Operating Instructions
Dosimass
Modbus RS485

Coriolis flowmeter

Modbus

Endress+Hauser

People for Process Automation
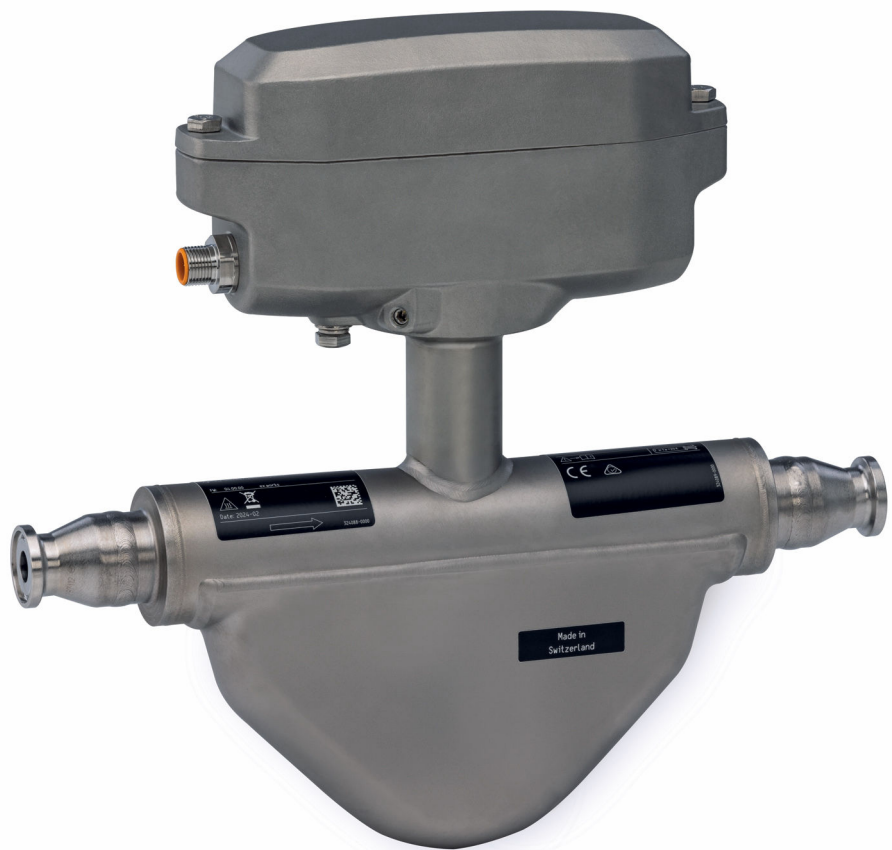
- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to this manual.

Table of contents

1 About this document

1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

1.2 Symbols

1.2.1 Safety symbols

⚠ DANGER
This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

⚠ WARNING
This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

⚠ CAUTION
This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

NOTICE
This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
⎓	Direct current
∼	Alternating current
⏦	Direct current and alternating current
⏚	**Ground connection** A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
⏛	**Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth)** Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections. The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device: • Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network. • Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

1.2.3 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
✅	**Permitted** Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
✅✅	**Preferred** Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
❌	**Forbidden** Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.

Symbol	Meaning
	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
▶	Notice or individual step to be observed
1., 2., 3.…	Series of steps
↳	Result of a step
	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

1.2.4   Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3, …	Item numbers
1. , 2. , 3. , …	Series of steps
A, B, C, …	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C, …	Sections
	Hazardous area
	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≈▶	Flow direction

1.3   Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

The following documentation may be available depending on the device version ordered:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	**Planning aid for your device** The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	**Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value** The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Operating Instructions (BA)	**Your reference document** These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	**Reference for your parameters** The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety Instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are a constituent part of the Operating Instructions. Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant for the device is provided on the nameplate.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

1.4 Registered trademarks

Modbus®
Registered trademark of SCHNEIDER AUTOMATION, INC.

TRI-CLAMP®
Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

2 Safety instructions

2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:
▶ Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
▶ Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
▶ Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
▶ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:
▶ Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

2.2 Intended use

Application and media
The measuring device described in this manual is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also be used to measure potentially explosive [1], flammable, toxid and oxidizing media.

Measuring instruments for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to pressure, are specially labeled on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring instrument is in perfect condition during operation:
▶ Only use the measuring instrument in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
▶ Using the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
▶ Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
▶ Keep within the specified ambient temperature range.
▶ Protect the measuring instrument permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

Incorrect use
Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

⚠ WARNING

Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids and ambient conditions!
▶ Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
▶ Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

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1) Not applicable for IO-Link measuring instruments

NOTICE

Verification for borderline cases:
▸ For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

Residual risks

⚠ CAUTION

Risk of hot or cold burns! The use of media and electronics with high or low temperatures can produce hot or cold surfaces on the device.
▸ Mount suitable touch protection.

2.3　Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:
▸ Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

2.4　Operational safety

Damage to the device!
▸ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
▸ The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!
▸ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:
▸ Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
▸ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
▸ Use only original spare parts and accessories.

2.5　Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device..

2.6　IT security

Our warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

3   Product description

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

3.1   Product design
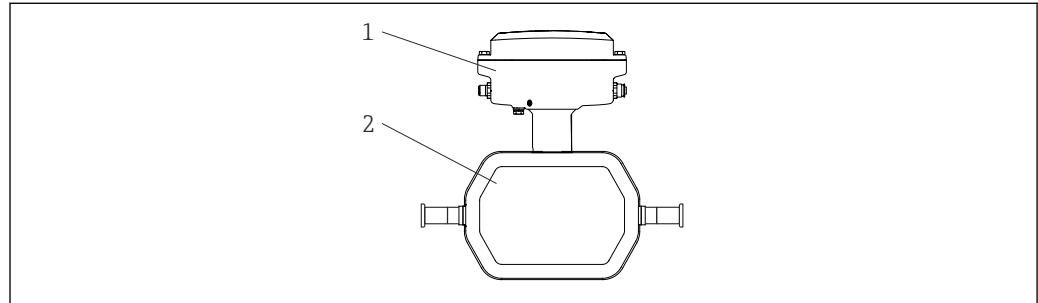
⊡ *1*   *Important measuring instrument components DN 1 to 4 (¹⁄₂₄ to ¹⁄₈")*

1   Transmitter
2   Sensor
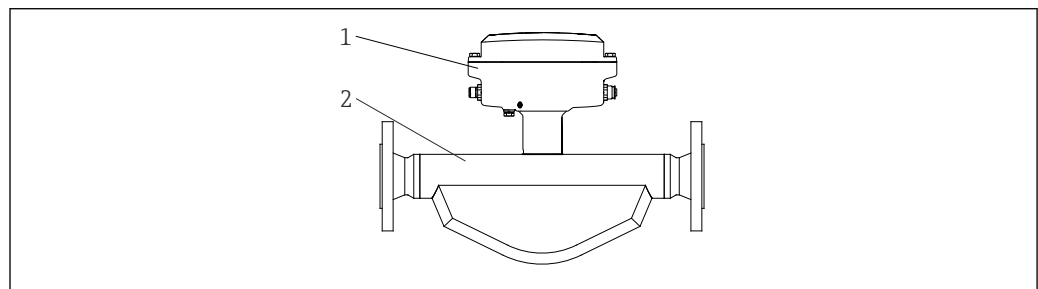
⊡ *2*   *Important measuring instrument components DN 8 to 40 (³⁄₈ to ⁄1 ½")*

1   Transmitter
2   Sensor

4   Incoming acceptance and product identification

4.1   Incoming acceptance

On receipt of the delivery:

1. Check the packaging for damage.
    ↳ Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer.
       Do not install damaged components.

2. Check the scope of delivery using the delivery note.

3. Compare the data on the nameplate with the order specifications on the delivery note.

4. Check the technical documentation and all other necessary documents, e.g. certificates, to ensure they are complete.

If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact the manufacturer.

4.2   Product identification

The device can be identified in the following ways:
- Nameplate
- Order code with details of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all the information about the device is displayed.
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations app* or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: all the information about the device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
- The "Additional standard device documentation" and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation" sections
- The *Device Viewer*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate.

4.2.1   Measuring instrument nameplate
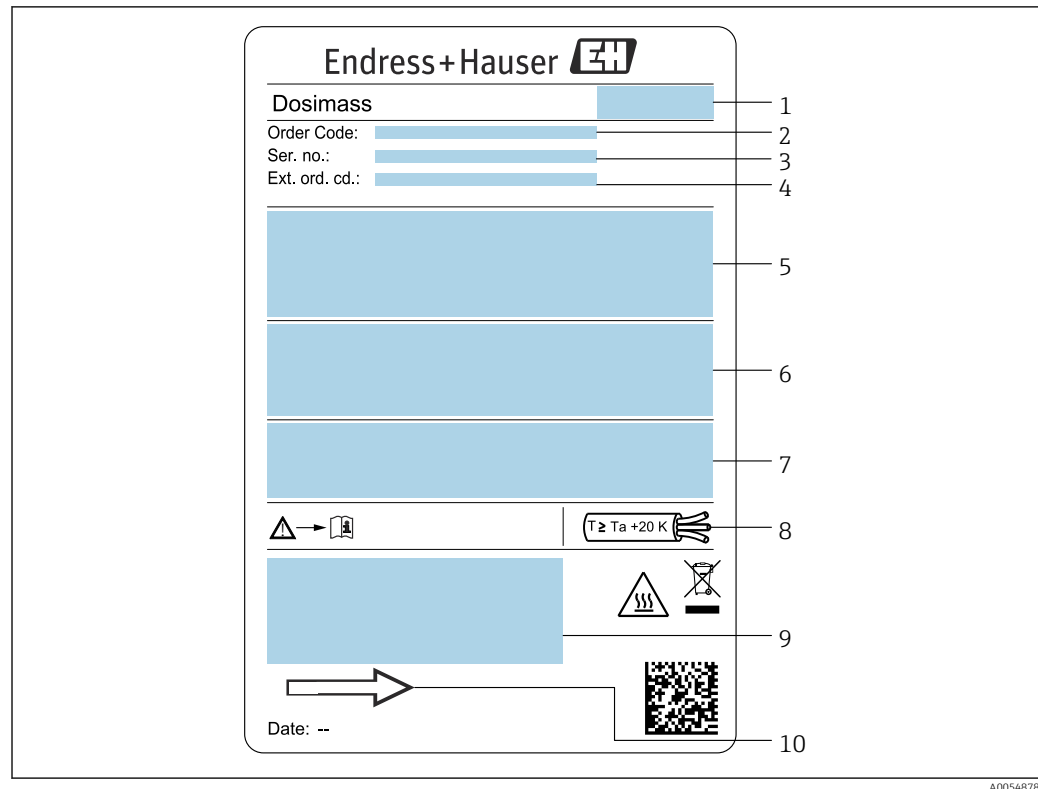
⊠ 3   *Example of a measuring instrument nameplate DN 1 to 4 ($\frac{1}{24}$ to $\frac{1}{8}$")*

1   Manufacturer address/certificate holder
2   Order code
3   Serial number (Ser. no.)
4   Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.): See the specifications on the order confirmation for the meanings of the individual letters and digits
5   Supply voltage; power consumption; process connection
6   Nominal diameter of sensor; max. flow (Qmax); pressure rating (PN = PS); materials in contact with medium; permitted medium temperature (Tm); permitted ambient temperature (Ta)
7   Degree of protection
8   Cable temperature
9   Space reserved for additional information on the device version (approvals, certificates, etc.)
10   Flow direction
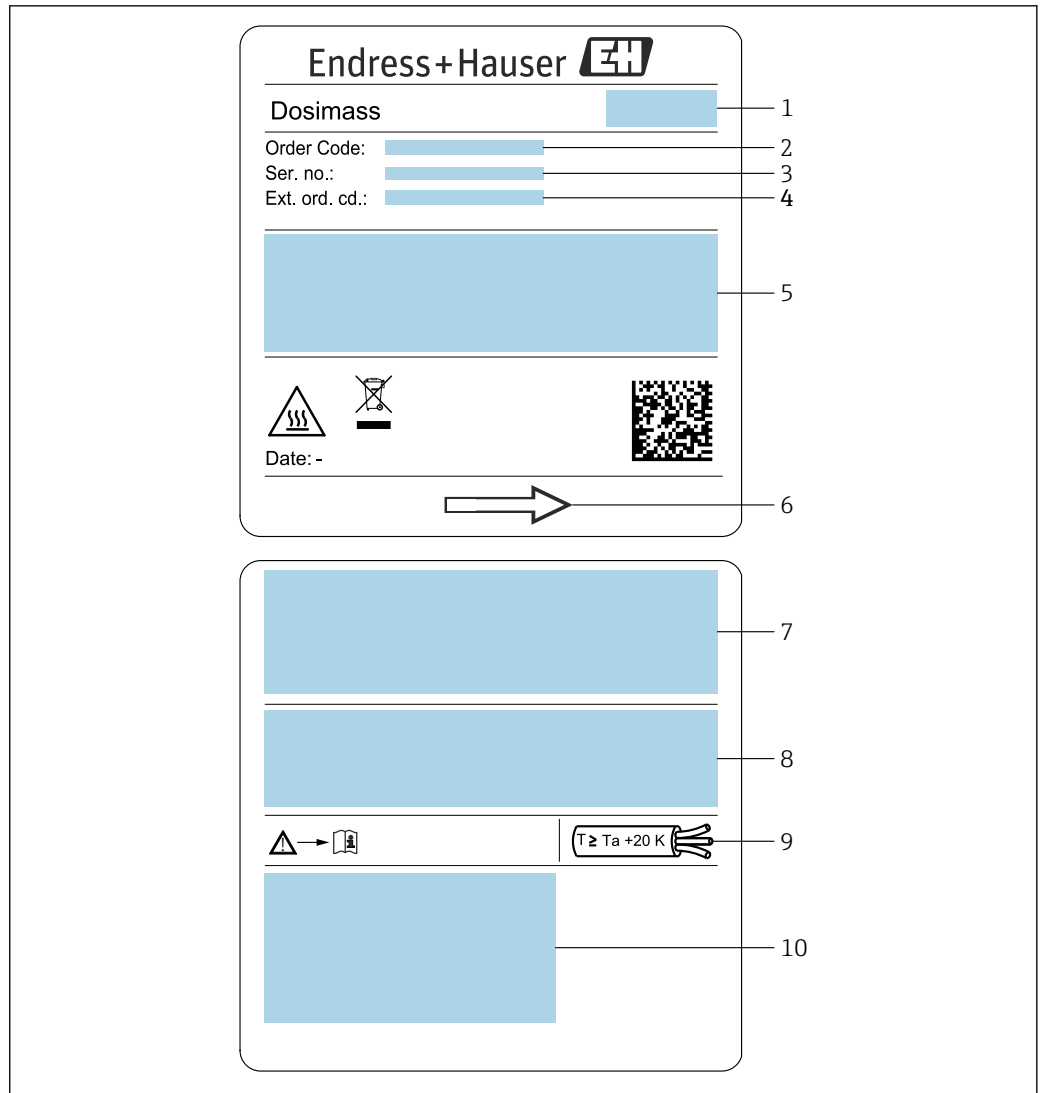
4   Example of a measuring instrument nameplate DN 8 to 40 (³⁄₈ to 1½")

