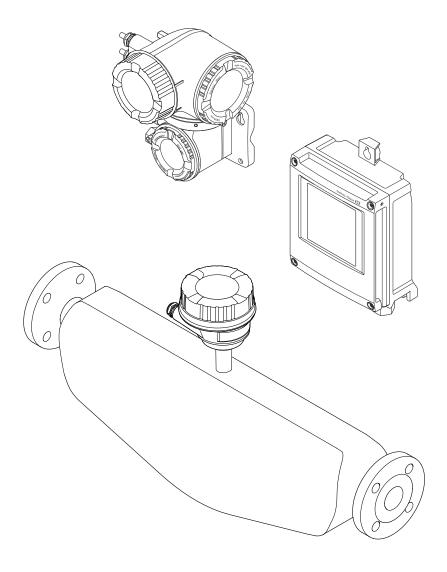
Valid as of version 01.00.zz (Device firmware) Products Solutions Services

# Operating Instructions **Proline Promass P 500**

Coriolis flowmeter PROFINET over Ethernet-APL







- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to this manual.

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# 1 About this document

# 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

# 1.2 Symbols

# 1.2.1 Safety symbols

#### **⚠** DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **WARNING**

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

#### A CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

# 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
===	Direct current
~	Alternating current
$\overline{}$	Direct current and alternating current
=	Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded via a grounding system.
Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any connections.	
	The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:  Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network.  Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.

# 1.2.3 Communication-specific symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b></b>	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local network.

# 1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b>\$</b>	Torx screwdriver
96	Phillips head screwdriver
Ó	Open-ended wrench

# 1.2.5 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.
<b>✓</b> ✓	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.
X	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.
i	Tip Indicates additional information.
	Reference to documentation
	Reference to page
	Reference to graphic
<b>•</b>	Notice or individual step to be observed
1., 2., 3	Series of steps
L	Result of a step
?	Help in the event of a problem
	Visual inspection

# 1.2.6 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3.,	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area
×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≋➡	Flow direction

#### 1.3 **Documentation**

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

The following documentation may be available depending on the device version ordered:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	Planning aid for your device The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety Instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are a constituent part of the Operating Instructions.  Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant for the device is provided on the nameplate.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

#### 1.4 Registered trademarks

# Ethernet-APL™

Registered trademark of the PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V. (PROFIBUS User Organization), Karlsruhe, Germany

Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

# 2 Safety instructions

# 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ▶ Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

#### 2.2 Intended use

#### Application and media

The measuring instrument described in this manual is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also be used to measure potentially explosive <sup>1)</sup>, flammable, toxid and oxidizing media.

Measuring instruments for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to pressure, are specially labeled on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring instrument is in perfect condition during operation:

- ▶ Only use the measuring instrument in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- ▶ Using the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- ► Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- ► Keep within the specified ambient temperature range.
- ► Protect the measuring instrument permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

#### Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

#### **▲** WARNING

#### Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids and ambient conditions!

- ▶ Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ▶ Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

<sup>1)</sup> Not applicable for IO-Link measuring instruments

#### **NOTICE**

#### Verification for borderline cases:

► For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

#### Residual risks

#### **A** CAUTION

Risk of hot or cold burns! The use of media and electronics with high or low temperatures can produce hot or cold surfaces on the device.

► Mount suitable touch protection.

# 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

▶ Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

# 2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

#### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- ► Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- ▶ Use only original spare parts and accessories.

# 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device..

# 2.6 IT security

The manufacturer warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

# 2.7 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater inoperation safety if used correctly. The following list provides an overview of the most important functions:

Function/interface	Factory setting	Recommendation
Write protection via hardware write protection switch $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	Not enabled	On an individual basis following risk assessment
Access code (also applies to web server login or FieldCare connection) → 🖺 11	Not enabled (0000)	Assign a customized access code during commissioning
WLAN (order option in display module)	Enabled	On an individual basis following risk assessment
WLAN security mode	Enabled (WPA2- PSK)	Do not change
WLAN passphrase (Password) → 🖺 12	Serial number	Assign an individual WLAN passphrase during commissioning
WLAN mode	Access point	On an individual basis following risk assessment
Web server → 🖺 12	Enabled	On an individual basis following risk assessment
Service interface CDI-RJ45 → 🗎 12	-	On an individual basis following risk assessment

# 2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection

Write access to the parameters of the device via the local display, web browser or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be disabled via a write protection switch (DIP switch on the main electronics module). When hardware write protection is enabled, only read access to the parameters is possible.

Hardware write protection is disabled when the device is delivered  $\rightarrow riangleq rian$ 

# 2.7.2 Protecting access via a password

Different passwords are available to protect write access to the device parameters or access to the device via the WLAN interface.

- User-specific access code
   Protect write access to the device parameters via the local display, web browser or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare). Access authorization is clearly regulated through the use of a user-specific access code.
- WLAN passphrase
   The network key protects a connection between an operating unit (e.g. notebook or tablet) and the device via the WLAN interface which can be ordered as an option.
- Infrastructure mode
   When the device is operated in infrastructure mode, the WLAN passphrase corresponds to the WLAN passphrase configured on the operator side.

#### User-specific access code

When the device is delivered, the device does not have an access code and is equivalent to 0000 (open).

#### WLAN passphrase: Operation as WLAN access point

A connection between an operating unit (e.g. notebook or tablet) and the device via the WLAN interface  $(\rightarrow \triangleq 88)$ , which can be ordered as an optional extra, is protected by the network key. The WLAN authentication of the network key complies with the IEEE 802.11 standard.

When the device is delivered, the network key is pre-defined depending on the device. It can be changed via the **WLAN settings** submenu in the **WLAN passphrase** parameter  $(\rightarrow \blacksquare 161)$ .

#### Infrastructure mode

A connection between the device and WLAN access point is protected by means of an SSID and passphrase on the system side. Please contact the relevant system administrator for access.

#### General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning for safety reasons.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code and network key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and network key.
- For information on configuring the access code or on what to do if you lose the password, for example, see "Write protection via access code"  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 167$ .

#### 2.7.3 Access via web server

The device can be operated and configured via a web browser with the integrated web server. The connection is established via the service interface (CDI-RJ45), the terminal connection for signal transmission with PROFINET with Ethernet-APL (IO1) or WLAN interface.

The web server is enabled when the device is delivered. The web server can be disabled via the **Web server functionality** parameter if necessary (e.g., after commissioning).

The device and status information can be hidden on the login page. This prevents unauthorized access to the information.

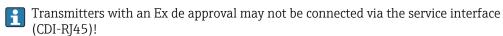


Detailed information on the device parameters: "Description of device parameters" document.

#### 2.7.4 Access via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

The device can be connected to a network via the service interface (CDI-RJ45). Devicespecific functions quarantee the secure operation of the device in a network.

The use of relevant industrial standards and quidelines that have been defined by national and international safety committees, such as IEC/ISA62443 or the IEEE, is recommended. This includes organizational security measures such as the assignment of access authorization as well as technical measures such as network segmentation.



Order code for "Approval transmitter + sensor", options (Ex de): BA, BB, C1, C2, GA, GB, MA, MB, NA, NB BB, C2, GB, MB, NB

# **3** Product description

The measuring system consists of a transmitter and a sensor. The transmitter and sensor are mounted in physically separate locations. They are interconnected by connecting cables.

# 3.1 Product design

Two versions of the transmitter are available.

# 3.1.1 **Proline 500 – digital**

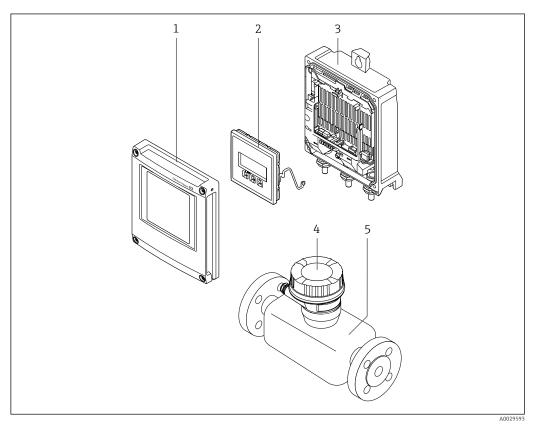
Signal transmission: digital

Order code for "Integrated ISEM electronics", option A "Sensor"

For use in applications not required to meet special requirements due to ambient or operating conditions.

As the electronics are located in the sensor, the device is ideal: For simple transmitter replacement.

- A standard cable can be used as the connecting cable.
- Not sensitive to external EMC interference.



■ 1 Important components of a measuring device

- 1 Electronics compartment cover
- 2 Display module
- 3 Transmitter housing
- 4 Sensor connection housing with integrated ISEM electronics: connecting cable connection
- Sensor

# 3.1.2 Proline 500

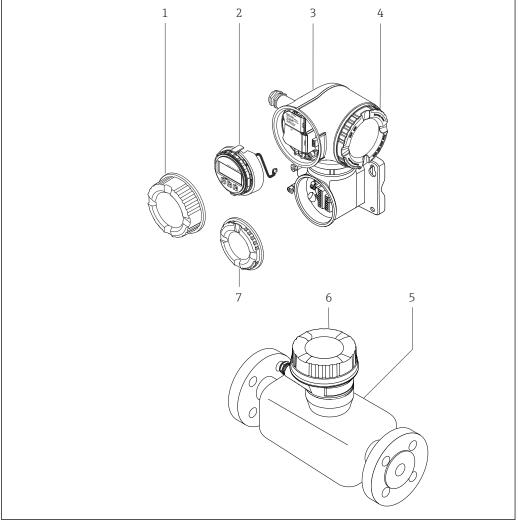
Signal transmission: analog

Order code for "Integrated ISEM electronics", option **B** "Transmitter"

For use in applications required to meet special requirements due to ambient or operating conditions.

As the electronics are located in the transmitter, the device is ideal in the event of:

- Strong vibrations at the sensor.
- Sensor operation in underground installations.
- Permanent sensor immersion in water.



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■ 2 Important components of a measuring device

- 1 Connection compartment cover
- 2 Display module
- 3 Transmitter housing with integrated ISEM electronics
- 4 Electronics compartment cover
- 5 Sensor
- 6 Sensor connection housing: connecting cable connection
- 7 Connection compartment cover: connecting cable connection

# 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

# 4.1 Incoming acceptance

On receipt of the delivery:

- 1. Check the packaging for damage.
  - Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer. Do not install damaged components.
- 2. Check the scope of delivery using the delivery note.
- 3. Compare the data on the nameplate with the order specifications on the delivery note.
- 4. Check the technical documentation and all other necessary documents, e.g. certificates, to ensure they are complete.
- If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact the manufacturer.

# 4.2 Product identification

The device can be identified in the following ways:

- Nameplate
- Order code with details of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all the information about the device is displayed.
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations app* or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: all the information about the device is displayed.

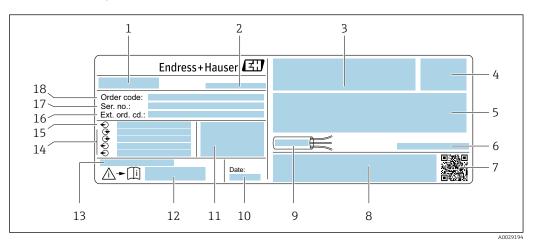
For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The "Additional standard device documentation" and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation" sections
- The Device Viewer: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate.

# Proline Promass P 500 PROFINET over Ethernet-APL

# 4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate

#### Proline 500 - digital

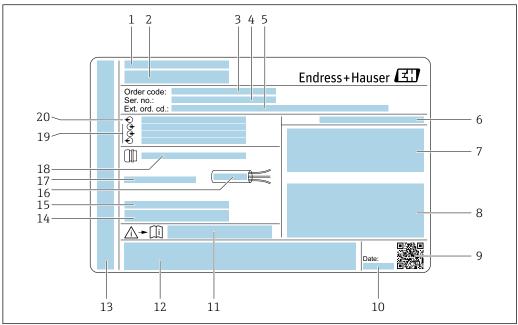


#### ■ 3 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- 1 Name of the transmitter
- 2 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 3 Space for approvals: Use in hazardous areas
- 4 Degree of protection
- 5 Electrical connection data: available inputs and outputs
- 6 Allowable ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 7 2-D matrix code
- 8 Space for approvals and certificates: e.g. CE mark, RCM tick
- 9 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 10 Date of manufacture: year-month
- 11 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev. rev.) from the factory
- 12 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 13 Space for additional information in the case of special products
- 14 Available inputs and outputs, supply voltage
- 15 Electrical connection data: supply voltage
- 16 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 17 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 18 Order code

16

#### Proline 500

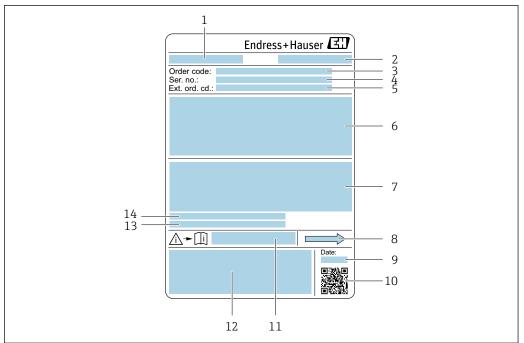


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#### € 4 Example of a transmitter nameplate

- Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 2 Name of the transmitter
- 3 Order code
- Serial number (Ser. no.) 4
- Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- Degree of protection
- Space for approvals: use in hazardous areas
- Electrical connection data: available inputs and outputs
- 2-D matrix code
- 10 Date of manufacture: year-month
- Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- Space for approvals and certificates: e.g. CE mark, RCM tick 12
- 13 Space for degree of protection of connection and electronics compartment when used in hazardous areas
- Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev. rev.) from the factory 14
- Space for additional information in the case of special products
- Permitted temperature range for cable 16
- 17 Allowable ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- Information on cable gland 18
- Available inputs and outputs, supply voltage 19
- Electrical connection data: supply voltage

### 4.2.2 Sensor nameplate



A0029199

#### ■ 5 Example of a sensor nameplate

- 1 Name of the sensor
- 2 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 5 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)
- 6 Nominal diameter of the sensor; flange nominal diameter/nominal pressure; sensor test pressure; medium temperature range; material of measuring tube and manifold; sensor-specific information: e.g. pressure range of sensor housing, wide-range density specification (special density calibration)
- 7 Approval information for explosion protection, Pressure Equipment Directive and degree of protection
- 8 Flow direction
- 9 Date of manufacture: year-month
- 10 2-D matrix code
- 11 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 12 CE mark, RCM-Tick mark
- 13 Surface roughness
- 14 Allowable ambient temperature  $(T_a)$

# Order code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

#### Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approvalrelated specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

# 4.2.3 Symbols on the device

Symbol	Meaning	
$\triangle$	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury. Please consult the documentation for the measuring instrument to discover the type of potential danger and measures to avoid it.	
[i	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.	
	Protective ground connection A terminal that must be connected to the ground prior to establishing any other connections.	

# 5 Storage and transport

# 5.1 Storage conditions

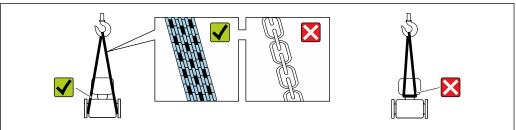
Observe the following notes for storage:

- ► Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- ▶ Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- ▶ Protect from direct sunlight. Avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- ► Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- ▶ Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature  $\rightarrow \triangleq 292$ 

# 5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.



A002925

Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

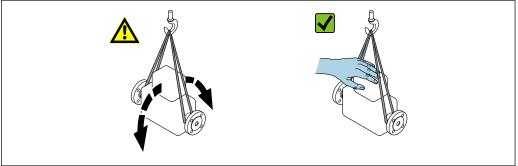
# 5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting lugs

#### **MARNING**

Center of gravity of the measuring device is higher than the suspension points of the webbing slings.

Risk of injury if the measuring device slips.

- ► Secure the measuring device against slipping or turning.
- ▶ Observe the weight specified on the packaging (stick-on label).



A0029214

# 5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs

#### **A** CAUTION

### Special transportation instructions for devices with lifting lugs

- ▶ Only use the lifting lugs fitted on the device or flanges to transport the device.
- ▶ The device must always be secured at two lifting lugs at least.

### 5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift

If transporting in wood crates, the floor structure enables the crates to be lifted lengthwise or at both sides using a forklift.

# 5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

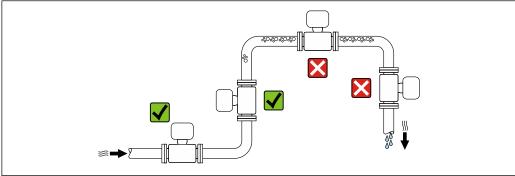
- Outer packaging of device Stretch wrap made of polymer in accordance with EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Packaging
  - Wood crate treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, confirmed by IPPC logo
  - Cardboard box in accordance with European packaging guideline 94/62/EC, recyclability confirmed by Resy symbol
- Transport material and fastening fixtures
  - Disposable plastic pallet
  - Plastic straps
  - Plastic adhesive strips
- Filler material Paper pads

# 6 Installation

# 6.1 Mounting requirements

### 6.1.1 Installation position

#### Installation point



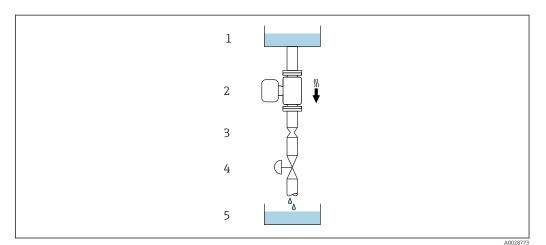
A0028772

To prevent measuring errors arising from accumulation of gas bubbles in the measuring pipe, avoid the following mounting locations in the piping:

- Highest point of a pipeline.
- Directly upstream of a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

#### Installation in down pipes

However, the following installation suggestion allows for installation in an open vertical pipeline. Pipe restrictions or the use of an orifice with a smaller cross-section than the nominal diameter prevent the sensor running empty while measurement is in progress.



■ 6 Installation in a down pipe (e.g. for batching applications)

- 1 Supply tank
- 2 Sensor
- 3 Orifice plate, pipe restriction
- 4 Valve
- 5 Filling vessel

DN		Ø orifice plate, pipe restriction	
[mm]	[in] [mm]		[in]
8	3/8	6	0.24
15	1/2	10	0.40
25	1	14	0.55
40	1 1/2	22	0.87
50	2	28	1.10

#### Orientation

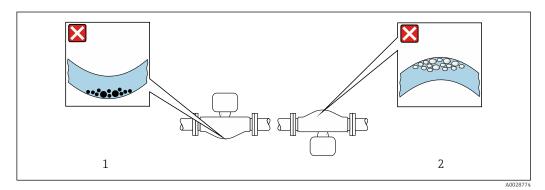
The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

Orientation		Recommendation	
A	Vertical orientation	A0015591	<b>√ √</b> 1)
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	A0015589	Exception: $\rightarrow \bigcirc 7, \bigcirc 23$

	Orientation		Recommendation
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	$\checkmark$

- 1) This orientation is recommended to ensure self-draining.
- Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- 3) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

If a sensor is installed horizontally with a curved measuring tube, match the position of the sensor to the fluid properties.



- $\blacksquare$  7 Orientation of sensor with curved measuring tube
- 1 Avoid this orientation for fluids with entrained solids: Risk of solids accumulating
- 2 Avoid this orientation for outgassing fluids: Risk of gas accumulating

#### Inlet and outlet runs



#### Installation dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

# 6.1.2 Environmental and process requirements

#### Ambient temperature range

Measuring device	<ul> <li>-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)</li> <li>Order code for "Test, certificate", option JP:</li> <li>-50 to +60 °C (-58 to +140 °F)</li> </ul>
Readability of the local display	-20 to $+60$ °C ( $-4$ to $+140$ °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

Popendency of ambient temperature on medium temperature  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 294$ 

► If operating outdoors:

Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### Static pressure

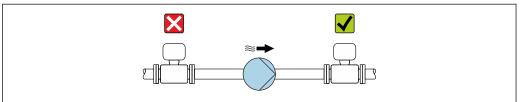
It is important that cavitation does not occur, or that gases entrained in the liquids do not outgas.

Cavitation is caused if the pressure drops below the vapor pressure:

- In liquids that have a low boiling point (e.g. hydrocarbons, solvents, liquefied gases)
- In suction lines
- ► Ensure the static pressure is sufficiently high to prevent cavitation and outgassing.

For this reason, the following mounting locations are recommended:

- At the lowest point in a vertical pipe
- Downstream from pumps (no danger of vacuum)



A0028777

#### Thermal insulation

In the case of some fluids, it is important to keep the heat radiated from the sensor to the transmitter to a low level. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.

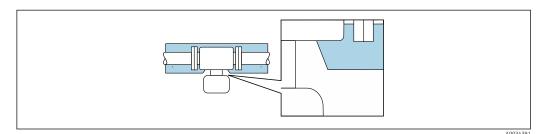
The following device versions are recommended for versions with thermal insulation:

- Version with extended neck for insulation:
   Order code for "Sensor option", option CG with an extended neck length of 105 mm (4.13 in).
- Extended temperature version: Order code for "Measuring tube material", option TD or TG with an extended neck length of 105 mm (4.13 in).

### **NOTICE**

#### Electronics overheating on account of thermal insulation!

- ► Recommended orientation: horizontal orientation, sensor connection housing pointing downwards.
- ▶ Do not insulate the sensor connection housing.
- ▶ Maximum permissible temperature at the lower end of the sensor connection housing:  $80 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (176 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$
- ► Regarding thermal insulation with an exposed extended neck: We advise against insulating the extended neck to ensure optimal heat dissipation.



■ 8 Thermal insulation with exposed extended neck

# Heating

#### **NOTICE**

#### Electronics can overheat due to elevated ambient temperature!

- ▶ Observe maximum permitted ambient temperature for the transmitter.
- ▶ Depending on the medium temperature, take the device orientation requirements into account.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Danger of overheating when heating

- ► Ensure that the temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing does not exceed 80 °C (176 °F).
- ► Ensure that sufficient convection takes place at the transmitter neck.
- ► Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the transmitter neck remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.
- ▶ When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation. For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.
- Consider the "830 ambient temperature too high" and "832 electronics temperature too high" process diagnostics if overheating cannot be ruled out based on a suitable system design.

#### Heating options

If a fluid requires that no heat loss should occur at the sensor, users can avail of the following heating options:

- Electrical heating, e.g. with electric band heaters <sup>2)</sup>
- Via pipes carrying hot water or steam
- Via heating jackets

#### Vibrations

The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

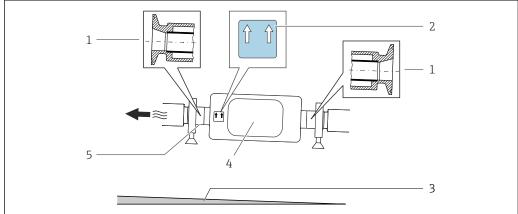
<sup>2)</sup> The use of parallel electric band heaters is generally recommended (bidirectional electricity flow). Particular considerations must be made if a single-wire heating cable is to be used. For additional information, refer to EA01339D "Installation Instructions for Electrical Trace Heating Systems".

# **6.1.3** Special installation instructions

#### Drainability

When installed vertically, the measuring tube can be drained completely and protected against buildup.

When the sensor is installed in a horizontal line, eccentric clamps can be used to ensure complete drainability. When the system is pitched in a specific direction and at a specific slope, gravity can be used to achieve complete drainability. The sensor must be mounted in the correct position to ensure full drainability in the horizontal position. Markings on the sensor show the correct mounting position to optimize drainability.



Δ001658

- 1 Eccentric clamp connection
- 2 "This side up" label indicates which side is up
- 3 For DN 8 to 25(3/8 to 1"): Gradient: approx. 2% or 21 mm/m (0.24 in/ft); for DN 40 to 50(1½ to 2"): Gradient approx. 2° or 35 mm/m (0.42 in/ft)
- 4 Transmitter
- 5 Line on the underside indicates the lowest point of the eccentric process connection.

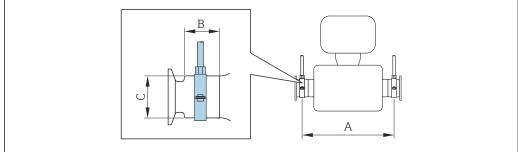
#### Hygienic compatibility

When installing in hygienic applications, please refer to the information in the "Certificates and approvals/hygienic compatibility" section  $\Rightarrow \triangleq 303$ 

#### Securing with mounting clamp in the case of hygiene connections

It is not necessary to provide additional support for the sensor for operational performance purposes. If, however, additional support is required for installation purposes, the following dimensions must be observed.

Use mounting clamp with lining between clamp and measuring instrument.



A003029

DN		A		В		С	
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]
8	3/8	298	11.73	33	1.3	28	1.1
15	1/2	402	15.83	33	1.3	28	1.1
25	1	542	21.34	33	1.3	38	1.5
40	1 ½	658	25.91	36.5	1.44	56	2.2
50	2	772	30.39	44.1	1.74	75	2.95

#### Zero verification and zero adjustment

Experience shows that zero adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measurement accuracy even with low flow rates.
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).
- For gas applications with low pressure
- To achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy at low flow rates, the installation must protect the sensor from mechanical stresses during operation.

To get a representative zero point, ensure that:

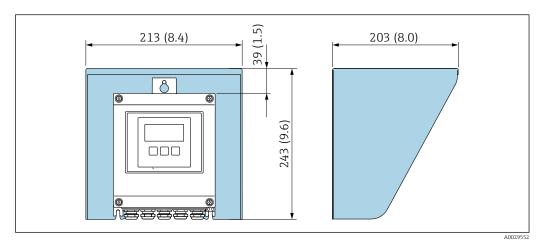
- any flow in the device is prevented during the adjustment
- the process conditions (e.g. pressure, temperature) are stable and representative

Verification and adjustment cannot be carried out if the following process conditions are present:

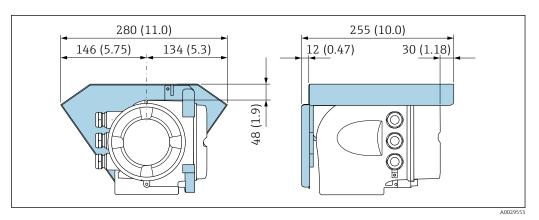
- Gas pockets
  - Ensure that the system has been sufficiently flushed with the medium. Repeat flushing can help to eliminate gas pockets
- Thermal circulation
  - In the event of temperature differences (e.g. between the measuring tube inlet and outlet section), induced flow can occur even if the valves are closed due to thermal circulation in the device
- Leaks at the valves
  - If the valves are not leak-tight, flow is not sufficiently prevented when determining the zero point

If these conditions cannot be avoided, it is advisable to keep the factory setting for the zero point.

#### Weather protection cover



 $\blacksquare$  9 Weather protection cover for Proline 500 – digital; engineering unit mm (in)



■ 10 Weather protection cover for Proline 500; engineering unit mm (in)

# 6.2 Installing the measuring instrument

# 6.2.1 Required tools

#### For transmitter

For mounting on a post:

- Proline 500 digital transmitter
  - Open-ended wrench AF 10
  - Torx screwdriver TX 25
- Proline 500 transmitter
   Open-ended wrench AF 13

For wall mounting: Drill with drill bit  $\emptyset$  6.0 mm

#### For sensor

For flanges and other process connections: Use a suitable mounting tool.

# 6.2.2 Preparing the measuring instrument

- 1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.
- 2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.

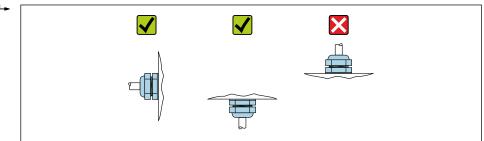
3. Remove stick-on label on the electronics compartment cover.

### 6.2.3 Mounting the measuring device

#### **A** WARNING

#### Danger due to improper process sealing!

- ► Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
- ▶ Ensure that the seals are clean and undamaged.
- ► Secure the seals correctly.
- 1. Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the nameplate of the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.
- 2. Install the measuring device or turn the transmitter housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



A002926

# 6.2.4 Mounting the transmitter housing: Proline 500 – digital

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- ► Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature.
- ► If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Excessive force can damage the housing!

► Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter can be mounted in the following ways:

- Post mounting
- Wall mounting

#### Pipe mounting

Required tools:

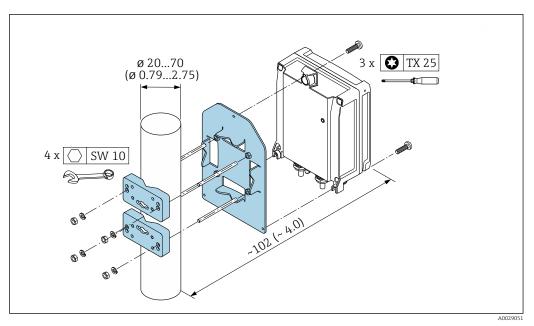
- Open-ended wrench AF 10
- Torx screwdriver TX 25

#### NOTICE

#### Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque: 2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)

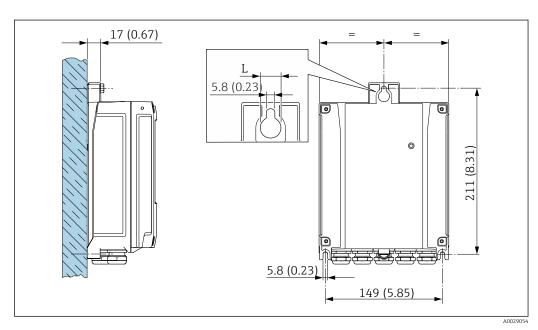


■ 11 Unit mm (in)

# Wall mounting

Required tools:

Drill with drill bit  $\emptyset$  6.0 mm



■ 12 Engineering unit mm (in)

L Depends on order code for "Transmitter housing"

Order code for "Transmitter housing"

- Option **A**, aluminum, coated: L = 14 mm (0.55 in)
- Option **D**, polycarbonate: L = 13 mm (0.51 in)
- 1. Drill the holes.
- 2. Insert wall plugs into the drilled holes.
- 3. Screw in the fixing screws slightly.
- 4. Fit the transmitter housing over the fixing screws and mount in place.

5. Tighten the fixing screws.

# 6.2.5 Mounting the transmitter housing: Proline 500

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Ambient temperature too high!

Danger of electronics overheating and housing deformation.

- ▶ Do not exceed the permitted maximum ambient temperature.
- ► If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight and exposure to weathering, particularly in warm climatic regions.

# **A** CAUTION

#### Excessive force can damage the housing!

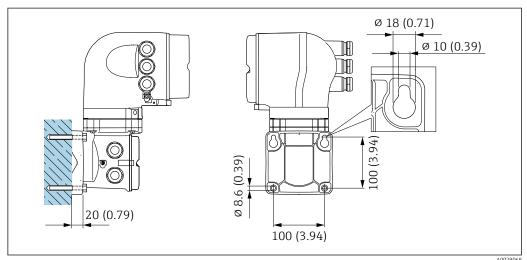
► Avoid excessive mechanical stress.

The transmitter can be mounted in the following ways:

- Post mounting
- Wall mounting

# Wall mounting

Required tools Drill with drill bit  $\emptyset$  6.0 mm

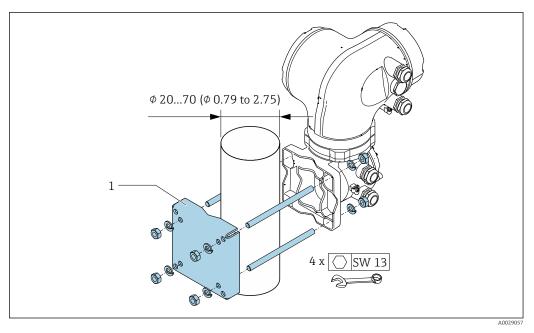


**■** 13 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. Drill the holes.
- 2. Insert wall plugs into the drilled holes.
- 3. Screw in the fixing screws slightly.
- 4. Fit the transmitter housing over the fixing screws and mount in place.
- 5. Tighten the fixing screws.

#### Pipe mounting

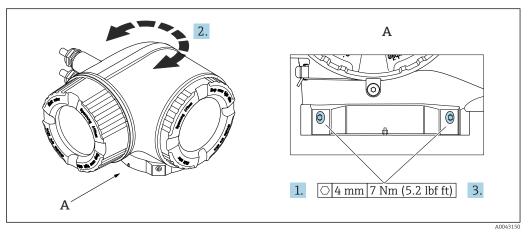
Required tools Open-ended wrench AF 13



■ 14 Engineering unit mm (in)

# 6.2.6 Turning the transmitter housing: Proline 500

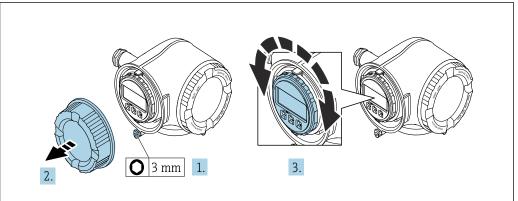
To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.



- 15 Ex housing
- 1. Loosen the fixing screws.
- 2. Turn the housing to the desired position.
- 3. Tighten the securing screws.

# 6.2.7 Turning the display module: Proline 500

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



A003003

- 1. Depending on the device version: Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Turn the display module to the desired position: max.  $8 \times 45^{\circ}$  in each direction.
- 4. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 5. Depending on the device version: Attach the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

# 6.3 Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Does the measuring instrument correspond to the measuring point specifications?  For example:  Process temperature →  294  Pressure (refer to the "Pressure-temperature ratings" section of the "Technical Information" document).  Ambient temperature  Measuring range	
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected → 🗎 22?  According to sensor type According to medium temperature According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)	
Does the arrow on the sensor match the direction of flow of the medium? $\rightarrow$ $\  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $	
Is the tag name and labeling correct (visual inspection)?	
Is the device sufficiently protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?	
Are the securing screw and securing clamp tightened securely?	

#### 7 Electrical connection

#### **WARNING**

Live parts! Incorrect work performed on the electrical connections can result in an electric shock.

- ▶ Set up a disconnecting device (switch or power-circuit breaker) to easily disconnect the device from the supply voltage.
- In addition to the device fuse, include an overcurrent protection unit with max. 10 A in the plant installation.

#### 7.1 **Electrical safety**

In accordance with applicable national regulations.

#### 7.2 Connecting requirements

#### 7.2.1 Required tools

- For cable entries: use appropriate tool
- For securing clamp: Allen key 3 mm
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: crimper for wire end ferrule
- For removing cables from terminal: flat blade screwdriver ≤ 3 mm (0.12 in)

#### 7.2.2 Requirements for connection cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

#### Protective grounding cable for the outer ground terminal

Conductor cross-section < 2.1 mm<sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)

The use of a cable lug enables the connection of larger cross-sections.

The grounding impedance must be less than 2  $\Omega$ .

#### Permitted temperature range

- The installation guidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

#### Power supply cable (incl. conductor for the inner ground terminal)

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

#### Signal cable

For custody transfer, all signal lines must be shielded cables (tinned copper braiding, optical coverage  $\geq 85\%$ ). The cable shield must be connected on both sides.

Ethernet-APL

Shielded twisted-pair cable. Cable type A is recommended.



See https://www.profibus.com Ethernet-APL White Paper "

*Current output 0 /4 to 20 mA (excluding HART)* 

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Pulse /frequency /switch output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Relay output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Current input 4 to 20 mA

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Status input

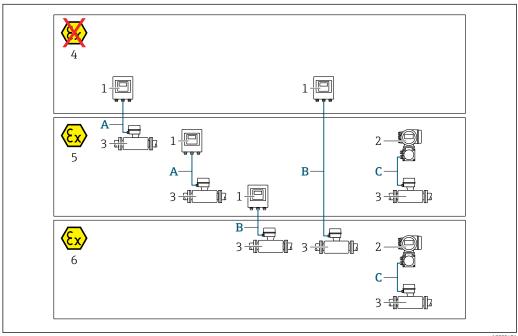
Standard installation cable is sufficient.

#### Cable diameter

- Cable glands supplied:  $M20 \times 1.5$  with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Spring-loaded terminals: Suitable for strands and strands with ferrules. Conductor cross-section 0.2 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (24 to 12 AWG).

#### Choice of connecting cable between the transmitter and sensor

Depends on the type of transmitter and the installation zones



- Proline 500 digital transmitter
- Proline 500 transmitter 2
- Sensor Promass
- Non-hazardous area
- Hazardous area: Zone 2; Class I, Division 2
- Hazardous area: Zone 1; Class I, Division 1
- *Standard cable to 500 digital transmitter* → **3** 36 Transmitter installed in the non-hazardous area or hazardous area: Zone 2; Class I, Division 2/sensor installed in the hazardous area: Zone 2; Class I, Division 2
- Standard cable to 500 digital transmitter → 🖺 36 Transmitter installed in the hazardous area: Zone 2; Class I, Division 2/sensor installed in the hazardous area: Zone 1; Class I, Division 1
- Transmitter and sensor installed in the hazardous area: Zone 2; Class I, Division 2 or Zone 1; Class I, Division 1

A: Connecting cable between sensor and transmitter: Proline 500 – digital Standard cable

A standard cable with the following specifications can be used as the connecting cable.

Design	4 cores (2 pairs); uninsulated stranded CU wires; pair-stranded with common shield	
Shield	Tin-plated copper braid, optical cover $\geq$ 85 %	
Loop resistance	Power supply line (+, –): maximum 10 $\Omega$	
Cable length	Maximum 300 m (900 ft), see the following table.	
Device plug, side 1	M12 socket, 5-pin, A-coded.	
Device plug, side 2	M12 plug, 5-pin, A-coded.	
Pins 1+2	Connected cores as twisted pair.	
Pins 3+4	Connected cores as twisted pair.	

Cross-section	Cable length [max.]
0.34 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 22)	80 m (240 ft)
0.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 20)	120 m (360 ft)
0.75 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 18)	180 m (540 ft)
1.00 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 17)	240 m (720 ft)
1.50 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 15)	300 m (900 ft)

# Optionally available connecting cable

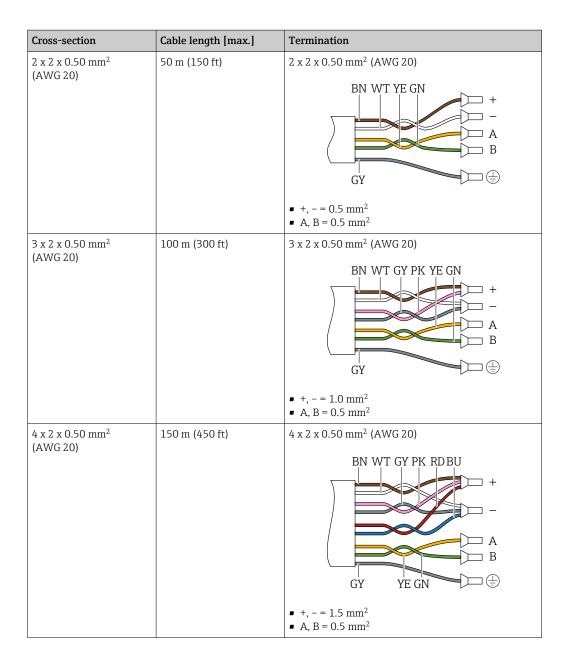
Design	$2 \times 2 \times 0.34~\text{mm}^2$ (AWG 22) PVC cable $^{1)}$ with common shield (2 pairs, uninsulated stranded CU wires; pair-stranded)
Flame resistance	According to DIN EN 60332-1-2
Oil resistance	According to DIN EN 60811-2-1
Shield	Tin-plated copper braid, optical cover ≥ 85 %
Continuous operating temperature	When mounted in a fixed position: $-50$ to $+105$ °C ( $-58$ to $+221$ °F); when cable can move freely: $-25$ to $+105$ °C ( $-13$ to $+221$ °F)
Available cable length	Fixed: 20 m (60 ft); variable: up to maximum 50 m (150 ft)

1) UV radiation can impair the cable outer sheath. Protect the cable from direct sunshine where possible.

