













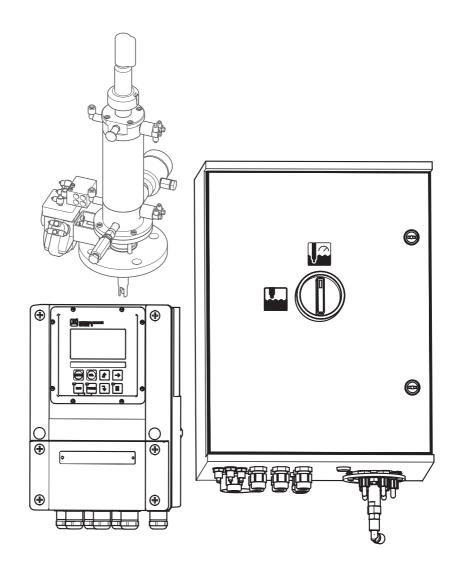




Operating Instructions

Topcal S CPC300

Automation of pH/Redox Measurements





Brief overview Topcal S

Brief overview

Here is how to use these Operating Instructions to commission your Topcal S quickly and safely:.

Safety instructions

 \rightarrow page 5 ff.

General safety instructions

 \rightarrow page 6

Explanation of the warning symbols

You can find special instructions at the appropriate position in the chapter in question. The significance is indicated with the icons \triangle Warning, \lozenge Caution, \triangleleft Note.

Installation

 \rightarrow page 11 ff.

Here, you can find installation conditions: Mounting types, max. installation distances and instructions for assembly installation.

 \rightarrow page 13 ff.

The steps for installing the instruments and their dimensions can be found here.



Topcal S connection

 \rightarrow page 16 ff.

Read these pages for electrical connection of required system components

 \rightarrow page 24 ff. \rightarrow page 31 ff.

Here, you can find the instructions for electrical connection of optional components.

These pages explain the required steps for pneumatic connection of system components.

 \rightarrow page 40 ff.

Display and operating elements

Use this chapter to get familiar with the device operation.



 \rightarrow page 48 ff.

First start up

First start up is automatically started when starting the instrument for the first time. It allows you to commission your instrument quickly and easily.



→ page 114 ff. | Calibration

Here, you can find the required steps for calibration of transmitter and sensor. Always perform a calbration during first commissioning.



 \rightarrow page 54 ff.

Customer-specific configuration

This chapter explains how to adapt additional functions to your requirements via the software.



\rightarrow page 121 ff. Maintenance

Information on maintenance tasks and maintenance intervals can be found here.



Troubleshooting

 \rightarrow page 127 ff. If faults occur during operation, use the check lists to localise the cause.

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Topcal S 1 Safety instructions

1 Safety instructions

1.1 Designated use

Topcal S CPC300 is a fully automatic measuring, cleaning and calibration system for pH and redox measurements.

The system is supplied complete with power supply cables and bottle hoses.

The Ex version of the Topcal S CPC300 allows operation even in explosive atmospheres.

Aggressive or hot media, acids, lyes and cleaning agents containing tensides must not be conveyed via the internal pump. To do this you will have to order a system with control for additional valves.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

1.2 Installation, commissioning, operation

Note the following points:

- If the system is used improperly or other than for its designated use, it may pose a hazard, e.g. due to improper connection.
- Installation, electrical connection, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system must therefore be carried out exclusively by trained specialists authorised by the system operator.
- Technical personnel must have read and understood these operating instructions and must adhere to them.
- Always follow the regulations in your country pertaining to the opening and repairing of electrical instruments.

1.3 Operational safety



Warning!

If the device is used for any application other than those described in these Operating Instructions, it may lead to unsafe and improper functioning of the measuring system and is therefore not permitted.

The instruments have been designed and tested according to the state of the art and left the factory in perfect functioning order. The instruments meet all the prevailing regulations and EC directives – see "Technical data".

However, always pay attention to the following points:

- Measuring systems used in Ex areas have a separate document (XA 236C/07/a3) which forms a component part of these Operating Instructions. Always follow the installation regulations and the partly deviating connection data in the Ex documentation as well. You can find the following symbols on the front page of the additional Ex documentation (depending on approval and test centre (⑤ Europe, ⑤ USA, ⑥ Canada).
- The measuring device complies with the general safety requirements in accordance with EN 61010, the EMC requirements of EN 61326, and NAMUR Recommendation NE 21, 1998.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to change the technical data in line with technical progress at any time. You can obtain information on the current version of these Operating Instructions and possible additions from your sales centre.

1 Safety instructions Topcal S

Fail-safety

This instrument has been checked for electromagnetic compatibility in industrial use according to applicable European directives. It is protected against electromagnetic interference by the following design measures:

- cable screening
- interference suppression filter
- interference suppression capacitors



Warning!

Protection against interference as specified above is valid only for an instrument connected according to the instructions in these Operating Instructions.

1.4 Return

If the devices have to be repaired, please return them cleaned to the sales centre responsible. You can find the address on the last page of these Operating Instructions. For returns please use the original packaging.

With the instrument, please enclose a completed copy of the "Declaration of Contamination" form particularly when returning assemblies and sensors. You can find this at the end of these Operating Instructions.

1.5 Safety symbols

To avoid damage to persons and property, always pay attention to the safety instructions in these Operating Instructions. The following symbols are used to provide you with important information:

General safety instructions

Symbol	Meaning
\triangle	Warning! This symbol alerts you to hazards which could cause serious injuries as well as damage to the instrument if ignored.
	Caution! This symbol alerts you to possible faults which could arise from incorrect operation. They could cause damage to the instrument if ignored.
	Note! This symbol indicates important items of information.

Topcal S 1 Safety instructions

Electrical symbols

Symbol	Meaning
	DC voltage A terminal at which DC voltage is applied or through which DC flows.
~	AC voltage A terminal at which (sine-form) AC voltage is applied or through which AC flows.
=	Ground connection A grounded terminal, which, from the user's point of view, is already grounded using a grounding system.
	Protective earth terminal A terminal which must be grounded before other connections may be set up.
	Equipotential connection A connection which must be connected to the grounding system of the equipment. This can be, for example, a potential matching line of a star-shaped grounding system, depending on national or company practice.
	Protective insulation The equipment is protected with an additional insulation.
	Alarm relay
-	Input
•	Output

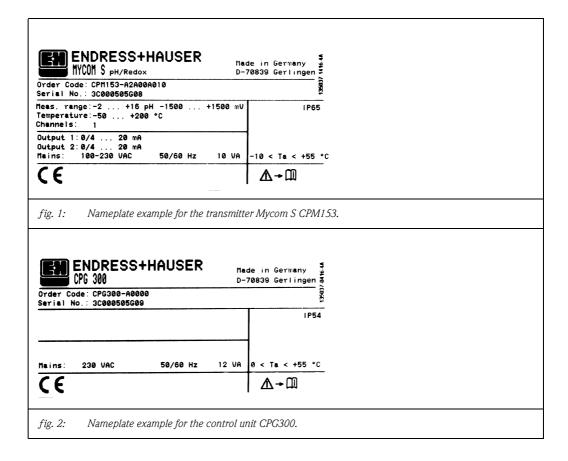
2 Identification Topcal S

2 Identification

2.1 Instrument designation

2.1.1 Nameplate

The two Topcal S system components CPM153 transmitter and CPG300 control unit have individual nameplates.



Topcal S 2 Identification

2.1.2 Product structure

Basic equipment:

Control unit CPG300, transmitter Mycom S with 6 relays and DAT module, multihose (5 m / 16.41 ft), hose clip, 2 bottles with buffer solutions, 1 empty bottle, bottle hoses (2 m / 6.56 ft), communication/power supply cable Mycom S – CPG300 (5 m / 16.41 ft)

	10			_							
	Certificates										
	A	Basic equipment: non-Ex With ATEX approval II (1) 2G EEx em ib[ia] IIC T4									
	G S	With CSA approval II (1) 2G EEX elli Ib[la] IIC 14 With CSA approval Cl. I, Div. 2, Sensor IS Cl. I Div. 1									
	0		With FM approval Cl. I, Div. 2, Sensor is Cl. 1 Div. 1 With FM approval Cl. I, Div. 2, with NI input and output circuits, sensor IS Cl. I Div. 1								
	P										
	T		With FM approval CI. I, Div. 2, with NI input and output circuits								
	1	VVII	With TIIS approval								
		Co	Control for external valves								
		0			1	nent: no additional valves controllable					
		1				exteri		,		Ex	
		2				exteri		,		_	
		3				exteri				Ex	
		4	Cor	itrol :	for 2	exteri	nal va	alves,	Ex		
			Me	easu	rem	ent i	npu	ts N	lyco	m S	
			1	1 m	neasu	ring c	ircuit	for g	glass e	lectro	des, pH/redox and temperature
			2	1 m	neasu	ring c	ircuit	for g	glass e	lectro	des/IsFET sensors, pH/redox and temperature
				Me	28511	reme	ent d	outn	11t N	lvco	m S
				A				_		-	A, passive (Ex and non-Ex)
				В			-				A, active (non-Ex)
				С			-				0/4 20 mA, passive
				D	HAI	RT wi	th 2 (curre	nt ou	tputs	0/4 20 mA, active
				Е	PRO	FIBU	S-PA	, wit	hout	currer	nt outputs
					Po	wer	cun	alvz			
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					1				AC (I	ıımne	r in CPG300, universal power supply unit in CPM153)
					8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
						Lan	gua	ge v	ersi	ons	
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						В	E / 1	F			
						C E/I					
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CPC300-											Complete order code
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2 Identification Topcal S

2.2 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery of the cleaning and calibration system Topcal S comprises:

- 1 Transmitter Mycom S CPM153
- 1 Control unit CPG300
- 1 Multihose with assembly hose clip
- 1 Bottle for cleaning fluid
- 2 Bottles with technical buffer solutions pH 4.00 and 7.00
- 1 Communications/power supply cable CPG300 / Mycom S CPM153,
- 3 Level sensors complete with cables and hoses for bottles
- 1 Pressure reduction valve with manometer
- 1 Water filter
- 1 Instrument identification card
- Accessories (s. chap. 10)
- 1 Operating Instructions 236C/07
- Ex versions:
 - 1 Documentation Safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas, $XA\ 236C/07/a3$
- Versions with HART communication:
 - 1 Operating instructions Field communication with HART, BA 301C/07/en
- Versions with PROFIBUS interface:
 - 1 Operating instructions Field communication with PROFIBUS PA/DP, BA 268C/07/en

Check the scope of delivery for completeness using your order and the delivery documents. Make sure the packaging and the contents are undamaged. Inform the supplier about damage to the packaging or the contents. Keep the damaged packaging or the damaged products until the matter has been settled.

2.3 Certificates and approvals

Declaration of Conformity

The product complies with the legal demands of the harmonised European standards. Endress+Hauser certifies the compliance with the standards by using the CE sign.

Topcal S 3 Installation

3 Installation

3.1 Incoming acceptance, transport, storage

- Make sure the packaging is undamaged!
 Inform the supplier about damage to the packaging.
 Keep the damaged packaging until the matter has been settled.
- Make sure the contents are undamaged!
 Inform the supplier about damage to the delivery contents.
 Keep the damaged products until the matter has been settled.
- Check that the scope of delivery is complete and agrees with your order and the shipping documents.
- The packaging material used to store or to transport the product must provide shock protection and humidity protection. The original packaging offers the best protection.

 Also, keep to the approved ambient conditions (see "Technical data").
- If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your sales centre responsible (see back page of these Operating Instructions).

3.2 Installation conditions



Note

Always install the transmitter and the control unit so that the cable entries point downwards. The components can be installed using the following methods:

Device	Wall mounting	Post/ pipe installation	Panel mounting
Control unit CPG300	Mounting kit contained in scope of delivery. See fig. 6.	not applicable	not applicable
Mycom S CPM153, covered	Required: 2 screws dia. 6 mm 2 rawl plugs dia. 8 mm	Mounting kit contained in scope of delivery. See fig. 9.	Mounting kit contained in scope of delivery. See fig. 9.
Mycom S CPM153, outdoors	If installed outdoors, weather protection cover CYY102-A required (see Accessories).	Weather protection cover CYY102-A and 2x round post fixtures required (see Accessories).	not usual

Notes on installation

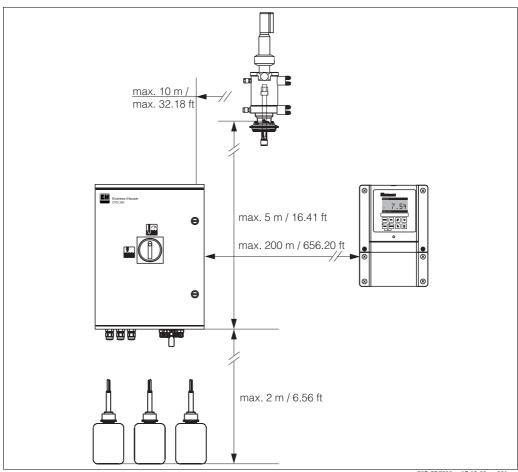
- The transmitter CPM153 is normally used as a field device.
- The transmitter CPM153 can be fixed to a vertical or horizontal pipe using the supplied mounting kit. For outdoor installation, a weather protection cover CYY101 is required. It can be fitted to the field device using all kinds of fixtures (refer to "Accessories").

3 Installation Topcal S

3.2.1 Installation dimensions

You can find the dimensions and lengths of the devices in the figures of the installation instructions on page 13 ff.

The maximum horizontal and vertical installation distances are shown in the figure below.



Maximum horizontal and vertical installation distances fig. 3:

C07-CPC300xx-17-12-00-en-001.eps

3.2.2 Assembly mounting

- Glass electrode: Install the assembly at an angle of at least 15° from the horizontal (page 12 ff.).
- ISFET sensor: When using an ISFET sensor there are, in principle, no restrictions to the installation. An installation angle between 0° and 180° is, however, recommended.

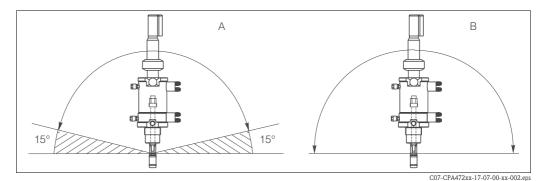


fig. 4: Installation angle

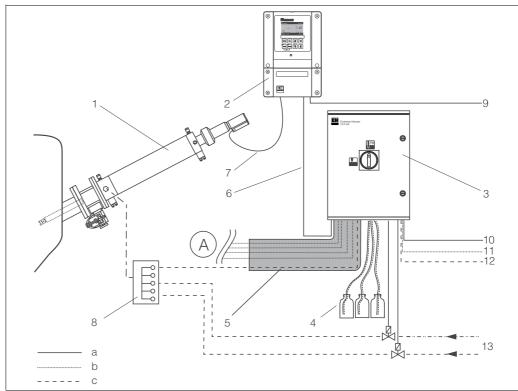
A Glass electrodes: installation angle at least 15° from the horizontal

B ISFET sensors: recommended 0 ... 180°, upside-down installation possible

Topcal S 3 Installation

3.3 Installation instructions

3.3.1 Measuring system



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fig. 5: Fully automatic measuring system (example)

A For information on connection and function of the pneumatics and the limit positions switches please refer to the related chapters of these Operating Instructions

	the related chapters of these operating histractions		
1	Cleanfit P assembly	9	Power supply for Mycom S CPM153
2	Mycom S CPM153 transmitter	10	Power supply for CPG300
3	CPG300 control unit	11	Compressed air
4	Bottles for cleaning agents and buffer solutions with hoses	12	Water connection
5	Multi hose	13	Steam/water/cleaning agent (optional)
6	Communication / power cable	a	Electric line
7	special pH measuring cable	b	Compressed air line
8	CPR40 rinse block (optional)	С	Steam/water/cleaning agent (optional)

3.3.2 Wall mounting

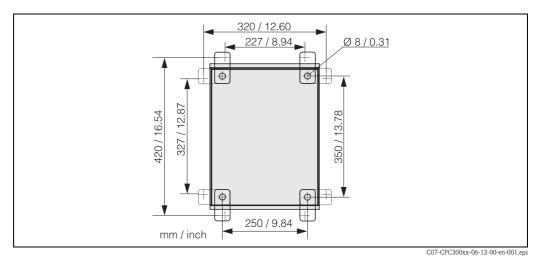


Caution!

- Check that the temperature does not exceed the maximum permitted operating temperature range (-20° ... $+60^{\circ}$ C). Install the devices in a shady location. Avoid direct sunlight.
- Always mount the devices horizontally so that the cable entries and hose connections point downwards.

3 Installation Topcal S

CPG300 control unit



Mounting the control unit CPG300 using wall mounting kit (contained in scope of delivery)

To mount the CPG300 control unit at the wall, proceed as follows:

- 1. Prepare drill holes acc. to fig. 6. Make sure not to exceed the maximum suction height for buffers and cleaning agents (2 m).
- 2. Screw the elements of the supplied wall fixing kit to the back panel of the housing (screws contained in the scope of delivery).
- 3. Fix the housing to the wall.

fig. 6:

Mycom S CPM153 transmitter

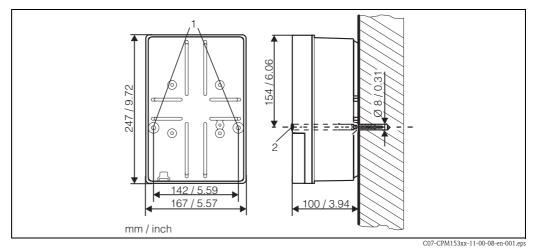


fig. 7: Dimensions for wall mounting: Fixing screw: Ø 6 mm / 0.24", Wall plug: Ø 8 mm / 0.31"

- 1: Fixing drillholes
- 2: Plastic cover caps
- 1. Prepare drill holes acc. to fig. 7.
- 2. Push the two fixing screws from the front through the appropriate fixing bores in the housing (1).
 - Fixing screws (M6): max. Ø 6.5 mm / 0.26"
 - Screw head: max. Ø 10.5 mm / 0.41"
- 3. Mount the transmitter housing on the wall as shown.
- 4. Cover the drill holes with the plastic cover caps (2).

Topcal S 3 Installation

3.3.3 Post mounting and panel mounting

Transmitter Mycom S CPM153

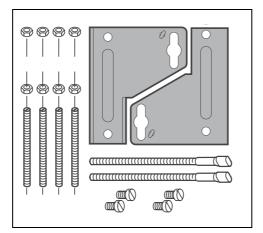


fig. 8: Mounting kit Mycom S CPM153

Mount the parts of the mounting kit (see accompanying figure) at the back of the housing as depicted in fig. 9.

Required mounting cutout for panel mounting: 161 x 241 mm / 6.34" x 9.49".

Installation depth: approx. 134 mm / 5.28". Maximum pipe diameter: 70 mm / 2.76".

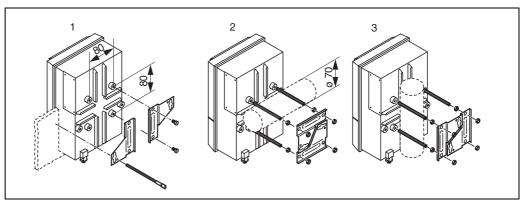
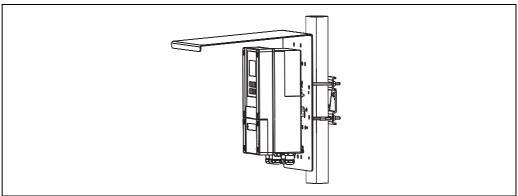


fig. 9: Panel mounting (1) and post mounting horizontal (2) and vertikal (3) for Mycom S CPM153



Caution

For outdoor use, the weather protection cover CYY101 is required (see fig. 10 and accessories).



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fig. 10: Post mounting for CPM153 with weather protection cover CYY101.

4 Topcal S Connection

Connection of the Topcal S system is carried out in several steps:

- 1. Connecting required electric lines
- 2. Connecting optional electric lines
- 3. Connecting hoses for liquids and compressed air

4.1 Connection of required electric lines

4.1.1 Connecting the power supply and the communication line of Mycom and CPG300

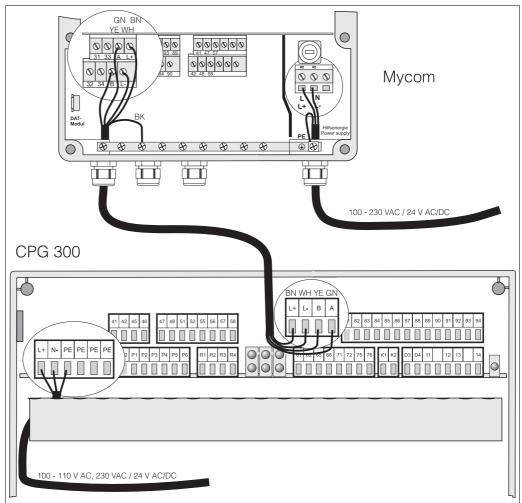


fig. 11: Power supply and communication cable

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To connect power supply for Mycom S CPM153

- 1. Insert the power cable through the right-hand Pg cable gland into the Mycom housing.
- 2. Connect the yellow-green wire to the PE terminal.
- 3. Connect the two other wires to the "L" and "N" terminals in the lower right-hand housing section.

Topcal S Connection

To connect power supply for CPG300 control unit (non-Ex)

- 1. Insert the power cable through a suitable Pg cable gland into the CPG300 housing.
- 2. Connect the yellow-green wire to the PE terminal.
- 3. Connect the two other wires to the "L+" and "N" terminals (lower terminal block, left).



Note!

In the Ex version, the CPG300 is powered via the communication/power supply cable of the Mycom S CPM153 (see XA 236C/07/en).

To connect the communication line between Mycom and CPG300

- 1. Insert the end of the communication cable with the black screen wire through a suitable Pg cable gland of the Mycom S CPM153.
- 2. Insert the other cable end through a Pg cable gland of CPG300.
- 3. Connect the wires as follows:

Wire	Mycom terminal	CPG300 terminal
Yellow (YE)	Terminal B	Terminal B
Green (GN)	Terminal A	Terminal A
White (WH)	Terminal L-	Terminal L-
Brown (BN)	Terminal L+	Terminal L+
Black (BK)	PE rail	n.c.

4.1.2 Connecting level sensors for buffer solutions and cleaning agents in the CPG300

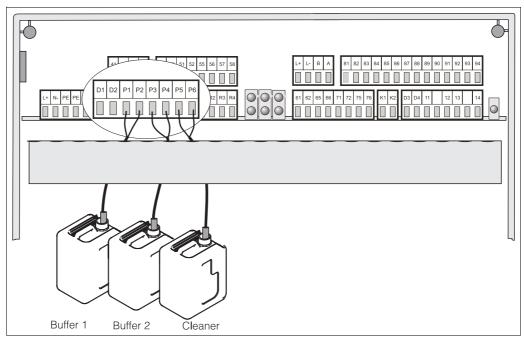


fig. 12: Connection of level switches for buffers and cleaning agent

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- 1. Insert the cables of the level sensors for buffers and cleaning agent through a suitable Pg cable gland.
- 2. Connect the wires as follows. Pole assignment is not important:

Wire	CPG300 terminal
Level sensor buffer 1	Terminals P1 and P2
Level sensor buffer 2	Terminals P3 and P4
Level sensor cleaning agent	Terminals P5 and P6

Topcal S 4 Topcal S Connection

4.1.3 Connecting analogue pH glass electrodes and ISFET sensors to Mycom S CPM153

Cable types

You require a screened special cable to connect analogue pH/redox electrodes and ISFET sensors. You can use the following multicore and preterminated cable types:

- CPK1 for electrodes with standard plug-in head GSA and without Pt 100
- CPK9 for electrodes with TOP 68 plug-in heads (ESA / ESS) and Pt 100
- CPK12 for IsFET pH sensors and pH/redox glass electrodes with TOP 68 plug-in heads (ESB) and Pt 100 / Pt 1000

Symmetrical or unsymmetrical electrode connection

You can connect the sensor symmetrically or unsymmetrically, note the following differences

Symmetrical (with PML)

Caution!

With a symmetrical connection, the line to the potential matching pin (PML) must be connected to the potential matching terminal of the instrument. The PML must always be in contact with the medium, i.e. immersed in the buffer solution during calibration.

Benefits of symmetrical connection

Measurement is easier under difficult ambient conditions (e.g. strongly flowing or high-impedance media or partially soiled diaphragm). Monitoring of the reference electrode by the SC system (see page 73) is possible with symmetrical measurement.

Unsymmetrical (without PML)

If the instrument input is unsymmetrical, pH measuring chains connected to assemblies can be connected without an additional potential matching pin. If necessary, connect the available potential matching pin to terminal PE.

Disadvantages of unsymmetrical connection

The measuring chain reference system has a heavier load, meaning that measuring errors in limiting operating conditions are possible (see symmetrically high-resistance instrument input).

Monitoring of the reference electrode by the SC system (see page 73) is not possible with unsymmetrical measurement.

Note!

Do not connect the PML, otherwise there can be shunt excitations.



Note!

The instrument is preset for symmetrical measurement (= with PML, potential matching line). For unsymmetrical measurement, the setting must be changed accordingly (see page 54, "Select connection type").

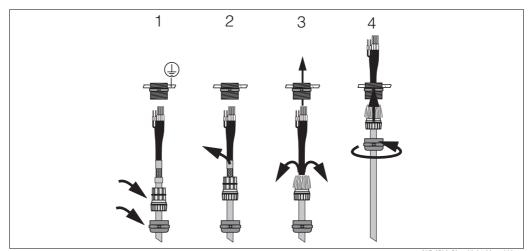
Connecting the sensor



Caution!

Danger of inaccuracy.

Always protect plugs and terminals against humidity.



C07-CPM153xx-00-06-08-xx-002.eps

fig. 13: Outer screen connection for CPK1 to CPK12 with metal cable gland.

The screen contact is within the cable gland.

- 1. Push the cable gland and the clamping ring over the cable.
- 2. Remove the inner insulation.
- 3. Loosen the outer screen from the cable and fold it back over the cable gland to establish contact.
- 4. Insert the sensor cable through the cable gland of Mycom S CPM153 and tighten the gland.
- 5. If you are using a glass electrode, connect the wires as follows:

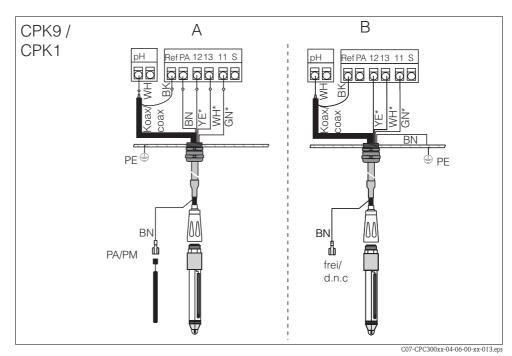


fig. 14: Electrode connection
A = symmetrical connection
B = unsymmetrical connection
* not applicable for CPK1

Topcal S Connection

Wire	Mycom terminal
Black coax wire	Terminal Ref
White coax wire	Terminal pH
White (WH)	Terminal 13
Yellow (YE)	Terminal 12
Green (GN)	Terminal 11
Brown (BN)	 Symmetrical connection (A): terminal PA

6. If you are using an ISFET sensor, connect the wires as follows:

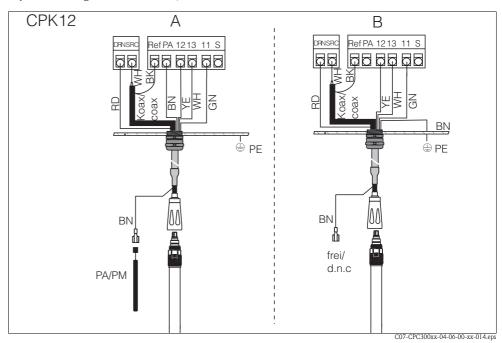


fig. 15: ISFET sensor connection

A = symmetrical connection

B = unsymmetrical connection

Wire	Mycom terminal
Red (RD)	Terminal DRN
Black coax wire	Terminal Ref
White coax wire	Terminal SRC
White (WH)	Terminal 13
Yellow (YE)	Terminal 12
Green (GN)	Terminal 11
Brown (BN)	 Symmetrical connection (A): PA terminal

Cable extension

If a cable extension is necessary, use

■ junction box VBM

and the following types of non-terminated measuring cables:

■ for CPK1, CPK9: Cable CYK71
■ for CPK12: Cable CYK12

Note!

Remove the black plastic semi-conductor layer (arrow) from the inner coaxial cable. Each cable type has such a layer.

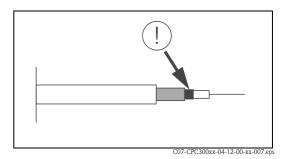


fig. 16: Design of coaxial line

Changing the pH input from glass electrode to ISFET sensor

With this device you can run the electrode types glass electrode / redox electrode or ISFET sensors. The Topcal S version glass/ISFET (CPC300-xx2xxxxxxx) is factory set for measurement with glass electrodes.

To adapt the electrical connection, please proceed as follows:

- 1. Open housing cover of the CPM153.
- 2. On the left side (housing cover) pull off both ends of the red cable to the pH input (see fig. 17).
- 3. Remove the "pH" terminal out of the transmitter and replace it by the terminals "DRN" / "SRC".
- 4. Pin up the jumpers included as shown in fig. 18.
- 5. Change the setting "electrode type" in the Quick Setup menu (p. 48) to "ISFET".



Note!

Please switch from ISFET sensor to glass electrode correspondingly.

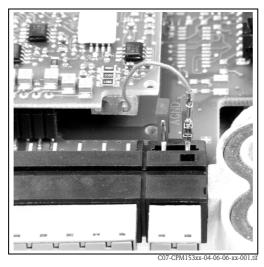


fig. 17: Cable (red) for connection of pH / Redox glass electrodes.



fig. 18: Jumpers for connection of ISFET sensors

Topcal S Connection

4.1.4 Connecting digital pH sensors with Memosens technology

Measuring cable

To connect digital sensors with Memosens technology to Mycom S CPM153, you require the CYK10 Memosens data cable with 2x2 wires, twisted pair, screen and PVC sheath.

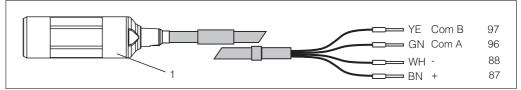


fig. 19: Design of CYK10 Memosens data cable

C07-CPM2x3xx-04-06-00-xx-003.eps

1 Coupling with integrated electronics for connection to the sensor

Connecting the sensor

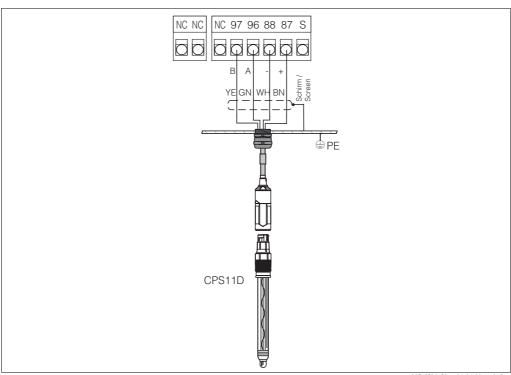


fig. 20: CPS11D connection with CYK10

C07-CPM153xx-04-06-00-xx-015.eps

Connect the wires as follows:

Wire	Mycom terminal
Yellow (YE)	Terminal 97
Green (GN)	Terminal 96
White (WH)	Terminal 88
Brown (BN)	Terminal 87
Screen	PE rail

4.2 Connection of optional electric lines

4.2.1 Connecting Mycom current outputs and relays

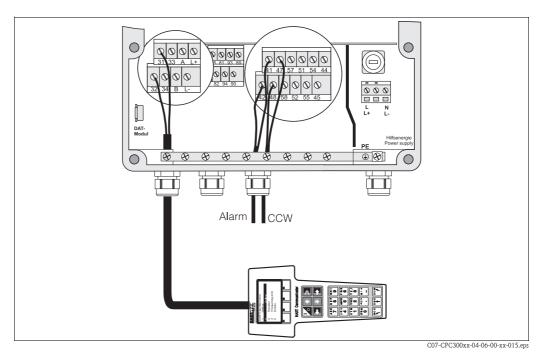


fig. 21: Connection of current outputs (example: HART to output 1) and relays (example: alarm and Chemoclean water)

To connect current outputs

If you want to output measuring values to external evaluation devices or a PCS or you are using HART communication, you can connect these devices to the current outputs 1 and 2 of Mycom S. In addition, you can output a correcting variable via current output 2.

1. Connect the device to current output 1 as follows:

Wire	Mycom terminal
Positive wire	Terminal 31
Negative wire	Terminal 32

2. Connect the device to current output 2 as follows:

Wire	Mycom terminal
Positive wire	Terminal 33
Negative wire	Terminal 34

Topcal S 4 Topcal S Connection

To connect Mycom relays

Mycom S CPM153 has one alarm contact and five additional contacts. Via these five contacts, you can control controller, limit contactor, water and cleaning agent supply for the Chemoclean function. To configure the additional contacts, select "Setup 1 > Relays", see page 59.

- 1. Connect the alarm contact to terminals "41" and "42".
- 2. Connect the additional contacts as follows:

Relay	CPG300 terminal
Relay 1	Terminals 47 and 48
Relay 2	Terminals 57 and 58
Relay 3	Terminals 51 and 52
Relay 4	Terminals 54 and 55
Relay 5	Terminals 44 and 45

The function assignment (controller, limit contactor, etc.) to each relay depends on your configuration.

When using the NAMUR assignment, for example, functions of the alarm relay and the first two additional relays are preset (see NAMUR assignment below). Without NAMUR assignment, you can assign any function to the first two additional relays.



Notel

- You can assign up to three relays to the controller.
- You can switch the contact type "Active open" / "Active closed" via software.

NAMUR assignment

If you are using the NAMUR assignment (acc. to recommendations of the association for processs control engineering of the chemical and pharmaceutical industry), the contacts are set to the relays as follows:

Relays	NAMUR on	Terminal
ALARM	Failure	41 42
RELAY 1	Warning when maintenance required	47 48
RELAY 2	Function check	57 58

Function check assignment

Function check acc. to NAMUR is active when:

- The sensor is calibrated
- The assembly is in service position.
- Mycom is configured.
- A Topcal cleaning or calibration programme is running.
- A Chemoclean programme is running.
- An error occurs which triggers the function check (assignment see error list page 127).

4.2.2 Connecting external inputs (PCS to CPG300) and outputs (CPG300 to PCS)



Note!

- External inputs and outputs require external power supply. You can use the 15 V auxiliary power supply of Mycom to provide the power (terminals 85/86).
- The voltage must lie between 10 ... 40 V.
- The maximum switching voltage for the optocoupler is 30 V.

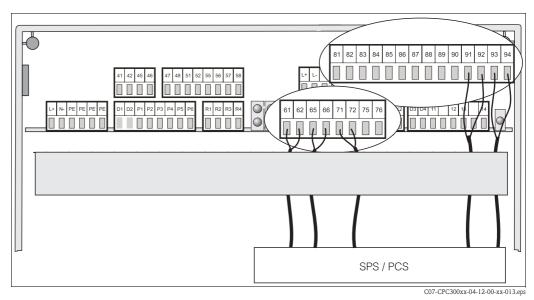


fig. 22: Connection of external control of assembly position and cleaning / calibration programmes

To connect external inputs

1. If you want to control the assembly position via an external PCS, connect the inputs as follows:

Control	CPG300 terminal
Position "Measurement"	Terminals 91 and 92
Position "Service"	Terminals 93 and 94

2. If you want to control cleaning and calibration programmes of Topcal S via an external PCS, connect the binary contacts of CPG300:

Contact	CPG300 terminal
Contact 0	Terminals 81 and 82
Contact 1	Terminals 83 and 84
Contact 2	Terminals 85 and 86

For the binary coding of the cleaning and calibration programmes, see page 90.

3. If you want to stop cleaning or calibration programmes via an external PCS, connect the automatic stop control to terminals "87" and "88".

The running programme is finished and no new programme is started as long as a signal is applied to terminals 87/88.

The Clean Int. programme is interrupted immediately.