1   Manufacturer address/certificate holder
2   Order code
3   Serial number (Ser. no.)
4   Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.): See the specifications on the order confirmation for the meanings of the
        individual letters and digits
5   Supply voltage; power consumption; process connection
6   Flow direction
7   Nominal diameter of sensor; max. flow (Qmax); pressure rating (PN = PS); materials in contact with medium;
        permitted medium temperature (Tm); permitted ambient temperature (Ta)
8   Degree of protection
9   Cable temperature
10   Space reserved for additional information on the device version (approvals, certificates, etc.)

Order code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approval-related specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

4.2.2   Symbols on the device

Symbol	Meaning
⚠	**WARNING!** This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury. Please consult the documentation for the measuring instrument to discover the type of potential danger and measures to avoid it.
📖	**Reference to documentation** Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
⏚	**Ground connection** A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.

5   Storage and transport

5.1   Storage conditions

Observe the following notes for storage:
▶ Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
▶ Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
▶ Protect from direct sunlight. Avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
▶ Store in a dry and dust-free place.
▶ Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature → 🖹 63

5.2   Transporting the product

Transport the measuring instrument to the measuring point in the original packaging.

🄸 Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

5.3   Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:
• Outer packaging of device
  Stretch wrap made of polymer in accordance with EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
• Packaging
  • Wood crate treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, confirmed by IPPC logo
  • Cardboard box in accordance with European packaging guideline 94/62/EC, recyclability confirmed by Resy symbol
• Transport material and fastening fixtures
  • Disposable plastic pallet
  • Plastic straps
  • Plastic adhesive strips
• Filler material
  Paper pads

6 Mounting

6.1 Mounting requirements

6.1.1 Mounting position

Installation point
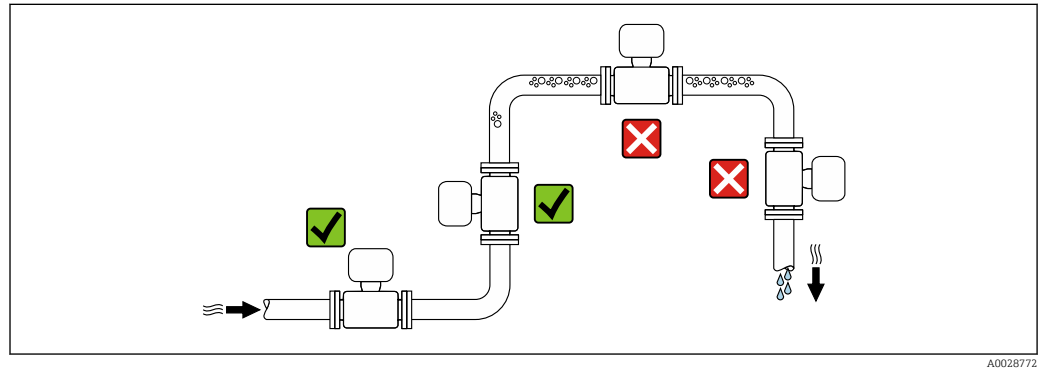
To prevent measuring errors arising from accumulation of gas bubbles in the measuring pipe, avoid the following mounting locations in the piping:
- Highest point of a pipeline.
- Directly upstream of a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

Installation in down pipes

However, the following installation suggestion allows for installation in an open vertical pipeline. Pipe restrictions or the use of an orifice with a smaller cross-section than the nominal diameter prevent the sensor running empty while measurement is in progress.
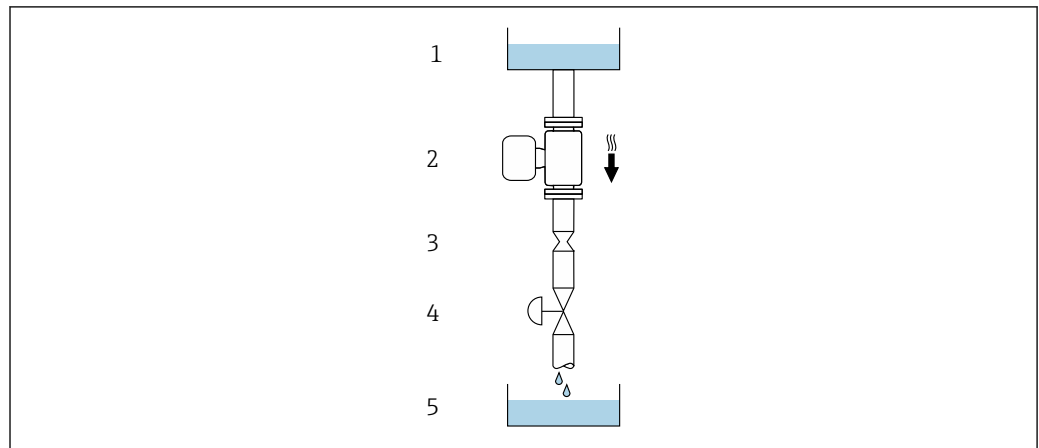
⊡ 5   Installation in a down pipe (e.g. for batching applications)
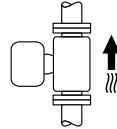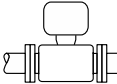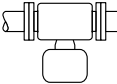
1   Supply tank
2   Sensor
3   Orifice plate, pipe restriction
4   Valve
5   Filling vessel

DN		Ø orifice plate, pipe restriction	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
1	¹⁄₂₄	0.8	0.03
2	¹⁄₁₂	1.5	0.06
4	¹⁄₈	3.0	0.12
8	³⁄₈	6	0.24
15	½	10	0.40
25	1	14	0.55
40	1 ½	22	0.87

Orientation
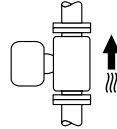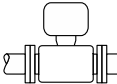
The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

Recommended orientation for DN 1 to 4 (¹⁄₂₄ to ¹⁄₈ ")

	Orientation		Recommendation
A	Vertical orientation	 A0015591	☑☑ [1]
B	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	 A0015589	☑ [2]
C	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	 A0015590	☑ [3]
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	 A0015592	☑

1) This orientation is recommended to ensure self-draining.
2) Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
3) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

Recommended orientation for DN 8 to 40 (³⁄₈ to 1½")

	Orientation		Recommendation
A	Vertical orientation	 A0015591	☑☑ [1]
B	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	 A0015589	☑☑ [2]

	Orientation		Recommendation
C	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	☑☑ [3]
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	☒

1) This orientation is recommended to ensure self-draining.
2) Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
3) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

Horizontal orientation for DN 8 to 40 (⅜ to 1½")

If a sensor is installed horizontally with a curved measuring tube, match the position of the sensor to the fluid properties.
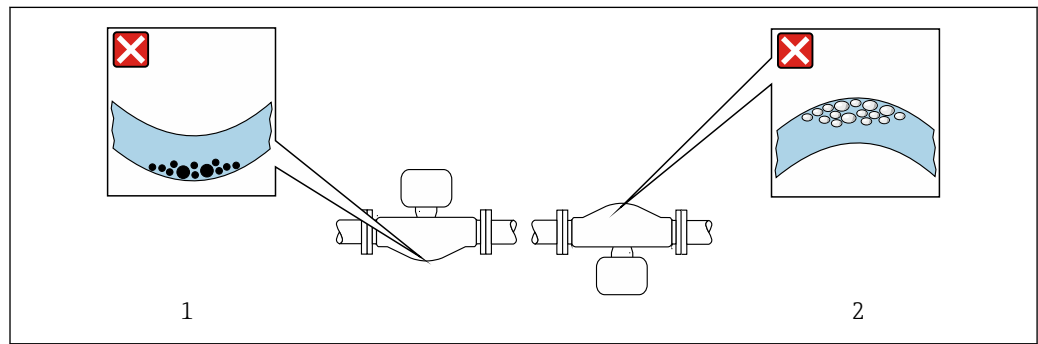
⊠ 6   Orientation of sensor with curved measuring tube

1   Avoid this orientation for fluids with entrained solids: Risk of solids accumulating
2   Avoid this orientation for outgassing fluids: Risk of gas accumulating

Valves

Never install the sensor downstream from a filling valve. If the sensor is completely empty this corrupts the measured value.

Correct measurement is possible only if the piping is completely filled. Perform sample fillings before commencing filling in production.
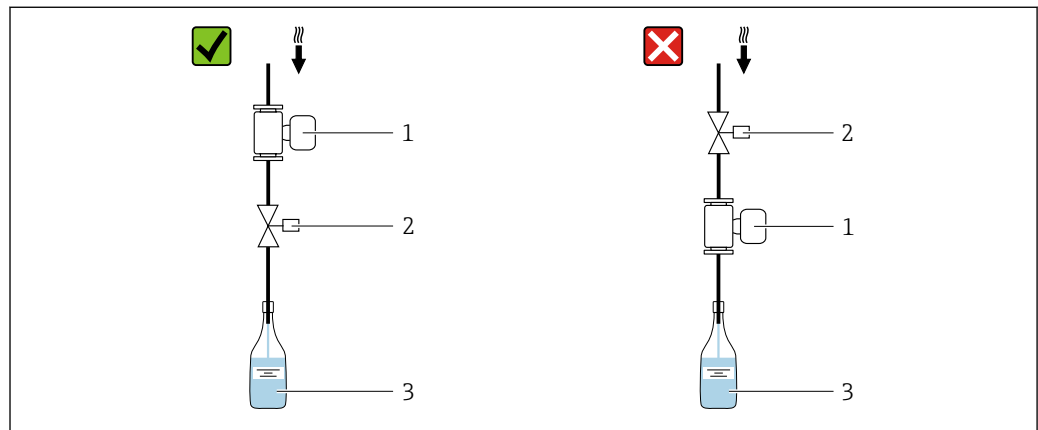
1   Measuring device
2   Filling valve
3   Vessel

Filling systems

The pipe system must be completely full to ensure optimum measurement.
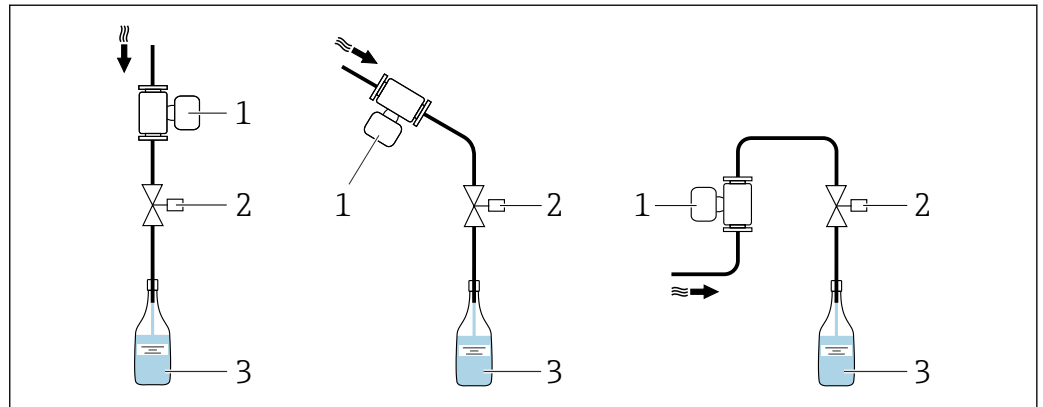
☒ *7   Filling system*

1   Measuring device
2   Filling valve
3   Vessel

Inlet and outlet runs

No special precautions need to be taken for fittings that create turbulence, such as valves, elbows or T-pieces, as long as no cavitation occurs → 🖹 19.
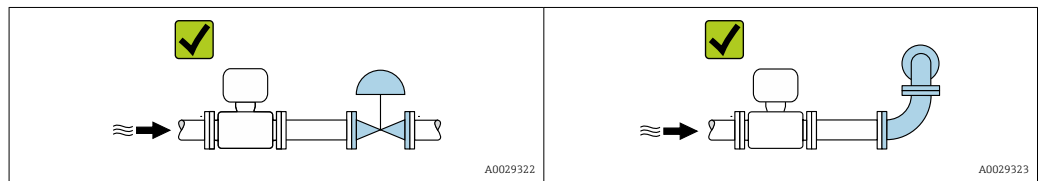
Installation dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

6.1.2   Environmental and process requirements

Ambient temperature range

Measuring instrument	−40 to +60 °C (−40 to +140 °F) (Sensor, transmitter) Install the measuring instrument in a shady location. Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

Static pressure

It is important that cavitation does not occur, or that gases entrained in the liquids do not outgas.

