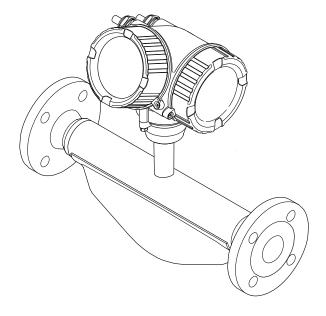
Valid as of version 01.04.zz (Device firmware) Products Solutions

Services

# Operating Instructions **Proline Promass E 200**

Coriolis flowmeter HART







- Make sure the document is stored in a safe place such that it is always available when working on or with the device.
- To avoid danger to individuals or the facility, read the "Basic safety instructions" section carefully, as well as all other safety instructions in the document that are specific to working procedures.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to modify technical data without prior notice. Your Endress+Hauser sales organization will supply you with current information and updates to this manual.

## Table of contents

<b>1</b> 1.1 1.2	About this document	6.2	6.1.3 Special installation instructions Installing the measuring instrument	25 25 25 25 26 26
	1.2.6 Symbols in graphics 7	7	Electrical connection	28
1.3 1.4	Documentation	7.1 7.2	Electrical safety	28 28
2 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6 2.7	Requirements for the personnel 9 Intended use 9 Workplace safety 10 Operational safety 10 Product safety 10 IT security 11 Device-specific IT security 11 2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection 11	7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6	7.2.3 Terminal assignment	29 30 30 31 32 32 32 34
	<ul><li>2.7.2 Protecting access via a password 11</li><li>2.7.3 Access via fieldbus</li></ul>	0	One wation entires	26
_		8	Operation options	
<b>3</b> 3.1	Product description   13     Product design   13	8.1 8.2	Overview of operation options	36 37 37
4	Incoming acceptance and product	8.3	8.2.2 Operating philosophy Access to operating menu via local display	38 39
4.1 4.2	identification14Incoming acceptance14Product identification144.2.1Transmitter nameplate154.2.2Sensor nameplate164.2.3Symbols on the device17	0.5	8.3.1 Operating hieral via local display	39 41 42 44 45
5	Storage and transport 18		8.3.8 Calling up help text	47
5.1 5.2	Storage conditions		<ul><li>8.3.9 Changing the parameters</li></ul>	48 49 49
5.3	5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift	8.4	8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock	50
<b>6</b> 6.1	Installation20Installation requirements206.1.1 Installation position206.1.2 Environmental and process requirements22	3.1	operating tool	50 50 51 52 53

	8.4.6 SIMATIC PDM			11.6.2 Function range of "Reset all totalizers" parameter	103
	0.4.7 Field Communicator 473	74	11.7	Displaying the measured value history	103
9	System integration	55	10		106
9.1	Overview of device description files			Diagnostics and troubleshooting	106
	9.1.1 Current version data for the device			General troubleshooting	
	1 3	55	12.2	Diagnostic information on local display	
9.2	Measured variables via HART protocol	55		12.2.1 Diagnostic message	
2.0	9.2.1 Device variables		10.0	12.2.2 Calling up remedial measures	110
9.3	Other settings	57		Diagnostic information in FieldCare or	110
10				DeviceCare	110 110
10	Commissioning			12.3.2 Calling up remedy information	112
10.1	Post-mounting and post-connection check		12.4	Adapting the diagnostic information	112
10.2	Switching on the measuring device			12.4.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior	
10.3	Setting the operating language			12.4.2 Adapting the status signal	113
10.4	Configuring the measuring instrument		12.5	Overview of diagnostic information	114
	5 5	61	12.6	Pending diagnostic events	117
	10.4.2 Selecting and setting the medium	63		Diagnostics list	117
	10.4.3 Setting the system units	63	12.8	Event logbook	118
	<ul><li>10.4.4 Configuring the current output</li><li>10.4.5 Configuring the pulse/frequency/</li></ul>	66		12.8.1 Reading out the event logbook	
	switch output	67		12.8.2 Filtering the event logbook	118
	10.4.6 Configuring the local display	73	10.0	12.8.3 Overview of information events	119
	10.4.7 Configuring the output conditioning.	75	12.9	Resetting the measuring device	120
		78		12.9.1 Function range of "Device reset"	120
	10.4.9 Configuring the partial filled pipe	, ,	12 10	parameter	120
	detection	79		Device information	
10.5		80	12.11	rimware mstory	122
	10.5.1 Carrying out a sensor adjustment	81			
	10.5.1 Carrying out a sensor adjustment	O-1	17	Maintonanco	コウン
	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer			Maintenance	123
	<ul><li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li><li>10.5.3 Carrying out additional display</li></ul>	85		Maintenance work	123
	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85		Maintenance work	123 123
	<ul> <li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li></ul>	85 87	13.1	Maintenance work	123 123 123
10.6	<ul> <li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li> <li>10.5.3 Carrying out additional display configurations</li> <li>10.5.4 Using parameters for device administration</li></ul>	<ul><li>85</li><li>87</li><li>89</li></ul>	<ul><li>13.1</li><li>13.2</li></ul>	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123
10.6	<ul> <li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li></ul>	85 87	<ul><li>13.1</li><li>13.2</li></ul>	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123
10.6	<ul> <li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li></ul>	85 87 89 90	13.1 13.2 13.3	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123 123
	<ul> <li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li></ul>	85 87 89 90	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b>	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123 123 123
10.6 10.7 10.8	<ul> <li>10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer</li></ul>	85 87 89 90	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b>	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123 123 123
10.7	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b>	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept	123 123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124
10.7	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124
10.7	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1	Maintenance work	123 123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 124 124
10.7	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services	123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 124 124 125
10.7 10.8	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return	123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 124 125 125
10.7 10.8	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal	123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 124 125 125
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device	123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 124 125 125 125
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97 97	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal	123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 124 125 125 125
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97 97 97	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device	123 123 123 123 123 <b>124</b> 124 124 125 125 125 125
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97 97	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97 97 97 97	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 126 127
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97 97 97 97 98	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories  15.1.1 For the transmitter	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 127
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer 10.5.3 Carrying out additional display configurations 10.5.4 Using parameters for device administration Configuration management 10.6.1 Function scope of the "Configuration management" parameter Simulation Protecting settings from unauthorized access 10.8.1 Write protection via access code 10.8.2 Write protection via write protection switch  Operation Reading off the device locking status Adjusting the operating language Configuring the display Reading off measured values 11.4.1 Process variables 11.4.2 "Totalizer" submenu 11.4.3 Output variables 1 Adapting the measuring device to the process	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 94 97 97 97 97 98 99	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories  15.1.1 For the transmitter  15.1.2 For the sensor	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 126 127 127 128
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer 10.5.3 Carrying out additional display configurations 10.5.4 Using parameters for device administration Configuration management 10.6.1 Function scope of the "Configuration management" parameter Simulation Protecting settings from unauthorized access 10.8.1 Write protection via access code 10.8.2 Write protection via write protection switch  Operation Reading off the device locking status Adjusting the operating language Configuring the display Reading off measured values 11.4.1 Process variables 11.4.2 "Totalizer" submenu 11.4.3 Output variables Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 97 97 97 97 97 98 99 100	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories  15.1.1 For the transmitter  15.1.2 For the sensor  Communication-specific accessories	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 127 127 128 128
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 97 97 97 97 97 98 99	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 <b>15</b> 15.1	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories  15.1.1 For the transmitter  15.1.2 For the sensor  Communication-specific accessories  Service-specific accessories	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 129
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 97 97 97 97 97 98 99 100	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 <b>15</b> 15.1	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories  15.1.1 For the transmitter  15.1.2 For the sensor  Communication-specific accessories	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 129
10.7 10.8 <b>11</b> 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4	10.5.2 Configuring the totalizer	85 87 89 90 91 92 93 94 97 97 97 97 97 98 99 100	13.1 13.2 13.3 <b>14</b> 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 <b>15</b> 15.1	Maintenance work  13.1.1 Exterior cleaning  13.1.2 Internal cleaning  Measuring and test equipment  Endress+Hauser services  Repair  General notes  14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept  14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion  Spare parts  Endress+Hauser services  Return  Disposal  14.5.1 Removing the measuring device  14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device  Accessories  Device-specific accessories  15.1.1 For the transmitter  15.1.2 For the sensor  Communication-specific accessories  Service-specific accessories	123 123 123 123 123 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 127 127 128 128 129

16	Technical data	131
16.1	Application	131
16.2	Function and system design	131
16.3	Input	132
16.4	Output	133
16.5	Energy supply	136
16.6	Performance characteristics	138
16.7	Mounting	142
16.8	Environment	142
16.9	Process	143
16.10	Mechanical construction	145
16.11	Operability	147
16.12	Certificates and approvals	149
16.13	Application packages	153
16.14	Accessories	154
16.15	$Supplemental\ documentation \dots \dots \dots$	154
Indes	-	156
111(14)	(	าวก

## 1 About this document

#### 1.1 Document function

These Operating Instructions contain all the information required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to installation, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.

## 1.2 Symbols

#### 1.2.1 Safety symbols

#### **⚠** DANGER

This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation will result in serious or fatal injury.

#### **▲** WARNING

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury.

#### A CAUTION

This symbol alerts you to a potentially dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in minor or medium injury.

#### NOTICE

This symbol alerts you to a potentially harmful situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in damage to the product or something in its vicinity.

#### 1.2.2 Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning	
===	Direct current	
~	Alternating current	
$\sim$	Direct current and alternating current	
Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounding system.		
	Potential equalization connection (PE: protective earth) Ground terminals that must be connected to ground prior to establishing any other connections.	
	The ground terminals are located on the interior and exterior of the device:  Interior ground terminal: potential equalization is connected to the supply network.  Exterior ground terminal: device is connected to the plant grounding system.	

## 1.2.3 Communication-specific symbols

Symbol	Meaning
<b></b>	Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) Communication via a wireless, local network.
*	Bluetooth Wireless data transmission between devices over a short distance via radio technology.

## 1.2.4 Tool symbols

Symbol	Meaning
0	Flat-blade screwdriver
06	Allen key
Ó	Open-ended wrench

## 1.2.5 Symbols for certain types of information

Symbol	Meaning	
<b>✓</b>	Permitted Procedures, processes or actions that are permitted.	
<b>V</b>	Preferred Procedures, processes or actions that are preferred.	
X	Forbidden Procedures, processes or actions that are forbidden.	
i	Tip Indicates additional information.	
Ţ <u>i</u>	Reference to documentation	
A <sup>-</sup>	Reference to page	
	Reference to graphic	
<b>&gt;</b>	Notice or individual step to be observed	
1., 2., 3	Series of steps	
L	Result of a step	
?	Help in the event of a problem	
	Visual inspection	

## 1.2.6 Symbols in graphics

Symbol	Meaning
1, 2, 3,	Item numbers
1., 2., 3.,	Series of steps
A, B, C,	Views
A-A, B-B, C-C,	Sections
EX	Hazardous area
×	Safe area (non-hazardous area)
≋➡	Flow direction

#### 1.3 **Documentation**



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- Endress+Hauser Operations app: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

The following documentation may be available depending on the device version ordered:

Document type	Purpose and content of the document
Technical Information (TI)	Planning aid for your device  The document contains all the technical data on the device and provides an overview of the accessories and other products that can be ordered for the device.
Brief Operating Instructions (KA)	Guide that takes you quickly to the 1st measured value The Brief Operating Instructions contain all the essential information from incoming acceptance to initial commissioning.
Operating Instructions (BA)	Your reference document These Operating Instructions contain all the information that is required in the various life cycle phases of the device: from product identification, incoming acceptance and storage, to mounting, connection, operation and commissioning, through to troubleshooting, maintenance and disposal.
Description of Device Parameters (GP)	Reference for your parameters The document provides a detailed explanation of each individual parameter. The description is aimed at those who work with the device over the entire life cycle and perform specific configurations.
Safety Instructions (XA)	Depending on the approval, safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas are also supplied with the device. The Safety Instructions are a constituent part of the Operating Instructions.  Information on the Safety Instructions (XA) that are relevant for the device is provided on the nameplate.
Supplementary device-dependent documentation (SD/FY)	Always comply strictly with the instructions in the relevant supplementary documentation. The supplementary documentation is a constituent part of the device documentation.

#### 1.4 Registered trademarks

#### **HART®**

Registered trademark of the FieldComm Group, Austin, Texas USA

#### TRI-CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

## 2 Safety instructions

## 2.1 Requirements for the personnel

The personnel for installation, commissioning, diagnostics and maintenance must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Trained, qualified specialists must have a relevant qualification for this specific function and task.
- ► Are authorized by the plant owner/operator.
- ► Are familiar with federal/national regulations.
- ▶ Before starting work, read and understand the instructions in the manual and supplementary documentation as well as the certificates (depending on the application).
- ► Follow instructions and comply with basic conditions.

The operating personnel must fulfill the following requirements:

- ► Are instructed and authorized according to the requirements of the task by the facility's owner-operator.
- ▶ Follow the instructions in this manual.

#### 2.2 Intended use

#### Application and media

The measuring instrument described in this manual is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring instrument can also be used to measure potentially explosive <sup>1)</sup>, flammable, toxid and oxidizing media.

Measuring instruments for use in hazardous areas, in hygienic applications, or where there is an increased risk due to pressure, are specially labeled on the nameplate.

To ensure that the measuring instrument is in perfect condition during operation:

- ▶ Only use the measuring instrument in full compliance with the data on the nameplate and the general conditions listed in the Operating Instructions and supplementary documentation.
- ▶ Using the nameplate, check whether the ordered device is permitted for the intended use in the hazardous area (e.g. explosion protection, pressure vessel safety).
- ► Use the measuring instrument only for media to which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.
- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.
- ► Keep within the specified ambient temperature range.
- ► Protect the measuring instrument permanently against corrosion from environmental influences.

#### Incorrect use

Non-designated use can compromise safety. The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

#### **▲** WARNING

#### Danger of breakage due to corrosive or abrasive fluids and ambient conditions!

- ▶ Verify the compatibility of the process fluid with the sensor material.
- ▶ Ensure the resistance of all fluid-wetted materials in the process.
- ▶ Keep within the specified pressure and temperature range.

<sup>1)</sup> Not applicable for IO-Link measuring instruments

#### NOTICE

#### Verification for borderline cases:

For special fluids and fluids for cleaning, Endress+Hauser is glad to provide assistance in verifying the corrosion resistance of fluid-wetted materials, but does not accept any warranty or liability as minute changes in the temperature, concentration or level of contamination in the process can alter the corrosion resistance properties.

#### Residual risks

#### **A** CAUTION

Risk of hot or cold burns! The use of media and electronics with high or low temperatures can produce hot or cold surfaces on the device.

▶ Mount suitable touch protection.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Danger of housing breaking due to measuring tube breakage!

If a measuring tube ruptures, the pressure inside the sensor housing will rise according to the operating process pressure.

▶ Use a rupture disk.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Danger from medium escaping!

For device versions with a rupture disk: medium escaping under pressure can cause injury or material damage.

▶ Take precautions to prevent injury and material damage if the rupture disk is actuated.

## 2.3 Workplace safety

When working on and with the device:

▶ Wear the required personal protective equipment as per national regulations.

## 2.4 Operational safety

Damage to the device!

- ▶ Operate the device in proper technical condition and fail-safe condition only.
- ▶ The operator is responsible for the interference-free operation of the device.

#### Modifications to the device

Unauthorized modifications to the device are not permitted and can lead to unforeseeable dangers!

▶ If modifications are nevertheless required, consult with the manufacturer.

#### Repair

To ensure continued operational safety and reliability:

- ► Carry out repairs on the device only if they are expressly permitted.
- ▶ Observe federal/national regulations pertaining to the repair of an electrical device.
- Use only original spare parts and accessories.

## 2.5 Product safety

This measuring device is designed in accordance with good engineering practice to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested, and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

It meets general safety standards and legal requirements. It also complies with the EU directives listed in the device-specific EU Declaration of Conformity. The manufacturer confirms this by affixing the CE mark to the device..

## 2.6 IT security

Our warranty is valid only if the product is installed and used as described in the Operating Instructions. The product is equipped with security mechanisms to protect it against any inadvertent changes to the settings.

IT security measures, which provide additional protection for the product and associated data transfer, must be implemented by the operators themselves in line with their security standards.

## 2.7 Device-specific IT security

The device offers a range of specific functions to support protective measures on the operator's side. These functions can be configured by the user and guarantee greater inoperation safety if used correctly. The following list provides an overview of the most important functions:

## 2.7.1 Protecting access via hardware write protection

Write access to the parameters of the device via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be disabled via a write protection switch (DIP switch on the main electronics module). When hardware write protection is enabled, only read access to the parameters is possible.

## 2.7.2 Protecting access via a password

A password can be used to protect against write access to the device parameters.

This controls write access to the device parameters via the local display or other operating tools (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) and, in terms of functionality, corresponds to hardware write protection. If the CDI service interface is used, read access is only possible by first entering the password.

#### User-specific access code

Write access to the device parameters via the local display or operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare) can be protected by the modifiable, user-specific access code ( $\Rightarrow$  94).

When the device is delivered, the device does not have an access code and is equivalent to 0000 (open).

#### General notes on the use of passwords

- The access code and network key supplied with the device should be changed during commissioning for safety reasons.
- Follow the general rules for generating a secure password when defining and managing the access code and network key.
- The user is responsible for the management and careful handling of the access code and network key.
- For information on configuring the access code or on what to do if you lose the password, for example, see "Write protection via access code" → ≅ 94.

#### 2.7.3 Access via fieldbus

When communicating via fieldbus, access to the device parameters can be restricted to *"Read only"* access. The option can be changed in the **Fieldbus writing access** parameter.

This does not affect cyclic measured value transmission to the higher-order system, which is always guaranteed.



Detailed information on the device parameters: "Description of device parameters" document .

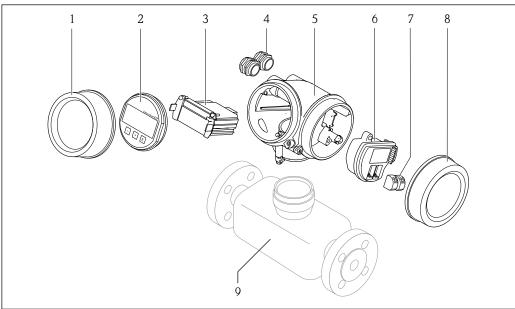
## **3** Product description

The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.

The device is available as a compact version:

The transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.

## 3.1 Product design



A0014056

#### ■ 1 Important components of a measuring device

- 1 Electronics compartment cover
- 2 Display module
- 3 Main electronics module
- 4 Cable glands
- 5 Transmitter housing (incl. integrated HistoROM)
- 6 I/O electronics module
- 7 Terminals (pluggable spring terminals)
- 8 Connection compartment cover
- 9 Sensor

## 4 Incoming acceptance and product identification

## 4.1 Incoming acceptance

On receipt of the delivery:

- 1. Check the packaging for damage.
  - Report all damage immediately to the manufacturer. Do not install damaged components.
- 2. Check the scope of delivery using the delivery note.
- 3. Compare the data on the nameplate with the order specifications on the delivery note.
- 4. Check the technical documentation and all other necessary documents, e.g. certificates, to ensure they are complete.
- If one of the conditions is not satisfied, contact the manufacturer.

#### 4.2 Product identification

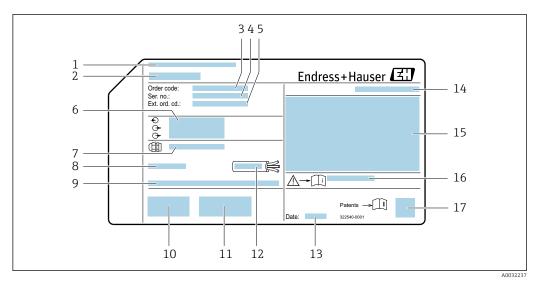
The device can be identified in the following ways:

- Nameplate
- Order code with details of the device features on the delivery note
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates in the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): all the information about the device is displayed.
- Enter the serial numbers from the nameplates into the *Endress+Hauser Operations app* or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate with the *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: all the information about the device is displayed.

For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- The "Additional standard device documentation" and "Supplementary device-dependent documentation" sections
- The Device Viewer: Enter the serial number from the nameplate (www.endress.com/deviceviewer)
- The *Endress+Hauser Operations app*: Enter the serial number from the nameplate or scan the DataMatrix code on the nameplate.

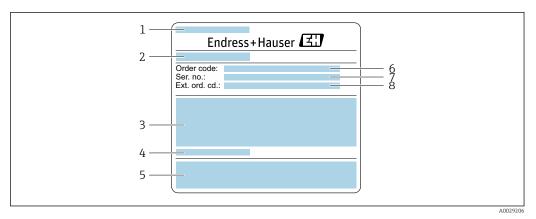
## 4.2.1 Transmitter nameplate



■ 2 Example of a transmitter nameplate

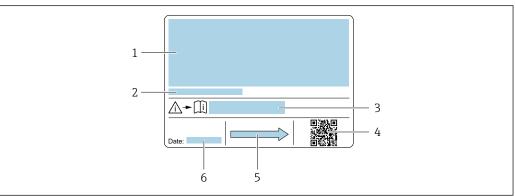
- 1 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 2 Name of the transmitter
- 3 Order code
- 4 Serial number
- 5 Extended order code
- 6 Electrical connection data, e.g. available inputs and outputs, supply voltage
- 7 Type of cable glands
- 8 Permitted ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 9 Firmware version (FW) and device revision (Dev.Rev.) from the factory
- 10 CE mark, RCM-Tick mark
- 11 Additional information on version: certificates, approvals
- 12 Permitted temperature range for cable
- 13 Date of manufacture: year-month
- 14 Degree of protection
- 15 Approval information for explosion protection
- 16 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation → 🖺 155
- 17 2-D matrix code

## 4.2.2 Sensor nameplate



■ 3 Example of a sensor nameplate, part 1

- 1 Name of the sensor
- 2 Manufacturer address/certificate holder
- 3 Nominal diameter of the sensor; flange nominal diameter/nominal pressure; sensor test pressure; medium temperature range; material of measuring tube and manifold
- 4 Sensor-specific information
- 5 CE mark, RCM-Tick mark
- 6 Order code
- 7 Serial number (Ser. no.)
- 8 Extended order code (Ext. ord. cd.)



A00292

#### $\blacksquare$ 4 Example of a sensor nameplate, part 2

- 1 Approval information for explosion protection, Pressure Equipment Directive and degree of protection
- 2 Allowable ambient temperature  $(T_a)$
- 3 Document number of safety-related supplementary documentation
- 4 2-D matrix code
- 5 Flow direction
- 6 Date of manufacture: year-month

## Order code

The measuring device is reordered using the order code.

#### Extended order code

- The device type (product root) and basic specifications (mandatory features) are always listed.
- Of the optional specifications (optional features), only the safety and approvalrelated specifications are listed (e.g. LA). If other optional specifications are also ordered, these are indicated collectively using the # placeholder symbol (e.g. #LA#).
- If the ordered optional specifications do not include any safety and approval-related specifications, they are indicated by the + placeholder symbol (e.g. XXXXXX-ABCDE +).

## 4.2.3 Symbols on the device

Symbol	Meaning
$\triangle$	WARNING! This symbol alerts you to a dangerous situation. Failure to avoid this situation can result in serious or fatal injury. Please consult the documentation for the measuring instrument to discover the type of potential danger and measures to avoid it.
(i	Reference to documentation Refers to the corresponding device documentation.
	Protective ground connection A terminal that must be connected to the ground prior to establishing any other connections.

## 5 Storage and transport

## 5.1 Storage conditions

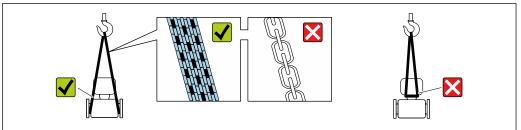
Observe the following notes for storage:

- ► Store in the original packaging to ensure protection from shock.
- ▶ Do not remove protective covers or protective caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.
- ▶ Protect from direct sunlight. Avoid unacceptably high surface temperatures.
- ► Store in a dry and dust-free place.
- ▶ Do not store outdoors.

Storage temperature  $\rightarrow \implies 142$ 

## 5.2 Transporting the product

Transport the measuring device to the measuring point in the original packaging.



A002925

Do not remove protective covers or caps installed on process connections. They prevent mechanical damage to the sealing surfaces and contamination in the measuring tube.

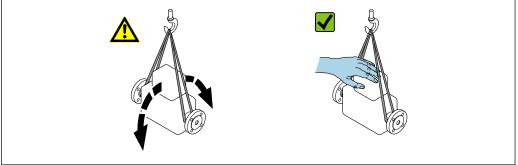
#### 5.2.1 Measuring devices without lifting lugs

#### **MARNING**

Center of gravity of the measuring device is higher than the suspension points of the webbing slings.

Risk of injury if the measuring device slips.

- ► Secure the measuring device against slipping or turning.
- ▶ Observe the weight specified on the packaging (stick-on label).



A0029214

#### 5.2.2 Measuring devices with lifting lugs

#### **CAUTION**

#### Special transportation instructions for devices with lifting lugs

- ▶ Only use the lifting lugs fitted on the device or flanges to transport the device.
- ► The device must always be secured at two lifting lugs at least.

## 5.2.3 Transporting with a fork lift

If transporting in wood crates, the floor structure enables the crates to be lifted lengthwise or at both sides using a forklift.

## 5.3 Packaging disposal

All packaging materials are environmentally friendly and 100% recyclable:

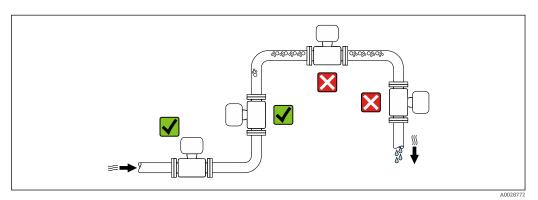
- Outer packaging of device Stretch wrap made of polymer in accordance with EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Packaging
  - Wood crate treated in accordance with ISPM 15 standard, confirmed by IPPC logo
  - Cardboard box in accordance with European packaging guideline 94/62/EC, recyclability confirmed by Resy symbol
- Transport material and fastening fixtures
  - Disposable plastic pallet
  - Plastic straps
  - Plastic adhesive strips
- Filler material Paper pads

## 6 Installation

## 6.1 Installation requirements

## **6.1.1** Installation position

#### **Installation point**

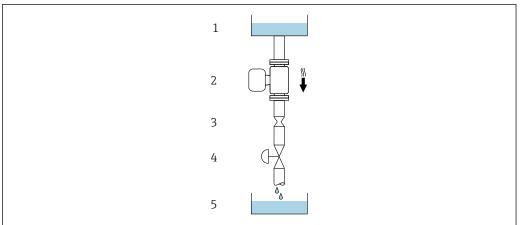


To prevent measuring errors arising from accumulation of gas bubbles in the measuring pipe, avoid the following mounting locations in the piping:

- Highest point of a pipeline.
- Directly upstream of a free pipe outlet in a down pipe.

#### Installation in down pipes

However, the following installation suggestion allows for installation in an open vertical pipeline. Pipe restrictions or the use of an orifice with a smaller cross-section than the nominal diameter prevent the sensor running empty while measurement is in progress.



A002877

- $\blacksquare$  5 Installation in a down pipe (e.g. for batching applications)
- 1 Supply tank
- 2 Sensor
- 3 Orifice plate, pipe restriction
- 4 Valve
- 5 Filling vessel

20

DN		Ø orifice plate, pipe restriction		
[mm]	[in]	[mm]	[in]	
8	3/8	6	0.24	
15	1/2	10	0.40	
25	1	14	0.55	
40	1 1/2	22	0.87	
50	2	28	1.10	

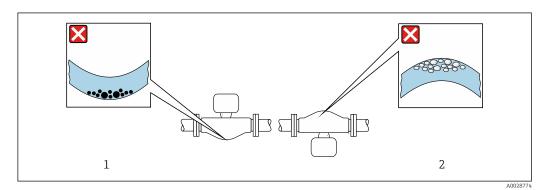
#### Orientation

The direction of the arrow on the sensor nameplate helps you to install the sensor according to the flow direction (direction of medium flow through the piping).

