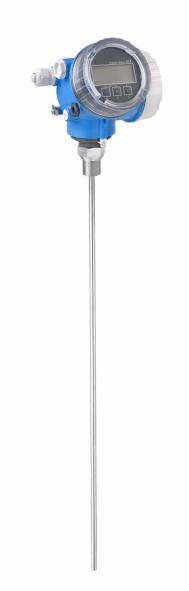
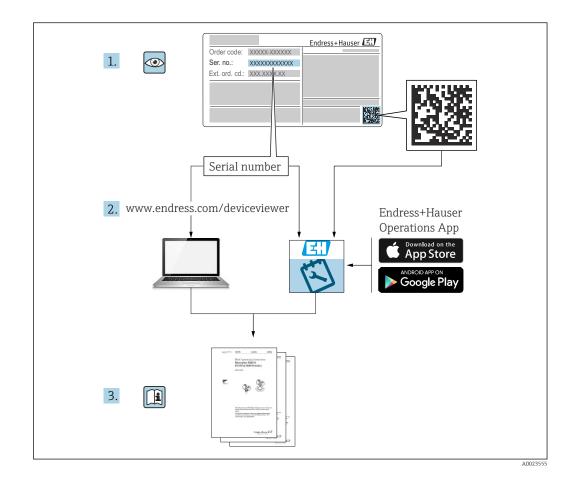
# Operating Instructions Levelflex FMP50 HART

Guided-wave radar









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## 1 About this document

## 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

## 1.2 Symbols

## 1.2.1 Safety symbols

### **DANGER**

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

### **A** CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

## 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	Direct current
$\sim$	Alternating current
$\sim$	Direct and alternating current
<u> </u>	<b>Ground connection</b> A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
	Protective earth (PE) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.
	<ul><li>The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:</li><li>Interior ground terminal: protective earth is connected to the mains supply.</li><li>Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.</li></ul>

## 1.2.3 Tool symbols

•

Phillips head screwdriver

● /// Flat blade screwdriver

O ∉ Torx screwdriver ⊖ & Allen key Ø Open-ended wrench

## 1.2.4 Symbols for certain types of information and graphics

#### Permitted

Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted

#### ✓ ✓ Preferred

Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred

#### 🔀 Forbidden

Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden

### 🚹 Tip

Indicates additional information

Reference to documentation

Reference to graphic

Notice or individual step to be observed

1., 2., 3. Series of steps

L► Result of a step

Visual inspection

## 

Operation via operating tool

### 

Write-protected parameter

**1, 2, 3, ...** Item numbers

**A, B, C, ...** Views

## $\underline{\mathbf{A}} \rightarrow \mathbf{\mathbf{B}}$ Safety instructions

Observe the safety instructions contained in the associated Operating Instructions

### □ Temperature resistance of the connection cables

Specifies the minimum value of the temperature resistance of the connection cables

## 1.3 List of abbreviations

### BA

Document type "Operating Instructions"

KA

Document type "Brief Operating Instructions"

ΤI

Document type "Technical Information"

SD

Document type "Special Documentation"

#### XA

Document type "Safety Instructions"

#### PN

Nominal pressure

### MWP

Maximum working pressure The MWP is indicated on the nameplate.

#### ToF

Time of Flight

#### FieldCare

Scalable software tool for device configuration and integrated plant asset management solutions

#### DeviceCare

Universal configuration software for Endress+Hauser HART, PROFIBUS, FOUNDATION Fieldbus and Ethernet field devices

#### DTM

Device Type Manager

#### DD

Device Description for HART communication protocol

## $\varepsilon_{\rm r}$ (Dk value)

Relative dielectric constant

#### PLC

Programmable logic controller (PLC)

#### CDI

Common Data Interface

#### **Operating tool**

The term "operating tool" is used in place of the following operating software:

- FieldCare / DeviceCare, for operation via HART communication and PC
- SmartBlue app, for operation using an Android or iOS smartphone or tablet

#### BD

Blocking Distance; no signals are analyzed within the BD.

#### PLC

Programmable logic controller (PLC)

#### CDI

Common Data Interface

#### PFS

Pulse Frequency Status (Switch output)

## 1.4 Documentation

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	<b>Planning aid for your device</b> The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	<b>Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value</b> The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	<b>Your reference document</b> These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	<b>Reference for your parameters</b> The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety Instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are a constituent part of the Operating Instructions.  Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant for the device is provided on the nameplate.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

The following documentation may be available depending on the device version ordered:

## 1.5 Registered trademarks

### HART®

Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas, USA

#### Bluetooth®

The *Bluetooth*<sup>®</sup> word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by the Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and any use of such marks by Endress+Hauser is under license. Other trademarks and trade names are those of their respective owners.

#### Apple®

Apple, the Apple logo, iPhone, and iPod touch are trademarks of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries. App Store is a service mark of Apple Inc.

### Android®

Android, Google Play and the Google Play logo are trademarks of Google Inc.

#### KALREZ<sup>®</sup>, VITON<sup>®</sup>

Registered trademarks of DuPont Performance Elastomers L.L.C., Wilmington, DE USA

#### **TEFLON**®

Registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, USA

### TRI-CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

## 2 Basic safety instructions

## 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ► Follow the instructions in this manual.

## 2.2 Intended use

## Application and media

The measuring instrument described in this manual is intended only for the level measurement of liquids. Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

If the limit values specified in the "Technical data" and the conditions listed in the instructions and additional documentation are observed, the measuring instrument may be used only for the following measurements:

- Measured process variables: level
- Calculable process variables: volume or mass in any shape of vessel (calculated from the level by the linearization functionality)

To ensure that the measuring instrument remains in proper condition for the operation time:

- ► Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- Observe the limit values in the "Technical data".

### Incorrect use

The manufacturer is not liable for harm caused by improper or unintended use.

Clarification for borderline cases:

 For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability.

## **Residual risks**

Due to heat transfer from the process as well as power loss in the electronics, the temperature of the electronics housing and the assemblies contained therein (e.g. display module, main electronics module and I/O electronics module) may rise up to 80  $^{\circ}$ C (176  $^{\circ}$ F). When in operation, the sensor may reach a temperature close to the medium temperature.

Danger of burns from contact with surfaces!

► In the event of elevated fluid temperatures, ensure protection against contact to prevent burns.

## 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

• Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

## 2.4 Operational safety

### Risk of injury!

- Operate the device only if it is in proper technical condition, free from errors and faults.
- The operator is responsible for ensuring that the device is in good working order.

### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers:

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- Observe national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- Use only original spare parts and accessories from the manufacturer.

## Hazardous area

To eliminate danger to persons or the installation when the device is used in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety):

- Check the nameplate to verify if the device ordered can be put to its intended use in the hazardous area.
- Observe the specifications in the separate supplementary documentation included as an integral part of these instructions.

## 2.5 Product security

This measuring instrument is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. It meets general safety standards and legal requirements.

## NOTICE

### Loss of degree of protection by opening of the device in humid environments

► If the device is opened in a humid environment, the degree of protection indicated on the nameplate is no longer valid. This may also impair the safe operation of the device.

## 2.5.1 CE mark

The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied.

The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

## 2.5.2 EAC conformity

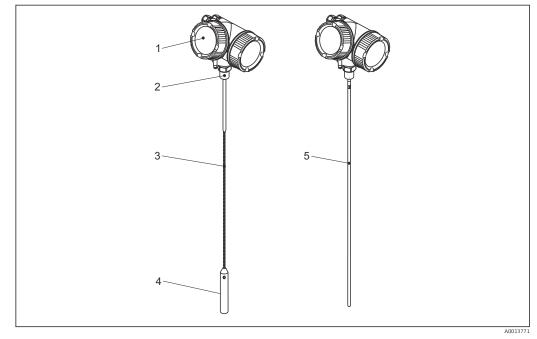
The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EAC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EAC Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.

The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the EAC mark.

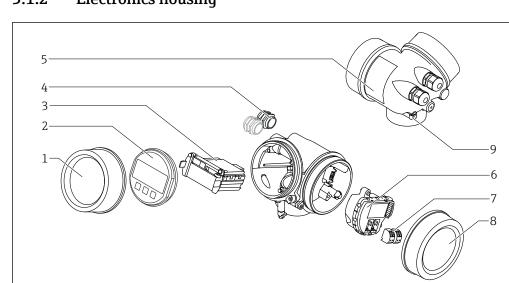
#### **Product description** 3

#### Product design 3.1

#### 3.1.1 Levelflex FMP50



- **1** Design of the Levelflex
- 1 Electronics housing
- 2 3 Process connection (Thread)
- Rope probe
- 4 End-of-probe weight
- 5 Rod probe



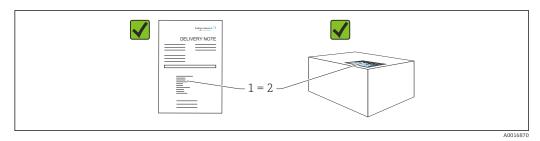
3.1.2 **Electronics housing** 

₽ 2 Design of the electronics housing

- 1 Electronics compartment cover
- 2 Display module
- Main electronics module 3
- Cable glands (1 or 2, depending on instrument version) 4
- 5
- Nameplate I/O electronics module
- 6 7 Terminals (pluggable spring terminals) Connection compartment cover
- 8
- 9 Grounding terminal

## 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

## 4.1 Incoming acceptance



Check the following during incoming acceptance:

- Is the order code on the delivery note (1) identical to the order code on the product sticker (2)?
- Are the goods undamaged?
- Do the data on the nameplate correspond to the order specifications and the delivery note?
- Is the documentation provided?
- If required (see nameplate): are the Safety Instructions (XA) provided?

If one of these conditions is not met, please contact the manufacturer's sales office.

## 4.2 Product identification

The following options are available for identification of the device:

- Nameplate specifications
- Extended order code with breakdown of the device features on the delivery note
- Device Viewer(www.endress.com/deviceviewer); manually enter the serial number from the nameplate.
  - ← All the information about the measuring device is displayed.
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*; manually enter the serial number indicated on the nameplate or scan the 2D matrix code on the nameplate.
  - ← All the information about the measuring device is displayed.

## 4.2.1 Nameplate

The information that is required by law and is relevant to the device is shown on the nameplate, e.g.:

- Manufacturer identification
- Order number, extended order code, serial number
- Technical data, degree of protection
- Firmware version, hardware version
- Approval-related information, reference to Safety Instructions (XA)
- DataMatrix code (information about the device)

## 4.2.2 Manufacturer address

Endress+Hauser SE+Co. KG Hauptstraße 1 79689 Maulburg, Germany Place of manufacture: See nameplate.

## 5 Storage, transport

## 5.1 Storage temperature

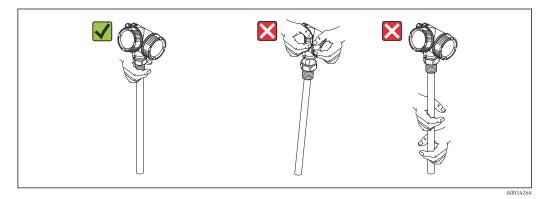
- Permitted storage temperature: -40 to +80 °C (-40 to +176 °F)
- Use original packaging.

## 5.2 Transporting to the measuring point

## **WARNING**

Housing or probe may become damaged or break off. Risk of injury!

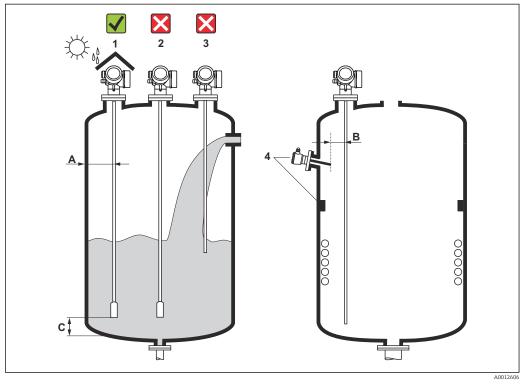
- Transport the measuring instrument to the measuring point in its original packaging or by the process connection.
- Always secure lifting equipment (slings, eyes, etc.) at the process connection and never lift the device by the electronic housing or probe. Pay attention to the center of gravity of the device so that it does not tilt or slip unintentionally.
- Follow the safety instructions and transport conditions for devices weighing more than 18 kg (39.6 lbs) (IEC 61010).



## 6 Installation

## 6.1 Mounting requirements

## 6.1.1 Suitable mounting position



<sup>☑ 3</sup> Installation positions

### Spacing requirements when mounting

- Distance (A) between the vessel wall and rod and rope probes:
  - For smooth metallic walls: > 50 mm (2 in)
  - For plastic walls: > 300 mm (12 in) to metallic parts outside the vessel
  - For concrete walls: > 500 mm (20 in), otherwise the permitted measuring range may be reduced.
- Distance (B) between rod probes and internal fittings (3): > 300 mm (12 in)
- When using more than one Levelflex:
  - Minimum distance between the sensor axes: 100 mm (3.94 in)
- Distance (C) from the end of the probe to the bottom of the vessel:
  - Rope probe: > 150 mm (6 in)
  - Rod probe: > 10 mm (0.4 in)

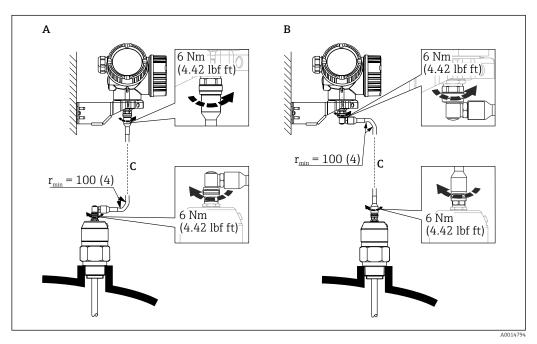
### Additional mounting requirements

- When mounting outdoors, a weather protection cover (1) can be used to protect the device against extreme weather conditions.
- In metallic vessels, preferably do not mount the probe in the center of the vessel (2), as this would lead to increased interference echoes.
   If a central mounting position cannot be avoided, it is essential to perform interference
- echo suppression (mapping) after commissioning the device.
- Do not mount the probe in the filling curtain (3).
- Avoid buckling the rope probe during installation or operation (e.g. as a result of product movement against silo wall) by selecting a suitable mounting location.
- In the case of freely suspended rope probes (probe end not fixed at the bottom), the distance between the probe rope and internal fittings, which can change due to the movement of the product, must never be less than 300 mm (12 in). Occasional contact between the probe weight and the cone of the vessel, however, does not influence the measurement provided that the relative permittivity is at least  $\varepsilon_r = 1.8$ .
- When mounting the housing in a recess (e.g. in a concrete ceiling), observe a minimum distance of 100 mm (4 in) between the cover of the connection compartment/electronics compartment and the wall. Otherwise the connection compartment/electronics compartment will not be accessible after installation.

## 6.1.2 Mounting under confined conditions

### Mounting with remote probe

The device version with a remote probe is suitable for applications with restricted mounting space. In this case, the electronics housing is mounted at a separate position from the probe.



A Angled plug at the probe

- *B* Angled plug at the electronics housing
- C Length of the remote cable as ordered

- Product structure, feature 600 "Probe design":
  - Version MB "Remote sensor, 3 m cable"
  - Version MC "Remote sensor, 6 m cable"
  - Version MD "Remote sensor, 9 m cable"
- The connecting cable is included in the delivery with these versions. Minimum bending radius: 100 mm (4 inch)
- The mounting bracket for the electronics housing is included in the delivery with these versions. Mounting options:
  - Wall mounting
  - Mounting on DN32 to DN50 (1¼ to 2 inch) post or pipe
- The connecting cable has one straight plug and one plug angled at 90°. Depending on the local conditions the angled plug can be connected at the probe or at the electronics housing.
- The probe, electronics and connection cable are mutually compatible and bear a common serial number. Only components with the same serial number may be connected to one another.

## 6.1.3 Notes on the mechanical load of the probe

#### Tensile loading capacity of rope probes

FMP50

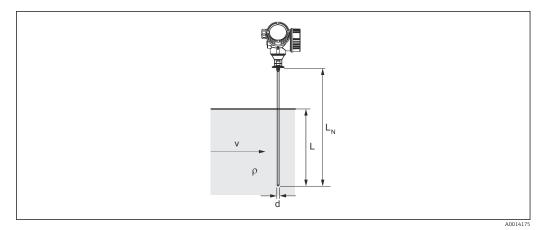
**Rope 4 mm (¼ in) 316** Tensile loading capacity2 kN

#### Lateral loading capacity (flexural strength) of rod probes

FMP50

Rod 8 mm (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> in) 316L Flexural strength 10 Nm

Lateral load (bending moment) from flow conditions



- $\rho$  Density of the medium [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]
- *v* Flow velocity [m/s] of the medium, perpendicular to the probe rod
- d Diameter [m] of probe rod
- L Level [m]
- LN Probe length [m]

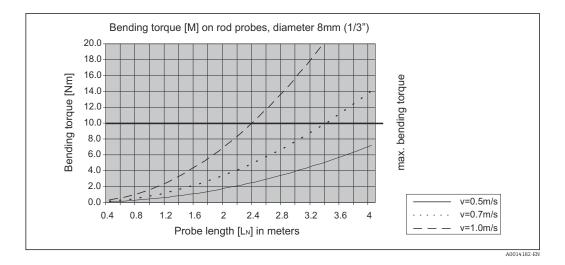
The formula for calculating the bending moment M acting on the probe:

 $M = c_w \times \rho/2 \times v^2 \times d \times L \times (L_N - 0.5 \times L)$  With:

### c<sub>w</sub>: coefficient of friction

#### Sample calculation

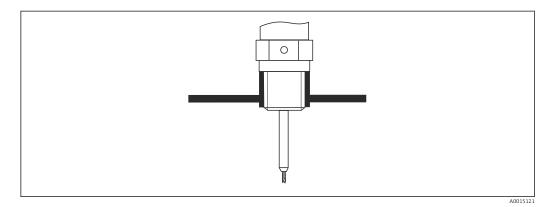
Coefficient of friction $\boldsymbol{c}_{w}$	0.9 (assuming turbulent flow - high Reynolds number)
Density ρ [kg/m <sup>3</sup> ]	1000 (e.g. water)
Probe diameter d [m]	0.008
$L = L_N$	(unfavorable conditions)



### 6.1.4 Information concerning the process connection

Probes are mounted on the process connection with threaded connections or flanges. If there is the danger with this installation that the probe end moves so much that it occasionally touches the vessel floor or cone, the probe may need to be shortened at the lower end and fixed in place.

#### Threaded connection



• Mounting with threaded connection; flush with the vessel ceiling

#### Sealing

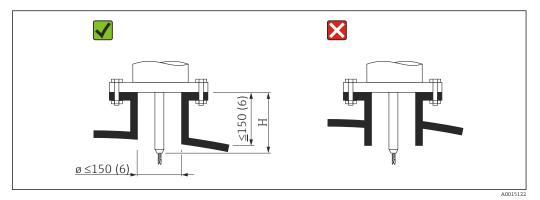
The thread and the type of seal comply with DIN3852 Part 2, screwed plug, form A.

The following types of sealing ring can be used:

For thread G¾": according to DIN7603 with dimensions 27 mm  $\,\times\,$  32 mm

Use a sealing ring according to this standard in form A, C or D and of a material that offers appropriate resistance for the application.

### Nozzle installation



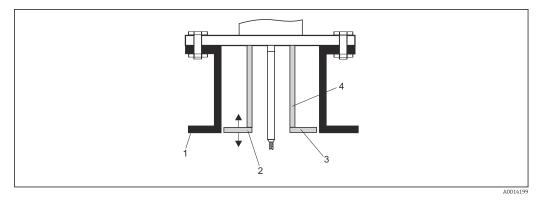
*H* Length of the centering rod or the rigid part of the rope probe

- Permissible nozzle diameter: ≤ 150 mm (6 in) For larger diameters, the near-range measuring capability may be reduced. For large nozzles, see the section "Mounting in nozzles ≥DN300"
- Permissible nozzle height:  $\leq 150 \text{ mm} (6 \text{ in})$ For larger heights, the near-range measuring capability may be reduced.
- The end of the nozzle should be flush with the tank ceiling in order to avoid ringing effects.

In thermally insulated vessels, the nozzle should also be insulated in order to prevent condensate formation.

#### Mounting in nozzles $\geq$ DN300

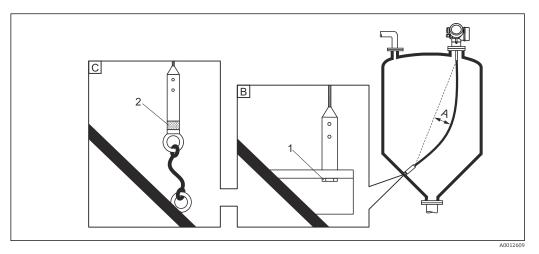
If installation in nozzles  $\geq$  300 mm (12 in) is unavoidable, installation must be carried out in accordance with the following diagram in order to avoid interference signals in the near range.



- *1 Lower edge of the nozzle*
- 2 Approximately flush with the lower edge of the nozzle ( $\pm 50 \text{ mm}$ )
- 3 Plate, nozzle Ø 300 mm (12 in) = plate Ø 280 mm (11 in); nozzle Ø  $\geq$  400 mm (16 in) = plate Ø  $\geq$  350 mm (14 in)
- 4 Pipe Ø 150 to 180 mm

## 6.1.5 Securing the probe

#### Securing rope probes

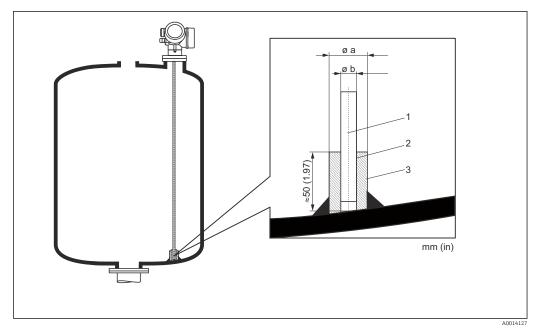


- A Sag:  $\geq 10 \text{ mm/m} (0.12 \text{ in/ft})$  probe length
- B Reliably grounded end of probe
- C Reliably insulated end of probe
- 1 Fastener in female thread of probe weight
- 2 Insulated fastening kit
- The end of the rope probe must be secured or fixed down under the following conditions: If the probe temporarily comes into contact with the vessel wall, the cone, internal fittings/beams or another part of the installation
- A female thread is provided in the probe weight to secure the end of the probe: Rope 4 mm (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>6</sub> in), 316: M 14
- When fixed down, the end of the probe must be reliably grounded or reliably insulated. If it is not otherwise possible to secure the probe with a reliably insulated connection, use the insulated fastening kit.
- If the end of the probe is fixed down and grounded, the search for a positive end-ofprobe signal must be activated. Otherwise automatic probe length correction is not possible.

Navigation: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  EOP evaluation  $\rightarrow$  EOP search mode Setting: **Positive EOP** option

### Securing rod probes

- In the case of WHG approval: a support is required for probe lengths  $\geq$  3 m (10 ft).
- In general, rod probes must be secured in the event of horizontal flow (e.g. from an agitator) or strong vibrations.
- Only secure rod probes directly at the end of the probe.



- 1 Probe rod
- 2 Sleeve with narrow bore to ensure electrical contact between the sleeve and the rod.
- *3* Short metal pipe, e.g. welded in place

#### Probe Ø 8 mm (0.31 in)

- a < Ø 14 mm (0.55 in)
- b = Ø 8.5 mm (0.34 in)

### NOTICE

#### Poor grounding of the probe end may cause incorrect measurements.

 Use a sleeve with a narrow bore to ensure good electrical contact between the sleeve and the probe rod.

### NOTICE

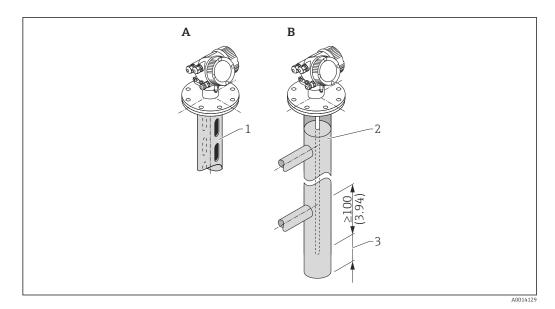
#### Welding can damage the main electronics module.

• Before welding: Ground the probe rod and remove the electronics.

## 6.1.6 Special installation situations

#### Bypasses and stilling wells

- The use of centering disks/stars/weights (available as accessories) is recommended in bypass and stilling well applications.
- Since the measuring signal permeates a large number of plastics, incorrect measurements can result when the device is installed in bypasses or stilling wells made of plastic. For this reason use a bypass or stilling well made of metal.

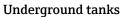


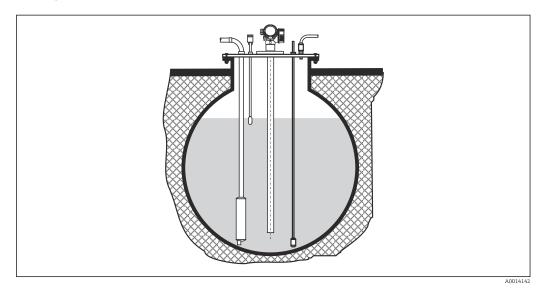
- 1 Mounting in stilling well
- 2 Mounting in bypass
- 3 Minimum distance between probe end and lower edge of bypass 10 mm (0.4 in)
- Pipe diameter: > 40 mm (1.6 in) (for rod probes).
- A rod probe can be installed in pipes with a diameter of up to 150 mm (6 in). The use of FMP51 with a coaxial probe is recommended for larger pipe diameters.
- Side outlets, holes, slots and welds with a maximum inward projection of 5 mm (0.2 in)
   do not affect the measurement.
- There should not be any changes in the diameter of the pipe.
- The probe must be 100 mm (4 in) longer than the lower outlet.
- The probes must not touch the pipe wall within the measuring range. Support or brace the probe if necessary. All rope probes are prepared for bracing in vessels (probe weight with anchor hole).
  - For bypasses with condensate formation (water) and a medium with a low relative permittivity (e.g. hydrocarbons):

Over time, the bypass fills with condensate up to the lower outlet. When levels are low, the level echo is masked by the echo of the condensate as a result. In this range, the level of the condensate is output and the correct value is only output when levels are higher. For this reason, ensure that the lower outlet is 100 mm (4 in) below the lowest level to be measured and fit a metal centering disk at the level of the lower edge of the lower outlet.

In thermally insulated vessels, the bypass should also be insulated in order to prevent condensate formation.

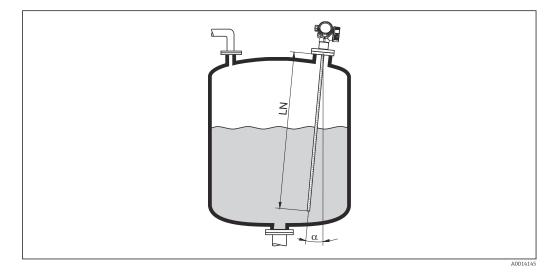
Assignment of centering disk/centering star/centering weight to the pipe diameter





In the case of nozzles with large diameters, use FMP51 with a coaxial probe to avoid reflections at the nozzle wall.