B: Connecting cable between sensor and transmitter: Proline 500 - digital Standard cable

A standard cable with the following specifications can be used as the connecting cable.

Design	4, 6, 8 cores (2, 3, 4 pairs); uninsulated stranded CU wires; pair-stranded with common shield	
Shielding	Tin-plated copper braid, optical cover $\geq$ 85 %	
Capacitance C	Maximum 760 nF IIC, maximum 4.2 μF IIB	
Inductance L	Maximum 26 μH IIC, maximum 104 μH IIB	
Inductance/resistance ratio (L/R)	Maximum 8.9 $\mu H/\Omega$ IIC, maximum 35.6 $\mu H/\Omega$ IIB (e.g. according to IEC 60079-25)	
Loop resistance	Power supply line (+, $-$ ): maximum 5 $\Omega$	
Cable length	Maximum 150 m (450 ft), see the following table.	



## Optionally available connecting cable

Connecting cable for	Zone 1; Class I, Division 1
Standard cable	$2\times2\times0.5~\text{mm}^2$ (AWG 20) PVC cable $^{1)}$ with common shield (2 pairs, pair-stranded)
Flame resistance	According to DIN EN 60332-1-2
Oil-resistance	According to DIN EN 60811-2-1
Shielding	Tin-plated copper braid, optical cover ≥ 85 %
Operating temperature	When mounted in a fixed position: $-50$ to $+105$ °C ( $-58$ to $+221$ °F); when cable can move freely: $-25$ to $+105$ °C ( $-13$ to $+221$ °F)
Available cable length Fixed: 20 m (60 ft); variable: up to maximum 50 m (150 ft)	

1) UV radiation can impair the cable outer sheath. Protect the cable from direct sunshine where possible.

#### C: Connecting cable between sensor and transmitter: Proline 500

Design	$6\times0.38\ mm^2$ PVC cable $^{1)}$ with individual shielded cores and common copper shield	
	With order code for "Test, certificate", option $JQ$ $7\times0.38~\text{mm}^2$ PUR cable $^{1)}$ with individual shielded cores and common copper shield	
Conductor resistance	≤ 50 Ω/km (0.015 Ω/ft)	
Capacitance: core/shield	≤ 420 pF/m (128 pF/ft)	
Cable length (max.)	20 m (60 ft)	
Cable lengths (available for order)	5 m (15 ft), 10 m (30 ft), 20 m (60 ft)	
Cable diameter	11 mm (0.43 in) ± 0.5 mm (0.02 in)	
Continuous operating temperature	Max. 105 °C (221 °F)	

<sup>1)</sup> UV radiation can impair the cable outer sheath. Protect the cable from direct sunshine where possible.

# 7.2.3 Terminal assignment

#### Transmitter: supply voltage, input/outputs

The terminal assignment of the inputs and outputs depends on the individual order version of the device. The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

Supply	voltage	Input/output 1		Input/output 2		Input/output 3		Input/output 4	
1 (+)	2 (-)	26 (+)	27 (-)	24 (+)	25 (-)	22 (+)	23 (-)	20 (+)	21 (-)
		Device-specific terminal assignment: adhesive label in terminal cover.							

#### Transmitter and sensor connection housing: connecting cable

The sensor and transmitter, which are mounted in separate locations, are interconnected by a connecting cable. The cable is connected via the sensor connection housing and the transmitter housing.

Terminal assignment and connection of the connecting cable:

- Proline 500 digital  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  41
- Proline 500 → 🖺 50

# 7.2.4 Available device plugs

Device plugs may not be used in hazardous areas!

#### Order code for "Input; output 1", option RB "PROFINET with Ethernet-APL"

Order code	Cable entry	/connection
"Electrical connection"	2	3
L, N, P, U	M12 plug × 1	-

#### Pin Assignment Coding Plug/socket APL signal -1 Α Socket 2 APL signal + 3 Cable shield1 Not used 4 Cable shield Metal plug housing <sup>1</sup>If a cable shield is used

## 7.2.5 Device plug pin assignment

## 7.2.6 Shielding and grounding

Optimal electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of the fieldbus system can be guaranteed only if the system components and, in particular, the lines are shielded and the shield forms as complete a cover as possible.

- 1. To ensure optimal EMC protection, connect the shield to the reference ground as often as possible.
- 2. For reasons concerning explosion protection, it is recommended that grounding be dispensed with.

To comply with both requirements, there are basically three different types of shielding in the fieldbus system:

- Shielding at both ends
- Shielding at one end on the feed side with capacitance termination at the field device
- Shielding at one end on the feed side

Experience shows that the best results with regard to EMC are achieved in most cases in installations with one-sided shielding on the feed side (without capacitance termination at the field device). Appropriate measures with regard to input wiring must be taken to allow unrestricted operation when EMC interference is present. These measures have been taken into account for this device. Operation in the event of disturbance variables as per NAMUR NE21 is thus guaranteed.

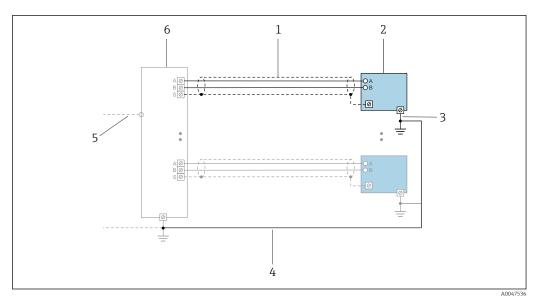
- 1. Observe national installation requirements and guidelines during installation.
- 2. Where there are large differences in potential between the individual grounding points,
  - connect only one point of the shielding directly to the reference ground.
- 3. In systems without potential equalization, the cable shielding of fieldbus systems should be grounded on one side only, for example at the fieldbus supply unit or at safety barriers.

#### NOTICE

In systems without potential matching, the multiple grounding of the cable shield causes mains frequency equalizing currents!

Damage to the bus cable shield.

- ▶ Only ground the bus cable shield to either the local ground or the protective ground at one end.
- ▶ Insulate the shield that is not connected.



 $\blacksquare$  16 Connection example for PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

- 1 Cable shield
- 2 Measuring device
- 3 Local grounding
- 4 Potential equalization
- 5 Trunk or TCP
- 6 Field switch

# 7.2.7 Preparing the measuring device

Carry out the steps in the following order:

- 1. Mount the sensor and transmitter.
- 2. Sensor connection housing: Connect connecting cable.
- 3. Transmitter: Connect connecting cable.
- 4. Transmitter: Connect signal cable and cable for supply voltage.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- ▶ Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- 2. If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands:
  Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- 3. If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands:

  Observe requirements for connecting cables → 

  34.

#### 7.3 Connecting the measuring instrument: Proline 500 digital

#### NOTICE

#### An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!

- Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
- Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- Always connect the protective ground cable  $\oplus$  before connecting additional cables.
- When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

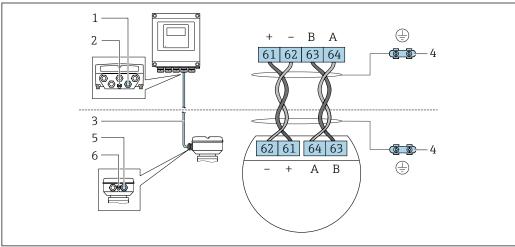
#### 7.3.1 Connecting the connecting cable

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of damaging electronic components!

- Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.

#### Connecting cable terminal assignment



- Cable entry for cable on transmitter housing
- Protective earth (PE) 2
- 3 Connecting cable ISEM communication
- Grounding via ground connection; in the version with a device plug, grounding is ensured through the plug
- Cable entry for cable or connection of device plug on sensor connection housing
- Protective earth (PE)

#### Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing

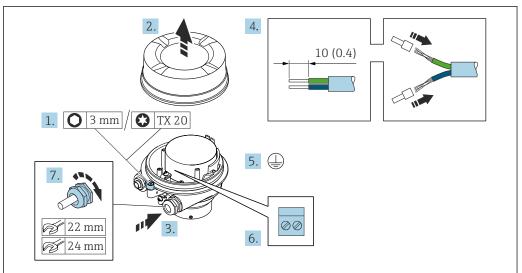
- Connection via terminals with order code for "Sensor connection housing":
- Option **B** "Stainless" → 🖺 43
- Connection via connectors with order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option **C** "Ultra-compact hygienic, stainless" → 🖺 44

#### Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter

The cable is connected to the transmitter via terminals  $\rightarrow \triangleq 45$ .

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

For the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option  ${\bf A}$  "Aluminum coated"



A0029616

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.

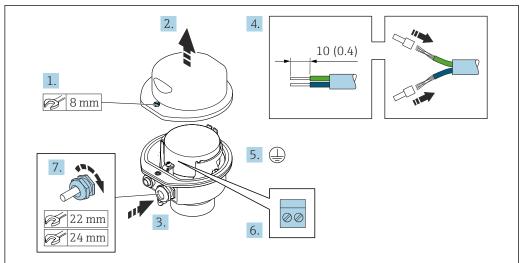
#### **MARNING**

### Housing degree of protection voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- ► Screw in the thread on the cover without using any lubricant. The thread on the cover is coated with a dry lubricant.
- 8. Screw on the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the housing cover.

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

For the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option  ${\bf B}$  "Stainless"

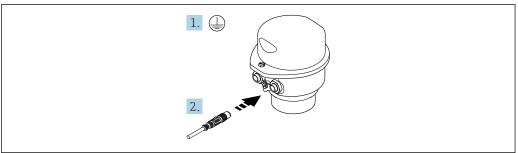


Δ0029613

- 1. Release the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ightharpoonup This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 8. Close the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.

### Connecting the sensor connection housing via the connector

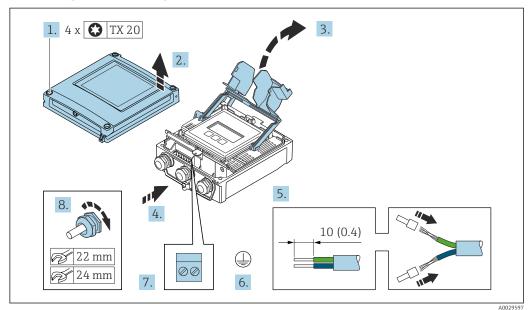
For the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing": Option  ${\bf C}$  "Ultra-compact hygienic, stainless"



A0029615

- 1. Connect the protective ground.
- 2. Connect the connector.

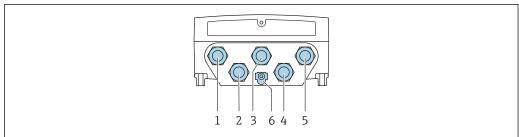
### Connecting the connecting cable to the transmitter



- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 5. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 6. Connect the protective ground.
- 8. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► The process for connecting the connecting cable is now complete.
- 9. Close the housing cover.
- 10. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 11. After connecting the connecting cable:

  Connect the signal cable and the supply voltage cable.

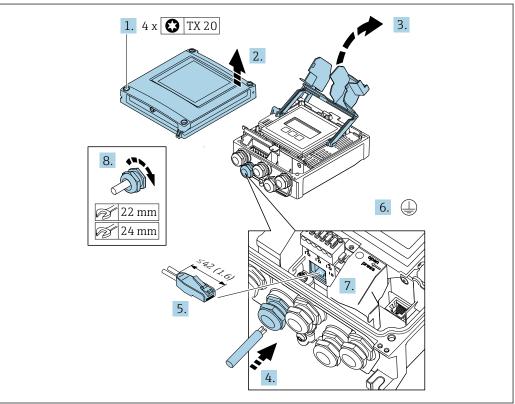
# 7.3.2 Connecting the transmitter



A002820

- 1 Terminal connection for supply voltage
- 2 Terminal connection for signal transmission, input/output
- 3 Terminal connection for signal transmission, input/output
- 4 Terminal connection for connecting cable between sensor and transmitter
- 5 Terminal connection for signal transmission, input/output; optional: connection for external WLAN antenna
- 6 Protective earth (PE)
- In addition to connecting the device via and the available input/outputs, additional connection options are also available:
  Integrate into a network via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) → 49.

#### Connecting the plug

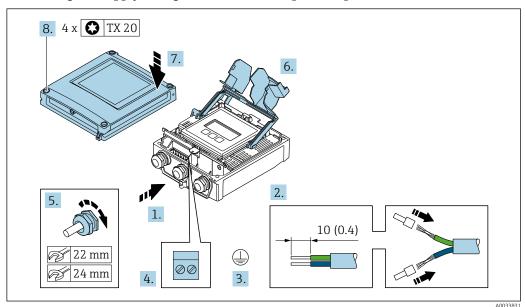


A003398

- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 5. Strip the cable and cable ends and connect to the RJ45 connector.
- 6. Connect the protective ground.

- 7. Plug in the RJ45 connector.
- 8. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the connection process.

#### Connecting the supply voltage and additional inputs/outputs



- 1. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 2. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 3. Connect the protective ground.
- 4. Connect the cable according to the terminal assignment.
  - Signal cable terminal assignment: The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

**Supply voltage terminal assignment:** Adhesive label in the terminal cover or  $\rightarrow \implies 38$ .

- 5. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the cable connection process.
- 6. Close the terminal cover.
- 7. Close the housing cover.

#### **A** WARNING

Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant.

#### NOTICE

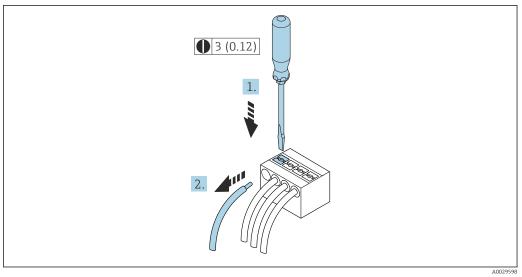
#### Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

- ► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque: 2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)
- 8. Tighten the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.

#### Removing a cable

To remove a cable from the terminal:



■ 17 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. Use a flat-blade screwdriver to press down on the slot between the two terminal holes.
- 2. Remove the cable end from the terminal.

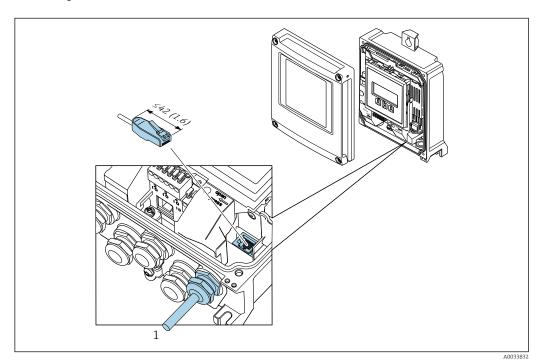
# 7.3.3 Integrating the transmitter into a network

#### Integrating via the service interface

The device is integrated via the connection to the service interface (CDI-RJ45).

Note the following when connecting:

- Recommended cable: CAT5e, CAT6 or CAT7, with shielded connector (e.g. brand: YAMAICHI; Part No. Y-ConProfixPlug63/Prod. ID: 82-006660)
- Maximum cable thickness: 6 mm
- Length of plug including anti-bend protection: 42 mm
- Bending radius: 5 x cable thickness



1 Service interface (CDI-RJ45)

An adapter for the RJ45 to the M12 plug is optionally available for the non-hazardous area:

Order code for "Accessories", option NB: "Adapter RJ45 M12 (service interface)"

The adapter connects the service interface (CDI-RJ45) to an M12 plug mounted in the cable entry. The connection to the service interface can thus be established via an M12 plug without opening the device.

#### 7.4 Connecting the measuring instrument: Proline 500

### **NOTICE**

#### An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!

- ► Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
- ► Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- ► Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ▶ Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- ▶ When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

#### 7.4.1 Fitting the connecting cable

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of damaging electronic components!

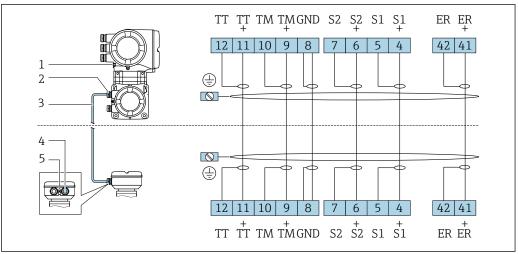
- ► Connect the sensor and transmitter to the same potential equalization.
- ▶ Only connect the sensor to a transmitter with the same serial number.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Measurement error due to shortening of the connecting cable

The connecting cable is ready for installation and must be used in the length supplied. Shortening the connecting cable can affect the sensor's measurement accuracy.

#### Connecting cable terminal assignment



- 1 Protective earth (PE)
- 2 Cable entry for connecting cable on transmitter connection housing
- 3 Connecting cable
- Cable entry for connecting cable on sensor connection housing
- Protective earth (PE)

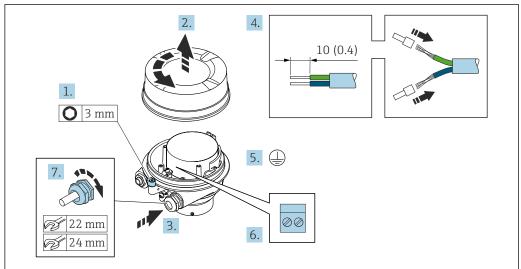
#### Connecting the connecting cable to the sensor connection housing

Connection via terminals with order code for "Housing":

- Option **A** "Aluminum coated" → 🖺 51
- Option **B** "Stainless"  $\rightarrow$  🖺 52
- Option L "Cast, stainless" → 🖺 51

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

For the device version with the order code for "Housing": Option  ${\bf A}$  "Aluminum coated"



A0029612

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the housing cover.
- 2. Unscrew the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - The process for connecting the connecting cable is now complete.

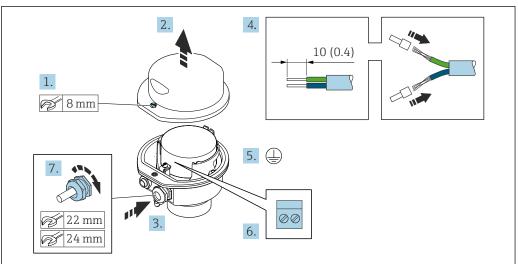
#### **WARNING**

#### Housing degree of protection voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

- ► Screw in the thread on the cover without using any lubricant. The thread on the cover is coated with a dry lubricant.
- 8. Screw on the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the housing cover.

#### Connecting the sensor connection housing via terminals

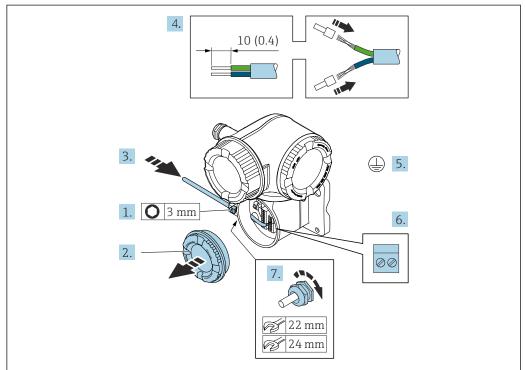
For the device version with the order code for "Housing": Option  ${\bf B}$  "Stainless"



VUU306.

- 1. Release the securing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- **6.** Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment.
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the process for connecting the connecting cable.
- 8. Close the housing cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing screw of the housing cover.

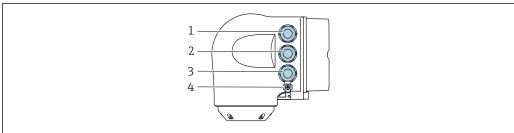
# Attaching the connecting cable to the transmitter



- A002959
- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect the protective ground.
- 6. Connect the cable in accordance with the connecting cable terminal assignment  $\rightarrow \implies 50$ .
- 7. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the process for attaching the connecting cable.
- 8. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 9. Tighten the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 10. After connecting the connecting cable:

  Connect the signal cable and the supply voltage cable.

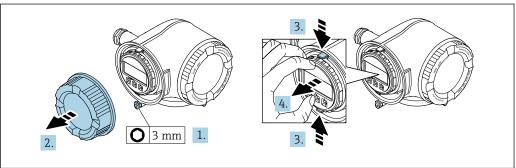
# 7.4.2 Connecting the transmitter



A0026781

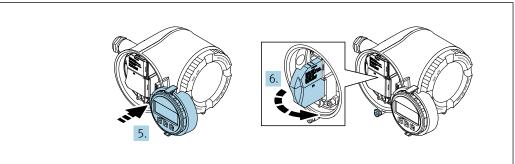
- 1 Terminal connection for supply voltage
- 2 Terminal connection for signal transmission, input/output
- 3 Terminal connection for signal transmission, input/output or terminal connection for network connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)
- 4 Protective earth (PE)
- In addition to connecting the device via PROFINET with Ethernet-APL and the available inputs/outputs, an additional connection option is also available: Integrate into a network via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) → ⑤ 57.

#### **Connecting connector**



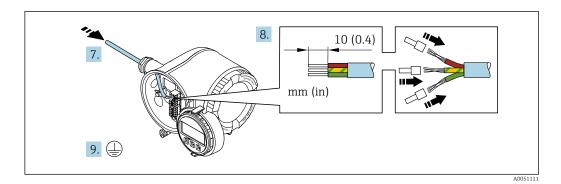
A00298

- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Squeeze the tabs of the display module holder together.
- 4. Remove the display module holder.



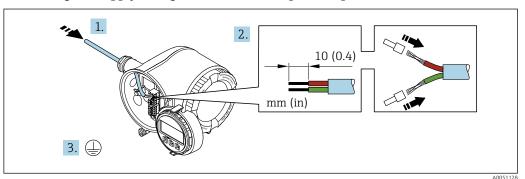
Δ0029814

- 5. Attach the holder to the edge of the electronics compartment.
- 6. Open the terminal cover.

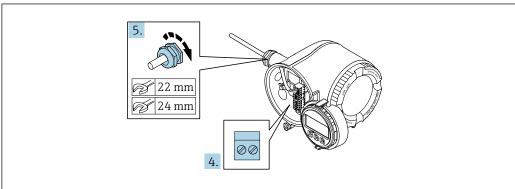


- 7. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 8. Strip the cable and cable ends and connect to terminals 26-27. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 9. Connect protective earth (PE).
- 10. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the connection via the APL port.

#### Connecting the supply voltage and additional inputs/outputs



- 1. Push the cable through the cable entry. To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 2. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 3. Connect the protective ground.



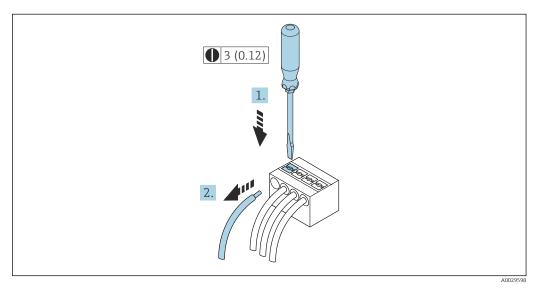
A0033984

- 4. Connect the cable according to the terminal assignment.
  - Signal cable terminal assignment: The device-specific terminal assignment is documented on an adhesive label in the terminal cover.

- 5. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
  - ► This concludes the cable connection process.
- 6. Close the terminal cover.
- 7. Fit the display module holder in the electronics compartment.
- 8. Screw on the connection compartment cover.
- 9. Secure the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.

# Removing a cable

To remove a cable from the terminal:



■ 18 Engineering unit mm (in)

- 1. Use a flat-blade screwdriver to press down on the slot between the two terminal holes.
- 2. Remove the cable end from the terminal.

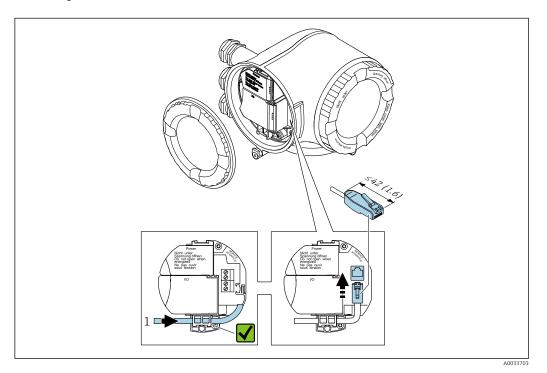
# 7.4.3 Integrating the transmitter into a network

#### Integrating via the service interface

The device is integrated via the connection to the service interface (CDI-RJ45).

Note the following when connecting:

- Recommended cable: CAT 5e, CAT 6 or CAT 7, with shielded connector (e.g. brand: YAMAICHI; Part No Y-ConProfixPlug63 / Prod. ID: 82-006660)
- Maximum cable thickness: 6 mm
- Length of plug including anti-bend protection: 42 mm
- Bending radius: 5 x cable thickness



1 Service interface (CDI-RJ45)

An adapter for the RJ45 to the M12 plug is optionally available:
Order code for "Accessories", option **NB**: "Adapter RJ45 M12 (service interface)"

The adapter connects the service interface (CDI-RJ45) to an M12 plug mounted in the cable entry. The connection to the service interface can thus be established via an M12 plug without opening the device.

# 7.5 Potential equalization

## 7.5.1 Requirements

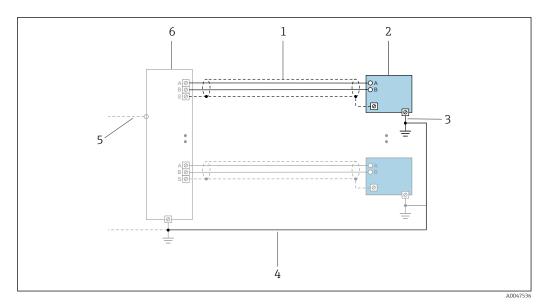
For potential equalization:

- Pay attention to in-house grounding concepts
- Take account of operating conditions, such as the pipe material and grounding
- Connect the medium, sensor and transmitter to the same electric potential
- $\blacksquare$  Use a ground cable with a minimum cross-section of 6 mm  $^2$  (10 AWG) and a cable lug for potential equalization connections

# 7.6 Special connection instructions

# 7.6.1 Connection examples

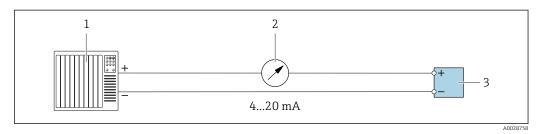
#### **PROFINET with Ethernet-APL**



19 Connection example for PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

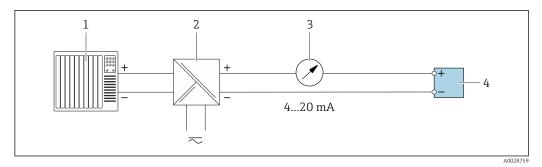
- 1 Cable shield
- 2 Measuring device
- 3 Local grounding
- 4 Potential equalization
- 5 Trunk or TCP
- 6 Field switch

#### Current output 4-20 mA



■ 20 Connection example for 4-20 mA current output (active)

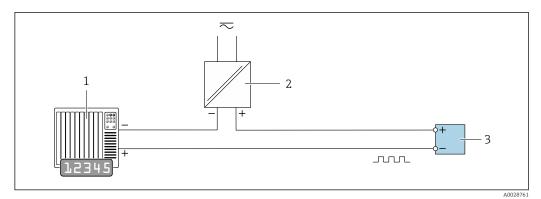
- 1 Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Analog display unit: observe maximum load
- 3 Transmitter



**₽** 21 Connection example for 4-20 mA current output (passive)

- Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Active barrier for power supply (e.g. RN221N)
- Analog display unit: observe maximum load
- Transmitter

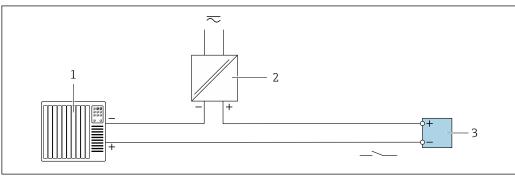
#### Pulse/frequency output



Connection example for pulse/frequency output (passive)

- Automation system with pulse/frequency input (e.g. PLC with 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up or pull-down resistor)
- 2 Power supply
- *Transmitter: observe input values* → 🖺 282

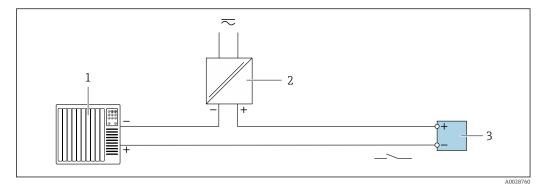
## Switch output



Connection example for switch output (passive)

- Automation system with switch input (e.g. PLC with a 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up or pull-down resistor)
- *Transmitter: observe input values → В 282*

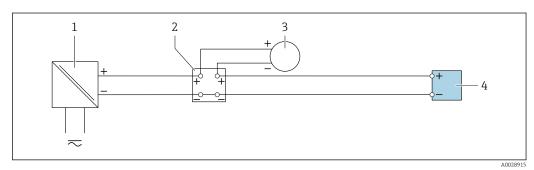
### Relay output



■ 24 Connection example for relay output (passive)

- 1 Automation system with relay input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- *3 Transmitter: observe input values* → 🖺 283

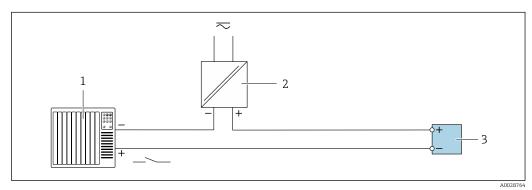
#### **Current input**



■ 25 Connection example for 4 to 20 mA current input

- 1 Power supply
- 2 Terminal box
- 3 External measuring device (to read in pressure or temperature, for instance)
- 4 Transmitter

# Status input



■ 26 Connection example for status input

- 1 Automation system with status output (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- 3 Transmitter

# 7.7 Hardware settings

# 7.7.1 Setting the device name

A measuring point can be quickly identified within a plant on the basis of the tag name. The factory-assigned device name can be changed using the DIP switches or the automation system.

Example: EH-Promass500-XXXX

ЕН	Endress+Hauser	
Promass	nstrument family	
500	Transmitter	
XXXX	Serial number of the device	

The device name currently used is displayed in Setup  $\rightarrow$  Name of station.

#### Setting the device name using the DIP switches

The last part of the device name can be set using DIP switches 1-8. The address range is between 1 and 254 (factory setting: serial number of the device)

Overview of the DIP switches

DIP switch	Bit	Description
1	128	
2	64	
3	32	
4	16	Configurable part of the device name
5	8	
6	4	
7	2	
8	1	

Example: setting the device name EH-PROMASS500-065

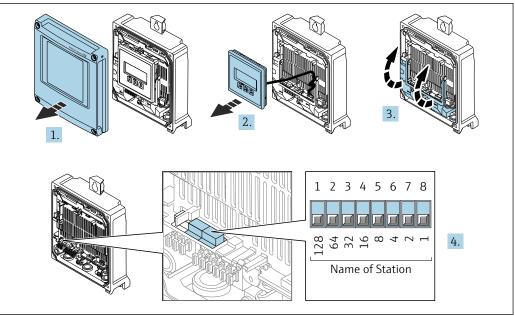
DIP switch	ON/OFF	Bit	Device name
1	OFF	_	
2	ON	64	
37	OFF	_	
8	ON	1	
Serial	number of the device:	065	EH-PROMASS500-065

Setting the device name: Proline 500 - digital

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

- ► Before opening the transmitter housing:
- ▶ Disconnect the device from the power supply.

The default IP address may **not** be activated  $\rightarrow \triangleq 63$ .



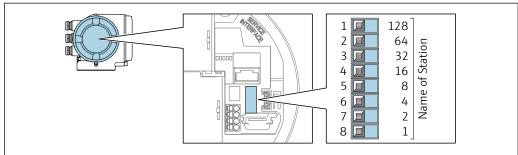
A0034497

- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Set the desired device name using the corresponding DIP switches on the I/O electronics module.
- 5. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.
- 6. Reconnect the device to the power supply.
  - The configured device address is used once the device is restarted.

Setting the device name: Proline 500

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

- ► Before opening the transmitter housing:
- ▶ Disconnect the device from the power supply.
- The default IP address may **not** be activated  $\rightarrow \triangleq 63$ .



A0034498

- 1. Depending on the housing version, loosen the securing clamp or fixing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Depending on the housing version, unscrew or open the housing cover and disconnect the local display from the main electronics module where necessary.
- 3. Set the desired device name using the corresponding DIP switches on the I/O electronics module.
- 4. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

- 5. Reconnect the device to the power supply.
  - ► The configured device address is used once the device is restarted.

#### Setting the device name via the automation system

DIP switches 1-8 must all be set to **OFF** (factory setting) or all be set to **ON** to be able to set the device name via the automation system.

The complete device name (name of station) can be changed individually via the automation system.



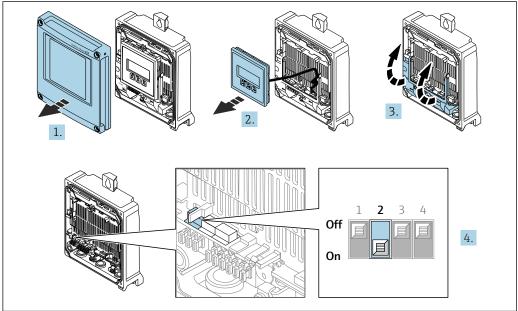
- The serial number used as part of the device name in the factory setting is not saved. It is not possible to reset the device name to the factory setting with the serial number. The device name is empty following the reset.
  - When assigning the device name via the automation system: assign the device name in lower case letters.

#### 7.7.2 Activating the default IP address

#### Activating the default IP address by DIP switch: Proline 500 - digital

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

- ▶ Before opening the transmitter housing:
- Disconnect the device from the power supply.



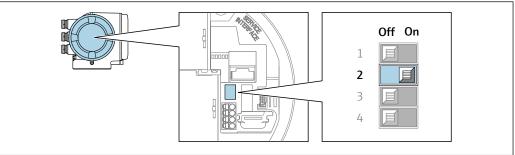
- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.
- 4. Set DIP switch no. 2 on the I/O electronics module from **OFF**  $\rightarrow$  **ON**.
- 5. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.
- 6. Reconnect the device to the power supply.
  - ► The default IP address is used once the device is restarted.

#### Activating the default IP address by DIP switch: Proline 500

Risk of electric shock when opening the transmitter housing.

▶ Before opening the transmitter housing:

Disconnect the device from the power supply.



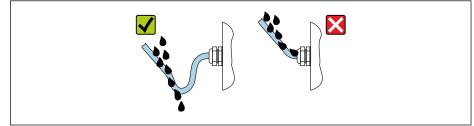
- 1. Depending on the housing version, loosen the securing clamp or fixing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Depending on the housing version, unscrew or open the housing cover and disconnect the local display from the main electronics module where necessary .
- 3. Set DIP switch no. 2 on the I/O electronics module from **OFF**  $\rightarrow$  **ON**.
- Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.
- 5. Reconnect the device to the power supply.
  - └ The default IP address is used once the device is restarted.

#### 7.8 Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring instrument fulfills all the requirements for the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure.

To quarantee the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly.
- 2. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 3. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- 5. To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry: Route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



6. The cable glands supplied do not ensure housing protection when not in use. They must therefore be replaced by dummy plugs corresponding to the housing protection.

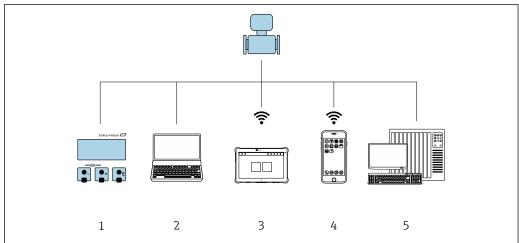
#### 7.9 Post-connection check

Are the device and cable undamaged (visual inspection)?		
Is the protective earthing established correctly?		
Do the cables used comply with the requirements ?		

Are the installed cables strain-relieved and securely routed?	
Are all cable glands installed, securely tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Is the terminal assignment correct ?	
Are dummy plugs inserted in unused cable entries and have transportation plugs been replaced with dummy plugs?	

# **8** Operation options

# 8.1 Overview of operation options

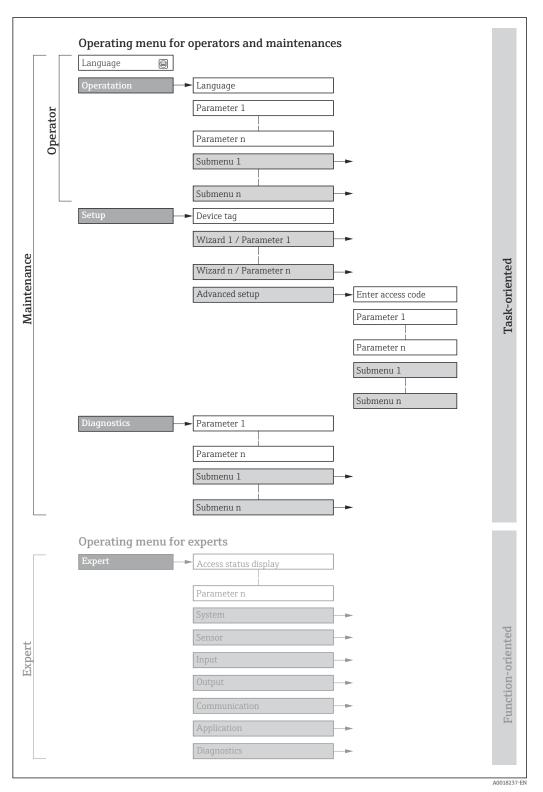


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- 1 Local operation via display module
- 2 Computer with web browser or with operating tool (e.g FieldCare, DeviceCare, SIMATIC PDM)
- 3 Field Xpert SMT70
- 4 Mobile handheld terminal
- 5 Automation system (e.g. PLC)

# 8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

# 8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu



 $\blacksquare$  27 Schematic structure of the operating menu

# 8.2.2 Operating philosophy

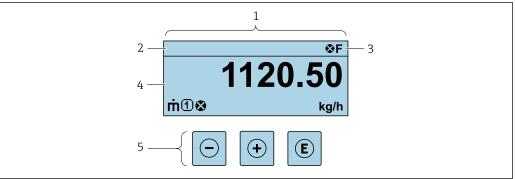
The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (e.g. operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device life cycle.

Menu/pa	arameter	User role and tasks	Content/meaning	
Language	Task- oriented	Role "Operator", "Maintenance" Tasks during operation: Configuration of the operational	<ul> <li>Defining the operating language</li> <li>Defining the Web server operating language</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>	
Operation		• Reduing measured values	<ul> <li>Configuration of the operational display (e.g. display format, display contrast)</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>	
Setup		"Maintenance" role Commissioning: Configuration of the measurement Configuration of the inputs and outputs Configuration of the communication interface	Wizards for fast commissioning:  Configuring the system units  Configuration of the communication interface  Definition of the medium  Displaying the I/O configuration  Configuring the inputs  Configuring the outputs  Configuration of the operational display  Configuring the low flow cut off  Configuring partial and empty pipe detection	
			Advanced setup  For more customized configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions)  Configuration of totalizers  Configuration of WLAN settings  Administration (define access code, reset measuring device)	
Diagnostics		"Maintenance" role Troubleshooting:  Diagnostics and elimination of process and device errors  Measured value simulation	Contains all parameters for error detection and analyzing process and device errors:  Diagnostic list Contains up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages.  Event logbook Contains event messages that have occurred.  Device information Contains information for identifying the device  Measured values Contains all current measured values.  Data logging submenu with the "Extended HistoROM" order option Storage and visualization of measured values  Heartbeat Technology Verification of device functionality on request and documentation of verification results  Simulation Used to simulate measured values or output values.	

