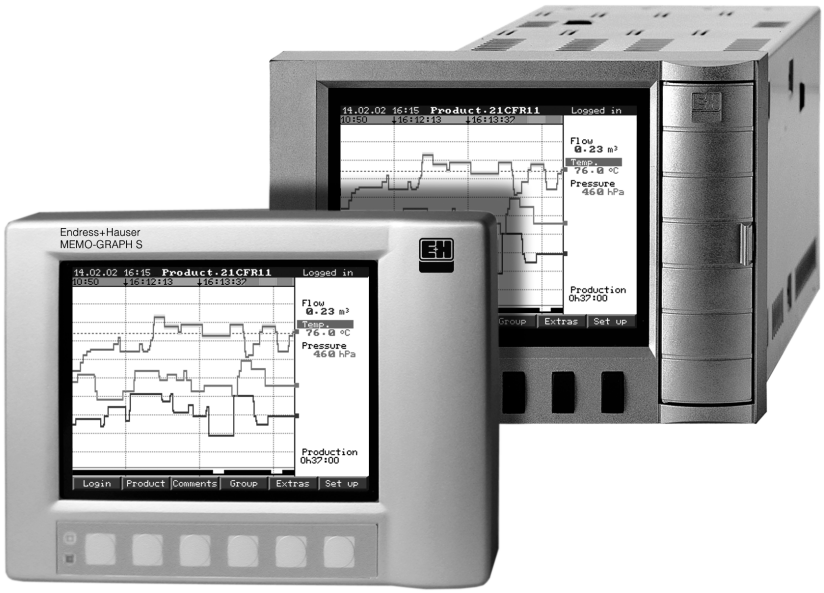
Level Pressure Flow Temperature Liquid Analysis Registration Systems Components Services Solutions

Operating Instructions

Safety Data Manager (SDM) RSG12 Memograph S

System compatible data manager with a unique safety concept for critical applications. Compliant to the high FDA requirements laid down in the 21 CFR, Part 11.

PROFI PROCESS FIELD BUS



BA138R/09/en/01.08
No.: 51006049

Software
GLX10xA V1.01.xx
GLZ10xA V1.03.xx

Endress+Hauser
People for Process Automation

Overview

Your new Safety Data Manager (SDM) has the Operating Instructions built-in.

The device's simple control system enables you to commission for many applications, practically without any paper. Your SDM displays instructions at the push of a button directly on screen.

This description is nevertheless delivered with the device – it is a supplement to the Operating Instructions built into the device. Anything that is not described directly at the device by plain text or menus is explained here.

✎ Note!
We reserve the right to make alterations that contribute to technical progress. In this case, details can differ from these Operating Instructions. No problem for you – your SDM has its Operating Instructions built-in and is therefore always up-to-date.

Chapter 4 “Wiring” and Chapter 5 “Operation” explain how to wire the inputs and outputs and how to program/set the associated functions.

Chapter 7 “Procedure in operation” explains how to use the configured device in operation, how to call up which information and how to handle the replaceable memory (ATA flash card).

Brief overview

The following brief operating instructions will allow you to install and commission your device in the correct order completely, quickly and easily:

Safety instructions	→ Page 7
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CHANGE PROTOCOL

Safety Data Manager Memograph S	**Serial No.:** **see original name plate on unit**
Installed at (company / plant):	

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Rev. #	Comment	Edited by	Date	Reviewed by	Date
1.0	First release	Kinzel	01/06/2002	Sabine Eisenmann	01/06/2002
1.1	Included description of Ethernet connection	Kinzel	01/03/2003	Dieter Schmidt	01/03/2003
1.2	Corrected fault in connection diagram of RTD thermometers; changed Chapter 3.3.2 "Panel mounting"	Kinzel	01/09/2003	Dieter Schmidt	01/09/2003
1.3	Documentation adapted to new corporate design; included note regarding use of compact flash memory cards; update accessories list	Seiffert	24/08/2004	Madhukar Puniani	24/08/2004
1.4	Input tables separated in chapter 10 "Technical data"; accessories and spare parts lists updated; operating parameters added: e. g. 2-point-calibration	Brack	15/01/2007	Sabine Eisenmann	16/01/2007
1.5	"Memo-Graph S" changed to "Memograph S"; Nameplate drawing changed; 2.1.2 Product structure deleted; 5.7.1 Basic settings changed; 5.7.2 Signal settings: changes in digital input section; 5.7.7 Interfaces: changes in RS232 / RS422 / RS485 sub-menu;	Kinzel	18/01/2008	Sabine Eisenmann	18/01/2008

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Notes on safety conventions and icons

The devices are safely built and tested according to state-of-the-art technology and have left the factory in perfect condition as regards technical safety. The devices comply with the relevant standards and guidelines as per IEC 61010 "Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use". They can, however, cause danger if used improperly or other than intended.
Always refer to the safety instructions in these Operating Instructions labelled with the following symbols:

Warning!
"Warning" draws attention to activities or procedures that can lead to injuries to persons or to safety risks if not carried out properly. Observe the work instructions closely and proceed with care.

Caution!
"Caution" draws attention to activities or procedures that can lead to defective operation or to destruction of the device if not carried out properly. Follow the instructions carefully.

Note!
"Note" draws attention to activities or procedures that have an indirect effect on operation, or can trigger an unforeseen device reaction if not carried out properly.

1.2 Designated use

This device is suitable for installation in control panels and cabinets in non-hazardous areas. It meets the requirements of EN 61010-1 / VDE 0411 Part 1 and has left the factory in perfect condition as regards technical safety.

The manufacturer does not accept liability for damage caused by improper or non-designated use. The device can cause danger if used improperly or other than intended. If it is obvious that safe operation is no longer possible (e.g. visible damage), please place the device immediately out of service. Secure the device against unintentional start-up.

1.3 Installation, commissioning and operation

Observe the following points:
- Installation, electrical installation, commissioning and maintenance of the device must only be carried out by trained experts who have be authorised to do so by the system operator. These experts must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and follow their instructions.
- The device must only be operated by personnel who have been authorised and instructed by the system operator. These Operating Instructions absolutely must be followed.
- Before connecting the device, ensure that the power supply corresponds to the value specified on the nameplate. The installer is responsible for ensuring that the measuring system is correctly connected in accordance with the electrical wiring diagrams. Before switching on the system, again check that all connections are correct.
- Primarily observe local regulations regarding opening and repairing electrical devices.

1.4 Operational safety

Caution!
Operation is only guaranteed as safe when the instructions and warnings in these Operating Instructions are observed:

- Only operate the device when it has been installed.
- Installation and connection require qualified experts. Please provide shock protection and connection in accordance with the valid safety regulations.
- The protective earth connection must be made before all other connections. Any interruption in the protective earth can cause danger.
- Before commissioning, please compare the supply voltage with the information specified on the nameplate.
- The mixed connection of safety extra-low voltage and dangerous contact voltage to the relay is not permitted.
- Please provide a suitable switch or circuit breaker when installing in a building. This switch must be installed near to the device (easily accessible) and be labelled as a separator.
- An overcurrent protective device (nominal current <= 10 A) is required for the power cable.
- If safe operation is no longer possible (e.g. visible damage) please place the device out of service immediately and secure it against unintentional start-up.
- Repairs must only be carried out by trained customer service personnel.

Desk top version:

Caution!
- The mains plug must only be inserted into a socket with grounding contact.
- The protective effect must not be removed by an extension lead without ground wire.
- Relay outputs: U(max) = 30 V eff (AC) / 60 V (DC)

Repairs
Repairs that are not described in these Operating Instructions must only be carried out directly by the manufacturer or by the service department.

Interference resistance
The measuring system meets the general safety requirements of IEC 61010 and the EMC requirements of IEC 61326.

Technical progress
The manufacturer reserves the right to adapt technical data to the most up-to-date technical developments without any special announcement. Ask your supplier for information about activities and possible extensions to these Operating Instructions.

1.5 Return

The following measures must be taken before you return a measuring device, e.g. for repair or calibration:
- The device must be packed in protective packaging. The original packaging offers the best protection.

2 Identification

2.1 Device designation

2.1.1 Nameplate

Compare the nameplate on the device with the delivery note and with the following diagram:

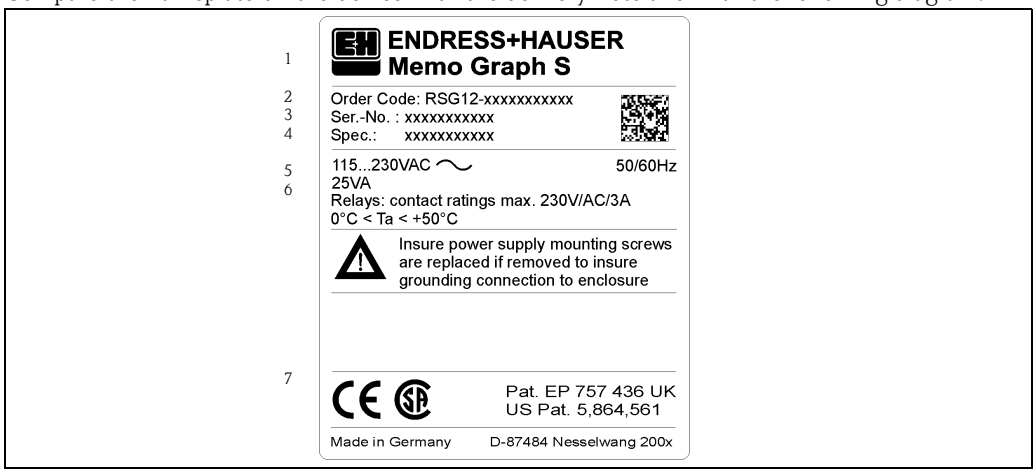


Figure 1: Nameplate data for the "Safety Data Manager"

1 Device designation
2 Order code
3 Device's serial number
4 Order number
5 Power supply data
6 Power consumption data
7 Patent no.

2.2 Scope of delivery

- Device (with screw plug-in terminals for mains and signal connection, according to your order)
- 2 jack screws
- 1 screwdriver, blade width of 2.5 mm (0.1")
- PC operating and configuration software on CD-ROM
- Delivery note
- These Operating Instructions
- Memory card / floppy disk, in case it has been ordered

Anything missing? Then please inform your supplier.

2.3 Certificates and approvals

An overview of all certificates and approvals can be found in the Technical Data → Chapter 10.10

3 Installation

3.1 Incoming acceptance, transport, storage

3.1.1 Incoming acceptance

After receiving the goods, check the following points:
- Is the packaging or the contents damaged?
- Is the delivery complete? Compare the goods delivered with what you ordered.

3.1.2 Transport and storage

Observe the following points:
- The device must be packed in shockproof packaging for storage (and transport). The original packaging offers the best protection for this.
- The permitted storage temperature is –20 to +70 °C (-4 to 158 °F) (preferably +20 °C / 68 °F).

3.2 Installation conditions

Working temperature range:
0 to 50 °C (32 to 122 °F), max. 57 % rel. moisture without condensation.

Caution!
- To avoid heat accumulation, please always ensure that the device is sufficiently cooled.
- Maintain distance from heavily magnetic fields (compare with Chapter 10 “Technical data”, interference immunity)
- Environment at front in accordance with device ingress protection IP 54 (die-cast front with closed door) or IP 65 / NEMA 4X (stainless steel front)
- The corresponding ingress protection is only guaranteed when the control panel seal is correctly mounted.

3.2.1 Dimensions

The dimensions of the “Safety Data Manager” can be found in Chapter 10 “Technical data”.

3.3 Installation instructions

3.3.1 Mounting kit

To install the control panel, all you need is a screwdriver.

3.3.2 Panel mounting

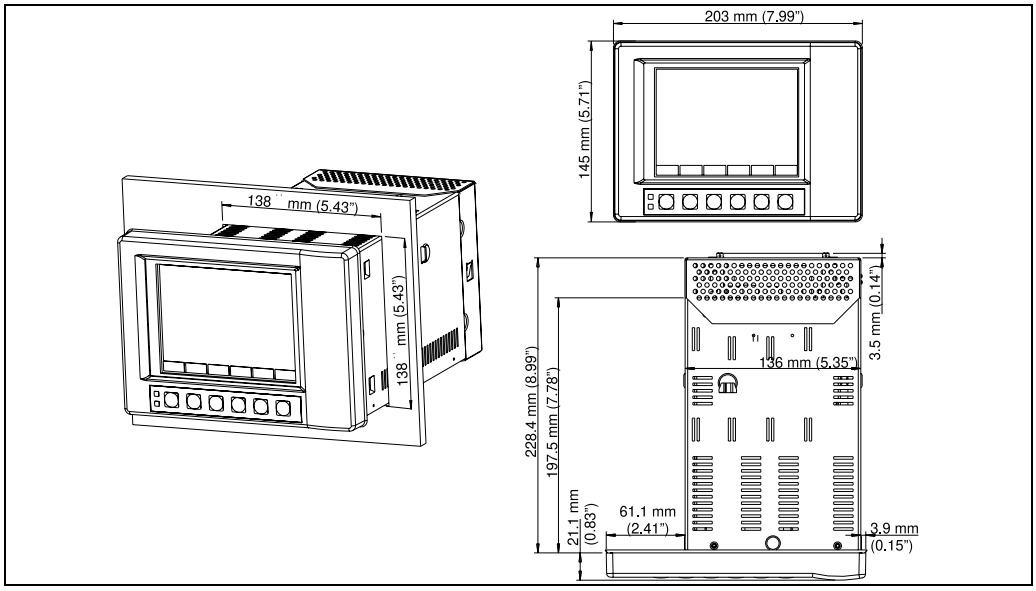


Figure 2: Panel mounting for version with die-cast or stainless steel front

Make a panel cutout, 138^{+1} x 138^{+1} mm ($5.43^{+0.04}$ x $5.43^{+0.04}$") in size (acc. DIN IEC 61554). Please observe the asymmetrical alignment of the front bezel to the casing.
The installation depth of the device is approx. 211 mm (8.31") without, or 232 mm (9.13") with rear panel or terminal cover.

1. Attach the control panel seal to the device and push it from the front through the panel cutout. To avoid heat accumulation, we recommend keeping a distance of >15 mm (>0.59") from the walls and other devices.
2. Hold the device level and the hang jack screws in the openings (top/bottom or left/right for IP54 ingress protection, all four for IP65 ingress protection).
3. Evenly tighten the screws on the jack screws using a screwdriver so that a secure, gap free seal is guaranteed with the panel (recomended tension on the screws for an IP65 protection is 0.8 to 1.3 Nm).

✎ Note!
Another support is only required for very thin control panel versions.

3.4 Post-installation check

After installing the control panel, please check the following points:
- Is the control panel seal mounted?
- Is the device fixed firmly in the control panel?

4 Wiring

4.1 Quick wiring guide

☝ **Caution!**
Before wiring, please compare the supply voltage with the information specified on the nameplate. If safe operation is no longer possible (e.g. visible damage) please place the device out of service and secure it against unintentional start-up.

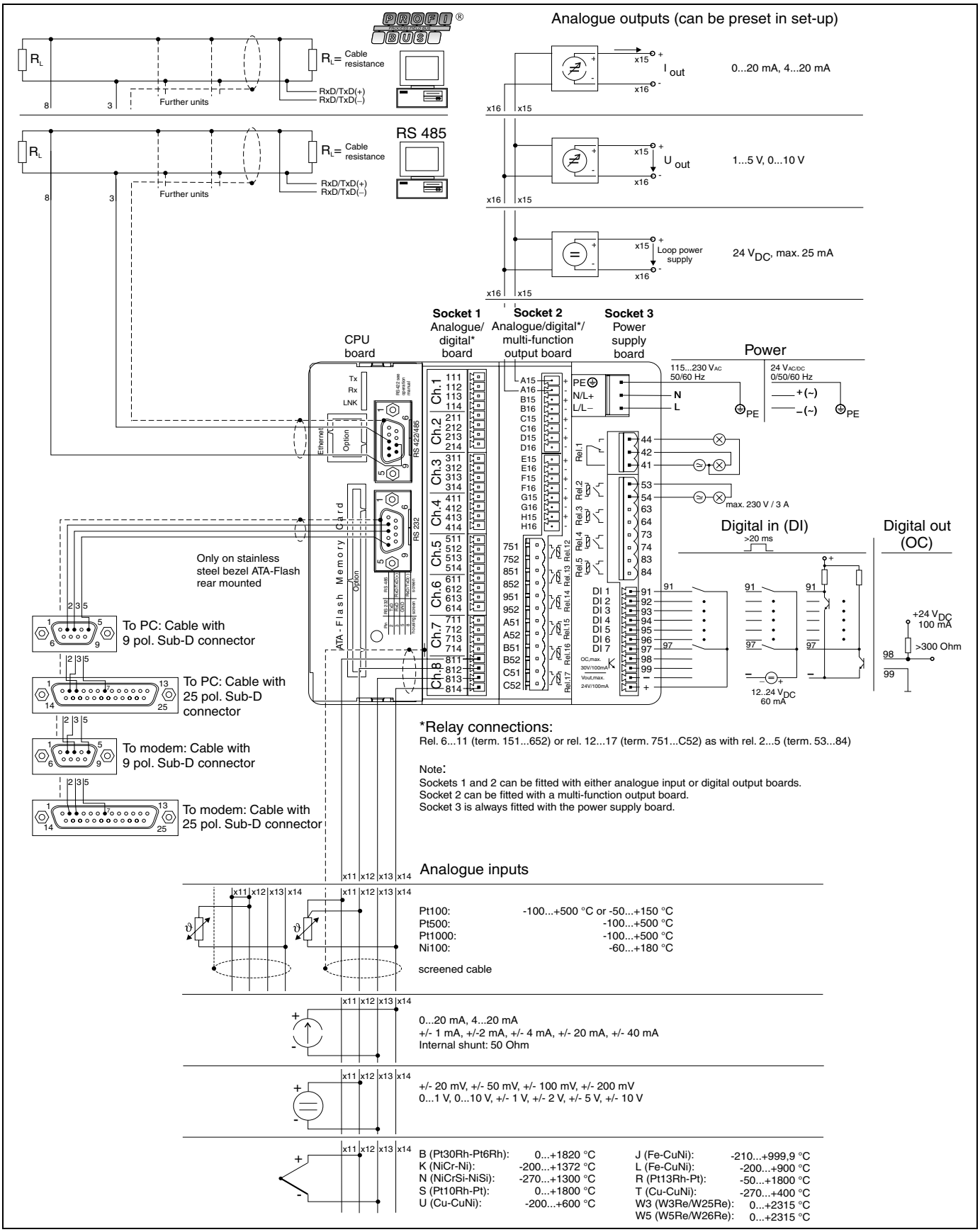


Figure 3: Connections/terminal diagram

Caution!
Depending on the order, slots 1 or 2 can be fitted with different boards (with analogue and/or digital inputs/outputs). Please carry out connection in accordance with terminal diagram.

4.2 Terminal diagram

Caution!
If high-energy transients occur when using long signal cables, we recommend connecting a suitable overvoltage protection (e.g. E+H HAW 561 (51003570) and HAW 560 (51003571)).

Use screened signal cables for:
- Resistance thermometers, thermal elements and measuring ranges <1 V.
- Serial interfaces.