Topcal S Connection

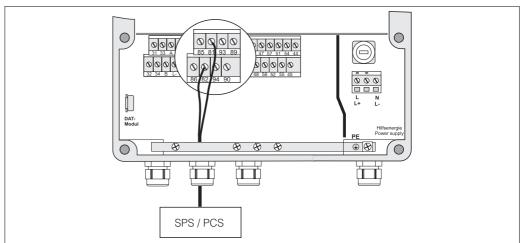
To connect external outputs of CPG300 to a PCS

1. If you want to feed back the assembly position to an external PCS, connect the outputs of CPG300 as follows:

Feedback	CPG300 terminal
Feedback "Assembly in measurement position"	Terminals 61 and 62
Feedback "Assembly in service position"	Terminals 65 and 66

2. If you want to feed back the status of cleaning or calibration programmes to an external PCS, connect the feedback "Programme running" to terminals "71" and "72".

4.2.3 Connecting external inputs PCS to Mycom



C07-CPC300xx-04-06-00-xx-017.eps

fig. 23: Connection of external hold for Mycom

If you want to activate the hold function for Mycom S CPM153 via an external PCS, connect this input to Mycom terminals 81 and 82.

4.2.4 Connecting external valves for sealing water, steam, etc. to CPG300

If you are using a Topcal with control for external valves (see nameplate, version CPC300-x1/2/3/xxxxxxx), you can select the functions "sealing water", "sterilisation" in the Topcal S cleaning or user programmes.

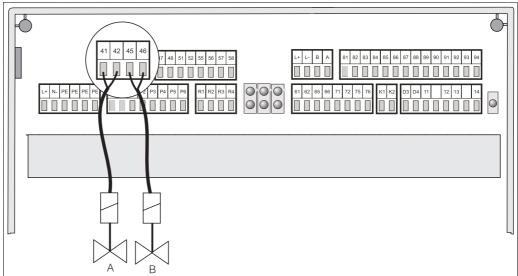
To assign the valves, select "Setup 2 > Topcal > Config. Topcal". See page 87 ff.



Note!

- External valves are an ordering option. For retrofitting, contact your sales centre.
- The Ex version of Topcal S has pneumatically controlled valves. These valves are connected to the connections H and G (see fig. 27).
- When using external valves, you must use the CPR40 rinse block for supply of pressurised media.
- What is sealing water?

In processes with fibrous or adhesive media, assemblies with ball valves are used to block the medium, e.g. Cleanfit CPA473 or CPA474. To keep the rinse chamber free of medium, the sealing water valve opens automatically before the assembly emerges from the process. The counterpressure in the rinsing chamber caused by the sealing water prevents the ingress of medium into the chamber. The sealing water pressure must be greater than the pressure of the medium. Pumping of sealing water is started one second before the assembly moves to service position.



C07-CPC300xx-04-12-00-xx-021.eps

fig. 24: Connection of external valves

 $A = Valve\ 1 \ (non\ Ex)$

B = Valve 2 (non Ex)

Connect the external valves as follows:

Valve control	Terminal CPG300 non Ex	Terminal CPG300 Ex
Control valve 1	Terminals 41 and 42	Pneumatic connection H (see fig. 27)
Control valve 2	Terminals 45 and 46	Pneumatic connection G (see fig. 27)



Caution!

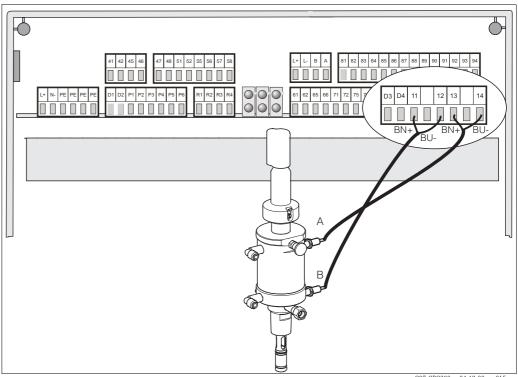
Make sure to use the matching supply voltage for your external valves.

Topcal S 4 Topcal S Connection

4.2.5 Connecting inductive limit position switches

By default, Topcal S is supplied with pneumatic limit position switches for feedback of assembly position. If you are using inductive limit position switches, connect them as described below.

To connect limit position switches of CPA471, 472 or 475



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Connection of inductive limit position switches for assemblies CPA471, 472, 475 A = Feedback "Service

B = Feedback "Measure"

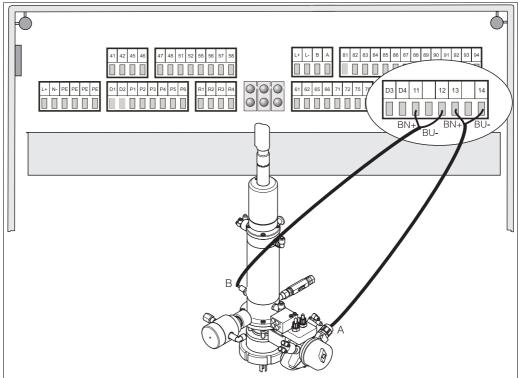
- If you are using a CPA471, 472 or 475 with inductive limit position switches for assembly position feedback, remove the wires of the pneumatic switches from terminals 11 ... 14.
- Connect the upper limit position switch (A) for feedback "Service" as follows:

Wire	CPG300 terminal
Brown (BN)	Terminal 13 (+)
Blue (BU)	Terminal 14 (-)

Connect the lower limit position switch (B) for feedback "Measure" as follows::

Wire	CPG300 terminal
Brown (BN)	Terminal 11 (+)
Blue (BU)	Terminal 12 (-)

To connect limit position switches of CPA473, 474



C07-CPC300xx-04-12-00-xx-020.eps

fig. 26: Connection of inductive limit position switches of the assemblies CPA473, 474 A = Feedback "Service", B = Feedback "Measure"

- 1. If you are using a CPA473, 474 assembly with inductive limit position switches for assembly position feedback, remove the wires of the pneumatic switches from terminals 11 ... 14.
- 2. Connect the limit position switch next to the ball valve (A) for feedback "Service" as follows:

Wire	CPG300 terminal
Brown (BN)	Terminal 13 (+)
Blue (BU)	Terminal 14 (-)

3. Connect the limit position switch opposite the ball valve (B) for feedback "Measure" as follows:

Wire	CPG300 terminal
Brown (BN)	Terminal 11 (+)
Blue (BU)	Terminal 12 (-)

Topcal S 4 Topcal S Connection

4.3 Topcal S hosing

4.3.1 Connecting rinse water

Note!

The rinse water pipe must be provided by the operator.

- 1. Flush the pipe thoroughly.
- 2. Connect the rinse water to the supplied water filter. It filters particles down to a size of $100 \mu m$.
- 3. Connect the water filter outlet at 3 to 6 bar / 43.5 to 87 psi to the connection "Water (D)" using the black cable gland. Tighten the cable gland **by hand** (approx. 0.5 Nm).

4.3.2 Connecting compressed air

Note!

- The compressed air line and a T-piece must be provided by the operator.
- The air must be filtered (0.5 μ m), free of oil and condensate. The minimum line diamater is 10 mm / 0.39".
- 1. Screw the manometer into the thread of the pressure reduction valve.
 - It regulates the air pressure (optimum 5 bar / 72.5 psi).
- Connect the compressed air supply to the pressure reduction valve.
- 🖒 Caution!
 - Observe the installation direction of the pressure reduction valve. The flow direction is indicated by arrows on the top of the rectangular valve block.
- 3. Connect the compressed air line via a T-piece from the reduction valve outlet to the connection I (pump drive) and the connection E (compressed air for rinsing) using the red cable gland. Apply a pressure of 4 to 6 bar / 43.5 to 87 psi. Tighten the cable glands **by hand** (approx. 0.5 Nm).

4.3.3 Connecting cleaning agent and buffer

Note!

- The maximum hose length is 10 m / 32.81 ft:
 - Maximum discharge height: 5 m / 16.41 ft
 - Max. horizontal discharge width: 10 m / 32.81 ft
 - Pressure resistance of internal components: up to 7 bar / 101.5 psi
 - Maximum suction height of buffer/cleaning agent: 2 m / 6.56 ft
- Tighten the cable glands by hand (approx. 0.5 Nm).
- 1. Connect the line for cleaning agent line to connection "Cleaner (A)".
- 2. Connect the line for buffer 1 to the connection "Buffer 1 (B)".
- Connect the line for buffer 2 to the connection "Buffer 2 (C)".

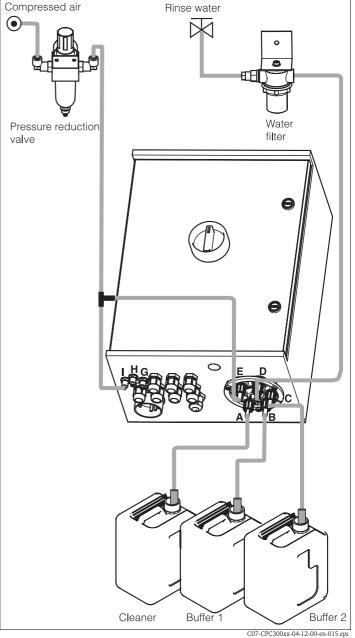


fig. 27: Connection of compressed air, rinse water, buffer and cleaning agent to CPG300

Note!

When using an Ex version with additional external valves, connect the compressed air for these valves to connections "G" and "H" (for connection diagrams, see XA 236C).

4.3.4 Connecting CPA471 / 472 / 475 assemblies with pneumatic limit position switches

- 1. Screw the multihose onto the bayonet lock, ensuring it is strain relieved and free of kinks.
- Connect hose no. 5 for the position feedback
 "Measure" from the Topcal multihose to connection 2
 (= Output) of the assembly's lower limit position
 switch.
- 3. Connect **hose no. 2** for position "Measure" via a T-piece from the multihose to the **upper** G½ cable gland and to connection 1 (= input) of the assembly's **lower** limit position switch.
- 4. Connect **hose no. 6** for position feedback "Service" from the multihose to connection 2 (= output) of the assembly's **upper** limit position switch.
- 5. Connect **hose no. 3** for position "Service" via a T-piece from the multihose to the **lower** G½ cable gland and to connection 1 (= input) of the assembly's **upper** limit position switch.
- 6. Connect the white **hose no. 7** for conveyance of buffers and cleaning agent from the multihose as follows:
 - If you are using a Topcal version without external valve control, connect hose no. 7 to the rinse water inlet of the assembly.
 - If you are a using a Topcal version with external valve control and the CPR40 rinse block, connect hose no. 7 to the "T" connection of CPR40. Connect the line(s) for steam, additional cleaning agents or sealing water to the other connection(s) of CPR40.

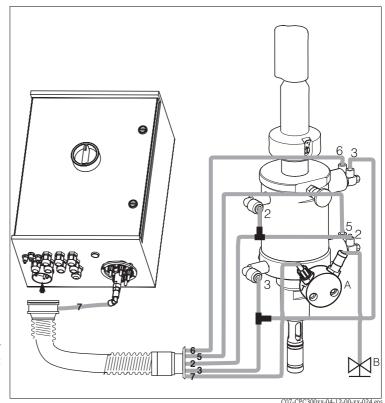


fig. 28: Connection of CPA471 / 472 / 475 assemblies with pneumatic limit position switches

- 4 CPR40 rinse block, required for Topcal versions with external valve control for conveyance of hot, aggressive or pressurised media
- B Pressurised steam, water, cleaning agent

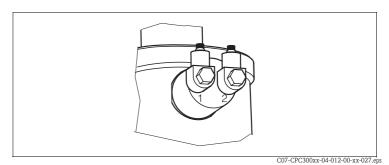


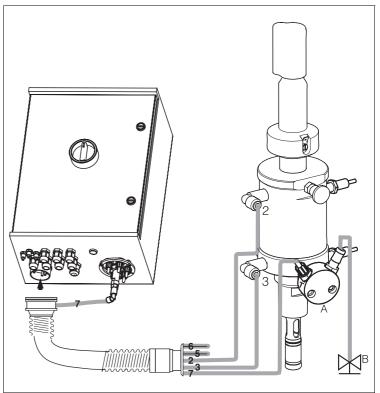
fig. 29: Pneumatic limit position switch

- 1 Input
- 2 Output

Topcal S Connection

4.3.5 Connecting CPA471 / 472 / 475 assemblies with inductive limit position switches

- 1. Fold hoses no. 5 and 6 back into the multihose.
- 2. Connect **hose no. 2** for position "Measure" from the multihose to the **upper** G¹/₄ cable gland of the assembly.
- 3. Connect **hose no. 3** for the position "Service" from the multihose to the **lower** G¹/₄ cable gland of the assembly.
- 4. Connect the white **hose no. 7** for conveyance of buffers and cleaning agent from the multihose as follows:
 - If you are using a Topcal version without external valve control, connect hose no. 7 to the rinse water inlet of the assembly.
 - If you are a using a Topcal version with external valve control and the CPR40 rinse block, connect hose no. 7 to the "T" connection of CPR40. Connect the line(s) for steam, additional cleaning agents or sealing water to the other connection(s) of CPR40.



C07-CPC300xx-04-12-00-xx-025.e

fig. 30: Connection of CPA471 / 472 / 475 assemblies with inductive limit position switches

- A CPR40 rinse block, required for Topcal versions with external valve control for conveyance of hot, aggressive or pressurised media
- B Pressurised steam, water, cleaning agent

4.3.6 Connecting CPA473 / 474 assemblies

The assembly is delivered completely hosed up. All you have to do is connect compressed air for pneumatic operation of the ball valve and outputs for pneumatic feedback signals to the pneumatic terminal block.

Note!

If you are using inductive limit position switches for assembly position feedback, do not connect hoses no. 5 and 6 but fold them back into the multihose (see fig. 32).

- 1. Screw the multihose onto the bayonet lock, ensuring it is strain relieved and free of kinks.
- 2. Connect **hose no. 5** for position feedback "Measure" from the multihose to the limit position switch "5" of the assembly.
- 3. Connect **hose no. 2** for position "Measure" from the multihose to the limit position switch "2" of the assembly.
- 4. Connect **hose no. 6** for position feedback "Service" from the multihose to the limit position switch "6" of the assembly.
- 5. Connect **hose no. 3** for position "Service" from the multihose to the limit position switch "3" of the assembly.
- 6. Connect the white **hose no. 7** for conveyance of buffers and cleaning agent from the multihose as follows:
 - If you are using a Topcal version without external valve control, connect hose no. 7 to the rinse water inlet of the assembly.
 - If you are a using a Topcal version with external valve control and the CPR40 rinse block, connect hose no. 7 to the "T" connection of CPR40. Connect the line(s) for steam, additional cleaning agents or sealing water to the other connection(s) of CPR40.

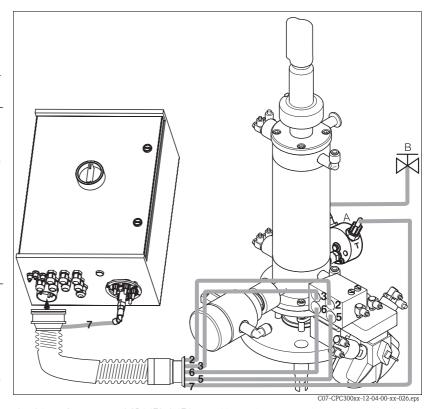


fig. 31: Connection of CPA473 / 474 assemblies with pneumatic limit position switches

A CPR40 rinse block, required for Topcal versions with external valve control for conveyance of hot, aggressive or pressurised media

B Pressurised steam, water, cleaning agent

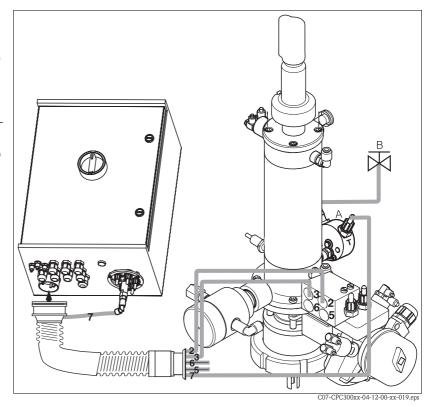


fig. 32: Connection of CPA473/474 assemblies with inductive limit position switches

A CPR40 rinse block, required for Topcal versions with external valve control for conveyance
of hot, aggressive or pressurised media

B Pressurised steam, water, cleaning agent

Topcal S Connection

4.4 Installation check

Installation	Remarks
Are the measuring point number and the labelling correct?	Visual inspection
Process environment/conditions	Remarks
Is the transmitter protected against rainfall and direct sunlight?	For outdoor use, the CYY101 weather protection cover is required (see "Accessories").
Is the control unit protected against rainfall and direct sunlight?	Avoid direct sunlight.
Is the multihose placed sheltered?	Use protection pipe if necessary.

5 Wiring Topcal S

5 Wiring

5.1 Wiring diagram Non-Ex

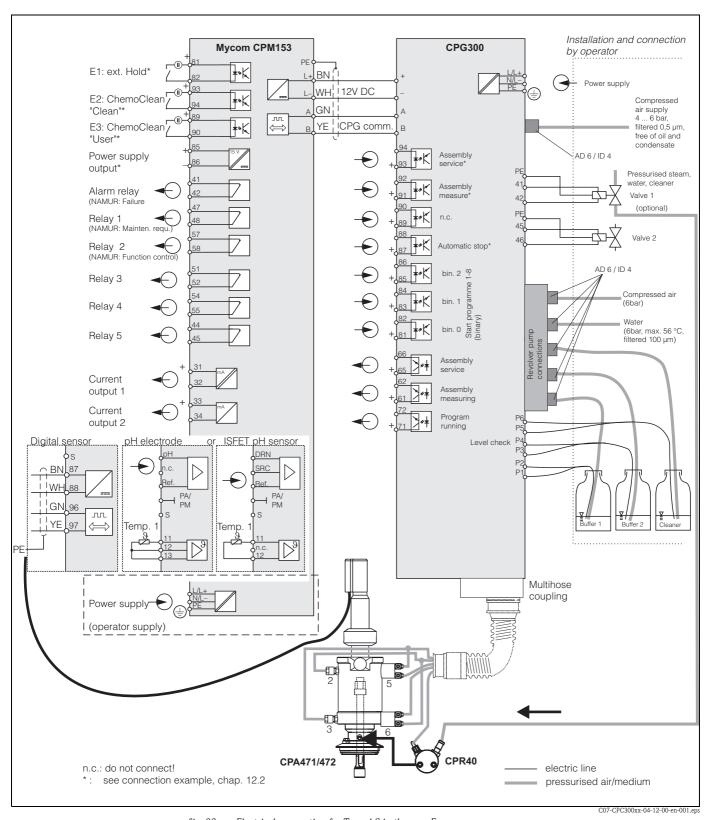


fig. 33: Electrical connection for Topcal S in the non-Ex area

Note!

Size proportions are not considered.

Topcal S 5 Wiring

5.2 Connection compartment sticker CPG300

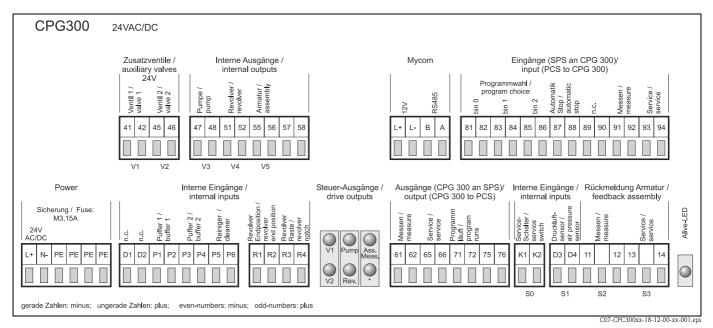


fig. 34: Connection compartment stickers for CPG300, 24 VAC/DC

* With Ex versions, the LED lights when the assembly is in service position.

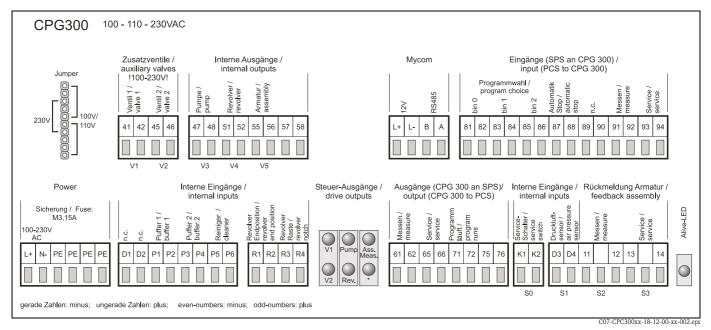


fig. 35: Connection compartment stickers for CPG300, 100 / 110 / 230 VAC/DC
* With Ex versions, the LED lights when the assembly is in service position.

5 Wiring Topcal S

Kontakte, Best.-Variante / contacts, order code. . Sensorkabel entsprechend ISFET-Belegung anschließen Connect sensor cable according to ISFET assignment. <u>—</u> Wechsel Glas auf ISFET / Changing from glass to ISFET Relay contact 4 ← ← ← ← Verbindungsleitung zwischen Rückseite Klemme und Transmittermodul entfernen. / Ermove the line connecting the terminal back side and the transmitter module. Gehäuse-Unterteil des CPM153 öffnen und Leitung Sensorkänbeis von demmen am Gehäusedeckei ab Open the Iower housing section off the CPM153 and wires of the sensor cable from the terminals in the It wires of the sensor cable from the terminals in the It wires of the sensor cable from the terminals in the It wires of the sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the terminals in the It will be a sensor cable from the It will be a sensor cable f Gehäuse-Oberteil des CPM 153 öffnen. / Open the housing cover of the CPM 153. g g H ⊕ non EX (\bigcirc) 0 ac dc ergie supply SRC DRN REF 8 0 2 5 Digitaler Sensor / digital sensor Stromausgang / current out / Hart B B $\overset{\ominus}{\rightarrow}$ B Glaselektrode / glass electrode E1: ext.Hold — E3: CC "Clean" $^{\mathfrak{B}}$ 135042-0001-4C ₩ PĀ -Hd RF Ā 5 5

5.3 Connection compartment sticker Mycom

CO7 CDM152vv 04 06 00 vv 012 on

fig. 36: Connection compartment sticker (in the connection compartment of the transmitter)

DRN = DrainSCR = Source

REF = Reference

Topcal S 5 Wiring

5.4 Post connection check

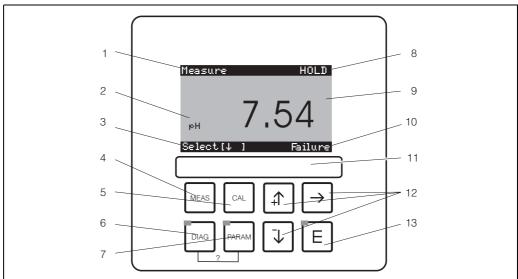
Instrument status and specifications	Remarks
Is the measuring instrument or the cable damaged externally?	Visual inspection
Electrical connection	Remarks
Does the supply voltage match the specifications on the nameplate?	CPM153: 100 V 230 V AC long-range 24 V AC / DC CPG300: 110/230 V AC recodeable 24 V AC / DC
Do the cables used fulfil the required specifications?	Use an original E+H cable for electrode and sensor connection, see "Accessories".
Are the installed cables strain-relieved?	
Is the cable type route completely isolated?	Along the whole cable length, run the power supply and signal line cables separately to avoid any mutual influence. Cable channels are best.
No loops and cross-overs in the cable run?	
Are the power supply and signal cable correctly connected?	
Are all the screw terminals properly tightened?	
For connection with potential matching (PML): Is the PML connected to the measuring medium or the buffer solution?	Note! During calibration, insert the PML into the buffer solution.
For connection without potential matching (PML): Is the potential matching line grounded?	
Are all the cable entries installed, tightened and sealed? Cable run with "water sag"?	"Water sag": cable circuit hanging down so that water can drip off.
Are all the housing covers installed and tightened?	Check seals for damage.

6 Operation Topcal S

6 Operation

6.1 Display and operating elements

6.1.1 Display reading/symbols



C07-CPM153xx-19-06-00-en-002.e

Mycom S CPM153 user interface

- 1: Current menu; Hand symbol: sign for manual operation
- 2: Current parameter
- 3: Navigation bar: Arrow keys for scrolling, "E" for browsing, note for Cancel
- 4: "MEAS" (Operation) key
- 5: "CAL" (Calibration) key
- 6: "DIAG" (Diagnosis menu) key
- 7: "PARAM" (Parameter entry menu) key
- ? = Press DIAG and PARAM simultaneously to open the help pages
- 8: HOLD display, if HOLD active; OFFSET, if in pH or redox mode an Offset has been edited

"DIAG" brings you to the instrument diagnosis menu.

- 9: Current main measured value
- 10: "Failure" display, "Warning", if the NAMUR contacts respond
- 11: Labelling strip
- 12: Arrow keys for scrolling and editing
- 13: ENTER key

6.1.2 Key assignment



"PARAM" brings you to the Configuration menu of the Topcal S CPC300.

Note!

PARAM" allows you to return to the previous "return field" from any point in the menu. These are marked in bold in the menu overview (s. chap. 12.1).

LED: This is the send LED for the service adapter "Optoscope" (see "Accessories").

DIAG

LED: This is the receive LED for the service adapter "Optoscope" (see "Accessories").



Help:

Press the "DIAG" and "PARAM" keys simultaneously to open the help page.

Topcal S 6 Operation



"MEAS" switches to Operation. This displays the measured values. Use the arrow keys to scroll through the different measuring menus.



Press "MEAS" to exit any of the "PARAM", "DIAG", "CAL" menus without terminating the settings / calibration.



"CAL" switches to the calibration menu of the electrodes.



"E" (Enter) moves you one step forward in a menu or confirms a selection you made.



LED (status display): green: everything OK. red: an error has occurred.



- ullet You can scroll through the menu options with the arrow keys, and then highlight your selection (if there is a choice offered)
- Increment or decrement numbers by one step with "+" / "-". Move to the next digit with the "right arrow" (editor type 1) or
- "Activate" with the "right arrow" and scroll through the selection with "+" / "-" (editor type 2) (for information on editor types, see page 44).

6.1.3 Operation of the service switch

The service switch is located on the door of the CPG300 housing. There are two possible switch positions:



Service / Off:

(horizontal switch setting)

- The electrode moves into the rinse chamber.
- "Hold" is active for the outputs.



Measure / On:

(vertical switch setting)

After moving from the service position, a query appears asking whether a programme should be launched or the electrode should be moved into the process without cleaning/calibration.

Only those programmes are offered which have already been edited.



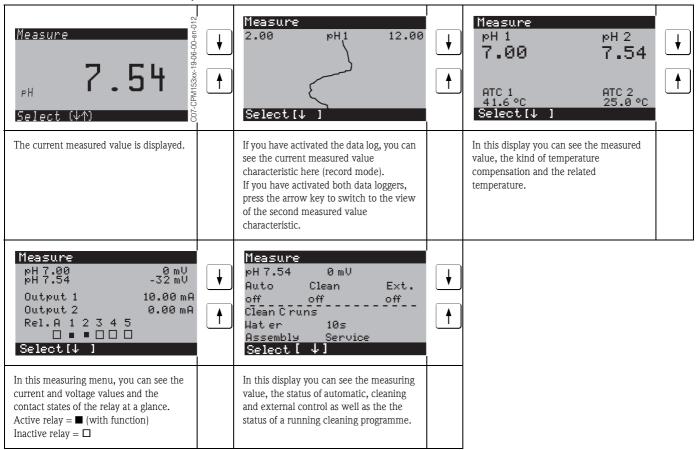
Note!

The service switch always has priority (Emergency shutdown). This means that any running programme is interrupted as soon as you operate the service switch.

6 Operation Topcal S

6.1.4 Measuring menus

You can choose between different measuring menus. Use the arrow keys to scroll between the different menus. Switch between the measured value characteristic and the data log using the ENTER key .



6.1.5 Data log

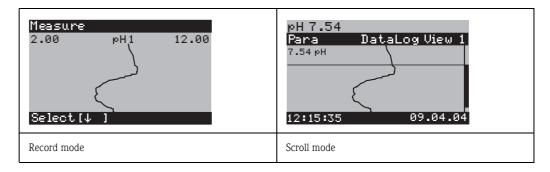
The CPM153 offers two data logs. With these data logs, you can record

- one parameter with 500 sequential measuring points
- two parameters each with 500 sequential measuring points.

To be able to use the function, activate the data log in the "PARAM" menu \implies "Set up 2" \implies "Data log" (see page 72). The function is active immediately.

You can view the measured values by scrolling through the different measuring menus (see above).

- The current measured values are recorded in Record mode.
- In the "PARAM" menu → "Set up 2" → "Data log" → "DataLog display 1/2" you can display saved data with date and time.



Topcal S 6 Operation

6.1.6 Operation access authorisation

To protect the transmitter against an unintended or undesired change in the configuration and calibration data, functions can be protected using four-digit access codes.

Access authorisation has the following levels:

Read-only level (accessible without a code):

The complete menu can be viewed. The configuration cannot be altered. No calibration is possible. On this level, only the control parameters for new processes can be changed in the "DIAG" menu branch.

Service code

Operator level (can be protected by the service code):

This code permits calibration.

Use this code to operate the temperature compensation item. The test functions and the internal data can be viewed.

Factory setting Code = 0000, i.e. the levels are not protected.

In case you have mislaid/forgotten the supplied maintenance code, contact your service office for a universally valid maintenance code.

Specialist code

Specialist level (can be protected by the specialist code):

All menus can be accessed and changed.

Factory setting Code = 0000, i.e. the levels are not protected.

In case you have mislaid/forgotten the supplied specialist code, contact your service office for a universally valid specialist code.

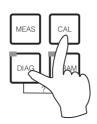
To activate the codes (= functions locked) see the item "PARAM" "Set up 1" "Access codes" (see page 56). Enter your desired code here. If the code is activated, you can only edit the protected areas with the rights mentioned above.



Note!

- Note down the selected code as well as the universal code and keep it in a place where unauthorised persons do not have access to it.
- If you reset the code to "0000", all levels are freely accessible for editing. The code can only be reset via the "specialist" menu.

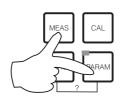
Locking the operation



Pressing $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$ and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$ simultaneously locks the instrument from in-field operation.

At the code prompt, the code appears as "9999". The settings in the "PARAM" menu are read-only.

Unlocking the operation



Press and simultaneously to unlock the operation.

6 Operation Topcal S

6.1.7 Description of the menu editor types

At parameter setting, the functions can be selected in two different modes, depending on the setting type.

Editor type E1

Editor type 1 (E1)

for functions which can be directly selected from the display. The editing row shows "Edit".

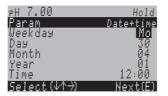


- A selection can be highlighted with the arrow keys
 ↑ and ↓.
- Confirm the selection by pressing .

Editor type E2

Editor type 2 (E2)

for settings which have to be defined more precisely, e.g. day, time. The editing row shows "Select".



- Use the arrow keys and to highlight a selection (e.g. "Mo").
- Activate the selected option with the right arrow key —. The highlighted option flashes.
- "Toggle": i.e. scroll through the selection (e.g. the weekdays) with the arrow keys 🛉 and 🗓.
- Confirm the selection by pressing **E**.
- After making your selection and confirming it by pressing (no flashing display), you can exit the item by pressing .

6.1.8 Factory settings

All factory settings are active when the instrument is switched on for the first time. The table below lists all main settings. For all further factory settings, refer to the description of the function groups (from page 54), there the factory setting is printed in **bold**).

Parameter		One-circuit instrument		
Select operatin	g mode	pН		
Select measuri	ng principle	One-circuit circuit 1		
Select electrod	e type	Glass electrode 7.0		
Select connect	ion type	symmetrical		
Select tempera	ture display	°C		
Select tempera	ture compensation	ATC K1		
Temperature n	neasurement	off		
Select tempera	ture sensor	Pt 100		
Contact function	ons	NAMUR		
Select current	output 1	pH/Redox K1		
Select current	output 2	Temperature K1		
Hold		PARAM, CAL: Active after entry of service or specialist code DIAG: active after entry of service or specialist code for functions that require a code.		
Current output 1:	0/4 mA value: 20 mA value:	pH 2 / -1500 mV / 0.0% / 0.0 °C pH 12 / +1500 mV / 100.0% / 100.0 °C		
Current output 2:	0/4 mA value: 20 mA value:	Temperature 0.0 °C 100.0 °C		

Topcal S 6 Operation

6.2 Replaceable memory

The DAT module is a memory device (EEPROM) which is plugged into the connection compartment of the transmitter. Using the DAT module you can

- save the complete settings, the logbooks and the data logger of a transmitter and
- \blacksquare copy the complete settings to other CPM153 transmitters with identical hardware functionality. This considerably reduces the effort to install or service several measuring points.

7 Commissioning

7.1 Special features for measurement with digital sensors with Memosens technology

Commissioning

Digital sensors with Memosens technology save calibration data. Therefore, commissioning of these sensors differs from the commissiong of standard electrodes. Proceed as follows:

- 1. Install the transmitter and the assembly.
- Connect the transmitter and the sensor cable.
- 3. Configure the transmitter according to your specific requirements (see »Description of functions« on page 54).
- Connect the factory-calibrated sensor with Memosens technology and immerse it in the medium or buffer.
- 5. The saved sensor-specific calibration data are automatically transferred to the transmitter.
- 6. The measured value is displayed.

Data storage

Digital sensors are able to store the following data:

- Manufacturing data
 - Serial number
 - Order code
 - Date of manufacture
- Calibration data
 - Calibration date
 - Calibrated slope at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ / 77 $^{\circ}\text{F}$
 - Calibrated zero point at 25 °C / 77 °F
 - Temperature offset
 - Operator's signature for calibration and adjustment
- Application data
 - Temperature application range
 - pH application range
 - Operating hours at temperatures above 80 °C / 176 °F and 100 °C / 212 °F
 - Operating hours at very low and very high pH values (Nernst voltage below -300 mV, above $+300\ mV$
 - Number of sterilisations

To display these sensor data, select Ext. sensor data.

7.2 Special features for measurement with ISFET sensors

Switch-on behaviour

A closed control loop is created once the measuring system is switched on. During this time (approx. 5–8 minutes), the measured value adjusts to the real value. This settling behaviour occurs each time the liquid film between the pH-sensitive semiconductor and the reference lead is interrupted (e.g. caused by dry storage or intensive cleaning with compressed air). The settling time in question depends on how long the interruption lasts.

Sensitivity to light

Like all semiconductor elements, the ISFET chip is sensitive to light (measured value fluctuations). However only intense direct illumination impinges on the measured value. For this reason, avoid direct exposure to sunlight during calibration. Normal ambient light does not affect measurement.

7.3 Installation and function check control



Warning!

Before power-up, make sure there is no danger to the measuring point. Uncontrolled actuated pumps, valves or similar could lead to damage to instruments.



Caution

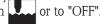
- Before switching on, check all the connections again for correctness.
- Make sure that the pH or redox electrode and the temperature sensor are in the medium or in a buffer solution, otherwise no plausible measured value can be displayed.
- Make also sure that the connection check has been carried out (s. chap. 5.4).

7.4 Switching on the device

Before first start-up, make sure you understand how to operate the device. You should make particular reference to Chapters 1 ("Safety instructions") and 6 ("Operation").

We recommend the following procedure for commissioning:

- 1. Connect Mycom S CPM153 to the power supply.
- 2. Switch the service switch to the Service position



- 3. Wait for initialisation of CPM153 and CPG300. Function of the green "Alive LED":
 - Frequency 2/sec:communication is running
 - Frequency 1/sec: communication is loading
 - LED lights up constantly: no communication

If the LED does not light up, check the power supply at terminals L+/L- (setpoint: 12 volts).

- 4. First commissioning only:
 - Execute the menu "First start up", chap. 7.5, page 48.
- 5. Switch the service switch to the Measuring position \bigcap or to "ON".
- 6. Set the following parameters:
 - Determine the number of strokes (page 51).
 - Select a function for the additional valves (page 93).
 - Configure the times of the "Clean" programme (page 52).
- 7. Start the "Clean" programme and check the entire system for leaks.

Programme start:

- "PARAM" → Specialist → Manual operation → Topcal → Status messages (Enter) → "Start programme" → "Clean"
- Now configure the complete system via the menu.