Menu/parameter		User role and tasks	Content/meaning
Expert	Function- oriented	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device:  Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions  Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions  Detailed configuration of the communication interface  Error diagnostics in difficult cases	Contains all of the device parameters and allows direct access to these by means of an access code. The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device:  System Contains all higher-level device parameters that do not affect measurement or measured value communication  Sensor Configuration of the measurement.  Input Configuration of the status input  Output Configuration of the analog current outputs as well as the pulse/frequency and switch output  Communication Configuration of the digital communication interface and the Web server  Application Configuration of the functions that go beyond the actual measurement (e.g. totalizer)  Diagnostics Error detection and analysis of process and device errors and for device simulation and Heartbeat Technology.

# 8.3 Access to operating menu via local display

# 8.3.1 Operational display



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- 1 Operational display
- 2 Device tag
- 3 Status area
- 4 Display range for measured values (up to 4 lines)
- 5 Operating elements  $\rightarrow \Box 75$

### Status area

The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right:

- Status signals → 🗎 192
  - **F**: Failure
  - **C**: Function check
  - **S**: Out of specification
  - M: Maintenance required
- Diagnostic behavior → 🗎 193
  - 🐼: Alarm
  - <u></u> : Warning
- 🛱: Locking (the device is locked via the hardware )
- ←: Communication (communication via remote operation is active)

### Display area

In the display area, each measured value is prefaced by certain symbol types for further description:

#### Measured variables

Symbol	Meaning
ṁ	Mass flow
Ü	<ul> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> </ul>
ρ	<ul> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> </ul>
4	Temperature

The number and display format of the measured variables can be configured via the **Format display** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \triangleq 137$ ).

#### Totalizer

Symbol	Meaning
Σ	Totalizer  The measurement channel number indicates which of the three totalizers is
	displayed.

#### Input

Symbol	Meaning
€	Status input

#### Measurement channel numbers

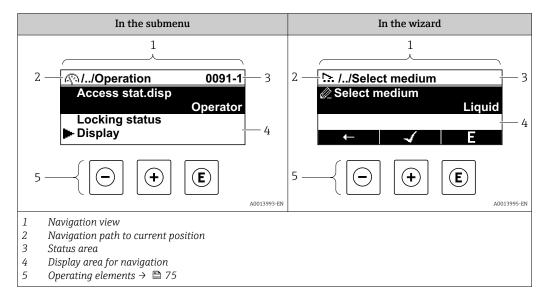
Symbol	Meaning
	Measurement channel 1 to 4
114	The measurement channel number is displayed only if more than one channel is present for the same measured variable type (e.g. totalizer 1 to 3).

#### Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>
Δ	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>Measurement is resumed.</li> <li>The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>

The diagnostic behavior pertains to a diagnostic event that is relevant to the displayed measured variable.

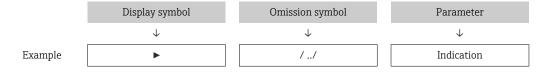
# 8.3.2 Navigation view

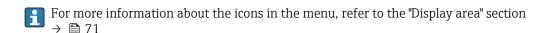


#### Navigation path

The navigation path to the current position is displayed at the top left in the navigation view and consists of the following elements:

- The display symbol for the menu/submenu (►) or the wizard (►).
- An omission symbol (/ ../) for operating menu levels in between.
- Name of the current submenu, wizard or parameter





#### Status area

The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner:

- In the submenu
  - The direct access code to the parameter (e.g., 0022-1)
  - If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal
- In the wizard

If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal



- For information on the diagnostic behavior and status signal  $\rightarrow \triangleq 192$
- For information on the function and entry of the direct access code → 🗎 77

# Display area

#### Menus

Symbol	Meaning
P	Operation Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Operation" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Operation menu

۶	Setup Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Setup" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Setup menu
ધ	Diagnosis Is displayed: ■ In the menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection ■ At the left in the navigation path in the Diagnostics menu
₹.	Expert Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Expert" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Expert menu

## Submenus, wizards, parameters

Symbol	Meaning
•	Submenu
75.	Wizards
Ø.	Parameters within a wizard  No display symbol exists for parameters in submenus.

# Locking procedure

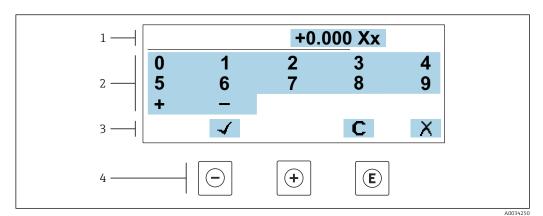
Symbol	Meaning
û	Parameter locked When displayed in front of a parameter name, indicates that the parameter is locked.  By a user-specific access code  By the hardware write protection switch

## Wizards

Symbol	Meaning
<b>←</b>	Switches to the previous parameter.
<b>√</b>	Confirms the parameter value and switches to the next parameter.
E	Opens the editing view of the parameter.

# 8.3.3 Editing view

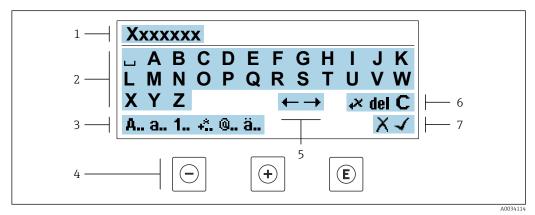
#### Numeric editor



■ 28 For entering values in parameters (e.g. limit values)

- 1 Entry display area
- 2 Input screen
- 3 Confirm, delete or reject entry
- 4 Operating elements

#### Text editor



29 For entering text in parameters (e.g. device tag)

- 1 Entry display area
- 2 Current input screen
- 3 Change input screen
- 4 Operating elements
- 5 Move entry position
- 6 Delete entry
- 7 Reject or confirm entry

*Using the operating elements in the editing view* 

Operating key	Meaning
	Minus key Move the entry position to the left.
+	Plus key Move the entry position to the right.

Operating key	Meaning
E	<ul> <li>Enter key</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly confirms your selection.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s confirms your entry.</li> </ul>
-+-	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously) Close the editing view without accepting a change.

# *Input screens*

Symbol	Meaning	
Α	Upper case	
a	Lower case	
1	Numbers	
+*	Punctuation marks and special characters: = + - * / $^2$ $^3$ $^1$ /4 $^1$ /2 $^3$ /4 ( ) [ ] < > { }	
<b>0</b>	Punctuation marks and special characters: ' " `^. , ; : ? ! % $\mu$ ° € \$ £ ¥ § @ # / \ I ~ & _	
ä	Umlauts and accents	

# Controlling data entries

Symbol	Meaning
←→	Move entry position
X	Reject entry
4	Confirm entry
<b>,</b> ×	Delete character immediately to the left of the entry position
del	Delete character immediately to the right of the entry position
С	Clear all the characters entered

# 8.3.4 Operating elements

Operating key	Meaning
Θ	Minus key In menu, submenu Moves the selection bar upwards in a picklist In wizards Goes to previous parameter In the text and numeric editor
<u>+</u>	Move the entry position to the left.  Plus key In menu, submenu Moves the selection bar downwards in a picklist In wizards Goes to the next parameter
	In the text and numeric editor  Move the entry position to the right.  Enter key
Ē	In the operational display Pressing the key briefly opens the operating menu.  In menu, submenu Pressing the key briefly: Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter. Starts the wizard. If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter. Pressing the key for 2 s in a parameter: If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter.  In wizards Opens the editing view of the parameter and confirms the parameter value In the text and numeric editor Pressing the key briefly confirms your selection. Pressing the key for 2 s confirms your entry.
<u></u> ++	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)  In menu, submenu  Pressing the key briefly:  Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level.  If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.  Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position").  In wizards  Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level  In the text and numeric editor  Exits the Editing view without applying the changes.
(-)+E	<ul> <li>Minus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously)</li> <li>If keypad lock is active:         Pressing the key for 3 s deactivates the keypad lock.     </li> <li>If keypad lock is not active:         Pressing the key for 3 s opens the context menu including the option for activating the keypad lock.     </li> </ul>

# 8.3.5 Opening the context menu

Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:  $\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( \frac{$ 

- Setup
- Data backup
- Simulation

# Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

- 1. Press the  $\Box$  and  $\Box$  keys for longer than 3 seconds.
  - ► The context menu opens.



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- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

# Calling up the menu via the context menu

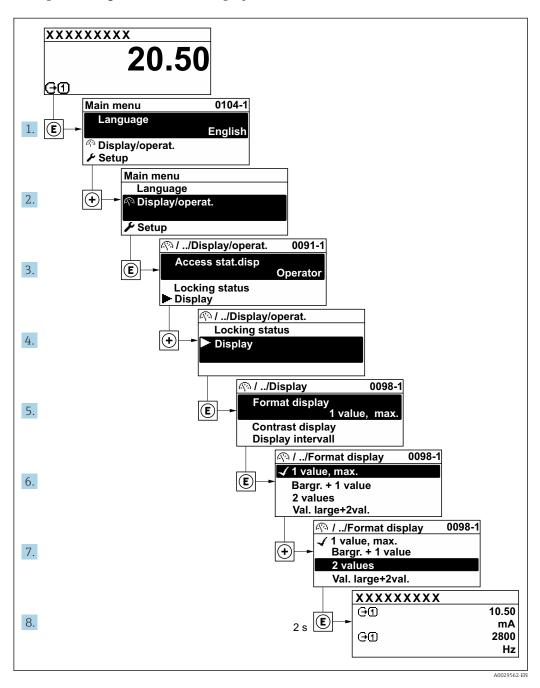
- 1. Open the context menu.
- 2. Press 🛨 to navigate to the desired menu.
- 3. Press **E** to confirm the selection.
  - ► The selected menu opens.

# 8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list

Different operating elements are used to navigate through the operating menu. The navigation path is displayed on the left in the header. Icons are displayed in front of the individual menus. These icons are also shown in the header during navigation.

For an explanation of the navigation view with symbols and operating elements  $\Rightarrow \implies 71$ 

Example: Setting the number of displayed measured values to "2 values"



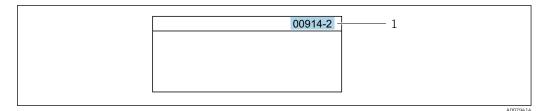
# 8.3.7 Calling the parameter directly

A parameter number is assigned to every parameter to be able to access a parameter directly via the onsite display. Entering this access code in the **Direct access** parameter calls up the desired parameter directly.

# Navigation path

Expert → Direct access

The direct access code consists of a 5-digit number (at maximum) and the channel number, which identifies the channel of a process variable: e.g. 00914-2. In the navigation view, this appears on the right-hand side in the header of the selected parameter.



1 Direct access code

Note the following when entering the direct access code:

- The leading zeros in the direct access code do not have to be entered. Example: Enter "914" instead of "00914"
- If no channel number is entered, channel 1 is opened automatically.
   Example: Enter 00914 → Assign process variable parameter
- If a different channel is opened: Enter the direct access code with the corresponding channel number.

Example: Enter **00914-2** → **Assign process variable** parameter

For the direct access codes of the individual parameters, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document for the device

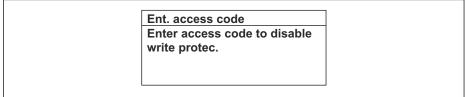
# 8.3.8 Calling up help text

Help text is available for some parameters and can be called up from the navigation view. The help text provides a brief explanation of the parameter function and thereby supports swift and safe commissioning.

#### Calling up and closing the help text

The user is in the navigation view and the selection bar is on a parameter.

- 1. Press E for 2 s.
  - ► The help text for the selected parameter opens.



A0014002-EN

- 30 Example: Help text for parameter "Enter access code"
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The help text is closed.

# 8.3.9 Changing the parameters

Parameters can be changed via the numeric editor or text editor.

- Numeric editor: Change values in a parameter, e.g. specifications for limit values.
- Text editor: Enter text in a parameter, e.g. tag name.

A message is displayed if the value entered is outside the permitted value range.

Ent. access code
Invalid or out of range input
value
Min:0
Max:9999

A0014049-EN

For a description of the editing view - consisting of the text editor and numeric editor - with symbols  $\rightarrow \implies 73$ , for a description of the operating elements  $\rightarrow \implies 75$ 

#### 8.3.10 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles "Operator" and "Maintenance" have different write access to the parameters if the customer defines a user-specific access code. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 167$ .

## Defining access authorization for user roles

An access code is not yet defined when the device is delivered from the factory. Access authorization (read and write access) to the device is not restricted and corresponds to the "Maintenance" user role.

- ▶ Define the access code.
  - The "Operator" user role is redefined in addition to the "Maintenance" user role. Access authorization differs for the two user roles.

Access authorization to parameters: "Maintenance" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	V	V
After an access code has been defined.	V	✓ <sup>1)</sup>

1) The user only has write access after entering the access code.

Access authorization to parameters: "Operator" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
After an access code has been defined.	V	_ 1)

- Despite the defined access code, certain parameters can always be modified and thus are excluded from the write protection as they do not affect the measurement: write protection via access code → 

   □ 167
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access** status parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status

# 8.3.11 Disabling write protection via access code

If the  $oxtless{1}{@}$ -symbol appears on the local display in front of a parameter, the parameter is write-protected by a user-specific access code and its value cannot be changed at the moment using local operation  $\Rightarrow \begin{center}{c} \begin{center} \begin{$ 

Parameter write protection via local operation can be disabled by entering the user-specific access code in the **Enter access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 143$ ) via the respective access option.

1. After you press ©, the input prompt for the access code appears.

- 2. Enter the access code.
  - The \( \bar{\text{\mathbb{O}}}\) -symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously write-protected parameters are now re-enabled.

# 8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

The keypad lock makes it possible to block access to the entire operating menu via local operation. As a result, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

The keypad lock is switched on and off via the context menu.

#### Switching on the keypad lock

- The keypad lock is switched on automatically:
  - If the device has not been operated via the display for > 1 minute.
  - Each time the device is restarted.

#### To activate the keylock manually:

- 1. The device is in the measured value display.

  Press the □ and □ keys for 3 seconds.
  - ► A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu select the **Keylock on** option.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched on.
- If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the **Keylock on** message appears.

## Switching off the keypad lock

- ► The keypad lock is switched on. Press the □ and □ keys for 3 seconds.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched off.

# 8.4 Access to operating menu via web browser

#### 8.4.1 Function range

With the integrated web server, the device can be operated and configured via a web browser using Ethernet-APL, service interface (CDI-RJ45) or WLAN interface. The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is displayed and can be used to monitor device health. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

Access to the network is required for the Ethernet-APL connection.

A device that has a WLAN interface (can be ordered as an option) is required for the WLAN connection: order code for "Display; operation", option G "4-line, illuminated; touch control + WLAN". The device acts as an Access Point and enables communication by computer or a mobile handheld terminal.

# 8.4.2 Requirements

# Computer hardware

Hardware	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Interface	The computer must have a RJ45 interface. <sup>1)</sup>	The operating unit must have a WLAN interface.
Connection	Standard Ethernet cable	Connection via Wireless LAN.
Screen	Recommended size: ≥12" (depends on the screen resolution)	

<sup>1)</sup> Recommended cable: CAT5e, CAT6 or CAT7, with shielded plug (e.g. YAMAICHI product; part no. Y-ConProfixPlug63/Prod. ID: 82-006660)

# Computer software

Software	Interface	
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN
Recommended operating systems	<ul> <li>Microsoft Windows 8 or higher.</li> <li>Mobile operating systems: <ul> <li>iOS</li> <li>Android</li> </ul> </li> <li>Microsoft Windows XP and Windows 7 is supported.</li> </ul>	
Web browsers supported	<ul> <li>Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 or higher</li> <li>Microsoft Edge</li> <li>Mozilla Firefox</li> <li>Google Chrome</li> <li>Safari</li> </ul>	

# Computer settings

Settings	Interface		
	CDI-RJ45	WLAN	
User rights	Appropriate user rights (e.g. administrator right settings are necessary (e.g. for adjusting the IP a		
Proxy server settings of the web browser	The web browser setting <i>Use a proxy server for y</i>	our LAN must be <b>disabled</b> .	
JavaScript	JavaScript must be enabled.	JavaScript must be enabled.	
	If JavaScript cannot be enabled: Enter http://192.168.1.212/servlet/ basic.html in the address bar of the web browser. A fully functional but simplified version of the operating menu structure starts in the web browser.	The WLAN display requires JavaScript support.	
	When installing a new firmware version: To enable correct data display, clear the temporary memory (cache) under Internet options in the web browser.		
Network connections Only use the active network connections to the measuring		neasuring device.	
	Switch off all other network connections such as WLAN for example.	Switch off all other network connections.	

Measuring device: Via CDI-RJ45 service interface

Device	CDI-RJ45 service interface
Measuring device	The measuring device has an RJ45 interface.
Web server	Web server must be enabled; factory setting: ON
	For information on enabling the Web server $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $

Measuring device: via WLAN interface

Device	WLAN interface
Measuring device	The measuring device has a WLAN antenna:  Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna Transmitter with external WLAN antenna
Web server	Web server and WLAN must be enabled; factory setting: ON  For information on enabling the Web server →   86

# 8.4.3 Connecting the device

# Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

Preparing the measuring device

Proline 500 - digital

- 1. Loosen the 4 fixing screws on the housing cover.
- 2. Open the housing cover.
- 3. The location of the connection socket depends on the measuring device and the communication protocol.

Connect the computer to the RJ45 plug via the standard Ethernet cable.

#### Proline 500

- 1. Depending on the housing version:

  Loosen the securing clamp or fixing screw of the housing cover.
- 2. Depending on the housing version: Unscrew or open the housing cover.
- 3. Connect the computer to the RJ45 plug via the standard Ethernet connecting cable..

Configuring the Internet protocol of the computer

The following information refers to the default Ethernet settings of the device.

IP address of the device: 192.168.1.212 (factory setting)

The IP address can be assigned to the measuring device in a variety of ways:

- Software addressing:
  - The IP address is entered via the **IP address** parameter ( $\Rightarrow \implies 112$ ).
- DIP switch for "Default IP address":
   To establish the network connection via the service interface (CDI-RJ45): the fixed IP address 192.168.1.212 is used .

To establish a network connection via the service interface (CDI-RJ45): set the "Default IP address" DIP switch to  $\mathbf{ON}$ . The measuring device then has the fixed IP address: 192.168.1.212. The fixed IP address 192.168.1.212 can now be used to establish the connection to the network.

- 1. Via DIP switch 2, activate the default IP address 192.168.1.212: .
- 2. Switch on the measuring device.

- 3. Connect the computer to the RJ45 plug via the standard Ethernet cable  $\rightarrow \triangleq 88$ .
- 4. If a 2nd network card is not used, close all the applications on the notebook.
  - Applications requiring Internet or a network, such as e-mail, SAP applications, Internet or Windows Explorer.
- 5. Close any open Internet browsers.
- 6. Configure the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) as defined in the table:

IP address	192.168.1.XXX; for XXX all numerical sequences except: 0, 212 and 255 $\rightarrow$ e.g. 192.168.1.213
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.1.212 or leave cells empty

#### Via WLAN interface

Configuring the Internet protocol of the mobile terminal

#### NOTICE

## If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

▶ Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Note the following to avoid a network conflict:

- ► Avoid accessing the measuring device simultaneously from the same mobile terminal via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface.
- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 or WLAN interface).
- ► If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

#### Preparing the mobile terminal

► Enable WLAN on the mobile terminal.

Establishing a WLAN connection from the mobile terminal to the measuring device

- 1. In the WLAN settings of the mobile terminal: Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH Promass 500 A802000).
- 2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
- 3. Enter the password:
  - Serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).
  - The LED on the display module flashes. It is now possible to operate the measuring device with the web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.
- The serial number can be found on the nameplate.
- To ensure the safe and swift assignment of the WLAN network to the measuring point, it is advisable to change the SSID name. It should be possible to clearly assign the new SSID name to the measuring point (e.g. tag name) because it is displayed as the WLAN network.

#### Terminating the WLAN connection

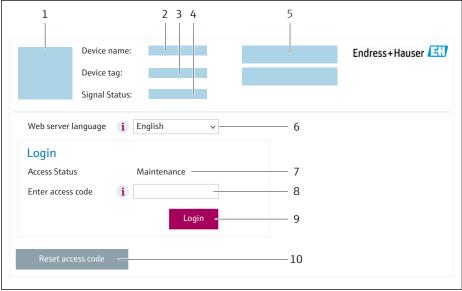
► After configuring the device:

Terminate the WLAN connection between the mobile terminal and measuring device.

#### Starting the web browser

1. Start the web browser on the computer.

- 2. Enter the IP address of the web server in the address line of the web browser: 192.168.1.212
  - ► The login page appears.



A00536

- 1 Picture of device
- 2 Device name
- 3 Device tag
- 4 Status signal
- 5 Current measured values
- 6 Operating language
- 7 User role
- 8 Access code
- 9 Login
- 10 Reset access code (→ 🖺 164)
- If a login page does not appear, or if the page is incomplete  $\rightarrow \triangleq 187$

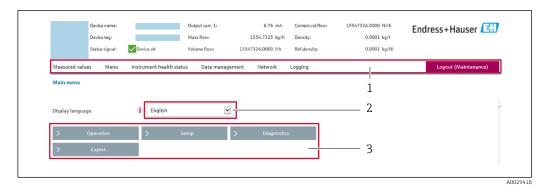
# 8.4.4 Logging on

- 1. Select the preferred operating language for the Web browser.
- 2. Enter the user-specific access code.
- 3. Press **OK** to confirm your entry.

Access code 0000 (factory setting); can be changed by customer

If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the Web browser automatically returns to the login page.

# 8.4.5 User interface



- 1 Function row
- 2 Local display language
- 3 Navigation area

#### Header

The following information appears in the header:

- Device name
- Device tag
- Device status with status signal  $\rightarrow$  🖺 195
- Current measured values

# **Function row**

Functions	Meaning
Measured values	Displays the measured values of the device
Menu	<ul> <li>Access to the operating menu from the measuring device</li> <li>The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display</li> <li>Detailed information on the operating menu structure: Description of Device Parameters</li> </ul>
Device status	Displays the diagnostic messages currently pending, listed in order of priority
Data management	Data exchange between computer and measuring device:  Device configuration:  Load settings from the device (XML format, save configuration)  Save settings to the device (XML format, restore configuration)  Logbook - Export Event logbook (.csv file)  Documents - Export documents:  Export backup data record (.csv file, create documentation of the measuring point configuration)  Verification report (PDF file, only available with the "Heartbeat Verification" application package)  Firmware update - Flashing a firmware version
Network	Configuration and checking of all the parameters required for establishing the connection to the measuring device:  Network settings (e.g. IP address, MAC address)  Device information (e.g. serial number, firmware version)
Logout	End the operation and call up the login page

# Navigation area

The menus, the associated submenus and parameters can be selected in the navigation area.

# Working area

Depending on the selected function and the related submenus, various actions can be performed in this area:

- Configuring parameters
- Reading measured values
- Calling up help text
- Starting an upload/download

# 8.4.6 Disabling the Web server

The Web server of the measuring device can be switched on and off as required using the **Web server functionality** parameter.

#### **Navigation**

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Web server

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Web server functionality	Switch the Web server on and off.	■ Off ■ HTML Off ■ On	On

# Function scope of the "Web server functionality" parameter

Option	Description
Off	<ul><li>The Web server is completely disabled.</li><li>Port 80 is locked.</li></ul>
HTML Off	The HTML version of the Web server is not available.
On	<ul> <li>The complete Web server functionality is available.</li> <li>JavaScript is used.</li> <li>The password is transferred in an encrypted state.</li> <li>Any change to the password is also transferred in an encrypted state.</li> </ul>

#### **Enabling the Web server**

If the Web server is disabled it can only be re-enabled with the **Web server functionality** parameter via the following operating options:

- Via local display
- Via Bedientool "FieldCare"
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool

# 8.4.7 Logging out

- Before logging out, perform a data backup via the **Data management** function (upload configuration from device) if necessary.
- 1. Select the **Logout** entry in the function row.
  - ► The home page with the Login box appears.
- 2. Close the Web browser.

- 3. If no longer needed:

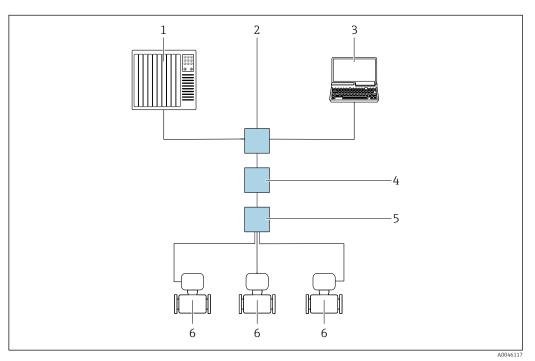
  Reset the modified properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP) → 82.
- If communication with the web server was established via the default IP address 192.168.1.212, DIP switch no. 10 must be reset (from  $ON \rightarrow OFF$ ). Afterwards, the IP address of the device is active again for network communication.

# 8.5 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

The structure of the operating menu in the operating tools is the same as for operation via the local display.

# 8.5.1 Connecting the operating tool

#### Via APL network



■ 31 Options for remote operation via APL network

- 1 Automation system, e.g. Simatic S7 (Siemens)
- 2 Ethernet switch, e.g. Scalance X204 (Siemens)
- 3 Computer with Web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for access to integrated Web server or computer with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare with PROFINET COM DTM or SIMATIC PDM with FDI-Package)
- 4 APL power switch (optional)
- 5 APL field switch
- 6 Measuring device

#### Service interface

*Via service interface (CDI-RJ45)* 

A point-to-point connection can be established to configure the device onsite. With the housing open, the connection is established directly via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the device.

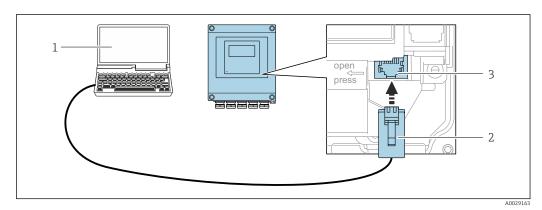
i

An adapter for the RJ45 to the M12 plug is optionally available for the non-hazardous area:

Order code for "Accessories", option NB: "Adapter RJ45 M12 (service interface)"

The adapter connects the service interface (CDI-RJ45) to an M12 plug mounted in the cable entry. The connection to the service interface can be established via an M12 plug without opening the device.

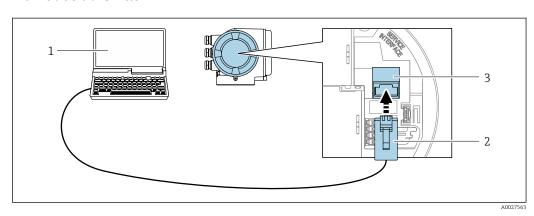
Proline 500 – digital transmitter



■ 32 Connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

- 1 Computer with web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated web server or with "FieldCare" operating tool, "DeviceCare" with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- 2 Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug
- 3 Service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server

#### Proline 500 transmitter



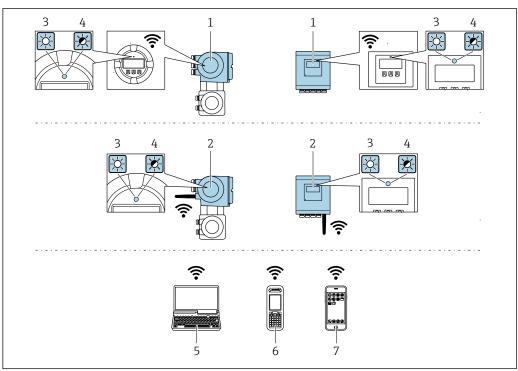
■ 33 Connection via service interface (CDI-RJ45)

- 1 Computer with web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated web server or with "FieldCare" operating tool, "DeviceCare" with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- 2 Standard Ethernet connecting cable with RJ45 plug
- 3 Service interface (CDI-RJ45) of the measuring device with access to the integrated Web server

#### Via WLAN interface

The optional WLAN interface is available on the following device version:

Order code for "Display; operation", option G "4-line, illuminated; touch control + WLAN"



A0034569

- 1 Transmitter with integrated WLAN antenna
- 2 Transmitter with external WLAN antenna
- 3 LED lit constantly: WLAN reception is enabled on measuring device
- 4 LED flashing: WLAN connection established between operating unit and measuring device
- 5 Computer with WLAN interface and web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device web server or with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- 6 Mobile handheld terminal with WLAN interface and web browser (e.g. Microsoft Internet Explorer, Microsoft Edge) for accessing the integrated device web server or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare)
- 7 Smart phone or tablet (e.g. Field Xpert SMT70)

Function	WLAN: IEEE 802.11 b/g (2.4 GHz)
Encryption	WPA2-PSK AES-128 (in accordance with IEEE 802.11i)
Configurable WLAN channels	1 to 11
Degree of protection	IP67
Available antennas	<ul> <li>Internal antenna</li> <li>External antenna (optional)         In the event of poor transmission/reception conditions at the place of installation.     </li> <li>Only 1 antenna is active at any one time!</li> </ul>
Range	<ul> <li>Internal antenna: typically 10 m (32 ft)</li> <li>External antenna: typically 50 m (164 ft)</li> </ul>
Materials (external antenna)	<ul> <li>Antenna: ASA plastic (acrylonitrile styrene acrylate) and nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Adapter: Stainless steel and nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Cable: Polyethylene</li> <li>Plug: Nickel-plated brass</li> <li>Angle bracket: Stainless steel</li> </ul>

Configuring the Internet protocol of the mobile terminal

# NOTICE

# If the WLAN connection is lost during the configuration, settings made may be lost.

▶ Make sure that the WLAN connection is not disconnected while configuring the device.

# **NOTICE**

#### Note the following to avoid a network conflict:

- ► Avoid accessing the measuring device simultaneously from the same mobile terminal via the service interface (CDI-RJ45) and the WLAN interface.
- ▶ Only activate one service interface (CDI-RJ45 or WLAN interface).
- ▶ If simultaneous communication is necessary: configure different IP address ranges, e.g. 192.168.0.1 (WLAN interface) and 192.168.1.212 (CDI-RJ45 service interface).

#### Preparing the mobile terminal

► Enable WLAN on the mobile terminal.

Establishing a WLAN connection from the mobile terminal to the measuring device

- In the WLAN settings of the mobile terminal:
   Select the measuring device using the SSID (e.g. EH\_Promass\_500\_A802000).
- 2. If necessary, select the WPA2 encryption method.
- 3. Enter the password:

Serial number of the measuring device ex-works (e.g. L100A802000).

- The LED on the display module flashes. It is now possible to operate the measuring device with the web browser, FieldCare or DeviceCare.
- 🚰 The serial number can be found on the nameplate.
- To ensure the safe and swift assignment of the WLAN network to the measuring point, it is advisable to change the SSID name. It should be possible to clearly assign the new SSID name to the measuring point (e.g. tag name) because it is displayed as the WLAN network.

#### Terminating the WLAN connection

► After configuring the device:

Terminate the WLAN connection between the mobile terminal and measuring device.

#### 8.5.2 FieldCare

# **Function range**

FDT-based (Field Device Technology) plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

#### Access is via:

- CDI-RJ45 service interface → 🖺 88
- WLAN interface → 🖺 88

#### Typical functions:

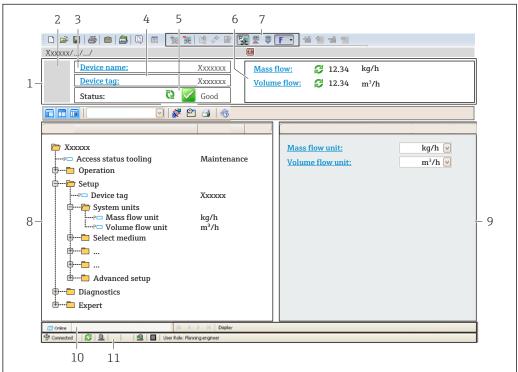
- Transmitter parameter configuration
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook
- Operating Instructions BA00027SOperating Instructions BA00059S
- Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \triangleq 93$

#### Establishing a connection

1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.

- 2. In the network: Add a device.
  - ► The **Add device** window opens.
- 3. Select the **CDI Communication TCP/IP** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Right-click **CDI Communication TCP/IP** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.
- 5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
  - ► The **CDI Communication TCP/IP (Configuration)** window opens.
- 6. Enter the device address in the **IP address** field: 192.168.1.212 and press **Enter** to confirm.
- 7. Establish the online connection to the device.
- Operating Instructions BA00027SOperating Instructions BA00059S

#### User interface



Δ0021051-FN

- 1 Header
- 2 Picture of device
- 3 Device name
- 4 Device tag
- 5 Status area with status signal → 🖺 195
- 6 Display area for current measured values
- 7 Editing toolbar with additional functions such as save/load, event list and create documentation
- 8 Navigation area with operating menu structure
- 9 Work area
- 10 Action area
- 11 Status area

# 8.5.3 DeviceCare

#### **Function range**

Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.

Innovation brochure IN01047S

# 8.5.4 SIMATIC PDM

# Function range

Standardized, vendor-independent program from Siemens for the operation, configuration, maintenance and diagnosis of intelligent field devices via the PROFINET protocol.

Source for device description files → 🖺 93

# 9 System integration

# 9.1 Overview of device description files

#### 9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	01.00.zz	<ul> <li>On the title page of the manual</li> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Firmware version         Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version     </li> </ul>
Manufacturer	17	Manufacturer Expert → Communication → Physical block → Manufacturer
Device ID	0xA43B	-
Device type ID	Promass 500	Device type
Device revision	1	_
PROFINET with Ethernet-APL version	2.43	Version of the PROFINET specification

For an overview of the various firmware versions for the device  $\rightarrow \triangleq 270$ 

# 9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

FieldCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Downloads area</li> <li>USB stick (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
DeviceCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Downloads area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
SIMATIC PDM (Siemens)	www.endress.com → Downloads area

# 9.2 Device master file (GSD)

In order to integrate field devices into a bus system, the PROFIBUS system needs a description of the device parameters, such as output data, input data, data format and data volume.

These data are available in the device master file (GSD) which is provided to the automation system when the communication system is commissioned. In addition device bit maps, which appear as icons in the network structure, can also be integrated.

The device master file (GSD) is in XML format, and the file is created in the GSDML description markup language.

With the PA Profile 4.02 device master file (GSD) it is possible to exchange field devices made by different manufacturers without having to reconfigure.

Two different device master files (GSD) can be used: Manufacturer-specific GSD and PA Profile GSD.

# 9.2.1 File name of the manufacturer-specific device master file (GSD)

Example of the name of a device master file:

GSDML-V2.43-EH-PROMASS\_300\_500\_APL\_yyyymmdd.xml

GSDML	Description language	
V2.43	Version of the PROFINET specification	
ЕН	Endress+Hauser	
PROMASS	Instrument family	
300_500_APL	Transmitter	
yyyymmdd	Date of issue (yyyy: year, mm: month, dd: day)	
.xml	File name extension (XML file)	

# 9.2.2 File name of the PA Profile device master file (GSD)

Example of the name of a PA Profile device master file:

GSDML-V2.43-PA\_Profile\_V4.02-B333-FLOW\_CORIOLIS-yyyymmdd.xml

GSDML	Description language	
V2.43	Version of the PROFINET specification	
PA_Profile_V4.02	Version of the PA Profile specification	
B333	PA Profile device identification	
FLOW	Product line	
CORIOLIS	Flow measuring principle	
yyyymmdd	Date of issue (yyyy: year, mm: month, dd: day)	
.xml	File name extension (XML file)	

API	Supported modules	Input and output variables	
	Analog input	Mass flow	
	Analog input	Density	
0x9700	Analog input	Temperature	
	Totalizer	Totalizer value: mass/mass Totalizer Control	

Where to acquire the manufacturer-specific GSD:

Manufacturer-specific GSD:	: www.endress.com → Downloads section	
	https://www.profibus.com/products/gsd-files/gsd-library-profile-for-process-control-devices-version-40 $\rightarrow$ Downloads section	

# 9.3 Cyclic data transmission

# 9.3.1 Overview of the modules

The following graphic shows which modules are available to the device for cyclic data transfer. Cyclic data transfer is performed with an automation system.

	Measuring device			Direction	Control	
API	API Modules		Sub-slot	Data flow	system	
	Analog Input 1 (Mass flow)	1	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 2 (Density)	2	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 3 (Temperature)	3	1	<del>)</del>		
An	Analog Input 4	20	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 5	21	1	<del>)</del>		
	Analog Input 6	22	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 7	23	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 8	24	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 9	25	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 10	26	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 11	27	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 12	28	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 13	29	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 14	30	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Input 15	31	1	÷	PROFINET	
	Analog Input 16	32	1	÷		
	Totalizer 1 (Mass)	4	1	<b>→</b> ←		
0x9700	Totalizer 2	70	1	<i>→</i>		
	Totalizer 3	71	1	<b>→</b> ←		
	Binary Input 1 (Heartbeat)	80	1	<b>→</b>		
	Binary Input 2	81	1	<b>→</b>		
	Analog Output 1 (Pressure)	160	1	+		
	Analog Output 2 (Temperature)	161	1	+		
	Analog Output 3 (Ref. density)	162	1	+		
1		Analog Output 4 (% Sediment and water)	163	1	+	
	Analog Output 5 (Water cut percentage)	164	1	+		
	Analog Output 6 (Appl. Spec. out 0)	165	1	<b>←</b>		
	Analog Output 7 (Appl. Spec. out 1)	166	1	<b>←</b>		
	Binary Output 1 (Heartbeat)	210	1	<b>→</b>		
	Binary Output 2	211	1	+		
	Enumerated Output	240	1	+	7	

# 9.3.2 Description of the modules

The data structure is described from the perspective of the automation system:

- Input data: Are sent from the measuring device to the automation system.
- Output data: Are sent from the automation system to the measuring device.

# Analog Input module

Transmit input variables from the measuring device to the automation system.

Analog Input modules cyclically transmit the selected input variables, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The input variable is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Selection: input variable

Slot	Sub-slot	Input variables
1	1	Mass flow
2	1	Density

Slot	Sub-slot	Input variables
3	1	Temperature
		<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Electronics temperature</li> <li>Oscillation frequency</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation</li> <li>Oscillation damping</li> <li>Tube damping fluctuation</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Exciter current</li> <li>Application-specific output 0</li> <li>Application-specific output 1</li> <li>Index inhomogeneous medium</li> <li>Index suspended bubbles</li> <li>Index sensor asymmetry</li> <li>Current output 1</li> <li>Current output 2</li> <li>Current output 3</li> </ul>
2032	1	Additional input variables with the Heartbeat Verification application package  Carrier pipe temperature  Oscillation damping 1  Oscillation frequency 1  Oscillation amplitude 0  Oscillation amplitude 1  Frequency fluctuation 1  Tube damping fluctuation 1  Exciter current 1  HBSI  Additional input variables with the  Concentration Measurement application package  Concentration  Target mass flow  Carrier mass flow  Target volume flow
		<ul> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Additional input variables with the Petroleum application package <ul> <li>Alternative reference density</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>Alternative GSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>Alternative NSV flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Water cut %</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

#### Data structure

# Output data of Analog Output

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	Measured value: floating		EEE 754)	Status 1)

1) Status coding  $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  105

#### Application-specific Input module

Transmit compensation values from the measuring device to the automation system.

The Application-specific Input module cyclically transmits compensation values, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The compensation value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the compensation value.

Assigned compensation values

i

The configuration is performed via: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Application  $\rightarrow$  Application specific calculations  $\rightarrow$  Process variables

Slot	Compensation value
2032	Application-specific Input module 0
2032	Application-specific Input module 1

#### Data structure

Input data of Application-specific Input module

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			

1) Status coding  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 105$ 

# Binary input module

Transmit binary input variables from the measuring device to the automation system.