4.2.1 Power supply board (slot 3)

Supply voltage 115 to 230 V_{AC} power unit, 50/60 Hz:		**Supply voltage 24 $V_{AC/DC}$ power unit, 0/50/60 Hz:**	
L	Phase L	L+	+ supply voltage (or alternating voltage)
N	Zero conductor N	L-	- supply voltage (or alternating voltage)
PE	Earth/protective earth	PE	Earth/protective earth

Standard relay output* (changeover contact) on power supply board:

41	Relay 1	changeover contact
42	Relay 1	NC contact
44	Relay 1	NO contact

Optional relay outputs* on power supply board:

53	Relay 2	contact 1
54	Relay 2	contact 2
63	Relay 3	contact 1
64	Relay 3	contact 2
73	Relay 4	contact 1
74	Relay 4	contact 2
83	Relay 5	contact 1
84	Relay 5	contact 2

Optional open collector output* (NPN Transistor):
98 Collector
99 Emitter

✎ Note!
The opening and closing function (= activation and deactivation of the relay coil or the open collector output) in case of a limit value can be defined in the set-up "Set-up – Signal settings – Digital outputs (Relay / OC)"

Optional digital inputs on power supply board:

91	Digital input 1
92	Digital input 2
93	Digital input 3
94	Digital input 4
95	Digital input 5
96	Digital input 6
97	Digital input 7

Optional auxiliary voltage output on power supply board for digital inputs (galvanically isolated from the system, short-circuit proof, not stabilised):
+ Auxiliary voltage typ. approx. +24 V / max. 100 mA
- Auxiliary voltage ground

✎ Note!
If the auxiliary voltage is to be used for the digital inputs on the digital boards (slots 1 or 2), the "-" terminal on the auxiliary voltage must be connected to the "-" terminal on the digital boards for potential equalisation.

4.2.2 Multifunction input boards 1 and 2 (on slot 1 or 2)

Analogue inputs:
The first digit (x) of the three-digit terminal number corresponds to the associated channel (1.. to 8..: channels 1 to 8, or A.. to H..: channels 9 to 16).

	Current	Voltage/Thermal elements	Resistance thermometer
x11			A
x12		+	a (scythe / expansion line)
x13	-	-	
x14	+		B

4.2.3 Multifunction output board with relay (slot 2)

Analogue outputs:
The first digit (x) of the three-digit terminal number corresponds to the associated channel (1.. to 8..: channels 1 to 8, or A.. to H..: channels 9 to 16).

A15	+ Analogue output 1
A16	- Analogue output 1
B15	+ Analogue output 2
B16	- Analogue output 2
C15	+ Analogue output 3
C16	- Analogue output 3
D15	+ Analogue output 4
D16	- Analogue output 4
E15	+ Analogue output 5
E16	- Analogue output 5
F15	+ Analogue output 6
F16	- Analogue output 6
G15	+ Analogue output 7
G16	- Analogue output 7
H15	+ Analogue output 8
H16	- Analogue output 8

Relay outputs* on multifunction output board:

751	Relay 12, contact 1
752	Relay 12, contact 2
851	Relay 13, contact 1
852	Relay 13, contact 2
951	Relay 14, contact 1
952	Relay 14, contact 2
A51	Relay 15, contact 1
A52	Relay 15, contact 2
B51	Relay 16, contact 1

B52	Relay 16, contact 2
C51	Relay 17, contact 1
C52	Relay 17, contact 2

✎ Note!
The opening and closing function (= activation and deactivation of the relay coil) in case of a limit value can be defined in the set-up "Set-up - Signal settings - Digital outputs (Relay / OC)"

4.2.4 Digital input/output boards 1 or 2 (on slot 1 or 2)

Digital inputs on digital board(s):

Digital board 1		**Digital board 2**	
191	Digital input 8	391	Digital input 23
192	Digital input 9	392	Digital input 24
193	Digital input 10	393	Digital input 25
194	Digital input 11	394	Digital input 26
195	Digital input 12	395	Digital input 27
196	Digital input 13	396	Digital input 28
197	Digital input 14	397	Digital input 29
198	Digital input 15	398	Digital input 30
199	Digital input 16	399	Digital input 31
291	Digital input 17	491	Digital input 32
292	Digital input 18	492	Digital input 33
293	Digital input 19	493	Digital input 34
294	Digital input 20	494	Digital input 35
295	Digital input 21	495	Digital input 36
296	Digital input 22	496	Digital input 37
-	Digital board I ground	-	Digital board II ground

Relay outputs* on digital board(s):

Digital board **1**		Digital board **2**	
151	Relay 6, contact 1	751	Relay 12, contact 1
152	Relay 6, contact 2	752	Relay 12, contact 2
251	Relay 7, contact 1	851	Relay 13, contact 1
252	Relay 7, contact 2	852	Relay 13, contact 2
351	Relay 8, contact 1	951	Relay 14, contact 1
352	Relay 8, contact 2	952	Relay 14, contact 2
451	Relay 9, contact 1	A51	Relay 15, contact 1
452	Relay 9, contact 2	A52	Relay 15, contact 2
551	Relay 10, contact 1	B51	Relay 16, contact 1
552	Relay 10, contact 2	B52	Relay 16, contact 2
651	Relay 11, contact 1	C51	Relay 17, contact 1
652	Relay 11, contact 2	C52	Relay 17, contact 2

✎ Note!
The opening and closing function (= activation and deactivation of the relay coil) in case of a limit value can be defined in the set-up "Set-up - Signal settings - Digital outputs (Relay / OC)"

4.2.5 CPU board (slot 0)

Interfaces (rear side):
Sub-D connector as per DIN 41652, socket, nine pin

✎ Note!
As a rule, unoccupied connections should be left empty.

Standard interface: RS 232*

Pin	**RS 232**
2	TxD
3	RxD
5	GND
Housing	Screen

✎ Note!
Please observe the correct pin assignment when connecting the rear-mounted RS 232 directly to a PC or modem:

Signal	9-pin RS 232 to device	9-pin RS 232 to PC	25-pin RS 232 to PC	9-pin RS 232 to modem	25-pin RS 232 to modem
TxD	2	2	3	3	2
RxD	3	3	2	2	3
GND	5	5	7	5	7
Screen	Housing	(Housing)	(Housing)	(Housing)	(Housing)

Optional interface: alternatively RS 485 or Profibus DP (bus monitor)

Pin	RS 485	PROFIBUS-DP
3	RxD/TxD (+)	RxD/TxD (+)
4		
5		
8	RxD/TxD (-)	RxD/TxD (-)
9		
Housing	Screen	Screen

4.2.6 Front-mounted RS 232 interface* (jack plug)

✎ Note!
The front-mounted interface only comes as standard with the device version with die-cast front and door, not for the IP 65 / NEMA 4X stainless steel front.

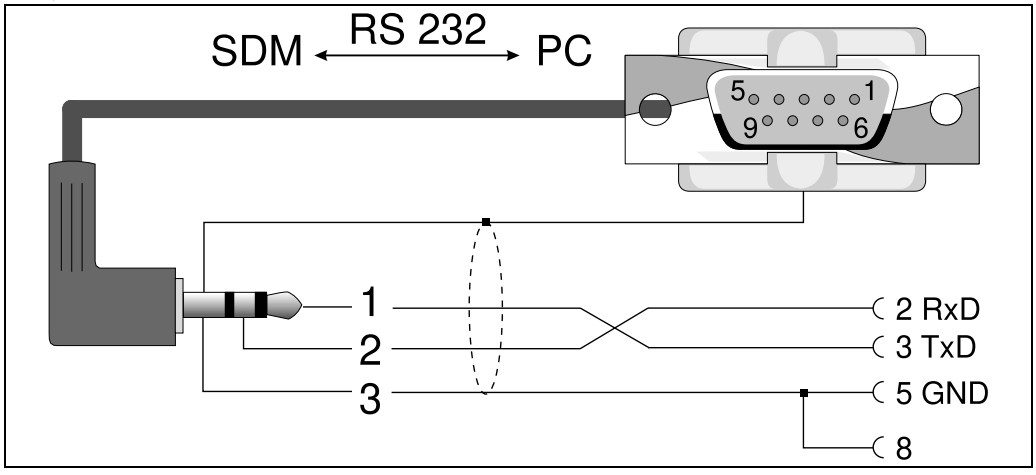


Figure 4: Front-mounted interface RS232

4.3 Connecting a device to the Ethernet (TCP/IP)

In principle, all devices equipped with an internal Ethernet interface can be integrated into a PC network (TCP/IP Ethernet).
The device(s) can be accessed by any of the PCs in the network using PC software. It is not necessary to install driver software ("COM redirection") on the PC because the PC software has direct access to the Ethernet.
The system parameters "IP address", "Subnet mask" and "Gateway" are input directly at the device.

Changes to the system parameters are not activated until the SETUP menu is closed and the settings accepted. Only then will the device work with the new settings.

✎ Note!
It is not possible for several clients (PC) to communicate with a server (device) at the same time. If a second client (PC) tries to establish a connection, he receives an error message.

4.3.1 Ethernet connection

An IEEE 802.3 compatible connector on a screened RJ45 plug on the rear side of the device is available as a network connection. The device can be connected to a hub or switch via this connection. The pin assignment corresponds to a standard MDI interface (AT&T258), so that a 1:1 cable with a maximum length of 100 metres (328 ft.) can be used here.

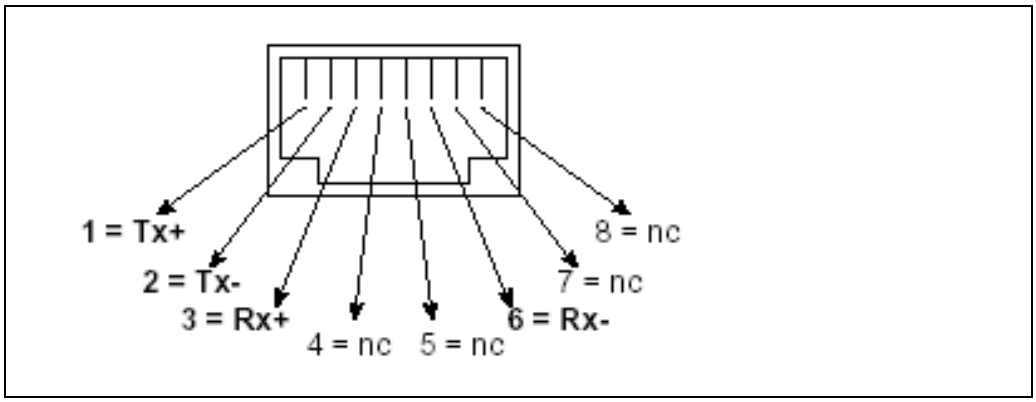


Figure 5: RJ45 socket (pin assignment AT&T256)

Meaning of the LED's
There are three LEDs next to the Ethernet connections. These indicate the status of the Ethernet interface.

Yellow LED: When the device is transmitting data it flashes irregularly, otherwise is continuously on.
Green LED: When the device is receiving data it flashes irregularly, otherwise is continuously on.
Red LED: Is on when the device is connected to a network. If this LED is not illuminated then communication is impossible.

The following standards are supported:

10BaseT, 10 MBit/s
The devices function according to the 10BaseT standard with 10MBit/s. It is, however, also possible to integrate the device into a 100BaseTx network via an auto-sensing hub or switch. This kind of auto-sensing component sets itself automatically to the transmission rates supported by the end device.

4.3.2 Operating location

The operating location of the device should be selected such that the network-specific maximum permitted cable length of 100 metres (328 ft.) is not exceeded.
Please ensure that all connections are inserted only when the end devices are switched off.

4.4 Ingress protection class

The device with stainless steel front meets all the requirements of ingress protection IP65 (NEMA 2x). The device with metallic die-cast front and door meets all the requirements of ingress protection IP54 (NEMA 4x).

4.5 Post-connection check

After completing the device's electrical connections, carry out the following checks:

Device status and specifications	Notes
Is the device or cable damaged (visual inspection)?	–
Electrical connection	Notes
Does the supply voltage match the information on the nameplate?	Compare nameplate on the device
Are the mounted cables relieved of tension?	–

5 Operation / adjusting device settings - Set-up to commissioning

5.1 Basics on set-up directly at the device

- The function of the operating keys is described in the fields directly above the corresponding keys on the screen. Empty fields mean that the corresponding keys currently have no function.
- Access to the set-up is released ex works and can be locked in various ways:
  - Entering a 4-digit release code (see Chapter 5.7.1 "Basic settings")
  - Clear password / ID combinations for administrator and user (see Chapter 5.7.6 "Administrator")
  - Activating a digital input (see Chapter "Signal settings - Digital inputs")
  - Attaching the rear panel cover with leaded sealing.
- When locked, basic settings can be checked. Users can not make any changes. An administrator however, who is defined during commissioning, can make the following changes:
  - Adding or deleting new or already registered users (e.g. new employees or employees who have left the company)
  - Adding, changing or deleting texts / comments. Comments that have already been saved are not affected by this

Caution!
After changing settings that affect the measured value memory (recognisable by the " * " symbol in the header), the measured value memory is deleted. If the previous measured values are still required, please update the ATA flash card and take these values, or read out the device using an interface. Afterwards, end the set-up. When the new set-up data is adopted, the old measurement data in the memory and on the ATA flash card is deleted, the device is reset and restarted.

5.2 Recommendation for commissioning and safe access protection:

1. Set the corresponding parameters or load a parameter set onto the device.
2. Enter a release code (or activate a control input in order to lock access to the set-up), start and check that the device is functioning properly.
3. After the operational test has been successfully completed, register an administrator and a user if required (see "Administration").

Note!
There always has to be an administrator registered before he himself can define users.

4. Attach the rear panel cover and seal it. This prevents any further change to the device settings. Use of the interface(s) is thereby only possible in read-only mode.

5.3 Access rights:

✎ Note!
The availability of the rear panel cover is monitored with the help of a light barrier. This monitoring can be activated/deactivated using the device software. Depending on the setting, the administrator or the user has access rights to the set-up, in order to change the settings. When locked, the settings in the set-up can only be read:

In principle, the device settings can only be read. The set-up can only be changed under certain conditions (see table).

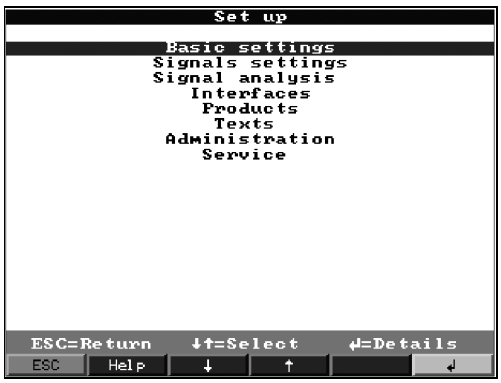
Checking the rear panel cover	Rear panel cover mounted	ID and password system activated	Logged in	Set-up changes permitted
OFF	Independent of whether mounted or not mounted	No	Function not available	**Yes**
		Yes	-	No
			Administrator	**Yes**
			User	No
ON	Yes	No	Function not available	No
		Yes	-	No
			Administrator	No; Administration possible
			User	No
	No	No	Function not available	**Yes**
		Yes	-	No
			Administrator	**Yes**
			User	No

5.4 Beginning device configuration - Set-up (when unlocked)

- Press “Set-up”: the main menu is displayed
- Use “↑” or “↓” to select the desired chapter
- Use “↵” to confirm your selection
- Use “Help” to hide or show the integrated Operating Instructions (help text in yellow frame) at any time.
- Use “ESC” to undo the entry
- Use “New” to delete a text before making your entry

The main menu:

✎ Note!
If individual chapters are missing, your device is not equipped with this option.



The individual parameters are summarised in the main menu in chapter:

Basic settings see Chapter 5.7.1	– General parameters (date, time, release code ...)
Signal settings see Chapter 5.7.2	– All parameters related to the channel or measuring point in the analogue and digital inputs / outputs – Parameters for combining analogue and digital inputs (depending on the order) – Behaviour of the relay in quiescent state – Parameters for summarising/presenting individual channels into groups ✎ Note! **Only channels that are assigned to a group can be displayed and saved (internal memory and on ATA flash card).** Channels that are not assigned to any group can nevertheless be monitored for limit value violation or automatically analysed (select this, for example, to make optimum use of the memory capacity).
Signal analysis see Chapter 5.7.3	All settings that are required in order to automatically analyse the signal. ✎ Note! The signal analyses are also saved and can be used further on the PC. This enables you, for example, to access daily minima, maxima, averages from less important measuring points on site and display them on the PC in a table or "strung together" as a curve sequence. Helps to optimise use of the memory capacity.
Products see Chapter 5.7.4	Settings for products managed by the device, including product-related limit values
Texts see Chapter 5.7.5	List of recurring texts that are selected by users as comments for recording and which can then be saved. ✎ Note! Can be accessed by the administrator, even when the rear panel cover is attached.
Administration see Chapter 5.7.6	Settings for registering and deleting administrators and users, and allocated ID codes. ✎ Note! Can be accessed by the administrator, even when the rear panel cover is attached.
Interfaces see Chapter 5.7.7	Settings for device-internal interfaces
Service see Chapter 5.7.8	General service functions, **ONLY FOR SERVICE PERSONNEL; when the rear panel cover is attached, the administrator has to provide the service technician with access.**

Key functions for selecting/changing:

- "↲": beginning of change, confirmation of selection
- "↓" or "↑": selects parameters
- "←" or "→": moves cursor - switches to the next symbol
- "ESC": cancels the last operating step -> returns to previous screen

Input principle:
1. Begin changing each parameter with "↵".
2. Use "↓" or "↑" to leaf through values, symbols, selection lists.
3. If the parameter is set correctly, use "↵" to confirm.

✎ Note!
- Any settings that are displayed in grey can not be selected / can not be changed (only notes, or option not available/not activated).
- With the factory setting "0000" (delivery status), configuration is possible at any time. It can be protected against unauthorised manipulation by entering a 4-digit release code. This has to be entered when the settings are later changed, if the device settings are to be changed by keyboard.

Tip: make a note of your release code. Store it somewhere where unauthorised persons do not have access to it.
- The changed settings do not become effective until you return to normal operation by repeatedly pressing "ESC" and confirming with "↵". Until this time, the device still works with the previous data.

5.5 Set-up using PC

You can also put your Safety Data Manager into service and/or configure it via PC. The following are available for this:
- Front-mounted RS 232 operating interface (3.5 mm / 0.14" jack plug, stereo, protected behind the unit cover; only available with die-cast front - not with stainless steel front)
- Rear-mounted RS 232 or RS 485 system interfaces (depending on scope of delivery)

✎ Note!
You can use the PC software ReadWin® 2000, which is provided with the Safety Data Manager, to put the device into service / configure it via PC. You can also download the software directly from the internet under the followingg address:
www.endress.com/readwin
For further information on ReadWin® 2000, refer to the operating manual of the software (BA107R/09).

Installation of PC software:

1. Install the supplied PC software on your computer. The program's Operating Instructions can be printed out after installation, if required.
2. Call up the program.

☝ **Caution!**
3. Please make the plug connection first, then the connection to your PC. When removing the connection, proceed in reverse order.
4. Now you can configure your device via PC. For this, please refer to the program's instructions/help.

Advantages of configuration via PC:

- The device data is saved in a database and can be accessed again at any time.
- Text entries can be carried out more quickly and efficiently by keyboard
- Measured values can also be read out, archived and displayed on the PC with this program.

☝ **Caution!**
Configuration can only be carried out via one interface (RS 232 or RS 485) at a time.

5.6 Set-up using ATA flash card

Save the device settings on the PC onto the ATA flash card using the operating and readout software. This set-up file can be adopted into the device, if released, under "Extras - ATA flash - Load ATA flash set-up".

✎ Note!
In order to be able to use this function, the device must already be registered in the PC database.

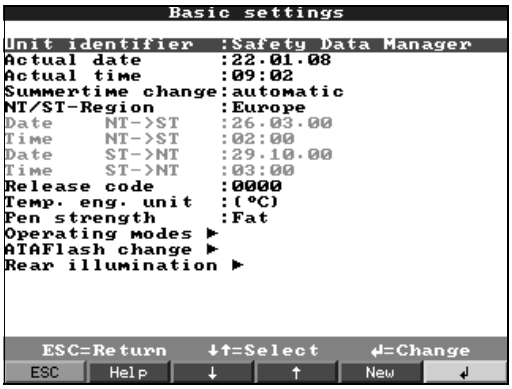
Caution!
If the set-up ATA flash card is not removed, the measurement data will begin to be saved after approx. 5 minutes. The set-up data is still kept. Please change the ATA flash card if the measurement data is not meant to be saved onto this card.

