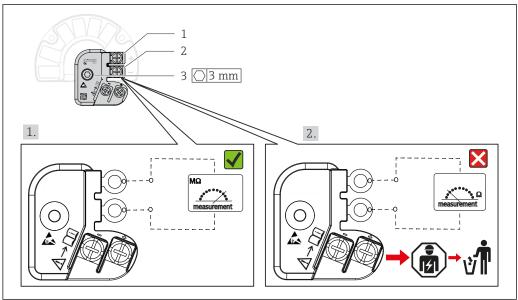
- Sensor 1
- 2 Sensor 2
- Bus connection and power supply

Surge arrester function test 5.4.1

NOTICE

To perform the function test on the surge arrester module correctly:

- Remove the surge arrester module before performing the test.
- To do so, release screws (1) and (2) with a screwdriver and release securing screw (3) with an Allen kev.
- The surge arrester module can be lifted off easily.
- Perform the function test as shown in the following graphic.



■ 11 Surge arrester function test

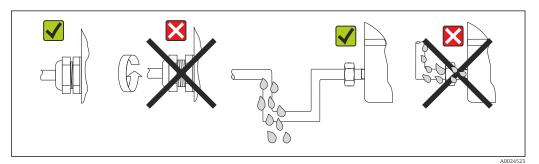
Ohmmeter in high-impedance range = overvoltage protection working **✓**. Ohmmeter in low-impedance range = overvoltage protection defective **☒**. Notify Endress+Hauser Service. Dispose of the defective surge arrester module as electronic waste. For information on device disposal, see the Disposal section.

Electrical connection iTEMP TMT162

5.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

The device meets all the requirements of IP66/IP67 protection. Compliance with the following points is mandatory following installation in the field or servicing in order to ensure that IP66/IP67 protection is maintained:

- The housing seals must be clean and undamaged when inserted into their grooves. The seals must be dried, cleaned or replaced if necessary.
- All housing screws and screw caps must be firmly tightened.
- The connecting cables used must have the specified external diameter (e.g. M20x1.5, cable diameter 8 to 12 mm).
- Firmly tighten the cable gland. \rightarrow 12, \triangleq 20
- The cables must loop down before they enter the cable glands ("water trap"). This means that any moisture that may form cannot enter the gland. Install the device so that the cable glands are not facing upwards. → 12, 20
- Replace unused cable glands with dummy plugs.
- Do not remove the grommet from the cable gland.



■ 12 Connection tips to retain IP66/IP67 protection

5.6 Post-connection check

Device condition and specifications	Notes
Are the device and cables undamaged (visual check)?	
Electrical connection	Notes
Does the supply voltage match the information on the nameplate?	Standard mode and SIL mode: U = 11.5 to 42 V_{DC}
Are the mounted cables relieved of tension?	Visual inspection
Are the power supply and signal cables connected correctly?	→ 🖺 16
Are all the screw terminals sufficiently tightened?	→ 🖺 14
Are all the cable entries installed, tightened and leaktight?	→ 🖺 20
Are all housing covers installed and securely tightened?	→ 🖺 21

iTEMP TMT162 Operation options

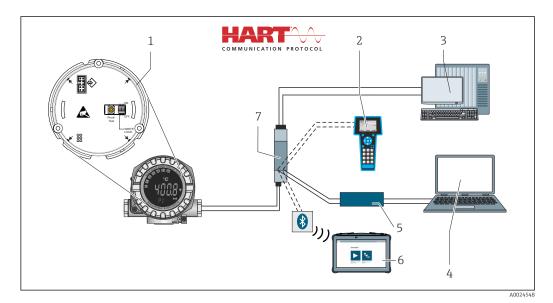
6 Operation options

6.1 Overview of operation options

There are different ways in which the operator can configure and commission the device:

- Configuration programs → 🗎 26

 HART® functions and device-specific parameters are
- HART® functions and device-specific parameters are primarily configured via the Fieldbus interface. Special configuration and operating programs are available from various manufacturers for this purpose.
- Miniature switch (DIP switch) and proof-test button for various hardware settings
 - Hardware write protection is activated and deactivated via a miniature switch (DIP switch) on the electronics module.
 - Proof-test button for testing in SIL mode without HART operation. Pressing the button triggers a device restart. The proof test checks the functional integrity of the transmitter in the SIL mode during commissioning, in the event of changes to safetyrelated parameters or generally at appropriate intervals.



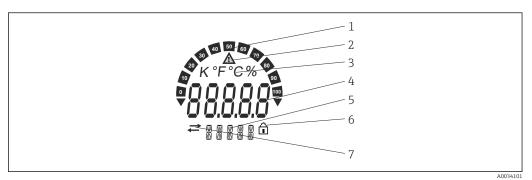
 \blacksquare 13 Operation options of the device

- 1 Hardware settings via DIP switch and proof-test button
- 2 HART® handheld communicator
- 3 PLC/DCS
- 4 Configuration software, e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare
- 5 HART® modem
- 6 Configuration via Field Xpert SMT70
- 7 Power supply unit and active barrier, .e.g. RN22 from Endress+Hauser

Operation options iTEMP TMT162

6.1.1 Measured value display and operating elements

Display elements



■ 14 LC display of the field transmitter (illuminated, can be plugged in in 90° steps)

Item no. **Function** Description Bar graph display In increments of 10% with indicators for underranging and overranging. 2 'Caution' symbol This is displayed when an error or warning occurs. 3 Unit display K, °F, °C or % Unit display for the internal measured value displayed. Measured value display, digit Displays the current measured value. In the event of an error height 20.5 mm or warning, the corresponding diagnostics information is displayed. → 🖺 35 Status and information Indicates which value is currently shown on the display. Text can be entered for every value. In the event of an error or a display warning, the sensor input that triggered the error/warning is also displayed where applicable, e.g. SENS1 6 'Configuration locked' symbol The 'configuration locked' symbol appears when configuration is locked via the hardware or software 'Communication' symbol The communication symbol appears when HART® communication is active.

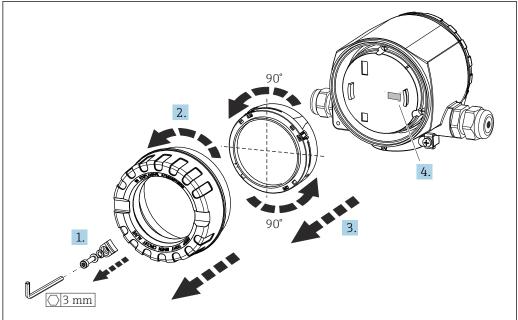
Local operation

NOTICE

► ▲ ESD - Electrostatic discharge. Protect the terminals from electrostatic discharge. Failure to observe this may result in the destruction or malfunction of parts of the electronics.

Hardware write protection and the proof test can be activated via a DIP switch or button on the electronics module. When write protection is active, parameters cannot be modified. A lock symbol on the display indicates that write protection is on. Write protection prevents any write access to the parameters.

iTEMP TMT162 Operation options



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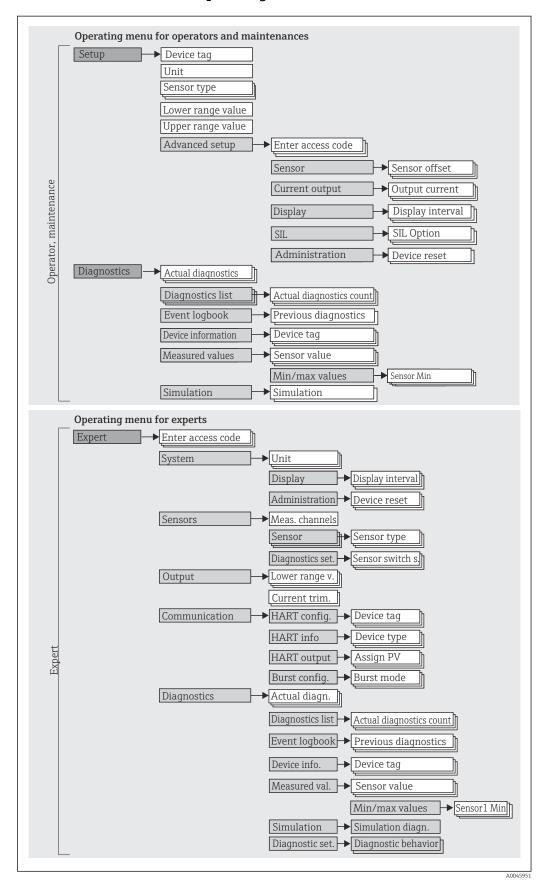
Procedure for setting the DIP switch or activating the proof test:

- 1. Remove the cover clamp.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover together with the O-ring.
- 3. If necessary, remove the display with retainer from the electronics module.
- 4. Configure the hardware write protection **WRITE LOCK** accordingly using the DIP switch. In general, the following applies: switch to ON = function enabled, switch to OFF = function disabled. If performing a SIL commissioning test and a proof test, make a device restart using the button.

Operation options iTEMP TMT162

6.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

6.2.1 Structure of the operating menu



iTEMP TMT162 Operation options



The configuration in the SIL mode is different from the configuration in the standard mode. For more detailed information, please refer to the Functional Safety Manual (SD01632T).

Submenus and user roles

Certain parts of the menu are assigned to certain user roles. Each user role corresponds to typical tasks within the life cycle of the device.

User role	Typical tasks	Menu	Content/meaning
Maintenance Operator	Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement. Configuration of data processing (scaling, linearization, etc.). Configuration of the analog measured value output. Tasks during operation: Configuration of the display. Reading measured values.	"Setup"	Contains all parameters for commissioning: Setup parameters Once values have been set for these parameters, the measurement should generally be completely configured. "Advanced setup" submenu Contains additional submenus and parameters: For more accurate configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions). For converting the measured value (scaling, linearization). For scaling the output signal. Required in ongoing operation: configuration of the measured value display (displayed values, display format, etc.).
	Troubleshooting: Diagnosing and eliminating process errors. Interpretation of device error messages and correcting associated errors.	"Diagnostics"	Contains all parameters for detecting and analyzing errors: • Diagnostic list Contains up to 3 currently active error messages. • Event logbook Contains the last 5 error messages. • "Device information" submenu Contains information for identifying the device. • "Measured values" submenu Contains all current measured values. • "Simulation" submenu Used to simulate measured values, output values or diagnostic messages. • "Device reset" submenu
Expert	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device: Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions. Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions. Detailed configuration of the communication interface. Error diagnostics in difficult cases.	"Expert"	Contains all the parameters of the device (including those that are already contained in one of the other menus). The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device: "System" submenu Contains all higher-level device parameters that do not affect measurement or measured value communication. "Sensor" submenu Contains all parameters for configuring the measurement. "Output" submenu Contains all parameters for configuring the analog current output. "Communication" submenu Contains all parameters for configuring the digital communication interface. "Diagnostics" submenu Contains all parameters needed to detect and analyze operational errors.

Operation options iTEMP TMT162

6.3 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

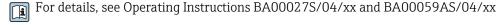
6.3.1 FieldCare

Function scope

FDT/DTM-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. Access takes place via the HART® protocol or CDI (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface).

Typical functions:

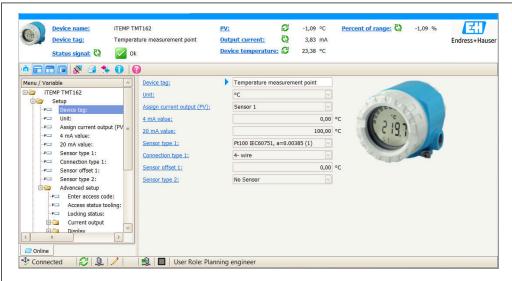
- Transmitter parameter configuration
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook



Source for device description files

For details, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$

User interface



A00//50

6.3.2 DeviceCare

Function scope

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated DeviceCare tool. DeviceCare's user-friendly design enables transparent and intuitive device connection and configuration. Intuitive menus and step-by-step instructions with status information ensure optimum transparency.

Quick and easy to install, connects devices in a single click (one-click connection). Automatic hardware identification and driver catalog update. The devices are configured using DTMs (Device Type Manager). Multilingual support, the tool is touch-enabled for tablet use. Hardware interfaces for modems: (USB/RS232), TCP/IP, USB and PCMCIA.

iTEMP TMT162 Operation options

Source for device description files

For details, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$

6.3.3 Field Xpert

Function scope

Field Xpert is an industrial PDA with integrated touchscreen for commissioning and maintaining field devices in explosion hazardous and safe areas. It enables the efficient configuration of FOUNDATION fieldbus, HART and WirelessHART devices. Communication is wireless via Bluetooth or WiFi interfaces.

Source for device description files

6.3.4 AMS Device Manager

Function scope

Program from Emerson Process Management for operating and configuring measuring devices via the HART® protocol.

Source for device description files

For details, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$

6.3.5 SIMATIC PDM

Function scope

SIMATIC PDM is a standardized, manufacturer-independent program from Siemens for the operation, configuration, maintenance and diagnosis of intelligent field devices via the HART® protocol.

Source for device description files

For details, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$

6.3.6 Field Communicator 475

Function scope

Industrial handheld terminal from Emerson Process Management for remote configuration and measured value display via the HART $^{\circ}$ protocol.

Source for device description files

For details, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 28$

System integration iTEMP TMT162

7 System integration

Version data for the device

Firmware version	04.01.zz	 On the title page of the manual On the nameplate Firmware version parameter Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version
Manufacturer ID	0x0011	Manufacturer ID parameter Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID
Device type ID	0x11CE	Device type parameter Diagnostics → Device information → Device type
HART protocol revision	7.6	
Device revision	4	 On the transmitter nameplate Device revision parameter Diagnostics → Device information → Device revision

The suitable device description file (DD or DTM) for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tools

Operating tool	Sources for obtaining device descriptions (DD) or device type managers (DTM)
FieldCare, DeviceCare, FieldXpert SMT70 (Endress+Hauser)	www.endress.com→ Downloads → Device driver: Enter type, product root and process communication.
SIMATIC PDM (Siemens)	
Yokogawa, Plant Resource Manager	
Control Builder, Field Device Manager (Honeywell)	
Schneider Invensys, Archestra IDE	
PACTware	
Field Communicator 475 (Emerson Process Management)	Use update function of handheld terminal

7.1 HART device variables and measured values

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variables for temperature measurement

Device variable	Measured value
Primary device variable (PV)	Sensor 1
Secondary device variable (SV)	Device temperature
Tertiary device variable (TV)	Sensor 1
Quaternary device variable (QV)	Sensor 1

It is possible to change the assignment of device variables to process variables in the menu **Expert** \rightarrow **Communication** \rightarrow **HART output**.

iTEMP TMT162 System integration

7.2 Device variables and measured values

The following measured values are assigned to the individual device variables:

Device variable code	Measured value
0	Sensor 1
1	Sensor 2
2	Device temperature
3	Average of sensor 1 and sensor 2
4	Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2
5	Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2)
6	Sensor 1 with switchover to sensor 2 if a limit value is exceeded
7	Average of sensor 1 and sensor 2 with backup

The device variables can be queried by a HART® master using HART® command 9 or 33.

7.3 Supported HART® commands

The HART® protocol enables the transfer of measuring data and device data between the HART® master and the field device for configuration and diagnostics purposes. HART® masters such as the handheld terminal or PC-based operating programs (e.g. FieldCare) need device description files (DD, DTM) which are used to access all the information in a HART® device. This information is transmitted exclusively via "commands".

There are three different types of command

• Universal commands:

All HART® devices support and use universal commands. These are associated with the following functionalities for example:

- Recognition of HART® devices
- Reading digital measured values
- Common practice commands:

Common practice commands offer functions which are supported and can be executed by many but not all field devices.

■ Device-specific commands:

These commands allow access to device-specific functions which are not HART® standard. Such commands access individual field device information, among other things.

Command No.	Designation		
Universal command	Universal commands		
0, Cmd0	Read unique identifier		
1, Cmd001	Read primary variable		
2, Cmd002	Read loop current and percent of range		
3, Cmd003	Read dynamic variables and loop current		
6, Cmd006	Write polling address		
7, Cmd007	Read loop configuration		
8, Cmd008	Read dynamic variable classifications		
9, Cmd009	Read device variables with status		
11, Cmd011	Read unique identifier associated with TAG		

System integration iTEMP TMT162

Command No.	Designation
12, Cmd012	Read message
13, Cmd013	Read TAG, descriptor, date
14, Cmd014	Read primary variable transducer information
15, Cmd015	Read device information
16, Cmd016	Read final assembly number
17, Cmd017	Write message
18, Cmd018	Write TAG, descriptor, date
19, Cmd019	Write final assembly number
20, Cmd020	Read long TAG (32-byte TAG)
21, Cmd021	Read unique identifier associated with long TAG
22, Cmd022	Write long TAG (32-byte TAG)
38, Cmd038	Reset configuration changed flag
48, Cmd048	Read additional device status
Common practice con	mmands
33, Cmd033	Read device variables
34, Cmd034	Write primary variable damping value
35, Cmd035	Write primary variable range values
36, Cmd036	Set primary variable upper range value
37, Cmd037	Set primary variable lower range value
40, Cmd040	Enter/Exit fixed current mode
42, Cmd042	Perform device reset
44, Cmd044	Write primary variable units
45, Cmd045	Trim loop current zero
46, Cmd046	Trim loop current gain
50, Cmd050	Read dynamic variable assignments
51, Cmd051	Write dynamic variable assignments
54, Cmd054	Read device variable information
59, Cmd059	Write number of response preambles
72, Cmd072	Squawk
95, Cmd095	Read device communications statistics
100, Cmd100	Write primary variable alarm code
103, Cmd103	Write burst period
104, Cmd104	Write burst trigger
105, Cmd105	Read burst mode configuration
107, Cmd107	Write burst device variables
108, Cmd108	Write burst mode command number
109, Cmd109	Burst mode control
516, Cmd516	Read device location
517, Cmd517	Write device location
518, Cmd518	Read location description
519, Cmd519	Write location description
520, Cmd520	Read process unit tag
521, Cmd521	Write process unit tag

iTEMP TMT162 Commissioning

Command No.	Designation
523, Cmd523	Read condensed status mapping array
524, Cmd524	Write condensed status mapping
525, Cmd525	Reset condensed status map
526, Cmd526	Write status simulation mode
527, Cmd527	Simulate status bit

8 Commissioning

8.1 Post-installation check

Before commissioning the measuring point, make sure that all final checks have been carried out:

- "Post-mounting check" checklist
- "Post-connection check" checklist

8.2 Switching on the device

Once you have completed the post-connection checks, switch on the supply voltage. The transmitter performs a number of internal test functions after power-up. During this process, the following sequence of messages appears on the display:

Step	Display
1	Text "Display" and firmware version of the display
2	Firm logo
3	Device name (scrolling text)
4	Firmware, hardware revision, device revision and device address
5	For devices in SIL mode: SIL-CRC is displayed
6a	Current measured value or
6b	Current status message
	If the switch-on procedure is not successful, the relevant diagnostic event is displayed, depending on the cause. A detailed list of diagnostic events and the corresponding troubleshooting instructions can be found in the "Diagnostics and troubleshooting" section .