Binary input variables are used by the measuring device to transmit the state of device functions to the automation system.

Binary Input modules cyclically transmit discrete input variables, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The discrete input variable is depicted in the first byte. The second byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Selection: device function, binary input, slot 80

Slot	Sub-slot	Bit	Device function	Status (meaning)
		0	Verification was not performed.	O (device function not active)
		1	The device has failed the verification.	<ul> <li>1 (device function active)</li> </ul>
80	1	2	Currently performing verification.	
		3	Verification ended.	
		4	The device has failed the verification.	

Slot	Sub-slot	Bit	Device function	Status (meaning)
		5	Verification carried out successfully.	
		6	Verification was not performed.	
		7	Reserved	

Selection: device function, binary input, slot 81

Slot	Sub-slot	Bit	Device function	Status (meaning)	
		0	Partially filled pipe detection	O (device function not active)	
		1	Low flow cut off	■ 1 (device function active)	
	1		2	Reserved	
81		3	Reserved		
01		1	4	Reserved	
		5	Reserved		
		6	Reserved		
		7	Reserved		

#### Data structure

#### Input data of Binary Input

Byte 1	Byte 2	
Binary Input	Status 1)	

## Mass module

Transmit mass counter value from the measuring device to the automation system.

The Mass module cyclically transmits the mass, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The totalizer value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Selection: input variable

Slot	Sub-slot	Input variables
4	1	Mass

# Data structure

# Volume input data

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			

1) Status coding  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  105

## Mass Totalizer Control module

Transmit totalizer value from the measuring device to the automation system.

The Mass Totalizer Control module cyclically transmits a selected totalizer value, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The totalizer value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Selection: input variable

Slot	Sub-slot	Input variable
4	1	Mass

#### Data structure

Mass Totalizer Control input data

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			

Selection: output variable

Transmit the control value from the automation system to the measuring device.

Slot	Sub-slot	Value	Input variable
	1	1	Reset to "0"
7071		2	Preset value
/0/1		3	Stop
		4	Totalize

#### Data structure

Mass Totalizer Control output data

Byte 1	
Control variable	

#### Totalizer module

Transmit totalizer value from the measuring device to the automation system.

The Totalizer module cyclically transmits a selected totalizer value, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The totalizer value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

# Selection: input variable

Slot	Sub-slot	Input variable
70 to 71	1	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Target mass flow Target mass flow Target volume flow Carrier volume flow Carrier volume flow Carrier corrected volume flow GSV flow SW flow NSV flow NSV alternative NSV flow NSV alternative flow SW volume flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Oil volume flow Oil corrected volume flow Oil corrected volume flow Raw value mass flow Raw value mass flow

- $\label{eq:concentration} \textbf{Only available with the Concentration application package}$
- 2) Only available with the Petroleum application package

#### Data structure

# Totalizer input data

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measure	Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)			

1) Status coding → 🖺 105

#### **Totalizer Control module**

Transmit totalizer value from the measuring device to the automation system.

The Totalizer Control module cyclically transmits a selected totalizer value, including the status, from the measuring device to the automation system. The totalizer value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the input variable.

Selection: input variable

Slot	Sub-slot	Input variable
70 to 71	1	■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow ■ Target mass flow <sup>1)</sup> ■ Carrier mass flow ■ Target volume flow ■ Carrier volume flow ■ Carrier corrected volume flow ■ Carrier corrected volume flow ■ GSV flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Alternative GSD flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Alternative NSV flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Alternative NSV flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Alternative NSV flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Oil mass flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Oil mass flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Water mass flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Oil volume flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Oil corrected volume flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Oil corrected volume flow <sup>2)</sup> ■ Raw value mass flow <sup>2)</sup>

- 1) Only available with the Concentration application package
- 2) Only available with the Petroleum application package

# Data structure

#### Totalizer Control input data

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating p		point number (IE	EEE 754)	Status 1)

Selection: output variable

Transmit the control value from the automation system to the measuring device.

Slot	Sub-slot	Value	Input variable
	1	1	Reset to "0"
70 to 71		2	Preset value
70 t0 / 1		3	Stop
		4	Totalize

# Data structure

#### Totalizer Control output data

Byte 1	
Control variable	

# **Analog Output module**

Transmit a compensation value from the automation system to the measuring device.

Analog Output modules cyclically transmit compensation values, including the status and associated unit, from the automation system to the measuring device. The compensation value is depicted in the first four bytes in the form of a floating point number as per the

IEEE 754 standard. The fifth byte contains standardized status information pertaining to the compensation value.

Assigned compensation values

i

The selection is made via: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  External compensation

Slot	Sub-slot	Compensation value
160		Pressure
161		Temperature
162		Reference density
163	1	External value for % S&W (sediment and water) 1)
164		External value for % Water cut 1)
165		Appl. Spec. Outp. 0
166		Appl. Spec. Outp. 1

1) Only available with the Petroleum application package.

#### Data structure

#### Output data of Analog Output

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5
Measured value: floating point number (IEEE 754)				Status 1)

1) Status coding → 🖺 105

## Failsafe mode

A failsafe mode can be defined for using the compensation values.

If the status is GOOD or UNCERTAIN, the compensation values transmitted by the automation system are used. If the status is BAD, the failsafe mode is activated for the use of the compensation values.

Parameters are available per compensation value to define the fails afe mode: Expert  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  External compensation

#### Fail safe type parameter

- Fail safe value option: The value defined in the Fail safe value parameter is used.
- Fallback value option: The last valid value is used.
- Off option: The failsafe mode is disabled.

#### Fail safe value parameter

Use this parameter to enter the compensation value which is used if the Fail safe value option is selected in the Fail safe type parameter.

#### Binary output module

Transmit binary output values from the automation system to the measuring device.

Binary output values are used by the automation system to enable and disable device functions.

Binary output values cyclically transmit discrete output values, including the status, from the automation system to the measuring device. The discrete output values are transmitted in the first byte. The second byte contains standardised status information pertaining to the output value.

Selection: device function, binary output, slot 210

Slot	Sub-slot	Bit	Device function	Status (meaning)			
					0	Start the verification.	A change of status from 0 to 1
		1	Reserved	starts the Heartbeat Verification <sup>1)</sup>			
	210 1	2	Reserved				
210		3	Reserved				
210		4	Reserved				
		5	Reserved				
		6	Reserved				
		7	Reserved				

1) Only available with the Heartbeat application package

Selection: device function, binary output, slot 211

Slot	Sub-slot	Bit	Device function	Status (meaning)
	1	0	Flow override	0 (disable device function)
		1	Zero adjust	<ul><li>1 (enable device function)</li></ul>
		2	Relay output	Relay output value:
211		3	Relay output	<b>■</b> 0 <b>■</b> 1
ZII		4	Relay output	• 1
		5	Reserved	
		6	Reserved	
		7	Reserved	

#### Data structure

# Binary Output input data

Byte 1	Byte 2
Binary Output	Status 1) 2)

- 1) Status coding  $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  105
- 2) If the status is BAD, the control variable is not adopted.

# **Concentration module**

Only available with the Concentration Measurement application package.

# Assigned device functions

Slot	Input variables
240	Selection of the liquid type

# Data structure

Concentration output data

Byte 1	
Control variable	

Liquid type	Enum code
Off	0
Sucrose in water	5
Glucose in water	2
Fructose in water	1
Invert sugar in water	6
Corn syrup HFCS42	15
Corn syrup HFCS55	16
Corn syrup HFCS90	17
Original wort	18
Ethanol in water	11
Methanol in water	12
Hydrogen peroxide in water	4
Hydrochloric acid	24
Sulfuric acid	25
Nitric acid	7
Phosphoric acid	8
Sodium hydroxide	10
Potassium hydroxide	9
Ammonium nitrate in water	13
Iron(III) chloride in water	14
% mass / % volume	19
User Profile Coef Set No. 1	21
User Profile Coef Set No. 2	22
User Profile Coef Set No. 3	23

# 9.3.3 Status coding

Status	Coding (hex)	Meaning
BAD - Maintenance alarm	0x24 to 0x27	A measured value is not available because a device error has occurred.
BAD - Process related	0x28 to 0x2B	A measured value is not available because the process conditions are not within the device's technical specification limits.
BAD - Function check	0x3C to 0x03F	A function check is active (e.g. cleaning or calibration)
UNCERTAIN - Initial value	0x4F to 0x4F	A predefined value is output until a correct measured value is available again or corrective measures have been performed that change this status.

Status	Coding (hex)	Meaning
UNCERTAIN - Maintenance demanded	0x68 to 0x6B	Signs of wear and tear have been detected on the measuring instrument. Short-term maintenance is needed to ensure that the measuring instrument remains operational.  The measured value might be invalid. The use of the measured value depends on the application.
UNCERTAIN - Process related	0x78 to 0x7B	The process conditions are not within the device's technical specification limits. This could have a negative impact on the quality and accuracy of the measured value.  The use of the measured value depends on the application.
GOOD - OK	0x80 to 0x83	No error has been diagnosed.
GOOD - Maintenance required	0xA4 to 0xA7	The measured value is valid.  Maintenance of the device due in the near future.
GOOD - Maintenance demanded	0xA8 to 0xAB	The measured value is valid. It is highly advisable to service the device in the near future.
GOOD - Function check	0xBC to 0XBF	The measured value is valid. The measuring instrument is performing an internal function check. The function check does not have any noticeable effect on the process.

# 9.3.4 Factory setting

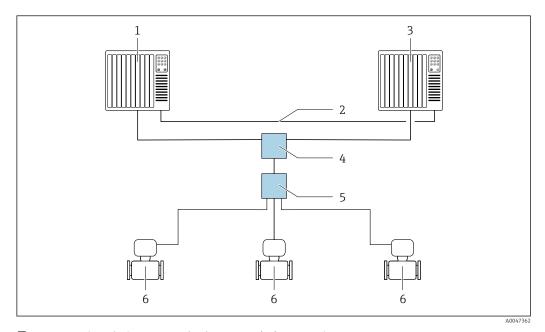
The slots are already assigned in the automation system for initial commissioning.

# Assigned slots

Slot	Factory setting
1	Mass flow
2	Density
3	Temperature
4	Mass
20 to 32	-
70 to 71	-
80 to 81	-
160 to 166	-
210 to 211	-
240	-

# 9.4 System redundancy S2

A redundant layout with two automation systems is necessary for processes that are in continuous operation. If one system fails the second system guarantees continued, uninterrupted operation. The measuring device supports S2 system redundancy and can communicate with both automation systems simultaneously.



■ 34 Example of the layout of a redundant system (S2): star topology

- 1 Automation system 1
- Synchronization of automation systems
- 3 Automation system 2
- 4 Industrial Ethernet Managed Switch
- 5 APL field switch
- 6 Measuring device

All the devices in the network must support S2 system redundancy.

#### 10 Commissioning

#### 10.1 Post-mounting and post-connection check

Before commissioning the device:

- ▶ Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed successfully.
- Checklist for "Post-connection" check → 64

#### 10.2 Switching on the measuring device

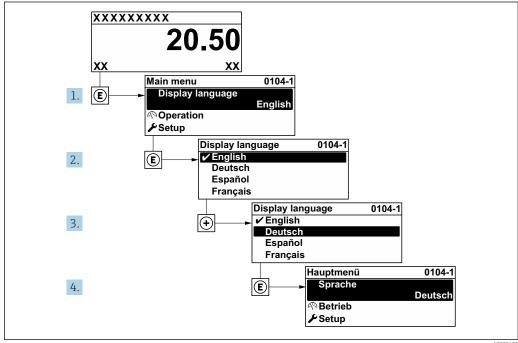
- ▶ Switch on the device upon successful completion of the post-mounting and postconnection check.
  - ► After a successful startup, the local display switches automatically from the startup display to the operational display.
- If nothing appears on the local display or if a diagnostic message is displayed, refer to the section on "Diagnostics and troubleshooting"  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 186$ .

#### 10.3 Connecting via FieldCare

- For user interface of FieldCare → 🗎 91

#### 10.4 Setting the operating language

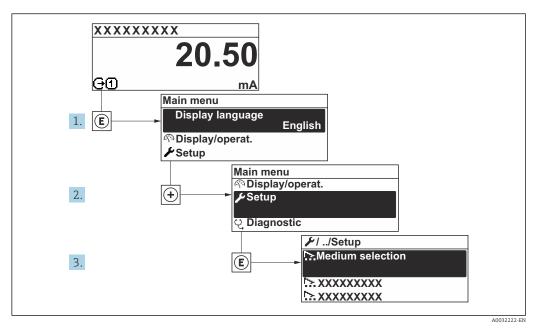
Factory setting: English or ordered local language



■ 35 Taking the example of the local display

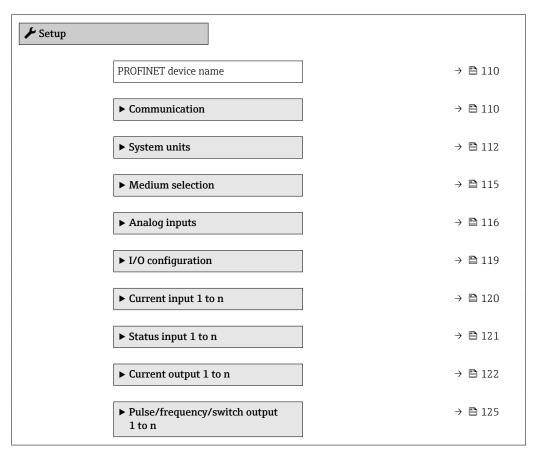
# 10.5 Configuring the measuring instrument

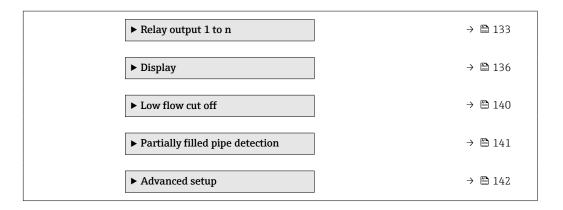
The **Setup** menu with its guided wizards contains all the parameters needed for standard operation.



 $lap{1}{2}$  36 Navigation to "Setup" menu using the example of the local display

The number of submenus and parameters can vary depending on the device version. Certain submenus and parameters in these submenus are not described in the Operating Instructions. Instead a description is provided in the Special Documentation for the device ("Supplementary documentation").





## 10.5.1 Defining the tag name

A measuring point can be quickly identified within a plant on the basis of the tag name. The tag name is equivalent to the device name (name of station) of the PROFINET specification (data length: 255 bytes)

The device name can be changed via DIP switches or the automation system.

The device name currently used is displayed in the **Name of station** parameter.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  PROFINET device name

### Parameter overview with brief description

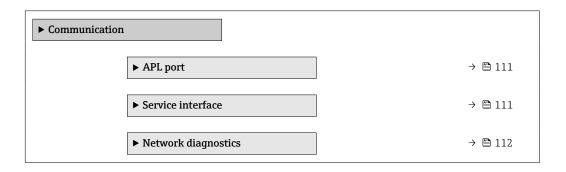
Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
PROFINET device name	Name of the measuring point.		EH-PROMASS500 serial number of the device

## **10.5.2** Displaying the communication interface

The **Communication** submenu shows all the current parameter settings for selecting and configuring the communication interface.

#### **Navigation**

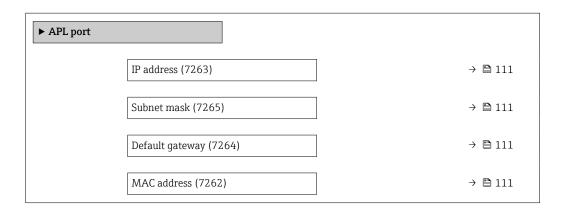
"Setup" menu → Communication



## "APL port" submenu

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  APL port



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User entry / User interface	Factory setting
IP address	Enter the IP address of the measuring device.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (15)	0.0.0.0
Default gateway	Enter IP address for the default gateway of the measuring device.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (15)	0.0.0.0
Subnet mask	Enter subnet mask of the measuring device.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (15)	255.255.255.0
MAC address	Shows the MAC address of the measuring device.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	

# "Service interface" submenu

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Service interface

➤ Service interface	
IP address (7209)	→ 🖺 112
Subnet mask (7211)	→ 🖺 112
Default gateway (7210)	→ 🖺 112
MAC address (7214)	→ 🖺 112

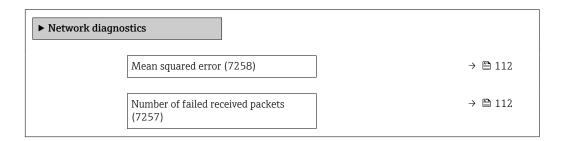
#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description User entry / User interf		Factory setting
IP address	Enter the IP address of the measuring device.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	192.168.1.212
Subnet mask	Displays the subnet mask.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	Displays the default gateway.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	0.0.0.0
MAC address	Displays the MAC address of the measuring device.  MAC = Media Access Control	Unique 12-digit character string comprising letters and numbers, e.g.: 00:07:05:10:01:5F	Each measuring device is given an individual address.

#### "Network diagnostics" submenu

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Communication → Network diagnostics



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Mean squared error	Provides an indication of the link signal quality.	Signed floating-point number	0 dB
Number of failed received packets	Shows the number of failed received packets.	0 to 65 535	0

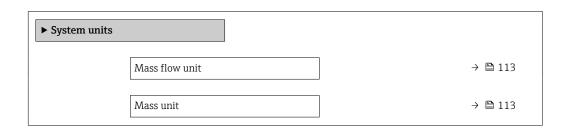
# 10.5.3 Setting the system units

In the **System units** submenu the units of all the measured values can be set.

The number of submenus and parameters can vary depending on the device version. Certain submenus and parameters in these submenus are not described in the Operating Instructions. Instead a description is provided in the Special Documentation for the device ("Supplementary documentation").

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  System units



Volume flow unit	→ 🖺 113
Volume unit	→ 🖺 113
Corrected volume flow unit	→ 🖺 113
Corrected volume unit	→ 🖺 113
Density unit	→ 🖺 113
Reference density unit	→ 🖺 114
Density 2 unit	→ 🖺 114
Temperature unit	→ 🖺 114
Pressure unit	→ 🖺 114

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Mass flow unit	Select mass flow unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:     kg/h     lb/min
Mass unit	Select mass unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:     kg     lb
Volume flow unit	Select volume flow unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  l/h gal/min (us)
Volume unit	Select volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • 1 (DN > 150 (6"): m³ option)  • gal (us)
Corrected volume flow unit	Select corrected volume flow unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Corrected volume flow parameter  (→   173)	Unit choose list	Country-specific: NI/h Sft³/min
Corrected volume unit	Select corrected volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  NI Sft³
Density unit	Select density unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Output Simulation process variable Density adjustment (Expert menu)	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/l  • lb/ft <sup>3</sup>

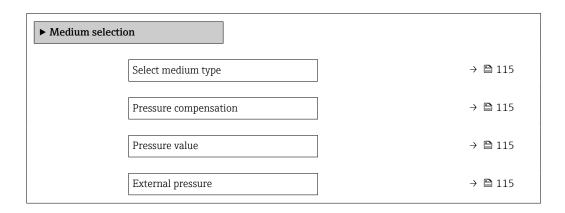
Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Reference density unit	Select reference density unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific • kg/Nl • lb/Sft³
Density 2 unit	Select second density unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/l • lb/ft³
Temperature unit	Select temperature unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  • Electronic temperature parameter (6053)  • Maximum value parameter (6051)  • Minimum value parameter (6052)  • Maximum value parameter (6108)  • Minimum value parameter (6109)  • Carrier pipe temperature parameter (6027)  • Maximum value parameter (6030)  • Minimum value parameter (6030)  • Reference temperature parameter (1816)  • Temperature parameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific:
Pressure unit	Select process pressure unit.  Effect  The unit is taken from:  ■ Pressure value parameter (→ 🖺 115)  ■ External pressure parameter (→ 🖺 115)  ■ Pressure value	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • bar a  • psi a

# 10.5.4 Selecting and setting the medium

The **Select medium** wizard submenu contains parameters that must be configured in order to select and set the medium.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Select medium type	-	Use this function to select the type of medium: "Gas" or "Liquid". Select the "Other" option in exceptional cases in order to enter the properties of the medium manually (e.g. for highly compressive liquids such as sulfuric acid).	<ul><li>Liquid</li><li>Gas</li><li>Other</li></ul>	Liquid
Pressure compensation	-	Select pressure compensation type.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Fixed value</li> <li>External value</li> <li>Current input 1*</li> <li>Current input 2*</li> <li>Current input 3*</li> </ul>	Off
Pressure value	In the <b>Pressure compensation</b> parameter, the <b>Fixed value</b> option is selected.	Enter process pressure to be used for pressure correction.	Positive floating- point number	1.01325 bar
External pressure	In the Pressure compensation parameter, the External value option or the Current input 1n option is selected.	Shows the external process pressure value.		-

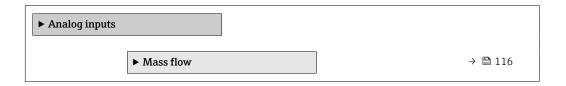
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.5 Configuration of the Analog Inputs

The **Analog inputs** submenu guides the user systematically to the individual **Analog input 1 to n** submenu. From here you get to the parameters of the individual analog input.

## Navigation

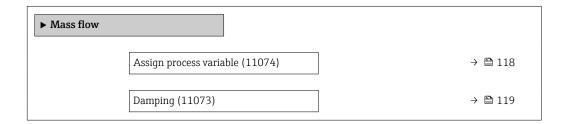
"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Analog inputs



# "Analog inputs" submenu

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Analog inputs  $\rightarrow$  Mass flow



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Parent class		0 to 255	70

Assign process variable    Mass flow   Volume flow   Density
Target mass flow Carrier mass flow Target volume flow Carrier volume flow Target corrected volume flow Carrier corrected volume flow Reference density Reference density Reference density Alternative GSV flow GSV flow SSV flow alternative NSV flow NSV flow alternative NSV flow alternative SSW volume flow Water cut Oil density Water density Oil mass flow Water mass flow Oil volume flow Water volume flow Water volume flow Water volume flow Water corrected volume flow Water corrected volume flow Oil corrected volume flow Water corrected volume flow Oil corrected volume flow Concentration Dynamic viscosity Finematic viscosity Temp. compensated

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Damping	Enter time constant for input damping (PT1 element). Damping reduces the effect of fluctuations in the measured value on the output signal.	Positive floating-point number	1.0 s

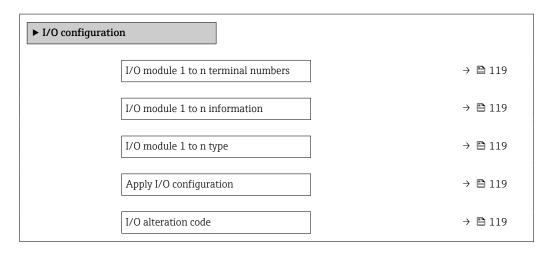
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.6 Displaying the I/O configuration

The **I/O configuration** submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters in which the configuration of the I/O modules is displayed.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  I/O configuration



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
I/O module 1 to n terminal numbers	Shows the terminal numbers used by the I/O module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>26-27 (I/O 1)</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)</li> </ul>	-
I/O module 1 to n information	Shows information of the plugged I/O module.	<ul><li>Not plugged</li><li>Invalid</li><li>Not configurable</li><li>Configurable</li><li>PROFINET</li></ul>	-
I/O module 1 to n type	Shows the I/O module type.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Current output *</li> <li>Current input *</li> <li>Status input *</li> <li>Pulse/frequency/switch output *</li> <li>Double pulse output *</li> <li>Relay output *</li> </ul>	Off
Apply I/O configuration	Apply parameterization of the freely configurable I/O module.	■ No ■ Yes	No
I/O alteration code	Enter the code in order to change the I/O configuration.	Positive integer	0

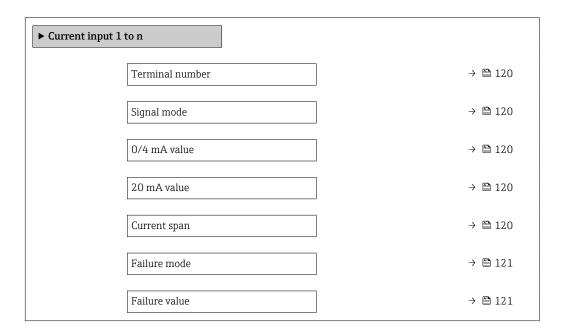
Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.7 Configuring the current input

The **"Current input" wizard** guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the current input.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Current input



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the current input module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	The measuring device is <b>not</b> approved for use in the hazardous area with type of protection Ex-i.	Select the signal mode for the current input.	• Passive • Active*	Active
0/4 mA value	-	Enter 4 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	0
20 mA value	-	Enter 20 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Current span	-	Select current range for process value output and upper/lower level for alarm signal.	■ 420 mA (4 20.5 mA) ■ 420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA) ■ 420 mA US (3.920.8 mA) ■ 020 mA (0 20.5 mA)	Country-specific:  420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)  420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Failure mode	_	Define input behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Last valid value</li><li>Defined value</li></ul>	Alarm
Failure value	In the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter, the <b>Defined value</b> option is selected.	Enter value to be used by the device if input value from external device is missing.	Signed floating-point number	0

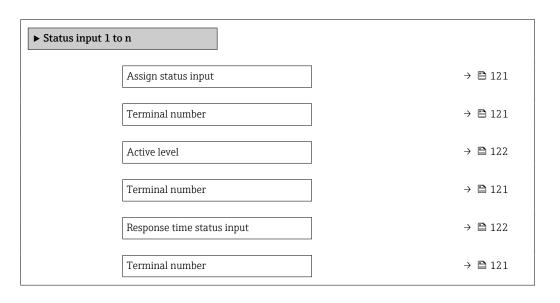
Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.8 Configuring the status input

The **Status input** submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the status input.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Status input 1 to n



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Assign status input	Select function for the status input.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Reset totalizer 1</li> <li>Reset totalizer 2</li> <li>Reset totalizer 3</li> <li>Reset all totalizers</li> <li>Flow override</li> <li>Zero adjustment</li> <li>Reset weighted averages *</li> <li>Reset weighted averages + totalizer 3 *</li> </ul>	Off
Terminal number	Shows the terminal numbers used by the status input module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	_

Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Active level	Define input signal level at which the assigned function is triggered.	<ul><li>High</li><li>Low</li></ul>	High
Response time status input	Define the minimum amount of time the input signal level must be present before the selected function is triggered.	5 to 200 ms	50 ms

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.9 Configuring the current output

The **Current output** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the current output.

## **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Current output

► Current output	1 to n	
	Terminal number	→ 🖺 122
	Signal mode	→ 🖺 122
	Process variable current output	→ 🖺 123
	Current range output	→ 🖺 124
	Lower range value output	→ 🖺 124
	Upper range value output	→ 🖺 124
	Fixed current	→ 🖺 124
	Damping current output	→ 🖺 124
	Failure behavior current output	→ 🖺 124
	Failure current	→ 🖺 124

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the current output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>26-27 (I/O 1)</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the current output.	<ul><li>Active *</li><li>Passive *</li></ul>	Active

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Process variable current output		Select the process variable for the current output.	■ Off* ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow* ■ Density ■ Reference density* ■ Temperature ■ Target mass flow* ■ Carrier mass flow ■ Carrier wolume flow* ■ Carrier volume flow* ■ Carrier corrected volume flow ■ Concentration ■ Application specific output 1 ■ Inhomogeneous medium index ■ Suspended bubbles index* ■ Raw value mass flow ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 0* ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0* ■ Oscillation symmetry ■ Torsion signal asymmetry ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Frequency fluctuation 0 * ■ Oscillation amplitude 0 * ■ Oscillation amplitude 0 * ■ Oscillation damping fluctuation 0 * ■ HBSI ■ Pressure ■ Electronics temperature ■ Sensor index coil asymmetry ■ Test point 0 ■ Test point 1	Mass flow

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Current range output	-	Select current range for process value output and upper/lower level for alarm signal.	<ul> <li>420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)</li> <li>420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)</li> <li>420 mA (4 20.5 mA)</li> <li>020 mA (0 20.5 mA)</li> <li>Fixed value</li> </ul>	Depends on country:  420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)  420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)
Lower range value output	In <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ ≅ 124), one of the following options is selected:  • 420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)  • 420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)  • 420 mA (4 20.5 mA)  • 020 mA (0 20.5 mA)	Enter lower range value for the measured value range.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
Upper range value output	In <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ ≅ 124), one of the following options is selected:  • 420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)  • 420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)  • 420 mA (4 20.5 mA)  • 020 mA (0 20.5 mA)	Enter upper range value for the measured value range.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Fixed current	The <b>Fixed current</b> option is selected in the <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ 🖺 124).	Defines the fixed output current.	0 to 22.5 mA	22.5 mA
Damping current output	A process variable is selected in the Assign current output parameter (→ 🖹 123) and one of the following options is selected in the Current span parameter (→ 🖺 124):  420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)  420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)  420 mA (4 20.5 mA)  020 mA (4 20.5 mA)	Set reaction time for output signal to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	1.0 s
Failure behavior current output	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign current output</b> parameter (→ ■ 123) and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ ■ 124):  • 420 mA NE (3.820.5 mA)  • 420 mA US (3.920.8 mA)  • 420 mA (4 20.5 mA)  • 020 mA (0 20.5 mA)	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul> <li>Min.</li> <li>Max.</li> <li>Last valid value</li> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Fixed value</li> </ul>	Max.
Failure current	The <b>Defined value</b> option is selected in the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter.	Enter current output value in alarm condition.	0 to 22.5 mA	22.5 mA

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.10 Configuring the pulse/frequency/switch output

The **Pulse/frequency/switch output** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can be set for configuring the selected output type.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Pulse/frequency/switch output



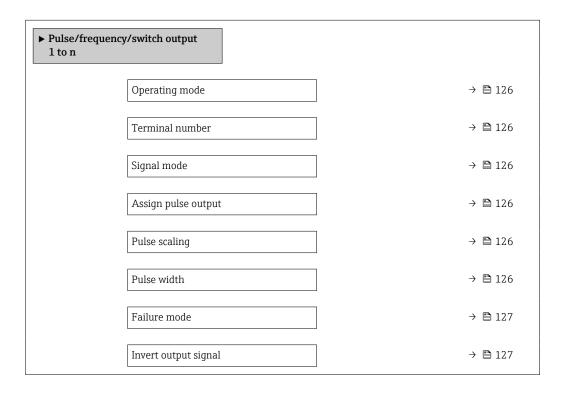
## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Operating mode	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse

## Configuring the pulse output

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the PFS output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the PFS output.	<ul> <li>Passive</li> <li>Active *</li> <li>Passive NE</li> </ul>	Passive
Assign pulse output	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Select process variable for pulse output.	Off     Mass flow     Volume flow     Corrected volume flow*     Target mass flow *     Carrier mass flow *     Carrier volume flow *     Carrier volume flow *     Carrier corrected volume flow *     Carrier corrected volume flow *     Carrier corrected volume flow *     Carrier sorrected volume flow *     Carrier corrected volume flow *     Carrier corrected volume flow *     Carrier corrected volume flow *     Oil mass flow *     Vater mass flow *     Oil volume flow *     Oil corrected volume flow *     Vater corrected volume flow *     Water corrected volume flow *     Volume flow *     Water corrected volume flow *     Water corrected volume flow *     Volume flow *     Water corrected volume flow *     Volume fl	Off
Pulse scaling	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 125) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 126).	Enter quantity for measured value at which a pulse is output.	Positive floating point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Pulse width	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🗎 125) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 126).	Define time width of the output pulse.	0.05 to 2 000 ms	100 ms

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Failure mode	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🗎 125) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 126).	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>No pulses</li></ul>	No pulses
Invert output signal	_	Invert the output signal.	■ No ■ Yes	No

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# Configuring the frequency output

# Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output

► Pulse/frequent	cy/switch output	
	Operating mode	→ 🖺 128
	Terminal number	→ 🖺 128
	Signal mode	→ 🖺 128
	Assign frequency output	→ 🖺 129
	Minimum frequency value	→ 🖺 129
	Maximum frequency value	→ 🖺 130
	Measuring value at minimum frequency	→ 🖺 130
	Measuring value at maximum frequency	→ 🖺 130
	Failure mode	→ 🖺 130
	Failure frequency	→ 🖺 130
	Invert output signal	→ 🖺 130

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the PFS output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the PFS output.	<ul> <li>Passive</li> <li>Active *</li> <li>Passive NE</li> </ul>	Passive

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Assign frequency output	The Frequency option is selected in Operating mode parameter (→ 🖺 125).	Select process variable for frequency output.	■ Off ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow* ■ Density ■ Reference density* ■ Time period signal frequency (TPS)* ■ Temperature ■ Pressure ■ Concentration* ■ Target mass flow* ■ Carrier mass flow* ■ Carrier wolume flow* ■ Carrier corrected volume flow* ■ Carrier corrected volume flow ■ Target corrected volume flow ■ Carrier corrected volume flow ■ Application specific output 0* ■ Application specific output 1* ■ Inhomogeneous medium index ■ Suspended bubbles index* ■ HBSI* ■ Raw value mass flow ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation frequency 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0* ■ Oscillation amplitude 0* ■ Signal asymmetry ■ Torsion signal asymmetry ■ Torsion signal asymmetry ■ Carrier pipe temperature ■ Electronics temperature ■ Sensor index coil asymmetry ■ Test point 0 ■ Test point 1	Off
Minimum frequency value	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 125$ ) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 129$ ).	Enter minimum frequency.	0.0 to 10 000.0 Hz	0.0 Hz

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Maximum frequency value	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating</b> mode parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 125$ ) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign</b> frequency output parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 129$ ).	Enter maximum frequency.	0.0 to 10 000.0 Hz	10 000.0 Hz
Measuring value at minimum frequency	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 125) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 129).	Enter measured value for minimum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Measuring value at maximum frequency	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 125) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 129).	Enter measured value for maximum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Failure mode	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 125) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 129).	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>Defined value</li><li>0 Hz</li></ul>	0 Hz
Failure frequency	In the Operating mode parameter (→ 🖺 125), the Frequency option is selected, in the Assign frequency output parameter (→ 🖺 129) a process variable is selected, and in the Failure mode parameter, the Defined value option is selected.	Enter frequency output value in alarm condition.	0.0 to 12 500.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	■ No ■ Yes	No

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

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# Configuring the switch output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output

► Pulse/frequ 1 to n	ency/switch output	
	Operating mode	→ 🖺 131
	Terminal number	→ 🖺 131
	Signal mode	→ 🖺 131
	Switch output function	→ 🖺 132
	Assign diagnostic behavior	→ 🖺 132
	Assign limit	→ 🗎 132
	Assign flow direction check	→ 🖺 132
	Assign status	→ 🖺 132
	Switch-on value	→ 🖺 133
	Switch-off value	→ 🖺 133
	Switch-on delay	→ 🖺 133
	Switch-off delay	→ 🖺 133
	Failure mode	→ 🖺 133
	Invert output signal	→ 🖺 133

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	Pulse
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the PFS output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)*</li> </ul>	-
Signal mode	-	Select the signal mode for the PFS output.	<ul> <li>Passive</li> <li>Active *</li> <li>Passive NE</li> </ul>	Passive

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Switch output function	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Select function for switch output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Flow direction check</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	Off
Assign diagnostic behavior	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Diagnostic behavior option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select diagnostic behavior for switch output.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Alarm or warning</li><li>Warning</li></ul>	Alarm
Assign limit	The Switch option is selected in Operating mode parameter.  The Limit option is selected in Switch output function parameter.  The Limit option is selected in Switch output function parameter.	Select process variable for limit function.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow* Target mass flow* Carrier mass flow* Carrier volume flow* Carrier volume flow* Target corrected volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow* Density Reference density* Concentration* Temperature Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Oscillation damping Pressure Application specific output 0* Application specific output 1 Inhomogeneous medium index Suspended bubbles index*	Volume flow
Assign flow direction check	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Flow direction check option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for flow direction monitoring.		Mass flow
Assign status	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Status option is selected in Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select device status for switch output.	<ul> <li>Partially filled pipe detection</li> <li>Low flow cut off</li> <li>Binary output *</li> <li>Binary output *</li> <li>Binary output *</li> </ul>	Partially filled pipe detection

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Switch-on value	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-on point.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
Switch-off value	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-off point.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
Switch-on delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-on of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Switch-off delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-off of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Failure mode	-	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual status</li><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	No

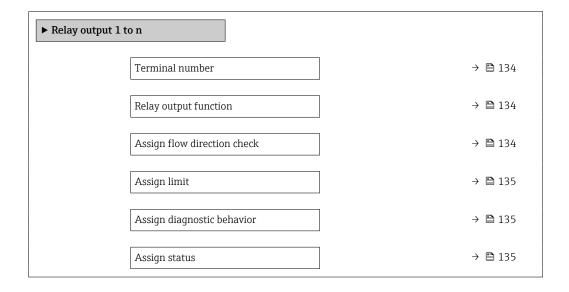
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.11 Configuring the relay output

The **Relay output** wizard guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the relay output.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Relay output 1 to n



Switch-off value	→ 🖺 135
Switch-off delay	→ 🖺 135
Switch-on value	→ 🗎 135
Switch-on delay	→ 🖺 135
Failure mode	→ 🖺 135
Switch state	→ 🖺 136
Powerless relay status	→ 🖺 136

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Terminal number	-	Shows the terminal numbers used by the relay output module.	<ul> <li>Not used</li> <li>24-25 (I/O 2)</li> <li>22-23 (I/O 3)</li> <li>20-21 (I/O 4)</li> </ul>	-
Relay output function	_	Select the function for the relay output.	<ul> <li>Closed</li> <li>Open</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Flow direction check</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	Closed
Assign flow direction check	The Flow direction check option is selected in the Relay output function parameter.	Select process variable for flow direction monitoring.		Mass flow

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign limit	The <b>Limit</b> option is selected in <b>Relay output function</b> parameter.	Select process variable for limit function.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow* Carrier mass flow Target mass flow Target volume flow Carrier volume flow Carrier corrected volume flow Carrier volume flow Carrier volume flow Carrier volume flow Carrier volume flow Apeletic flow Carrier volume flow Application specific output 0 Application specific output 1 Inhomogeneous medium index Suspended bubbles index index	Mass flow
Assign diagnostic behavior	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Diagnostic behavior</b> option is selected.	Select diagnostic behavior for switch output.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Alarm or warning</li><li>Warning</li></ul>	Alarm
Assign status	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Digital Output</b> option is selected.	Select device status for switch output.	<ul> <li>Partially filled pipe detection</li> <li>Low flow cut off</li> <li>Binary output *</li> <li>Binary output *</li> <li>Binary output *</li> </ul>	Partially filled pipe detection
Switch-off value	The <b>Limit</b> option is selected in the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter.	Enter measured value for the switch-off point.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  Okg/h Olb/min
Switch-off delay	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Define delay for the switch-off of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Switch-on value	The <b>Limit</b> option is selected in the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter.	Enter measured value for the switch-on point.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  Okg/h Olb/min
Switch-on delay	In the <b>Relay output function</b> parameter, the <b>Limit</b> option is selected.	Define delay for the switch-on of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	0.0 s
Failure mode	-	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual status</li><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Switch state	-	Shows the current relay switch status.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	-
Powerless relay status	-	Select quiescent state for relay.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.12 Configuring the local display

The **Display** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can configured for configuring the local display.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Display

► Display		
	Format display	→ 🖺 137
	Value 1 display	→ 🗎 138
	0% bargraph value 1	→ 🖺 138
	100% bargraph value 1	→ 🗎 138
	Value 2 display	→ 🖺 139
	Value 3 display	→ 🖺 139
	0% bargraph value 3	→ 🖺 139
	100% bargraph value 3	→ 🖺 139
	Value 4 display	→ 🖺 139
	Value 5 display	→ 🖺 139
	Value 6 display	→ 🖺 139
	Value 7 display	→ 🖺 139
	Value 8 display	→ 🖺 139

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# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow* Density Reference density* Temperature Pressure Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Concentration* Target mass flow Carrier mass flow Target volume flow* Carrier volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow Application specific output 0* Application specific output 1* Inhomogeneous medium index Suspended bubbles index* HBSI* Raw value mass flow Exciter current 0 Oscillation damping 0 Oscillation damping fluctuation 0* Oscillation frequency 0 Frequency fluctuation 0* Oscillation amplitude 0 Signal asymmetry Torsion signal asymmetry	Mass flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  0 kg/h 0 lb/min
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display parameter (→   138)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
Value 5 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
Value 6 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display parameter (→   138)	None
Value 7 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
Value 8 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 138)	None

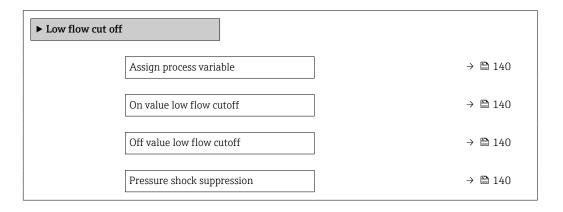
 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.13 Configuring the low flow cut off

The **Low flow cut off** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be set to configure low flow cut off.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Low flow cut off



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow *</li> </ul>	Mass flow
On value low flow cutoff	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow  ext{ }  ext{ } $	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Positive floating- point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Off value low flow cutoff	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 140$ ).	Enter off value for low flow cut off.	0 to 100.0 %	50 %
Pressure shock suppression	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 140$ ).	Enter time frame for signal suppression (= active pressure shock suppression).	0 to 100 s	0 s

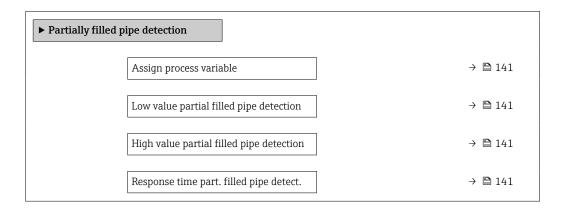
Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.5.14 Configuring partially filled pipe detection

The **Partial filled pipe detection** wizard guides you systematically through all parameters that have to be set for configuring the monitoring of the pipe filling.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Partially filled pipe detection



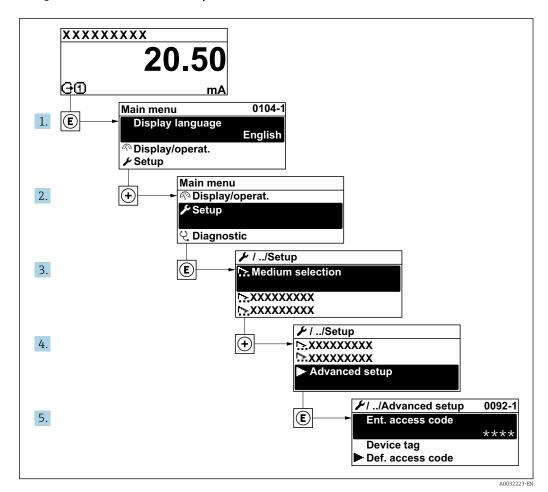
## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for partially filled pipe detection.	<ul><li> Off</li><li> Density</li><li> Calculated reference density</li></ul>	Density
Low value partial filled pipe detection	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 141$ ).	Enter lower limit value for deactivating partialy filled pipe detection.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 200 kg/m <sup>3</sup> • 12.5 lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
High value partial filled pipe detection	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 141$ ).	Enter upper limit value for deactivating partialy filled pipe detection.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 6 000 kg/m <sup>3</sup> • 374.6 lb/ft <sup>3</sup>
Response time part. filled pipe detect.	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 141).	Use this function to enter the minimum time (hold time) the signal must be present before diagnostic message S962 "Pipe only partly filled" is triggered in the event of a partially filled or empty measuring pipe.	0 to 100 s	1s

# 10.6 Advanced settings

The **Advanced setup** submenu with its submenus contains parameters for specific settings.