✎ Note!
The functions described above are also valid for the use of Compact Flash cards.

5.7 List of operating parameters

5.7.1 Basic settings

Settings that are generally valid, e.g. date, time, etc.

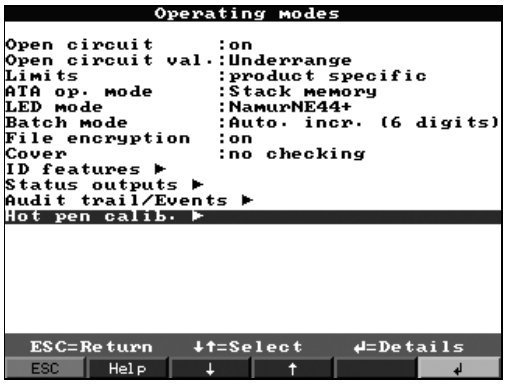


Set-up -> Basic settings	
Unit identifier	Use this to describe, for example, where the device is installed (important if you are using several devices). 20 characters. ✎ Note! Is also saved onto the ATA flash card. In the PC, graphics/tables are provided with this text (important, for example, if you have several devices in operation). The device designation is also available for the export, e.g. in a spreadsheet program.
Actual date	Format: DD.MM.YY
Actual time	Format: hh:mm, 24 h display
Summertime changeover	Function of summertime / normal time changeover. "Automatic": changeover as per valid EC directives "Manual": Set the changeover times in the next operating positions "Off": no time changeover
NT/ST Region	In Europe, the summertime / normal time changeover takes place at different times to that in the USA. Select the region in which the device is installed.
Date NT -> ST	Day in spring on which the changeover from normal time to summertime takes place. Format: DD.MM.YY

Set-up -> Basic settings	
Time NT -> ST	Time at which the time is moved forward by 1 hour on the day of the changeover from normal time to summertime. Format: hh:mm
Date ST -> NT	Day in autumn on which the changeover from summertime to normal time takes place. Format: DD.MM.YY
Time ST -> NT	Time at which the time is moved back by 1 hour on the day of the changeover from summertime to normal time. Format: hh:mm
Release code	Factory preset "0000", i.e. device can be set at any time without release code. Individual code set: device can only be set after entering this code. ✎ Note! Make a note of the code and store it somewhere where it is inaccessible to unauthorised persons.
Temp. eng. unit	Selecting the temperature unit. All directly-connected temperature measurements with thermal elements or resistance thermometers are displayed in the defined unit.
Pen strength	Defines in which line thickness the analogue signals are recorded (Normal =1 point with thin text; Fat = 2 points with wide text).

Basic settings -> Operating modes

Settings that determine the functions of the device.



Set-up -> Basic settings -> Operating modes	
Open circuit	The directly-connected thermal elements and resistance thermometers can be monitored for breaks in cycles by an impressed current. This monitoring can be switched on or off here.
Open circuit value	Selection: lower limit stop or upper limit stop. Measured value that is set for the graphic display when an open circuit is detected. Jump in the signal recording on lower or upper display range.
Limit (values)	"Product-related": the limit value monitor is only active when a product is running. "Channel-related": the limit values are only effective from the measured signals, therefore independent of a product run.
ATA operating mode	"Stack memory": if the ATA flash card is full, no further storage onto this card can be carried out until it has been read out and deleted or replaced with a new card. ✎ Note! In order to avoid data loss or to switch a relay, further settings can be made under "Data carrier full" for this case. "Ring memory": if the ATA flash card is full, the oldest data is always deleted in order to make room for new data.

Set-up -> Basic settings -> Operating modes	
LED operating mode	Namur "NE44": the signalling through the front-mounted LEDs complies with NAMUR guideline NE 44. Green LED lights up: power supply OK Red LED lights up: measurement signal failure. Red LED flashes: maintenance required, e.g. messages to be acknowledged, calibration .... Namur "NE44+": same as Namur "NE44" + limit values. The signalling through the front-mounted LEDs complies with NAMUR guideline NE 44, however the red LED is used additionally to indicate limit value violations. "Controlled with a digital input": (the digital input is activated in signal settings, digital inputs as control input with the effect that H->green, L->red LED or L->green, H->red LED.) "Controlled with two digital inputs": (both digital inputs are activated in signal settings, digital inputs as control input with the effect that green is the operating LED and red the fault LED.)
Batch mode	"Not used": batch functions switched off. "Automatically increase": for every product start, the batch number for this product is automatically increased by 1 and saved when the batch is finished. ✎ Note! The batch number can be reset to zero if required via a control input (see "Control inputs") "Manual": the batch designation (20 characters) can be entered manually at the device via an input mask for every batch (Product ->Batch).
File encryption	"Maximum": historical values are completely encrypted, so that the interpretation of the historical data saved on the ATA flash card can only be interpreted by the PC software package supplied by the equipment manufacturer. "Standard": the historical data saved on the ATA flash card can also be used and interpreted by foreign programs. This passes over responsibility for data consistency between the point of acquisition and the display to the supplier of the foreign software.
(Rear panel) Cover	"check": the availability of a rear panel cover is checked and logged. "do not check": checking whether rear panel cover is available or not, is deactivated.
Sub-menu: ID features	Special ID features
	ID input Choose mode of ID input to be visible (choose from ID-list that is displayed) or hidden (character by character).
	ID logout auto. "no": the chosen ID will be active until logout. "yes": the chosen ID will be logged out automatically after a given duration.
Sub-menu: Status outputs	Choice of relays/OC, which report special operating states.
	Battery low The dedicated Relay/OC is active while battery is low. Please do not turn off the unit, until the required data is read out and archieved. Afterwards the battery must be changed immediately.
	Cover not found The dedicated Relay/OC is active while the rear side cover is removed (only if cover detection is active).
	ID is blocked The dedicated Relay/OC is active while an ID is blocked after repeated incorrect input of password-/ID-combination.
	Admin. logged in The dedicated Relay/OC is active while an Administrator is logged in.
	User logged in The dedicated Relay/OC is active while an User is logged in.
	RS232 Timeout After the given timeout the dedicated Relay/OC is active while no readout of actual measured values are in process via RS232.

Set-up -> Basic settings -> Operating modes	
Sub-menu: **Audit trail/Events**	Choose which events are irrelevant and should not be listed in the event list (i.e. eliminates nuisance messages in overview, reduces memory requirements).
	Open circuit "do not record": Open circuit will not be recorded in the audit trail. Given actions (e.g. switching of a relay) are not affected. "record": Open circuit will be recorded in the audit trail.
	Digital events "only entered texts": Only manually inputted texts in setup (H->L, L->H) will be recorded in the audit trail. Given actions (e.g. switching of a relay) are not affected. "record all": All digital events will be recorded in the audit trail.
Sub-menu: **Hot pen calibration**	This function enables simple recalibration of an entire measurement section (sensor/transmitter - Cable - Safety Data Manager). When activated, the complete measurement section (Sensor - Transmitter - Cable - Terminals - Measuring input) can be recalibrated in normal operation on site.
	Active “No”: recalibration not active. Function is not used “Always”: recalibration always active . Function can always be used. “Without rear panel cover”: only the administrator responsible can carry out this function. “With rear panel cover”: users or administrators responsible can carry out this function.
	Access rights “Anyone”: recalibration can be carried out by anyone. “Only administrator”: recalibration can only be carried our by the administrator. ✎ Note! Access can also be made only to authorised personnel. Access is not enabled and incorruptibly documented when password/ ID is entered.

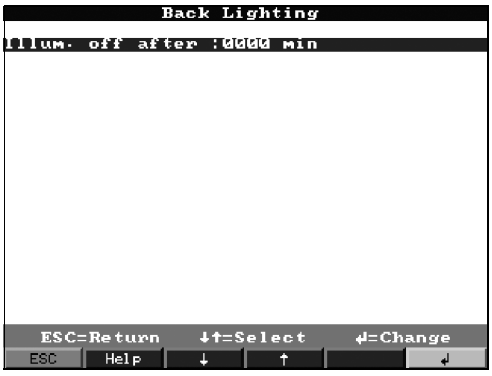
Basic settings -> ATAFlash change

Settings that specify when/how the filling level is reported to an ATA flash card used as stack memory.

Set-up -> Basic settings -> ATA flash change	
Warning at	Warns before ATA flash card is 100 % full. The internal (ring) memory is still written on during the change or when the ATA flash card is full. This new data is copied onto the new or readout and deleted ATA flash card after changing the card (important for complete archiving).
Warning after	If you forget to insert a new card when changing the ATA flash card, a warning appears on the screen after the defined time and the corresponding relay is switched (max. 999 minutes).
Switch output	If the warning message “Data carrier full/missing” is displayed, a relay or an open collector output can be additionally activated. The corresponding terminal numbers are shown in brackets. (See “Wiring” Chapter 4)
Acknowledging warning	“Yes”: the warning “Data carrier full/missing” remains displayed until it is acknowledged by pressing the button. “No”: the message is not shown ✎ Note! The percentage of occupied card memory is shown in the header at the top right of the screen in normal operation.

Basic settings -> Rear illumination (Screensaver)

Setting for switching off the rear illumination (“Screensaver”: screensaver increases the service life of the back lighting).

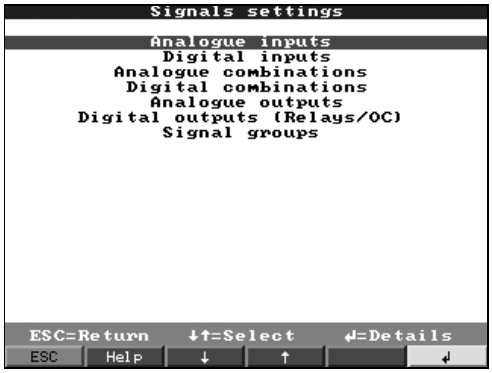


Set-up -> Basic settings -> Rear illumination (Screensaver)	
Illumination off after	Switches display dark xxxx minutes after the last keyboard activity (back lighting is switched off). All further functions are kept (green LED lights up). Press any key to switch the lighting back on. “0000 min” = does not switch off “9999 min” = switches off after 6 days, 22 hours and 39 minutes

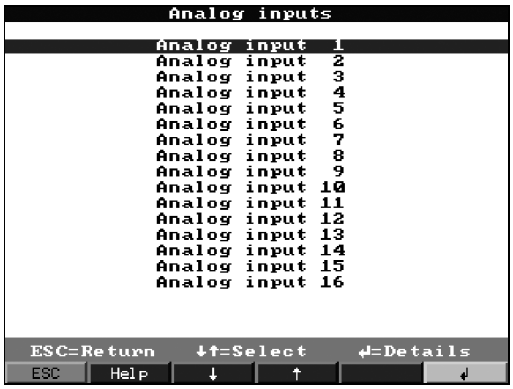
5.7.2 Signal settings

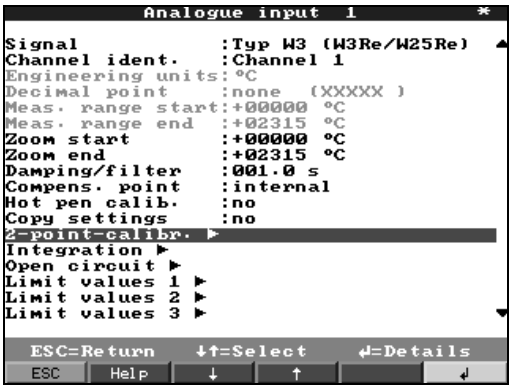
Settings, groupings and combinations for analogue and digital inputs and outputs.

✎ Note!
Values can only be changed if the authorised person is logged in, otherwise the values can only be looked at.



Signal settings -> Analogue inputs
View or change settings/limit values of connected measuring points for analogue measured variables.





Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x	
Signal	Can be selected per channel. See also “Connections/terminal diagram”.
Channel identification	Designation of the measuring point connected to this channel. 10 characters.
Engineering units	Entry for technical (physical) unit for the measuring point connected to this input (e.g. bar, °C, m3/h, ...). 5 characters.
Decimal point	Number of places after decimal point for the 4-digit measured value display.
Measuring range start	*Transmitters convert the physical measured variable into standardised signals. Example: 0-14 pH of the sensor are transformed into 4-20 mA. Enter the start of the measuring range here. At 0-14 pH, therefore, “0”.
Measuring range end	Used in the same way as “Measuring range start”. However here the end of the measuring range is entered. Example: “14” for a transmitter of 0-14 pH
Zoom start	*If the entire transmitter range is not used, you can specify the lower value of the required section (with this you can achieve a higher resolution). Example: 0-14 pH transmitter, required 5-9 pH section. Set “5” here.
Zoom end	Same as “Zoom start”. However, enter the upper value of the required section here. Example: Transmitter 5-9 pH. Enter “9” here.

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x	
Damping / filter	The more undesired interferences superposed on the measuring signal, the higher this value should be set. Result: quick interference surges are attenuated / suppressed (for experts: "1st order low-pass filter"). Factory settings: 000,0 s
Compens. point	Only on direct connection to thermocouples. "internal": compensation of error voltage by measuring the terminal temperature. "external (x °C/°F)": compensation of error voltages by using thermostatic external cold junctions. Recommendation when using type B thermal elements (Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh): Always set "External (0 °C / 32 °F)", even when using direct connection without external cold junction. Reason: unlinear characteristic curve of this thermal element in the range of <50 °C (<122 °F).
Hot pen calibration	Position only available if activated at "Basic settings -> Operating modes". Should this channel be calibrated manually.
Copy settings	Copies the settings of the current channel into the selected channel (including limit values). Both of the last positions of the target channel's designation are replaced with its channel number.

Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> 2-point-calibration
Using this function the measured value can be corrected. These correction values e.g. in order to smooth measurement circuit tolerances can be entered before the system does any further processing. The device automatically determines the differential values and adapts the actual measurement for the further use.

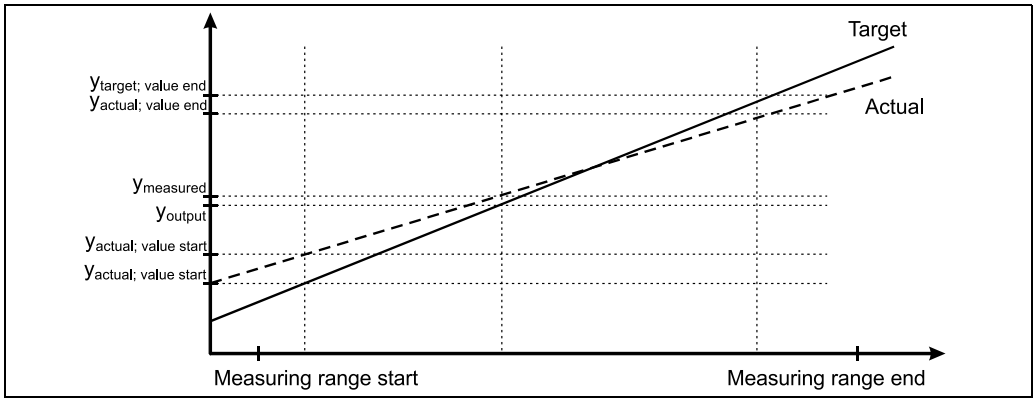
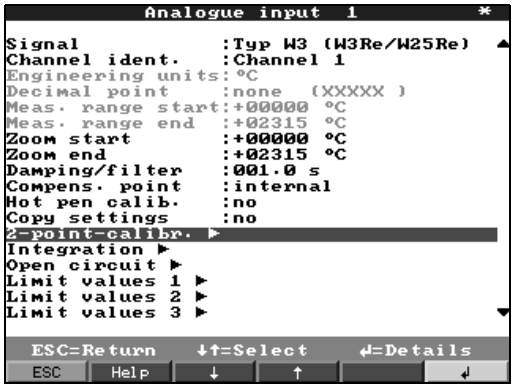
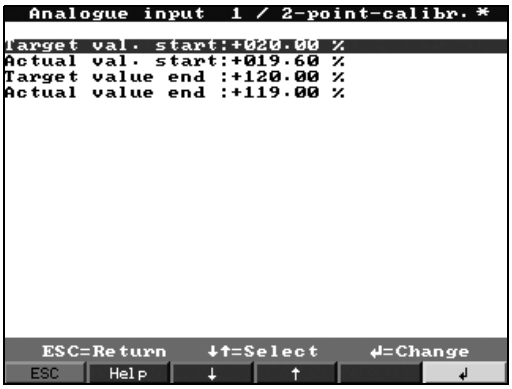


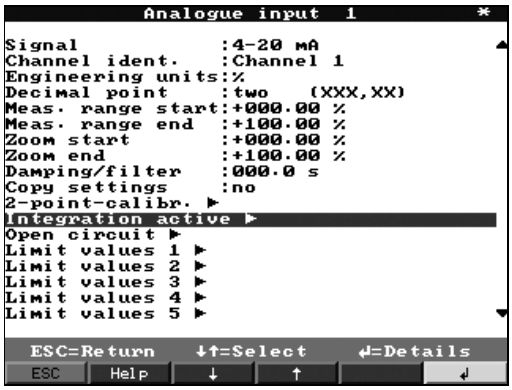
Figure 6: 2-point-calibration

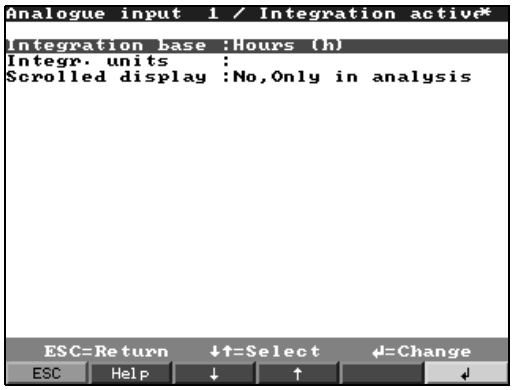
The measured analog value can be corrected with the help of a 2-point-calibration. One correction value is used for the start of the measurement range, the other is for the end value; Each value is split into target and actual values. Application: Comparison with other display devices in the process or correction for sensor long term drift. The calibration is permanently set in the set-up. In the default setting the calibration is turned off, i.e. target and actual values respectively the same. The calibration may lie only within the measurement range.





Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Integration
Settings only required if this analogue measuring point is to be integrated - e.g. for quantity calculation. Analysis times can be set under "Signal analysis" (see Chapter 5.7.3).



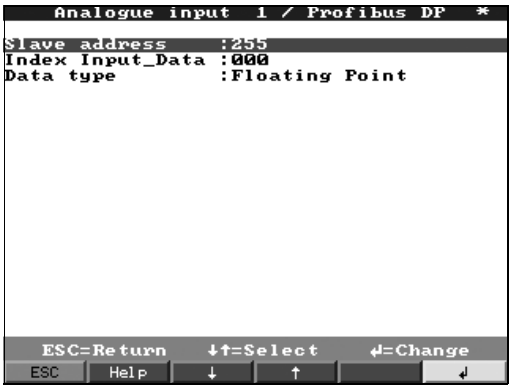


Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Integration	
Integration base	The quantity (here in m^3) can be calculated from an analogue signal (e.g. flow in m^3/h) using integration. Here, select the corresponding time basis. Examples: l/s -> time basis in seconds (s); m3/h -> time basis in hours (h).
Integr. units	Enter the unit of the quantity determined using integration (e.g. "m3").
Scrolled display	Selection of whether and which counter is to be displayed alternately with the current value. The analogue value is then shown for approx. 6 s, the meter reading for approx. 4s alternately.
Data interface	"Send total/year count.": The total/year counter will be sent via data interface. Note: Function is only available with "external Profibus-DP-module" (option) and activated data interface at "Set up -> Interface -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module"

Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Profibus DP (Option Listener / Monitor):
Settings only required if the measured values for this channel are to be acquired using the data interface (and not by an analogue input).