The device works after approx. 30 seconds! Normal measuring mode commences as soon as the switch-on procedure is completed. Measured values and status values appear on the display.

8.3 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

If the device is locked and the parameter settings cannot be changed, it must first be enabled via the hardware or software lock. The device is write-protected if the lock symbol is shown on the display.

Commissioning iTEMP TMT162

To unlock the device

• either switch the write protection switch on the back of the display to the "OFF" position (hardware write protection), or

 deactivate the software write protection via the operating tool. See the description for the 'Define device write protection' parameter. → ≅ 71

When hardware write protection is active (write protection switch set to the "ON" position), write protection cannot be disabled via the operating tool. Hardware write protection must always be disabled before software write protection can be enabled or disabled via the operating tool.

Diagnostics and troubleshooting 9

General trouble shooting 9.1

Always start troubleshooting with the checklists below if faults occur after commissioning or during operation. The checklists take you directly (via various queries) to the cause of the problem and the appropriate remedial measures.



In the event of a serious fault, a device might have to be returned to the manufacturer for repair. Refer to the "Return" section before returning the device to Endress+Hauser. → ¹/₄₂

Check display (local display)	
Display is blank - no connection to the HART host system.	1. Check the supply voltage → terminals + and - 2. Measuring electronics defective → order spare part, → 🖺 40
Display is blank - however, connection has been established to the HART host system.	 Check whether the display module retainers are correctly seated on the electronics module → □ 13 Display module defective → order spare part, → □ 40 Measuring electronics defective → order spare part, → □ 40

↓

Local error messages on the display	
→ 🗎 35	

↓

Faulty connection to the fieldbus host system				
Error	Possible cause	Remedial action		
Device is not responding.	Supply voltage does not match the voltage specified on the nameplate.	Apply correct voltage		
	Connecting cables are not in contact with the terminals.	Check the electrical contact between the cable and terminals and correct if necessary.		
Output current < 3.6 mA	Signal cable is not wired correctly.	Check wiring.		
	Electronics module is defective.	Replace the device.		
HART communication is not working.	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor.	Install the communication resistor (250 $\Omega)$ correctly.		
	Commubox is connected incorrectly.	Connect Commubox correctly.		

↓

Error messages in the configuration software	
→ 🗎 36	

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Application errors without status messages for RTD sensor connection					
Error	Possible cause	Remedial action			
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.			
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the installed length of the sensor.			
	Device programming is incorrect (number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.			
Measured value is incorrect/	Device programming is incorrect (scaling).	Change scaling.			
maccurate	Incorrect RTD configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.			
	Sensor connection.	Check that the sensor is connected correctly.			
	The cable resistance of the sensor (2-wire) was not compensated.	Compensate the cable resistance.			
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.			
	Faulty sensor.	Check the sensor.			
	Incorrect sensor connection.	Install the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram).			
Failure current (≤ 3.6 mA or ≥ 21 mA)	Device programming is incorrect (e.g. number of wires).	Change the Connection type device function.			
	Incorrect programming.	Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type.			

Application errors without status messages for TC sensor connection					
Error	Possible cause	Remedial action			
	Incorrect sensor orientation.	Install the sensor correctly.			
	Heat conducted by sensor.	Observe the installed length of the sensor.			
	Device programming is incorrect (scaling).	Change scaling.			
Measured value is incorrect/inaccurate	Incorrect thermocouple type (TC) configured.	Change the Sensor type device function.			
	Incorrect reference junction set.	Set the correct reference junction .			
	Interference via the thermocouple wire welded in the thermowell (interference voltage coupling).	Use a sensor where the thermocouple wire is not welded.			
	Offset incorrectly set.	Check offset.			
	Faulty sensor.	Check the sensor.			
Failure current (≤ 3.6 mA or	Sensor is connected incorrectly.	Install the connecting cables correctly (terminal diagram).			
≥ 21 mA)	Incorrect programming.	Incorrect sensor type set in the Sensor type device function. Set the correct sensor type.			

9.2 Overview of diagnostic information

9.2.1 Displaying diagnostic events

NOTICE

Status signals and diagnostic behavior can be configured manually for certain diagnostic events. If a diagnostic event occurs, however, it is not guaranteed that the measured values are valid for the event and comply with the process for the status signals S and M and the diagnostic behavior: 'Warning' and Disabled'.

► Reset the status signal assignment to the factory setting.

Status signals

Symbol	Event category	Meaning
F	Operating error	An operating error has occurred.
С	Service mode	The device is in the service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
S	Out of specification	The device is being operated outside its technical specifications (e.g. during startup or cleaning processes).
М	Maintenance required	Maintenance is required.
N	Not categorized	

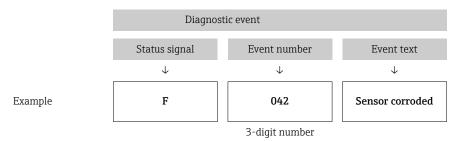
- If a valid measured value is not available, the display alternates between "- - - " and the error message plus the defined error number and the '△' symbol.
- If a valid measured value is present, the display alternates between the status plus the defined error number (7-segment display) and the primary measured value (PV) with the '∆' symbol.

Diagnostic behavior

Alarm	Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs adopt the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.
Disabled	The diagnosis is completely disabled even if the device is not recording a measured value.

Diagnostic event and event text

The fault can be identified by means of the diagnostic event. The event text helps you by providing information about the fault.



If several diagnostic events are pending at the same time, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is displayed. Additional pending diagnostic messages are shown in the **Diagnostic list** submenu $\rightarrow \boxminus 83$. The status signal dictates the priority in which the diagnostic messages are displayed. The following order of priority applies: F, C, S, M. If two or more diagnostic events with the same status signal are active simultaneously, the numerical order of the event number dictates the order of priority in which the events are displayed, e.g.: F042 appears before F044 and before S044.

Past diagnostic messages that are no longer pending are shown in the **Event logbook** submenu $\Rightarrow \triangleq 84$.

9.3 Diagnostic list

Each diagnostic event is assigned a certain event behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostic events.

Example:

		Settings		Device behavior			
Configuration examples	Diagnostic number	Status signal	Diagnostic behavior from the factory	Status signal (output via HART® communication)	Current output	PV, status	Display
1. Default setting	047	S	Warning	S	Measured value	Measured value, UNCERTAIN	S047
2. Manual setting: status signal S changed to F	047	F	Warning	F	Measured value	Measured value, UNCERTAIN	F047
3. Manual setting: Warning diagnostic behavior changed to Alarm	047	S	Alarm	S	Configured failure current	Measured value, BAD	S047
4. Manual setting: Warning changed to Disabled	047	S 1)	Disabled	_ 2)	Last valid measured value ³⁾	Last valid measured value, GOOD	S047

- 1) Setting is not relevant.
- Status signal is not displayed.
- 3) The failure current is output if no valid measured value is available.

The relevant sensor input for these diagnostic events can be identified with the **Actual diag channel** parameter or on the display.

Diagnostic number	Short text	Short text Corrective measure		Customizable 1) Cannot be adjusted	Diagnosti c behavior from the factory	Customizable 2) Cannot be adjusted
		Diagnostics for the sensor				
001	Device failure - sensor n ³⁾ (sensor RJ)	Restart device Replace electronics	F	X	Alarm	X
041	Sensor interrupted - sensor n	Check electrical wiring. Replace sensor. Check connection type.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
042	Sensor n corroded	Check sensor. Replace sensor.	M	✓	Warning	✓
043	Short-circuit sensor n	Check electrical connection. Check sensor. Replace sensor or cable.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
044	Sensor drift detected	Check sensor or main electronics. Replace sensor or main electronics.	М	✓	Warning	✓
047	Sensor limit reached sensor n (sensor RJ)	Check sensor. Check process conditions.	S	✓	Warning	✓
048	Drift detection not possible	Check electrical connection. Check sensor. Replace sensor.	M	✓	Warning	✓
062	Sensor connection faulty sensor n (sensor RJ)	Check sensor connection.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
105	Calibration interval	Execute calibration and reset calibration interval. Switch off calibration counter.	M	✓	Warning	✓
145	Compensation reference point sensor n	Check terminal temperature. Check external reference measuring point.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
		Diagnostics for the electronics				
201	Electronics faulty	Restart device. Replace electronics.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
221	Reference sensor defective sensor RJ	Replace device.	M	✓	Alarm	✓
241	Firmware faulty	1. Restart device. 2. Power cycle device. 3. Replace electronics.			Alarm	✓
242	Firmware incompatible	1. Check firmware version. 2. Flash or replace main electronics.			Alarm	✓
261	Electronics module is defective	1. Restart device. 2. Replace main electronics module.			Alarm	✓
283	Memory content inconsistent	1. Restart device. 2. Replace electronics.				✓
286	Data storage inconsistent	Repeat safe parameter configuration. Replace electronics.	F	✓	Alarm	✓
		Diagnostics for the configuration	1			
401	Factory reset active	Factory reset in progress, please wait.	С	X	Warning	X

Diagnostic number	Short text	Corrective measure	Status signal from the factory	Customizable 1) Cannot be adjusted	Diagnosti c behavior from the factory	Customizable Cannot be adjusted
402	Initialization active sensor n (sensor RJ)	Initialization in progress, please wait.	С	X	Warning	X
410	Data transfer failed	Check connection. Repeat data transfer.	F C	X	Alarm	X
411	Upload/download active	Upload/download in progress, please wait.		X	Warning	X
412	Download active	Download active, please wait	С	✓	Warning	\checkmark
435	Linearization faulty sensor n (sensor RJ)	Check linearization.	F	X	Alarm	X
438	Dataset different	Check data set file. Check device configuration. Download new device configuration.	M	×	Warning	×
439	Dataset	Repeat safe parameter configuration	F	×	Alarm	×
485	Process variable simulation active sensor n (device temperature)	Deactivate simulation.	С	-	Warning	-
491	Current output simulation	Deactivate simulation.	С	✓	Warning	✓
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation.	С	✓	Warning	\checkmark
531	Factory adjustment missing sensor n (current output)	Contact service organization. Replace device.	F	X	Alarm	X
537	Configuration sensor n (current output)	Check device configuration Upload and download new configuration. (In case of current output: check configuration of analog output.)	F	X	Alarm	X
583	Input simulation sensor n	Deactivate simulation.	С	\checkmark	Warning	✓
		Diagnostics for the process				
801	Supply voltage too low ⁴⁾	Increase supply voltage.	S	✓	Alarm	X
825	Operating temperature	Check ambient temperature. Check process temperature.	S	✓	Warning	✓
844	Process value out of specification-current output	Check process value. Check application. Check sensor.	S	✓	Warning	✓

¹⁾ Can be set to F, C, S, M, N $\,$

²⁾ 3) Can be set to 'Alarm', 'Warning' and 'Disabled'

 $n = number \ of \ sensor \ inputs \ (1 \ and \ 2)$ With this diagnostic event, the device always outputs a "low" alarm status (output current $\leq 3.6 \ mA$).

iTEMP TMT162 Maintenance

9.4 Firmware history

Revision history

The firmware version (FW) on the nameplate and in the Operating Instructions indicates the device release: XX.YY.ZZ (example 01.02.01).

XX Change to main version. No longer compatible. The device and

Operating Instructions change.

YY Change to functions and operation. Compatible. The Operating

Instructions change.

ZZ Fixes and internal changes. No changes to the Operating Instructions.

Date	Firmware version	Changes	Documentation
07/2017	04.01.zz	HART protocol version 7.6 and addition of operating parameters for functional safety (SIL3)	BA01801T/09/en/01.17
09/2023			BA01801T/09/en/03.23

10 Maintenance

No special maintenance work is required for the temperature transmitter.

10.1 Cleaning

A clean, dry cloth can be used to clean the device.

Repair iTEMP TMT162

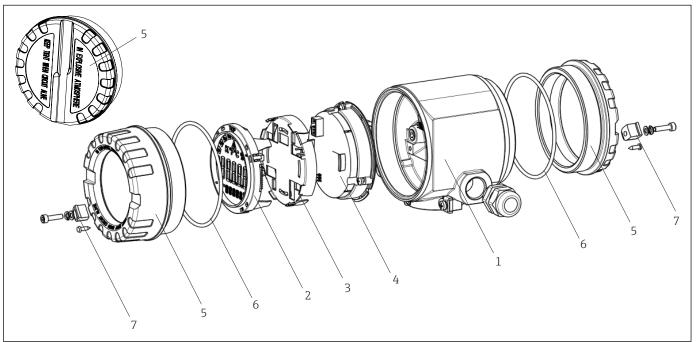
11 Repair

11.1 General notes

Repairs that are not described in these Operating Instructions must only be carried out directly by the manufacturer or by the service department.

11.2 Spare parts

Spare parts currently available for the product can be found online at: http://www.products.endress.com/spareparts_consumables. Always quote the serial number of the device when ordering spare parts!



 \blacksquare 15 Field transmitter spare parts

Item no. 1	Housing					
	Certificates	rtificates:				
	A	Non-ha	zardous	area + Ex ia		
	В	ATEX E	Ex d			
		Materi	al:			
		A	Alumin	um, HART 5		
		В	Stainless steel 316L, HART 5			
		F	Alumin	um, FF/PA		
		G	G Stainless steel 316L, FF/PA			
		K	Alumin	um, HART 7		
		L	Stainles	ss steel 316L, HART 7		
		Cable entry:				
			2 x thread NPT ½" + terminal block + 1 dummy plug			
			2	2 x thread M20x1.5 + terminal block + 1 dummy plug		

40 Endress+Hauser

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iTEMP TMT162 Repair

Item no. 1	Housing					
		4 2 x thread G ½" + terminal block + 1 dummy plug				
				Version:		
				A	Standard	
TMT162G-				A	← order code	

Item no. 4	Electro	ectronics module					
	Certifi	cates:	ates:				
	A	Non-ha	azardous	area			
	В	ATEX E	EX Ex ia, FM IS, CSA IS				
		Sensor	input; c	ommunication:			
		A	1x; HA	RT 5, FW 01.03.zz, DevRev02			
		В	2x; HA	RT 5, FW 01.03.zz, DevRev02, config. output sensor 1			
		С	2x; FOU	JNDATION Fieldbus Device Revision 1			
		D	2x; PRO	DFIBUS PA, DevRev02			
		Е	2x; FOU	JNDATION Fieldbus FW 01.01.zz, Device Revision 2			
		F	2x; FOU	JNDATION Fieldbus FW 02.00.zz, Device Revision 3			
		G	1x; HA	RT7, Fw 04.01.zz, DevRev04			
		Н	2x; HA	RT7, Fw 04.01.zz, DevRev04, config. output sensor 1			
			Config	uration:			
			A	50 Hz mains filter			
			В	Produced as per original order (quote serial number) 50 Hz mains filter			
			K 60 Hz mains filter				
			L Produced as per original order (quote serial number) 60 Hz mains filter				
TMT162E-				← order code			

Item no.	Order code	Spare parts
2.3	TMT162X-DA	Display HART 5 + retainer + twist protection
2.3	TMT162X-DB	Display PA/FF + retainer + twist protection
2.3	TMT162X-DC	Display retainer + twist protection
2.3	TMT162X-DD	Display HART 7 + retainer + twist protection
5	TMT162X-HH	Housing cover blind, aluminum Ex d, FM XP with seal, CSA approval, only as cover of connection compartment
5	TMT162X-HI	Housing cover blind, aluminum + seal
5	TMT162X-HK	Housing cover cpl. display, aluminum Ex d with seal
5	TMT162X-HL	Housing cover cpl. display, aluminum with seal
5	TMT162X-HA	Housing cover blind, stainless steel 316L Ex d, ATEX Ex d, FM XP with seal, CSA approval, only as cover of connection compartment
5	TMT162X-HB	Housing cover blind, stainless steel 316L, with seal
5	TMT162X-HC	Housing cover cpl. display, Ex d, stainless steel 316L, ATEX Ex d, FM XP, CSA XP, with seal
5	TMT162X-HD	Housing cover cpl. display, stainless steel 316L, with seal
5	TMT162X-HF	Housing cover cpl. display, polycarbonate, 316L

Accessories iTEMP TMT162

Item no.	Order code	Spare parts
6	71439499	O-ring 88x3 HNBR 70° Shore PTFE coating
7	51004948	Cover clamp spare part set: screw, disk, spring washer

11.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the website for more information: http://www.endress.com/support/return-material
- 2. Return the device if repairs or a factory calibration are required, or if the wrong device was ordered or delivered.