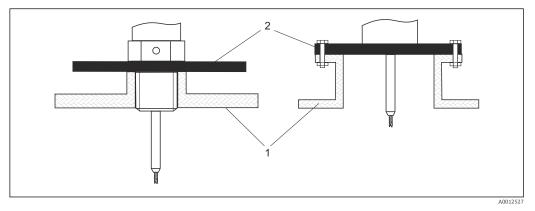
### Mounting at an angle



- For mechanical reasons, the probe should be installed as vertically as possible.
- If the probe is installed at an angle, the length of the probe must be reduced depending on the angle of installation.
  - α 5 °: LN<sub>max.</sub> 4 m (13.1 ft)

  - $\alpha$  10 °: LN<sub>max</sub> 2 m (6.6 ft)  $\alpha$  30 °: LN<sub>max</sub> 1 m (3.3 ft)

### Non-metal vessels



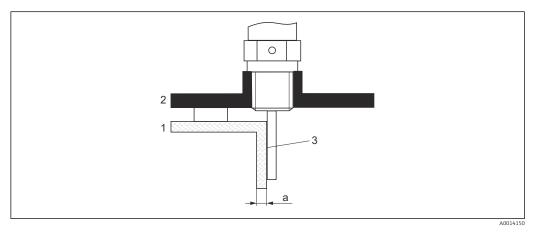
1 Non-metal vessel

2 Metal sheet or metal flange

To ensure good measurement results when mounting on non-metal vessels, at the process connection mount a metal sheet with a diameter of at least 200 mm (8 in) at a right angle to the probe.

### Plastic and glass vessels: Mounting the probe on the outside wall

In the case of plastic and glass vessels, the probe can also be mounted on the outside wall under certain conditions.



- 1 Plastic or glass vessel
- 2 Metal plate with screw-in sleeve
- 3 No space between vessel wall and probe!

#### Requirements

- Relative permittivity of medium:  $\epsilon_r > 7$
- Non-conductive vessel wall.
- Maximum wall thickness (a):
  - Plastic: < 15 mm (0.6 in)</li>
  - Glass: < 10 mm (0.4 in)</li>
- No metal reinforcements on the vessel

#### Note the following when mounting the device:

- Mount the probe directly on the tank wall without any clearance.
- To protect against interference with the measurement, fit a plastic half pipe with a minimum diameter of 200 mm (8 in) or a similar protective unit on the probe.
- If the vessel diameter is less than 300 mm (12 in): On the opposite side of the vessel, fit a grounding plate that is conductively connected to the process connection and covers around half of the vessel's circumference.
- If the vessel diameter is 300 mm (12 in) or higher:
   At the process connection, fit a metal plate with a diameter of at least 200 mm (8 in) at a right angle to the probe (see above).

#### Adjustment when mounting on the vessel exterior

When the probe is mounted on the outside of the vessel wall, the wave velocity of the signal is reduced. There are two ways to compensate for this.

#### Compensation via gas phase compensation factor

The effect of the dielectric wall is comparable to the effect of a dielectric gas phase and can therefore be corrected in the same way. The correction factor is calculated as the quotient of the actual probe length LN and the probe length measured when the vessel is empty.

- The device determines the position of the end-of-probe signal in the differential curve. Therefore, the value of the measured probe length depends on the mapping curve. In order to obtain a more accurate value, it is advisable to determine the measured probe length manually using the envelope curve display in FieldCare.
- **1.** Parameter Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Gas phase compensation  $\rightarrow$  GPC mode
  - ← Select **Const. GPC factor** option.
- **2.** Parameter Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Gas phase compensation  $\rightarrow$  Const. GPC factor
  - └ Quotient: Enter "(actual probe length)/(measured probe length)".

#### Compensation via the calibration parameters

If it is necessary to actually compensate for a gas phase, the gas phase compensation function is not available for the correction of external mounting. In this case, the calibration parameters (**Empty calibration** and **Full calibration**) must be adjusted. In addition, a value that is greater than the actual probe length must be entered in the **Present probe length** parameter. In all three cases, the correction factor is the quotient of the probe length measured when the vessel is empty and the actual probe LN.

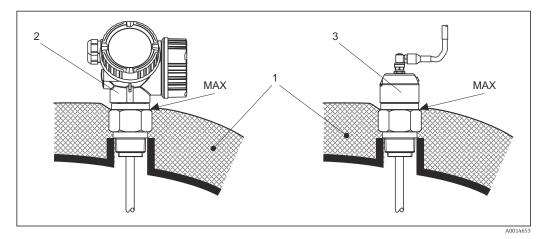
The device searches for the end-of-probe signal in the differential curve. Therefore, the value of the measured probe length depends on the mapping curve. In order to obtain a more accurate value, it is advisable to determine the measured probe length manually using the envelope curve display in FieldCare.

#### 1. Parameter Setup $\rightarrow$ Empty calibration

- └→ Increase the parameter value by the factor "(measured probe length)/(actual probe length)".
- 2. Parameter Setup  $\rightarrow$  Full calibration
  - Increase the parameter value by the factor "(measured probe length)/(actual probe length)".
- Parameter Setup → Advanced setup → Probe settings → Probe length correction
   → Confirm probe length
  - └ Select **Manual input** option.
- Parameter Setup → Advanced setup → Probe settings → Probe length correction
   → Present probe length
  - ← Enter the measured probe length.

### Vessel with thermal insulation

If process temperatures are high, the device must be included in normal vessel insulation (1) in order to prevent the electronics heating up as a result of thermal radiation or convection. The insulation may not go beyond the points labeled "MAX" in the drawings.



- ☑ 5 Process connection with thread
- 1 Vessel insulation
- 2 Compact device
- 3 Sensor, remote

## 6.2 Mounting the device

## 6.2.1 Tool list



- To shorten rope probes: use a saw or bolt cutters.
- To shorten rod or coaxial probes: use a saw.
- For flanges and other process connections: use an appropriate mounting tool.

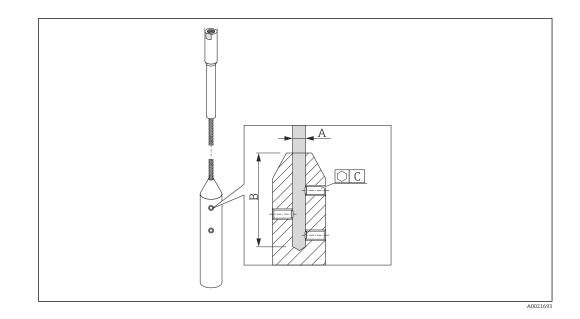
## 6.2.2 Shortening the probe

#### Shortening rod probes

Rod probes must be shortened if the distance to the vessel floor or outlet cone is less than 10 mm (0.4 in). To shorten, saw off the bottom end of the rod probe.

### Shortening rope probes

Rope probes must be shortened if the distance to the vessel floor or outlet cone is less than 150 mm (6 in).



#### Rope material 316

- A:
  - 4 mm (0.16 in)
- B:
- 40 mm (1.6 in)
- C:

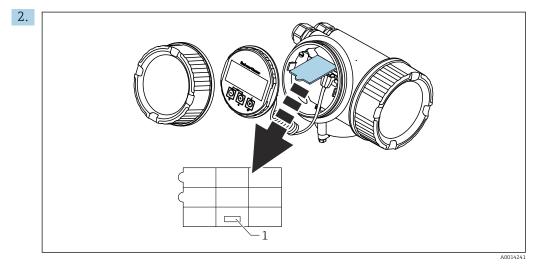
3 mm; 5 Nm (3.69 lbf ft)

- 1. Using an Allen key, loosen the set screws on the rope weight. Note: The setscrews have a clamping coating in order to prevent them from becoming loose accidentally. A higher torque is therefore required to loosen the screws.
- 2. Remove the released rope from the weight.
- 3. Measure off the new rope length.
- 4. At the point to be shortened, wrap adhesive tape around the rope to prevent it from fraying.
- 5. Saw off the rope at a right angle or cut it off with a bolt cutter.
- 6. Insert the rope completely into the weight.
- 7. Screw the setscrews back into place. Due to the clamping coating of the setscrews, it is not necessary to apply a locking compound.

### Entering the new probe length

After shortening the probe:

**1.** Switch to the **Probe settings** submenu and perform a probe length correction.

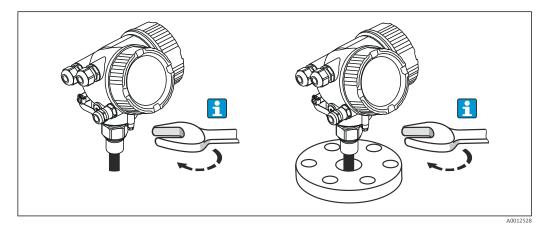


*1 Field for the new probe length* 

For documentation purposes, enter the new probe length into the quick reference guide which can be found in the electronics housing behind the display module.

## 6.2.3 Mounting the device

#### Mounting devices with a threaded connection



Screw the device with the threaded connection into a sleeve or flange and then secure it to the process vessel via the sleeve/flange.

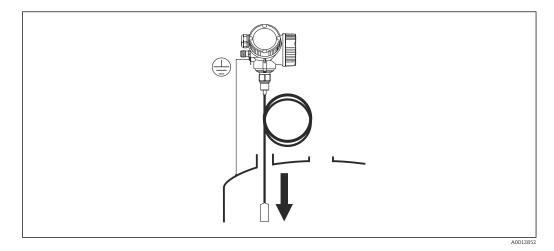
- When screwing into place, turn by the hex bolt only:
  - Thread ¾": 💕 36 mm
  - Thread 1½": 💅 55 mm
  - Maximum permissible tightening torque:
    - Thread <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>": 45 Nm
    - Thread 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>": 450 Nm
  - Recommended torque when using the supplied aramid fiber seal and
    - 40 bar (580 psi) pressure (FMP51 only; no seal is supplied for FMP54):
    - Thread ¾": 25 Nm
    - Thread 1½": 140 Nm
  - When installing in metal vessels, ensure there is good metal contact between the process connection and the vessel.

### Mounting rope probes

#### NOTICE

Electrostatic discharge can damage the electronics.

► Ground the housing before lowering the rope probe into the vessel.



Pay attention to the following when introducing the rope probe into the vessel:

- Uncoil the rope slowly and lower it carefully into the vessel.
- Make sure the rope does not bend or buckle.
- Avoid uncontrolled swinging of the weight, as this could damage internal fittings in the vessel.

## 6.2.4 Mounting the "Sensor, remote" version

This section only applies for devices with the version "Probe design" = "Sensor, remote" (feature 600, version MB/MC/MD).

The following is included in the delivery with the version "Probe design" = "Remote":

- The probe with process connection
- The electronics housing
- The mounting bracket for mounting the electronics housing on a wall or post
- The connection cable (length as ordered). The cable has one straight plug and one angled at 90°. Depending on the local conditions the angled plug can be connected at the probe or at the electronics housing.

### **A**CAUTION

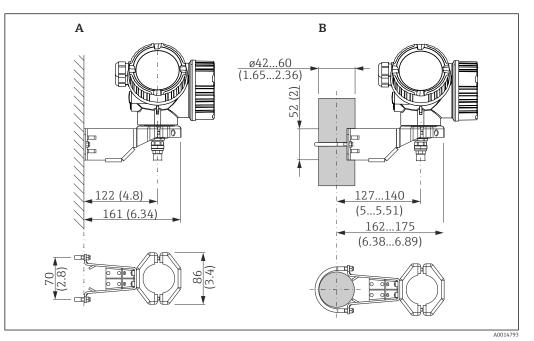
## Mechanical stress can damage the plugs of the connection cable or cause them to become loose.

- Mount the probe and the electronics housing securely before connecting the connecting cable.
- ► Lay the connecting cable in such a way that it is not exposed to mechanical stress. Minimum bending radius: 100 mm (4 in).
- ▶ When connecting the cable, connect the straight plug before you connect the angled plug. Torque for the union nuts of both plugs: 6 Nm.

The probe, electronics and connection cable are mutually compatible and bear a common serial number. Only components with the same serial number may be connected to one another.

In the event of strong vibrations, a locking compound, e.g. Loctite 243, can also be used on the plug-in connectors.

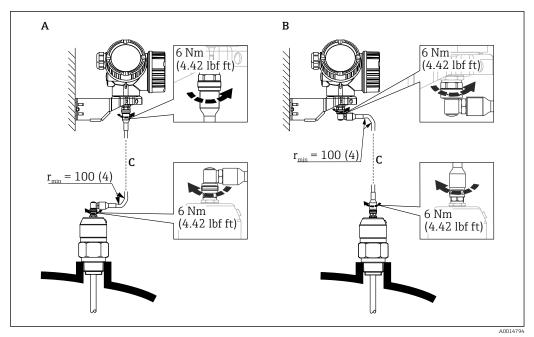
### Mounting the electronics housing



- Mounting the electronics housing with the mounting bracket. Unit of measurement mm (in)
- A Wall mounting
- B Post mounting

### Connecting the connecting cable

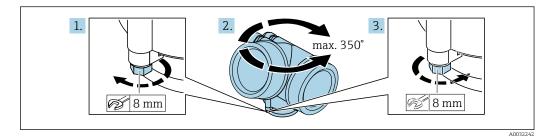




- Image: Connecting the connecting cable. The cable can be connected in the following ways:. Unit of measurement mm (in)
- A Angled plug at the probe
- B Angled plug at the electronics housing
- C Length of the remote cable as ordered

## 6.2.5 Turning the transmitter housing

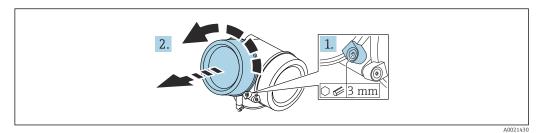
To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned:



- **1.** Unscrew the securing screw using an open-ended wrench.
- 2. Rotate the housing in the desired direction.
- 3. Tighten the securing screw (1.5 Nm for plastic housings; 2.5 Nm for aluminum or stainless steel housing).

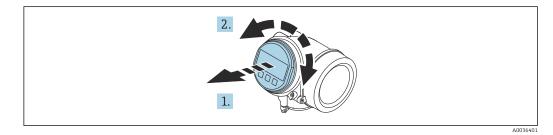
## 6.2.6 Turning the display

### Opening the cover



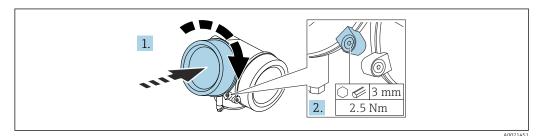
- 1. Loosen the screw of the securing clamp of the electronics compartment cover using an Allen key (3 mm) and turn the clamp 90 ° counterclockwise.
- **2.** Unscrew the electronics compartment cover and check the cover seal; replace it if necessary.

### Turning the display module



- 1. Pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement.
- **2.** Turn the display module to the desired position: Max.  $8 \times 45^{\circ}$  in each direction.
- **3.** Feed the coiled cable into the gap between the housing and main electronics module and plug the display module into the electronics compartment until it engages.

### Closing the cover of the electronics compartment



- 1. Screw down the cover of the electronics compartment.
- 2. Turn the securing clamp 90° in the clockwise direction and, using an Allen key (3 mm), tighten the screw of the securing clamp on the electronics compartment cover with 2.5 Nm.

## 6.3 Post-mounting check

- □ Is the device free from damage (visual inspection)?
- □ Are the measuring point identification and labeling correct (visual inspection)?

- □ Is the measuring device protected against precipitation and sunlight?
- □ Are the securing screws and cover lock tightened securely?

□ Does the measuring device comply with the measuring point specifications? For example:

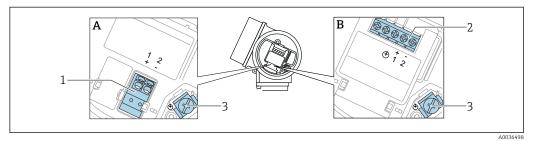
- Process temperature
- D Process pressure
- 🗆 Ambient temperature
- □ Measuring range

## 7 Electrical connection

## 7.1 Connecting requirements

## 7.1.1 Terminal assignment

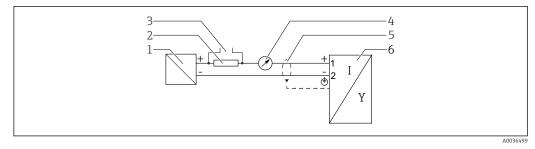
### Terminal assignment, 2-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART



🗷 8 Terminal assignment, 2-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART

- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- *B* With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Connection 4 to 20 mA, HART passive: terminals 1 and 2, without integrated overvoltage protection
- 2 Connection 4 to 20 mA, HART passive: terminals 1 and 2, with integrated overvoltage protection
- 3 Terminal for cable shield

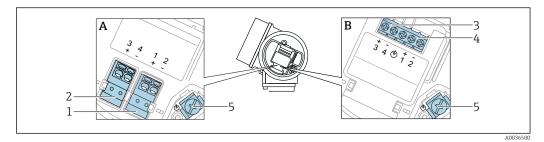
#### Function diagram of 4 to 20 mA HART



#### 9 Function diagram of 4 to 20 mA HART

- 1 Active barrier for power supply; observe terminal voltage.
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 *Cable screen; observe cable specification*
- 6 Measuring instrument

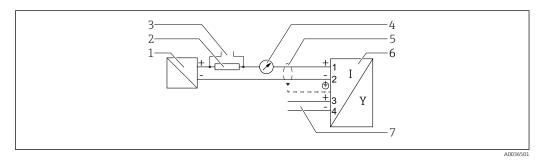
### Terminal assignment, 2-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART, switch output



■ 10 Terminal assignment, 2-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART, switch output

- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- *B* With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Connection 4 to 20 mA, HART passive: terminals 1 and 2, without integrated overvoltage protection
- 2 Connection, switch output (open collector): terminals 3 and 4, without integrated overvoltage protection
- 3 Connection, switch output (open collector): terminals 3 and 4, with integrated overvoltage protection
- 4 Connection 4 to 20 mA, HART passive: terminals 1 and 2, with integrated overvoltage protection
- 5 Terminal for cable shield

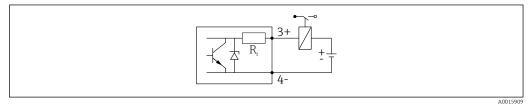
#### Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART, switch output



I1 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART, switch output

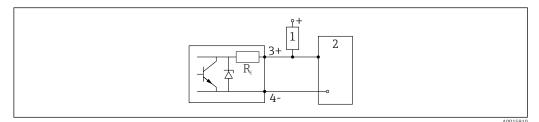
- 1 Active barrier for power supply; observe terminal voltage.
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load.
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 Measuring instrument
- 7 Switch output (open collector)

#### Connection example of relay



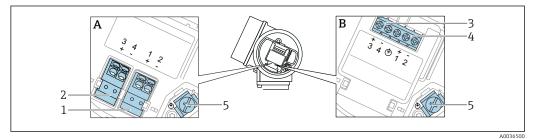
#### I2 Connection example of relay

## Connection example for the digital input



- 13 Connection example for the digital input
- 1 Pull-up resistor
- 2 Digital input

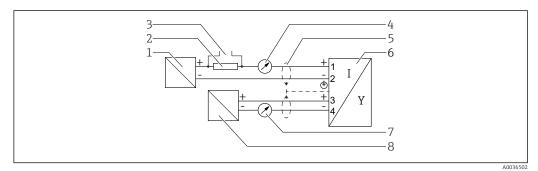
#### Terminal assignment, 2-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART, 4 to 20 mA



🖻 14 Terminal assignment, 2-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART, 4 to 20 mA

- A Without integrated overvoltage protection
- *B* With integrated overvoltage protection
- 1 Connection current output 1, 4 to 20 mA HART passive: terminals 1 and 2, without integrated overvoltage protection
- 2 Connection current output 2, 4 to 20 mA: terminals 3 and 4, without integrated overvoltage protection
- 3 Connection current output 2, 4 to 20 mA: terminals 3 and 4, with integrated overvoltage protection
- 4 Connection current output 1, 4 to 20 mA HART passive: terminals 1 and 2, with integrated overvoltage protection
- 5 Terminal for cable shield

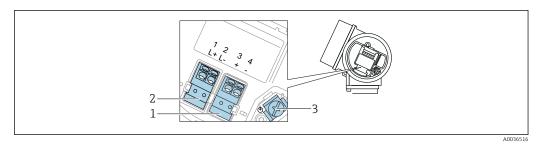
## Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog



I5 Function diagram 4 to 20 mA HART + 4 to 20 mA analog

- 1 Active barrier for power supply, current output 1; observe terminal voltage.
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load.
- *3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)*
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 *Cable screen; observe cable specification*
- 6 Measuring instrument
- 7 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 8 Active barrier for power supply, current output 2; observe terminal voltage.

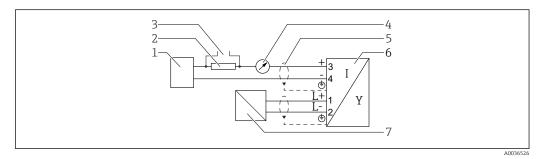
## Terminal assignment, 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (10.4 to 48 $V_{DC}$ )



■ 16 Terminal assignment, 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (10.4 to 48 V<sub>DC</sub>)

- 1 Connection 4 to 20 mA HART (active): terminals 3 and 4
- 2 Power supply connection: terminals 1 and 2
- 3 Terminal for cable shield

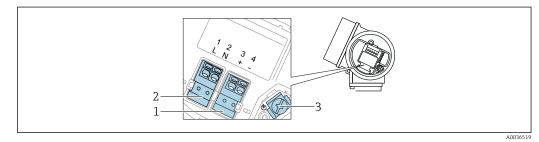
## Function diagram 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (10.4 to $48 V_{DC}$ )



 $\blacksquare$  17 Function diagram 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (10.4 to 48 V<sub>DC</sub>)

- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- *2* Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 Device
- 7 Supply voltage; observe terminal voltage, observe cable specification

## Terminal assignment, 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (90 to 253 $V_{AC}$ )



■ 18 Terminal assignment, 4-wire: 4 to 20 mAHART (90 to 253 V<sub>AC</sub>)

- 1 Connection 4 to 20 mA HART (active): terminals 3 and 4
- 2 Power supply connection: terminals 1 and 2
- 3 Terminal for cable shield

## 

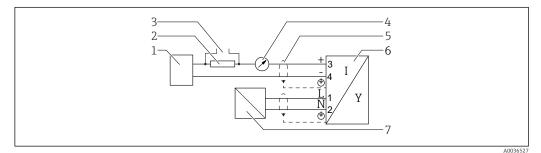
#### To ensure electrical safety:

- ► Do not disconnect the protective ground connection.
- Disconnect the device from the supply voltage before disconnecting the protective ground.

Connect protective ground to the inner ground terminal (3) before connecting the power supply. If necessary, connect the potential matching line to the outer ground terminal.

- In order to ensure electromagnetic compatibility (EMC): do **not** ground the device exclusively via the protective ground conductor of the supply cable. Instead, the functional grounding must also be connected to the process connection (flange or threaded connection) or to the external ground terminal.
- An easily accessible power switch must be installed in the proximity of the device. The switch must be marked as a disconnector for the device (61010IEC/).

#### Function diagram 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (90 to 253 V<sub>AC</sub>)



 $\blacksquare$  19 Function diagram 4-wire: 4 to 20 mA HART (90 to 253  $V_{AC}$ )

- 1 Evaluation unit, e.g. PLC
- 2 Resistor for HART communication ( $\geq 250 \Omega$ ); observe maximum load
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 or FieldXpert (via VIATOR Bluetooth modem)
- 4 Analog display unit; observe maximum load
- 5 Cable screen; observe cable specification
- 6 Device
- 7 Supply voltage; observe terminal voltage, observe cable specification

## 7.1.2 Cable specification

Devices without integrated overvoltage protection

Pluggable spring-force terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG) **Devices with integrated overvoltage protection** 

Screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)

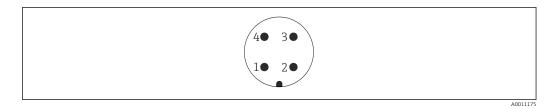
• For ambient temperature  $T_U \ge 60 \degree C (140 \degree F)$ : use cable for temperature  $T_U + 20 \text{ K}$ .

#### HART

- A normal device cable suffices if only the analog signal is used.
- A shielded cable is recommended if using the HART protocol. Observe grounding concept of the plant.
- For 4-wire devices: Standard device cable is sufficient for the power line.

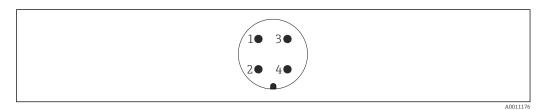
## 7.1.3 Device plug

In the case of the device versions with a plug, the housing does not need to be opened to connect the signal cable.



■ 20 Pin assignment of M12 plug

- 1 Signal +
- Not assigned Signal -2
- 3
- 4 Ground



■ 21 Pin assignment of 7/8" plug

- 1
- 2 3
- Signal -Signal + Not assigned Shielding
- 4

## 7.1.4 Supply voltage

## 2-wire, 4-20mA HART, passive

#### 2-wire; 4-20mA HART<sup>1)</sup>

"Approval" <sup>2)</sup>	Terminal voltage U at device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage $U_0$ of the power supply unit
<ul> <li>Non-hazardous</li> <li>Ex nA</li> <li>Ex ic</li> <li>CSA GP</li> </ul>	11.5 to 35 V <sup>3) 4)</sup>	R [Ω] 500
Ex ia / IS	11.5 to 30 V <sup>4)</sup>	0 10 10 11.5 22.5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
<ul> <li>Ex d / XP</li> <li>Ex ic[ia]</li> <li>Ex tD / DIP</li> </ul>	13.5 to 30 V <sup>4) 5)</sup>	$ \begin{array}{c} R \left[\Omega\right] \\ 500 \\ 0 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 13.5 \\ 24.5 \\ \end{array}  U_0 \left[V\right] $
		A0034969

1) Feature 020 in the product structure: option A

2) Feature 010 in the product structure

- 3) At ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -30$  °C, a terminal voltage U  $\ge 14$  V is required to start the device with the minimum failure current (3.6 mA). At ambient temperatures  $T_a > 60$  °C, a terminal voltage U  $\ge 12$  V is required to start the device with the minimum failure current (3.6 mA). The start-up current can be configured. If the device is operated with a fixed current I  $\ge 4.5$  mA (HART Multidrop mode), a voltage U  $\ge 11.5$  V in the entire ambient temperature range suffices.
- 4) If the Bluetooth module is used, the minimum supply voltage increases by 2 V.
- 5) At ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -30$  °C, a terminal voltage U  $\ge 16$  V is required to start the device with the minimum failure current (3.6 mA).

"Approval" <sup>2)</sup>	Terminal voltage U at device	Maximum load R, depending on the supply voltage $\mathbf{U}_0$ of the power supply unit
<ul> <li>Non-hazardous</li> <li>Ex nA</li> <li>Ex nA(ia)</li> <li>Ex ic</li> <li>Ex ic[ia]</li> <li>Ex d[ia] / XP</li> <li>Ex ta / DIP</li> <li>CSA GP</li> </ul>	13.5 to 35 V <sup>3) 4)</sup>	R [Ω] 500
<ul> <li>Ex ia / IS</li> <li>Ex ia + Ex d[ia] / IS + XP</li> </ul>	13.5 to 30 V <sup>3) 4)</sup>	0 10 10 13.5 24.5 35 U <sub>0</sub> [V] A0034971

## 2-wire; 4-20 mA HART, switch output <sup>1)</sup>

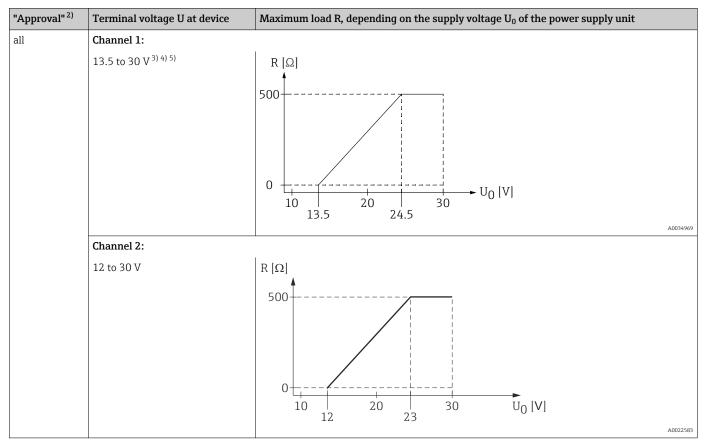
1) Feature 020 in the product structure: option B

2) Feature 010 in the product structure

3) At ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -30$  °C, a terminal voltage U  $\ge 16$  V is required to start the device with the minimum failure current (3.6 mA).