	Recommendation		
A	Vertical orientation	A0015591	<b>√ √</b> 1)
В	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at top	A0015589	✓✓² <sup>2)</sup> Exception: → 🗹 6, 🖺 21
С	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at bottom	A0015590	✓ ✓ ³) Exception:  → 🖸 6, 🖺 21
D	Horizontal orientation, transmitter at side	A0015592	×

- 1) This orientation is recommended to ensure self-draining.
- Applications with low process temperatures may reduce the ambient temperature. To maintain the minimum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.
- 3) Applications with high process temperatures may increase the ambient temperature. To maintain the maximum ambient temperature for the transmitter, this orientation is recommended.

If a sensor is installed horizontally with a curved measuring tube, match the position of the sensor to the fluid properties.



 $\blacksquare$  6 Orientation of sensor with curved measuring tube

- 1 Avoid this orientation for fluids with entrained solids: Risk of solids accumulating
- 2 Avoid this orientation for outgassing fluids: Risk of gas accumulating

#### Inlet and outlet runs

No special precautions need to be taken for fittings that create turbulence, such as valves, 



Installation dimensions



For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

#### 6.1.2 Environmental and process requirements

#### Ambient temperature range

Measuring device	-40 to +60 °C (-40 to +140 °F)
Readability of the local display	-20 to $+60$ °C ( $-4$ to $+140$ °F) The readability of the display may be impaired at temperatures outside the temperature range.

► If operating outdoors: Avoid direct sunlight, particularly in warm climatic regions.

#### Static pressure

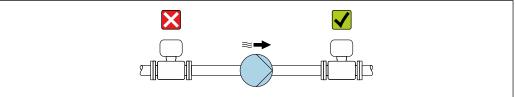
It is important that cavitation does not occur, or that gases entrained in the liquids do not outgas.

Cavitation is caused if the pressure drops below the vapor pressure:

- In liquids that have a low boiling point (e.g. hydrocarbons, solvents, liquefied gases)
- In suction lines
- ► Ensure the static pressure is sufficiently high to prevent cavitation and outgassing.

For this reason, the following mounting locations are recommended:

- At the lowest point in a vertical pipe
- Downstream from pumps (no danger of vacuum)



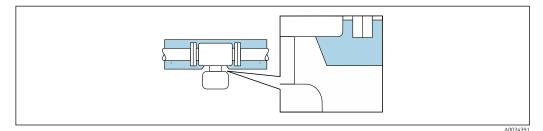
#### Thermal insulation

In the case of some fluids, it is important to keep the heat radiated from the sensor to the transmitter to a low level. A wide range of materials can be used for the required insulation.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Electronics overheating on account of thermal insulation!

- ► Recommended orientation: horizontal orientation, transmitter housing pointing downwards.
- ▶ Do not insulate the transmitter housing .
- ▶ Maximum permissible temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing:  $80 \,^{\circ}\text{C} (176 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$
- ► Regarding thermal insulation with an exposed extended neck: We advise against insulating the extended neck to ensure optimal heat dissipation.



■ 7 Thermal insulation with exposed extended neck

#### Heating

#### **NOTICE**

#### Electronics can overheat due to elevated ambient temperature!

- ▶ Observe maximum permitted ambient temperature for the transmitter.
- ▶ Depending on the medium temperature, take the device orientation requirements into account.

#### **NOTICE**

#### Danger of overheating when heating

- ► Ensure that the temperature at the lower end of the transmitter housing does not exceed 80 °C (176 °F).
- ► Ensure that sufficient convection takes place at the transmitter neck.
- ► Ensure that a sufficiently large area of the transmitter neck remains exposed. The uncovered part serves as a radiator and protects the electronics from overheating and excessive cooling.
- ▶ When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation. For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.
- Consider the "830 ambient temperature too high" and "832 electronics temperature too high" process diagnostics if overheating cannot be ruled out based on a suitable system design.

#### Heating options

If a fluid requires that no heat loss should occur at the sensor, users can avail of the following heating options:

- Electrical heating, e.g. with electric band heaters <sup>2)</sup>
- Via pipes carrying hot water or steam
- Via heating jackets

#### **Vibrations**

The high oscillation frequency of the measuring tubes ensures that the correct operation of the measuring system is not influenced by plant vibrations.

<sup>2)</sup> The use of parallel electric band heaters is generally recommended (bidirectional electricity flow). Particular considerations must be made if a single-wire heating cable is to be used. For additional information, refer to EA01339D "Installation Instructions for Electrical Trace Heating Systems".

## 6.1.3 Special installation instructions

#### Drainability

When installed vertically, the measuring tubes can be drained completely and protected against buildup.

#### Hygienic compatibility

When installing in hygienic applications, please refer to the information in the "Certificates and approvals/hygienic compatibility" section  $\Rightarrow \triangleq 151$ 

#### Rupture disk

Process-related information:  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 144$ .

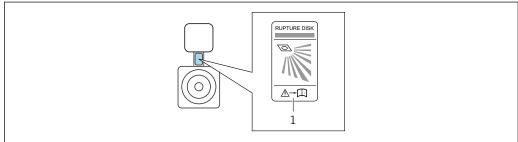
#### **WARNING**

#### Danger from medium escaping!

Medium escaping under pressure can cause injury or material damage.

- ► Take precautions to prevent danger to persons and damage if the rupture disk is actuated.
- ▶ Observe the information on the rupture disk sticker.
- ► Make sure that the function and operation of the rupture disk is not impeded through the installation of the device.
- Do not use a heating jacket.
- ▶ Do not remove or damage the rupture disk.
- ▶ After the rupture disk is actuated, do not operate the measuring device any more.

The position of the rupture disk is indicated on a sticker applied over it. If the rupture disk is triggered, the sticker is destroyed. The disk can therefore be visually monitored.



A0032051

l Rupture disk label

#### Zero verification and zero adjustment

Experience shows that zero adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measurement accuracy even with low flow rates.
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).
- For gas applications with low pressure
- To achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy at low flow rates, the installation must protect the sensor from mechanical stresses during operation.

To get a representative zero point, ensure that:

- any flow in the device is prevented during the adjustment
- the process conditions (e.g. pressure, temperature) are stable and representative

Verification and adjustment cannot be carried out if the following process conditions are present:

Gas pockets

Ensure that the system has been sufficiently flushed with the medium. Repeat flushing can help to eliminate gas pockets

■ Thermal circulation

In the event of temperature differences (e.g. between the measuring tube inlet and outlet section), induced flow can occur even if the valves are closed due to thermal circulation in the device

Leaks at the valves

If the valves are not leak-tight, flow is not sufficiently prevented when determining the zero point

If these conditions cannot be avoided, it is advisable to keep the factory setting for the zero point.

## 6.2 Installing the measuring instrument

## 6.2.1 Required tools

#### For transmitter

- For turning the transmitter housing: Open-ended wrench8 mm
- For opening the securing clamps: Allen key3 mm

#### For sensor

For flanges and other process connections: Use a suitable mounting tool.

#### 6.2.2 Preparing the measuring instrument

- 1. Remove all remaining transport packaging.
- 2. Remove any protective covers or protective caps present from the sensor.
- 3. If present, remove transport protection of the rupture disk.
- 4. Remove stick-on label on the electronics compartment cover.

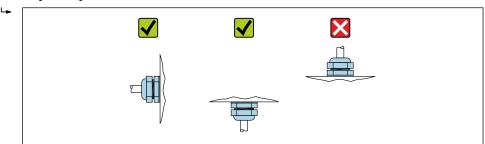
#### 6.2.3 Mounting the measuring device

#### **A** WARNING

## Danger due to improper process sealing!

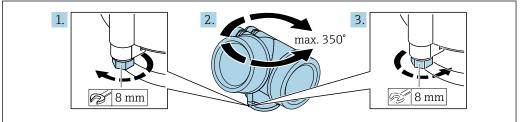
- ► Ensure that the inside diameters of the gaskets are greater than or equal to that of the process connections and piping.
- ► Ensure that the seals are clean and undamaged.
- ► Secure the seals correctly.
- 1. Ensure that the direction of the arrow on the nameplate of the sensor matches the flow direction of the medium.

2. Install the measuring device or turn the transmitter housing so that the cable entries do not point upwards.



#### 6.2.4 Turning the transmitter housing

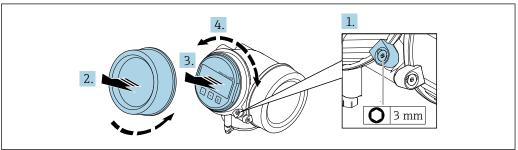
To provide easier access to the connection compartment or display module, the transmitter housing can be turned.



- 1. Loosen the securing screw.
- 2. Turn the housing to the desired position.
- 3. Firmly tighten the securing screw.

#### 6.2.5 Turning the display module

The display module can be turned to optimize display readability and operability.



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the electronics compartment cover using an Allen key.
- 2. Unscrew cover of the electronics compartment from the transmitter housing.
- 3. Optional: pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement.
- 4. Turn the display module to the desired position: Max.  $8 \times 45^{\circ}$  in each direction.
- 5. Without display module pulled out: Allow display module to engage at desired position.
- 6. With display module pulled out: Feed the cable into the gap between the housing and main electronics module and plug the display module into the electronics compartment until it engages.
- 7. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

26

## 6.3 Post-installation check

Is the device undamaged (visual inspection)?		
Does the measuring instrument correspond to the measuring point specifications?  For example:  Process temperature → 🗎 143  Pressure (refer to the "Pressure-temperature ratings" section of the "Technical Information" document).  Ambient temperature → 🖺 142  Measuring range		
Has the correct orientation for the sensor been selected → 🗎 21?  • According to sensor type  • According to medium temperature  • According to medium properties (outgassing, with entrained solids)		
Does the arrow on the sensor match the direction of flow of the medium? $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $		
Is the tag name and labeling correct (visual inspection)?		
Is the device sufficiently protected from precipitation and direct sunlight?		
Are the securing screw and securing clamp tightened securely?		

#### 7 **Electrical connection**

#### 7.1 **Electrical safety**

In accordance with applicable national regulations.

#### 7.2 Connecting requirements

#### 7.2.1 Required tools

- For cable entries: Use corresponding tools
- For securing clamp: Allen key 3 mm
- Wire stripper
- When using stranded cables: Crimper for wire end ferrule
- For removing cables from terminal: Flat blade screwdriver ≤ 3 mm (0.12 in)

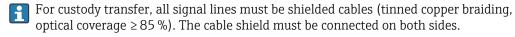
#### 7.2.2 Requirements for connecting cable

The connecting cables provided by the customer must fulfill the following requirements.

#### Permitted temperature range

- The installation quidelines that apply in the country of installation must be observed.
- The cables must be suitable for the minimum and maximum temperatures to be expected.

#### Signal cable



Current output 4 to 20 mA HART

Shielded twisted-pair cable.



See https://www.fieldcommgroup.org "HART PROTOCOL SPECIFICATIONS".

Current output 4 to 20 mA(excluding HART)

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Pulse/frequency/switch output

Standard installation cable is sufficient.

Ethernet-APL

Shielded twisted-pair cable. Cable type A is recommended.



See https://www.profibus.com Ethernet-APL White Paper "

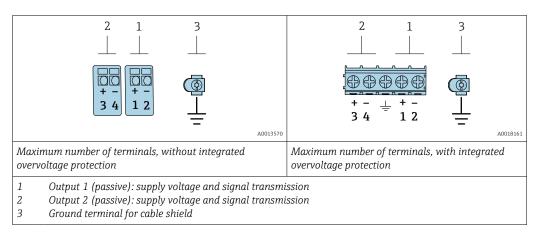
#### Cable diameter

- Cable glands supplied: M20 × 1.5 with cable  $\phi$  6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Plug-in spring terminals for device version without integrated overvoltage protection: wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (20 to 14 AWG)

## 7.2.3 Terminal assignment

#### **Transmitter**

4-20 mA HART connection version with additional outputs



Order code for "Output"	Terminal numbers			
	Output 1		Out	out 2
	1 (+)	2 (-)	3 (+)	4 (-)
Option A	4-20 mA HART (passive)		_	
Option B 1)	4-20 mA HART (passive)		Pulse/frequency/switch output (passive)	
Option C 1)	4-20 mA HART (passive)		4-20 mA ana	alog (passive)

1) Output 1 must always be used; output 2 is optional.

#### 7.2.4 Requirements for the supply unit

#### Supply voltage

Transmitter

An external power supply is required for each output.

The following supply voltage values apply for the outputs available:

Order code for "Output"	Minimum terminal voltage	Maximum terminal voltage
Option A 1) 2): 4-20 mA HART	<ul> <li>For 4 mA: ≥ DC 17.9 V</li> <li>For 20 mA: ≥ DC 13.5 V</li> </ul>	DC 35 V
Option B $^{1)}$ 2): 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output	<ul> <li>For 4 mA: ≥ DC 17.9 V</li> <li>For 20 mA: ≥ DC 13.5 V</li> </ul>	DC 35 V
Option C <sup>1) 2)</sup> : 4-20 mA HART + 4-20 mA analog	<ul> <li>For 4 mA: ≥ DC 17.9 V</li> <li>For 20 mA: ≥ DC 13.5 V</li> </ul>	DC 30 V

1) External supply voltage of the power supply unit with load.

 For device versions with SD03 local display: The terminal voltage must be increased by DC 2 V if backlighting is used.

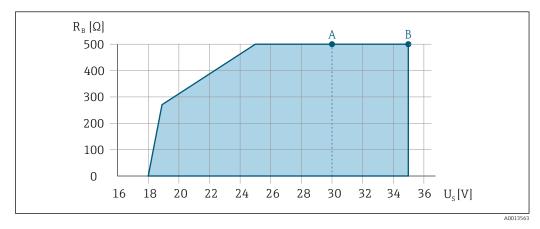
#### Load

Load for current output: 0 to 500  $\Omega$ , depending on the external supply voltage of the power supply unit

#### Calculation of the maximum load

Depending on the supply voltage of the power supply unit  $(U_S)$ , the maximum load  $(R_B)$  including line resistance must be observed to ensure adequate terminal voltage at the device. In doing so, observe the minimum terminal voltage

- For  $U_S = 17.9$  to 18.9 V:  $R_B \le (U_S 17.9$  V): 0.0036 A
- For  $U_S = 18.9$  to 24 V:  $R_B \le (U_S 13 \text{ V})$ : 0.022 A
- For  $U_S = 24 \text{ V}$ :  $R_B \le 500 \Omega$



- A Operating range for order code for "Output", option A "4-20 mA HART"/option B "4-20 mA HART, pulse/ frequency/switch output" with Ex i and option C "4-20 mA HART + 4-20 mA analog"
- B Operating range for order code for "Output", option A "4-20 mA HART"/option B "4-20 mA HART, pulse/ frequency/switch output" with non-Ex and Ex d

#### Sample calculation

Supply voltage of power supply unit:  $U_S = 19 \text{ V}$ Maximum load:  $R_B \le (19 \text{ V} - 13 \text{ V})$ :  $0.022 \text{ A} = 273 \Omega$ 

## 7.2.5 Preparing the measuring device

#### NOTICE

#### Insufficient sealing of the housing!

Operational reliability of the measuring device could be compromised.

- ▶ Use suitable cable glands corresponding to the degree of protection.
- 1. Remove dummy plug if present.
- 2. If the measuring device is supplied without cable glands:

  Provide suitable cable gland for corresponding connecting cable.
- 3. If the measuring device is supplied with cable glands:

  Observe requirements for connecting cables → 

  28.

## 7.3 Connecting the measuring instrument

#### NOTICE

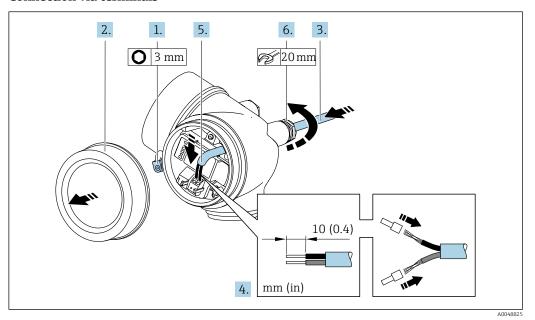
#### An incorrect connection compromises electrical safety!

- ▶ Only properly trained specialist staff may perform electrical connection work.
- ▶ Observe applicable federal/national installation codes and regulations.
- ► Comply with local workplace safety regulations.
- ► Always connect the protective ground cable ⊕ before connecting additional cables.
- ▶ When using in potentially explosive atmospheres, observe the information in the device-specific Ex documentation.

30

## 7.3.1 Connecting the transmitter

#### Connection via terminals



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp of the connection compartment cover.
- 2. Unscrew the connection compartment cover.
- 3. Push the cable through the cable entry . To ensure tight sealing, do not remove the sealing ring from the cable entry.
- 4. Strip the cable and cable ends. In the case of stranded cables, also fit ferrules.
- 5. Connect cable in accordance with terminal assignment . For HART communication: when connecting the cable shield to the ground terminal, observe the grounding concept of the facility.

#### 6. **AWARNING**

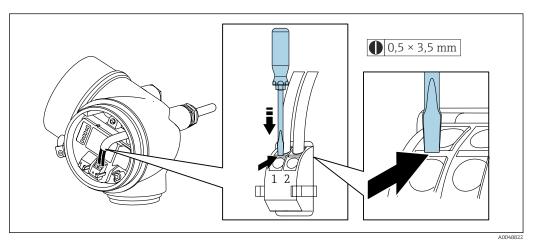
## Housing degree of protection may be voided due to insufficient sealing of the housing.

► Screw in the screw without using any lubricant. The threads on the cover are coated with a dry lubricant.

Firmly tighten the cable glands.

7. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

## Removing a cable



To remove a cable from the terminal, use a flat-blade screwdriver to push the slot between the two terminal holes while simultaneously pulling the cable end out of the terminal.

#### 7.3.2 Potential equalization

#### Requirements

No special measures for potential equalization are required.

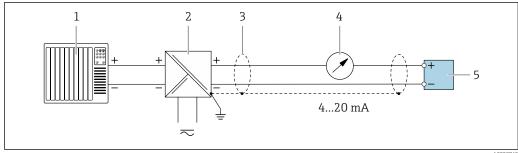
Connection example, standard scenario

Connection example in special situations

#### Special connection instructions 7.4

#### 7.4.1 **Connection examples**

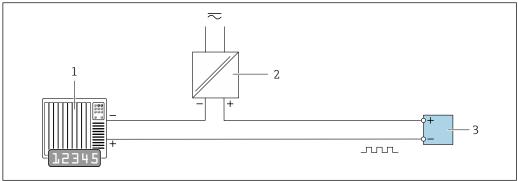
#### Current output 4-20 mA HART



- ₽8 Connection example for 4 to 20 mA HART current output (passive)
- 1 Automation system with current input (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Power supply
- Cable shield provided at one end. The cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC 3 requirements; observe cable specifications
- Analog display unit: observe maximum load
- Transmitter

32

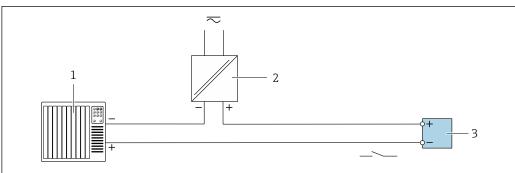
#### Pulse/frequency output



A0028761

- 9 Connection example for pulse/frequency output (passive)
- 1 Automation system with pulse/frequency input (e.g. PLC with 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up or pull-down resistor)
- 2 Power supply
- *3 Transmitter: observe input values*

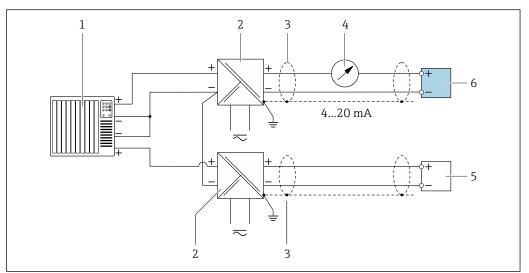
#### Switch output



A0028760

- 10 Connection example for switch output (passive)
- Automation system with switch input (e.g. PLC with a 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up or pull-down resistor)
- 2 Power supply
- 3 Transmitter: observe input values

#### **HART** input



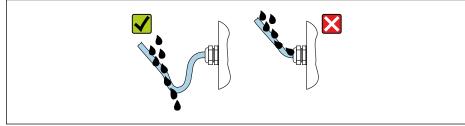
- 11 Connection example for HART input with a common negative (passive)
- 1 Automation system with HART output (e.g. PLC)
- 2 Active barrier for power supply (e.g. RN221N)
- 3 Cable shield provided at one end. The cable shield must be grounded at both ends to comply with EMC requirements; observe cable specifications
- 4 Analog display unit: observe maximum load
- Pressure transmitter (e.g. Cerabar M, Cerabar S): see requirements
- Transmitter

#### 7.5 Ensuring the degree of protection

The measuring instrument fulfills all the requirements for the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure.

To quarantee the degree of protection IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, carry out the following steps after the electrical connection:

- 1. Check that the housing seals are clean and fitted correctly.
- 2. Dry, clean or replace the seals if necessary.
- 3. Tighten all housing screws and screw covers.
- 4. Firmly tighten the cable glands.
- 5. To ensure that moisture does not enter the cable entry: Route the cable so that it loops down before the cable entry ("water trap").



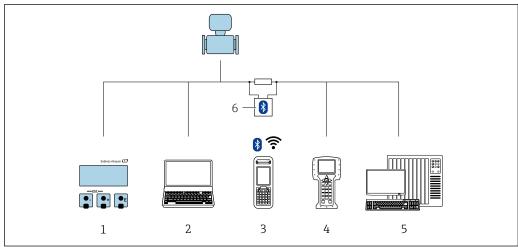
6. The cable glands supplied do not ensure housing protection when not in use. They must therefore be replaced by dummy plugs corresponding to the housing protection.

## 7.6 Post-connection check

Are the device and cable undamaged (visual inspection)?	
Do the cables used comply with the requirements $\rightarrow$ $\  \   \  \   \   \   \   \   \$	
Are the installed cables strain-relieved and securely routed?	
Are all cable glands installed, securely tightened and leak-tight? Cable run with "water trap" $\Rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Depending on the device version: Are all connectors securely tightened $\Rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the transmitter nameplate ?	
Is the terminal assignment correct ?	
If supply voltage is present: Does an indication appear on the display module?	
Are all housing covers installed and securely tightened?	
Is the securing clamp securely tightened?	

#### **Operation options** 8

#### 8.1 Overview of operation options

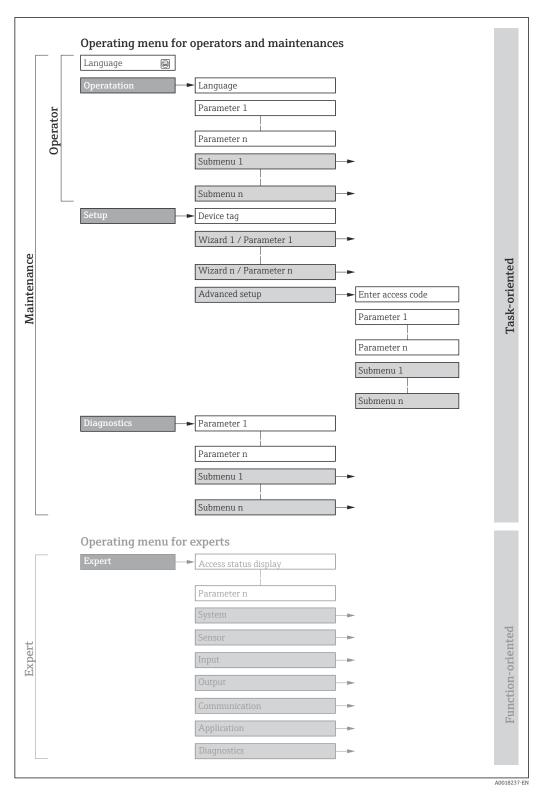


- Local operation via display module Computer with operating tool (e.g., FieldCare, DeviceCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM) 2
- 3 Field Xpert SFX350 or SFX370
- Field Communicator 475
- 5 Automation system (e.g. PLC)
- VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable

## 8.2 Structure and function of the operating menu

## 8.2.1 Structure of the operating menu

For an overview of the operating menu for experts: see the "Description of Device Parameters" document supplied with the device



 $\blacksquare$  12 Schematic structure of the operating menu

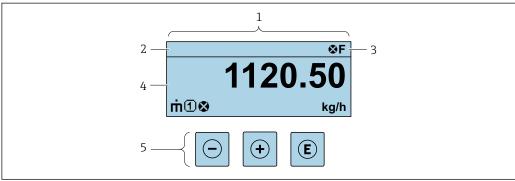
## 8.2.2 Operating philosophy

The individual parts of the operating menu are assigned to certain user roles (e.g. operator, maintenance etc.). Each user role contains typical tasks within the device life cycle.

Menu/parameter		User role and tasks	Content/meaning
Language	Task- oriented	Role "Operator", "Maintenance" Tasks during operation: Configuration of the operational display Reading measured values	<ul> <li>Defining the operating language</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>
Operation			<ul> <li>Configuration of the operational display (e.g. display format, display contrast)</li> <li>Resetting and controlling totalizers</li> </ul>
Setup		"Maintenance" role Commissioning:  Configuration of the measurement Configuration of the inputs and outputs	Wizards for fast commissioning:  Configuring the system units  Definition of the medium  Configuring the outputs  Configuration of the operational display  Definition of output conditioning  Configuring the low flow cut off  Configuring partial and empty pipe detection  Advanced setup  For more customized configuration of the measurement (adaptation to special measuring conditions)  Configuration of totalizers  Administration (define access code, reset measuring device)
Diagnostics		"Maintenance" role Troubleshooting: Diagnostics and elimination of process and device errors Measured value simulation	Contains all parameters for error detection and analyzing process and device errors:  Diagnostic list Contains up to 5 currently pending diagnostic messages.  Event logbook Contains event messages that have occurred.  Device information Contains information for identifying the device  Measured values Contains all current measured values.  Data logging submenu with the "Extended HistoROM" order option Storage and visualization of measured values  Heartbeat Technology Verification of device functionality on request and documentation of verification results  Simulation Used to simulate measured values or output values.
Expert	Function- oriented	Tasks that require detailed knowledge of the function of the device:  Commissioning measurements under difficult conditions  Optimal adaptation of the measurement to difficult conditions  Detailed configuration of the communication interface  Error diagnostics in difficult cases	Contains all of the device parameters and allows direct access to these by means of an access code. The structure of this menu is based on the function blocks of the device:  System Contains all higher-level device parameters that do not affect measurement or measured value communication  Sensor Configuration of the measurement.  Input Configuration of the input  Output Configuration of the outputs  Communication Configuration of the digital communication interface  Application Configuration of the functions that go beyond the actual measurement (e.g. totalizer)  Diagnostics Error detection and analysis of process and device errors and for device simulation and Heartbeat Technology.

## 8.3 Access to operating menu via local display

## 8.3.1 Operational display



A002934

- 1 Operational display
- 2 Device tag
- 3 Status area
- 4 Display range for measured values (up to 4 lines)
- *5 Operating elements* → 🖺 44

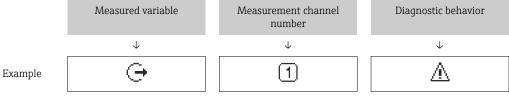
#### Status area

The following symbols appear in the status area of the operational display at the top right:

- Status signals → 🗎 108
  - **F**: Failure
  - C: Function check
  - **S**: Out of specification
  - **M**: Maintenance required
- Diagnostic behavior → 🖺 109
  - 🐼: Alarm
  - <u>M</u>: Warning
- 🖆: Locking (the device is locked via the hardware )
- ←: Communication (communication via remote operation is active)

### Display area

In the display area, each measured value is prefaced by certain symbol types for further description:



Appears only if a diagnostics event is present for this measured variable.

#### Measured variables

Symbol	Meaning
ṁ	Mass flow
Ü	<ul><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>

ρ	<ul><li>Density</li><li>Reference density</li></ul>
4	Temperature

The number and display format of the measured variables can be configured via the **Format display** parameter ( $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 74$ ).

### Totalizer

Symbol	Meaning
-	Totalizer
2	The measurement channel number indicates which of the three totalizers is displayed.

## Output

Symbol	Meaning
⊖	Output  The measurement channel number indicates which of the two current outputs is displayed.

#### Measurement channel numbers

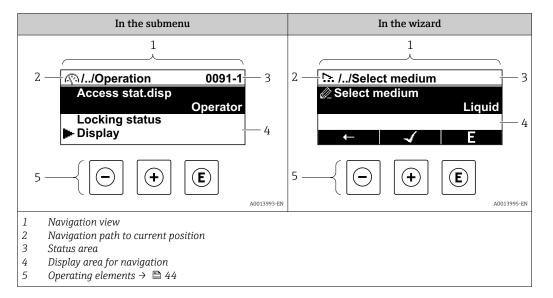
Symbol	Meaning
	Measurement channel 1 to 4
1114	The measurement channel number is displayed only if more than one channel is present for the same measured variable type (e.g. totalizer 1 to 3).

### Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> <li>For local display with touch control: the background lighting changes to red.</li> </ul>
Δ	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>Measurement is resumed.</li> <li>The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>

The diagnostic behavior pertains to a diagnostic event that is relevant to the displayed measured variable.

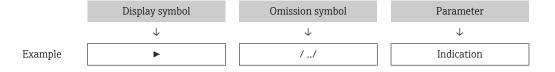
## 8.3.2 Navigation view



### Navigation path

The navigation path to the current position is displayed at the top left in the navigation view and consists of the following elements:

- The display symbol for the menu/submenu (►) or the wizard (►).
- An omission symbol (/ ../) for operating menu levels in between.
- Name of the current submenu, wizard or parameter





#### Status area

The following appears in the status area of the navigation view in the top right corner:

- In the submenu
  - The direct access code to the parameter (e.g., 0022-1)
  - If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal
- In the wizard

If a diagnostic event is present, the diagnostic behavior and status signal



- For information on the diagnostic behavior and status signal  $\rightarrow \triangleq 108$

## Display area

#### Menus

Symbol	Meaning
P	Operation Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Operation" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Operation menu

۶	Setup Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Setup" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Setup menu
ુ પ્	Diagnosis Is displayed: ■ In the menu next to the "Diagnostics" selection ■ At the left in the navigation path in the Diagnostics menu
.;¢	Expert Is displayed: In the menu next to the "Expert" selection At the left in the navigation path in the Expert menu

### Submenus, wizards, parameters

Symbol	Meaning
•	Submenu
55.	Wizards
Ø.	Parameters within a wizard  No display symbol exists for parameters in submenus.

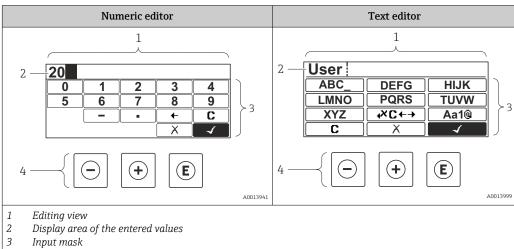
## Locking procedure

Symbol	Meaning
û	Parameter locked When displayed in front of a parameter name, indicates that the parameter is locked.  ■ By a user-specific access code  ■ By the hardware write protection switch

### Wizards

Symbol	Meaning
<b>←</b>	Switches to the previous parameter.
4	Confirms the parameter value and switches to the next parameter.
E	Opens the editing view of the parameter.

#### **Editing view** 8.3.3



- Input mask

## Input screen

The following input symbols are available in the input mask of the numeric and text editor:

## Numeric editor

Symbol	Meaning
0	Selection of numbers from 0 to 9
9	
·	Inserts a decimal separator at the cursor position.
_	Inserts a minus sign at the cursor position.
4	Confirms the selection.
+	Moves the input position one position to the left.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
С	Clears all entered characters.

## Text editor

Symbol	Meaning
(Aa1@)	Toggle  Between upper-case and lower-case letters For entering numbers For entering special characters
ABC_  XYZ	Selection of letters from A to Z.
abc _  xyz	Selection of letters from a to z.
····^	Selection of special characters.
4	Confirms the selection.
€×C←→	Switches to the selection of the correction tools.
X	Exits the input without applying the changes.
C	Clears all entered characters.

## $Text\ correction\ under\ \checkmark c \leftrightarrow$

Symbol	Meaning
C	Clears all entered characters.

$\rightarrow$	Moves the input position one position to the right.	
€	Moves the input position one position to the left.	
<b>*</b>	Deletes one character immediately to the left of the input position.	

## 8.3.4 Operating elements

Operating key	Meaning
	Minus key In menu, submenu
	Moves the selection bar upwards in a picklist  In wizards Goes to previous parameter
	In the text and numeric editor In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the left (backwards)
	Plus key
	In menu, submenu Moves the selection bar downwards in a picklist
(+)	In wizards Goes to the next parameter
	In the text and numeric editor In the input screen, moves the selection bar to the right (forwards)
	Enter key
	In the operational display Pressing the key for 2 s opens the context menu.
	<ul><li>In menu, submenu</li><li>Pressing the key briefly:</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Opens the selected menu, submenu or parameter.</li><li>Starts the wizard.</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> </ul>
E	<ul><li>Pressing the key for 2 s in a parameter:</li><li>If present, opens the help text for the function of the parameter.</li></ul>
	In wizards Opens the editing view of the parameter and confirms the parameter value
	In the text and numeric editor  Pressing the key briefly:
	<ul> <li>Opens the selected group.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Carries out the selected action.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s confirms the edited parameter value.</li> </ul>
	Escape key combination (press keys simultaneously)
	<ul> <li>In menu, submenu</li> <li>Pressing the key briefly:</li> <li>Exits the current menu level and takes you to the next higher level.</li> </ul>
-++	<ul> <li>If help text is open, closes the help text of the parameter.</li> <li>Pressing the key for 2 s returns you to the operational display ("home position").</li> </ul>
	In wizards Exits the wizard and takes you to the next higher level
	In the text and numeric editor Closes the text or numeric editor without applying changes.
(+) + (E)	Plus/Enter key combination (press and hold down the keys simultaneously)
	Increases the contrast (darker setting).
	Minus/Plus/Enter key combination (press the keys simultaneously)
	In the operational display Enables or disables the keypad lock (only SD02 display module).

## 8.3.5 Opening the context menu

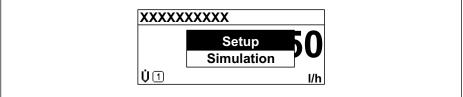
Using the context menu, the user can call up the following menus quickly and directly from the operational display:

- Setup
- Configuration backup display
- Simulation

#### Calling up and closing the context menu

The user is in the operational display.

- 1. Press the  $\Box$  and  $\Box$  keys for longer than 3 seconds.
  - ► The context menu opens.



40017/21 PM

- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - The context menu is closed and the operational display appears.

#### Calling up the menu via the context menu

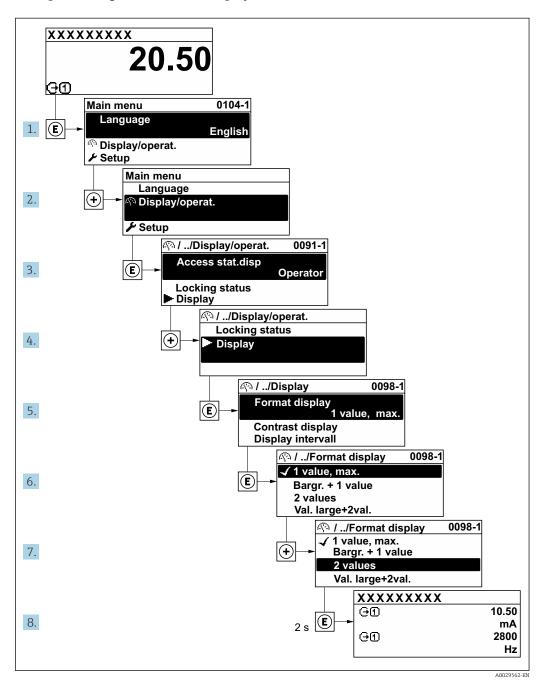
- 1. Open the context menu.
- 2. Press ± to navigate to the desired menu.
- 3. Press 🗉 to confirm the selection.
  - ► The selected menu opens.

### 8.3.6 Navigating and selecting from list

Different operating elements are used to navigate through the operating menu. The navigation path is displayed on the left in the header. Icons are displayed in front of the individual menus. These icons are also shown in the header during navigation.

For an explanation of the navigation view with symbols and operating elements  $\Rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 41$ 

Example: Setting the number of displayed measured values to "2 values"



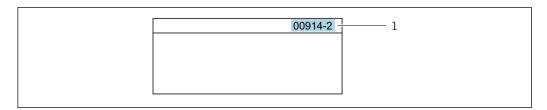
## 8.3.7 Calling the parameter directly

A parameter number is assigned to every parameter to be able to access a parameter directly via the onsite display. Entering this access code in the **Direct access** parameter calls up the desired parameter directly.

### Navigation path

Expert → Direct access

The direct access code consists of a 5-digit number (at maximum) and the channel number, which identifies the channel of a process variable: e.g. 00914-2. In the navigation view, this appears on the right-hand side in the header of the selected parameter.



1 Direct access code

Note the following when entering the direct access code:

- The leading zeros in the direct access code do not have to be entered. Example: Enter "914" instead of "00914"
- If no channel number is entered, channel 1 is opened automatically.
   Example: Enter 00914 → Assign process variable parameter
- If a different channel is opened: Enter the direct access code with the corresponding channel number.

Example: Enter **00914-2** → **Assign process variable** parameter

For the direct access codes of the individual parameters, see the "Description of Device Parameters" document for the device

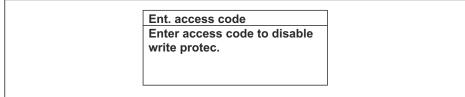
## 8.3.8 Calling up help text

Help text is available for some parameters and can be called up from the navigation view. The help text provides a brief explanation of the parameter function and thereby supports swift and safe commissioning.

#### Calling up and closing the help text

The user is in the navigation view and the selection bar is on a parameter.

- 1. Press E for 2 s.
  - ► The help text for the selected parameter opens.



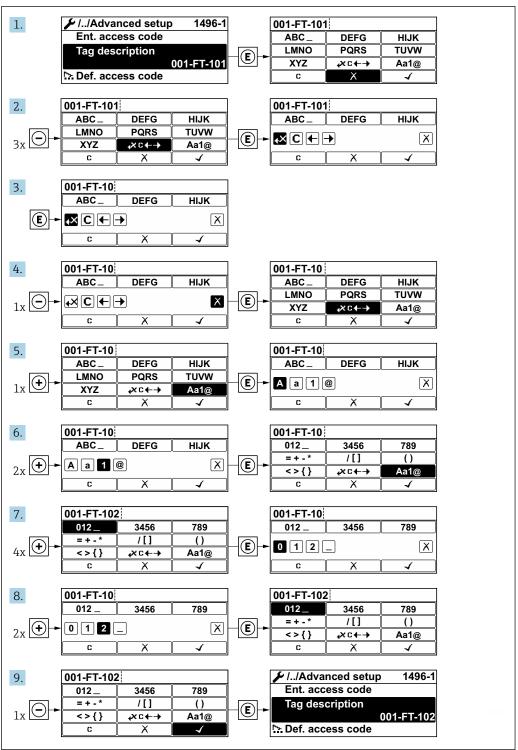
A0014002-E

- 13 Example: Help text for parameter "Enter access code"
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The help text is closed.

## 8.3.9 Changing the parameters

For a description of the editing view - consisting of the text editor and numeric editor - with symbols  $\rightarrow \triangleq 42$ , for a description of the operating elements  $\rightarrow \triangleq 44$ 

**Example:** Changing the tag name in the "Tag description" parameter from 001-FT-101 to 001-FT-102



A0029563-EN

A message is displayed if the value entered is outside the permitted value range.

Ent. access code
Invalid or out of range input
value
Min:0
Max:9999

A0014049-EN

#### 8.3.10 User roles and related access authorization

The two user roles "Operator" and "Maintenance" have different write access to the parameters if the customer defines a user-specific access code. This protects the device configuration via the local display from unauthorized access .

#### Defining access authorization for user roles

An access code is not yet defined when the device is delivered from the factory. Access authorization (read and write access) to the device is not restricted and corresponds to the "Maintenance" user role.

- ▶ Define the access code.
  - The "Operator" user role is redefined in addition to the "Maintenance" user role. Access authorization differs for the two user roles.

Access authorization to parameters: "Maintenance" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
An access code has not yet been defined (factory setting).	V	V
After an access code has been defined.	V	<b>✓</b> 1)

1) The user only has write access after entering the access code.

Access authorization to parameters: "Operator" user role

Access code status	Read access	Write access
After an access code has been defined.	V	_ 1)

- Despite the defined access code, certain parameters can always be modified and thus are excluded from the write protection as they do not affect the measurement: write protection via access code
- The user role with which the user is currently logged on is indicated by the **Access** status display parameter. Navigation path: Operation → Access status display

### 8.3.11 Disabling write protection via access code

If the  $\square$ -symbol appears on the local display in front of a parameter, the parameter is write-protected by a user-specific access code and its value cannot be changed at the moment using local operation  $\rightarrow \square$  94.

Parameter write protection via local operation can be disabled by entering the user-specific access code in the **Enter access code** parameter via the respective access option.

- 1. After you press 🗉, the input prompt for the access code appears.
- 2. Enter the access code.
  - ► The 🗈-symbol in front of the parameters disappears; all previously write-protected parameters are now re-enabled.

## 8.3.12 Enabling and disabling the keypad lock

The keypad lock makes it possible to block access to the entire operating menu via local operation. As a result, it is no longer possible to navigate through the operating menu or change the values of individual parameters. Users can only read the measured values on the operational display.

The keypad lock is switched on and off via the context menu.

#### Switching on the keypad lock

### 🚹 For the SD03 display only

The keypad lock is switched on automatically:

- If the device has not been operated via the display for > 1 minute.
- Each time the device is restarted.

## To activate the keylock manually:

1. The device is in the measured value display.

Press the  $\Box$  and  $\blacksquare$  keys for 3 seconds.

- ► A context menu appears.
- 2. In the context menu select the **Keylock on** option.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched on.
- If the user attempts to access the operating menu while the keypad lock is active, the **Keylock on** message appears.

### Switching off the keypad lock

- ► The keypad lock is switched on.
  - Press the  $\Box$  and  $\Box$  keys for 3 seconds.
  - ► The keypad lock is switched off.

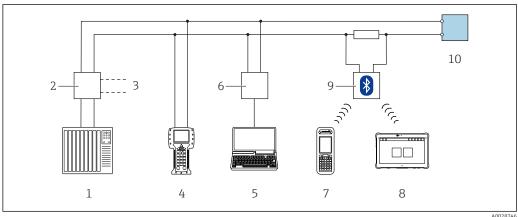
## 8.4 Access to the operating menu via the operating tool

The structure of the operating menu in the operating tools is the same as for operation via the local display.

## 8.4.1 Connecting the operating tool

#### Via HART protocol

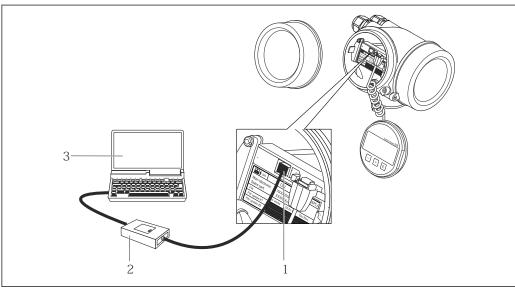
This communication interface is available in device versions with a HART output.



■ 14 Options for remote operation via HART protocol (passive)

- Automation system (e.g. PLC)
- *Transmitter power supply unit, e.g. RN221N (with communication resistor)* 2
- 3 Connection for Commubox FXA195 and Field Communicator 475
- Field Communicator 475
- Computer with web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) for accessing computers with operating tool (e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare, AMS Device Manager, SIMATIC PDM) with COM DTM "CDI Communication TCP/IP"
- Commubox FXA195 (USB)
- Field Xpert SFX350 or SFX370
- 8 Field Xpert SMT50 (or 70 or 77)
- VIATOR Bluetooth modem with connecting cable
- 10 Transmitter

### Via service interface (CDI)



- Service interface (CDI = Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) of the measuring device 1
- 2 Commubox FXA291
- Computer with FieldCare operating tool with COM DTM CDI Communication FXA291

#### 8.4.2 Field Xpert SFX350, SFX370

### **Function scope**

Field Xpert SFX350 and Field Xpert SFX370 are mobile computers for commissioning and maintenance. They enable efficient device configuration and diagnostics for HART and

FOUNDATION Fieldbus devices in the **non-hazardous area** (SFX350, SFX370) and **hazardous area** (SFX370).



For details, see Operating Instructions BA01202S

### Source for device description files

See information  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 55$ 

#### 8.4.3 FieldCare

#### **Function** range

FDT-based (Field Device Technology) plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all smart field units in a system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.

#### Access is via:

- HART protocol
- CDI service interface → 🗎 51

#### Typical functions:

- Transmitter parameter configuration
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point
- Visualization of the measured value memory (line recorder) and event logbook

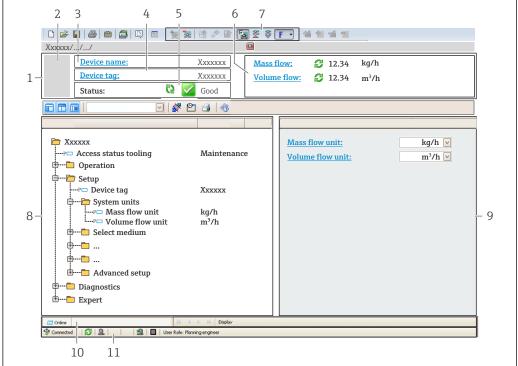


- Operating Instructions BA00027S
- Operating Instructions BA00059S
- Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \triangleq 55$

### Establishing a connection

- 1. Start FieldCare and launch the project.
- 2. In the network: Add a device.
  - ► The **Add device** window opens.
- 3. Select the **CDI Communication TCP/IP** option from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
- 4. Right-click **CDI Communication TCP/IP** and select the **Add device** option in the context menu that opens.
- 5. Select the desired device from the list and press **OK** to confirm.
  - ► The **CDI Communication TCP/IP (Configuration)** window opens.
- 6. Enter the device address in the **IP address** field: 192.168.1.212 and press **Enter** to confirm.
- 7. Establish the online connection to the device.
- Operating Instructions BA00027S
  - Operating Instructions BA00059S

#### User interface



A00210E1 EN

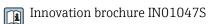
- 1 Header
- 2 Picture of device
- 3 Device name
- 4 Device tag
- 5 Status area with status signal → 🗎 111
- 6 Display area for current measured values
- 7 Editing toolbar with additional functions such as save/load, event list and create documentation
- 8 Navigation area with operating menu structure
- 9 Work area
- 10 Action area
- 11 Status area

#### 8.4.4 DeviceCare

#### Function range

Tool for connecting and configuring Endress+Hauser field devices.

The fastest way to configure Endress+Hauser field devices is with the dedicated "DeviceCare" tool. Together with the device type managers (DTMs) it presents a convenient, comprehensive solution.



Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \triangleq 55$ 

### 8.4.5 AMS Device Manager

### **Function** range

Program from Emerson Process Management for operating and configuring measuring devices via the HART protocol.

Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \triangleq 55$ 

#### 8.4.6 **SIMATIC PDM**

### **Function range**

SIMATIC PDM is a standardized, manufacturer-independent program from Siemens for the operation, configuration, maintenance and diagnosis of intelligent field devices via HART protocol.

Source for device description files  $\rightarrow \triangleq 55$ 

#### Field Communicator 475 8.4.7

### **Function scope**

Industrial handheld terminal from Emerson Process Management for remote configuration and measured value display via HART protocol.

## Source for device description files

See information  $\rightarrow \implies 55$ 

## 9 System integration

## 9.1 Overview of device description files

## 9.1.1 Current version data for the device

Firmware version	01.04.zz	<ul> <li>On the title page of the manual</li> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Firmware version         Diagnostics → Device information → Firmware version     </li> </ul>
Release date of firmware version	06.2015	
Manufacturer ID	0x11	Manufacturer ID Diagnostics → Device information → Manufacturer ID
Device type code	0x54	Device type Diagnostics → Device information → Device type
HART protocol revision	7	
Device revision	5	<ul> <li>On the transmitter nameplate</li> <li>Device revision         Diagnostics → Device information → Device revision     </li> </ul>

## 9.1.2 Operating tools

The suitable device description file for the individual operating tools is listed in the table below, along with information on where the file can be acquired.

Operating tool via HART protocol	Sources for obtaining device descriptions
FieldCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Downloads area</li> <li>USB stick (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
DeviceCare	<ul> <li>www.endress.com → Downloads area</li> <li>CD-ROM (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> <li>DVD (contact Endress+Hauser)</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Field Xpert SMT70</li><li>Field Xpert SMT77</li></ul>	Use update function of handheld terminal
AMS Device Manager (Emerson Process Management)	www.endress.com → Downloads area
SIMATIC PDM (Siemens)	www.endress.com → Downloads area
Field Communicator 475 (Emerson Process Management)	Use update function of handheld terminal

## 9.2 Measured variables via HART protocol

The following measured variables (HART device variables) are assigned to the dynamic variables at the factory:

Dynamic variables	Measured variables (HART device variables)
Primary dynamic variable (PV)	Mass flow
Secondary dynamic variable (SV)	Totalizer 1

Dynamic variables	Measured variables (HART device variables)
Tertiary dynamic variable (TV)	Density
Quaternary dynamic variable (QV)	Temperature

The assignment of the measured variables to the dynamic variables can be modified and assigned as desired via local operation and the operating tool using the following parameters:

- Expert → Communication → HART output → Output → Assign PV
- Expert → Communication → HART output → Output → Assign SV
- Expert → Communication → HART output → Output → Assign TV
- Expert  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  HART output  $\rightarrow$  Output  $\rightarrow$  Assign QV

The following measured variables can be assigned to the dynamic variables:

## Measured variables for PV (primary dynamic variable)

- Off
- Mass flow
- Volume flow
- Corrected volume flow
- Density
- Reference density
- Temperature
- Electronic temperature
- Oscillation frequency
- Oscillation amplitude
- Oscillation damping
- Signal asymmetry

# Measured variables for SV, TV, QV (secondary, tertiary and quaternary dynamic variable)

- Mass flow
- Volume flow
- Corrected volume flow
- Density
- Reference density
- Temperature
- Electronic temperature
- Oscillation frequency
- Oscillation amplitude
- Oscillation damping
- Signal asymmetry
- External pressure
- Totalizer 1...3

## 9.2.1 Device variables

Device variables are permanently assigned. A maximum of eight device variables can be transmitted.

Assignment	Device variables
0	Mass flow
1	Volume flow
2	Corrected volume flow
3	Density
4	Reference density
5	Temperature

Assignment	Device variables
6	Totalizer 1
7	Totalizer 2
8	Totalizer 3
9	Carrier pipe temperature <sup>1)</sup>
10	Electronic temperature
11	Oscillation damping 0
12	Oscillation frequency 0
13	Oscillation amplitude <sup>1)</sup>
14	Signal asymmetry
15	Pressure 1)

<sup>1)</sup> Visible depending on the order options or device settings

## 9.3 Other settings

Burst mode functionality in accordance with HART 7 Specification:

## Navigation

"Expert" menu  $\to$  Communication  $\to$  HART output  $\to$  Burst configuration  $\to$  Burst configuration 1 to n

▶ Burst configuration 1 to n	
Burst mode 1 to n	→ 🖺 58
Burst command 1 to n	→ 🖺 58
Burst variable 0	→ 🗎 58
Burst variable 1	→ 🗎 58
Burst variable 2	→ 🗎 58
Burst variable 3	→ 🖺 58
Burst variable 4	→ 🖺 58
Burst variable 5	→ 🖺 58
Burst variable 6	→ 🖺 58
Burst variable 7	→ 🖺 58
Burst trigger mode	→ 🖺 58
Burst trigger level	→ 🖺 59

Min. update period	→ 🖺 59
Max. update period	→ 🗎 59

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection / User entry
Burst mode 1 to n	Activate the HART burst mode for burst message X.	Off On
Burst command 1 to n	Select the HART command that is sent to the HART master.	<ul> <li>Command 1</li> <li>Command 2</li> <li>Command 3</li> <li>Command 9</li> <li>Command 33</li> <li>Command 48</li> </ul>
Burst variable 0	For HART command 9 and 33: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Oscillation damping</li> <li>Oscillation frequency</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude 0</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> <li>External pressure</li> <li>Percent Of Range</li> <li>Measured current</li> <li>Primary variable (PV)</li> <li>Secondary variable (SV)</li> <li>Tertiary variable (TV)</li> <li>Quaternary variable (QV)</li> <li>Not used</li> </ul>
Burst variable 1	For HART command 9 and 33: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst variable 2	For HART command 9 and 33: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst variable 3	For HART command 9 and 33: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst variable 4	For HART command 9: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst variable 5	For HART command 9: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst variable 6	For HART command 9: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst variable 7	For HART command 9: select the HART device variable or the process variable.	See the <b>Burst variable 0</b> parameter.
Burst trigger mode	Select the event that triggers burst message X.	<ul><li>Continuous</li><li>Window</li><li>Rising</li><li>Falling</li><li>On change</li></ul>

Parameter	Description	Selection / User entry
Burst trigger level	Enter the burst trigger value.  Together with the option selected in the <b>Burst trigger mode</b> parameter the burst trigger value determines the time of burst message X.	Positive floating-point number
Min. update period	Enter the minimum time span between two burst commands of burst message X.	Positive integer
Max. update period	Enter the maximum time span between two burst commands of burst message X.	Positive integer

## 10 Commissioning

## 10.1 Post-mounting and post-connection check

Before commissioning the device:

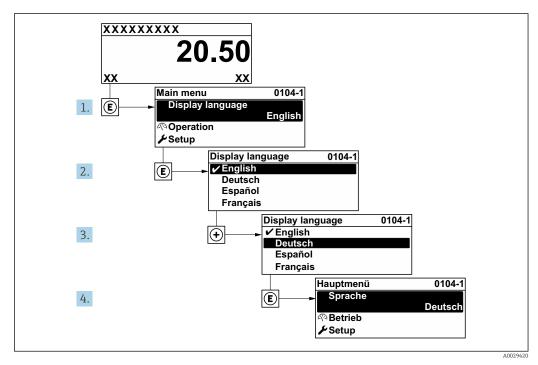
- ► Make sure that the post-installation and post-connection checks have been performed successfully.
- Checklist for "Post-installation" check → 🗎 27
- Checklist for "Post-connection" check → 🗎 35

## 10.2 Switching on the measuring device

- Switch on the device upon successful completion of the post-mounting and postconnection check.
  - After a successful startup, the local display switches automatically from the startup display to the operational display.

## 10.3 Setting the operating language

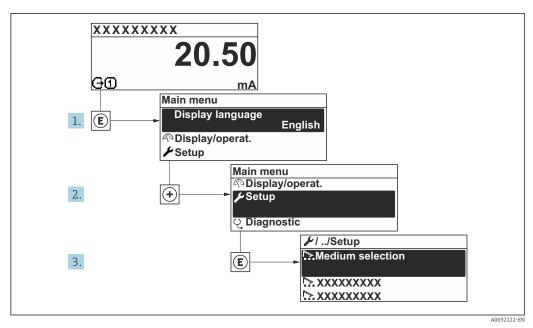
Factory setting: English or ordered local language



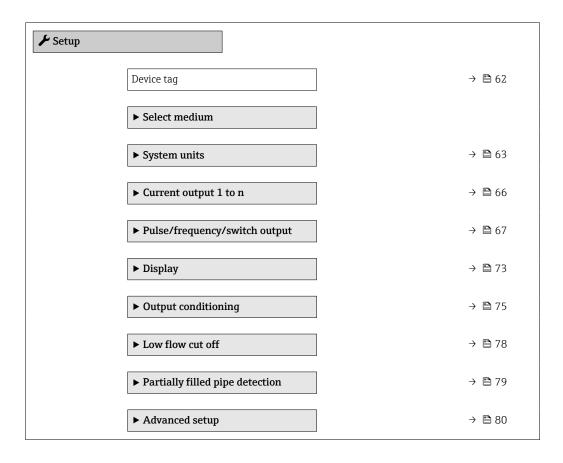
Taking the example of the local display

## 10.4 Configuring the measuring instrument

The **Setup** menu with its guided wizards contains all the parameters needed for standard operation.

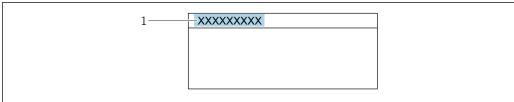


Navigation to "Setup" menu using the example of the local display



## 10.4.1 Defining the tag name

To enable fast identification of the measuring point within the system, you can enter a unique designation using the **Device tag** parameter and thus change the factory setting.