Navigation to the "Advanced setup" submenu



The number of submenus and parameters can vary depending on the device version and the available application packages. These submenus and their parameters are explained in the Special Documentation for the device and not in Operating Instructions.

For detailed information on the parameter descriptions for application packages: Special Documentation for the device  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  307

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup

► Advanced setup				
Enter access code (0003)	→ 🖺 143			
► Calculated values	→ 🖺 143			
► Sensor adjustment	→ 🖺 145			

► Totalizer 1 to n	→ 🖺 151
► Display	→ 🖺 153
► WLAN settings	→ 🖺 159
► Viscosity	→ 🖺 161
► Concentration	→ 🖺 161
▶ Petroleum	→ 🖺 161
► Heartbeat setup	→ 🖺 162
► Configuration backup	→ 🖺 162
► Administration	→ 🖺 163

# 10.6.1 Using the parameter to enter the access code

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup

## Parameter overview with brief description

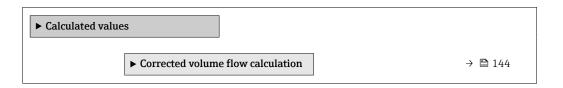
Parameter	Description	User entry
Enter access code	1	Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

# 10.6.2 Calculated process variables

The **Calculated values** submenu contains parameters for calculating the corrected volume flow.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Calculated values



## "Corrected volume flow calculation" submenu

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Calculated values  $\rightarrow$  Corrected volume flow calculation

► Corrected volume flow calculation	
Select reference density (1812)	→ 🖺 144
External reference density (6198)	→ 🖺 144
Fixed reference density (1814)	→ 🖺 144
Reference temperature (1816)	→ 🖺 144
Linear expansion coefficient (1817)	→ 🖺 145
Square expansion coefficient (1818)	→ 🗎 145

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Select reference density	_	Select reference density for calculating the corrected volume flow.	<ul> <li>Fixed reference density</li> <li>Calculated reference density</li> <li>External reference density</li> <li>Current input 1 *</li> <li>Current input 2 *</li> <li>Current input 3 *</li> </ul>	Calculated reference density
External reference density	-	Shows external reference density.	Floating point number with sign	_
Fixed reference density	The Fixed reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter fixed value for reference density.	Positive floating- point number	1 kg/Nl
Reference temperature	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter reference temperature for calculating the reference density.	-273.15 to 99999 °C	Country-specific: +20°C +68°F

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Linear expansion coefficient	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter linear, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	Signed floating-point number	0.0 1/K
Square expansion coefficient	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	For media with a non-linear expansion pattern: enter the quadratic, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	Signed floating-point number	0.0 1/K²

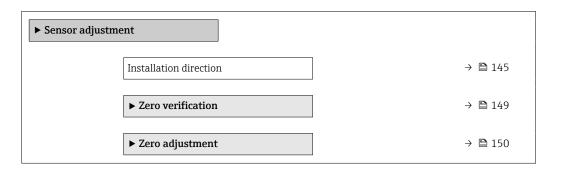
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.6.3 Carrying out a sensor adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters that pertain to the functionality of the sensor.

#### **Navigation**

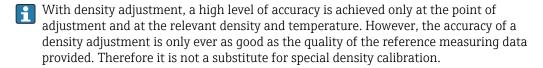
"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment



# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Installation direction	Select sign of flow direction.	<ul><li>Forward flow</li><li>Reverse flow</li></ul>	Forward flow

#### Density adjustment



#### Performing density adjustment

- Note the following before performing the adjustment:
  - A density adjustment only makes sense if there is little variation in the operating conditions and the density adjustment is performed under the operating conditions.
  - The density adjustment scales the internally computed density value with a userspecific slope and offset.
  - A 1-point or 2-point density adjustment can be performed.
  - For a 2-point density adjustment, there must be a difference of at least 0.2 kg/l between the two target density values.
  - The reference media must be gas-free or pressurized so that any gas they contain is compressed.
  - The reference density measurements must be performed at the same medium temperature that prevails in the process, as otherwise the density adjustment will not be accurate.
  - The correction resulting from the density adjustment can be deleted with the **Restore original** option.

#### "1 point adjustment" option

- 1. In the **Density adjustment mode** parameter, select the **1 point adjustment** option and confirm.
- 2. In the **Density setpoint 1** parameter, enter the density value and confirm.
  - In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Measure density 1 option

Restore original

- 3. Select the **Measure density 1** option and confirm.
- 4. If 100% was reached in the **Progress** parameter on the display and the **Ok** option is displayed in the **Execute density adjustment** parameter, then confirm.
  - In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Calculate

Cancel

5. Select the **Calculate** option and confirm.

If the adjustment was completed successfully, the **Density adjustment factor** parameter and the **Density adjustment offset** parameter and the values calculated for them are shown on the display.

#### "2 point adjustment" option

- 1. In the **Density adjustment mode** parameter, select the **2 point adjustment** option and confirm.
- 2. In the **Density setpoint 1** parameter, enter the density value and confirm.
- 3. In the **Density setpoint 2** parameter, enter the density value and confirm.
  - In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ωk

Measure density 1

Restore original

- 4. Select the **Measure density 1** option and confirm.
  - ► In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Measure density 2

Restore original

- 5. Select the **Measure density 2** option and confirm.
  - ► In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Calculate

Cancel

6. Select the **Calculate** option and confirm.

If the **Density adjust failure** option is displayed in the **Execute density adjustment** parameter, call up the options and select the **Cancel** option. The density adjustment is canceled and can be repeated.

If the adjustment was completed successfully, the **Density adjustment factor** parameter and the **Density adjustment offset** parameter and the values calculated for them are shown on the display.

#### Navigation

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment  $\rightarrow$  Density adjustment

► Density adjustment	
Density adjustment mode	→ 🖺 147
Density setpoint 1	→ 🖺 147
Density setpoint 2	→ 🖺 148
Execute density adjustment	→ 🖺 148
Progress	→ 🖺 148
Density adjustment factor	→ 🗎 148
Density adjustment offset	→ 🖺 148

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Density adjustment mode	-	Select the method for field density adjustment to correct the factory setting.	<ul><li>1 point adjustment</li><li>2 point adjustment</li></ul>	1 point adjustment
Density setpoint 1	-	Enter density for the first reference media.	The entry depends on the unit selected in the <b>Density unit</b> parameter (0555).	1 kg/l

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Density setpoint 2	In the <b>Density adjustment mode</b> parameter, the <b>2 point adjustment</b> option is selected.	Enter density for the second reference media.	The entry depends on the unit selected in the <b>Density unit</b> parameter (0555).	1 kg/l
Execute density adjustment	-	Select the next step to be performed for the density adjustment.	<ul> <li>Cancel*</li> <li>Busy*</li> <li>Ok*</li> <li>Density adjust failure*</li> <li>Measure density 1*</li> <li>Measure density 2*</li> <li>Calculate*</li> <li>Restore original*</li> </ul>	Ok
Progress	-	Shows the progress of the process.	0 to 100 %	-
Density adjustment factor	-	Shows the calculated correction factor for the density.	Signed floating-point number	1
Density adjustment offset	-	Shows the calculated correction offset for the density.	Signed floating-point number	0

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

#### Zero verification and zero adjustment

Experience shows that zero adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measurement accuracy even with low flow rates.
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).
- For gas applications with low pressure
- To achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy at low flow rates, the installation must protect the sensor from mechanical stresses during operation.

To get a representative zero point, ensure that:

- any flow in the device is prevented during the adjustment
- the process conditions (e.g. pressure, temperature) are stable and representative

Zero verification and zero adjustment cannot be performed if the following process conditions are present:

- Gas pockets
  - Ensure that the system has been sufficiently flushed with the medium. Repeat flushing can help to eliminate gas pockets
- Thermal circulation
  - In the event of temperature differences (e.g. between the measuring tube inlet and outlet section), induced flow can occur even if the valves are closed due to thermal circulation in the device
- Leaks at the valves
  - If the valves are not leak-tight, flow is not sufficiently prevented when determining the zero point

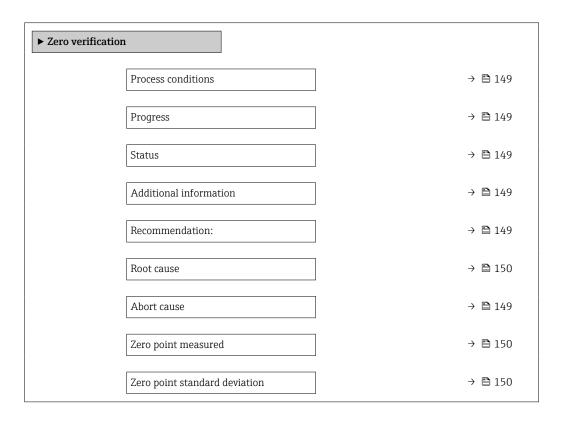
If these conditions cannot be avoided, it is advisable to keep the factory setting for the zero point.

Zero point verification

The zero point can be verified with the **Zero verification** wizard.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment  $\rightarrow$  Zero verification



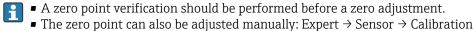
# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface	Factory setting
Process conditions	Ensure process conditions as follows.	<ul> <li>Tubes are completely filled</li> <li>Process operational pressure applied</li> <li>No-flow conditions (closed valves)</li> <li>Process and ambient temperatures stable</li> </ul>	-
Progress	Shows the progress of the process.	0 to 100 %	-
Status	Shows the status of the process.	<ul><li>Busy</li><li>Failed</li><li>Done</li></ul>	-
Additional information	Indicate whether to display additional information.	<ul><li>Hide</li><li>Show</li></ul>	Hide
Recommendation:	Indicates whether an adjustment is recommended. Only recommended if the measured zero point deviates significantly from the current zero point.	<ul><li>Do not adjust zero point</li><li>Adjust zero point</li></ul>	-
Abort cause	Indicates why the wizard was aborted.	Check process conditions!     A technical issue has occurred	-

Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface	Factory setting
Root cause	Shows the diagnostic and remedy.	<ul> <li>Zero point too high. Ensure no-flow.</li> <li>Zero point is unstable.         Ensure no-flow.     </li> <li>Fluctuation high. Avoid 2-phase medium.</li> </ul>	-
Zero point measured	Shows the zero point measured for the adjustment.	Signed floating-point number	-
Zero point standard deviation	Shows the standard deviation of the zero point measured.	Positive floating-point number	-

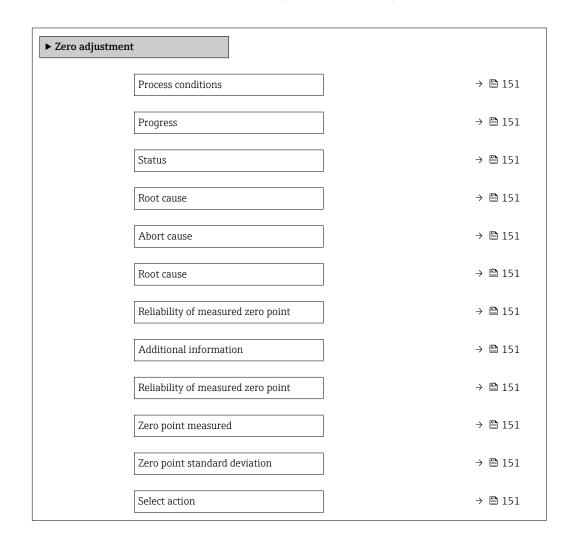
#### Zero adjust

The zero point can be adjusted with the **Zero adjustment** wizard.



#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Sensor adjustment → Zero adjustment



Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface	Factory setting
Process conditions	Ensure process conditions as follows.	<ul> <li>Tubes are completely filled</li> <li>Process operational pressure applied</li> <li>No-flow conditions (closed valves)</li> <li>Process and ambient temperatures stable</li> </ul>	_
Progress	Shows the progress of the process.	0 to 100 %	-
Status	Shows the status of the process.	<ul><li>Busy</li><li>Failed</li><li>Done</li></ul>	-
Abort cause	Indicates why the wizard was aborted.	Check process conditions!     A technical issue has occurred	-
Root cause	Shows the diagnostic and remedy.	<ul> <li>Zero point too high. Ensure no-flow.</li> <li>Zero point is unstable.         Ensure no-flow.     </li> <li>Fluctuation high. Avoid 2-phase medium.</li> </ul>	-
Reliability of measured zero point	Indicates the reliability of the zero point measured.	<ul><li>Not done</li><li>Good</li><li>Uncertain</li></ul>	-
Additional information	Indicate whether to display additional information.	<ul><li>Hide</li><li>Show</li></ul>	Hide
Zero point measured	Shows the zero point measured for the adjustment.	Signed floating-point number	-
Zero point standard deviation	Shows the standard deviation of the zero point measured.	Positive floating-point number	_
Select action	Select the zero point value to apply.	<ul> <li>Restore</li> <li>Keep current zero point</li> <li>Apply zero point measured</li> <li>Apply factory zero point *</li> </ul>	Keep current zero point

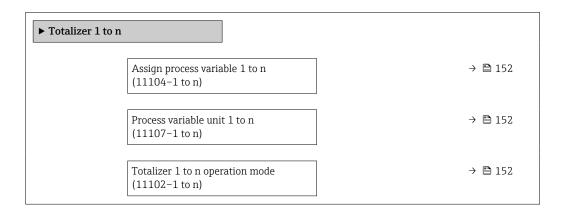
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.6.4 Configuring the totalizer

In the "Totalizer 1 to n" submenu, you can configure the specific totalizer.

# Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer 1 to n



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Assign process variable 1 to n	Select process variable for totalizer.	■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow* ■ Target mass flow* ■ Carrier mass flow* ■ Target volume flow* ■ Carrier volume flow* ■ Carrier volume flow* ■ Carrier corrected volume flow* ■ GSV flow * ■ GSV flow alternative* ■ NSV flow alternative* ■ NSV flow alternative* ■ NSV flow alternative* ■ S&W volume flow* ■ Oil mass flow* ■ Water mass flow* ■ Water volume flow* ■ Oil corrected volume flow* ■ Oil corrected volume flow* ■ Water corrected volume flow* ■ Water corrected volume flow* ■ Raw value mass flow	Mass flow
Process variable unit 1 to n	Select the unit for the process variable of the totalizer.	Unit choose list	kg
Totalizer 1 to n operation mode	Select totalizer operation mode, e.g. only totalize forward flow or only totalize reverse flow.	<ul><li>Net</li><li>Forward</li><li>Reverse</li></ul>	Forward
Totalizer 1 to n control	Operate the totalizer.	<ul><li>Reset + hold</li><li>Preset + hold</li><li>Hold</li><li>Totalize</li></ul>	Totalize
Totalizer 1 to n failure behavior	Select totalizer behavior in the event of a device alarm.	<ul><li> Hold</li><li> Continue</li><li> Last valid value + continue</li></ul>	Continue

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

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# 10.6.5 Carrying out additional display configurations

In the  ${\bf Display}$  submenu you can set all the parameters associated with the configuration of the local display.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display

► Display		
	Format display	→ 🖺 155
	Value 1 display	→ 🖺 156
	0% bargraph value 1	→ 🖺 156
	100% bargraph value 1	→ 🖺 156
	Decimal places 1	→ 🗎 157
	Value 2 display	→ 🗎 157
	Decimal places 2	→ 🖺 157
	Value 3 display	→ 🖺 157
	0% bargraph value 3	→ 🖺 157
	100% bargraph value 3	→ 🖺 157
	Decimal places 3	→ 🖺 157
	Value 4 display	→ 🖺 157
	Decimal places 4	→ 🖺 157
	Value 5 display	→ 🖺 157
	0% bargraph value 5	→ 🖺 157
	100% bargraph value 5	→ 🖺 157
	Decimal places 5	→ 🖺 158
	Value 6 display	→ 🖺 158
	Decimal places 6	→ 🖺 158
	Value 7 display	→ 🖺 158

0% bargraph value 7	→ 🖺 158
100% bargraph value 7	→ 🖺 158
Decimal places 7	→ 🗎 158
Value 8 display	→ 🖺 158
Decimal places 8	→ 🖺 158
Display language	→ 🗎 159
Display interval	→ 🖺 159
Display damping	→ 🖺 159
Header	→ 🖺 159
Header text	→ 🖺 159
Separator	→ 🖺 159
	→ 🖺 159
Backlight	7 目 159

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	1 value, max. size

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow* Density Reference density* Temperature Pressure Totalizer 1 Totalizer 2 Totalizer 3 Concentration* Target mass flow* Carrier mass flow* Carrier wolume flow* Carrier volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow * Carrier corrected volume flow * Application specific output 0* Application specific output 1* Inhomogeneous medium index Suspended bubbles index* HBSI* Raw value mass flow Exciter current 0 Oscillation damping 0 Oscillation damping 0 Oscillation frequency 0 Frequency fluctuation 0* Oscillation amplitude 0* Signal asymmetry Torsion signal asymmetry Torsion signal asymmetry Carrier pipe temperature beneficed in the semicondex of the semico	Mass flow
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  O kg/h  O lb/min
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Decimal places 1	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX     X.XXXXX	x.xx
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→ 🖺 138)	None
Decimal places 2	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX     X.XXXXXX	x.xx
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Decimal places 3	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX     X.XXXXX	x.xx
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
Decimal places 4	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 4 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX     X.XXXXX	x.xx
Value 5 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display parameter (→   138)	None
0% bargraph value 5	An option was selected in the <b>Value 5 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 5	An option was selected in the <b>Value 5 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Decimal places 5	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 5 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX     X.XXXXX	x.xx
Value 6 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display parameter (→   138)	None
Decimal places 6	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 6 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX     X.XXXXX	x.xx
Value 7 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display parameter (→   138)	None
0% bargraph value 7	An option was selected in the <b>Value 7 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 7	An option was selected in the <b>Value 7 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	0
Decimal places 7	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 7 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXXX     X.XXXXX	x.xx
Value 8 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter  (→   138)	None
Decimal places 8	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 8 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	<ul> <li>X</li> <li>X.X</li> <li>X.XX</li> <li>X.XXX</li> <li>X.XXXX</li> <li>X.XXXXX</li> <li>X.XXXXXX</li> </ul>	x.xx

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Display language	A local display is provided.	Set display language.	<ul> <li>English</li> <li>Deutsch</li> <li>Français</li> <li>Español</li> <li>Italiano</li> <li>Nederlands</li> <li>Portuguesa</li> <li>Polski</li> <li>pусский язык (Russian)</li> <li>Svenska</li> <li>Türkçe</li> <li>中文 (Chinese)</li> <li>日本語 (Japanese)</li> <li>한국어 (Korean)</li> <li>tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)</li> <li>čeština (Czech)</li> </ul>	English (alternatively, the ordered language is preset in the device)
Display interval	A local display is provided.	Set time measured values are shown on display if display alternates between values.	1 to 10 s	5 s
Display damping	A local display is provided.	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	0.0 s
Header	A local display is provided.	Select header contents on local display.	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>Free text</li></ul>	Device tag
Header text	The <b>Free text</b> option is selected in the <b>Header</b> parameter.	Enter display header text.	Max. 12 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)	
Separator	A local display is provided.	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	<ul><li>. (point)</li><li>, (comma)</li></ul>	. (point)
Backlight	One of the following conditions is met:  Order code for "Display; operation", option F "4-line, illum.; touch control"  Order code for "Display; operation", option G "4-line, illum.; touch control +WLAN"	Switch the local display backlight on and off.	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>	Enable

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.6.6 WLAN configuration

The **WLAN Settings** submenu guides the user systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for the WLAN configuration.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  WLAN settings

► WLAN settings	
WLAN	→ 🗎 160
WLAN mode	→ 🖺 160

SSID name	→ 🖺 160
Network security	→ 🖺 160
Security identification	→ 🖺 160
User name	→ 🖺 160
WLAN password	→ 🖺 160
WLAN IP address	→ 🖺 161
WLAN MAC address	→ 🖺 161
WLAN passphrase	→ 🖺 161
WLAN MAC address	→ 🖺 161
Assign SSID name	→ 🖺 161
SSID name	→ 🖺 161
Connection state	→ 🖺 161
Received signal strength	→ 🖺 161

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
WLAN	-	Switch WLAN on and off.	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>	Enable
WLAN mode	-	Select WLAN mode.	<ul><li>WLAN access point</li><li>WLAN Client</li></ul>	WLAN access point
SSID name	The client is activated.	Enter the user-defined SSID name (max. 32 characters).	-	-
Network security	-	Select the security type of the WLAN network.	<ul> <li>Unsecured</li> <li>WPA2-PSK</li> <li>EAP-PEAP with MSCHAPv2*</li> <li>EAP-PEAP MSCHAPv2 no server authentic.*</li> <li>EAP-TLS*</li> </ul>	WPA2-PSK
Security identification	-	Select security settings and download these settings via menu Data management > Security > WLAN.	<ul><li>Trusted issuer certificate</li><li>Device certificate</li><li>Device private key</li></ul>	-
User name	-	Enter user name.	_	_
WLAN password	_	Enter WLAN password.	_	_

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Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
WLAN IP address	_	Enter IP address of the WLAN interface of the device.	4 octet: 0 to 255 (in the particular octet)	192.168.1.212
WLAN MAC address	-	Enter MAC address of the WLAN interface of the device.	Unique 12-digit character string comprising letters and numbers	Each measuring device is given an individual address.
WLAN passphrase	The WPA2-PSK option is selected in the Security type parameter.	Enter the network key (8 to 32 characters).  The network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning for security reasons.	8 to 32-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters (without spaces)	Serial number of the measuring device (e.g. L100A802000)
Assign SSID name	-	Select which name will be used for SSID: device tag or user-defined name.	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>User-defined</li></ul>	User-defined
SSID name	<ul> <li>The User-defined option is selected in the Assign SSID name parameter.</li> <li>The WLAN access point option is selected in the WLAN mode parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter the user-defined SSID name (max. 32 characters).  The user-defined SSID name may only be assigned once. If the SSID name is assigned more than once, the devices can interfere with one another.	Max. 32-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	EH_device designation_last 7 digits of the serial number (e.g. EH_Promass_500_A 802000)
Connection state	-	Displays the connection status.	<ul><li>Connected</li><li>Not connected</li></ul>	Not connected
Received signal strength	-	Shows the received signal strength.	<ul><li>Low</li><li>Medium</li><li>High</li></ul>	High

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

#### Viscosity application package



For detailed information on the parameter descriptions for the Viscosity application package, see the Special Documentation for the device  $\rightarrow \implies 307$ 

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Viscosity

#### 10.6.8 Concentration Measurement application package



For detailed information on the parameter descriptions for the Concentration application package, see the Special Documentation for the device  $\rightarrow \triangleq 307$ 

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Concentration

#### 10.6.9 Petroleum application package



For detailed information on the parameter descriptions for the Petroleum application package, see the Special Documentation for the device  $\rightarrow \triangleq 307$ 

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Petroleum

# 10.6.10 Heartbeat Technology application package



For detailed information on the parameter descriptions of the application packages, see the Special Documentation for the device.  $\rightarrow \implies 307$ 

#### **Navigation**

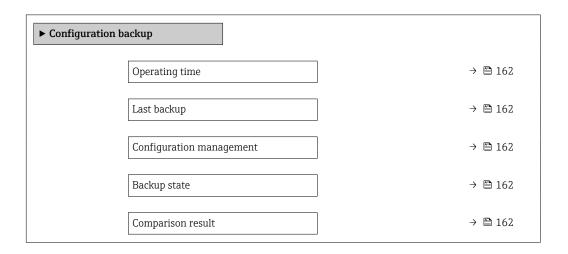
"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Heartbeat setup

#### **10.6.11** Configuration management

After commissioning, you can save the current device configurationor restore the previous device configuration. The device configuration is managed via the **Configuration** management parameter.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Configuration backup



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / Selection	Factory setting
Operating time	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Last backup	Shows when the last data backup was saved to HistoROM backup.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Configuration management	Select action for managing the device data in the HistoROM backup.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>Execute backup</li> <li>Restore*</li> <li>Compare*</li> <li>Clear backup data</li> </ul>	Cancel
Backup state	Shows the current status of data saving or restoring.	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Backup in progress</li> <li>Restoring in progress</li> <li>Delete in progress</li> <li>Compare in progress</li> <li>Restoring failed</li> <li>Backup failed</li> </ul>	None
Comparison result	Comparison of current device data with HistoROM backup.	<ul> <li>Settings identical</li> <li>Settings not identical</li> <li>No backup available</li> <li>Backup settings corrupt</li> <li>Check not done</li> <li>Dataset incompatible</li> </ul>	Check not done

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

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#### Function scope of the "Configuration management" parameter

Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
Execute backup	A backup copy of the current device configuration is saved from the HistoROM backup to the memory of the device. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Restore	The last backup copy of the device configuration is restored from the device memory to the device's HistoROM backup. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Compare	The device configuration saved in the device memory is compared with the current device configuration of the HistoROM backup.
Clear backup data	The backup copy of the device configuration is deleted from the memory of the device.

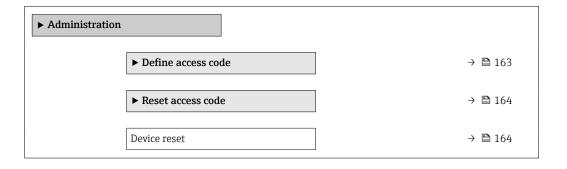
- HistoROM backup
  - A HistoROM is a "non-volatile" device memory in the form of an EEPROM.
- While this action is in progress, the configuration cannot be edited via the local display and a message on the processing status appears on the display.

## 10.6.12 Using parameters for device administration

The **Administration** submenu systematically guides the user through all the parameters that can be used for device administration purposes.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Administration

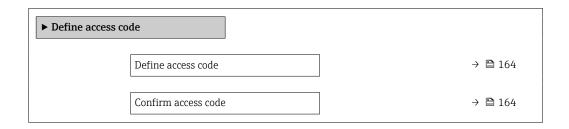


## Using the parameter to define the access code

Complete this wizard to specify an access code for the Maintenance role.

#### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code

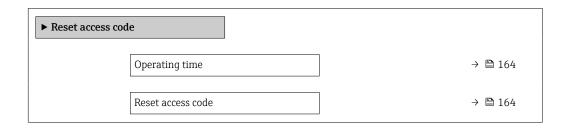


Parameter	Description	User entry
Define access code	Restrict write-access to parameters to protect the configuration of the device against unintentional changes.	Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Confirm access code	Confirm the entered access code.	Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

#### Using the parameter to reset the access code

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Reset access code



#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Operating time	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)	-
Reset access code	Reset access code to factory settings.  For a reset code, contact your Endress+Hauser service organization.  The reset code can only be entered via:  Web browser  DeviceCare, FieldCare (via CDI-RJ45 service interface)  Fieldbus	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	0x00

#### Using the parameter to reset the device

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration

#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>To delivery settings</li> <li>Restart device</li> <li>Restore S-DAT backup *</li> </ul>	Cancel

Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 10.7 Simulation

Via the **Simulation** submenu, it is possible to simulate various process variables in the process and the device alarm mode and verify downstream signal chains (switching valves

# Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Simulation

► Simulation		
	Assign simulation process variable	→ 🖺 166
	Process variable value	→ 🖺 166
	Current input 1 to n simulation	→ 🖺 167
	Value current input 1 to n	→ 🖺 167
	Status input 1 to n simulation	→ 🖺 167
	Input signal level 1 to n	→ 🖺 167
	Current output 1 to n simulation	→ 🖺 166
	Current output value	→ 🖺 166
	Frequency output 1 to n simulation	→ 🖺 166
	Frequency output 1 to n value	→ 🖺 166
	Pulse output simulation 1 to n	→ 🖺 166
	Pulse value 1 to n	→ 🖺 166
	Switch output simulation 1 to n	→ 🖺 166
	Switch state 1 to n	→ 🖺 166
	Relay output 1 to n simulation	→ 🖺 166
	Switch state 1 to n	→ 🖺 166
	Device alarm simulation	→ 🖺 167
	Diagnostic event category	→ 🖺 167
	Diagnostic event simulation	→ 🖺 167

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign simulation process variable		Select a process variable for the simulation process that is activated.	Off     Mass flow     Volume flow     Corrected volume flow*     Target mass flow *     Carrier mass flow *     Carrier volume flow*     Carrier volume flow*     Carrier corrected volume flow*     Temperature     Concentration *     Time period signal frequency (TPS)*	Off
Process variable value	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign simulation process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 166).	Enter the simulation value for the selected process variable.	Depends on the process variable selected	0
Current output 1 to n simulation	-	Switch the simulation of the current output on and off.	Off On	Off
Current output value	In the <b>Current output 1 to n simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the current value for simulation.	3.59 to 22.5 mA	3.59 mA
Frequency output 1 to n simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the frequency output on and off.	Off On	Off
Frequency output 1 to n value	In the <b>Frequency simulation 1 to n</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the frequency value for the simulation.	0.0 to 12 500.0 Hz	0.0 Hz
Pulse output simulation 1 to n	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected.	Set and switch off the pulse output simulation.  For Fixed value option: Pulse width parameter (→  126) defines the pulse width of the pulses output.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Fixed value</li><li>Down-counting value</li></ul>	Off
Pulse value 1 to n	In the Pulse output simulation 1 to n parameter, the Down-counting value option is selected.	Enter the number of pulses for simulation.	0 to 65 535	0
Switch output simulation 1 to n	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Switch</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the switch output on and off.	• Off • On	Off
Switch state 1 to n	-	Select the status of the status output for the simulation.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	Open
Relay output 1 to n simulation	-	Switch simulation of the relay output on and off.	Off On	Off
Switch state 1 to n	The <b>On</b> option is selected in the <b>Switch output simulation 1 to n</b> parameter parameter.	Select status of the relay output for the simulation.	■ Open ■ Closed	Open

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Device alarm simulation	-	Switch the device alarm on and off.	Off On	Off
Diagnostic event category	-	Select a diagnostic event category.	<ul><li>Sensor</li><li>Electronics</li><li>Configuration</li><li>Process</li></ul>	Process
Diagnostic event simulation	-	Select a diagnostic event to simulate this event.	Off     Diagnostic event picklist (depends on the category selected)	Off
Current input 1 to n simulation	-	Switch simulation of the current input on and off.	Off On	Off
Value current input 1 to n	In the <b>Current input 1 to n simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the current value for simulation.	0 to 22.5 mA	0 mA
Status input 1 to n simulation	-	Switch simulation of the status input on and off.	Off On	Off
Input signal level 1 to n	In the <b>Status input simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Select the signal level for the simulation of the status input.	■ High ■ Low	High

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 10.8 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following write protection options exist in order to protect the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification:

- Protect access to parameters via access code → 167
- Protect access to measuring device via write protection switch  $\rightarrow$  🗎 169

#### 10.8.1 Write protection via access code

The effects of the user-specific access code are as follows:

- Via local operation, the parameters for the measuring device configuration are write-protected and their values can no longer be changed.
- Device access is protected via the Web browser, as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.
- Device access is protected via FieldCare or DeviceCare (via CDI-RJ45 service interface), as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.

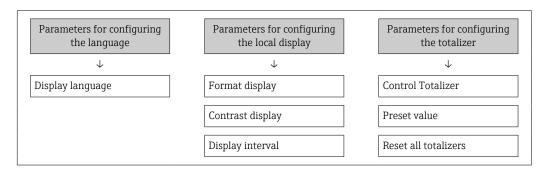
#### Defining the access code via the local display

- 1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 164$ ).
- 2. Maximum of 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters as the access code.

- 3. Enter the access code again in the **Confirm access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 164$ ) to confirm.
  - ► The 🗈 symbol appears in front of all write-protected parameters.
- Disabling parameter write protection via access code  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  79.
  - If the access code is lost: Resetting the access code  $\rightarrow \triangleq 168$ .
  - The user role with which the user is currently logged in is displayed in Access status parameter.
    - Navigation path: Operation → Access status
    - User roles and their access rights  $\rightarrow \implies 79$
- The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view.
- The device locks the write-protected parameters automatically after 60 s if the user skips back to the operational display mode from the navigation and editing view.

#### Parameters which can always be modified via the local display

Certain parameters that do not affect the measurement are excepted from parameter write protection via the local display. Despite the user-specific access code, they can always be modified, even if the other parameters are locked.



#### Defining the access code via the web browser

- 1. Navigate to the **Define access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 164$ ).
- 2. Define a 16-digit (max.) numeric code as the access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the **Confirm access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 164$ ) to confirm.
  - ► The web browser switches to the login page.
- $\blacksquare$  Disabling parameter write protection via access code  $\rightarrow$   $\blacksquare$  79.
  - If the access code is lost: Resetting the access code  $\rightarrow \triangleq 168$ .
  - The Access status parameter shows which user role the user is currently logged in with.
    - Navigation path: Operation → Access status

If no action is performed for 10 minutes, the web browser automatically returns to the login page.

#### Resetting the access code

If you misplace the user-specific access code, it is possible to reset the code to the factory setting. A reset code must be entered for this purpose. The user-specific access code can then be defined again afterwards.

Via Web browser, FieldCare, DeviceCare (via CDI-RJ45 service interface), fieldbus

- You can only obtain a reset code from your local Endress+Hauser service organization. The code must be calculated explicitly for every device.
- 1. Note down the serial number of the device.
- 2. Read off the **Operating time** parameter.
- 3. Contact the local Endress+Hauser service organization and tell them the serial number and the operating time.
  - ► Get the calculated reset code.
- 4. Enter the reset code in the **Reset access code** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 164$ ).
  - The access code has been reset to the factory setting **0000**. It can be redefined  $\rightarrow \boxminus 167$ .
- For IT security reasons, the calculated reset code is only valid for 96 hours from the specified operating time and for the specific serial number. If you cannot return to the device within 96 hours, you should either increase the operating time you read out by a few days or switch off the device.

#### 10.8.2 Write protection via write protection switch

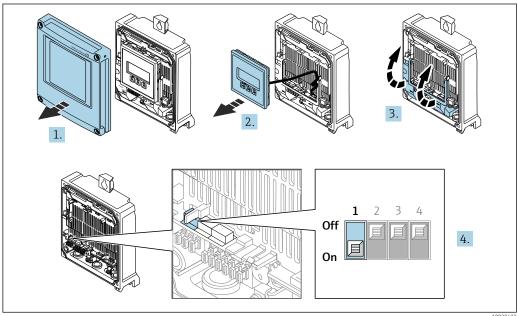
Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows the user to lock write access to the entire operating menu - apart from the **"Contrast display"** parameter.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception "Contrast display" parameter):

- Via local display
- Via PROFINET protocol

#### Proline 500 - digital

## Enable/disable write protection



- 1. Open the housing cover.
- 2. Remove the display module.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.

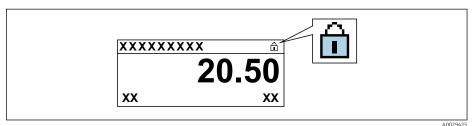
Endress+Hauser 169

A002967

#### 4. Enable or disable write protection:

Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables hardware write protection/setting to OFF (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.

└ In the **Locking status** parameter, the **Hardware locked** option is displayed  $\rightarrow \blacksquare$  171. When hardware write protection is enabled, the  $\blacksquare$  symbol appears in the header of the measured value display and in the navigation view in front of the parameters.



- 5. Insert the display module.
- 6. Close the housing cover.