4) If the Bluetooth module is used, the minimum supply voltage increases by 2 V.

## 2-wire; 4-20mA HART, 4-20mA<sup>1)</sup>



1) Feature 020 in the product structure: option C  $\,$ 

2) Feature 010 in the product structure

3) At ambient temperatures  $T_a \le -30$  °C, a terminal voltage U  $\ge 16$  V is required to start the device with the minimum failure current (3.6 mA).

4) At ambient temperatures T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  -40 °C, the maximum terminal voltage must be limited to U  $\leq$  28 V.

5) If the Bluetooth module is used, the minimum supply voltage increases by 2 V.

Integrated polarity reversal protection	Yes
Permitted residual ripple with $f = 0$ to 100 Hz	U <sub>SS</sub> < 1 V
Permitted residual ripple with $f = 100$ to $10000$ Hz	U <sub>SS</sub> < 10 mV

## 4-wire, 4-20mA HART, active

"Power supply; output" <sup>1)</sup>	Terminal voltage U	Maximum load R <sub>max</sub>
K: 4-wire 90-253VAC; 4-20mA HART	90 to 253 $V_{\text{AC}}$ (50 to 60 Hz), overvoltage category II	500 Ω
L: 4-wire 10.4-48VDC; 4-20mA HART	10.4 to 48 $V_{\text{DC}}$	

1) Feature 020 in the product structure

## 7.1.5 Overvoltage protection

If the device is intended to be used for level measurement of flammable liquids which requires overvoltage protection in accordance with DIN EN 60079-14, test standard 60060-1 (10 kA, pulse  $\frac{8}{20}$  µs): use the overvoltage protection module.

## Integrated overvoltage protection module

An integrated overvoltage protection module is available for the HART 2-wire devices as well as for PROFIBUS PA and FOUNDATION Fieldbus.

Product structure: Feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection".

Resistance per channel	Maximum 2 × 0.5 $\Omega$
DC sparkover voltage	400 to 700 V
Trip surge voltage	< 800 V
Capacity at 1 MHz	< 1.5 pF
Nominal discharge current (8/20 µs)	10 kA

#### External overvoltage protection module

The HAW562 or HAW569 for example from Endress+Hauser are suitable options for external overvoltage protection.

More information is provided in the following documents:

- HAW562: TI01012K
- HAW569: TI01013K

## 7.2 Connecting the device

## **WARNING**

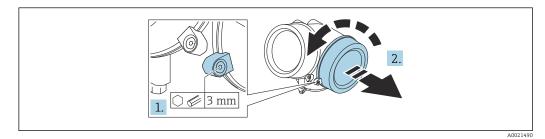
#### Explosion hazard!

- Comply with applicable national standards.
- Comply with the specifications in the Safety Instructions (XA).
- ► Use specified cable glands only.
- Check to ensure that the power supply matches the information on the nameplate.
- Switch off the power supply before connecting the device.
- Connect the potential matching line to the outer ground terminal before applying the power supply.

#### Required tools/accessories:

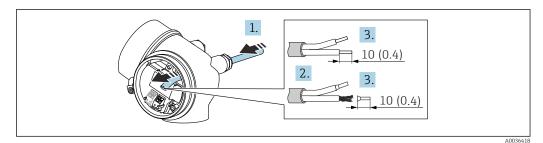
- For devices with a cover lock: Allen key AF3
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: One ferrule for every wire to be connected.

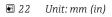
## 7.2.1 Opening cover



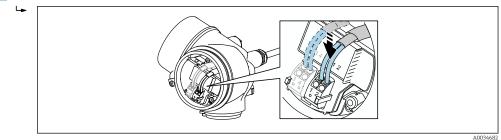
- 1. Loosen the screw of the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover using an Allen key (3 mm) and turn the clamp 90° counterclockwise.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover and check the cover seal; replace it if necessary.

## 7.2.2 Connecting





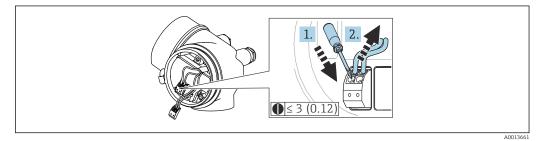
- **1.** Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 2. Remove the cable sheath.
- 3. Strip the cable ends 10 mm (0.4 in). In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- **5.** Connect the cable according to the terminal assignment.



6. If using shielded cables: Connect the cable shield to the ground terminal.

## 7.2.3 Plug-in spring-force terminals

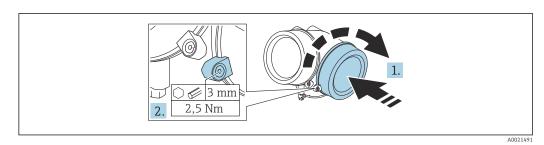
The electrical connection of device versions without an integrated overvoltage protection is via plug-in spring-force terminals. Rigid conductors or flexible conductors with ferrules can be inserted directly into the terminal without using the lever, and create a contact automatically.



🖻 23 Unit: mm (in)

To remove the cable from the terminal again:

- 1. Use a flat-blade screwdriver  $\leq$  3 mm (0.12 in) to press down on the slot between the two terminal holes.
- 2. Simultaneously pull the cable end out of the terminal.



## 7.2.4 Closing the cover of the connection compartment

1. Screw down the cover of the connection compartment.

2. Turn the securing clamp 90 ° in the clockwise direction and, using an Allen key (3 mm), tighten the screw of the securing clamp on the connection compartment cover with 2.5 Nm.

## 7.3 Post-connection check

□ Is the device or cable undamaged (visual inspection)?

□ Do the cables used comply with the requirements?

Do the mounted cables have adequate strain relief?

□Are all the cable glands installed, firmly tightened and leak-tight?

Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the nameplate?

□ Is the terminal assignment correct?

□If necessary, has a protective ground connection been established?

 $\Box$  If supply voltage is present, is the device ready for operation and do values appear on the display module?

□ Are all the housing covers installed and tightened?

□ Is the securing clamp firmly tightened?

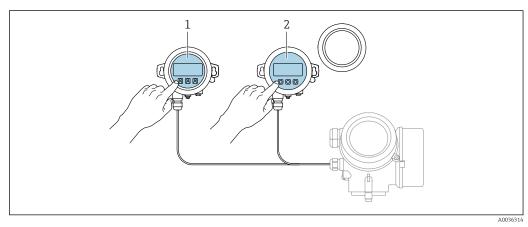
# 8 Operation options

## 8.1 Overview of operation options

## 8.1.1 Access to operating menu via local display

Operation with	Pushbuttons	Touch control
Order code for "Display; operation"	Option <b>C</b> "SD02"	Option E "SD03"
Display elements	4-line display	4-line display White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
	Format for displaying measured variables and sta	atus variables can be individually configured
	Permitted ambient temperature for the display: -20 to +70 °C (-4 to +158 °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.	
Operating elements	Onsite operation with 3 pushbuttons (±, □, 匡) External operation via touch control; 3 optical keys: ±, □, 匡	
	Operating elements also accessible in various hazardous areas	
Additional functionality	Inctionality         Data backup function           The device configuration can be saved in the display module.	
	Data comparison function The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration. Data transfer function The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.	

## Operation with remote display and operating module FHX50

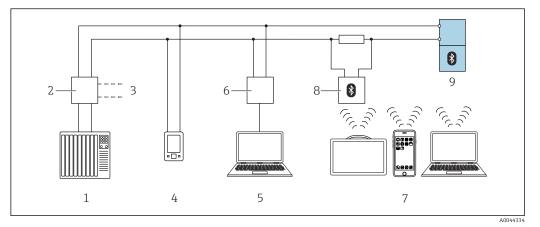


■ 24 FHX50 operating options

- 1 Display and operating module SD03, optical keys; can be operated through the glass of the cover
- 2 Display and operating module SD02, push buttons; cover must be removed

## 8.1.2 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

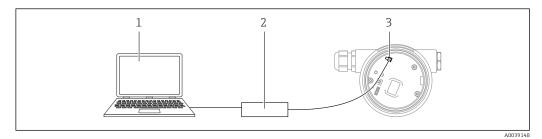
## Via HART protocol



■ 25 Options for remote operation via HART protocol

- *1 PLC (programmable logic controller)*
- 2 Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor)
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 and AMS Trex<sup>TM</sup> device communicator
- 4 AMS Trex<sup>TM</sup> device communicator
- 5 Computer with operating tool (e.g. DeviceCare/FieldCare , AMS Device View, SIMATIC PDM)
- 6 Commubox FXA195 (USB)
- 7 Field Xpert SMT70/SMT77, smartphone or computer with operating tool (e.g. DeviceCare/FieldCare , AMS Device View, SIMATIC PDM)
- 8 Bluetooth modem with connecting cable (e.g. VIATOR)
- 9 Transmitter

## Via service interface (CDI)



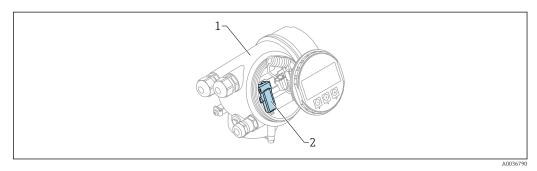
1 Computer with FieldCare/DeviceCare operating tool

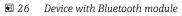
2 Commubox

3 Service interface (CDI) of the measuring instrument (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface)

## Operation via Bluetooth® wireless technology

#### Requirements



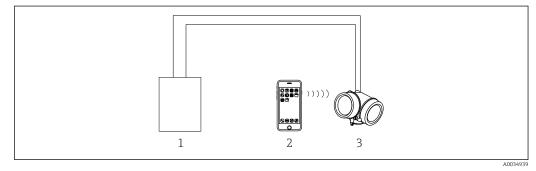


- 1 Electronics housing of the device
- 2 Bluetooth module

This operation option is only available for devices with Bluetooth module. There are the following options:

- The device has been ordered with a Bluetooth module: Feature 610 "Accessory Mounted", option NF "Bluetooth"
- The Bluetooth module has been ordered as an accessory (ordering number: 71377355) and has been mounted. See Special Documentation SD02252F.

Operation via SmartBlue (app)



27 Operation via SmartBlue (app)

- 1 Transmitter power supply unit
- 2 Smartphone / tablet with SmartBlue (app)
- *3 Transmitter with Bluetooth module*

# 8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

## 8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

Menu	Submenu / parameter	Meaning
	Language <sup>1)</sup>	Defines the operating language of the local display
Commissioning <sup>2)</sup>		Launches the interactive wizard for guided commissioning. Additional settings generally do not need to be made in the other menus when the wizard is finished.

Menu	Submenu / parameter	Meaning
Setup	Parameter 1  Parameter N	Once values have been set for these parameters, the measurement should usually be fully configured.
	Advanced setup	<ul> <li>Contains additional submenus and parameters:</li> <li>For more accurate configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions).</li> <li>For converting the measured value (scaling, linearization).</li> <li>For scaling the output signal.</li> </ul>
Diagnostics	Diagnostic list	Contains up to 5 currently active error messages.
	Event logbook 3)	Contains the last 20 messages (which are no longer active).
	Device information	Contains information for identifying the device.
	Measured values	Contains all current measured values.
	Data logging	Contains the history of the individual measured values
	Simulation	Is used to simulate measured values or output values.
	Device check	Contains all parameters needed to check the measurement capability of the device.
	Heartbeat <sup>4)</sup>	Contains all the wizards for the <b>Heartbeat</b> <b>Verification</b> and <b>Heartbeat Monitoring</b> application packages.
<b>Expert</b> <sup>5)</sup> Contains all the parameters of the device (including those already contained in one of the other menus). This menu is organized	System	Contains all higher-level device parameters that do not affect measurement or measured value communication.
according to the function blocks of the device.	Sensor	Contains all parameters for configuring the measurement.
The parameters of the Expert menu are described in: GP01000F (HART)	Output	<ul> <li>Contains all parameters for configuring the analog current output.</li> <li>Contains all parameters to configure the switch output (PFS)</li> </ul>
	Communication	Contains all parameters needed to configure the digital communication interface.
	Diagnostics	Contains all parameters needed to detect and analyze operational errors.

1) If you are operating via operating tools (e.g. FieldCare), the "Language" parameter is located under "Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display"

- 2) Only if operating via an FDT/DTM system
- 3) Only available if operating via the local display
- 4) Only available if operating via DeviceCare or FieldCare
- 5) When you call up the "Expert" menu, you are always asked for an access code. If a customer-specific access code has not been defined, "0000" must be entered.

## 8.2.2 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles **Operator** and **Maintenance** have different write access to the parameters if a device-specific access code has been defined. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access  $\rightarrow \square 50$ .

Access authorization to parameters

User role	Read access		Write access	
	Without access code (from the factory)	With access code	Without access code (from the factory)	With access code
Operator	V	V	V	
Maintenance	V	V	V	V

If an incorrect access code is entered, the user obtains the access rights of the **Operator** role.

The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access status display** parameter (if operating via the local display) or the **Access status tooling** parameter (if operating via an operating tool).

## 8.2.3 Data access - Security

#### Write protection via access code

Using the device-specific access code, the parameters for the measuring instrument configuration are write-protected and their values can no longer be changed via local operation.

#### Defining the access code via the local display

- **1.** Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code  $\rightarrow$  Define access code
- 2. Define a max. 4-digit numeric code as an access code.
- Repeat the numeric code in the Confirm access code parameter to confirm it.

   → The 
   <sup>(a)</sup>-symbol appears in front of all write-protected parameters.

#### Defining the access code via operating tool (e.g. FieldCare)

- **1.** Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code
- 2. Define a max. 4-digit numeric code as an access code.
  - └ Write protection is active.

#### Parameters that can always be changed

The write protection does not include certain parameters that do not affect the measurement. Despite the defined access code, these parameters can always be modified even if the other parameters are locked.

The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view. If the user goes from the navigation and editing mode back to the measured value display mode, the device automatically locks the write-protected parameters after 60 s.

 If write access is activated via an access code, it can be only be deactivated again via this access code.

■ In the "Description of Device Parameters" documents, each write-protected parameter is identified with the @-symbol.

#### Disabling write protection via access code

If the 🖻 symbol appears in front of a parameter on the local display, the parameter is write-protected by a device-specific access code and its value cannot currently be changed via the local display.

The locking of the write access via local operation can be disabled by entering the devicespecific access code.

- 1. After you press E, the input prompt for the access code appears.
- 2. Enter the access code.
  - ➡ The B symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously writeprotected parameters are now re-enabled.

#### Deactivation of the write protection via access code

#### Via local display

**1.** Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code  $\rightarrow$  Define access code

#### 2. Enter **0000**.

- 3. Repeat **0000** in the **Confirm access code** parameter to confirm.
  - └ The write protection is deactivated. Parameters can be changed without entering an access code.

#### Via an operating tool (e.g. FieldCare)

**1.** Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code

#### 2. Enter **0000**.

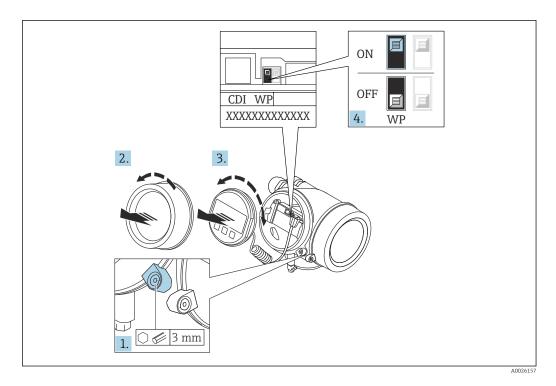
└ The write protection is deactivated. Parameters can be changed without entering an access code.

#### Write protection via write protection switch

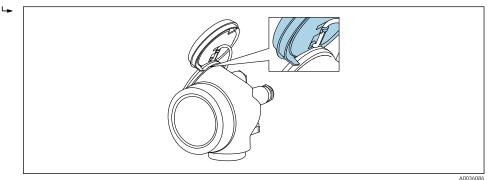
Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows the user to lock write access to the entire operating menu - apart from the **"Contrast display" parameter**.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception **"Contrast display" parameter**):

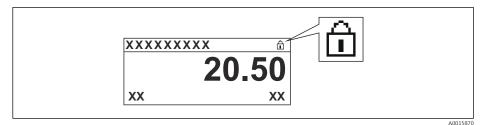
- Via local display
- Via service interface (CDI)
- Via HART protocol



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp.
- 2. Unscrew the electronics compartment cover.
- 3. Pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement. To make it easier to access the write protection switch, attach the display module to the edge of the electronics compartment.



- 4. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the ON position enables hardware write protection. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.
  - ╘╼ If the hardware write protection is enabled: The Hardware locked option is displayed in the Locking status parameter. In addition, on the local display the symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



If hardware write protection is disabled: No option is displayed in the Locking status parameter. On the local display, the 🖻 symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

- 5. Feed the cable into the gap between the housing and main electronics module and plug the display module into the electronics compartment in the desired direction until it engages.
- 6. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

#### Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

Access to the entire operating menu via local operation can be locked via the keypad lock. When access is locked, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

The keypad lock is switched on and off via a context menu.

Switching on the keypad lock

#### SD03 display module only

The keypad lock is switched on automatically:

- If the device has not been operated via the display for > 1 minute.
- Each time the device is restarted.

#### Switching on the keypad lock manually

1. The device is in the measured value display.

- Press E for at least 2 seconds.
- └ A context menu appears.
- 2. Select the **Keylock on** option in the context menu.
  - └ The keypad lock is switched on.



If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the message Keylock on appears.

Switching off the keypad lock

1. The keypad lock is switched on.

- Press E for at least 2 seconds.

2. Select the **Keylock off** option in the context menu.

└ The keypad lock is switched off.

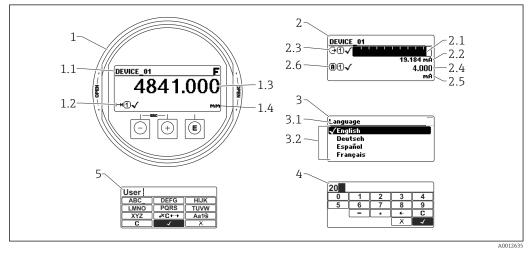
#### Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> wireless technology

Signal transmission via Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> wireless technology uses a cryptographic technique tested by the Fraunhofer Institute

- The device is not visible via *Bluetooth*® wireless technology without the SmartBlue app
- Only one point-to-point connection is established between one sensor and one smartphone or tablet

## 8.3 Display and operating module

## 8.3.1 Display format



28 Display format on the display and operating module

- 1 Measured value display (1 value max. size)
- 1.1 Header containing tag and error symbol (if an error is active)
- 1.2 Measured value symbols
- 1.3 Measured value
- 1.4 Unit
- 2 Measured value display (bar graph + 1 value)
- 2.1 Bargraph for measured value 1
- 2.2 Measured value 1 (including unit)
- 2.3 Measured value symbols for measured value 1
- 2.4 Measured value 2
- 2.5 Unit for measured value 2
- 2.6 Measured value symbols for measured value 2
- 3 Parameter display (here: parameter with drop-down list)
- 3.1 Header containing parameter name and error symbol (if an error is active)
- 3.2 Drop-down list;  $\blacksquare$  marks the current parameter value.
- 4 Input matrix for numbers
- 5 Input matrix for alphanumeric and special characters

## Display symbols for the submenus

Symbol	Meaning
A0018367	<ul> <li>Display/operat.</li> <li>Is displayed:</li> <li>In the main menu next to the "Display/operat." selection</li> <li>In the header on the left in the "Display/operat." menu</li> </ul>
<b>J</b> A0018364	<ul><li>Setup</li><li>Is displayed:</li><li>In the main menu next to the "Setup" selection</li><li>In the header on the left in the "Setup" menu</li></ul>
<b>ج</b> ۵۵018365	<ul><li>Expert</li><li>Is displayed:</li><li>In the main menu next to the "Expert" selection</li><li>In the header on the left in the "Expert" menu</li></ul>
A0018366	<ul> <li>Diagnostics</li> <li>Is displayed:</li> <li>In the main menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection</li> <li>In the header on the left in the "Diagnostics" menu</li> </ul>

## Status signals

Symbol	Meaning
A0032902	<b>"Failure"</b> A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
<b>C</b>	<b>"Function check"</b> The device is in the service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
<b>S</b> A0032904	<ul> <li>"Out of specification"</li> <li>The device is operated:</li> <li>Outside its technical specifications (e.g. during startup or cleaning)</li> <li>Outside the configuration performed by the user (e.g. level outside the configured range)</li> </ul>
M 40032905	<b>"Maintenance required"</b> Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.

## Display symbols for locking status

Symbol	Meaning
A0013148	<b>Read-only parameter</b> The parameter shown is only for display purposes and cannot be edited.
A0013150	<ul> <li>Device locked</li> <li>In front of a parameter name: The device is locked via software and/or hardware.</li> <li>In the header of the measured value screen: The device is locked via hardware.</li> </ul>

## Measured value symbols

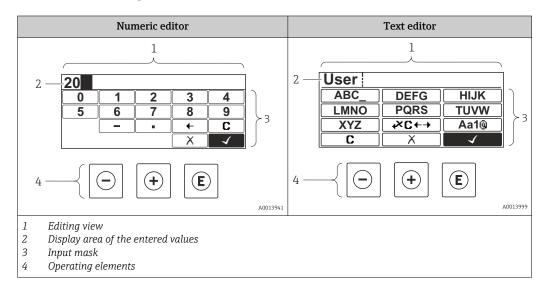
Symbol	Meaning			
Measured values				
~~	Level			
A0032892				
<b>→</b>	Distance			
( <del>)</del>	Current output			
A0032908				
A	Measured current			
A0032894				
V	Terminal voltage			
A0032895				
	Electronics or sensor temperature			
A0032896				
Measuring channels				
1	Measuring channel 1			
A0032897				
2	Measuring channel 2			
A0032898				
Status of the measure	d value			
A0018361	<b>"Alarm" status</b> Measurement is interrupted. The output assumes the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.			
A0018360	<b>"Warning" status</b> The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.			

# 8.3.2 Operating elements

Operating key	Meaning
	Minus key
—	<i>In a menu, submenu</i> Moves the selection bar upwards in a picklist.
A0018330	<i>In the text and numeric editor</i> In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the left (backwards).
	Plus key
+	<i>In a menu, submenu</i> Moves the selection bar downwards in a picklist.
A0018329	<i>In the text and numeric editor</i> In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the right (forwards).

Operating key	Meaning	
	Enter key	
	<ul><li>For measured value display</li><li>Pressing the key briefly opens the operating menu.</li><li>Pressing the key for 2 s opens the context menu.</li></ul>	
E 40018328	<ul> <li>In a menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly: Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s for parameter: If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>In the text and numeric editor</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly:</li> <li>Opens the selected group.</li> <li>Carries out the selected action.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s confirms the edited parameter value.</li> </ul>	
	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)	
-+++ A0032909	<ul> <li>In a menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly:</li> <li>Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level.</li> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the measured value display ("home position").</li> </ul>	
	<i>In the text and numeric editor</i> Closes the text or numeric editor without applying changes.	
–+F	Minus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously)	
A0032910	Reduces the contrast (brighter setting).	
+ E       Plus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously)         Increases the contrast (darker setting).		

## 8.3.3 Entering numbers and text



## Input mask

The following input and operating symbols are available in the input mask of the numeric and text editor:

#### Numeric editor

Symbol	Meaning
0	Selection of numbers from 0 to 9
<b>9</b> A0013998	
	Inserts decimal separator at the cursor position.
	Inserts minus sign at the cursor position.
A0013985	Confirms selection.
A0016621	Moves the input position one position to the left.
X A0013986	Exits the input without applying the changes.
<b>C</b>	Clears all entered characters.

## Text editor

Symbol	Meaning
ABC_	Selection of letters from A to Z
<b>XYZ</b>	
Aa1@	Toggle • Between upper-case and lower-case letters • For entering numbers • For entering special characters
A0013985	Confirms selection.
A0013987	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.
X A0013986	Exits the input without applying the changes.
Clears all entered characters.	

## *Text correction under* ⊮c↔

Symbol	Meaning
C 40032907	Clears all entered characters.
A0032307	Moves the input position one position to the right.

-	Moves the input position one position to the left.
A0018326	
**	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.
A0032906	

## 8.3.4 Opening the context menu

Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:

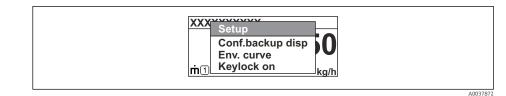
- Setup
- Conf. backup disp.
- Envelope curve
- Keylock on

#### Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

1. Press E for 2 s.

└ The context menu opens.



**2.** Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.

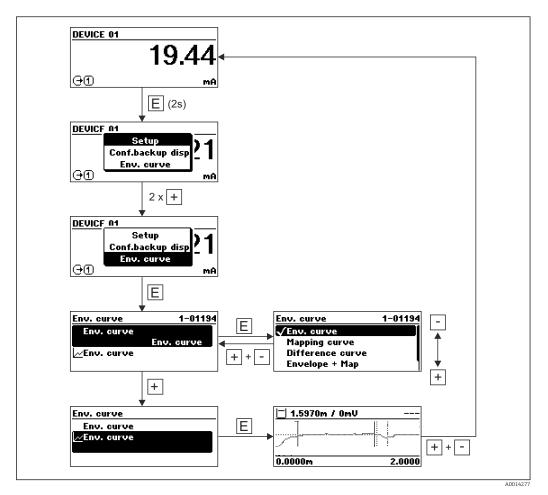
└ The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

#### Calling up the menu via the context menu

- 1. Open the context menu.
- **2.** Press  $\pm$  to navigate to the desired menu.
- 3. Press 🗉 to confirm the selection.
  - $\vdash$  The selected menu opens.

## 8.3.5 Envelope curve display on the display and operating module

In order to assess the measuring signal, the envelope curve and - if a mapping has been recorded - the mapping curve can be shown on the display and operating module:



#### System integration 9

#### Overview of the device description files 9.1

## HART

Manufacturer ID	0x11
Device type code	0x1122
HART specification	7.0
DD files	Information and files available at: • www.endress.com • www.fieldcommgroup.org

#### 9.2 Measured variables via HART protocol

The following measured values are assigned to the device variables at the factory:

Device variables for level measurement

Device variable	Measured value	
Primary variable (PV)	Level linearized	
Secondary variable (SV)	Unfiltered distance	
Tertiary variable (TV)	Absolute echo amplitude	
Quaternary variable (QV)	Relative echo amplitude	



The assignment of the measured values to the device variables can be changed in the following submenu:

Expert  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Output

# 10 Commissioning via SmartBlue (App)

# 10.1 Operation via Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> wireless technology (optional)

Prerequisite

- Device with device display including Bluetooth
- Smartphone or tablet with Endress+Hauser SmartBlue app or PC with DeviceCare from version 1.07.05 or FieldXpert SMT70

The connection has a range of up to 25 m (82 ft). The range can vary depending on environmental conditions such as attachments, walls or ceilings.

The operating keys on the display are locked as soon as the device is connected via Bluetooth.

A flashing Bluetooth symbol indicates that a Bluetooth connection is available.

## 🛐 Please note the following

- If the Bluetooth display is removed from one device and installed in another device:
- All the log-in data are only saved in the Bluetooth display and not in the device
- The password changed by the user is also saved in the Bluetooth display

## 10.1.1 Operation via SmartBlue App

The device can be operated and configured with the SmartBlue App.

- The SmartBlue App must be downloaded onto a mobile device for this purpose.
- For information on the compatibility of the SmartBlue App with mobile devices, see Apple App Store (iOS devices) or Google Play Store (Android devices).
- Incorrect operation by unauthorized persons is prevented by means of encrypted communication and password encryption.
- The Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> function can be deactivated after initial device setup.