A0029422

- $\blacksquare$  17 Header of the operational display with tag name
- 1 Tag name
- Enter the tag name in the "FieldCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\triangle}{=} 53$

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device tag

## Parameter overview with brief description

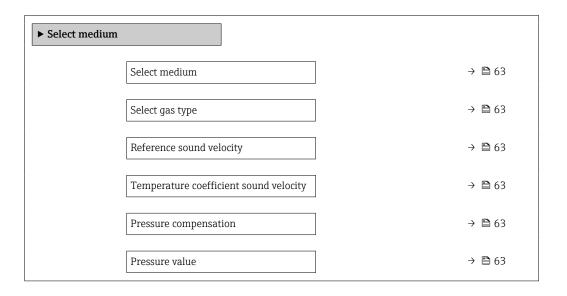
Parameter	Description	User entry
Device tag	31	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).

## 10.4.2 Selecting and setting the medium

The **Medium selection** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be configured in order to select and set the medium.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Medium selection

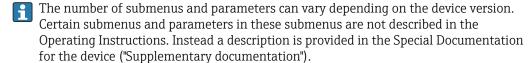


#### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Select medium	-	Select medium type.	<ul><li>Liquid</li><li>Gas</li></ul>	-
Select gas type	In the <b>Select medium</b> parameter the <b>Gas</b> option is selected.	Select measured gas type.	Gas type choose list	_
Reference sound velocity	In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter the <b>Others</b> option is selected.	Enter sound velocity of gas at 0 °C (32 °F).	1 to 99999.9999 m/s	_
Temperature coefficient sound velocity	In the <b>Select gas type</b> parameter the <b>Others</b> option is selected.	Enter temperature coefficient for the gas sound velocity.	Positive floating- point number	_
Pressure compensation	-	Select pressure compensation type.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Fixed value</li><li>External value</li></ul>	_
Pressure value	In the <b>Pressure compensation</b> parameter the <b>Fixed value</b> option is selected.	Enter process pressure to be used for pressure correction.	Positive floating- point number	Country-specific:  1.01 bar a  14.7 psi a

## 10.4.3 Setting the system units

In the **System units** submenu the units of all the measured values can be set.



 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Navigation} \\ \text{"Setup" menu} \rightarrow \text{System units} \end{array}$ 

► System units			
	Mass flow unit	→ 🖺 64	
	Mass unit	→ 🖺 64	
	Volume flow unit	→ 🖺 64	
	Volume unit	→ 🖺 64	
	Corrected volume flow unit	→ 🖺 65	
	Corrected volume unit	→ 🖺 65	
	Density unit	→ 🖺 65	
	Reference density unit	→ 🖺 65	
	Temperature unit	→ 🖺 65	
	Length unit	→ 🖺 65	
	Pressure unit	→ 🖺 65	

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Mass flow unit	Select mass flow unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:     kg/h     lb/min
Mass unit	Select mass unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:     kg     lb
Volume flow unit	Select volume flow unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Output  Low flow cut off Simulation process variable	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  l/h gal/min (us)
Volume unit	Select volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  1 (DN > 150 (6"): m³ option) gal (us)

Parameter	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Corrected volume flow unit	Select corrected volume flow unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Corrected volume flow parameter  (→   99)	Unit choose list	Country-specific: NI/h Sft³/min
Corrected volume unit	Select corrected volume unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific: NI Sft³
Density unit	Select density unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Output  Simulation process variable  Density adjustment (Expert menu)	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/l • lb/ft³
Reference density unit	Select reference density unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific • kg/Nl • lb/Sft³
Density 2 unit	Select second density unit.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • kg/l • lb/ft³
Temperature unit	Select temperature unit.  Effect  The selected unit applies to:  Minimum value  Maximum value  Minimum value  Minimum value  Minimum value  Minimum value  Minimum value  Maximum value  Maximum value  Maximum value  Maximum value  Reference temperature	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  © °C  F
Length unit	Select length unit for nominal diameter.	Unit choose list	Country-specific:     mm     in
Pressure unit	Select process pressure unit.  Effect  The unit is taken from:  ■ Pressure value parameter (→ 🖺 63)  ■ External pressure parameter	Unit choose list	Country-specific:  • bar a  • psi a

## 10.4.4 Configuring the current output

The  $\pmb{Current}$  output wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the current output.

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Current output 1 to n

► Current output 1 to n	
Assign current output	→ 🖺 66
Current span	→ 🖺 67
4 mA value	→ 🗎 67
20 mA value	→ 🖺 67
Fixed current	
Failure mode	→ 🖺 67
Failure current	→ 🖺 67

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign current output		Select process variable for current output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Carrier pipe temperature</li> <li>Electronic temperature</li> <li>Oscillation frequency</li> <li>Oscillation amplitude</li> <li>Oscillation damping</li> <li>Signal asymmetry</li> </ul>	
Corrected volume flow calculation	-	Select reference density for calculating the corrected volume flow.	<ul><li>Fixed reference density</li><li>Calculated reference density</li></ul>	-
Fixed reference density	The Fixed reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter fixed value for reference density.	Positive floating- point number	-

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Linear expansion coefficient	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter linear, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	Signed floating-point number	-
Square expansion coefficient	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	For media with a non-linear expansion pattern: enter the quadratic, medium-specific expansion coefficient for calculating the reference density.	Signed floating-point number	-
Reference temperature	The Calculated reference density option is selected in the Corrected volume flow calculation parameter parameter.	Enter reference temperature for calculating the reference density.	-273.15 to 99999 °C	Country-specific: ■ +20 °C ■ +68 °F
Current span	-	Select current range for process value output and upper/lower level for alarm signal.	<ul> <li>420 mA NAMUR</li> <li>420 mA US</li> <li>420 mA</li> <li>Fixed current</li> </ul>	Depends on country:  420 mA NAMUR  420 mA US
4 mA value	In <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ 🗎 67), one of the following options is selected:  • 420 mA NAMUR  • 420 mA US  • 420 mA	Enter 4 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
20 mA value	In <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ 🖺 67), one of the following options is selected:  • 420 mA NAMUR  • 420 mA US  • 420 mA	Enter 20 mA value.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Failure mode	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign current output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 66) and one of the following options is selected in the <b>Current span</b> parameter (→ 🖺 67):  420 mA NAMUR  420 mA US  420 mA	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul> <li>Min.</li> <li>Max.</li> <li>Last valid value</li> <li>Actual value</li> <li>Defined value</li> </ul>	-
Failure current	The <b>Defined value</b> option is selected in the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter.	Enter current output value in alarm condition.	3.59 to 22.5 mA	-

## 10.4.5 Configuring the pulse/frequency/switch output

The **Pulse/frequency/switch output** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can be set for configuring the selected output type.

#### Navigation

"Setup" menu → Pulse/frequency/switch output



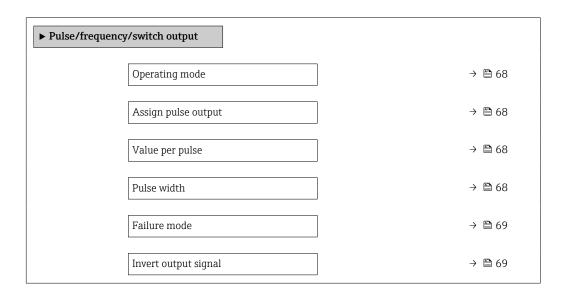
## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection
Operating mode	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>

## Configuring the pulse output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output



## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	-
Assign pulse output	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Select process variable for pulse output.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	-
Value per pulse	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68).	Enter measured value at which a pulse is output.	Positive floating point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Pulse width	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68).	Define time width of the output pulse.	5 to 2 000 ms	-

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Failure mode	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign pulse output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68).	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>No pulses</li></ul>	-
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	-

## Configuring the frequency output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output

► Pulse/frequency/switch output	
Operating mode	→ 🖺 70
Assign frequency output	→ 🖺 70
Minimum frequency value	→ 🗎 70
Maximum frequency value	→ 🖺 70
Measuring value at minimum frequency	→ 🖺 70
Measuring value at maximum frequency	→ 🖺 70
Failure mode	→ 🖺 70
Failure frequency	→ 🖺 71
Invert output signal	→ 🖺 71

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	-
Assign frequency output	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68).	Select process variable for frequency output.	Off     Mass flow     Volume flow     Corrected volume flow     Density     Reference density     Temperature     Carrier pipe temperature     Electronic temperature     Oscillation frequency     Oscillation amplitude     Oscillation damping     Signal asymmetry	-
Minimum frequency value	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 68$ ) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \cong 70$ ).	Enter minimum frequency.	0 to 1000 Hz	0 Hz
Maximum frequency value	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \boxminus 68$ ) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \boxminus 70$ ).	Enter maximum frequency.	0 to 1000 Hz	1000 Hz
Measuring value at minimum frequency	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 68$ ) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 70$ ).	Enter measured value for minmum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Measuring value at maximum frequency	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 68$ ) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 70$ ).	Enter measured value for maximum frequency.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Failure mode	The <b>Frequency</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ 🖺 68) and a process variable is selected in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→ 🖺 70).	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual value</li><li>Defined value</li><li>0 Hz</li></ul>	-

70

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Failure frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter (→ □ 68), the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected, in the <b>Assign frequency output</b> parameter (→ □ 70) a process variable is selected, and in the <b>Failure mode</b> parameter, the <b>Defined value</b> option is selected.	Enter frequency output value in alarm condition.	0.0 to 1250.0 Hz	_
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	<ul><li>No</li><li>Yes</li></ul>	_

## Configuring the switch output

## Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Pulse/frequency/switch output

▶ Pulse/fre	equency/switch output	
	Operating mode	→ 🖺 72
	Switch output function	→ 🖺 72
	Assign diagnostic behavior	→ 🖺 72
	Assign limit	→ 🖺 72
	Assign flow direction check	→ 🗎 72
	Assign status	→ 🖺 72
	Switch-on value	→ 🖺 72
	Switch-off value	→ 🖺 72
	Switch-on delay	→ 🖺 72
	Switch-off delay	→ 🖺 73
	Failure mode	→ 🗎 73
	Invert output signal	→ 🖺 73

## Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Operating mode	-	Define the output as a pulse, frequency or switch output.	<ul><li>Pulse</li><li>Frequency</li><li>Switch</li></ul>	-
Switch output function	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Select function for switch output.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Flow direction check</li> <li>Status</li> </ul>	-
Assign diagnostic behavior	<ul> <li>In the Operating mode parameter, the Switch option is selected.</li> <li>In the Switch output function parameter, the Diagnostic behavior option is selected.</li> </ul>	Select diagnostic behavior for switch output.	<ul><li>Alarm</li><li>Alarm or warning</li><li>Warning</li></ul>	-
Assign limit	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for limit function.	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> </ul>	-
Assign flow direction check	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Flow direction check option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select process variable for flow direction monitoring.		-
Assign status	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Status option is selected in Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Select device status for switch output.	<ul><li>Partially filled pipe detection</li><li>Low flow cut off</li></ul>	_
Switch-on value	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-on point.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
Switch-off value	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Enter measured value for the switch-off point.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  • 0 kg/h  • 0 lb/min
Switch-on delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-on of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	-

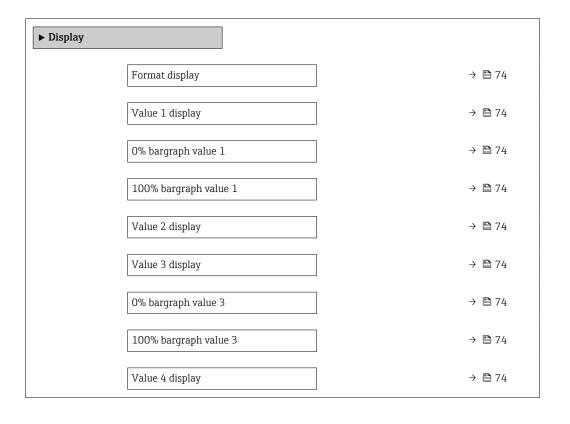
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Switch-off delay	<ul> <li>The Switch option is selected in the Operating mode parameter.</li> <li>The Limit option is selected in the Switch output function parameter.</li> </ul>	Define delay for the switch-off of status output.	0.0 to 100.0 s	-
Failure mode	_	Define output behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Actual status</li><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>	-
Invert output signal	-	Invert the output signal.	■ No ■ Yes	_

### 10.4.6 Configuring the local display

The **Display** wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that can configured for configuring the local display.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Display



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	-
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> <li>Current output 1</li> <li>Current output 2*</li> </ul>	-
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 74)	-
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 74)	_
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h  Olb/min
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	-
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see  Value 1 display  parameter (→ 🖺 74)	_
Value 5 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🗎 74)	-
Value 6 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 74)	-
Value 7 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🗎 74)	-
Value 8 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 74)	-

<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

### 10.4.7 Configuring the output conditioning

The  ${\bf Output}$  conditioning wizard guides you systematically through all the parameters that have to be set for configuring the output conditioning.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Output conditioning

► Output condit	ioning	
	Level of flow fluctuation	→ 🖺 76
	Display damping	→ 🖺 76
	Damping output 1	→ 🖺 76
	Damping output 2	→ 🗎 76
	Damping output 2	→ 🖺 76
	Measuring mode output 1	→ 🗎 76
	Measuring mode output 2	→ 🖺 76
	Measuring mode output 2	→ 🖺 76
	Measuring mode output 2	→ 🖺 76
	Operating mode totalizer 1	→ 🗎 76
	Operating mode totalizer 2	→ 🗎 76
	Operating mode totalizer 3	→ 🗎 76
	Assign process variable	→ 🗎 76
	On value low flow cutoff	→ 🗎 76
	Off value low flow cutoff	→ 🗎 77
	Pressure shock suppression	→ 🖺 77

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Level of flow fluctuation	-	Select fluctuation level of measured value.	<ul><li>Slight</li><li>Moderate</li><li>Strong</li></ul>	-
Display damping	-	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	-
Damping output 1	-	Set the reaction time of the output signal of the current output to fluctuations in the measured value.	0 to 999.9 s	-
Damping output 2	The measuring device has a second current output.	Set the reaction time of the output signal of the second current output to fluctuations in the measured value.	0 to 999.9 s	-
Damping output 2	The measuring device has a pulse/frequency/switch output.	Set the reaction time of the output signal of the frequency output to fluctuations in the measured value.	0 to 999.9 s	-
Measuring mode output 1	-	Select measuring mode for output.	<ul> <li>Forward flow</li> <li>Forward/Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow compensation</li> </ul>	-
Measuring mode output 2	-	Select measuring mode for output.	<ul> <li>Forward flow</li> <li>Forward/Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow compensation</li> </ul>	-
Measuring mode output 2	-	Select measuring mode for output.	<ul> <li>Forward flow</li> <li>Forward/Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow compensation</li> </ul>	-
Measuring mode output 2	_	Select measuring mode for output.	<ul> <li>Forward flow</li> <li>Forward/Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow</li> <li>Reverse flow compensation</li> </ul>	-
Operating mode totalizer 1	-	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul><li>Net flow total</li><li>Forward flow total</li><li>Reverse flow total</li></ul>	-
Operating mode totalizer 2	-	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul><li>Net flow total</li><li>Forward flow total</li><li>Reverse flow total</li></ul>	-
Operating mode totalizer 3	-	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul><li>Net flow total</li><li>Forward flow total</li><li>Reverse flow total</li></ul>	-
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	-
On value low flow cutoff	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Positive floating- point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter

76

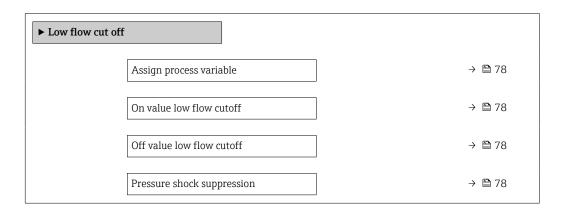
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Off value low flow cutoff	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Enter off value for low flow cut off.	0 to 100.0 %	-
Pressure shock suppression	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 76).	Enter time frame for signal suppression (= active pressure shock suppression).	0 to 100 s	-

### 10.4.8 Configuring the low flow cut off

The **Low flow cut off** wizard systematically guides the user through all the parameters that must be set to configure low flow cut off.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Low flow cut off



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for low flow cut off.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Mass flow</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	-
On value low flow cutoff	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Enter on value for low flow cut off.	Positive floating- point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Off value low flow cutoff	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \implies 76$ ).	Enter off value for low flow cut off.	0 to 100.0 %	_
Pressure shock suppression	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 76).	Enter time frame for signal suppression (= active pressure shock suppression).	0 to 100 s	_

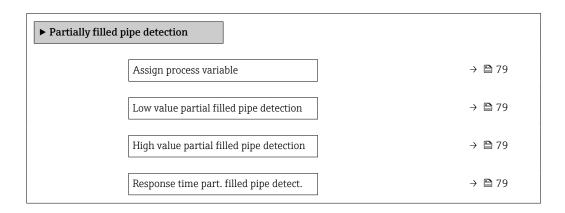
78

# 10.4.9 Configuring the partial filled pipe detection

The **Partial filled pipe detection** wizard guides you systematically through all parameters that have to be set for configuring the monitoring of the pipe filling.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Partially filled pipe detection



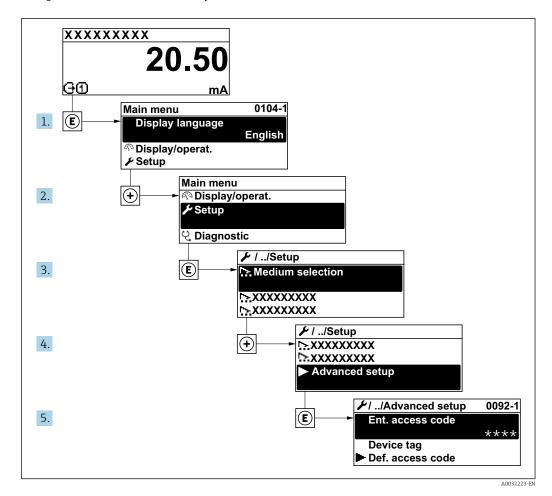
### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for partially filled pipe detection.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Density</li><li>Reference density</li></ul>
Low value partial filled pipe detection	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter:  Density Reference density	Enter lower limit value for deactivating partialy filled pipe detection.	Positive floating-point number
High value partial filled pipe detection	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter:  Density Reference density	Enter upper limit value for deactivating partialy filled pipe detection.	Signed floating-point number
Response time part. filled pipe detect.	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter:  Density Reference density	Enter time before diagnostic message is displayed for partially filled pipe detection.	0 to 100 s

### 10.5 Advanced settings

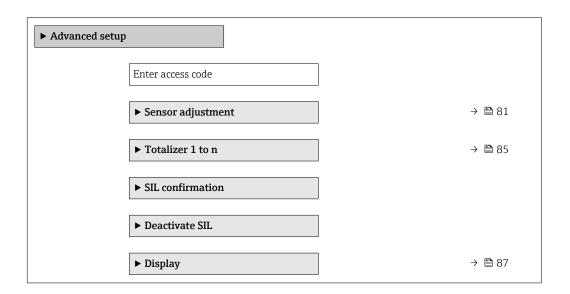
The **Advanced setup** submenu with its submenus contains parameters for specific settings.

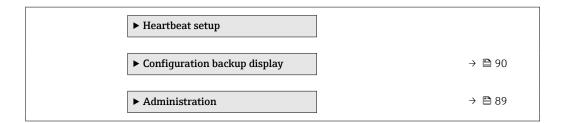
Navigation to the "Advanced setup" submenu



### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup



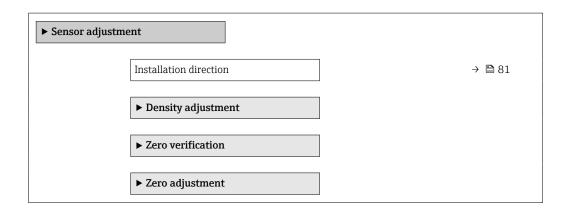


### 10.5.1 Carrying out a sensor adjustment

The **Sensor adjustment** submenu contains parameters that pertain to the functionality of the sensor.

#### Navigation

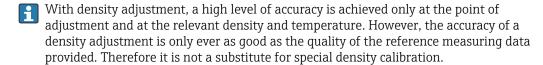
"Setup" menu → Advanced setup → Sensor adjustment



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	Selection
Installation direction		<ul><li>Flow in arrow direction</li><li>Flow against arrow direction</li></ul>

### Density adjustment



### Performing density adjustment

- Note the following before performing the adjustment:
  - A density adjustment only makes sense if there is little variation in the operating conditions and the density adjustment is performed under the operating conditions.
  - The density adjustment scales the internally computed density value with a userspecific slope and offset.
  - A 1-point or 2-point density adjustment can be performed.
  - For a 2-point density adjustment, there must be a difference of at least 0.2 kg/l between the two target density values.
  - The reference media must be gas-free or pressurized so that any gas they contain is compressed.
  - The reference density measurements must be performed at the same medium temperature that prevails in the process, as otherwise the density adjustment will not be accurate.
  - The correction resulting from the density adjustment can be deleted with the **Restore original** option.

### "1 point adjustment" option

- 1. In the **Density adjustment mode** parameter, select the **1 point adjustment** option and confirm.
- 2. In the **Density setpoint 1** parameter, enter the density value and confirm.
  - In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Measure density 1 option

Restore original

- 3. Select the **Measure density 1** option and confirm.
- 4. If 100% was reached in the **Progress** parameter on the display and the **Ok** option is displayed in the **Execute density adjustment** parameter, then confirm.
  - In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Calculate

Cancel

5. Select the **Calculate** option and confirm.

If the adjustment was completed successfully, the **Density adjustment factor** parameter and the **Density adjustment offset** parameter and the values calculated for them are shown on the display.

### "2 point adjustment" option

- 1. In the **Density adjustment mode** parameter, select the **2 point adjustment** option and confirm.
- 2. In the **Density setpoint 1** parameter, enter the density value and confirm.
- 3. In the **Density setpoint 2** parameter, enter the density value and confirm.
  - In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Οk

Measure density 1

Restore original

- 4. Select the **Measure density 1** option and confirm.
  - ► In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Measure density 2

Restore original

- 5. Select the **Measure density 2** option and confirm.
  - ► In the **Execute density adjustment** parameter the following options are now available:

Ok

Calculate

Cancel

6. Select the **Calculate** option and confirm.

If the **Density adjust failure** option is displayed in the **Execute density adjustment** parameter, call up the options and select the **Cancel** option. The density adjustment is canceled and can be repeated.

If the adjustment was completed successfully, the **Density adjustment factor** parameter and the **Density adjustment offset** parameter and the values calculated for them are shown on the display.

### Navigation

"Expert" menu  $\rightarrow$  Sensor  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment  $\rightarrow$  Density adjustment

▶ Density adjustment	
Density adjustment mode	→ 🖺 83
Density setpoint 1	→ 🖺 83
Density setpoint 2	→ 🖺 84
Execute density adjustment	→ 🖺 84
Progress	→ 🖺 84
Density adjustment factor	→ 🖺 84
Density adjustment offset	→ 🖺 84

### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Density adjustment mode	-		<ul><li>1 point adjustment</li><li>2 point adjustment</li></ul>	
Density setpoint 1	-		The entry depends on the unit selected in the <b>Density unit</b> parameter (0555).	-

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Density setpoint 2	In the <b>Density adjustment mode</b> parameter, the <b>2 point adjustment</b> option is selected.		The entry depends on the unit selected in the <b>Density unit</b> parameter (0555).	-
Execute density adjustment	-		<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>Busy</li> <li>Ok</li> <li>Density adjust failure</li> <li>Measure density 1</li> <li>Measure density 2</li> <li>Calculate</li> <li>Restore original</li> </ul>	-
Progress	-	Shows the progress of the process.	0 to 100 %	-
Density adjustment factor	-		Signed floating-point number	-
Density adjustment offset	-		Signed floating-point number	-

### Zero verification and zero adjustment

All measuring instruments are calibrated in accordance with state-of-the-art technology. Calibration takes place under reference conditions  $\Rightarrow riangleq r$ 

Experience shows that zero adjustment is advisable only in special cases:

- To achieve maximum measurement accuracy even with low flow rates.
- Under extreme process or operating conditions (e.g. very high process temperatures or very high-viscosity fluids).
- For gas applications with low pressure
- To achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy at low flow rates, the installation must protect the sensor from mechanical stresses during operation.

To get a representative zero point, ensure that:

- any flow in the device is prevented during the adjustment
- the process conditions (e.g. pressure, temperature) are stable and representative

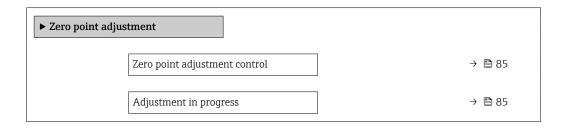
Zero verification and zero adjustment cannot be performed if the following process conditions are present:

- Gas pockets
  - Ensure that the system has been sufficiently flushed with the medium. Repeat flushing can help to eliminate gas pockets
- Thermal circulation
  - In the event of temperature differences (e.g. between the measuring tube inlet and outlet section), induced flow can occur even if the valves are closed due to thermal circulation in the device
- Leaks at the valves
  - If the valves are not leak-tight, flow is not sufficiently prevented when determining the zero point

If these conditions cannot be avoided, it is advisable to keep the factory setting for the zero point.

### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Sensor adjustment  $\rightarrow$  Zero point adjustment



### Parameter overview with brief description

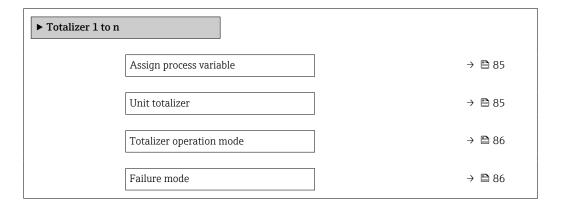
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User interface
Zero point adjustment control	-	Start zero point adjustment.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Busy</li><li>Zero point adjust failure</li><li>Start</li></ul>
Adjustment in progress	In the <b>Zero point adjustment control</b> parameter, the <b>Start</b> option is selected.		0 to 100 %

### **10.5.2** Configuring the totalizer

In the **"Totalizer 1 to n" submenu**, you can configure the specific totalizer.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer 1 to n



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Assign process variable	-	Select process variable for totalizer.	<ul><li> Off</li><li> Volume flow</li><li> Mass flow</li><li> Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	-
Unit totalizer	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \bowtie 85$ ) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu.	Select process variable totalizer unit.	Unit choose list	Depends on country:  l gal (us)

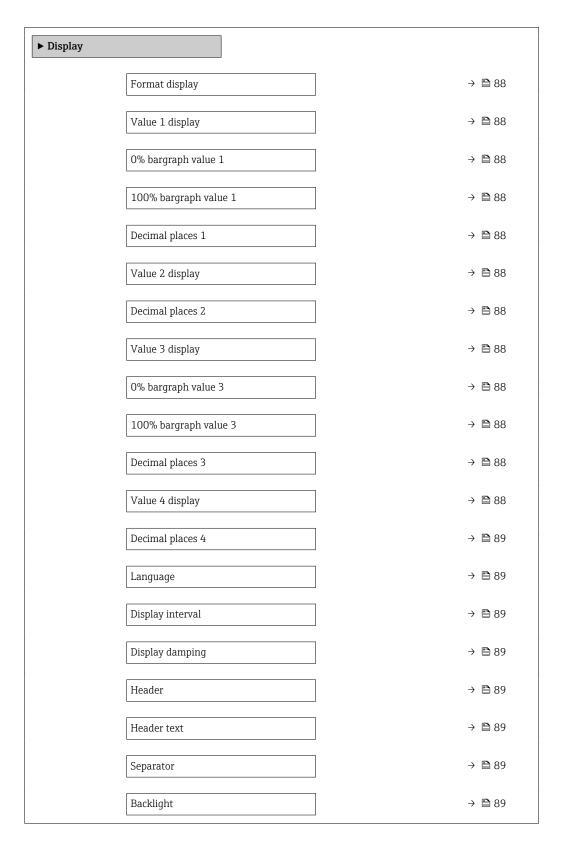
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection	Factory setting
Totalizer operation mode	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \bowtie 85$ ) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu.	Select totalizer calculation mode.	<ul><li>Net flow total</li><li>Forward flow total</li><li>Reverse flow total</li></ul>	-
Failure mode	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Define totalizer behavior in alarm condition.	<ul><li>Stop</li><li>Actual value</li><li>Last valid value</li></ul>	-

### 10.5.3 Carrying out additional display configurations

In the **Display** submenu you can set all the parameters associated with the configuration of the local display.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Display



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Format display	A local display is provided.	Select how measured values are shown on the display.	<ul> <li>1 value, max. size</li> <li>1 bargraph + 1 value</li> <li>2 values</li> <li>1 value large + 2 values</li> <li>4 values</li> </ul>	-
Value 1 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1</li> <li>Totalizer 2</li> <li>Totalizer 3</li> <li>Current output 1</li> <li>Current output 2 *</li> </ul>	-
0% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 1	A local display is provided.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country and nominal diameter
Decimal places 1	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 1 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX	-
Value 2 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🗎 74)	-
Decimal places 2	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 2 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	X     X.X     X.XX     X.XXX     X.XXX	-
Value 3 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 74)	-
0% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 0% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	Country-specific:  Okg/h Olb/min
100% bargraph value 3	A selection was made in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Enter 100% value for bar graph display.	Signed floating-point number	-
Decimal places 3	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 3 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	• x • x.x • x.xx • x.xxx • x.xxx	_
Value 4 display	A local display is provided.	Select the measured value that is shown on the local display.	For the picklist, see Value 1 display parameter (→ 🖺 74)	-

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry	Factory setting
Decimal places 4	A measured value is specified in the <b>Value 4 display</b> parameter.	Select the number of decimal places for the display value.	• X • X.X • X.XX • X.XXX • X.XXXX	-
Language	A local display is provided.	Set display language.	<ul> <li>English</li> <li>Deutsch*</li> <li>Français*</li> <li>Español*</li> <li>Italiano*</li> <li>Nederlands*</li> <li>Portuguesa*</li> <li>Polski*</li> <li>pyсский язык (Russian)*</li> <li>Svenska*</li> <li>Türkçe*</li> <li>中文 (Chinese)*</li> <li>日本語 (Japanese)*</li> <li>한국어 (Korean)*</li> <li>tiếng Việt (Vietnamese)*</li> <li>čeština (Czech)*</li> </ul>	English (alternatively, the ordered language is preset in the device)
Display interval	A local display is provided.	Set time measured values are shown on display if display alternates between values.	1 to 10 s	
Display damping	A local display is provided.	Set display reaction time to fluctuations in the measured value.	0.0 to 999.9 s	-
Header	A local display is provided.	Select header contents on local display.	<ul><li>Device tag</li><li>Free text</li></ul>	-
Header text	The <b>Free text</b> option is selected in the <b>Header</b> parameter.	Enter display header text.	Max. 12 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /)	-
Separator	A local display is provided.	Select decimal separator for displaying numerical values.	• . (point) • , (comma)	. (point)
Backlight	Order code for "Display; operation", option <b>E</b> "SD03 4- line, illum.; touch control + data backup function"	Switch the local display backlight on and off.	<ul><li>Disable</li><li>Enable</li></ul>	-

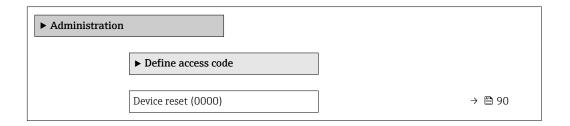
<sup>\*</sup> Visibility depends on order options or device settings

### 10.5.4 Using parameters for device administration

The **Administration** submenu systematically guides the user through all the parameters that can be used for device administration purposes.