✎ Note!
This option can only be seen if the device has been ordered with the "Profibus DP Monitor" option and has been activated under "Set up -> Interfaces -> Profibus DP -> Operating mode: Meas. value monitor".

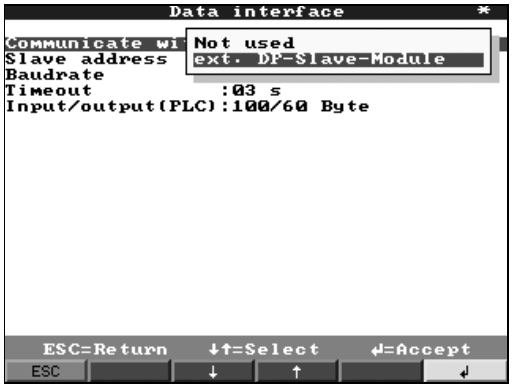
At "Signals settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Signal" you can select "Profibus DP" now. Than you can edit the settings at "Signals settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Profibus DP":



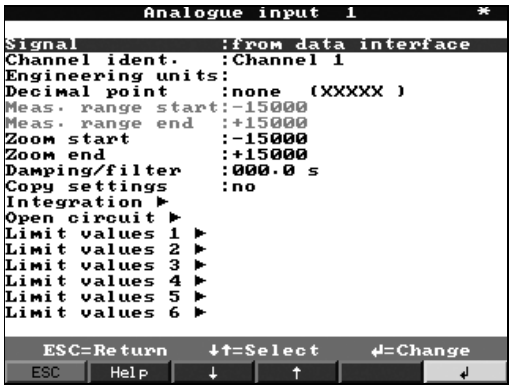
Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Profibus DP (Option Listener / Monitor)	
Slave address	Select the address of the corresponding sensor. Every sensor, "Slave", must have its own, individual address. The measured value (of the digital bus signal) is treated in the same way as conventional analogue measuring points. ✎ Note! If a slave delivers several measurement data sets ("Input Index Data" for multi-parameter sensors), each channel requires its own channel.
Index Input_Data	Position where the measured value information in the PROFIBUS transmitter data set begins. For one channel devices: "000". Please also refer to the Operating Instructions of the connected sensor.
Data type	Mainly "Floating Point". Please refer to the Operating Instructions of the connected sensor.

Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x ->Profibus DP (slave option):

✎ Note!
This menu is only available if an external Profibus module is connected to the Safety Data Manager. Before the corresponding analogue input can be set, the “external Profibus-DP slave module” data interface must be set at "Set up -> Interfaces -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module":



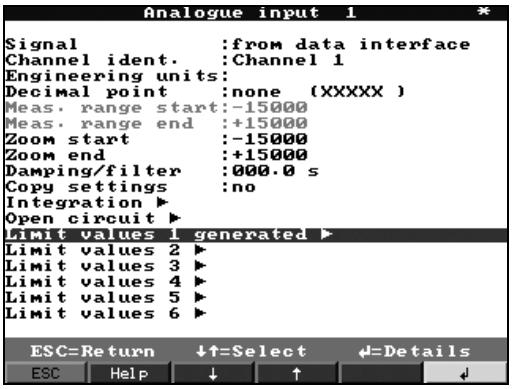
In the analogue inputs menue at "Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Signal" select “from data interface”, i.e. the input signal is sent via Profibus to the SDM.

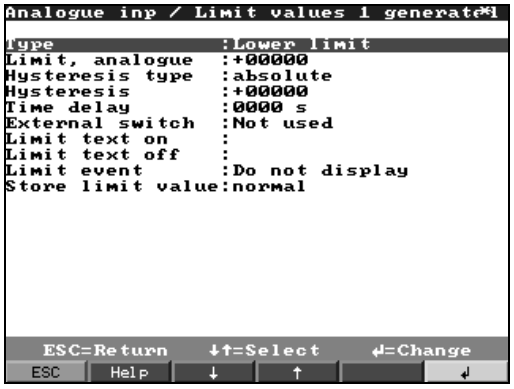


Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Open circuit
Set-up only required when action(s) are to be taken when open circuit for this channel is detected. If a limit value type has been selected, it is marked as activated by “Limit value created”.

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Open circuit	
External switch	Switches the corresponding relay (or open collector output) when open circuit is detected. The terminal numbers are found in brackets.

Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Limit value x
Settings only required if limit values are to be monitored for this channel.
If a limit value type has been selected, it is marked as activated by “Limit value generated”.



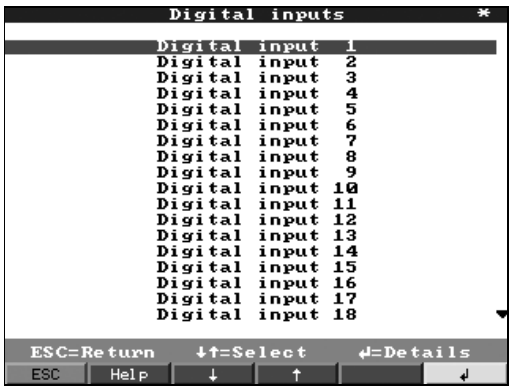


Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Limit value x	
Type	Select the type of limit value. “Upper limit”: signal exceeding limit value. “Lower limit”: signal undershooting limit value. "Intermediate counter": if the intermediate analysis is active, a limit value can be activated for the counter. "Daily counter": if the daily analysis is active, a limit value can be activated for this counter. "Mounthly counter": if the monthly analysis is active, a limit value can be activated for this counter. "Total/yearly counter": if the total/yearly analysis is active, a limit value can be activated for this counter. "Gradient dy/dt:" limit value when the signal changes too quickly (within a period of time dt, the signal changes by the value dy). "Product counter:" if the product counter is active, the limit value will be only recorded if a product is running. ✎ Note! In order to be able to monitor meter readings for limit value violation, the corresponding signal analyses must be activated (see Chapter 5.7.3 “Signal analysis”).
Signal change dy	Value by which the signal must change within the preset time span in order to be recognised as an alarm condition.
Time span dt	Time span within which the signal must change by the preset amount in order to be recognised as an alarm condition.
Limit, analogue	Analogue limit value in the set process unit, e.g. bar, °C
Limit, integr.	Quantity limit value (integrated analogue channel) in the engineering values preset in the "Integration" section.
Hysteresis type	“percentual %”: set hysteresis in %. “absolute”: specify hysteresis in the set process unit (e.g. in °C, bar, ...).
Hysteresis	The limit value status is not deactivated again until the signal is back to the normal range again by the value set here.
Time delay	The signal must exceed or undershoot the specified value for at least the set time in order to be interpreted as a limit value.
External switch	Switches the corresponding relay in limit value status (or the open collector output). The terminal numbers are shown in brackets. Please refer to the connection instructions (see “Safety instructions/type-related use” or “Connections/terminal diagram”). ✎ Note! ▪ In case of a limit value, the relay is activated. For this, the relay contact is switched or closed at the factory (relay 1)/(relays 2-5) or the open collector is connected through. ▪ This operating mode can be inverted if required under “Digital outputs / Relays / OC”.
Limit text on	This text is (with date and time) shown on the screen if the limit value is violated and “LV messages” is set to “display+acknowledge”. Use this function, for example, as a brief procedure instruction for the operator on site.
Limit text off	Same as “Limit text on”, but for returning from the limit value mode into normal operation.

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Limit value x	
Limit event	"Display+acknowledge": message on the display must be acknowledged by pressing the key ("OK"). It consists of the date, time and channel identification with limit value (alternatively alarm text on/off, if a text has been entered there). "Do not display": limit value is displayed with a measuring point designation with red background.
Store limit value	"Normal": storage in normal memory cycle (setting under "Set up -> Signal settings -> Signal groups -> Group x -> Store cycle"). "Alarm cycle": memory cycle in case of limit value (setting under "Set up -> Signal settings -> Signal groups -> Group x -> Alarm cycle"), e.g. in seconds. ✎ Note! Increased memory requirement

Signal settings -> Digital inputs (Option):

✎ Note!
Settings only required if digital inputs (option – e.g. for counter / events) are to be used.

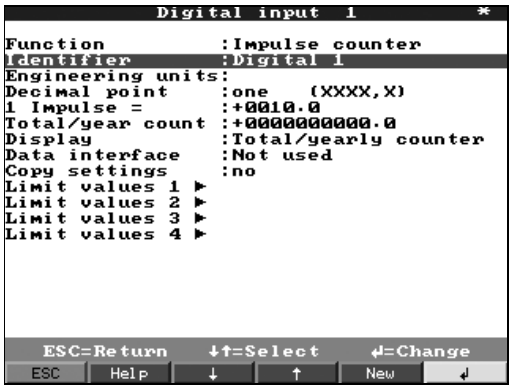


Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x	
Function	Activation of the input triggers the set function. The digital inputs are high-active, i.e. the selected effect is achieved by activation with +12 to +30 VDC. See also Chapter 4.2 "Connections/terminal diagram". ✎ Note! Depending on the selected function, the device's user interface adapts itself, so that each time only parameters that are required for safe device functioning have to be checked/set. "Control input": for remote control of certain device functions that are activated via binary signals. For list, see "Type of control input" "Impulse counter": for counting and adding quantity-proportional pulses. "On/off events": for recording edge changes, i.e. in order to save the current time at which this digital input has been activated or deactivated. "Operating time counter": for acquiring run times. The entire run time is cumulated, saved in cycles that can be set and reset. See also see Chapter 5.7.3 "Signal analysis". Example: If the daily run time of a pump is to be saved, activate "Operating time" here and "Daily analysis" under "Signal analysis". "Event+operating time count": combination of the "Events" and "Operating time" functions described above. With this, you can also acquire the on-time and off-time as well as the cumulated run time.
Identifier	Description of the function or measuring point name carried out with this input. 10 characters.

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x	
Action:	**Only when used as control input:** triggers the allocated control function on the device when activated. "only recording": the control input has no function, it is just recorded. "External intermediate analysis": as long as the control input is activated all active channels are analysed, i.e. the analysis of min./max. averages is not made in cycles in fixed intervals / intermediate analyses, rather it is controlled via this digital input. The analysis starts when the input is activated. It is completed and saved when deactivated. Example: Acquiring minima, maxima, averages and quantities of a batch production. ⚠ **Warning!** Under "Signal analysis", "Intermediate analysis" must be set to "external". "Block set-up": as long as the control input is activated, the "Set-up" key is not accessible. The set parameters can not be displayed or changed until the control input deactivated again. "Display text": the specified text is shown in a message box, as long as the input is activated. If "Text, 1st part" and "Text, 2nd part" have been filled in, both parts are displayed together in the box. Tip: Use this, for example, as a brief procedure instruction for the operator on site. "Display group": the display switches to the selected group when the input is activated (signal leap from Low to High). "Darken display": as long as the input is activated, the display's back lighting is switched off. The device's remaining functions (e.g. storage, limit value monitoring, etc.) are not affected by this. "Time synch.": when the input is activated (signal leap from Low to High), the internal second counter is set to zero. If the second indicator is between 0 and 29, the minutes remain unchanged. If the second indicator is between 30 and 59, the minutes are increased by one. Tip: Use this function in conjunction with a master clock. All devices used in this way run synchronously. Any signals measured on different devices can be clearly compared with each other chronologically. "Product Start/Stop": indicates when the production of a previously selected product starts / stops. If "product specific" has been selected in "Basic settings -> Operating modes -> Limits", those limit values allocated to the selected product are monitored as long as this digital input remains activated. "Select product (BCD)": here the product is selected via a binary coded signal. For this, every digital input required must be set to "Product selection (BCD)". The lowest position is automatically allocated to the lowest free digital channel: Digital input 1 = 20 Digital input 2 = 21 Digital input 3 = 2^2 Digital input 4 = 2^3 "Store text": when the input is activated, a previously selected text (see text selection (BCD)) is saved. "Select text (BCD)": here the text is selected via a binary coded signal. "Store curve": as long as this input is activated, the activated channels are also recorded under "Signal settings -> Signal groups -> Group x -> Store cycle", i.e. the screen display and storage of the signal recording are controlled externally. ✎ Note! ■ The limit value monitoring also functions when this input has not been activated. ■ Use this function (input not activated), e.g. if you do not want to fill the memory with unnecessary / irrelevant measurement data between batch productions or during system maintenance. Advantage: Better use of the internal memory and the ATA flash card, in which only really relevant information is recorded.

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x	
Continued: Action	"Reset batch number": if "Autom. incrementation (6 digits)" has been selected under "Basic settings -> Operating modes -> Batch mode", a new batch number is generated with each new batch start, in which this number is incremented by 1. With this digital input, this 6-digit batch number can be set back to zero externally. ✎ Note! The input must be activated for min. 1 second, in order to carry out this function. "green operating LED": only available if "controlled by two DI" has been selected as the LED operating mode under "Basic settings -> Operating modes -> LED mode". The front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is active. "red fault LED": only available if "controlled by two DI" has been selected as the LED operating mode under "Basic settings -> Operating modes -> LED mode". The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is active. "H->green, L->red LED": only available if "controlled by one DI" has been selected as the LED operating mode under "Basic settings -> Operating modes -> LED mode". The front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is active (high). The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is inactive (low). "L->green, H->red LED": only available if "controlled by one DI" has been selected as the LED operating mode under "Basic settings -> Operating modes -> LED mode". The front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is inactive (low). The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is active (high). "Limits active": As long as the digital input is active the limit values will be monitored. As soon as the digital input will be switched the limit values will not be monitored anymore, e.g. during maintenance, CIP etc.
Data interface	"Receive act. status": The digital status will be received via data inerface. "Send act. status", "Send total/year", "send counter+status": The digital status resp. counter value will be sent via data interface. Note: Function is only available with "external Profibus-DP-module" (option) and activated data interface at "Set up -> Interface -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module"
Copy settings	Copies the settings of the current channel into the selected channel (including limit values). Both of the last positions of the target channel's designation are replaced with its channel number. Tip: Makes device setting easier, if the same settings apply largely for several measuring points (e.g. several operating time counters).

Only when using the digital input as "impulse counter"



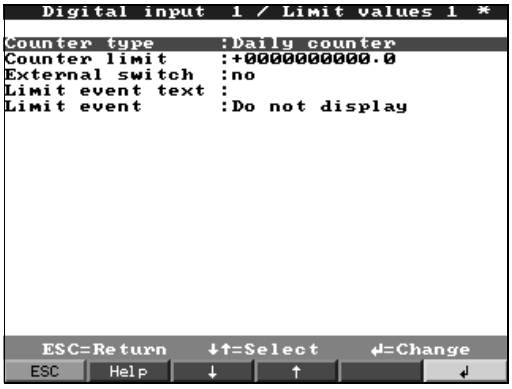
Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x -> Function: Impulse counter	
Function	Impulse counter
Identifier	Description of the function or measuring point name carried out with this input.
Engineering units	Technical unit of the counting input. e. g. liter, m3, ...

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x -> Function: Impulse counter	
Decimal point	Number of places after decimal point for the display.
1 impulse =	Impulse factor = factor which provides the physical value when multiplied by an input impulse. Example: 1 impulse corresponds to 5 m3 -> Enter “5” here.
Total/year counter	Initial setting for the total/year counter. Useful, for example, for continuing a measurement previously equipped with (electro) mechanical counter. ☝ **Caution!** The setting to this value takes effect when you leave the device set-up.
Display	Counter readings are saved at determined intervals (e.g. intermediate counter, daily counter, monthly counter, total / year counter, product counter... - see setting in Chapter 5.7.3 “Signal analysis”). Here, the counter type is selected that is to be displayed constantly.
Data interface	"Receive act. status": The digital status will be received via data inerface. "Send act. status", "Send total/year", "Send counter+status": The digital status resp. counter value will be sent via data interface. Note: Function is only available with "external Profibus-DP-module" (option) and activated data interface at "Set up -> Interface -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module"
Copy settings	Copies the settings of the current channel into the selected channel (including limit values). Both of the last positions of the target channel's designation are replaced with its channel number. Tip: Makes device setting easier, if the same settings apply largely for several measuring points (e.g. several operating time counters).

Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x -> Limit values

✎ Note!
Settings only required if limit values are to be monitored for this channel.

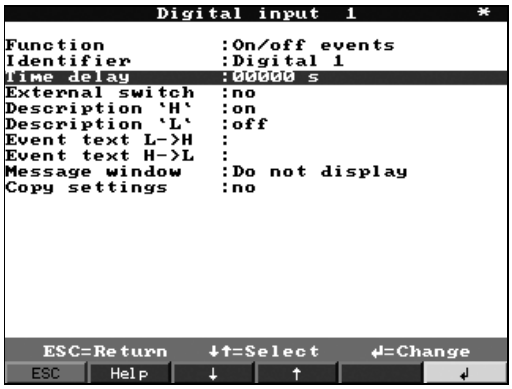
Only available for “Impulse counter”, “Operating time” or “Events + operating time” functions.

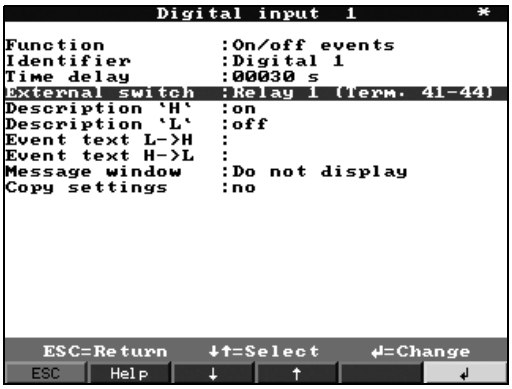


Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x -> Limit value x	
Counter type	The limit value can be allocated to one of the different types (intermediate, daily, monthly, total/year, product counter). These counters are set to zero in cycles (exception: total counter). Example of daily counter: Reset to zero after daily change. Please observe the settings in “Signal analysis”.
Counter limit	Counter limit value in the defined process unit/dimension, e.g. m3/h, piece, ...

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x -> Limit value x	
External switch	Switches the corresponding relay in limit value status (or the open collector output). The terminal numbers are shown in brackets. ✎ Note! ■ Please refer to the connection instructions (see Chapter 1 “Safety instructions/type-relevant use” or see Chapter 4.2 “Connections/terminal diagram”). ■ In case of a limit value, the relay is activated. ■ For this, the relay contact is switched (relay 1) or closed (relays 2-5) at the factory or the open collector is connected through. This operating mode can be inverted if required under “Signal settings - Digital outputs (Relays/OC)”.
Limit event text	Use the text, for example, as instructions for the operator when the limit value is exceeded. This is shown in the display if “display+acknowledge” is set under “Alarm messages”.
Limit event	“Display+acknowledge”: message on the display must be acknowledged by pressing the key (“OK”). It consists of the date, time and channel identification with limit value (alternatively alarm text, if a text has been entered there). “Do not display”: a limit value is displayed with a measuring point designation with red background.

Only when using the digital input as "on/off events" function:





Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x	
Function	**On/off events**
Identifier	Description of the function or measuring point name carried out with this input.
Time delay	The control input has to be active (logical high) for the entered duration. The the function will be executed, e. g. the respective relay switches, after the entered time delay of 30 seconds.
External switch	The respective relay switches, while the control input is active. Logical high = +12...+30 V.
Description ‚H'	Description of the status when the control input is activated. 5 characters. Logically high = +12 to +30 V.
Description ‚L'	Description of the status when the control input is not activated. 5 characters. Logically low = -3 to +5 V.
Events text L->H	Description for status change from low (-3 to +5V) to high (+12 to +30V).
Events text H->L	Description for status change from high (+12 to +30V) to low (-3 to +5V).
Message window	“Display+acknowledge”: message window shown in the display must be acknowledged by pressing the button (“OK”). It contains the date, time and the corresponding event text L->H or H->L. “Do not display”: No message window is displayed. The events are, however, still saved in the events list. The event is described with “L->H” or “H->L” (alternatively event text L->H / H->L, if text has been entered there).