Cavitation is caused if the pressure drops below the vapor pressure:
- In liquids that have a low boiling point (e.g. hydrocarbons, solvents, liquefied gases)
- In suction lines

▶ Ensure the static pressure is sufficiently high to prevent cavitation and outgassing.

For this reason, the following mounting locations are recommended:
- At the lowest point in a vertical pipe
- Downstream from pumps (no danger of vacuum)

Thermal insulation

In the case of some fluids, it is important to keep the heat radiated from the sensor to the transmitter to a low level. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.

> **NOTICE**
>
> **Electronics overheating on account of thermal insulation!**
> ▶ Recommended orientation: horizontal orientation, transmitter housing pointing downwards.
> ▶ Do not insulate the transmitter housing .
> ▶ Maximum permissible temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing: 80 ℃ (176 ℉)
> ▶ Regarding thermal insulation with an exposed extended neck: We advise against insulating the extended neck to ensure optimal heat dissipation.
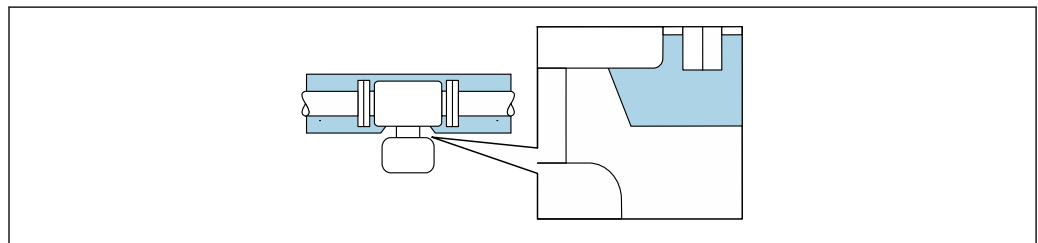
🖾 8   Thermal insulation with exposed extended neck

Heating

> **NOTICE**
>
> **Electronics can overheat due to elevated ambient temperature!**
> ▶ Observe maximum permitted ambient temperature for the transmitter.
> ▶ Depending on the medium temperature, take the device orientation requirements into account.

> **NOTICE**
>
> **Danger of overheating when heating**
> ▶ Ensure that the temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing does not exceed 80 ℃ (176 ℉).
> ▶ Ensure that sufficient convection takes place at the transmitter neck.
> ▶ Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the transmitter neck remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.

Heating options

If a fluid requires that no heat loss should occur at the sensor, users can avail of the following heating options:
- Electrical heating, e.g. with electric band heaters [2]
- Via pipes carrying hot water or steam
- Via heating jackets

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2) The use of parallel electric band heaters is generally recommended (bidirectional electricity flow). Particular considerations must be made if a single-wire heating cable is to be used. For additional information, refer to EA01339D "Installation Instructions for Electrical Trace Heating Systems ".

Vibrations

The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

6.1.3   Special mounting instructions

Information for filling systems

Correct measurement is only possible if the pipe is completely full. We therefore recommend that some test batches be carried out prior to production batching.

Circular filling system
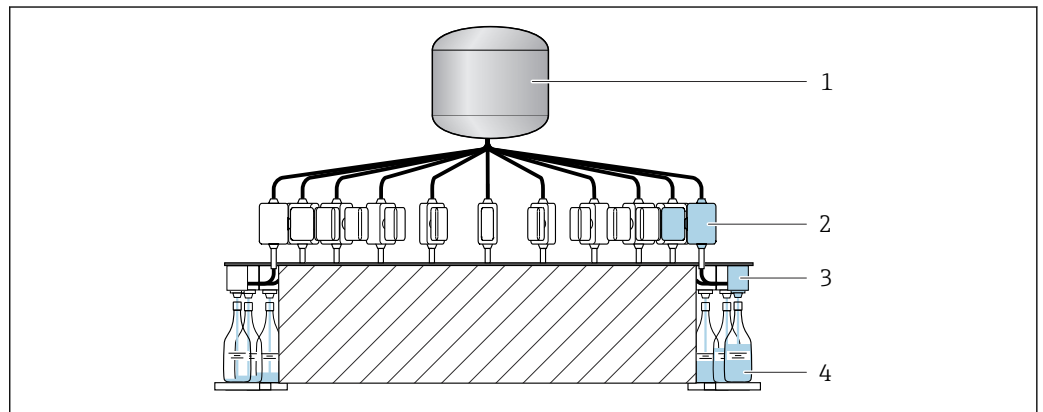
A0003761

1   Tank
2   Measuring instrument
3   Filling valve
4   Vessel

Linear filling system
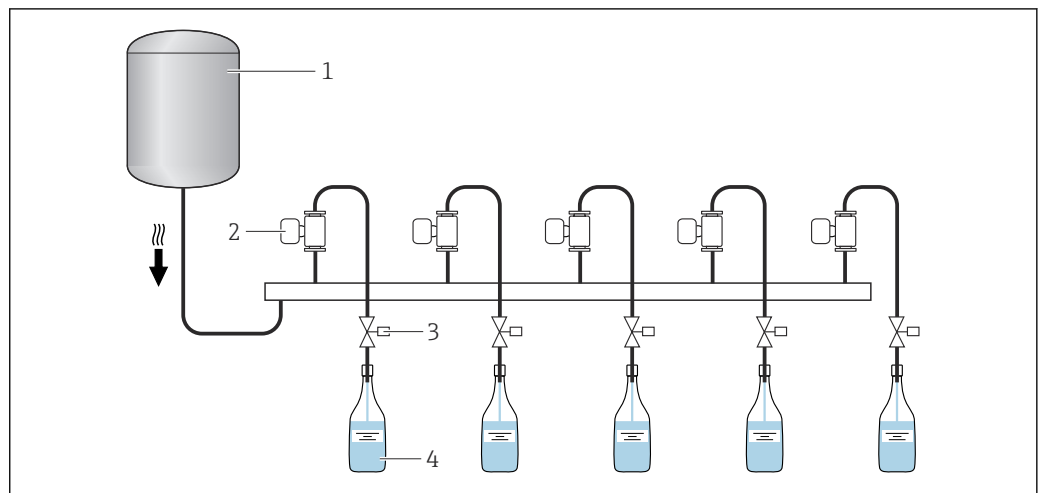
A0003762

1   Tank
2   Measuring instrument
3   Filling valve
4   Vessel

Hygienic compatibility

[i] When installing in hygienic applications, please refer to the information in the "Certificates and approvals/hygienic compatibility" section → 🕮 69

Sensor holder DN 1 to 4 (¹⁄₂₄ to ⅛")

- The appropriate sensor holder must be used for all applications with increased safety or load requirements and for sensors with clamp process connections.
- The Endress+Hauser sensor holder is generally recommended for mounting for all applications → 🕮 55.
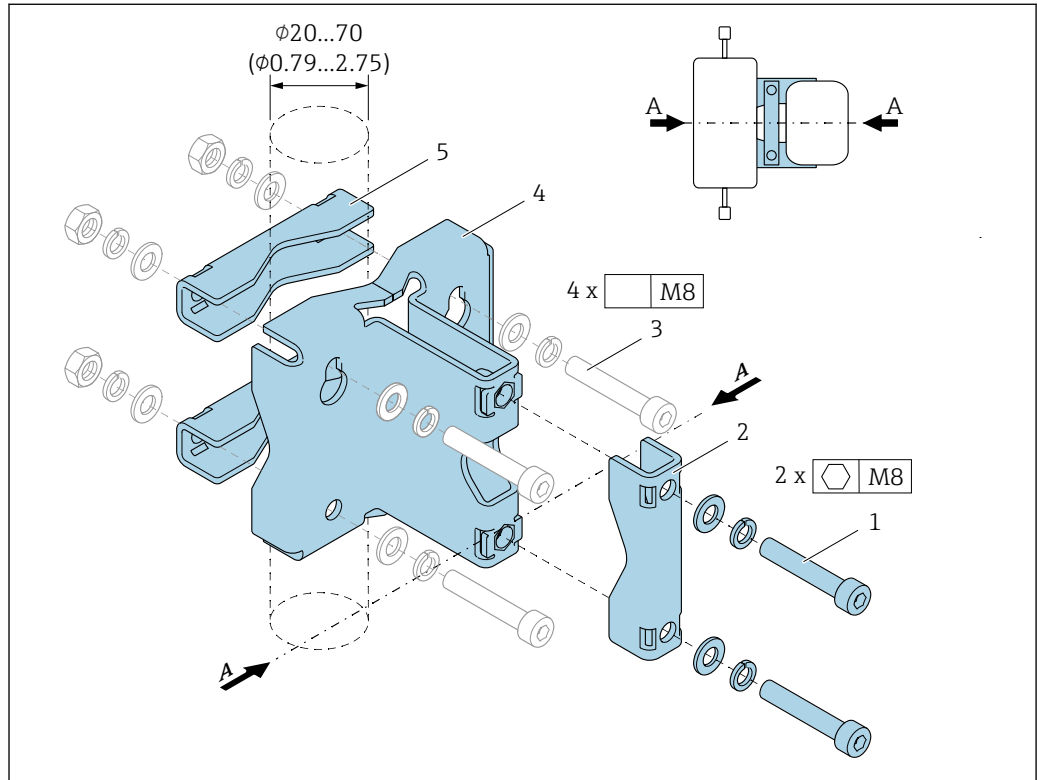
A0036471

1   2 x Allen screw M8 x 50, washer and spring washer A4
2   1 x clamp (measuring instrument neck)
3   4 x securing screw for wall, tabletop or pipe mounting (not supplied)
4   1 x base profile
5   2 x clamp (pipe mounting)
A   Measuring instrument central line

⚠️ **WARNING**

Strain on pipes!
Excessive strain on an unsupported pipe can cause the pipe to break.
▶ Install the sensor in a sufficiently supported pipe. In addition to the use of the sensor holder, for maximum mechanical stability the sensor can also be supported on the inlet and outlet sides onsite at the installation location with the use of pipe clamps, for example.
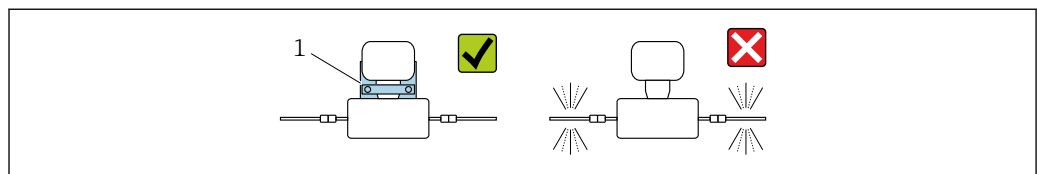
A0036492

1   Sensor holder Order number: 71392563

The following mounting versions are recommended for the installation:

ℹ️ Lubricate all threaded joints prior to mounting. The screws for wall, tabletop or pipe mounting are not supplied with the device and must be chosen to suit the individual installation position.

Wall mounting

Screw the sensor holder to the wall with four screws. Two of the four holes to secure the holder are designed to hook into the screws.

Mounting on a table

Screw the sensor holder onto the tabletop with four screws.

Pipe mounting

Secure the sensor holder to the pipe with two clamps.

⚠️ WARNING

Failure to comply with the specifications for vibration and shock resistance can damage the measuring instrument!
▸ During operation, transportation and storage, ensure compliance with the specifications for maximum vibration and shock resistance → 🕮 63.

Zero adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters required for zero adjustment.

📖 Detailed information on the "**Sensor adjustment** submenu": Device parameters
→ 🕮 70

NOTICE

All Dosimass measuring instruments are calibrated in accordance with state-of-the-art technology. Calibration takes place under reference conditions .
Zero adjustment is therefore not required for the Dosimass as a general rule.
▸ Experience shows that a zero adjustment is advisable only in special cases.
▸ When maximum measurement accuracy is required and flow rates are very low.
▸ Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).

