

Safety Instructions

LPGmass

EAC: Zone 1
Zone 21



LPGmass

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About this document



The document number of these Safety Instructions (XA) must match the information on the nameplate.

Associated documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter serial number from nameplate.
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

To commission the device, please observe the Operating Instructions pertaining to the device:

Measuring device	Modbus RS485
LPGmass	BA00133D

Additional documentation

Document type	Contents	Documentation code
Brochure	Explosion Protection	CP00021Z/11

Please note the documentation associated with the device.

Certificates and declarations

Measuring instruments meet the fundamental health and safety requirements for the design and construction of devices and protective systems intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres in accordance with TR CU 012/2011.

Certification body

LLP "T-Standard"

Certificate number

EAӘC KZ 7500525.01.01.01896

Affixing the certificate number certifies conformity with the standards (depending on the device version).

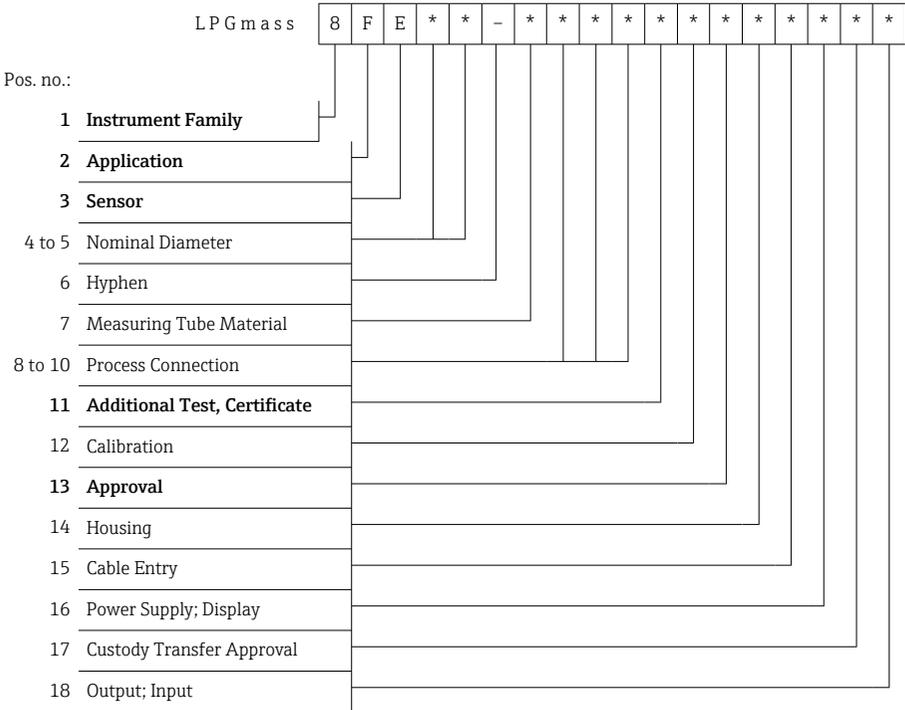
- GOCT 31610.0-2019 (IEC 60079-0:2017)
- GOCT IEC 60079-1-2013
- GOCT 31610.7-2017 (IEC 60079-7:2017)
- GOCT 31610.11-2014 (IEC 60079-11:2014)
- GOCT 31610.18-2016 (IEC 60079-18:2014)
- GOCT IEC 60079-31-2013

Manufacturer address Endress+Hauser Flowtec AG
Kägenstrasse 7
4153 Reinach BL
Switzerland

Description of the measuring system The measuring system consists of a transmitter and sensor which together form a mechanical unit.

Order code

The order code is indicated on the nameplate, which is affixed to the device in such a way that it is clearly visible. Additional information on the nameplate is provided in the associated Operating Instructions.



Additional Test, Certificate (Pos. no. 11 in order code), only in conjunction with order code for "Approvals" (Pos. no. 13 in order code)

*	Explosion protection
E	EAC marking
N	EAC marking + pressure test (tube)

Approvals (Pos. no. 13 in order code)

*	Explosion protection
B	1Ex db ia IIC T6...T1 Gb X Ex tb IIIC T85 °C...T450 °C Db X
C	1Ex db eb ia mb IIC T6...T1 Gb X Ex tb IIIC T85 °C...T450 °C Db X