7.4.1 First commissioning

On first switch-on, the instrument starts automatically with the First start up menu. This asks you about the most important instrument settings. After you close the menu, the instrument is ready for use and measurement in its standard configuration.



Note!

- You must completely run through the First start up menu. If you do not, the instrument will not be operational. If you interrupt First start up, it will start again the next time you switch on the instrument until **all** the menu options have been processed and completed.
- For parameter setting, you have to enter the specialist code (default setting 0000).

7.5 First start up

In the First start up menu, configure the most important transmitter functions. The First start up ist started automatically when starting the instrument for the first time. You can open the First start up at any time from the menu structure.

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:



Display	CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
eH 7.00 Hold Param Language English GB Deutsch D Edit (4) Next (E)	E D	Select language Depending on ordered language version: Language version variants: -A: E / D -B: E / F -C: E / I -D: E / ES -E: E / NL -F: E / J
PH 7.00 Hold Param Contrast Edit (+-) Next(E)		Contrast setting as necessary You can increase and reduce the contrast with the +/- keys.
PH 7.00 Hold Param Date+time Weekday Mo Day 30 Month 04 Year 01 Time 12:00 Select(↓↑→) Next(E)	Mo 01 04 01 12:00	Date and time entry Enter the complete date and time here.
pH 7.00 Hold Param Sensorinput pH Redox/ORP mV Redox/ORP % Edit [↓] Next [E]	pH Redox mV Redox %	Operating mode selection Note! If the operating mode changes, all the user settings are automatically reset! For digital sensors with Memosens technology, only the pH operating mode is available. Here it is sensible to use the DAT module to save your settings.
PH 7.00 Param PH electr.typeK1 Glass El. 7.0 Glass El. 4.6 Antimon IsFET Edit (4) Next(E)	Glass el. 7.0 Glass el.4.6 Antimony IsFET	Select electrode type (only pH) Note! ■ In the event of a change from glass or antimony electrode to IsFET, the temperature sensor is reset to Pt 1000 as a default. Conversely, Pt 100 is selected. The Topcal S version glass / ISFET (CPC300-xx2xxxxxxx) is factory set for measurement with glass electrodes. For digital sensors with Memosens technology, only the electrode type Glass el. 7.0 is available.

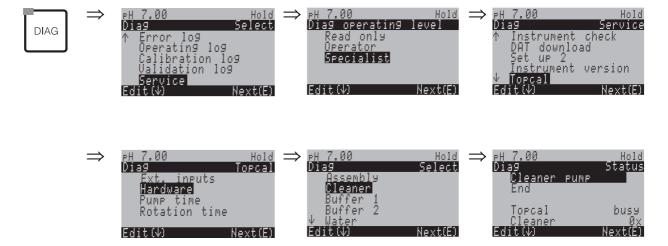
Display	CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
PH 7.00 Hold Param Sensor Ground Solution Ground no solution Ground Edit (4) (E)	solution ground no solution ground	Select connection type solution ground = with potential matching (PML) no solution ground = without PML Note! The connection type selection is not displayed for digital sensors with Memosens technology. With digital data transmission there is no need for symmetrical high-impedance connections.
PH 7.00 Hold Param Temp. unit C PF Edit (4) (E)	°C °F	Select temperature display
pH 7.00 Param Temp.comp. 1 ATC C1 MTC MTC MTC+Temp Edit (4) Next (E)	ATC MTC MTC+Temp	Select temperature compensation ATC = automatic temperature compensation MTC = manual temp. comp. (with fixed temperature, entered in the following field) MTC+Temp. = as MTC. On the display however, the value which appears is what the temperature sensor measures in the medium.
pH 7.00 Hold Param MTC-Temp.C1	025.0 °C	Temperature value (only with pH and selection of MTC or MTC+Temp. in the previous field)
mU -114 Hold Param Temp.meas1 off on Edit (↓) Next(E)	off on Pt 100 Pt 1000 NTC 30k	Temperature measurement (Redox only)
pH 7.00 Hold Param Relay funct. Acc.Namur off Relay 1 N/C Relay 2 N/C Relay 3 N/C Relay 4 N/C Select[↓ →] Next[E]	NAMUR off Relay 1 N/C Relay 2 N/C Relay 3 N/C Relay 4 N/C Relay 5 N/C	Contact functions Depending on the equipment available, you can assign the function of up to 5 relays here. The relays 1 and 2 will be assigned to an activated NAMUR function and won't be available for other functions (compare page 25). Selection: N/C / Controller / Limit / CCW / CCC N/C: no function Controller: Controller control using relay Limit: Limit contactor function CCW: Chemoclean water. Water supply for the Chemoclean function. CCC: Chemoclean Cleaner. Cleaner supply for the Chemoclean function. (Together, CCC and CCW form the "Chemoclean" function. You can find information on Chemoclean on page 99).
pH 7.00 Hold Param Output 1 pH /mV Input 1 Temperature Input1 Edit [↓] Next[E]	pH/mV K1 Temperature K1	Select current output 1 parameter Selection of the parameter which shall be output on the current output.

Display	CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Output 2 pH/mV Input 1 Temperature Input1 Controller Edit [↓] Next[E]	pH/mV K1 Temperature K1 Continuous controller	Select current output 2 parameter Selection of the parameter which shall be output at the current output. continuous controller: Control of a controlling actuator via the current output (see also Controller menu page 74).
pH 7.00 Hold Param Tag number 09, Az Edit [↓ →] Next[E]	(09; AZ)	Enter your customer specific instrument number. 32 digit tag number. This is saved in the DAT module which is obtainable as an option.
PH 7.00 Hold Param Start up restart end Edit (*) Next(E)	end restart	Exit First start up? restart = Run through the First start up again. end = Save the settings and exit First start up.

7.5.1 Determine stroke number

To correctly convey your media, buffers, cleaners, water etc. using the pump of CPG300, you must determine the stroke rate which is necessary to fill the complete system (up to the rinse chamber of the assembly).

To do so, enter the Diagnosis menu:



Make sure that the service switch is set to "Measure".

Keep pressing but until the rinse chamber of the assembly is filled with cleaner, buffer or water. You can use this number (which is displayed) as the number of strokes used to convey cleaner buffer in a cleaning programme (entry in configuration menu of Topcal cleaning and calibration programmes, see field "Buffer 1/buffer 2/cleaner" on page 95).

General pump behaviour

- To prevent the pump from drying during periods of infrequent use, the pump is turned once to zero position every six hours.
- Before every programme start, the pump turns to the specified zero position. This ensures that the pump starting position is clearly defined, even if the pump has been turned by hand.
- If an ISFET pH sensor is used, the rinsing chamber is automatically rinsed every day with clean water. This prevents the sensor from drying up, or from standing too long in the same liquid.



Caution!

Never turn the pump against the indicated direction! Doing so results in pump damages.

7.5.2 Configuring Clean programme (via automatic function)

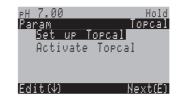
The following example shows how to configure the cleaning programme Clean for your Topcal. For a description of all cleaning functions and cleaning and calibration programmes, see page 87 ff.

To enter the menu, select:

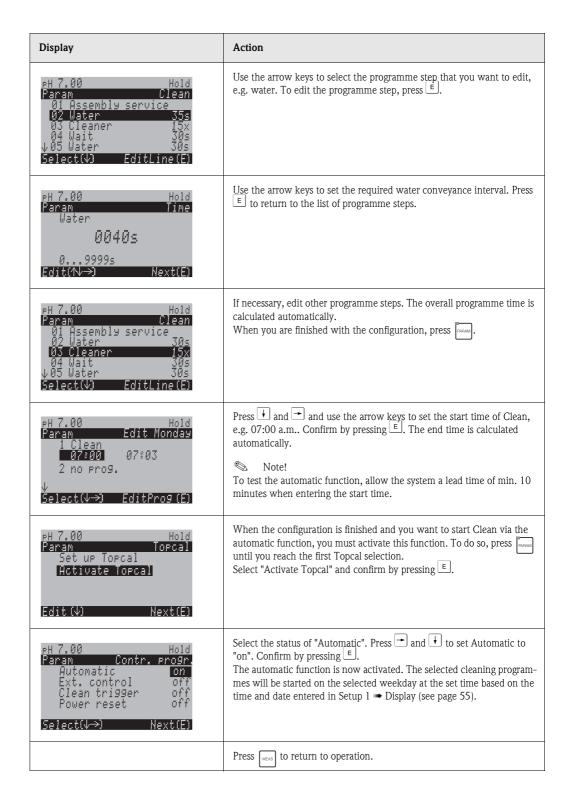








Display	Action
PH 7.00 Hold Param Status Automatic off Clean trigger off Ext. control off Edit (4) NextE)	The current status of the cleaning functions is displayed. Press to continue.
pH 7.00 Hold Param Set up menu Automatic Cleanin9 Pwrfail pr9. User pro9. Edit(♥) NextE)	Select "Automatic" and confirm by pressing E.
eH 7.00 Hold Param Automatic Monday 0 Tuesday 0 Wednesday 0 Thursday 0 VFriday 0 Edit (V) NextE]	Select a day that you want to edit e.g. Monday and press E.
PH 7.00 Hold Param Monday Edit day Copy day Edit (√) Next(E)	Select "Edit day" and confirm by pressing E.
pH 7.00 Hold Param Edit Monday Clean ↓ Select(↓→) EditProg(E)	Press The option "no prog." is activated. Press to select the "Clean" programme. Press E.
pH 7.00 Hold Param Edit Monday 1 Clean 97:00 07:03 2 no prog. ↓ Select(↓→) EditProg (E)	Press 🕈 and 🗉 to edit Clean.



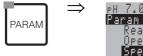
7.6 Description of functions

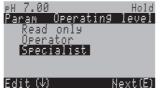
7.6.1 Set up 1 – Sensor input

In this menu, you can change the measured value acquisition settings, such as the operating mode, the measuring principle or the electrode type.

Apart from the signal attenuation, you have already made all menu settings at the first commissioning in First start up (see page 48). You can change the selected values in this menu.

To access the parameter setting menu, you have to enter your specialist code (see page 43, page 56). Proceed as follows:





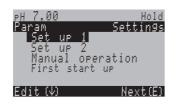


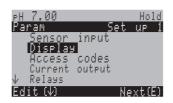
CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Sensor input pH Redox/ORP mV Redox/ORP % Edit [↓] Next [E]	pH Redox mV Redox %		Operating mode selection If the operating mode changes, the user settings are automatically reset.
		0	Select electrode type 1 (pH only) Note! When changing from glass or antimony electrode to ISFET, the temperature sensor is reset to Pt 1000 as a default. Conversely, Pt 100 is selected. The Topcal S version glass / ISFET (CPC300-xx2xxxxxxx) is factory set for measurement with glass electrodes. For digital sensors with Memosens technology, only the electrode type Glass el. 7.0 is available.
	solution ground no solution ground		Select connection type solution ground = with potential matching (PML) no solution ground = without PML Note! For further information, see page 19.
	r	0 s 0 s	Set measured value attenuation The mean value over the set time is displayed. There is no attenuation for the 00s value.

7.6.2 Set up 1 – Display

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







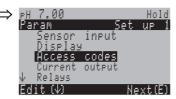
CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Language English GB Deutsch D Edit (4) Next (E)	E D	Select language Depending on ordered language version: Language version variants: -A: E / D -B: E / F -C: E / I -D: E / ES -E: E / NL -F: E / J
PH 7.00 Param Cont		Contrast setting as necessary You can increase and reduce the contrast with the +/- keys.
	Weekday: Su Day: 01 Month: 04 Year: 01 Time: 08:00	Date and time entry Enter the complete date and time here. These data are used as basis for all log books and the cleaning and calibration programmes.
	рН 00.00 рН 00.0	Select no. of decimal places (only for pH measuring type)
	°C °F	Select temperature unit
	00000000 (09; AZ)	Enter your customer specific instrument number. 32 digit tag number. The number is saved in the DAT module which is obtainable as an option.

7.6.3 Set up 1 – Access codes

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
PH 7.00 Hold Param Service Code 0000 09997	0000 (0 9997)	Enter service code In the range 0000 9997, the code can be freely selected. 0000 = no Security Locking.
e9597 Edit (↓) Next (E)	0000 (0 9997)	Enter specialist code In the range 0000 9997, the code can be freely selected. 0000 = no security locking.



Note!

Danger of misuse.

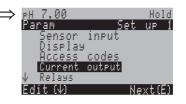
Make sure that the codes you enter and the universal code (see page 43) are protected against misuse by unauthorised persons. Note down the codes and keep them in a place where unauthorised persons do not have access.

7.6.4 Set up 1 – Current outputs

The transmitter is always equipped with two current outputs. To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
	Current output 1 Current output 2	Select a current output for which the settings apply.
Current output 1 (or 2):		
pH 7.00 Hold Param Output 2 pH/mV Input 1 Temperature Input1 Controller Edit [↓] Next[E]	pH/Redox Temperature Controller (current output 2 only)	Selecting current output parameters which should be output at the current output. Selection possibilities related to the instrument variant and the selected output. Current output 1 (terminals 31+, 32-): - pH/redox - Temperature Current output 2 (terminals 33+, 34-): - pH/redox - Temperature - Controller: Control of a controlling actuator via the current output (see also Controller menu page 74). Note! Danger of data loss. If you change the assignment for the current output from "continuous controller" to a different function after you have configured the controllers, the complete controller settings (see page 74) are reset to the default values.
	Caution! The configuration is changed.	Note in display (for changed setting): Cancel by pressing "PARAM" Continue (= confirm change) by pressing "E"
	0 20 mA 4 20 mA	Current range selection Note! If you change the current range after editing the table, the table will be reset.
	!!Caution!! Current output 020 mA and error current = 2.4 mA is dangerous.	Note in display: Error current lies within the measuring current range. When the current range is "0 20 mA" and "Min" is selected under Alarm in (see page 63). Recommended combinations: Current range 020 mA and error current max (22 mA) or Current range 420 mA and error current min (2.4 mA)
	Linear Table	Characteristic selection Linear: The characteristic is linear from the lower to the upper value. Table: When you do not want the current output characteristic to be linear, you can enter a customer-specific sequence of up to 10 value pairs in a table. Exact adaptation to the non-linear medium behaviour can achieve a higher level of accuracy.

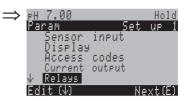
CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
Linear:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param Output 1 0/4mA: 02.00 pH 20mA: 12.00 pH Select[↓→] Next[E]	0/4 mA: 02.00 pH / 000.0 °C / -0500 mV 20 mA: 12.00 pH / 100.0 °C / 0500 mV	Entry of the upper and lower measured value limits The maximum range of the measured value is -2 +16 pH. The minimum distance from the upper to the lower measured value limit is 2 pH units. (Exmp.: 0/4 mA: pH 7 and 20 mA: pH 9)
	Linear characteristic active.	Note in display: The linear characteristic is activated after confirmation by pressing "E". Cancel by pressing "PARAM".
Table:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param Table 1 Total pairs 01 110 Edit[↓→] Next[E]	01 (1 10)	Entry of the number of support points (value pairs)
	pH/Redox/°C/: 000.0 mA: 04.00	Value pair entry pH/Redox/°C - mA (number of required value pairs = number of support points entered in the previous field).
		Example of value pairs with 4 support points: mA 20 16 2 6 8 12 pH cor-cpmis3xx-05-06-00-xx-002.eps fig. 37: Example of entering a characteristic using a table
	OK Delete pair(s)	Selection: Are the value pairs OK or do you want to delete pairs?
	pH/Redox/°C/: 000.0 mA: 04.00	Delete: Select the rows to be deleted, delete them with → and confirm this with E.
	Table valid	Note in display (no entry) Table status. If invalid, then back to previous field.
	Table active	Note in display: The table is active after confirmation by pressing E. Cancel by pressing "PARAM".

7.6.5 Set up 1 – Relays

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Relay funct. Acc.Namur off Relay 1 N/C Relay 2 N/C Relay 3 N/C \$\$\\$\delta\$ \text{\left}\$ \text{\left}\$ \text{\left}\$ Select [\$\psi\$ \rightarrow\$] Next[E]	NAMUR: Relay 1: Relay 2: Relay 3: Relay 4: Relay 5:	off N/C N/C N/C N/C	Contact functions Depending on the equipment available, you can assign the function of up to 5 relays here. The relays 1 and 2 will be assigned to an activated NAMUR function and will not be available for other functions (compare with page 25). Selection: N/C / Controller / Limit / CCW / CCC N/C: no function Controller: Controller control using relay Limit: Limit contactor function CCW: Chemoclean water. Water supply for the Chemoclean function. CCC: Chemoclean cleaner. Cleaner supply for the Chemoclean function. (Together, CCC and CCW form the "Chemoclean" function. You can find information on Chemoclean on page 99). The limit value/controller contacts are configured in the menu "PARAM" → "Set up 2" → "Controller settings". Note! Danger of data loss. If you change the relay allocation after configuring the controller and the number of relays available to the controller is reduced, the complete controller settings (see page 74) are reset to the default values. If you change the relay assignment for the controller, you must use the controller menu (see page 74) to reassign all the functions selected there to a relay. Example: Relays 4 and 5 are assigned to the controller and you change the controller assignment to relays 5 and 6 (number of relays remains 2) (no data loss, providing the number of assigned relays is not reduced!). You can only activate the NAMUR, when the required relays 1 and 2 are free (see page 25).
	Active open Active closed		Selection acc. to NAMUR: (only, if NAMUR is activated) Assignment of NAMUR contacts as "Active open" contact (= normally closed contact, opens when relay active) or "Active closed" contact (= normally open contact, closes when relay active). If the NAMUR function is enabled, the alarm, relay 1 and relay 2 contacts are given the following functions: "Failure" = Fault signalling contact (terminals 41/42): Failure alarms are active if the measuring system is not working correctly or if process parameters have reached a critical value. "Maintenance required " = Relay 1 (terminals 47/48): Warning messages become active when the measuring system is working correctly but requires maintenance or a process parameter has reached a value which requires intervention. "Function check" = Relay 2 (terminals 57/58): This contact is active during calibration, maintenance, configuration and during the automatic cleaning / calibration cycle.
	Active open Active closed		Selection of controller contacts as "Active open" contact or "Active closed" contact (only, if controller is selected)

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
	Active open Active closed	Selection of limit values as "Active open" or "Active closed" contact (only, if limit values are selected)
	Active on Active pulse	Contact type: Fault signalling contact (only, when NAMUR function = off) Active on = active for as long as an error is present. Active pulse = active for 1 second when an alarm signal occurs
	Chemoclean is always an "Active closed" contact	Note in display (only, when the full Chemoclean function is selected in field "Contact functions", which means CCC and CCW) With the Chemoclean function, the valves of injector CYR 10 are effected with an "Active closed" contact.

7.6.6 Set up 1 – Temperature

The pH value requires temperature compensation for two reasons:

- 1. Temperature effect of the electrode:

 The electrode slope is dependent on the temperature. Therefore this effect must be compensated for temperature changes (temperature compensation, see below).
- 2. Temperature effect of the medium:

 The medium pH value is also temperature dependent. For high-accuracy measurements, the pH value related to temperature can be entered in table form (medium temperature compensation, see below).

Temperature compensation

ATC: Automatic temperature compensation: The medium temperature is measured with a temperature sensor. This temperature is used via the temperature input in the Mycom S CPM153 to adjust the electrode slope to the medium temperature.

MTC: Manual temperature compensation: This is advisable in processes which run at a constant temperature. Here, you enter the temperature value manually, which is used to adjust the slope of the electrode to the medium temperature.

MTC+Temp.: The pH value is corrected with the manually entered temperature (see MTC). The display, however, shows the value that the temperature sensor measures in the medium.

Medium temperature compensation

Tables for Medium 1...3:

For medium temperature compensation, tables can be created in the CPM153 for three different media. Before starting the process, the most suitable table for the active medium can be selected. Procedure:

- Take a sample from the process. The pH value should be as near as possible to the reference value of the process.
- In the laboratory, heat the sample to at least the process temperature.
- During cooling, record the value pairs for pH and temperature at those temperatures at which you later wish to take measurements (e.g. process temperature and ambient temperature in the laboratory).
- Enter these recorded value pairs in the table (field "Value pair entry"). As a reference temperature (Field "Reference temperature entry") select the temperature, at which the reference value of the process is defined (e.g. ambient temperature in the laboratory).

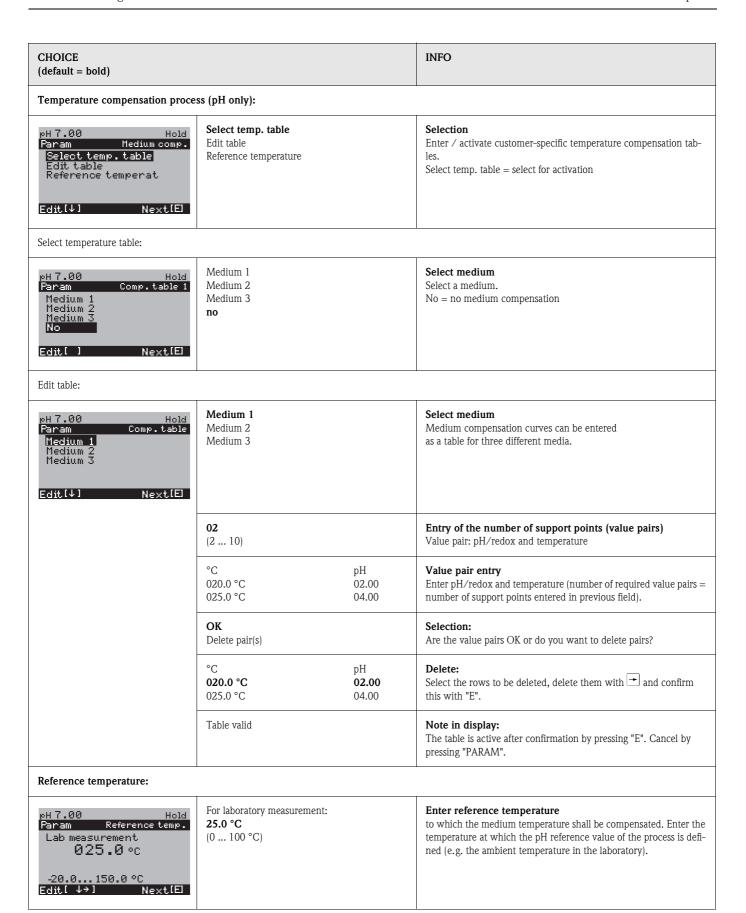
To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Select Temp.comp.sensor Temp.comp.process Edit[\$\daggergar{4}\$] Next[E]	Temp. comp. sensor Temp. comp. process	Selection for temperature compensation Temp. comp. sensor = automatic (ATC) or manual (MTC) temperature compensation. Temp. comp. process (only for pH) = compensation of the medium temperature using customer-specific tables (see below).
Temperature compensation senso	r:	
pH 7.00 Hold Faram Temp.comp.1 ATC C1 MTC MTC MTC+Temp Edit[4] Next[E]	ATC C1 MTC MTC+Temp.	Select temperature compensation ATC = automatic temperature compensation with a temperature sensor circuit MTC = manual temp. comp. (with fixed temperature, entered in the following field) MTC+Temp. = as MTC. The display, however, shows the value of the temperature sensor connected to the temperature input of the transmitter.
	025.0 °C (0 100.0 °C)	MTC temperature (only pH, MTC) Temperature entry for manual compensation
	off on	Select temperature measurement (only redox) The reference temperature can be adapted according to customer specifics in the field "Reference temperature" (last field of this menu).
	Pt 100 Pt 1000 NTC 30 none	Select temperature sensor Note! This selection is not available for digital sensors with Memosens technology.
	Adjust temp. reading (-20.0 150.0 °C)	Enter actual temperature for temperature calibration The value currently measured by the temperature sensor can be changed/adapted. The temperature difference is stored internally as an offset value.
	0.0 °C (-5.0 5.0 °C)	Edit offset The offset value obtained from the previous field can be edited or reset here.



7.6.7 Set up 1 – Alarm

The CPM153 continuously monitors the most important functions. If an error occurs, an error message is set, which can trigger one of the following actions:

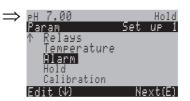
- The fault signalling contact is activated.
- Current output 1 and 2 output the set error current (2.4 or 22 mA). Exception: If current output 2 has been configured for the continuous controller function (see page 57), it does not output an error current.
- Chemoclean cleaning is started

In the list of error messages on page 127 you can see how the error numbers are assigned according to the factory settings. However, in the "ALARM" menu, you have the option of outputting the error messages individually to the alarm relay, the current output or as a cleaning trigger.

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:.







CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Alarm output Min [2.4 mA] Max [22 mA] off Edit[\$\dagged\$] Next[E]	Max (22 mA) off		Select error current Set the error current at which an error message is active.
			Note in display: Error current is in the measuring current range. If, in field "Current range selection" (page 57), the current range is "0 20 mA" and "Min" is selected under Alarm in the previous field. Recommended combinations: Current range 020 mA and error current max (22 mA) or Current range 420 mA and error current min (2.4 mA)
	0000 s (0 2000 s or min	n)	Alarm delay entry Delay between error occurrence and alarm trigger.
	No. E025 A on I on CC on Function: off Time: 0002s (29999s)		Error/contact assignment Each error can be assigned individually: No. = error number E025 (only display) A = Assignment to the alarm relay (activate/deactivate) This error triggers an alarm. I = This error triggers an error current CC = Chemoclean [®] . This error triggers cleaning.
			Dosage time alert Function: Switch on/off the function "Alarm when dosing time exceeded". Time: Input of the maximum allowed dosing time . After this time has elapsed, an error is output.

7.6.8 Set up 1 – Hold

Hold function = "Freezing the outputs"

The current outputs can be "frozen" for each menu. This means that the value which you define in this menu is output. With hold, "Hold" appears in the display.

The hold function can also be activated externally via the hold input (see wiring diagram on page 36, digital input E1). The on-site hold has a higher priority than an external hold.



Note!

- Hold is active when the assembly moves into the maintenance position.
- When hold is active, no new automatic programmes are started.
 They can be started externally or via local operation as required.
- You can deactivate the Topcal S as hold source (PARAM → Basic settings → Hold → Topcal Hold off).
- If current output 2 is configured for the controller, it complies with the controller hold (see last field of this menu).

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:





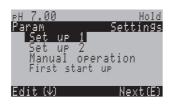


CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Auto Hold Cal on Diag on Param on Select[↓ →] Next[E]	CAL on DIAG off PARAM off CPC on	Selection: automatic hold active when: CAL = Calibration DIAG = Service/Diagnosis PARAM = Parameter entry menu CPC on: If the assembly is in service position, Hold is active.
	last set Min (0/4 mA) Max (22 mA)	Selection of current for hold Last = the current value is "frozen" Set = The value set in the field below is output in a hold. Min / Max = the minimum and maximum current value is output.
	000% (0 100%)	Enter hold current (only for Set) Number settable from 0% = 0/4 mA to 100% = 20 mA
	010 s (0 999 s)	Enter hold delay time The hold remains active for the given hold delay time after leaving the CAL, PARAM, DIAG menus. During the hold delay time, the "Hold" indicator flashes in the display.
	Freeze y (actuating variable): on off	Controller hold Freeze actuating variable (dosing): On: During an active hold, the last set value is output. Off: During a hold, no dosing takes place. PWM or PFM relays remain in the dropped-out state. An actuator drive is controlled until it is closed.
		Note! If the set value is output via an actuator drive with feedback, the actuator remains active. It also reacts in the hold should the position suddenly change.

7.6.9 Set up 1 – Calibration

Operating mode pH
To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
650 mV Hold Param Calibration Offset Manual calibration Cal. settings Calibration timer JAutocal. Topcal Edit[4] Next[E]	Offset Manual calibration Special buffer table Cal. settings Calibration timer Autocal. Topcal		Calibration menu selection Offset: Entry of a fixed value by which the pH value is displaced. Manual calibration: Initial settings for the functions of the CAL key. Special buffer table: Edit tables for special buffer. Cal. settings: General calibration settings Calibration timer: Clock for calibration Autocal. Topcal: Initial settings for the Topcal S calibration.
Offset:			
pH7.00 Hold Param Offset Act.PV 1 07.00 pH Offset 1: 00.00 pH Select[↓→] Next[E]	Act. PV 1/2: Offset 1/2:	07.00 pH 00.00 pH	Enter offset value for pH value Act. PV: current measuring value (primary value) with Offset Offset: pH value difference When you enter the measuring mode while an Offset is active, "OFFSET" will be shown on the right top of the display.
Manual calibration:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Cal. buffer Enter spec. buffer Manual buffer Buffer table Auto. buffer recogn. Edit[↓] Next[E]	Enter spec. buffer Manual buffer Buffer table Auto. buffer recognition		Calibration parameters Sets the calibration type undertaken when the "CAL" key is pressed: Enter spec. buffer: Entry of zero point and sensor slope. Manual buffer: During calibration, enter the buffer value. Buffer table: If the same buffer values are always used, you can select this function. Auto. buffer recognition: The transmitter Mycom S automatically recognises the used buffer values. Note! The automatic buffer recognition only functions if glass electrodes are connected to both measuring circuits. In case you are using an ISFET sensor, please calibrate with a different calibration function.
	DIN 19267 Ingold E+H NBS / DIN 19266 Special buffer		Select buffer type (buffer table, auto. buffer recognition only) Special buffer = The special buffer tables defined in the option "Special buffer table" are used. Note! You can find the buffer tables for the offered buffers in the Appendix (see page 174).

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	JBuffer 2.0 Buffer 4.01 Buffer 6.98 Buffer 9.18 Buffer 10.90	Buffer 1	Enter pH value for buffer 1 of the two-point calibration (buffer table only)
	Buffer 4.01 Buffer 6.98 Buffer 9.18 Buffer 10.90	Buffer 2	Enter pH value for buffer 2 of the two-point calibration (buffer table only)
Special buffer table:			J
pH 7.00 Hold Param Spec. buffer Number of buffers 2	2 (2 3)		Enter the number of buffers You can save min. 2 and max. 3 buffers special buffers in a table. Note!
23 Edit[↓] Next[E]			The following four fields must be run through individually for each buffer.
	1 (1 3)		Edit buffer Select a buffer table for editing.
	10 (2 10)		Entry of the number of support points (value pairs) Value pair: pH and temperature
	°C: 000.0 005.0 	pH: 04.00 04.05	Value pair entry Enter temperature and pH/Redox (number of required value pairs = number of support points entered in the previous field).
	OK Delete pair(s)		Selection: Are the value pairs OK or do you want to delete any of them?
	°C: 000.0 005.0 	pH: 04.00 04.05	Delete: Select the row to be deleted, delete it with and confirm this with E.
	Valid table		Note in display: The table is active after confirmation by pressing E. Cancel by pressing "PARAM".
Cal. settings:			v /
pH 7.00 Hold Param Temp.comp ATC 1 MTC	MTC ATC 1 ATC 2		Select the temperature compensation for the calibration ATC = automatic temp. comp. MTC = manual temp. comp.
Edit[↓] Next[E]			Note! The setting is only active during calibration. In measurement mode, the setting selected in the "Temperature" menu is valid.
	25.00 mV/pH (5.00 57.00 mV/pH)		Entry of slope deviation for the alarm function If the entered slope deviation is exceeded, an alarm (error no. 032 / E035) can be triggered (error activation see page 63). Ex.: The electrode has a slope of 59 mV/pH at 25 °C /77 °F. You enter a slope deviation value of 5 mV/pH. Then, an alarm can be triggered at measured slopes <53 mV/pH or >64 mV/pH.

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	pH 1.30 (0.05 2.00 pH)		Entry of pH value zero point deviation for the alarm function If the zero point deviation from the reference zero point exceeds the value entered here, an alarm (error no. 033) can be triggered (error activation see page 63). Ex.: The electrode has a zero point of 7.00 pH (for electrodes with inner buffer of 7 pH). You enter a zero point deviation value of 0.05 pH. Then, an alarm can be triggered at measured zero points <6.95 pH or >7.05 pH.
	off on		SCC (Sensor Condition Check) This function monitors the electrode status or the degree of electrode ageing. Possible status messages: "Electrode OK", "Low wear" or "Replace electrode". The electrode status is updated after each calibration. When the "Replace electrode" message appears, an error message may be displayed (E040, E041). Note! This function is only available for glass electrodes. If you are
			using a glass electrode and an ISFET sensor, you can use the SCC function without restriction. However, the SCC function only monitors the glass electrode.
	Function1/2: Uis 1/2:	off on 00.00pH (016pH)	Isothermic compensation Activate the isotherm compensation and insert the isotherm intersection point (Uis). Function off: for Endress+Hauser electrodes Function on: Only if the isotherm intersection point ≠ zero point of the electrode. The bigger the difference between isotherm intersection point and zero point, the bigger the measured error at temperature fluctuations. Uis: Enter the intersection point at which the isotherms of the electrode meet.
			Note! When you activate the isothermic compensation, the electrode has to be calibrated before measuring.
	threshold length	02 mV 010s	Stability The calibration is only considered as stable, if the deviation of the mV value does not exceed the given threshold for the set period of time (length) during calibration. This function allows you to adjust calibration accuracy and timing individually to your process.
			If your process requires extremely accurate calibration, reduce the threshold value and increase the period (length) to make sure that the pH value does not drift.
Calibration timer:			
pH 7.00 Hold Faram Cal.timer Cal.timer: off Warning: 0001h Time: Select[↓ →] Next[E]	Cal-Timer: Warning: Time:	on 0001h 0001:00	Calibration timer If no calibration is performed in the set time, an error message appears (E115). Cal Timer: on = activate Warning: Enter the time within which a calibration must take place. Time: Displays the remaining time until an error message appears (count down).

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Autocal. Topcal:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Autocal. Topcal Buffer table Auto. buffer recogn. Edit[↓] Next[E]	Buffer table Auto. buffer recognition		Calibration parameters Sets the calibration type undertaken when the "CAL" key is pressed: Buffer table: If the same buffer values are always used, you can select this function. Auto. buffer recognition: The transmitter Mycom S automatically recognises the used buffer values. Note! The automatic buffer recognition only functions if glass electrodes are connected to both measuring circuits. If you are using an ISFET sensor, please calibrate with a different calibration function.
	DIN 19267 Ingold E+H NBS / DIN 19266 Special buffer		Select buffer type (buffer table, auto. buffer recognition only) The following types are available: DIN 19267, Ingold, E+H, NBS / DIN 19266, special buffer. Special buffer = The special buffer tables defined in the option "Special buffer table" (see page 66) are used. Note! You can find the buffer tables for the buffers offered in the Appendix (see page 174).
	Buffer 2.0 Buffer 4.01 Buffer 6.98 Buffer 9.18 Buffer 10.90	Buffer 1	Enter pH value for buffer 1 of the two-point calibration (fixed buffer only)
	Buffer 4.01 Buffer 6.98 Buffer 9.18 Buffer 10.90	Buffer 2	Enter pH value for buffer 2 of the two-point calibration (fixed buffer only)
	Activate/deactivate: Interval	off on 15s	Deliver buffer while calibrating To achieve stable temperatures in the assembly rinse chamber and stable measured values during calibration, you can continue to deliver buffer in a defined interval.