### **Navigation**

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration



### Parameter overview with brief description

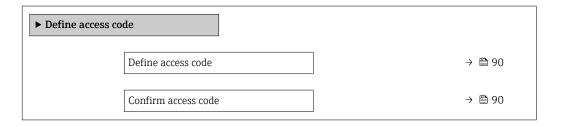
Parameter	Description	Selection
Device reset	Reset the device configuration - either entirely or in part - to a defined state.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>To factory defaults</li> <li>To delivery settings</li> <li>Restart device</li> </ul>

#### "Define access code" wizard

Complete this wizard to specify an access code for the Maintenance role.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Administration  $\rightarrow$  Define access code  $\rightarrow$  Define access code



### Parameter overview with brief description

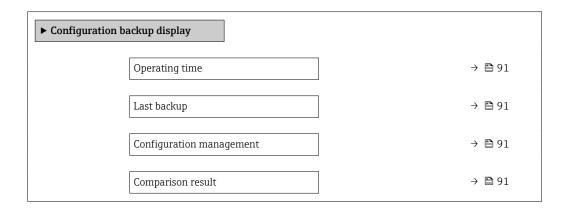
Parameter	Description	User entry
Define access code	Restrict write-access to parameters to protect the configuration of the device against unintentional changes.	Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters
Confirm access code	Confirm the entered access code.	Max. 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters

### 10.6 Configuration management

After commissioning, you can save the current device configuration, copy it to another measuring point or restore the previous device configuration. The device configuration is managed via the **Configuration management** parameter.

### Navigation

"Setup" menu  $\rightarrow$  Advanced setup  $\rightarrow$  Configuration backup display



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface / Selection
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Last backup	A local display is provided.	Indicates when the last data backup was saved to the display module.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Configuration management	A local display is provided.	Select action for managing the device data in the display module.	<ul> <li>Cancel</li> <li>Execute backup</li> <li>Restore</li> <li>Duplicate</li> <li>Compare</li> <li>Clear backup data</li> </ul>
Comparison result	A local display is provided.	Comparison between present device data and display backup.	<ul> <li>Settings identical</li> <li>Settings not identical</li> <li>No backup available</li> <li>Backup settings corrupt</li> <li>Check not done</li> <li>Dataset incompatible</li> </ul>

### 10.6.1 Function scope of the "Configuration management" parameter

Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
Execute backup	A backup copy of the current device configuration is saved from the HistoROM backup to the display module of the device. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Restore	The last backup copy of the device configuration is restored from the display module to the device's HistoROM backup. The backup copy includes the transmitter data of the device.
Compare	The device configuration saved in the display module is compared with the current device configuration of the HistoROM backup.

Options	Description
Duplicate	The transmitter configuration from another device is duplicated to the device using the display module.
Clear backup data	The backup copy of the device configuration is deleted from the display module of the device.

HistoROM backup
A HistoROM is a "non-volatile" device memory in the form of an EEPROM.

While this action is in progress, the configuration cannot be edited via the local display and a message on the processing status appears on the display.

### 10.7 Simulation

Via the **Simulation** submenu, it is possible to simulate various process variables in the process and the device alarm mode and verify downstream signal chains (switching valves or closed-control loops). The simulation can be performed without a real measurement (no flow of medium through the device).

#### **Navigation**

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Simulation

Simulation		
	Assign simulation process variable	→ 🖺 93
	Process variable value	→ 🖺 93
	Simulation current output 1 to n	→ 🗎 93
	Value current output 1 to n	→ 🗎 93
	Frequency output simulation	→ 🖺 93
	Frequency value	→ 🖺 93
	Pulse output simulation	→ 🖺 93
	Pulse value	→ 🖺 93
	Switch output simulation	→ 🖺 93
	Switch status	→ 🖺 93
	Simulation device alarm	→ 🗎 93
	Diagnostic event category	→ 🗎 93
	Diagnostic event simulation	→ 🗎 93

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry
Assign simulation process variable	-	Select a process variable for the simulation process that is activated.	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>
Process variable value	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign simulation process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Enter the simulation value for the selected process variable.	Depends on the process variable selected
Simulation current output 1 to n	-	Switch the simulation of the current output on and off.	• Off • On
Value current output 1 to n	In the <b>Simulation current output 1 to n</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the current value for simulation.	3.59 to 22.5 mA
Frequency output simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the frequency output on and off.	• Off • On
Frequency value	In the <b>Frequency output simulation</b> parameter, the <b>On</b> option is selected.	Enter the frequency value for the simulation.	0.0 to 1250.0 Hz
Pulse output simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Pulse</b> option is selected.	Set and switch off the pulse output simulation.  For Fixed value option: Pulse width parameter (→   defines the pulse width of the pulses output.	<ul><li>Off</li><li>Fixed value</li><li>Down-counting value</li></ul>
Pulse value	In the <b>Pulse output simulation</b> parameter (→ 🖺 93), the <b>Down-counting value</b> option is selected.	Enter the number of pulses for simulation.	0 to 65 535
Switch output simulation	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Switch</b> option is selected.	Switch the simulation of the switch output on and off.	Off On
Switch status	In the Switch output simulation parameter (→ 🗎 93) Switch output simulation 1 to n parameter Switch output simulation 1 to n parameter, the On option is selected.	Select the status of the status output for the simulation.	<ul><li>Open</li><li>Closed</li></ul>
Simulation device alarm	-	Switch the device alarm on and off.	• Off • On
Diagnostic event category	_	Select a diagnostic event category.	<ul><li>Sensor</li><li>Electronics</li><li>Configuration</li><li>Process</li></ul>
Diagnostic event simulation	-	Select a diagnostic event to simulate this event.	Off     Diagnostic event picklist (depends on the category selected)

## 10.8 Protecting settings from unauthorized access

The following options exist for protecting the configuration of the measuring device from unintentional modification after commissioning:

- Write protection via access code
- Write protection via write protection switch
- Write protection via keypad lock

### 10.8.1 Write protection via access code

The effects of the user-specific access code are as follows:

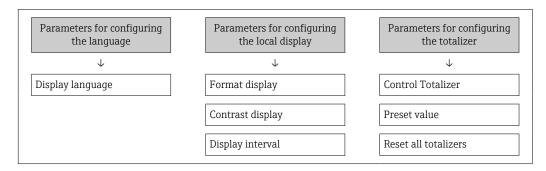
- Via local operation, the parameters for the measuring device configuration are writeprotected and their values can no longer be changed.
- Device access is protected via the Web browser, as are the parameters for the measuring device configuration.

### Defining the access code via the local display

- 1. Navigate to the **Enter access code** parameter.
- 2. Maximum of 16-digit character string comprising numbers, letters and special characters as the access code.
- 3. Enter the access code again in the to confirm.
  - ► The 🗈 symbol appears in front of all write-protected parameters.
- - If the access code is lost: Resetting the access code .
  - The user role with which the user is currently logged in is displayed in **Access status display** parameter.
    - Navigation path: Operation → Access status display
    - User roles and their access rights  $\rightarrow \triangleq 49$
- The device automatically locks the write-protected parameters again if a key is not pressed for 10 minutes in the navigation and editing view.
- The device locks the write-protected parameters automatically after 60 s if the user skips back to the operational display mode from the navigation and editing view.

#### Parameters which can always be modified via the local display

Certain parameters that do not affect the measurement are excepted from parameter write protection via the local display. Despite the user-specific access code, they can always be modified, even if the other parameters are locked.

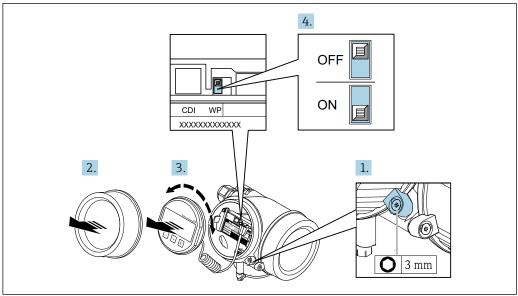


### 10.8.2 Write protection via write protection switch

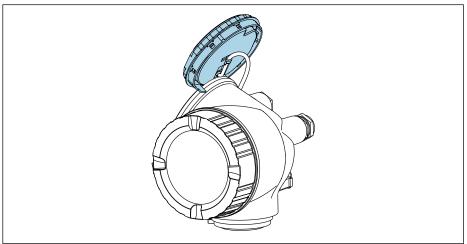
Unlike parameter write protection via a user-specific access code, this allows the user to lock write access to the entire operating menu - apart from the **"Contrast display"** parameter.

The parameter values are now read only and cannot be edited any more (exception "Contrast display" parameter):

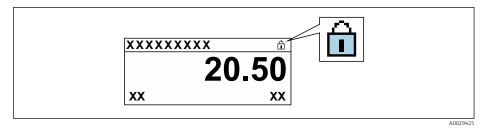
- Via local display
- Via service interface (CDI)
- Via HART protocol



- 1. Loosen the securing clamp.
- 2. Unscrew the electronics compartment cover.
- 3. Pull out the display module with a gentle rotational movement. To make it easier to access the write protection switch, attach the display module to the edge of the electronics compartment.
  - └ Display module is attached to the edge of the electronics compartment.



- 4. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **ON** position enables hardware write protection. Setting the write protection switch (WP) on the main electronics module to the **OFF** position (factory setting) disables hardware write protection.
  - ☐ If the hardware write protection is enabled: The **Hardware locked** option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . In addition to this, the ☐ symbol appears in the header of the measured value display and in the navigation view in front of the parameters.



If hardware write protection is disabled: No option is displayed in the **Locking status** parameter . On the local display, the a symbol disappears from in front of the parameters in the header of the operational display and in the navigation view.

- 5. Feed the cable into the gap between the housing and main electronics module and plug the display module into the electronics compartment in the desired direction until it engages.
- 6. Reassemble the transmitter in the reverse order.

Proline Promass E 200 HART Operation

#### Operation 11

#### 11.1 Reading off the device locking status

Device active write protection: Locking status parameter

Operation → Locking status

Function scope of the "Locking status" parameter

Options	Description
None	The access authorization displayed in the <b>Access status display</b> parameter applies $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
Hardware locked	The DIP switch for hardware locking is activated on the main electronics module. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool) $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
SIL locked	The SIL mode is enabled. This locks write access to the parameters (e.g. via local display or operating tool).
Temporarily locked	Write access to the parameters is temporarily locked on account of internal processes running in the device (e.g. data upload/download, reset, etc.). Once the internal processing has been completed, the parameters can be changed once again.

#### 11.2 Adjusting the operating language



Petailed information:

- To configure the operating language  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  60
- For information on the operating languages supported by the measuring device

#### Configuring the display 11.3

Detailed information:

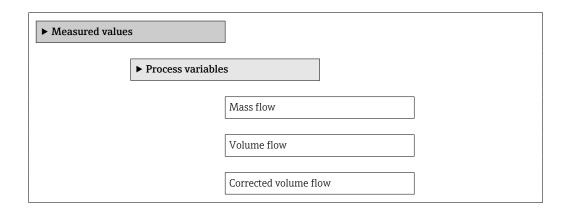
- On the basic settings for the local display  $\rightarrow \blacksquare 73$
- On the advanced settings for the local display  $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  87

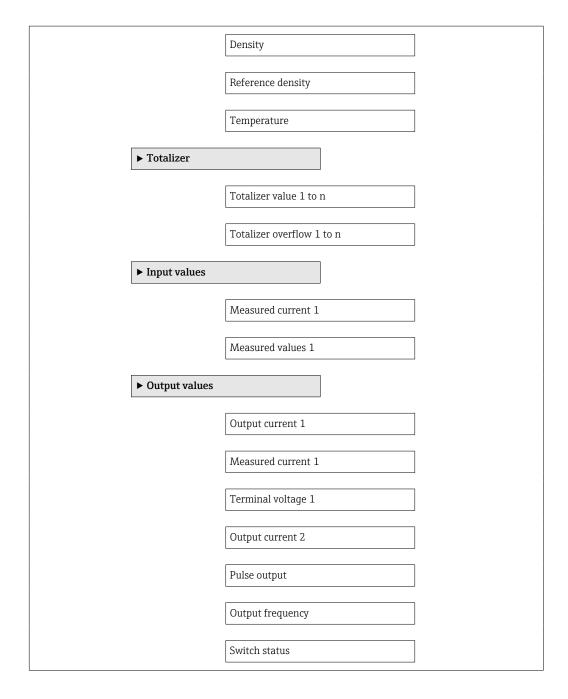
#### 11.4 Reading off measured values

With the **Measured values** submenu, it is possible to read all the measured values.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values



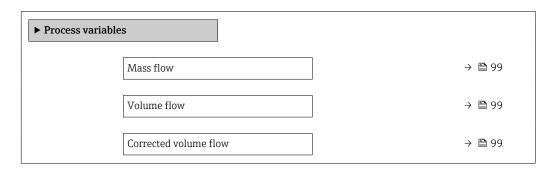


### 11.4.1 Process variables

The **Process variables** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for each process variable.

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Process variables



Density	→ 🖺 99
Reference density	→ 🖺 99
Temperature	→ 🖺 99

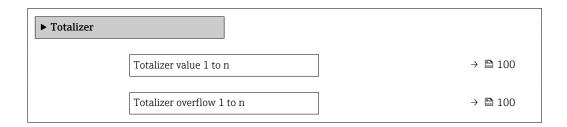
Parameter	Description	User interface
Mass flow	Displays the mass flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
	Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Mass flow unit</b> parameter	
Volume flow	Displays the volume flow currently measured.	Signed floating-point number
	Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Volume flow unit</b> parameter	
Corrected volume flow	Displays the corrected volume flow currently calculated.	Signed floating-point number
	Dependency The unit is taken from the Corrected volume flow unit parameter	
Density	Displays the density or specific density currently measured.	Positive floating-point number
	Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Density unit</b> parameter	
Reference density	Displays the density at the reference temperature.	Positive floating-point number
	Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Reference density unit</b> parameter	
Temperature	Displays the temperature currently measured.	Positive floating-point number
	Dependency The unit is taken from the <b>Temperature unit</b> parameter	

### 11.4.2 "Totalizer" submenu

The **Totalizer** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every totalizer.

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Measured values  $\rightarrow$  Totalizer



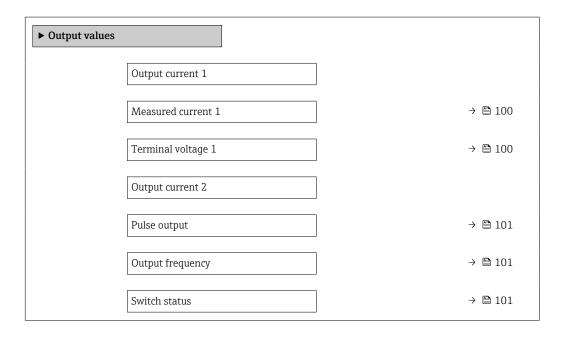
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Totalizer value 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 85) of the Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow Corrected volume flow	Displays the current totalizer counter value.	Signed floating-point number
Totalizer overflow 1 to n	One of the following options is selected in the Assign process variable parameter (→ 🖺 85) of the Totalizer 1 to n submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow Corrected volume flow	Displays the current totalizer overflow.	Integer with sign

### 11.4.3 Output variables

The **Output values** submenu contains all the parameters needed to display the current measured values for every output.

#### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu → Measured values → Output values



### Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Output current 1	-	Displays the current value currently calculated for the current output.	3.59 to 22.5 mA
Measured current 1	-	Displays the current value currently measured for the current output.	0 to 30 mA
Terminal voltage 1	-	Displays the current terminal voltage that is applied at the output.	0.0 to 50.0 V
Output current 2	_	Displays the current value currently calculated for the current output.	3.59 to 22.5 mA

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Pulse output	The <b>Pulse</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter parameter.	Displays the pulse frequency currently output.	Positive floating-point number
Output frequency	In the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter, the <b>Frequency</b> option is selected.	Displays the value currently measured for the frequency output.	0 to 1250 Hz
Switch status	The <b>Switch</b> option is selected in the <b>Operating mode</b> parameter.	Displays the current switch output status.	■ Open ■ Closed

# 11.5 Adapting the measuring device to the process conditions

The following are available for this purpose:

- Basic settings using the **Setup** menu ( $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  60)
- Advanced settings using the Advanced setup submenu (→ 🖺 80)

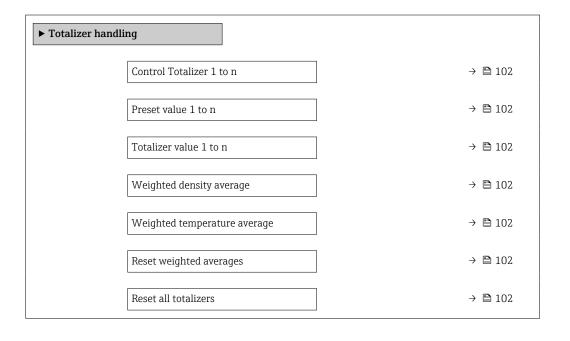
### 11.6 Performing a totalizer reset

The totalizers are reset in the **Operation** submenu:

- Control Totalizer
- Reset all totalizers

### Navigation

"Operation" menu → Totalizer handling



Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface	Factory setting
Control Totalizer 1 to n	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 85) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu.	Control totalizer value.	<ul> <li>Totalize</li> <li>Reset + hold</li> <li>Preset + hold</li> <li>Reset + totalize</li> <li>Preset + totalize</li> <li>Hold</li> </ul>	_
Preset value 1 to n	A process variable is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter ( $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	Specify start value for totalizer.  Dependency  The unit of the selected process variable is defined in the Unit totalizer parameter (→   85) for the totalizer.	Signed floating-point number	Depends on country:  0 1 0 gal (us)
Totalizer value	One of the following options is selected in the <b>Assign process variable</b> parameter (→ 🖺 85) of the <b>Totalizer 1 to n</b> submenu:  Volume flow  Mass flow  Corrected volume flow	Displays the current totalizer counter value.	Signed floating-point number	-
Weighted density average	For the following order code:  "Application package", option EJ "Petroleum"  "Application package", option EM "Petroleum + Locking function"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the weighted average for the density since the last time the density averages were reset.  Dependency:  The unit is taken from:  Density unit parameter  The value is reset to NaN (Not a Number) via the Reset weighted averages parameter	Signed floating-point number	_
Weighted temperature average	For the following order code:  "Application package", option EJ "Petroleum"  "Application package", option EM "Petroleum + Locking function"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Displays the weighted average for the temperature since the last time the temperature averages were reset.  Dependency:  The unit is taken from:  Temperature unit parameter  The value is reset to NaN (Not a Number) via the Reset weighted averages parameter	Signed floating-point number	_
Reset weighted averages	The values can only be reset at zero flow.  For the following order code: "Application package", option  EJ "Petroleum"  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Resets the weighted averages for density and temperature to NaN (Not a Number) and then starts determining the weighted averages.	■ Totalize ■ Preset + totalize	-
Reset all totalizers	-	Reset all totalizers to 0 and start.	<ul><li>Cancel</li><li>Reset + totalize</li></ul>	-

Proline Promass E 200 HART Operation

### 11.6.1 Function scope of "Control Totalizer" parameter

Options	Description
Totalize	The totalizer is started or continues running.
Reset + hold	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is reset to 0.
Preset + hold <sup>1)</sup>	The totaling process is stopped and the totalizer is set to its defined start value from the <b>Preset value</b> parameter.
Reset + totalize	The totalizer is reset to 0 and the totaling process is restarted.
Preset + totalize 1)	The totalizer is set to the defined start value in the <b>Preset value</b> parameter and the totaling process is restarted.
Hold	Totalizing is stopped.

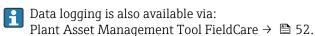
1) Visible depending on the order options or device settings

### 11.6.2 Function range of "Reset all totalizers" parameter

Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
Reset + totalize	Resets all totalizers to 0 and restarts the totaling process. This deletes all the previously aggregated flow values.

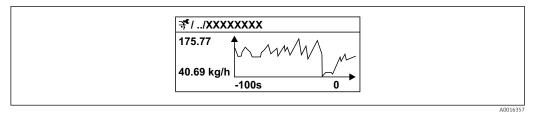
### 11.7 Displaying the measured value history

The **Extended HistoROM** application package must be enabled in the device (order option) for the **Data logging** submenu to appear. This contains all the parameters for the measured value history.



#### **Function range**

- A total of 1000 measured values can be stored
- 4 logging channels
- Adjustable logging interval for data logging
- Measured value trend for each logging channel displayed in the form of a chart



 $\blacksquare$  18 Chart of a measured value trend

- x-axis: depending on the number of channels selected displays 250 to 1000 measured values of a process variable.
- y-axis: displays the approximate measured value span and constantly adapts this to the ongoing measurement.
- If the length of the logging interval or the assignment of the process variables to the channels is changed, the content of the data logging is deleted.

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Navigation} \\ \text{"Diagnostics" menu} \rightarrow \text{Data logging} \end{array}$ 

► Data logging	
Assign channel 1	→ 🖺 105
Assign channel 2	→ 🖺 105
Assign channel 3	→ 🖺 105
Assign channel 4	→ 🖺 105
Logging interval	→ 🖺 105
Clear logging data	→ 🖺 105
Data logging	→ 🖺 105
Logging delay	→ 🖺 105
Data logging control	→ 🖺 105
Data logging status	→ 🖺 105
Entire logging duration	→ 🖺 105
➤ Display channel 1	
▶ Display channel 2	
► Display channel 3	
▶ Display channel 4	

Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	Selection / User entry / User interface
Assign channel 1	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Assign process variable to logging channel.	Off Mass flow Volume flow Corrected volume flow Density Reference density Temperature Carrier pipe temperature Electronic temperature Oscillation frequency Oscillation amplitude Oscillation damping Signal asymmetry Current output 1
Assign channel 2	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	For the picklist, see <b>Assign</b> channel 1 parameter (→ 🖺 105)
Assign channel 3	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	For the picklist, see <b>Assign</b> channel 1 parameter (→ 🖺 105)
Assign channel 4	The Extended HistoROM application package is available.  The software options currently enabled are displayed in the Software option overview parameter.	Assign a process variable to logging channel.	For the picklist, see <b>Assign</b> channel 1 parameter (→ 🖺 105)
Logging interval	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Define the logging interval for data logging. This value defines the time interval between the individual data points in the memory.	1.0 to 3 600.0 s
Clear logging data	The <b>Extended HistoROM</b> application package is available.	Clear the entire logging data.	Cancel Clear data
Data logging	-	Select the type of data logging.	<ul><li>Overwriting</li><li>Not overwriting</li></ul>
Logging delay	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Enter the time delay for measured value logging.	0 to 999 h
Data logging control	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Start and stop measured value logging.	<ul><li>None</li><li>Delete + start</li><li>Stop</li></ul>
Data logging status	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Displays the measured value logging status.	<ul><li>Done</li><li>Delay active</li><li>Active</li><li>Stopped</li></ul>
Entire logging duration	In the <b>Data logging</b> parameter, the <b>Not overwriting</b> option is selected.	Displays the total logging duration.	Positive floating-point number

# 12 Diagnostics and troubleshooting

# 12.1 General troubleshooting

### For local display

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	The cable of the display module is not plugged in correctly.	Insert the plug correctly into the main electronics module and display module.
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage does not match the voltage specified on the nameplate.	Apply the correct supply voltage $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
Local display dark and no output signals	Supply voltage has incorrect polarity.	Reverse polarity of supply voltage.
Local display dark and no output signals	No contact between connecting cables and terminals.	Ensure electrical contact between the cable and the terminal.
Local display dark and no output signals	Terminals are not plugged into the I/O electronics module correctly.	Check terminals.
Local display dark and no output signals	■ I/O electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 124.
Local display cannot be read, but signal output is within the valid range	Display is set too bright or too dark.	■ Set the display brighter by simultaneously pressing
Local display is dark, but signal output is within the valid range	Display module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 124.
Backlighting of local display is red	Diagnostic event with "Alarm" diagnostic behavior has occurred.	Take remedial measures → 🖺 114
Text on local display appears in a language that cannot be understood.	The selected operating language cannot be understood.	1. Press □ + ⊕ for 2 s ("home position"). 2. Press □. 3. Configure the required language in the Display language parameter (→ □ 89).
Message on local display: "Communication Error" "Check Electronics"	Communication between the display module and the electronics is interrupted.	<ul> <li>Check the cable and the connector between the main electronics module and display module.</li> <li>□ Order spare part → □ 124.</li> </ul>

### For output signals

Error	Possible causes	Remedial action
Signal output outside the valid range	Main electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🖺 124.
Signal output outside the valid current range (< 3.6 mA or > 22 mA)	I/O electronics module is defective.	Order spare part → 🗎 124.
Device shows correct value on local display, but signal output is incorrect, though in the valid range.	Parameter configuration error	Check and adjust parameter configuration.
Device measures incorrectly.	Configuration error or device is operated outside the application.	Check and correct parameter configuration.     Observe limit values specified in the "Technical Data".