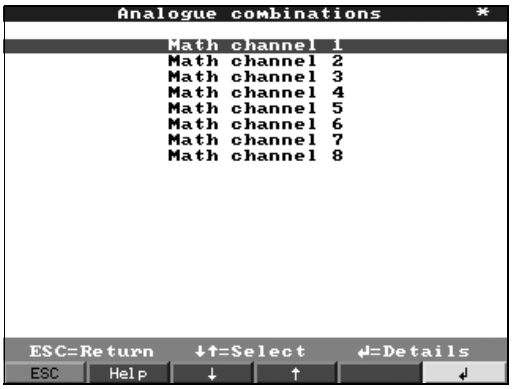
Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x	
Data interface	"Receive act. status": The digital status will be received via data inerface. "Send act. status", "Send total/year", "Send counter+status": The digital status resp. counter value will be sent via data interface. Note: Function is only available with "external Profibus-DP-module" (option) and activated data interface at "Set up -> Interface -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module"
Copy settings	Copies the settings of the current channel into the selected channel (including limit values). Both of the last positions of the target channel's designation are replaced with its channel number. Tip: Makes device setting easier, if the same settings apply largely for several measuring points.

Signal settings -> Analogue combinations

A total of up to 8 mathematics channels can be activated.

✎ Note!
Settings only required if analogue measuring points are to be mathematically combined with each other.

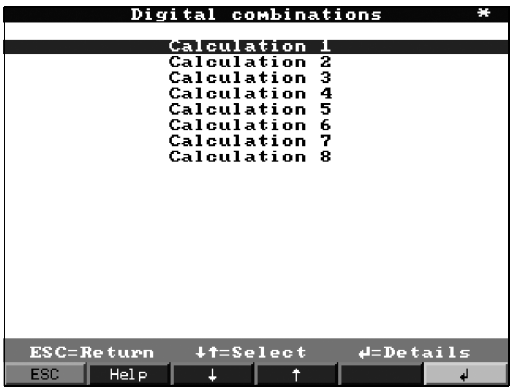
Detailed settings at "Set up -> Signal settings -> Analogue combinations":

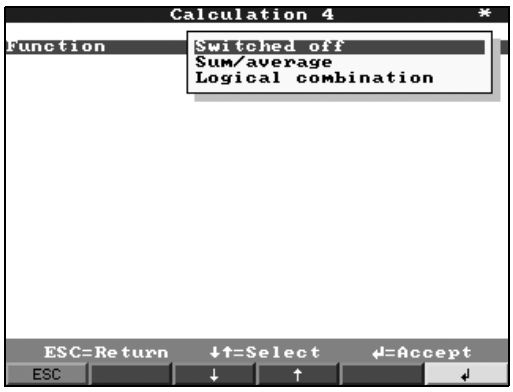


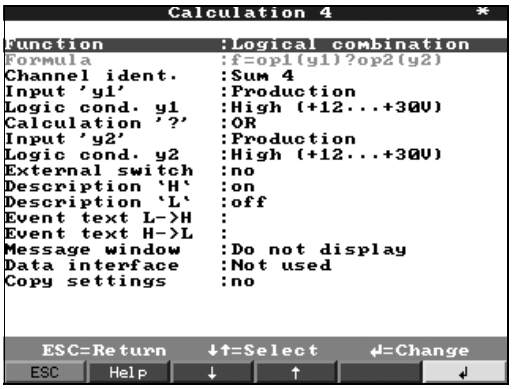
Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue combinations -> Mathematics channel x	
Formula	Individual channels can be mathematically combined with each other and calculated with functions (g) / factors (a or b) / constants (c). The mathematics channels calculated in this way are treated as "real" analogue inputs, independent of whether connected conventionally or via PROFIBUS (limit values, display, etc.). Formula "f = (g(y1)*a) ? (y2*b) + c": this enables you to use functions or calculate two channels with each other. Formula "f = g(y1:y2)*b + c": this enables you to form the average or the sum for consecutive channels y1 to y2.
Channel identification	Explanation of the calculation carried out with this channel (or designation of the mathematics channel).
Function "g"	For formula f = (g(y1)*a) ? (y2*b) + c: the mathematical function "g" is carried out on signal y1. This result can be calculated simultaneously with another signal y2. If the function is only to be used on y1, switch the second part of the formula (y2+b) off by selecting "not used" for combination "?". ☝ **Caution!** lg, ln, sqrt only apply to R+ (quantity of pos. real numbers) For formula f = g(y1:y2)*b+c: selection as to whether the average or the sum is to be formed from channels y1 to y2.
Signal "y1"	Channel, which is to be combined with another ("y2"). ✎ Note! Mathematics channels are can be cascaded.
Factor "a"	Factor by which signal "y1" is multiplied. Factory setting: "1".
Math operator "?"	Mathematical operator for combining the channels.

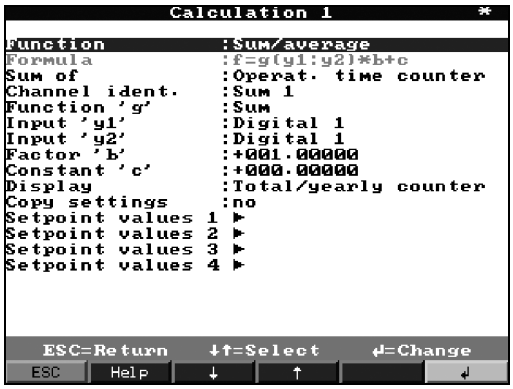
Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue combinations -> Mathematics channel x	
Signal "y2"	Second signal, "y2", that is to be combined with the first ("y1").
Factor "b"	Factor by which signal "y2" or g(y1:y2) is multiplied. Factory setting: "1".
Constant "c"	Constant that is added to the result of the combination of both signals "y1" and "y2". Factory setting: "0". Entry in the technical (or physical) unit of the mathematics channel.
Engineering units	Technical (or physical) unit of the calculated channel, e.g. "Watt" when multiplying voltage ("Volt") and current ("ampere").
Decimal point	Number of places after decimal point for the 4-digit display.
Zoom start	Here, enter the lowest value that the mathematical combination can produce. Example: y1 measuring range = 0...10, a = 5, y2 measuring range = 0...20, b=3, k=4, addition of the channels according to the formula: y = (0*5) + (0*3) + 4. Result: enter "4".
Zoom end	Here, enter the highest value that the mathematical combination can produce. Example: y1 measuring range = 0...10, a = 5, y2 measuring range = 0...20, b=3, k=4, Addition of the channels according to the formula: y = (10*5) + (20*3) + 4. Result: enter "114".
Data interface	"Not used": the data interface is not used. "Send result": The result will be sent via data interface. Note: Function is only available with "external Profibus-DP-module" (option) and activated data interface at "Set up -> Interface -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module"
Copy settings	Copies the settings of the current channel into the selected channel (including limit values). Both of the last positions of the target channel's designation are replaced with its channel number.
Sub-menu: Integration	✎ Note! Settings identical to "Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Integration - ..." Settings only required if the result of the mathematical combination - e.g. for quantity calculation - is to be integrated as well.
Sub-menu: open circuit	✎ Note! Settings only required if action should be taken for this channel when an open circuit is detected. "External switch": switches the corresponding relay (or OC output) when an open circuit is detected. The terminal numbers are shown in brackets.
Sub-menu: limit value x	✎ Note! Settings identical to "Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Limit values x" Settings only required if the result of the mathematical combination is also to be monitored for limit values.

Signal settings -> Digital combinations
Settings only required if digital channels are to be mathematically combined with each other.
Examples:
Summation of impulse counters, logical combination of digital inputs, etc.









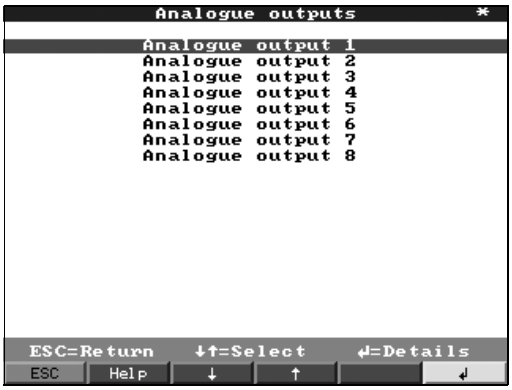
Selection as to how two or several digital channels are combined with each other:

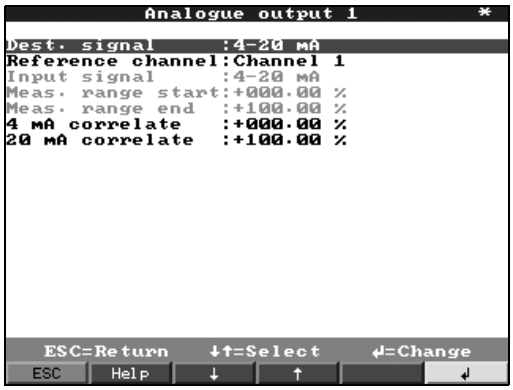
Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital combinations -> Combination x	
Function	"Addition/Subtraction": for impulse counter. "Sum/average": via impulse or operating time counter. "Logical combination": for control input, logging in/out, operating time and events + operating time ✎ Note! Only those channels that it makes sense to combine can be selected. Combinations are processed like real signals, i.e. they are updated every second, can be monitored for limit values and allocated to groups, etc.
Formula	Description of the combination. Can not be changed (just for your information).
Sum of	For "Sum/average" function: Selection as to whether impulse or operating time counters are to be combined with each other in this combination. Can only be selected when "Sum/average" is to be formed.
Channel identification	Explanation (or designation of the combination carried out here).
Function "g"	For "Sum/average" function: Selection as to whether the average or the sum is to be calculated from channels "y1" to "y2".
Input "y1"	Input "y1", which is to be combined with another. ✎ Note! Other combinations can be used if their number is lower than the number of the current combination. In this way, for example, combination 1 can be further processed in combination 2 ("Cascading").
Logic condition y1	Only for "Logical combination" function: Logic condition of input y1 at which the selected combination takes effect. Selection: "High" or "Low"

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital combinations -> Combination x	
Factor “a”	For “Addition/Subtraction” function: Factor “a”, by which the value from signal “y1” is multiplied. Factory setting: 1.
Calculation “?”	For “Addition/Subtraction” function: Addition/Subtraction: adds or subtracts both channels / formula parts. “Not used”: switches part 2 of the formula (y2*b) off. For “Logical combination” function: “AND”: both inputs must accept the specified conditions in order to be recognised as logically true (“H”). “OR”: it is sufficient if only one of both inputs accepts the specified condition.
Input “y2”	Input “y2”, which is to be combined with another. ✎ Note! Other combinations can be used if their number is lower than the number of the current combination. In this way, for example, combination 1 can be further processed in combination 2 (“Cascading”).
Logic condition y2	Only for “Logical combination” function: Logic condition of input y2 at which the selected combination takes effect. Selection: “High” or “Low”
External switch	Only for “Logical combination” function: Switches the corresponding relay (or OC output) when the combination is logically true (“H”). The terminal numbers are shown in brackets. Please refer to the connection instructions.
Factor “b”	Addition/Subtraction: factor “b” by which the value of signal “y2” is multiplied. Sum/average: factor by which the sum or the average of the channels “y1” to “y2” is multiplied.
Constant “c”	Constant “c” is added to the result of the combination of both signals “y1” and “y2”. Entry in this combination's (technical or physical) unit. Factory setting: 0.
Engineering units	Combination's technical (physical) unit, e.g. “piece” for summation of produced units.
Decimal point	Number of places after the decimal point for the display and the limit value entry (counter limit value).
Description “H”	Description of the status when the combination is logically true (“H”). Only for logical combination.
Description “L”	Description of the status when the combination is logically incorrect (“L”). Only for logical combination.
Events text L->H	Description of the status change from logically incorrect (“L”) to logically true (“H”). Only for logical combination.
Events text H->L	Description of the status change from logically true (“H”) to logically incorrect (“L”). Only for logical combination.
Message window	“Display + acknowledge”: message window must be acknowledged by pressing the button. “Do not display”: no message window. The events are just listed in the events list.
Data interface	"Not used": the data interface is not used. "Send result": The result will be sent via data interface. Note: Function is only available with "external Profibus-DP-module" (option) and activated data interface at "Set up -> Interface -> Data interface -> Communicate with: ext. DP-Slave-Module"
Display	The results of the combination are saved at defined intervals (e.g. daily, monthly, ... – see Chapter 5.7.3 “Signal analysis”). Here, the counter type is selected that is to be displayed constantly.
Copy settings	Copies the settings for this combination into the selected combination (incl. limit values). Both of the last positions of the target channel's designation are replaced with its channel number. Tip: Makes device setting easier, if the same settings apply largely for several combinations (e.g. several counter sums).
Sub-menu: Limit value 1...4	Settings only required if the result of the combination is also to be monitored for limit values. For detailed settings, see digital input limit value settings "Signal settings -> Digital inputs -> Digital input x -> Limit values x".

Signal settings -> Analogue outputs (option)

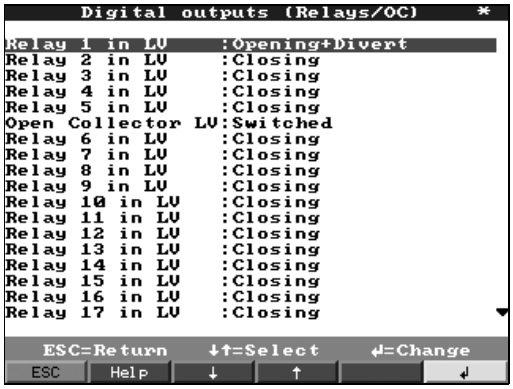
Settings only required if analogue outputs are to be used.





Set-up -> Signal settings -> Analogue outputs -> Analogue output x	
Dest. signal	Can be selected per channel. See also "Connections / terminal diagram"
Reference channel	Here, the input channel that is to be changed is selected.
Input signal **Measuring range start** **Measuring range end**	Can not be edited
x correlate (e.g. 4 mA)	Lower range for the output value Enter the lower input value that corresponds to the output value here.
x correlate (e.g. 20 mA)	Upper range for the output value Enter the upper input value that corresponds to the output value here.

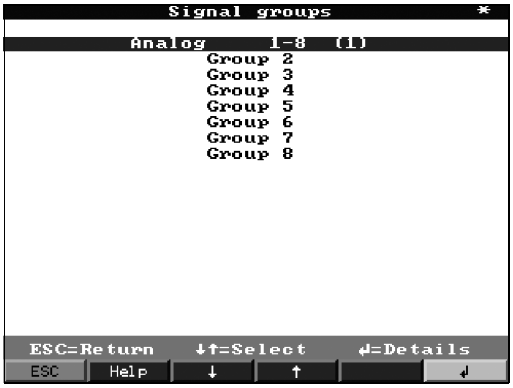
Signal settings -> Digital outputs (Relays/OC)
Defining operating mode of the integrated relays or the open collector output.

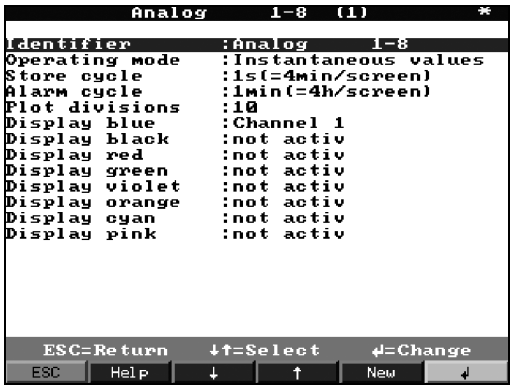


Set-up -> Signal settings -> Digital outputs (Relays/OC)	
Relay 1 in LV	Function of the relay in case of a limit value, i.e. when it is activated. Closing: in case of LV connections 41-44 are shorted, in idle status connections 41-42. Opening: in case of LV connections 41-42 are shorted, in idle status connections 41-44. ✎ Note! In this operating mode, the relay coil is energised in normal operation, i.e. you can also use it as a message for a power failure since it then reports "limit value" or power failure by shorting contacts 41-42 ("Maximum safety").
Relay 2 (3, 4, 5) in LV	Signal settings -> Digital outputs, Position 2-5: Function of the relay in case of a limit value, i.e. when it is activated. "Closing": in case of a LV the corresponding connections (shown in brackets) are shorted, opened in idle status. "Opening": in case of a LV the corresponding connections (shown in brackets) are opened, shorted in idle status. ✎ Note! In this operating mode, the relay coil is energised in normal operation, i.e. you can also use it as a message for a power failure since it then reports limit values or power failure by shorting contacts ("Maximum safety").
Open collector (option)	Function of the open collector output in case of a limit value, i.e. activated. ✎ Note! The open collector is an NPN transistor, terminal 98 = collector, terminal 99 = emitter, i.e. reference potential.
Relays 12-17 in LV	Settings as under position 2.

Signal settings -> Signal groups

Only channels that are selected in groups are displayed and saved.
Summarise analogue and/or digital signals in groups such that you can call up the important information in operation at the push of a button (e.g. temperatures, signals in system part 1, ...). Maximum 8 channels can be allocated to a group.



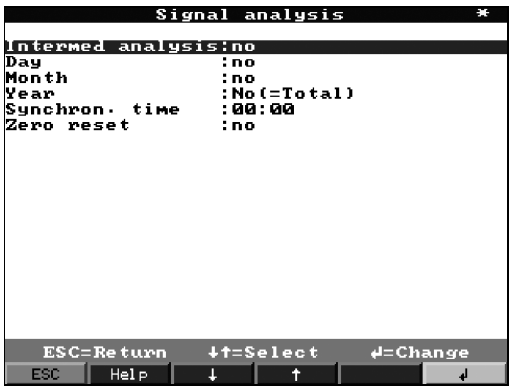


Set-up -> Signal settings -> Signal groups -> Group x	
Identifier	Relevant designation of the signals allocated to a group, e.g. temperatures, quantities, system part 1, ...
Operating mode	Specifies how the measured values are displayed and saved. "Averages": the averages since the last time of memory are determined and saved. Example with memory cycle of 1 minute: the arithmetic mean is calculated and saved from 60 values, one measured every second. "Instantaneous values": the current values at the time of memory are saved. "Block diagram (4 channels/Group)": the minimum and maximum since the last time of memory are determined and saved. Example with memory cycle of 1 minute: the lowest and the highest value is calculated and saved from 60 values, one measured every second. These values are linked with a line in the graph, displayed and saved. The digital display shows the current (instantaneous) value in normal operation - updated every second. "Min values": the minimum value since the last time of memory is determined and saved. "Max values": the maximum value since the last time of memory is determined and saved. Example with memory cycle of 1 minute: the maximum value is determined and saved from 60 values, one measured every second.
Store cycle	Time for measured value memory cycle = cycle for updating display in normal operation (no limit value is exceeded or limit values are not monitored). This provides the visual range for the graphic display (see value in brackets). ☝ **Caution!** The shorter the memory cycle, the higher the memory requirement (interval available in the device is reduced) Tip: In order to keep the longest possible intervals in the memory, select longer store cycles and "Averages" or "Envelope curve" under "Operating mode". In this way, you can also keep an overview of longer intervals in the display.
Alarm cycle	Time for measured value memory cycle = cycle for updating display in case of a limit value (limit value is violated). This condition can, for example, be displayed/saved in chronologically higher resolution. ✎ Note! At least one of the analogue signals allocated to the group (or PROFIBUS measuring point) must be in limit value status and "Storing limit value" must be set to "Alarm cycle" (see "Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Limit values x" or "Signal settings -> Analogue combinations -> Math channel x -> Limit values x"). All channels in this group are then saved in the set alarm cycle. ☝ **Caution!** The shorter the alarm cycle, the higher the memory requirement (interval available in the device is reduced)

Set-up -> Signal settings -> Signal groups -> Group x	
Plot divisions	Specifies into how many zones the screen is to be subdivided into in “Plot” display mode. Examples: Display from 0...100 %: select spacing in 10s Display from 0...14 pH: select spacing in 14s
Display (colour)	Select a signal/measuring point. This is then displayed in the specified colour.