ℹ️ Detailed information on reference operating conditions → 🕮 60

Prerequisites for zero adjustment

Note the following points before performing the adjustment:

• A zero adjustment can be performed only with fluids that contain no gas or solid contents.
• Zero adjustment is performed with the measuring tubes completely filled and at zero flow (v = 0 m/s (0 ft/s)). Shutoff valves, for example, may be provided for this purpose or existing valves and sliders can be used.
  • Normal operation → Valve 1 open
  • Zero adjustment → Valve 1 closed
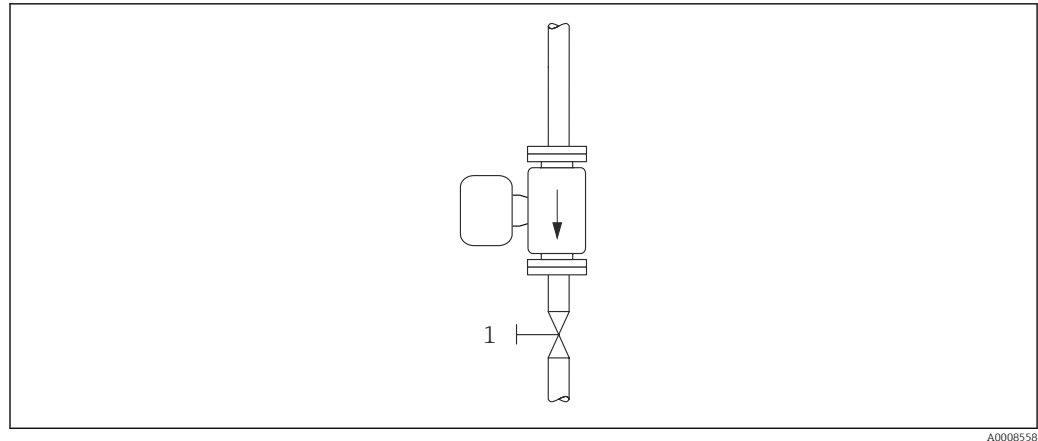
🖾 *9*

Performing the zero adjustment

1. Let the system run until normal operating conditions are present.

2. Stop the flow (v = 0 m/s (0 ft/s)).

3. Check the shutoff valves for leaks.

4. Perform adjustment using the **Zero point adjustment control** function.

6.2 Mounting the measuring instrument

6.2.1 Required tools

For process connections, use the appropriate installation tool

6.2.2 Preparing the measuring instrument

1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.

2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.

3. Remove the transport label on the transmitter housing.

6.2.3 Mounting the measuring device

⚠ WARNING

Danger due to improper process sealing!

‣ Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.

‣ Ensure that the seals are clean and undamaged.

‣ Secure the seals correctly.

‣ Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the nameplate of the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.

6.3   Post-mounting check

Is the measuring instrument undamaged (visual inspection)?	❑
Does the measuring instrument conform to the measuring point specifications? For example: • Process temperature → 📖 64 • Pressure (see the "Pressure-temperature ratings" section of the "Technical Information" document.) • Ambient temperature → 📖 63 • Measuring range → 📖 56	❑
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected → 📖 17? • According to sensor type • According to medium temperature • According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)	❑
Does the arrow on the sensor nameplate match the direction of medium flow through the piping ? → 📖 12?	❑
Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	❑
Is the device adequately protected against precipitation and direct sunlight?	❑

7   Electrical connection

⚠ WARNING

Live parts! Incorrect work performed on the electrical connections can result in an electric shock.

▸ Set up a disconnecting device (switch or power-circuit breaker) to easily disconnect the device from the supply voltage.

▸ In addition to the device fuse, include an overcurrent protection unit with max. 16 A in the plant installation.

7.1   Electrical safety

In accordance with applicable national regulations.

7.2   Connecting requirements

7.2.1   Requirements for connecting cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

Signal cable

ℹ️ Cables are not included in the scope of delivery.

ℹ️ Please note the following with regard to cable loading:
  - Voltage drop due to the cable length and cable type.
  - Valve performance.

Switch output (batch), status output and status input

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Modbus RS485

ℹ️ The electrical connection of the shield to the device housing must be properly implemented (e.g. using a knurled nut).

Total length of cable in the Modbus network ≤ 50 m

Use a shielded cable.

Example:
Terminated device plug with cable: Lumberg RKWTH 8-299/10

Total length of cable in the Modbus network > 50 m

Use shielded twisted pair cable for RS485 applications.

Example:
- Cable: Belden item no. 9842 (for 4-wire version, the same cable can be used for the power supply)
- Terminated device plug: Lumberg RKCS 8/9 (shieldable version)

7.2.2 Terminal assignment

Connection is solely by means of device plug → 🖹 27.

7.2.3 Available device plugs

Device version: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input

Order code for "Output, input", option MD:
Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input

Version 1: Status input via connection A/B
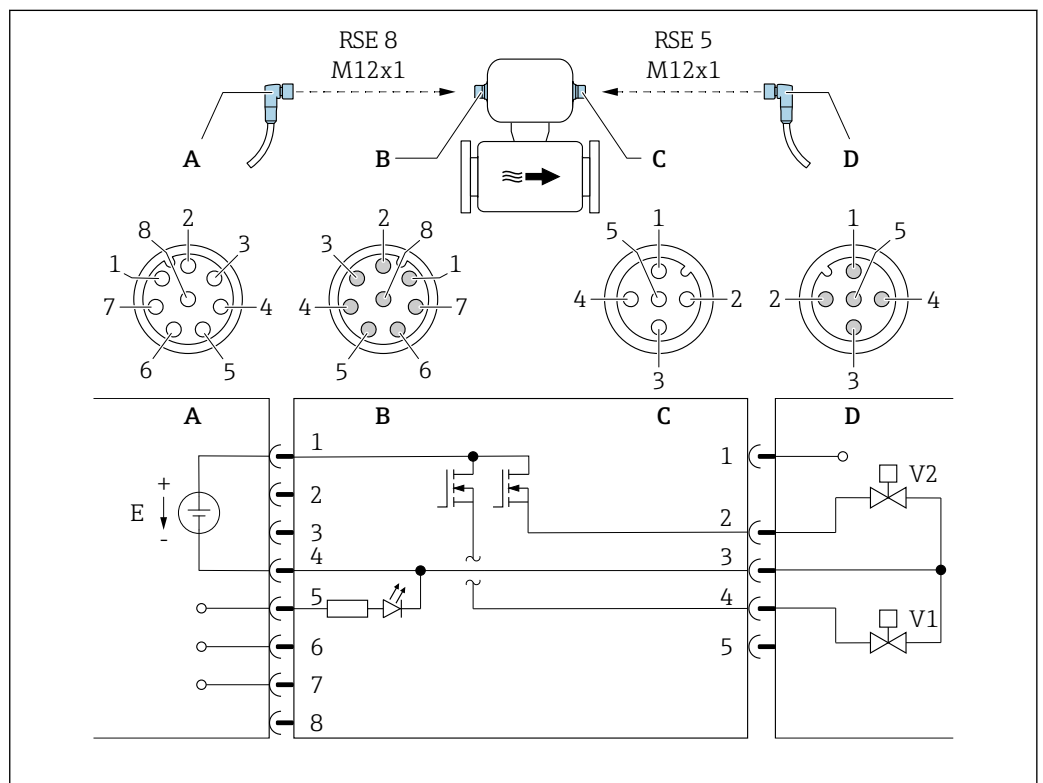
🖾 *10   Connection to device*

A   Coupling: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status input
B   Connector: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status input
C   Coupling: Switch output (batch)
D   Connector: Switch output (batch)
E   PELV or SELV power supply
V1 Valve (batch), level 1
V2 Valve (batch), level 2
1 to Pin assignment
8

Version 2: Status output via connection A/B
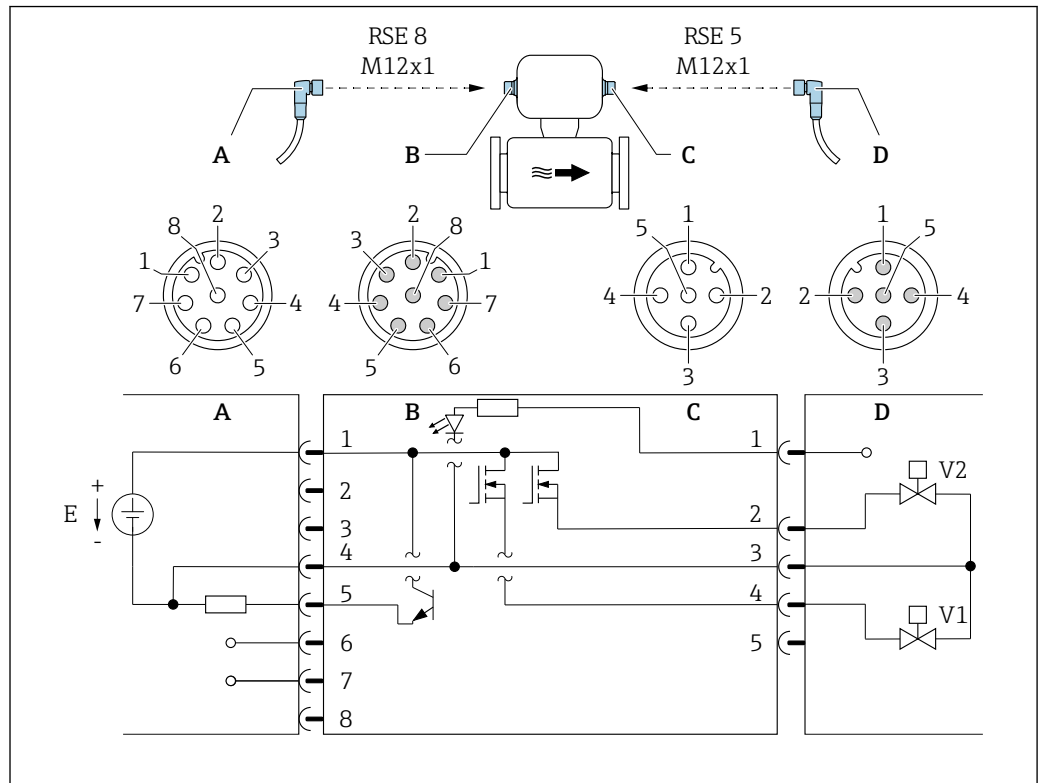
A0053323

🖾 *11   Connection to device*

A   Coupling: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status output
B   Connector: Supply voltage, Modbus RS485, status output
C   Coupling: Switch output (batch), status input
D   Connector: Switch output (batch), status input
E   PELV or SELV power supply
V1   Valve (batch), level 1
V2   Valve (batch), level 2
1 to Pin assignment
8

Pin assignment

Connection: Coupling (A) – Connector (B)			Connection: Coupling (C) – Connector (D)		
Pin	Assignment		Pin	Assignment	
1	L+	Supply voltage	1	+	Status input
2	+	Service interface RX	2	+	Switch output (batch) 2
3	+	Service interface TX	3	–	Switch output (batch) 1 and 2, status input
4	L-	Supply voltage	4	+	Switch output (batch) 1
5	+	Status output/Status input [1]	5		Not used
6	+	Modbus RS485			
7	–	Modbus RS485			
8	–	Service interface GND			

1)   The functionality of status input and status output is not possible at the same time.

7.2.4   Requirements for the supply unit

Supply voltage

DC 24 V (nominal voltage: DC 18 to 30 V)

> ℹ️ • The power unit must be safety-approved (e.g. PELV, SELV).
> • The maximum short-circuit current must not exceed 50 A.

7.3   Connecting the measuring instrument

> **NOTICE**
>
> **An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!**
> ▶ Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
> ▶ Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
> ▶ Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
> ▶ When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

7.3.1   Connection via device plug

Connection is solely by means of device plug.
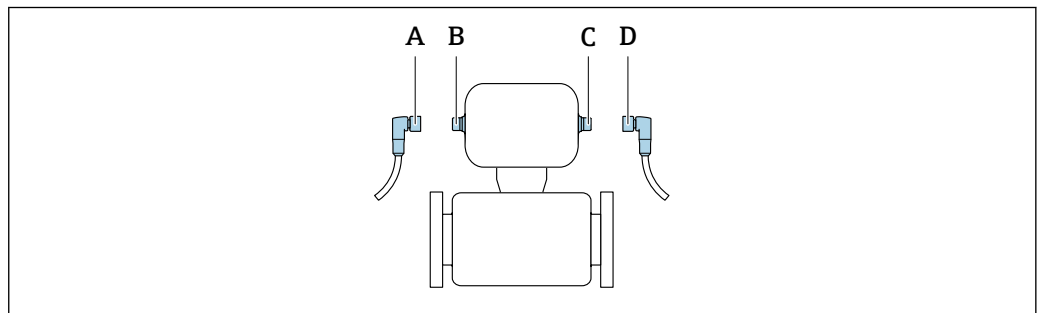
A0032534

A, C Coupling
B, D Plug

7.3.2   Grounding

Grounding is by means of a cable socket.
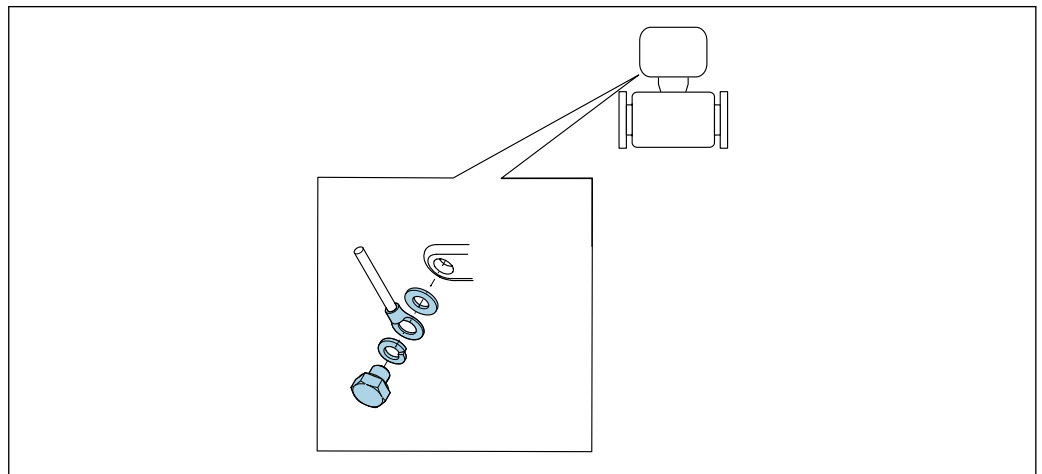
A0053306

7.4   Ensuring potential equalization

No special measures for potential equalization are required.