Operating mode Redox

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
650 mV Hold Param Calibration Offset Manual calibration Cal. settings Calibration timer \$\partial \text{Autocal. Topcal} \text{Edit(\$\partial 1 \text{Next(E)})}	Offset Manual calibration Cal. settings Calibration timer Autocal. Topcal	Calibration menu selection Offset: Entry of a fixed value by which the mV value is displaced. Manual calibration: Initial settings for the function of the CAL key. Cal. settings: General calibration settings Calibration timer: Clock for calibration Autocal Topcal: Initial settings for the Topcal S calibration.
Offset:		
650 mV Hold Raram Offset Act. PV 1 0650 mV Offset 1: 0000 mV Select[↓→] Next[E]	Act. PV 1/2: 0650 mV Offset 1/2 0000 mV	Enter Offset value for redox value Act. PV: current measured value (primary value) Offset: redox value difference in mV When you enter the measuring mode while an Offset is active, "OFFSET" will be shown on the right top of the display.
Manual calibration:		,
650 mV Hold Param Cal.buffer Enter data abs. Calibration abs. Edit[4] Next[E]	For redox abs. Enter data abs. Calibration abs.	Calibration parameter Sets the calibration type undertaken when the "CAL" key is pressed: Enter data abs.: Enter the electrode offset in mV. Calibration abs.: The electrode offset is calculated from the difference between the current measured value and the known buffer value.
650 mV Hold Param Cal.buffer Enter data abs. Enter data rel. Calibration abs. Calibration rel. Edit[4] Next[E]	For: Redox %: Enter data abs. Enter data rel. Calibration abs. Calibration rel.	Enter data abs.: Enter the electrode offset in mV. Enter data rel.: Entry of two % calibration points to which mV values are assigned. Calibration abs.: The electrode offset is calculated from the difference between the current measured value and the known buffer value. Calibration rel.: Use of a non-toxic sample and an unchanged sample as buffer.
Cal. settings:		
650 mU Hold Param Zeropoint 1 120 mV 11500mU Edit[↓ →1 Next[E]	0120 mV (1 1500 mV)	Entry of offset deviation of the mV value for the alarm function If the offset deviates from the reference offset by the value entered here, an alarm can be triggered.

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	off on		SCC (Sensor Condition Check) This function monitors the electrode status or the degree of electrode ageing. Possible status messages: "Electrode OK", "Low wear" or "Replace electrode". The electrode status is updated after each calibration. When the "Replace electrode" message appears, an error message may be displayed (E040, E041).
	threshold length	02 mV 010s	Stability The calibration is only considered as stable, if the deviation of the mV value does not exceed the given threshold for the set period of time (length) during calibration. This function allows you to adjust calibration accuracy and timing individually to your process.
			Note! If your process requires extremely accurate calibration, reduce the threshold value and increase the period (length) to make sure that the pH value does not drift.
Calibration timer:	,		
pH 7.00 Hold Param Cal.timer Off	Cal timer: on Warning: 0001h Time: 0001:00		Calibration timer If no calibration is performed in the set time, an error message appears (E115). Cal Timer: on = activate Warning: Enter the time within which a calibration must take place. Time: Display of the remaining time until an error message appears.
Autocal. Topcal:			
650 mV Hold Param Autocal Topical 0450 mV	0450 mV (-15001500mV)		Specification of calibration solution used with Topcal.
Param Autocal Topcal	(-15001500mV)		•

7.6.10 Set up 1 - Validation function Topcal

The validation function allows you to check if the currently measured value deviates from the set value and if a calibration might be necessary. During validation, various buffer solutions (P1, P2) are pumped into the rinse chamber of the retractable assembly. The pH value measured in the rinse chamber is compared to the given pH value of the buffer. The calculated deviation is stored in the validation log.

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:



CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Validate alarm Function: off Service: 0.50 pH Select[↓ →] Next[E]	Function: Service:	off on 0.50 pH	Validation alarm Select the deviation between setpoint and actual pH value at which an alarm is triggered.
	Template: Target:	Val. P1 Val. P2 Val. P1/2 Val+Cal User prog. 1 User prog. 2 User prog. 3 no prg.	Validation programme Select a validation programme as template and a user programme as target. The selected user programme is overwritten by the validation programme.

7.6.11 Set up 2 – Data log

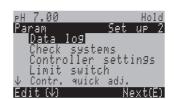
The data log records two freely selectable parameters with their date and time. You can start it using the measuring menus:

Use the arrow keys to scroll through the measuring menus until to you reach the Record mode of the data log. Pressing the "Enter" key brings you to the Scroll mode of the data log. Here you can open the saved measured values with their date and time.

To configure the data log, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Data log Sample time Data log 1 Data log 2 DataLog display 1 DataLog display 2 Edit[↓] Next[E]	Sample time Data log 1 Data log 2 DataLog display 1 DataLog display 2		Data log settings Using the data log you can record ■ one parameter with 500 sequential measuring points ■ two parameters each with 500 sequential measuring points.
Sample time:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Sample time Sample time 00005s 236000s Edit(↓→) Next(E)	00005s (2 36000 s)		Enter sample time Enter the time interval after which the next measured value is recorded in the data log.
Data log 1 (or 2):			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Data log 1 Input: pH/mVinput 1 Function: off Select[++] Next[E]	Input: Function:	pH/mV K1 on	Selection Select the measured variable to be recorded (pH/mV, temp.). Activate recording by setting "Function" to "on". Note! The data log starts recording the measured value when you return to operation.
	Min: Max:	-02.00 16.00 (-216pH/ -15001500mV)	Set recording range Values outside the defined range are not recorded.
DataLog display 1 (or 2)			
pH 7.54 Para DataLog View 1 7.54 pH 12:15:35 09.04.04			View of recorded data

7.6.12 Set up 2 – Check systems

The function group "Check systems" offers two monitoring functions:

■ SCS (Sensor Check System) detects glass breakage and electrode blockage and outputs a corresponding message.

■ PCS (Process Check System) checks the measuring signal for deviations and triggers an alarm in case of a constant signal.

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Sensor check Glass sensor 1 off Ref sensor 1 off Select[↓+] Next[E]	Glass sensor: Ref. sensor:	off off	Select SCS (= Sensor Check System) mode: Glass sensor: Recognition of glass breakage (off; Ref. = Reference electr.; Glass=electrode; G+R= Electr.+Reference electrode) Ref. sensor: Blockage recognition (off, light, medium, heavy, very heavy blockage) Note! In an unsymmetrical connection (without PML) only the glass electrode can be monitored.
	PCS input:	off	PCS (= Process Check System) time If the measuring signal does not change during the entered time for $\pm 0,02$ pH / ± 5 mV / $\pm 0,25$ %, an alarm is signalled with error message E152. Settable times: off, 1h, 2h, 4h. Note! An active PCS alarm signal is deleted automatically as soon as the sensor signal changes.

7.6.13 Set up 2 – Controller settings

Requirements for controller settings:

You have carried out the following settings **which are necessary for controller configuration** either in the Quick Setup, page 48 or on the appropriate menu page.

If you have not yet made the settings, please do this **before** configuring the controller.

- Set the number of relays available to the controller (field "Contact functions", page 49 or page 59).
- If you want to control the actuator via a 20 mA interface, define current output **2** as continuous controller (field "Select current output parameter", page 50 or page 57).



Note!

- Danger of data loss.
 - If you assign the relays which are used by the controller with another function (field "Contact functions", page 59), the **complete** controller settings are reset to the default values.
- If you change the relay assignment for the controller in the Contacts menu (Field "Contact functions", page 59), you must use the controller menu to reassign all the functions selected there to a relay.
 - Example: Relays 4 and 5 are assigned to the controller and you change the controller assignment to relays 5 and 6 (number of relays remains 2).
 - (No data loss, providing the number of assigned relays is not reduced!)
- Relays 3, 4 and 5 are located on the additional plug-in card. If you want/have to remove this card from the device, check whether you have used one of these relays for the controller function. If so, change the controller settings before removing the second card, so that all the relays used by the controller are located on card 1. Otherwise, you cannot use the controller function as long as the additional card is not plugged into the device because the controller needs to access the relays on the second card.

Definition of terms

Actuators:

Valves, gate valves, pumps and similar

Acid/base:

The terms "acid" and "base" used **in the menu** are used here relating to the direction of action.

Acid = Dosing medium, which lowers the pH value.

Base = Dosing medium, which raises the pH value.

Example: A fluid (pH value 14) needs to be brought to the reference value of pH 12 with a base (pH value 9). In the "Dosing" menu, choose "Acid" as the addition of this dosing medium will lower the pH value of the fluid.

Process:

The control or the process (to simplify matters this will, from henceforth, be referred to as the "process") can be differentiated on account of their different features:

Direction of action, one or two-sided:

One-sided control only works in one of two directions. This can be, for example, a neutralisation process in which a dosing medium is used (acid or base).

With a two-sided process, control can generally work in two-directions (use of acid and base). This means that you can both increase and decrease the value of the actuating variable (here = pH value). To implement this, the set reference value of your process must lie between the pH values of the two dosing media.

Batch or inline process arrangement:

With active control, batch and inline processes differ in their relationship to the medium flow: Pure batch process: the batch container is filled with the medium. During the subsequent batch process, no additional medium is fed in. The change in pH value is determined only by the controller. To be able to compensate for possible so-called "overshoots", use a two-sided controller. For as long as the actual value is within the neutral zone, no additional dosing agent is added.

Pure inline process: Here, the control works with the medium flowing past. The pH value of the medium in the inflow may be subject to strong deviations for which the controller should compensate. The volume of medium which has already flowed past can no longer be influenced by the controller. For as long as the actual value corresponds to the set point, the set value has a constant value.

In practice, the most common option is the semi-batch process. Depending on the ratio of inflow to tank size, this process shows the behaviour of an inline or a batch process.

The Mycom controller takes this differing behaviour into account. The difference for these settings is the internal handling of the integral part of the PI or PID controller.

Controlling the actuators

The CPM153 has four different methods for controlling the actuators (see above).

1. **PWM** (Pulse-width modulation, "pulse-length controller")

With PLM, one side (i.e. acid or base) of the internal, continuous actuating variable is output to a relay as a rhythmic signal.

The larger the calculated actuating variable, the longer the corresponding contact remains picked up (i.e. the longer the switch-on period t_{ON} ; see fig. 38) is. You can set the period length freely between 1 and 999.9 seconds. The minimum switch-on period is 0.4 seconds. Pulse-length-modulated outputs are intended to control solenoid valves, for example.

A two-sided process requires two PLM relays or one PLM and a three-point step controller (see below). One PLM relay on its own can only output an actuating variable of

- **■** -100% ... 0%
- **■** 0% +100%.

To avoid pulses which are too short, enter a minimum switch-on period. Pulses which are too short are not given to the relay/or the actuators. This benefits the actuator.

2. **PFM** (PFM; "pulse-frequency controller")

Pulse-frequency-modulated outputs are intended to control magnetic dosing pumps, for example. As with PWM, PFM is output as a rhythmic signal by the relay.

The greater the calculated manipulated variable, the higher the frequency of the related contact. The maximum settable frequency 1/T is $120~\text{min}^{-1}$. The switch-on period t_{ON} is a constant factor of the entered frequency (see fig. 38).

Here too, two PFM relays are required for a two-sided process.

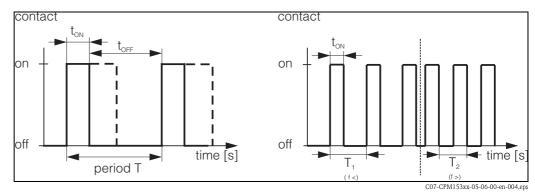


fig. 38: Left: pulse-width modulation (PWM)
Right: pulse-frequency modulation (PFM)

3. **Three PS** ("three-point step controller")

With the Mycom S, this type of control is only possible for one process side (acid or base). With two-sided processes, either PWM or PFM must be used for the other process side.

This type of actuator controller is intended for actuator drives (e.g. motor-driven valves, etc.) where a motor must be controlled directly. For this, two relays are required: one "+relay" which, by picking-up, opens the valve and one "-relay" which closes the valve. To set an actuating variable of, for example, 40% (valve 40% open), Mycom S requires the input of the time that the "+relay" must be picked up to completely open a completely closed valve (= "motor run time").



Note:

If using a driven valve, gate valve or similar, you must determine the motor run time, before beginning with the menu settings.

4. **Analogue** (via current output 2, 20 mA)

The current output can be used to output the analogue actuating variable for one or two-sided processes and cannot be combined with the method described above.

- With one-sided processes, the actuating variable range 0% ... 100% (or -100% ... 0%) is represented on the selected current range $(0 \dots 20 \text{ mA})$ or $4 \dots 20 \text{ mA}$). The output current is proportional to the actuating variable.
- With a two-sided process, the complete actuating variable range from −100% ... +100% is represented on the given current range. A actuating variable of 0% leads to a current of 10 mA (at 0 ... 20 mA) or 12 mA (at 4 .. 20 mA) (see fig. 39).



Note

With a two-sided process, make sure that the actuator is able to use this method (also known as "split range".

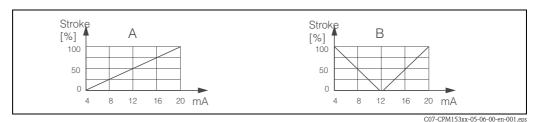


fig. 39: A: Stroke diagram for a control valve
B: Stroke diagram for two contrarotating control valves ("split range")

You can refer to the following selection aids to find the required hardware equipment level for your process. This selection is not complete. If you wish to use additional functions such as NAMUR or Chemoclean, please check to see if you require additional relays (NAMUR: Alarm relay + 2 relays; Chemoclean: 2 relays).

Process	Path	nline processes Dosing actuators	Requir		are equipm	nent
		bosing actuators	Circuits	Relay	Current inputs	Current outputs
1-sided control	rol	1 PWM	1	1	-	-
	1 1 1	1 PFM	1	1	_	-
_	not looking- ahead	1 three-PS without 1 PWM/PFM signal	1	2	-	-
		analogue	1	_	_	1

Selectio	n ald for on	lline processes Dosing actuators	Requir		are equipm	ent
1100633		Dooming dottdators	Circuits	Relay	Current inputs	Current outputs
		2 PWM	1	2	-	_
	·	2 PFM	1	2	_	_
2-sided control	not looking- ahead	1 three-PS without signal	1	3	-	-
		current output	1	=	_	1

Process	Dosing actuators	Required hardware equipment for control						
		Circuits	Relay	Current inputs	Current outputs			
	1 PWM	1	1	_	_			
	1 PFM	1	1	_	_			
1-sided	_ 1 three-PS _ without signal	1	2	-	-			
	Current output	1	_	_	1			
	2 PWM	1	2	_	_			
	2 PFM	1	2	_	_			
2-sided control	1 three-PS without signal	1	3	-	_			
	current output	Circuits Relay Current inputs Current outputs 1 1 - - 1 1 - - 1 1 - - 1 2 - - 1 2 - - 1 2 - - 1 2 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						

PWM = pulse length proportional PFM = pulse frequency proportional Three PS = three-point step controller

The controller in the CPM153:

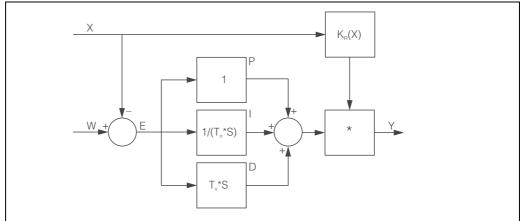
The CPM153 contains a PID controller which is specially adapted to the pH neutralisation process. It has the following features:

- Separate configuration of both process sides
- Simple adaptation to batch or inline processes
- Switching option between constant and range-dependent modulation gain.

Relating to the effect on the gain factor, a difference is made between two standard implementations:

- The factor $K_R(X)$ is the total gain (see fig. 40. This is implemented in the CPM153).
- The gain factor $K_P(X)$ is the purely proportional gain.

The following diagram shows the schematic structure of the CPM153 controller. To simplify the diagram, the Laplace transform of subfunctions is given.



C07-CPM153xx-05-06-xx-xx-001.eps

fig. 40: Schematic diagram of the CPM153controller with $K_R(X)$ as the total gain

X Actual value

W Set point

E Control difference

Y Set value

K_R Modulation gain (total gain)

 T_n Integral action time (I component)

 T_{v} Derivative action time (D component)

Range-dependent modulation gain

The majority of pH neutralisation processes are strongly non-linear (Example: titration curve). If you specify a strong base in portions to a fixed volume of a weak acid, the pH value changes. The change in pH value is, at the beginning, relatively small, larger in the area of the so-called equivalence point and then ever smaller.

In the following diagram, such a titration curve is represented for a weak acid with a strong base (y axis: pH value, x axis: added volume units of a strong base).

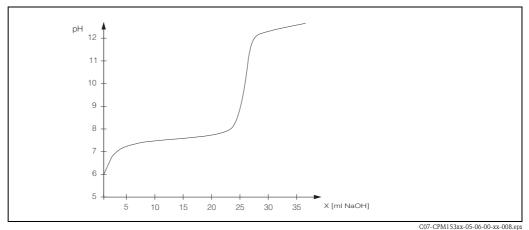


fig. 41: Schematic titration curve of a weak acid with a strong base.

C07-CPW153xx-05-00-00-xx-008.eps

For difficult neutralisations, the CPM153 controller gives you the option of partially compensating for the non-linearity by entering an inverse characteristic Y(X).

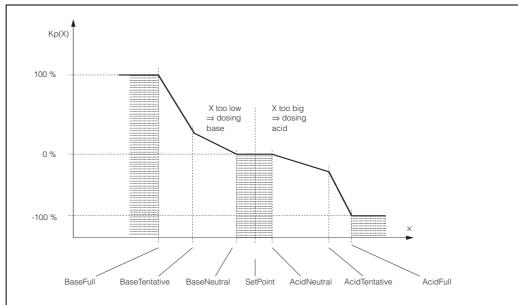


fig. 42: Diagram to describe the most important corner points for control

C07-CPM153xx-05-06-00-en-007.eps

With this characteristic, a reference set value is given to the controller for each pH value.

Neutral zone:

If the actual value (X) is within the neutral zone, dosing takes place as follows:

- Dosing does not take place for the Batch process type.
- Dosing does also not take place for the Inline process type without an I component (Tn=0).
- If the controller is configured as a PI or PID controller for the Inline type, it depends on the pH value history if dosing takes place or not.

Points of the characteristic:

For constant control gain ("linear characteristic"), you require:

- Set point W,
- Neutral zone
 - Two-sided: "Start of the neutral zone" and "End of neutral zone"
 - One-sided: only one of the two points

For range-dependent modulation gain ("segmented curve"), you require two-sided control of all the points.

A point usually consists of two coordinates: an x coordinate (here = pH value) and a y coordinate (here = set value). You only need to enter the y coordinates for the optimisation points. For the other points, the CPM153 sets the y coordinates itself.

However, you cannot change the sequence of these defined points. It is, for example, not possible to enter a larger pH value for the "Start of the neutral zone" than for the set point.

Configuring the CPM153

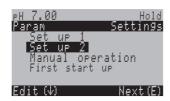
Configure the relays in the following sequence:

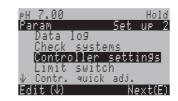
- 1. Actuators
- 2. Characteristic

In the user settings (see below) you switch directly to a controller simulation and you can check the settings made and change them if necessary.

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
	off on	Selection of controller settings Note! You must activate the controller settings after you have configured the controller in this menu branch.
pH 7.00 Hold Param Process batch 1-s. base batch 2-sided inline 1-s. base inline 1-s. base inline 1-s. base inline 1-s. base inline 1-s. base	batch 1-s. base batch 1-s. acid batch 2-sided inline 1-s. base inline 1-s. acid inline 2-sided	Select the process type, which describes your process. 1-s. = One-sided: control using either acid or base. Two-sided: control using acid and base. You can only select this function if you have defined two controllers (in the "Contacts" menu and/or via the current output).
	Type Characteristic	Select external hardware For correct operation, you must completely configure these four submenus. Type: here, you can select and configure the methods which the controller uses to output the set values. Characteristic: here, you enter the controller parameters (neutral zone, set point, etc.). With this selection, you can also reach the "active measuring menu" (see page 84).

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Type: With selection "one-sided":			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Control signal Pulse length Pulse frequency 3 point step controller Current output Edit[] Next[E]	Pulse length Pulse-frequency 3-point step controller Current output		Select control type
	+Relay -Relay Motor run time Xsd	n.c. n.c. 060.0s 04.0%	Relay selection (for three-point step controller) +Relay: Open the valve further (= increase dosing) -Relay: Close the valve further (= reduce dosing) Selection: n.c. (= not connected). After this, the relays which have been released in the Contacts menu are always offered as the default. Motor run time: The time the motor drive requires to move the valve from completely closed to completely open. The CPM153 requires this to be able to calculate the required pick-up time of the relay for any required position change. Xsd: Maximum differential gap between valve and position feedback. If the difference is greater than the edited value, it will be compensated by position changes. Note! If you cannot select a relay here, use the "Contacts" menu to make relays available for the controller function.
	Relay: max. pulse frequency	n.c. 120/min.	Relay selection (for pulse frequency) Relay: Relay selection max. pulse frequency: Input of the maximum pulse frequency. (Pulses with a higher frequency are not forwarded to the relay). (Maximum setting: 120 min ⁻¹)
	Relay: Period: t _E min:	n.c. 000.0 s 000.0 s	Relay selection (for pulse length) Relay: Relay selection Period: Period length T in seconds (Range 0.5 999.9 s) t _E min: Minimum switch-on period. (Shorter pulses are not forwarded to the relay thus going easy on the actuators).
	Current output 2 0 20 mA 4 20 mA		Current output 2 (for current output) Selection of the current range, which should be output at the current output.
	y=0% 0/4 mA 20 mA		Current output Assign the current value which corresponds to 100 % dosing medium provision.

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Type: With selection "two-sided":			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Control signal 1 output 2 outputs Edit[4] Next[E]	Dosing via: 1 output 2 outputs		Control: (This is only possible if you selected the continuous controller under current output 2.) 1 output: for control using the current output in the "split range" method. Control logics are required which can control two valves/pumps over one current input. 2 outputs: If the valves are controlled with two relays.
1 output:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param with current outp. 2 020 mA 420 mA Edit[4] Next[E]	via current output 2: 0 20 mA 4 20 mA		Current output Selection of the current range, which should be output at current output 2. The neutral position (= current value which the controller outputs when it is not dosing) is in the middle of the selected range. For 0 20 mA, the neutral position is at 10 mA, for 4 20 mA at 12 mA.
	100 % acid 0/4 mA 20 mA		Current output 2 Assign the current value, corresponding to 100 % of the acid dosing. Note! From the current value selection for the dosing of 100 % acid, you can derive the current ranges for acid/base dosing (see below, fig. 43) in the "split range" method.
			Stroke [%] 100 50 ac. bas. 4 8 12 16 20 mA C07-CPM153xx-05-06-00-en-005.eps
			fig. 43: Two-sided control over one current output
2 outputs:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Acid: Pulse length Base: Pulse length Select[↓+] Next[E]	Acid: Base:	I length I length	Dosing Dosing can be carried out using: PWM (= pulse length proportional), PFM (= pulse frequency proportional) or 1x Three-PS (= three-point step controller)
	+Relay -Relay Motor run time Xsd	n.c. n.c. 060.0s 04.0%	Acid dosing: Relay selection (for three-point step controller) Description see above
	Relay: max. pulse frequency	n.c. 120/min.	Acid dosing: Relay selection (for pulse frequency) Description see above
	Relay: Period: t _E min:	n.c. 000.0 s 000.0 s	Acid dosing: Relay selection (for pulse length) Description see above

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	+Relay -Relay Motor run time Xsd	n.c. n.c. 060.0s 04.0%	Base dosing: Relay selection (for three-point step controller) Description see above
	Relay: max. pulse frequency	n.c. 1/min.	Base dosing: Relay selection (for pulse frequency) Description see above
	Relay: Period: t _E min:	n.c. 000.0 s 000.0 s	Base dosing: Relay selection (for pulse length) Description see above
Characteristic:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Characteristic Linear Segmented Edit[↓] Next[E]	Linear Segmented		Characteristic type selection Linear: corresponds to a constant control gain. Segmented: corresponds to a range-dependent control gain.
			$\begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Values for linear curve (constant control gain)} \\ \textbf{Start neut. (Start neutral zone)} \\ \textbf{End neutra. (End neutral zone)} \\ \textbf{Control point: the value which should be set.} \\ \textbf{K}_R \ 1 \ (only \ with \ base \ dosing): modulation gain for \ base \ dosing \\ \textbf{K}_R \ 2 \ (only \ with \ acid \ dosing): modulation gain for \ acid \ dosing \\ \end{tabular}$
	Start neut End neutra Control po. O.pnt. X1 O. pnt.Y1 O.pnt. X2 O. pnt.Y2 Control po.1 Control po. 2	06.50pH 07.50pH 07.00pH 05.00pH 00.20pH 09.00pH -00.20pH 02.00pH 12.00pH	Values for segmented curve (range-dependent control gain) Start. neut. (Start neutral zone) End neutra (End neutral zone) Control po. (control point): the value which should be set. O.pnt 1 and 2 (optimisation point): entry with x and y coordinates Control po. 1 (control point): The dosing is 100% base for measuring values < control point. Control po. 2 (control point): The dosing is 100% acid for measuring values > control point.
	Slow process Standard process Fast process User settings		Select process character (linear characteristic only) If you have no experience in setting parameters, these defaults slow /standard / fast process are intended as an aid to adapt the controller behaviour to the process. Select a default and use the "controller simulation" (see below) to check if these settings are suitable for your process. Enter all the characteristic values yourself with the user settings.
	$\begin{array}{l} K_R \ 1 = \\ K_R \ 2 = \\ \text{Tn } 1 = \\ \text{Tn } 2 = \\ \text{Tv } 1 = \\ \text{Tv } 2 = \\ \end{array}$		Characteristic values for user settings: $(K_R \ 1 \ \text{and} \ K_R \ 2 \ \text{only with linear characteristic; index} \ 1 \ \text{only for base dosing, index} \ 2 \ \text{only for acid dosing)}$ $K_R \ 1: \ \text{modulation gain for base dosing}$ $K_R \ 2: \ \text{modulation gain for acid dosing}$ $Tn: \ \text{integral action time}$ $Tv: \ \text{derivative action time}$
	Simulation off on		Selection controller simulation Here, you can switch a configuration loop on or off. The hold is removed with an active controller simulation. Simulation on: The characteristic values entered in the previous field are used in the next field to simulate the controller behaviour. off: Press "E" to leave the controller simulation.

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
	Function: auto Set: 07.00p act.: 07.00p y: 000 %	, ,



Note!

- To best adapt the controller parameters to the process, we recommend the following:
- 1. Set the values for the controller parameters (field "Characteristic values for user settings").
- 2. Deflect process.

 Field "Active measuring menu": set function to "manual" and enter a set value. Using the actual value, you can observe how the process is deflected.
- 3. Switch the function to "auto". Now you can observe how the controller returns the actual value to the set point.
- 4. If you want to set other parameters, press the "Enter" key and you will return to field "Characteristic values for user settings". During this time, the controller continues to run in the background. If you have made your settings, press the "Enter" key again to return to field "Selection controller simulation". There, you can continue or exit the simulation.
- Only exit the controller simulation in field "Selection controller simulation" with "Simulation off". Otherwise, the simulation will continue to run in the background.

7.6.14 Set up 2 – Limit switch

The transmitter CPM153 has several possibilities for assigning a relay contact. The limit contactor can be assigned to a switch-on and switch-off point, as well as a pickup and dropout delay. In addition, an error message can be generated when an alarm threshold is set. You can trigger cleaning in connection with this error message (see Error/Contact Assignment, page 63). These functions can be used for both, pH/redox and temperature measurement.

The contact states of any relay or fault signalling contact are illustrated in fig. 44:

With increasing measured values, switch-on point > switch-off point:

- The relay contact closes after the switch-on point t_1 is exceeded and the pickup delay $(t_2 t_1)$ expires.
- When the alarm threshold t_3 is reached and the alarm delay $(t_4 t_3)$ has expired, the fault signalling contact switches.
- With falling measured values, the fault signalling contact reopens when the alarm threshold is undershot at t₅. The corresponding error message is deleted.
- The relay contact opens again after the switch-off point is reached at t_6 and the dropout delay has elapsed $(t_7 t_6)$.

With falling measured values, switch-on point < switch-off point:

- The relay contact closes after the measured values have fallen below the switch-on point t_1 and the pickup delay has expired $(t_2 t_1)$.
- When the alarm threshold t_3 is reached and the alarm delay $(t_4 t_3)$ has expired, the fault signal-ling contact switches.
- With increasing measured values, the fault signalling contact reopens when the alarm threshold
 t₅ is exceeded. The corresponding error message is deleted.
- The relay contact opens again after the switch-off point has been reached at t_6 and the dropout delay has elapsed ($t_7 t_6$).

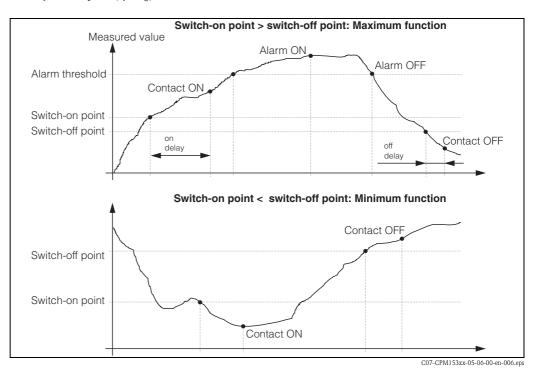


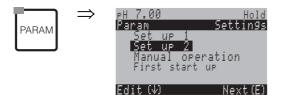
fig. 44: Diagram of the relationship between switch-on and switch-off points and on and off delay



Note!

If the pickup and dropout delays are set to 0 s, the switch-on and switch-off points are the switching points of the contacts.

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:





CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO				
pH 7.00 Hold Param Selection Limit switch 1 Limit switch 2 Limit switch 3 Limit switch 4 Limit switch 5 Edit[\$\daggergar{1}\$] Next[E]	Limit switch 1 Limit switch 2 Limit switch 3 Limit switch 4 Limit switch 5		Selection of the limit switch which you wish to configure. There are five limit switches available.			
Limit switch 1 / 2 / 3 / 4 / 5:						
pH 7.00 Hold Param Configuration Function: off Assign pH/mV Input 1 On value: 16.00 pH Off value: 16.00 pH Select[↓+] Next[E]	Function Assign On value On value Off pH/Redox pH 16.00 (1500 mV/ 100%/150°C) Off value pH 16.00 (1500 mV/ 100%/150°C)		Limit switch configuration: Function: activation of function as limit switch Assignment: Selection of the measured value to which the limit value (pH/redox, temperature) is assigned. On point: Entry of the value at which the limit value function is activated. Off point: Entry of the value at which the limit value function is deactivated. (Settable range: pH –2.00 16.00 / –1500 mV +1500 mV / 0 100% / –50 +150°C)			
	On delay Off delay Alarm limit	0000 s 0000 s pH 16.00 (150°C)	Limit switch configuration: On delay: Entry of the switch-on delay (Range 0 2000 s) Off delay: Entry of the switch-off delay (Range 0 2000 s) Alarm limit: Entry of the value (alarm threshold) at which the fault signalling contact switches.			

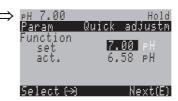
7.6.15 Set up 2 - Controller quick adjustment

In this menu, you can adjust the controller setpoint. To enter the menu, proceed as follows:









7.6.16 Set up 2 – Topcal S

The cleaning and calibration processes and cleaning/calibration control are set in this menu:

Setting up the programme

Select the appropriate cleaning/calibration programme for your measuring point from the stored programmes in the instrument. You can freely adapt the cleaning or calibration programmes to your requirements or deactivate them as necessary (e.g. the programme steps water, cleaner, buffer solution, additional valve control, number of repeats and step sequence). Moreover, it is possible to configure specially adapted user programmes.

Control of cleaning and calibration programmes

You can choose between the following control types:

- Automatic: Weekly programme that automatically starts the selected cleaning / calibration programme at every week day. You can freely select between the cleaning and calibration programmes.
- Cleaning: Selection of the cleaning or calibration programme that is started in the event of an SCS alarm (see »Set up 2 Check systems« on page 73) or an error message that has been configured accordingly.
- Power failure programme: Selection of the cleaning or calibration programme that is automatically started after a failure of the power supply or the communication.
- External control: Programmes can be started via an external process control system. The start is triggered by a 3-bit signal. For the binary coding of individual programmes, see the table on page 90.

To configure an externally controlled programme, select it in the automatic control types and set the desired values for water, cleaning agent, buffer solution, etc.

For electrical connection of the binary coding, see the section »Connecting external inputs (PCS to CPG300) and outputs (CPG300 to PCS)« on page 26.

Activating the control types

To activate a control type for cleaning and calibration programmes, select "PARAM > Setup 2 > Topcal > Activate Topcal" and set the desired control type to "on".

Programme editor

User programme: You can configure your specific cleaning programme in the programme editor.

Selecting the programme

You have a choice of eight cleaning and calibration programmes in total (see function overview).

■ Clean, Clean C:

These programmes are permanently assigned to one function. The cleaning times or repeat cycles are freely adjustable. You can select and configure these programmes within all control types. Note that the cleaning times, repeat cycles, etc. of these programmes are used for all control types. The settings for Clean are also taken over for the Clean Int. programme.

You can start these programmes manually (see »Manual operation« on page 103).

■ Clean S, Clean CS:

These programmes are only available when you are using a Topcal S version with control for external valves. They are permanently assign to one function. The cleaning times or repeat cycles are freely adjustable. You can select and configure these programmes within all control types. Note that the cleaning times, repeat cycles, etc. of these programmes are used for all control types. You can also start these programmes manually (see »Manual operation« on page 103).

■ Programmes User 1/2/3:

The user programmes allow you to define the programme sequence freely. A simple way of programming is to copy predefined programmes to user programmes and adapt them.

To configure these programmes, enter the programme editor and proceed as follows:

- 1. Edit the programme.
- 2. Configure the programme.
- 3. Release the programme.

After having released the programme, you can select it within all control types or start it manually.

> If you have activated the validation function, you can copy the programmes Val. P1, Val. P2 or Val. P1/P2 to the user programmes. For activation of the validation, see »Set up 1 - Validation function Topcal« on page 71.

■ Clean Int:

This programme for interval cleaning is permanently assigned to one function. Cleaning times and repeat cycles are freely adjustable.

You can select and configure Clean Int. only within the "Automatic" control type.

Note that the cleaning times, repeat cycles, etc. that you set here are taken over for all weekdays and for the Clean programme.

Interval cleaning allows you to define cleaning intervals for a given period of time (max. 1 day). In practical life, two different operating modes are used, interval measuring and interval cleaning:

- In case of interval cleaning, the sensor is mainly in measuring position. It is cleaned at specified intervals.
- In case of interval measuring, the sensor is mainly in service position (aggressive media). It is moved into the process into measuring position at specified intervals. If the sensor remains in service position for a long time, i.e. you have defined a long integral action time, set the "Air" to 0 sec to prevent the sensor from drying in.

Examples for programme sequences

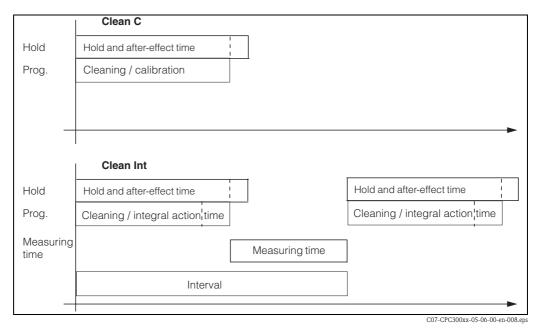


fig. 45: Example for the programme sequence of "Clean C" and "Clean Int".

■ Clean Int runs from 08:00 ... 12:00 at an interval (programme time + measuring time + integral action time) of 10 minutes.

This means cleaning is started every 10 minutes: 08:00, 08:10, etc.

The last cycle is started at 11:50.

■ Clean Int runs from 08:00 ... 11:00 at an interval of 50 minutes.

This means cleaning is started every 50 minutes: 08:00, 08:50, 09:40.

The last cycle is started at 09:40. The cycle due at 10:30 cannot be started because it would be finished after the set end time at 11:20.

■ Combination of Clean Int and calibration:

Select the desired weekday in the "Automatic".

Clean Int. runs from 0:00 ... 8:00.

Clean C starts at 08:15.

Clean Int. runs again from 08:30 ... 23:59.

Aborting the programme

A programme (Clean, Clean C, Clean S, Clean CS) is completed once it is started (safety concept). During this time, no other programmes can be started.

The service switch at the front door of the CPG300 is of highest priority. Switching to "Service!" interrupts even running programmes.

The programme Clean Int. can be interrupted by a steady signal at the digital input "Automatic stop". For this, the assembly must be in "Measure" position. When the signal at the binary input is stopped, the Clean Int. programme is continued.



Note!