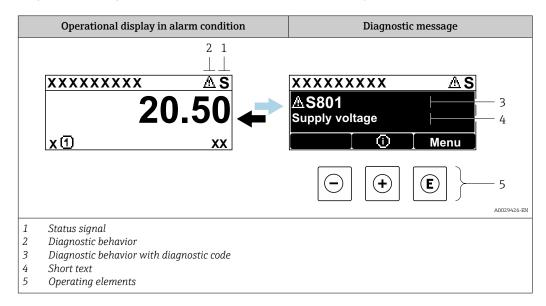
### For access

Fault	Possible causes	Remedial action
Write access to parameters is not possible.	Hardware write protection is enabled.	Set the write protection switch on the main electronics module to the <b>OFF</b> position $\rightarrow \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
Write access to parameters is not possible.	Current user role has limited access authorization.	1. Check user role → 🖺 49. 2. Enter correct customer-specific access code → 🖺 49.
Connection via HART protocol is not possible.	Missing or incorrectly installed communication resistor	Install the communication resistor (250 $\Omega$ ) correctly. Observe the maximum load .
Connection via HART protocol is not possible.	Commubox  Incorrectly connected.  Incorrectly configured.  Driver is not installed correctly.  The USB port on the PC is incorrectly configured.	Refer to the documentation on Commubox FXA195 HART:
		Technical Information TI00404F
Connection via service interface is not possible.	<ul> <li>The USB port on the PC is incorrectly configured.</li> <li>The driver is not installed correctly.</li> </ul>	Refer to the documentation on Commubox FXA291:  Technical Information TI00405C
Web browser frozen and operation no longer possible	Data transfer is active.	Wait until data transfer or current action is finished.
	Connection lost	<ul> <li>Check cable connection and power supply.</li> <li>Refresh the web browser and restart if necessary.</li> </ul>
Display of web browser content is difficult to read or incomplete.	Web browser version used is not optimal.	<ul> <li>Use correct web browser version .</li> <li>Empty the web browser cache.</li> <li>Restart the web browser.</li> </ul>
	Unsuitable view settings.	Change the font size/display ratio of the Web browser.

### 12.2 Diagnostic information on local display

### 12.2.1 Diagnostic message

Faults detected by the self-monitoring system of the measuring device are displayed as a diagnostic message in alternation with the operational display.



If two or more diagnostic events are pending simultaneously, only the message of the diagnostic event with the highest priority is shown.

- Other diagnostic events that have occurred can be displayed in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter → 

    117
  - Via submenus  $\rightarrow$  🗎 117

### Status signals

The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

The status signals are categorized according to VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107: F = Failure, C = Function Check, S = Out of Specification, M = Maintenance Required

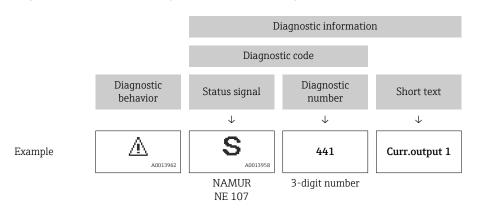
Symbol	Meaning
F	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
С	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
s	Out of specification The device is being operated:  Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)  Outside of the configuration carried out by the user (e.g. maximum flow in parameter 20 mA value)
М	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

## Diagnostic behavior

Symbol	Meaning	
8	<ul> <li>Alarm</li> <li>Measurement is interrupted.</li> <li>Signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> <li>For local display with touch control: the background lighting changes to red.</li> </ul>	
Δ	<ul> <li>Warning</li> <li>Measurement is resumed.</li> <li>The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected.</li> <li>A diagnostic message is generated.</li> </ul>	

### Diagnostic information

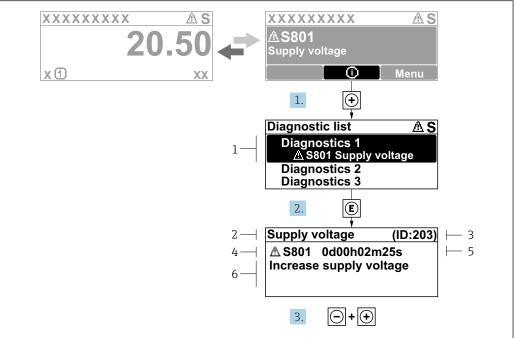
The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



## **Operating elements**

Operating key	Meaning	
<b>(+)</b>	Plus key In menu, submenu Opens the message about the remedial measures.	
E	Enter key In menu, submenu Opens the operating menu.	

### 12.2.2 Calling up remedial measures



A0029431-EN

- 19 Message for remedial measures
- 1 Diagnostic information
- 2 Short text
- 3 Service ID
- 4 Diagnostic behavior with diagnostic code
- 5 Operation time when error occurred
- 6 Remedial measures
- 1. The user is in the diagnostic message.

Press ± (① symbol).

- The **Diagnostic list** submenu opens.
- 2. Select the desired diagnostic event with  $\pm$  or  $\Box$  and press  $\Box$ .
  - └ The message about the remedial measures opens.
- 3. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message about the remedial measures closes.

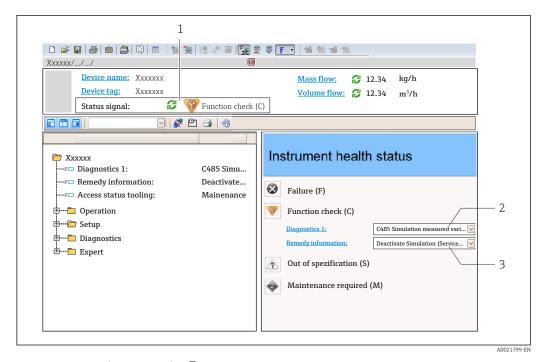
The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu at an entry for a diagnostics event, e.g. in the **Diagnostic list** submenu or **Previous diagnostics** parameter.

- 1. Press E.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures for the selected diagnostic event opens.
- 2. Press  $\Box$  +  $\pm$  simultaneously.
  - ► The message for the remedial measures closes.

# 12.3 Diagnostic information in FieldCare or DeviceCare

### 12.3.1 Diagnostic options

Any faults detected by the measuring device are displayed on the home page of the operating tool once the connection has been established.



- 1 Status area with status signal → \( \bigsim 108 \)
- 3 Remedial measures with service ID
- In addition, diagnostic events which have occurred can be shown in the **Diagnostics** menu:
  - Via parameter  $\rightarrow$  🗎 117
  - Via submenu  $\rightarrow \implies 117$

### Status signals

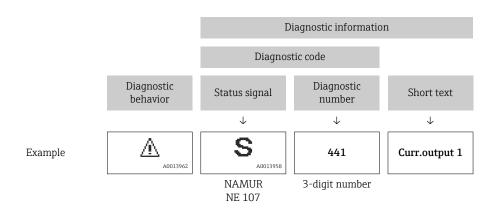
The status signals provide information on the state and reliability of the device by categorizing the cause of the diagnostic information (diagnostic event).

Symbol	Meaning
8	Failure A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
A	Out of specification The device is being operated:  Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)  Outside of the configuration carried out by the user (e.g. maximum flow in parameter 20 mA value)
<b>&amp;</b>	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.

The status signals are categorized in accordance with VDI/VDE 2650 and NAMUR Recommendation NE 107.

### Diagnostic information

The fault can be identified using the diagnostic information. The short text helps you by providing information about the fault. In addition, the corresponding symbol for the diagnostic behavior is displayed in front of the diagnostic information on the local display.



12.3.2 Calling up remedy information

Remedy information is provided for every diagnostic event to ensure that problems can be rectified quickly:

- On the home page Remedy information is displayed in a separate field below the diagnostics information.
- In the **Diagnostics** menu Remedy information can be called up in the working area of the user interface.

The user is in the **Diagnostics** menu.

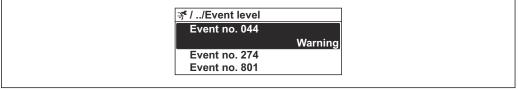
- 1. Call up the desired parameter.
- 2. On the right in the working area, mouse over the parameter.
  - ► A tool tip with remedy information for the diagnostic event appears.

#### 12.4 Adapting the diagnostic information

#### 12.4.1 Adapting the diagnostic behavior

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific diagnostic behavior at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the Diagnostic behavior submenu.

Expert  $\rightarrow$  System  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic handling  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic behavior



■ 20 Using the example of the local display

You can assign the following options to the diagnostic number as the diagnostic behavior:

Options	Description
Alarm	The device stops measurement. The signal outputs and totalizers assume the defined alarm condition. A diagnostic message is generated. For local display with touch control: the background lighting changes to red.
Warning	The device continues to measure. The signal outputs and totalizers are not affected. A diagnostic message is generated.

Options	Description
Logbook entry only	The device continues to measure. The diagnostic message is only displayed in the <b>Event logbook</b> submenu ( <b>Event list</b> submenu) and is not displayed in alternating sequence with the operational display.
Off	The diagnostic event is ignored, and no diagnostic message is generated or entered.

# 12.4.2 Adapting the status signal

Each item of diagnostic information is assigned a specific status signal at the factory. The user can change this assignment for specific diagnostic information in the **Diagnostic event category** submenu.

Expert  $\rightarrow$  Communication  $\rightarrow$  Diagnostic event category

### Available status signals

Configuration as per HART 7 Specification (Condensed Status), in accordance with NAMUR NE107.

Symbol	Meaning
A0013956	<b>Failure</b> A device error has occurred. The measured value is no longer valid.
<b>C</b>	Function check The device is in service mode (e.g. during a simulation).
<b>S</b>	Out of specification The device is being operated:  Outside its technical specification limits (e.g. outside the process temperature range)  Outside of the configuration carried out by the user (e.g. maximum flow in parameter 20 mA value)
A0013957	Maintenance required Maintenance is required. The measured value remains valid.
N	Has no effect on the condensed status.
A0023076	

# 12.5 Overview of diagnostic information

- The amount of diagnostic information and the number of measured variables affected increase if the measuring device has one or more application packages.
- The diagnostic behavior and the diagnostic category can be changed in the event of the following diagnostic information:

### Diagnostics for the sensor

- △S046 Sensor limit exceeded
- △S140 Sensor signal

### Diagnostics for the electronics

△S274 Main electronic failure

### Diagnostics for the configuration

- △S441 Current output 1 to n
- △S442 Frequency output
- △S443 Pulse output

### Diagnostics for the process

- △S801 Supply voltage too low
- △S830 Sensor temperature too high
- △S831 Sensor temperature too low
- △S832 Ambient temperature too high
- △S833 Ambient temperature too low
- △S834 Process temperature too high
- △S835 Process temperature too low
- △S862 Partly filled pipe
- △S912 Medium inhomogeneous
- △S913 Medium unsuitable

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
Diagnostic of s	ensor			
022	Sensor temperature	Change main electronic module     Change sensor	F	Alarm
046	Sensor limit exceeded	Inspect sensor     Check process condition	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
062	Sensor connection	Change main electronic module     Change sensor	F	Alarm
082	Data storage	Change main electronic module     Change sensor	F	Alarm
083	Memory content	Restart device     Restore S-Dat data     Change sensor	F	Alarm
140	Sensor signal	Check or change main electronics     Change sensor	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
Diagnostic of electronic				
242	Software incompatible	Check software     Flash or change main electronics module	F	Alarm
252	Modules incompatible	Check electronic modules     Change I/O or main electronic module	F	Alarm 1)

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
261	Electronic modules	Restart device     Check electronic modules     Change I/O Modul or main electronics	F	Alarm
262	Module connection	Check module connections     Change electronic modules	F	Alarm
270	Main electronic failure	Change main electronic module	F	Alarm
271	Main electronic failure	Restart device     Change main electronic module	F	Alarm
272	Main electronic failure	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
273	Main electronic failure	Emergency operation via display     Change main electronics	F	Alarm
274	Main electronic failure	Unstable measurement 1. Change main electronics	S	Warning 1)
275	I/O module failure	Change I/O module	F	Alarm
276	I/O module failure	Restart device     Change I/O module	F	Alarm
282	Data storage	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
283	Memory content	Transfer data or reset device     Contact service	F	Alarm
302	Device verification active	Device verification active, please wait.	С	Warning
311	Electronic failure	Transfer data or reset device     Contact service	F	Alarm
311	Electronic failure	Maintenance required! 1. Do not perform reset 2. Contact service	М	Warning
362	Main electronic failure	Change main electronic module     Change sensor	F	Alarm
Diagnostic of o	configuration			
410	Data transfer	Check connection     Retry data transfer	F	Alarm
411	Up-/download active	Up-/download active, please wait	С	Warning
412	Processing Download	Download active, please wait	С	Warning
431	Trim 1 to n	Carry out trim	С	Warning
437	Configuration incompatible	Restart device     Contact service	F	Alarm
438	Dataset	Check data set file     Check device configuration     Up- and download new configuration	M	Warning
441	Current output 1 to n	Check process     Check current output settings	S	Warning 1)
442	Frequency output	Check process     Check frequency output settings	S	Warning 1)
443	Pulse output	Check process     Check pulse output settings	S	Warning 1)

Diagnostic number	Short text	Remedy instructions	Status signal [from the factory]	Diagnostic behavior [from the factory]
444	Current input 1	Check process     Check current input settings	S	Warning 1)
453	Flow override	Deactivate flow override	С	Warning
484	Simulation failure mode	Deactivate simulation	С	Alarm
485	Simulation measured variable	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
486	Simulation current input 1	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
491	Simulation current output 1 to n	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
492	Simulation frequency output	Deactivate simulation frequency output	С	Warning
493	Simulation pulse output	Deactivate simulation pulse output	С	Warning
494	Switch output simulation	Deactivate simulation switch output	С	Warning
495	Diagnostic event simulation	Deactivate simulation	С	Warning
Diagnostic of p	process			
801	Supply voltage too low	Increase supply voltage	S	Warning 1)
803	Current loop	Check wiring     Change I/O module	F	Alarm
830	Sensor temperature too high	Reduce ambient temp. around the sensor housing	S	Warning 1)
831	Sensor temperature too low	Increase ambient temp. around the sensor housing	S	Warning 1)
832	Electronic temperature too high	Reduce ambient temperature	S	Warning 1)
833	Electronic temperature too low	Increase ambient temperature	S	Warning 1)
834	Process temperature too high	Reduce process temperature	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
835	Process temperature too low	Increase process temperature	S	Warning <sup>1)</sup>
842	Process limit	Low flow cut off active!  1. Check low flow cut off configuration	S	Warning
862	Partly filled pipe	Check for gas in process     Adjust detection limits	S	Warning 1)
882	Input signal	Check input configuration     Check external device or process conditions	F	Alarm
910	Tubes not oscillating	Check process conditions     Increase supply     Check main electronic or sensor	F	Alarm
912	Medium inhomogeneous	Check process cond.     Increase system pressure	S	Warning 1)
913	Medium unsuitable	Check process conditions     Increase supply     Check main electronic or sensor	S	Warning 1)

<sup>1)</sup> Diagnostic behavior can be changed.

# 12.6 Pending diagnostic events

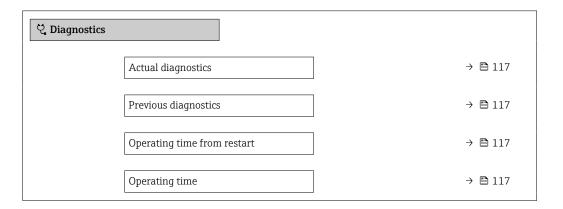
The **Diagnostics** menu allows the user to view the current diagnostic event and the previous diagnostic event separately.

- To
  - To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

  - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🖺 112
  - Via "DeviceCare" operating tool → 🗎 112
- Other pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu  $\rightarrow \stackrel{\cong}{=} 117$ .

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu



### Parameter overview with brief description

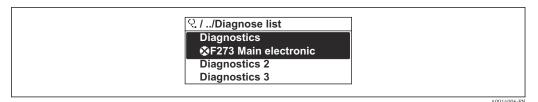
Parameter	Prerequisite	Description	User interface
Actual diagnostics	A diagnostic event has occurred.	Shows the current occured diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
		If two or more messages occur simultaneously, the message with the highest priority is shown on the display.	
Previous diagnostics	Two diagnostic events have already occurred.	Shows the diagnostic event that occurred prior to the current diagnostic event along with its diagnostic information.	Symbol for diagnostic behavior, diagnostic code and short message.
Operating time from restart	-	Shows the time the device has been in operation since the last device restart.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)
Operating time	-	Indicates how long the device has been in operation.	Days (d), hours (h), minutes (m) and seconds (s)

# 12.7 Diagnostics list

Up to 5 currently pending diagnostic events can be displayed in the **Diagnostic list** submenu along with the associated diagnostic information. If more than 5 diagnostic events are pending, the events with the highest priority are shown on the display.

### Navigation path

Diagnostics → Diagnostic list



To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:

- Via local display  $\rightarrow$  🖺 110
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 112
- Via "DeviceCare" operating tool  $\rightarrow$  🗎 112

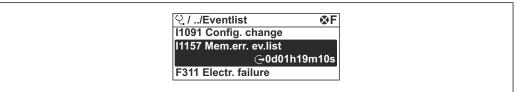
# 12.8 Event logbook

## 12.8.1 Reading out the event logbook

A chronological overview of the event messages that have occurred is provided in the **Events list** submenu.

### Navigation path

**Diagnostics** menu → **Event logbook** submenu → Events list



A0014008-E

■ 22 Using the example of the local display

- A maximum of 20 event messages can be displayed in chronological order.
- If the **Extended HistoROM** application package (order option) is enabled in the device, the event list can contain up to 100 entries.

The event history includes entries for:

- Diagnostic events → 🖺 114
- Information events → 🖺 119

In addition to the operating time when the event occurred, each event is also assigned a symbol that indicates whether the event has occurred or is finished:

- Diagnostics event
  - ⊕: Occurrence of the event
  - 🕒: End of the event
- Information event
  - €: Occurrence of the event
- To call up the measures to rectify a diagnostic event:
  - Via local display → 🖺 110
  - Via "FieldCare" operating tool → 🗎 112
- For filtering the displayed event messages → 🗎 118

### 12.8.2 Filtering the event logbook

Using the **Filter options** parameter you can define which category of event message is displayed in the **Events list** submenu.

## Navigation path

Diagnostics  $\rightarrow$  Event logbook  $\rightarrow$  Filter options

## Filter categories

- All
- Failure (F)
- Function check (C)
- Out of specification (S)
- Maintenance required (M)
- Information (I)

### 12.8.3 Overview of information events

Unlike a diagnostic event, an information event is displayed in the event logbook only and not in the diagnostic list.

Info number	Info name
I1000	(Device ok)
I1079	Sensor changed
I1089	Power on
I1090	Configuration reset
I1091	Configuration changed
I1092	Trend data deleted
I1110	Write protection switch changed
I1111	Density adjust failure
I1137	Electronic changed
I1151	History reset
I1154	Reset terminal voltage min/max
I1155	Reset electronic temperature
I1156	Memory error trend
I1157	Memory error event list
I1185	Display backup done
I1186	Restore via display done
I1187	Settings downloaded with display
I1188	Display data cleared
I1189	Backup compared
I1209	Density adjustment ok
I1221	Zero point adjust failure
I1222	Zero point adjustment ok
I1227	Sensor emergency mode activated
I1228	Sensor emergency mode failed
I1256	Display: access status changed
I1264	Safety sequence aborted
I1335	Firmware changed
I1397	Fieldbus: access status changed
I1398	CDI: access status changed
I1440	Main electronic module changed
I1442	I/O module changed

Info number	Info name
I1444	Device verification passed
I1445	Device verification failed
I1450	Monitoring off
I1451	Monitoring on
I1459	Failed: I/O module verification
I1461	Failed: Sensor verification
I1512	Download started
I1513	Download finished
I1514	Upload started
I1515	Upload finished
I1552	Failed: Main electronic verification
I1554	Safety sequence started
I1555	Safety sequence confirmed
I1556	Safety mode off

# 12.9 Resetting the measuring device

The entire device configuration or some of the configuration can be reset to a defined state with the **Device reset** parameter ( $\rightarrow \triangleq 90$ ).

# 12.9.1 Function range of "Device reset" parameter

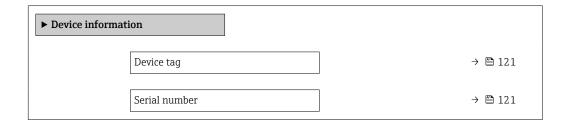
Options	Description
Cancel	No action is executed and the user exits the parameter.
To factory defaults	Every parameter is reset to the factory setting.
To delivery settings	Every parameter for which a customer-specific default setting was ordered is reset to the customer-specific value. All other parameters are reset to the factory setting.  This option is not visible if no customer-specific settings have been ordered.
Restart device	The restart resets every parameter with data stored in volatile memory (RAM) to the factory setting (e.g. measured value data). The device configuration remains unchanged.

# 12.10 Device information

The **Device information** submenu contains all parameters that display different information for device identification.

### Navigation

"Diagnostics" menu  $\rightarrow$  Device information



Firmware version	→ 🖺 121
Device name	→ 🖺 121
Order code	→ 🖺 121
Extended order code 1	→ 🗎 121
Extended order code 2	→ 🖺 121
Extended order code 3	→ 🖺 122
ENP version	→ 🖺 122
Device revision	→ 🖺 122
Device ID	→ 🖺 122
Device type	
Manufacturer ID	

# Parameter overview with brief description

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Device tag	Shows name of measuring point.	Max. 32 characters, such as letters, numbers or special characters (e.g. @, %, /).	-
Serial number	Shows the serial number of the measuring device.	Max. 11-digit character string comprising letters and numbers.	-
Firmware version	Shows the device firmware version installed.	Character string in the format xx.yy.zz	-
Device name	Shows the name of the transmitter.  The name can be found on the nameplate of the transmitter.	Max. 32 characters such as letters or numbers.	-
Order code	Shows the device order code.  The order code can be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Order code" field.	Character string composed of letters, numbers and certain punctuation marks (e.g. /).	-
Extended order code 1	Shows the 1st part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
Extended order code 2	Shows the 2nd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-

Parameter	Description	User interface	Factory setting
Extended order code 3	Shows the 3rd part of the extended order code.  The extended order code can also be found on the nameplate of the sensor and transmitter in the "Ext. ord. cd." field.	Character string	-
ENP version	Shows the version of the electronic nameplate (ENP).	Character string	-
Device revision	Shows the device revision with which the device is registered with the HART Communication Foundation.	2-digit hexadecimal number	0x05
Device ID	Enter device ID of external device.	6-digit hexadecimal number	-

# 12.11 Firmware history

Release date	Firmwar e version	Order code for "Firmware version"	Firmware changes	Documentation type	Documentation
06.2010	01.00.zz	Option 78	Original firmware	Operating instructions	BA01027D/06/EN/ 06.10
				Description Device parameters	GP01009D/06/EN/06.10
				Functional safety manual	SD00147D/06/DE/01.11

- It is possible to flash the firmware to the current version or the previous version using the service interface.
- For the compatibility of the firmware version with the previous version, the installed device description files and operating tools, observe the information about the device in the "Manufacturer's information" document.
- The manufacturer's information is available:
  - $\blacksquare$  In the Download Area of the Endress+Hauser web site: www.endress.com  $\to$  Downloads
  - Specify the following details:
    - Product root: e.g. 8E2B
       The product root is the first part of the order code: see the nameplate on the device.
    - Text search: Manufacturer's information
    - Media type: Documentation Technical Documentation

# 13 Maintenance

## 13.1 Maintenance work

No special maintenance work is required.

## 13.1.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the exterior of measuring devices, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing or the seals.

### 13.1.2 Internal cleaning

Observe the following points for CIP and SIP cleaning:

- Use only cleaning agents to which the process-wetted materials are adequately resistant.
- Observe the maximum permitted medium temperature for the measuring device .

# 13.2 Measuring and test equipment

Endress+Hauser offers a variety of measuring and testing equipment, such as Netilion or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

List of some of the measuring and testing equipment:  $\rightarrow \implies 129$ 

### 13.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide variety of services for maintenance such as recalibration, maintenance service or device tests.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

# 14 Repair

### 14.1 General notes

## 14.1.1 Repair and conversion concept

The Endress+Hauser repair and conversion concept provides for the following:

- The measuring devices have a modular design.
- Spare parts are grouped into logical kits with the associated Installation Instructions.
- Repairs are carried out by Endress+Hauser Service or by appropriately trained customers.
- Certified devices can only be converted to other certified devices by Endress+Hauser Service or at the factory.

### 14.1.2 Notes for repair and conversion

For repair and conversion of a measuring device, observe the following notes:

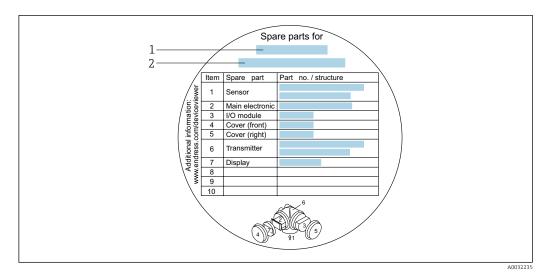
- ▶ Use only original Endress+Hauser spare parts.
- ► Carry out the repair according to the Installation Instructions.
- ▶ Observe the applicable standards, federal/national regulations, Ex documentation (XA) and certificates.
- ▶ Document all repairs and conversions and enter the details in Netilion Analytics.

# 14.2 Spare parts

Some interchangeable measuring device components are listed on an overview sign in the connection compartment cover.

The spare part overview sign contains the following information:

- A list of the most important spare parts for the measuring device, including their ordering information.
- The URL to the *Device Viewer* (www.endress.com/deviceviewer):
  All the spare parts for the measuring device, along with the order code, are listed here and can be ordered. If available, users can also download the associated Installation Instructions.



 $\blacksquare$  23 Example for "Spare part overview sign" in connection compartment cover

- 1 Measuring device name
- 2 Measuring device serial number
- Measuring device serial number:
  - Is located on the device nameplate and the spare part overview sign.
  - Can be read out via the Serial number parameter (→ 

    121) in the Device information submenu.

### 14.3 Endress+Hauser services

Endress+Hauser offers a wide range of services.

Your Endress+Hauser Sales Center can provide detailed information on the services.

### 14.4 Return

The requirements for safe device return can vary depending on the device type and national legislation.

- 1. Refer to the web page for information: https://www.endress.com/support/return-material
  - ► Select the region.
- 2. If returning the device, pack the device in such a way that it is reliably protected against impact and external influences. The original packaging offers the best protection.

# 14.5 Disposal

If required by the Directive 2012/19/EU on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE), the product is marked with the depicted symbol in order to minimize the disposal of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste. Do not dispose of products bearing this marking as unsorted municipal waste. Instead, return them to the manufacturer for disposal under the applicable conditions.

### 14.5.1 Removing the measuring device

1. Switch off the device.

## **A** WARNING

### Danger to persons from process conditions!

- ▶ Beware of hazardous process conditions such as pressure in the measuring device, high temperatures or aggressive media.
- 2. Carry out the mounting and connection steps from the "Mounting the measuring device" and "Connecting the measuring device" sections in reverse order. Observe the safety instructions.

# 14.5.2 Disposing of the measuring device

### **A** WARNING

### Danger to personnel and environment from fluids that are hazardous to health.

► Ensure that the measuring device and all cavities are free of fluid residues that are hazardous to health or the environment, e.g. substances that have permeated into crevices or diffused through plastic.

Observe the following notes during disposal:

- ▶ Observe valid federal/national regulations.
- Ensure proper separation and reuse of the device components.

# 15 Accessories

Various accessories, which can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress +Hauser, are available for the device. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.