7.5   Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring device fulfills all the requirements for IP67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure.

To guarantee IP67 degree of protection, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

▸ Tighten all device plugs.

7.6   Post-connection check

Is the measuring instrument undamaged (visual inspection)?	❑
Does the supply voltage in the system match the data on the nameplate of the measuring instrument → 🖹 12?	❑
Do the cables used meet the necessary specifications → 🖹 26?	❑
Are the mounted cables relieved of tension?	❑
Is the terminal assignment correct → 🖹 27?	❑
Is the protective earthing established correctly → 🖹 29?	❑
Are the maximum values for voltage and current observed at the Modbus interface, switch outputs, status output and status input → 🖹 58?	❑

8   Operation options

8.1   Overview of operation options
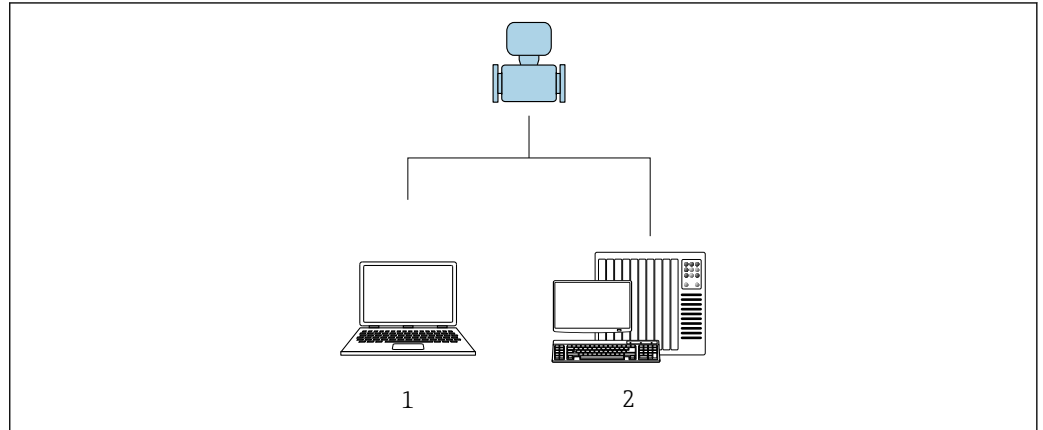
A0017760

1   Computer with "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool
2   Control system (e.g. PLC)

8.2   Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

8.2.1   Connecting the operating tool

Using service adapter and Commubox FXA291

Operation and configuration can be performed using the Endress+Hauser FieldCare or DeviceCare service and configuration software.

The device is connected to the USB port of the computer via the service adapter and Commubox FXA291.
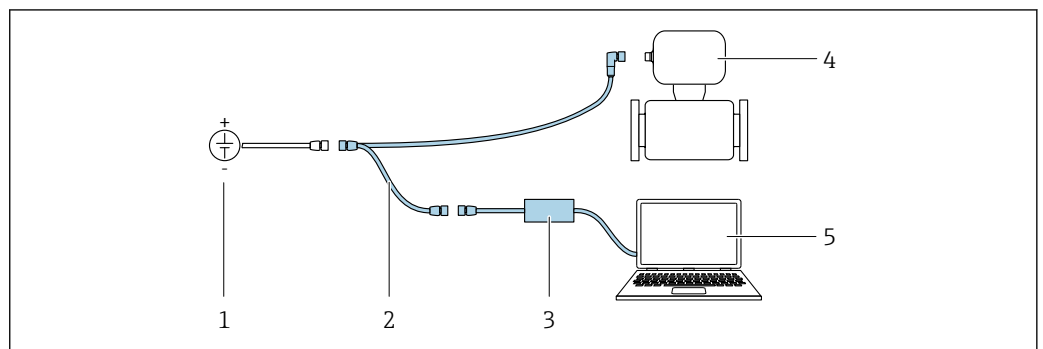
A0032567

1   Supply voltage 24 V DC
2   Service adapter
3   Commubox FXA291
4   Dosimass
5   Computer with "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool

ℹ️ The service adapter, cable and Commubox FXA291 are not included in the delivery. These components can be ordered as accessories → 🕮 55.

8.2.2 FieldCare

Function range

FDT-based (Field Device Technology) plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Access is via:
Service adapter and Commubox FXA291

Typical functions:
• Transmitter parameter configuration
• Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
• Documentation of the measuring point
• Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook

• Operating Instructions BA00027S
• Operating Instructions BA00059S

Source for device description files → 🖻 34

Establishing a connection

Service adapter, Commubox FXA291 and "FieldCare" operating tool

1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.

2. In the network: Add a device.
   ↳ The **Add device** window opens.

3. Select the **CDI Communication FXA291** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.

4. Right-click **CDI Communication FXA291** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.

5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.

6. Establish the online connection to the device.

• Operating Instructions BA00027S
• Operating Instructions BA00059S

User interface
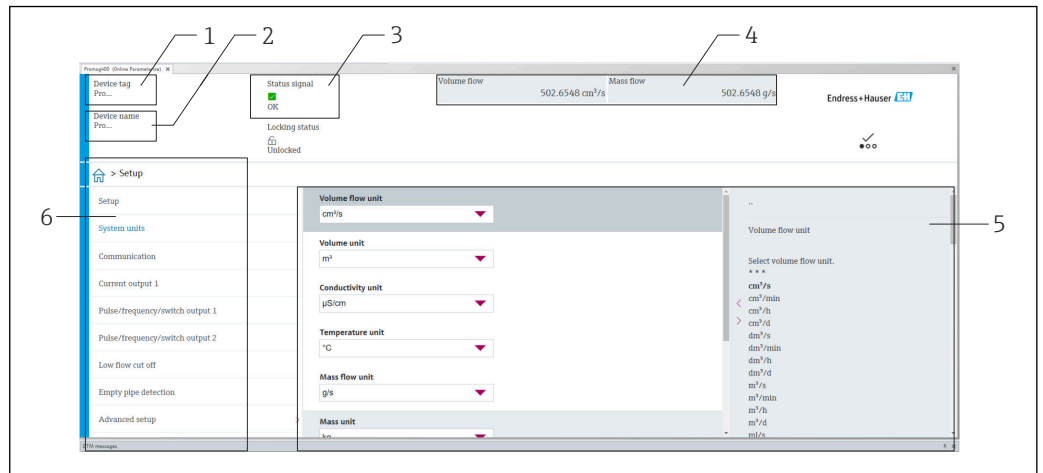
A0008200

1   Device name
2   Device tag
3   Status area with status signal → 🖹 42
4   Display area for current measured values
5   Editing toolbar with other functions
6   Navigation area with operating menu structure

8.2.3   DeviceCare

Function range

Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.

📖 Innovation brochure IN01047S

ℹ️ Source for device description files → 🖹 34

9   System integration

9.1   Overview of device description files

9.1.1   Current version data for the device

Firmware version	04.00.zz	• On the title page of the manual • On the transmitter nameplate → 🖪 12 • Firmware version System → Information → Device → Firmware version
Release date of firmware version	07.2024	---

ℹ️ For an overview of the various firmware versions for the device → 🖪 51

9.1.2   Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	• www.endress.com → Downloads area • USB stick (contact Endress+Hauser) • DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)
DeviceCare	• www.endress.com → Downloads area • CD–ROM (contact Endress+Hauser) • DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)

9.2   Modbus RS485 information

9.2.1   Function codes

Function codes are used to define which read or write action is carried out via the Modbus protocol. The measuring device supports the following function codes:

Code	Name	Description	Application
03	Read holding register	Master reads one or more Modbus registers from the device. A maximum of 125 consecutive registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 register = 2 bytes ℹ️ The measuring device does not make a distinction between function codes 03 and 04; these codes therefore yield the same result.	Read device parameters with read and write access Example: Read mass flow
04	Read input register	Master reads one or more Modbus registers from the device. A maximum of 125 consecutive registers can be read with 1 telegram: 1 register = 2 bytes ℹ️ The measuring device does not make a distinction between function codes 03 and 04; these codes therefore yield the same result.	Read device parameters with read access Example: Read totalizer value

Code	Name	Description	Application
06	Write single registers	Master writes a new value to **one** Modbus register of the measuring device. ℹ️ Use function code 16 to write multiple registers with just 1 telegram.	Write only 1 device parameter Example: reset totalizer
08	Diagnostics	Master checks the communication connection to the measuring device. The following "Diagnostics codes" are supported: • Sub-function 00 = Return query data (loopback test) • Sub-function 02 = Return diagnostics register	
16	Write multiple registers	Master writes a new value to multiple Modbus registers of the device. A maximum of 120 consecutive registers can be written with 1 telegram. ℹ️ If the required device parameters are not available as a group, yet must nevertheless be addressed with a single telegram, use Modbus data map → 🖺 37	Write multiple device parameters Example: • Mass flow unit • Mass unit
23	Read/Write multiple registers	Master reads and writes a maximum of 118 Modbus registers of the measuring device simultaneously with 1 telegram. Write access is executed **before** read access.	Write and read multiple device parameters Example: • Read mass flow • Reset totalizer

ℹ️ Broadcast messages are only allowed with function codes 06, 16 and 23.

9.2.2 Register information

📖 For an overview of device parameters with their respective Modbus register information, please refer to the "Modbus RS485 register information" section in the "Description of device parameters" documentation → 🖺 70.

9.2.3 Response time

Response time of the measuring device to the request telegram of the Modbus master: typically 3 to 5 ms

9.2.4 Data types

The measuring device supports the following data types:

FLOAT (floating point number IEEE 754) Data length = 4 bytes (2 registers)			
Byte 3	Byte 2	Byte 1	Byte 0
SEEEEEEE	EMMMMMMM	MMMMMMMM	MMMMMMMM
S = sign, E = exponent, M = mantissa			

INTEGER	
Data length = 2 bytes (1 register)	
Byte 1	Byte 0
Most significant byte (MSB)	Least significant byte (LSB)

STRING				
Data length = depends on the device parameter, e.g. presentation of a device parameter with a data length = 18 bytes (9 registers)				
Byte 17	Byte 16	...	Byte 1	Byte 0
Most significant byte (MSB)		...		Least significant byte (LSB)

9.2.5 Byte transmission sequence

Byte addressing, i.e. the transmission sequence of the bytes, is not specified in the Modbus specification. For this reason, it is important to coordinate or match the addressing method between the master and slave during commissioning. This can be configured in the measuring device using the **Byte order** parameter.

The bytes are transmitted depending on the selection in the **Byte order** parameter:

FLOAT				
	Sequence			
Options	1.	2.	3.	4.
1 – 0 – 3 – 2 *	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)
0 – 1 – 2 – 3	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)
2 – 3 – 0 – 1	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)
3 – 2 – 1 – 0	Byte 3 (SEEEEEEE)	Byte 2 (EMMMMMMM)	Byte 1 (MMMMMMMM)	Byte 0 (MMMMMMMM)
* = factory setting, S = sign, E = exponent, M = mantissa				

INTEGER		
	Sequence	
Options	1.	2.
1 – **0** – 3 – 2 * 3 – 2 – **1** – **0**	Byte 1 (MSB)	Byte 0 (LSB)
0 – **1** – 2 – 3 2 – 3 – **0** – **1**	Byte 0 (LSB)	Byte 1 (MSB)
* = factory setting, MSB = most significant byte, LSB = least significant byte		

STRING				
Presentation taking the example of a device parameter with a data length of 18 bytes.				
	Sequence			
Options	1.	2.	...	17.	18.
1 – **0** – 3 – 2 * 3 – 2 – **1** – **0**	Byte 17 (MSB)	Byte 16	...	Byte 1	Byte 0 (LSB)

0 – 1 – 2 – 3 2 – 3 – 0 – 1	Byte 16	Byte 17 (MSB)	...	Byte 0 (LSB)	Byte 1
* = factory setting, MSB = most significant byte, LSB = least significant byte					

9.2.6   Modbus data map

Function of the Modbus data map

The measuring instrument offers a special memory area, the Modbus data map (for a maximum of 16 device parameters), to allow users to call up multiple device parameters via Modbus RS485 and not only individual device parameters or a group of consecutive device parameters.

Grouping of device parameters is flexible and the Modbus master can read or write to the entire data block simultaneously with a single request telegram.