11.4 Disposal



If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

12 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

Always quote the serial number of the device when ordering accessories!

12.1 Device-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Dummy plugs	■ M20x1.5 EEx-d/XP ■ G ½" EEx-d/XP ■ NPT ½" ALU ■ NPT ½" V4A
Cable glands	 M20x1.5 NPT ½" D4-8.5, IP68 NPT ½" cable gland 2 x D0.5 cable for 2 sensors M20x1.5 cable gland 2 x D0.5 cable for 2 sensors
Adapter for cable gland	M20x1.5 outside/M24x1.5 inside
Wall and pipe mounting bracket	Stainless steel wall/2" pipe Stainless steel 2" pipe V4A
Overvoltage protection	The module protects the electronics from overvoltage.

iTEMP TMT162 Accessories

12.2 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum measuring device: e.g. pressure loss, accuracy or process connections. Graphic illustration of the calculation results
	Administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
	Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator
Accessories	Description
Configurator	Product Configurator - the tool for individual product configuration Up-to-the-minute configuration data Depending on the device: direct input of information specific to the measuring point, such as the measuring range or operating language Automatic verification of exclusion criteria Automatic creation of the order code and its breakdown in PDF or Excel output format Ability to order directly in the Endress+Hauser Online Shop The Product Configurator is available on the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com-> Select your country -> Click "Products" -> Select the product using the filters and search field -> Open product page -> The "Configure" button to the right of the product image opens the Product Configurator.
FieldCare SFE500	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00065S
DeviceCare SFE100	Configuration tool for devices via fieldbus protocols and Endress+Hauser service protocols. DeviceCare is the tool developed by Endress+Hauser for the configuration of Endress+Hauser devices. All smart devices in a plant can be configured via a point-to-point or point-to-bus connection. The user-friendly menus enable transparent and intuitive access to the field devices. For details, see Operating Instructions BA00027S

12.3 System products

Accessories	Description
Graphic Data Manager Memograph M	The Advanced Data Manager Memograph M is a flexible and powerful system for organizing process values. The measured process values are clearly presented on the display and logged safely, monitored for limit values and analyzed. Via common communication protocols, the measured and calculated values can be easily communicated to higher-level systems or individual plant modules can be interconnected.
	For details, see Technical Information TI01180R/09
RN22	Single- or two-channel active barrier for safe separation of 0/4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits with bidirectional HART® transmission. In the signal duplicator option, the input signal is transmitted to two galvanically isolated outputs. The device has one active and one passive current input; the outputs can be operated actively or passively. The RN22 requires a supply voltage of 24 V_{DC} . For details, see Technical Information TIO1515K

Accessories iTEMP TMT162

Accessories	Description
RN42	Single-channel active barrier for safe separation of 0/4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits with bidirectional HART $^{\circ}$ transmission. The device has one active and one passive current input; the outputs can be operated actively or passively. The RN42 can be powered with a wide range voltage of 24 to 230 V _{AC/DC} . For details, see Technical Information TI01584K
RID14/RID16	Field indicator with 8 input channels and FOUNDATION Fieldbus™ or PROFIBUS® PA protocol for displaying process values and calculated values. Onsite display of process parameters in fieldbus systems.
	For details:
	 Technical Information RID16: TI00146R Technical Information RID14: TI00145R

13 Technical data

13.1 Input

Measured variable

Temperature (temperature-linear transmission behavior), resistance and voltage.

Measuring range

It is possible to connect two sensors that are independent of one another ¹⁾. The measuring inputs are not galvanically isolated from each other.

Resistance thermometer (RTD) as per standard	Description	α	Measuring range limits	Min. span
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1) Pt200 (2) Pt500 (3) Pt1000 (4)	0.003851	-200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F) -200 to +500 °C (-328 to +932 °F) -200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	0.003916	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6) Ni120 (7)	0.006180	-60 to +250 °C (−76 to +482 °F) -60 to +250 °C (−76 to +482 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8) Pt100 (9)	0.003910	-185 to +1100 °C (-301 to +2012 °F) -200 to +850 °C (-328 to +1562 °F)	
OIML R84: 2003,	Cu50 (10) Cu100 (11)	0.004280	-180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F) -180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
GOST 6651-2009	Ni100 (12) Ni120 (13)	0.006170	-60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F) -60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	0.004260	-50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F)	10 K (18 °F)
-	Pt100 (Callendar van Dusen) Nickel polynomial Copper polynomial	-	The measuring range limits are specified by entering the limit values that depend on the coefficients A to C and RO.	10 K (18 °F)
	• With 2-wire circuit, compens	ation of the wire r	ection, sensor current: ≤ 0.3 mA esistance is possible (0 to 30 Ω) e resistance up to max. 50 Ω per wire	
Resistance transmitter	Resistance Ω		$\begin{array}{c} 10 \text{ to } 400 \Omega \\ 10 \text{ to } 2 000 \Omega \end{array}$	10 Ω 10 Ω

Thermocouples as per standard	Description	Measuring range limits		Min. span
IEC 60584, Part 1 ASTM E230-3	Type A (W5Re-W20Re) (30) Type B (PtRh30-PtRh6) (31) Type E (NiCr-CuNi) (34) Type J (Fe-CuNi) (35) Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36) Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi) (37) Type R (PtRh13-Pt) (38) Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39) Type T (Cu-CuNi) (40)	0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +40 to +1820 °C (+104 to +3308 °F) -250 to +1000 °C (-418 to +1832 °F) -210 to +1200 °C (-346 to +2192 °F) -270 to +1372 °C (-454 to +2501 °F) -270 to +1300 °C (-454 to +2372 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -50 to +1768 °C (-58 to +3214 °F) -200 to +400 °C (-328 to +752 °F)	Recommended temperature range: 0 to +2500 °C (+32 to +4532 °F) +500 to +1820 °C (+932 to +3308 °F) -150 to +1000 °C (-238 to +1832 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1200 °C (-238 to +2192 °F) -150 to +1300 °C (-238 to +2372 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) +50 to +1768 °C (+122 to +3214 °F) -150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)	50 K (90 °F) 50 K (90 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1 ASTM E230-3 ASTM E988-96	Type C (W5Re-W26Re) (32)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)

In the case of 2-channel measurement the same measuring unit must be configured for the two channels (e.g. both $^{\circ}$ C or F or K). Independent 2-channel measurement of a resistance transmitter (Ohm) and voltage transmitter (mV) is not possible.

Thermocouples as per standard	Description	Measuring range limits		Min. span
ASTM E988-96	Type D (W3Re-W25Re) (33)	0 to +2 315 °C (+32 to +4 199 °F)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
DIN 43710	Type L (Fe-CuNi) (41) Type U (Cu-CuNi) (42)	-200 to +900 °C (-328 to +1652 °F) -200 to +600 °C (-328 to +1112 °F)	-150 to +900 °C (-238 to +1652 °F) -150 to +600 °C (-238 to +1112 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
GOST R8.585-2001	Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43)	−200 to +800 °C (−328 to +1472 °F)	−200 to +800 °C (+328 to +1472 °F)	50 K (90 °F)
	 Internal reference junction (Pt100) External reference junction: configurable value -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) Maximum sensor wire resistance 10 kΩ (If the sensor wire resistance is greater than 10 kΩ, an error message is output in accordance with NAMUR NE89.) 			
Voltage transmitter (mV)	Millivolt transmitter (mV)	-20 to 100 mV		5 mV

Type of input

The following connection combinations are possible when both sensor inputs are assigned:

			Sensor	input 1	
Sensor input 2		RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire	RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire	RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire	Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 2-wire	V	V	-	V
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 3-wire	V		-	✓
	RTD or resistance transmitter, 4-wire	-	-	-	-
	Thermocouple (TC), voltage transmitter	V	V		V

13.2 Output

Out	nut	sia	nal
Out	pul	214	HULL

Analog output	4 to 20 mA, 20 to 4 mA (can be inverted)
Signal encoding	FSK ±0.5 mA via current signal
Data transmission rate	1200 baud
Galvanic isolation	U = 2 kV AC, 1 min. (input/output)

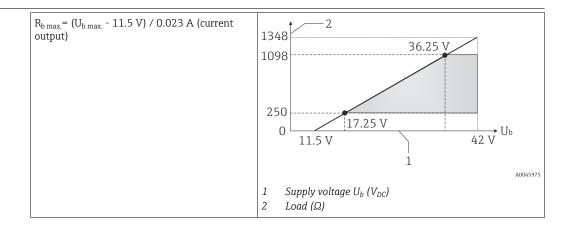
Failure information

Failure information as per NAMUR NE43:

Failure information is created if the measuring information is missing or not valid. A complete list of all the errors occurring in the measuring system is created.

Underranging	Linear decrease from 4.0 to 3.8 mA
Overranging	Linear increase from 20.0 to 20.5 mA
Failure e.g. sensor failure; sensor short-circuit	\leq 3.6 mA ("low") or \geq 21 mA ("high"), can be selected The "high" alarm setting can be set between 21.5 mA and 23 mA, thus providing the flexibility needed to meet the requirements of various control systems.





Linearization/transmission behavior

 $Temperature-linear, \ resistance-linear, \ voltage-linear$

Mains filter

50/60 Hz

Filter

1st order digital filter: 0 to 120 s

Protocol-specific data

Manufacturer ID	17 (0x11)
Device type ID	0x11CE
HART® specification	7.6
Device address in the multi-drop mode ¹⁾	Software setting addresses 0 to 63
Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files available at: www.endress.com www.fieldcommgroup.org
HART load	Min. 250 Ω
HART device variables	The measured values can be freely assigned to the device variables. Measured values for PV, SV, TV and QV (first, second, third and fourth device variable) Sensor 1 (measured value) Device temperature Average of the two measured values: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2: SV1-SV2 Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2): If sensor 1 fails, the value of sensor 2 automatically becomes the primary HART® value (PV): sensor 1 (OR sensor 2) Sensor switching: If the value exceeds the configured threshold value T for sensor 1, the measured value of sensor 2 becomes the primary HART® value (PV). The system switches back to sensor 1 if the measured value of sensor 1 is at least 2 K below T: sensor 1 (sensor 2, if sensor 1 > T) Average: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) with backup (measured value of sensor 1 or sensor 2 in the event of a sensor error in the other sensor)
Supported functions	 Burst mode ¹⁾ Squawk Condensed status

1) Not possible in the SIL mode, see Functional Safety Manual SD01632T $\,$

Wireless HART data

Minimum starting voltage	11.5 V _{DC}
Starting current	3.58 mA

Starting time	Normal operation: 6 sSIL mode: 29 s
Minimum operating voltage	11.5 V _{AC}
Multidrop current	4.0 mA ¹⁾
Time for connection setup	Normal operation: 9 sSIL mode: 10 s

1) No Multidrop current in SIL mode

Write protection for device parameters

- Hardware: Write protection using DIP switch on electronics module in the device
- Software: Write protection using password

Switch-on delay

- Until the start of HART® communication, approx. 10 s, while switch-on delay = I_a $\leq 3.6 \text{ mA}$
- Until the first valid measured value signal is present at the current output, approx. 28 s, while switch-on delay = $I_a \le 3.6$ mA

13.3 Power supply

Supply voltage

Values for non-hazardous areas, protected against polarity reversal:

- 11.5 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 42 V (standard)
- I ≤ 23 mA

Values for hazardous area, see Ex documentation.

- The transmitter must be powered by a power supply 11.5 to $42~V_{DC}$ in accordance with NEC Class 02 (low voltage/low current) with restricted power limited to 8~A/150~VA in the event of a short circuit (in accordance with IEC 61010-1, CSA 1010.1-92).
- The device may only be powered by a power unit with an energy-limited circuit in accordance with UL/EN/IEC 61010-1, Section 9.4 and the requirements of Table 18.

Current	consumption

Current consumption Minimum current consumption Current limit	3.6 to 23 mA ≤ 3.5 mA, Multidrop mode 4 mA (not possible in SIL mode) ≤ 23 mA

Terminals

2.5 mm² (12 AWG) plus ferrule

Cable entries

Version	Туре
Thread	2x thread ½" NPT
	2x thread M20
	2x thread G½"
Cable gland	2x coupling M20

Residual ripple

Permanent residual ripple $U_{SS} \le 3 \text{ V}$ at $U_b \ge 13.5 \text{ V}$, $f_{max} = 1 \text{ kHz}$

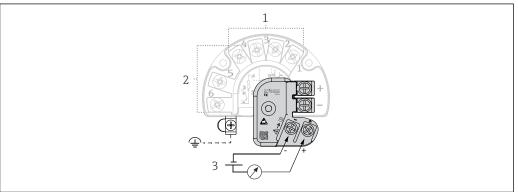
Overvoltage protection

The surge arrester can be ordered as an optional extra. The module protects the electronics from damage from overvoltage. Overvoltage occurring in signal cables (e.g. 4 to 20 mA,

> communication lines (fieldbus systems) and power supply is diverted to ground. The functionality of the transmitter is not affected as no problematic voltage drop occurs.

Connection data:

Maximum continuous voltage (rated voltage)	$U_C = 42 V_{DC}$
Nominal current	$I = 0.5 \text{ A at } T_{amb.} = 80 ^{\circ}\text{C } (176 ^{\circ}\text{F})$
Surge current resistance • Lightning surge current D1 (10/350 μs) • Nominal discharge current C1/C2 (8/20 μs)	■ I _{imp} = 1 kA (per wire) ■ I _n = 5 kA (per wire) I _n = 10 kA (total)
Series resistance per wire	1.8 Ω, tolerance ±5 %



 \blacksquare 16 Electrical connection of surge arrester

- Sensor 1
- Sensor 2
- Bus connection and power supply

Grounding

The device must be connected to the potential equalization. The connection between the housing and the local ground must have a minimum cross-section of 4 mm² (13 AWG). All ground connections must be secured tightly.

13.4 **Performance characteristics**

Response time

The measured value update depends on the type of sensor and connection method and moves within the following ranges:

Resistance temperature detector (RTD)	0.9 to 1.3 s (depends on the connection method 2/3/4-wire)
Thermocouples (TC)	0.8 s
Reference temperature	0.9 s



When recording step responses, take into account that the times for the measurement of the second channel and the internal reference measuring point are added to the specified times where applicable.

Reference operating conditions

- Calibration temperature: +25 °C ±3 K (77 °F ±5.4 °F)
- Supply voltage: 24 V DC
- 4-wire circuit for resistance adjustment

Maximum measurement error

In accordance with DIN EN 60770 and the reference conditions specified above. The measurement error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution), i.e. 95.45%. The data include non-linearities and repeatability.

Typical

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Typical measurement error (±)	
Resistance thermometer (RTI)) as per standard	Digital value ¹⁾	Value at current output	
IEC 60751:2008	Pt100 (1)		0.08 °C (0.14 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F)
IEC 60751:2008	Pt1000 (4)	0 to +200 °C (32 to +392 °F)	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	0.1 °C (0.18 °F)
GOST 6651-94	Pt100 (9)		0.07 °C (0.13 °F)	0.09 °C (0.16 °F)
			I	
Thermocouples (TC) as per sta	andard		Digital value ¹⁾	Value at current output
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type K (NiCr-Ni) (36)		0.22 °C (0.4 °F)	0.24 °C (0.43 °F)
IEC 60584, Part 1	Type S (PtRh10-Pt) (39)	0 to +800 °C (32 to +1472 °F)	1.17 °C (2.1 °F)	1.33 °C (2.4 °F)
GOST R8.585-2001	Type L (NiCr-CuNi) (43)		2.0 °C (3.6 °F)	2.4 °C (4.32 °F)

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

Measurement error for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Measured error (±)			
			Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾		
			Based on measured value 3)	D/A		
	Pt100 (1)	−200 to +850 °C	$ME = \pm (0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.11 ^{\circ}\text{F}) + 0.005\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
IEC 60751:2008	Pt200 (2)	(-328 to +1562 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.05 ^{\circ}C (0.09 ^{\circ}F) + 0.012\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
IEC 00731.2006	Pt500 (3)	-200 to +500 °C (-328 to +932 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.03 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.05 ^{\circ}\text{F}) + 0.012\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
	Pt1000 (4)	-200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.02 ^{\circ}C (0.04 ^{\circ}F) + 0.012\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
JIS C1604:1984	Pt100 (5)	-200 to +510 °C (-328 to +950 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.05 ^{\circ}C (0.09 ^{\circ}F) + 0.006\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
GOST 6651-94	Pt50 (8)	−185 to +1 100 °C (−301 to +2 012 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.1 ^{\circ}C (0.18 ^{\circ}F) + 0.008\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
GO31 0031-94	Pt100 (9)	−200 to +850 °C (−328 to +1562 °F)	ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) + 0.006% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘ 4.8 µA)		
DIN 43760 IPTS-68	Ni100 (6)	-60 to +250 °C (-76 to +482 °F)	ME = ± (0.05 °C (0.09 °F) - 0.006% * (MV - LRV))			
DIN 43700 IP13-06	Ni120 (7)	-00 t0 +230 C (-70 t0 +462 F)	ME - ± (0.03 C (0.09 F) - 0.000% (MIV - LRV))			
	Cu50 (10)	-180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.10 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.18 ^{\circ}\text{F}) + 0.006\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
OIML R84: 2003 /	Cu100 (11)	-180 to +200 °C (-292 to +392 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.05 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.09 ^{\circ}\text{F}) + 0.003\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
GOST 6651-2009	Ni100 (12)	-60 to +180 °C (-76 to +356 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.06 ^{\circ}C (0.11 ^{\circ}F) - 0.005\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
	Ni120 (13)	-00 to 100 C (-70 to 1330 F)	$ME = \pm (0.05 ^{\circ}C (0.09 ^{\circ}F) - 0.005\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
OIML R84: 2003, GOST 6651-94	Cu50 (14)	−50 to +200 °C (−58 to +392 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.1 ^{\circ}C (0.18 ^{\circ}F) + 0.004\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$			
Resistance	Resistance Ω	10 to 400 Ω	$ME = \pm (21 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.003\% * (MV - LRV))$	0.03 % (≘		
transmitter		10 to 2 000 Ω	$ME = \pm (35 \text{ m}\Omega + 0.010\% * (MV - LRV))$	4.8 μA)		

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

²⁾ Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.