29 QR code for free Endress+Hauser SmartBlue App

Download and installation:

- 1. Scan the QR code or enter **SmartBlue** in the search field of the Apple App Store (iOS) or Google Play Store (Android).
- 2. Install and start the SmartBlue App.
- **3.** For Android devices: enable location tracking (GPS) (not required for iOS devices).

4. Select a device that is ready to receive from the device list displayed.

Login:

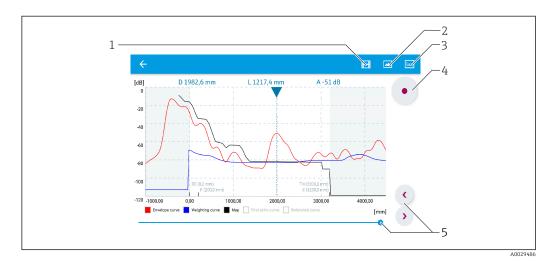
- 1. Enter the user name: admin
- 2. Enter the initial password: serial number of the device
- Change the password after logging in for the first time.
- Forgotten your password? Contact Endress+Hauser Service.

## 10.2 Envelope curve display in SmartBlue

Envelope curves can be displayed and recorded in SmartBlue.

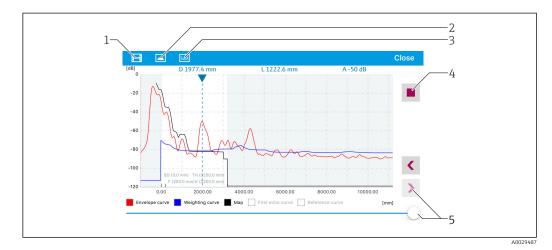
## In addition to the envelope curve, the following values are displayed:

- D = Distance
- L = Level
- A = Absolute amplitude
- With screenshots, the displayed section (zoom function) is saved
- With video sequences, the whole area without zoom function is saved all the time



30 Envelope curve display (sample) in SmartBlue for Android

- 1 Record video
- 2 Create screenshot
- 3 Display mapping menu
- 4 Start/stop video recording
- 5 Move time on time axis



S1 Envelope curve display (sample) in SmartBlue for iOS

- 1 Record video
- 2 Create screenshot
- 3 Display mapping menu
- 4 Start/stop video recording
- 5 Move time on time axis

# 11 Commissioning using the wizard

FieldCare and DeviceCare have a wizard that guides the user through initial commissioning.

1. Connect the device with FieldCare or DeviceCare.

2. Open the device in FieldCare or DeviceCare.

└ The dashboard (homepage) of the device is displayed:

Wizard			
Commissioning SIL/WHG confirmation	1		
Instrument health status			
OK			
Process variables - Device tag: Level	lflex		
Process variables - Device tag: Level	_		
Process variables - Device tag: Level	2000,000 	Level linearized	Thickness upper layer
·	2000,000 1600,000 1600,000		
Interface linearized	2000,000 1600,000 1200,000	50,604 "	Thickness upper layer
·	2000,000 1600,000 1600,000		

- *1 "Commissioning" button calls up the wizard*
- 3. Click "Commissioning" to launch the Wizard.
- **4.** Enter the appropriate value in each parameter or select the appropriate option. These values are written directly to the device.
- 5. Click "Next" to go to the next page.
- 6. Once all the pages have been completed, click "Finish" to close the Wizard.
- If you cancel the Wizard before all the necessary parameters have been entered, the device may be in an undefined state. In such situations, it is advisable to reset the device to the factory default settings.

# 12 Commissioning via operating menu

## 12.1 Installation and function check

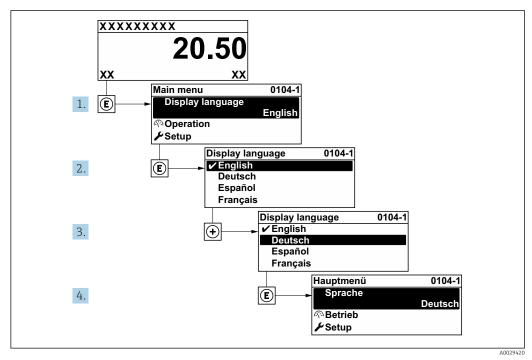
Before commissioning the measuring point, check whether the post-installation and postconnection checks have been performed.

Post-mounting check

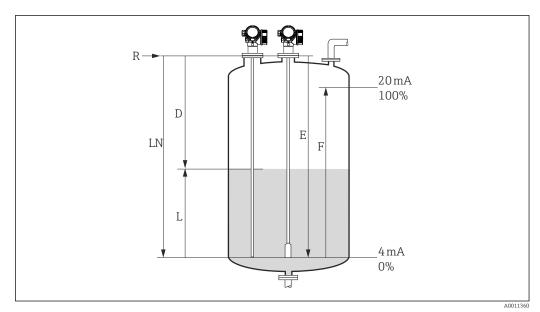
Post-connection check

# 12.2 Configuring the operating language

Factory setting: English or ordered local language



■ 32 Using the example of the local display



#### 12.3 **Configuring level measurement**

33 Configuration parameters for level measurement in liquids

- LN Length of probe
- Reference point of the measurement R
- D Distance
- L Level
- Empty calibration (= zero point) Ε F
- Full calibration (= span)

If the  $\varepsilon_r$  value is lower than 7 in the case of rope probes, measurement is not possible in the area of the probe weight. The empty calibration *E* should not exceed *LN* -250 mm (LN - 10 in) in these cases.

- 1. Setup  $\rightarrow$  Device tag
  - └ Enter the tag name.
- 2. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Distance unit
  - └ Select the length unit.
- 3. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Tank type
  - ← Select tank type.
- 4. For **Tank type** parameter = Bypass / pipe:
  - Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Tube diameter

└ Specify the diameter of the bypass or stilling well.

- 5. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Medium group
  - ← Specify the medium group: (Water based (DC >= 4) or Others)
- 6. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Empty calibration
  - ← Specify empty distance E (distance from reference point R to 0% mark).
- 7. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Full calibration
  - ← Specify the full distance F (distance from the 0% mark to the 100% mark).

## 8. Navigate to: Setup $\rightarrow$ Level

- └ Displays the measured level L.
- 9. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Distance
  - └ Displays the distance D between the reference point R and the level L.
- 10. Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Signal quality
  - └ Displays the signal quality of the analyzed level echo.

**11.** Operation via local display:

Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Mapping  $\rightarrow$  Confirm distance

 Compare the distance displayed with the actual value to start recording an interference echo map if necessary.

12. Operation via operating tool:

- Navigate to: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Confirm distance
- └ Compare the distance displayed with the actual value to start recording an interference echo map if necessary.

## 12.4 Recording the reference echo curve

After the measurement has been configured, it is recommended to record the current envelope curve as a reference echo curve. This can then be used later for diagnostic purposes. The **Save reference curve** parameter is used to record the envelope curve.

#### Path in the menu

Expert  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Envelope diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Save reference curve

Meaning of the options

- No
  - No action

Yes

The current envelope curve is saved as a reference curve.

This submenu is only visible for the "Service" user role in devices supplied with software version 01.00.zz or 01.01.zz.

The reference echo curve can only be displayed in the envelope curve diagram of FieldCare after it has been loaded from the device into FieldCare. The "Load Reference Curve" function in FieldCare is used for this.



34 "Load Reference Curve" function

## 12.5 Configuring the local display

## 12.5.1 Factory setting of local display for level measurements

Parameter	Factory setting for devices with 1 current output	Factory setting for devices with 2 current outputs
Format display	1 value, max. size	1 value, max. size
Value 1 display	Level linearized	Level linearized
Value 2 display	Distance	Distance
Value 3 display	Current output 1	Current output 1
Value 4 display	None	Current output 2

## 12.5.2 Adjusting the local display

The local display can be adjusted in the following submenu: Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display

# 12.6 Configuring the current outputs

## 12.6.1 Factor setting of current outputs for level measurements

Current output	Assigned measured value	4mA value	20mA value
1	Level linearized	0% or the corresponding linearized value	100% or the corresponding linearized value
2 (For devices with two current outputs)	Relative echo amplitude	0 mV	2 000 mV

## 12.6.2 Adjusting the current outputs

The current outputs can be adjusted in the following submenus:

## Basic setup

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Current output 1 to 2

## Advanced settings

Expert  $\rightarrow$  Output 1 to 2  $\rightarrow$  Current output 1 to 2 See "Description of Device Parameters" GP01000F

## 12.7 Configuration management

After commissioning, you can save the current device configuration, copy it to another measuring point or restore the previous device configuration. You can do so using the **Configuration management** parameter and the options available.

## Path in the menu

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Configuration backup display  $\rightarrow$  Configuration management

## Meaning of the options

Cancel

No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.

Execute backup

A backup copy of the current device configuration is saved from the HistoROM (integrated in the device) to the display module of the device.

Restore

The last backup copy of the device configuration is copied from the display module to the HistoROM of the device.

## Duplicate

The transmitter configuration of the device is duplicated to another device using the display module. The following parameters, which characterize the individual measuring point are **not** transferred:

- HART date code
- HART short tag
- HART message
- HART descriptor
- HART address
- Device tag
- Medium type
- Compare

The device configuration saved in the display module is compared to the current device configuration of the HistoROM. The result of the comparison is displayed in the **Comparison result** parameter.

## Clear backup data

The backup copy of the device configuration is deleted from the display module of the device.

While this action is in progress, the configuration cannot be edited via the local display and a message on the processing status appears on the display.

If an existing backup copy is restored on a device other than the original device using the **Restore** option, in some cases individual device functions may not be available. In some cases it is also not possible to restore the original state by resetting to the "as-delivered" state.

The **Duplicate** option should always be used to copy the configuration to another device.

## 12.8 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The settings can be protected from unauthorized access in two ways:

- Locking via parameters (software locking)
- Locking via write protection switch (hardware locking)

# 13 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 13.1 General troubleshooting

## 13.1.1 General errors

Error	Possible cause	Solution
Device does not respond.	Supply voltage does not match the value indicated on the nameplate.	Connect the correct voltage.
	The polarity of the supply voltage is wrong.	Correct the polarity.
	The cables do not contact the terminals properly.	Ensure electrical contact between the cable and the terminal.
Values on the display invisible	Contrast setting is too weak or too strong.	<ul> <li>Increase contrast by pressing      and      simultaneously.</li> <li>Decrease contrast by pressing      and      simultaneously.</li> </ul>
	The plug of the display cable is not connected correctly.	Connect the plug correctly.
	Display is defective.	Replace display.
"Communication error" is	Electromagnetic interference	Check grounding of the device.
indicated on the display when starting the device or connecting the display.	Broken display cable or display plug.	Replace display.
Duplication of parameters via display from one device to another not working. Only the "Save" and "Cancel" options are available.	Display with backup is not properly detected if a data backup was not carried out on the new device previously.	Connect display (with backup) and restart device.
Output current <3.6 mA	Signal cable connection incorrect.	Check connection.
	Electronics module is defective.	Replace electronics.
HART communication does not function.	Communication resistor missing or incorrectly installed.	Install the communication resistor (250 $\Omega$ ) correctly.
	Commubox is connected incorrectly.	Connect Commubox correctly.
	Commubox is not set to "HART".	Set Commubox selector switch to "HART".
CDI communication does not work.	Wrong setting of the COM port on the computer.	Check the setting of the COM port on the computer and change it if necessary.
Device measures incorrectly.	Parameter configuration error	Check and correct the parameter configuration.
No communication with device via SmartBlue	No Bluetooth connection	Enable Bluetooth function on smartphone or tablet
	The device is already connected with another smartphone/ tablet	Disconnect the device from the other smartphone/tablet
	Bluetooth module not connected	Connect Bluetooth module (see SD02252F).
Login via SmartBlue not possible	Device is being put into operation for the first time	Enter initial password (ID of Bluetooth module) and change it

Error	Possible cause	Solution
Device cannot be operated via SmartBlue	Incorrect password entered	Enter the correct password, paying attention to lower/upper case
Device cannot be operated via SmartBlue	Password forgotten	Contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)

## 13.1.2 Error - SmartBlue operation

Error	Possible cause	Solution
Device is not visible in the	No Bluetooth connection	Enable Bluetooth® function on smartphone or tablet
live list		Bluetooth <sup>®</sup> function of sensor disabled, perform recovery sequence
Device is not visible in the live list	The device is already connected with another smartphone/ tablet	Only <b>one</b> point-to-point connection is established between a sensor and a smartphone or tablet
Device is visible in the live list but cannot be accessed via SmartBlue	Android end device	Is the location function permitted for the app, was it approved the first time?
		GPS or positioning function must be activated for certain Android versions in conjunction with Bluetooth®
		Activate GPS - close the app fully and restart - enable the positioning function for the app
Device is visible in the live list but cannot be accessed via SmartBlue	Apple end device	Log in as standard Enter user name "admin" Enter initial password (ID of Bluetooth module), paying attention to lower/upper case
Login via SmartBlue not possible	Device is being put into operation for the first time	Enter initial password (ID of Bluetooth module) and change, paying attention to lower/upper case
Device cannot be operated via SmartBlue	Incorrect password entered	Enter the correct password, paying attention to lower/ upper case
Device cannot be operated via SmartBlue	Password forgotten	contact Endress+Hauser Service (www.addresses.endress.com)

## 13.1.3 Parameter configuration errors

Parameter configuration errors for level measurements

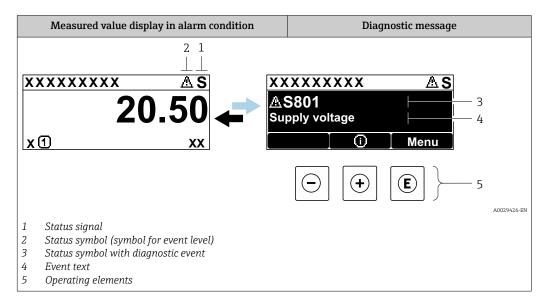
Error	Possible cause	Solution
Measured value is incorrect	If measured distance (Setup → Distance) matches the real distance: Calibration error	<ul> <li>Check the Empty calibration parameter (→  ☐ 115) and correct if necessary.</li> <li>Check the Full calibration parameter (→  ☐ 115) and correct if necessary.</li> <li>Check the linearization and correct if necessary (Linearization submenu (→  ☐ 129)).</li> </ul>
	If measured distance (Setup → Distance) does not match the real distance: An interference echo is present.	Carry out mapping ( <b>Confirm distance</b> parameter (→ 🗎 118)).
No change of measured value on filling/emptying	An interference echo is present.	Carry out mapping ( <b>Confirm distance</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 118$ )).
	Buildup at the probe.	Clean the probe.

Error	Possible cause	Solution
	Error in the echo tracking	Deactivate echo tracking (Expert → Sensor → Echo tracking → Evaluation mode = <b>History off</b> ).
Echo lost diagnostic message appears after the supply voltage is switched on.	Echo threshold too high.	Check the <b>Medium group</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \bowtie 114)$ . If necessary, select a more detailed setting with the <b>Medium property</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \bowtie 123)$ .
	Level echo suppressed.	Delete the map and record it again if necessary ( <b>Record map</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \cong 119)$ ).
Device displays a level when the tank is empty.	Incorrect probe length	Perform a probe length correction (Confirm probe length parameter $(\rightarrow \cong 144)$ ).
	Interference echo	Carry out mapping over the entire probe length when the tank is empty ( <b>Confirm distance</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 118)).
Wrong slope of the level over the entire measuring range	Wrong tank type selected.	Select the correct <b>Tank type</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \cong 113)$ .

# 13.2 Diagnostic information on local display

## 13.2.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring instrument are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the measured value display.



## Status signals

F 40032902	<b>"Failure (F)" option</b> A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
<b>C</b>	<b>"Function check (C)" option</b> The device is in the service mode (e.g. during a simulation).

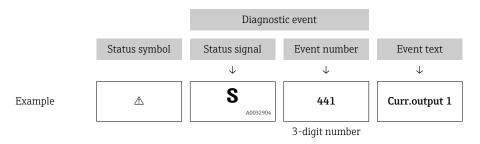
<b>S</b>	<ul> <li>"Out of specification (S)" option</li></ul>
A0032904	The device is operated: <li>Outside its technical specifications (e.g. during startup or cleaning)</li> <li>Outside the configuration performed by the user (e.g. level outside the configured range)</li>
<b>M</b>	<b>"Maintenance required (M)" option</b> Maintenance is required. The measured value is still valid.

#### Status symbols (symbol for event level)

8	<b>"Alarm" status</b> Measurement is interrupted. The signal outputs adopt the defined alarm state. A diagnostic message is generated.
	<b>"Warning" status</b> The device continues to measure. A diagnostic message is generated.

#### Diagnostic event and event text

The fault can be identified by means of the diagnostic event. The event text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the associated status symbol is displayed in front of the diagnostic event.



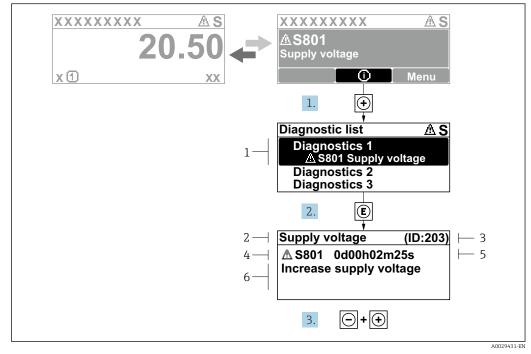
If several diagnostic events are pending at the same time, only the diagnostic message with the highest priority is displayed. Additional queued diagnostic messages can be shown in the **Diagnostic list** submenu.

Past diagnostic messages that are no longer pending are shown as follows:

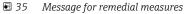
- On the local display:
  - in the **Event logbook** submenu
- In FieldCare: via the "Event List/HistoROM" function

### Operating elements

Operating function	Operating functions in menu, submenu	
+	Plus key Opens the message about the remedial measures.	
E	Enter key Opens the operating menu.	



### 13.2.2 Calling up remedial measures



- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Short text
- Service ID
   Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operation time when error occurred
- 6 Remedial measures

The user is in the diagnostic message.

1. Press 🛨 (① symbol).

- ← The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- **2.** Select the desired diagnostic event with  $\pm$  or  $\Box$  and press E .
  - └ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 3. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - └ The message about the remedial measures closes.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in **Diagnostic list** or in **Previous diagnostics**.

- 1. Press E.
  - └ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - └ The message about the remedial measures closes.

# 13.3 Diagnostic event in the operating tool

If a diagnostic event has occurred in the device, the status signal appears in the top left status area of the operating tool together with the corresponding symbol for the event level according to NAMUR NE 107:

- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)

#### A: Via the operating menu

1. Navigate to the **Diagnostics** menu.

- └ In the Actual diagnostics parameter, the diagnostic event is shown with event text.
- 2. On the right in the display area, hover the cursor over the **Actual diagnostics** parameter.

	0	
Menu / Variable	Actual diagnostics:	M950 Advanced diagnostic 2 occured
Diagnostics	Timestamp:	15d02h58m20s
-P Timestamp:	Previous diagnostics:	Maintain your diagnostic event (Service ID:359)
P Previous diagnostics:	Timestamp:	0d00h00m00s
P Timestamp: P Operating time from restart:	Operating time from restart: 🔁	0d00h26m53s
-P Operating time:	Operating time:	15d03h00m11s
Diagnostic list		

A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

B: Via the "Create Documentation" function

1.		<b>( * ()</b>	0
	Menu / Variable	13	Value
	🖻 🦢 Diagnostics	Create Docur	mentation
	P Actual diagnostics:		

Select the "Create documentation" function.

Documentation	
Documentation	Status
Documentation	Initialized
📄 🗹 Title Pages	Initialized
Cover Page	Initialized
Signatures Page	Initialized
Device parameters	Initialized
Linearization table	Initialized
Envelope curve	Initialized
Extended HistoROM	Initialized
🗹 Diagram data	Initialized
Data overview	Initialized
Compare Datasets	Not available

Make sure that "Data overview" is marked.

3. Click "Save as..." and save a PDF of the report.

 $\blacktriangleright$  The report contains the diagnostic messages including remedial measures.

#### C: Via the "Event list/Extended HistoROM" function

1.		3 🖘 🕕	0
	Menu / Variable	63	Value
	Diagnostics	Eventlist / Extended	d HistoROM
	P Actual diagnostics:		

Select the ("Event list/Extended HistoROM") function.

2.	Online-Parametrierung 🗙	Eventliste / Erweitertes HistoROM	×
	한 🖻 🖬 🛃 📴 🔍	q 💁 🗷 🔟 🚖 × 🛛 🚀	🛃 🎯

Select the "Load event list" function.

└ The event list including remedial measures is displayed in the "Data overview" window.

# 13.4 Diagnostic list

In the **Diagnostic list** submenu submenu, up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages can be displayed. If more than 5 messages are pending, the messages with the highest priority are shown on the display.

### Navigation path

 $\text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Diagnostic list}$ 

### Calling up and closing the remedial measures

1. Press E.

└ The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.

**2.** Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.

└ The message about the remedial measures closes.

# 13.5 List of diagnostic events

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
)iagnostic of s	ensor			
003	Broken probe detected	<ol> <li>Check map</li> <li>Check sensor</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
046	Build-up detected	Clean sensor	F	Alarm
104	HF cable	and check sealing 1. Dry HF cable connection 2. Change HF cable	F	Alarm
105	HF cable	<ol> <li>Tighten HF cable connection</li> <li>Check sensor</li> <li>Change HF cable</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
106	Sensor	<ol> <li>Check sensor</li> <li>Check HF cable</li> <li>Contact service</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
iagnostic of e	lectronic	1		1
242	Software incompatible	<ol> <li>Check software</li> <li>Flash or change main electronics module</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
252	Modules incompatible	<ol> <li>Check if correct electronic modul is plugged</li> <li>Replace electronic module</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
261	Electronic modules	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Check electronic modules</li> <li>Change I/O Modul or main electronics</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
262	Module connection	<ol> <li>Check module connections</li> <li>Change electronic modules</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
270	Main electronic failure	Change main electronic module	F	Alarm
271	Main electronic failure	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Change main electronic module</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
272	Main electronic failure	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Contact service</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
273	Main electronic failure	<ol> <li>Emergency operation via display</li> <li>Change main electronics</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
275	I/O module defective	Change I/O module	F	Alarm
276	I/O module faulty	1. Restart device	F	Alarm
276	I/O module faulty	2. Change I/O module	F	Alarm
282	Data storage	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Contact service</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
283	Memory content	<ol> <li>Transfer data or reset device</li> <li>Contact service</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
311	Electronic failure	Maintenance required! 1. Do not perform reset 2. Contact service	М	Warning
iagnostic of c	onfiguration			
410	Data transfer	<ol> <li>Check connection</li> <li>Retry data transfer</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
411	Up-/download active	Up-/download active, please wait	С	Warning
412	Processing download	Download active, please wait	С	Warning

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
431	Trim 1 to 2	Carry out trim	С	Warning
435	Linearization	Check linearization table	F	Alarm
437	Configuration incompatible	<ol> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Contact service</li> </ol>	F	Alarm
438	Dataset	<ol> <li>Check data set file</li> <li>Check device configuration</li> <li>Up- and download new configuration</li> </ol>	М	Warning
441	Current output 1 to 2	<ol> <li>Check process</li> <li>Check current output settings</li> </ol>	S	Warning
484	Failure mode simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Alarm
485	Simulation measured value	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
491	Current output 1 to 2 simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
494	Switch output simulation	Deactivate simulation switch output	С	Warning
495	Diagnostic event simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
585	Simulation distance	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
iagnostic of p	process			
801	Energy too low	Increase supply voltage	S	Warning
803	Current loop	1. Check wiring 2. Change I/O module	F	Alarm
825	Operating temperature	1. Check ambient temperature	S	Warning
825	Operating temperature	2. Check process temperature	F	Alarm
921	Change of reference	<ol> <li>Check reference configuration</li> <li>Check pressure</li> <li>Check sensor</li> </ol>	S	Warning
936	EMC interference	Check installation on EMC	F	Alarm
941	Echo lost	Check parameter 'DC value'	F	Alarm <sup>1)</sup>
942	In safety distance	<ol> <li>Check level</li> <li>Check safety distance</li> <li>Reset self holding</li> </ol>	S	Alarm <sup>1)</sup>
943	In blocking distance	Reduced accuracy Check level	S	Warning
944	Level range	Reduced accuracy Level at process connection	S	Warning
950	Advanced diagnostic 1 to 2 occured	Maintain your diagnostic event	М	Warning <sup>1)</sup>

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

# 13.6 Event logbook

### 13.6.1 Event history

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the **Event list** 

(This submenu only exists if operating via the local display. In the case of operation via FieldCare, the event list can be displayed with the "Event list/HistoROM" functionality of FieldCare.

### Navigation path

 $\texttt{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \texttt{Event logbook} \rightarrow \texttt{Event list}$ 

A maximum of 100 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events
- Information events

In addition to the operating time when the event occurred, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is finished:

- Diagnostic event

  - 🕞: End of the event
- Information event

 $\odot$ : Occurrence of the event

#### Calling up and closing the remedial measures

1. Press E.

← The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.

2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.

└ The message about the remedial measures closes.

## 13.6.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter, you can define which category of event messages is displayed in the **Event list** submenu.

### Navigation path

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Event logbook  $\rightarrow$  Filter options

### Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information

## 13.6.3 Overview of information events

Info number	Info name
I1000	(Device ok)
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed

Info number	Info name
I1092	Embedded HistoROM deleted
I1110	Write protection switch changed
I1137	Electronic changed
I1151	History reset
I1154	Reset terminal voltage min/max
I1155	Reset electronic temperature
I1156	Memory error trend
I1157	Memory error event list
I1184	Display connected
I1185	Display backup done
I1186	Restore via display done
I1187	Settings downloaded with display
I1188	Display data cleared
I1189	Backup compared
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1264	Safety sequence aborted
I1335	Firmware changed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1554	Safety sequence started
I1555	Safety sequence confirmed
I1556	Safety mode off

# 13.7 Firmware history

Date	Firmware	Modifications	IRT)		
	version		Operating Instructions	Description of Device Parameters	Technical Information
07.2010	01.00.zz	Original software	BA01000F/00/EN/05.10	GP01000F/00/EN/05.10	TI01000F/00/EN/05.10
01.2011	01.01.zz	<ul> <li>SIL integrated</li> <li>Improvements and bugfixes</li> <li>Additional languages</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/10.10</li> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/13.11</li> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/14.12</li> </ul>	• GP01000F/00/EN/13.11	<ul> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/10.10</li> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/13.11</li> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/14.12</li> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/15.12</li> </ul>

Date	Firmware	Modifications	Documentation (FMP50, HART)			
	version		Operating Instructions	Description of Device Parameters	Technical Information	
02.2014	01.02.zz	<ul> <li>Support of SD03</li> <li>Additional languages</li> <li>HistoROM functionality enhanced</li> <li>"Advanced Diagnostics" function block integrated</li> <li>Improvements and bugfixes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/15.13</li> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/16.14</li> </ul>	<ul><li>GP01000F/00/EN/14.13</li><li>GP01000F/00/EN/15.14</li></ul>	<ul><li>TI01000F/00/EN/16.13</li><li>TI01000F/00/EN/17.14</li></ul>	
04.2016	01.03.zz	<ul> <li>Update to HART 7</li> <li>All 17 languages are available in the device</li> <li>Improvements and bugfixes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/17.16</li> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/ 18.16<sup>1)</sup>.</li> <li>BA01000F/00/EN/ 20.18<sup>2)</sup></li> </ul>	GP01000F/00/EN/16.16	<ul> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/18.16</li> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/20.16<sup>1)</sup></li> <li>TI01000F/00/EN/22.18<sup>2)</sup></li> </ul>	

Contains information on the Heartbeat wizards available in the current DTM version for DeviceCare and FieldCare 1)

2) Contains information on the Bluetooth interface.