Structure of the Modbus data map

The Modbus data map consists of two data sets:
- Scan list: Configuration area
  The device parameters to be grouped are defined in a list by entering their Modbus RS485 register addresses in the list.
- Data area
  The measuring instrument reads out the register addresses entered in the scan list cyclically and writes the associated device data (values) to the data area.

For an overview of device parameters with their respective Modbus register information, please refer to the "Modbus RS485 register information" section in the "Description of device parameters" documentation → 🗎 70.

Scan list configuration

For configuration, the Modbus RS485 register addresses of the device parameters to be grouped must be entered in the scan list. Please note the following basic requirements of the scan list:

Max. entries	16 device parameters
Supported device parameters	Only parameters with the following characteristics are supported: • Access type: read or write access • Data type: float or integer

Configuration of the scan list via FieldCare or DeviceCare

Carried out using the operating menu of the measuring instrument:
Expert → Communication → Modbus data map → Scan list register 0 to 15

Scan list	
No.	Configuration register
0	Scan list register 0
...	...
15	Scan list register 15

Configuration of the scan list via Modbus RS485

Carried out using register addresses 5001 - 5016

Scan list			
No.	Modbus RS485 register	Data type	Configuration register
0	5001	Integer	Scan list register 0
...	...	Integer	...
15	5016	Integer	Scan list register 15

Reading out data via Modbus RS485

The Modbus master accesses the data area of the Modbus data map to read out the current values of the device parameters defined in the scan list.

Master access to data area	Via register addresses 5051-5081

Data area				
Device parameter value	Modbus RS485 register		Data type*	Access**
	Start register	End register (Float only)		
Value of scan list register 0	5051	5052	Integer/float	read/write
Value of scan list register 1	5053	5054	Integer/float	read/write
Value of scan list register ...	...	...	...	...
Value of scan list register 15	5081	5082	Integer/float	read/write

* Data type depends on the device parameters entered in the scan list.
** Data access depends on the device parameters entered in the scan list. If the device parameter entered supports read and write access, the parameter can also be accessed via the data area.

9.3 Compatibility with previous model

If the device is replaced, the measuring instrument Dosimass supports the compatibility of the Modbus registers for the process variables and the diagnostic information with the previous model. It is not necessary to change the engineering parameters in the automation system.

The Modbus registers are compatible but the diagnostic numbers are not. Overview of the new diagnostic numbers → 🖹 44.

10 Commissioning

10.1 Post-mounting and post-connection check

Before commissioning the device:

▸ Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed successfully.

- Checklist for "Post-mounting" check→ 🕮 25
- Checklist for "Post-connection check" → 🕮 30

10.2 Switching on the measuring device

▸ The function check has been completed successfully.
Switch on the supply voltage.
  ↳ The measuring device runs through internal test functions.

The device is operational and operation commences.

ℹ️ If the device does not start up successfully, depending on the cause, a diagnostic message is displayed in the system asset management tool "FieldCare" .

10.3 Connecting via FieldCare

- For connecting FieldCare → 🕮 31
- For connecting via FieldCare → 🕮 32
- For user interface of FieldCare → 🕮 33

10.4 Configuring the measuring instrument

ℹ️ The device-specific parameters are configured via the "**Commissioning** wizard".

📖 For detailed information on the "**Commissioning** wizard": Separate "Description of Device Parameters "(GP) document

11 Operation

11.1 Reading the device locking status

Navigation

"System" menu → Device management → Locking status

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Locking status	Indicates the write protection with the highest priority that is currently active.	Temporarily locked

11.2 Reading access authorization status on operating software

Navigation

"System" menu → User management → User role

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
User role	Displays the role the user is currently logged on in. The role determines the user's access rights for the parameters. The access rights can be changed via the "Enter access code" parameter.	• Operator • Maintenance • Service • Production • Development

11.3 Reading measured values

Navigation

"Application" menu → Measured values

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Mass flow	Shows the mass flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
Volume flow	Shows the volume flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
Density	Shows the density currently measured.	Positive floating-point number
Temperature	Shows the medium temperature currently measured.	Positive floating-point number

11.4 Adapting the measuring instrument to the process conditions

The following menus are available for this purpose:
• Guidance
• Application

📖 Detailed information on "**Guidance** menu" and "**Application** menu": Device parameters → 🖺 70

11.5 Performing a totalizer reset

Navigation
"Application" menu → Totalizers → Totalizer handling → Reset all totalizers

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection
Reset all totalizers	Reset all totalizers to "0" and restart the totalizers. The counter readings are not logged prior to the reset.	• Cancel • Reset + totalize

12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

12.1 General troubleshooting

For access

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Write access to parameter not possible.	Current user role has limited access authorization.	Check the access authorization status → 🖺 40.
Connection via the service adapter is not possible.	• The USB port on the PC is incorrectly configured. • The driver is not installed correctly.	Observe the documentation for the Commubox FXA291: 📖 Technical Information TI00405C

12.2 Diagnostic information in FieldCare or DeviceCare

12.2.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.

A0008199
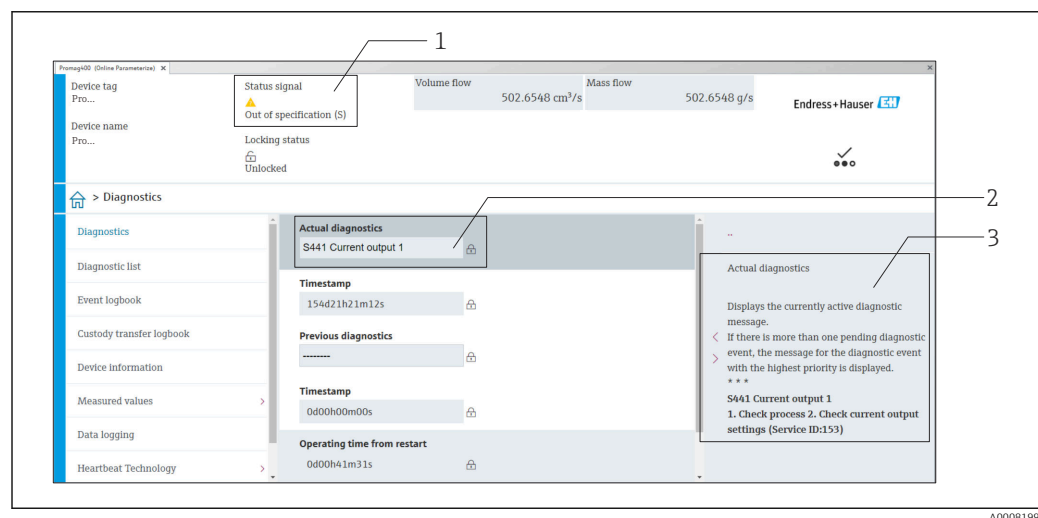
1 Status area with status signal
2 Diagnostic information → 🖺 43
3 Remedial measures with service ID

ℹ️ In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
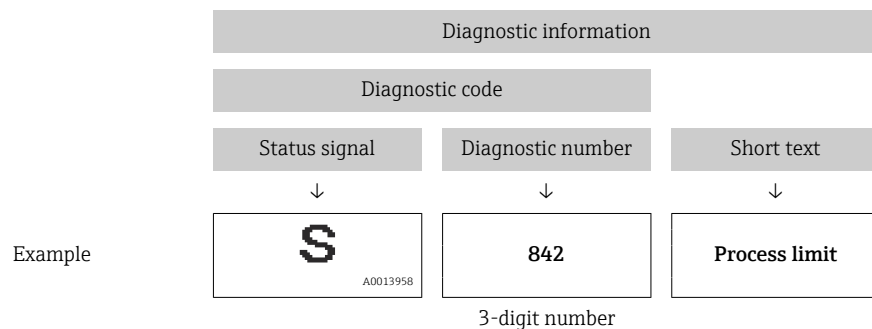• Via parameter
• Via submenu

Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning
⊗	**Failure** A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
∇	**Function check** The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
⚠?	**Out of specification** The device is being operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)
◇	**Maintenance required** Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault.

	Diagnostic information	
	Diagnostic code	
Status signal	Diagnostic number	Short text
↓	↓	↓
Example **S** A0013958	**842**	**Process limit**
	3-digit number	

12.2.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:
- On the home page
  Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
- In the **Diagnostics** menu
  Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

1. Call up the desired parameter.

2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.
   ↳ A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

12.3 Diagnostic information via communication interface

12.3.1 Reading out diagnostic information

Diagnostic information can be read out via Modbus RS485 register addresses.

- Via register address **6821** (data type = string): diagnosis code, e.g. F270
- Via register address **6859** (data type = integer): diagnosis number, e.g. 270

For an overview of diagnostic events with diagnosis number and diagnosis code
→ 🖺 44

12.3.2 Configuring error response mode

The error response mode for Modbus RS485 communication can be configured in the **Modbus configuration** submenu using 1 parameters.

Navigation path

Application → Modbus → Modbus configuration

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Options	Factory setting
Failure mode	Select measured value output behavior when a diagnostic message occurs via Modbus communication. ℹ️ The effect of this parameter depends on the option selected in the **Assign diagnostic behavior** parameter.	• NaN value • Last valid value ℹ️ NaN ≡ not a number	NaN value

12.4 Adapting the diagnostic information

12.4.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic settings** submenu.

Diagnostics → Diagnostic settings

You can assign the following options to the diagnostic number as the diagnostic behavior:

Options	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The measured value output via Modbus RS485 and the totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The measured value output via Modbus RS485 and the totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is entered only in the **Event logbook** submenu.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

12.5 Overview of diagnostic information

ℹ️ In the case of some items of diagnostic information, the diagnostic behavior can be changed. Adapting the diagnostic information → 🖹 44

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
Diagnostic of sensor				
022	Temperature sensor defective	Replace device	F	Alarm
046	Sensor limit exceeded	1. Check process conditions 2. Check sensor	S	Warning [1]

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
062	Sensor connection faulty	Replace device	F	Alarm
082	Data storage inconsistent	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
083	Memory content inconsistent	1. Restart device 2. Restore S-DAT	F	Alarm
140	Sensor signal asymmetrical	Replace device	S	Warning
Diagnostic of electronic				
201	Electronics faulty	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
242	Firmware incompatible	1. Check firmware version 2. Flash device	F	Alarm
252	Module incompatible	Replace device	F	Alarm
270	Main electronics defective	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
271	Main electronics faulty	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
272	Electronic module faulty	Restart device	F	Alarm
273	Main electronics defective	1. Restart device 2. Replace device	F	Alarm
283	Memory content inconsistent	Restart device	F	Alarm
311	Electronic module faulty	Maintenance required! Do not reset device	M	Warning
331	Firmware update failed in module 1 to n	1. Update firmware of device 2. Restart device	F	Warning
372	Electronic module faulty	1. Restart device 2. Check if failure recurs 3. Replace device	F	Alarm
374	Electronic module faulty	Restart device	S	Warning [1]
Diagnostic of configuration				
410	Data transfer failed	1. Retry data transfer 2. Check connection	F	Alarm
412	Processing download	Download active, please wait	C	Warning
437	Configuration incompatible	1. Update firmware 2. Execute factory reset	F	Alarm
438	Dataset different	1. Check dataset file 2. Check device parameterization 3. Download new device parameterization	M	Warning
442	Frequency output 1 to n saturated	1. Check frequency output settings 2. Check process	S	Warning [1]
443	Pulse output 1 to n saturated	1. Check pulse output settings 2. Check process	S	Warning [1]
453	Flow override active	Deactivate flow override	C	Warning
484	Failure mode simulation active	Deactivate simulation	C	Alarm
485	Process variable simulation active	Deactivate simulation	C	Warning

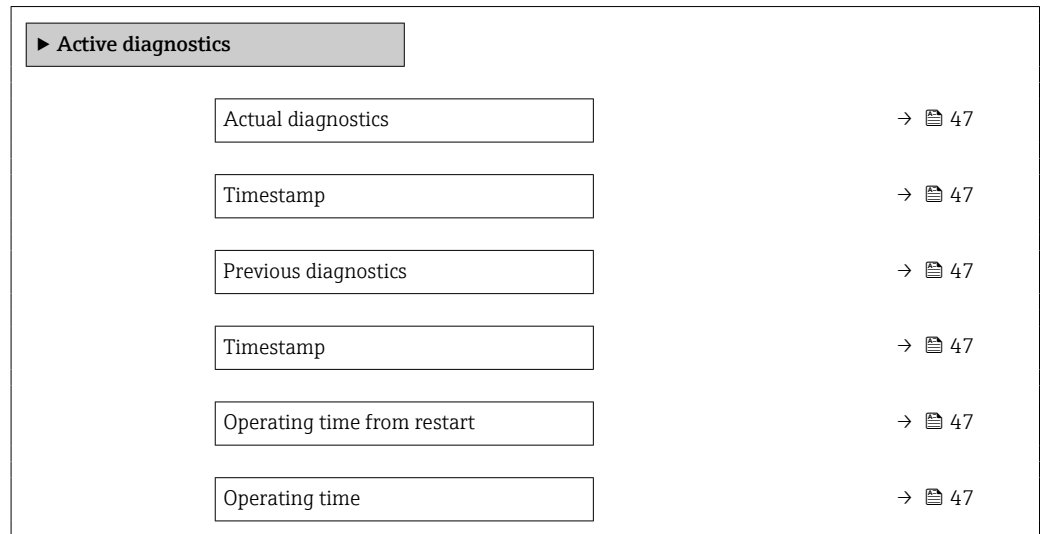| Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
492	Frequency output 1 to n simulation active	Deactivate simulation frequency output	C	Warning
493	Pulse output 1 to n simulation active	Deactivate simulation pulse output	C	Warning
494	Switch output 1 to n simulation active	Deactivate simulation switch output	C	Warning
495	Diagnostic event simulation active	Deactivate simulation	C	Warning
496	Status input 1 simulation active	Deactivate status input simulation	C	Warning
Diagnostic of process				
834	Process temperature too high	Reduce process temperature	S	Warning [1]
835	Process temperature too low	Increase process temperature	S	Warning [1]
842	Process value below limit	Low flow cut off active! Check low flow cut off configuration	S	Warning [1]
862	Partly filled pipe	1. Check for gas in process 2. Adjust detection limits	S	Warning [1]
880	Output overloaded	Reduce load at the outputs	S	Warning
910	Tubes not oscillating	1. Check electronic module 2. Check sensor	F	Alarm
912	Medium inhomogeneous	1. Check process cond. 2. Increase system pressure	S	Warning [1]
913	Medium unsuitable	1. Check process conditions 2. Check electronic modules or sensor	S	Warning [1]
948	Oscillation damping too high	Check process conditions	S	Warning [1]
991	Batch process aborted	Check process conditions	F	Alarm [1]
992	Batch start failed	1. Check fill quantity 2. Check device status 3. Complete last batch 4. Check switch output configuration	F	Warning [1]

