

Safety Instructions

Liquiphant M, Liquiphant S

FTL50/51(H), FTL51C, FTL70/71

PROFIBUS PA

Ex ia IIC/IIB T3...T6 Ga/Gb

Ex ia IIC T2...T6 Ga/Gb

Ex ia IIIC T80°C Da/Db

TÜV 13.0898 X



Document: XA01052F-A

Safety instructions for electrical apparatus for explosion-hazardous areas

Liquiphant M, Liquiphant S FTL50(H), FTL51(H), FTL51C, FTL70, FTL71

english

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Associated Documentation

This document is an integral part of the following Operating Instructions:
KA00143F/00, KA00163F/00 (FTL50/51); KA00144F/00, KA00164F/00 (FTL50H/51H);
KA00162F/00, KA00165F/00 (FTL51C); KA00172F/00, KA00173F/00 (FTL70/71)

The Operating Instructions which are supplied and correspond to the device type apply.

Supplementary Documentation

Explosion-protection brochure:
CP00021Z/11

Designation

Explanation of the labelling and type of protection can be found in the explosion protection brochure.

Designation of type of protection


Ex ia	IIC	T3...T6	Ga/Gb
Ex ia	IIB	T3...T6	Ga/Gb
Ex ia	IIC	T2...T6	Ga/Gb
Ex ia	IIIC	T80°C	Da/Db

Applied standards


ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0 :2008
ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2009
ABNT NBR IEC 60079-26:2008
IEC 60079-27:2008
IEC 61241-11:2005

Safety instructions:
General

Type of protection	Type
Ex ia IIC T3...T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia IIIC T80°C Da/Db	FTL50(H), FTL51(H), FTL51C with coating of enamel or conductive PFA
Ex ia IIB T3...T6 Ga/Gb	FTL51C with coating of ECTFE or non-conductive PFA
Ex ia IIC T2...T6 Ga/Gb Ex ia IIIC T80°C Da/Db	FTL70, FTL71

- Staff must meet the following conditions for mounting, electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance of the device:
 - Be suitably qualified for their role and the tasks they perform
 - Be trained in explosion protection
 - Be familiar with national regulations
- Install the device according to the manufacturer's instructions and any other valid standards and regulations.
- Do not operate the device outside the specified electrical, thermal and mechanical parameters.
- Only install the devices in media for which the wetted materials have sufficient durability.
- Avoid electrostatic charging:
 - Of plastic surfaces (e.g. housing, sensor element, special varnishing , attached additional plates, ..)
 - Of isolated capacities (e.g. isolated metallic plates)
- Relationship between the permitted ambient temperature for the electronics housing, dependent on the range of application, and the temperature classes: →  4 and 5.
- Modifications to the device can affect the explosion protection and must be carried out by staff authorized to perform such work by Endress+Hauser.

Safety instructions:
Special conditions

Permitted ambient temperature range at the electronics housing: →  4 and 5.
Observe the information in the temperature tables.