The firmware version can explicitly be ordered via the product structure. In this way it is possible to ensure compatibility of the firmware version with an existing or planned system integration.

# 14 Maintenance

No special maintenance work is required.

## 14.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior, always use cleaning agents that do not corrode the surface of the housing and the seals.

# 14.2 General cleaning instructions

Dirt or buildup may form on the probe depending on the application. A thin, even layer has little impact on the measurement. Thick layers can dampen the signal and reduce the measuring range. Very uneven deposit formation or caking (e.g. due to crystallization) can result in incorrect measurements. In such cases, use a non-contact measuring principle, or regularly inspect the probe for contamination.

Cleaning with sodium hydroxide solution (e.g. in CIP procedures): if the coupling is wetted, larger measurement errors can occur than under reference operating conditions. Wetting can cause temporary incorrect measurements.

# 15 Repair

## 15.1 General information

### 15.1.1 Repair concept

Under the Endress+Hauser repair concept, devices have a modular design and repairs can be carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by properly trained customers.

Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated replacement instructions.

For more information on service and spare parts, please contact Endress+Hauser Service.

### 15.1.2 Repairs to Ex-approved devices

### **WARNING**

**Incorrect repair can compromise electrical safety!** Explosion hazard!

- Repairs to Ex-approved devices must be carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by specialist personnel according to national regulations.
- Relevant standards and national regulations on hazardous areas, safety instructions and certificates must be observed.
- ► Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- Please note the device designation on the nameplate. Only identical parts may be used as replacements.
- Carry out repairs according to the instructions.
- Only the Endress+Hauser service team is permitted to modify a certified device and convert it to another certified version.

### 15.1.3 Replacing electronics modules

When electronics modules have been replaced the device does not need to be recalibrated as the parameters are saved in the HistoROM inside the housing. It may be necessary when replacing the main electronics to record a new interference echo suppression.

### 15.1.4 Replacing a device

Once a complete device has been replaced, the parameters can be transferred back into the device using one of the following methods:

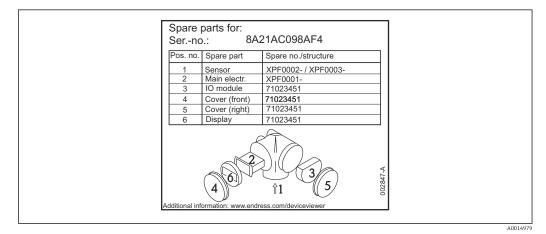
- Using the display module Prerequisite: The configuration of the old device was saved previously to the display module.
- Via FieldCare

Prerequisite: The configuration of the old device was saved previously to the computer using FieldCare.

You can continue measuring without performing a new calibration. Only interference echo suppression may need to be carried out once again.

# 15.2 Spare parts

- Some replaceable measuring instrument components are identified by means of a spare part nameplate. This contains information about the spare part.
- In the connection compartment cover of the device there is a spare part nameplate which contains the following information:
  - A list of the most important spare parts for the measuring instrument, including their ordering information.
  - The URL to the *W@M Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): All the spare parts for the measuring instrument, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.



36 Example for spare part nameplate in the connection compartment cover

Measuring instrument serial number:

- Located on the device and spare part nameplate.
- Can be read out via the "Serial number" parameter in the "Device information" submenu.

# 15.3 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

1. Refer to the web page for information:

https://www.endress.com/support/return-material

- Select the region.
- 2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

# 15.4 Disposal

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

# 16 Accessories

The accessories currently available for the product can be selected at <u>www.endress.com</u>:

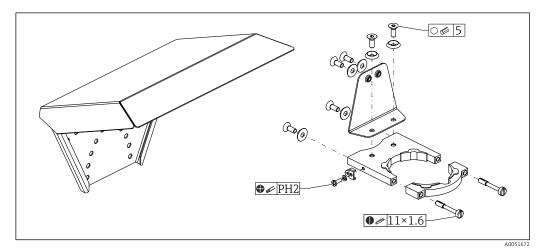
- **1**. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Spare parts & Accessories**.

## 16.1 Device-specific accessories

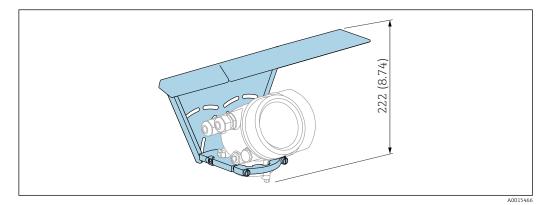
### 16.1.1 Weather protection cover

The weather protection cover can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory enclosed" product structure.

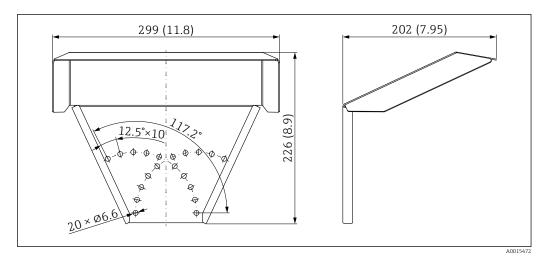
It is used to protect against direct sunlight, precipitation and ice.



37 Overview



🖻 38 Height. Unit of measurement mm (in)



B 39 Dimensions. Unit of measurement mm (in)

#### Material

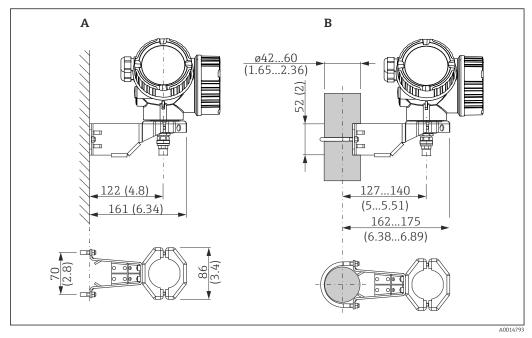
- Protection cap; 316L (1.4404)
- Bracket; 316L (1.4404)
- Angle bracket; 316L (1.4404)
- Clamping screw; 316L (1.4404) + carbon fiber
- Molded rubber part (4x); EPDM
- Screws; A4
- Disks; A4
- Ground terminal; A4, 316L (1.4404)

### Order number for accessories:

71162242

### 16.1.2 Mounting bracket for electronics housing

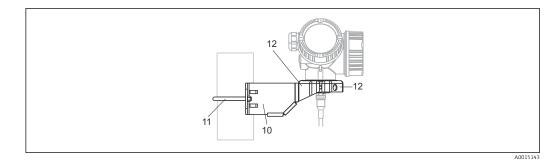
With "remote sensor" device versions (feature 060 in the product structure), the mounting bracket is included in the scope of delivery. It can be ordered as a separate accessory .



☑ 40 Mounting bracket for electronics housing; unit: mm (in)

A Wall mounting

B Post mounting



- 🖻 41 Material; mounting bracket
- 10 Bracket, 316L (1.4404)
- 11 Round bracket, 316L (1.4404); screws/nuts, A4-70; distance sleeves, 316L (1.4404)
- 12 Half-shells, 316 L (1.4404)

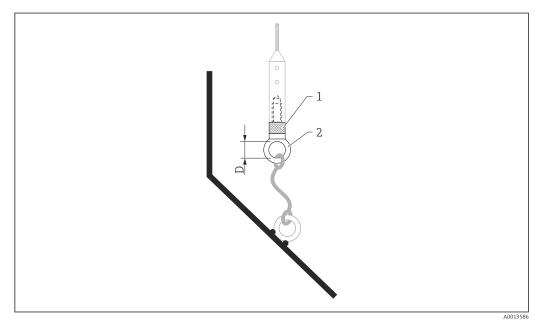
**Order number for accessories:** 71102216

### 16.1.3 Mounting kit, insulated

To secure rope probes so that they are reliably insulated.

Maximum process temperature: 150 °C (300 °F)

Mounting set, insulated, can be used for: FMP50



■ 42 Scope of delivery of mounting kit:

- 1 Insulation sleeve
- 2 Ring bolt

For rope probes 4 mm ( $\frac{1}{6}$  in) or 6 mm ( $\frac{1}{4}$  in) with PA > steel: Diameter D = 20 mm (0.8 in)

## Order number for accessories:

52014249

For rope probes 6 mm ( $\frac{1}{4}$  in) or 8 mm ( $\frac{1}{3}$  in) with PA > steel: Diameter D = 25 mm (1 in)

### Order number for accessories:

52014250

Due to the risk of electrostatic charge, the insulation sleeve is not suitable for use in hazardous areas! In this case, the probe must be secured so that it is reliably grounded.

The mounting kit can also be ordered directly with the device (Levelflex product structure, feature 620 "Accessory enclosed", version PG "mounting kit, insulated, rope").

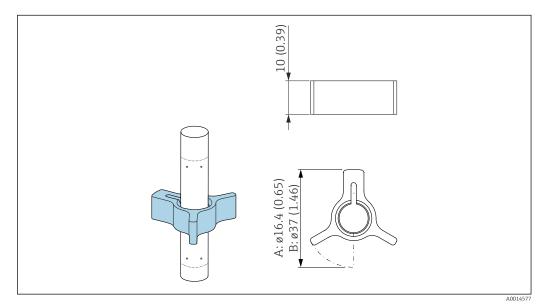
## 16.1.4 Centering star

### **Centering star PFA**

Suitable for: FMP50

Available versions:

- Ø 16.4 mm (0.65 in)
- Ø 37 mm (1.46 in)



A For probe 8 mm (0.3 in)

*B* For probes 12 mm (0.47 in) and 16 mm (0.63 in)

The centering star is suitable for probes with a rod diameter of 8 mm (0.3 in), 12 mm (0.47 in) and 16 mm (0.63 in) (including coated rod probes) and can be used in pipes from DN40 to DN50.

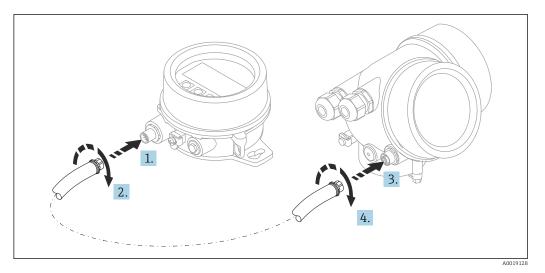
For details, see BA00378F.

- Material: PFA
- Permitted process temperature range: -200 to +250 °C (-328 to +482 °F)

### Order number for accessories:

- Probe 8 mm (0.3 in) 71162453
- Probe 12 mm (0.47 in) 71157270
- Probe 16 mm (0.63 in) 71069065

### 16.1.5 Remote display FHX50



### Technical data

- Material:
  - Plastic PBT
  - 316L/1.4404
  - Aluminum
- Degree of protection: IP68 / NEMA 6P and IP66 / NEMA 4x
- Suitable for display modules:
  - SD02 (push buttons)
  - SD03 (touch control)
- Connecting cable:
  - Cable supplied with device up to 30 m (98 ft)
  - Standard cable provided by customer onsite up to 60 m (196 ft)
- Ambient temperature: -40 to 80 °C (-40 to 176 °F)

### Ordering information

• If the remote display is to be used, the device version "Prepared for display FHX50" must be ordered.

For FHX50, the option "Prepared for display FHX50" must be selected under "Measuring device version".

- If a measuring instrument has not been ordered with the version "Prepared for display FHX50" and is to be retrofitted with an FHX50, the version "Not prepared for display FHX50" must be ordered for the FHX50 under "Measuring device version". In this case, a retrofit kit for the device is supplied with the FHX50. The kit can be used to prepare the device so that the FHX50 can be used.
  - Use of the FHX50 may be restricted for transmitters with an approval. A device can only be retrofitted with the FHX50 if the option "Prepared for FHX50" is listed under *Basic specifications*, "Display, operation" in the Safety instructions (XA) for the device.

Also refer to the Safety Instructions (XA) of the FHX50.

Retrofitting is not possible on transmitters with:

- An approval for use in areas with flammable dust (dust ignition-proof approval)
- Type of protection Ex nA

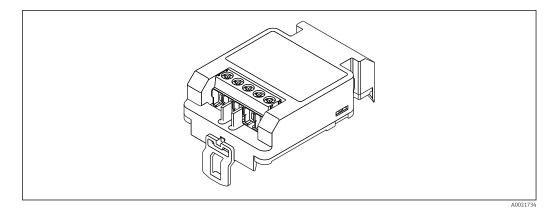
For details, see "Special Documentation" document SD01007F.

### 16.1.6 Overvoltage protection

The surge arrester for loop-powered devices can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory mounted" section of the product order structure.

The surge arrester can be used for loop-powered devices.

- 1-channel devices OVP10
- 2-channel devices OVP20



#### Technical data

- Resistance per channel:  $2 \times 0.5 \Omega_{max}$
- Threshold DC voltage: 400 to 700 V
- Threshold surge voltage: < 800 V</li>
- Capacitance at 1 MHz: < 1.5 pF
- Nominal leakage current (8/20 μs): 10 kA
- Suitable for conductor cross-sections: 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 14 AWG)

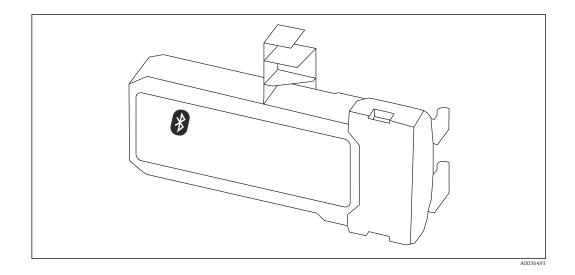
### If retrofitting:

- Order number for 1-channel devices (OVP10): 71128617
- Order number for 2-channel devices (OVP20): 71128619
- The use of the OVP module may be restricted depending on the transmitter approval. A device may only be retrofitted with the OVP module if the option *NA* (overvoltage protection) is listed under *Optional specifications* in the Safety Instructions (XA) associated with the device.
- In order to keep the necessary safety distances when using the surge arrester module, the housing cover also needs to be replaced when the device is retrofitted.
   Depending on the housing type, the suitable cover can be ordered using the following order number:
  - Housing GT18: 71185516
  - Housing GT19: 71185518
  - Housing GT20: 71185517

For details, see the "Special Documentation" SD01090F

## 16.1.7 Bluetooth module BT10 for HART devices

The Bluetooth module BT10 can be ordered together with the device via the "Accessory mounted" section of the product order structure.



### Technical data

- Quick and easy setup with the SmartBlue app
- No additional tools or adapters needed
- Signal curve via SmartBlue (app)
- Encrypted single point-to-point data transmission (tested by Fraunhofer Institute) and password-protected communication via Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> wireless technology
- Range under reference conditions:
  - > 10 m (33 ft)
- When the Bluetooth module is used, the minimum supply voltage of the device increases by up to 3 V.

### If retrofitting:

- Order number: 71377355
- The use of the Bluetooth module may be restricted depending on the transmitter approval. A device may only be retrofitted with the Bluetooth module if the option *NF* (Bluetooth module) is listed under *Optional specifications* in the Safety Instructions (XA) associated with the device.

For details, see the "Special Documentation" SD02252F

# 16.2 Communication-specific accessories

### **Commubox FXA195 HART**

For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB interface

For details, see "Technical Information" TI00404F

### Commubox FXA291

Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop Order number: 51516983

For details, see "Technical Information" TI00405C

### HART Loop Converter HMX50

Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values

Order number: 71063562



For details, see "Technical Information" TI00429F and Operating Instructions BA00371F

#### WirelessHART adapter SWA70

- Is used for the wireless connection of field devices
- The WirelessHART adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks

For details, see Operating Instructions BA00061S

#### Fieldgate FXA42

Fieldgates enable communication between connected 4 to 20 mA, Modbus RS485 and Modbus TCP devices and SupplyCare Hosting or SupplyCare Enterprise. The signals are transmitted either via Ethernet TCP/IP, WLAN or mobile communications (UMTS). Advanced automation capabilities are available, such as an integrated Web-PLC, OpenVPN and other functions.

For details, see "Technical Information" TI01297S and Operating Instructions BA01778S.

#### SupplyCare Enterprise SCE30B

Inventory management software that displays the level, volume, mass, temperature, pressure, density or other parameters of tanks. The parameters are recorded and transmitted by means of gateways like Fieldgate FXA42, Connect Sensor FXA30B or other gateway types.

This Web-based software is installed on a local server and can also be visualized and operated with mobile terminals such as a smartphone or tablet.

For details, see Technical Information TI01228S and Operating Instructions BA00055S

#### SupplyCare Hosting SCH30

Inventory management software that displays the level, volume, mass, temperature, pressure, density or other parameters of tanks. The parameters are recorded and transmitted by means of gateways like Fieldgate FXA42, Connect Sensor FXA30B or other gateway types.

SupplyCare Hosting is offered as a hosting service (Software as a Service, SaaS). In the Endress+Hauser portal, the user is provided with the data over the Internet.

For details, see Technical Information TI01229S and Operating Instructions BA00050S

#### Field Xpert SFX350

Field Xpert SFX350 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices in the **non-Ex area**.

For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

#### Field Xpert SFX370

Field Xpert SFX370 is a mobile computer for commissioning and maintenance. It enables efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices in the **non-Ex area** and the **Ex area**.

👔 For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

### 16.3 Service-specific accessories

#### DeviceCare SFE100

Configuration tool for HART, PROFIBUS and FOUNDATION Fieldbus field devices

Technical Information TI01134S

### FieldCare SFE500

FDT-based plant asset management tool

It can configure all smart field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

Technical Information TI00028S

## 16.4 System components

### 16.4.1 Memograph M RSG45

The Advanced Data Manager is a flexible and powerful system for organizing process values.

The Memograph M is used for electronic acquisition, display, recording, analysis, remote transmission and archiving of analog and digital input signals as well as calculated values.

Technical Information TI01180R and Operating Instructions BA01338R

### 16.4.2 RN42

Single-channel active barrier with wide-range power supply for safe electrical isolation of 4 to 20 mA standard signal circuits, HART transparent.



Technical Information TI01584K and Operating Instructions BA02090K

# 17 Operating menu

# 17.1 Overview of the operating menu (SmartBlue)

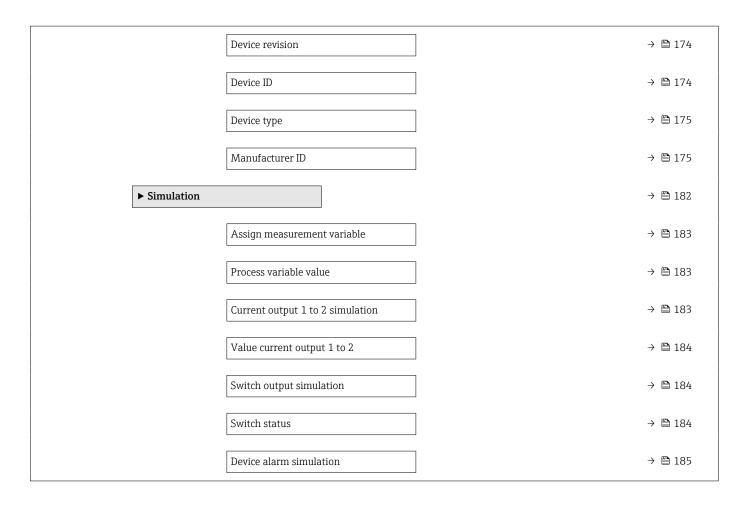
Navigation SmartBlue

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Medium group	→ 🗎 114
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# 17.2 Overview of the operating menu (display module)

Operating menu Navigation Language 🗲 Setup → 🗎 113 → 🗎 113 Device tag Distance unit → 🗎 113 → 🖺 113 Tank type → 🖺 114 Tube diameter Medium group → 🗎 114 Empty calibration → 🗎 115 → 🗎 115 Full calibration Level → 🖺 116 Distance → 🖺 116 → 🗎 117 Signal quality ► Mapping → 🗎 120 → 🗎 120 Confirm distance Mapping end point → 🗎 120 Record map → 🗎 120 Distance → 🗎 120 Advanced setup → 🖺 121 Locking status → 🗎 121 Access status display → 🗎 122 → 🗎 122 Enter access code → 🗎 123 ► Level Medium type → 🗎 123

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► Deactivate SIL/	WHG	]	→ 🗎 142
	Reset write protect	ion	→ 🗎 142
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► Probe settings		]	→ 🗎 143
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	► Probe length co	rrection	→ 🗎 145
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		Present probe length	→ 🖺 143
► Current output	1 to 2	]	→ 🗎 147
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	Output current 1 to	2	→ 🖺 150
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	Switch status	→ 🗎 155
	Invert output signal	→  ⇒  155
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	Format display	→ 🗎 157
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	Backlight	→ 🗎 161
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	Firmware version		]	→ 🗎 173
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# 17.3 Overview of the operating menu (operating tool)

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Distance unit	→
Tank type	→ <a>Phi 113</a>
Tube diameter	→  ⇒  114
Medium group	→  ⇒  114
Empty calibration	→  \u00e9 115
Full calibration	→ 🗎 115
Level	→ 🗎 116
Distance	→ <a>Phi 116</a>
Signal quality	→  ⇒ 117
Confirm distance	→ <a>118</a>
Present mapping	→  ⇒ 119
Mapping end point	→ <sup>1</sup>
Record map	→  \u00e9 119
► Advanced setup	→ <sup>●</sup> 121
Locking status	→ 🗎 121
Access status tooling	→ 🗎 121
Enter access code	→ 🗎 122
► Level	→ 🗎 123
Medium type	e → 🗎 123
Medium prop	pperty $\rightarrow \cong 123$
Process prop	perty → 🗎 124

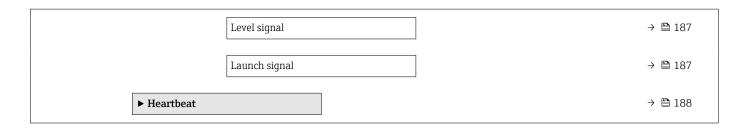
	Advanced process conditions	→ 🗎 125
	Level unit	→ 🗎 126
	Blocking distance	→ 🗎 126
	Level correction	→ 🗎 127
► Linearization		→ 🗎 129
	Linearization type	→ 🗎 131
	Unit after linearization	→ 🗎 132
	Free text	→ 🗎 133
	Level linearized	→ 🗎 134
	Maximum value	→ 🗎 134
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	Activate table	→ 🗎 137
Safety settings		→  138
	Output echo lost	→ ■ 138
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► SIL/WHG confin	mation	→ 🗎 141

► Deactivate SIL/V	VHG		→ 🗎 142
	Reset write protection		→ 🖺 142
	Code incorrect		→ 🗎 142
► Probe settings			→ 🗎 143
	Probe grounded		→ 🗎 143
	Present probe length		→ 🗎 143
	Confirm probe length		→ 🗎 144
► Current output 1	to 2		→ 🗎 147
	Assign current output	]	→ 🗎 147
	Current span		→ 🗎 148
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	Damping output		→ 🗎 149
	Failure mode		→ 🗎 149
	Failure current		→ 🗎 150
	Output current 1 to 2		→ 🗎 150
► Switch output			→ 🗎 151
	Switch output function	]	→ 🗎 151
	Assign status		→ 🗎 152
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	Switch-on delay		→ 🗎 154
	Switch-off value		→ 🗎 154
	Switch-off delay		→ 🗎 155
	Failure mode		→ 🗎 155

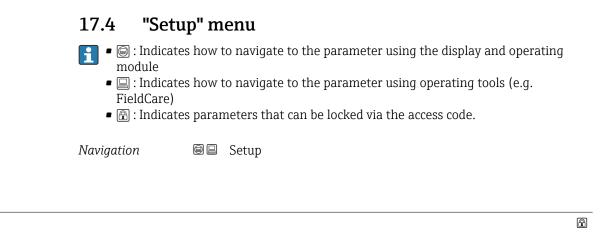
	Switch status	→ 🗎 155
	Invert output signal	→ 🗎 155
► Di	isplay	→ 🗎 157
	Language	→ 🗎 157
	Format display	→ 🗎 157
	Value 1 to 4 display	→ 🗎 159
	Decimal places 1 to 4	→ 🗎 159
	Display interval	→ 🗎 159
	Display damping	→ 🗎 160
	Header	→ 🗎 160
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	Number format	→ 🗎 161
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	Backlight	→ 🗎 161
	Contrast display	→ 🗎 162
► Co	onfiguration backup display	→ 🗎 163
	Operating time	→ 🗎 163
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			Backup state			→ 🗎 164
			Comparison result			→ 🗎 164
		► Administration		]		→ 🗎 166
			Define energy and		]	
			Define access code			
			Device reset			→ 🖺 166
억 Diagnostics		]				→ 🖺 169
	Actual diagnostics		]			→ 🖺 169
	Timestamp		]			→ 🗎 169
	Previous diagnostic	S	]			→ 🗎 169
	Timestamp		]			→ 🗎 170
	Operating time from	n restart	]			→ 🖺 170
	Operating time		]			→ 🖺 163
	► Diagnostic list		]			→ 🗎 171
		Diagnostics 1 to 5		]		→ 🗎 171
		Timestamp 1 to 5		]		→ 🗎 171
	► Device informat	ion	]			→ 🗎 173
		Device tag		]		→ 🖺 173
		Serial number		]		→ 🖺 173
		Firmware version		]		→ 🖺 173
		Device name		]		→ 🖺 173
		Order code		]		→ 🗎 174
		Extended order cod	e 1 to 3	]		→ 🗎 174
		Device revision				→ 🗎 174
		Device ID		]		→ 🗎 174
				J		

	Device type	→ 🗎 175
	Manufacturer ID	→ 🗎 175
► Measured value	25	→ 🗎 176
	Distance	→ 🗎 116
	Level linearized	→ 🗎 134
	Output current 1 to 2	→ 🗎 150
	Measured current 1	→ 🗎 177
	Terminal voltage 1	→ 🗎 177
► Data logging		→ 🗎 178
	Assign channel 1 to 4	→ 🗎 178
	Logging interval	→ 🗎 179
	Clear logging data	→ 🗎 179
► Simulation		→ 🗎 182
	Assign measurement variable	→ 🗎 183
	Process variable value	→ 🗎 183
	Current output 1 to 2 simulation	→ 🗎 183
	Value current output 1 to 2	→ 🗎 184
	Switch output simulation	→ 🗎 184
	Switch status	→ 🗎 184
	Device alarm simulation	→ 🗎 185
► Device check		→ 🗎 186
	Start device check	→ 🗎 186
	Result device check	→ 🗎 186
	Last check time	→ 🗎 186



Device tag



Navigation	Setup → Device tag
Description	Enter a unique name for the measuring point to identify the device quickly within the plant.
User entry	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (32)

Distance unit			Â
Navigation	Image: Bearing and Bearing Setup → Dist	ance unit	
Description	Used for the basic o	Used for the basic calibration (Empty / Full).	
Selection	<i>SI units</i> • mm • m	US units • ft • in	

Tank type		Â
Navigation	Image: Setup → Tank type	
Prerequisite	Medium type (→ 🗎 123) = Liquid	
Description	Select tank type.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Metallic</li> <li>Bypass / pipe</li> <li>Non metallic</li> <li>Mounted outside</li> <li>Coaxial</li> </ul>	
Factory setting	Depending on the probe	

Endress+Hauser

£

# Additional information

- Depending on the probe some of the options mentioned above may not be available or there may be additional options.
- For coax probes and probes with metallic center washer **Tank type** parameter corresponds to the type of probe and cannot be changed.

Tube diameter		
Navigation		
Prerequisite	Tank type (→ 🗎 113) = Bypass / pipe	
Description	Specify diameter of bypass or stilling well.	
User entry	0 to 9.999 m	

Navigation	Image: Betup → Medium group
Prerequisite	Medium type ( $\rightarrow \square$ 123) = Liquid
Description	Select medium group.
Selection	<ul> <li>Others</li> <li>Water based (DC &gt;= 4)</li> </ul>
Additional information	This parameter roughly specifies the dielectric constant (DC) of the medium. For a more

detailed definition of the DC use the **Medium property** parameter ( $\rightarrow \equiv 123$ ).