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

12.6 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖹 43
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🖹 43

Navigation
"Diagnostics" menu → Active diagnostics

‣ Active diagnostics	
Actual diagnostics	→ 🗎 47
Timestamp	→ 🗎 47
Previous diagnostics	→ 🗎 47
Timestamp	→ 🗎 47
Operating time from restart	→ 🗎 47
Operating time	→ 🗎 47

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	Displays the currently active diagnostic message. If there is more than one pending diagnostic event, the message for the diagnostic event with the highest priority is displayed.	Positive integer
Timestamp	Displays the timestamp for the currently active diagnostic message.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)
Previous diagnostics	Displays the diagnostic message for the last diagnostic event that has ended.	Positive integer
Timestamp	Displays the timestamp of the diagnostic message generated for the last diagnostic event that has ended.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)
Operating time from restart	Indicates how long the device has been in operation since the last time the device was restarted.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)
Operating time	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m), seconds (s)

12.7 Actual diagnostics

The current diagnostic message is displayed under Actual diagnostics. If several diagnostic events are pending at the same time, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is displayed.

Navigation path
Diagnostics → Active diagnostics → Actual diagnostics

ℹ️ To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 43
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🗎 43

12.8   Event logbook

12.8.1   Event history

To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 43
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🗎 43

12.8.2   Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name
I1000	--------(Device ok)
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I1111	Density adjust failure
I1151	History reset
I1157	Memory error event list
I1209	Density adjustment ok
I1221	Zero point adjust failure
I1222	Zero point adjustment ok
I1335	Firmware changed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1622	Calibration changed
I1624	All totalizers reset
I1629	CDI: login successful
I1635	Reset to delivery settings

12.9   Resetting the measuring device

The entire device configuration or some of the configuration can be reset to a defined state with the **Device reset** parameter (→ 🗎 49).

Navigation
"System" menu → Device management → Device reset

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	• Cancel • To delivery settings • Restart device • Restore S-DAT backup * • Create T-DAT backup • Restore T-DAT backup *

*   Visibility depends on order options or device settings

12.10   Device

The **Device** submenu contains all the parameters that display different information for identifying the device.

Navigation

"System" menu → Information → Device

‣ Device		
Device name		→ 🖺 49
Device tag		→ 🖺 49
Serial number		→ 🖺 50
Order code		→ 🖺 50
Firmware version		→ 🖺 50
Extended order code 1		→ 🖺 50
Extended order code 2		→ 🖺 50
Extended order code 3		→ 🖺 50
ENP version		→ 🖺 50
Manufacturer		→ 🖺 50

Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry
Device name	Displays the name of the transmitter. The transmitter name is also provided on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Device tag	Enter a unique designation for the measuring point to be able to easily identify it within the plant.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (32)

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry
Serial number	Displays the serial number of the measuring device. The serial number is also provided on the nameplate of the sensor and of the transmitter. The serial number can also be used to retrieve further device-related information and documentation via the Operations app or the Device Viewer on the Endress+Hauser website.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Order code	Displays the device order code. The order code is used for instance to order a replacement or spare device or to verify that the device features specified on the order form match the shipping note.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Firmware version	Displays the device firmware version installed.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Extended order code 1	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. Due to character length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates for each feature in the product structure the selected option, thereby uniquely identifying the device model. The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Extended order code 2	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. Due to character length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates for each feature in the product structure the selected option, thereby uniquely identifying the device model. The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Extended order code 3	Displays the first, second and/or third part of the extended order code. Due to character length restrictions, the extended order code is split into a maximum of 3 parameters. The extended order code indicates for each feature in the product structure the selected option, thereby uniquely identifying the device model. The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
ENP version	Displays the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Manufacturer	Displays the manufacturer.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

12.11 Firmware history

Release date	Firmware version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware Changes	Documentation type	Documentation
07.2024	04.00.zz	Option **78**	• New original firmware • Can be operated via FieldCare and DeviceCare	Operating Instructions	BA02347D/06/EN/ 01.24-00
09.2015	03.00.zz	Option **A**	No change in firmware	Operating Instructions	BA01320D/06/EN/02.15
08.2014	03.00.zz	Option **A**	• Original firmware • Can be operated via FieldCare and DeviceCare	Operating Instructions	BA01320D/06/EN/01.14

For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.

The manufacturer's information is available:
• In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com → Downloads
• Specify the following details:
  • Product root: e.g. D8AB
    The product root is the first part of the order code: see the nameplate on the device.
  • Text search: Manufacturer's information
  • Media type: Documentation – Technical Documentation

13   Maintenance

13.1   Maintenance work

No special maintenance work is required.

13.1.1   Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

13.1.2   Internal cleaning

Observe the following points for CIP and SIP cleaning:
- Use only cleaning agents to which the process-wetted materials are adequately resistant.
- Observe the maximum permitted medium temperature for the measuring device → 🖹 64.

13.2   Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a variety of measuring and testing equipment, such as Netilion or device tests.

> ℹ️ Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

List of some of the measuring and testing equipment: → 🖹 55

13.3   Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

> ℹ️ Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

14   Repair

14.1   General information

14.1.1   Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:
• The measuring device cannot be converted.
• If the measuring device is defective, the entire device is replaced.
• It is possible to replace seals.

14.2   Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

14.3   Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

1. Refer to the web page for information:
    https://www.endress.com/support/return-material
    ↳ Select the region.

2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

14.4   Disposal

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

14.4.1   Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

⚠ WARNING

Danger to persons from process conditions!
▶   Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive media.

2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

14.4.2   Disposing of the measuring device

⚠ WARNING

Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.
▶ Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:
▶ Observe valid federal/national regulations.
▶ Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

15   Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

15.1   Device-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Sensor holder	For wall, tabletop and pipe mounting. 🛈 Order number: 71392563 📖 Installation Instructions EA01195D

15.2   Communication-specific accessories

Accessory	Description
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition. 📖 Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
DeviceCare	Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices. 📖 Innovation brochure IN01047S
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. 📖 Technical Information TI00405C
Adapter connection	Adapter connections for installation on other electrical connections: Adapter FXA291 (order number: 71035809)

15.3   Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring devices: • Choice of measuring devices for industrial requirements • Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and accuracy. • Graphic illustration of the calculation results • Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project. Applicator is available: • Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator • As a downloadable DVD for local PC installation.
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress +Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop. 📖 Technical Information TI00405C

16 Technical data

16.1 Application

The measuring device is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Mass flow measurement based on the Coriolis measuring principle

Measuring system	The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.
	For information on the structure of the measuring instrument → 🗎 10

16.3 Input

Measured variable	**Direct measured variables**
	• Mass flow
	• Density
	• Temperature
	Calculated measured variables
	Volume flow

Measuring range	*Flow values in SI units*

DN [mm]	Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$ [kg/h]
1	0 to 20
2	0 to 100
4	0 to 450
8	0 to 2 000
15	0 to 6 500
25	0 to 18 000
40	0 to 45 000

Flow values in US units

DN	Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$
[in]	[lb/min]
$^1/_{24}$	0 to 0.735
$^1/_{12}$	0 to 3.675
$^1/_8$	0 to 16.54
$^3/_8$	0 to 73.50
$^1/_2$	0 to 238.9
1	0 to 661.5
1 ½	0 to 1 654

🛈 To calculate the measuring range, use the *Applicator* → 🕮 55 sizing tool

Recommended measuring range

🛈 Flow limit → 🕮 65

Operable flow range	Over 1000 : 1.
	Flow rates above the preset full scale value do not override the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.
Input signal	🛈 The batching process is controlled by the automation system via the status input or via the fieldbus interface (Modbus) of the device.

Status input via connection A/B

Maximum input values	• DC −3 to 30 V
	• 5 mA
Response time	Configurable: 10 to 200 ms
Input signal level	• Low signal: DC −3 to 5 V
	• High signal: DC 15 to 30 V
Assignable functions	• Off
	• Start batching process
	• Start and stop batching process
	• Reset totalizer 1 to 3 separately
	• Reset all totalizers
	• Flow override

Status output via connection A/B

Maximum input values	• DC 30 V
	• 6 mA
Response time	Configurable: 10 to 200 ms

Input signal level	• Low signal: DC 0 to 1.5 V • High signal: DC 10 to 30 V
Assignable functions	• Off • Start batching process • Start and stop batching process • Reset totalizer 1 to 3 separately • Reset all totalizers • Flow override

16.4   Output

Output signal

Modbus RS485

Physical interface	RS485 according to Standard EIA/TIA-485-A

Switch output (batch: valve control)

Switch output (batch)	
Version	Active, high-side
Maximum output values	• DC 30 V • 500 mA
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	• Open • Closed • Batching

Status output

Status output	
Version	Active, high-side
Maximum output values	• DC 30 V • 100 mA
Voltage drop	At 100 mA: ≤ DC 3 V
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	• Off • Batching process status (batch) • Batching process status (batch), output 1 • Batching process status (batch), output 2

Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows.

Modbus RS485

Failure mode	Choose from: • NaN value instead of current value • Last valid value

Low flow cut off	The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

Galvanic isolation	Device version: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input (Order code for "Output, input": option MD) • Switch outputs (batch) on supply potential. • Status output on supply potential. • Status input galvanically isolated (connection C/D) or on supply potential (connection A/B)

Protocol-specific data	**Modbus RS485**

Protocol	Modbus Applications Protocol Specification V1.1
Device type	Slave
Slave address range	1 to 247
Broadcast address range	0
Function codes	• 03: Read holding register • 04: Read input register • 06: Write single registers • 08: Diagnostics • 16: Write multiple registers • 23: Read/write multiple registers • 43: Read device identification
Broadcast messages	Supported by the following function codes: • 06: Write single registers • 16: Write multiple registers • 23: Read/write multiple registers
Supported baud rate	• 1 200 BAUD • 2 400 BAUD • 4 800 BAUD • 9 600 BAUD • 19 200 BAUD • 38 400 BAUD • 57 600 BAUD • 115 200 BAUD • 230 400 BAUD
Data transfer mode	RTU
Data access	Each device parameter can be accessed via Modbus RS485. For Modbus register information → 🗊 70

16.5   Power supply

Terminal assignment	→ 🖹 27

Supply voltage	DC 24 V (nominal voltage: DC 18 to 30 V) ⓘ • The power unit must be safety-approved (e.g. PELV, SELV). • The maximum short-circuit current must not exceed 50 A.

Power consumption	2.5 W (no outputs)

Order code for "Output, input"	Maximum current consumption
Option MD: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input	100 mA + 1 100 mA [1]

Current consumption

1)   Per switch output used (batch) 500 mA, status output 100 mA

Switch-on current
Option MD: Modbus RS485, 2 switch outputs (batch), 1 status output, 1 status input
Max. 1.2 A (< 15 ms)

Power supply failure
- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Configuration is retained in the device memory.
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

Electrical connection   → 🖹 29

Potential equalization   → 🖹 30

Cable specification   → 🖹 26

16.6   Performance characteristics

Reference operating conditions
- Error limits based on ISO 11631
- Water
  - +15 to +45 ℃ (+59 to +113 ℉)
  - 2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)
- Data as indicated in the calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs according to ISO 17025

Installation
- Measuring device is grounded.
- The sensor is centered in the pipe.

ℹ️ To obtain measured errors, use the *Applicator* sizing tool → 🖹 55

Maximum measurement error

o.r. = of reading; 1 g/cm³ = 1 kg/l; T = medium temperature

Base accuracy

Bases for calculation → 🖹 62

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)

±0.15 %

Density (liquids)

Under reference conditions [g/cm³]	Field density adjustment [g/cm³]	Standard density calibration [g/cm³]
±0.0005 g/cm³	±0.0005 g/cm³	±0.0025 g/cm³

Temperature

±0.5 ℃ ± 0.005 · T ℃ (±0.9 ℉ ± 0.003 · (T − 32) ℉)

Zero point stability

DN		Zero point stability	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
1	¹⁄₂₄	0.0005	0.000018
2	¹⁄₁₂	0.0025	0.00009
4	⅛	0.0100	0.00036
8	⅜	0.20	0.007
15	½	0.65	0.024
25	1	1.80	0.066
40	1 ½	4.50	0.165

Flow values

Flow values as turndown parameters depending on nominal diameter.