# 15.1 Device-specific accessories

## 15.1.1 For the transmitter

Accessories	Description
Promass 200 transmitter	Transmitter for replacement or storage. Use the order code to define the following specifications:  Approvals  Output  Display/operation  Housing  Software  Installation Instructions EA00104D  (Order number: 8X2CXX)
Remote display FHX50	FHX50 housing for accommodating a display module .  FHX50 housing suitable for:  SD02 display module (push buttons)  SD03 display module (touch control)  Length of connecting cable: up to max. 60 m (196 ft) (cable lengths available for order: 5 m (16 ft), 10 m (32 ft), 20 m (65 ft), 30 m (98 ft))  The measuring instrument can be ordered with the FHX50 housing and a display module. The following options must be selected in the separate order codes:  Order code for measuring instrument, feature 030: Option L or M "Prepared for FHX50 display"  Order code for FHX50 housing, feature 050 (measuring instrument version): Option A "Prepared for FHX50 display"  Order code for FHX50 housing, depends on the desired display module in feature 020 (display, operation):  Option C: for an SD02 display module (push buttons)
	<ul> <li>Option E: for an SD03 display module (touch control)</li> <li>The FHX50 housing can also be ordered as a retrofit kit. The measuring instrument display module is used in the FHX50 housing. The following options must be selected in the order code for the FHX50 housing:</li> <li>Feature 050 (measuring instrument version): option B "Not prepared for FHX50 display"</li> <li>Feature 020 (display, operation): option A "None, existing displayed used"</li> <li>Special Documentation SD01007F</li> <li>(Order number: FHX50)</li> </ul>

Accessories	Description
Overvoltage protection for 2-wire devices	Ideally, the overvoltage protection module should be ordered directly with the device. See product structure, feature 610 "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection". Separate order necessary only if retrofitting.
	<ul> <li>OVP10: For 1-channel devices (feature 020, option A):</li> <li>OVP20: For 2-channel devices (feature 020, options B, C, E or G)</li> </ul>
	Special Documentation SD01090F
	(Order number OVP10: 71128617) (Order number OVP20: 71128619)
Weather protective cover	Is used to protect the measuring instrument from the effects of the weather: e.g. rainwater, excess heating from direct sunlight or extreme cold in winter.
	Special Documentation SD00333F
	(Order number: 71162242)

# 15.1.2 For the sensor

Accessories	Description
Heating jacket	Is used to stabilize the temperature of the fluids in the sensor. Water, water vapor and other non-corrosive liquids are permitted for use as fluids.
	If using oil as a heating medium, please consult with Endress+Hauser.
	Heating jackets cannot be used with sensors fitted with a rupture disk.
	<ul> <li>If ordered together with the measuring device:         Order code for "Accessory enclosed"         Option RB "Heating jacket, G 1/2" female thread"         Option RC "Heating jacket, RF 1/2" female thread"         Option RD "Heating jacket, NPT 1/2" female thread"         Option RE "Heating jacket, NPT 3/4" female thread"</li> <li>If ordered subsequently:         Use the order code with the product root DK8003.</li> <li>Special Documentation SD02151D</li> </ul>

# 15.2 Communication-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Commubox FXA195 HART	For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB port.  Technical Information TI00404F
Commubox FXA291	Connects Endress+Hauser field devices with a CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) and the USB port of a computer or laptop.  Technical Information TI00405C
HART loop converter HMX50	Is used to evaluate and convert dynamic HART process variables to analog current signals or limit values.  Technical Information TI00429F Operating Instructions BA00371F
Wireless HART adapter SWA70	Is used for the wireless connection of field devices.  The WirelessHART adapter can be easily integrated into field devices and existing infrastructures, offers data protection and transmission safety and can be operated in parallel with other wireless networks with minimum cabling complexity.  Operating Instructions BA00061S

Fieldgate FXA42	Transmission of the measured values of connected 4 to 20 mA analog measuring instruments, as well as digital measuring instruments
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01297S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA01778S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/fxa42</li> </ul>
Field Xpert SMT50	The Field Xpert SMT50 tablet PC for device configuration enables mobile plant asset management in the non-hazardous areas. It is suitable for commissioning and maintenance staff to manage field instruments with a digital communication interface and to record progress.  This tablet PC is designed as an all-in-one solution with a preinstalled driver library and is an easy-to-use, touch-sensitive tool which can be used to manage field instruments throughout their entire life cycle.
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01555S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA02053S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/smt50</li> </ul>
Field Xpert SMT70	The Field Xpert SMT70 tablet PC for device configuration enables mobile plant asset management in hazardous and non-hazardous areas. It is suitable for commissioning and maintenance staff to manage field instruments with a digital communication interface and to record progress.  This tablet PC is designed as an all-in-one solution with a preinstalled driver library and is an easy-to-use, touch-sensitive tool which can be used to manage the field instruments throughout their entire life cycle.
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01342S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA01709S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/smt70</li> </ul>
Field Xpert SMT77	The Field Xpert SMT77 tablet PC for device configuration enables mobile plant asset management in areas categorized as Ex Zone 1.
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI01418S</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA01923S</li> <li>Product page: www.endress.com/smt77</li> </ul>

# 15.3 Service-specific accessories

Accessories	Description
Applicator	Software for selecting and sizing Endress+Hauser measuring instruments:  Choice of measuring instruments for industrial requirements  Calculation of all the necessary data for identifying the optimum flowmeter: e.g. nominal diameter, pressure loss, flow velocity and measurement accuracy.  Graphic display of the calculation results  Determination of the partial order code, administration, documentation and access to all project-related data and parameters over the entire life cycle of a project.
	Applicator is available: Via the Internet: https://portal.endress.com/webapp/applicator
Netilion	lloT ecosystem: Unlock knowledge With the Netilion IIoT ecosystem,Endress+Hauser allows you to optimize your plant performance, digitize workflows, share knowledge, and enhance collaboration. Drawing upon decades of experience in process automation, Endress+Hauser offers the process industry an IIoT ecosystem designed to effortlessly extract insights from data. These insights allow process optimization, leading to increased plant availability, efficiency, and reliability - ultimately resulting in a more profitable plant. www.netilion.endress.com

Accessories	Description
FieldCare	FDT-based plant asset management tool from Endress+Hauser. It can configure all intelligent field units in your system and helps you manage them. By using the status information, it is also a simple but effective way of checking their status and condition.  Operating Instructions BA00027S and BA00059S
DeviceCare	Tool to connect and configure Endress+Hauser field devices.  Innovation brochure IN01047S

# 15.4 System components

Accessories	Description	
Memograph M graphic data manager	The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured variables. Measured values are recorded correctly, limit values are monitored and measuring points analyzed. The data are stored in the 256 MB internal memory and also on a SD card or USB stick.  The Memograph M graphic data manager provides information on all the relevant measured to the relevant measured to the store of the store	
	Operating Instructions BA00247R	
RN221N	Active barrier with power supply for safe separation of 4-20 mA standard signal circuits. Offers bidirectional HART transmission.	
	<ul><li>Technical Information TI00073R</li><li>Operating Instructions BA00202R</li></ul>	
RNS221	Supply unit for powering two 2-wire measuring devices solely in the non-hazardous area. Bidirectional communication is possible via the HART communication jacks.	
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI00081R</li> <li>Brief Operating Instructions KA00110R</li> </ul>	
Cerabar M	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value.	
	<ul> <li>Technical Information TI00426P and TI00436P</li> <li>Operating Instructions BA00200P and BA00382P</li> </ul>	
Cerabar S	The pressure transmitter for measuring the absolute and gauge pressure of gases, steam and liquids. It can be used to read in the operating pressure value.	
	<ul><li>Technical Information TI00383P</li><li>Operating Instructions BA00271P</li></ul>	

# 16 Technical data

# 16.1 Application

The measuring device is intended only for the flow measurement of liquids and gases.

Depending on the version ordered, the measuring device can also measure potentially explosive, flammable, poisonous and oxidizing media.

To ensure that the device remains in proper operating condition for its service life, use the measuring device only for media against which the process-wetted materials are sufficiently resistant.

# 16.2 Function and system design

Measuring principle	Mass flow measurement based on the Coriolis measuring principle
	The device consists of a transmitter and a sensor.
	The device is available as a compact version: The transmitter and sensor form a mechanical unit.
	For information on the structure of the measuring instrument $\rightarrow                   $

# 16.3 Input

#### Measured variable

#### Direct measured variables

- Mass flow
- Density
- Temperature

### Calculated measured variables

- Volume flow
- Corrected volume flow
- Reference density

### Measuring range

## Measuring range for liquids

DN		Measuring range full scale values $\dot{m}_{min(F)}$ to $\dot{m}_{max(F)}$	
[mm]	[in]	[kg/h]	[lb/min]
8	3/8	0 to 2 000	0 to 73.50
15	1/2	0 to 6 500	0 to 238.9
25	1	0 to 18000	0 to 661.5
40	1½	0 to 45 000	0 to 1654
50	2	0 to 70 000	0 to 2 573

## Measuring range for gases

The full scale value depends on the density and the sound velocity of the gas used. The full scale value can be calculated with the following formulas:

$$\dot{m}_{max(G)} = Minimum \ of \qquad \qquad (\dot{m}_{max(F)} \cdot \rho_G : x \ ) \ and$$

$$(\rho_G \cdot (c_G/2) \cdot d_i^2 \cdot (\pi/4) \cdot 3600 \cdot n)$$

m <sub>max(G)</sub>	Maximum full scale value for gas [kg/h]	
m <sub>max(F)</sub>	Maximum full scale value for liquid [kg/h]	
$\dot{m}_{\max(G)} < \dot{m}_{\max(F)}$	$\dot{m}_{ max(G)}$ can never be greater than $\dot{m}_{ max(F)}$	
P <sub>G</sub>	Gas density in [kg/m³] at operating conditions	
x	Limitation constant for max. gas flow [kg/m³]	
$\mathbf{c}_{G}$	Sound velocity (gas) [m/s]	
d <sub>i</sub>	Measuring tube internal diameter [m]	
π	Pi	
n = 2	Number of measuring tubes	

DN		х
[mm]	[in]	[kg/m³]
8	3/8	85
15	1/2	110
25	1	125

132

DN		х
[mm]	[in]	[kg/m³]
40	11/2	125
50	2	125

If calculating the full scale value using the two formulas:

- 1. Calculate the full scale value with both formulas.
- 2. The smaller value is the value that must be used.

## Recommended measuring range

i

Flow limit → 🖺 144

### Operable flow range

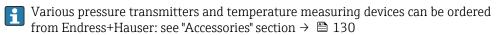
Over 1000:1.

Flow rates above the preset full scale value do not override the electronics unit, with the result that the totalizer values are registered correctly.

#### Input signal

#### External measured values

To increase the measurement accuracy of certain measured variables or to calculate the corrected volume flow for gases, the automation system can continuously write the operating pressure to the measuring instrument. Endress+Hauser recommends the use of a pressure measuring device for absolute pressure, e.g. Cerabar M or Cerabar S.



It is recommended to read in external measured values to calculate the following measured variables:

- Mass flow
- Corrected volume flow

#### HART protocol

The measured values are written from the automation system to the measuring device via the HART protocol. The pressure transmitter must support the following protocol-specific functions:

- HART protocol
- Burst mode

# 16.4 Output

## Output signal

### **Current output**

Current output 1	4-20 mA HART (passive)
Current output 2	4-20 mA (passive)
Resolution	< 1 µA

Damping	Configurable: 0.0 to 999.9 s
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>

# Pulse/frequency/switch output

Function	Can be configured as pulse, frequency or switch output	
Version	Passive, open collector	
Maximum input values	■ DC 35 V ■ 50 mA	
Voltage drop	<ul> <li>For ≤ 2 mA: 2 V</li> <li>For 10 mA: 8 V</li> </ul>	
Residual current	≤ 0.05 mA	
Pulse output		
Pulse width	Configurable: 5 to 2 000 ms	
Maximum pulse rate	100 Impulse/s	
Pulse value	Configurable	
Assignable measured variables	<ul><li>Mass flow</li><li>Volume flow</li><li>Corrected volume flow</li></ul>	
Frequency output		
Output frequency	Configurable: 0 to 1000 Hz	
Damping	Configurable: 0 to 999 s	
Pulse/pause ratio	1:1	
Assignable measured variables	<ul> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> </ul>	
Switch output		
Switching behavior	Binary, conductive or non-conductive	
Switching delay	Configurable: 0 to 100 s	
Number of switching cycles	Unlimited	
Assignable functions	<ul> <li>Off</li> <li>On</li> <li>Diagnostic behavior</li> <li>Limit</li> <li>Mass flow</li> <li>Volume flow</li> <li>Corrected volume flow</li> <li>Density</li> <li>Reference density</li> <li>Temperature</li> <li>Totalizer 1-3</li> <li>Flow direction monitoring</li> <li>Status</li> <li>Partially filled pipe detection</li> <li>Low flow</li> </ul>	

# Signal on alarm

Depending on the interface, failure information is displayed as follows:

## Current output 4 to 20 mA

### 4 to 20 mA

Failure mode	Choose from:  4 to 20 mA in accordance with NAMUR recommendation NE 43  4 to 20 mA in accordance with US  Min. value: 3.59 mA  Max. value: 22.5 mA  Definable value between: 3.59 to 22.5 mA
	<ul> <li>Definable value between: 3.59 to 22.5 mA</li> <li>Actual value</li> </ul>
	Last valid value

# Pulse/frequency/switch output

Pulse output	
Fault mode	Choose from:  Actual value  No pulses
Frequency output	
Fault mode	Choose from:  Actual value  O Hz  Definable value between: 0 to 1250 Hz
Switch output	
Fault mode	Choose from: Current status Open Closed

## Onsite display

Plain text display	With information on cause and remedial measures
Backlight	Additionally for device version with SD03 local display: red lighting indicates a device error.



Status signal as per NAMUR recommendation NE 107

## Interface/protocol

- Via digital communication: HART protocol
- Via service interface CDI service interface

Plain text display With information on cause and remedial measure	S
---	---

Load	→ 🖺 29
Low flow cut off	The switch points for low flow cut off are user-selectable.
Galvanic isolation	All outputs are galvanically isolated from one another.

Protocol	l-specific	data
Protocol	I-SDECILIC	uala

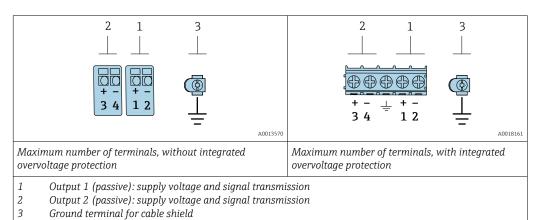
Manufacturer ID	0x11
Device type ID	0x54
HART protocol revision	7
Device description files (DTM, DD)	Information and files at: www.endress.com → Download Area
HART load	<ul> <li>Min. 250 Ω</li> <li>Max. 500 Ω</li> </ul>
System integration	For information on system integration, see → 🗎 55  • Measured variables via HART protocol  • Burst Mode functionality

# 16.5 Energy supply

### Terminal assignment

#### Transmitter

4-20 mA HART connection version with additional outputs



Order code for "Output"	Terminal numbers				
	Output 1		Outp	out 2	
	1 (+)	2 (-)	3 (+)	4 (-)	
Option A	4-20 mA HART (passive)		-		
Option B 1)	4-20 mA HART (passive)		Pulse/frequenc (pas	y/switch output sive)	
Option C 1)	4-20 mA HART (passive)		4-20 mA ana	alog (passive)	

1) Output 1 must always be used; output 2 is optional.

## Supply voltage

### Transmitter

An external power supply is required for each output.

The following supply voltage values apply for the outputs available:

Order code for "Output"	Minimum terminal voltage	Maximum terminal voltage	
Option A <sup>1) 2)</sup> : 4-20 mA HART	<ul> <li>For 4 mA: ≥ DC 17.9 V</li> <li>For 20 mA: ≥ DC 13.5 V</li> </ul>	DC 35 V	
Option B <sup>1) 2)</sup> : 4-20 mA HART, pulse/frequency/switch output	<ul> <li>For 4 mA: ≥ DC 17.9 V</li> <li>For 20 mA: ≥ DC 13.5 V</li> </ul>	DC 35 V	
Option C <sup>1)</sup> <sup>2)</sup> : 4-20 mA HART + 4-20 mA analog	<ul> <li>For 4 mA: ≥ DC 17.9 V</li> <li>For 20 mA: ≥ DC 13.5 V</li> </ul>	DC 30 V	

- 1) External supply voltage of the power supply unit with load.
- For device versions with SD03 local display: The terminal voltage must be increased by DC 2 V if backlighting is used.

### Power consumption

#### Transmitter

Order code for "Output; input"	Maximum power consumption
Option A: 4-20 mA HART	770 mW
Option B: 4-20 mA HART, pulse/ frequency/switch output	<ul> <li>Operation with output 1: 770 mW</li> <li>Operation with output 1 and 2: 2770 mW</li> </ul>
Option C: 4-20 mA HART + 4-20 mA analog	<ul><li>Operation with output 1: 660 mW</li><li>Operation with output 1 and 2: 1320 mW</li></ul>

### Current consumption

#### **Current output**

For every 4-20 mA or 4-20 mA HART current output: 3.6 to 22.5 mA



If the option Defined value is selected in the Failure mode parameter : 3.59 to 22.5 mA

#### Power supply failure

- Totalizers stop at the last value measured.
- Depending on the device version, the configuration is retained in the device memory or in the pluggable data memory (HistoROM DAT).
- Error messages (incl. total operated hours) are stored.

#### Electrical connection

→ 🖺 30

# Potential equalization

## Terminals

- For device version without integrated overvoltage protection: plug-in spring terminals for wire cross-sections 0.5 to 2.5 mm² (20 to 14 AWG)
- For device version with integrated overvoltage protection: screw terminals for wire cross-sections 0.2 to 2.5 mm² (24 to 14 AWG)

#### Cable entries

- Cable gland: M20  $\times$  1.5 with cable Ø 6 to 12 mm (0.24 to 0.47 in)
- Thread for cable entry:
  - NPT ½"
  - G ½"

### Cable specification

→ 🖺 28

### Overvoltage protection

The device can be ordered with integrated overvoltage protection for diverse approvals: *Order code for "Accessory mounted", option NA "Overvoltage protection"* 

Input voltage range	Values correspond to supply voltage specifications $\rightarrow$ $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
Resistance per channel	$2 \cdot 0.5 \Omega$ max.
DC sparkover voltage	400 to 700 V
Trip surge voltage	< 800 V
Capacitance at 1 MHz	< 1.5 pF
Nominal discharge current (8/20 μs)	10 kA
Temperature range	−40 to +85 °C (−40 to +185 °F)

- 1) The voltage is reduced by the amount of the internal resistance  $I_{min}$   $\cdot$   $R_i$
- Depending on the temperature class, restrictions apply to the ambient temperature for device versions with overvoltage protection .
- For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

## 16.6 Performance characteristics

# Reference operating conditions

- Error limits based on ISO 11631
- Water
  - +15 to +45 °C (+59 to +113 °F)
  - 2 to 6 bar (29 to 87 psi)
- Data as indicated in the calibration protocol
- Accuracy based on accredited calibration rigs according to ISO 17025

# Maximum measurement error

o.r. = of reading;  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature

### **Base accuracy**

🚹 Design fundamentals → 🗎 141

Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)

±0.25 % o.r.

Mass flow (gases)

±0.50 % o.r.

Density (liquids)

Under reference conditions	Standard density calibration
[g/cm³]	[g/cm³]
±0.0005	±0.002

### **Temperature**

 $\pm 0.5 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.9 \,^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 0.003 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

## Zero point stability

DN		Zero point stability		
[mm]	[mm] [in]		[lb/min]	
8	3/8	0.24	0.0088	
15	1/2	0.78	0.0287	
25	1	2.16	0.0794	
40	11/2	5.40	0.1985	
50	2	8.40	0.3087	

### Flow values

Flow values as turndown parameters depending on nominal diameter.

#### SI units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[mm]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]	[kg/h]
8	2 000	200	100	40	20	4
15	6 5 0 0	650	325	130	65	13
25	18 000	1800	900	360	180	36
40	45 000	4500	2 2 5 0	900	450	90
50	70 000	7 000	3 500	1400	700	140

## US units

DN	1:1	1:10	1:20	1:50	1:100	1:500
[inch]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]	[lb/min]
3/8	73.50	7.350	3.675	1.470	0.735	0.147
1/2	238.9	23.89	11.95	4.778	2.389	0.478
1	661.5	66.15	33.08	13.23	6.615	1.323
11/2	1654	165.4	82.70	33.08	16.54	3.308
2	2 5 7 3	257.3	128.7	51.46	25.73	5.146

# Accuracy of outputs

The outputs have the following base accuracy specifications.

Current output

Accuracy	±10 μA
-	

Pulse/frequency output

o.r. = of reading

Accuracy	Max. ±100 ppm o.r.
----------	--------------------

Repeatability

o.r. = of reading;  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3 = 1 \text{ kg/l}$ ; T = medium temperature

### Base repeatability



Mass flow and volume flow (liquids)

±0.125 % o.r.

Mass flow (gases)

 $\pm 0.25$  % o.r. (up to a Mach number of 0.2)

Density (liquids)

 $\pm 0.00025 \text{ g/cm}^3$ 

**Temperature** 

±0.25 °C ± 0.0025 · T °C (±0.45 °F ± 0.0015 · (T−32) °F)

#### Response time

- The response time depends on the configuration (damping).
- $\blacksquare$  Response time in the event of erratic changes in the measured variable: After 500 ms  $\rightarrow$  95 % of full scale value

# Influence of ambient temperature

#### **Current output**

o.r. = of reading

Additional error, in relation to the span of 16 mA:

Temperature coefficient at zero point (4 mA)	0.02 %/10 K
Temperature coefficient with span (20 mA)	0.05 %/10 K

### Pulse/frequency output

o.r. = of reading

<b>Temperature coefficient</b> M	Max. ±100 ppm o.r.
----------------------------------	--------------------

# Influence of medium temperature

### Mass flow

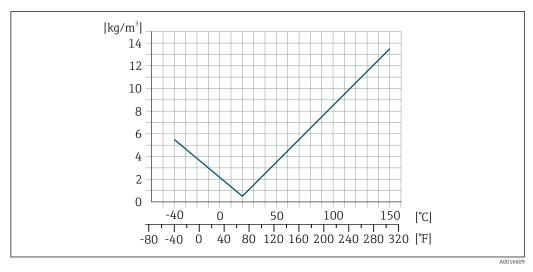
o.f.s. = of full scale value

If there is a difference between the temperature during zero adjustment and the process temperature, the additional measurement error of the sensors is typically  $\pm 0.0002$  %o.f.s./°C ( $\pm 0.0001$  % o.f.s./°F).

The influence is reduced when the zero adjustment is performed at process temperature.

#### Density

If there is a difference between the density calibration temperature and the process temperature, the measurement error of the sensors is typically  $\pm 0.0001 \text{ g/cm}^3/^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $\pm 0.00005 \text{ g/cm}^3/^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). Field density adjustment is possible.



■ 24 Field density adjustment, for example at +20  $^{\circ}$ C (+68  $^{\circ}$ F)

### **Temperature**

 $\pm 0.005 \cdot \text{T} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (\pm 0.005 \cdot (\text{T} - 32) \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

# Influence of medium pressure

The following shows how the process pressure (gauge pressure) affects the accuracy of the mass flow.

o.r. = of reading



It is possible to compensate for the effect by:

- Reading in the current pressure measured value via the current input or a digital input.
- Specifying a fixed value for the pressure in the device parameters.



Operating Instructions.

DN		[% o.r./bar]	[% o.r./psi]
[mm]	[in]		
8	3/8	no influence	
15	1/2	no influence	
25	1	no influence	
40	11/2	no influence	
50	2	-0.009	-0.0006

### Design fundamentals

o.r. = of reading, o.f.s. = of full scale value

BaseAccu = base accuracy in % o.r., BaseRepeat = base repeatability in % o.r.

MeasValue = measured value; ZeroPoint = zero point stability

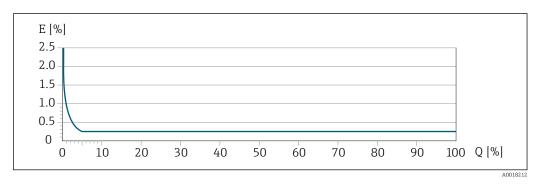
Calculation of the maximum measured error as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum measured error in % o.r.
$\geq \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$	± BaseAccu
$<\frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$	± ZeroPoint MeasValue · 100
A0021333	A0021334

Calculation of the maximum repeatability as a function of the flow rate

Flow rate	Maximum repeatability in % o.r.
$\geq \frac{\frac{4}{3} \cdot \text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{BaseAccu}} \cdot 100$	± ½ · BaseAccu
A0021341	A0021747
$<\frac{4/3 \cdot ZeroPoint}{BaseAccu} \cdot 100$	$\pm \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{\text{ZeroPoint}}{\text{MeasValue}} \cdot 100$
A0021342	A0021344

#### Example of maximum measurement error



- E Maximum measurement error in % o.r. (example: DN 25)
- Q Flow rate in % of maximum full scale value

# 16.7 Mounting

Mounting requirements

→ 🖺 20

### 16.8 Environment

Ambient temperature range

→ \( \bigsize 22 \rightarrow 22

### Temperature tables

- Observe the interdependencies between the permitted ambient and fluid temperatures when operating the device in hazardous areas.
- For detailed information on the temperature tables, see the separate document entitled "Safety Instructions" (XA) for the device.

Storage temperature

 $-40 \text{ to } +80 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-40 \text{ to } +176 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ , preferably at  $+20 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (+68 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Climate class

DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

### Degree of protection

#### Transmitter

- Standard: IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4
- When the housing is open: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2
- Display module: IP20, Type 1 enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 2

#### Sensor

IP66/67, Type 4X enclosure, suitable for pollution degree 4

142

# Shock and vibration resistance

### Vibration sinusoidal, in accordance with IEC 60068-2-6

- 2 to 8.4 Hz, 3.5 mm peak
- 8.4 to 2 000 Hz, 1 g peak

### Vibration broad-band random, according to IEC 60068-2-64

- 10 to 200 Hz, 0.003 q<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- 200 to 2000 Hz, 0.001 g<sup>2</sup>/Hz
- Total: 1.54 g rms

### Shock half-sine, according to IEC 60068-2-27

6 ms 30 g

### Rough handling shocks according to IEC 60068-2-31

#### Internal cleaning

- CIP cleaning
- SIP cleaning

#### **Options**

Oil- and grease-free version for wetted parts, without declaration Order code for "Service", option  ${\rm HA}^{3)}$ 

# Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

- As per IEC/EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation 21 (NE 21)
- As per IEC/EN 61000-6-2 and IEC/EN 61000-6-4
- Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity.
- This unit is not intended for use in residential environments and cannot guarantee adequate protection of the radio reception in such environments.

## 16.9 Process

Medium temperature range  $-40 \text{ to } +150 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (-40 \text{ to } +302 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### Medium density

0 to  $2000 \text{ kg/m}^3$  (0 to 125 lb/cf)

# Pressure-temperature ratings



For an overview of the pressure-temperature ratings for the process connections, see the Technical Information

#### Sensor housing

The sensor housing is filled with dry nitrogen gas and protects the electronics and mechanics inside.

If a measuring tube fails (e.g. due to process characteristics like corrosive or abrasive fluids), the fluid will initially be contained by the sensor housing.

In the event of a tube failure, the pressure level inside the sensor housing will rise according to the operating process pressure. If the user judges that the sensor housing burst pressure does not provide an adequate safety margin, the device can be fitted with a rupture disk. This prevents excessively high pressure from forming inside the sensor housing. Therefore, the use of a rupture disk is strongly recommended in applications

<sup>3)</sup> The cleaning refers to the measuring instrument only. Any accessories supplied are not cleaned.

involving high gas pressures, and particularly in applications in which the process pressure is greater than 2/3 of the sensor housing burst pressure.

### Burst pressure of the sensor housing

If the device is fitted with a rupture disk (order code for "Sensor option", option CA "Rupture disk"), the rupture disk trigger pressure is decisive.

The sensor housing burst pressure refers to a typical internal pressure which is reached prior to mechanical failure of the sensor housing and which was determined during type testing. The corresponding type test declaration can be ordered with the device (order code for "Additional approval", option LN "Sensor housing burst pressure, type test").

DN		Sensor housing burst pressure	
[mm]	[in]	[bar]	[psi]
8	3/8	250	3 6 2 0
15	1/2	250	3 6 2 0
25	1	250	3 620
40	1½	200	2 900
50	2	180	2610
80	3	120	1740

For information on the dimensions: see the "Mechanical construction" section of the "Technical Information" document

# Rupture disk

To increase the level of safety, a device version with a rupture disk with a trigger pressure of 10 to 15 bar (145 to 217.5 psi)can be used (order code for "Sensor option", option CA "rupture disk").

The use of rupture disks cannot be combined with the separately available heating jacket.

#### Flow limit

Select the nominal diameter by optimizing between the required flow range and permissible pressure loss.

- The minimum recommended full scale value is approx. 1/20 of the maximum full scale value
- In most applications, 20 to 50 % of the maximum full scale value can be considered ideal
- A low full scale value must be selected for abrasive media (such as liquids with entrained solids): flow velocity < 1 m/s (< 3 ft/s).
- For gas measurement the following rules apply:
  - The flow velocity in the measuring tubes should not exceed half the sound velocity (0.5 Mach).
  - The maximum mass flow depends on the density of the gas: formula

#### Pressure loss

To calculate the pressure loss, use the *Applicator* sizing tool  $\rightarrow$   $\stackrel{\triangle}{=}$  129

System pressure

→ 🖺 22

### 16.10 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

For the dimensions and installation lengths of the device, see the "Technical Information" document, "Mechanical construction" section

Weight

All values (weight exclusive of packaging material) refer to devices with EN/DIN PN 40 flanges.