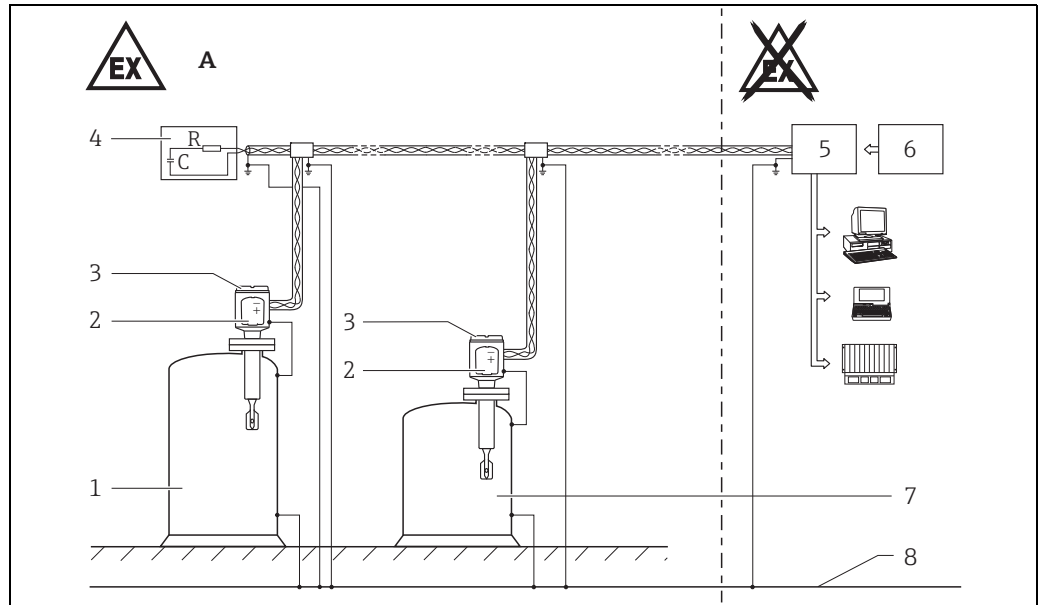
Device type FTL51C

- Avoid electrostatic charging of the plastic surfaces, for plastic process connections or plastic coatings.

F16 housing

- Avoid electrostatic charging of the plastic housing (do not rub dry).

Safety instructions: Installation



- A** Zone 1, Zone 21
- 1 Tank; Zone 0, Zone 20
 2 Electronic insert FEL50A
 3 Housing
 4 Permitted terminating resistor Ex ia IIC
 5 Certified associated apparatus
 6 Power supply
 7 Tank; Zone 1, Zone 21
 8 Potential equalization

- Comply with the installation and safety instructions in the Operating Instructions.
- Install the device according to the manufacturer's instructions and any other valid standards and regulations.
- Connect the device using suitable cable and wire entries of protection type "Intrinsic safety (Ex i)".
- Continuous duty temperature of the cable $T_a + 5 \text{ K}$.
- To maintain the ingress protection of the housing IP66/67 install the housing cover and cable glands correctly.
- The type of protection changes as follows when the devices are connected to certified intrinsically safe circuits of Category Ex ib for Equipment Groups IIC and IIB: Ex ib IIC T6 or Ex ib IIB T6.
- Close unused entry glands with sealing plugs.
- The pertinent guidelines must be observed when intrinsically safe circuits are connected together (Proof of Intrinsic Safety).
- Connection of intrinsically safe PROFIBUS devices: 10 devices.
- Pay attention to the maximum process conditions according to the manufacturer's Operating Instructions.
- At high medium temperatures note flange pressure load capacity as a factor of temperature.
- Install the device to exclude any mechanical damage or friction during the application. Pay particular attention to flow conditions and tank fittings.
- Support extension tube of the device if a dynamic load is expected.
- In case of additional or alternative special varnishing of the enclosure or other metallic parts the danger of an electrostatic charging must be observed. Do not rub surfaces with dry cloth.
- Perform the following to achieve the degree of protection IP66/67:
 - Screw the cover tight.
 - Mount the cable entry correctly.
- When mounting the device:
 - Exclude any mechanical damage or friction during the application.
 - Pay particular attention to flow conditions and tank fittings.

Accessory high pressure sliding sleeve

- The high pressure sliding sleeve can be used for a continuous setting of the switch point and is suited for zone division if mounted properly (→ Operating Instructions).