The **Medium group** parameter presets the **Medium property** parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 123$ ) as follows:

Medium group	Medium property ( $\rightarrow \square$ 123)
Others	Unknown
Water based (DC >= 4)	DC 4 7

The **Medium property** parameter can be changed at a later point of time. However, when doing so, the **Medium group** parameter retains its value. Only the **Medium property** parameter is relevant for the signal evaluation.

The measuring range may be reduced for small dielectric constants. For details refer to the Technical Information (TI) of the respective device.

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# **Empty calibration**

Navigation	8 2	Setup $\rightarrow$ Empty calibr.
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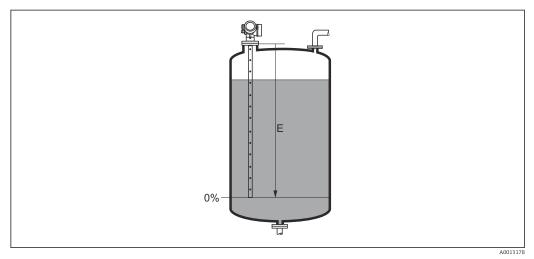
**Description** Distance between process connection and minimum level (0%).

Depending on the probe

User entry Depending on the probe

Factory setting

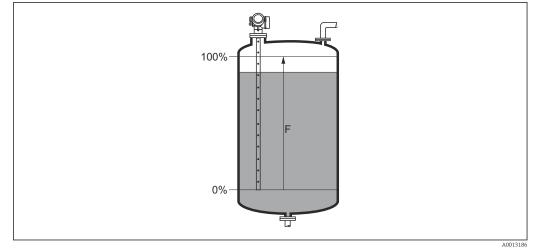
Additional information



☑ 43 Empty calibration (E) for level measurements in liquids

Full calibration		ß
Navigation	■ $\square$ Setup $\rightarrow$ Full calibr.	
Description	Distance between minimum level (0%) and maximum level (100%).	
User entry	Depending on the probe	
Factory setting	Depending on the probe	

# Additional information



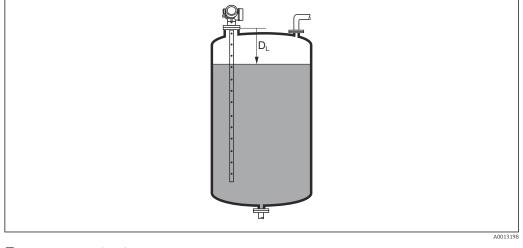
Full calibration (F) for level measurements in liquids 💽 44

# Level Navigation $\blacksquare$ □ Setup → Level Displays measured level $L_{\!L}$ (before linearization). Description Additional information ų S • L 0% Ħ A0013194 🛃 45 Level in case of liquid measurements The unit is defined in the **Level unit** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 126).

Distance	
Navigation	$\blacksquare$ = Setup → Distance
Description	Displays the measured distance $D_L$ between the reference point (lower edge of the flange or threaded connection) and the level.

H

# Additional information



46 Distance for liquid measurements

The unit is defined in the **Distance unit** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 113$ ).

# Signal quality

Navigation		
Description	Displays the signal quality of the evaluated echo.	
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the display options</li> <li>Strong <ul> <li>The evaluated echo exceeds the threshold by at least 10 mV.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Medium <ul> <li>The evaluated echo exceeds the threshold by at least 5 mV.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Weak <ul> <li>The evaluated echo exceeds the threshold by less than 5 mV.</li> </ul> </li> <li>No signal <ul> <li>The device does not find a usable echo.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	The signal quality indicated in this parameter always refers to the currently evaluated echo: either the level/interface echo <sup>1)</sup> or the end-of-probe echo. To differentiate between these two, the quality of the end-of-probe echo is always displayed in brackets.	
	<ul> <li>In case of a lost echo (Signal quality = No signal) the device generates the following error message:</li> <li>F941, for Output echo lost (→          138) = Alarm.     </li> </ul>	

- F941, for **Output echo lost** ( $\rightarrow \triangleq$  **138**) = Alarm.
- S941, if another option has been selected in **Output echo lost** ( $\rightarrow \implies 138$ ).

<sup>1)</sup> Of these two echos the one with the lower quality is indicated.

Confirm distance	
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Confirm distance
Description	Specify, whether the measured distance matches the real distance.
	Depending on the selection the device automatically sets the range of mapping.
Selection	<ul> <li>Manual map</li> <li>Distance ok</li> <li>Distance unknown</li> <li>Distance too small *</li> <li>Distance too big *</li> <li>Tank empty</li> <li>Delete map</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Manual map To be selected if the range of mapping is to be defined manually in the Mapping end point parameter (→ ) 119). In this case it is not necessary to confirm the distance. </li> <li>Distance ok To be selected if the measured distance matches the actual distance. The device performs a mapping. </li> <li>Distance unknown To be selected if the actual distance is unknown. A mapping can not be performed in thi case. </li> <li>Distance too small To be selected if the measured distance is smaller than the actual distance. The device searches for the next echo and returns to the Confirm distance parameter. The distance is recalculated and displayed. The comparison must be repeated until the displayed distance matches the actual distance. After this, the recording of the map can be started by selecting Distance ok. Distance to big<sup>2</sup>) To be selected if the measured distance exceeds the actual distance. The device adjusts the signal evaluation and returns to the Confirm distance parameter. The distance is recalculated and displayed. The comparison must be repeated until the displayed distance matches the actual distance. After this, the recording of the map can be started by selecting Distance ok. Distance to big<sup>2</sup>) To be selected if the measured distance. After this, the recording of the map can be started by selecting Distance ok. Tank empty To be selected if the tank is completely empty. The device records a mapping covering the complete measuring range. Factory map To be selected if the present mapping curve (if one exists) is to be deleted. The device returns to the Confirm distance parameter and a new mapping can be recorded. </li> </ul>
	When operating via the display module, the measured distance is displayed together with this parameter for reference purposes.
	If the teaching procedure with the <b>Distance too small</b> option or the <b>Distance too big</b> option is quit before the distance has been confirmed, a map is <b>not</b> recorded and the teaching procedure is reset after 60 s.

teaching procedure is reset after 60 s.

Visibility depends on order options or device settings Only available for "Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Echo tracking  $\rightarrow$  **Evaluation mode** parameter" = "Short time history" or "Long time history" 2)

Present mapping		
Navigation	□ Setup → Present mapping	
Description	Indicates up to which distance a mapping has already been recorded.	
Mapping end point		
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Map. end point	
Prerequisite	Confirm distance (→ 🗎 118) = Manual map or Distance too small	
Description	Specify new end of the mapping.	
User entry	0 to 200 000.0 m	
Additional information	This parameter defines up to which distance the new mapping is to be recorded. The distance is measured from the reference point, i.e. from the lower edge of the mountin flange or the threaded connection.	g
	For reference purposes the <b>Present mapping</b> parameter (→  119) is displayed together with this parameter. It indicates up to which distance a mapping has alreade been recorded.	ady

Record map		Â
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Record map	
Prerequisite	Confirm distance ( $\rightarrow \cong 118$ ) = Manual map or Distance too small	
Description	Start recording of the map.	
Selection	<ul><li>No</li><li>Record map</li><li>Delete map</li></ul>	
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>No <ul> <li>The map is not recorded.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Record map <ul> <li>The map is recorded. After the recording is completed, the new measured distance a the new mapping range appear on the display. When operating via the local display these values must be confirmed by pressing ☑.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Delete map <ul> <li>The mapping (if one exists) is deleted and the device displays the recalculated meass distance and the mapping range. When operating via the local display, these values be confirmed by pressing ☑.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	, ured

	<ul> <li>17.4.1 "Mapping" wizard</li> <li>In the Mapping wizard is only available when operating via the local display. When operating via an operating tool, all parameters concerning the mapping are located directly in the Setup menu (→  113).</li> <li>In the Mapping wizard two parameters are displayed simultaneously on the display module at any one time. The upper parameter can be edited, whereas the lower parameter is displayed for reference purposes only.</li> <li>Navigation Setup → Mapping</li> </ul>	
	Nuvguton Scup / Mapping	
Confirm distance	<u>Â</u>	
Navigation	■ Setup $\rightarrow$ Mapping $\rightarrow$ Confirm distance	
Description	→ 🗎 118	
Mapping end point	٢	
Navigation	Setup $\rightarrow$ Mapping $\rightarrow$ Map. end point	
Description	→ 🗎 119	
Record map	8	
Navigation	■ Setup $\rightarrow$ Mapping $\rightarrow$ Record map	
Description	→ 🖺 119	
Distance		
Navigation	■ Setup $\rightarrow$ Mapping $\rightarrow$ Distance	
Description	→ 🗎 116	

# 17.4.2 "Advanced setup" submenu

*Navigation*  $\square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup

Locking status		
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Locking status $	
Description	Indicates the write protection with the highest priority that is currently active.	
User interface	<ul> <li>Hardware locked</li> <li>SIL locked</li> <li>CT active - defined parameters</li> <li>WHG locked</li> <li>Temporarily locked</li> </ul>	
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning and priorities of the types of write protection</li> <li>Hardware locked (priority 1) <ul> <li>The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the main electronics module. This locks write access to the parameters.</li> </ul> </li> <li>SIL locked (priority 2) <ul> <li>The SIL mode is activated. Writing access to the relevant parameters is denied.</li> </ul> </li> <li>WHG locked (priority 3) <ul> <li>The WHG mode is activated. Writing access to the relevant parameters is denied.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Temporarily locked (priority 4) <ul> <li>Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes in progress in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset etc.). The parameters can be modified as soon as the processes are complete.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	On the display module, the a-symbol appears in front of parameters that cannot be modified since they are write-protected.	

Access status tooling		
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$	
Description	Shows the access authorization to the parameters via the operating tool.	
Additional information The access authorization can be changed via the Enter access code particle $(\rightarrow \cong 122)$ .		
	If additional write protection is active, this restricts the current access authorization even further. The write protection status can be viewed via the <b>Locking status</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 121$ ).	

#### Access status display Navigation Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Access stat.disp Prerequisite The device has a local display. Description Indicates access authorization to parameters via local display. Additional information The access authorization can be changed via the Enter access code parameter F (→ 🗎 122). If additional write protection is active, this restricts the current access authorization A even further. The write protection status can be viewed via the **Locking status** parameter ( $\rightarrow \blacksquare 121$ ).

Enter access code		
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Ent. access code	
Description	Enter access code to disable write protection of parameters.	
User entry	0 to 9999	
Additional information	<ul> <li>The customer-specific access code that was defined in the Define access code parameter (→ 🗎 166) must be entered for local operation.</li> <li>If an incorrect access code is entered, users retain their current access authorization.</li> <li>The write protection affects all parameters marked with the 😭 symbol in the document. On the local display, the 🛱 symbol in front of a parameter indicates that the parameter is write-protected.</li> <li>If no key is pressed for 10 minutes or the user goes from the navigation and editing mode back to the measured value display mode, the device automatically locks the write-protected parameters after another 60 s.</li> <li>Please contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center if you lose your access code.</li> </ul>	

## "Level" submenu

*Navigation*  $\[Begin{array}{c} \end{array} \mathbb{S} \end{array} \mathsf{Setup} \end{array} \mathsf{Advanced} \end{array} \mathsf{setup} \end{array} \mathsf{Level} \end{array}$ 

Medium type		]
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Level → Medium type	
Description	Specify type of medium.	
User interface	<ul><li>Liquid</li><li>Solid</li></ul>	
Factory setting	FMP50, FMP51, FMP52, FMP53, FMP54, FMP55: <b>Liquid</b>	
Additional information	This parameter determines the value of several other parameters and strongly influences the complete signal evaluation. Therefore, it is strongly recommended <b>not to change</b> the factory setting.	

Medium property		Ê
Navigation	Image: Border Setup → Advanced setup → Level → Medium property	
Prerequisite	EOP level evaluation ≠ Fix DC	
Description	Specify the dielectric constant $\epsilon_{\rm r}$ of the medium.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Unknown</li> <li>DC 1.4 1.6</li> <li>DC 1.6 1.9</li> <li>DC 1.9 2.5</li> <li>DC 2.5 4</li> <li>DC 4 7</li> <li>DC 7 15</li> <li>DC &gt; 15</li> </ul>	
Factory setting	Depends on the <b>Medium type (</b> $ ightarrow$ 🗎 123) and <b>Medium group (</b> $ ightarrow$ 🗎 114) param	eters.

# Additional information

Dependency of "Medium type" and "Medium group"

Medium type (→ 🗎 123)	Medium group (→ 🗎 114)	Medium property
Solid		Unknown
Liquid	Water based (DC $\geq$ = 4)	DC 4 7
	Others	Unknown

For the relative permittivity values ( $\epsilon_r$  values) of many media commonly used in industry, please refer to:

- Relative permittivity (ε<sub>r</sub> value), Compendium CP01076F
- The Endress+Hauser "DC Values app" (available for Android and iOS)

If **EOP level evaluation** = **Fix DC**, the exact dielectric constant must be specified in the **DC value** parameter. The **Medium property** parameter therefore does not apply in this case.

< 1

Process property		۵			
Navigation					
Description	Specify typical rate of level change.				
Selection	For "Medium type" = "Liquid" <ul> <li>Very fast &gt; 10 m (400 in)/min</li> <li>Fast &gt; 1 m (40 in)/min</li> <li>Standard &lt; 1 m (40in) /min</li> <li>Medium &lt; 10 cm (4in) /min</li> <li>Slow &lt; 1 cm (0.4in) /min</li> <li>No filter / test</li> </ul>				
	For "Medium type" = "Solid" • Very fast > 100 m (333 ft) /h • Fast > 10 m (33 ft) /h • Standard < 10 m (33 ft) /h • Medium < 1 m (3ft) /h • Slow < 0.1 m (0.3ft) /h • No filter / test				
Additional information	The device adjusts the signal evaluation fil typical rate of level change defined in this For "Operating mode" = "Level" and "Medium	-			
	Process property	Step response time / s			
	Very fast > 10 m (400 in)/min	5			
	Fast > 1 m (40 in)/min	5			
	Standard < 1 m (40in) /min	14			
	Medium < 10 cm (4in) /min	39			
	Slow < 1 cm (0.4in) /min	76			

No filter / test

Process property	Step response time / s
Very fast > 100 m (333 ft) /h	37
Fast > 10 m (33 ft) /h	37
Standard < 10 m (33 ft) /h	74
Medium < 1 m (3ft) /h	146
Slow < 0.1 m (0.3ft) /h	290
No filter / test	< 1

For "Operating mode" = "Interface" or "Interface with capacitance"

Process property	Step response time / s
Very fast > 10 m (400 in)/min	5
Fast > 1 m (40 in)/min	5
Standard < 1 m (40in) /min	23
Medium < 10 cm (4in) /min	47
Slow < 1 cm (0.4in) /min	81
No filter / test	2.2

# Advanced process conditions

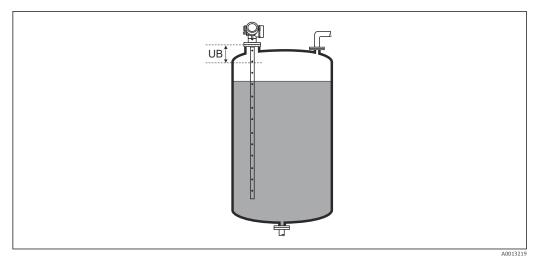
Navigation	
Description	Specify additional process conditions (if required).
Selection	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Oil/Water condensate</li> <li>Probe near tank bottom</li> <li>Build up</li> <li>Foam (&gt;5cm/0,16ft)</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Oil/Water condensate (only Medium type = Liquid) Makes sure that in the case of two-phase media only the total level is detected (example: oil/condensate application).</li> <li>Probe near tank bottom (only for Medium type = Liquid) Improves the empty detection, especially if the probe is mounted close to the tank bottom.</li> <li>Build up Enables a safe empty-detection even if the end-of-probe signal has shifted due to build-up.</li> <li>Foam (&gt;5cm/0,16ft) (only for Medium type = Liquid) Optimizes the signal evaluation in applications with foam formation.</li> </ul>

A

Level unit			ß
Navigation	Image: Betup → Advanced set	tup $\rightarrow$ Level $\rightarrow$ Level unit	
Description	Select level unit.		
Selection	SI units ■ % ■ m ■ mm	US units ■ ft ■ in	
Additional information	The level unit may differ fro $(\rightarrow \cong 113)$ :	m the distance unit defined in the <b>Distance unit</b> parameter	
	calibration ( $\rightarrow \cong 115$ ) as	stance unit parameter is used for the basic calibration (Emp nd Full calibration (→ 🗎 115)). vel unit parameter is used to display the (unlinearized) level	5

Blocking distance	Â
Navigation	
Description	Specify upper blocking distance UB.
User entry	0 to 200 m
Factory setting	<ul> <li>For rod and rope probes up to 8 m (26 ft): 200 mm (8 in)</li> <li>For rod and rope probes above 8 m (26 ft): 0.025 * Sondenlänge</li> </ul>
Additional information	Signals in the upper blocking distance are only evaluated if they have been outside the blocking distance when the device was switched on and move into the blocking distance due to a level change during operation. Signals which are already in the blocking distance when the device is switched on, are ignored.
	<ul> <li>This behavior is only valid if the following two conditions are met:</li> <li>Expert → Sensor → Echo tracking → Evaluation mode = Short time history or Long time history)</li> <li>Expert → Sensor → Gas phase compensation → GPC mode= On, Without correction or External correction</li> </ul>
	If one of these conditions is not met, signals in the blocking distance will always be ignored.

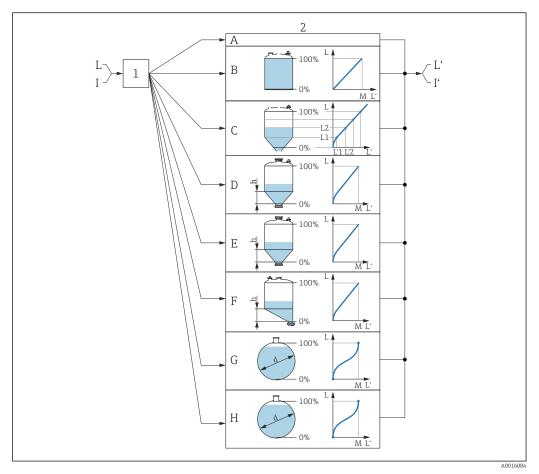
If required, a different behavior for signals in the blocking distance can be defined by the Endress+Hauser service.



■ 47 Blocking distance (UB) for liquid measurements

Level correction		Â
Navigation		
Description	Specify level correction (if required).	
User entry	-200000.0 to 200000.0 %	
Additional information	The value specified in this parameter is added to the measured level (before linearizati	on).

## "Linearization" submenu



🛃 48 Linearization: Conversion of the level and, if applicable, interface into a volume or a weight; the conversion depends on the vessel shape

- 1 Selection of linearization type and unit
- Configuration of the linearization 2
- *Linearization type* ( $\Rightarrow \boxminus 131$ ) = *None Linearization type* ( $\Rightarrow \boxminus 131$ ) = *Linear* Α
- В
- Linearization type ( $\rightarrow \square 131$ ) = Table С
- D Linearization type ( $\Rightarrow \square 131$ ) = Pyramid bottom
- Linearization type ( $\rightarrow \square 131$ ) = Conical bottom Ε
- F *Linearization type* ( $\rightarrow \square 131$ ) = Angled bottom
- *Linearization type* ( $\rightarrow \square 131$ ) = *Horizontal cylinder* G
- *Linearization type* ( $\rightarrow \square 131$ ) = *Sphere* Η
- For "Operating mode" = "Interface" or "Interface with capacitance": interface before linearization (measured in Ι the level unit)
- ľ For "Operating mode" = "Interface" or "Interface with capacitance": interface after linearization (corresponds to volume or weight)
- Level before linearization (measured in level unit) L
- Ľ Level linearized ( $\rightarrow \square 134$ ) (corresponds to volume or weight)
- Maximum value ( $\rightarrow \square 134$ ) М
- Diameter ( $\rightarrow \square 134$ ) d
- Intermediate height ( $\rightarrow \square 135$ ) h

# Structure of the submenu on the local display

Navigation

Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Linearization

► Linearization	
	Linearization type
	Unit after linearization
	Free text
	Maximum value
	Diameter
	Intermediate height
	Table mode
	► Edit table
	Level
	Customer value
	Activate table

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Structure	Uj lile	submenu	in ine	operating	1001 (6.9	. FieldCurej

*Navigation*  $\square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Linearization

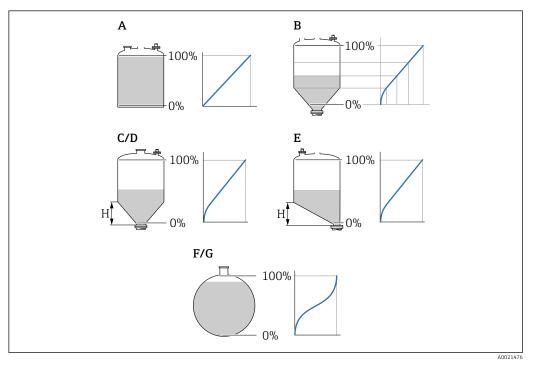
► Linearization		
	Linearization type	]
	Unit after linearization	
	Free text	
	Level linearized	
	Maximum value	
	Diameter	
	Intermediate height	
	Table mode	
	Table number	
	Level	
	Level	
	Customer value	
	Activate table	
1		

Description of the parameters

Navigation  $\blacksquare \blacksquare \quad \text{Setup} \rightarrow \text{Advanced setup} \rightarrow \text{Linearization}$ 

Linearization type		Ê
Navigation		
Description	Select linearization type.	
Selection	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Linear</li> <li>Table</li> <li>Pyramid bottom</li> <li>Conical bottom</li> <li>Angled bottom</li> <li>Horizontal cylinder</li> <li>Sphere</li> </ul>	

# Additional information



- E 49 Linearization types
- Α None
- В Table
- С Pyramid bottom
- Conical bottom Angled bottom D
- Ε
- Sphere F
- G . Horizontal cylinder

#### Meaning of the options

- None
- The level is output in the level unit without being converted (linearized) beforehand.
- Linear

The output value (volume/weight) is proportional to the level L. This applies, for example, to vertical cylindrical tanks and silos. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 132$ )
- Maximum value (→ 🗎 134): maximum volume or weight
- Table

The relationship between the measured level L and the output value (volume/weight) is defined by a linearization table consisting of up to 32 pairs of values "level - volume" or "level - weight" respectively. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 132$ )
- Table mode (→ 
   <sup>™</sup>
   <sup>™</sup>
   135)
- For every point in the table: Level (→ 
   <sup>™</sup> 136)
- For every point in the table: Customer value (→ 
   <sup>1</sup> 137)
- Activate table ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 137$ )
- Pyramid bottom

The output value corresponds to the volume or weight in a silo with a pyramid bottom. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\rightarrow \square 132$ )
- Maximum value (→ 🗎 134): maximum volume or weight
- Intermediate height ( $\rightarrow \cong 135$ ): the height of the pyramid
- Conical bottom

The output value corresponds to the volume or weight in a tank with a conical bottom. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 132$ )
- Maximum value (→ 🗎 134): maximum volume or weight
- Intermediate height (→ 🗎 135): the height of the cone
- Angled bottom

The output value corresponds to the volume or weight in a silo with an angled bottom. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\rightarrow \square 132$ )
- Maximum value (→ 🗎 134): maximum volume or weight
- **Intermediate height (→** 🗎 **135)**: height of the angled bottom
- Horizontal cylinder

The output value corresponds to the volume or weight in a horizontal cylinder. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 132$ )
- Maximum value (→ 🗎 134): maximum volume or weight
- Diameter (→ 🗎 134)
- Sphere

The output value corresponds to the volume or weight in a spherical tank. The following parameters must also be specified:

- Unit after linearization ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 132$ )
- Maximum value (→ 🗎 134): maximum volume or weight
- Diameter (→ 
   134)

Unit after linearization

Ê

Navigation	$\blacksquare$ ■ Setup → Advanced setup → Linearization → Unit lineariz.
Prerequisite	Linearization type (→ 🖺 131) ≠ None

Description

Select the unit for the linearized value.

Selection

Selection/input (uint16)

- 1095 = [short Ton]
- 1094 = [lb]
- 1088 = [kg]
- 1092 = [Ton]
- 1048 = [US Gal.]
- 1049 = [Imp. Gal.]
- $1043 = [ft^3]$
- $1571 = [cm^3]$
- $1035 = [dm^3]$
- $1034 = [m^3]$
- 1038 = [1]
- 1041 = [hl]
- 1342 = [%]
- 1010 = [m]
- 1012 = [mm]
- 1018 = [ft]
- 1019 = [inch]
- 1351 = [l/s]
- 1352 = [l/min]
- 1353 = [l/h]
- $1347 = [m^3/s]$
- 1348 = [m³/min]
- 1349 = [m³/h]
- $1356 = [ft^3/s]$
- 1357 = [ft³/min]
- 1358 = [ft³/h]
- 1362 = [US Gal./s]
- 1363 = [US Gal./min]
- 1364 = [US Gal./h]
- 1367 = [Imp. Gal./s]
- 1358 = [Imp. Gal./min]
- 1359 = [Imp. Gal./h]
- 32815 = [Ml/s]
- 32816 = [Ml/min]
- 32817 = [Ml/h]
- 1355 = [Ml/d]

Additional information The selected unit is only used for display purposes. The measured value is **not** converted

on the basis of the selected unit.

Distance-to-distance linearization is also possible, i.e. a linearization from the level unit to another length unit. Select the **Linear** linearization mode for this purpose. To specify the new level unit, select the **Free text** option in the **Unit after linearization** parameter and enter the unit in the **Free text** parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 133$ ).

Free text		
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \square  \text{Setup} \rightarrow \text{Advanced setup} \rightarrow \text{Linearization} \rightarrow \text{Free text} $	
Prerequisite	Unit after linearization ( $\rightarrow \cong 132$ ) = Free text	
Description	Enter unit symbol.	

User entry	Up to 32 alphanumerical characters (letters, numbers, special characters)	
Level linearized		
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Linearization $\rightarrow$ Level linearized	
Description	Displays linearized level.	
Additional information	This unit is defined by the <b>Unit after linearization</b> parameter.	
Maximum value		
Navigation	$\square \square  \text{Satur} \rightarrow A \text{dyanced setur} \rightarrow \text{Linearization} \rightarrow \text{Maximum value}$	

Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Linearization → Maximum value
Prerequisite	<ul> <li>Linearization type (→  131) has one of the following values:</li> <li>Linear</li> <li>Pyramid bottom</li> <li>Conical bottom</li> <li>Angled bottom</li> <li>Horizontal cylinder</li> <li>Sphere</li> </ul>
Description	Linearized value corresponding to a level of 100%.
User entry	-50 000.0 to 50 000.0 %

Diameter		
Navigation		
Prerequisite	<ul> <li>Linearization type (→    131) has one of the following values:</li> <li>Horizontal cylinder</li> <li>Sphere</li> </ul>	
Description	Diameter of the cylindrical or spherical tank.	
User entry	0 to 9 999.999 m	
Additional information	The unit is defined in the <b>Distance unit</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$ 113).	

Intermediate height		Â
Navigation	□ Setup → Advanced setup → Linearization → Intermed. height	
Prerequisite	<ul> <li>Linearization type (→    131) has one of the following values:</li> <li>Pyramid bottom</li> <li>Conical bottom</li> <li>Angled bottom</li> </ul>	
Description	Height of the pyramid, conical or angled bottom.	
User entry	0 to 200 m	
Additional information		A0013264
	H Intermediate height	AUU13264

The unit is defined in the **Distance unit** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square$  113).