#### 7. NOTICE

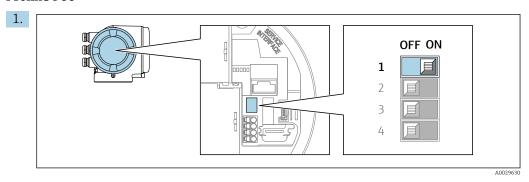
# Excessive tightening torque applied to the fixing screws!

Risk of damaging the plastic transmitter.

► Tighten the fixing screws as per the tightening torque: 2.5 Nm (1.8 lbf ft)

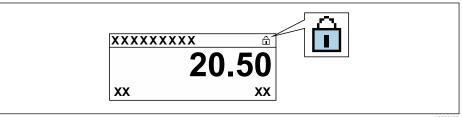
Tighten the fixing screws.

#### Proline 500



Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables hardware write protection.

└ In the **Locking status** parameter, the **Hardware locked** option is displayed  $\rightarrow$   $\square$  171. In addition, on the local display the  $\square$  symbol appears in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.



- 2. Setting the write protection (WP) switch on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.
  - ightharpoonup No option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter → ightharpoonup 171. On the local display, the 🖻 symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

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#### 11 **Operation**

#### 11.1 Reading off the device locking status

Device active write protection: Locking status parameter

Operation → Locking status

Function scope of the "Locking status" parameter

Options	Description
None	The access authorization displayed in the <b>Access status</b> parameter applies → 🖺 79. Only appears on local display.
Hardware locked	The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the PCB board. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool) $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
Temporarily locked	Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes running in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset, etc.). Once the internal processing has been completed, the parameters can be changed once again.

#### 11.2 Adjusting the operating language



Petailed information:

- To configure the operating language  $\rightarrow \triangleq 108$
- For information on the operating languages supported by the measuring device → 🖺 299

#### 11.3 Configuring the display

Detailed information:

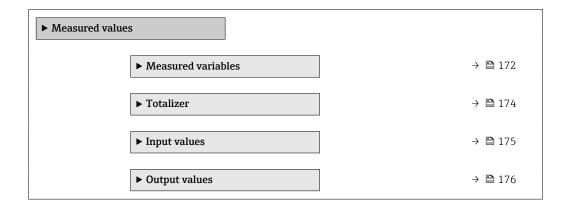
- On the advanced settings for the local display  $\rightarrow \implies 153$

#### 11.4 Reading measured values

With the **Measured values** submenu, it is possible to read all the measured values.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values



## 11.4.1 "Measured variables" submenu

The **Measured variables** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for each process variable.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Measured variables

► Measured varia	ables	
	Mass flow	→ 🖺 172
	Volume flow	→ 🖺 172
	Corrected volume flow	→ 🖺 173
	Density	→ 🖺 173
	Reference density	→ 🖺 173
	Temperature	→ 🖺 173
	Pressure	→ 🖺 173
	Concentration	→ 🖺 173
	Target mass flow	→ 🖺 173
	Carrier mass flow	→ 🖺 173
	Target corrected volume flow	→ 🖺 173
	Carrier corrected volume flow	→ 🖺 174
	Target volume flow	→ 🖺 174
	Carrier volume flow	→ 🖺 174

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Mass flow	-	Displays the mass flow that is currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from: Mass flow unit parameter (→ 🖺 113)	
Volume flow	-	Displays the volume flow that is currently calculated.	Signed floating-point number
		Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	

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Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Corrected volume flow	-	Displays the corrected volume flow that is currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from: Corrected volume flow unit parameter (→   113)	Signed floating-point number
Density	-	Shows the density currently measured. Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Density unit</b> parameter $(\rightarrow \implies 113)$ .	Signed floating-point number
Reference density	-	Displays the reference density that is currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from: Reference density unit parameter (→ 🖺 114)	Signed floating-point number
Temperature	-	Shows the medium temperature currently measured.  Dependency The unit is taken from: Temperature unit parameter (→ 🖺 114)	Signed floating-point number
Pressure	-	Displays either a fixed or external pressure value.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Pressure unit parameter (→ 🖺 114).	Signed floating-point number
Concentration	For the following order code: Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the concentration that is currently calculated.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Concentration unit parameter.	Signed floating-point number
Target mass flow	With the following conditions: Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the mass flow that is currently measured for the target medium.  Dependency The unit is taken from: Mass flow unit parameter (→ 113)	Signed floating-point number
Carrier mass flow	With the following conditions: Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the mass flow of the carrier medium that is currently measured.  Dependency The unit is taken from: Mass flow unit parameter (→ 113)	Signed floating-point number
Target corrected volume flow	With the following conditions:  Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The Ethanol in water option or %mass / %volume option is selected in the Liquid type parameter.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the corrected volume flow that is currently measured for the target fluid.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter (→ 🗎 113).	Signed floating-point number

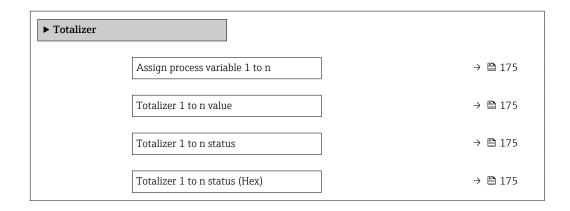
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Carrier corrected volume flow	With the following conditions:  Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  In the Liquid type parameter, the Ethanol in water option or %mass / %volume option is selected.	Displays the corrected volume flow currently measured for the carrier fluid.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter (→ 🖺 113).	Signed floating-point number
	The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.		
Target volume flow	With the following conditions:  Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The Ethanol in water option or %mass / %volume option is selected in the Liquid type parameter.  The %vol option is selected in the Concentration unit parameter.  The software options currently	Displays the volume flow currently measured for the target medium.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter (→  113).	Signed floating-point number
	enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.		
Carrier volume flow	With the following conditions:  Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"  The Ethanol in water option or %mass / %volume option is selected in the Liquid type parameter.  The %vol option is selected in the Concentration unit parameter.	Displays the volume flow currently measured for the carrier medium.  Dependency The unit is taken from the Volume flow unit parameter (→   113).	Signed floating-point number
	The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.		

# 11.4.2 Totalizer

The **Totalizer** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every totalizer.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer



Parameter	Description	Selection / User interface	Factory setting
Assign process variable 1 to n	Select process variable for totalizer.	Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow* Target mass flow* Carrier mass flow* Carrier volume flow* Target corrected volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow* Carrier toulume flow* Carrier corrected volume flow* Solv flow* GSV flow alternative* NSV flow* NSV flow alternative* Solv volume flow* Oil mass flow* Water mass flow* Oil volume flow* Oil corrected volume flow* Water corrected volume flow* Water corrected volume flow* Water corrected volume flow* Raw value mass flow	Mass flow
Totalizer 1 to n value	Shows the totalizer value reported to the controller for further processing.	Signed floating-point number	0 kg
Totalizer 1 to n status	Shows the status of the totalizer value reported to the controller for further processing ('Good', 'Uncertain', 'Bad').	• Good • Uncertain • Bad	Good
Totalizer 1 to n status (Hex)	Shows the status of the totalizer value reported to the controller for further processing (Hex).	0 to 255	128

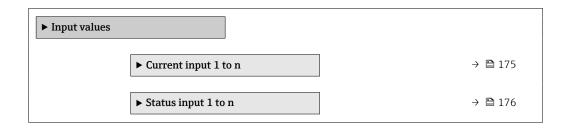
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

# 11.4.3 "Input values" submenu

The **Input values** submenu guides you systematically to the individual input values.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Input values

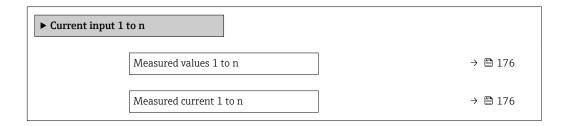


## Input values of current input

The Current input 1 to n submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every current input.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Input values  $\rightarrow$  Current input 1 to n



#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Measured values 1 to n	Displays the current input value.	Signed floating-point number
Measured current 1 to n	Displays the current value of the current input.	0 to 22.5 mA

#### Input values of status input

The **Status input 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every status input.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Input values  $\rightarrow$  Status input 1 to n



#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Value status input	Shows the current input signal level.	<ul><li>High</li><li>Low</li></ul>

## 11.4.4 Output values

The **Output values** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every output.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Output values



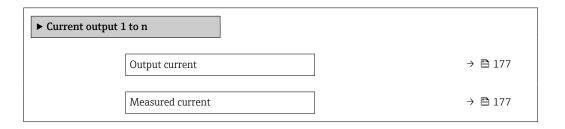
► Pulse/frequency/switch output 1 to n	→ 🗎 177
▶ Relay output 1 to n	→ 🗎 178

## Output values of current output

The **Value current output** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every current output.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Value current output 1 to n



#### Parameter overview with brief description

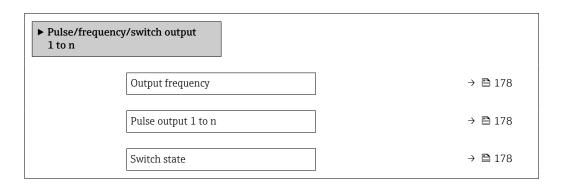
Parameter	Description	User interface
Output current	Displays the current value currently calculated for the current output.	3.59 to 22.5 mA
Measured current	Displays the current value currently measured for the current output.	0 to 30 mA

#### Output values for pulse/frequency/switch output

The **Pulse/frequency/switch output 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every pulse/frequency/switch output.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output 1 to n



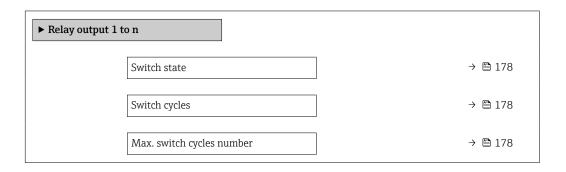
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Output frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Displays the value currently measured for the frequency output.	0.0 to 12 500.0 Hz
Pulse output 1 to n	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter parameter.	Displays the pulse frequency currently output.	Positive floating-point number
Switch state	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Displays the current switch output status.	■ Open ■ Closed

#### Output values for relay output

The **Relay output 1 to n** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every relay output.

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Output values  $\rightarrow$  Relay output 1 to n



#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface
Switch state	Shows the current relay switch status.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>
Switch cycles	Shows number of all performed switch cycles.	Positive integer
Max. switch cycles number	Shows the maximal number of guaranteed switch cycles.	Positive integer

# 11.5 Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions

The following are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings using the **Setup** menu (→ 🖺 109)
- Advanced settings using the Advanced setup submenu (→ 🗎 142)

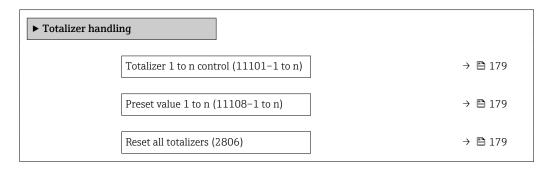
# 11.6 Performing a totalizer reset

The totalizers are reset in the **Operation** submenu:

- Control Totalizer
- Reset all totalizers

#### Navigation

"Operation" menu  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer handling



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Totalizer 1 to n control	Operate the totalizer.	<ul> <li>Reset + hold</li> <li>Preset + hold</li> <li>Hold</li> <li>Totalize</li> </ul>	Totalize
Preset value 1 to n	Specify start value for totalizer.	Signed floating-point number	0 kg
Reset all totalizers	Reset all totalizers to 0 and start.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Reset + totalize</li></ul>	Cancel

# 11.6.1 Function scope of "Control Totalizer" parameter

Options	Description	
Totalize	The totalizer is started or continues running.	
Reset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is reset to 0.	
Preset + hold 1)	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is set to its defined start value from the <b>Preset value</b> parameter.	
Reset + totalize	The totalizer is reset to 0 and the totaling process is restarted.	
Preset + totalize 1)	The totalizer is set to the defined start value in the <b>Preset value</b> parameter and the totaling process is restarted.	
Hold	Totalizing is stopped.	

1) Visible depending on the order options or device settings

# 11.6.2 Function range of "Reset all totalizers" parameter

Options	Description	
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.	
Reset + totalize	Resets all totalizers to 0 and restarts the totaling process. This deletes all the previously aggregated flow values.	

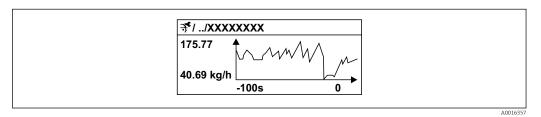
# 11.7 Displaying the measured value history

The **Extended HistoROM** application package must be enabled in the device (order option) for the **Data logging** submenu to appear. This contains all the parameters for the measured value history.

- Pata logging is also available via:
  - Plant Asset Management Tool FieldCare → 🖺 90.
  - Web browser

#### **Function range**

- A total of 1000 measured values can be stored
- 4 logging channels
- Adjustable logging interval for data logging
- Measured value trend for each logging channel displayed in the form of a chart



■ 37 Chart of a measured value trend

- x-axis: depending on the number of channels selected displays 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable.
- y-axis: displays the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the ongoing measurement.
- If the length of the logging interval or the assignment of the process variables to the channels is changed, the content of the data logging is deleted.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Data logging

► Data logging	
Assign channel 1	→ 🖺 182
Assign channel 2	→ 🖺 183
Assign channel 3	→ 🖺 183
Assign channel 4	→ 🖺 183
Logging interval	→ 🖺 183
Clear logging data	→ 🖺 183
Data logging	→ 🖺 183
Logging delay	→ 🖺 183
Data logging control	→ 🖺 183

Data logging status	→ 🖺 183
Entire logging duration	→ 🖺 183

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Assign channel 1	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	■ Off ■ Mass flow ■ Volume flow ■ Corrected volume flow* ■ Density ■ Reference density* ■ Temperature ■ Pressure ■ Concentration* ■ Target mass flow* ■ Carrier mass flow* ■ Carrier mass flow* ■ Carrier volume flow* ■ Carrier corrected volume flow* ■ Carrier corrected volume flow ■ Application specific output 0* ■ Application specific output 1* ■ Inhomogeneous medium index ■ Suspended bubbles index* ■ HBSI* ■ Raw value mass flow ■ Exciter current 0 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation damping 0 ■ Oscillation of requency 0 ■ Frequency fluctuation 0* ■ Oscillation amplitude 1 ■ Signal asymmetry ■ Torsion idex coil asymmetry ■ Test point 0 ■ Test point 1 ■ Current output 2 * ■ Current output 3 * ■ Current output 4 * ■ Current output 4 *	Off

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Assign channel 2	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	For the picklist, see Assign channel 1 parameter (→ 🖺 182)	Off
Assign channel 3	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	For the picklist, see Assign channel 1 parameter (→ 🖺 182)	Off
Assign channel 4	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	For the picklist, see Assign channel 1 parameter (→ 🖺 182)	Off
Logging interval	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.	Define the logging interval for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	0.1 to 3 600.0 s	1.0 s
Clear logging data	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Clear the entire logging data.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Clear data</li></ul>	Cancel
Data logging	-	Select the type of data logging.	<ul><li>Overwriting</li><li>Not overwriting</li></ul>	Overwriting
Logging delay	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Enter the time delay for measured value logging.	0 to 999 h	0 h
Data logging control	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Start and stop measured value logging.	<ul><li>None</li><li>Delete + start</li><li>Stop</li></ul>	None
Data logging status	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Displays the measured value logging status.	<ul><li>Done</li><li>Delay active</li><li>Active</li><li>Stopped</li></ul>	Done
Entire logging duration	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Displays the total logging duration.	Positive floating- point number	0 s

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

## 11.8 Gas Fraction Handler

The Gas Fraction Handler improves measurement stability and repeatability in the event of two-phase media and provides valuable diagnostic information for the process.

The function continuously checks for the presence of gas bubbles in liquids or droplets in gases, as this second phase influences the output values for flow and density.

In the case of two-phase media, the Gas Fraction Handler stabilizes the output values and enables better readability for operators and easier interpretation by the distributed control system. The level of smoothing is adjusted according to the severity of the disturbances introduced by the second phase. In the case of single-phase media, the Gas Fraction Handler does not have any influence on the output values.

Possible options in the Gas Fraction Handler parameter:

- Off: Disables the Gas Fraction Handler. When a second phase is present, large fluctuations in the values output for flow and density will occur.
- Moderate: Use for applications with low levels or intermittent levels of second phase.
- Powerful: Use for applications with very significant levels of second phase.

The Gas Fraction Handler is cumulative to any fixed damping constants applied to flow and density that are set elsewhere in the instrument parameterization.

For detailed information on the parameter descriptions of the Gas Fraction Handler, see the Special Documentation for the device  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  307

#### 11.8.1 "Measurement mode" submenu

#### Navigation

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Measurement mode



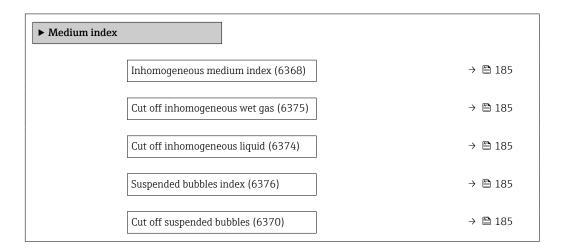
#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Gas Fraction Handler	Activates the Gas Fraction Handler function for two phase media.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Moderate</li><li>Powerful</li></ul>	Moderate

#### 11.8.2 "Medium index" submenu

#### Navigation

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Application  $\rightarrow$  Medium index



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / User entry	Factory setting
Inhomogeneous medium index	-	Shows the degree of inhomogeneity of the medium.	Signed floating-point number	-
Cut off inhomogeneous wet gas	-	Enter cut off value for wet gas applications. Below this value the 'Inhomogeneous medium index' is set to 0.	Positive floating- point number	0.25
Cut off inhomogeneous liquid	-	Enter cut off value for liquid applications. Below this value the 'Inhomogeneous medium index' is set to 0.	Positive floating- point number	0.05
Suspended bubbles index	The diagnostic index is only available for Promass Q.	Shows the relative amount of suspended bubbles in the medium.	Signed floating-point number	-
Cut off suspended bubbles	The parameter is only available for Promass Q.	Enter the cut off value for suspended bubbles. Below this value the 'Index for suspended bubbles' is set to 0.	Positive floating- point number	0.05

# 12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

### For local display

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	The cable of the display module is not plugged in correctly.	Insert the plug correctly into the main electronics module and display module.
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage does not match the voltage specified on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage .
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage has incorrect polarity.	Reverse polarity of supply voltage.
Local display dark and no output signals	No contact between connecting cables and terminals.	Ensure electrical contact between the cable and the terminal.
Local display dark and no output signals	<ul> <li>Terminals are not plugged into the I/O electronics module correctly.</li> <li>Terminals are not plugged into the main electronics module correctly.</li> </ul>	Check terminals.
Local display dark and no output signals	<ul><li>I/O electronics module is defective.</li><li>Main electronics module is defective.</li></ul>	Order spare part → 🗎 272.
Local display dark and no output signals	The connector between the main electronics module and display module is not plugged in correctly.	Check the connection and correct if necessary.
Local display cannot be read, but signal output is within the valid range	Display is set too bright or too dark.	Set the display brighter by simultaneously pressing
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 272.
Backlighting of local display is red	Diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.	Take remedial measures → 🖺 198
Text on local display appears in a language that cannot be understood.	The selected operating language cannot be understood.	1. Press □ + ⊕ for 2 s ("home position"). 2. Press □. 3. Configure the required language in the Display language parameter (→ □ 159).
Message on local display: "Communication Error" "Check Electronics"	Communication between the display module and the electronics is interrupted.	<ul> <li>Check the cable and the connector between the main electronics module and display module.</li> <li>Order spare part → ≅ 272.</li> </ul>

### For output signals

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Signal output outside the valid range	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 272.
Device shows correct value on local display, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Parameter configuration error	Check and adjust parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	Configuration error or device is operated outside the application.	Check and correct parameter configuration.     Observe limit values specified in the "Technical Data".  "Technical Data".

#### For access

Fault	Possible causes	Remedial action
Write access to parameters is not possible.	Hardware write protection is enabled.	Set the write protection switch on the main electronics module to the <b>OFF</b> position → 🗎 169.
Write access to parameters is not possible.	Current user role has limited access authorization.	<ol> <li>Check user role → ₱ 79.</li> <li>Enter correct customer-specific access code → ₱ 79.</li> </ol>
Unable to connect to the web server.	Web server is disabled.	Using the "FieldCare" or "DeviceCare" operating tool, check whether the web server of the device is enabled, and enable it if necessary → 🖺 86.
	The Ethernet interface on the PC is incorrectly configured.	<ul> <li>Check the properties of the Internet protocol (TCP/IP)→ ≅ 82.</li> <li>Check the network settings with the IT manager.</li> </ul>
Unable to connect to the web server.	WLAN access data are incorrect.	<ul> <li>Check WLAN network status.</li> <li>Log on to the device again using WLAN access data.</li> <li>Check that WLAN is enabled on the measuring instrument and operating unit →</li></ul>
	WLAN communication is disabled.	-
Unable to connect to web server, FieldCare or DeviceCare.	WLAN network is not available.	<ul> <li>Check if WLAN reception is present: LED on display module is lit blue.</li> <li>Check if WLAN connection is enabled: LED on display module flashes blue.</li> <li>Switch on instrument function.</li> </ul>
Network connection not present or unstable	WLAN network is weak.	<ul> <li>Operating unit outside reception range: Check network status on operating unit.</li> <li>To improve network performance, use an external WLAN antenna.</li> </ul>
	Parallel WLAN and Ethernet communication	<ul> <li>Check network settings.</li> <li>Temporarily enable only the WLAN as an interface.</li> </ul>
Web browser frozen and operation no longer possible	Data transfer is active.	Wait until data transfer or current action is finished.
	Connection lost	<ul> <li>Check cable connection and power supply.</li> <li>Refresh the web browser and restart if necessary.</li> </ul>
Display of web browser content is difficult to read or incomplete.	Web browser version used is not optimal.	<ul> <li>Use correct web browser version → ■ 81.</li> <li>Empty the web browser cache.</li> <li>Restart the web browser.</li> </ul>
	Unsuitable view settings.	Change the font size/display ratio of the Web browser.
Incomplete or no display of content in the web browser	<ul><li>JavaScript is not enabled.</li><li>JavaScript cannot be enabled.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Enable JavaScript.</li> <li>Enter http://XXX.XXX.X.X.XX/servlet/basic.html as the IP address.</li> </ul>
Operation with FieldCare or DeviceCare via service interface CDI-RJ45 (port 8000) is not possible.	Firewall of the PC or network is blocking communication.	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the PC or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.
Flashing the firmware with FieldCare or DeviceCare via service interface CDI-RJ45 (port 8000 or TFTP ports) is not possible.	Firewall of the PC or network is blocking communication.	Depending on the settings of the firewall used on the PC or in the network, the firewall must be adapted or disabled to allow FieldCare/DeviceCare access.

### For system integration

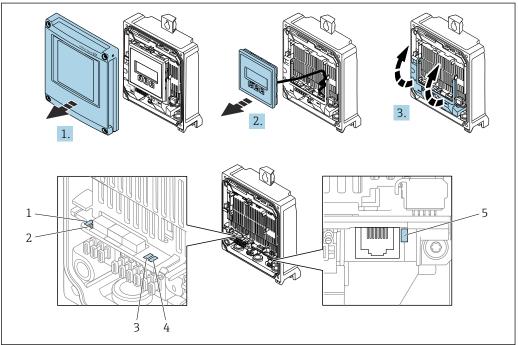
Error	Possible causes	Remedy
The PROFINET device name is not displayed correctly and contains coding.	A device name containing one or more underscores has been specified via the automation system.	Specify a correct device name (without underscores) via the automation system.

#### Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes 12.2

#### 12.2.1 Transmitter

### Proline 500 - digital

Different LEDs in the transmitter provide information on the device status.



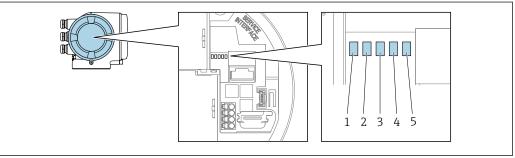
- Supply voltage
- Device status
- Flashing/network status
- Port 1 active: PROFINET with Ethernet-APL
- Port 2 active: service interface (CDI)
- 1. Open the housing cover.
- Remove the display module.
- 3. Fold open the terminal cover.

LED		Color	Meaning
1	Supply voltage	Off	Supply voltage is off or too low.
		Green	Supply voltage is OK.
2	Device status/module	Off	Firmware error
	status (normal operation)	Green	Device status is OK.
	-	Flashing green	Device is not configured.

LED		Color	Meaning
		Flashing red	A diagnostic event with "Warning" diagnostic behavior has occurred.
		Red	A diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.
		Flashing red/green	The device restarts/self-test.
3	Flashing/network status	Green	Cyclic data exchange is active.
		Flashing green	Following request from automation system: Flash frequency: 1 Hz (flash functionality: 500 ms on, 500 ms off)
			Cyclic data exchange is not active, no IP address is available: Flash frequency: 4 Hz
		Red	IP address is available but there is no connection to the automation system
		Flashing red	Cyclic data exchange was active but the connection was disconnected: Flash frequency: 3 Hz
4	Port 1 active:	Off	Not connected or no connection established.
	PROFINET with Ethernet-APL	Green	Connection available, no active communication
		Flashing green	Connection with active communication
5	Port 2 active:	Off	Not connected or no connection established.
	Service interface (CDI)	Orange	Connection available but no activity.
		Flashing orange	Activity present.

### Proline 500

Different LEDs in the transmitter provide information on the device status.



A0029629

- l Supply voltage
- 2 Device status
- 3 Flashing/network status
- 4 Port 1 active: PROFINET with Ethernet-APL
- 5 Port 2 active: service interface (CDI)

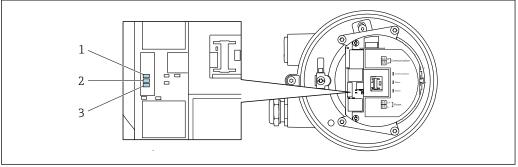
LED		Color	Meaning
1	Supply voltage	Off	Supply voltage is off or too low.
		Green	Supply voltage is OK.
2	Device status/module	Off	Firmware error
	status (normal operation)	Green	Device status is OK.
	-	Flashing green	Device is not configured.
		Flashing red	A diagnostic event with "Warning" diagnostic behavior has occurred.

LED		Color	Meaning
		Red	A diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.
		Flashing red/green	The device restarts/self-test.
3	Flashing/network status	Green	Cyclic data exchange is active.
		Flashing green	Following request from automation system: Flash frequency: 1 Hz (flash functionality: 500 ms on, 500 ms off)
			If no "Name of Station" is defined:  Flash frequency: 4 Hz Display: no "Name of Station" available.
		Red	IP address is available but there is no connection to the automation system
		Flashing red	Cyclic data exchange was active but the connection was disconnected: Flash frequency: 3 Hz
4	Port 1 active:	Off	Not connected or no connection established.
	PROFINET with Ethernet-APL	White	Connection available, no active communication
		Flashing white	Connection with active communication
5	Port 2 active:	Off	Not connected or no connection established.
	Service interface (CDI- RJ45)	Orange	Connection available but no activity.
	-	Flashing orange	Activity present.

#### Sensor connection housing 12.2.2

### Proline 500 - digital

Various light emitting diodes (LED) on the ISEM electronics unit (intelligent sensor electronics module) in the sensor connection housing provide information about the device status.



- Communication 1
- Device status
- Supply voltage

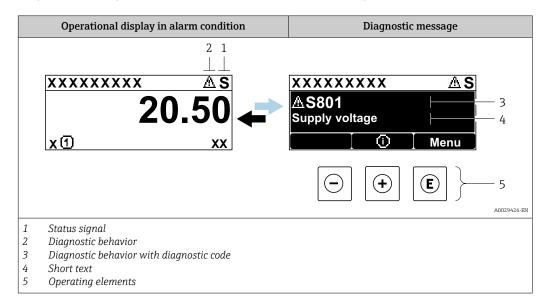
LED		Color	Meaning
1	Communication	White	Communication active.
2	2 Device status (normal operation)	Red	Error
		Flashing red	Warning
2	Device status (during	Flashes red slowly	If > 30 seconds: problem with the boot loader.
	start-up)	Flashes red quickly	If > 30 seconds: compatibility problem when reading the firmware.

LED		Color	Meaning	
3 Supply voltage		Green	Supply voltage is ok.	
		Off	Supply voltage is off or too low.	

## 12.3 Diagnostic information on local display

### 12.3.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display.



If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the message of the diagnostic event with the highest priority is shown.

- Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be displayed in the **Diagnostics** menu:

  - Via submenus  $\rightarrow$  🖺 265

#### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

The status signals are categorized according to VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required

Symbol	ool Meaning	
F	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.	
С	<b>Function check</b> The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).	
S	Out of specification The device is being operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)	
Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.		

### Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>	
A	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>Measurement is resumed.</li> <li>The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>

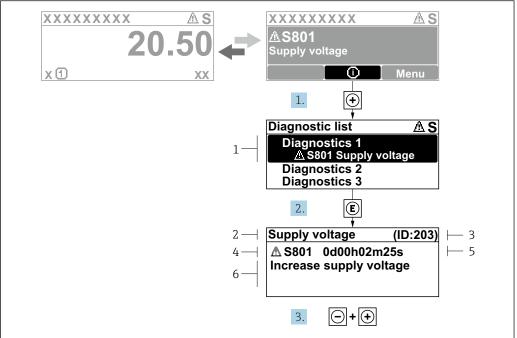
### Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.

#### **Operating elements**

Operating key	Meaning	
	Plus key	
(+)	In menu, submenu Opens the message about the remedial measures.	
	Enter key	
E	In menu, submenu Opens the operating menu.	

## 12.3.2 Calling up remedial measures



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- 38 Message for remedial measures
- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Short text
- 3 Service ID
- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operation time when error occurred
- 6 Remedial measures
- 1. The user is in the diagnostic message.

Press ± (① symbol).

- The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- 2. Select the desired diagnostic event with  $\pm$  or  $\Box$  and press  $\Box$ .
  - └ The message about the remedial measures opens.
- 3. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message about the remedial measures closes.

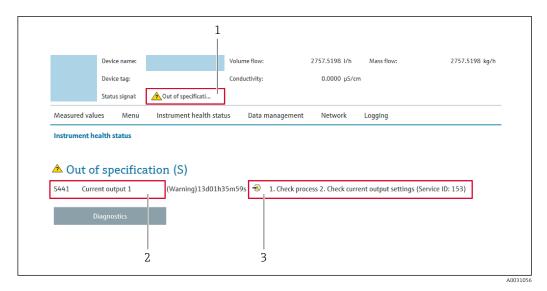
The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in the **Diagnostic list** submenu or **Previous diagnostics** parameter.

- 1. Press E.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures closes.

## 12.4 Diagnostic information in the web browser

#### 12.4.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed in the Web browser on the home page once the user has logged on.



- 1 Status area with status signal
- 2 Diagnostic information
- 3 Remedial measures with service ID
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:

  - Via submenu → 🗎 265

#### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning		
8	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.		
7	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).		
<u>^</u> ?	Out of specification The device is being operated: Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)		
<b>&amp;</b>	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.		

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

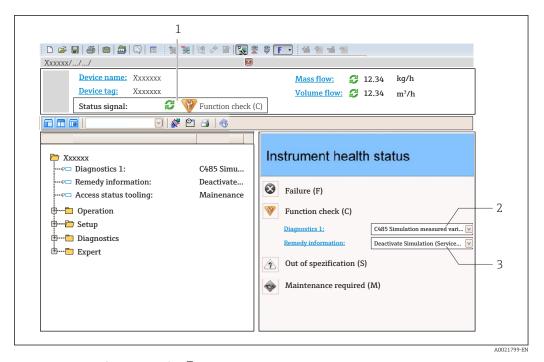
## 12.4.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly. These measures are displayed in red along with the diagnostic event and the related diagnostic information.

## 12.5 Diagnostic information in FieldCare or DeviceCare

### 12.5.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.



- *2* Diagnostic information  $\rightarrow$   $\bigcirc$  193
- 3 Remedial measures with service ID
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter  $\rightarrow$  🖺 264
  - Via submenu  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\cdot}{\blacksquare} 265$

#### Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.

#### 12.5.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

- On the home page
  - Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
- In the **Diagnostics** menu
   Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

- 1. Call up the desired parameter.
- 2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.
  - A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

## 12.6 Adapting the diagnostic information

### 12.6.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic behavior** submenu.

Expert  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic handling  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic behavior

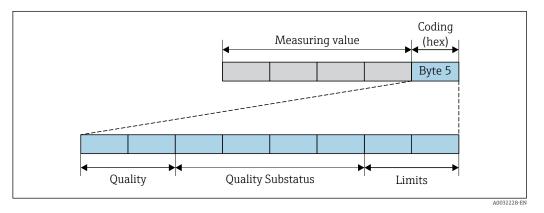
#### Available diagnostic behaviors

The following diagnostic behaviors can be assigned:

Diagnostic behavior	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated.
Warning	The device continues to measure. Measured value output via PROFINET and totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is only displayed in the <b>Event logbook</b> submenu ( <b>Event list</b> submenu) and is not displayed in alternating sequence with the operational display.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

#### Displaying the measured value status

If modules with input data (e.g. Analog Input module, Discrete Input module, Totalizer module, Heartbeat module) are configured for cyclic data transmission, the measured value status is coded as per PROFINET PA Profile 4 Specification and transmitted along with the measured value to the PROFINET Controller via the status byte. The status byte is split into three segments: Quality, Quality Substatus and Limits.



39 Structure of the status byte

The content of the status byte depends on the configured failure mode in the individual function block. Depending on which failure mode has been configured, status information in accordance with PROFINET PA Profile Specification 4 is transmitted to the the PROFINET with Ethernet-APL controller via the status byte status information. The two bits for the limits always have the value 0.

#### Supported status information

Status	Coding (hex)
BAD - Maintenance alarm	0x24 to 0x27
BAD - Process related	0x28 to 0x2B
BAD - Function check	0x3C to 0x3F
UNCERTAIN - Initial value	0x4C to 0x4F
UNCERTAIN - Maintenance demanded	0x68 to 0x6B
UNCERTAIN - Process related	0x78 to 0x7B
GOOD - OK	0x80 to 0x83
GOOD - Maintenance required	0xA4 to 0xA7
GOOD - Maintenance demanded	0xA8 to 0xAB
GOOD - Function check	0xBC to 0xBF

## 12.7 Overview of diagnostic information



- The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the measuring device has one or more application packages.
- All of the measured variables affected in the entire Promass instrument family are always listed under "Measured variables affected". The measured variables available for the device in question depend on the device version. When assigning the measured variables to the device functions, for example to the individual outputs, all of the measured variables available for the device version in question are available for selection.