SI units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
1	20	2	1	0.4	0.2	0.04
2	100	10	5	2	1	0.2
4	450	45	22.5	9	4.5	0.9
8	2 000	200	100	40	20	4
15	6 500	650	325	130	65	13
25	18 000	1 800	900	360	180	36
40	45 000	4 500	2 250	900	450	90

US units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[in]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]
¹⁄₂₄	0.735	0.074	0.037	0.015	0.007	0.001
¹⁄₁₂	3.675	0.368	0.184	0.074	0.037	0.007
⅛	16.54	1.654	0.827	0.331	0.165	0.033
⅜	73.50	7.350	3.675	1.470	0.735	0.147
½	238.9	23.89	11.95	4.778	2.389	0.478
1	661.5	66.15	33.08	13.23	6.615	1.323
1 ½	1 654	165.4	82.70	33.08	16.54	3.308

Repeatability	**Base repeatability**

Dosing time [s]	Standard deviation [%]
$0.75\ s < t_a < 1.5\ s$	0.2
$1.5\ s < t_a < 3\ s$	0.1
$3\ s < t_a$	0.05

Density (liquids)
$\pm 0.00025\ g/cm^3$

Temperature
$\pm 0.25\ ℃ \pm 0.0025 \cdot T\ ℃\ (\pm 0.45\ ℉ \pm 0.0015 \cdot (T{-}32)\ ℉)$

Response time	The response time depends on the configuration (damping).

Influence of medium temperature	**Mass flow** If there is a differential between the temperature during zero adjustment and the process temperature, the typical measurement error of the sensor is ±0.0002 % of the full scale value/℃ (±0.0001 % of the full scale value/℉). **Temperature** $\pm 0.005 \cdot T\ ℃\ (\pm 0.005 \cdot (T - 32)\ ℉)$

Influence of medium pressure	A difference between the calibration pressure and process pressure does not affect accuracy.

Design fundamentals	o.r. = of reading, o.f.s. = of full scale value

BaseAccu = base accuracy in % o.r., BaseRepeat = base repeatability in % o.r.

MeasValue = measured value; ZeroPoint = zero point stability

Calculation of the maximum measured error as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum measured error in % o.r.
$\geq \dfrac{ZeroPoint}{BaseAccu} \cdot 100$	$\pm\ BaseAccu$
$< \dfrac{ZeroPoint}{BaseAccu} \cdot 100$	$\pm \dfrac{ZeroPoint}{MeasValue} \cdot 100$

Calculation of the maximum repeatability as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum repeatability in % o.r.
$\geq \dfrac{½ \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseRepeat} \cdot 100$	$\pm\ BaseRepeat$
$< \dfrac{½ \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseRepeat} \cdot 100$	$\pm\ ½ \cdot \dfrac{ZeroPoint}{MeasValue} \cdot 100$

Example of maximum measurement error
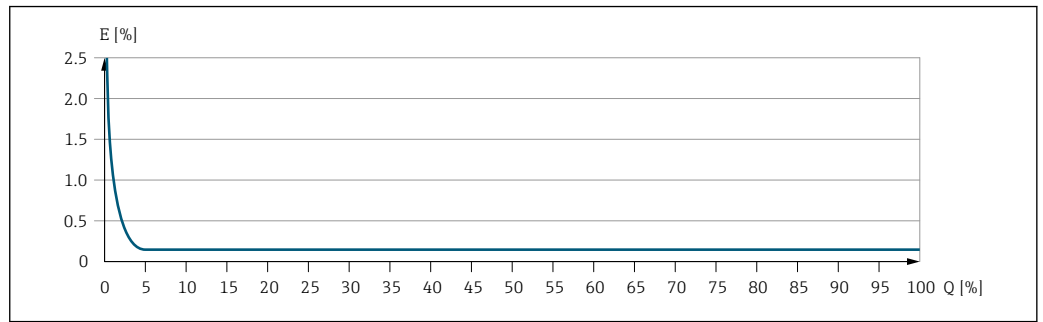
E   Maximum measurement error in % o.r. (example)
Q   Flow rate in % of maximum full scale value

16.7   Mounting

Mounting requirements   → 🖹 16

16.8   Environment

Ambient temperature   → 🖹 19
range

Temperature tables

ℹ️ Observe the interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid
    temperatures when operating the device in hazardous areas.

📖 For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document
    entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

Storage temperature   −40 to +80 °C (−40 to +176 °F), preferably at +20 °C (+68 °F)

Degree of protection   Standard: IP67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4

Shock and vibration   **Vibration sinusoidal, in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6**
resistance
                             • 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak
                             • 8.4 to 2 000 Hz, 1 g peak

                             Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64

                             • 10 to 200 Hz, 0.003 g^2/Hz
                             • 200 to 2 000 Hz, 0.001 g^2/Hz
                             • Total: 1.54 g rms

                             Shock half-sine, according to IEC 60068-2-27

                             6 ms 30 g

                             Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31

Internal cleaning   • CIP cleaning
                             • SIP cleaning

Options
Oil- and grease-free version for wetted parts, without declaration
Order code for "Service", option HA [3]

ℹ️ Observe the maximum medium temperatures → 🕮 64

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)	As per IEC/EN 61326

📖 Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity.

ℹ️ This unit is not intended for use in residential environments and cannot guarantee adequate protection of the radio reception in such environments.

16.9   Process

Medium temperature range	**Sensor** −40 to +130 °C (−40 to +266 °F)

Cleaning
+150 °C (+302 °F) for a maximum of 60 min for CIP and SIP processes

Seals
No internal seals

Medium pressure range	Max. 40 bar (580 psi), depending on the process connection

Medium density

DN		ρ_{max}
[mm]	[in]	[kg/m³]
1	¹⁄₂₄	3 150
2	¹⁄₁₂	3 100
4	⅛	3 100
8	⅜	4 548
15	½	4 900
25	1	4 270
40	1 ½	4 700

Pressure-temperature ratings	📖 For an overview of the pressure-temperature ratings for the process connections, see the Technical Information

Sensor housing	The sensor housing is filled with dry nitrogen gas and protects the electronics and mechanics inside.

- The housing does not have a pressure rating classification.
- Reference value for the pressure loading capacity of the sensor housing: 16 bar (232 psi)

📖 For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

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3)   The cleaning refers to the measuring instrument only. Any accessories supplied are not cleaned.

Flow limit   Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and
                                    permissible pressure loss.

                                    For an overview of the full scale values for the measuring range, see the "Measuring
                                    range" section → 🖻 56

                                    • The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale
                                      value
                                    • In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal
                                    • A low full scale value must be selected for abrasive media (such as liquids with entrained
                                      solids): flow velocity < 1 m/s (< 3 ft/s).

                                    To calculate the flow limit, use the *Applicator* sizing tool → 🖻 55

Pressure loss   To calculate the pressure loss, use the *Applicator* sizing tool → 🖻 55

Heating   → 🖻 20

Vibrations   → 🖻 21

16.10   Mechanical construction

| Design, dimensions | For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section |

Weight

Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
1	3.7
2	5.3
4	7.1
8	4.2
15	4.5
25	5.0
40	8.0

Weight in US units

DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
$\frac{1}{24}$	8.2
$\frac{1}{12}$	11.7
$\frac{1}{8}$	15.7
$\frac{3}{8}$	9.3
$\frac{1}{2}$	9.9
1	11.0
1 ½	17.6

Materials

Transmitter housing

- Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
- Stainless steel, 1.4409 (CF3M)

Device plug

Electrical connection	Material
M12x1 plug	• Socket: Polyamide contact support • Connector: Contact support made of thermoplastic polyurethane (TPU-GF) • Contacts: Gold-plated brass

Sensor housing

Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface

DN 1 to 4 mm (¹⁄₂₄ to ⅛")
Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316/316L)

DN 8 to 40 mm (⅜ to 1 ½")
Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

Measuring tubes

DN 1 to 4 mm (¹⁄₂₄ to ⅛")
Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316/316L)

DN 8 to 40 mm (⅜ to 1 ½")
Stainless steel, 1.4539 (904L)

Process connections

DN 1 to 4 mm (¹⁄₂₄ to ⅛")
½" Tri-Clamp:
Stainless steel, 1.4435 (316L)

DN 8 to 40 mm (⅜ to 1 ½")
All process connections:
Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316/316L)

ℹ Available process connections → 🖻 67

Seals

Welded process connections without internal seals

Accessories

Sensor holder

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

Process connections	**Fixed flange** • EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501 / DIN 2512N) • EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) **Clamp connections** 1" clamp according to DIN 32676 **Tri-Clamp** • ½" Tri-Clamp • ½" Tri-Clamp BS4825-3 • ¾" Tri-Clamp • 1" Tri-Clamp **Threaded adapter** • DIN 11864-1 Form A • DIN 11851 • ISO 2853 ℹ Process connection materials → 🖻 67
Surface roughness	All data refer to parts in contact with the medium. The following surface roughness categories can be ordered. • Ra_{max} = 0.76 µm (30 µin) • Ra_{max} = 0.38 µm (15 µin)

16.11 Operability

Languages	Can be operated in the following languages: Via "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese

Local operation	This device cannot be operated locally using a display or operating elements.

Remote operation	→ 🖺 31

16.12 Certificates and approvals

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at www.endress.com on the relevant product page:

1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
2. Open the product page.
3. Select **Downloads**.

CE mark	The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.
	Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

UKCA marking	The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable UK regulations (Statutory Instruments). These are listed in the UKCA Declaration of Conformity along with the designated standards. By selecting the order option for UKCA marking, Endress+Hauser confirms a successful evaluation and testing of the device by affixing the UKCA mark.
	Contact address Endress+Hauser UK: Endress+Hauser Ltd. Floats Road Manchester M23 9NF United Kingdom www.uk.endress.com

RCM marking	The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

Ex-approval	• Only measuring instruments with the order code for "Approval", option "BT", "FC" and "US" have an Ex approval. • The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.

Hygienic compatibility	• 3-A approval

• 3-A approval
  • Only measuring devices with the order code for "Additional approval", option LP "3A" have 3-A approval.
  • The 3-A approval refers to the measuring device.
  • When installing the measuring device, ensure that no liquid can accumulate on the outside of the measuring device.
  • Accessories (e.g. sensor holder) must be installed in accordance with the 3-A Standard.
    Each accessory can be cleaned. Disassembly may be necessary under certain circumstances.
• EHEDG-certified [4]
  Only devices with the order code for "Additional approval", option LT "EHEDG" have been tested and meet the requirements of the EHEDG.
  To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be used with process connections in accordance with the EHEDG position paper entitled "Easy cleanable Pipe couplings and Process connections" (www.ehedg.org).
  When installed, the orientation of the device must facilitate draining in order to meet the requirements of EHEDG certification.
• Food Contact Materials Regulation (EC) 1935/2004

Observe special mounting instructions → 📖 21

Pharmaceutical compatibility

• FDA 21 CFR 177
• USP <87>
• USP <88> Class VI 121 °C
• TSE/BSE Certificate of Suitability
• cGMP
  Devices with the order code for "Test, certificate", option JG "Conformity with cGMP-derived requirements, declaration" comply with the requirements of cGMP with regard to the surfaces of parts in contact with the medium, design, FDA 21 CFR material conformity, USP Class VI tests and TSE/BSE conformity.
  A serial number-specific declaration is generated.

Pressure Equipment Directive

• With the marking
  a) PED/G1/x (x = category) or
  b) PESR/G1/x (x = category)
  on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms compliance with the "Essential Safety Requirements"
  a) specified in Annex I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
  b) Schedule 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.
• Devices not bearing this marking (without PED or PESR) are designed and manufactured according to sound engineering practice. They meet the requirements of
  a) Art. 4 Para. 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
  b) Part 1, Para. 8 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.
  The scope of application is indicated
  a) in diagrams 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
  b) Schedule 3, Para. 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.

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4)   DN 8 to 40 (⅜ to 1 ½")

External standards and guidelines	• EN 60529 Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code) • EN 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use • EN 61326-1/-2-3 EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use • CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use, Part 1: General Requirements • ANSI/ISA-61010-1 (82.02.01) Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use – Part 1: General Requirements

Additional certification	**CRN approval** Some device versions have CRN approval. A CRN-approved process connection with a CSA approval must be ordered for a CRN-approved device.

16.13   Accessories

Overview of accessories available to order → 🔲 55

16.14   Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:
- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

Standard documentation	**Brief Operating Instructions**

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Dosimass	KA01688D

Description of Device Parameters

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Dosimass	GP01220D

Technical Information

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Dosimass	TI01785D

Supplementary device-dependent documentation

Safety instructions

Contents	Documentation code
ATEX Ex ec	XA03257D
UL Class I, Division 2	XA03263D
UKEX Ex ec	XA03264D

Installation instructions

Contents	Note
Installation instructions for spare part sets and accessories	• Access the overview of all the available spare part sets via *Device Viewer* • Accessories available for order with Installation Instructions → 🖺 55

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