Safety instructions: General

- Compliance with national regulations relating to the installation, connection to the electricity supply, commissioning and maintenance of devices in potentially explosive atmospheres is mandatory, if such regulations exist (e.g. GOCT IEC 60079-14-2013).
- Installation, connection to the electricity supply, commissioning and maintenance of the devices must be carried out by qualified specialists trained to work on Ex-rated devices.
- Compliance with all of the technical data of the device (see nameplate) is mandatory.
- Open the device only when it is de-energized (and after a delay of at least 10 minutes following shutdown of the power supply) or when the atmosphere is not potentially explosive.
- The dimensions of the flameproof connections deviate in some cases from the minimum or maximum values of GOCT IEC 60079-1-2013. For information on the dimensions of the flameproof connections, please contact the manufacturer.
- Service adapter: do not connect in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- Opening the transmitter housing is only permitted for a brief time. During this time, ensure that no dust enters the housing.
- To guarantee resistance to dust, the transmitter housing and the cable entries must be tightly sealed.
- Use of the devices is restricted to mediums against which the process-wetted materials are adequately resistant.
- The suitability of the device in the event of simultaneous occurrence of gas-air and dust-air mixtures requires an additional assessment.
- Stainless steel label attached to the measuring device (optional): There is a risk of electrostatic charge on the label. This is caused, for example, by friction or cleaning.
 - Ensure that the label is grounded. Ensure that the capacitance to ground is < 30 pF. Or
 - Protect the label against electrostatic charge.
 - Attach the following warning to the measuring device so that it is clearly visible:
WARNING – POTENTIAL ELECTROSTATIC CHARGING HAZARD – SEE INSTRUCTIONS.
- The device must be integrated into the potential equalization system.

Safety instructions: Installation

- For terminals No. 22 to No. 27 of the transmitter, only devices with ratings $U_m \leq 253 \text{ V}$ and $I_m \leq 1 \text{ A}$ are allowed to be connected.
- The measuring device must only be used in the permitted temperature class. The values of the individual temperature classes can be found in the temperature tables: →  19.
- For Zone 21:
The surface temperature of the measuring device must not exceed 2/3 of the ignition temperature of a dust cloud. The maximum surface temperature must maintain a safe distance of 75 °C to the smolder temperature of a dust layer of 5 mm. Example: Operation in temperature class T4 (135 °C) is, therefore, suitable for dust with an ignition temperature of 202.5 °C ($1.5 \cdot 135 \text{ °C}$ or $135 \text{ °C} = 2/3$ of 202.5 °C) and a smolder temperature of 210 °C ($135 \text{ °C} + 75 \text{ °C}$).
- The following applies when connecting the electronics housing in Ex db:
Only use separately certified cable and wire entries (Ex db IIC) which are suitable for operating temperatures up to 80 °C and for IP 66/67. If using conduit entries, the associated sealing mechanisms must be mounted directly on the housing.
- The following applies when connecting the electronics housing in Ex eb:
Only use separately certified cable and wire entries and sealing plugs (Ex eb IIC), which are suitable for operating temperatures up to 80 °C and for IP 67.
- Suitable cables and suitable, certified cable glands, cable entries and drain plugs must be used for measuring devices operated at temperatures below -20 °C.
- The cable entries and openings not used must be sealed tight with suitable components.
- A threaded pin prevents undesired movement of the transmitter housing. When the pin is released, the transmitter housing can be rotated continuously until an internal retaining ring comes to the stop. The threaded pin has to be retightened once the housing has been rotated. If the transmitter and sensor have to be separated for repair purposes, the retaining ring can be destroyed if considerable force is exerted. In such instances, a new, genuine Endress+Hauser retaining ring must be installed when reassembling. The threaded pin has to be retightened.

Temperature tables

Max. medium temperature $T_{m, \max}$ for T6...T1 in relation to the maximum ambient temperature $T_{a, \max}$

Device	$T_{a, \max}$ [°C]	DN [mm]	$T_{m, \max}$					
			T6 (85 °C)	T5 (100 °C)	T4 (135 °C)	T3 (200 °C)	T2 (300 °C)	T1 (450 °C)
LPGmass 8FF**-...	+45	08, 15	45	95	125	125	125	125
	+50	08, 15	-	95	125	125	125	125
		25, 40, 50	50	95	125	125	125	125
	+60	08, 15, 25, 40	-	95	125	125	125	125
		50	60	95	125	125	125	125

The minimum **medium temperature** is -40 °C.

The minimum **ambient temperature** $T_{a, \min}$ is -40 °C.

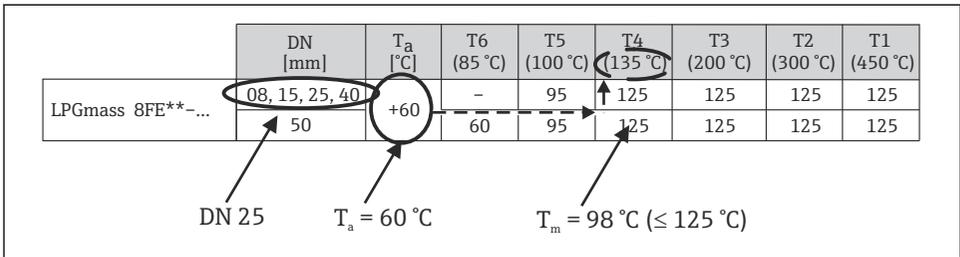
Explosion hazards arising from gas and dust

Determining the temperature class and surface temperature with the temperature table

- In the case of gas: Determine the temperature class as a function of the ambient temperature T_a and the medium temperature T_m .
- In the case of dust: Determine the maximum surface temperature as a function of the maximum ambient temperature $T_{a,max}$ and the maximum medium temperature $T_{m,max}$.