## 12.7.1 Diagnostic of sensor

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	
No.	Short text			
002	9 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1		1. Check if the correct sensor is mounted	
	Measured variable status		2. Check if the 2-D matrix code on the sensor is undamaged	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variable	es		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubbles	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut	

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
022	Temperature sensor defective			1. If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter	
	Measured variable status			Check or replace sens     Replace sensor	or electronic module (ISEM)
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables	S			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	,	<ul> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous mass</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> <li>Reference density</li> </ul>	edium index index ve cy 1 cy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic in	nformation	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
046			1. Check process conditions
	Measured variable status [fro	m the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	2. Check sensor
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variable	S	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	HBSI NSV flow NSV flow NSV flow alterna External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation freque Oscillation freque Raw value mass f S&W volume flow Torsion signal as	Oil corrected volume flow     Water corrected volume flow     Oscillation damping fluctuation 1     Oscillation damping fluctuation 2     Frequency fluctuation 1     Frequency fluctuation 2     Target mass flow     Carrier volume flow     Target volume flow     Target volume flow     Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity     Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity     Temperature     Volume flow     Oil volume flow     Water volume flow     Water cut

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic in:	formation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
062	Sensor connection faulty  Measured variable status				nnection cable between sensor and transmitter
				<ul><li>2. Check or replace sens</li><li>3. Replace sensor</li></ul>	sor electronic module (ISEM)
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus (	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal F	3			
	Diagnostic behavior A	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>		GSV flow GSV flow alternative Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous m Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternative External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequen Oscillation frequen Raw value mass flow S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyr Reference density	edium index s index ve acy 1 acy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic in	nformation	Remedy instructions
No.	She	ort text	
063	Exciter current faulty		If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter
	Measured variable status		2. Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM) 3. Replace sensor
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	HBSI NSV flow NSV flow Sternal pressure External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation freque Raw value mass fl S&W volume flow Torsion signal asy	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Tedium index Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Target mass flow Carrier volume flow Target volume flow Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Volume flow Oil volume flow Water volume flow Water cut

	Diagnostic	information			Remedy instructions
No.	Si	hort text			
082	Data storage inconsistent			Check module connection	ons
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w w	Sensor electronics of GSV flow GSV flow alternative Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous mesuspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternative External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequen Oscillation frequen Raw value mass floe S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyn	edium index index ve  cy 1 cy 2 w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text			
083	Memory content inconsistent			1. Restart device	
	Measured variable status			2. Restore S-DAT data 3. Replace S-DAT	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Capplication output</li> <li>C</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flot</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve acy 1 acy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text			
119	Sensor initialization active			Sensor initialization in	progress, please wait
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	С			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	W	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous mass</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flot</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve acy 1 acy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	<b>Diagnostic</b> i	information	Remedy instructions
No.	SI	hort text	
140	Sensor signal asymmetrical		If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)		2. Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM) 3. Replace sensor
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	- 
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w Suspended bubble	Reference density alternative  ve

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text			
141	Zero adjustment failed			1. Check process condi	
	Measured variable status			<ul><li>2. Repeat commission</li><li>3. Check sensor</li></ul>	ing procedure
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>		nsor electronics t V flow V flow alternativ nematic viscosity ass flow mass flow mass flow nomogeneous me spended bubbles SSI V flow V flow alternativ ternal pressure citer current 1 citer current 2 cillation frequence cillation frequence w value mass flow W volume flow rsion signal asym	edium index index ve cy 1 cy 2 w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	information			Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text			
142	Sensor index coil asymmetry to	oo high		Check sensor	
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)			
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	S			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	W	Sensor electronics of GSV flow GSV flow GSV flow alternative Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous me Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternative External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequen Oscillation frequen Raw value mass flow S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyn	edium index s index we ccy 1 ccy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation	Remedy instructions
No.	St	nort text	
144	Measurement error too high		1. Check process conditions
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)	2. Check or change sensor
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	W HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternati External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequer Raw value mass fle S&W volume flow Torsion signal asy	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 1  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

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## 12.7.2 Diagnostic of electronic

	Diagnostic	information		Remedy instructions
No.	Si	hort text		
201	Electronics faulty		1. Restart device	
	Measured variable status		2. Replace electronics	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	GSV flow GSV flow alternat Kinematic viscosit Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous n Suspended bubble	nedium index s index ive ncy 1 ncy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	information	Remedy instructions
No.	SI	hort text	
242	Firmware incompatible  Measured variable status		1. Check firmware version
			2. Flash or replace electronic module
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubbles	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

	<b>Diagnostic</b> i	information	Remedy instructions
No.	Si	hort text	
252	Module incompatible  Measured variable status		1. Check electronic modules
			Check if correct modules are available (e.g. NEx, Ex)     Replace electronic modules
	Quality	Good	•
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubbles	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions	
No.	Short text				
262	Module connection interrupted			Check or replace connection cable between sensor electronic module	
	Measured variable status			(ISEM) and main electronics 2. Check or replace ISEM or main electronics	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> </ul>		Sensor electronics of GSV flow GSV flow alternative Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous mass Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternative External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequent Oscillation frequent Raw value mass flots S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyr	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Redium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temperature  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut	

	Diagnostic i	information	Remedy instructions		
No.	Short text				
270	Main electronics defective  Measured variable status		Restart device     Replace main electronic module		
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Oscillation fre</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>		Reference density alternative  ve		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions			
No.	Short text					
271	Main electronics faulty  Measured variable status		1. Restart device			
			2. Replace main electronic module			
	Quality	Good				
	Quality substatus	Ok				
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83				
	Status signal	F				
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm				
	Influenced measured variables					
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Kinema</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>Kinema</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass</li> <li>Water m</li> </ul>		Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Target mass flow Carrier volume flow Target volume flow Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature  cy 1 Volume flow Cy 2 Volume flow Water volume flow Water cut			

	Diagnostic	information		Remedy instructions
No.	Si	hort text		
272	Main electronics faulty		Restart device	
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow altern</li> <li>Kinematic visco</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous</li> <li>Suspended bubb</li> </ul>	medium index les index  ative e e ency 1 ency 2 flow w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
273	Main electronics defective				play emergency operation
	Measured variable status		2. Replace main electr	onics	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables			,	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>		Sensor electronics GSV flow GSV flow alternativ Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous m Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternativ External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequent Oscillation frequent Raw value mass flot S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyr	edium index s index ve ucy 1 ucy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	SI	ort text			
275	I/O module defective			Change I/O module	
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>		edium index s index ve ucy 1 ucy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>	

	<b>Diagnostic</b>	information		Remedy instructions
No.	SI	hort text		
276	I/O module faulty		Restart device	
	Measured variable status		2. Change I/O module	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variables  Oscillation amplitude 1 Oscillation amplitude 2 Application specific output Application specific output Signal asymmetry Carrier mass flow Carrier pipe temperature Target corrected volume flow Sensor index coil asymmetry Concentration Measured values Oscillation damping 1 Oscillation damping 2 Density Water density Test point Sensor signal asym Carrier corrected Coscillation frequen Carrier corrected Coscillation frequen Coscillation fr		<u>'</u>	
			ve v	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information		Remedy instructions
No.	Si	hort text		
283	Memory content inconsistent		Restart device	
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternat</li> <li>Kinematic viscosi</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous r</li> <li>Suspended bubble</li> </ul>	nedium index es index rive ncy 1 ncy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text			
302	Device verification active			Device verification active, please wait.
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)		
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Function check		
	Coding (hex)	0xBC to 0xBF		
	Status signal	С		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		
	Influenced measured variables			
<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>		v • Suspended bubbles		Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Frequency fluctuation 1  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temperature  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnosti	c information	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
303	I/O 1 to n configuration changed		1. Apply I/O module configuration (parameter 'Apply I/O configuration')
	Measured variable status		2. Afterwards reload device description and check wiring
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	M	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	_		

	Diagnostic i	nformation	Remedy instructions
No.	Sł	nort text	
304	Device verification failed		1. Check verification report
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)	Repeat commissioning procedure     Check sensor
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubbles	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 1  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Tempe. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
311	Sensor electronics (ISEM) fault	у		Maintenance required!	
	Measured variable status			Do not reset device	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	M			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oscillation frequenties</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asym</li> </ul>		edium index s index ve ucy 1 ucy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>	

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text			
330	Flash file invalid			1. Update firmware of	device
	Measured variable status			2. Restart device	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	M			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	N	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternativ</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternativ</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve ucy 1 ucy 2 uw	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
331	Firmware update failed		1. Update firmware of	device	
	Measured variable status			2. Restart device	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	Oscillation amplitude 2 Application specific output Application specific output Signal asymmetry Carrier mass flow Carrier pipe temperature Target corrected volume flow Carrier corrected volume flow Sensor index coil asymmetry Concentration Measured values Oscillation damping 1 Oscillation damping 2 Density Oil density Water density Test point Test point		temperature (ISEM)  ye  dedium index sindex  ve  acy 1 acy 2 acy 2 acy mmetry	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
332	Writing in HistoROM backup fa	ailed		1. Replace user interfa	
	Measured variable status			2. Ex d/XP: replace tra	ınsmitter
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics of GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous menters</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequenter</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asym</li> </ul>		edium index s index ve acy 1 acy 2 acy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>	

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions
No.	o. Short text		
361	I/O module 1 to n faulty		1. Restart device
	Measured variable status		Check electronic modules     Change I/O module or main electronics
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubbles	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions
No.	SI	hort text	
369	Matrix code scanner defective		Replace matrix code scanner
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubbles	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Si	Short text			
371	Temperature sensor defective			Contact service	
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	M			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	W	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous mass</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flot</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index index ve  cy 1 cy 2 w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
372	Sensor electronics (ISEM) fault	у		1. Restart device	
	Measured variable status			2. Check if failure recurs 3. Replace sensor electr	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve acy 1 acy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text			
373	Sensor electronics (ISEM) faulty		Transfer data or reset of	levice	
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	W	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics of GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous me</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Raw value mass flo</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyn</li> </ul>	edium index index ve  cy 1 cy 2 w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic in	formation	Remedy instructions
No.	. Short text		
374	Sensor electronics (ISEM) faulty		1. Restart device
	Measured variable status [from	n the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	Check if failure recurs     Replace sensor electronic module (ISEM)
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus (	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal S	5	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables	1	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperatur</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequenter</li> <li>Raw value mass flowed saw volume flowed to signal asynthesis</li> </ul>	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
375	I/O- 1 to n communication faile	ed		1. Restart device	
	Measured variable status			2. Check if failure recurs 3. Replace module rack	s inclusive electronic modules
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous mesuspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index index ve  cy 1 cy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
378	Supply voltage ISEM faulty			onnection cable between sensor and transmitter	
	Measured variable status			2. Replace main electr 3. Replace sensor electr	
	Quality	Good			, ,
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	N	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flot</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve ucy 1 ucy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information		Remedy instructions
No.	Short text			
382	Data storage		1. Insert T-DAT	
	Measured variable status		2. Replace T-DAT	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variable	es		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	GSV flow GSV flow alternat Kinematic viscosit Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous m Suspended bubble	nedium index es index ive ncy 1 ncy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information		Remedy instructions
No.	Si	hort text		
383	Memory content		Reset device	
	Measured variable status			
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok	-	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	-	
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oscillation frequer</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>Mischaeler mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>Suspended</li></ul>		ve  dedium index s index  ve  ncy 1 ncy 2 ncy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
387	HistoROM data faulty		Contact service organiz	zation	
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	GS	SV flow SV flow alternativ inematic viscosity flass flow iil mass flow Vater mass flow inhomogeneous me uspended bubbles	edium index index ve cy 1 cy 2 w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

## 12.7.3 Diagnostic of configuration

	<b>Diagnostic</b> i	information		Remedy instructions
No.	SI	nort text		
410	Data transfer failed		1. Retry data transfer	
	Measured variable status		2. Check connection	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variable	es		
			medium index es index tive ency 1 ency 2 flow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
412	Processing download			Download active, please	e wait
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	С			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	W	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics of GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous me</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asym</li> </ul>	edium index index ve  cy 1 cy 2 w	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagno	stic information	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
431	Trim 1 to n required		Carry out trim
	Measured variable status	s	
	Quality Good  Quality substatus Ok	Good	
		Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior Warning		
	Influenced measured variables		
	_		

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
437	Configuration incompatible			1. Update firmware	
	Measured variable status			2. Execute factory reset	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	F			
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	V	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternation</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternation</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyn</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	<b>Diagnostic</b>	information		Remedy instructions	
No.	Short text				
438	Dataset different			Check dataset file	
	Measured variable status			Check device parameterization     Download new device parameterization	
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	М		_	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		_	
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	- G - G - K - N - C - V - V - II - N - N - E - E - C - C - C	Sensor electronics of SSV flow alternative SSV flow alternative SSV flow alternative Mass flow Police Mass flow Mater mass flow and the Mass flow Mater mass flow alternative SSV flow alternative Exciter current 1 accident current 2 accident frequent Scillation frequent accident frequent Mass flow Mass flow Mass flow Mass flow Mass flow Corsion signal asymptotics.	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Tedium index Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Target mass flow Carrier volume flow Target volume flow Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Volume flow Oil volume flow Water volume flow Water cut	

	Diagnos	stic information	Remedy instructions
lo.		Short text	
41	Current output 1 to n satur	rated	1. Check current output settings
	Measured variable status		2. Check process
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

	Diagno	stic information	Remedy instructions
Vo.		Short text	
42	Frequency output 1 satura	ated	1. Check frequency output settings
	Measured variable status		2. Check process
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	_		

	Diagnos	tic information	Remedy instructions
No.		Short text	
443	Pulse output 1 saturated		1. Check pulse output settings
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)		2. Check process
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnost	ic information	Remedy instructions
No.		Short text	
444	Current input 1 to n saturat	ed	1. Check current input settings
	Managered variable status [from the factory] 1)		2. Check connected device 3. Check process
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured varia	bles	
	Measured values		

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
453	Flow override active		Deactivate flow override		
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	С			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperate</li> </ul>	W Y	<ul> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous me</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequene</li> <li>Oscillation frequene</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyman</li> <li>Reference density</li> </ul>	edium index index ve cy 1 cy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic inf	formation		Remedy instructions
No.	Sho	rt text		
484	Failure mode simulation active	Failure mode simulation active		
	Measured variable status			
	Quality G	Good		
	Quality substatus O	)k		
	Coding (hex) 0	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal C	,		
	Diagnostic behavior A	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	GSV flow GSV flow alternativ Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous me Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternativ External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequen Oscillation frequen Raw value mass flo S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyne	edium index index ve cy 1 cy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	SI	Short text			
485	Process variable simulation active		Deactivate simulation		
	Measured variable status				
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	С			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperate</li> </ul>	w 7	<ul> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous medical suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyntal</li> <li>Reference density</li> </ul>	edium index index ve  cy 1 cy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions
No.	S	hort text	
486	Current input 1 to n simulation active		Deactivate simulation
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	Measured values		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions
No.	S	Short text	
491	Current output 1 to n simulation active		Deactivate simulation
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variable	les	
	-		

	Diagnos	tic information	Remedy instructions
No.		Short text	
492	Frequency output 1 to n simulation active		Deactivate simulation frequency output
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	-
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions
lo.		Short text	
93	Pulse output simulation active		Deactivate simulation pulse output
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
İ	-		

	Diagno	stic information	Remedy instructions
o.		Short text	
94	Switch output 1 to n simulation active		Deactivate simulation switch output
Ī	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
Ī	Status signal	С	
Ī	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
İ	Influenced measured variables		,
İ	-		

	Diagnosti	c information	Remedy instructions
No.		Short text	
495	Diagnostic event simulation active		Deactivate simulation
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions
	Short text	
Status input 1 to n simulation active		Deactivate simulation status input
Measured variable status		
Quality	Good	
Quality substatus	Ok	
Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
Status signal	С	
Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
Influenced measured variables		
_		
ŀ	Status input 1 to n simula  Measured variable status  Quality  Quality substatus  Coding (hex)  Status signal  Diagnostic behavior  Influenced measured variable status	Short text  Status input 1 to n simulation active  Measured variable status  Quality  Good  Quality substatus  Ok  Coding (hex)  0x80 to 0x83  Status signal  C  Diagnostic behavior  Warning  Influenced measured variables

		Short text	
		Short text	
I/O	I/O 1 to n hardware configuration invalid		1. Check I/O hardware configuration
Measured variable status			Replace wrong I/O module     Plug the module of double pulse output on correct slot
Qua	ıality	Good	
Qua	ıality substatus	Ok	
Cod	oding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
Sta	atus signal	F	
Dia	agnostic behavior	Alarm	

	Diagnosti	c information	Remedy instructions
o.		Short text	
28	Concentration calculation not possible		Out of valid range of the selected calculation algorithm
	Measured variable status		Check concentration settings     Check measured values, e.g. density or temperature
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Target volume flow</li><li>Volume flow</li></ul>

	Diagnos	tic information	Remedy instructions
No.		Short text	
529	Concentration calculation not accurate		Out of valid range of the selected calculation algorithm
	Measured variable status		Check concentration settings     Check measured values, e.g. density or temperature
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> </ul>		<ul><li>Target volume flow</li><li>Volume flow</li></ul>

	Diagnostic information		Remedy instructions
о.		Short text	
37	Configuration		1. Check IP addresses in network
	Measured variable status		2. Change IP address
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		,
İ	-		

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions
No.	:	Short text	
594	Relay output 1 to n simulation active		Deactivate simulation switch output
	Measured variable status		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	С	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

## 12.7.4 Diagnostic of process

	Diagno	stic information	Remedy instructions
No.		Short text	
803	Loop current 1 faulty		1. Check wiring
	Measured variable status		2. Change I/O module
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions		
No.	Short text				
830	Ambient temperature too high		Reduce ambient temp. around the sensor housing		
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)				
	Quality	ood			
	Quality substatus O	k			
	Coding (hex)	x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal S				
	Diagnostic behavior W	Varning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	GSV flow GSV flow alternativ Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous mass glow Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow NSV flow alternativ External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequen Oscillation frequen Raw value mass flo S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyn e (ISEM)	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 1  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut		

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	information	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
831	Ambient temperature too low		Increase ambient temp. around the sensor housing
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperate</li> </ul>	w HBSI 7 NSV flow NSV flow NSV flow alterna External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation freque Oscillation freque Raw value mass f S&W volume flow Torsion signal as	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Target mass flow Carrier volume flow Target volume flow Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Volume flow Oil volume flow Water volume flow Water cut

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

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	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
832	Electronics temperature too hig	Electronics temperature too high		Reduce ambient tempe	erature
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] <sup>1</sup>	1)		
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	S			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variable	es			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	N W	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternativ</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous mesuspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternativ</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flots</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve ucy 1 ucy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

Diagnostic information					Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
833	Electronics temperature too lo	N		Increase ambient tempe	erature
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory]	1)		
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	S			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	W	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics of GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous me</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Oscillation frequent</li> <li>Raw value mass flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyn</li> </ul>	edium index index ve	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic inf	formation	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
834	Process temperature too high		Reduce process temperature
	Measured variable status [from	the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	
	Quality	ood	
	Quality substatus O	)k	
	Coding (hex)	x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal S		
	Diagnostic behavior V	Varning	
	Influenced measured variables		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	GSV flow GSV flow alternativ Kinematic viscosity Mass flow Oil mass flow Water mass flow Inhomogeneous me Suspended bubbles HBSI NSV flow NSV flow NSV flow alternativ External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequen Oscillation frequen Raw value mass flo S&W volume flow Torsion signal asyn e (ISEM)	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Frequency fluctuation 1  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
835	Process temperature too low		Increase process temperature
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperate</li> </ul>	M HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternate External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequel Raw value mass fle S&W volume flow Torsion signal asy	Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Target mass flow Carrier volume flow Target volume flow Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Volume flow Oil volume flow Water volume flow Water cut

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic in	nformation		Remedy instructions
No.	Sh	ort text		
842	Process value below limit		1. Decrease process valu	e
	Measured variable status [fro	m the factory] 1)	Check application     Check sensor	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	_	
	Influenced measured variable	S		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	W HBSI NSV flow NSV flow alternati External pressure Exciter current 1 Exciter current 2 Oscillation frequer Raw value mass fle S&W volume flow Torsion signal asy.	nedium index s index ve ncy 1 ncy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

	Diagnostic i	nformation	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
862	Partly filled pipe		1. Check for gas in process
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)	2. Adjust detection limits
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperate</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inhomogeneous me</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> </ul>	Oil corrected volume flow     Water corrected volume flow     Target mass flow     Carrier volume flow     Target volume flow     Target volume flow     Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity     Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity     Temperature     Volume flow     Oil volume flow     Water volume flow

	Diagnostic i	information	Remedy instructions	
No.	Short text			
882	Input signal faulty		1. Check input signal parameterization	
	Measured variable status		2. Check external device 3. Check process conditions	
	Quality	Bad		
	Quality substatus	Maintenance alarm		
	Coding (hex)	0x24 to 0x27		
	Status signal	F		
	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm		
	Influenced measured variable	es		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	w • Suspended bubble	Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  Redium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity  Temperature  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Water volume flow  Water volume flow  Water cut	

	Diagno	stic information	Remedy instructions
о.		Short text	
10	Tubes not oscillating		1. If available: Check connection cable between sensor and transmitter
			2. Check or replace sensor electronic module (ISEM) 3. Check sensor
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	F	
İ	Diagnostic behavior	Alarm	
	Influenced measured variables		
	-		

	Diagnostic in	formation		Remedy instructions
No.	Short text			
912	Medium inhomogeneous		1. Check process cond.	
	Measured variable status [from	n the factory] <sup>1)</sup>	2. Increase system pressu	ıre
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus (	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperatur</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternativ</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Raw value mass flo</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyn</li> </ul>	edium index index  ve  cy 1 cy 2 w	Reference density alternative Corrected volume flow Oil corrected volume flow Water corrected volume flow Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2 Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Target mass flow Carrier volume flow Target volume flow Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity Temperature Volume flow Oil volume flow Water volume flow Water cut

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic i	nformation			Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
913	Medium unsuitable			1. Check process conditi	
	Measured variable status [fro	m the factory]	1)	2. Check electronic mod	lules or sensor
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	S			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variable	es .			
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperature</li> </ul>	v	<ul> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous me</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Raw value mass flo</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyn</li> <li>Reference density</li> </ul>	edium index index ve cy 1 cy 2	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	<b>Diagnostic</b> i	information	Remedy instructions	
No.	Short text			
915	Viscosity ouf of specification		1. Avoid 2-phase flow	
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)	Increase system pressure     Verify viscosity and density are within range	
	Quality	Good	4. Check process conditions	
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		
	Influenced measured variable	es		
	Oscillation amplitude 1     Oscillation amplitude 2     Application specific output     Application specific output     Application specific output     Application specific output     Signal asymmetry     Carrier mass flow     Carrier pipe temperature     Target corrected volume flow     Carrier corrected volume flow     Sensor index coil asymmetry     Concentration     Measured values     Oscillation damping 1     Oscillation damping 2     Density     Oscillation frequen     Water density     Oscillation frequen     Carrier corrected     Oscillation frequen     Oscillation frequen     Carrier corrected     Oscillation frequen     Oscillation frequen     Carrier corrected     Oscillation frequen     Carrier corrected     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Oscillation frequen     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Suspended bubbles     Oscillation frequen     Suspended bubbles     Suspended bubble		Reference density alternative  Corrected volume flow  Oil corrected volume flow  Water corrected volume flow  Oscillation damping fluctuation 1  Oscillation damping fluctuation 2  edium index  Frequency fluctuation 2  Target mass flow  Carrier volume flow  Target volume flow  Target volume flow  Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity  Temperature  cy 1  Volume flow  Oil volume flow  Oil volume flow	

	Diagnostic :	information	Remedy instructions
No.	Short text		
941	API/ASTM temperature out of	specificat.	Check process temperature with selected API/ASTM commodity group
	Measured variable status [fro	om the factory] 1)	2. Check API/ASTM-related parameters
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Reference density and Corrected volume flow</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Water volume flow</li><li>Water cut</li></ul>

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions	
).	. Short text			
2	, i		Check process density with selected API/ASTM commodity group	
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)		2. Check API/ASTM-related parameters	
İ	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
İ	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternati</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Corrected volume f</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Water volume flow</li><li>Water cut</li></ul>	

	Diagnostic	information	Remedy instructions	
No.	Short text			
943			1. Check process pressure with selected API commodity group	
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)		2. Check API related parameters	
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		
	Influenced measured variables			
	<ul> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternative</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternati</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Reference density a</li> <li>Corrected volume f</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Water volume flow</li><li>Water cut</li></ul>	

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

Diagnostic information			Remedy instructions
lo.	s	hort text	
44	Monitoring failed		Check process conditions for Heartbeat Monitoring
	Measured variable status [from the factory] 1)		
	Quality	Good	
	Quality substatus	Ok	
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83	
	Status signal	S	
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning	
	Influenced measured variable	es	
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> </ul>	edium index s index Oscillation damping fluctuation 1 Oscillation damping fluctuation 2 Frequency fluctuation 1 Frequency fluctuation 2 Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity

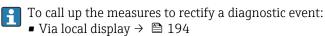
Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text			
948	Oscillation damping too high		Check process conditions	
	Measured variable status [from	n the factory] <sup>1)</sup>		
	Quality	Good		
	Quality substatus	Ok		
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83		
	Status signal	S		
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning		
	Influenced measured variables	3		
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Sensor electronics temperatur</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternative</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Raw value mass floes</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyn</li> </ul>	edium index index ove	<ul> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

1) Diagnostic behavior can be changed. This causes the overall status of the measured variable to change.

	Diagnostic information				Remedy instructions
No.	Short text				
984			Decrease ambient temperature		
			1)	2. Increase medium ter	mperature
	Quality	Good			
	Quality substatus	Ok			
	Coding (hex)	0x80 to 0x83			
	Status signal	S			
	Diagnostic behavior	Warning			
	Influenced measured variables				
	<ul> <li>Oscillation amplitude 1</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 2</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Application specific output</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier mass flow</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Target corrected volume flow</li> <li>Carrier corrected volume flow</li> <li>Sensor index coil asymmetry</li> <li>Concentration</li> <li>Measured values</li> <li>Oscillation damping 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping 2</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Oil density</li> <li>Water density</li> <li>Test point</li> <li>Dynamic viscosity</li> </ul>	V N	<ul> <li>Sensor electronics</li> <li>GSV flow</li> <li>GSV flow alternativ</li> <li>Kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Oil mass flow</li> <li>Water mass flow</li> <li>Inhomogeneous m</li> <li>Suspended bubbles</li> <li>HBSI</li> <li>NSV flow</li> <li>NSV flow alternativ</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Exciter current 1</li> <li>Exciter current 2</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Oscillation frequen</li> <li>Raw value mass flo</li> <li>S&amp;W volume flow</li> <li>Torsion signal asyr</li> </ul>	edium index s index ve  ccy 1 ccy 2 ow	<ul> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Reference density alternative</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oil corrected volume flow</li> <li>Water corrected volume flow</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 1</li> <li>Oscillation damping fluctuation 2</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 1</li> <li>Frequency fluctuation 2</li> <li>Target mass flow</li> <li>Carrier volume flow</li> <li>Target volume flow</li> <li>Temp. compensated dynamic viscosity</li> <li>Temp. compensated kinematic viscosity</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Oil volume flow</li> <li>Water volume flow</li> <li>Water cut</li> </ul>

## 12.8 Pending diagnostic events

The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

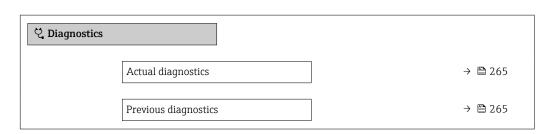


- Via web browser → 🖺 195
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 196
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🖺 196

Other pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu  $\rightarrow \stackrel{ riangle}{=} 265$ .

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu



Operating time from restart	→ 🖺 265
Operating time	→ 🖺 265

### Parameter overview with brief description

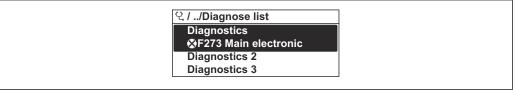
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	A diagnostic event has occurred.	Shows the current occured diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
		If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	
Previous diagnostics	Two diagnostic events have already occurred.	Shows the diagnostic event that occurred prior to the current diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
Operating time from restart	-	Shows the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)

#### 12.9 **Diagnostics list**

Up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu along with the associated diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the events with the highest priority are shown on the display.

### Navigation path

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list



Using the example of the local display



To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display → 🖺 194
- Via web browser → 🖺 195
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 196
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🖺 196

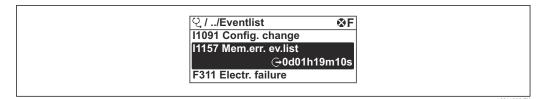
#### Event logbook 12.10

## 12.10.1 Reading out the event logbook

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the Events list submenu.

### Navigation path

**Diagnostics** menu → **Event logbook** submenu → Events list



 $\blacksquare$  41 Using the example of the local display

- A maximum of 20 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled in the device, the event list can contain up to 100 entries.

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events → 🖺 198
- Information events  $\rightarrow$  🗎 266

In addition to the operating time when the event occurred, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is finished:

- Diagnostics event
  - ①: Occurrence of the event
  - 🕒: End of the event
- Information event
  - €: Occurrence of the event
- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
  - Via local display → 

    194
  - Via web browser → 🖺 195
  - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 196
- For filtering the displayed event messages  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 266$

## 12.10.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter you can define which category of event message is displayed in the **Events list** submenu.

### Navigation path

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Event logbook  $\rightarrow$  Filter options

## Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

## 12.10.3 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name	
I1000	(Device ok)	
I1079	Sensor changed	

Info number	Info name	
I1089	Power on	
I1090	Configuration reset	
I1091	Configuration changed	
I1092	HistoROM backup deleted	
I1111	Density adjust failure	
I11280	ZeroPT verified and adjustm. recommended	
I11281	ZeroPT verif. and adjust. not recommend.	
I1137	Electronics changed	
I1151	History reset	
I1155	Reset electronics temperature	
I1156	Memory error trend	
I1157	Memory error event list	
I1209	Density adjustment ok	
I1221	Zero point adjust failure	
I1222	Zero point adjustment ok	
I1256	Display: access status changed	
I1278	I/O module restarted	
I1335	Firmware changed	
I1361	Web server: login failed	
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed	
I1398	CDI: access status changed	
I1444	Device verification passed	
I1445	Device verification failed	
I1447	Record application reference data	
I1448	Application reference data recorded	
I1449	Recording application ref. data failed	
I1450	Monitoring off	
I1451	Monitoring on	
I1457	Measurement error verification failed	
I1459	I/O module verification failed	
I1460	HBSI verification failed	
I1461	Sensor verification failed	
I1462	Sensor electronic module verific. failed	
I1512	Download started	
I1513	Download finished	
I1514	Upload started	
I1515	Upload finished	
I1618	I/O module 2 replaced	
I1619	I/O module 3 replaced	
I1621	I/O module 4 replaced	
I1622	Calibration changed	
I1624	All totalizers reset	
I1625	Write protection activated	

Info number	Info name
I1626	Write protection deactivated
I1627	Web server: login successful
I1628	Display: login successful
I1629	CDI: login successful
I1631	Web server access changed
I1632	Display: login failed
I1633	CDI: login failed
I1634	Reset to factory settings
I1635	Reset to delivery settings
I1639	Max. switch cycles number reached
I1649	Hardware write protection activated
I1650	Hardware write protection deactivated
I1712	New flash file received
I1725	Sensor electronic module (ISEM) changed
I1726	Configuration backup failed

## 12.11 Resetting the measuring device

The entire device configuration or some of the configuration can be reset to a defined state with the **Device reset** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 164$ ).

## 12.11.1 Function range of "Device reset" parameter

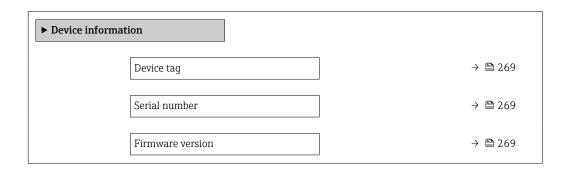
Options	Description		
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.		
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to the customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.		
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter with data stored in volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.		

## 12.12 Device information

The **Device information** submenu contains all parameters that display different information for device identification.

## Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device information



Device name	→ 🖺 269
Manufacturer	→ 🖺 269
Order code	→ 🖺 269
Extended order code 1	→ 🖺 269
Extended order code 2	→ 🖺 269
Extended order code 3	→ 🖺 270
ENP version	→ 🗎 270

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Device tag	Shows name of measuring point.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	Promass
Serial number	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.	Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.	-
Firmware version	Shows the device firmware version installed.	Character string in the format xx.yy.zz	-
Device name	Shows the name of the transmitter.  The name can be found on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Promass 300/500	-
Device name		Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	Prowirl
Manufacturer	Displays the manufacturer.	Character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters	Endress+Hauser
Order code	Shows the device order code.  The order code can be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Order code" field.	Character string composed of letters, numbers and certain punctuation marks (e.g. /).	-
Extended order code 1	Shows the 1st part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
Extended order code 2	Shows the 2nd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Extended order code 3	Shows the 3rd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
ENP version	Shows the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string	2.02.00

## 12.13 Firmware history

Release date	Firmware version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware Changes	Documentation type	Documentation
2023	01.00.zz	Option <b>61</b>	Original firmware	Operating Instructions	BA02128D/06/EN/01.21

- It is possible to flash the firmware to the current version using the service interface.
- For the compatibility of the firmware version with the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.
- The manufacturer's information is available:
  - $\blacksquare$  In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com  $\rightarrow$  Downloads
  - Specify the following details:
    - Product root: e.g. 8P5B
       The product root is the first part of the order code: see the nameplate on the device.
    - Text search: Manufacturer's information
    - Media type: Documentation Technical Documentation

## 13 Maintenance

## 13.1 Maintenance work

No special maintenance work is required.

## 13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

## 13.1.2 Internal cleaning

Observe the following points for CIP and SIP cleaning:

- Use only cleaning agents to which the process-wetted materials are adequately resistant.
- $\ \ \, \bullet \,$  Observe the maximum permitted medium temperature for the measuring device .

Observe the following point for cleaning with pigs:

Observe the inside diameter of the measuring tube and process connection.

## 13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a variety of measuring and testing equipment, such as Netilion or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

List of some of the measuring and testing equipment:  $\rightarrow \triangleq 276$ 

## 13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

## 14 Repair

## 14.1 General notes

## 14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring devices have a modular design.
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated Installation Instructions.
- Repairs are carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers.
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified devices by Endress+Hauser Service or at the factory.

## 14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion

For repair and conversion of a measuring device, observe the following notes:

- ▶ Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- ► Carry out the repair according to the Installation Instructions.
- ▶ Observe the applicable standards, federal/national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates.
- ▶ Document all repairs and conversions and enter the details in Netilion Analytics.

## 14.2 Spare parts

Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer):

All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.

- Measuring device serial number:
  - Is located on the nameplate of the device.

### 14.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

## 14.4 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the web page for information: https://www.endress.com/support/return-material
  - ► Select the region.
- 2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

#### 14.5 **Disposal**



If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

#### 14.5.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

### **WARNING**

## Danger to persons from process conditions!

- ▶ Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive media.
- 2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

#### 14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device

### **▲** WARNING

### Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

▶ Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- ▶ Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

## 15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

## 15.1 Device-specific accessories

## 15.1.1 For the transmitter

Accessories	Description		
Transmitter Proline 500 – digital Proline 500	Transmitter for replacement or storage. Use the order code to define the following specifications:  Approvals  Output  Input  Display/operation  Housing  Software  Proline 500 – digital transmitter: Order number: 8X5BXX-********  Proline 500 transmitter: Order number: 8X5BXX-*******  Proline 500 transmitter: Order number: 8X5BXX-*******  Proline 500 transmitter for replacement: It is essential to specify the serial number of the current transmitter when ordering. On the basis of the serial number, the device-specific data (e.g. calibration factors) of the replaced device can be used for the new transmitter.  Proline 500 – digital transmitter: Installation Instructions EA01151D  Proline 500 transmitter: Installation Instructions EA01152D		
External WLAN antenna	External WLAN antenna with 1.5 m (59.1 in) connecting cable and two angle brackets. Order code for "Accessory enclosed", option P8 "Wireless antenna wide area".  ■ The external WLAN antenna is not suitable for use in hygienic applications.  ■ Additional information regarding the WLAN interface →   ■ 88.  ■ Order number: 71351317  ■ Installation Instructions EA01238D		
Pipe mounting set	Pipe mounting set for transmitter.  Proline 500 – digital transmitter Order number: 71346427  Installation Instructions EA01195D  Proline 500 transmitter Order number: 71346428		
Weather protection cover Transmitter Proline 500 – digital Proline 500	Is used to protect the measuring device from the effects of the weather: e.g. rainwater, excess heating from direct sunlight.  • Proline 500 – digital transmitter Order number: 71343504  • Proline 500 transmitter Order number: 71343505  Installation Instructions EA01191D		

Display guard Proline 500 – digital	Is used to protect the display against impact or scoring, for example from sand in desert areas.  Order number: 71228792  Installation Instructions EA01093D
Connecting cable Proline 500 – digital Sensor – Transmitter	The connecting cable can be ordered directly with the measuring device (order code for "Cable, sensor connection) or as an accessory (order number DK8012).
	The following cable lengths are available: order code for "Cable, sensor connection"  Option B: 20 m (65 ft)  Option E: User-configurable up to max. 50 m  Option F: User-configurable up to max. 165 ft
	Maximum possible cable length for a Proline 500 – digital connecting cable: 300 m (1000 ft)
Connecting cables Proline 500	The connecting cable can be ordered directly with the measuring device (order code for "Cable, sensor connection") or as an accessory (order number DK8012).
Sensor – Transmitter	The following cable lengths are available: order code for "Cable, sensor connection"  Option 1: 5 m (16 ft)  Option 2: 10 m (32 ft)  Option 3: 20 m (65 ft)
	Possible cable length for a Proline 500 connecting cable: max. 20 m (65 ft)

## 15.1.2 For the sensor

Accessories	Description	
Heating jacket	Is used to stabilize the temperature of the fluids in the sensor. Water, water vapo and other non-corrosive liquids are permitted for use as fluids.	
	If using oil as a heating medium, please consult with Endress+Hauser.	
	Use the order code with the product root DK8003.	
	Special Documentation SD02160D	

# 15.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Fieldgate FXA42	Transmission of the measured values of connected 4 to 20 mA analog measuring instruments, as well as digital measuring instruments
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01297S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA01778S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/fxa42</li> </ul>
Field Xpert SMT50	The Field Xpert SMT50 tablet PC for device configuration enables mobile plant asset management in the non-hazardous areas. It is suitable for commissioning and maintenance staff to manage field instruments with a digital communication interface and to record progress.  This tablet PC is designed as an all-in-one solution with a preinstalled driver library and is an easy-to-use, touch-sensitive tool which can be used to manage field instruments throughout their entire life cycle.
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01555S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA02053S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/smt50</li> </ul>

Field Xpert SMT70	The Field Xpert SMT70 tablet PC for device configuration enables mobile plant asset management in hazardous and non-hazardous areas. It is suitable for commissioning and maintenance staff to manage field instruments with a digital communication interface and to record progress.  This tablet PC is designed as an all-in-one solution with a preinstalled driver library and is an easy-to-use, touch-sensitive tool which can be used to manage the field instruments throughout their entire life cycle.
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01342S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA01709S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/smt70</li> </ul>
Field Xpert SMT77	The Field Xpert SMT77 tablet PC for device configuration enables mobile plant asset management in areas categorized as Ex Zone 1.
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01418S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA01923S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/smt77</li> </ul>

# 15.3 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring instruments:  Choice of measuring instruments for industrial requirements  Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and measurement accuracy.  Graphic display of the calculation results  Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.  Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator
Netilion	lloT ecosystem: Unlock knowledge With the Netilion IIoT ecosystem,Endress+Hauser allows you to optimize your plant performance, digitize workflows, share knowledge, and enhance collaboration. Drawing upon decades of experience in process automation, Endress+Hauser offers the process industry an IIoT ecosystem designed to effortlessly extract insights from data. These insights allow process optimization, leading to increased plant availability, efficiency, and reliability - ultimately resulting in a more profitable plant.  www.netilion.endress.com
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all intelligent field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.  Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
DeviceCare	Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.  Innovation brochure IN01047S

# 15.4 System components

Accessories	Description	
Memograph M graphic data manager	The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.	
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI00133R</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA00247R</li> </ul>	
Cerabar M	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value.	
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI00426P and TI00436P</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA00200P and BA00382P</li> </ul>	
Cerabar S	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value.  • Technical Information TI00383P	
	<ul> <li>Technical Information 1100383P</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA00271P</li> </ul>	
iTEMP	The temperature transmitters can be used in all applications and are suitable for the measurement of gases, steam and liquids. They can be used to read in the medium temperature.	
	"Fields of Activity" document FA00006T	

## 16 Technical data

## 16.1 Application

The measuring device is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

## 16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Mass flow measurement based on the Coriolis measuring principle	
Measuring system	The measuring system consists of a transmitter and a sensor. The transmitter and sensor are mounted in physically separate locations. They are interconnected by connecting cables.	
	For information on the structure of the measuring instrument $\rightarrow \implies 13$	

## **16.3** Input

#### Measured variable

#### Direct measured variables

- Mass flow
- Density
- Temperature

#### Calculated measured variables

- Volume flow
- Corrected volume flow
- Reference density

### Measuring range

### Measuring range for liquids

DN		Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
8	3/8	0 to 2 000	0 to 73.50
15	1/2	0 to 6 500	0 to 238.9
25	1	0 to 18 000	0 to 661.5
40	1½	0 to 45 000	0 to 1654
50	2	0 to 70 000	0 to 2 573

## Recommended measuring range



## Operable flow range

Over 1000:1.

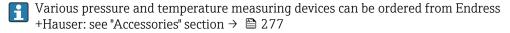
Flow rates above the preset full scale value do not override the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.

### Input signal

### External measured values

To increase the measurement accuracy of certain measured variables, the automation system can continuously write various measured values to the measuring instrument:

- Operating pressure to increase measurement accuracy (Endress+Hauser recommends the use of a pressure measuring device for absolute pressure, e.g. Cerabar M or Cerabar
- Medium temperature to increase measurement accuracy (e.g. iTEMP)



## Current input

The measured values are written from the automation system to the measuring device via the current input  $\Rightarrow \triangleq 280$ .

### Digital communication

The measured values are written by the automation system via PROFINET over Ethernet-APL.