Table mode	
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Linearization → Table mode
Prerequisite	Linearization type ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 131$ ) = Table
Description	Select editing mode of the linearization table.
Selection	<ul> <li>Manual</li> <li>Semiautomatic</li> <li>Clear table</li> <li>Sort table</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Manual The level and the associated linearized value are entered manually for each linearization point. </li> <li>Semiautomatic The level is measured by the device for each linearization point. The associated linearized value is entered manually. </li> <li>Clear table Deletes the existing linearization table. Sort table Rearranges the linerization points into an ascending order.</li></ul>

# Conditions the linearization table must meet:

- The table may consist of up to 32 pairs of values "Level Linearized Value".
- The table must be monotonic (monotonically increasing or decreasing).
- The first linearization point must refer to the minimum level.
- The last linearization point must refer to the maximum level.

Before entering a linearization table, the values for **Empty calibration** ( $\rightarrow \equiv 115$ ) and **Full calibration** ( $\rightarrow \equiv 115$ ) must be set correctly.

If values of the table need to be changed after the full or empty calibration have been changed, a correct evaluation is only ensured if the existing table is deleted and the complete table is entered again. To do so delete the existing table (**Table mode**  $(\rightarrow \cong 135) =$ **Clear table**). Then enter a new table.

#### How to enter the table

Via FieldCare

The table points can be entered via the **Table number** ( $\rightarrow \square 136$ ), **Level** ( $\rightarrow \square 136$ ) and **Customer value** ( $\rightarrow \square 137$ ) parameters. As an alternative, the graphic table editor may be used: Device Operation  $\rightarrow$  Device Functions  $\rightarrow$  Additional Functions  $\rightarrow$  Linearization (Online/Offline)

Via local display

Select the **Edit table** submenu to call up the graphic table editor. The table is displayed and can be edited line by line.

The factory setting for the level unit is "%". If you want to enter the linearization table in physical units, you must select the appropriate unit in the **Level unit** parameter  $(\rightarrow \square 126)$  beforehand.

If a decreasing table is entered, the values for 20 mA and 4 mA of the current output are interchanged. That means: 20 mA refers to the lowest level, whereas 4 mA refers to the highest level.

# Table numberImage: Table numberNavigationImage: Setup → Advanced setup → Linearization → Table numberPrerequisiteLinearization type (→ Image: 131) = TableDescriptionSelect table point you are going to enter or change.User entry1 to 32

Level (Manual)

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	<ul> <li>Linearization type (→    131) = Table</li> <li>Table mode (→    135) = Manual</li> </ul>
Description	Enter level value of the table point (value before linearization).
User entry	Signed floating-point number

A

A

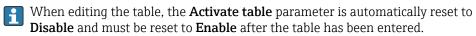
Level (Semiautomatic)	
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	<ul> <li>Linearization type (→ 🗎 131) = Table</li> <li>Table mode (→ 🗎 135) = Semiautomatic</li> </ul>
Description	Displays measured level (value before linearization). This value is transmitted to the table.

#### Customer value

Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Prerequisite	Linearization type ( $\rightarrow \square$ 131) = Table
Description	Enter linearized value for the table point.
User entry	Signed floating-point number

Activate table	ß

Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Linearization → Activate table
Prerequisite	Linearization type ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 131$ ) = Table
Description	Activate (enable) or deactivate (disable) the linearization table.
Selection	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Disable The measured level is not linearized. If Linearization type (→  131) = Table at the same time, the device issues error message F435. </li> <li>Enable The measured level is linearized according to the table. </li> </ul>



# "Safety settings" submenu

Navigation

 $\blacksquare \square \quad \text{Setup} \rightarrow \text{Advanced setup} \rightarrow \text{Safety sett.}$ 

Output echo lost	٤
Navigation	
Description	Output signal in case of a lost echo.
Selection	<ul> <li>Last valid value</li> <li>Ramp at echo lost</li> <li>Value echo lost</li> <li>Alarm</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Last valid value The last valid value is kept in the case of a lost echo.</li> <li>Ramp at echo lost <sup>3)</sup> In the case of a lost echo the output value is continously shifted towards 0% or 100%. The slope of the ramp is defined in the Ramp at echo lost parameter (→ 🗎 139).</li> <li>Value echo lost <sup>3)</sup> In the case of a lost echo the output assumes the value defined in the Value echo lost parameter (→ 🗎 138).</li> <li>Alarm In the case of a lost echo the device generates an alarm; see the Failure mode parameter (→ 🖺 149)</li> </ul>

Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Safety sett. → Value echo lost
Prerequisite	Output echo lost (→ 🗎 138) = Value echo lost
Description	Output value in case of a lost echo
User entry	0 to 200000.0 %
Additional information	<ul> <li>Use the unit which has been defined for the measured value output:</li> <li>without linearization: Level unit (→  126)</li> <li>with linearization: Unit after linearization (→  132)</li> </ul>

A

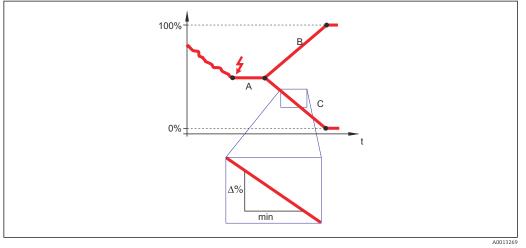
<sup>3)</sup> Only visible if "Linearization type ( $\rightarrow \cong 131$ )" = "None"

A

# Ramp at echo lost

Navigation	□ Setup → Advanced setup → Safety sett. → Ramp echo lost
Prerequisite	Output echo lost ( $\rightarrow \square$ 138) = Ramp at echo lost
Description	Slope of the ramp in the case of a lost echo
User entry	Signed floating-point number

# Additional information



A Delay time echo lost

*B* Ramp at echo lost ( $\rightarrow \square 139$ ) (positive value)

*C* Ramp at echo lost ( $\rightarrow \square 139$ ) (negative value)

- The unit for the slope of the ramp is "percentage of the measuring range per minute" (%/ min).
- For a negative slope of the ramp: The measured value is continuously decreased until it reaches 0%.
- For a positive slope of the ramp: The measured value is continuosly increased until it reaches 100%.

Blocking distance		Ê
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Safety sett. → Blocking dist.	
Description	Specify upper blocking distance UB.	
User entry	0 to 200 m	
Factory setting	<ul> <li>For rod and rope probes up to 8 m (26 ft): 200 mm (8 in)</li> <li>For rod and rope probes above 8 m (26 ft): 0.025 * Sondenlänge</li> </ul>	
Additional information	Signals in the upper blocking distance are only evaluated if they have been outside blocking distance when the device was switched on and move into the blocking dis	

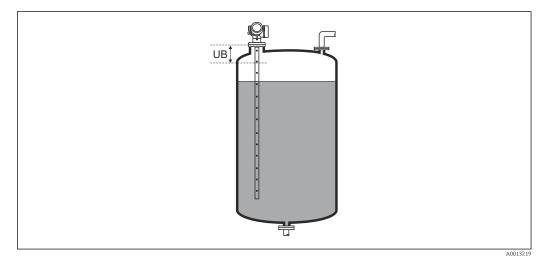
due to a level change during operation. Signals which are already in the blocking distance when the device is switched on, are ignored.

This behavior is only valid if the following two conditions are met:

- Expert → Sensor → Echo tracking → Evaluation mode = Short time history or Long time history)
  - Expert → Sensor → Gas phase compensation → GPC mode= On, Without correction or External correction

If one of these conditions is not met, signals in the blocking distance will always be ignored.

If required, a different behavior for signals in the blocking distance can be defined by the Endress+Hauser service.



■ 50 Blocking distance (UB) for liquid measurements

#### "SIL/WHG confirmation" wizard

The **SIL/WHG confirmation** wizard is only available for devices with SIL or WHG approval (Feature 590: "Additional Approval", option LA: "SIL" or LC: "WHG overfill prevention" ) which are currently **not** in the SIL- or WHG-locked state.

The **SIL/WHG confirmation** wizard is required to lock the device according to SIL or WHG. For details refer to the "Functional Safety Manual" of the respective device, which describes the locking procedure and the parameters of the sequence.

*Navigation*  $\square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  SIL/WHG confirm.

#### "Deactivate SIL/WHG" wizard

*Navigation*  $\square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Deactiv. SIL/WHG

Reset write protection		
Navigation		
Description	Enter unlocking code.	
User entry	0 to 65 535	
Code incorrect		Â
Navigation	Image: Boundary Setup → Advanced setup → Deactiv. SIL/WHG → Code incorrect	
Description	Indicates that a wrong unlocking code has been entered. Select procedure.	
Selection	<ul><li>Reenter code</li><li>Abort sequence</li></ul>	

## "Probe settings" submenu

The **Probe settings** submenu helps to ensure that the device correctly assigns the end of probe signal within the envelope curve. The assignment is correct if the length of probe indicated by the device matches the acutal length of the probe. The automatic probe length correction can only be performed if the probe is installed in the vessel and is completely uncovered (no medium) over the entire length. For partially filled vessels and if the probe length is known, select **Confirm probe length** ( $\rightarrow \cong 144$ ) = **Manual input** to enter the value manually.

- If a mapping has been recorded after shortening the probe, it is no longer possible to perform an automatic probe length correction. There are two options if this occurs:
  - First delete the mapping curve using the. Record map parameter (→ 
     <sup>119</sup>) and the probe length correction can then be performed. After the probe length correction, a new mapping curve can be recorded using the Record map parameter (→ 
     <sup>119</sup>).
  - Alternatively, select Confirm probe length (→ 
     <sup>(⇒)</sup> 144) = Manual input and manually enter the probe length in the Present probe length parameter.

An automatic probe length correction is only possible after the correct option has been selected in the **Probe grounded** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 143$ ).

*Navigation*  $\square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Probe settings

Probe grounded		
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Probe settings → Probe grounded	
Prerequisite	Operating mode = Level	
Description	Specify whether the probe is grounded.	
Selection	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	

Present probe length		
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Probe settings $\rightarrow$ Pres. length	
Description	<ul> <li>In most cases: Displays the length of the probe according to the currently measured end-of-probe signal.</li> <li>For Confirm probe length (→  <sup>(⇒)</sup> 144) = Manual input: Enter actual length of probe.</li> </ul>	
User entry	0 to 200 m	

Confirm probe length	8
Navigation	$ \qquad \qquad$
Description	Specify whether the value displayed in the <b>Present probe length</b> parameter matches the actual length of the probe. Based on this input, the device performs a probe length correction.
Selection	<ul> <li>Probe length OK</li> <li>Probe length too small</li> <li>Probe length too big</li> <li>Probe covered</li> <li>Manual input</li> <li>Probe length unknown</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Probe length OK To be selected if the correct probe length is displayed. A correction is not required. The device exits the sequence.</li> <li>Probe length too small To be selected if the displayed length is less than the actual probe length. A different end of probe signal is allocated and the newly calculated length is displayed in the Present probe length parameter. This procedure has to be repeated until the displayed value matches the actual length of the probe.</li> <li>Probe length too big To be selected if the displayed length is greater than the actual probe length. A different end of probe signal is allocated and the newly calculated length is displayed in the Present probe length parameter. This procedure has to be repeated until the displayed value matches the actual length of the probe.</li> <li>Probe length too big To be selected if the displayed length is greater than the actual probe length. A different end of probe signal is allocated and the newly calculated length is displayed in the Present probe length parameter. This procedure has to be repeated until the displayed value matches the actual length of the probe.</li> <li>Probe covered To be selected if the probe is (partially or completely) covered. A probe length correction is impossible in this case.</li> <li>Manual input To be selected if no automatic probe length correction is to be performed. Instead, the actual length of the probe must be entered manually in the Present probe length parameter. <sup>40</sup></li> <li>Probe length unknown To be selected if the actual probe length is unknown. A probe length correction is impossible in this case.</li> </ul>

<sup>4)</sup> When operating via FieldCare, the **Manual input** option does not need to be selected explicitly; manual editing of the probe length is always possible here.

"Probe length correction" wizard

The **Probe length correction** wizard is only available when operating via the local display. When operating via an operating tool, the parameters for probe length correction are located directly in the **Probe settings** submenu ( $\rightarrow \cong 143$ ).

*Navigation*  $\square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Probe settings  $\rightarrow$  Prob.length corr

Confirm probe length	
Navigation	
Description	Specify whether the value displayed in the <b>Present probe length</b> parameter matches the actual length of the probe. Based on this input, the device performs a probe length correction.
Selection	<ul> <li>Probe length OK</li> <li>Probe length too small</li> <li>Probe length too big</li> <li>Probe covered</li> <li>Manual input</li> <li>Probe length unknown</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Probe length OK To be selected if the correct probe length is displayed. A correction is not required. The device exits the sequence. </li> <li>Probe length too small To be selected if the displayed length is less than the actual probe length. A different end of probe signal is allocated and the newly calculated length is displayed in the Present probe length parameter. This procedure has to be repeated until the displayed value matches the actual length of the probe. </li> <li>Probe length too big To be selected if the displayed length is greater than the actual probe length. A different end of probe signal is allocated and the newly calculated length is displayed in the Present probe length parameter. This procedure has to be repeated until the displayed value matches the actual length of the probe. </li> <li>Probe length too big To be selected if the displayed length is greater than the actual probe length. A different end of probe signal is allocated and the newly calculated length is displayed in the Present probe length parameter. This procedure has to be repeated until the displayed value matches the actual length of the probe. </li> <li>Probe covered To be selected if the probe is (partially or completely) covered. A probe length correction is impossible in this case. </li> <li>Manual input To be selected if no automatic probe length correction is to be performed. Instead, the actual length of the probe must be entered manually in the Present probe length parameter. <sup>5</sup> Probe length unknown To be selected if the actual probe length is unknown. A probe length correction is impossible in this case. </li> </ul>

<sup>5)</sup> When operating via FieldCare, the **Manual input** option does not need to be selected explicitly; manual editing of the probe length is always possible here.

Present probe length		Â
Navigation		
Description	<ul> <li>In most cases: Displays the length of the probe according to the currently measured end-of-probe signal.</li> <li>For Confirm probe length (→  144) = Manual input: Enter actual length of probe.</li> </ul>	2
User entry	0 to 200 m	

#### "Current output 1 to 2" submenu



The **Current output 2** submenu ( $\Rightarrow \square 147$ ) is only available for devices with two current outputs.

Navigation  $\square$  Setup → Advanced setup → Curr.output 1 to 2

Assign current output 1 t	o 2	
Navigation	□ $□$ Setup → Advanced setup → Curr.output 1 to 2 → Assign curr.	
Description	Select process variable for current output.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Level linearized</li> <li>Distance</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Relative echo amplitude</li> <li>Analog output adv. diagnostics 1</li> <li>Analog output adv. diagnostics 2</li> </ul>	
Factory setting	<ul> <li>For level measurements</li> <li>Current output 1: Level linearized</li> <li>Current output 2<sup>6</sup>: Level linearized</li> </ul>	
Additional information	Definition of the current range for the process variables	

Process variable	4 mA value	20 mA value
Level linearized	0 % $^{1)}$ or the associated linearized value	100 % $^{2)}$ or the associated linearized value
Distance	0 (i.e. level is at the reference point)	<b>Empty calibration (</b> $\rightarrow \square$ <b>115)</b> (i.e. level is at 0 %)
Electronic temperature	−50 °C (−58 °F)	100 °C (212 °F)
Relative echo amplitude	0 mV	2 000 mV
Analog output adv. diagnostics 1/2	depending on the parametrization of the Advanced Diagnostics	

1) the 0% level is defined by **Empty calibration** parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 115$ )

The 100% level is defined by **Full calibration** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \square 115$ ) 2)

It may be necessary to adjust the 4mA and 20mA values to the application (especially 1 in the case of the Analog output adv. diagnostics 1/2 option).

This can be done by the following parameters:

- Expert  $\rightarrow$  Output  $\rightarrow$  Current output 1 to 2  $\rightarrow$  Turn down
- Expert  $\rightarrow$  Output  $\rightarrow$  Current output 1 to 2  $\rightarrow$  4 mA value
- Expert  $\rightarrow$  Output  $\rightarrow$  Current output 1 to 2  $\rightarrow$  20 mA value

<sup>6)</sup> only for devices with two current outputs

Navigation Description	_				
Description	Determines the o	dvanced setup $\rightarrow$ Curr.outp	put 1 to 2 $\rightarrow$ Current span		
		current range used to trans	mit the measured value.		
	'420mA': Measured variab	le: 420 mA			
	'420mA NAMUR': Measured variable: 3.8 20.5 mA				
	'420mA US': Measured variable: 3.9 20.8 mA				
	'Fixed current': Measured variable transmitted via HART only				
	Note: Currents below 3	8.6 mA or above 21.95 mA	. can be used to signal an a	alarm.	
	<ul> <li>420 mA</li> <li>420 mA NAI</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul>	MUR			
Additional information	■ 420 mA NAI ■ 420 mA US	pptions Current range for process	Lower alarm signal level	Upper alarm signal leve	
Additional information	<ul> <li>420 mA NAI</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul> <i>Meaning of the c</i> Option	ptions Current range for process variable			
Additional information	<ul> <li>420 mA NAI</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul> Meaning of the comparison of the compa	<b>Current range for process</b> <b>variable</b> 4 to 20.5 mA	< 3.6 mA	> 21.95 mA	
Additional information	<ul> <li>420 mA NAI</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul> <i>Meaning of the c</i> Option 420 mA 420 mA NAMUR	<b>Current range for process</b> <b>variable</b> 4 to 20.5 mA 3.8 to 20.5 mA	< 3.6 mA < 3.6 mA	> 21.95 mA > 21.95 mA	
Additional information	<ul> <li>420 mA NAI</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul> Meaning of the comparison of the compa	Current range for process variable 4 to 20.5 mA 3.8 to 20.5 mA 3.9 to 20.8 mA	< 3.6 mA	<ul> <li>&gt; 21.95 mA</li> <li>&gt; 21.95 mA</li> <li>&gt; 21.95 mA</li> </ul>	

# **Fixed current**

NavigationImage: Setup → Advanced setup → Curr.output 1 to 2 → Fixed currentPrerequisiteCurrent span (→ Image: 148) = Fixed currentDescriptionDefine constant value of the output current.User entry4 to 22.5 mA

A

Damping output		
Navigation		
Description	Reaction time of the output signal on fluctuation in the measured value.	
User entry	0.0 to 999.9 s	
Additional information	Fluctuations of the measured value affect the output current with an exponential delay, the time constant $\tau$ of which is defined in this parameter. With a small time constant the output reacts immediately to changes of the measrued value. With a big time constant the reaction of the output is more delayed. For $\tau = 0$ (factory setting) there is no damping.	

Failure mode		
Navigation	Image: Bow Setup → Advanced setup → Curr.output 1 to 2 → Failure mode	
Prerequisite	Current span (→ 🗎 148) ≠ Fixed current	
Description	Defines which current the output assumes in the case of an error.	
	'Min.': < 3.6mA	
	'Max.': > 21.95mA	
	'Last valid value': Last valid value before occurrence of the error.	
	'Actual value': Output current is equal to the measured value; error is ignored.	
	'Defined value': User defined value.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Min.</li> <li>Max.</li> <li>Last valid value</li> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Defined value</li> </ul>	

#### Additional information Meaning of the options

#### Min.

The current output adopts the value of the lower alarm level according to the **Current span** parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 148$ ).

Max.

The current output adopts the value of the upper alarm level according to the **Current span** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 148$ ).

Last valid value

The current remains constant at the last value it hat before the error occurred.

- Actual value
  - The output current follows the actual measured value; the error is ignored.
- Defined value

The output current assumes the value defined in the **Failure current** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \square 150$ ).

The error behavior of other output channels is not influenced by these settings but is defined in separate parameters.

Failure current		
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Curr.output 1 to 2 → Failure current	
Prerequisite	Failure mode (→ 🗎 149) = Defined value	
Description	Defines which current the output assumes in case of an error.	
User entry	3.59 to 22.5 mA	
Output current 1 to 2		
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Curr.output 1 to 2 → Output curr. 1 to 2	

**Description** Shows the actual calculated value of the output current.

#### "Switch output" submenu



The **Switch output** submenu ( $\rightarrow \cong 151$ ) is only available for devices with a switch output.<sup>7</sup>

□ □ Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Switch output Navigation

Switch output function	
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Switch output → Switch out funct
Description	Defines the function of the switch output.
	'Off' The switch output is always open (non-conductive)
	'On' The switch output is always closed (conductive).
	'Diagnostic behavior' The switch output is normally closed and is only opened if a diagnostic event is present.
	'Limit' The switch output is normally closed and is only opened if a measured variable exceeds a defined limit.
	'Digital output' The switch output is controlled by one of the digital output blocks of the device.
Selection	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Digital Output</li> </ul>
Additional information	Meaning of the options <ul> <li>Off</li> </ul>
	The output is always open (non-conductive).
	<ul> <li>On The output is always closed (conductive).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Diagnostic behavior         The output is normally closed and is only opened if a diagnostic event is present. The         Assign diagnostic behavior parameter (→</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Limit The output is normally closed and is only opened if a measured variable exceeds or falls below a defined limit. The limit values are defined by the following parameters: <ul> <li>Assign limit (→ 🗎 152)</li> <li>Switch-on value (→ 🖺 153)</li> <li>Switch-off value (→ 🖺 154)</li> </ul></li></ul>
	• <b>Digital Output</b> The switching state of the output tracks the output value of a DI function block. The function block is selected in the <b>Assign status</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 152$ ).
	The <b>Off</b> and <b>On</b> options can be used to simulate the switch output.

Order code 020 "Power supply; output", option B, E or G 7)

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# Assign status

Navigation	$ \blacksquare \Box Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Switch output \rightarrow Assign status $
Prerequisite	Switch output function ( $\rightarrow \square$ 151) = Digital Output
Description	Assigns a Discrete Output Block or an Advanced Diagnostic Block to the switch output.
Selection	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Digital output AD 1</li> <li>Digital output AD 2</li> </ul>
Additional information	The <b>Digital output AD 1</b> and <b>Digital output AD 2</b> options refer to the Advanced Diagnostics Blocks. A switch signal generated in these blocks can be output via the switch output.

Assign limit		
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Switch output \rightarrow Assign limit $	
Prerequisite	Switch output function ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 151$ ) = Limit	
Description	Defines which process variable will be checked for limit violation.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Level linearized</li> <li>Distance</li> <li>Interface linearized *</li> <li>Interface distance *</li> <li>Thickness upper layer *</li> <li>Terminal voltage</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Measured capacitance *</li> <li>Relative echo amplitude</li> <li>Relative interface amplitude *</li> <li>Absolute echo amplitude *</li> </ul>	

# Assign diagnostic behavior

Navigation	$\textcircled{B} \Box  \text{Setup} \rightarrow \text{Advanced setup} \rightarrow \text{Switch output} \rightarrow \text{Assign diag. beh}$
Prerequisite	Switch output function ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 151$ ) = Diagnostic behavior
Description	Defines to which behavior of diagnostic events the switch output reacts.

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

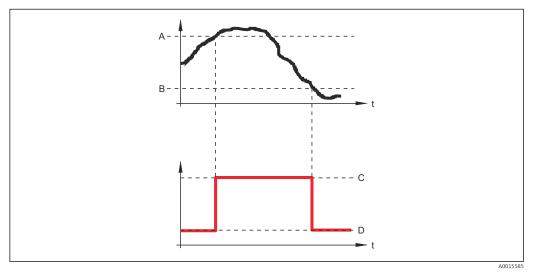
A

#### Selection

Alarm

- Alarm or warning
- Warning

Switch-on value		ß
Navigation	Image: Boundary Setup → Advanced setup → Switch output → Switch-on value	
Prerequisite	Switch output function ( $\rightarrow \cong 151$ ) = Limit	
Description	Defines the switch-on point. The output is closed if the assigned process variable rises above this point.	
User entry	Signed floating-point number	
Additional information	The switching behavior depends on the relative position of the <b>Switch-on value</b> and <b>Switch-off value</b> parameters:	
	<ul> <li>Switch-on value &gt; Switch-off value</li> <li>The output is closed if the measured value is larger than Switch-on value.</li> <li>The output is opened if the measured value is smaller than Switch-off value.</li> </ul>	



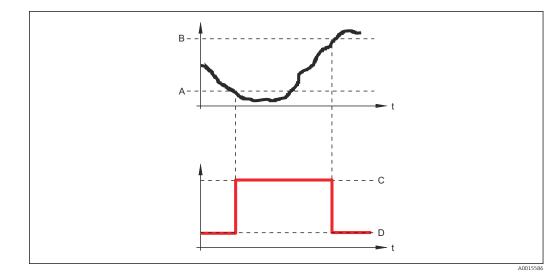
- A Switch-on value
- B Switch-off value
- *C* Output closed (conductive)
- D Output opened (non-conductive)

# Switch-on value < Switch-off value

- The output is closed if the measured value is smaller than **Switch-on value**.
- The output is opened if the measured value is larger than **Switch-off value**.

ß

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- Α
- В
- С
- Switch-on value Switch-off value Output closed (conductive) Output opened (non-conductive) D

#### Switch-on delay

Navigation	$ \blacksquare \square Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Switch output \rightarrow Switch-on delay $
Prerequisite	<ul> <li>Switch output function (→  □ 151) = Limit</li> <li>Assign limit (→ □ 152) ≠ Off</li> </ul>
Description	Defines the delay applied before the output is switched on.
User entry	0.0 to 100.0 s

#### Switch-off value

Navigation	$\textcircled{B} \boxminus Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Switch output \rightarrow Switch-off value$
Prerequisite	Switch output function ( $\rightarrow \cong 151$ ) = Limit
Description	Defines the switch-off point. The output is opened if the assigned process variable falls below this point.
User entry	Signed floating-point number
Additional information	The switching behavior depends on the relative position of the <b>Switch-on value</b> and <b>Switch-off value</b> parameters; description: see the <b>Switch-on value</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \cong 153)$ .

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# Switch-off delay Navigation $\blacksquare$ Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Switch output $\rightarrow$ Switch-off delay Prerequisite - Switch output function ( $\rightarrow$ $\blacksquare$ 151) = Limit Prescription Defines the delay applied before the output is switched off. User entry 0.0 to 100.0 s Failure mode Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Switch output $\rightarrow$ Failure mode

Navigation	Setup / Advanced setup / Switch output / Panure mode
Prerequisite	Switch output function ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 151$ ) = Limit or Digital Output
Description	Defines the state of the switch output in case of an error.
Selection	<ul> <li>Actual status</li> <li>Open</li> </ul>

- OpenClosed
- Additional information

Switch status		
Navigation	Image: Boundary Setup → Advanced setup → Switch output → Switch status	
Description	Current status of the switch output.	
Invert output signal		Ê
Navigation	Invert outp.sig. Switch output → Invert outp.sig.	
Description	'No' The switch output behaves as per its parameter setting.	
	'Yes' The switching behavior is inverted as compared to its parameter setting.	

- Selection
- NoYes

# Additional information

## Meaning of the options

- No
  - The behavior of the switch output is as described above.
- Yes
  - The states **Open** and **Closed** are inverted as compared to the description above.