Example of the maximum surface temperature for explosion hazards arising from dust. Device:

- LPGmass, compact version, DN 25
- Maximum ambient temperature: $T_a = 60\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- Maximum medium temperature: $T_m = 98\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

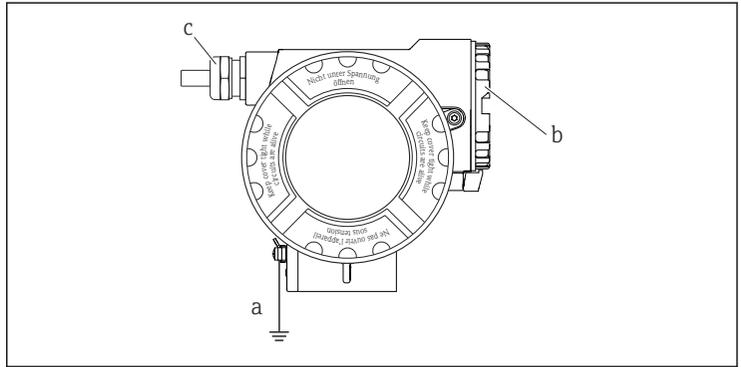


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1 Procedure for calculating the max. surface temperature

1. Select the device (LPGmass), nominal diameter (DN 25) and ambient temperature T_a (60 °C) in the associated temperature table (compact version). The row showing the maximum medium temperature is determined.
2. Select the maximum medium temperature $T_{m,max}$ (98 °C), which is smaller than or equal to the maximum medium temperature of a cell. The column with the temperature class for gas is determined (98 °C ≤ 125 °C → T4).
3. The maximum temperature of the temperature class determined corresponds to the maximum surface temperature: $T_4 = 135\text{ }^\circ\text{C} =$ maximum surface temperature for dust.

Design of measuring system



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2 Design of the transmitter

- a Screw terminal for connecting to the potential equalization
- b Connection compartment cover
- c Cable entries (see chapter Cable Entries)

Cable entries

- Cable entries for connection compartment (Ex db version):
Power supply cable and cable of the communication circuit → choice of thread for cable entries M20, ½" NPT or G ½".
Make sure that the Ex d cable glands/entries are secured to prevent working loose and that the seals are installed immediately adjacent to the housing.
- Cable entries for connection compartment (Ex eb version):
Power supply cable and cable of the communication circuit → cable glands M20 × 1.5 or choice of thread for cable entries M20, ½" NPT or G ½".
The cables must be installed such that they are fixed in place.
Adequate strain relief must be ensured.

WARNING

- ▶ Cable glands and cable entries must be very leak-tight.

Cable specification

You can find information about the cable specification in the associated Operating Instructions.

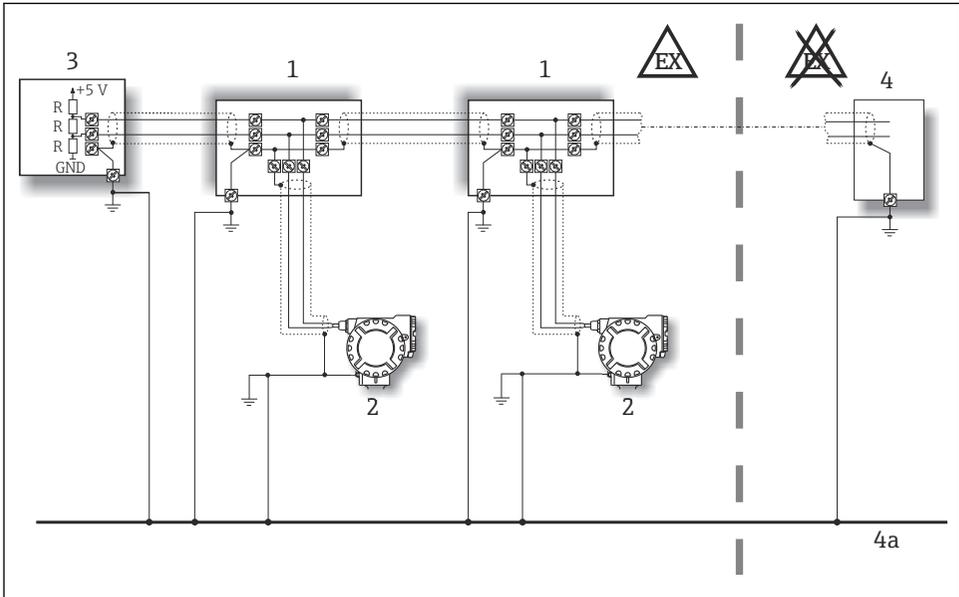
Potential equalization

The transmitter is to be securely connected to the potential equalization system using the screw terminal on the outside of the transmitter housing. Alternatively, the transmitter of the compact version can be connected to the potential equalization system via the pipeline if a

ground connection via the pipeline according to regulations can be assured.