## Current input 0/4 to 20 mA

Current input	0/4 to 20 mA (active/passive)
Current span	<ul> <li>4 to 20 mA (active)</li> <li>0/4 to 20 mA (passive)</li> </ul>
Resolution	1 μΑ
Voltage drop	Typically: 0.6 to 2 V for 3.6 to 22 mA (passive)
Maximum input voltage	≤ 30 V (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	≤ 28.8 V (active)
Possible input variables	<ul><li>Pressure</li><li>Temperature</li><li>Density</li></ul>

## Status input

Maximum input values	■ DC −3 to 30 V ■ If status input is active (ON): R <sub>i</sub> >3 kΩ
Response time	Configurable: 5 to 200 ms
Input signal level	<ul> <li>Low signal: DC -3 to +5 V</li> <li>High signal: DC 12 to 30 V</li> </ul>
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Reset the individual totalizers separately</li> <li>Reset all totalizers</li> <li>Flow override</li> </ul>

# 16.4 Output

## Output signal

## PROFINET with Ethernet-APL

Device use	Device connection to an APL field switch
	The device may only be operated according to the following APL port
	classifications:
	■ If used in hazardous areas: SLAA or SLAC <sup>1)</sup>
	If used in non-hazardous areas: SLAX
	Connection values of APL field switch (corresponds to APL port classification SPCC or SPAA, for instance):
	<ul> <li>Maximum input voltage: 15 V<sub>DC</sub></li> <li>Minimum output values: 0.54 W</li> </ul>
	Device connection to an SPE switch
	<ul> <li>In non-hazardous areas, the device can be used with an appropriate SPE switch: The device can be connected to an SPE switch with a maximum voltage of 30 V<sub>DC</sub> and a minimum output power of 1.85 W connected.</li> <li>The SPE switch must support the 10BASE-T1L standard and PoDL power classes 10, 11 or 12 and have a function to disable power class detection.</li> </ul>
PROFINET	According to IEC 61158 and IEC 61784
Ethernet-APL	According to IEEE 802.3cg, APL port profile specification v1.0, galvanically isolated
Data transmission	10 Mbit/s
Current consumption	Transmitter
•	■ Max. 400 mA(24 V)
	■ Max. 200 mA (110 V, 50/60 Hz; 230 V, 50/60 Hz)
Permitted supply voltage	9 to 30 V
Network connection	With integrated reverse polarity protection

<sup>1)</sup> For more information on using the device in the hazardous area, see the Ex-specific Safety Instructions

## Current output 4 to 20 mA

Signal mode	Can be set to: Active Passive
Current range	Can be set to:  4 to 20 mA NAMUR  4 to 20 mA US  4 to 20 mA  0 to 20 mA  for index is active)  Fixed current
Maximum output values	22.5 mA
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Maximum input voltage	DC 30 V (passive)
Load	0 to 700 $\Omega$
Resolution	0.38 μΑ

Damping	Configurable: 0 to 999.9 s
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Electronics temperature</li> <li>Oscillation frequency 0</li> <li>Oscillation damping 0</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Exciter current 0</li> </ul>
	The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

## Pulse/frequency/switch output

Function	Can be configured as pulse, frequency or switch output
Version	Open collector  Can be set to:  Active  Passive  Passive NAMUR  Ex-i, passive
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Voltage drop	For 22.5 mA: ≤ DC 2 V
Pulse output	
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Maximum output current	22.5 mA (active)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Pulse width	Configurable: 0.05 to 2 000 ms
Maximum pulse rate	10 000 Impulse/s
Pulse value	Configurable
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>
Frequency output	
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Maximum output current	22.5 mA (active)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Output frequency	Configurable: end value frequency 2 to $10000Hz(f_{max}=12500Hz)$
Damping	Configurable: 0 to 999.9 s
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1

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Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Electronics temperature</li> <li>Oscillation frequency 0</li> <li>Oscillation damping 0</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Exciter current 0</li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>
Switch output	
Maximum input values	DC 30 V, 250 mA (passive)
Open-circuit voltage	DC 28.8 V (active)
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive
Switching delay	Configurable: 0 to 100 s
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Disable</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1-3</li> <li>Flow direction monitoring</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Partially filled pipe detection</li> <li>Low flow cut off</li> <li>The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.</li> </ul>

## Relay output

Function	Switch output
Version	Relay output, galvanically isolated
Switching behavior	Can be set to: NO (normally open), factory setting NC (normally closed)

Maximum switching capacity (passive)	■ DC 30 V, 0.1 A ■ AC 30 V, 0.5 A
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Disable</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1-3</li> <li>Flow direction monitoring</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Partially filled pipe detection</li> <li>Low flow cut off</li> </ul>
	The range of options increases if the measuring device has one or more application packages.

## User-configurable input/output

**One** specific input or output is assigned to a user-configurable input/output (configurable I/O) during device commissioning.

The following inputs and outputs are available for assignment:

- Choice of current output: 4 to 20 mA (active), 0/4 to 20 mA (passive)
- Pulse/frequency/switch output
- Choice of current input: 4 to 20 mA (active), 0/4 to 20 mA (passive)
- Status input

Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

### **PROFINET with Ethernet-APL**

Device diagnostics	Diagnostics according to PROFINET PA Profile 4
--------------------	--

## Current output 0/4 to 20 mA

### 4 to 20 mA

Failure mode	Choose from:  4 to 20 mA in accordance with NAMUR recommendation NE 43  4 to 20 mA in accordance with US
	<ul> <li>4 to 20 link in accordance with 03</li> <li>Min. value: 3.59 mA</li> <li>Max. value: 22.5 mA</li> <li>Definable value between: 3.59 to 22.5 mA</li> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Last valid value</li> </ul>

### 0 to 20 mA

Failure mode	Choose from:
	■ Maximum alarm: 22 mA
	■ Definable value between: 0 to 20.5 mA

## Pulse/frequency/switch output

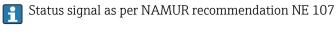
Pulse output	Pulse output		
Fault mode	Choose from:  Actual value  No pulses		
Frequency output			
Fault mode	Choose from:  Actual value  O Hz  Definable value between: 2 to 12 500 Hz		
Switch output			
Fault mode	Choose from:  Current status  Open Closed		

## Relay output

Failure mode	Choose from:
	Current status
	■ Open
	■ Closed

## Local display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
Backlight	Red lighting indicates a device error.



## Interface/protocol

- Via digital communication: PROFINET with Ethernet-APL
- Via service interface
  - CDI-RJ45 service interface
  - WLAN interface

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
--------------------	---

## Web browser

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
--------------------	---

## Light emitting diodes (LED)

Status information	Status indicated by various light emitting diodes
	The following information is displayed depending on the device version:  Supply voltage active
	Data transmission active
	<ul> <li>Device alarm/error has occurred</li> <li>PROFINET network available</li> </ul>
	PROFINET inetwork available     PROFINET connection established
	<ul> <li>PROFINET blinking feature</li> </ul>
	Diagnostic information via light emitting diodes → 🖺 188

Low flow cut off

The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.

Galvanic isolation

The outputs are galvanically isolated:

- from the power supply
- from one another
- from the potential equalization (PE) terminal

## Protocol-specific data

Protocol	Application layer protocol for decentral device periphery and distributed automation, Version 2.43	
Communication type	Ethernet Advanced Physical Layer 10BASE-T1L	
Conformance Class	Conformance Class B (PA)	
Netload Class	PROFINET Netload Robustness Class 2 10 Mbit/s	
Baud rates	10 Mbit/s Full-duplex	
Cycle times	64 ms	
Polarity	Automatic correction of crossed "APL signal +" and "APL signal -" signal lines	
Media Redundancy Protocol (MRP)	Not possible (point-to-point connection to APL field switch)	
System redundancy support	System redundancy S2 (2 AR with 1 NAP)	
Device profile	PROFINET PA profile 4 (Application interface identifier API: 0x9700)	
Manufacturer ID	17	
Device type ID	0xA43B	
Device description files (GSD, DTM, FDI)	Information and files available at:  ■ www.endress.com → Downloads section  ■ www.profibus.com	
Supported connections	<ul> <li>2x AR (IO Controller AR)</li> <li>2x AR (IO Supervisor Device AR connection allowed)</li> </ul>	
Configuration options for measuring device	<ul> <li>DIP switches on the electronics module, for device name assignment (last part)</li> <li>Asset management software (FieldCare, DeviceCare, Field Xpert)</li> <li>Integrated Web server via Web browser and IP address</li> <li>Device master file (GSD), can be read out via the integrated Web server of the measuring device.</li> <li>Onsite operation</li> </ul>	
Configuration of the device name	<ul> <li>DIP switches on the electronics module, for device name assignment (last part)</li> <li>DCP protocol</li> <li>Asset management software (FieldCare, DeviceCare, Field Xpert)</li> <li>Integrated Web server</li> </ul>	

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Supported functions	<ul> <li>Identification &amp; Maintenance, simple device identifier via:</li> <li>Control system</li> <li>Nameplate</li> <li>Measured value status         The process variables are communicated with a measured value status     </li> <li>Blinking feature via the local display for simple device identification and assignment</li> <li>Device operation via asset management software (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare, SIMATIC PDM with FDI package)</li> </ul>	
System integration	Information regarding system integration .  Cyclic data transmission Overview and description of the modules Status coding Factory setting	

## 16.5 Power supply

Terminal assignment	→ 🖺 38		
Available device plugs	→ 🖺 38		
Available device plugs	→ 🖺 39		

## Supply voltage

Order code "Power supply"	Terminal voltage		Frequency range
Option <b>D</b>	DC 24 V	±20%	_
Option <b>E</b>	AC 100 to 240 V	-15+10%	50/60 Hz
Option I	DC 24 V	±20%	-
Орцоп 1	AC 100 to 240 V	-15+10%	50/60 Hz

## Power consumption

## Transmitter

Max. 10 W (active power)

switch-on current	Max. 36 A (<5 ms) as per NAMUR Recommendation NE 21
-------------------	---

## Current consumption

## Transmitter

- Max. 400 mA (24 V)
- Max. 200 mA (110 V, 50/60 Hz; 230 V, 50/60 Hz)

### Power supply failure

- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Depending on the device version, the configuration is retained in the device memory or in the pluggable data memory (HistoROM DAT).
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

# Overcurrent protection element

The device must be operated with a dedicated circuit breaker, as it does not have an ON/OFF switch of its own.

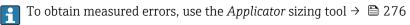
- The circuit breaker must be easy to reach and labeled accordingly.
- Permitted nominal current of the circuit breaker: 2 A up to maximum 10 A.

	. 5		
Electrical connection	■ → 🗎 41		
	■ → 🖺 50		
Potential equalization	→ 🗎 57		
Terminals	Spring-loaded terminals: Suitable for strands and strands with ferrules. Conductor cross-section 0.2 to 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (24 to 12 AWG).		
Cable entries	<ul> <li>Cable gland: M20 × 1.5 with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)</li> <li>Thread for cable entry:         <ul> <li>NPT ½"</li> <li>G½"</li> <li>M20</li> </ul> </li> <li>Device plug for connecting cable: M12         <ul> <li>A device plug is always used for the device version with the order code for "Sensor connection housing", option C "Ultra-compact, hygienic, stainless".</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Cable specification	→ 🖺 34		
Overvoltage protection	Mains voltage fluctuations	→ 🗎 287	
	Overvoltage category	Overvoltage category II	
	Short-term, temporary overvoltage	Between cable and ground up to 1200 V, for max. 5 s	
	Long-term, temporary overvoltage	Between cable and ground up to 500 V	

## 16.6 Performance characteristics

# Reference operating conditions

- Error limits based on ISO 11631
- Water
- +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F)
- 2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)
- Data as indicated in the calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs according to ISO 17025



# Maximum measurement error

o.r. = of reading;  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature

### Base accuracy

🎦 Design fundamentals → 🖺 291

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)  $\pm 0.10$  % o.r.

# Density (liquids)

Under reference conditions	Standard density calibration 1)	Wide-range Density specification <sup>2) 3)</sup>
[g/cm³]	[g/cm³]	[g/cm³]
±0.0005	±0.01	±0.002

- 1) Valid over the entire temperature and density range
- Valid range for special density calibration: 0 to 2  $g/cm^3$ , +10 to +80 °C (+50 to +176 °F)
- 3) order code for "Application package", option EE "Special density"

# Temperature

 $\pm 0.5~^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T}~^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\pm 0.9~^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 0.003 \cdot (\text{T} - 32)~^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

# Zero point stability

D	N	Zero point stability		
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]	
8	3/8	0.20	0.007	
15	1/2	0.65	0.024	
25	1	1.80	0.066	
40	1½	4.50	0.165	
50	2	7.0	0.257	

# Flow values

Flow values as turndown parameters depending on nominal diameter.

#### SI units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
8	2 000	200	100	40	20	4
15	6 500	650	325	130	65	13
25	18 000	1800	900	360	180	36
40	45 000	4500	2 250	900	450	90
50	70 000	7 000	3 500	1 400	700	140

#### US units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[inch]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]
3/8	73.50	7.350	3.675	1.470	0.735	0.147
1/2	238.9	23.89	11.95	4.778	2.389	0.478
1	661.5	66.15	33.08	13.23	6.615	1.323
11/2	1654	165.4	82.70	33.08	16.54	3.308
2	2 5 7 3	257.3	128.7	51.46	25.73	5.146

# Accuracy of outputs

The outputs have the following base accuracy specifications.

Current output

Accuracy	±5 μA		
----------	-------	--	--

Pulse/frequency output

o.r. = of reading

Accuracy	Max. ±50 ppm o.r. (over the entire ambient temperature range)
----------	---

#### Repeatability

o.r. = of reading;  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature

#### Base repeatability



Design fundamentals  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  291

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)

±0.05 % o.r.

Density (liquids)

 $\pm 0.00025 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

**Temperature** 

 $\pm 0.25$  °C  $\pm 0.0025$  · T °C ( $\pm 0.45$  °F  $\pm 0.0015$  · (T-32) °F)

#### Response time

The response time depends on the configuration (damping).

# Influence of ambient temperature

#### **Current output**

Temperature coefficient	Max. 1 μA/°C
-------------------------	--------------

### Pulse/frequency output

Temperature coefficient	No additional effect. Included in accuracy.
-------------------------	---

# Influence of medium temperature

### Mass flow

o.f.s. = of full scale value

If there is a difference between the temperature during zero adjustment and the process temperature, the additional measurement error of the sensors is typically  $\pm 0.0002$  %o.f.s./°C ( $\pm 0.0001$  % o.f.s./°F).

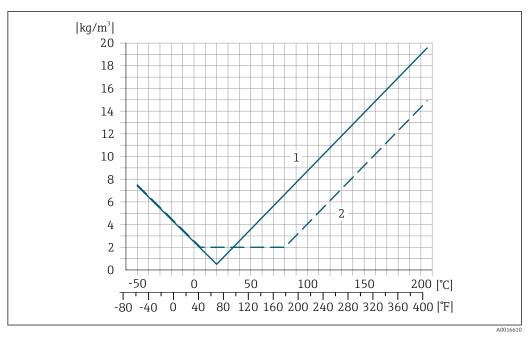
The influence is reduced when the zero adjustment is performed at process temperature.

# **Density**

If there is a difference between the density calibration temperature and the process temperature, the measurement error of the sensors is typically  $\pm 0.0001 \text{ g/cm}^3/^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $\pm 0.00005 \text{ g/cm}^3/^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). Field density adjustment is possible.

# Wide-range density specification (special density calibration)

If the process temperature is outside the valid range ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 288$ ) the measurement error is  $\pm 0.0001 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ /°C } (\pm 0.00005 \text{ g/cm}^3 \text{ /°F})$ 



- Field density adjustment, for example at +20 °C (+68 °F)
- 2 Special density calibration

#### Temperature

 $\pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.005 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

# Influence of medium pressure

The following shows how the process pressure (gauge pressure) affects the accuracy of the mass flow.

o.r. = of reading



It is possible to compensate for the effect by:

- Reading in the current pressure measured value via the current input or a digital
- Specifying a fixed value for the pressure in the device parameters.



Operating Instructions.

DN		[% o.r./bar]	[% o.r./psi]
[mm]	[in]		
8	3/8	-0.002	-0.0001
15	1/2	-0.006	-0.0004
25	1	-0.005	-0.0003
40	1½	-0.007	-0.0005
50	2	-0.006	-0.0004

Design fundamentals

o.r. = of reading, o.f.s. = of full scale value

BaseAccu = base accuracy in % o.r., BaseRepeat = base repeatability in % o.r.

MeasValue = measured value; ZeroPoint = zero point stability

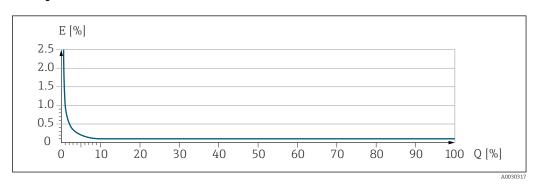
# Calculation of the maximum measured error as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum measured error in % o.r.
$\geq \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$	± BaseAccu
A0021332	AUGELIJI
$< \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$	± ZeroPoint MeasValue · 100
A0021333	A0021334

# Calculation of the maximum repeatability as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum repeatability in % o.r.
$\geq \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseRepeat} \cdot 100$	± BaseRepeat
A0021335	A0021340
$<\frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseRepeat} \cdot 100$	$\pm \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{MeasValue}} \cdot 100$
A0021336	A0021337

#### Example of maximum measurement error



- E Maximum measurement error in % o.r. (example)
- Q Flow rate in % of maximum full scale value

# 16.7 Mounting

Mounting requirements

→ 🖺 21

# 16.8 Environment

Ambient temperature range

→ 🖺 24

#### Temperature tables

- Observe the interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid temperatures when operating the device in hazardous areas.
- For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

Storage temperature

Climate class	DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)					
Relative humidity	The device is suitable for use outdoors and indoors with a relative humidity of 4 to 95 %.					
Operating height	According to EN 61010-1  ■ ≤ 2 000 m (6 562 ft)  > 2 000 m (6 562 ft) with additional overvoltage protection (e.g. Endress+Hauser HAW Series)					
Degree of protection	Transmitter					
	<ul> <li>IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4</li> <li>When the housing is open: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2</li> <li>Display module: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2</li> </ul>					
	Sensor					
	<ul> <li>IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4</li> <li>When the housing is open: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2</li> </ul>					
	Optional					
	Order code for "Sensor options", option CM "IP69					
	External WLAN antenna					
	IP67					
Shock and vibration	Vibration sinusoidal, in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6					
resistance	Sensor					

- 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak
- 8.4 to 2 000 Hz, 1 g peak

#### Transmitter

- 2 to 8.4 Hz, 7.5 mm peak
- 8.4 to 2000 Hz, 2 g peak

# Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64

### Sensor

- 10 to 200 Hz,  $0.003 \text{ g}^2/\text{Hz}$
- $\bullet$  200 to 2000 Hz, 0.001  $g^2/Hz$
- Total: 1.54 g rms

# Transmitter

- 10 to 200 Hz,  $0.01 \text{ g}^2/\text{Hz}$
- $\bullet$  200 to 2000 Hz, 0.003 g<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- Total: 2.70 g rms

# Shock half-sine, according to IEC 60068-2-27

- Sensor
  - 6 ms 30 q
- Transmitter 6 ms 50 g

# Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31

#### Internal cleaning

- CIP cleaning
- SIP cleaning
- Cleaning with pigs

Oil- and grease-free version for wetted parts, without declaration Order code for "Service", option HA<sup>3)</sup>

#### Mechanical load

Transmitter housing and sensor connection housing:

- Protect against mechanical effects, such as shock or impact
- Do not use as a ladder or climbing aid

#### Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)



Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity.



This unit is not intended for use in residential environments and cannot quarantee adequate protection of the radio reception in such environments.

#### 16.9 **Process**

#### Medium temperature range

Standard version	−50 to +150 °C (−58 to +302 °F)	Order code for "Measuring tube mat., wetted surface", option BB, BC, BD
Extended temperature version	−50 to +205 °C (−58 to +401 °F)	Order code for "Measuring tube mat., wetted surface", option TD, TG

#### Pressure-temperature ratings



For an overview of the pressure-temperature ratings for the process connections, see the Technical Information

#### Sensor housing

The sensor housing is filled with dry nitrogen gas and protects the electronics and mechanics inside.



If a measuring tube fails (e.g. due to process characteristics like corrosive or abrasive fluids), the fluid will initially be contained by the sensor housing.

If the sensor is to be purged with gas (gas detection), it should be equipped with purge connections.



Do not open the purge connections unless the containment can be filled immediately with a dry, inert gas. Use only low pressure to purge.

Maximum pressure: 5 bar (72.5 psi)

#### Burst pressure of the sensor housing

The following sensor housing burst pressures are only valid for standard devices and/or devices equipped with closed purge connections (not opened/as delivered).

If a device fitted with purge connections (order code for "Sensor option", option CH "Purge connection") is connected to the purge system, the maximum pressure is determined by the purge system itself or by the device, depending on which component has the lower pressure classification.

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The cleaning refers to the measuring instrument only. Any accessories supplied are not cleaned.

The sensor housing burst pressure refers to a typical internal pressure which is reached prior to mechanical failure of the sensor housing and which was determined during type testing. The corresponding type test declaration can be ordered with the device (order code for "Additional approval", option LN "Sensor housing burst pressure, type test").

DN		Sensor housing burst pressure	
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[psi]
8	3/8	190	2755
15	1/2	175	2 538
25	1	165	2 3 9 2
40	1½	152	2204
50	2	103	1494

For information on the dimensions: see the "Mechanical construction" section of the "Technical Information" document

#### Flow limit

Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss.

- The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value
- In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal
- A low full scale value must be selected for abrasive media (such as liquids with entrained solids): flow velocity < 1 m/s (< 3 ft/s).
- To calculate the flow limit, use the *Applicator* sizing tool  $\rightarrow \triangle 276$

Pressure loss



To calculate the pressure loss, use the *Applicator* sizing tool  $\rightarrow \triangle 276$ 

System pressure

→ 🖺 24

# 16.10 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions



For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

# Weight

All values (weight exclusive of packaging material) refer to devices with EN/DIN PN 40 flanges.

#### Transmitter

- Proline 500 digital polycarbonate: 1.4 kg (3.1 lbs)
- Proline 500 digital aluminum: 2.4 kg (5.3 lbs)
- Proline 500 aluminum: 6.5 kg (14.3 lbs)

#### Sensor

Sensor with aluminum connection housing version:

#### Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
8	12
15	14
25	20
40	36
50	59

#### Weight in US units

DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
3/8	26
1/2	31
1	44
1½	79
2	130

#### Materials

#### Transmitter housing

Housing of Proline 500 - digital transmitter

Order code for "Transmitter housing":

- Option A "Aluminum coated": aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- $\blacksquare$  Option D "Polycarbonate": polycarbonate

Housing of Proline 500 transmitter

Order code for "Transmitter housing":

Option A "Aluminum coated": aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated

Window material

Order code for "Transmitter housing":

- Option A "Aluminum, coated": glass
- Option **D** "Polycarbonate": plastic

Fastening components for mounting on a post

- Screws, threaded bolts, washers, nuts: stainless A2 (chrome-nickel steel)
- Metal plates: stainless steel, 1.4301 (304)

#### Sensor connection housing

Order code for "Sensor connection housing":

- Option A "Aluminum coated": aluminum, AlSi10Mq, coated
- Option **B** "Stainless":
  - Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
  - Optional: Order code for "Sensor feature", option CC "Hygienic version, for maximum corrosion resistance": stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)
- Option **C** "Ultra-compact, stainless":
  - Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)
  - Optional: Order code for "Sensor feature", option **CC** "Hygienic version, for maximum corrosion resistance": stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

#### Cable entries/cable glands

Cable entries and adapters	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	Plastic
<ul> <li>Adapter for cable entry with female thread G ½"</li> <li>Adapter for cable entry with female thread NPT ½"</li> </ul>	Nickel-plated brass
Only available for certain device versions: Order code for "Transmitter housing": Option A "Aluminum, coated" Option D "Polycarbonate" Order code for "Sensor connection housing": Proline 500 – digital: Option A "Aluminum coated" Option B "Stainless" Proline 500: Option B "Stainless"	

# Connecting cables



UV rays can impair the cable outer sheath. Protect the cable from exposure to sun as much as possible.

Connecting cable for sensor - Proline 500 – digital transmitter

PVC cable with copper shield

Connecting cable for sensor - Proline 500 transmitter

- PVC cable with copper shield
- Devices with order code for "Test, certificate", option JQ: PUR with copper shield

#### Sensor housing

- Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
- Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

#### Measuring tubes

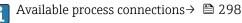
Stainless steel, 1.4435 BN2 (316L)

#### **Process connections**

■ Flanges according to EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) / according to ASME B16.5 / according to IIS B2220:

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (F316/F316L)

 All other process connections: Stainless steel, 1.4435 BN2 (316L)



#### Seals

Welded process connections without internal seals

#### Accessories

Protective cover

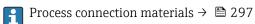
Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

#### External WLAN antenna

- Antenna: ASA plastic (acrylonitrile styrene acrylate) and nickel-plated brass
- Adapter: Stainless steel and nickel-plated brass
- Cable: Polyethylene
- Plug: Nickel-plated brass
- Angle bracket: Stainless steel

#### Process connections

- Fixed flange connections:
  - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) flange
  - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2512N) flange
  - ASME B16.5 flange
  - JIS B2220 flange
  - DIN 11864-2 Form A flange, DIN 11866 series A, flange with notch
  - BBS flange small (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series A, female
  - BBS flange small (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series B, female
- Clamp connections:
  - Tri-Clamp (OD tubes), DIN 11866 series C
  - DIN 11864-3 Form A clamp, DIN 11866 series A, with notch
  - DIN 32676 clamp, DIN 11866 series A
  - ISO 2852 clamp, ISO 2037
  - ISO 2852 clamp, DIN 11866 series B
  - BBS Quick-Connect (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series A, female
  - BBS Quick-Connect (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series B, female
  - Neumo BioConnect clamp, DIN 11866 series A, clamp form R
- Eccentric clamp connections:
  - Eccen. Tri-Clamp, DIN 11866 series C
  - DIN 11864-3 Form A clamp, DIN 11866 series A, with notch
  - DIN 32676 clamp, DIN 11866 series A
  - ISO 2852 clamp, DIN 11866 series B
  - BBS Quick-Connect (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series A, female
  - BBS Quick-Connect (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series B, female
  - Neumo BioConnect clamp, DIN 11866 series A, clamp form R
- Thread:
  - DIN 11851 thread, DIN 11866 series A
  - SMS 1145 thread
  - ISO 2853 thread, ISO 2037
  - DIN 11864-1 Form A thread, DIN 11866 series A
  - BBS thread (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series A
  - BBS thread (sterile orbital), DIN 11866 series B



#### Surface roughness

All data refer to parts in contact with the medium.

The following surface roughness categories can be ordered:

Category	Method	Option(s) order code "Measuring tube mat., wetted surface"
Ra $\leq$ 0.76 µm (30 µin) 1)	Mechanically polished	BB, TD
Ra $\leq$ 0.38 $\mu$ m (15 $\mu$ in) 1)	Mechanical and electropolished	BC, TG

1) Ra according to ISO 21920

# 16.11 User interface

#### Languages

Can be operated in the following languages:

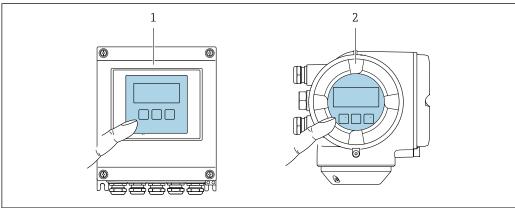
- Via local operation
   English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish,
   Chinese, Japanese, Korean, Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish
- Via web browser
   English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Turkish,
   Chinese, Japanese, Vietnamese, Czech, Swedish
- Via "FieldCare", "DeviceCare" operating tool: English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese

# Onsite operation

#### Via display module

#### Features:

- Order code for "Display; operation", option F "4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control"
- Order code for "Display; operation", option G "4-line, illuminated, graphic display; touch control + WLAN"
- 🚹 Information about WLAN interface → 🖺 88



A002823

■ 42 Operation with touch control

- 1 Proline 500 digital
- 2 Proline 500

#### Display elements

- 4-line, illuminated, graphic display
- White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured

#### Operating elements

- External operation via touch control (3 optical keys) without opening the housing:  $\boxdot$ ,  $\boxdot$ ,
- Operating elements also accessible in the various zones of the hazardous area

Remote operation  $\rightarrow \ \ \,$  87

Service interface  $\rightarrow \ \ \,$  88

Supported operating tools

Different operating tools can be used for local or remote access to the measuring device. Depending on the operating tool used, access is possible with different operating units and via a variety of interfaces.

Supported operating tools	Operating unit	Interface	Additional information
Web browser	Notebook, PC or tablet with Web browser	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li></ul>	Special Documentation for device → 🖺 307
DeviceCare SFE100	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li><li>Fieldbus protocol</li></ul>	→ 🖺 276
FieldCare SFE500	Notebook, PC or tablet with Microsoft Windows system	<ul><li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li><li>WLAN interface</li><li>Fieldbus protocol</li></ul>	→ 🖺 276
Field Xpert	SMT70/77/50	<ul> <li>All fieldbus protocols</li> <li>WLAN interface</li> <li>Bluetooth</li> <li>CDI-RJ45 service interface</li> </ul>	Operating Instructions BA01202S Device description files: Use update function of handheld terminal
SmartBlue app	Smartphone or tablet with iOs or Android	WLAN	→ 🖺 276

- Other operating tools based on FDT technology with a device driver such as DTM/iDTM or DD/EDD can be used for device operation. These operating tools are available from the individual manufacturers. Integration into the following operating tools, among others, is supported:
  - Field Device Manager (FDM) from Honeywell → www.process.honeywell.com
  - FieldMate from Yokogawa → www.yokogawa.com
  - PACTWare → www.pactware.com

The related device description files are available: www.endress.com → Download Area

#### Web server

With the integrated web server, the device can be operated and configured via a web browser using Ethernet-APL, service interface (CDI-RJ45) or WLAN interface. The structure of the operating menu is the same as for the local display. In addition to the measured values, status information on the device is displayed and can be used to monitor device health. Furthermore the device data can be managed and the network parameters can be configured.

Access to the network is required for the Ethernet-APL connection.

A device that has a WLAN interface (can be ordered as an option) is required for the WLAN connection: order code for "Display; operation", option G "4-line, illuminated; touch control + WLAN". The device acts as an Access Point and enables communication by computer or a mobile handheld terminal.

#### Supported functions

Data exchange between the operating unit (such as a notebook, for example,) and measuring instrument:

- Upload the configuration from the measuring instrument (XML format, configuration backup)
- Save the configuration to the measuring instrument (XML format, restore configuration)
- Export event list (.csv file)
- Export parameter settings (.csv file or PDF file, document the measuring point configuration)

- Export the Heartbeat Technology verification report (PDF file, only available with the **Heartbeat Verification** → 🗎 305 application package)
- Flash firmware version for device firmware upgrade, for example
- Download driver for system integration

HistoROM data management

The measuring device features HistoROM data management. HistoROM data management comprises both the storage and import/export of key device and process data, making operation and servicing far more reliable, secure and efficient.



When the device is delivered, the factory settings of the configuration data are stored as a backup in the device memory. This memory can be overwritten with an updated data record, for example after commissioning.

#### Additional information on the data storage concept

There are different types of data storage units in which device data are stored and used by the device:

	HistoROM backup	T-DAT	S-DAT
Available data	<ul> <li>Event logbook, e.g. diagnostic events</li> <li>Parameter data record backup</li> <li>Device firmware package</li> <li>Driver for system integration for exporting via web server, e.g.: GSDML for PROFINET</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Measured value logging ("Extended HistoROM" order option)</li> <li>Current parameter data record (used by firmware at run time)</li> <li>Indicator (minimum/maximum values)</li> <li>Totalizer value</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sensor data: e.g. nominal diameter</li> <li>Serial number</li> <li>Calibration data</li> <li>Device configuration (e.g. SW options, fixed I/O or multi I/O)</li> </ul>
Storage location	Fixed on the user interface PC board in the connection compartment	Can be plugged into the user interface PC board in the connection compartment	In the sensor plug in the transmitter neck part

#### Data backup

#### **Automatic**

- The most important device data (sensor and transmitter) are automatically saved in the DAT modules
- If the transmitter or measuring device is replaced: once the T-DAT containing the previous device data has been exchanged, the new measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors
- If the sensor is replaced: once the sensor has been replaced, new sensor data are transferred from the S-DAT in the measuring device and the measuring device is ready for operation again immediately without any errors
- If exchanging the electronics module (e.g. I/O electronics module): Once the electronics module has been replaced, the software of the module is compared against the current device firmware. The module software is upgraded or downgraded where necessary. The electronics module is available for use immediately afterwards and no compatibility problems occur.

#### Manual

Additional parameter data record (complete parameter settings) in the integrated device memory HistoROM backup for:

- Data backup function
   Backup and subsequent restoration of a device configuration in the device memory
   HistoROM backup
- Data comparison function
   Comparison of the current device configuration with the device configuration saved in the device memory HistoROM backup

#### Data transmission

#### Manual

- Transfer of a device configuration to another device using the export function of the specific operating tool, e.g. with FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server: to duplicate the configuration or to store in an archive (e.g. for backup purposes)
- Transmission of the drivers for system integration via Web server, e.g.: GSDML for PROFINET

#### **Event list**

#### **Automatic**

- Chronological display of up to 20 event messages in the events list
- If the Extended HistoROM application package (order option) is enabled: up to 100 event messages are displayed in the events list along with a time stamp, plain text description and remedial measures
- The events list can be exported and displayed via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. DeviceCare, FieldCare or Web server

#### Data logging

#### Manual

If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled:

- Recording of 1 to 4 channels of up to 1000 measured values (up to 250 measured values per channel)
- User configurable recording interval
- Export the measured value log via a variety of interfaces and operating tools e.g. FieldCare. DeviceCare or web server

# 16.12 Certificates and approvals

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at www.endress.com on the relevant product page:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Downloads**.

CE mark

The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.

Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

UKCA marking

The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable UK regulations (Statutory Instruments). These are listed in the UKCA Declaration of Conformity along with the designated standards. By selecting the order option for UKCA marking, Endress+Hauser confirms a successful evaluation and testing of the device by affixing the UKCA mark.

Contact address Endress+Hauser UK:

Endress+Hauser Ltd.

Floats Road

Manchester M23 9NF

United Kingdom

www.uk.endress.com

# Hygienic compatibility

- 3-A approval
  - Only measuring instruments with the order code for "Additional approval", option LP
     "3A" have 3-A approval.
  - The 3-A approval refers to the measuring instrument.
  - When installing the measuring instrument, ensure that no liquid can accumulate on the outside of the measuring instrument.
    - A remote display module must be installed in accordance with the 3-A Standard.
  - Accessories (e.g. heating jacket, weather protection cover, wall holder unit) must be installed in accordance with the 3-A Standard.
    - Each accessory can be cleaned. Disassembly may be necessary under certain circumstances.
- EHEDG-tested

Only devices with the order code for "Additional approval", option LT "EHEDG" have been tested and meet the requirements of the EHEDG.

To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be used with process connections in accordance with the EHEDG position paper entitled "Easy cleanable Pipe couplings and Process connections" (www.ehedg.org).

To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be installed in a position that ensures drainability.

- FDA
- Food Contact Materials Regulation (EC) 1935/2004
- i

Observe the special installation instructions

### PROFINET with Ethernet-APL certification

#### **PROFINET** interface

The measuring device is certified and registered by the PNO (PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e. V./PROFIBUS User Organization). The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications:

- Certified according to:
  - Test specification for PROFINET devices
  - PROFINET PA Profile 4
  - PROFINET netload robustness Class 2 10 Mbit/s
  - APL conformance test
- The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)
- The device supports PROFINET S2 system redundancy.

#### Pressure Equipment Directive

- With the marking
  - a) PED/G1/x (x = category) or
  - b) PESR/G1/x (x = category)

on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms compliance with the "Essential Safety Requirements"

- a) specified in Annex I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
- b) Schedule 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.
- Devices not bearing this marking (without PED or PESR) are designed and manufactured according to sound engineering practice. They meet the requirements of
  - a) Art. 4 Para. 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
  - b) Part 1, Para. 8 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.

The scope of application is indicated

- a) in diagrams 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
- b) Schedule 3, Para. 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.

#### Radio approval

The measuring device has radio approval.

For detailed information on the radio approval, see the Special Documentation  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 307$ 

#### Additional certification

# CRN approval

Some device versions have CRN approval. A CRN-approved process connection with a CSA approval must be ordered for a CRN-approved device.

#### Tests and certificates

# External standards and quidelines

■ EN 60529

Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

■ IEC/EN 60068-2-6

Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Fc: vibrate (sinusoidal).

■ IEC/EN 60068-2-31

Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Ec: shocks due to rough handling, primarily for devices.

■ EN 61010-1

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements

■ EN 61326-1/-2-3

EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use

■ NAMUR NE 21

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment

■ NAMUR NE 32

Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors

■ NAMUR NE 43

Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.

■ NAMUR NE 53

Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics

NAMUR NE 80

The application of the pressure equipment directive to process control devices

NAMUR NE 105
 Specifications for

Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices

■ NAMUR NE 107

Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

■ NAMUR NE 131

Requirements for field devices for standard applications

■ NAMUR NE 132

Coriolis mass meter

■ ETSI EN 300 328

Guidelines for 2.4 GHz radio components.

■ EN 301489

Electromagnetic compatibility and radio spectrum matters (ERM).

# 16.13 Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.



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### Diagnostic functionality

Order code for "Application package", option EA "Extended HistoROM"

Comprises extended functions concerning the event log and the activation of the measured value memory.

#### Event log:

Memory volume is extended from 20 message entries (standard version) to up to 100 entries.

Data logging (line recorder):

- Memory capacity for up to 1000 measured values is activated.
- 250 measured values can be output via each of the 4 memory channels. The recording interval can be defined and configured by the user.
- Measured value logs can be accessed via the local display or operating tool e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server.



For detailed information, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

#### Heartbeat Technology

Order code for "Application package", option EB "Heartbeat Verification + Monitoring"

#### **Heartbeat Verification**

Meets the requirement for traceable verification to DIN ISO 9001:2008 Chapter 7.6 a) "Control of monitoring and measuring equipment".

- Functional testing in the installed state without interrupting the process.
- Traceable verification results on request, including a report.
- Simple testing process via local operation or other operating interfaces.
- Clear measuring point assessment (pass/fail) with high test coverage within the framework of manufacturer specifications.
- Extension of calibration intervals according to operator's risk assessment.

#### **Heartbeat Monitoring**

Continuously supplies data, which are characteristic of the measuring principle, to an external condition monitoring system for the purpose of preventive maintenance or process analysis. These data enable the operator to:

- Draw conclusions using these data and other information about the impact process influences (e.g. corrosion, abrasion, buildup etc.) have on the measuring performance over time.
- Schedule servicing in time.
- Monitor the process or product quality, e.q. gas pockets .



For detailed information, see the Special Documentation for the device.

# Concentration measurement

Order code for "Application package", option ED "Concentration"

Calculation and outputting of fluid concentrations.

The measured density is converted to the concentration of a substance of a binary mixture using the "Concentration" application package:

- Choice of predefined fluids (e.g. various sugar solutions, acids, alkalis, salts, ethanol etc.).
- Common or user-defined units (°Brix, °Plato, % mass, % volume, mol/l etc.) for standard applications.
- Concentration calculation from user-defined tables.



For detailed information, see the Special Documentation for the device.

#### Special density

Order code for "Application package", option EE "Special density"

Many applications use density as a key measured value for monitoring quality or controlling processes. The measuring instrument measures the density of the fluid as standard and makes this value available to the control system.

The "Special Density" application package offers high-precision density measurement over a wide density and temperature range particularly for applications subject to varying process conditions.

For detailed information, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

# 16.14 Accessories

Overview of accessories available to order  $\rightarrow \triangleq 274$ 

# 16.15 Supplemental documentation



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- Endress+Hauser Operations app: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

Standard documentation

#### **Brief operating instructions**

*Brief Operating Instructions for the sensor* 

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Proline Promass P	KA01286D

#### *Brief Operating Instructions for the transmitter*

Measuring device	Documentation code
Proline 500	KA01520D
Proline 500 – digital	KA01521D

#### Technical information

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promass P 500	TI01286D

#### Description of device parameters

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Promass 500	GP01173D

Supplementary devicedependent documentation

#### Safety instructions

Safety instructions for electrical equipment for hazardous areas.

Contents	Documentation code
	Measuring device
ATEX/IECEx Ex i	XA01473D
ATEX/IECEx Ex ec	XA01474D

Contents	Documentation code
	Measuring device
cCSAus IS	XA01475D
cCSAus Ex i	XA01509D
cCSAus Ex nA	XA01510D
INMETRO Ex i	XA01476D
INMETRO Ex ec	XA01477D
NEPSI Ex i	XA01478D
NEPSI Ex nA	XA01479D
NEPSI Ex i	XA01658D
NEPSI Ex nA	XA01659D
JPN	XA01780D

# Special documentation

Contents	Documentation code
Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive	SD01614D
Radio approvals for WLAN interface for A309/A310 display module	SD01793D
Web server	SD02769D
Heartbeat Technology	SD02732D
Concentration measurement	SD02736D

# **Installation instructions**

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Residual risks		T.
Lille Tecordel	nesiduai risks	Line recorder

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