## "Display" submenu

**Display** submenu is only visible if a display module is connected to the device.

*Navigation*  $\ \ \square \ \ \square \ \ \square$  Setup  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display

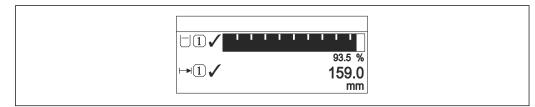
Language	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \Box  \text{Setup} \rightarrow \text{Advanced setup} \rightarrow \text{Display} \rightarrow \text{Language} $
Description	Set display language.
Selection	<ul> <li>English</li> <li>Deutsch *</li> <li>Français *</li> <li>Fspañol *</li> <li>Español *</li> <li>Italiano *</li> <li>Nederlands *</li> <li>Portuguesa *</li> <li>Polski *</li> <li>pycский язык (Russian) *</li> <li>Svenska *</li> <li>Türkçe *</li> <li>中文 (Chinese) *</li> <li>日本語 (Japanese) *</li> <li>한국어 (Korean) *</li> <li>Bahasa Indonesia *</li> <li>tiếng Việt (Vietnamese) *</li> <li>čeština (Czech) *</li> </ul>
Factory setting	The language selected in feature 500 of the product structure. If no language has been selected: <b>English</b>
Additional information	
Format display	
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Format display
Description	Select how measured values are shown on the display.
Selection	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

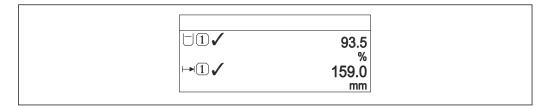
## Additional information



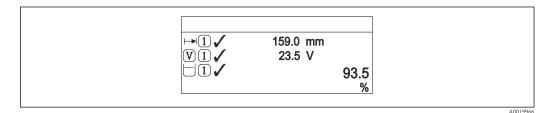
💽 51 "Format display" = "1 value, max. size"



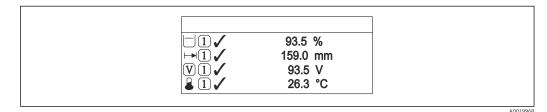
☑ 52 "Format display" = "1 bargraph + 1 value"



#### 



☑ 54 "Format display" = "1 value large + 2 values"



💽 55 "Format display" = "4 values"

- The Value 1 to 4 display parameters are used to specify which measured values are shown on the local display and in what order.

Value 1 to 4 display		Â
Navigation		
Description	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Level linearized</li> <li>Distance</li> <li>Interface linearized *</li> <li>Interface distance *</li> <li>Thickness upper layer *</li> <li>Current output 1</li> <li>Measured current</li> <li>Current output 2 *</li> <li>Terminal voltage</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Measured capacitance *</li> <li>Analog output adv. diagnostics 1</li> <li>Analog output adv. diagnostics 2</li> </ul>	
Factory setting	<ul> <li>For level measurements</li> <li>Value 1 display: Level linearized</li> <li>Value 2 display: Distance</li> <li>Value 3 display: Current output 1</li> <li>Value 4 display: None</li> </ul>	

Decimal places 1 to 4		Â
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Decimal places 1	
Description	This selection does not affect the measurement and calculation accuracy of the device.	
Selection	<ul> <li>X</li> <li>X.X</li> <li>X.XX</li> <li>X.XXX</li> <li>X.XXXX</li> </ul>	
Additional information	The setting does not affect the measuring or computational accuracy of the device.	

Display interval	
Navigation	$\blacksquare$ ■ Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Display interval
Description	Set time measured values are shown on display if display alternates between values.
User entry	1 to 10 s

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

**Additional information** This parameter is only relevant if the number of selected measuring values exceeds the number of values the selected display format can display simultaneously.

Display damping		
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Display damping	
Description	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	
User entry	0.0 to 999.9 s	
Header		٦
Navigation	Image: Boundary Advanced setup → Display → Header	
Description	Select header contents on local display.	
Selection	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>Free text</li></ul>	
Additional information		
	1 Position of the header text on the display	A0029422
	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Device tag Is defined in the Device tag parameter (→  113).</li> <li>Free text Is defined in the Header text parameter (→  160).</li> </ul>	
Header text		æ
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Header text	
Prerequisite	Header (→ 🗎 160) = Free text	
Description	Enter display header text.	

**User entry** Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (12)

**Additional information** The number of characters which can be displayed depends on the characters used.

Separator		
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \Box Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Separator $	
Description	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	
Selection	■ . ■ ,	

Number format		
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Number format	
Description	Choose number format for the display.	
Selection	<ul><li>Decimal</li><li>ft-in-1/16"</li></ul>	
Additional information	The <b>ft-in-1/16</b> " option is only valid for distance units.	

Decimal places menu	
Navigation	
Description	Select number of decimal places for the representation of numbers within the operating menu.
Selection	<ul> <li>x</li> <li>x.x</li> <li>x.xx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> <li>x.xxx</li> </ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Is only valid for numbers in the operating menu (e.g. Empty calibration, Full calibration), but not for the measured value display. The number of decimal places for the measured value display is defined in the Decimal places 1 to 4 parameters</li> <li>This setting does not affect the accuracy of the device for measuring or calculating the value</li> </ul>

Backlight	
Navigation	$ \blacksquare \blacksquare Setup \rightarrow Advanced setup \rightarrow Display \rightarrow Backlight $
Prerequisite	The device has the SD03 local display (with optical keys).
Description	Switch the local display backlight on and off.

Selection	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Disable Switches the backlight off.</li> <li>Enable Switches the backlight on.</li> <li>Regardless of the setting in this parameter the backlight may be automatically switched off by the device if the supply voltage is too low.</li> </ul>

Contrast display	
Navigation	Image: Setup → Advanced setup → Display → Contrast display
Description	Adjust local display contrast setting to ambient conditions (e.g. lighting or reading angle).
User entry	20 to 80 %
Factory setting	Dependent on the display.
Additional information	<ul> <li>Setting the contrast via push-buttons:</li> <li>Darker: press the  buttons simultaneously.</li> <li>Brighter: press the  buttons simultaneously.</li> </ul>

#### "Configuration backup display" submenu



This submenu is only visible if a display module is connected to the device.

The configuration of the device can be saved to the display module at a certain point of time (backup). The saved configurateion can be restored to the device if required, e.g. in order to bring the device back into a defined state. The configuration can also be transferred to a different device of the same type using the display module.

Navigation □ Setup → Advanced setup → Conf.backup disp

Operating time	
Navigation	
Description	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.
Additional information	Maximum time 9999 d ( $\approx 27$ years)

Last backup	
Navigation	Setup → Advanced setup → Conf.backup disp → Last backup
Description	Indicates when the last data backup was saved to the display module.

Configuration man	agement	Ê
Navigation		
Description	Select action for managing the device data in the display module.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>Execute backup</li> <li>Restore</li> <li>Duplicate</li> <li>Compare</li> </ul>	

Clear backup data

#### Additional information Meaning of the options

#### Cancel

No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.

#### Execute backup

A backup copy of the current device configuration in the HistoROM (built-in in the device) is saved to the display module of the device.

Restore

The last backup copy of the device configuration is copied from the display module to the HistoROM of the device.

Duplicate

The transmitter configuration is duplicated to another device using the transmitter display module. The following parameters, which characterize the individual measuring point are **not** included in the transmitted configuration:

- HART date code
- HART short tag
- HART message
- HART descriptor
- HART address
- Device tag
- Medium type
- Compare

The device configuration saved in the display module is compared to the current device configuration of the HistoROM. The result of this comparison is displayed in the **Comparison result** parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 164$ ).

Clear backup data

The backup copy of the device configuration is deleted from the display module of the device.

While this action is in progress, the configuration cannot be edited via the local display and a message on the processing status appears on the display.

If an existing backup is restored to a different device using the **Restore** option, it may occur that some device functionalities are no longer available. In some cases even a device reset will not restore the original status.

In order to transmit a configuration to a different device, the **Duplicate** option should always be used.

Backup state	
Navigation	■ E Setup → Advanced setup → Conf.backup disp → Backup state
Description	Displays which backup action is currently in progress.
Comparison result	
Navigation	Image: Beam of the setup → Conf.backup disp → Compar. result
Description	Comparison between present device data and display backup.

#### Additional information

# Meaning of the display options

#### Settings identical

The current device configuration of the HistoROM is identical to the backup copy in the display module.

Settings not identical

The current device configuration of the HistoROM is not identical to the backup copy in the display module.

- No backup available There is no backup copy of the device configuration of the HistoROM in the display module.
- Backup settings corrupt

The current device configuration of the HistoROM is corrupt or not compatible with the backup copy in the display module.

- Check not done The device configuration of the HistoROM has not yet been compared to the backup copy in the display module.
- Dataset incompatible

The data sets are incompatible and can not be compared.

To start the comparison, set **Configuration management** ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 163$ ) = **Compare**.

If the transmitter configuration has been duplicated from a different device by **Configuration management** ( $\rightarrow \implies 163$ ) = **Duplicate**, the new device configuration in the HistoROM is only partially identical to the configuration stored in the display module: Sensor specific properties (e.g. the mapping curve) are not duplicated. Thus, the result of the comparison will be **Settings not identical**.

## "Administration" submenu

Navigation

Define access code	l	1
Navigation	□ Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Administration $\rightarrow$ Def. access code	
Description	Define release code for write access to parameters.	
User entry	0 to 9 999	
Additional information	If the factory setting is not changed or if "0" is entered, the parameters are not write- protected and the device configuration data can therefore always be modified. The user is logged on in the "Maintenance" role.	
	The write protection affects all parameters marked with the 🗃 symbol in the document. On the local display, the 🔒 symbol in front of a parameter indicates that the parameter is write-protected.	
	Once the access code has been defined, write-protected parameters can only be modified if the access code is entered in the <b>Enter access code</b> parameter $( \rightarrow \cong 122 )$ .	
	Please contact your Endress+Hauser Sales Center if you lose the access code.	
	If operating via the local display: the new access code is only valid once it has been confirmed in the <b>Confirm access code</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \square 168$ ).	

Device reset		
Navigation	Image: Boundary Setup → Advanced setup → Administration → Device reset	
Description	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>To factory defaults</li> <li>To delivery settings</li> <li>Of customer settings</li> <li>To transducer defaults</li> <li>Restart device</li> </ul>	
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the options</li> <li>Cancel No action</li> <li>To factory defaults All parameters are reset to the order-code specific factory setting.</li> <li>To delivery settings All parameters are reset to the delivery setting. The delivery setting may differ from factory default if customer specific settings have been ordered. This option is only visible if customer specific settings have been ordered.</li> </ul>	m the

# Of customer settings

All customer parameters are reset to their factory setting. Service parameters, however, remain unchanged.

To transducer defaults

Every measurment-related parameter is reset to its factory setting. Service parameters and communication-related parameters, however, remain unchanged.

Restart device

The restart resets every parameter which is stored in the volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.

	"Define access code" wizard
	The <b>Define access code</b> wizard is only available when operating via the local display. When operating via an operating tool, the <b>Define access code</b> parameter is located directly in the <b>Administration</b> submenu. The <b>Confirm access code</b> parameter is not available for operation via operating tool.
	Navigation $\boxdot$ Setup $\rightarrow$ Advanced setup $\rightarrow$ Administration $\rightarrow$ Def. access code
Define access code	۵
Navigation	ⓐ Setup → Advanced setup → Administration → Def. access code → Def. access code
Description	→ 🗎 166
Confirm access code	Â
Navigation	
Description	Confirm the entered access code.
User entry	0 to 9 999

# 17.5 "Diagnostics" menu

Navigation

■ □ Diagnostics

Actual diagnostics Navigation □ □ Diagnostics → Actual diagnos. Description Displays current diagnostic message. Additional information The display consists of: Symbol for event behavior Code for diagnostic behavior Operating time of occurrence Event text If several messages are active at the same time, the messages with the highest priority is displayed. Information on what is causing the message, and remedy measures, can be viewed via Н the (i) symbol on the display.

Timestamp	
Navigation	□ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Timestamp
Description	Displays the timestamp for the currently active diagnostic message.
Previous diagnostics	
Navigation	□ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □
Description	Displays the last diagnostic message which has been active before the current message.
Additional information	The display consists of: • Symbol for event behavior • Code for diagnostic behavior • Operating time of occurrence • Event text
	The condition displayed may still apply. Information on what is causing the message, and remedy measures, can be viewed via the ① symbol on the display.

Timestamp	
Navigation	□ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Timestamp
Description	Shows the timestamp of the previous diagnostic message.
Operating time from rest	art
Navigation	
Description	Displays the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.
Operating time	
Navigation	
Description	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.
Additional information	Maximum time

# 17.5.1 "Diagnostic list" submenu

*Navigation*  $\square$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic list

Diagnostics 1 to 5	
Navigation	□ □ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Diagnostic list $\rightarrow$ Diagnostics 1
Description	Display the current diagnostics messages with the highest to fifth-highest priority.
Additional information	The display consists of: • Symbol for event behavior • Code for diagnostic behavior • Operating time of occurrence • Event text
Timestamp 1 to 5	
Navigation	Image B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B

**Description** Timestamp of the diagnostic message.

Filter options		
Navigation		
Description	Define which category of event messages is shown in the Events list submenu.	
Selection	<ul> <li>All</li> <li>Failure (F)</li> <li>Function check (C)</li> <li>Out of specification (S)</li> <li>Maintenance required (M)</li> <li>Information (I)</li> </ul>	
Additional information	<ul> <li>This parameter is only used for operation via the local display.</li> <li>The status signals are categorized according to NAMUR NE 107.</li> </ul>	

# 17.5.2 "Event logbook" submenu

The **Event logbook** submenu is only available when operating via the local display. When operating via FieldCare, the event list can be displayed in the FieldCare function "Event List / HistoROM".

Navigation $\square$ Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Event logbook

#### "Event list" submenu

The **Event list** submenu displays the history of past events of the category selected in the **Filter options** parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 172$ ). A maximum of 100 events are displayed in chronological order.

The following symbols indicate whether an event has occurred or has ended:

- ∋: Event has occurred
- 🕞: Event has ended

Information on what is causing the message, and remedy instructions, can be viewed via the ①-button.

#### **Display format**

- For event messages in category I: information event, event text, "recording event" symbol and time the event occurred
- For event messages in category F, M, C, S (status signal): diagnostics event, event text, "recording event" symbol and time the event occurred

Navigation

# 17.5.3 "Device information" submenu

*Navigation*  $\square$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Device info

Device tag	
Navigation	
Description	Enter the name for the measuring point.
User interface	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Serial number	
Navigation	Image: Boostics → Device info → Serial number $\square$
Description	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.
Additional information	<ul> <li>Uses of the serial number</li> <li>To identify the device quickly, e.g. when contacting Endress+Hauser.</li> <li>To obtain specific information on the device using the Device Viewer: www.endress.com/deviceviewer</li> </ul>
	The serial number is also indicated on the nameplate.

Firmware version	
Navigation	■ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Device info $\rightarrow$ Firmware version
Description	Shows the device firmware version installed.
User interface	xx.yy.zz
Additional information	For firmware versions differing only in the last two digits ("zz") there is no difference concerning functionality or operation.

Device name	
Navigation	
Description	Shows the name of the transmitter.

Order code		
Navigation	Image Diagnostics → Device info → Order code	
Description	Shows the device order code.	
User interface	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	
Additional information	The order code is generated from the extended roder code, which defines all device features of the product structure. In contrast, the device features can not be read direct from the order code.	tly

Extended order code 1 to 3		A
Navigation		
Description	Display the three parts of the extended order code.	
User interface	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	
Additional information	The extended order code indicates the version of all the features of the product structur and thus uniquely identifies the device.	re

Device revision	
Navigation	B □ Diagnostics → Device info → Device revision
Description	Shows the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART Communication Foundation.
Additional information	The device revision is used to allocate the correct Device Description file (DD) to the device.

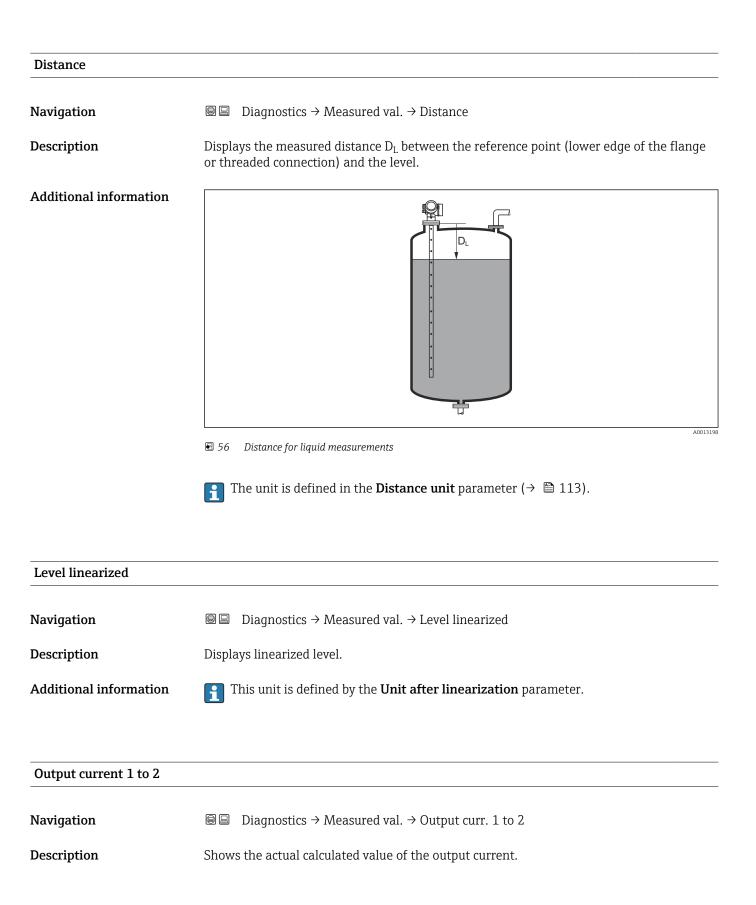
Device ID	
Navigation	■ $\square$ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Device info $\rightarrow$ Device ID
Description	Shows the device ID for identifying the device in a HART network.
Additional information	In addition to the Device type and Manufacturer ID, the Device ID is part of the unique device identification (Unique ID) which characterizes each HART device unambiguously.

Device type	
Navigation	
Description	Shows the device type with which the measuring device is registered with the HART Communication Foundation.
Additional information	

Manufacturer ID	
Navigation	
Description	Use this function to view the manufacturer ID with which the measuring device is registered with the HART Communication Foundation.
User interface	2-digit hexadecimal number
Factory setting	0x11 (for Endress+Hauser)

# 17.5.4 "Measured values" submenu

*Navigation*  $\square \square$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Measured val.



Measured current 1	
Navigation	□ □ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Measured val. $\rightarrow$ Measur. curr. 1
Prerequisite	Only available for current output 1
Description	Shows the current value of the current output which is currently measured.
Terminal voltage 1	
Navigation	□ □ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Measured val. $\rightarrow$ Terminal volt. 1
Description	Shows the current terminal voltage that is applied at the output.

# 17.5.5 "Data logging" submenu

Navigation  $\textcircled{B} \square$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Data logging

iagnostics $\rightarrow$ Data logging $\rightarrow$ Assign chan. 1 to 4
process variable to logging channel.
linearized ice ered distance ace linearized * ace distance * ered interface distance hess upper layer * nt output 1 ired current nt output 2 * nal voltage onic temperature ired capacitance * ite echo amplitude ve echo amplitude ve echo amplitude * ve interface amplitude * ve interface amplitude * ite EOP amplitude hift of signal ated DC value * g output adv. diagnostics 1 g output adv. diagnostics 2
of 1000 measured values can be logged. This means: data points if 1 logging channel is used ata points if 2 logging channels are used ata points if 3 logging channels are used ata points if 4 logging channels are used aximum number of data points is reached, the oldest data points in the data log cally overwritten in such a way that the last 1000, 500, 333 or 250 measured

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# A Logging interval Navigation Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Data logging $\rightarrow$ Logging interval Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Data logging $\rightarrow$ Logging interval Description Define the logging interval tlog for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory. User entry 1.0 to 3 600.0 s Additional information This parameter defines the interval between the individual data points in the data log, and thus the maximum loggable process time T $_{log}$ : • If 1 logging channel is used: T $_{log} = 1000 \cdot t_{log}$ • If 2 logging channels are used: $\vec{T}_{log} = 500 \cdot t_{log}$ • If 3 logging channels are used: T $_{log}$ = 333 $\cdot$ t $_{log}$ • If 4 logging channels are used: $T_{log} = 250 \cdot t_{log}$ Once this time elapses, the oldest data points in the data log are cyclically overwritten such that a time of T log always remains in the memory (ring memory principle). The logged data are deleted if this parameter is changed. Example When using 1 logging channel • $T_{log} = 1000 \cdot 1 s = 1000 s \approx 16.5 min$ • $T_{log} = 1000 \cdot 10 \text{ s} = 1000 \text{ s} \approx 2.75 \text{ h}$

- $T_{log} = 1000 \cdot 80 \text{ s} = 80\,000 \text{ s} \approx 22 \text{ h}$
- $T_{log} = 1000 \cdot 3600 \text{ s} = 3600000 \text{ s} \approx 41 \text{ d}$

Clear logging data		Â
Navigation	<ul> <li>Diagnostics → Data logging → Clear logging</li> <li>Diagnostics → Data logging → Clear logging</li> </ul>	
Description	Clear the entire logging data.	
Selection	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Clear data</li></ul>	

#### "Display channel 1 to 4" submenu

The **Display channel 1 to 4** submenus are only available for operation via the local display. When operating via FieldCare, the logging diagram can be displayed in the FieldCare function "Event List / HistoROM".

The **Display channel 1 to 4** submenus invoke a diagram of the logging history of the respective channel.

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	-100s	Ó	

- x-axis: depending on the number of selected channels, 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable are displayed.
- y-axis: covers the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the measurement.

To return to the operating menu, press  $\oplus$  and  $\Box$  simultaneaously.

Navigation

□ Diagnostics → Data logging → Displ.channel 1 to 4

#### 17.5.6 "Simulation" submenu

The **Simulation** submenu is used to simulate specific measuring values or other conditions. This helps to check the correct configuration of the device and connected control units.

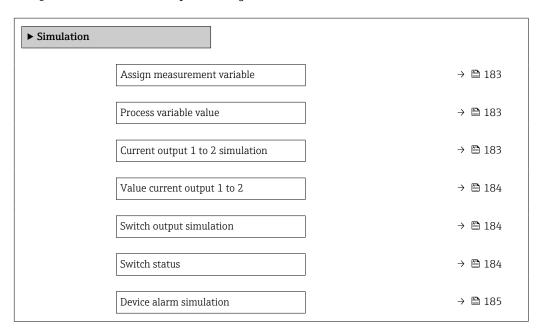
Conditions which can be simulated

Condition to be simulated	Associated parameters
Specific value of a process variable	<ul> <li>Assign measurement variable (→    183)</li> <li>Process variable value (→    183)</li> </ul>
Specific value of the output current	<ul> <li>Current output simulation (→  □ 183)</li> <li>Value current output (→  □ 184)</li> </ul>
Specific state of the switch output	<ul> <li>Switch output simulation (→  <sup>B</sup> 184)</li> <li>Switch status (→  <sup>B</sup> 184)</li> </ul>
Existence of an alarm	Device alarm simulation ( $\rightarrow \square$ 185)

#### Structure of the submenu

Navigation

Expert  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Simulation



#### **Description of parameters**

*Navigation*  $\square$  Expert  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Simulation

Assign measurement variable		
Navigation	$\blacksquare$ Expert → Diagnostics → Simulation → Assign meas.var.	
Description	Defines the process variable to be simulated.	
Selection	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Level</li> <li>Interface *</li> <li>Thickness upper layer *</li> <li>Level linearized</li> <li>Interface linearized</li> <li>Thickness linearized</li> </ul>	
Additional information	<ul> <li>The value of the variable to be simulated is defined in the <b>Process variable value</b> parameter (→  B 183).</li> <li>If <b>Assign measurement variable</b> ≠ <b>Off</b>, a simulation is active. This is indicated by a diagnotic message of the <i>Function check (C)</i> category.</li> </ul>	1

Process variable value		
Navigation	Image: Barbon Simulation → Proc. var. value $\square$	
Prerequisite	Assign measurement variable (→ 🗎 183) ≠ Off	
Description	Defines the value of the selected variable. The outputs assume values or states according to this value.	
User entry	Signed floating-point number	
Additional information	Downstream measured value processing and the signal output use this simulation valu this way, users can verify whether the measuring device has been configured correctly	

#### Current output 1 to 2 simulation

Navigation	■ Expert → Diagnostics → Simulation → Curr.out. 1 to 2 sim.
Description	Switch the simulation of the current output on and off.

A

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

A

Selection	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>
Additional information	An active simulation is indicated by a diagnostic message of the <i>Function check (C)</i> category.

Value current out	put 1 to 2
-------------------	------------

Navigation	Image: Barbon Simulation → Value curr.out 1 to 2 Image: Simulation → Value curr.out 1 to 2	
Prerequisite	Current output simulation ( $\rightarrow \cong 183$ ) = On	
Description	Defines the value of the simulated output current.	
User entry	3.59 to 22.5 mA	
Additional information	The current output assumes the value specified in this parameter. In this way, users can verify the correct adjustment of the current output and the correct function of connected control units.	

Switch output simulation			A
Navigation	0 -	Expert $\rightarrow$ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Simulation $\rightarrow$ Switch sim.	

Description	Switch the simulation of the switch output on and off.

Selection
-----------

-	On
---	----

• Off

Switch status	Â

Navigation	$ \blacksquare \blacksquare  \text{Expert} \rightarrow \text{Diagnostics} \rightarrow \text{Simulation} \rightarrow \text{Switch status} $
Prerequisite	Switch output simulation ( $\rightarrow \square 184$ ) = On
Description	Current status of the switch output.
Selection	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>
Additional information	The switch status assumes the value defined in this parameter. This helps to check correct operation of connected control units.

Device alarm simulation		Ê
Navigation		
Description	Switch the device alarm on and off.	
Selection	<ul><li>Off</li><li>On</li></ul>	
Additional information	When selecting the <b>On</b> option, the device generates an alarm. This helps to check the correct output behavior of the device in the case of an alarm.	
	An active simulation is indicated by the <b>C484 Failure mode simulation</b> diagnostic message.	
Diagnostic event simulatio	on	Â
Navigation	Image: Boostimes and the second state of	
Description	Select the diagnostic event to be simulated.	

Additional information	When operated via the local display, the selection list can be filtered according to the event
	categories ( <b>Diagnostic event category</b> parameter).

To terminate the simulation, select 'Off'.

Note:

## 17.5.7 "Device check" submenu

*Navigation*  $\square$   $\square$  Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Device check

Start device check		
Navigation		
Description	Start a device check.	
Selection	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	
Additional information	In the case of a lost echo a device check can not be performed.	
Result device check		
Navigation	Image Big	
Description	Displays the result of the device check.	
Additional information	<ul> <li>Meaning of the display options</li> <li>Installation ok Measurement possible without restrictions.</li> <li>Accuracy reduced A measurement is possible. However, the measuring accuracy may be reduced due to signal amplitudes.</li> <li>Measurement capability reduced A measurement is currently possible. Howerver, there is the risk of an echo loss. Chec the mounting position of the device and the dielectric constant of the medium.</li> <li>Check not done No device check has been performed.</li> </ul>	

Last check time	
Navigation	
Description	Displays the operating time at which the last device check has been performed.
User interface	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

#### Level signal

Navigation	$\square \square Diagnostics \rightarrow Device check \rightarrow Level signal$
Prerequisite	Device check has been performed.
Description	Displays result of the device check for the level signal.
User interface	<ul> <li>Check not done</li> <li>Check not OK</li> <li>Check OK</li> </ul>
Additional information	For <b>Level signal = Check not OK</b> : Check the mounting position of the device and the dielectric constant of the medium.

Launch signal	
Navigation	□ □ Diagnostics $\rightarrow$ Device check $\rightarrow$ Launch signal
Prerequisite	Device check has been performed.
Description	Displays result of the display check for the launch signal.
User interface	<ul><li>Check not done</li><li>Check not OK</li><li>Check OK</li></ul>
Additional information	For <b>Launch signal = Check not OK</b> : Check the mounting position of the device. In non- metallic vessels use a metal plate or a metal flange.



#### 7.5.8 "Heartbeat" submenu

The **Heartbeat** submenu is only available via **FieldCare** or **DeviceCare**. It contains the wizards which are part of the **Heartbeat Verification** and **Heartbeat Monitoring** application packages.

**Detailed description** SD01872F

Navigation

□ □ Diagnostics → Heartbeat

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