#### Weight in SI units

DN [mm]	Weight [kg]
8	5
15	5.5
25	7
40	11
50	16

#### Weight in US units

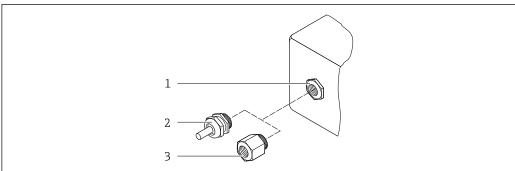
DN [in]	Weight [lbs]
3/8	11
1/2	12
1	15
1 1/2	24
2	35

#### Materials

#### Transmitter housing

- Order code for "Housing", option C "Compact, aluminum coated": Aluminum, AlSi10Mg, coated
- Window material: glass

#### Cable entries/cable glands



Δ002064

#### ■ 25 Possible cable entries/cable glands

- 1 Female thread  $M20 \times 1.5$
- 2 Cable gland  $M20 \times 1.5$
- 3 Adapter for cable entry with female thread G  $\frac{1}{2}$ " or NPT  $\frac{1}{2}$ "

Order code for "Housing", option C "GT20 dual compartment, aluminum coated"

Cable entry/cable gland	Type of protection	Material
Cable gland M20 × 1.5	<ul><li>Non-hazardous area</li><li>Ex ia</li><li>Ex ic</li></ul>	Plastic
	Adapter for cable entry with female thread G ½"	Nickel-plated brass
Adapter for cable entry with female thread NPT ½"	Non-hazardous area and hazardous area (except for CSA Ex d/XP)	Nickel-plated brass
Thread NPT ½" via adapter	Non-hazardous area and hazardous area	

#### Sensor housing

- Acid and alkali-resistant outer surface
- Stainless steel 1.4301 (304)

#### Measuring tubes

Stainless steel, 1.4539 (904L); manifold: stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

#### **Process connections**

■ Flanges according to EN 1092-1 (DIN2501) / according to ASME B 16.5 / as per JIS B2220:

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (F316/F316L)

All other process connections:
 Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316/316L)



Available process connections → 🗎 147

#### Seals

Welded process connections without internal seals

#### Accessories

Protective cover

Stainless steel, 1.4404 (316L)

Remote display FHX50

Housing material:

- Plastic PBT
- Stainless steel CF-3M (316L, 1.4404)

#### Process connections

- Fixed flange connections:
  - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2501) flange
  - EN 1092-1 (DIN 2512N) flange
  - NAMUR lengths in accordance with NE 132
  - ASME B16.5 flange
  - JIS B2220 flange
  - DIN 11864-2 Form A flange, DIN 11866 series A, flange with notch
- Clamp connections:

Tri-Clamp (OD tubes), DIN 11866 series C

- Thread:
  - DIN 11851 thread, DIN 11866 series A
  - SMS 1145 thread
  - ISO 2853 thread, ISO 2037
  - DIN 11864-1 Form A thread, DIN 11866 series A
- VCO connections:
  - 8-VCO-4
  - 12-VCO-4
- i

Process connection materials

#### Surface roughness

All data refer to parts in contact with the medium.

*The following surface roughness categories can be ordered:* 

Category	Method	Option(s) order code "Measuring tube mat., wetted surface"
Not polished	_	SA
Ra ≤ 0.76 µm (30 µin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished <sup>2)</sup>	SB
Ra ≤ 0.76 μm (30 μin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished <sup>2)</sup> , welds in as-welded condition	SJ
Ra $\leq$ 0.38 µm (15 µin) 1)	Mechanically polished <sup>2)</sup>	SC
Ra ≤ 0.38 μm (15 μin) <sup>1)</sup>	Mechanically polished <sup>2)</sup> , welds in as-welded condition	SK

- 1) Ra according to ISO 21920
- 2) Except for inaccessible welds between pipe and manifold

## 16.11 Operability

#### Languages

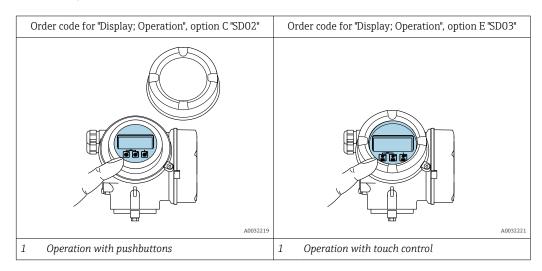
Can be operated in the following languages:

- Via local display:
- English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Dutch, Portuguese, Polish, Russian, Swedish, Turkish, Chinese, Japanese, Bahasa (Indonesian), Vietnamese, Czech
- Via "FieldCare" operating tool:
   English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Japanese

#### Onsite operation

#### Via display module

Two display modules are available:



#### Display elements

- 4-line, illuminated, graphic display
- White background lighting; switches to red in event of device errors
- Format for displaying measured variables and status variables can be individually configured

#### Operating elements

- lacktriangledown Operation with 3 push buttons with open housing: lacktriangledown, lacktriangledown
- External operation via touch control (3 optical keys) without opening the housing:  $\boxdot$ ,  $\boxdot$ ,
- Operating elements also accessible in the various zones of the hazardous area

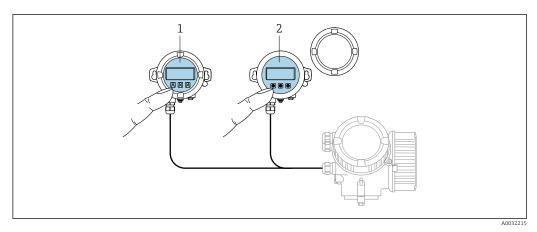
#### Additional functionality

- Data backup function
  - The device configuration can be saved in the display module.
- Data comparison function
  - The device configuration saved in the display module can be compared to the current device configuration.
- Data transfer function
  - The transmitter configuration can be transmitted to another device using the display module.

#### Via remote display FHX50

The remote display FHX50 can be ordered as an optional extra $\rightarrow$   $\cong$  127.

148



■ 26 FHX50 operating options

- 1 SD02 display and operating module, push buttons: cover must be opened for operation
- 2 SD03 display and operating module, optical buttons: operation possible through cover glass

#### Display and operating elements

The display and operating elements correspond to those of the display module.

Remote operation	→ 🖺 50		
Service interface	→ 🖺 51		

### 16.12 Certificates and approvals

Current certificates and approvals for the product are available at <a href="https://www.endress.com">www.endress.com</a> on the relevant product page:

- 1. Select the product using the filters and search field.
- 2. Open the product page.
- 3. Select **Downloads**.

#### CE mark

The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable EU Directives. These are listed in the corresponding EU Declaration of Conformity along with the standards applied.

Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

#### **UKCA** marking

The device meets the legal requirements of the applicable UK regulations (Statutory Instruments). These are listed in the UKCA Declaration of Conformity along with the designated standards. By selecting the order option for UKCA marking, Endress+Hauser confirms a successful evaluation and testing of the device by affixing the UKCA mark.

Contact address Endress+Hauser UK:

Endress+Hauser Ltd. Floats Road Manchester M23 9NF United Kingdom

www.uk.endress.com

#### RCM marking

The measuring system meets the EMC requirements of the "Australian Communications and Media Authority (ACMA)".

#### Functional safety

The measuring instrument can be used for flow monitoring systems (min., max., range) up to SIL 2 (single-channel architecture; order code for "Additional approval", option LA) and SIL 3 (multi-channel architecture with homogeneous redundancy) and is independently evaluated and certified in accordance with IEC 61508.

The following types of monitoring in safety-related systems are possible:

- Mass flow
- Volume flow
- Density

#### Restrictions

- Valid single gases:
  - Air
  - Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>)
  - Carbon dioxide CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>)
  - Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)
- Valid 4-component natural gas composition in mol%:
  - CH<sub>4</sub> 80 to 99 %
  - N<sub>2</sub> 0.3 to 12 %
  - C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub> 0.3 to 12 %
  - CO<sub>2</sub> 0.3 to 12 %
- Extended natural gas range I: The listed 4-component natural gas composition may be extended by a selection of the following components up to a maximum proportion according to the following table:

Additional natural gas components	Max. mol%
Propane (C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> )	2 %
Butane (i- $C_4H_{10}$ , n- $C_4H_{10}$ )	1 %
Pentane (i- $C_5H_{12}$ , n- $C_5H_{12}$ )	0.2 %
Hexane (i- $C_6H_{14}$ , n- $C_6H_{14}$ )	0.2 %
Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> )	0.2 %

- Extended natural gas range II: Natural gas mixtures that correspond to the 4-component natural gas composition or extended natural gas range I, with  $CO_2$  and/or  $N_2$  proportions of less than 0.3 mol% each (as defined in the 4-component mixture) are possible, taking into account the special configuration instructions in "Configuring the extended natural gas range".
- Temperature range: -30 to +150 °C (-22 to +302 °F)
- Pressure range: 0.8 to 30 bar (11.6 to 435 psi)
- Nominal diameters: Up to 320 mm (12.6 in) internal diameter
- $\ \ \, \blacksquare$  Circular pipe for insertion version (cannot be used in rectangular ducts)
- The maximum flow rate during operation must not exceed the specified calibrated maximum value for the sensor.
- Measurement uncertainty in the SIL mode (see "Guidelines for minimum measurement error" in the Special Documentation for Functional Safety).

#### Ex-approval

The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas and the relevant safety instructions are provided in the separate "Safety Instructions" (XA) document. Reference is made to this document on the nameplate.

#### Hygienic compatibility

- 3-A approval
  - Only measuring instruments with the order code for "Additional approval", option LP "3A" have 3-A approval.
  - The 3-A approval refers to the measuring instrument.
  - When installing the measuring instrument, ensure that no liquid can accumulate on the outside of the measuring instrument.
    - A remote display module must be installed in accordance with the 3-A Standard.
  - Accessories (e.g. heating jacket, weather protection cover, wall holder unit) must be installed in accordance with the 3-A Standard.
    - Each accessory can be cleaned. Disassembly may be necessary under certain circumstances.
- EHEDG-tested

Only devices with the order code for "Additional approval", option LT "EHEDG" have been tested and meet the requirements of the EHEDG.

To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be used with process connections in accordance with the EHEDG position paper entitled "Easy cleanable Pipe couplings and Process connections" (www.ehedg.org).

To meet the requirements for EHEDG certification, the device must be installed in a position that ensures drainability.



Observe the special installation instructions

## Pharmaceutical compatibility

- FDA 21 CFR 177
- USP <87>
- USP <88> Class VI 121 °C
- TSE/BSE Certificate of Suitability

#### Functional safety

The measuring instrument can be used for flow monitoring systems (min., max., range) up to SIL 2 (single-channel architecture; order code for "Additional approval", option LA) and SIL 3 (multi-channel architecture with homogeneous redundancy) and is independently evaluated and certified in accordance with IEC 61508.

The following types of monitoring in safety-related systems are possible:

- Mass flow
- Volume flow
- Density

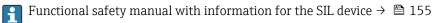
#### Restrictions

- Valid single gases:
  - Air
  - Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>)
  - Carbon dioxide CO<sub>2</sub>
  - Nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>)
  - Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>)
- Valid 4-component natural gas composition in mol%:
  - CH<sub>4</sub> 80 to 99 %
  - N<sub>2</sub> 0.3 to 12 %
  - $\bullet$  C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub> 0.3 to 12 %
  - CO<sub>2</sub> 0.3 to 12 %
- Extended natural gas range I: The listed 4-component natural gas composition may be extended by a selection of the following components up to a maximum proportion according to the following table:

Additional natural gas components	Max. mol%
Propane (C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> )	2 %
Butane (i-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> , n-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>10</sub> )	1 %
Pentane (i- $C_5H_{12}$ , n- $C_5H_{12}$ )	0.2 %

Additional natural gas components	Max. mol%
Hexane (i- $C_6H_{14}$ , n- $C_6H_{14}$ )	0.2 %
Oxygen (O <sub>2</sub> )	0.2 %

- Extended natural gas range II: Natural gas mixtures that correspond to the 4-component natural gas composition or extended natural gas range I, with CO<sub>2</sub> and/or N<sub>2</sub> proportions of less than 0.3 mol% each (as defined in the 4-component mixture) are possible, taking into account the special configuration instructions in "Configuring the extended natural gas range".
- Temperature range: -30 to +150 °C (-22 to +302 °F)
- Pressure range: 0.8 to 30 bar (11.6 to 435 psi)
- Nominal diameters: Up to 320 mm (12.6 in) internal diameter
- Circular pipe for insertion version (cannot be used in rectangular ducts)
- The maximum flow rate during operation must not exceed the specified calibrated maximum value for the sensor.
- Measurement uncertainty in the SIL mode (see "Guidelines for minimum measurement error" in the Special Documentation for Functional Safety).



#### HART certification

#### **HART** interface

The measuring device is certified and registered by the FieldComm Group. The measuring system meets all the requirements of the following specifications:

- Certified according to HART 7
- The device can also be operated with certified devices of other manufacturers (interoperability)

#### Pressure Equipment Directive

- With the marking
  - a) PED/G1/x (x = category) or
  - b) PESR/G1/x (x = category)

on the sensor nameplate, Endress+Hauser confirms compliance with the "Essential Safety Requirements"

- a) specified in Annex I of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
- b) Schedule 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.
- Devices not bearing this marking (without PED or PESR) are designed and manufactured according to sound engineering practice. They meet the requirements of
  - a) Art. 4 Para. 3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
  - b) Part 1, Para. 8 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.

The scope of application is indicated

- a) in diagrams 6 to 9 in Annex II of the Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU or
- b) Schedule 3, Para. 2 of Statutory Instruments 2016 No. 1105.

# External standards and guidelines

■ EN 60529

Degrees of protection provided by enclosures (IP code)

■ IEC/EN 60068-2-6

Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Fc: vibrate (sinusoidal).

■ IEC/EN 60068-2-31

Environmental influences: Test procedure - Test Ec: shocks due to rough handling, primarily for devices.

■ EN 61010-1

Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use - general requirements

■ EN 61326-1/-2-3

EMC requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use

■ IEC 61508

Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems

NAMUR NE 21

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment

NAMUR NE 32

Data retention in the event of a power failure in field and control instruments with microprocessors

■ NAMUR NE 43

Standardization of the signal level for the breakdown information of digital transmitters with analog output signal.

■ NAMUR NE 53

Software of field devices and signal-processing devices with digital electronics

■ NAMUR NE 80

The application of the pressure equipment directive to process control devices

NAMUR NE 105

Specifications for integrating fieldbus devices in engineering tools for field devices

■ NAMUR NE 107

Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

NAMUR NE 131

Requirements for field devices for standard applications

■ NAMUR NE 132

Coriolis mass meter

ETSI EN 300 328

Guidelines for 2.4 GHz radio components.

■ EN 301489

Electromagnetic compatibility and radio spectrum matters (ERM).

## 16.13 Application packages

Many different application packages are available to enhance the functionality of the device. Such packages might be needed to address safety aspects or specific application requirements.

The application packages can be ordered with the device or subsequently from Endress+Hauser. Detailed information on the order code in question is available from your local Endress+Hauser sales center or on the product page of the Endress+Hauser website: www.endress.com.



Detailed information on the application packages:

Special Documentation  $\rightarrow$   $\implies$  155

#### Diagnostic functionality

Order code for "Application package", option EA "Extended HistoROM"

Comprises extended functions concerning the event log and the activation of the measured value memory.

Event log:

Memory volume is extended from 20 message entries (standard version) to up to 100 entries.

Data logging (line recorder):

- Memory capacity for up to 1000 measured values is activated.
- 250 measured values can be output via each of the 4 memory channels. The recording interval can be defined and configured by the user.
- Measured value logs can be accessed via the local display or operating tool e.g. FieldCare, DeviceCare or Web server.

For detailed information, see the Operating Instructions for the device.

#### Heartbeat Technology

Order code for "Application package", option EB "Heartbeat Verification + Monitoring"

#### Heartbeat Verification

Meets the requirement for traceable verification to DIN ISO 9001:2008 Chapter 7.6 a) "Control of monitoring and measuring equipment".

- Functional testing in the installed state without interrupting the process.
- Traceable verification results on request, including a report.
- Simple testing process via local operation or other operating interfaces.
- Clear measuring point assessment (pass/fail) with high test coverage within the framework of manufacturer specifications.
- Extension of calibration intervals according to operator's risk assessment.



For detailed information, see the Special Documentation for the device.

#### Petroleum & locking function

Order code for "Application package", option EM "Petroleum & locking function"

The most important parameters for the Oil & Gas Industry can be calculated and displayed with this application package. It is also possible to lock the settings.

- Corrected volume flow and calculated reference density in accordance with the "API Manual of Petroleum Measurement Standards, Chapter 11.1"
- Water content, based on density measurement
- Weighted mean of the density and temperature



For detailed information, see the Special Documentation for the device.

#### 16.14 Accessories



Overview of accessories available to order → 🖺 127

## Supplemental documentation



For an overview of the scope of the associated Technical Documentation, refer to the following:

- Device Viewer (www.endress.com/deviceviewer): Enter the serial number from the nameplate
- Endress+Hauser Operations app: Enter serial number from nameplate or scan matrix code on nameplate.

#### Standard documentation

#### **Brief operating instructions**

#### *Brief Operating Instructions for the sensor*

Measuring instrument	Documentation code
Proline Promass E	KA01260D

#### Brief Operating Instructions for transmitter

Measuring device	Documentation code
Proline Promass 200	KA01268D

#### **Technical information**

Measuring device	Documentation code
Promass E 200	TI01300D

Supplementary device- Safety instructions dependent documentation

Contents	Documentation code
ATEX/IECEx Ex i	XA00144D
ATEX/IECEx Ex d	XA00143D
ATEX/IECEx Ex nA	XA00145D
cCSAus IS	XA00151D
cCSAus XP	XA00152D
INMETRO Ex i	XA01300D
INMETRO Ex d	XA01305D
INMETRO Ex nA	XA01306D
NEPSI Ex i	XA00156D
NEPSI Ex d	XA00155D
NEPSI Ex nA	XA00157D
NEPSI Ex i	XA1755D
NEPSI Ex d	XA1754D
NEPSI Ex nA	XA1756D
JPN Ex d	XA01763D

#### **Functional Safety Manual**

Contents	Documentation code
Proline Promass 200	SD00147D

#### Special documentation

Contents	Documentation code
Information on the Pressure Equipment Directive	SD01614D
Display and operating module FHX50	SD01007F
Heartbeat Technology	SD01849D

#### **Installation instructions**

Contents	Note
Installation instructions for spare part sets and accessories	<ul> <li>Access the overview of all the available spare part sets via <i>Device Viewer</i> →          □ 124</li> <li>Accessories available for order with Installation Instructions →          □ 127</li> </ul>

## Index

0 9	Context menu
3-A approval	Calling up
A	Explanation 45
Access authorization to parameters	Current consumption
Read access	*
Write access	D
Access code	Date of manufacture
Incorrect input	Declaration of Conformity
Adapting the diagnostic behavior	Defining the access code
Adapting the status signal	Degree of protection
Ambient conditions	Density adjustment
Shock and vibration resistance	Design
Storage temperature	Operating menu
Ambient temperature	Design fundamentals
Influence	Measurement error
AMS Device Manager	Repeatability
Function	Device components
Application	Device description files
Application packages	Device locking, status
Applicator	Device name
Approvals	Sensor
71pp10vtii5	Transmitter
В	Device repair
Burst mode	Device revision
Balbe mode	Device type code
C	Device Viewer
Cable entries	DeviceCare
Technical data	Device description file
Cable entry	Diagnosis
Degree of protection	Symbols
CE mark	Diagnostic behavior
Certificates	Explanation
cGMP	Symbols
Checklist	Diagnostic information
Post-connection check	Design, description
Post-installation check	DeviceCare
CIP cleaning	FieldCare
Cleaning	Local display
CIP cleaning	Overview
Exterior cleaning	Remedial measures
Internal cleaning	Diagnostic message
SIP cleaning	Diagnostics list
Climate class	DIP switch
Commissioning	see Write protection switch
Advanced settings	Direct access
Configuring the measuring instrument 60	Disabling write protection
Communication-specific data	_
Connecting cable	Display
Connecting the measuring instrument	see Local display
Connecting the measuring instrument	Display area
see Electrical connection	For operational display
	In the navigation view 41
Connection examples, potential equalization	Display values
Connection preparations	For locking status
COMMECTION TOOLS	Displaying the measured value history
	Disposal

Document	Flow limit
Function 6	Food Contact Materials Regulation 151
Symbols 6	Function range
Document function 6	AMS Device Manager 53
Down pipe	SIMATIC PDM
E	Function scope
	Field Communicator
EHEDG-tested	Field Communicator 475 54
Electrical connection	Field Xpert
Commubox FXA195 (USB)	Functional Safety (SIL)
Commubox FXA291	Functions
Degree of protection	see Parameter
Field Communicator 475	G
Field Xpert SFX350/SFX370 50	Galvanic isolation
Measuring instrument	Galvanic isolation
Manager, SIMATIC PDM) 50	Н
Operating tools	Hardware write protection
Via HART protocol 50	HART certification
Via service interface (CDI)	HART protocol
Transmitter power supply unit 50	Device variables
VIATOR Bluetooth modem 50	Measured variables
Electromagnetic compatibility	Help text
Enabling write protection	Calling up
Enabling/disabling the keypad lock 50	Closing
Endress+Hauser services	Explanation 47
Maintenance	HistoROM
Repair	Hygienic compatibility
Error messages	, 3
see Diagnostic messages	I
Event logbook	I/O electronics module
Events list	Identifying the measuring instrument
Ex-approval	Incoming acceptance
Extended order code	Indication
Sensor	Current diagnostic event
Transmitter	Previous diagnostic event
Exterior cleaning	Influence
	Ambient temperature
F	Medium pressure
FDA	Medium temperature
Field Communicator	Information about this document 6
Function	Inlet runs
Field Communicator 475	Input screen
Field of application	Input variables
Residual risks	Inspection
Field Xpert	Connection
Function	Installation
Field Xpert SFX350	Received goods
FieldCare	Installation
Device description file	Installation dimensions
Establishing a connection	Installation point
Function	Intended use
User interface	Internal cleaning
Filtering the event logbook	L
Firmware	Languages, operation options
Release date	Line recorder
Version	Load
Firmware history	Local display
110W direction	Editing view

Navigation view 41	Vibrations
see Diagnostic message	Mounting tools
see In alarm condition	N
see Operational display	
Low flow cut off	Nameplate   Sensor
M	Transmitter
Main electronics module	Navigation path (navigation view) 41
Maintenance work	Navigation view  Navigation view
Managing the device configuration	In the submenu
5 5	In the subment 41 In the wizard
Manufacturer ID	
Materials	Netilion
Maximum measurement error	Numeric editor
Measured variables	0
see Process variables	
Measurement accuracy	Onsite display
Measuring and test equipment	Operable flow range
Measuring device	Operating elements
Conversion	Operating keys
Disposal	see Operating elements
Mounting the sensor	Operating menu
Preparing for electrical connection 30	Design
Removing	Menus, submenus
Repairs	Submenus and user roles
Structure	Operating philosophy
Switching on 60	Operation
Measuring instrument	Operation options
Configuring 60	Operational display
Preparing for mounting	Operational safety
Measuring principle	Order code
Measuring range	Orientation (vertical, horizontal) 21
For gases	Outlet runs
For liquids	Output signal
Measuring range, recommended	Output variables
Measuring system	
Medium density	P
Medium pressure	Packaging disposal
Influence	Parameter settings
	Administration (Submenu)
Medium temperature	Burst configuration 1 to n (Submenu)
Influence	Configuration backup display (Submenu) 90
Menu Diagnostics	Current output 1 to n (Wizard) 66
Diagnostics	Data logging (Submenu)
Setup	Define access code (Wizard) 90
Menus	Density adjustment (Wizard) 82
For measuring instrument configuration 60	Device information (Submenu)
For specific settings 80	Diagnostics (Menu)
Mounting dimensions	Display (Submenu)
see Installation dimensions	Display (Wizard)
Mounting preparations	Low flow cut off (Wizard)
Mounting requirements	Medium selection (Submenu)
Down pipe	
Inlet and outlet runs	Output conditioning (Wizard)
Installation dimensions	Output values (Submenu)
Installation point 20	Partially filled pipe detection (Wizard)
Orientation	Process variables (Submenu)
Rupture disk	Pulse/frequency/switch output (Wizard)
Sensor heating	
Static pressure	Sensor adjustment (Submenu)
Thermal insulation	Setup (Menu) 61

158

Simulation (Submenu)	Serial number
Totalizer (Submenu)	Settings
Totalizer 1 to n (Submenu)	Adapting the measuring device to the process
Totalizer handling (Submenu)	conditions
Zero point adjustment (Submenu) 84	Administration
Parameters	Advanced display configurations
Changing	Current output
Enter a value	Local display
Performance characteristics	Low flow cut off
Performing density adjustment	Managing the device configuration
Pharmaceutical compatibility	Medium
Post-connection check	Operating language
Post-connection check (checklist)	Output conditioning
Post-installation check 60	Partial filled pipe detection
Post-installation check (checklist) 27	Pulse output
Potential equalization	Pulse/frequency/switch output 67, 69
Power consumption	Resetting the device
Power supply failure	Resetting the totalizer
Pressure Equipment Directive	Sensor adjustment
Pressure loss	Simulation
Pressure-temperature ratings	Switch output
Process connections	System units 63
Process variables	Tag name
Calculated	Totalizer
Measured	Totalizer reset
Product safety	Shock and vibration resistance
Protecting parameter settings 93	Signal on alarm
	SIL (functional safety)
R	SIMATIC PDM
RCM marking	Function
Read access	SIP cleaning
Reading off measured values 97	Software release
Recalibration	Spare part
Reference operating conditions	Spare parts
Registered trademarks 8	Special connection instructions
Remedial measures	Special mounting instructions
Calling up	
Closing	Hygienic compatibility
Remote operation	Standards and guidelines
Repair	Static pressure
<del>-</del>	Status area
Notes	For operational display
Repair of a device	In the navigation view
Repeatability	Status signals
Replacement	Storage conditions
Device components	Storage temperature
Requirements for personnel	Storage temperature range
Response time	Structure
Return	Measuring device
Rupture disk	Submenu
Safety instructions	Administration
Triggering pressure	Advanced setup 80
c	Burst configuration 1 to n 57
S	Configuration backup display 90
Safety	Data logging
Sensor	Device information
Installing	Display
Sensor heating	Events list
Sensor housing	Measured values

Process variables       9         Sensor adjustment       8         Simulation       9         System units       9         Totalizer       9         Totalizer 1 to n       10         Totalizer handling       10         Zero point adjustment       8         Supply unit       Requirements	00 38 98 81 92 63 99 85 01 84
Supply voltage	
Surface roughness	1/
Symbols	20
For correction	39
1 of fociality	39
	39
	39
	41
For parameters	
For status signal	
	41
	41
In the status area of the local display	
In the text and numeric editor	43
System design	
Measuring system	3 I
see Measuring device design	
System integration	25
Т	
-	2 1
	31
Temperature range	<i>(</i> , 2)
Medium temperature	
Storage temperature	
Terminal assignment 29, 31, 13	
	29
Terminals	
	42
Thermal insulation	22
1001	
Transport	10
Tool tip	18
	18
see Help text	18
see Help text Tools	
see Help text Tools Electrical connection	28
see Help text Tools Electrical connection	
see Help text Tools Electrical connection Installation Totalizer	28 25
see Help text Tools Electrical connection Installation Totalizer Configuring	28
see Help text Tools Electrical connection Installation Totalizer Configuring Transmitter	28 25 85
see Help text Tools Electrical connection Installation Totalizer Configuring Transmitter Connecting the signal cables Turning the display module Turning the housing	228 225 835 31 226

Troubleshooting
General
TSE/BSE Certificate of Suitability 151
Turning the display module 26
Turning the electronics housing
see Turning the transmitter housing
Turning the transmitter housing
U
UKCA marking
Use of measuring device
Borderline cases
Incorrect use
Use of measuring instrument
see Intended use
User roles
USP Class VI
V
Version data for the device
Vibrations
W
W@M Device Viewer 14
Weight
SI units
Transport (notes)
US units
Wizard
Current output 1 to n 66
Define access code
Density adjustment 82
Display
Low flow cut off
Output conditioning
Partially filled pipe detection
Pulse/frequency/switch output 67, 68, 69, 71
Workplace safety
Write access
Write protection
Via access code
Via write protection switch 94
Write protection switch



www.addresses.endress.com