- Refer to the appendix for a wiring example of an external cleaning trigger (see page 173).
- You can select the control for one or two external additional valves for your device under Order Code item "External valve control".
- The "Sterilisation" and "Sealing water" functions are **only** released on devices fitted with a control function for additional external valves.
- You can use additional external valves as required in the freely definable user programmes; for example, for superheated steam, a second cleaner, cooling air, organic cleaner etc.

Function overview of cleaning and calibration programmes

Function \rightarrow Programme	Cleaning	Calibration	Sterilisa- tion*	Sealing water*	Steril. and seal. wat.*	Contro	ol via binary c	ontacts	
↓ Togramme			tion	water	sear. wat.	bin. 0	bin. 1	bin. 2	
						Term. 81/82	Term. 83/84	Term. 85/86	
Clean (= cleaning)	1	_	_	Control for 1 valve required	_	1	0	0	
Clean C (= cleaning + calibration)	1	1	_	Control for 1 valve required	_	0	0 1		
Clean S (= cleaning + sterilisation)	1	-	Control for 1 valve required	_	Control for 2 valves required	0 0		1	
Clean CS (= cleaning + calibration + ste- rilisation	✓	1	Control for 1 valve required	-	Control for 2 valves required	1	1	0	
Clean Int (= cleaning interval)	1	_	-	Control for 1 valve required	Control for 2 valves required	Programme cannot be started externally.			
User 1 (selectable)	1	1	II. to 2 dditions	1		1	0	1	
User 2 (selectable)	1	1	required, e.g. for 2nd cleaner, cool		ı, organic cleaner,	0	1	1	
User 3 (selectable)	1	1		, .		1	1	1	



Note!

- "1" = Apply a voltage of 10 ... 40 V (duration approx. 400 mS) to contacts bin 0 ... bin 2 (terminals 81 ... 86). For non-Ex instruments this auxiliary energy can be taken from the 15 V auxiliary power supply of the Mycom S CPM153.
- "0" = 0 V
- *The functions "sterilisation" and "sealing water" are **only** available for device versions with external valve control.

Standard programme flow

	Clean			Clean Int.			Clean C			Clean S		Clean CS		
01	Assembly Ser	rvice	01	Assembly Ser	vice	01	Assembly Se	ervice	01	Assembly Se	rvice	01	Assembly Ser	vice
02	Water	30s	02	Water	30s	02	Water	30s	02	Steam	1200s	02	Water	30s
03	Cleaner	15x	03	Cleaner	15x	03	Cleaner	15x	03	Wait	600s	03	Cleaner	15x
04	Wait	30s	04	Wait	30s	04	Wait	30s	04	Repeat ste- rilis.	0x	04	Wait	30s
05	Water	30s	05	Water	30s	05	Water	30s	05	Assembly Meas.		05	Water	30s
06	Air	20s	07	Air	20s	06	Air	20s	06			06	Air	20s
07	Repeat Clean.	0x	08	Repeat Clean.	0x	07	Repeat Clean.	0x	07	Prog. time:		07	Repeat Clean.	0x
08	Assembly Meas.		09	Assembly Meas.		08	Cal. buffer 1	15x	08			08	Cal. buffer 1	15x
09			10			09	Water	30s	09			09	Water	30s
10	Prog. time:		11	Prog. time:		10	Air	20s	10			10	Air	20s
11			12	Meas. time	10s	11	Cal. buffer 2	15x	11			11	Cal. buffer 2	15x
12			13	Integral action time	10s	12	Water	30s	12			12	Water	30s
13			14			13	Air	20s	13			13	Air	20s
14			15	Interval	230	14	Assembly Meas.		14			14	Steam	1200s
15			16			15			15			15	Wait	600s
16			17			16	Prog. time:		16			16	Repeat ste- rilisation	0x
17			18			17			17			17	Assembly Meas.	
18			19			18			18			18		
19			20			19			19			19	Prog. time:	

Optional programmes

	Jser 1 - User 3		Redox			Val. P1			Val. P2			Val. P1/2	
01		01	Assembly Service		01	Assembly Service		01	Assembly Service		01	Assembly Service	
02		02	Water	30s	02	Water	30s	02	Water	30s	02	Water	30s
03		03	Cleaner	15x	03	Cleaner	15x	03	Cleaner	15x	03	Cleaner	15x
04		04	Wait	30s	04	Wait	30s	04	Wait	30s	04	Wait	30s
05		05	Water	30s	05	Water	30s	05	Water	30s	05	Water	30s
06		06	Air	20s	06	Air	20s	06	Air	20s	06	Air	20s
07		07	Repeat Clean.	0x	07	Back to 1	۸	07	Back to 1	0x	07	Back to 1	0x
08		08	Cal. buffer 1	15x	08	Buffer 1	15x	08	Buffer 2	15x	08	Buffer 1	15x
09		09	Water	30s	09	Val. Buffer 1		09	Val. Buffer 2		09	Val. Buffer 1	
10		10	Air	20s	10	Water	30s	10	Water	30s	10	Water	30s
11		11	Assembly Meas.	15x	11	Air	20s	11	Air	20s	11	Air	20s
12		12		30s	12	Assembly Meas.		12	Assembly Meas.		12	Buffer 2	
13		13	Prog. time:	20s	13		354s	13		354s	13	Val. Buffer 2	
14		14			14	Prog.time		14	Prog.time		14	Water	30s
15		15			15			15			15	Air	20s
16		16			16			16			16	Assembly Meas.	
17		17			17			17			17		
18	(up to 25 programme	18			18			18			18	Prog.time	354s
19	steps possible)	19			19			19			19		



Note!

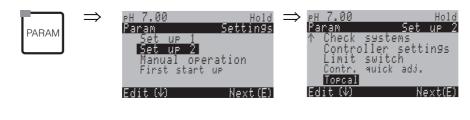
 $\mbox{{\sc *}In}$ redox operating mode, only "User 2" and "User 3" programmes are available.

Programmes in Redox operating mode

In Redox operating mode, calibration is not possible with the calibration programmes Clean C and Clean CS. Instead, you can use the programme "Redox Cal." in User programme 1. For the Redox Cal. programme sequence, see the table above.

Configuration menu for Topcal cleaning and calibration programmes

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:



CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Topcal Set up Topcal Activate Topcal Edit(√) Next(E)	Set up Topcal Activate Topcal		Selection Configuration = create/edit a Topcal S programme Activation = Switch on/off Topcal S functions
Set up Topcal:			1
pH 7.00 Hold Param Status Automatic off Clean trigger off Ext. control off Next[E]	Automatic Cleaning Ext. Control	off off off	Note in display: Displays the current system status Note! The following three fields can only be edited if all the functions are switched off here and the external valve control option is available.
	Valve V1 Valve V2		Assignment of additional valves (if available) You can assign various functions to the additional valves: Sterilisation, sealing water or user-defined (user programme). Sealing water: If you have activated the sealing water function, you can use it with every assembly move (see user programme, page 95). Note! For device versions with control for one external valve, two valves are displayed, but you can only edit the first valve. If you change the function of the additional valves, sterilisation or sealing water is no longer available in the set programmes accordingly. If you have changed the valve functions, you have to check the assignment in the user programmes.
	Valve 1 (09; AZ)		Enter valve name 1 Enter 8 character name for valve 1. Note! This field is only displayed if you have assigned the "User" function to valve 1 in the previous field.
	NA4 Valve 2 (09; AZ)		Enter valve name 2 Enter 8 character name for valve 2. Note! This field is only displayed if you have assigned the "User" function to valve 2 in the field "Assignment of additional valves" above.

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	Automatic Cleaning Power failure programme User programme		Select function of the cleaning system
Automatic:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Automatic [Monday 1] Tuesday 2 Wednesday 0 Thursday 0 ↓Friday 0 Edit[↓] Next[E]	Monday Tuesday Sunday	1 2 0	Weekday selection menu Select cleaning day. The number of cleaning triggers for the day is shown after each day.
	Edit day? Copy day?		Select day function Edit day: You can edit the function for this day. Copy day: The selected day is copied to the day selected in the following menu.
Edit day:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Edit Monday 1 Clean 18:22 18:23 2 Clean S 05:00 05:10 \$\$\sqrt{3}\$\$ Clean Int. Select[\$\$\display\$] Edit Prog[E]	01 Clean 18:22 18:23 02 Clean S: 05:00 05:10 03 Clean Int.: 18:22 18:54 04 no progr.		View/edit day programme You can see the complete daily programme or "No Progr.". You can overwrite the option and also the already set programmes by making a new selection. The start and finish times are always displayed. Example: Clean 18:22 (start time) 18:23 (finish time) User prog.: use of a programme you created (see Programme Editor, p. 95) Note! You can set up to 10 programme starts per day.
	01 Water 02 Cleaner 03 Water 04 Rep. cleaning Prog. time:	0 s 30 s 30 s 0x	Select programme blocks The times for individual programme steps can be adjusted here. To select a block for editing, press "E". Rep. cleaning: Number of repeats The overall programme time is automatically calculated from the individual steps and displayed. Note! Leave this selection by pressing "PARAM".
	Sealing water	on	Sealing water: Switch on or off Note! You can insert this programme step in the first line of the day programme only. You can select this function only if the valve has been defined in the field "Assignment of additional valves" (page 93).
	0010 s (0 9999 s)		Air / superheated steam / wait / water: Enter the time during which the valve remains open to allow the conveyance of air, superheated steam, etc.

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
	02 (0 99)	Buffer 1 / buffer 2 / cleaner: Enter number of strokes required to convey buffer/cleaner. Note! Please note that you must determine the required stroke rate of your system in advance. To do so, see chapter Commissioning (page 51) or the "DIAG" menu (page 112).
	Repeat x number of times 00 (0 10)	Repeat cleaning How often should the previous step (cleaner or water) be repeated?
Copy day:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param ? = Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday \$\sqrt{Saturday}\$ Edit [\$\delta\$] Next[E]	Tuesday Wednesday Sunday	? = Monday Select day, to which you want to copy Monday (example). Note! Danger of data loss. When copying one day to another, the cleaning programmes of the target day are overwritten. Leave this selection by pressing "PARAM".
Cleaning:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param Cleaning no. prog. Clean Clean Clean C Clean S \$\subseteq Clean CS Edit[\$\delta\$] Next[E]	no progr. Clean Clean C Clean CS	Select a programme to be started in the case of soiling or blocking of the electrode.
Power failure programme:		
pH 7.00 Hold Faram PwrFail prg. After power failure or communication failure back up program will be started Next[E]		Note in display (no entry)
	Clean Clean C Clean CS 	Select a programme which will be launched if the power supply or the communication fails.
User programme: (Programme editor)		'
pH 7.00 Hold Param User prog. User prog. 1 User prog. 3 User prog. 3	User prog. 1 User prog. 2 User prog. 3	Select user programme (only Topcal S) With Topcal S, you have three user programmes available. (With Chemoclean there is one user programme available.)

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	Edit Insert programme Configure Enable Disable Rename		Select edit function Insert programme: An installed programme (e.g. Clean) can be inserted into the user programme. Note! After a programme is disabled, it can be reenabled at any time. Leave this item by pressing "PARAM". If you edited a programme for the first time, you have to configure it at least once so that you can enable/disable it.
Edit:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Select line 01 02 03 04 ↓05 Select [↓] EditLine[E]	01 02 		Select rows The row with the selected position number can be edited with "E". Note! Leave this selection by pressing "PARAM".
pH 7.00 Hold Param Selected line edit insert move to delete Edit[] Next [E]	Edit Insert Move to Delete		Select the edit function for the selected block Change: The function is changed for the selected position Insert: A new block is inserted before the highlighted position. Move to: The highlighted function is moved to a different position. Delete: The highlighted function is deleted (there is no query whether you really want to delete!)
Edit/insert:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Select Sealing water off Assembly measuring Assembly service Cleaner Water Edit[↓] Next[E]	Sealing water Assembly meas. Assembly service Cleaner Water Wait	off	Select function Selection for Topcal S: Sealing water, assembly measuring, assembly service, cleaner, water, wait, back to, air, cal. buffer 1, cal. buffer 2, buffer 1, buffer 2, hold on, hold off. Selection for Chemoclean: Water, cleaner, valve 1 open, valve 1 closed, valve 2 open, valve 2 closed, Hold on, Hold off, wait, back to. Back to: You can create a programme loop with this function (for repeats). Enter the line where you want to go back. Hold on/off: With "assembly service" a Hold is set. You can set a Hold with the function "Hold on" individually. Note! If you use an ISFET sensor, please pay attention to the special features for measurement with glass-free IsFET sensors (see page 46). Sealing water can be switched on or off in the "Configure" menu only.
Move to:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param New position Water Cleaner ### Edit[Next [E]	(Displays blocks as list) 01 Water 02 Cleaner 03 Wait		Select rows You move the function selected in the first field "Select rows" to the highlighted position. Note! This overwrites the highlighted function.

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
,		
Insert template:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param User prog. =	User prog. = ? no prog. Clean Clean S	Select the template you want to copy to the user programme.
Configure:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param User prog. Sealing water off 01 Water 0x 02 Cleaner 0x 03 Wait 0s \$\sqrt{05}\$ Select[\$\sqrt{1}\$ EditLine[E]	Sealing water 01 Water 02 Cleaner 03 Wait	Configuring the selected programme blocks Select the line which you want to configure. Sealing water: If you activate the sealing water function in this programme, sealing water will be delivered to the rinse chamber of the assembly with every assembly move. Sealing water transport starts one second before moving the assembly to the maintenance position. Cleaner / Water / Cal. buffer 1, 2 / Buffer 1, 2: Edit number of strokes of the medium transport. Wait: Enter waiting time. back to: Enter number of repeating the programme loop. Compressed air: Enter the duration of air flow.
Enable programme:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param User prog. Program will be activated Local Param Next [E]	Programme is enabled	Note in display (no entry): The created/edited programme is enabled.
	User prog. (09; AZ)	Change name 9-character name for your user programme, freely selectable.
Disable programme		
pH 7.00 Hold Param User prog. Do you want to lock the program \$\delta\$ Esc [PARAM] Next [E]	Do you want to disable the programme?	Ouery Pressing (= Continue) disables the programme. Pressing "PARAM" (= Cancel) takes you back without disabling the programme.
	The programme was disabled.	Note in display (no entry)
Rename programme:		
pH 7.00 Hold Param Change name Userprog.	User prog. (09; AZ)	Change name 9-character name for your user programme, freely selectable.

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Activate Topcal S:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Contr. progr. Automatic off Ext. control off Clean trigger off Power reset off Select[+] Next[E]	Automatic Cleaning Power failure progr. User programme	off off off off	Select control levels Activation of functions for Topcal S, through which a programme is started.
	Automatic Cleaning Power failure progr. User programme	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status

7.6.17 Set up 2 – Chemoclean

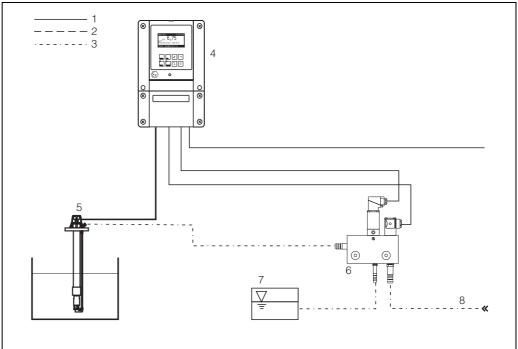
Chemoclean $^{\textcircled{8}}$ is used in a manual system (without Topcal S) to automatically clean pH/redox electrodes in suspended or flow assemblies with a spray system. Water and cleaner is conveyed to the electrode by means of an injector (e.g. CYR 10).

Use with Topcal S

Chemoclean $^{\textcircled{8}}$ is a standard function in the Mycom S and can be used in conjunction with the Topcal S. The two contacts in the Mycom S can be started

- externally, via a binary input in the Mycom S either
- in a weekly pattern (Automatic)
- in manual operation.

The two contacts can be flexibly adapted to individual cleaning sequences with a user-defined programme.



C07-CPM153xx-00-06-00-xx-001 e

fig. 46: Depiction of the Chemoclean function in combination with Mycom S CPM153 1: Electric line

- 2: Compressed air
- 3: Water/cleaning fluid
- 4: CPM153 transmitter
- 5: Immersion assembly
- 6: Injector CYR 10
- 7: Cleaning fluid
- 8: Motive water

Operation:

- 1. Activate the Chemoclean[®] function in the menu "Set up 1" → "Relays" (see page 59) and connect the appropriate contacts to the injector (see connection example on page 155).
- 2. Configure the cleaning processes in the Chemoclean menu. Here, you can adapt the automatic or event-controlled cleaning to the process conditions. One or more of the following controls are possible:
 - Automatic (see below): any number of cleanings can be started on each weekday
 - External control: a start can be triggered via the digital input. For this, activate external control in field "Select Control Levels": Ext. control "on"
 - Cleaning: Cleaning is carried out when an SCS alarm occurs (see also "Set up 2" → "Check systems")
 - Power failure: cleaning is started after a power failure.
- 3. When a cleaning programm is started, hold is automatically activated.

Manual operation:

Rapid on-site cleaning can be carried out with the menu:
"PARAM" → "Manual operation" → "Chemoclean" → press □ 2 x ("Start cleaning")

Automatic:

"PARAM" → "Set up 2" → "Chemoclean":

Each day can be programmed individually. The following programmes are available

- "Clean": Cleaning trigger by entering the start time
- "Clean Int": Cleaning is carried out at intervals with a defined spacing (see fig. 47). This programme cannot be started directly via the binary inputs.
- "User": User-defined cleaning programmes (create in Programme Editor; see page 95).

Programme sequences (cleaning example)

Monday:

2~x cleaning (at 11:00 and at 18:00) with 120~s. water, of which 60~s. additionally with cleaner. Clean every 30~mins. between 18:20~and~24:00~(=1800~s.) with 120~s. water, of which 60~s. additionally with cleaner.

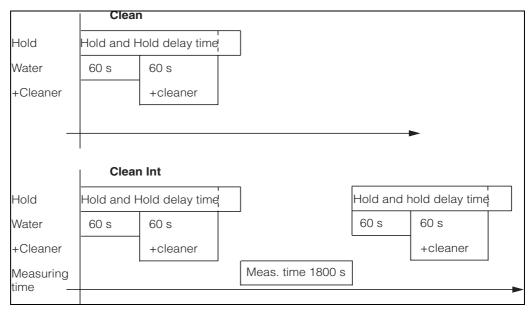


fig. 47: Graphic representation of the above cleaning example

Required settings according to the example

(**bold**: to be set by user):

Field "Edit day"		Field "Select progra (with "Clean")	nmme blocks"	Field "Select programme blocks" (with "Clean Int")		
Clean		01 Water	60 s	01 Water	60 s	
11:00	11:02	02 +Cleaner	60s	02 +Cleaner	60s	
Clean		03 Water	0s	03 Water	0s	
18:00	18:02	04 Rep. Clean.	0x	Meas. time	1800s	
Clean Int						
18:20	24:00					

In this way, each day can be programmed (or copied) individually.

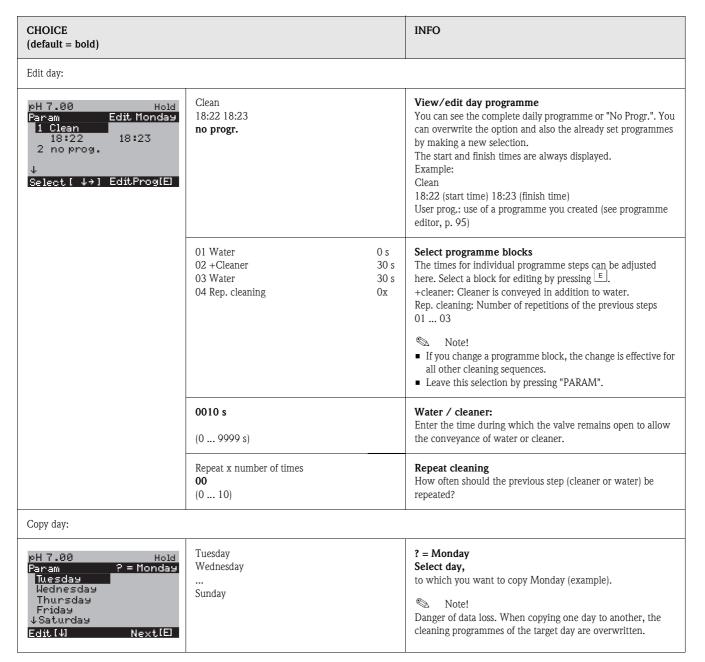
To enter the menu, proceed as follows:







CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
pH 7.00 Hold Param Contr. progr. Automatic off Clean trigger off Ext. control off Select [4+] Next[E]	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. Control	off off off	Select control levels Select the function which will trigger Chemoclean cleaning.
	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. Control	off off off	Note in display: Displays the current system status.
pH 7.00 Hold Param Set up menu Automatic User prog. Edit[↓] Next[E]	Automatic User prog.		Select the configuration menu Automatic: Select only with "weekly programme on" User programme: Here you create customer-specific programmes using the Programme Editor (see Programme Editor, p. 95).
Automatic:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Automatic Monday 1 Tuesday 2 Wednesday 0 Thursday 0 Friday 0 Edit[↓] Next[E]	Monday Tuesday Sunday	0 0 0	Weekday selection menu Select cleaning day. The number of cleaning triggers for the day is shown after each day.
	Edit day? Copy day?		Select day function Edit day: You edit the cleaning sequence for this day. Copy day: The day selected in the previous field is copied to the day selected in the field below.





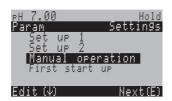
Note!

User prog.: To edit the user programmes, refer to the **programme editor** on page 95.

7.6.18 Manual operation

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:





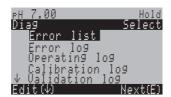
CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
PH 7.00 Hold Param Manual operation Hold Topcal Chemoclean Edit (V) Next(E)	HOLD Topcal S Chemoclean		Select manual operation Note! ■ Leave the manual operation menu by pressing "PARAM", "DIAG" or "MEAS". ■ The settings are only active in this menu. Nothing is saved when you leave.
HOLD:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Manual operat. HOLD off HOLD on Edit[↓] Next[E]	HOLD off HOLD on		Manual operation Activate / deactivate hold The "HOLD" function freezes the current outputs as soon as cleaning/calibration is undertaken. When you activate the hold, a stylised hand is shown in the left top of the display as a sign for manual operation. Note! If the controller function lies on current output 2, it behaves as defined in "controller hold" (see page 64).
Topcal S:			
	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status
pH 7.00 Hold Param Topcal Retract assembly Start program Stop program Edit[↓] Next[E]	Retract assembly Start prog. Stop prog.		Selection You can move the assembly manually or start/stop a programme.
Retract assembly:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Ass. position Assembly Service Assembly Measuring Edit[↓] Next[E]	Ass. service Ass. measuring		Select position into which the assembly should move.
	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Start programme:			
pH 7.00 Hold Param Program no. Prog. Clean Clean C Clean S ↓Clean CS Edit[↓] Next[E]	no prog. Clean Clean S 		Select programme If a programme is already running and you start another one, this is only started after the previous programme has finished.
	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. control Clean running Water Cleaner	off off off 10 s 2x	Note in display (no entry): System status: Displays the running programme with the remaining time for water, cleaner, etc.
Stop programme:			
	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status The running programme is stopped.
Chemoclean:			1
	Automatic Cleaning trigger Ext. control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status
pH 7.00 Hold Param Cleaning No prog. Clean Edit[4] Next[E]	No Prog. Clean		Chemoclean cleaning Start / abort. Here, each external programme start is suppressed. Once a programme is started it cannot be stopped. Note! Leave this menu item by pressing "PARAM".

7.6.19 Diagnosis

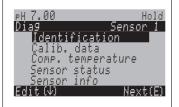
To enter the menu, proceed as follows:





CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
	Error list Error log Operating log Calibration log Validate log Ext. sensor data (digital sensors with Memosens technology) Service	Error list: Displays the currently active errors. (Complete error list with description see page 127) Error log: Lists the last 30 signalled errors with date and time. Operating log (service code necessary): Lists the last 30 registered operating steps with date and time. Calibration log: Lists the last 30 calibrations with date and time. You can use the right arrow key to obtain further details on the calibration. Validate log: Lists the last 30 Topcal validations. Ext. sensor data: Lists the data stored in the digital sensor e.g. sensor identification, calibration data, operating hours etc. Note! Use the arrow keys to scroll through the lists. Leave the lists by pressing
Calibration log		
PH 7.00 Hold Diag Cal. log 01 1 Enter spec. buffer Zeropoint: 7.00pH Slpe: 59.16 mV/PH El.condit:9ood 01.11.03 12.00 Select(N→) Next(E)	1 Enter spec. buffer Zero point Slpe El. condit. <date> <time></time></date>	Displays the used calibration method. Displays the zero point calculated during calibration. Displays the slope calculated during calibration. Displays the state of the electrode. Displays calibration date and time
If you are using a digital sensor with N	Memosens technology, the following data are displayed when	n you press →:
pH 7.00 Hold Dia9 Cal. log 01 SN: Sensor chan9e date 25.10.03 17.23 Select(N→) Next(E)	SN Sensor change date <date> <time></time></date>	Displays the serial number of the calibrated sensor. Displays date and time when the sensor was changed.

when you select "Ext. sensor data", the transmitter indicates that the sensor data are read from the sensor. When reading is finished, the display automatically switches to the next menu point. If it does not switch automatically, you can display former sensor data by pressing or return to measuring mode by pressing sensor.



Identification

Calib. data Comp. temperature Sensor status Sensor info

Display of all data stored in the digital sensor

Note Note

External sensor data can only be displayed for digital sensors with Memosens technology.

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
Identification		
eH 7.00 Hold Dias Identification ID: SW ID: 0 HW version: SW version: Next(E)	ID SW ID HW version SW version	ID: Displays the module ID of the digital sensor. SW ID: Displays the software ID of the digital sensor. HW version: Displays the hardware version of the digital sensor. SW version: Displays the software version of the digital sensor.
	Check date SAP SN	Check date: Displays the date of the sensor's factory inspection. SAP: Displays the SAP number of the sensor. SN: Displays the serial number of sensor electronics.
Calibration data		
PH 7.00 Hold Diag Calib data Slpe(mV/pH): 59.16 Isoth. point PH: 07.00 mV: 0.000 C-ZeroPnt (pH): 07.00 Next(E)	Sipe [mV/pH] Isoth. point - pH - mV C-ZeroPnt [pH]	Slope: Displays the slope of the digital sensor. Isoth. point: Displays the mV and pH components of the isothermic intersection point. Chain zero point: Displays the chain zero point of the digital sensor.
	Method No. of cal. Snlc Calibration date	Method: Displays the calibration method used for the digital sensor. You can select the calibration method in "Setup 1 > Calibration". No. of cal.: Displays the number of calibrations carried out for the sensor. Snlc: Displays the serial number of the transmitter used for the last sensor calibration. Calibration date: Displays the date of the last sensor calibration.
	Buffer 1 Buffer 2 D. slp [mV/pH] D. zropnt [pH]	Buffer 1: Displays the pH value of the first buffer used for the last sensor calibration. Buffer 2: Displays the pH value of the second buffer used for the last sensor calibration. D. slp: Displays the change in slope compared to the preceding calibration. D. zropnt: Displays the change in chain zero point compared to the preceding calibration.
Temperature compensation		1
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Comp. temperature 1 pnt.delta(°C) © 0.0 Snlc © Cal. date © Next(E)	1 pnt delta [°C] Snlc Cal. date	1 pnt. delta: Displays the calibrated temperature offset. Snlc: Displays the serial number of the transmitter used for the last temperature calibration. Calibration date: Displays the date of the last temperature calibration.

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
Sensor status		
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Sensor status Period (h): No. of steril.: T(max)(°C): Next(E)	Period (h) No. of steril. T (max) [°C]	Period: Displays the total operating hours of the sensor. No. of steril.: Displays the number of sterilisations applied to the sensor: T > 135 °C / 275 °F, min. 20 minutes T (max): Displays the maximum temperature under which the sensor was operated. Note!
		During sterilisations (T $>$ 135 °C $/$ 275 °F) the transmitte goes into hold and the display shows "SIP" (Sterilisation in place).
	Operating time (h) - over 80 °C - over 100 °C - <- 300 mV	Operating time of the sensor under the following conditions: Operating hours of the sensor at temperatures over 80 °C / 176 °F
	- > 300 mV	 Operating hours of the sensor at temperatures over 100 °C / 212 °F Operating hours of the sensor at pH values below -300 mV (= pH 12 @ 25 °C / 77 °F) Operating hours of the sensor at pH values over +300 mV (= pH 2 @ 25 °C / 77 °F)
	1. use Ri GSCS [Ohm]:	Use: Displays the date when the sensor was connected to a transmitter for the first time. Ri GSCS: Displays the current glass membrane impedance.
Sensor info:		
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Sensor info PH(max) (pH): PH(min) (pH): -22 Temp(max) (°C): 1 Temp(min) (°C): -33 Next(E)	pH (max) [pH] pH (min) [pH] Temp (max) [°C] Temp (min) [°C]	pH (max): Displays the maximum pH value of the specified sensor application range. pH (min): Displays the minimum pH value of the specified sensor application range. Temp (max): Displays the maximum temperature of the specified sensor application range. Temp (min): Displays the minimum temperature of the specified sensor application range.
	Order code OVSN	Order code: Displays the order code of the sensor. OVSN: Displays the overall serial number of the sensor.
Service:		
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Service Factory reset Simulation Instrument check DAT download \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Edit [\$\p\$] Next[E]	Factory reset Simulation Instrument check DAT download Set up 2 Instrument version Topcal S Chemoclean Reset count	Select service diagnosis Factory reset: Various data groups can be reset to the factory settings. Simulation: The transmitter behaviour can be simulated after entering various parameters. Instrument check: The instrument functions (display, keys etc.) can be tested individually. Reset: Device reset ("soft reset") DAT download: Copy data into/out of the DAT module. Set up 2: Instrument reset (="soft reset"), ISFET values and SCS values Instrument version: Device internal data e.g. serial numbe can be queried. Topcal S: Inspecting programmes, inputs, mechanics, pumpand revolver control times. Chemoclean (only, if the complete Chemoclean function is activated): inspecting programmes, inputs, mechanics. Reset count: reset counter, write access

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Factory reset:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Set default Abort Only start up data Only calibration data Complete reset UCPC data Edit[Next[E]	Abort Only start up data Only calibration data Complete reset CPC data Service data Operation log Error log Calibration log		Set default Here you can select the data which you wish to reset to the factory settings. Note! Danger of data loss. Selecting a point and confirming with "Enter" deletes all the settings you made in this area! Pressing Abort leaves this field without changing the values. Calibration data: All the saved data for calibrations such as zero point, slope, and offset. Start up data: the remaining data to be set. Complete reset: calibration data + setting data CPC data: Topcal configuration data, e.g. configuration of cleaning and calibration programmes Service data: all data + logbooks + reset counters. Service data / logs: these functions are only for authorised service personnel. The service code is required.
Service data / logs:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Service code 00000 099999 Edit[↓→] Next[E]	0000		Service code entry required Note! For service access code, see p. 56.
	Incorrect service code entered.		Note in display: Incorrect service code entry (back to the previous field)
Simulations:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Simulation Simulation: off Output 1: 12.00mA Output 2: 08.00mA Select[+] Next[E]	Simulation: Output 1: Output 2:	off 12.00 mA 04.00 mA	Adapt simulation (current outputs) Simulation off: The frozen values from the last measurement are used for the simulation. Simulation on: The current values for the outputs can be changed (Output 1, Output 2)
	Simulation: pH/mV: Temperature:	off pH 07.00 025.00°C	Adapt simulation (measured value/temperature) Simulation off: The frozen values from the last measurement are used for the simulation. Simulation on: The values (measured value/temperature) can be changed.
	Simulation: Alarm relay: Relay 1: Relay 2:	off off off off	Adapt simulation (contacts) Simulation off: The last statuses are frozen and used for the simulation. Simulation on: The contacts can either be opened (on) or closed (off). Note! If you return to the measurement mode with the simulation switched on, "Simul" and "Hold" flash in the display.

Topcal S 7 Commissioning

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
Instrument check		
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Check systems Display Key pad RAM EEPROM Flash Edit [4] Next[E]	Display Keypad RAM EEPROM Flash	Select check Display: All the fields are queried alternately. Defective cells become visible. Keypad: All the keys must be pressed one after the other. If the system is functioning perfectly, the appropriate symbols appear in the display. RAM: "RAM O.K" message if there are no errors. EEPROM: "EEPROM O.K" message if there are no errors. Flash (memory): "Flash OK" message if there are no errors. Note! Leave this item by pressing "PARAM".
DAT download (only available when l	DAT module is plugged in):	
pH 7.00 Hold Diam DAT DAT write DAT read Erase DAT Edit[↓] Next[E]	DAT write DAT read Erase DAT	DAT selection DAT write: You can save both the configuration and the logs of your transmitter to the DAT module. DAT read: Copy the configuration saved on the DAT module into the EEPROM of the transmitter. Erase DAT: Delete all data on the DAT module. Note! After the "Read from DAT" copying procedure, a reset is triggered automatically and the device is configured with the copied values. (See below for reset).
DAT write:		
	!!Caution!! All data on the DAT module will be deleted.	Note in display For safety reasons, you are asked if you really want to overwrite the existing data.
	in progress	Data are written to the DAT module
DAT read:		
	!!Caution!! All data in Mycom S will be deleted.	Note in display For safety reasons, you are asked if you really want to overwrite the existing data of Mycom S.
	in progress	Copy The data from the DAT module are copied to the EEPROM of the transmitter.
		Note! After the "Read from DAT" copying procedure, a reset is triggered automatically (similar to a soft reset on a computer, see below).
Erase DAT:	1	1
	!!Caution!! All data on the DAT module will be deleted.	Note in display For safety reasons, you are asked if you really want to delete the existing data.
	in progress	Erase The data are deleted from the DAT module.

7 Commissioning Topcal S

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Set up 2			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Set up 2 Reset ISFET SCS reading	Reset ISFET SCS reading		Select function ISFET is only available, if function is activated.
Edit[↓] Next[E]			
Reset:			
			Reset You can restart the Mycom S with this function (similar to the soft reset of your computer). You can use this function if the Mycom S does not react as expected.
			Note! This reset does not change saved data.
ISFET:			
рН 7.00 Hold Diag ISFET Ref voltag- 0000mV Leak current 0.00µA	Ref. K1: Leak. curr. K1:	0000 mV 0.00 μA	View current ISFET sensor data Leak. curr. = Leakage current
Select[↓→] Next[E]			
SCS reading:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag SCS reading Glass 1:M\O Reference 1M\O Reference 2	Glass 1: Reference 1: Glass 2: Reference 2:	ΜΩ kΩ ΜΩ 	View current Sensor Check System (SCS) values
Instrument version:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Controller	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: Card ID:	1.2 1 12345678 1AB	Controller data for Mycom S CPM153 Displays controller data and the hardware version.
	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: Card ID:	1.2 1 12345678 1AB	Basic module (motherboard) data
	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: Card ID:	1.2 1 12345678 1AB	Transmitter 1 data Displays transmitter data (1).

Topcal S 7 Commissioning

CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: Card ID:	1.2 1 12345678 1AB	DC-DC converter (only for two-circuit)) Module for power supply of transmitter 2
	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: Card ID:	1.2 1 12345678 1AB	Relay data
	12345678901234	,	Serial number for Mycom S 14 digit number consisting of 0 9 and A Z (read-only)
	CPM153-A2B00A010		Order code 15 digit number consisting of 0 9 and A Z
	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: ID: SW ID: Check date:	1.2 1 12345678 A1B D1C 01.01.00	Sensor data Note! These data are only displayed for digital sensors with Memosens technology
	SW version: HW version: Serial no.: Card ID:	1.2 1 12345678 A1B	Data for CPC300
	12345678901234		Serial number for CPG300 14 digit number consisting of 0 9 and A Z (read-only)
	CPC300-A2B00A010		Order code for Topcal S CPC300 15 digit number consisting of 0 9 and A Z
Topcal S:			
	Automatic. Cleaning trigger Ext. control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Topcal Ext.inputs Hardware Pump time Rotation time Edit[↓] Next[E]	Ext. inputs Hardware Pump time Rotation time		Topcal S diagnosis
External inputs:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Ext. inputs Start No prog. AutoStop on Wait trigger on Measuring on Service on Next[E]	Start Auto stop Wait trigger Ass. measurem. Ass. service	no prog. off off off off	Note in display (no entry): Status of the external digital inputs.