³⁾ Deviations from maximum measurement error possible due to rounding.

Measurement error for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Standard	Designation	Measuring range	Measured error (±)		
			Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾	
			Based on measured value 3)	DIA	
IEC 60584-1	Type A (30)	0 to +2 500 °C (+32 to +4 532 °F)	ME = ± (0.08 °C (0.14 °F) + 0.018% * (MV - LRV))		
ASTM E230-3	Туре В (31)	+500 to +1820 ℃ (+932 to +3308 ℉)	ME = ± (1.23 °C (2.14 °F) - 0.05% * (MV - LRV))		
IEC 60584-1 ASTM E988-96 ASTM E230-3	Туре С (32)	0 to +2 000 °C (+32 to +3 632 °F)	$ME = \pm (0.5 ^{\circ}C (0.9 ^{\circ}F) + 0.005\% ^{*}MV - LRV))$		
ASTM E988-96	Type D (33)		ME = ± (0.63 °C (1.13 °F) - 0.007% * MV - LRV))		
	Туре Е (34)	−150 to +1 000 °C (−238 to +1 832 °F)	ME = ± (0.19 °C (0.3 °F) - 0.006% * (MV - LRV))		
	Type J (35)	−150 to +1200 °C	$ME = \pm (0.23 ^{\circ}\text{C} (0.4 ^{\circ}\text{F}) - 0.005\% ^{*} (MV - LRV))$		
	Туре К (36)	(-238 to +2 192 °F)	ME = ± (0.3 °C (0.5 °F) - 0.002% * (MV - LRV))	0.03 % (≘	
IEC 60584-1 ASTM E230-3	Type N (37)	−150 to +1 300 °C (−238 to +2 372 °F)	ME = ± (0.4 °C (0.7 °F) - 0.01% * (MV - LRV))	4.8 μA)	
	Type R (38)	+50 to +1768 ℃	ME = ± (0.95 °C (1.7 °F) - 0.025% * (MV - LRV))		
	Type S (39)	(+122 to +3214 °F)	ME = ± (0.98 °C (1.8 °F) - 0.02% * (MV - LRV))		
	Type T (40)	-150 to +400 °C (-238 to +752 °F)	ME = ± (0.31 °C (0.56 °F) - 0.034% * (MV - LRV))		
DIN 42710	Type L (41)	−150 to +900 °C (−238 to +1652 °F)	ME = ± (0.26 °C (0.47 °F) - 0.008% * (MV - LRV))		
DIN 43710	Type U (42)	−150 to +600 °C (−238 to +1112 °F)	ME = ± (0.27 °C (0.49 °F) - 0.022% * (MV - LRV))		
GOST R8.585-2001 Type L (43)		−200 to +800 °C (−328 to +1472 °F)	ME = ± (2.13 °C (3.83 °F) - 0.012% * (MV - LRV))		
Voltage transmitter (mV)		-20 to +100 mV	$ME = \pm (6.5 \mu V + 0.002\% * (MV - LRV))$	4.8 µA	

- 1) Measured value transmitted via HART®.
- 2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.
- 3) Deviations from maximum measurement error possible due to rounding.

MV = measured value

LRV = lower range value of the sensor in question

Total measurement error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + \text{Measurement error D/A}^2)}$

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F), measured value +200 °C (+392 °F), ambient temperature +25 °C (+77 °F), supply voltage 24 V:

Measured error digital = $0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.006\% ^{*} (200 ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200 ^{\circ}\text{C}))$:	0.08 °C (0.15 °F)
Measured error D/A = 0.03 % * 200 °C (360 °F)	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
	0.0000 (0.4500)
Measurement error digital value (HART):	0.08 °C (0.15 °F)
Measurement error analog value (current output): √(Measurement error digital² + Measurement error D/A²)	0.10 °C (0.19 °F)

Sample calculation with Pt100, measuring range 0 to +200 °C (+32 to +392 °F), measured value +200 °C (+392 °F), ambient temperature +35 °C (+95 °F), supply voltage 30 V:

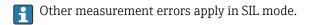
Measured error digital = $0.06 ^{\circ}\text{C} + 0.006\% ^{*} (200 ^{\circ}\text{C} - (-200 ^{\circ}\text{C}))$:	0.08 °C (0.15 °F)
Measurement error D/A = $0.03 \% * 200 \degree C (360 \degree F)$	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
Influence of ambient temperature (digital) = (35 - 25) * (0.002% * 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.005 °C	0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
Influence of ambient temperature (D/A) = $(35 - 25) * (0.001\% * 200 °C)$	0.02 °C (0.04 °F)
Influence of ambient temperature (digital) = (30 - 24) * (0.002% * 200 °C - (-200 °C)), min. 0.005 °C	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)
Influence of supply voltage (D/A) = (30 - 24) * (0.001% * 200 °C)	0.01 °C (0.02 °F)
Measurement error digital value (HART): $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (digital)}^2 + Influence of supply voltage (digital)}^2$	0.13 °C (0.23 °F)
Measurement error analog value (current output): $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error D/A}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (digital)}^2 + Influence of ambient temperature (D/A)}^2 + Influence of supply voltage (D/A)}^2 + Influence of supply voltage (D/A)}^2$	0.14 °C (0.25 °F)

The measured error data corresponds to 2 σ (Gaussian distribution)

MV = measured value

LRV = lower range value of the sensor in question

Physical input measuring range of sensors				
10 to 400 Ω	Cu50, Cu100, polynomial RTD, Pt50, Pt100, Ni100, Ni120			
10 to 2 000 Ω	Pt200, Pt500, Pt1000			
-20 to 100 mV	Thermocouples type: A, B, C, D, E, J, K, L, N, R, S, T, U			





For detailed information, see the Functional Safety Manual SD01632T.

Sensor adjustment

Sensor-transmitter-matching

RTD sensors are one of the most linear temperature measuring elements. Nevertheless, the output must be linearized. To significantly improve temperature measurement accuracy, the device allows the use of two methods:

■ Callendar-Van Dusen coefficients (Pt100 resistance thermometer) The Callendar-Van Dusen equation is described as: $RT = R0[1+AT+BT^2+C(T-100)T^3]$

The coefficients A, B and C are used to match the sensor (platinum) and transmitter in order to improve the accuracy of the measuring system. The coefficients for a standard sensor are specified in IEC 751. If no standard sensor is available or if greater accuracy is required, the coefficients for each sensor can be determined specifically with the aid of sensor calibration.

■ Linearization for copper/nickel resistance thermometers (RTD) The polynomial equation for copper/nickel is as follows: $R_T = R_0(1+AT+BT^2)$

The coefficients A and B are used for the linearization of nickel or copper resistance thermometers (RTD). The exact values of the coefficients derive from the calibration data and are specific to each sensor. The sensor-specific coefficients are then sent to the transmitter.

Sensor-transmitter matching using one of the methods mentioned above significantly improves the temperature measurement accuracy of the entire system. This is because the transmitter uses the specific data pertaining to the connected sensor to calculate the measured temperature, instead of using the standardized sensor curve data.

1-point adjustment (offset)

Shifts the sensor value

2-point adjustment (sensor trimming)

Correction (slope and offset) of the measured sensor value at transmitter input

Current output adjustment

Correction of 4 or 20 mA current output value (not possible in SIL mode)

Operating influences

The measurement error data correspond to $\pm 2~\sigma$ (Gaussian distribution), i.e. 95.45%.

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Designation	Standard	Influe	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change			Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change	
		Digital 1)		D/A ²⁾ .		Digital ¹⁾	D/A ²⁾
		Maximum	Based on measured value		Maximum	Based on measured value	
Pt100 (1)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	
Pt200 (2)	IEC	≤ 0.026 °C (0.047 °F)	-		≤ 0.026 °C (0.047 °F)	-	
Pt500 (3)	60751:2008	≤ 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.009 °C (0.016 °F)		≤ 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.009 °C (0.016 °F)	
Pt1000 (4)		≤ 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	0.001 %	≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)	0.001 %
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	≤ 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		≤ 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	
Pt50 (8)	- GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)		≤ 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.01 °C (0.018 °F)	
Pt100 (9)	0031 0031 74	≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)		≤ 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.005 °C (0.009 °F)	

Designation	Standard	Influe	Ambient temperature: ence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change	e		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change		
Ni100 (6)	DIN 43760	≤ 0.004 °C	-		≤ 0.005 °C	-		
Ni120 (7)	IPTS-68	(0.007 °F)	-		(0.009°F)	-		
Cu50 (10)	OIMI DO	≤ 0.007 °C	-		≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	-		
Cu100 (11)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-2009	(0.013°F)	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)		≤ 0.004 °C	0.002% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.004 °C (0.007 °F)		
Ni100 (12)		≤ 0.004 °C	-		(0.007 °F)	-		
Ni120 (13)		(0.007 °F)	-			-	-	
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94	≤ 0.007 °C (0.013 °F)	-		≤ 0.008 °C (0.014 °F)	-		
Resistance trans	Resistance transmitter (Ω)							
10 to 400 Ω		≤ 6 mΩ	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 1.5 mΩ	0.001%	≤ 6 mΩ	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 1.5 mΩ	0.001 %	
10 to 2 000 Ω		≤ 30 mΩ	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 15 mΩ	0.001 %	≤ 30 mΩ	0.0015% * (MV - LRV), at least 15 mΩ	0.001 %	

¹⁾ Measured value transmitted via HART®.

Influence of ambient temperature and supply voltage on operation for thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Designation	Standard	Influe	Ambient temperature: Supply voltage: Influence (\pm) per 1 °C $(1.8$ °F) change Influence (\pm) per V change					
		Digital ¹⁾		D/A ²⁾		Digital	D/A ²⁾	
		Maximum	Based on measured value		Maximum	Based on measured value		
Type A (30)	- IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.13 °C (0.23 °F)	0.0055% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)		≤ 0.07 °C (0.13 °F)	0.0054% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)		
Type B (31)	- IEC 00384-1	≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	-		≤ 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)	-		
Type C (32)	IEC 60584-1/ ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.08 °C	0.0045% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)		≤ 0.04 °C	0.0045% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.03 °C (0.054 °F)		
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	(0.14°F)	0.004% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.035 °C (0.063 °F)		(0.07 °F)	0.004% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.035 °C (0.063 °F)		
Туре Е (34)		≤ 0.03 °C (0.05 °F)	0.003% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.016 °C (0.029 °F)			0.003% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.016 °C (0.029 °F)		
Туре Ј (35)			0.0028% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)		≤ 0.02 °C	0.0028% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.02 °C (0.036 °F)		
Туре К (36)			≤ 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	0.003% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.001 %	(0.04 °F)	0.003% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.013 °C (0.023 °F)	0.001 %
Type N (37)	IEC 60584-1		0.0028% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.020 °C (0.036 °F)			0.0028% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.020 °C (0.036 °F)		
Type R (38)		≤ 0.05 °C	0.0035% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.047 °C (0.085 °F)		≤ 0.05 °C	0.0035% * (MV - LRV), at least 0.047 °C (0.085 °F)		
Type S (39)		(0.09°F)	-		(0.09°F)	-		
Type T (40)		≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)		-				
Type L (41)	DW (0512	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	-		≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	-		
Type U (42)	- DIN 43710	≤ 0.01 °C (0.02 °F)	-			-		

Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal

Designation	Standard	Ambient temperature: Influence (±) per 1 °C (1.8 °F) change		e		Supply voltage: Influence (±) per V change	
Type L (43)	GOST R8.585-2001	≤ 0.02 °C (0.04 °F)	-	-			
Voltage transmitter (mV)				0.001 %			0.001 %
-20 to 100 mV	-	≤ 3 µV	-	0.001 //	≤ 3 µV	-	0.001 //

- 1) Measured value transmitted via HART®.
- 2) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal

MV = measured value

LRV = lower range value of the sensor in question

Total measurement error of transmitter at current output = $\sqrt{\text{(Measurement error digital}^2 + \text{Measurement error D/A}^2)}$

Long-term drift, resistance thermometers (RTD) and resistance transmitters

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) 1)		
		after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years
		Based on measured value		
Pt100 (1)		≤ 0.016% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	≤ 0.025% * (MV - LRV) or 0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	≤ 0.028% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.10 °F)
Pt200 (2)		0.25 °C (0.44 °F)	0.41 °C (0.73 °F)	0.50 °C (0.91 °F)
Pt500 (3)	IEC 60751:2008	<pre> < 0.018% * (MV - LRV) or 0.08 °C (0.14 °F) </pre>	≤ 0.03% * (MV - LRV) or 0.14 °C (0.25 °F)	≤ 0.036% * (MV - LRV) or 0.17 °C (0.31 °F)
Pt1000 (4)		≤ 0.0185% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	≤ 0.031% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F)	≤ 0.038% * (MV - LRV) or 0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
Pt100 (5)	JIS C1604:1984	≤ 0.015% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)	≤ 0.024% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F)	≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.08 °C (0.14 °F)
Pt50 (8)		≤ 0.017% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.13 °F)	≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.12 °C (0.22 °F)	≤ 0.03% * (MV - LRV) or 0.14 °C (0.25 °F)
Pt100 (9)	GOST 6651-94	<pre> < 0.016% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.07 °F)</pre>	≤ 0.025% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.12 °F)	≤ 0.028% * (MV - LRV) or 0.07 °C (0.13 °F)
Ni100 (6)	DIM 42740 IDTC 40	0.04 °C (0.06 °T)	0.05 °C (0.10 °T)	0.06 % (0.11 %)
Ni120 (7)	DIN 43760 IPTS-68	0.04 °C (0.06 °F)	0.05 °C (0.10 °F)	0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
Cu50 (10)		0.06 °C (0.10 °F)	0.09 °C (0.16 °F)	0.11 °C (0.20 °F)
Cu100 (11)	OIML R84: 2003 /	≤ 0.015% * (MV - LRV) or 0.04 °C (0.06 °F)	≤ 0.024% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.10 °F)	≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.06 °C (0.11 °F)
Ni100 (12)	GOST 6651-2009	0.03 °C (0.06 °F)	0.05 °C (0.09 °F)	0.06 °C (0.10 °F)
Ni120 (13)		0.03 °C (0.06 °F)	0.05 ℃ (0.09 °F)	0.06 °C (0.10 °F)
Cu50 (14)	OIML R84: 2003 / GOST 6651-94	0.06 °C (0.10 °F)	0.09 °C (0.16 °F)	0.10 °C (0.18 °F)
Resistance transn	nitter			
10 to 400 Ω		\leq 0.0122% * (MV - LRV) or 12 m Ω	\leq 0.02% * (MV - LRV) or 20 m Ω	$\leq 0.022\%$ * (MV - LRV) or $22~\text{m}\Omega$
10 to 2 000 Ω		≤ 0.015% * (MV - LRV) or 144 mΩ	$\leq 0.024\%$ * (MV - LRV) or 240 $m\Omega$	≤ 0.03% * (MV - LRV) or 295 mΩ

1) The larger value is valid

Long-term drift, thermocouples (TC) and voltage transmitters

Designation	Standard	Long-term drift (±) 1)		
		after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years
		Based on measured value		
Туре А (30)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.048% * (MV - LRV) or 0.46 °C (0.83 °F)	≤ 0.072% * (MV - LRV) or 0.69 °C (1.24 °F)	≤ 0.1% * (MV - LRV) or 0.94 °C (1.69 °F)
Туре В (31)		1.08 °C (1.94 °F)	1.63 °C (2.93 °F)	2.23 °C (4.01 °F)
Туре С (32)	IEC 60584-1/ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.038% * (MV - LRV) or 0.41 °C (0.74 °F)	≤ 0.057% * (MV - LRV) or 0.62 °C (1.12 °F)	≤ 0.078% * (MV - LRV) or 0.85 °C (1.53 °F)
Type D (33)	ASTM E988-96	≤ 0.035% * (MV - LRV) or 0.57 °C (1.03 °F)	≤ 0.052% * (MV - LRV) or 0.86 °C (1.55 °F)	≤ 0.071% * (MV - LRV) or 1.17 °C (2.11 °F)
Туре Е (34)	IEC 60584-1	≤ 0.024% * (MV - LRV) or 0.15 °C (0.27 °F)	≤ 0.037% * (MV - LRV) or 0.23 °C (0.41 °F)	≤ 0.05% * (MV - LRV) or 0.31 °C (0.56 °F)
Type J (35)		≤ 0.025% * (MV - LRV) or 0.17 °C (0.31 °F)	≤ 0.037% * (MV - LRV) or 0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	≤ 0.051% * (MV - LRV) or 0.34 °C (0.61 °F)
Туре К (36)		≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 0.23 °C (0.41 °F)	≤ 0.041% * (MV - LRV) or 0.35 °C (0.63 °F)	≤ 0.056% * (MV - LRV) or 0.48 °C (0.86 °F)
Type N (37)		0.36 °C (0.65 °F)	0.55 °C (0.99 °F)	0.75 °C (1.35 °F)
Type R (38)		0.83 °C (1.49 °F)	1.26 °C (2.27 °F)	1.72 °C (3.10 °F)
Type S (39)		0.84 °C (1.51 °F)	1.27 °C (2.29 °F)	2.23 °C (4.01 °F)
Type T (40)		0.25 °C (0.45 °F)	0.37 °C (0.67 °F)	0.51 °C (0.92 °F)
Type L (41)	DIN 43710	0.20 °C (0.36 °F)	0.31 °C (0.56 °F)	0.42 °C (0.76 °F)
Type U (42)	DIIN 4571U	0.24 °C (0.43 °F)	0.37 °C (0.67 °F)	0.50 °C (0.90 °F)
Type L (43)	GOST R8.585-2001	0.22 °C (0.40 °F)	0.33 ℃ (0.59 ℉)	0.45 °C (0.81 °F)
Voltage transmi	tter (mV)			
-20 to 100 mV		≤ 0.027% * (MV - LRV) or 5.5μV	$\leq 0.041\%$ * (MV - LRV) or $8.2\mu V$	≤ 0.056% * (MV - LRV) or 11.2µV

1) The larger value is valid

Long-term drift analog output

Long-term drift D/A $^{1)}$ (±)				
after 1 year	after 3 years	after 5 years		
0.021%	0.029%	0.031%		

1) Percentages based on the configured span of the analog output signal.