5.7.3 Signal analysis

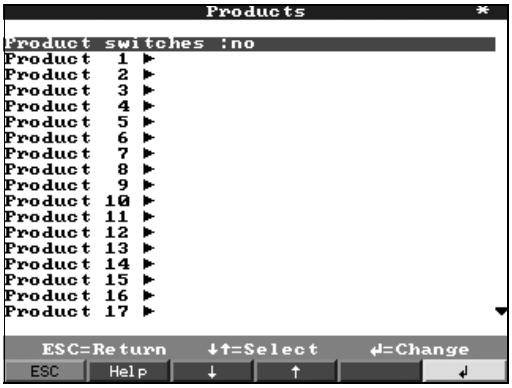
Settings only required if the inputs summarised in groups are to be analysed automatically.
The analyses (minima, maxima, averages, counter readings) can be displayed in normal operation at the touch of a button (“Extras -> Analysis”).
This information is also saved (reduces the memory available for the graphs), can also be transferred to PC and used there.



Set-up -> Signal analysis	
Intermediate analysis	Determines min., max., averages and quantities in the time intervals defined here.
Day	Determines daily minima, maxima, averages and quantities of all channels allocated in groups on daily change.
Month	Determines monthly minima, maxima, averages and quantities of all channels allocated in groups on monthly change.
Year	“Yes”: determines annual minima, maxima, averages and quantities of all channels allocated in groups on annual change. “No”: alternative for the annual analysis function: the minima, maxima, averages and quantities are determined continuously. Begins after resetting, as further described below (e.g. for totalizers).
Synchronous time	Time at which signal analyses are completed. Example of daily analysis: the daily analysis is completed at the set time, i.e. it contains the analysis of the measured values over the last 24 hours.
Zero reset	The analyses are reset with this function (e.g. reset after completing the commissioning of a system) ✎ Note! ■ All previous (commissioning) signals are discarded. ■ The graphs/storage are, however, not affected if you leave the set-up and answer the “Accept set up?” question with “No” (reference). ■ If you answer the question with “Yes”, the contents of the memory and thereby the graphic display is also deleted/reset. ■ If the previous signals are still required, save them first on the ATA flash card (see Chapter 7 “Procedure in operation – Accessible functions – ATA flash”). ■ The reset takes effect immediately, if you confirm here with “Accept” (“↵”).

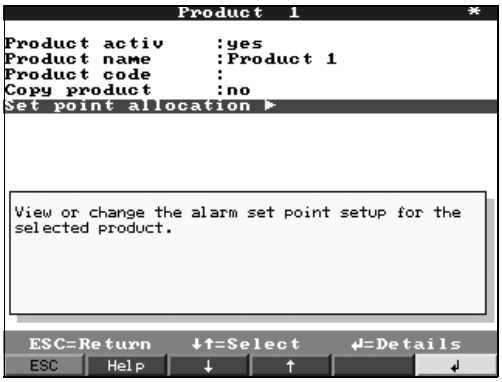
5.7.4 Products

Here, the settings for 20 different products can be viewed or changed.

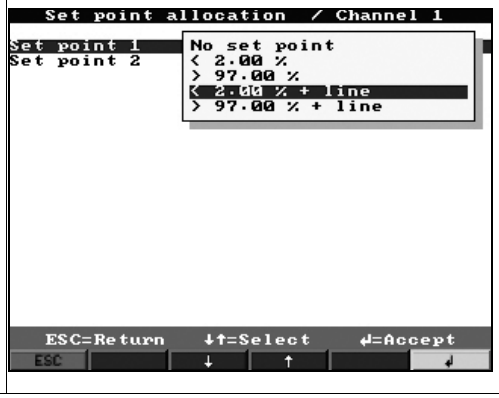


Set-up -> Products	
Product switches	"no": no relay (open collector) is switched, even when a product is running. "Relay x (Term. Xx -xx)": switches the corresponding relay (or OC output) when a product is running. The terminal numbers are shown in brackets. For connection instructions, see also "Terminal diagram".

Set up -> Products -> Product x
Viewing or changing settings for the selected product.

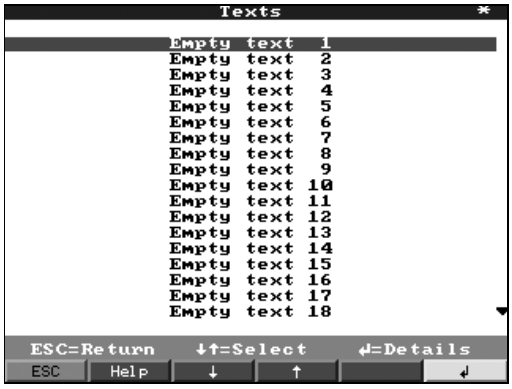


Set-up -> Products -> Product x	
Product active	A product's parameters, such as the limit values, are only monitored when the product is activated. The product name and product code are also saved in the events list. ✎ Note! Only activated products can be selected during normal operation.
Product name	Enter the designation of the selected product here. This designation is used for identifying the product.
Product code	Enter the code of the selected product here. This code is used for identifying the product.
Copy product	Copies the current product's settings into the selected product (including product code and limit values). Both of the last positions of the target product's designation are replaced with its product number.

Set-up -> Products -> Product x	
Sub-menu: **Set point allocation**	Selects the channel whose limit values are to be allocated to the selected product. Here, select a limit value from the channel's available limit values. This value is allocated to the product and monitored during operation. ✎ Note! You can display the limit value as a dotted line on the display. For this, select the submenu "Set point allocation" and choose the respective limit value with the suffix "+ line" (e.g. 2.00% + line). 

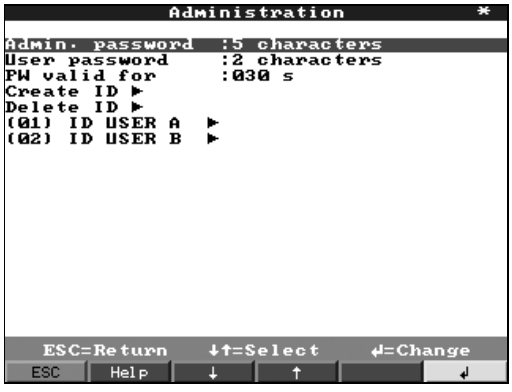
5.7.5 Texts

40 different texts (22 characters) can be entered.
Settings only required if you are using the text version (“Texts” softkey). Here, enter the texts that are to be output during operation.



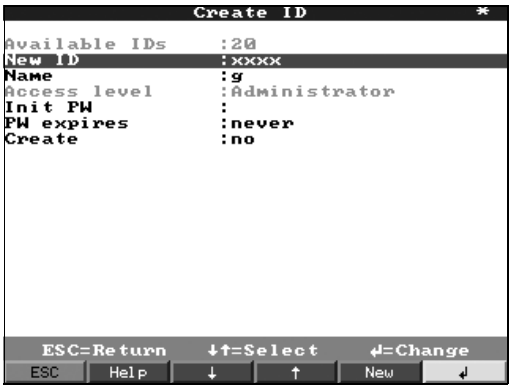
5.7.6 Administration

The system administration is carried out here. The administrator has to be defined first. Afterwards upt to 50 users can then be registered or deleted, for example 1 administrator and 49 users. The user's rights can be allocated in the “Create ID” menu.



Set-up -> Administration	
Admin. password	"Not used": no passwords are monitored. The number of characters to be checked for an administrator password can be set between 1 - 10 characters.
User password	"Not used": no passwords are monitored. The number of characters to be checked for an administrator password can be set between 1 - 10 characters.
Password valid for	After the password has been entered, it remains active for x seconds and does not need to be re-entered in this time. "000": switched off.

Administration -> Create ID

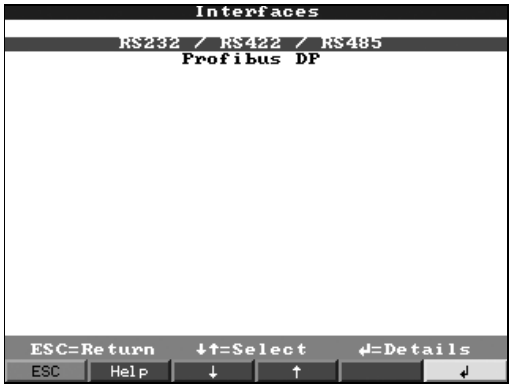


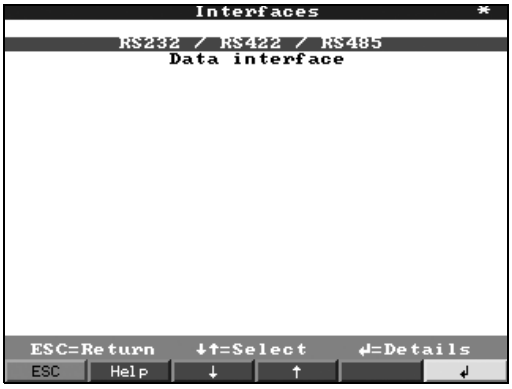
Set-up -> Administration -> Create ID	
New ID	Enter a unique user identification. This identification must only exist once in the system. The first ID entered automatically receives administration rights.
Name	Enter the name of the new user.
Access level	Here, enter the new user's access rights. ✎ Note! The user can operate the device. The administrator can also make settings in the set-up.
Init PW	Enter a password here.
PW expires	After the specified time, the password entered expires and has to be re-entered.
Create	Here, confirm the entry with "YES" and the new user appears in the ID list.
Delete ID	Deleting a registered user. This can only be carried out by the administrator. Select the unique user identification here. Confirming with "Yes" deletes the selected user. ☝ **Caution!** The administrator can only be deleted when there are no other users registered.

5.7.7 Interfaces

Information about interfaces, functions for “Monitor” or “Slave” PROFIBUS application, RS 232 / RS 485: settings only required if you use the device's interfaces (operation using PC, serial data readout, modem operation, etc.).

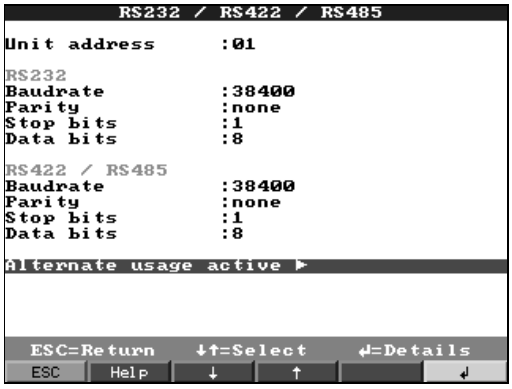
PROFIBUS application: Monitor (left) PROFIBUS application: Slave (right)

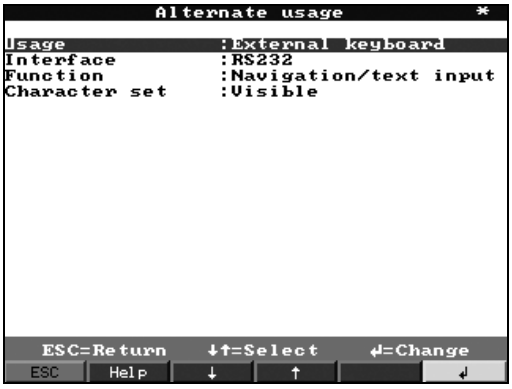




Interfaces -> RS232 / RS422 / RS485

Settings only required if you use the device's interfaces (operation using PC, serial data readout, modem operation, etc.).



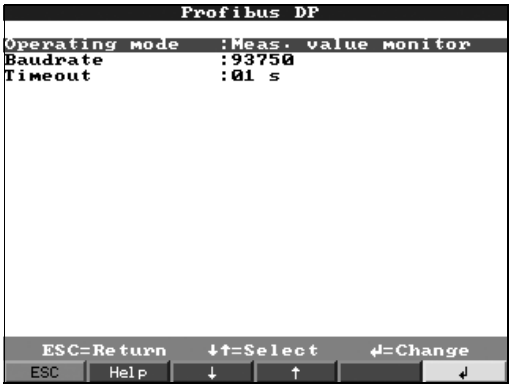


Set-up -> Interfaces -> RS232 / RS422 / RS485	
Unit address	Every device used in series must have its own address (00...99). This is required for identifying the PC software.
Baudrate	The transmission rate (=“Baudrate”) must correspond to the PC software settings.
Parity	This setting must correspond to the PC software settings.
Stop bits	This setting must correspond to the PC software settings.
Data bits	This setting must correspond to the PC software settings. Fixed – can not be changed.

Set-up -> Interfaces -> RS232 / RS422 / RS485	
Sub-menu: **Alternate usage**	Alternate usage of an interface to connect an external keyboard.
	Usage "Standard": The interfaces are used for data transfer and setup. "External keyboard": The navigation and input use the external keyboard.
	Interface Interface, at which the keyboard is connected. Note: The external keyboard should connected via RS232 to the SDM.
	Function "Navigation/text input": Via keyboard the softkeys can be simulated and the input of text.
	Character set "Visible": While input of a password via external keyboard the character set will be shown. "Hidden": The character set will not be shown.

Interfaces -> Profibus DP (option)

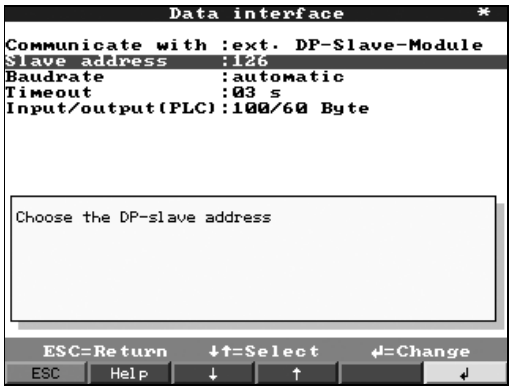
Settings only required if you are using PROFIBUS measuring points.
See also “Analogue inputs - Signal” and “Analogue inputs - PROFIBUS DP”



Set-up -> Interfaces -> Profibus DP	
Operating mode	“Measured value monitor”: the (bus) measuring signals are requested by a higher-ranking (control) system.
Baudrate	Baudrate for PROFIBUS DP, can not be changed.
Timeout	If no measured value is received from the bus within the set time, bus operation is defective (or incorrect settings). The device displays this with a message. In this case, no measured values can be registered.

Interfaces -> Data interface (option)

Selecting the data interface via which communication is made.
Settings only required if you are communicating via an external Profibus module.

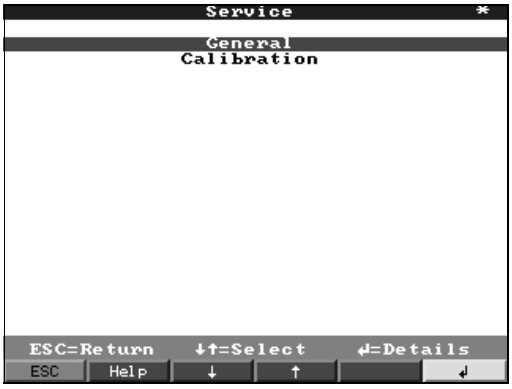


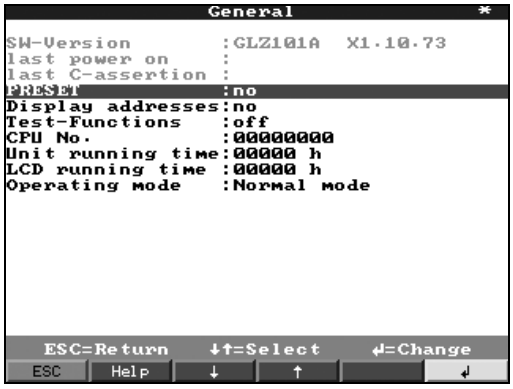
Set-up -> Interfaces -> Data interface	
Communicate with	"Not used": the data interface is not used. "Ext. DP slave module": communication via the externally-connected DP slave module. Connection to RS 232 interface
Slave address	Slave address entry.
Baudrate	Transmission rate on DP side. This is automatically detected or can be set between “45.45 kBaud” and “12 Mbaud”.
Timeout	If no measured value is received from the bus within the set time, bus operation is defective (or incorrect settings). The device displays this with a message. In this case, no measured values can be registered.
Input/Output PLC	Reference data structure: “100/60”. 100 Bytes are transferred to the PLC, 60 Bytes from the PLC. If this changes, the power supply to the Profibus coupler must be switched off and on. See also “Analogue inputs - Signal” and “Analogue inputs -Data interface”

5.7.8 Service

Displays and settings for calibration.

Caution!
Changes must only be made by qualified skilled personnel. Incorrect settings cause malfunctions. Loss of claim to guarantee.





Service: General sub-menu
Information for service technicians, e.g. for questions about the device/device fault

Set-up -> Service -> General	
SW version	Device software version. Please state this code if you have questions about the device.
Last power on	Please state this code if you have questions about the device.
Last C-assertion	Please state this code if you have questions about the device.
PRESET	**Caution!** Resets all parameters to the factory settings. All previous values, settings and contents of the memory are deleted. Changes only using service code!
Display addresses	Displays the address of the current position, as well as the help texts. Changes only using service code!
Test-Functions	"Show EPLD-frequency": instead of the scaled instantaneous value, the EPLD frequency value (raw value) is output. "Show special measurement": displays the Resitor(3), Delta_agnd(4), Delta_agnd_U_I(5), U_P(6), U_I(7), U_U(8) measurements as an EPLD frequency value with new analogue cards. (The settings for analogue channels 4/12 to 8/16 are converted, these channels are automatically recorded into group 1/2.) **Caution!** Only for service purposes. Changes only using service code!
CPU No.	CPU number. Please state this code if you have questions about the device. Changes only using service code!
Unit running time	Displays the device's total operating time. Please state this code if you have questions about the device. Changes only using service code!
LCD running time	Displays the total operating time of the screen's back lighting. Please state this code if you have questions about the device. Changes only using service code!

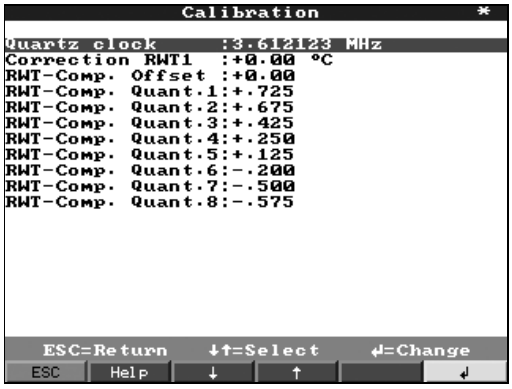
Set-up -> Service -> General	
Operating mode	"Normal mode": the device works with the true connected signals. "Simulation": the device works with simulated signals. The current device settings are taken into consideration here. During this time, the true measured value display and storage are switched off. Instead, the simulated values are displayed / saved. ✎ Note! If required, use the "Signal analysis- Reset" function, so that the values of the simulated signals do not corrupt your true minima/maxima/quantities after switching back to normal operation. If the previous signals are still required, save them first on the ATA flash card (see Chapter 7 "Procedure in operation - Accessible functions - ATA flash").

Service -> Calibration

Factory calibration for clock module and rear wall temperature.

☝ **Caution!**

Do not change this, otherwise the device will malfunction. Calibration only possible using a PC calibration routine. Must only be carried out by qualified skilled personnel.