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CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
Hardware:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Select Assembly Cleaner Buffer 1 Buffer 2	Assembly Cleaner Sealing water		Select valve test: Assembly, cleaner, buffer 1, buffer 2, water, compressed air, revolver, pump, superheated steam, sealing water. Highlight and select by pressing "E".
Water Edit[↓] Next[E]			Cleaner, water: To determine the number of strokes required to completely fill your system, keep pressing until the assembly rinse chamber is filled with cleaner or buffer. You can use this number (which is display) as the number of strokes used to convey cleaner/water in a cleaning programme (entry in field "Buffer 1 / buffer 2/cleaner, page 95).
	Assembly ↑ service End function Topcal S ready		Note in display (no entry): Valve status
Pump time:	Topea o Teady		
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Select Assembly Cleaner Buffer 1 Buffer 2 Water	Pump liquid 02 s (0 99s)		Pump Enter the time for upward movement of the pump
Edit[↓] Next[E]	Pump liquid 02 s (0 99s)		Pump Enter the time for downward movement of the pump
Rotation time			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Pump Pump liquid 11s 099s Edit[↓→] Next[E]	Rotation 02 s (0 99s)		Revolver Enter the time for foward rotation of the revolver. Can be optimally adjusted depending on the supply pressure.
	Reset 02 s (0 99s)		Revolver Enter the time for backward rotation of the revolver. Can be optimally adjusted depending on the supply pressure.
Chemoclean (only if the complete Chemoclean function is activated):			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Test Chemoclean	Automatic. Cleaning Ext. control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status
	With E running programme is aborted.		Note in display (no entry): To be able to carry out the diagnosis, you must abort the currently running programme by pressing the "Enter" key.

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CHOICE (default = bold)			INFO
	Ext. inputs Hardware		Selection Chemoclean diagnosis
Ext. Inputs:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Ext.inputs Start User prog. AutoStop on Wait trigger on Measuring on Service on Next[E]	Start AutoStop Wait-Trigger Measuring Service	Userprog on on on on	Info field: status of external digital inputs
Hardware:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Select Water Cleaner Water+Cleaner Edit[↓] Next[E]	Water Cleaner Water and cleaner		Selection hardware Select a function which shall be tested.
	Automatic. Cleaning Ext. Control	off off off	Note in display (no entry): System status
Reset count:			
pH 7.00 Hold Diag Reset count Ø Edit[↓→] Next[E]	0		Reset count (only triggered by watchdog) Can be reset via Set Default → service data.
	0		Write count Displays the number of write accesses to EEPROM.

7 Commissioning Topcal S

7.6.20 Calibration



Note!

The defaults for on-site calibration are made in the menu

"PARAM" → "Set up 1" → "Calibration" (see page 65 for pH / page 69 for Redox).

The calibration can be protected with the maintenance and the specialist codes (compare with page 56).

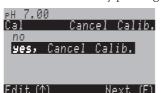
Procedure:

- 1. Switch the service switch to "Service" (vertical) or move the assembly to service position. Otherwise, calibration is not possible.
- 2. Remove electrode.
- Clean electrode before calibration.



Note!

- For measurements with PML (potential matching), the PM line must be immersed in the buffer solution.
- If automatic temperature compensation is selected for calibration (ATC), the corresponding temperature sensor must also be immersed in the buffer solution.
- The instrument switches automatically to Hold (factory setting) whenever it is calibrated.
- Cancel calibration by pressing the "MEAS" key.



- If you confirm this with "yes, cancel cal.", you return to the measurement mode.
- ■If you select "no", calibration is continued.
- Note!

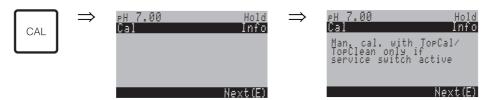
An automatic calibration started by Topcal cannot be cancelled by pressing the "MEAS" key.

The following section describes the calibration procedures for:

pH calibration	II II	"Manual data entry" (see page 115)
	II II	"Manual calibration with buffer" (see page 115)
	II II	"Calibration with fixed buffer" (see page 115)
	11 111	"Calibration with automatic buffer recognition" (see page 115)
Redox absolute calibration	II II)	"Absolute data entry" (see page 117)
	II II	"Absolute calibration" (see page 117)
Redox relative calibration	II II)	"Absolute data entry" (see page 118)
	II II	"Relative data entry" (see page 119)
	II II	"Absolute calibration" (see page 119)
	II II	"Relative calibration" (see page 120)

Topcal S 7 Commissioning

To enter the menu, proceed as follows:



pH calibration

"Manual data entry"

The numeric values for electrode zero point and slope are entered numerically and by hand.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Calibration with "Enter spec. buffer"	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.
025.0 °C (-20.0 +150.0 °C)	Entry of temperature, (only if "Calibrate with MTC" is selected)
07.00 (pH –2.00 +16.00) ISFET: act.value (–500 +500mV)	Entry of the electrode zero point Confirm by pressing
59.16 mV/pH (5.00 99.00 mV/pH)	Entry of the electrode slope Confirm by pressing E
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing E accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted and the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?

pH calibration

"Calibration with automatic buffer recognition"

Manual buffer: The buffer pH value is entered manually. The display then shows the current measured value.

Buffer table: In the calibration menu from page 65 onwards, you can set two buffer solutions or define them yourself. The selected pH value and buffer type are displayed.

Automatic buffer recognition: The device automatically recognises the used buffer. Select the buffer types $(e.g.\ E+H)$ in the Calibration menu.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Calibration with manual buf- fer	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.
025.0 °C (–20.0 +150.0 °C)	Enter temperature (only when "Calibration with MTC" is selected) Confirm by pressing E
025.0 °C (–20.0 +150.0 °C)	Enter buffer temperature (only when "Calibration with MTC" is selected) Confirm by pressing

[&]quot;Calibration with manual buffer"

[&]quot;Calibration with buffer table" /

7 Commissioning Topcal S

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Immerse pH electrode in buf- fer 1	Handling instructions Immerse the electrode in buffer 1. Confirm by pressing [E]
Temperature 1: 25.0 °C 07.00 (pH –2.00 +16.00)	Enter pH value of buffer 1
Time: 10 s MTC pH 1: 7.00 mV 1: 0 °C: 25.0	Checks the stability of the calibration (buffer 1) Wait until the pH measurement is stable: Time does not count down, pH value no longer flashes, Display "Measured value stable" Confirm by pressing
Invalid calibration value	Note in display: If an error occurred (e.g. incorrect buffer used), this message is displayed.
Immerse pH electrode in buffer 2	Handling instructions Immerse the electrode in buffer 2. Confirm by pressing
Temperature 1: 25.0 °C 07.00 (pH –2.00 +16.00)	Enter pH value of buffer 2
Time: 10 s MTC pH 1: 7.00 mV 1: 0 °C: 25.0	Checks the stability of the calibration (buffer 2) Wait until the pH measurement is stable: Time does not count down, pH value no longer flashes, Display "Measured value stable" Confirm by pressing
Invalid calibration value	Note in display: If an error occurred (e.g. incorrect buffer used), this message is displayed.
Zero point 07.00 Good Slope 59.00 Good	Note in display: Info on electrode. Information on the zero point, slope and calibration quality.
Electrode status good	Note in display: Electrode status: There are three status messages for the electrode status: "good", "OK.", "bad". If the status "bad" is displayed, electrode replacement is recommended to ensure the quality of the pH measurement.
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?

Topcal S 7 Commissioning

Calibration redox absolute

"Absolute data entry"

The transmitter has a calibrated mV display range. One absolute mV value is set with a single buffer solution (adaptation of the measuring chain offset). A buffer solution preferably with 225 or 475 mV is used.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Calibration with abs. data entry	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.
0000 mV (-1500 +1500 mV)	Entry of offset value Enter the mV value for the electrode offset (electrode offset = deviation of the measured value display from buffer solution mV value) Confirm by pressing $\[\]^{E}$. The entered value is effective immediately. The maximum offset is 400 mV.
Offset too high / too low	Note in display: Error message if the entered offset leaves the maximum range.
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing E accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.
Electrode in medium?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?

Calibration redox absolute

"Calibration absolute"

The transmitter has a calibrated mV display range. One absolute mV value is set with a single buffer solution (adaptation of the measuring chain offset). A buffer solution preferably with 225 or 475 mV is used.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Calibration with abs. calibration	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.
Immerse Electrode in buffer	Handling instructions Immerse the electrode in the buffer. Confirm by pressing E
0225 mV (-1500 +1500 mV)	Enter buffer Enter the buffer mV value.
Time: 10 s mV 1: 225	Checks the stability of the calibration Wait until the measurement is stable: Time does not count down, mV value no longer flashes, Display "Measured value stable" Confirm by pressing
Invalid calibration value	Note in display: Error message if the offset is too large.
Offset 0005 Good mV	Note in display: Info on electrode. Data on the offset and calibration quality.

7 Commissioning Topcal S

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?

Calibration redox relative

"Absolute data entry"

The transmitter has a calibrated mV display range. One absolute mV value is set with a single buffer solution (adaptation of the measuring chain offset). A buffer solution preferably with 225 or 475 mV is used.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO				
Calibration with abs. data entry	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.				
0000 mV (-1500 +1500 mV) Entry of offset value Enter the mV value for the electrode offset (electrode offset = deviation of the measured value display from buffer solution mV value) Confirm by pressing E The entered value is effective immediately. The maximum offset is 400 mV.					
Offset too high / too low	Note in display: Error message if the entered offset leaves the maximum range.				
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing E accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.				
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?				

Topcal S 7 Commissioning

Calibration redox relative

"Calibration absolute"

The transmitter has a calibrated mV display range. One absolute mV value is set with a single buffer solution (adaptation of the measuring chain offset). A buffer solution preferably with 225 or 475 mV is used.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO					
Calibration with abs. calibration	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.					
Immerse electrode in buffer	Handling instructions Immerse the electrode in the buffer. Confirm by pressing E					
0225 mV (-1500 mV)	Enter buffer Enter the buffer mV value.					
Time: 10 s mV 1: 225	Checks the stability of the calibration Wait until the measurement is stable: Time does not count down, mV value no longer flashes, Display "Measured value stable" Confirm by pressing					
Invalid calibration value	Note in display: Error message if the offset is too large.					
Offset 0005 Good mV	Note in display: Info on electrode Information on the offset and calibration quality.					
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.					
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?					

Calibration redox relative

"Data entry relative"

Entry of two % calibration points to which one mV value is assigned.

CHOICE (default = bold)		INFO
Calibration with rel. data entry		Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.
1. (030%): 1. Voltage 2. (70100%) 2. Voltage	20 % 0600 mV 80 % -0600 mV	Enter calibration points In this field, create two measured value pairs (pair 1 and pair 2). Measured value pair 1 in the range 030%: assign, for example, the voltage 0600 mV to the percentage value 20 %. Measured value pair 2 in the range 70100%: assign, for example, the voltage -0600 mV to the percentage value 80 %. The settings made become effective immediately after confirmation with E.
Offset too high / too low		Note in display: Error message if the entered offset leaves the maximum range.

7 Commissioning Topcal S

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing © accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?

Calibration redox relative

"Calibration relative"

For calibration, two vessels are filled with a sample of the medium. The contents of the first vessel are detoxified and used as buffer 1.

The contents of the second vessel are left unchanged and used as buffer 2.

CHOICE (default = bold)	INFO					
Calibration with rel.	Note in display Display of the type of on-site calibration selected in the calibration settings.					
Immerse electrode in buffer 1	Handling instructions Immerse the electrode in buffer $1/2$ (detoxified sample, see above). Confirm by pressing $^{\lfloor E \rfloor}$					
20 % (0 30 %)	Enter buffer Enter the relative redox value of buffer $1 \ / \ 2$ (detoxified sample) in percent.					
Time: 10 s mV 1: 225	Checks the stability of the calibration Wait until the measurement is stable: Time does not count down, mV value no longer flashes, Display "Measured value stable" Confirm by pressing					
Invalid calibration value	Note in display: Error message if the offset is too large.					
Accept Cancel Repeat calibration	End of calibration Accept: Pressing E accepts the new calibration data. Cancel: The data are not accepted, the calibration is not repeated. Repeat calibration: The data are rejected and a new calibration is started.					
Electrode submersed?	Note in display: Is the electrode back in the medium, so that measurement can take place?					

Topcal S 8 Maintenance

8 Maintenance

Maintenance of a measuring point with Topcal S comprises:

■ Maintenance of the Topcal S control unit CPG300

Compliance with safety instructions concerning:

 Personal safety
 System and process

 Cleaning and monitoring of the sensor
 Sensor calibration
 Chap. 8.2

Maintenance of cables and connectionsMaintenance of assemblychap. 8.3

chap. 8.5

The transmitter CPM153 does not contain wear parts and is maintenance free. Measuring point maintenance comprises:

- Cleaning the assembly and electrode
- Inspecting cables and connections,
- Calibration (see page 114).

Personal safety instructions



Warning!

- If you have to remove the electrode, assembly or parts of the assembly during maintenance, pay attention to the process-side hazards caused by pressure, temperature and contamination.
 Wear protective equipment appropriate to the possible dangers.
- The CPG300 and the retractable assembly work with compressed air and motive water. Switch off the air and water inflow before working on screw unions, valves or pressure switches.
- The non-Ex versions of the CPM153 and CPG300 work primarily with mains voltage. De-energise the devices before you open them. Check that there is no voltage and secure the switch(es) against switch-on. These measures are not necessary with the 24 VDC/AC version.
- If work is required under mains voltage, this may only be carried out by an electrician, a second person must be present for safety reasons.
- Switch contacts may be powered by separate circuits. Also de-energise these circuits before you
 work on the terminals.

Safety instructions for system and process



Caution!

- Remember that any maintenance work on the device, cabling, assembly or sensors may have impacts on process control or the process itself.
- All measures which influence current outputs, relay contacts or communication should be discussed with a superior beforehand.

8.1 Sensor cleaning and monitoring

Sensor cleaning is integrated in the Topcal S system. Usually, additional or external cleaning of the sensor is unnecessary. However, before monitoring the sensor, advance external cleaning may be necessary.

8 Maintenance Topcal S

8.1.1 External cleaning of the sensor



Warning!

- Protect hands, eyes and clothing from aggressive cleaning agents.
- Take the necessary protection measures if the sensor is taken directly out of a toxic or an aggressive process.
- Switch the service switch to "Maintenance" to keep the assembly safely in the maintenance position.

The selection of cleaning agent depends on the type of soiling. The most frequent soiling and the associated cleaning agents are listed in the table below: "

Type of soiling	Cleaning agent								
Caution! Danger of sensor destruction. No acetone may be used to clean an ISFET pH sensor, otherwise the material may be damaged.									
Greases and oils	Substances containing tensides (alkaline) or water-soluble organic solvents (e.g. alcohol)								
Warning! Danger of caustic burns! Protect your hands, eyes and cloth	ning when you use the following cleaning agents.								
Calciferous deposits, metal hydroxide deposits, heavy biological deposits	3% HCl								
Sulphide deposits	Mixture of hydrochloric acid (3%) and thiocarbamide (commercially available)								
Protein deposits	Mixture of hydrochloric acid (0.1 molar) and pepsin (commercially available)								
Fibres, suspended substances	Water under pressure, poss. with surface-active agents								
Light biological deposits	Water under pressure								



Caution

Do not convey acids, lyes or cleaning agents containing tensides directly via the Topcal pump.

The following media have to be conveyed via external additional valves and the rinse block CPR40 in any case:

- Technical acids (e.g. technical hydrochloric acid)
- Concentrated acids (phosphoric acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid)
- Concentrated lyes
- Acetone, ketones, aromatic solutising agents
- Organic solvents
- Solvents containing tensides
- Hot media

To do this, you will have to order a system with control for additional valves (see Ordering Information).



Note!

- Only clean redox electrodes mechanically. Chemical cleaning applies a potential to the electrode that takes several hours to decay. This potential causes measuring errors.
- Do not clean ISFET sensors with compressed air.

Topcal S 8 Maintenance

8.1.2 Inspecting the sensor

Check for air bubbles in the pH electrode:

Air bubbles indicate incorrect installation. Therefore check the installation position:

- Permitted: 15° to 165° to the horizontal.
- Horizontal installation or upside-down installation are not permitted (except when using an ISFET pH sensor).

Check for reference system reduction:

The inner metal lead of the reference system (Ag/AgCl) of a combination electrode or a separate reference electrode is usually light-brown and matt. A silver-coloured reference system is reduced and therefore defective. The cause is a current flowing through the reference element.

Possible causes for the current flow:

- Incorrect operating mode of the measuring instrument (PML pin connected, but operating mode without solution ground ("without PML") selected. See functional description, field "Select connection type" on p. 54.
- Shunt in measuring cable (e. g. through humidity) between reference line and grounded screen or PM line.
- Measuring instrument defective (shunt in reference input or entire input amplifier downstream of PE).

Removing diaphragm blockages:

Blocked reference system diaphragms can be mechanically cleaned (only sensors with ceramic diaphragms, does not apply to teflon diaphragms or open ring electrodes):

- Use a small key file.
- Only file in one direction.

8.1.3 Maintenance of digital sensors

To maintain digital sensors with Memosens technology, proceed as follows:

- 1. If an error occurs or the sensor must be replaced according to the maintenance schedule, take a new or pre-calibrated sensor from the laboratory. In the laboratory, sensors are calibrated under optimum ambient conditions which guarantees a higher calibration quality.
- 2. Remove the soiled sensor and install the new sensor.
- 3. The sensor-specific data are automatically transmitted to the transmitter. A relase code is not required.
- 4. Measurement continues.
- 5. Take the used sensor back to the laboratory. There, you can regenerate it for reuse without measuring point down time.
 - Clean the sensor. Use the cleaning agents indicated above.
 - Inspect the sensor for damages.
 - If the sensor is not permanently damaged, regenerate it.
 - Calibrate the sensor for reuse.

8.2 Manual calibration

Sensor calibration is integrated in the Topcal S system. Usually, additional or external calibration of the sensor is unnecessary.

If you need to perform a calibration outside of the assembly (e. g. for test purposes), consider the operating mode of the pH input. With preselection "with solution ground" (= symmetrical connection), the PM lines of the CPM153 must also be immersed in the calibration solution.



Note

The assembly must be moved into the service position with the service switch, before manually calibrating.

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8.3 Maintenance of cables, connections and power supply lines

Weekly checks (recommended timeframe):

Check the tightness of:

- Compressed air hoses and connections
- Motive water hoses and connections
- Hoses and connections of buffer and cleaner bottles
- Multihose connections of the CPG300 and assembly

Monthly checks (recommended timeframe):

- Check sensor plug-in head for tightness and humidity (if the assembly is located in a humid environment or outdoors).
- Check the sensor cable and particularly the outer insulation for breaks. Sensor cables which have become damp on the inside must be replaced. Only drying is not sufficient!
- Check cable glands for tightness.

Six-monthly checks (recommended timeframe):

- CPM153: Retighten the terminals in the instrument.
- Also check if the interior and the PCBs are clean, dry and free from corrosion.
 - If not: check the seals and screw unions for leaks and breaks.
- Check sensor plug-in head for tightness and humidity (if the assembly is located in a dry environment).

8.4 Maintenance of the process assembly

Weekly checks (recommended timeframe):

- Check the upper section of the assembly for compressed air tightness and mechanical damage.
- Check the process connection for tightness against the process and mechanical damage.
- Check the compressed air lines and connections for tightness and mechanical damage.

Annual checks (recommended timeframe):

- External cleaning if necessary. To replace seals, the assembly must be clean, dry and, if necessary, decontaminated.
- With inductive feedback: test and, if necessary, set switching distance
- Replacement of the seals not in contact with the medium (recommended: as necessary, at least once a year)
- Replacement of seals in contact with the medium (at least once a year, no further recommendations possible, as extremely dependent on process, material and level of assembly use)
- End test after completion of maintenance work:
 - Does the assembly move to measuring and service position?
 - Are maintenance and measuring feedback signals available? (Check using the CPM153 status messages)
 - Are process connection and compressed air connections tight?
 - Does the meter display plausible values?

Replacement of the sealing elements is dependent on the type of assembly. Instructions for replacement is contained in the appropriate service kit. You can find the necessary service kit in the operating instructions of your assembly or in the special documentation "Cleanfit retractable assemblies" (SD096C/07/a2).

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8.5 Maintenance of the control unit CPG300

Weekly checks (recommended timeframe):

- Check the inside of the compressed air connections for tightness:
 - Pneumatic valves
 - Pump drive
 - Pressure switch.
- Check level of buffer and cleaning solutions. Top up if necessary.
- Check the multihose connections of the CPG300 and assembly for tightness.
- Check the water filter for soiling and clean it if necessary.
- Check the pump for tightness



Caution

Never rotate the pump against the indicated direction. Doing so results in pump damage.

Annual checks (recommended timeframe):

- Retighten the terminals in the cabinet.
- Also check that the interior and the PCBs are clean, dry and free of corrosion.
 - If not: check the seals, screw unions and pump for leaks and breaks. If necessary, replace the pump by a reconditioned replacement pump, service kit no. 51511676 (see also the spare parts list on page 140).
- Test the level measurement for buffer and cleaner bottles.



Note

- If there is frequent calibration or cleaning, it may be necessary to replace the pump seals more often
- After maintenance work on the pump, check the conveyed volume by taking measurements at the outlet.

9 Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting relates to:

- measures which can be carried out without opening the instrument
- instrument defects which require the replacement of components.

9.1 Troubleshooting instructions

In this chapter, you will find diagnosis information and information on eliminating errors which occur:

chap. 9.1.1, p. 127: Error number list

ilst of all occurring error numbers.

chap. 9.1.2, p. 132: Process-specific errors

e.g. temperature value is incorrect

chap. 9.1.3, p. 135: Instrument-specific errors

e.g. display is dark

Before starting the repair work, please note the following safety instructions:



Warning!

Danger to life.

- De-energise the instrument before you open it. Check that there is no voltage and secure the switch(es) against switch-on.
- If work is required under voltage, this may only be carried out by an electrician, a second person must be present for safety reasons.
- Switch contacts may be powered by separate circuits. Also de-energise these circuits before you work on the terminals.



Caution!

Danger to components through electrostatic discharge (ESD).

- Electronic components are sensitive to electrostatic discharge. Take protective measures, e.g. remove the charge from your person by touching the PE or wear a wrist strap for permanent grounding.
 - Highly dangerous: Plastic floors at low air humidity and clothing made of synthetic materials.
- For your own safety, always use genuine spare parts. Only genuine spare parts ensure correct functioning, accuracy and reliability after corrective maintenance.

9.1.1 Error number list: Trouble-shooting and configuration

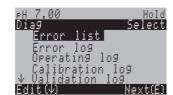
In the following error list, you can find a description of all error numbers.

For each error number there is also information on whether the factory setting (= Fact.) of this error triggers

- an alarm
- an error current
- cleaning

To enter the error list, proceed as follows:







Note!

The second column shows the assignment acc. to NAMUR work sheet NA64 (failure, maintenance, function control). The NAMUR error with the highest priority is shown in the status field of the display.

Error no.	NAMUR class	Error message	Possible causes / measures	Alarm contact		Error current		Automatic cleaning start	
				Fact	User	Fact	User	Fact	User
E001	Failure	Memory defective	Switch instrument off and on.	yes		no		-	-
E002	Failure	Data error in EEPROM	If necessary corrective maintenance at factory.	yes		no		-	-
E 003	Failure	Invalid configuration	Repeat download.						
E004	Failure	Invalid hardware code	The new software cannot recognise the module.						
E005	Failure	Unknown CPG code	Topcal S is not recognised. Topcal S is not compatible to Mycom S software.	yes		no		-	_
E006	Failure	Transmitter 1 defective	Test with new transmitter	yes		no		-	-
E007	Failure	Transmitter 2 defective				no		-	-
E 008	Failure	SCS message sensor 1	Impedance of pH glass membrane too low: check			no		no	
E 009	Failure	SCS message sensor 2	pH sensor; replace it, if necessary For ISFET sensors: leak current > 400 nA. Replace sensor.	yes		no		no	
E 010	Failure	Temperature sensor 1 defective	Check temperature sensor and connections. ISFET: Check selection in field "Select temperature sensor".	yes		no		no	
E 011	Failure	Temperature sensor 2 defective	Check temperature sensor and connections. ISFET: Check selection in "Select temperature sensor"	yes		no		no	
E012	Failure	CPG communication failure	Check Topcal S connecting cable.	yes		no		no	
E013	Failure	Assembly has not reached service position	Check assembly position and feedback signals, Compressed air present?			no		no	
E014	Failure	Assembly has not reached measuring position	Check pneumatic lines to the assembly. Assembly blocked mechanically? For non-Ex: External power supply 24 V/220V (not supply from Mycom) present? Possibly, microfuse is blown.	yes		no		no	

Error no.	NAMUR class	JR Error message	Possible causes / measures		Alarm contact		Error current		Automatic cleaning start	
				Fact	User	Fact	User	Fact	User	
E015	Failure	Revolver does not turn	Check pneumatic drive. Compressed air pressure too low. Feedback defective.	yes		no		no		
E016	Failure	Revolver end position code defective	Check limit switch and connection. Compressed air pressure too high.	yes		no		no		
E017	Failure	Data error in CPC300 EEPROM	Switch instrument off and on. If necessary corrective maintenance at factory.	yes		no		-	-	
E019	Failure	Delta limit exceeded	Difference between channel 1 and 2 measured values too high. Process too inconsistent or sensor defective. Replace sensor if necessary.	yes		no		-	_	
E024	Failure	CPG programme interrupted	Control input 87/88 switched: Ext. control criteria.	yes		no		no		
E027	Failure	Compressed air failure	Pressure below permitted minimum connection not correct, test: termin. D3/D4 pressure > 2 bar, contact closed: 0 V; pressure < 2 bar, contact open: 3.2 V.	yes		no		no		
E 030	Failure	SCS fault reference electrode 1	Reference impedance too high: Check reference element and, if necessary replace	yes		no		-	-	
E 031	Failure	SCS fault reference electrode 2	reference or combination electrode For ISFET sensor: leak current > 400 nA. Replace sensor.			no		-	-	
E 032	Failure	Outside set slope range for sensor 1	Sensor aged or defective; Reference aged, defective or diaphragm blocked; Buffer solutions too old or contaminated;			no		-	-	
E 033	Failure	Outside set zero point for sensor 1				no		-	-	
E 034	Failure	Outside set offset range for sensor 1	PML not in the buffer solutions	yes		no		-	-	
E 035	Failure	Outside set slope range for sensor 2	Sensor aged or defective:	yes		no		-	-	
E 036	Failure	Outside set zero point for sensor 2	Reference aged, defective or diaphragm blocked; Buffer solutions too old or contaminated;	yes		no		-	-	
E 037	Failure	Outside set offset range for sensor 2	PML not in the buffer solutions	yes		no		-	-	
E038	Mainte- nance	Delta limit exceeded	Difference between channel 1 and 2 measured values too high. Process too inconsistent or sensor defective. Replace sensor if necessary.	yes		no		-	-	
E040	Mainte- nance	SCC / electrode status of sensor 1 bad	defective. Replace sensor if necessary. Check sensor, replace if necessary; maybe clean, (glass membrane blocked or run dry; diaphragm blocked).			no		-		
E041	Mainte- nance	SCC / electrode status of sensor 2 bad				no		-		
E043	Mainte- nance	Buffer difference channel 1 too small	Wrong buffers used; Buffer entry incorrect; automatic buffer recognition defective.	yes		no		_		
E044	Mainte- nance	Meas. value channel 1 unstable	PML missing; sensor too old; sensor sometimes dry; cable or plug defective.	yes		no		-		
E045	Failure	Calibration aborted	Repeat calibration and renew buffer solution. Replace electrode if necessary.	yes		no		-		

Error no.	NAMUR class	Error message	Possible causes / measures		Alarm contact		Error current		Automatic cleaning start	
				Fact	User	Fact	User	Fact	User	
E048	Mainte- nance	Buffer difference channel 2 too small	Wrong buffers used; Buffer entry incorrect; automatic buffer recognition defective.	yes		no		-		
E049	Mainte- nance	Meas. value channel 2 unstable	PAL missing; sensor too old; sensor sometimes dry; cable or plug defective.	yes		no		-		
E050	Mainte- nance	Cleaner almost empty		yes		no		no		
E051	Mainte- nance	Buffer 1 almost empty	if empty: top up; if not empty: check level sensors	yes		no		no		
E052	Mainte- nance	Buffer 2 almost empty		yes		no		no		
E053	Failure	Failure three-point step controller	reserved	yes		no		no		
E054	Mainte- nance	Dosage time alarm	Dosage time exceeded at total dosage. Dosage interrupted, dosing agent empty or process too inconsistent.	yes		no		no		
E055	Failure	Display range of main parameter 1 undershot		yes		no		no		
E056	Failure	Display range of main parameter 2 undershot	Measuring line broken, sensor in air or air cushion in assembly,	yes		no		no		
E057	Failure	Display range of main parameter 1 exceeded	Potential matching missing in symmetrical measurement, static charging in media with lowest conductivity	yes		no		no		
E058	Failure	Display range of main parameter 2 exceeded		yes		no		no		
E059	Failure	Temperature range 1 undershot		yes		no		no		
E060	Failure	Temperature range 2 undershot	Temperature sensor defective;	yes		no		no		
E061	Failure	Temperature range 1 exceeded	Sensor line interrupted or short-circuited; Wrong sensor type selected	yes		no		no		
E062	Failure	Temperature range 2 exceeded		yes		no		no		
E063	Mainte- nance	Current limit 0/4 mA output 1		yes		no		no		
E064	Mainte- nance	Current limit 20 mA output 1	Measured value outside specified current range: Check measured value for plausibility, if neces-	yes		no		no		
E065	Mainte- nance	Current limit 0/4 mA output 2	sary adjust current output assignment 0/4 mA and/or 20 mA.	yes		no		no		
E066	Mainte- nance	Current limit 20 mA output 2		yes		no		no		

Error no.	NAMUR class	Ü	Possible causes / measures		Alarm contact		Error current		Automatic cleaning start	
				Fact	User	Fact	User	Fact	User	
E067	Mainte- nance	Reference value exceeded controller LS 1		yes		no		no		
E068	Mainte- nance	Reference value exceeded controller LS 2	Dosing devices defective; chemical supply empty;	yes		no		no		
E069	Mainte- nance	Reference value exceeded controller LS 3	measured value incorrect -> check for plausibility and function; incorrect control direction set;	yes		no		no		
E070	Mainte- nance	Reference value exceeded controller LS 4	incorrect contact assigned; incorrect control function assigned	yes		no		no		
E071	Mainte- nance	Reference value exceeded controller LS 5		yes		no		no		
E073	Failure	Temperature 1, table value undershot		yes		no		no		
E074	Failure	Temperature 2, table value undershot	Check temperature value for plausibility.			no		no		
E075	Failure	Temperature 1, table value exceeded	If necessary, adjust or extend table.	yes		no		no		
E076	Failure	Temperature 2, table value exceeded				no		no		
E080	Mainte- nance	Range for current output 1 too small	Increase measuring range span for current output assignment			no		no		
E081	Mainte- nance	Range for current output 2 too small				no		no		
E086	Mainte- nance	Delta limit buffer 1 exceeded				no		no		
E087	Mainte- nance	Delta limit buffer 2 exceeded	- Calibrate sensors.	no		no		no		
E090	Function check	CPG service switch active	Check on CPG if service was actually carried out.	no		no		no		
E094	Failure	Incompatible sensor version	Digital sensor and transmitter are not compatible. Maybe, Ex version of sensor is used with non-Ex version of transmitter or vice versa	no		no		no		
E095	Failure	Incompatible sensor version	Digital sensor and transmitter are not compatible. Maybe, Ex version of sensor is used with non-Ex version of transmitter or vice versa?	no		no		no		
E100	Function check	Current simulation active		no		no		no		
E101	Function check	Service function active	Check if functions were consciously selected.	no		no		no		
E106	Function check	Download active	Wait for download to end.	no		no		no		
E116	Failure	Download error	Repeat download.			no		no	1	
E117	Failure	DAT memory module data error	Check with other DAT memory module; when writing to DAT: repeat write process	yes		no		no		
E146	Failure	no sensor	Digital sensor is not correctly plugged in or connected. The transmitter goes into hold. Hold is removed after the sensor has been correctly plugged in or wired and transmits measured values.	no		no		no		

Error no.	NAMUR class	Error message	Possible causes / measures		Alarm contact		Error current		atic ng start
				Fact	User	Fact	User	Fact	User
E147	Failure	no sensor	Digital sensor is not correctly plugged in or connected. The transmitter goes into hold. Hold is removed after the sensor has been correctly plugged in or wired and transmits measured values.	no		no		no	
E152	Mainte- nance	PCS Channel 1 alarm	pH sensor defective or totally soiled; measured water flow in bypass interrupted;	no		no		no	
E153	Mainte- nance	PCS Channel 2 alarm	air cushion in assembly; measuring line interrupted.	no		no		no	
E 156	Function check	Calibration timer run out	Time for calibration!	no		no		no	
E164	Failure	Dynamic range of pH convertor 1 exceeded	Check cable / sensor.			no		-	
E165	Failure	Dynamic range of pH convertor 2 exceeded				no		-	
E166	Failure	Dynamic range of reference convertor 1 exceeded				no		-	
E167	Failure	Dynamic range of reference convertor 2 exceeded				no		-	
E168	Mainte- nance	SCS message IsFET sensor	Leak current > 200 nA. Early warning. Work can	no		no		-	
E169	Mainte- nance	SCS message IsFET sensor 2	be continued until error E008/E009 occurs.	no		no		-	
E171	Mainte- nance	Current input 1 undershot		no		no		-	
E172	Mainte- nance	Current input 1 exceeded	Check process variables at transmitter. Change	no		no		-	
E173	Mainte- nance	Current input 2 undershot	range assignment if required.			no		-	
E174	Mainte- nance	Current input 2 exceeded		no		no		-	
E179	Failure	Data error sensor	Digital sensor does not deliver measured values. Sensor not correctly plugged in or wired?	no		no		no	
E180	Failure	Data error sensor	Digital sensor does not deliver measured values. Sensor not correctly plugged in or wired?	no		no		no	

9.1.2 Process-specific errors

Error	Possible cause	Remedial action	Equipment needed, spare parts
Instrument unconfigurable, Display for code prompt is 9999	Instrument hardware is locked via key- pad (Keys "CAL" + "DIAG" simultane- ously = security locking)	Press "MEAS" and "PARAM" simultaneously to unlock.	
No automatic calibration	Reference system poisoned	Test with new electrode.	pH/mV electrode
possible, as measuring chain zero point not	Diaphragm blocked	Clean or grind diaphragm.	HCl 3%, file (only file in one direction)
settable	Measuring line broken	pH input on instrument short-circuit ⇒ Display pH7	Reterminate or use new cable
	Unsymmetrical sensor voltage too high	Clean diaphragm or test with different electrode.	HCl 3%, file (only file in one direction)
	Potential matching (PA/PM) Mycom ⇔ Incorrect medium	asymm.: no PM or PM on PE symm.: PM connection needed	Connection s. chap. 5
No automatic calibration possible, as sensor settling time is too long	ISFET sensors only: liquid film between semiconductor and reference lead is interrupted due to drying or cleaning with compressed air.	Make sure that the liquid film is established or that the buffer remains in the rinse chamber for more than 6 min. Do not use compressed air to clean the ISFET sensor.	
No or slow display change	Electrode soiled	Clean electrode.	s. chap. 8.1
	Electrode aged	Replace electrode.	New electrode
	Electrode defective (reference lead)	Replace electrode.	New electrode
	Inner buffer missing		
	Problem with diaphragm or missing electrolyte	Check KCl supply (0.8 bar above medium pressure).	KC1 (CPY4-x)
No automatic calibration possible as measuring	Connection not at high impedance (humidity, dirt)	Test cable, connector and junction boxes.	pH simulator
chain slope not adjus- table/slope too small	Instrument input defective	Directly test instrument.	pH simulator
•	Electrode aged	Replace electrode.	pH electrode
No automatic calibration	Hairline crack in glass membrane	Replace electrode.	pH electrode
possible as measuring chain slope not adjus- table/no slope	Connection not at high impedance (humidity, dirt)	Test cable, connector and junction boxes.	pH simulator, see also Chap. 7.3.2
•	Semi-conductor layer in measuring cable not removed	Check inner coaxial cable, remove black layer.	
Permanent, incorrect measured value	Electrode not immersing or protective cap not removed	Check installation position, remove protective cap.	
	Air cushion in assembly	Check assembly and installation position.	
	Earth fault at or in the instrument	Test measurement in insulated vessel, possibly with buffer solution.	Plastic vessel, buffer solutions. Behaviour when instrument is connected to process?
	Hairline crack in glass membrane	Replace electrode.	pH electrode
	Instrument in impermissible operating status (no response on pressing key)	Switch instrument off and on.	EMC problem: If repeated, check grounding and wire routing
Incorrect temperature	Incorrect sensor connection	Check connections using wiring diagram.	Wiring diagram see page 36
reading	Measuring cable defective	Check cable.	Ohmmeter
	Incorrect sensor type selected	Set sensor type on instrument.	Check temperature sensor with Ohmmeter.
	Sensor defective	Check sensor.	