Influence of reference junction

 $Pt100\ DIN\ IEC\ 60751\ Cl.\ B\ (internal\ reference\ junction\ with\ thermocouples\ TC)$

13.5 Environment

Ambient temperature ■ -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F), see Ex documentation for hazardous areas ■ Without display: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) ■ With display: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) • With surge arrester module: -40 to +85 °C (-40 to +185 °F) ■ SIL mode: -40 to +75 °C (-40 to +167 °F) The display may react slowly at temperatures $< -20 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-4 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$). The readability of the display cannot be guaranteed at temperatures $< -30 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-22 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$). ■ Without display: -40 to +100 °C (-40 to +212 °F) -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F) Storage temperature ■ With display: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F) • With surge arrester module: -50 to +100 °C (-58 to +212 °F) Relative humidity Permitted: 0 to 95 % Altitude Up to 2000 m (6560 ft) above mean sea level Climate class As per IEC 60654-1, Class Dx Degree of protection Die-cast aluminum or stainless steel housing: IP66/67, Type 4X Shock and vibration Shock resistance as per KTA 3505 (section 5.8.4 Shock test) resistance IEC 60068-2-6 test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal) Vibration resistance according to DNV GL Guideline, Vibration: B The use of L-shaped mounting brackets can cause resonance (see wall/pipe 2" mounting bracket in the 'Accessories' section). Caution: vibrations at the transmitter may not exceed specifications. Electromagnetic **CE** conformity compatibility (EMC) Electromagnetic compatibility in accordance with all the relevant requirements of the IEC/EN 61326 series and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). For details, refer to the Declaration of Conformity. Maximum measured error <1% of measuring range. Interference immunity as per IEC/EN 61326 series, industrial requirements Interference emission as per IEC/EN 61326 series, Class B equipment SIL conformity according to IEC 61326-3-1 or IEC 61326-3-2 A shielded cable that is grounded on both sides must be used for sensor cable lengths of 30 m (98.4 ft) and more. The use of shielded sensor cables is generally recommended. Connection of the functional grounding may be needed for functional purposes. Compliance with the electrical codes of individual countries is mandatory.

Endress+Hauser 57

II

Overvoltage category

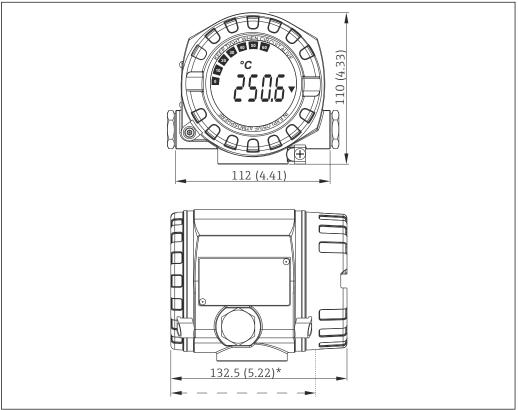
Pollution degree

2

13.6 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Dimensions in mm (in)



A002460

- 17 Die-cast aluminum housing for general applications, or optional stainless steel housing (316L)
- * Dimensions without display = 112 mm (4.41")
- Separate electronics module and connection compartment
- Display attachable in 90° stages

Weight

- Aluminum housing approx. 1.4 kg (3 lb), with display
- Stainless steel housing approx. 4.2 kg (9.3 lb), with display

Materials

Housing	Sensor terminals	Nameplate
Die-cast aluminum housing AlSi10Mg/ AlSi12 with powder coating on polyester base	Nickel-plated brass0.3 µm gold flashed/cpl., corrosion-free	Aluminum AlMgl, anodized in black
316L		1.4404 (AISI 316L)
		-
Display O-ring 88x3: HNBR 70° Shore PTFE coating	-	-

Cable e	entries
---------	---------

Version	Туре
Thread	2x thread ½" NPT
	2x thread M20
	2x thread G½"
Cable gland	2x coupling M20

13.7 Certificates and approvals

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at www.endress.com on the relevant product page:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Downloads**.

MTTF

according to Siemens SN-29500 at 40 °C (104 °F)

The mean time to failure (MTTF) denotes the theoretically expected time until the device fails during normal operation. The term MTTF is used for non-repairable systems such as temperature transmitters.

Functional safety

SIL 2/3 (hardware/software) certified to:

- IEC 61508-1:2010 (Management)
- IEC 61508-2:2010 (Hardware)
- IEC 61508-3:2010 (Software)

For more detailed information please refer to the 'Functional Safety Manual'.

HART® certification

The temperature transmitter is registered by the HART® FieldComm Group. The device meets the requirements of the FieldComm Group HART® Specifications, Revision 7.6.

14 Operating menu and parameter description

The following tables list all the parameters in the "Setup", "Diagnostics" and "Expert" operating menus. The page reference indicates where a description of the parameter can be found in the manual.

Depending on the parameter configuration, not all submenus and parameters are available in every device. Information on this can be found in the parameter description under "Prerequisite". The parameter groups for the Expert setup contain all the parameters of the "Setup" and "Diagnostics" operating menus, as well as other parameters that are solely reserved for experts.

This symbol [a] indicates how to navigate to the parameter using operating tools (e.g. FieldCare).

Configuration in the SIL mode differs from the standard mode and is described in the Functional Safety Manual.

For more information, please refer to the Functional Safety Manual SD1632T.

Setup →	Device tag	→ 🖺 67
	Unit	→ 🖺 67
	Sensor type 1	→ 🖺 67
	Connection type 1	→ 🖺 68
	2-wire compensation 1	→ 🖺 68
	Reference junction 1	→ 🖺 68
	RJ preset value 1	→ 🖺 69
	Sensor type 2	→ 🖺 67
	Connection type 2	→ 🖺 68
	2-wire compensation 2	→ 🖺 68
	Reference junction 2	→ 🖺 68
	RJ preset value 2	→ 🖺 69
	Assign current output (PV)	→ 🖺 69
	Lower range value	→ 🖺 70
	Upper range value	→ 🖺 70

Setup →	Advanced setup →	Enter access code	→ 🖺 71
		Access status tooling	→ 🖺 72
		Locking status	→ 🖺 72

Setup →	Advanced setup →	Sensor →	Sensor offset 1	→ 🖺 73
			Sensor offset 2	→ 🖺 73
			Drift/difference mode	→ 🖺 73
			Drift/difference alarm delay	→ 🖺 73
			Drift/difference set point	→ 🖺 74
			Sensor switch set point	→ 🖺 74

Setup →	Advanced setup →	Current output →	Output current	→ 🖺 75
			Failure mode	→ 🖺 75

			Failure current	→ 🗎 76
				→ 1 76
			4 mA current trimming	
			20 mA current trimming	→ 🖺 76
			Reset trim	→ 🗎 76
Setup →	Advanced setup →	Display →	Display interval	→ 🗎 77
Setup 7	Advanced Setup 7	Display 7	Value 1 display	→ 🖹 77
			Display text 1	→ 🖹 78
			Decimal places 1	→ 🖺 78
			Value 2 display	→ 1 77
			Display text 2	→ 🖺 78
			Decimal places 2	→ 🖺 78
				→ 🗎 77
			Value 3 display	
			Display text 3	→ 🖺 78
			Decimal places 3	→ 🖺 78
Setup →	Advanced setup →	SIL →	SIL option	→ 🗎 78
Setup 7	ravancea setup	SIE 7	Operational state	→ 🖺 79
			SIL checksum	→ 🖹 80
			Enter SIL checksum	→ 🗎 79
			Force safe state	→ 🖺 80
			Deactivate SIL	→ 🖺 80
			Restart device	→ 🖺 80
			restart device	7 월 00
Setup →	Advanced setup →	Administration →	Device reset	→ 🖺 80
			Define device write protection code	→ 🖺 81
Diagnostics →	Actual diagnostics			→ 🖺 82
	Previous diagnostics 1			→ 🖺 82
	Operating time			→ 🖺 82
D	D	A . 1 %		, M. 00
Diagnostics →	Diagnostic list →	Actual diagnostics count		→ 🖺 83
		Actual diagnostics		→ 🖺 82
		Actual diag channel		→ 🖺 83
Diagnostics →	Event logbook →	Previous diagnostics n		→ 🖺 84
		Previous diag channel n		→ 🖺 84
Diagnostics →	Device information →	Device tag		→ 🖺 67
		Serial number		→ 🖺 85
		Firmware version		→ 🖺 85

		Order code		→ 🖺 85
		Configuration counter		→ 🖺 87
Diagnostics →	Measured values →	Sensor 1 value		→ 🖺 87
		Sensor 2 value		→ 🖺 87
		Device temperature		→ 🖺 88
Diagnostics →	Measured values →	Min/max values →	Sensor n min value	→ 🖺 88
			Sensor n max value	→ 🖺 88
			Device temperature min.	→ 🖺 88
			Device temperature max.	→ 🖺 89
Diagnostics →	Simulation →	Current output simulation	on	→ 🖺 89
Ziugiiootioo :		Value current output	/	→ 🖺 89
Expert →	Enter access code			→ 🖺 71
	Access status tooling			→ 🖺 72
	Locking status			→ 🖺 72
Expert →	System →	Unit		→ 🖺 67
		Damping		→ 🖺 90
		Alarm delay		→ 🖺 91
		Mains filter		→ 🗎 91
Expert →	System →	Display →	Display interval	→ 🗎 77
	System :	2.op.uy	Value 1 display	→ 🖺 77
			Display text 1	→ 🖺 78
			Decimal places 1	→ 🗎 78
			Value 2 display	→ 🖺 77
			Display text 2	→ 🖺 78
			Decimal places 2	→ 🖺 78
			Value 3 display	→ 🖺 77
			Display text 3	→ 🖺 78
			Decimal places 3	→ 🗎 78
Expert →	System →	Administration →	Define device write protection code	→ 🖺 81
r	- , ···-		Device reset	→ 🖺 80
			201001000	

Expert →	Sensor →	Sensor n 1) →	Sensor type n	→ 🖺 67
			Connection type n	→ 🖺 68
			2-wire compensation n	→ 🖺 68
			Reference junction n	→ 🖺 68
			RJ preset value	→ 🖺 69
			Sensor offset n	→ 🗎 73
			Sensor n lower limit	→ 🖺 93
			Sensor n upper limit	→ 🖺 93
			Sensor serial number	→ 🗎 93

1) n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Expert →	Sensor →	Sensor n →	Sensor trimming →	Sensor trimming	→ 🖺 94
				Sensor trimming lower value	→ 🖺 94
				Sensor trimming upper value	→ 🖺 94
				Sensor trimming min span	→ 🖺 95
				Reset trim	→ 🖺 95

Expert →	Sensor →	Sensor n ¹)→	Linearization →	CallV. Dusen coeff. RO, A, B, C	→ 🖺 96
				Polynomial coeff. RO, A, B	→ 🖺 96
				Sensor n lower limit	→ 🖺 93
				Sensor n upper limit	→ 🖺 93

1) n = number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Expert →	Sensor →	Diagnostic settings \rightarrow	Sensor switch set point	→ 🖺 74
			Drift/difference mode	→ 🖺 73
			Drift/difference alarm delay	→ 🗎 73
			Drift/difference set point	→ 🖺 74
			Control	→ 🗎 98
			Start value	→ 🗎 98
			Calibration countdown	→ 🖺 99

Expert →	Output →	Lower range value	→ 🖺 70
		Upper range value	→ 🖺 70
		Failure mode	→ 🖺 75
		Failure current	→ 🖺 76
		4 mA current trimming	→ 🖺 76
		20 mA current trimming	→ 🖺 76
		Reset trim	→ 🖺 76

→ 🖺 110

Expert →	$Communication \rightarrow$	HART configuration \rightarrow	Device tag	→ 🖺 67
			HART short tag	→ 🖺 100
			HART address	→ 🖺 100
			No. of preambles	→ 🖺 101
			Configuration changed	→ 🖺 101
			Reset configuration changed	→ 🖺 101
Expert →	Communication →	HART info →	Device type	→ 🗎 101
•			Device revision	→ 🖺 102
			Device ID	→ 🖺 102
			Manufacturer ID	→ 🖺 102
			HART revision	→ 🖺 102
			HART descriptor	→ 🖺 102
			HART message	→ 🖺 103
			Hardware revision	→ 🖺 103
			Software revision	→ 🖺 103
			HART date code	→ 🖺 103
			Process unit tag	→ 🖺 104
			Location description	→ 🖺 104
			Longitude	→ 🖺 104
			Latitude	→ 🖺 104
			Altitude	→ 🖺 105
			Location method	→ 🖺 105
Expert →	Communication →	HART output →	Assign current output (PV)	→ 🖺 69
Expert	Communication 7	Tract output 7	PV	→ 🖺 105
			Assign SV	→ 🖺 106
			SV	→ 🖺 106
			Assign TV	→ 🖺 106
			TV	→ 🖺 106
			Assign QV	→ 🖺 106
			QV	→ 🖺 107
Expert →	$Communication \rightarrow$	Burst configuration →	Burst mode	→ 🖺 107
			Burst command	→ 🖺 107
			Burst variables 0-3	→ 🖺 108
			Burst trigger mode	→ 🖺 109
			Burst trigger level	→ 🖺 109
			Min. update period	→ 🖺 109

Endress+Hauser

Max. update period

Diagnostics \rightarrow	Actual diagnostics			\rightarrow	₿ 82
	Previous diagnostics 1	Previous diagnostics 1			₿ 82
	Operating time			\rightarrow	₿ 82
Diagnostics →	Diagnostic list →		nt		₿ 83
					₿ 82
		Actual diag channel		<i>→</i>	₿ 83
Diagnostics →	Event logbook →	Previous diagnostics n		→	₿ 84
, ,		Previous diag channel			₿ 84
Diagnostics →	Device information \rightarrow	Device tag			1 67 1 11 2
		_			□ 110 □
					₿ 85
					₿ 85
					₿ 85
					₿ 85
					□ 111 □
		-			□ 111 □
					□ 111 □
					₿ 102
					112 12 112
		-			₿ 103
		Configuration counter		<i>→</i>	₿ 87
Diagnostics →	Measured values →	Sensor n value		→	₿ 87
		Sensor n raw value		\rightarrow	113
		Device temperature		\rightarrow	₿ 88
Diagnostics →	Measured values →	Min/max values →			₿ 88
			Sensor n max value		₿ 88
			Reset sensor min/max values	\rightarrow	113
			Device temperature min.	\rightarrow	₿ 88
			Device temperature max.	\rightarrow	₿ 89
			Reset device temperature min/max	\rightarrow	₿ 113
					-
Diagnostics →	Simulation →	Diagnostic simulation Current output simulat			■ 114■ 89
	Diagnostics → Diagnostics →	Previous diagnostics 1 Operating time Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Diagnostics → Device information → Diagnostics → Measured values →	Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diagnostics counted Actual diagnostics of Actual diagnostics Actual diagnostics Actual diagnostics Actual diagnostics Actual diagnostics not previous diag	Previous diagnostics 1 Operating time	Previous diagnostics 1

Expert →	Diagnostics →	Diagnostic settings →	Diagnostic behavior → Sensor, electronics, process, configuration	→ 🖺 114
Expert →	Diagnostics →	Diagnostic settings →	Status signal → Sensor, electronics, process, configuration	→ 🖺 115

14.1 "Setup" menu

This menu contains all the parameters that are needed to configure the basic settings of the device. The transmitter can be put into operation with this limited parameter set.



n =Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Device tag	
Navigation	Setup → Device tag Diagnostics → Device information → Device tag Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Device tag
Description	Use this function to enter a unique name for the measuring point so it can be identified quickly within the plant. This name is shown on the display.
User entry	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. $@$, $%$, $/$)
Factory setting	EH_TMT162_serial number
Unit	
Navigation	☐ Setup → Unit Expert → System → Unit
Description	Use this function to select the engineering unit for all the measured values.
Selection	 ℃ ℉ K ℉ Ohm mV
Factory setting	°C
Sensor type n	
Navigation	Setup → Sensor type nExpert → Sensor → Sensor type n
Description	Use this function to select the sensor type for the sensor input in question

Endress+Hauser 67

Please observe the terminal assignment when connecting the individual sensors. In the case of 2-channel operation, the possible connection options must also be

Sensor type 1: settings for sensor input 1 ■ Sensor type 2: settings for sensor input 2

observed.