Set-up -> Service -> Calibration	
Quartz clock	Quartz clock calibration. Changes only using service code!
Correction RWT1/2	Rear wall temperature correction value for analogue board 1 (channels 1...8) or 2 (channels 9...16). Changes only using service code!
RWT-Comp. Offset	Correction factor offset for the rear wall temperature compensation of both analogue boards. The higher the value, the greater the correction of the internal rear wall temperature compensation with thermal elements. The value -9.99 switches correction off. Changes only using service code!
RWT-Comp. Quant. 1..8	Weighting of internal rear wall temperature compensation correction with thermal elements for analogue channel 1..8/ 9..16. The higher the value of the weighting, the higher the displayed temperature. Changes only using service code!

5.8 Software update or upgrade via PC software

Caution!
When the program is updated, all measurement data in the memory and on the ATA flash card is deleted.
If the measured values saved in the device are still required, they should first be read out or the ATA flash card should be updated and removed from the device. After the program transfer, all device settings are reset to the factory settings.

1. Install and start supplied PC software.
2. Connect the device to the PC.
3. Remove, if necessary, the write protection on the program diskette (only for software upgrade).
4. Insert program diskette into the PC disk drive
5. Go to the "Miscellaneous / Special device functions / Safety Data Manager / Transfer program" menu.
6. Select interface parameters (Com-Port)
7. Select desired program file and confirm with OK.

5.9 Communication via serial interfaces / modem

5.9.1 RS 232

The RS 232 serial interface can be accessed from the front (3.5 mm / 0.14" stereo jack plug under the ATA flash drive) (not available for stainless steel front) and from the rear (9 pin Sub-D socket).

Caution!
- Simultaneously using the front and the rear-mounted RS 232 is not permitted. Device malfunction.
- Only the front-mounted interface with die-cast front (IP 54) with a door can be accessed, and not the version with stainless steel front.

5.9.2 RS 485

This interface (option) can be accessed alternatively at the rear side interface. The RS 485 can be used for remote configuration/readout (up to approx. 1000 m / 3281 ft. lead length).

Caution!
When using an RS 232 / RS 485 converter, ensure that it supports automatic change over between sending and receiving (e.g. W+T type 86000).

5.9.3 PROFIBUS DP

When connecting to PROFIBUS DP, you can display, record and monitor measured values. These measuring points are treated as conventionally-wired analogue signals.
Both PROFIBUS DP and conventionally-connected measuring points can be used simultaneously with one device, since the input signal for each channel is selected separately. A total of up to 16 measuring points are available per device (plus the digital inputs and mathematics channels).

"Monitor" operating mode:
A master (e.g. existing control system) interrogates the connected slaves without affecting the system itself. Physically, the RS 485 interface is used (Baudrate 93.750 kBit/s, alternatively 45.45 kBaud, fixed).
The measurement data from the slaves is analysed. For this, the slave address and data format setting is required for each channel (see "Set-up - Analogue inputs - Channel xx - PROFIBUS DP").

Please refer to your transmitter's specifications/data here. If a slave delivers several measured data sets (multiparameter transmitter/“modular slave”), each set of information requires its own channel.

✎ Note!
- In order to be displayed correctly, the true, physical measured values (e.g. in °C, bar...) must be transferred. Scaling at the device is not possible.
- Please ensure that connections that are not used are also not switched on at the plug.
- PROFIBUS PA devices can be used via the PA/DP bus coupler (“Segment coupler”).
- PROFIBUS measuring points can be calculated with each other and with conventionally connected analogue measuring points in mathematics module.

“Slave” operating mode:
Slave functions in combination with Profibus coupler (Accessories: RSG12A-P1). Insert for bi-directional communication in cyclic data transfer.
Baudrate: max. 12 Mbaud, adjustable.

5.9.4 Commissioning a modem link

In principle, any conventional modem with AT command set can be used for data transfer between your device with RS 232 interface and the supplied PC software.

✎ Note!
Data transmission between an analogue modem and an ISDN terminal is not possible.

Modem at device
The modem, which is later connected to the device, must be initialised once with the PC software (Miscellaneous - Preparing modem for device). The modem is, therefore, connected to the PC with its original cable (normally enclosed with every modem).

Initialisation must be carried out with the same data format (baudrate, data bits, parity) with which the measuring device works.

After successful initialisation, the modem is connected to the device with a special (zero) modem cable.

Only three cables are required (TxD, RxD, GND).

Cable assignment:

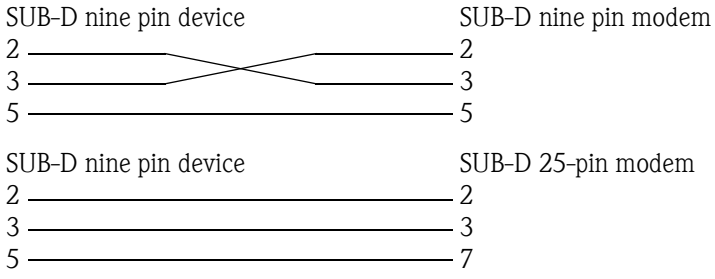


Figure 7: Cable assihnment modem

✎ Note!
The modem's original cable can not be used for this because the device and the modem have the same pin assignments at the interface plug.

Modem at PC
The modem, which works from the PC, does not have to be initialised. Connection to the PC is made with the (normally included with the modem) original modem cable.

The first connection to the receiver is made as follows:
In the PC software, select “Display/change device settings - New device”
- Select device, set interface parameters manually (COM, baudrate, number of data bits, parity)
- Activate modem operation - Set up modem
- Enter receiver's telephone number.
- OK

Now enter the telephone number under which the device connected by modem can be reached and start the connection with “OK”.

5.10 Set up Ethernet connection via internal interface

Before a connection can be established via the PC network, the system parameters in the device must be set.

✎ Note!
You can obtain the system parameters from your relevant network administrator.

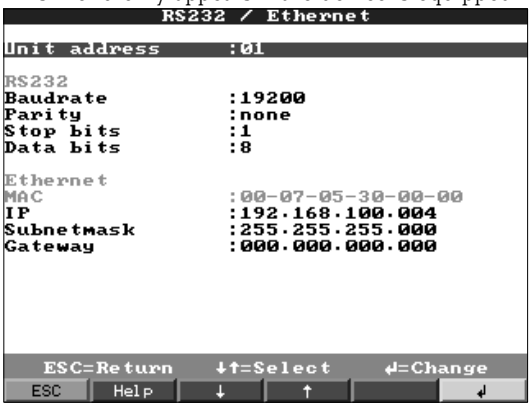
The following system parameters must be set:

1. IP address
2. Subnet mask
3. Gateway

5.10.1 Menu: Set up –> Interfaces

The system parameters are configured at "Set up -> Interfaces -> RS232/ Ethernet".

✎ Note!
This menu only appears if the device is equipped with an internal Ethernet interface.



5.10.2 MAC address

This displays the Ethernet address of the device. This number is set and registered at the factory. It cannot be changed.

5.10.3 IP address allocation

The device is delivered with a preset IP address which must, however, be changed in the setup procedure. Before you can make the input in the device, an IP address valid for your network must be defined.

✎ Note!
The IP address must be unique within the network.

Please be aware that this number is not arbitrary, rather it must be defined dependent on the network address of the TCP/IP network. The input form corresponds to syntax (e.g. 172.016.231.005). Complete the input with "↵ accept".

5.10.4 Subnet mask allocation

The subnet mask must be input if the device is to establish connections in another sub-network. Specify the subnet mask of the sub-network in which the device is located (e.g. 255.255.255.000). Please observe: the IP address determines the class of the network. The result of this is a default subnet mask (e.g. 255.255.000.000 for a Class B network).

5.10.5 Gateway allocation

Enter the IP address of the gateway here, if connections are to be established in other networks. As the unit does not, at the moment, set up a connection itself via the Ethernet, it is not necessary to enter a Gateway. Leave the set-up at "000.000.000.000".

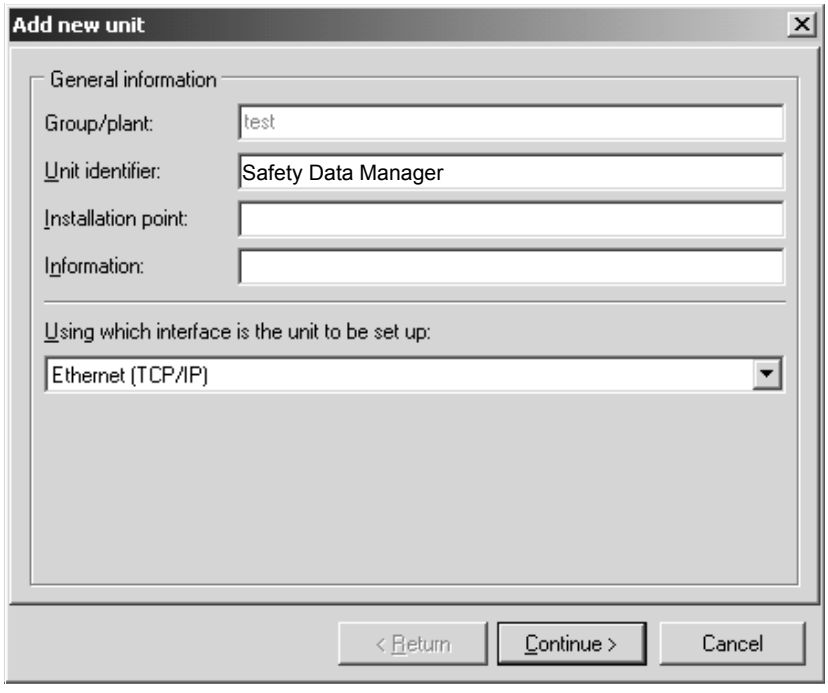
✎ Note!
Changes to the system parameters are not activated until the SETUP menu is closed and the settings accepted. Only then will the device work with the new settings.

5.11 Communication in the network via PC software

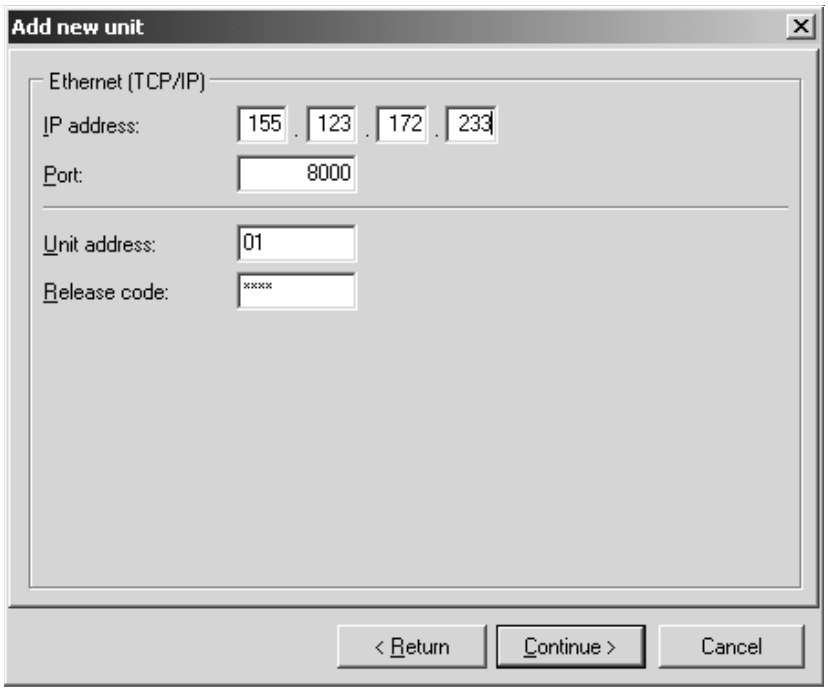
After the device has been configured and connected to the PC network, a connection to one of the PCs in the network can be established.

The following steps are required for this:

1. Install the supplied PC software on the PC via which communication is to take place.
2. A new device now has to be registered in the database.
   After the device description has been input, select how the device settings are to be transferred. In this case, select Ethernet (TCP/IP):



3. Now enter the IP address. The port address is 8000.
Entering the device address and the release code is optional.



Confirm the input with "Continue" and start the transfer with OK.
The connection is now established and the device is saved in the device database.

6 Guaranteeing the requirements of 21 CFR 11

6.1 General

Prior to introducing electronic signatures, a letter, signed by hand, must be sent to the

Office of Regional Operations (HFC-100)
5600 Fishers Lane
Rockville, MD 20857
USA

informing it of the company's intention to use electronic documents/signatures in the future.

Administrators and users must be trained to 21 CFR 11 or must already have appropriate experience in this area.

Commercial software used in electronic record systems, in accordance with 21 CFR 11, must be validated.

The suitability of the device and the associated PC software (incl. operating system) for the required application must be defined, validated and documented (e.g. with regard to data confidentiality, device parameter print-out, back-ups for configured parameters, assignment of access rights in the PC software, suitability of the software commercially used - e.g. operating system etc.).

Prior to assigning/specifying the electronic signature (or elements of this electronic signature, e.g. unique ID/initialisation password), the identity of the individual in question must be verified.

The administrator must ensure that the ID is unique and correctly assigned to the appropriate individual and must document this.

Electronic signatures may only be used by the rightful users. They may not be transferred to other parties. Administrators and users are obliged not to abuse user IDs and passwords (also initialisation passwords).

Written procedures must be defined and observed specifying that individuals are held accountable for actions taken under their electronic signature to create a deterrent towards the falsification of documents and signatures.

To guarantee the requirements of the FDA as regards meeting the 21 CFR 11 criteria, please pay particular attention to the correct settings for the device and the associated PC software.

A suitable control system for the system documentation must be established (distribution, access and use of the documentation for system operation and maintenance).

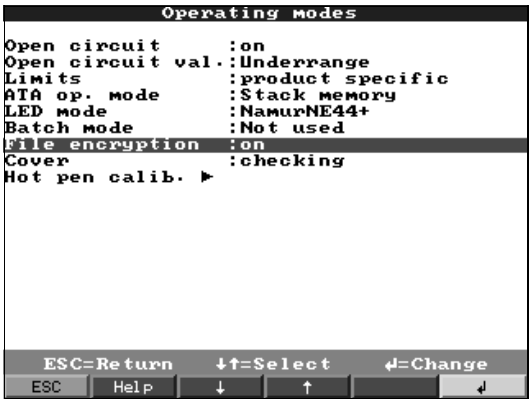
Revision and modification control systems for the system documentation must be established (audit trail which documents the chronological order of system documentation modification and development).

The system is not designed for use in Internet applications/open systems.

6.2 Important settings at the device

6.2.1 Set up -> Basic settings -> operating modes

- ATA operating mode: Recommendation **for stand-alone applications: stack memory**
  Recommendation for **cyclic serial PC read-out: ring memory (FIFO)**
- File encryption: **On**
- Cover: **Checking**



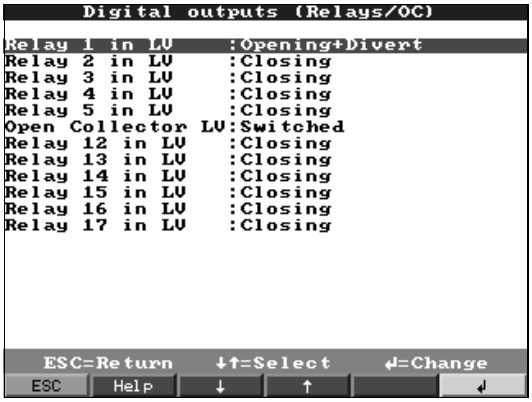
■

✎ Note!
After commissioning and qualification of the expected device functions/system validation, cover the rear of the device with a terminal cover/rearside cover. The presence of the cover can be automatically detected by means of the contact pin (setting see above).
When the cover is on/detected, even the administrator cannot make any more changes to the set-up.
Exception: When the cover is on, text picklists can be used and administration carried out by the logged-in administrator only. However, processes already saved are not altered.
Recommended: Seal the screws of the cover with lead. This provides practical, effective protection against manipulation/unauthorised access.

- ATAFlash change: If cyclic serial PC read-out is not activated, the warning on ATAFlash change must be activated
  → Basic settings → ATAFlash change → Acknowledge warn: yes

6.2.2 Set up -> Signal settings -> digital outputs

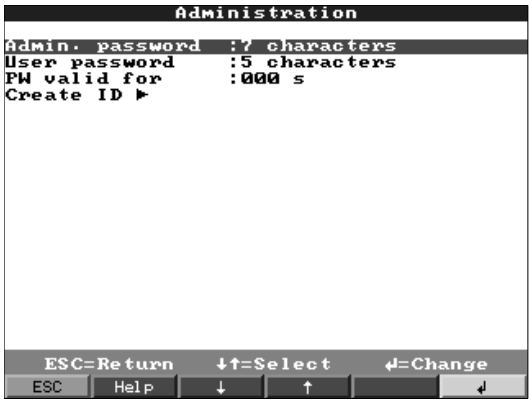
- Relay 1 in LV: **Opening + divert**
  Note: With this setting, current passes through the coil of relay 1 in normal mode, the relay picks up (creates contact between terminals 41 and 44). If the power fails and/or – if assigned in a limit value situation – the current is switched off, the relay drops out and creates contact between terminals 41 and 42. In this way, a power failure, for example, can be reliably reported
  .



6.2.3 Set up -> Administration

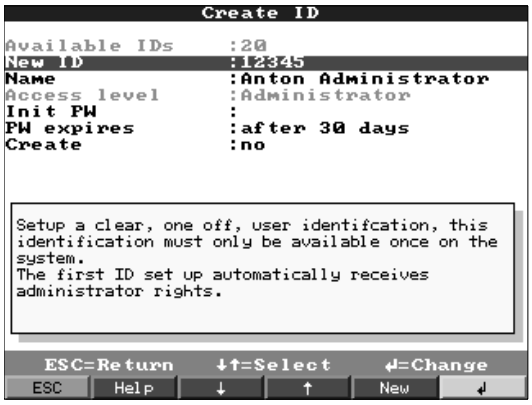
Set the password length and validity period etc. in accordance with your application-related risk potential.

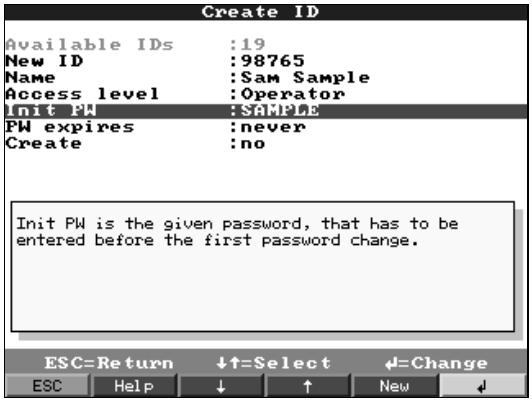
- Administrator password: Recommended: min. **7 characters**
- User password: Recommended: min. **5 characters**
- Password valid for: Recommended: **000** (depends on application)



6.2.4 Set up -> Administration -> create ID

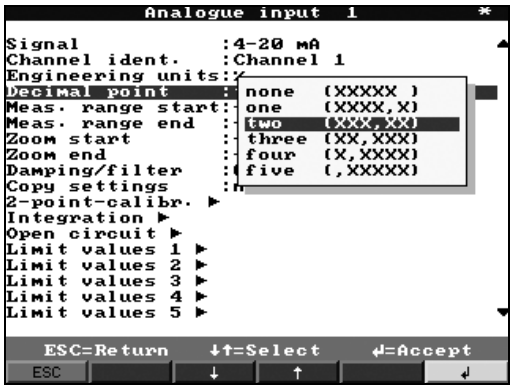
- New ID: **Unique ID** (may only occur once in the system, e.g. identity card number or similar)
- Name: Name in **plain language**
- Init PW: Initialisation passwords always have to be specified when creating **users**.
- PW expires: Recommended: **30 or 60 days** (depends on application)





6.2.5 Set up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs

- Select the number of decimal places to suit the measuring range of the sensor/transmitter used.
  Note: The accuracy of the device is not increased by selecting more decimal places.