Error	Possible cause	Remedial action	Equipment needed, spare parts
pH value in process incorrect	No / incorrect temperature compensation	ATC: Activate function MTC: Set process temperature	
	Conductivity of medium too low	Select pH electrode with liquid KCl.	e.g. Ceraliquid CPS41
	Flow rate too high	Reduce flow rate or measure in a bypass.	
	Potential in medium	Possibly earth with / at PM pin (connect PM to PE).	Problem mainly occurs in plastic lines
	Device unsymmetrical and PML connected	Possibly earth with / at PM pin (connect PM to PE)	
	Electrode soiled or with deposits	Clean electrode (see Chap. 8.8.1).	Highly polluted media: Use spray cleaning.
Measured values fluctuate	Interference in measuring cable	Connect cable screening as per wiring diagram.	Wiring diagram see page 36
	Faults in signal output line	Check line installation, possibly route line separately.	
	Interference potential in medium	Symmetrical measurement (with PML)	
	No potential matching (PA/PM) With symmetrical measurement	Connect PM pin in assembly to device terminal PA/PM.	Possibly earth medium by connecting PM to PE
Controller / limit contact	Controller switched off	Activate controller s. chap. 7.6.	
does not work	Controller in "Manual / Off" mode	Select "Auto" or "Manual on" mode.	Keypad / PARAM / manual operation / contacts
	Pick-up delay setting too long	Switch off or shorten pickup delay period.	
	"Hold" function active - "Auto hold" during calibration - "Hold" input activated - Manual "hold" active using keypad - "Hold" active during configuration	Determine cause of hold and eliminate if not desired.	"Hold" is indicated in display when active
Controller / limit contact	Contact in "Manual/on" mode	Set controller to "Manual/off" or "Auto".	
work continuously	Dropout delay setting too long	Shorten dropout delay period.	
	Control circuit interrupted	Check measured value, current output or relay contacts, actuators, chemical supply.	
No pH/mV current output signal	Line open or short-circuited	Disconnect both (!) lines and measure directly on instrument.	mA meter 0–20 mA DC
	Output defective	Replace controller module	See spare parts list in chap. 9.3
Fixed current	Current simulation active	Switch off simulation.	See DIAG / Service / Simulation
output signal	Processor system inactive	Switch instrument off and on.	EMC problem: If repeated, check installation
	"Hold" is active.	"Hold" status see display.	
Current output signal incorrect or different than	Incorrect current assignment	Check current assignment: Check whether you selected 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA.	
expected	Incorrect signal assignment	Any current output can be assigned to any measured value (pH1 or 2, Temp. 1 or 2, Delta pH)	Check under "PARAM" / current output.
	Total load in current circuit too high (> 500 ohms)	Disconnect output and measure current directly on instrument.	mA Meter for 0–20 mA DC
Data cannot be saved	No DAT memory module available		DAT available as accessory, s. chap. 10
CPG300 does not work	No supply voltage	Check connection.	
(non-Ex version)	Fuse defective	Check, if necessary, replace.	
	Switch to "Maintenance"	Turn switch to "Measure".	
CPG300 does not work (Ex version)	Power supply from CPM153 defective.	Measure, CPG300 terminals L+/L-	DVM 20 V DC

Error Possible cause		Remedial action	Equipment needed, spare parts	
Pump does not reach zero position	 Air pressure too high, pump "overrides" correct position Upper micro switch is not closed in the zero position Wrong wiring of the switch Screw at revolver is missing or in a wrong position 	 Reference value: 5 bar, fine adjustment with needle valve; step speed 0.5 sec Replace micro switch Kl. R1/R2: zero position 0 V, otherwise 3.2 V, switch is a NO contact Replace screw, possibly re-adjust position 		
Revolver does not turn	 Air pressure too low Wrong wiring of the switch The metal lamina at the switch is defective pneumatic valve 4 does not open 	 Reference value: 5 bar, fine adjustment with needle valve; step speed 0.5 sec Kl. R3/R4: in motion 0 V, otherwise 3.2 V, switch is an "Active closed" contact, as wiping contact Check, possibly replace. Does yellow LED shine (in the lower mid)? Power supply connected? 		
No buffer or cleaner conveyance	Tank emptyLine blockedPump defectiveMultihose defective	Check error messages. Test functions in manual operation.	Indicator LEDs CPG300 (see fig. 34 / fig. 35, page 37): V1: Additional valve 1 active V2: Additional valve 2 active Pump: Pump stroke check Rev: Pump reverse Meas: Assembly in measurement mode Alive: LED flashes irregularly, if function o.k. Pressure switch feedback (Pos.No. 440, p. 140) type "active open": no pressure = closed with pressure = open.	
Compressed air or cleaning agent are not conveyed	 Pressure in line is low Line is blocked Ball in the ball valve is not in the upper position 	Check line Open ball valve (Pos. D, E in fig. 27, page 31), check ball: it must be above spring and distance piece		
Assembly stays in "Service" position Assembly stays in "Measurement" position	No compressed air Switch to "Maintenance" Incorrect position feedback signal	Check error messages Test functions in manual operation. Disconnect pressure switch and check with Ohmmeter.		
Assembly permanently proceeds	Pneumatic hoses to assembly connected in a wrong way	Check pneumatic hoses.		
Assembly proceeds several times without correct feedback	Pneumatic connections interchanged Feedback connected not correctly	 fig. 28, page 32 or fig. 31, page 34 and fig. 53, page 144: Hose 2 "measuring" to valve 5 in front, hose 3 "service" to valve 5 in the back. fig. 28, page 32 or fig. 31, page 34 and fig. 53, page 144: Hose 5 "measuring" feedback (terminals. 11/12), hose 6 "service" feedback (terminals. 13/14) 		
	 Feedback switch is wrongly adjusted Assembly has been proceeded manually. Feedback signal is, therefore, undefined. 	back (terminals 13/14) - Feedback switch under pressure: opened: Kl. 11/12-13/14 = 14 V closed: Kl. 11/12-13/14 = 0 V - Position change via menu manual operation		

9.1.3 Instrument-specific error

Error	Possible cause	Tests and / or remedial action	Equipment, spare parts, personnel
Display dark, no LEDs	No mains voltage	Check whether mains voltage is applied.	Electrician / e.g. multimeter
active	Supply voltage incorrect or too low	Compare actual mains voltage with name-plate rating.	
	Connection defective	Terminal not picked-up; insulation clamped.	
	Instrument fuse defective (non-Ex)	Replace fuse after comparing mains voltage and nameplate rating.	Electrician / suitable fuse; see fig. 48 (p. 139)
	Instrument fuse defective (Ex)	Replace fuse.	Use Ex fuse; electrician required
	Power unit defective	Replace power unit, pay attention to variant.	On-site diagnosis: all 6 red LEDs on the M3G module must be lit
	Central module defective (if all 6 LEDs on the power unit M3G are lit)	Replace central module. Pay attention to variant.	On-site diagnosis by responsible service (test module required)
	Ribbon cable loose or defective	Check ribbon cable.	Cable soldered onto the site of the M3G module
Display dark, but LED active	Central module defective (Module: M3Cx-x)	Replace central module M3Cx-x.	On-site diagnosis by responsible service (test module required)
Display functioning, but no change in display and/or	Instrument or module in instrument not correctly installed	Check module connections.	see device view on page 139
instrument cannot be operated	Operating system in impermissible state	Switch instrument off and on.	Possibly EMC problem: if problem persists, have installation checked by responsible Service
Instrument gets hot	Incorrect mains voltage or too high	Compare mains voltage and nameplate rating.	
	Power unit defective	Replace power unit.	All 6 red LEDs on the M3G module must be lit
Incorrect measured pH / mV value and / or measured temperature value	value and / or measu- MKP2), please carry out tests and measu Connect pH, Ref and PA directly on the bus		If test negative: Replace module MKP2, bushing using the device view on page 139
Current output, Current value incorrect	Calibration incorrect: - Load too high - Shunt / short-circuit to frame in current circuit	Test with integrated current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.	If simulation value incorrect: new module M3Cx-x required. If simulation value correct: check current circuit for load and shunts
	Incorrect operating mode	Check whether 0–20 mA or 4–20 mA is selected.	
No current output signal	Jumper incorrectly set	Change coding.	See chap. B
	Current output stage defective (Module: M3CH-x)	Test with integrated current simulation, connect mA meter directly to current output.	If test negative: Replace module M3CH-x (Check variants, see spare parts list in chap. 9.3)
	Instrument with PROFIBUS® interface	PROFIBUS [®] instruments do not have a current output.	For information, see "DIAG" / internal data

9.2 Response of outputs to errors

9.2.1 Current output behaviour

If an error occurs in the system, an error current is output at the current output. You can adjust the value of this error current in the Alarm menu (see page 63).

If you have configured the controller for functioning with current output 2, this output does not output an error current if an error occurs.

9.2.2 Response of contacts to errors

You can set each individual error message to trigger or not to trigger an alarm (see table on page 127, editing errors on page 63). In "NAMUR" mode, failure messages always trigger an alarm.

Behaviour with standard setting

Instrument status	Instrument status Alarm relay	
Normal operation picked-up (Fail-safe behaviour)		Corresponding configuration and operating status
Alarm	Dropped out	
Voltage-free	Dropped out	Dropped out

Behaviour with NAMUR setting

Instrument status	Alarm relay	Maintenance relay	Function check	Limit value/Controller
Normal operation	Picked-up (Fail- safe behaviour)			Corresponding configuration and operating status
Failure	Dropped out			
Maintenance required	Picked up			
Function check	Picked up			
Voltage-free	Dropped out			Dropped out

9.2.3 Response of contacts to power failure

In the "Set up 1" menu "Relays", you can define the contacts as "Active open" or "Active closed" contacts (see page 59). In case of a power failure, the contacts will act according to the setting you make.

9.2.4 Assembly behaviour

Problem	Behaviour CPM153	Behaviour CPG300	Assembly behaviour
CPM153 voltage failure during measurement	No function		
CPM153 voltage failure during maintenance	No function		
CPG300 voltage failure during measurement	Error message E012	All valves closed	Can be pushed out of the process.
CPG300 voltage failure during maintenance	Error message E012	All valves closed	Stays in service position
Air failure during measure- ment	Error message		Can be pushed out of the process.
Air failure during mainte- nance	Error message E027		Stays in service position
Air failure during auto- clean	Error message E027		Stays in service position
Water failure during measurement	Error message E028		
Water failure during main- tenance	Error message E028		
Buffer 1 / 2 empty			
Cleaner empty			
Pump does not convey			

9.3 CPM153 spare parts

For your own safety, always use genuine spare parts. Only genuine spare parts ensure correct functioning, accuracy and reliability after corrective maintenance. You receive all spare parts in the form of service kits with a unique code, optimally adapted packaging including ESD protection for modules and a set of instructions.

CPM153: Module /spare parts list

The table below shows the order codes of spare part kits. The position numbers relate to fig. 48.

Pos No.	Kit name	Contents / Use	Order code
A	Fuse	Microfuse, medium slow, 250 V / 3,15A	-
В	DAT module	DAT module	51507175
10	Terminal module non-Ex	Module M3K	51507084
30	Power supply 100 230 VAC non-Ex	Module M3G, power unit + 3 relay	51507087
30	Power supply 24 VAC/DC non-Ex	Module M3G, power unit + 3 relay	51507089
50	Controller module pH, 2 x current output	Module M3CH-S2 / Non-Ex	51510994
50	Controller module pH, 2 x current + HART	Module M3CH-H2 / Non-Ex	51510993
50	Controller module pH, PROFIBUS-PA	Module M3CH-PA / Ex and non-Ex	51510995
50	Controller module pH, PROFIBUS-DP	Module M3CH-DP/ Non-Ex	51507095
60	pH input module	Module MKP2 / Ex and non-Ex	51507096
70	Relay module 3 additional relays	Module M3R-3 / Ex and non-Ex	51507097
80	Terminal set for pH input	Six-pin terminal + two-pin terminal	51507100
90	Jumper set	Five sets of all three jumper types	51507102
100	Partition plate for connection compartment	Five partition plates	51507103
110	Front cover non-Ex	Upper section with keypad sheet, connection compartment cover, hinge, nameplate	
120	Back cover non-Ex	For one and two-circuit instruments, cpl.	51507106

9.4 CPM153 Installation and removal of parts

Please observe the safety instructions in chap. 9.3.

9.4.1 Device view CPM153

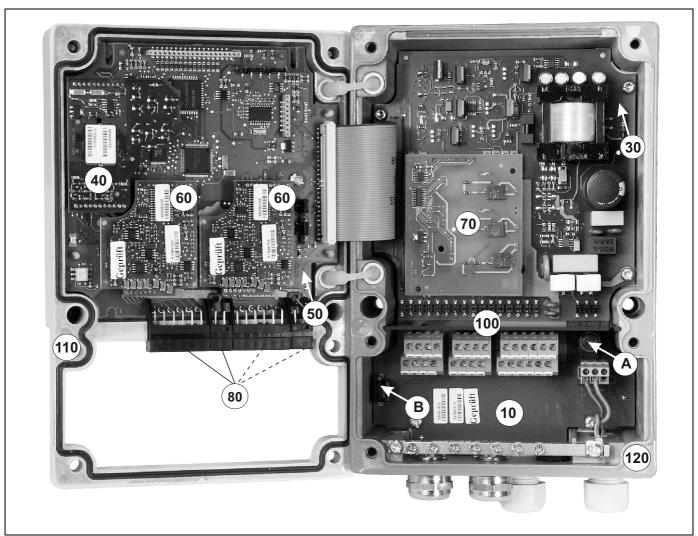


fig. 48: Interior view of the transmitter Mycom S

C07-CPC300xx-09-06-00-xx-003.

Remarks:

A The figure shows the non-Ex fuse.

B Slot for DAT memory module

9.4.2 Codings

Current outputs active or passive:

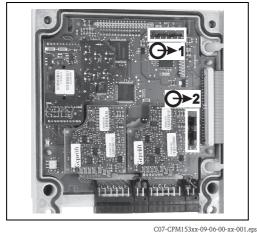
In the device versions CPM153-xxxA/-xxxB (2 current outputs) the current outputs can be operated as either active or passive. Jumpers on the controller module M3CH allow recoding.

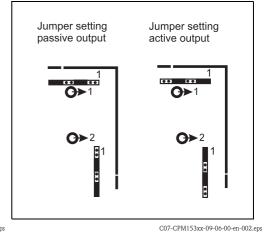
For **non-Ex** instruments, these modules may be recoded to active outputs.



Warning!

Ex instruments must **not** be recoded. Doing so will cause loss of intrinsic safety!





C07-CPM153XX-09-00-00-XX-001.e

Active/passive coding of the current outputs

fig. 49: Coding of the current outputs (Interior view of the CPM153 housing upper section)

9.5 CPG300 Spare parts

For your own safety, always use genuine spare parts. Only genuine spare parts ensure correct functioning, accuracy and reliability after corrective maintenance. You receive all spare parts in the form of service kits with a unique code, optimally adapted packaging including ESD protection for modules and a set of instructions.

fig. 50:

Spare parts CPG300

The table below shows the order codes of spare part kits. The position numbers relate to fig. 51 and fig. 52.

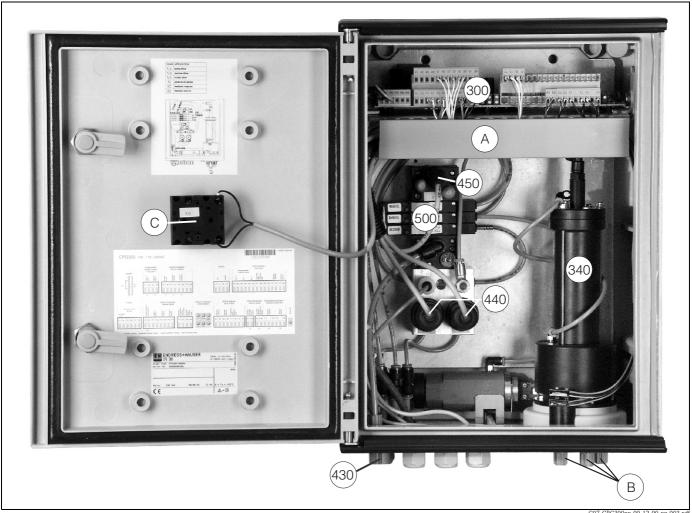
Pos No.	Kit name	Contents / Use	Order number
300	Electronics module CPG300 Ex		51507432
300	Electronics module CPG300 110/230 VAC non-Ex	tested, complete module. Power supply for Ex using the CPM153. With the 110/230 VAC version, the voltage	51507433
300	Electronics module CPG300 24 VDC/AC non-Ex	can be selected with jumpers.	51507434
330	Terminal strip set Ex and non-Ex	all required plug-in terminal strips	51507436
340	Complete new pump	new completely installed pump	51507437
340	Complete replacement pump	reconditioned completely installed pump	51511676

Pos No.	Kit name	Contents / Use	Order number
410	Multihose CPG300 5 m	5 hoses in protective hose with pneumatic	51507461
420	Multihose CPG300 10 m	multiplug	51508786
430	Multihose connection	pneumatic multiplug in housing installation version.	51507446
440	Assembly feedback pressure switch	pressure switch, active closed contact	51507447
450	Pneumatic pressure switch	pressure switch	51507448
500	Pneumatics module CPG300 (non-Ex) with 3 valves	module with basic section, valves, pressure switch, mufflers	51507457
500	Pneumatics module CPG300 (Ex) with 3 piezo valves	module with basic section, valves, pressure switch, mufflers	51507451
500	Pneumatics module CPG300 (Ex) with 5 piezo valves	module with basic section, valves, pressure switch, mufflers	51507456
460	Single non-Ex valve	electrically-operated valve (coil)	51507449
470	Single Ex valve (piezo valve)	valve with piezo precontrol	51507450
510	Complete level probe	screw-in section for tank, suction hose, level probe, cable	51507458
520	Kit of pneumatic / hydraulic small parts	hoses ID 4/6 mm, hose adapters, 4/6 adapter, T-sections, hose connections, Schott connections, non-return valves, screws, spring	51507459
530	Kit hosing	Hoses ID4/6 mm, hose connections, throttle for revolver PVDF	51510981
540	Pressure reduction kit	Pressure reduction valve, filter	51505755
560	Water filter kit	Water filter 100 μm	51511336
В	Kit non-return valves	8 non-return valves	51511314

9.6 CPG300 Installation and removal of parts

Please observe the safety instructions in chap. 9.5.

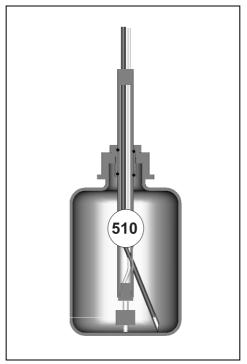
9.6.1 Device view CPG300



C07-CPC300xx-09-12-00-xx-003.pd

fig. 51: Complete view of CPG300 housing

- A Cable channel
- B Pump connections, hydraulic
- C Service switch



C07-CPC300xx-00-12-07-xx-001.eps

fig. 52: Detailed view: Level measurement with drive in the buffer/cleaner bottles

The numbers in the diagram are the position designations in the spare parts list.

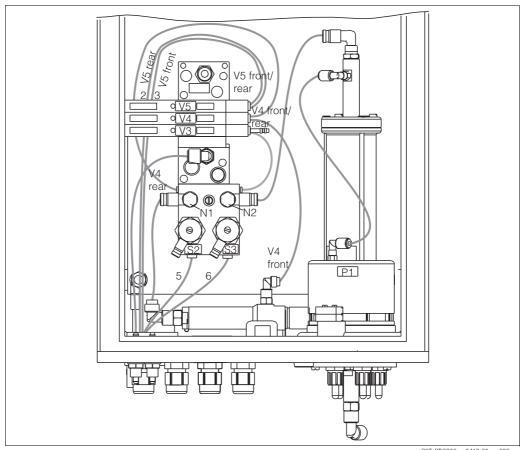
9.7 Detailed plans of CPG300

You can follow the signals using the detailed plans and check the internal wiring.

9.7.1 Terminal wiring diagram CPG300

Please refer to chap. 5.1 and chap. 5.3.

9.7.2 Pneumatics and hydraulics CPG300 non-Ex



C07-CPC300xx-0412-00-en-009.eps

fig. 53: Pneumatics and hydraulics plans for CPG300 non-Ex

Multihose connection	Valves (electrically controlled)	Pressure switch	Needle valves	Signal / use
1				Free
2	V5 rear			Assembly in measuring position
3	V5 front			Assembly in service position
4				Free
5		S2		"Measurement" feedback (not used with inductive feedback)
6		S3		"Service" feedback (not used with inductive feedback)
7-10				Free
	V3			Pump drive
	V4 rear			Revolver drive forward
	V4 front			Revolver drive backward
		S1		Compressed air monitoring
			N1	Preadjusted throttle for revolver control time
			N2	Fine adjustment for pump control time; close valve and open it by ¼ revolution

Topcal S 9 Troubleshooting

9.8 Replacing the device fuses



Warning!

Danger to personnel.

Before replacing the fuse, make sure the device is voltage-free.

Fuse CPM153:

- lacktriangle Position of the fuse holder: "A" in fig. 48.
- Use only a 5 x 20 mm fine-wire fuse with 3.15 mA, medium slow-blow. All other fuses are not permitted.

Fuse CPG300

- Position of the fuse holder: "A" in fig. 51.
- Use only a 5 x 20 mm fine-wire fuse with 3.15 mA, medium slow-blow. All other fuses are not permitted.

9.9 Disposal

The Mycom S CPM153 is a transmitter which contains electronic components and PCBs and therefore must be disposed of as electronic refuse. Please keep to the local regulations.

Apart from the mechanical components, the CPG300 also contains electronic components. For disposal purposes, separate the device into electronics, plastic (housing) and metal rubbish.

The assembly may be contaminated by the medium. Therefore, when disposing of it, the plant disposal or safety officer must be consulted.

10 Accessories Topcal S

10 Accessories

Offline configuration with Parawin

The Parawin tool provides you with a graphic PC operating programme for configuring your measuring point at the PC using a simple and self-explanatory menu structure. Write the configuration to the DAT module using the RS232 interface on the PC. The module can then be plugged into the transmitter. You can switch the language via software.

The offline configuration system consists of a DAT module, the software and a DAT interface (RS 232). Required operating system: Windows NT/95/98/2000.

Order No.: 51507133 (only Mycom S)

Order No.: 51507563 (Topcal S, Topclean S / Mycom S)

DAT module

The DAT module is a memory device (EEPROM) which can be easily plugged into the connection compartment of the transmitter. Using the DAT module, you can

- save complete settings, logbooks and the data loggers of the CPM153 and
- copy the complete settings to other CPM153 measuring transmitters which have identical hardware functionality.

This considerably reduces the effort to install or service several measuring points.

Order No.: 51507175

Assemblies

Туре	Properties	Applications	
Cleanfit CPA471/ 472/473/474/ 475	Retractable assembly for manual or pneumatic operation. Cleaning and calibrating the electrode is possible under process conditions. CPA475: 3A approval, EHEDG. Technical Information: CPA471: TI 217C/07/en, Order No.: 51502596 CPA472: TI 223C/07/en, Order No.: 51502645 CPA473: TI 344C/07/en, Order No.: 51510923 CPA474: TI 345C/07/en, Order No.: 51510925 CPA475: TI 240C/07/en, Order No.: 51505599	 Process systems in general (471, 472, 473, 474) Food, pharmaceutical applications (475) Biotechnology (475) 	

pH/redox electrodes

Туре	Properties	Applications
Orbisint CPS11/11D/ 12/13	CPS11/11D/ ling due to PTFE diaphragm, pressures up to 6 bar, conductivity • Industrial waste	
Ceraliquid CPS41/42/43	Electrodes with ceramic diaphragms and KCl liquid electrolyte, use with counterpressure, explosion-proof up to 8 bar Technical Information TI 079C/07/en, 50059346	 General process engineering Ultra-pure water Boiler feed water Detoxification (cyanide)
Ceragel CPS71/71D/ 72	Gel electrode with double-chamber reference system. Long-term stability, short response time, very long toxic path, resistant to alternating temperature and pressure cycles Technical Information TI 245C/07/en, 51505837 and TI 374C/07/en, 51513591	 General process engineering Food processing Water treatment
Orbipore CPS91	Electrodes with double-chamber reference system and open aperture Technical Information TI 375C/07/en, 51513127	■ Chemical processes ■ Heavily soiled media

Topcal S 10 Accessories

Туре	Properties	Applications
Tophit CPS471	Rupture-proof pH sensor based on ISFET technology. Short response time, very high resistance to alternating temperature cycles, sterilisable, almost no acid or alkaline errors Technical Information TI 283C/07/en, 51506685	 General process engineering Food, pharmaceutical applications Water treatment Biotechnology
Tophit CPS441	Sterilisable ISFET sensor for media with low conductivity, with liquid KCL electrolyte Technical Information TI 352C/07/en, 51506565	 General process engineering Ultra-pure water Boiler feed water
Tophit CPS491	ISFET sensor with open aperture Technical Information TI 377C/07/en, 51513174	■ Chemical processes ■ Heavily soiled media

Rinse block

CPR40 rinse block for the transport of cleaning agents for use with retractable assemblies. Technical Information TI 342C/07/en, Order No. 51510059

Spray cleaning system

CYR10 / CYR20 Chemoclean spray cleaning system for the transport of cleaning agents or acids for use with retractable assemblies.

Technical Information TI 046C/07/en, Order No. 50014223

Service adapter Optoscope

The service adapter aids communication between Endress+Hauser transmitters and the PC using the service interface. You can use it to load new firmware and to save/write customer data (using a PC with a Windows NT/95/98/2000 operating system).

Connection accessories

- CPK1: Version with pilot wire and additional outer screen, sheathed in PVC, dia. 7.2 mm. Extension with cable CYK71 possible, see table "Measuring cables sold by the metre".
- CPK9: For pH/redox electrodes with integrated temperature sensor and TOP68 plug-in head (version ESA, ESS). Extension with cable CYK71 possible, see table "Measuring cables sold by the metre".
- CPK12: For IsFET pH sensors and pH/redox electrodes with integrated temperature sensor and TOP68 plug-in head. Extension with cable CYK12 possible, see table "Measuring cables sold by the metre".
- CYK10: Memosens data cable for digital pH sensors with Memosens technology. Extension with cable CYK81 possible, see table "Measuring cables sold by the metre".
- Junction box VBM: Junction box for extending measuring cable connection between electrode and transmitter. Two screw unions for e.g. combination electrode. Material: aluminium cast, ingress protection IP 65.
- Junction box VBA: Junction box for extending measuring cable connection between electrode and transmitter. Four screw unions for e.g. separate reference electrode. Material: aluminium cast, ingress protection IP 65.
- Junction box RM: Junction box for extending measuring cable connection between digital sensor with Memosens technology and transmitter, 2 cable glands Pg 13.5, ingress protection IP 65. Order no.: 51500832

Technical Information for all cable types and junction boxes: TI 118C/07/en, Order no.: 50068526

10 Accessories Topcal S

Measuring cables sold by the metre

Cable	Description	Order number
CYK71	Measuring cable, consisting of a coaxial cable and 4 pilot wires	
CIK/I	Measuring cable for Ex applications	50085673
DMK	Connecting measuring cable, consisting of 3 coaxial cables	50003864
DIVIK	DMK blue for Ex applications	50003866
CYK12	Measuring cable, coax and 5 pilot wires, black	51506598
CIKIZ	Measuring cable for Ex applications, blue	51506616
CYK81	Non-terminated measuring cable for extension of sensor cables (e.g. Memosens), 2×2 wires, twisted pair with screen and PVC sheath	51502543

Buffer solutions

Туре	Characteristic value / contents	Applications
CPY2	pH 4.0, red, contents: 5000 ml; Order No.: CPY2-A pH 7.0, green, contents: 5000 ml; Order No.: CPY2-B pH 4.0 20x20 ml (for single use), Order No.: CPY2-D pH 7.0 20x20 ml (for single use), Order No.: CPY2-E	pH calibration (reference temperature 25 °C / 77 °F)
CPY3	+225 mV, pH 7.0, contents 5000 ml; Order No.: CPY3-6 +475 mV, pH 0.0, contents: 5000 ml; Order No.: CPY3-7	Redox calibration (measured at 25 °C / 77 °F with PtAg or AgCl measuring chain)

Flat gasket

Flat gasket for sealing the front panel mounting of the CPM153.

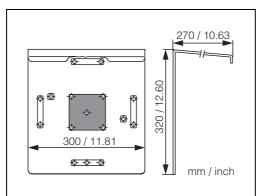
Order No.: 50064975

Weather protection cover CYY101

Required for installing the transmitter outdoors.

Round post fixture for weather protection cover

To fix the weather protection cover to vertical or horizontal posts with diameters of up to 60 mm / 2.36". Order No.: 50062121



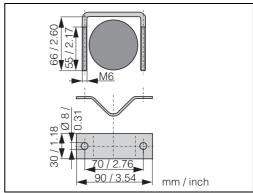


fig. 54: Weather protection cover CYY101

fig. 55: Round post fixture for CYY101

C07-CPM153xx-00-00-00-en-002.eps

Technical Information TI 092C/07/en, Order No. 50061228

C07-CPM153xx-00-00-00-en-001.eps

Topcal S 10 Accessories

Housing CYC300

Housing for Topcal S CPC300, with rack for buffer and cleaner solutions. Operating panel with alarm LED and lock for programme start and assembly drive. For Ex and Non-Ex applications. Material: plastic or stainless steel.

- Plastic version: Window for Mycom S and Memograph S
- Stainless steel version without Memograph S: Window for Mycom S
- Stainless steel version with Memograph S: Window for Memograph S

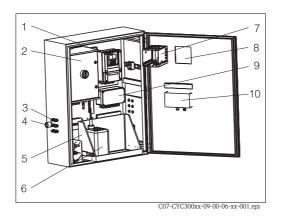


fig. 56: Housing CYC300

- 1 Mycom S CPM153
- 2 Topcal S CPC300
- 3 Pg cable glands
- 4 Multihose gland
- 5 Rack
- 6 Buffer and cleaner solutions
- 7 MemoGraph S
- 8 Window for display
- 9 Programme control unit
- 10 Operating panel

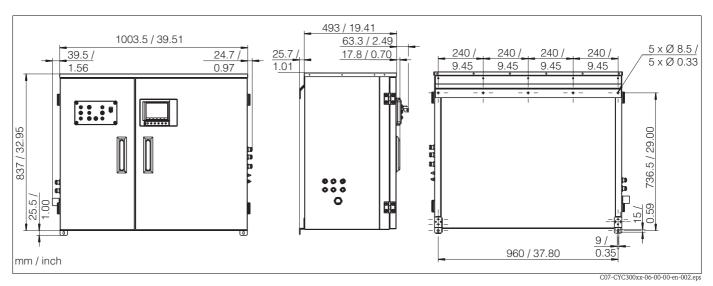


fig. 57: Dimensions of housing CYC300, stainless steel version

10 Accessories Topcal S

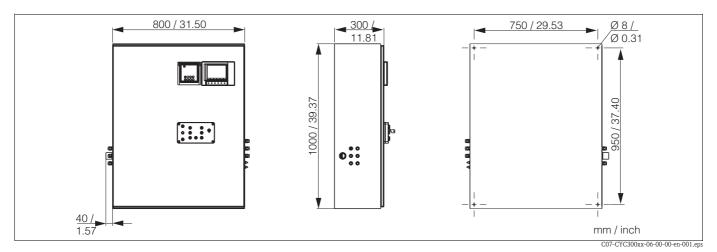


fig. 58: Dimensions of housing CYC300, plastic version

Product structure Housing CYC300

	Ce	rtificate	tificates		
	Α	no appro	no approval		
	G	with AT	`EX approval II (1) 2G EEx em ib[ia] IIC		
	О	with FM	Mapproval Cl. I, Div. 2, with NI input and output circuits, sensor IS Cl. I Div. 1		
	P	with FM	Mapproval CI. I, Div. 2, with NI input and output circuits		
	S	with CS.	A approval Cl. I, Div. 2, with NI input and output circuits, sensor IS Cl. I Div. 1		
	T	with TII	IS approval		
		D			
			supply		
			0 V AC		
			0-115 V AC		
	ļ	3 24	V AC / DC		
		Ma	aterials		
		A	Plastic		
		В	Stainless steel 1.4301 (AISI 304)		
			Heating		
			1 no electrical heating 2 with electrical heating		
	ļ		2 With electrical heating		
			Data recording		
			A no MemoGraph S		
			B with MemoGraph S		
			Allocation		
			1 empty housing, CPC300 not mounted		
			2 order item of associated CPC		
	1				
			Options		
			1 Basic version		
CYC300-			complete order code		
	1	LL			

Topcal S 10 Accessories

Operating panel for CPC300

Operating panel with alarm LED and key switch used to start programmes and move the assembly Order no. 51512891

Wiring

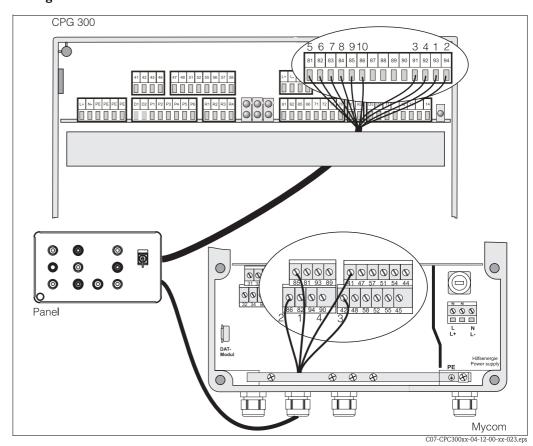


fig. 59: Wiring of the operating panel

1. Connect the supplied four-wire cable to Mycom S as follows:

Wire	Mycom terminal
1	Terminal 85
2	Terminal 86
3	Terminal 42
4	Terminal 41

2. Connect the supplied twelve-wire cable to CPG300 as follows:

Wire	CPG300 terminal	
1	Terminal 93	
2	Terminal 94	
3	Terminal 91	
4	Terminal 92	
5	Terminal 81	
6	Terminal 82	

CPG300 terminal
Terminal 83
Terminal 84
Terminal 85
Terminal 86
not connected

11 Technical data Topcal S

11 Technical data

11.1 Input

Mycom S CPM153:

Measured variables	pH, redox, temperature	
pH (glass / ISFET)	Measuring range	-2.00 +16.00
	Measured value resolution	pH 0.01
	Zero point offset range	pH –2 +16
	Range of automatic temperature compensation	–50 +150 °C / −58 +302 °F
	Reference temperature	25 °C / 77 F(settable with medium temperature compensation)
	Slope adjustment	5 99 mV / pH
	Input resistance under nominal operating conditions	$> 1 \cdot 10^{12} \Omega$
	Input current under nominal operating conditions	$< 1.6 \cdot 10^{-12} \mathrm{A}$
Redox	Measuring range	−1500 +1500 mV −300 +300%
	Measured value resolution	0.1 mV
	Zero point offset range	+200200 mV
	Assignment with % display	adjustable, Δ for $100\% = \Delta$ 150 Δ 2000 mV
	Electrode offset	±120 mV
	Input resistance under nominal operating conditions	$> 1 \cdot 10^{12} \Omega$
	Input current under nominal operating conditions	$< 1.6 \cdot 10^{-12} \mathrm{A}$
Temperature	Temperature sensor	Pt 100 (three-wire circuit) Pt 1000 NTC 30k
	Measuring range (can also be displayed in °F)	-50 +150°C / -58 +302 °F (NTC: -20 100°C / -4 +212 °F)
	Measured value resolution	0.1 K
	Temperature offset	± 5K
Digital inputs	Input voltage	10 40 V
	Internal resistance	$R_i = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$

Topcal S 11 Technical data

CPG300:

Digital inputs	Input voltage	10 40 V
	Internal resistance	$R_i = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$

11.2 Output parameters

Mycom S CPM153:

Output signal	pH, redox, temperature		
Current outputs	Current range	0 / 4 20 mA	
	Error current	2.4 mA or 22 mA	
	Measured error ¹	max. 0.2% of current range maximum	
	Output distribution, adjustable	pH: pH 1.8 18 Redox: 300 3000 mV Temperature: 17 170 °C / 63 338 °F	
	active current output (only non-Ex): Load	max. 600 Ω	
	passive current output: Supply voltage range	6 30 V	
	1: acc. to IEC 746-1, under nominal operating con	ditions	
Auxiliary voltage output	Voltage	15 V DC	
(for digital inputs E1-E3)	Output current	max. 50 mA	
Interface to CPG300	Power supply: Output voltage	11.5 18 V	
	Output current	max. 60 mA	
	Communication	RS 485	
Limit value and alarm	Setpoint adjustments	pH –2.00 16.00	
functions	Hysteresis for switch contacts	pH: 0.1 18 Redox absolute: 10 100 mV Redox relative: 1 3000%	
	Alarm delay	0 6000 s	

11 Technical data Topcal S

Controller	Function (selectable):	Pulse-length controller (PWM) Pulse-frequency controller (PFM) Three-point step controller (3-PS) Analogue (via current output)		
	Controller behaviour	P / PI / PID		
	Control gain K_R	0.01 20.00		
	Integral action time $T_{\rm n}$	0.0 999.9 min		
	Derivative action time $T_{\rm v}$	0.0 999.9 min		
	Maximum settable frequency with PFM	120 min^{-1}		
	Maximum settable period with PWM	0.5 999.9 s		
	Minimum switch-on period with PWM	0.4 s		
Relay contacts	The active open/active closed contact type can be set by	y software.		
	Switching voltage	max. 250 V AC / 125 V DC		

Galvanic isolation

At the same potential are:

Switching current

Switching power

Lifespan

- Current output 1 and the power supplyCurrent output 2 and the CPC300.
- The remaining circuits are galvanically isolated from each other.