Selection A list of all the possible sensor types is provided in the Technical data' section $\rightarrow \triangleq 45$.

Factory setting Sensor type 1: Pt100 IEC751

Sensor type 2: No sensor

Connection type n

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Connection type n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Connection type n

Prerequisite An RTD sensor must be specified as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to select the connection type for the sensor.

Selection • Sensor 1 (connection type 1): 2-wire, 3-wire, 4-wire

• Sensor 2 (connection type 2): 2-wire, 3-wire

Factory setting ■ Sensor 1 (connection type 1): 4-wire

■ Sensor 2 (connection type 2): none

2-wire compensation n

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow 2-wire compensation n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow 2$ -wire compensation n

Prerequisite An RTD sensor with a **2-wire** connection type must be specified as the sensor type.

Description Use this function to specify the resistance value for two-wire compensation in RTDs.

User entry 0 to 30 Ohm

Factory setting 0

Reference junction n

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Reference junction n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Reference junction n

Prerequisite A thermocouple (TC) sensor must be selected as the sensor type.

Description

Use this function to select reference junction measurement for temperature compensation of thermocouples (TC).



- If **Preset value** is selected, the compensation value is specified via the **RJ preset value** parameter.
- Temperature measured must be configured for channel 2 if Measured value sensor 2 is selected

Selection

- No compensation: no temperature compensation is used.
- Internal measurement: the internal reference junction temperature is used.
- Fixed value: a fixed value is used.
- Measured value sensor 2: the measured value of sensor 2 is used.



It is not possible to select the **Measured value sensor 2** option for the **Reference junction 2** parameter.

Factory setting

Internal measurement

RJ preset value n

Navigation

Setup

Setup \rightarrow RJ preset value

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ RJ preset value

Prerequisite The **Preset value** parameter must be set if the **Reference junction n** option is selected.

Description Use this function to define the fixed preset value for temperature compensation.

User entry $-50 \text{ to } +87 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Factory setting 0.00

Assign current output (PV)

Navigation



Setup → Assign current output (PV)

Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART output \rightarrow Assign current output (PV)

Description

Use this function to assign a measured variable to the primary HART® value (PV).

Selection

- Sensor 1 (measured value)
- Sensor 2 (measured value)
- Device temperature
- Average of the two measured values: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2)
- Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2: SV1-SV2
- Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2): If sensor 1 fails, the value of sensor 2 automatically becomes the primary HART® value (PV): sensor 1 (OR sensor 2)
- Sensor switching: If the value exceeds the configured threshold value T for sensor 1, the measured value of sensor 2 becomes the primary HART® value (PV). The system switches back to sensor 1 if the measured value of sensor 1 is at least 2 K below T: sensor 1 (sensor 2, if sensor 1 > T)
- Average: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) with backup (measured value of sensor 1 or sensor 2 in the event of a sensor error in the other sensor)
- The threshold value can be configured using the **Sensor switch set point** → 🗎 74 parameter. With temperature-dependent switching, it is possible to combine 2 sensors that offer advantages in different temperature ranges.

Factory setting

Sensor 1

_		
LOWER	range	พลไมค

Navigation

Setup → Lower range value
Expert → Output → Lower range value

Description

Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 4 mA.

The limit value that can be set depends on the sensor type used in the **Sensor type**→ 🖺 67 parameter and the measured variable assigned in the **Assign current**output (PV) parameter.

User entry

Depends on the sensor type and the setting for "Assign current output (PV)".

Factory setting

0

Upper range value

Navigation

Setup → Upper range value
Expert → Output → Upper range value

Description

Use this function to assign a measured value to the current value 20 mA.

The limit value that can be set depends on the sensor type used in the **Sensor type**→ 🖺 67 parameter and the measured variable assigned in the **Assign current**output (PV) parameter.

User entry

Depends on the sensor type and the setting for "Assign current output (PV)".

Factory setting

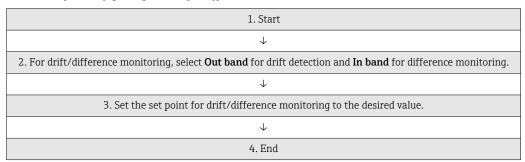
100

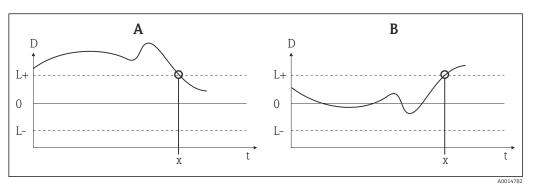
14.1.1 "Advanced setup" submenu

Drift/difference mode

If two sensors are connected and the measured values differ by a specified value, a status signal is generated as a diagnostic event. The drift/difference monitoring function can be used to verify the correctness of the measured values and for mutual monitoring of the connected sensors. Drift/difference monitoring is enabled with the **Drift/difference mode** parameter. A distinction is made between two specific modes. If the **In band** option is selected (ISV1-SV2I < drift/difference set point), a status message is issued if the value drops below the set point, or if the value exceeds the set point if the **Out band (drift)** option is selected (ISV1-SV2I > drift/difference set point).

Procedure for configuring the drift/difference mode





■ 18 Drift/difference mode

- A Value under range
- B Value over range
- D Drift
- L+, Upper (+) or lower (-) set point
- L-
- t Time
- x Diagnostic event, status signal is generated

Enter access code

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Enter access code
Expert → Enter access code

Description

Use this function to enable the service parameters via the operating tool. If an incorrect access code is entered, users retain their current access authorization.

If a value is entered that is not to equal to the access code, the parameter is automatically set to $\mathbf{0}$. The service parameters should only be modified by the service organization.

Additional information

Software device write protection is also switched on and off with this parameter.

Software device write protection in conjunction with download from an operating tool with offline capabilities

- Download, the device does not have a defined write protection code:
 The download is performed as normal.
- Download, defined write protection code, device is not locked.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) contains the correct write protection code: the download is carried out, and the device is not locked following the download. The write protection code in the **Enter access code** parameter is set to **0**.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) does not contain the correct write protection code: the download is carried out, and the device is locked following the download. The write protection code in the **Enter access code** parameter is reset to **0**.
- Download, defined write protection code, device is locked.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) contains the correct write protection code: the download is carried out, and the device is locked following the download. The write protection code in the **Enter access code** parameter is reset to **0**.
 - The **Enter access code** parameter (offline) does not contain the correct write protection code: the download is not carried out. No values are changed in the device. The value of the **Enter access code** parameter (offline) is also not changed.

hardware locking is fitted on the electronics module. When write protection is activated,

User entry 0 to 9 999

Factory setting 0

Access status tooling	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Access status tooling Expert → Access status tooling
Description	Displays the access authorization to the parameters.
Additional information	If an additional write protection is active, this restricts the current access authorization even further. The write protection status can be viewed via the Locking status parameter.
Selection	■ Operator ■ Service
Factory setting	Operator
Locking status	
Navigation	 Setup → Advanced setup → Locking status Expert → Locking status
Description	Displays the device locking status (software, hardware or SIL-locked). The DIP switch for

write access to the parameters is disabled.

"Sensor" submenu

Sensor offset n

n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor offset n Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor offset n

Description Use this function to set the zero point correction (offset) of the sensor measured value.

The specified value is added to the measured value.

User entry -10.0 to +10.0

Factory setting 0.0

Drift/difference mode

Navigation Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Drift/difference mode Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Drift/difference mode

Description Use this function to choose whether the device reacts to the drift/difference set point

being exceeded or undershot.

Can only be selected for 2-channel operation.

Additional information ■ If the Out band (drift) option is selected, a status signal is displayed if the absolute value for the differential value exceeds the drift/difference set point

■ If the **In band** option is selected, a status signal is displayed if the absolute value for the differential value drops below the drift/difference set point.

■ Out band (drift)

■ In band

Off

Factory setting Off

Selection

Drift/difference alarm delay

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Drift/difference alarm delay Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Drift/difference alarm delay

Prerequisite The **Drift/difference mode** parameter must be activated with the **Out band (drift)** or **In**

band option. $\rightarrow \blacksquare 73$

Description Alarm delay for drift detection monitoring.

Useful for example in the event of different thermal mass ratings for the sensors in conjunction with a high temperature gradient in the process.

User entry 5 to 255 s

Factory setting 5 s

Drift/difference set point

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Drift/difference set point

 $\texttt{Expert} \rightarrow \texttt{Sensor} \rightarrow \texttt{Diagnostic settings} \rightarrow \texttt{Drift/difference set point}$

Prerequisite The Drift/difference mode parameter must be activated with the Out band (drift) or In

band option.

Description Use this function to configure the maximum permissible measured value deviation

between sensor 1 and sensor 2 which results in drift/difference detection.

Selection 0.1 to 999.0 K (0.18 to 1798.2 °F)

Factory setting 999.0

Sensor switch set point

Navigation Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor switch set point

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Sensor switch set point

Description Use this function to set the threshold value for sensor switching $\rightarrow \triangleq 70$.

Additional information The threshold value is relevant if the sensor switching function is assigned to a HART®

variable (PV, SV, TV, QV).

Selection Depends on the sensor types selected.

Factory setting 850 °C

"Current output" submenu

Adjustment of the analog output (4 and 20 mA current trimming)

Current trimming is used to compensate the analog output (D/A conversion). Here, the output current of the transmitter can be adapted so that it suits the value expected at the higher-level system.

NOTICE

Current trimming does not affect the digital $HART^{\circ}$ value. This can cause the measured value shown on the display to differ marginally from the value displayed in the higher-level system.

► The digital measured values can be adapted with the sensor trimming parameter in the menu Expert → Sensor → Sensor trimming.

Procedure

1. Start
↓
2. Install an accurate ammeter (more accurate than the transmitter) in the current loop.
\downarrow
3. Switch on current output simulation and set the simulation value to 4 mA.
↓ ·
4. Measure the loop current with the ammeter and make a note of the value.
↓
5. Set the simulation value to 20 mA.
↓
6. Measure the loop current with the ammeter and make a note of the value.
↓
7. Enter the current values determined as adjustment values in the 4 mA/20 mA current trimming parameters
↓
8. End

Output current		
Navigation		
Description	Displays the calculated output current in mA.	
Failure mode		
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Failure mode Expert → Output → Failure mode	
Description	Use this function to select the signal on alarm level of the current output in the event of an error.	
Additional information	If Max. is selected, the signal on alarm level is specified using the Failure current parameter.	
Selection	■ Min.	

Endress+Hauser 75

■ Max.

Factory setting	Min.
Failure current	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Failure current Expert → Output → Failure current
Prerequisite	The Max. option is enabled in the Failure mode parameter.
Description	Use this function to set the value the current output adopts in an alarm condition.
User entry	21.5 to 23.0 mA
Factory setting	22.5
4 mA current trimming	
Navigation	
Description	Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the start of the measuring range at 4 mA \rightarrow \cong 74.
User entry	3.85 to 4.15 mA
Factory setting	4 mA
20 mA current trimming	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → 20 mA current trimming Expert → Output → 20 mA current trimming
Description	Use this function to set the correction value for the current output at the end of the measuring range at 20 mA $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
User entry	19.850 to 20.15 mA
Factory setting	20.000 mA

Reset trim

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Reset trim
Expert → Output → Reset trim

Description

The Wizard resets the 4 to 20 mA values for trimming to the default value.

User entry

Activate the button

"Display" submenu

The settings for displaying the measured value on the optional display are made in the "Display" menu.



These settings do not affect the output values of the transmitter, and are only used to specify the display format on the screen.

Display interval

Navigation



Description

Use this function to set the length of time the measured values are displayed if the values alternate on the local display. This type of change is only generated automatically if several measured values are specified.



The **Value 1 display - Value 3 display** parameters are used to specify which measured values are shown on the local display $\rightarrow \blacksquare 77$.

User entry

4 to 20 s

Factory setting

4 s

Value 1 display (Value 2 or 3 display)

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Value 1 display (Value 2 or 3 display) System → System → Display → Value 1 display (Value 2 or 3 display)

Description

Use this function to select one of the measured values shown on the local display.

Selection

- Process value
- Sensor 1
- Sensor 2
- Output current
- Percent of range
- Device temperature

Factory setting

Process value

Display text n 1)

1) 1, 2 or 3 - depends on the display value set

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Display text n
 Expert →System → Display → Display text n

Description Display text for this channel that appears on the screen in the 14-segment display.

User entry Enter the display text: the maximum text length is 8 characters.

Factory setting PV

Decimal places 1 (decimal places 2 or 3)

Navigation

Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Decimal places 1 (decimal places 2 or 3) Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Decimal places 1 (decimal places 2 or 3)

Prerequisite

A measured value is defined in the parameter **Value 1 display** (Value 2 or 3 display) $\rightarrow \implies 77$.

Description

Use this function to select the number of decimal places for the display value. This setting does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value.

i

If **Automatic** is selected, the maximum possible number of decimal places is always shown on the display.

Selection

- X
- X.X
- X.XX
- X.XXX
- X.XXXX
- Automatic

Factory setting

X.X

"SIL" submenu

This menu only appears if the device was ordered with the 'SIL mode' option. The **SIL option** parameter indicates whether the device can be operated in the SIL mode. To enable the SIL mode for the device, it is necessary to perform menu-guided operation for **Expert mode**.

For more detailed information please refer to the Functional Safety Manual SD01632T/09.

SIL option

Navigation

 \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow SIL \rightarrow SIL option

Description Indicates whether the device has been ordered with SIL certification.

The SIL option is required to operate the device in the SIL mode.

Selection ■ No

Yes

Factory setting No

Operational state

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow SIL \rightarrow Operational state

Description Displays the device operational state in the SIL mode.

Display ■ Checking SIL option

Startup normal modeWait for checksum

■ Self diagnostic

Normal mode

Download active

SIL mode active

■ Safe para start

■ Safe param running

Save parameter values

Parameter check

■ Reboot pending

■ Reset checksum

■ Safe state - Active

Download verification

Upload active

■ Safe state - Passive

■ Safe state - Panic

■ Safe state - Temporary

Factory setting Normal mode

Enter SIL checksum

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow SIL \rightarrow Enter SIL checksum

Description If the value '0' is entered in the SIL checksum, the device switches from the SIL mode to the

normal mode. Users can also quit the SIL mode using the **Deactivate SIL** parameter.

User entry 0 ... 65535

Factory setting 0

SIL checksum	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the calculated SIL checksum.
	The SIL checksum displayed can be used to check the device configuration. If 2 devices have identical configurations, the SIL checksum is also identical. This can make for easy device replacement because if the checksum is the same, the device configuration is guaranteed to be identical too.
Force safe state	
Navigation	
Prerequisite	The Operational state parameter displays SIL mode active .
Description	During SIL proof testing this parameter can be used to test error detection of the device current readback.
Selection	OnOff
Factory setting	Off
Deactivate SIL	
Navigation	
Description	Use this button to quit the SIL operating mode.
Restart device	
Navigation	
Description	Use this button to restart the device.
	"Administration" submenu
Device reset	

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Administration → Device reset Expert → System → Device reset

Description

Use this function to reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.

Selection

Not active

No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.

To factory defaults

All the parameters are reset to the factory setting.

■ To delivery settings

All the parameters are reset to the order configuration. The order configuration can differ from the factory setting if customer-specific parameter values were defined when the device was ordered.

Restart device

The device is restarted but the device configuration remains unchanged.

Factory setting

Not active

Define device write protection code

Navigation



Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Administration \rightarrow Define device write protection code Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Define device write protection code

Description

Use this function to set a write protection code for the device.



If the code is programmed into the device firmware it is saved in the device and the operating tool displays the value $\mathbf{0}$ so that the defined write protection code is not openly displayed for viewing.

User entry

0 to 9999

Factory setting

0



If the device is delivered with this factory setting the device write protection is not active.

Additional information

- Activating device write protection: To do so, enter a value in the Enter access code parameter that does not correspond to the write protection code defined here.
- Deactivating device write protection: If device write protection is activated, enter the defined write protection code in the Enter access code parameter.
- Once the device has been reset to the factory setting or the order configuration, the defined write protection code is no longer valid. The code adopts the factory setting (= 0).
- Hardware write protection (DIP switches) is active:
 - Hardware write protection has priority over the software write protection described here.
 - No value can be entered in the Enter access code parameter. The parameter is a read only parameter.
 - Device write protection via software can only be defined and activated if hardware write protection via the DIP switches is disabled. \rightarrow \boxminus 22
- If the write protection code has been forgotten, it can be deleted or overwritten by the service organization.

14.2 "Diagnostics" menu

All the information that describes the device, the device status and the process conditions can be found in this group.

Actual diagnostics

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics

Expert → Diagnostics → Actual diagnostics

Description Displays the current diagnostic message. If two or more messages occur simultaneously,

the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Previous diagnostics 1

Navigation \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Previous diagnostics 1

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Previous diagnostics 1

Description Displays the last diagnostic message with the highest priority.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Operating time

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Operating time

Expert → Diagnostics → Operating time

Description Displays the length of time the device has been in operation.