F13, F17, T13 housing

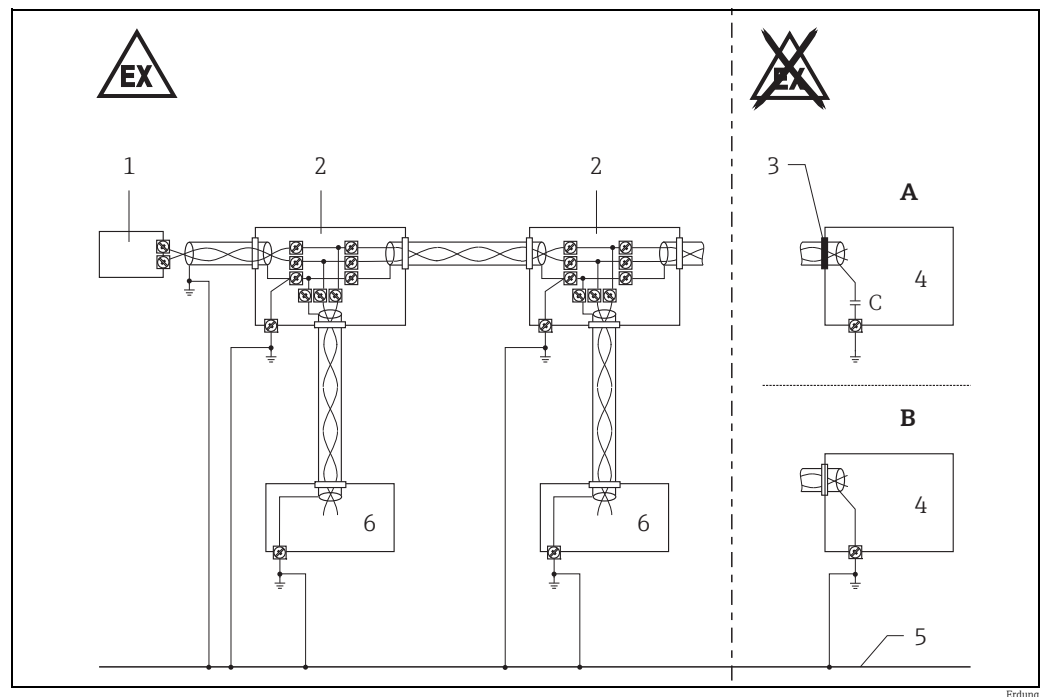
- Install the device to exclude impact and friction sparks on the aluminium housing.

Intrinsic safety

- The device is only suitable for connection to certified, intrinsically safe equipment with explosion protection Ex ia/Ex ib.
- The intrinsically safe input power circuit of the device is isolated from ground potential and has a dielectric strength of at least $500 V_{\text{rms}}$ with respect to it.
- Observe the pertinent guidelines when interconnecting intrinsically safe circuits.

Potential equalization

- Integrate the device into the local potential equalization.
- For grounding the screen, →  2.



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A Version 1

Use small capacitors (e.g. 1 nF, 1500 V, dielectric strength, ceramic).
Total capacitance connected to the screen may not exceed 10 nF.

B Version 2

- 1 Terminating resistor
- 2 Distributor/T box
- 3 Screen insulated
- 4 Supply unit/Segment coupler
- 5 Potential equalization (secured in high degree)
- 6 Field device

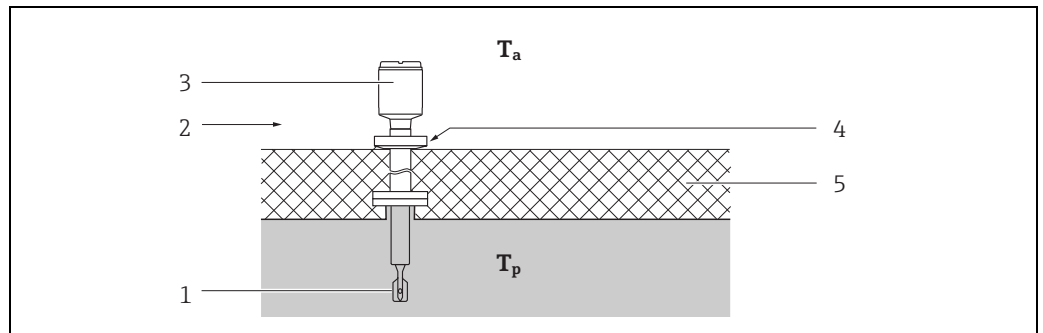
Safety instructions:
Zone 0

- In the event of potentially explosive vapor/air mixtures, only operate the device under atmospheric conditions.
 - Temperature: -20 to +60 °C
 - Pressure: 80 to 110 kPa (0.8 to 1.1 bar)
 - Air with normal oxygen content, usually 21 % (V/V)
- If no potentially explosive mixtures are present, or if additional protective measures have been taken, the transmitters may be operated under other atmospheric conditions in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.
- Only install the devices in media for which the wetted materials have sufficient durability (e.g. process connection seal).
- The sensor part of the device approved for Zone 0 does not cause any ignition hazards if it is operated under non-atmospheric pressures and temperatures.