CPG300:

Digital outputs Optoelectronic coupler, max. switching voltage 30 V

Max. switching current 100 mA

Max. switching power 3 W

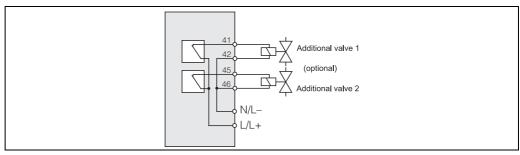
Control for external valves

Caution!

Device damage possible. Each output has its own fuse.

Switched power supply.

Max. switching current $I_{max} = 3 \text{ A}$ Max. switching power $P_{max} = 750 \text{ VA}$



max. 3 A

max. 750 VA

 \geq 5 million switching cycles

C07-CPC300xx-04-12-00-en-004.eps

fig. 60: Switched power supply to control additional external valves

Topcal S 11 Technical data

Electrical connection data

Mycom S CPM153:

Power supply 100 ... 230 V AC + 10/-15%

24 V AC/DC +20/-15%

Frequency 47 ... 64 Hz Power consumption max. 10 VA Separation voltage between galvanically isolated circuits 276 $V_{\rm rms}$

Terminals, max. cable cross-section $3 \times 2.5 \text{ mm}^2$

CPG300:

Power supply 100 / 110 / 230 VAC + 10 / -15%

24 V AC/DC +20/-15%

Frequency 47 ... 64 Hz Power consumption max. 12 VA Separation voltage between galvanically isolated circuits 276 V_{rms}

Terminals, max. cable cross-section 3 x 2.5 mm²



Warning!

Please observe the partly deviating data for Ex instruments. They are listed in the additional Safety instructions for electrical equipment in hazardous areas XA 233C/07/en and XA 236C/07/en.

11.3 Accuracy

Measured value resolution	pH: Redox: Temperature:	0.01 1 mV / 1% 0.1 K					
Measurement deviation ¹ display	pH: Redox: Temperature:	max. 0.2% of measuring range max. 1 mV max. 0.5 K					
Measurement deviation ¹ output	max. 0.2% of current range end value						
Repeatability ¹ max. 0.1% of measuring range							

1: acc. to IEC 746-1, under nominal operating conditions

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11.4 Ambient conditions

Ambient temperature	0 +55 °C / 32 131 °F	
Ambient temperature limit	-20 +60 °C / -4 +140 °F	
Storage and transport temperature	-30 +80 °C / -22 +176 °F	
Relative humidity	10 95%, non-condensing	
Ingress protection	CPM153: IP 65	CPG300: IP 54
Electromagnetic compatibility		: 1997 / A1:1998; Class B resource (Housing sector) 6: 1997 / A1:1998; Appendix A (Industrial sector)
Safety requirements	Complies with general safety require Complies with NAMUR Recommen	
	11.5 Process condit	ions
Temperature range media conveyed	0 +50 °C / 32 122 °F	
Additional pressure media		onveyed via additional valves (optional). They must not be 300 system. Use the rinse block CPR40 for that.

11.6 Mechanical data

Design / dimensions

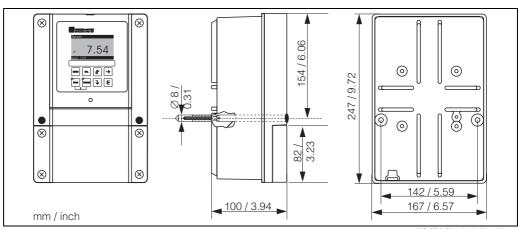


fig. 61: Dimensions of CPM153 transmitter

156 Endress + Hauser

C07-CPM153xx-06-06-00-en-001.eps

Topcal S 11 Technical data

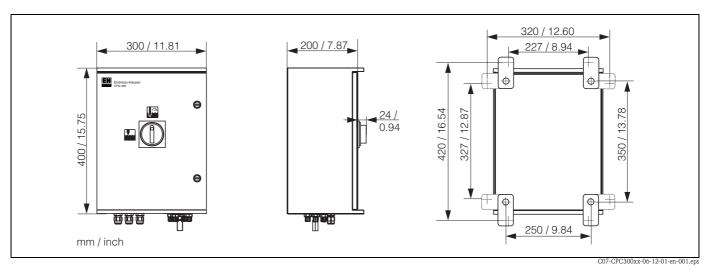


fig. 62: Dimensions of control unit CPG300

Bottle dimensions 5 litre / 1.320 US.gal bottles (19 x 25 x 15 cm / 0.75 x 0.98 x 0.59

inches)

Required installation height: 35 cm / 1.38"

Pump Pump capacity per lift: 10 ml / 0.003 US.gal.

Weight		CPG300: ap	oprox. 20 kg/	44.1 lb. CPM153: max. 6 kg / 13.2 lb.
Materials		Mycom S	Housing	GD-AlSi 12 (Mg content 0.05%), plastic-coated
			Front	Polyester, UV-resistant
		CPG300	Housing	Ex and non-Ex: Polyester GF
			Hoses	PU, PTFE (in contact with medium)
			Pump	PVC, $Viton^{\textcircled{\$}}$, PP, PVDF (in contact with medium)
		Bottles		HDPE
	N	0 11 1		



Caution!

Do not convey acids, lyes or cleaning agents containing tensides directly via the Topcal pump.

The following media have to be conveyed via external additional valves and the rinse block CPR40 in any case:

- Technical acids (e.g. technical hydrochloric acid)
- Concentrated acids (phosphoric acid, nitric acid, sulfuric acid, hydrochloric acid)
- Concentrated lyes
- Acetone, ketones, aromatic solutising agents
- Organic solvents
- Solvents containing tensides
- Hot media

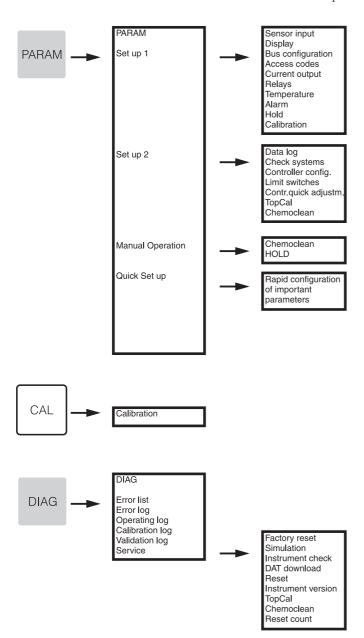
To do this, you will have to order a system with control for additional valves (see Ordering Information).

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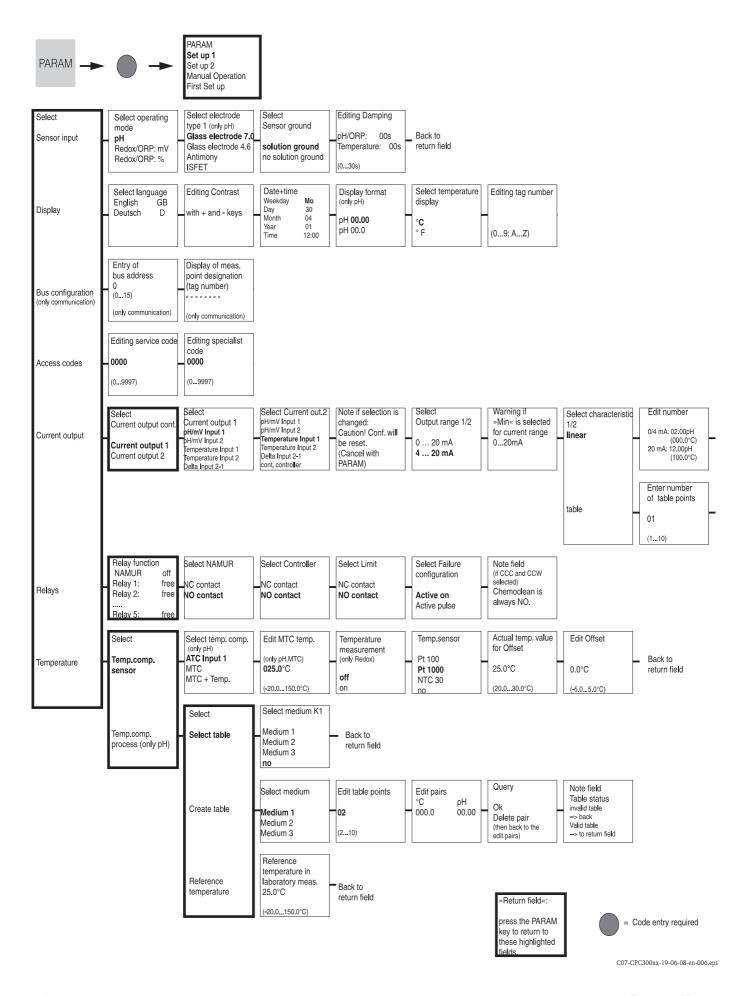
12 Appendix

12.1 Operating matrix

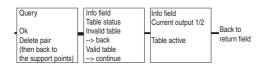
The basic structure of the operating menu is shown below.



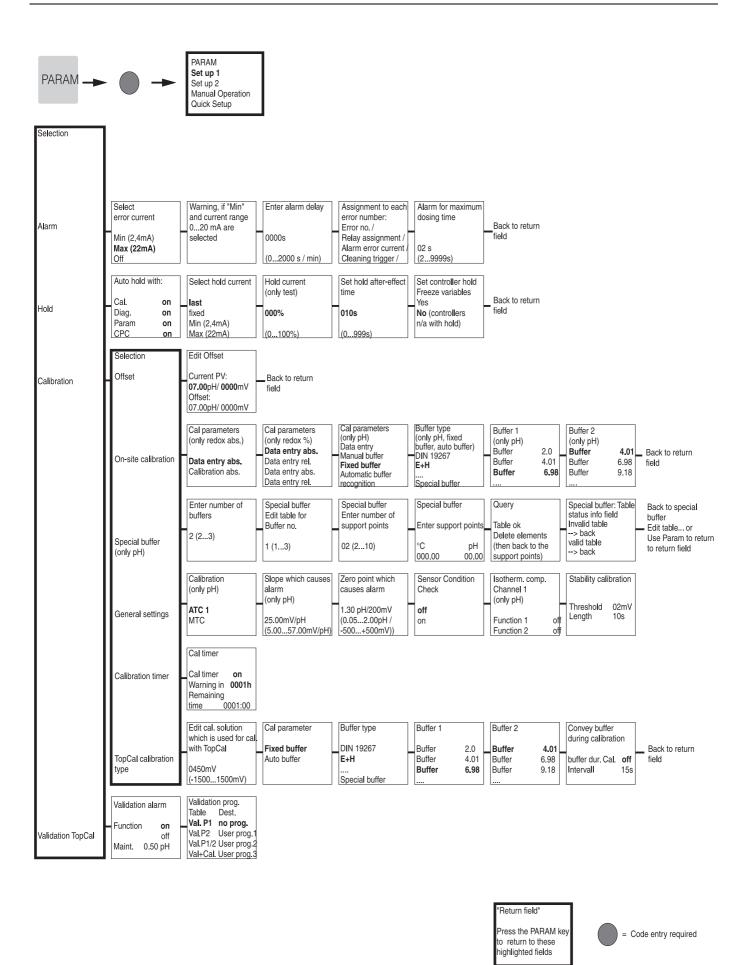
C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-005.eps



Back to return field

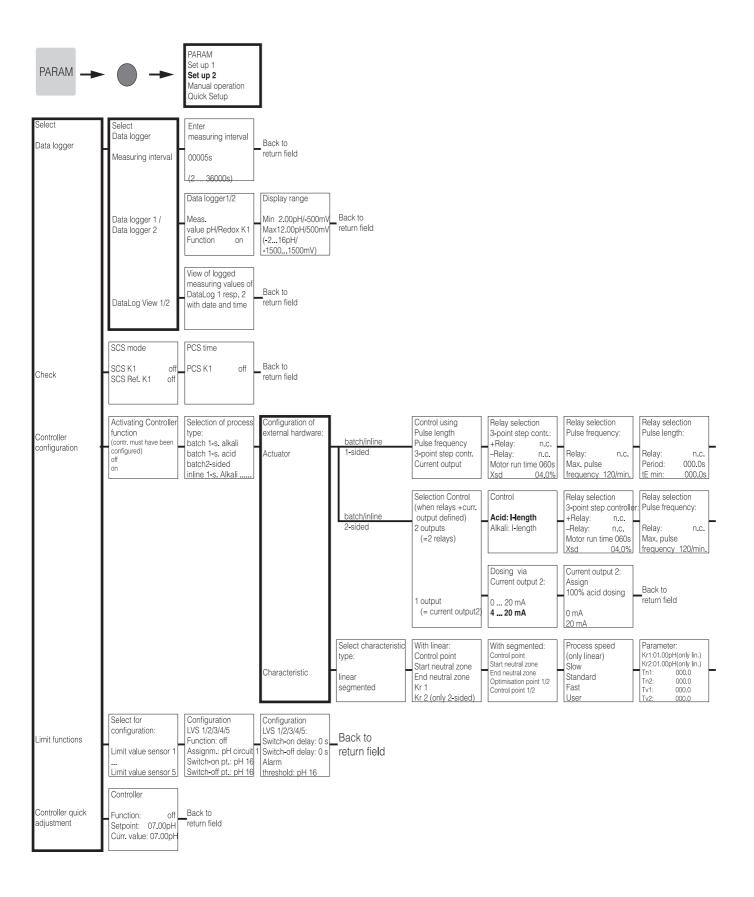


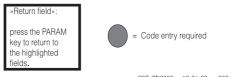
C07-CPM153xx-19-06-08-en-007.eps



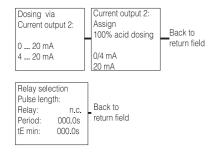
162 Endress + Hauser

C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-008.eps





C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-002.eps

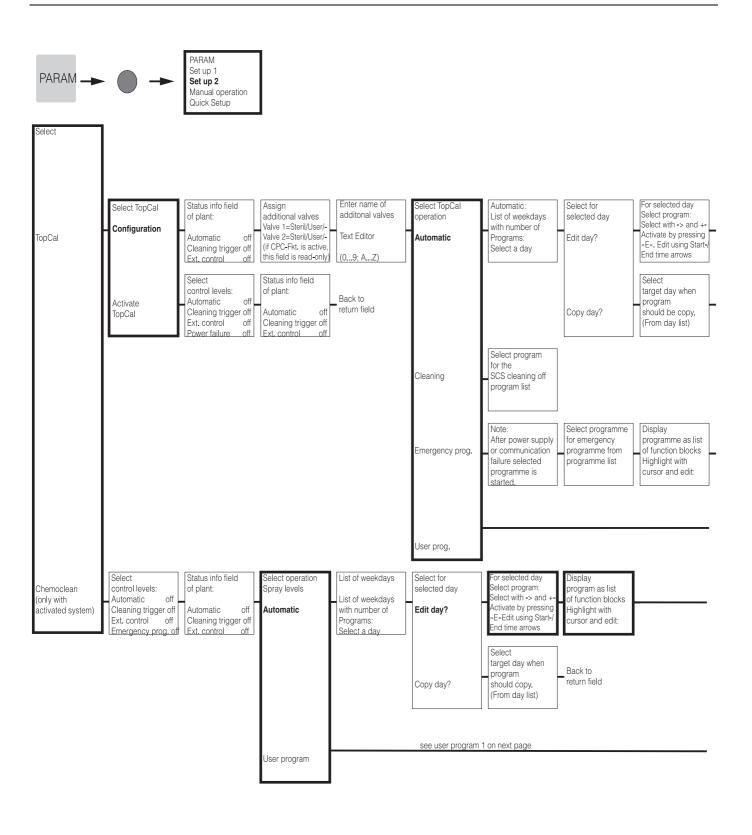




»Return field«: press the PARAM key to return to the highlighted fields.



C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-003.eps

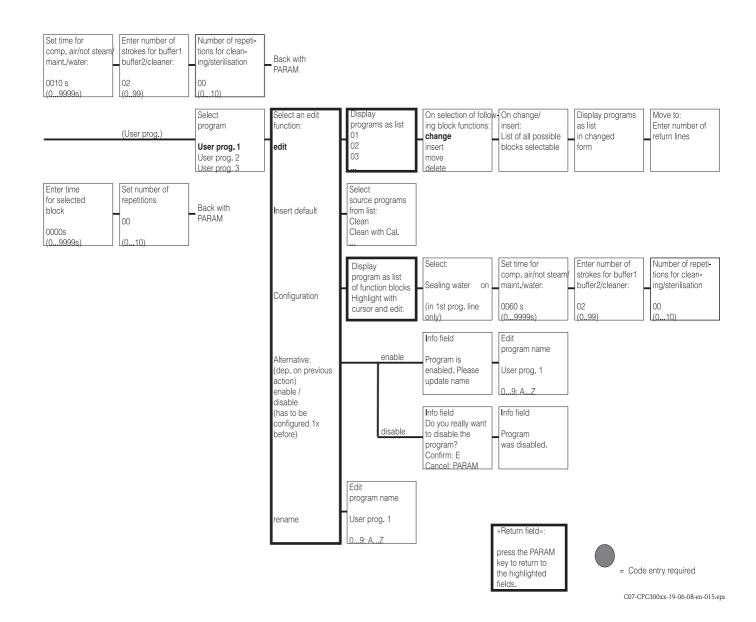


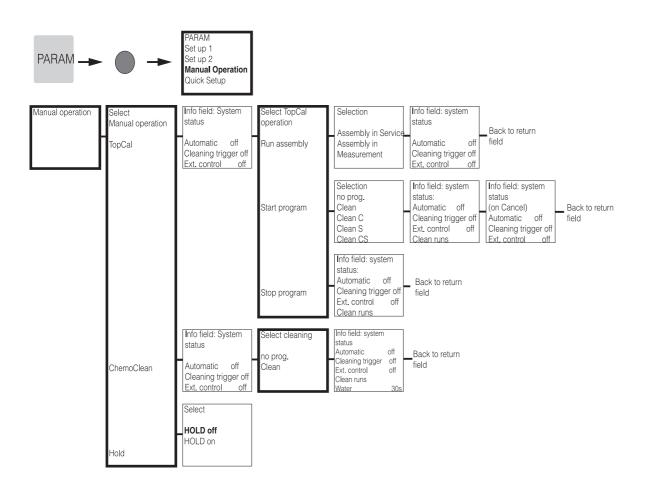


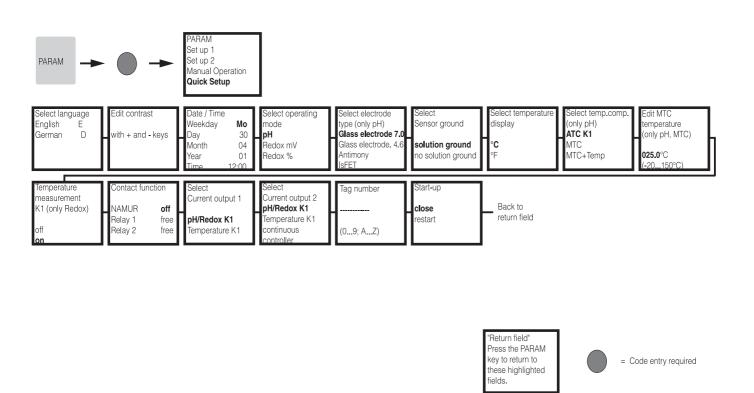
C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-014.eps



Back to return field

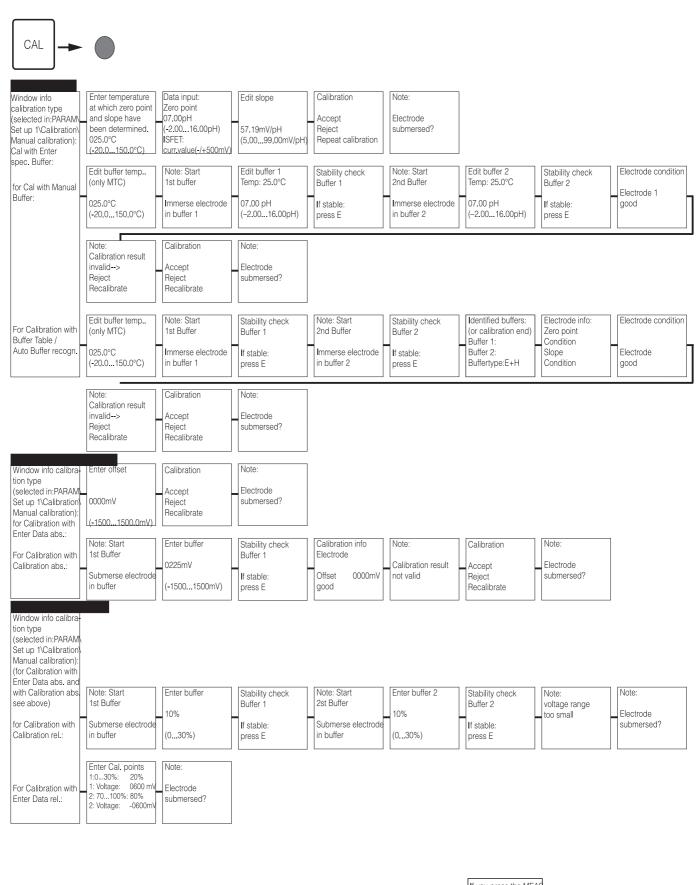






168 Endress + Hauser

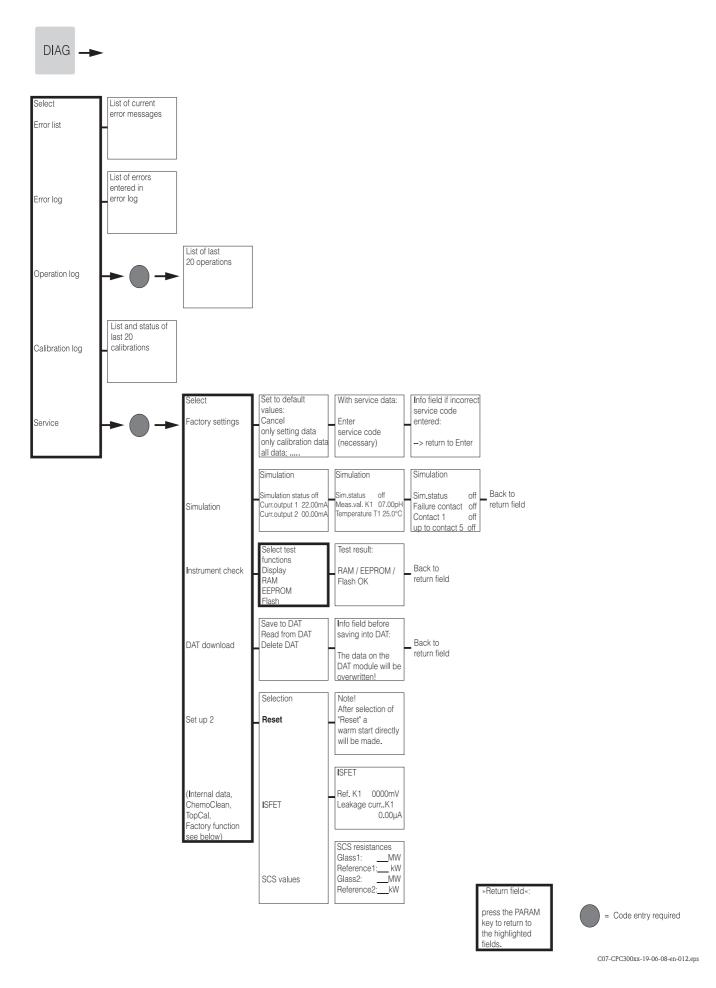
C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-011.eps

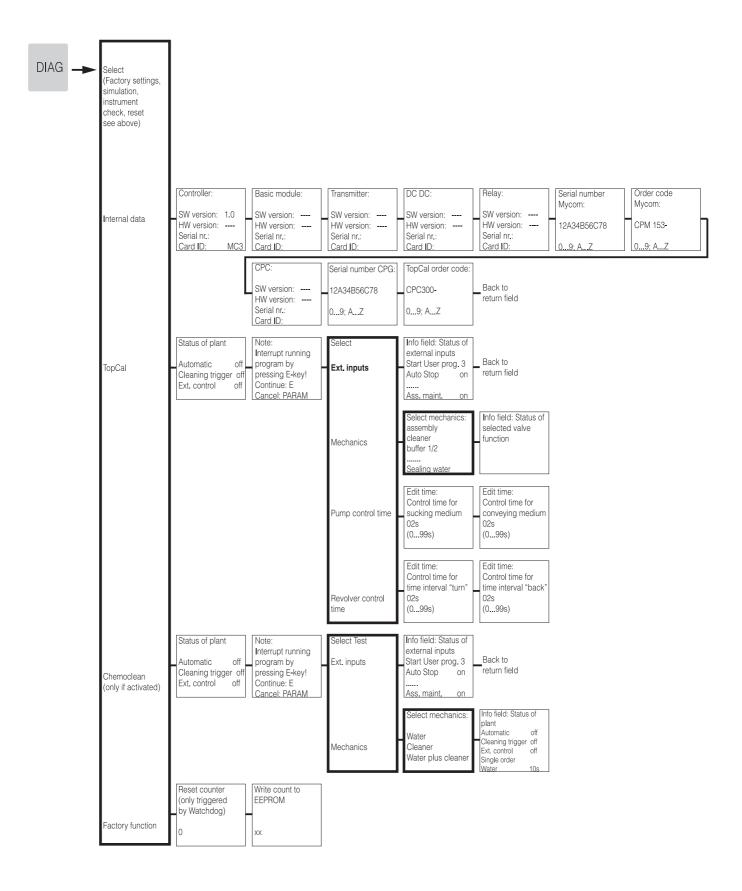


If you press the MEAS key, a message will appear asking if you want to abort the calibration.



C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-010.eps







C07-CPC300xx-19-06-08-en-013.eps

12.2 Connection example

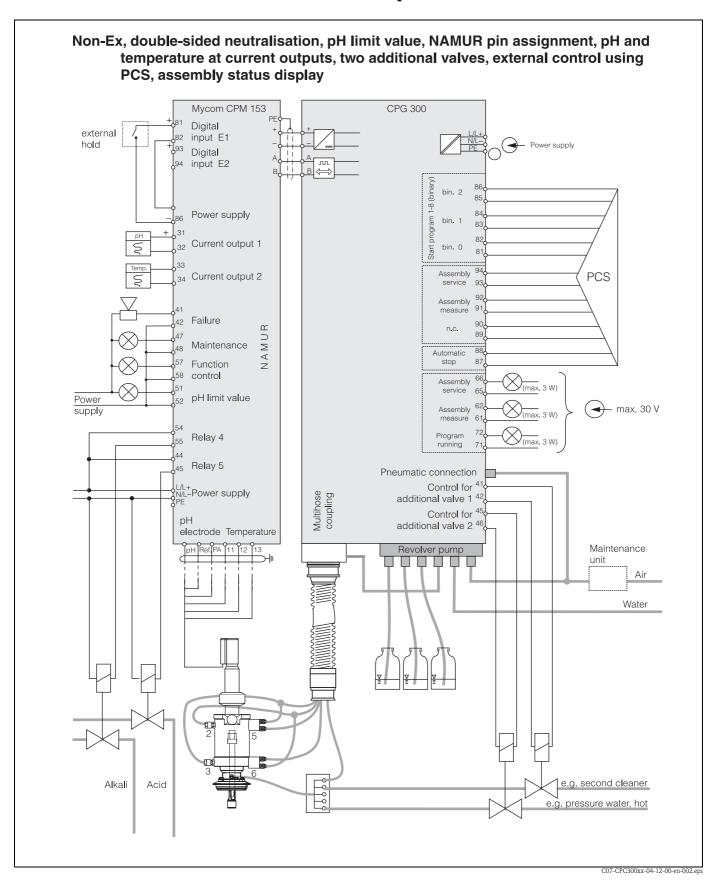
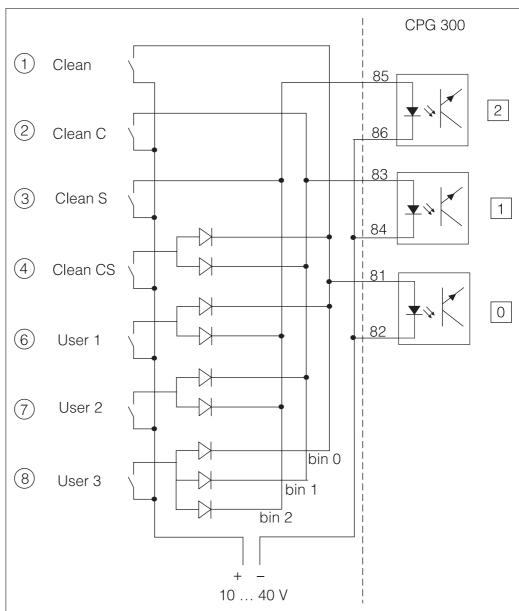


fig. 63: Connection example

Note!

Size proportions are not considered.

12.3 Wiring example for external cleaning trigger



C07-CPC300xx-04-12-00-xx-008.eps

fig. 64: Wiring diagram for the external control of the cleaning programmes

1 to 8: Buttons to start the cleaning programmes

81 to 86: Terminals for programme start

0 / 1 / 2: binary inputs of the control unit CPG300

10 ... 40 V for e.g. taken from auxiliary power supply of Mycom S CPM153, terminals 85/85 (15 V) Diodes 1N4007

3 mA per optocoupler input

12.4 Buffer tables

The following buffer tables are stored in Mycom S CPM153.

92	1,13	4,82	6,81	8,81	10,89		95	2,00	4,35	8,77		95	2,01	4,00	7,02	8,83	9,86		92	0,95	1,81	4,23	6,83
06	1,13	4,79	08'9	8,82			06	2,00	4,30	8,79		06	2,01	4,00	7,00	8,85	9,93		90	06'0	1,80	4,20	6,88
82	1,12	4,77	6,79	8,83	11,09		82	2,00	4,26	9,06		82	2,01	4,00	6,98	8,87	10,00		82	0,85	1,79	4,18	6,87
80	1,12	4,75	6,78	8,85	11,19		80	2,00	4,22	8,83		80	2,01	4,00	6,97	8,89	10,06		80	0,80	1,77	4,16	98,9
75	1,11	4,73	6,77	8,86	11,31		75	2,00	4,19	7,02		75	2,01	4,00	96'9		10,12		75	0,75	1,76	4,14	6,86
20	1,1	4,72	6,76	8,88	11,43		20	1,99	4,16	8,88		20	2,01	4,00	96'9	8,93	10,19		20	0,70	1,74	4,12	6,85
65	1,1	4,71	9,76	8,90	11,56		65	1,99	4,13	8,90		9	2,00	4,00	96'9		10,21		65	0,65	1,74	4,11	6,85
09	1,11	4,70		8,92	11,69		09			8,93		09					10,23		09	09'0			6,84
55	1,11	4,69		8,96	11,79		22	1,98	4,08	8,98		22	2,00	4,00	6,95		10,35		22	0,55	1,72		6,84
20	1,11	4,68	6,76	9,00	11,98		20		4,06	6,97 8,99		20					10,48		20	0,50	1,71		6,83
45	1,10	4,67			_		45			9,03		45	2,00				10,56		45	0,45			6,83
40	ــ	4,66	6,76	60'6	12,29					90'6		40					10,64		40				6,84
35	Ĺ,	4,65	6,77	9,13	12,45		32			9,11		32	2,00				10,72		32	0,35			6,84
30	ــ				_		30			9,16		30					10,81		30	0,30			6,85
25	1,	4,65								9,21							10,90		25	0,25			6,86
20	Ť.	4,65			12,96					9,76		20					11,00		20	0,20			6,88
15	Ť				13,16			2,		9,32		15					11,10		15	0,			6,90
10	1,	4,66								9,78		10					11,20	99	10	0,10			6,92
5	1,0			9,43	_					9,45		2		4,04			11,32	NBS/DIN 19266	2	0,05			6,95
0	1,0	4,67	6,89	9,48	13,95	Ingold	0		4,01	9,52	E+H	0		4,05	7,13	9,46	11,45	NBS/D	0	00'0	1,67	4,01	6,98
ပွ	H						ပ္	H				ပ္	H						ပ္	Hd			

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Declaration of contamination

Dear customer,

Because of legal determinations and for the safety of our employees and operating equipment, we need this "Declaration of contamination" with your signature before your order can be handled. Please, include the completely filled in declaration with the device and the shipping documents in any case. Add also safety sheets and / or specific handling instructions if necessary.

Type of device / sensor: Medium / concentration: Cleaned with:			Ser	Serial no.:					
			Ter	Temperature: Conductivity:		Pressure: Viscosity:			
			Con						
Warning hints	for medium us	ed (mark the ap	opropriate hints)						
				×			SAFE		
radioactive	explosive	caustic	poisonous	harmful to health	biologically hazardous	inflammable	safe		
Reason for ret	urn —								
Company data									
Company:			Contact person:						
			D	epartment:					
Address:	-		Phone:						
				ax / e-mail:					
			Y	our order no.:					
	hat the returned all regulations. T					ndustrial practices ion.	and is in		
(Place, date)				(Company stamp and legally binding signature)					



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