i Further information about potential equalization, shielding and grounding can be found in the associated Operating Instructions.

Potential equalization with shield grounded at both sides for Modbus version



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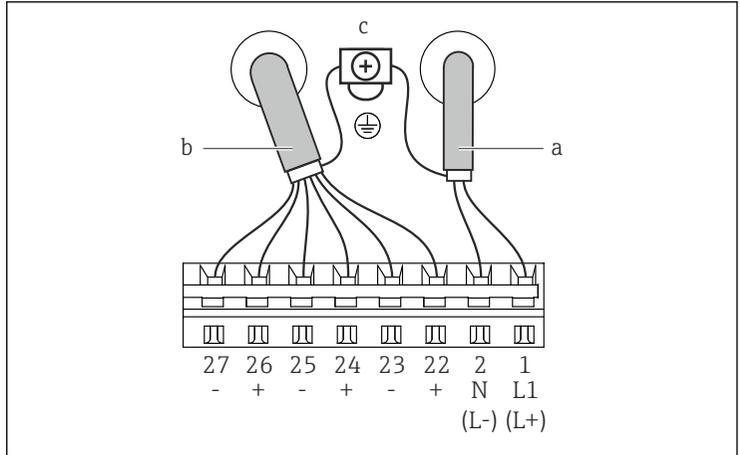
3 Example for connecting potential equalization lines

- 1 Distributor/T-Box
- 2 Bus devices for potentially explosive atmospheres
- 3 Bus terminator Modbus RS485
- 4 Bus supply unit or automation system
- 4a Potential equalization line is fed out into the safe area

i The length of the spur must be observed.

Electrical connection

Transmitter housing compact/ remote version (terminal assignment, connection data →  13)



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- a* Power supply cable (terminal assignment and connection data see below)
- b* Signal cable / RS485 line (terminal assignment and connection data →  13)
- c* Ground terminal for protective ground, signal cable shield, RS485 line

Terminal assignment and connection data, power supply

All transmitters	1 L (+)	2 N (-)	⊕
Designation	Supply voltage		Protective earth
Functional values	$U_{AC} = 20 \text{ to } 28 \text{ V}$ $U_{DC} = 10 \text{ to } 30 \text{ V}$ Power consumption: AC: < 4 VA DC: < 3.2 W		⚠ CAUTION ▶ Observe the grounding plans of the system!
Intrinsically safe circuit	no		
U_m	253 V AC		

Terminal assignment and connection data for signal circuits



The following tables contain values/ specifications, which are dependent on the order code (type of measuring device). Please compare the following order code to the one shown on the nameplate of your measuring device. For a graphic representation of the electrical connections:

Terminal assignment

Order characteristic "Outputs"	Terminal no. (Output; Input)					
	22 (+)	23 (-)	24 (+)	25 (-)	26 (+)	27 (-)
Non-convertible communication boards (fixed assignment)						
N	Pulse / Frequency / Status output 2		Pulse / Frequency / Status output 1		Modbus RS485 ¹⁾ B A	
¹⁾ Modbus RS485: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Terminal 26 (+) → B (RxD/TxD-P) ■ Terminal 27 (-) → A (RxD/TxD-N) 						

Safety-related and functional values of signal circuit

Signal circuits	Functional values	Safety-related values
Pulse/ frequency output	galvanically isolated passive 30 V DC / 250 mA Open Collector Full scale frequency 100 to 5 000 Hz	intrinsically safe = no $U_m = 253 \text{ V}$ $I_m = 1 \text{ A}$
Status output	galvanically isolated passive 30 V DC / 250 mA Open Collector	
Modbus RS485	galvanically isolated, RS485 as per Standard EIA/TIA-485	

Service adapter

The service adapter is only used for connecting service interfaces approved by Endress+Hauser (e.g. FXA 291).

WARNING

- It is not permissible to connect the service adapter whilst the atmosphere is considered to be explosive.

Technical Data

Dimensions



The dimensions of the instruments for the hazardous area correspond to those in the Technical Information documentation → TI00080D.

Weight



The weight of the Ex db version is equivalent to the weight in the Technical Information documentation → TI00080D.



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