Explosion protection with heat insulation

Device type FTL70, FTL71

- While observing the "temperature derating", the device is suitable for process temperatures up to 300 °C (→ 9).
- When operating, ensure that you rule out contact between hot component surfaces and potentially explosive atmospheres beyond the limits of the corresponding temperature class (→ 8).
 Suitable measures: e.g. thermal insulation at container and/or pipes.
- The temperature of 85 °C specified at the reference point may not be exceeded.
- To protect the electronics, observe the specified ambient temperature at the electronics housing.



FTL8x_03



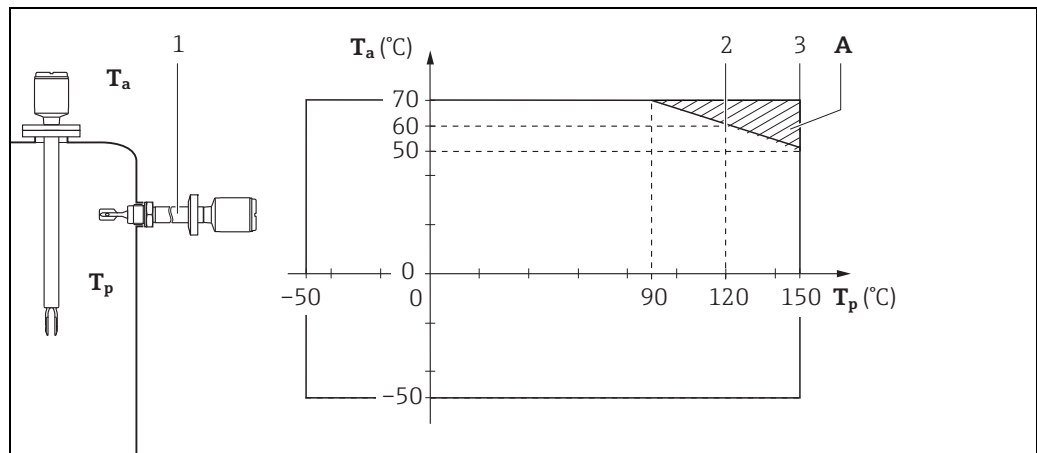
- T_a Ambient temperature
 T_p Process temperature
- 1 Sensor
 2 Temperature class, e.g. T6
 3 Housing
 4 Reference point: max. +85 °C
 5 E.g. thermal insulation

Temperature tables

The dependency of the ambient and process temperatures upon the temperature class:

Type	Temperature class	Process temperature (sensor), T_p (process)	Ambient temperature (electronics), T_a (ambient)
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (ECTFE, PFA or enamel coating)	T6	-50 °C... +85 °C	$-50\text{ °C} \leq T_a \leq +60\text{ °C}$
FTL70, FTL71		-60 °C... +85 °C	
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (ECTFE, PFA or enamel coating)	T5	-50 °C...+100 °C	FTL50, FTL51, FTL51C: $-50\text{ °C} \leq T_a \leq +70\text{ °C}$ with temperature spacer; without temperature spacer → 4
FTL70, FTL71		-60 °C...+100 °C	
FTL51C (ECTFE coating)	T4	-50 °C...+120 °C	FTL70, FTL71: $-50\text{ °C} \leq T_a \leq +70\text{ °C}$
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (PFA or enamel coating)	T4	-50 °C...+135 °C	
FTL70, FTL71		-60 °C...+135 °C	
FTL50(H), FTL51(H); FTL51C (PFA or enamel coating)	T3	-50 °C...+150 °C	$-50\text{ °C} \leq T_a \leq +70\text{ °C}$ For restrictions, → 5
FTL70, FTL71	T3	-60 °C...+200 °C	
FTL70/71-..... L	T2	-60 °C...+230 °C	
FTL70/71-..... N	T2	-60 °C...+280 °C	
FTL70/71-..... Y	T2	-60 °C...+300 °C	