Display Hours (h)

14.2.1 "Diagnostic list" submenu

Up to 3 diagnostic messages currently pending are displayed in this submenu. If more than 3 messages are pending, the messages with the highest priority are shown on the display. Information on diagnostics measures in the device and an overview of all the diagnostics messages $\rightarrow \blacksquare$ 35.

Actual diagnostics count

Navigation □ Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diagnostics count

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Actual diagnostics count

Description Displays the number of diagnostic messages currently pending in the device.

Actual diagnostics

Navigation \Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostics list \rightarrow Actual diagnostics

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Actual diagnostics

Description Displays the current diagnostics messages with the highest priority to the third-highest

priority.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Actual diag channel

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Actual diag channel

Expert → Diagnostics → Diagnostic list → Actual diag channel

Description Displays the sensor input to which the diagnostics message refers.

Display •-----

■ Sensor 1

■ Sensor 2

■ Device temperature

Current output

■ Terminal temperature

14.2.2 "Event logbook" submenu

Previous diagnostics n

n = Number of diagnostics messages (n = 1 to 5)

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diagnostics n

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diagnostics n

Description Displays the diagnostic messages that occurred in the past. The last 5 messages are listed

in chronological order.

Display Symbol for event behavior and diagnostic event.

Additional information Example for display format:

F261-Electronics modules

Previous diag n channel

Navigation \Box Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diag channel

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Diagnostic list \rightarrow Previous diag channel

Description Displays the possible sensor input to which the diagnostics message refers.

Sensor 1Sensor 2

Device temperature

Current output

■ Terminal temperature

14.2.3 "Device information" submenu

Device tag

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Device tag

Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device tag

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device tag

Description Use this function to enter a unique name for the measuring point so it can be identified

quickly within the plant. This name is shown on the display. $\rightarrow \implies 22$

User entry Max. 32 characters such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)

Factory setting $32 \times ?'$

Serial number **Navigation** Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Serial number Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Serial number Description Displays the serial number of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate. Uses of the serial number • To identify the measuring device quickly, e.g. when contacting Endress+Hauser. ■ To obtain specific information on the measuring device using the Device Viewer: www.endress.com/deviceviewer Display Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers Firmware version **Navigation** Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Firmware version Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Firmware version Description Displays the installed device firmware version. Display Max. 6-digit character string in the format xx.yy.zz Device name **Navigation** $Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device name$ Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device name Description Displays the device name. It can also be found on the nameplate. Order code Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Order code Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Order code Description Displays the order code of the device. It can also be found on the nameplate. The order code is generated by a reversible transformation from the extended order code, which defines all the device features of the product structure. In contrast, the device features cannot be read directly from the order code. Uses of the order code

Endress+Hauser 85

• To identify the device quickly and easily, e.g. when contacting the manufacturer.

• To order an identical replacement device.

Extended order code 1-3

Navigation

Diagnostics → Device information → Extended order code 1 to 3

Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Extended order code 1 to 3

Description

Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. On account of length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates the version of all the features of the product structure for the device and thus uniquely identifies the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.



Uses of the extended order code

- To order an identical replacement device.
- To check the ordered device features using the delivery note.

ENP version	
Navigation	□ Diagnostics → Device information → ENP version Expert → Diagnostics → Device information ENP version
Description	Displays the version of the electronic nameplate.
Display	6-digit number in the format xx.yy.zz
Device revision	
Navigation	Diagnostics → Device information → Device revision Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Device revision Expert → Communication → HART info → Device revision
Description	Displays the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART FieldComm Group. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.
Display	2-digit hexadecimal number

Manufacturer ID → 🖺 90

Navigation

Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer ID

Manufacturer

Navigation

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer

Description

Displays the manufacturer name.

Hardware revision

Navigation

☐ Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART info \rightarrow Hardware revision

Description

Displays the hardware revision of the device.

Configuration counter

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Device information → Configuration counter
 Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Configuration counter

Description

Displays the counter reading for changes to device parameters.

Static parameters, whose values change during optimization or configuration, cause this parameter to increase by 1. This supports parameter version management. If several parameters change, e.g. as a result of loading parameters from FieldCare etc. to the device, the counter can show a higher value. The counter cannot be reset and is also not reset to the default value when the device is reset. If the counter overflows, (16 bit), it starts again at 1.

14.2.4 "Measured values" submenu

Sensor n value

 \blacksquare n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation

Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value
Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value

Description

Displays the current measured value at the sensor input.

Sensor n raw value

n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation	 □ Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value
Description	Displays the non-linearized mV/Ohm value at the specific sensor input.
Device temperature	
Navigation	☐ Diagnostics → Measured values → Device temperature Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Device temperature
Description	Displays the current electronics temperature.
	"Min/Max values" submenu
Sensor n min value	
	n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)
Navigation	
Description	Displays the minimum temperature measured in the past at sensor input 1 or 2 (peakhold indicator).
Sensor n max value	
	n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)
Navigation	
Description	Displays the maximum temperature measured in the past at sensor input 1 or 2 (peakhold indicator).
Device temperature min.	
Navigation	□ Diagnostics → Measured values → Min/max values → Device temperature min. Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Min/max values → Device temperature min.
Description	Displays the minimum electronics temperature measured in the past (minimum indicator).

Device temperature max.

Navigation

max.

Description Displays the maximum electronics temperature measured in the past (maximum

indicator).

14.2.5 "Simulation" submenu

Current output simulation

Navigation Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Current output simulation

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Current output simulation

Description Use this function to switch simulation of the current output on and off. The display

alternates between the measured value and a diagnostics message of the "function check"

category (C) while simulation is in progress.

Display Measured value display ↔ C491 (current output simulation)

Selection ■ Off

■ On

Factory setting Off

Additional information The simulation value is defined in the **Value current output** parameter.

Value current output

Navigation \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Value current output

Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Simulation \rightarrow Value current output

Additional information The Current output simulation parameter must be set to On.

Description Use this function to set a current value for the simulation. In this way, users can verify the

correct adjustment of the current output and the correct function of downstream switching

units.

User entry 3.59 to 23.0 mA

Factory setting 3.58 mA

14.3 "Expert" menu

P		
Enter access code → 🗎 71		
Navigation		Setup → Advanced setup → Enter access code Expert → Enter access code
Access status tooling→ 🗎	72	
Navigation		Setup → Advanced setup → Access status tooling Expert → Access status tooling
Locking status → 🗎 72		
Navigation		Setup → Advanced setup → Locking status Expert → Locking status
	14.	3.1 "System" submenu
Unit		
Navigation		Setup → Unit Expert → System → Unit
Damping		
Navigation		Expert → System → Damping
Description	Use	this function to set the time constant for current output damping.
User entry	0 to	120 s
Factory setting	0.00) s

90

Additional information

The current output reacts with an exponential delay to fluctuations in the measured value. The time constant of this delay is specified by this parameter. If a low time constant is entered, the current output follows the measured value quickly. On the other hand, if a high time constant is entered, the current output reaction is delayed.

Alarm delay

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Alarm delay

Description Use this function to set the delay time during which a diagnostics signal is suppressed

before it is output.

User entry 0 to 5 s

Factory setting 2 s

Mains filter

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow System \rightarrow Mains filter

Description Use this function to select the mains filter for A/D conversion.

Selection ■ 50 Hz

■ 60 Hz

Factory setting 50 Hz

"Display" submenu

Detailed information $\rightarrow \blacksquare 77$

"Administration" submenu

Detailed information $\rightarrow \triangleq 80$

14.3.2 "Sensor" submenu

Number of measurement channels

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Number of measurement channels

Description Displays information on the connected and configured measurement channels

Selection • Not initiated

■ 1-channel device

■ 2-channel device

"Sensor 1/2" submenu

i

n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Sensor type n \rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 67

Navigation

 \Box Setup → Sensor type n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor type n

Connection type n \rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 68

Navigation

 \square Setup \rightarrow Connection type n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor n \rightarrow Connection type n

2-wire compensation $n \rightarrow \triangleq 68$

Navigation

 \Box Setup → 2-wire compensation n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow 2$ -wire compensation n

Reference junction $n \rightarrow \triangleq 68$

Navigation

 \square Setup \rightarrow Reference junction n

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Reference junction n

RJ preset value $n \rightarrow \triangleq 69$

Navigation

 \square Setup \rightarrow RJ preset value

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ RJ preset value

Sensor offset $n \rightarrow 2 73$

n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation

Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Sensor offset n Expert → Sensor → Sensor n → Sensor offset n

Sensor n lower limit

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Se

Description Displays the minimum physical full scale value.

Sensor n upper limit

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Se

Description Displays the maximum physical full scale value.

Sensor serial number

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Serial no. sensor

Description Use this function to enter the serial number of the connected sensor.

User entry String with up to 12 characters consisting of numbers and/or text

Factory setting "" (no text)

"Sensor trimming" submenu

Sensor error adjustment (sensor trimming)

Sensor trimming is used to adapt the actual sensor signal to the linearization of the selected sensor type stored in the transmitter. Compared to sensor transmitter matching, sensor trimming only takes place at the start and end value and does not achieve the same level of accuracy.

Sensor trimming does not adapt the measuring range. It is used to adapt the sensor signal to the linearization stored in the transmitter.

Procedure

Proceaure
1. Start
↓
2. Set the Sensor trimming parameter to the Customer-specific setting.
↓
3. Using a water/oil bath, bring the sensor connected to the transmitter to a known and stable temperature. A temperature which is close to the set start of the measuring range is recommended.

4. Enter the reference temperature for the value at the start of the measuring range for the **Sensor trimming** lower value parameter. Based on the difference between the specified reference temperature and the temperature actually measured at the input, the transmitter internally calculates a correction factor which is now used to linearize the input signal.

5. Using a water/oil bath, bring the sensor connected to the transmitter to a known and stable temperature close to the set end of the measuring range.

6. Enter the reference temperature for the value at the end of the measuring range for the Sensor trimming upper value parameter.

7. End

Sensor trimming

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming

Description Use this function to select the linearization method to be used for the connected sensor.

> The original linearization can be restored by resetting this parameter to the Factory setting option.

Selection Factory setting

Customer-specific

Factory setting Factory setting

Sensor trimming lower value

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming lower value Navigation

The **Customer-specific** option is enabled in the **Sensor trimming** parameter $\rightarrow \triangleq 93$. Prerequisite

Description Lower point for linear characteristic calibration (this affects offset and slope).

User entry Depends on the selected sensor type and the assignment of the current output (PV).

Factory setting -200 °C

Sensor trimming upper value

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming upper value

Prerequisite The **Customer-specific** option is enabled in the **Sensor trimming** parameter.

Description Upper point for linear characteristic calibration (this affects offset and slope).

User entry Depends on the selected sensor type and the assignment of the current output (PV).

Factory setting + 850 °C

Sensor trimming min span

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Sensor trimming min span

Prerequisite The **Customer-specific** option is enabled in the **Sensor trimming** parameter.

Description Displays the minimum possible span between the sensor trimming upper and lower value.

Reset trim

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor trimming \rightarrow Reset trim

Description The Assistant resets the values for sensor trimming to the default value.

User entry Activate the button

"Linearization" submenu

Procedure for configuring a linearization using Callendar-Van Dusen coefficients from a calibration certificate

1. Start
↓
2. Assign current output (PV) = set sensor 1 (measured value)
↓
3. Select unit (°C).
↓
4. Select the sensor type (linearization type) "RTD platinum (Callendar-Van Dusen)".
↓
5. Select connection mode e.g. 3-wire.
↓
6. Set the lower and upper sensor limits.
↓
7. Enter the four coefficients A, B, C and RO.
↓
8. If special linearization is also used for a second sensor, repeat steps 2 to 6.
\
9. End

Call.-V. Dusen coeff. RO

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Call./v.- Dusen coeff. RO

Prerequisite The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Dusen) option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter.

Description Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization with the Callendar-Van Dusen

polynomial.

User entry 10 to 2 000 Ohm

Factory setting 100 Ohm

Call.-V. Dusen coeff. A, B and C

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Call./v.- Dusen coeff. A, B, C

Prerequisite The RTD platinum (Callendar/Van Dusen) option is enabled in the **Sensor type** parameter.

Description Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization based on the Callendar-

Van Dusen method.

Factory setting ■ A: 3.910000e-003

B: -5.780000e-007C: -4.180000e-012

Polynomial coeff. R0

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Polynomial coeff. RO

Prerequisite The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type**

parameter.

Description Use this function to set the RO Value only for linearization of nickel/copper sensors.

User entry 10 to 2 000 Ohm

Factory setting 100 Ohm

Polynomial coeff. A, B

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Linearization \rightarrow Polynomial coeff. A, B

Prerequisite The RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the **Sensor type**

parameter.

Description Use this function to set the coefficients for sensor linearization of copper/nickel resistance

thermometers.

Factory setting Polynomial coeff. A = 5.49630e-003

Polynomial coeff. B = 6.75560e-006

Sensor n lower limit

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Sensor n lower limit

Prerequisite The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the

Sensor type parameter.

Description Use this function to set the lower calculation limit for special sensor linearization.

User entry Depends on the **sensor type** selected.

Factory setting Depends on the **sensor type** selected.

Sensor n upper limit

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ Linearization \rightarrow Sensor $n \rightarrow$ upper limit

Prerequisite The RTD platinum, RTD poly nickel or RTD copper polynomial option is enabled in the

Sensor type parameter.

Description Use this function to set the upper calculation limit for special sensor linearization.

User entry Depends on the **sensor type** selected.

Factory setting Depends on the **sensor type** selected.

"Diagnostic settings" submenu

Sensor switch set point $\rightarrow = 74$

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Sensor switch set point

Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Sensor switch set point

Drift/difference mode	e → 🖺 73	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Drift/difference mode Expert → Sensor → Diagnostic settings → Drift/difference mode	
Drift/difference alarr	n delay → 🗎 73	
Navigation	 Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Drift/difference alarm delay Expert → Sensor → Diagnostic settings → Drift/difference alarm delay 	
Drift/difference set p	oint → 🖺 74	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Sensor → Drift/difference set point Expert → Sensor → Diagnostic settings → Drift/difference set point	
Control		
Navigation		
Description	Option to control the calibration counter. The countdown duration (in days) is specified with the Start value parameter.	
Selection	 Off: Stops the calibration counter On: Starts the calibration counter Reset + run: Resets to the set start value and starts the calibration counter 	
Factory setting	Off	
Start value		
Navigation		
Description	Use this function to set the start value for the calibration counter.	
User entry	0 to 1826 d (days)	
Factory setting	1826	

Navigation

Calibration countdown Navigation Expert \rightarrow Sensor \rightarrow Diagnostic settings \rightarrow Calibration countdown Description Displays the time remaining until the next calibration. The calibration counter only runs if the device is switched on. Example: If the calibration counter is set to 365 days on January 1, 2011 and no electricity is supplied to the device for 100 days, the alarm for the calibration appears on April 10, 2012. 14.3.3 "Output" submenu Lower range value $\rightarrow = 70$ **Navigation** Setup \rightarrow Lower range value Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Lower range value **Upper range value** $\rightarrow \triangleq 70$ Navigation Setup → Upper range value Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Upper range value Failure mode $\rightarrow \blacksquare 75$ **Navigation** Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Failure mode Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Failure mode Failure current $\rightarrow \triangleq 76$ **Navigation** Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Failure current Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow Failure current 4 mA current trimming $\rightarrow \triangleq 76$

Endress+Hauser 99

Expert → Output → 4 mA current trimming

Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow 4 mA current trimming

20 mA current trimmin	g → 🖺 76
Navigation	Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Current output \rightarrow 20 mA current trimming Expert \rightarrow Output \rightarrow 20 mA current trimming
Reset trim → 🗎 76	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Current output → Reset trim Expert → Output → Reset trim
	14.3.4 "Communication" submenu
	"HART [®] configuration" submenu
Device tag → 🖺 84	
Navigation	 □ Diagnostics → Device information → Device tag Expert → Communication → HART® configuration → Device tag
HART® short tag	
Navigation	
Description	Use this function to define a short tag for the measuring point.
User entry	Up to 8 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)
Factory setting	8 x '?'
HART® address	
Navigation	
Description	Definition of the HART® address of the device.
User entry	0 to 63
Factory setting	0

Additional information

The measured value can only be transmitted via the current value if the address is set to "0". The current is fixed at 4.0 mA for all other addresses (Multidrop mode).

No. of preambles

Navigation \blacksquare Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® configuration \rightarrow No. of preambles

Description Use this function to define the number of preambles in the HART® telegram

User entry 2 to 20

Factory setting 5

Configuration changed

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® configuration \rightarrow Configuration changed

Description Displays whether the configuration of the device has been changed by a master (primary

or secondary).

Reset configuration changed

Navigation \blacksquare Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® configuration \rightarrow Reset configuration changed

Description The **Configuration changed** information is reset by a master (primary or secondary).

User entry Activate the button

"HART® Info" submenu

Device type

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART[®] info \rightarrow Device type

Description Displays the device type with which the device is registered with the HART® FieldComm

Group. The device type is specified by the manufacturer. It is needed to assign the

appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.

Display 4-digit hexadecimal number

Factory setting 0x11CE

Device revision		
Navigation	Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Device revision	
Description	Displays the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART® FieldComm Group. It is needed to assign the appropriate device description file (DD) to the device.	
Display	4	
Factory setting	4 (0x04)	
Device ID		
Navigation		
Description	A unique HART® identifier is saved in the device ID and used by the control systems to identify the device. The device ID is also transmitted in command 0. The device ID is determined unambiguously from the serial number of the device.	
Display	ID generated for specific serial number	
Manufacturer ID		
Navigation		
Description	Displays the manufacturer ID with which the device is registered with the HART $^{\scriptsize \$}$ Field Comm Group.	
Display	2-digit hexadecimal number	
Factory setting	0x0011	
HART® revision		
Navigation		
Description	Displays the HART® revision of the device	
HART® descriptor		

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow HART® descriptor

Description Use this function to define a description for the measuring point.

User entry Up to 16 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting The device name

HART® message

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART[®] info \rightarrow HART[®] message

Description Use this function to define a HART® message which is sent via the HART® protocol when

requested by the master.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting The device name

Hardware revision

Navigation Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision

Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Hardware revision

Description Displays the hardware revision of the device.

Software revision

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Software revision

Description Displays the software revision of the device.

HART® date code

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow HART® date code

Description Use this function to define date information for individual use.

User entry Date in the format year-month-day (YYYY-MM-DD)

Factory setting 2010-01-01

Process unit tag

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART[®] info \rightarrow Process unit tag

Description Use this function to enter the process unit in which the device is installed.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting $32 \times ?'$

Location description

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART[®] info \rightarrow Location description

Description Use this function to enter a description of the location so that the device can be located in

the plant.

User entry Up to 32 alphanumeric characters (letters, numbers and special characters)

Factory setting $32 \times ?'$

Longitude

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Longitude

Description Use this function to enter the longitude coordinates that describe the device location.

User entry -180.000 to +180.000 °

Factory setting 0

Latitude

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Latitude

Description Use this function to enter the latitude coordinates that describe the device location.

User entry -90.000 to +90.000 °

Factory setting 0

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Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Altitude

Description Use this function to enter the altitude data that describe the device location.

User entry $-1.0 \cdot 10^{+20}$ to $+1.0 \cdot 10^{+20}$ m

Factory setting 0 m

Location method

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Location method

Description Use this function to select the data format for specifying the geographic location. The

codes for specifying the location are based on the US National Marine Electronics

Association (NMEA) Standard NMEA 0183.

Selection ■ No fix

GPS or Standard Positioning Service (SPS) fix

Differential PGS fix

Precise positioning service (PPS)

■ Real Time Kinetic (RTK) fixed solution

■ Real Time Kinetic (RTK) float solution

Estimated dead reckoning

Manual input mode

Simulation mode

Factory setting Manual input mode

"HART® output" submenu

Assign current output (PV) $\rightarrow \triangleq 67$

Navigation \square Setup \rightarrow Assign current output (PV)

Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® output \rightarrow Assign current output (PV)

PV

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® output \rightarrow PV

Description Displays the primary HART® value

Assign SV			
Navigation			
Description	Use this function to assign a measured variable to the secondary HART® value (SV)		
Selection	See Assign current output (PV) parameter → 🗎 67		
Factory setting	Device temperature		
SV			
Navigation			
Description	Displays the secondary HART® value		
Assign TV			
Navigation			
Description	Use this function to assign a measured variable to the tertiary HART® value (TV)		
Selection	See Assign current output (PV) parameter, → 🖺 67		
Factory setting	Sensor 1		
TV			
Navigation			
Description	Displays the tertiary HART® value		
Assign QV			
Navigation			
Description	Use this function to assign a measured variable to the quaternary HART® value (QV)		
Selection	See Assign current output (PV) parameter, → 🖺 67		

QV

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® output \rightarrow QV

Description Displays the quaternary HART® value

"Burst configuration" submenu

1 Up to 3 burst modes can be configured.

Burst mode

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst mode

Description Activation of the HART burst mode for burst message X. Message 1 has the highest priority, message 2 the second-highest priority, etc. This prioritization is only correct if the

Min. update period is the same for all burst configurations. The prioritization of the messages depends on the **Min. update period**; the shortest time has the highest priority.

Selection • Off

The device only sends data to the bus at the request of a HART master

On

The device regularly sends data to the bus without being requested to do so.

Factory setting Off

Burst command

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst command

Description Use this function to select the command whose answer is sent to the HART master in the

activated burst mode.

Selection

Command 1

Read out the primary variable

■ Command 2

Read out the current and the main measured value as a percentage

■ Command 3

Read out the dynamic HART variables and the current

Command 9

Read out the dynamic HART variables including the related status

Command 33

Read out the dynamic HART variables including the related unit

■ Command 48

Read out the additional device status

Factory setting

Command 2

Additional information

Commands 1, 2, 3, 9 and 48 are universal HART commands. Command 33 is a "Common-Practice" HART command. More details on this are provided in the HART specifications.

Burst variable n



n = Number of burst variables (0 to 3)

Navigation



 \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst variable n

Prerequisite

This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled. The selection of burst variables depends on the burst command. If command 9 and command 33 are selected, the burst variables can be selected.

Description

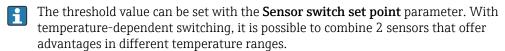
Use this function to assign a measured variable to slots 0 to 3.



This assignment is **only** relevant for the burst mode. The measured variables are assigned to the 4 HART variables (PV, SV, TV, QV) in the HART output menu.

Selection

- Sensor 1 (measured value)
- Sensor 2 (measured value)
- Device temperature
- Average of the two measured values: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2)
- Difference between sensor 1 and sensor 2: SV1-SV2
- Sensor 1 (backup sensor 2): If sensor 1 fails, the value of sensor 2 automatically becomes the primary HART® value (PV): sensor 1 (OR sensor 2)
- Sensor switching: If the value exceeds the configured threshold value T for sensor 1, the measured value of sensor 2 becomes the primary HART® value (PV). The system switches back to sensor 1 if the measured value of sensor 1 is at least 2 K below T: sensor 1 (sensor 2, if sensor 1 > T)



Average: 0.5 x (SV1+SV2) with backup (measured value of sensor 1 or sensor 2 in the event of a sensor error in the other sensor)

Factory setting

- Burst variable slot 0: sensor 1
- Burst variable slot 1: device temperature
- Burst variable slot 2: sensor 1
- Burst variable slot 3: sensor 1

Burst trigger mode

Navigation

 \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst trigger mode

Description

Use this function to select the event that triggers burst message X.



Continuous:

The message is triggered in a time-controlled manner, at least observing the time interval defined in the **Min. update period** parameter.

■ Range:

The message is triggered if the specified measured value has changed by the value defined in the **Burst trigger level** X parameter.

Rising:

The message is triggered if the specified measured value exceeds the value in the **Burst trigger level** X parameter.

■ Falling:

The message is triggered if the specified measured value falls below the value in the **Burst trigger level** X parameter.

• On change:

The message is triggered if a measured value of the message changes.

Selection

- Continuous
- Range
- Rising
- In band
- On change

Factory setting

Continuous

Burst trigger level

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Burst trigger value

Prerequisite This parameter can only be selected if the **Burst mode** option is enabled.

Description Use this function to enter the value which, together with the trigger mode, determines the

time of burst message 1. This value determines the time of the message.

User entry $-1.0e^{+20}$ to $+1.0e^{+20}$

Factory setting -10.000

Min. update period

Navigation \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Min. update period **Prerequisite** This parameter is dependent on the selection in the **Burst trigger mode** parameter. Description Use this function to enter the minimum time span between two burst commands of burst message X. The value is entered in the milliseconds unit. 500 to [value entered for the maximum time span in the Max. update period] parameter User entry as integers **Factory setting** 1000 Max. update period **Navigation** \square Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow Burst configuration \rightarrow Min. update period Prerequisite This parameter is dependent on the selection in the **Burst trigger mode** parameter. Description Use this function to enter the maximum time span between two burst commands of burst message X. The value is entered in the milliseconds unit. User entry [Value entered for the minimum time span in the **Min. update period**] parameter to 3600000 as integers **Factory setting** 2000 14.3.5 "Diagnostics" submenu For a detailed description, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 82$ "Diagnostic list" submenu For a detailed description, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 82$ "Event logbook" submenu For a detailed description, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 84$ "Device information" submenu **Device tag** \rightarrow $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$ 84 **Navigation** Setup \rightarrow Device tag Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device tag Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Device tag Squawk

Navigation		Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Squawk
Description		function can be used locally to facilitate the identification of the device in the field. e the Squawk function has been activated, all the segments flash on the display.
Selection	 Squawk once: Display of device flashes for 60 seconds and then returns to normal operation. Squawk on: Display of device flashes continuously. Squawk off: Squawk is switched off and the display returns to normal operation. 	
User entry	Acti	vate the relevant button
Serial number→ 🖺 85		
Navigation		Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Serial number Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Serial number
Firmware version $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
Navigation		Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version
Device name → B 85		
Navigation		Diagnostics → Device information → Device name Expert → Diagnostics → Device information → Device name
Order code → 🖺 85		
Navigation		Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Order code Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Order code
Extended order code 1-3		
Navigation		Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Extended order code 1 to 3

Description

Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. On account of length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates the version of all the features of the product structure for the device and thus uniquely identifies the device. It can also be found on the nameplate.



Uses of the extended order code

- To order an identical replacement device.
- To check the ordered device features using the delivery note.

Manufacturer ID → 🖺 10)2		
Navigation		Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Manufacturer ID Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer ID	
Manufacturer			
Navigation		Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Manufacturer	
Description	Displ	Displays the manufacturer name.	
Hardware revision			
Navigation		Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Hardware revision Expert \rightarrow Communication \rightarrow HART® info \rightarrow Hardware revision	
Description	Displ	Displays the hardware revision of the device.	
${\text{Configuration counter} \rightarrow}$	₿ 87		
Navigation		Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Configuration counter Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Device information \rightarrow Configuration counter	
	"Mea	asured values" submenu	
Sensor n value → 🗎 87			

112 Endress+Hauser

 \mathbf{n} = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation



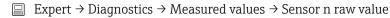
Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value Expert → Diagnostics → Measured values → Sensor n value

Sensor n raw value



n = Stands for the number of sensor inputs (1 and 2)

Navigation



Description

Displays the non-linearized mV/Ohm value at the specific sensor input.

Device temperature $\rightarrow \triangleq 88$

Navigation



Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Device temperature Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Device temperature

"Min/Max values" submenu

For a detailed description, see $\rightarrow \triangleq 88$



The following section provides a description of the additional parameters in this submenu that only appear in the Expert mode.

Reset sensor min/max values

Navigation



Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Reset sensor min/max values

Description

Reset the peakhold indicators for the minimum and maximum temperatures measured at the sensor inputs.

Selection

No Yes

Factory setting

No

Reset device temp. min/max values

Navigation



Expert \rightarrow Diagnostics \rightarrow Measured values \rightarrow Min/max values \rightarrow Reset device temp. min/max values

Description

Reset the peakhold indicators for the minimum and maximum electronic temperatures measured.

Selection	■ No ■ Yes	
Factory setting	No	
	"Simulation" submenu	
Diagnostic simulation		
Navigation		
Description	Use this function to switch diagnostics simulation on and off.	
Display	If simulation is active, the relevant diagnostic event is displayed with the configured status signal. $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Selection	Off, or a diagnostic event from the defined list of diagnostic events $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Factory setting	Off	
Current output simulation Navigation	 → ■ 89 □ Diagnostics → Simulation → Current output simulation Expert → Diagnostics → Simulation → Current output simulation 	
Value current output → 🖺	89	
Navigation	□ Diagnostics → Simulation → Value current output Expert → Diagnostics → Simulation → Value current output	
	"Diagnostic settings" submenu	
Diagnostic behavior		
Navigation	\sqsubseteq Expert \Rightarrow Diagnostics \Rightarrow Diagnostic settings \Rightarrow Diagnostic behavior	
Description	A certain event behavior is assigned at the factory to each diagnostic event in the categories: sensor , electronics , process and configuration . The user can change this assignment for certain diagnostic events via the diagnostic settings. $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 36$	

Selection • Alarm

WarningDisabled

Factory setting For detailed information see the 'Overview of diagnostic events' $\rightarrow \triangleq 36$

Status signal

DescriptionA certain status signal is assigned at the factory to each diagnostic event in the categories: sensor, electronics, process and configuration ¹⁾. The user can change this assignment

for certain diagnostic events via the diagnostic settings. $\rightarrow \implies 36$

1) Digital information available via HART® communication

Selection ■ Failure (F)

Function check (C)Out of specification (S)Maintenance required (M)

■ No effect (N)

Factory setting For detailed information see the 'Overview of diagnostic events' $\rightarrow \triangleq 36$

Index iTEMP TMT162

Index

0 9	Device revision
2-wire compensation (parameter) 68, 92	Device tag (parameter) 67, 84, 100, 110
4 mA current trimming (parameter) 76, 99	Device temperature
20 mA current trimming (parameter) 76, 100	Device temperature max
	Device temperature min
A	Device type
Access status tooling (parameter) 72, 90	Diagnostic behavior (parameter)
Accessories	Diagnostic events
Device-specific 42	Diagnostic behavior
System components 43	Overview
Actual diag channel	Status signals
Actual diagnostics	Diagnostic list (submenu) 82
Actual diagnostics (parameter) 82	Diagnostic settings (menu) 97
Actual diagnostics count 83	Diagnostic simulation (parameter)
Administration (submenu) 80, 91	Diagnostics (menu)
Advanced setup (submenu)	Diagnostics (submenu)
Alarm delay (parameter)	Display (menu)
Altitude (parameter)	Display (submenu)
Assign current output (PV) (parameter) 69, 105	Display interval (parameter)
Assign QV (parameter)	Display text n (parameter)
Assign SV (parameter)	Disposal
Assign TV (parameter)	Document
J 11 /	Function 4
В	Document function 4
Burst command (parameter) 107	Drift/difference alarm delay 73, 98
Burst configuration (submenu) 107	Drift/difference mode (parameter) 73, 98
Burst mode (parameter)	Drift/difference set point (parameter) 74, 98
Burst trigger level (parameter) 109	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Burst trigger mode (parameter) 109	E
Burst variables (parameter)	ENP version
-	Enter access code (parameter) 71, 90
C	Enter SIL checksum (parameter) 79
Calibration countdown	Event logbook (submenu)
CallV. Dusen coeff. A, B and C (parameter) 96	Expert (Menu)
CallV. Dusen coeff. RO (parameter) 96	Extended order code 86, 111
CE mark	
Communication (submenu) 100	F
Configuration changed (parameter) 101	Failure current (parameter) 76, 99
Configuration counter 87, 112	Failure mode (parameter) 75, 99
Connection combinations	FieldCare
Connection type (parameter) 68, 92	Function scope
Control (parameter)	User interface
Current output (submenu)	Firmware version
Current output simulation (parameter) 89, 114	Force safe state (parameter) 80
D	н
Damping (parameter)	Hardware revision
Deactivate SIL (Wizard)	HART® address (parameter) 100
Decimal places 1 (parameter)	HART® configuration (submenu)
Decimal places 2 (parameter)	HART® date code (parameter)
Decimal places 3 (parameter)	HART® descriptor (parameter)
Declaration of Conformity	HART® info (submenu)
Define device write protection code (parameter) 81	HART® message (parameter)
Device ID (parameter)	HART® output (submenu)
Device info (submenu)	HART® protocol
Device name	Device variables
Device reset (parameter) 80	Operating tools

iTEMP TMT162 Index

Wenten data familia da tas	D. ()
Version data for the device	Return
HART® revision	RJ preset value (parameter) 69, 92
HART® short tag (parameter) 100	S
I	Sensor (submenu)
Intended use	
intended use	Sensor 1/2 (submenu)
L	Sensor lower limit (parameter)
Latitude (parameter)	Sensor max value
Linearization (submenu)	Sensor min value
Location description (parameter)	Sensor n raw value
Location method (parameter)	Sensor offset (parameter)
Locking status	Sensor raw value
Longitude (parameter)	Sensor switch set point (parameter)
Lower range value (parameter)	Sensor trimming (parameter)
Lower range value (parameter)	Sensor trimming (parameter)
M	Sensor trimming (submenu)
Mains filter (parameter)	Sensor trimming nower value (parameter)
Manufacturer	
Manufacturer ID (parameter) 86, 102, 112	Sensor trimming upper value (parameter)
Max. update period (parameter)	Sensor type (parameter)
Measured values (submenu) 87, 112	Sensor upper limit
Measurement channels (display)	Sensor upper limit (parameter)
	Sensor value
Min. update period (parameter)	Serial no. sensor (parameter)
Min/max values (submenu)	Serial number
N	Setup (menu) 67
	SIL (submenu)
No. of preambles (parameter) 101	SIL checksum (parameter) 80
0	SIL option (parameter)
	Simulation (submenu)
Operating time	Software revision
Operation options	Squawk (Assistant)
Configuration programs	Start value (parameter)
Onsite operation	Status signal (parameter)
Overview	Structure of the operating menu 24
Operational state (parameter)	SV
Order code	System (submenu)
Output (submenu)	
Output current	T
D.	TV
P	
Polynomial coeff. A, B (parameter)	U
Polynomial coeff. RO (parameter)	Unit (parameter)
Previous diag n channel	Upper range value (parameter) 70, 99
Previous diagnostics	
Previous diagnostics 1 82	V
Process unit tag (parameter)	Value 1 display (parameter)
Product safety	Value 2 display (parameter)
PV	Value 3 display (parameter)
•	Value current output (parameter) 89, 114
Q	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
QV	W
n.	Workplace safety
R	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Reference junction (parameter) 68, 92	
Reset configuration changed (Wizard) 101	
Reset device temp. min/max values (parameter) 113	
Reset sensor min/max values (parameter) 113	
Reset trim (Wizard) 76, 95, 100	
Restart device (Wizard) 80	



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