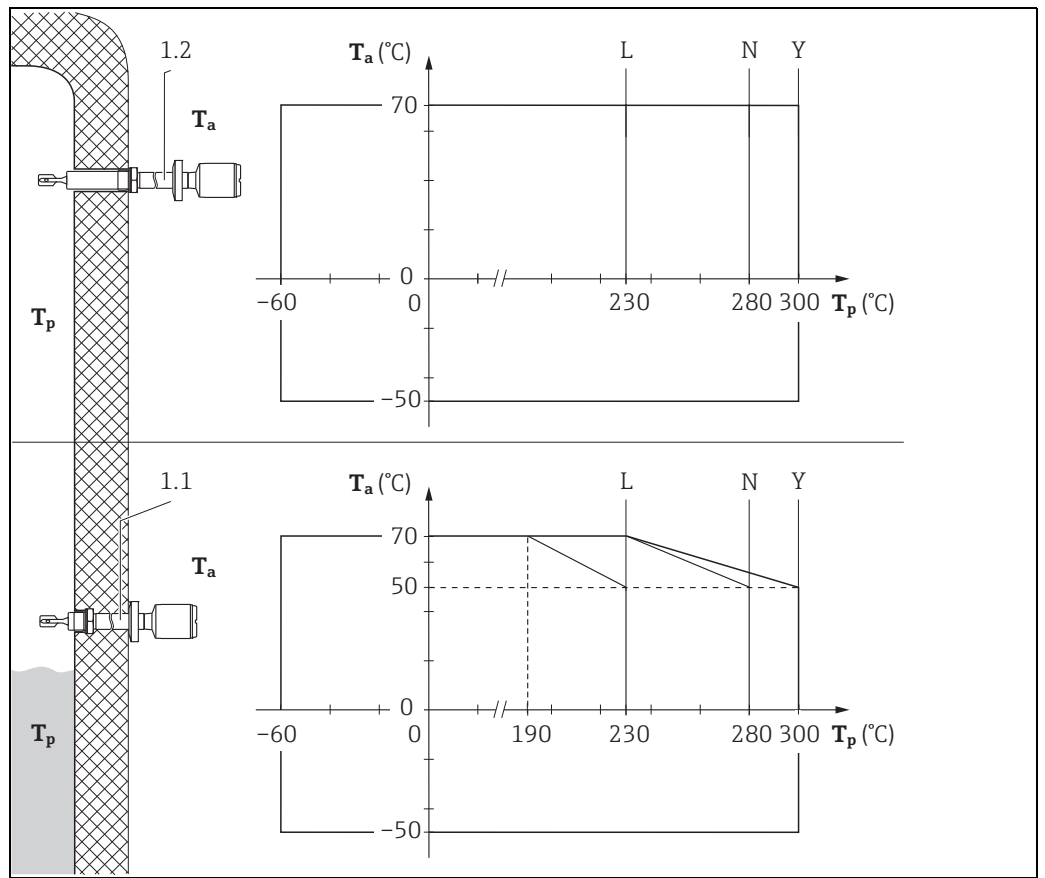
Device type FTL50(H), FTL51(H), FTL51C



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- A Additional temperature range for sensors with temperature spacer or pressure-tight bushing
- 1 Temperature spacer or pressure-tight bushing
- 2 ECTFE
- 3 PFA, enamel

Device type FTL70, FTL71



FTL7x_03



- 1 Temperature spacer:
- 1.1 isolated
- 1.2 free-standing



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