6.3 Important PC software settings

Certain functions are required in the associated PC software in order to meet the requirements of 21 CFR 11. Above all, settings must be made to automatically log PC software access and actions in what is known as the "audit trail".

6.3.1 General

- Only use **operating systems with user administration** (e.g. MS Windows® NT/2000/XP).
- Activate user administration, audit trail recording and password protection as per 21 CFR Part 11:
  Extras → Program options → Set-up → General → "**Audit Trail activate recording**" and
  → Extras → Program options → Set-up → Security → "**Password protection activated**" and
  "**Password protection compliant to FDA 21 CFR Part 11**"
- Assign the users the permitted rights:
  → Extras → Program options → Set-up → Security → "**User administration**"
  Recommended: Password valid for 60 days to prevent the undesired effect of users becoming used to a password.
- Where useful, avail of the powerful automatic functions of the PC software (e.g. automatic read-out, automatic back-up function, automatic e-mail alarm – see below)
  Note: For this, you require serial connection to a PC which must work in automatic mode.
- If you also require batch logs on paper, for example, in addition to the electronic records (see below), we recommend you use automatic batch print-out.
  Note: Some printers require a new print job per page for this. This function can be activated under:
  → Extras → Program options → Set-up → Display/Print out (1) → "Print-out: start new print task for each new side"
- With "standard print-out" print-outs, the related events must be printed out with the measured values.
  → Display → Print → Print-out type → Tabular → [unit name] (Events)

6.3.2 Activating the automatic read-out and data storage function

A reliable, fully functional interface connection between the device and the PC software is required. This should be verified before activating automatic batch print-out.
Recommended: To automatically reactivate the automatic functions after a PC power supply failure, configure this in the set-up:
→ Extras → Program options → Set-up → Automatic (2) → Automatic → "automatically start after x minutes".

One-off initialisation phase for automatic read-out and data storage:

1. From the device list, select the device which should be read out automatically:
   → Unit → Display/change unit set-up/add new unit
2. Read the current set-up into the PC:
   → Unit set-up → New read out using interface (e.g. serial/modem/TCP(IP) and thereby ensure the set-up matches the settings in the device data base in the PC.
3. Activate automatic read-out for this device:
   → Extras → Set up automatic → Read out stored data → e.g. daily at 00:00. In this way, you specify the device(s) which should be used for automatic read-out/print-out.
4. If necessary, configure the parameters for automatic data storage:
   → Extras → Set up automatic → "Measured value data base maintenance", e.g. "Save data to data carrier" function.
5. Then save the settings:
   → Finished→ "Store set-up into unit data base"

   Note: Where necessary, the data copied to the data carrier can also be archived on CD/back-up tape etc. (depending on your archiving regulations).

Then activate the automatic function in the main program screen:
→ **Automatic → Start**.

✎ Note!
Automatic read-out of the device(s) starts at the time shown.

6.3.3 Activating the e-mail alarm

Any connection problems arising during automatic mode (see above) between the device and PC software (e.g. line interrupted) can also be transmitted by e-mail, if necessary.

One-off initialisation phase for the e-mail function:

1. Make the appropriate server settings:
   → Main menu → Extras → Program options → Set-up → E-mail
2. Activate e-mail transmission:
   → Main menu → Extras → Program options → Set-up → Automatic (1) → "E-mail transmission of messages/fault messages received"
   Note: If e-mails are to be sent to more than one recipient, the e-mail addresses must be separated by a semicolon (e.g. address1@test.com;address2@test.com). Your e-mail server/e-mail provider is responsible for delivering the e-mails.

Then activate the automatic function in the main program screen:
→ **Automatic → Start**.

✎ Note!
Automatic read-out of the device(s) starts at the time shown.

6.3.4 Activating automatic batch print-out

A reliable, fully functional interface connection between the device and the PC software and a fully functional, trouble-free printer driver are required. This should be verified before activating automatic batch print-out.
Recommended: To automatically reactivate the automatic functions after a PC power supply failure, the program must be entered in the Windows autostart group:

One-off initialisation phase for automatic batch print-out:

1. Set the printer to which the batch logs should be printed:
   → Extras → Program options → Set-up → Automatic (2) → "Printer".
2. From the device list, select the required device
   → Unit → Display/change unit set-up/add new unit
3. Read the current set-up into the PC
   → Unit set-up → New read out using interface (e.g. serial/modem/TCP(IP). In this way, you ensure that the set-up matches the settings in the device data base in the PC.
4. Activate automatic read-out for this device
   → Extras → Set up automatic → Read out stored data → interval, e.g. 2 minutes and activate the automatic print function:
   → Extras → Set up automatic → Print → "Automatic product print-out".
   Then save the settings:
   → Finished→ "Store set-up into unit data base".
   In this way, you specify the device(s) which should be used for automatic read-out/print-out.
5. On completion of a batch production, read out the measured values once manually via the serial interface:
   → Read out → Read out measured values using interface/modem → select appropriate device
6. Select the channels which should be displayed in a later print-out:
   → Display → Display measured values from data base → select appropriate device → activate "Select product" in the time selection window, then select the channels to be displayed, switch on "Use current channel selection for automatic batch print-out", select batch, display measured value curves or adapt display method under "Legend".
7. Check the printer selection and, if necessary, correct the desired print scope:
   → Display → Print.
   Check the print result. Then save with
   → Display → Close.
   Now you have specified the way in which measured values should be printed out.

Then activate automatic batch print-out in the main program screen:
→ **Automatic → Start**.

✎ Note!
Automatic read-out of the device(s) is carried out as per your settings. The batch log is automatically printed out when a batch is completed and the data have been read out/saved to the data base.

Manufacturer's Declaration

Endress + Hauser Wetzer GmbH & Co.KG,
Obere Wank 1,
D-87484 Nesselwang

Declares:

When used as specified

Memo-Graph S together with
ReadWin® 2000

fulfils the requirements of

21 CFR 11

concerning
electronic documents and
electronic signature.

Nesselwang, 26. June 2002

Helmut Kalteis
Manager Marketing-Development

Endress+Hauser
Nothing beats know-how

ZERTIFIKAT ◆ CERTIFICATE ◆ 認証書 ◆ СЕРТИФИКАТ ◆ CERTIFICADO ◆ CERTIFICAT

Compliance Document

No.: D 02 09 12833 001

TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE

for

Endress + Hauser
Wetzer GmbH + Co. KG
Obere Wank 1

D-87484 Nesselwang

Product:	**Safety Data Manager** **PC Application Software**
Model:	**Memo-Graph S** **ReadWin 2000 version V1.9.0.0**
Parameters:	./.

The above named equipment was tested according to the following test specifications:

US Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 - Food and Drug: Part 11

The requirements for electronic records and electronic signatures, according to the above test specifications, are fulfilled for the Safety Data Manager „Memo-Graph S“ and the PC Applications Software „ReadWin 2000“ version V 1.9.0.0, in combination with the operator manual „Safety Data Manager (SDM) memo-graph s“ version 05.02 with the supplement „Manual Procedural Control Requirements from 21 CFR 11“ and the operator manual „ReadWin 2000“ version 07.01.

The detailed results of the test and the technical documents are listed in

Test report no. 70030126.

This document pertains only to the sample product submitted to TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE for testing and does not apply to the serial products. In particular, it does not certify the quality or safety features of the products made in series production.

It is valid until September 16th, 2007.

It does not permit the use of a TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE certification mark on the tested product.

Released with the above mentioned document number by the Certification Body of TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE.

104321

Department: AMP / ot
Date: September 17th, 2002

TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE GMBH · Zertifizierstelle · Ridlerstrasse 65 · D-80339 München

7 Procedure in operation

Version with die-cast front: **Version with stainless steel front:**

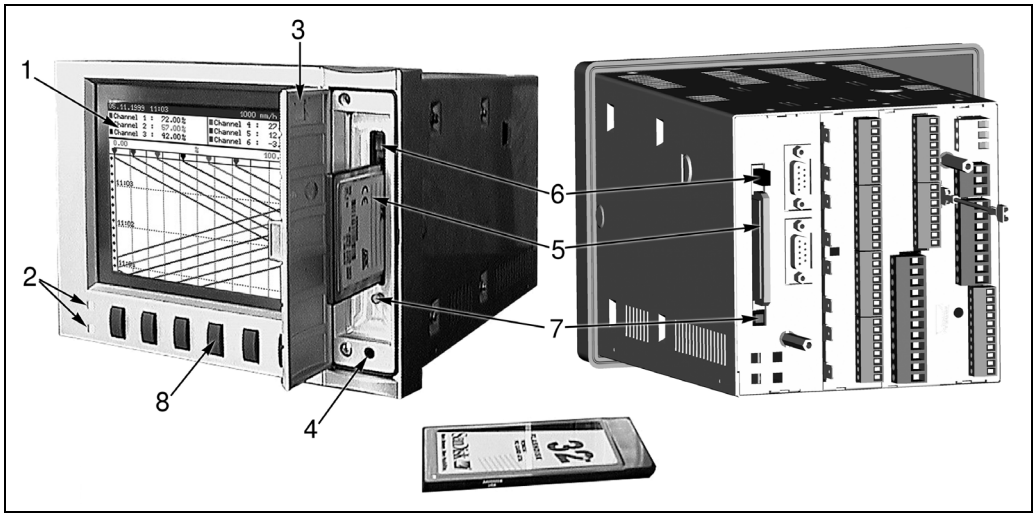


Figure 8: Version with die-cast front and version with stainless steel front

1 Colour screen
2 Function LEDs
3 Drive doors
4 Socket for front-mounted RS 232 operating interface (only for IP54 die-cast front)
5 ATA flash memory card
6 Eject button for ATA flash memory card
7 Write LED for ATA flash
8 Operating keys / Softkeys

✎ Note!
On the version with “IP 65 stainless steel front”, the ATA flash memory card drive can be accessed from the rear. Doors and front-mounted RS 232 operating interface do not apply.

Function keys/Softkeys in normal operation
The function of the operating keys is described in the fields directly above the corresponding keys on the screen.
– Empty fields mean that the corresponding key currently has no function.
– When you are operating the device, the measured value acquisition / limit value monitor, etc. continue to run without interruption.

1. Press the corresponding key.
2. Make your selection with the following keys:
– “↑” or “↓”: selects/changes parameters
– “↵”: confirms the selection
– “←” or “→”: moves cursor
– “ESC”: cancels the last operating step or returns to previous screen

✎ Note!
Any values that are displayed in grey can not be selected / can not be changed (only notes, or option not available/not activated).

Functions of the LEDs
"NamurNE44" setting (see "Set-up"):
- Green LED lights up: power supply OK
- Red LED lights up: measurement signal failure
- Red LED flashes: maintenance required, e.g. messages to be acknowledged, calibration running

"NamurNE44+" setting (see "Set-up"):
same as "NE44", additional signalling of LV violations by red LED
- Green LED lights up: production / batch running; no limit value violation
- Red LED lights up: measurement signal failure and/or limit value violation detection
- Red LED flashes: maintenance required, e.g. messages to be acknowledged, calibration

✎ Note!
with this, fundamental operating conditions can also be detected in case the screensaver is activated (i.e. the display has been switched to dark).

"LEDs controlled by one/two digital inputs" setting (see "Set-up"):
- Digital inputs must be activated
  - "green operating LED":
    the front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is active.
  - "red fault LED":
    the front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is active.
  - "H -> green, L -> red LED"
    the front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is active (high).
    The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is inactive (low).
  - "L -> green, H -> red LED"
    the front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is inactive (low).
    The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is active (high).

7.1 Important functions in brief

"Login" key

Logging in at the device:
Login -> Function -> Login -> select ID, enter password

Logging out at the device:
Login -> Function -> Logout -> select ID, enter password

Changing password:
Login -> Function -> Change password -> enter old password -> enter new password, confirm new password

"Product" key

Selecting product:
Product -> Select -> Select product

Starting production / batch:
Product -> Start -> Enter password

Stopping production / batch:
Product -> Stop -> Enter password

Checking product limit values:
Product -> Info

Product - Carrying out hot pen calibration:
Product -> h.p. cal

Setting / correcting batch number
Product -> Batch -> Enter password, Set batch number
Note: Function only available if activated at: "Set up -> Basic settings -> Operating modes -> Batch mode"

“Comments” key

Saving comment / text on current event:
Comments -> Select and, if required, change text, Select reference, Select ID,
Enter password

“Group” key

Selecting signal group / system component:
Group -> Select signal group / system component

“Extras” key

Changing display mode:
Extras -> Mode -> Select display mode

Displaying history:
Extras -> History -> Set time with arrow keys

Saving comment on historical event:
Extras -> History -> Set time base with arrow keys -> Select -> Comment ->
Select and, if required, change text, Select reference, Select ID,
Enter password

Analysis: Viewing signal / batch analyses:
Extras -> Analysis -> Select group and type of analysis

Listing and viewing *Audit Trail - Events:
Extras -> Audit trail / Events -> Select entry

Search:
Extras -> Search -> Search criteria -> select entry ->
Search mask -> select entry ->
Search -> select entry -> OK = Search

Calling up device status:
Extras -> Overview

Setting contrast:
Extras -> Contrast -> use “↑” or “↓” to make setting

Calling up ATA flash memory card status:
Extras -> ATAFlash -> Info ATAFlash

Saving data onto ATAFlash
Extras -> ATAFlash -> Update data on ATAFlash

Saving device settings / saving onto ATA flash card:
Extras -> ATAFlash -> Save set up to ATAFlash

Reading in device settings / loading ATA flash card:
Extras -> ATAFlash -> Read set up from ATAFlash

Saving IDs / saving to ATA flash card:
Extras -> ATAFlash -> Save IDs to ATAFlash

Reading in IDs / loading from ATA flash card:
Extras -> ATAFlash -> IDs from ATAFlash

Checking memory capacity:
Extras -> Hardware

Checking ATA flash card technical data:
Extras -> Hardware -> ATAFlash

Checking device hardware and software status:
Extras -> Hardware -> Hardware

Switching zoom display on/off in horizontal curve display:
Extras -> Switch on/off zoom display

Relay/OC:
Extras -> Simulate power down
Extras -> recover normal operat. mode

"Set up" key

Displaying device settings:
Set up -> Select chapter and corresponding operating position(s) / parameters

7.2 The functions in detail

7.2.1 Logging in/out ("Login" key)

In order to be sure who was responsible for the device / process at which time, the operator has to log in with a unique ID/password combination ("Electronic signature").
Typically, the administrator provides an initialisation password. The user has to enter it the first time he logs in and then replace it with a password that only he knows. The operator can not work on the device until logging in ("Login") with a unique ID/password combination that only he knows.

Note!
- Ensure that the password, and thereby the unique ID/password combination, is only known by the respective user, in order to prevent misuse of the electronic signature.
- All users who work on the device must be aware that the "Electronic signature" is legally equally as binding as a hand-written signature on a conventional document.
- Depending on the settings, the device checks the first x characters of the password.
- Depending on the settings, it is possible that the user may have to renew his password every x days.
- The ID (and possibly an initialisation password) is allocated to you by the administrator and must be unique (there must not be any duplicate IDs).
- Login/logout functions are saved automatically in the Audit Trail.

- However, only one user can have responsibility at one time. Responsibility can either be handed over by the old user logging out and then the new user logging in. Alternatively, the new user can assume responsibility by logging in (is displayed in the Audit Trail by simultaneous logging in and out by the old and the new user).
- The user who presently has responsibility is displayed in normal operation in the screen's header. If nobody is logged in and has responsibility, “Logged out” appears.

Changing password
- Select "Login -> Function: Change password"
- Then select your ID and enter you current password (or the initialisation password obtained from the administrator).
- Now enter your new password and confirm it by re-entering it.

Logging in user - Login
- Select "Login -> Function: Login"
- Enter your password. After entering it correctly, you are logged into the device.

7.2.2 Product selection (“Product” key)

Batches of different products that have to be monitored for product-specific limit values are often produced on a system. With product selection, the device is informed which product is to be produced. It can monitor either channel-specific or product-specific limit values.

Note!
- A product can only be selected after a user has logged into the device and accepted responsibility (see Logging in/out - “Login” key).
- Product-related limit value monitoring begins immediately after a batch start. If no product has been selected, no limit values are monitored.
- The different products are specified in the device set-up together with the associated limit values from the administrator. Alternatively, the device also works with channel-specific limit values (see Set-up - Basic settings).
- A “Product” can, for example, also be CIP cleaning (with defined limit values).
- Product selection can also be carried out using digital inputs or using a serial interface.
- Before production of a new batch can be started, the previous batch must first be stopped.

Selecting product:
- Select the desired product before starting production (“Select” key).

Starting product production / batch:
- Press “Start” key and then enter password. This prevents somebody else from producing under your name.

Stopping product production / batch:
- Press “Product” key and then “Stop”, enter password. This stops production and monitoring of product-related limit value violation.

Checking limit value setting for a product:
- Press “Product” key and then “Info”. Select a product.

Hot pen calibration:
- If a product is running it must be stopped first. Press “Product” key, then “h.p. cal” and then “Change”. Now the correct value for the respective channel can be entered. To deactivate the calibration again, press the “ESC” key.
  Note: Function only available if activated at:
  "Set up -> Basic settings -> Operating modes -> Hot pen calib." and
  "Set up -> Signal settings -> Analogue inputs -> Analogue input x -> Hot pen calib."

7.2.3 Enter comment / text (“Comments” key)

The device can save pre-definable or free texts together with the automatically-produced messages. A quality controller can, for example, use this to check and sign for the production.

✎ Note!
- The text entry can be carried out at any time, even when a production procedure is not running.
- The text is not saved until a unique ID/password combination (“Electronic signature”) has been entered.
- Each text saved includes the current date / time and indication of who saved the comment.
- If you want to add a comment about a procedure in the past, select “Extras -> History”, scroll to the desired time and then press “Select -> Comment”.

Choose text
- Choose the predetermined text. With "Free text" you can enter a new text, not available in text list.

Edit text
- Here, the selected text can be edited or a free text can typed in.

Allocating text to one or all channels
- If the comment is only related to one channel, select the corresponding channel under “Reference”. If it is a general comment (e.g. released by the quality controller) select “All channels”.
- The text is saved after a unique password/ID combination has been entered (“Electronic signature”).

7.2.4 Displaying selected group of channels / measuring points (“Group” key)

By grouping channels you always have an overview of the status of these measuring points.

✎ Note!
- Every group can contain max. 8 channels (analogue and / or digital inputs).
- Use this option to display, for example, measuring points of defined system components together.
- As with the allocation of group names, the channels are also allocated into groups by the administrator in the device set-up.
- If only one group is active, the “Group” key has no function.

Selecting a group
- Select the desired group by pressing “Group” and selecting it from the selection list.

7.2.5 Extras (“Extras” key)

Here, various options for displaying and analysing measured values, and other information menus are available.

✎ Note!
- The selection of different display modes, analyses, etc. does not affect measured value acquisition, storage, limit value monitoring, etc. All of these functions continue to run uninterrupted.
- If the active group is displayed in a waterfall style, the history is also displayed in this style. In all other display modes, the history is displayed as a curve in zones.

Mode
Select how the currently-selected group is to be displayed:
- Plot: time axis is plotted horizontally, signals use the entire display range.
- Plot in zones: time axis is plotted horizontally, every signal is displayed in its own display zone, signals do not overlap.
- Waterfall: time axis is plotted vertically, signals use the entire display range.
- Waterfall in zones: time axis is plotted vertically, every signal is displayed in its own display zone, signals do not overlap.
- Bargraph: instantaneous values are displayed as a bargraph. The height of the bars changes in the same way that the signal changes. Limit values are shown as marks. Digital inputs are displayed as a square field (activated = field filled in, not activated = field not filled in).
- Digital display: instantaneous values are displayed digitally. Depending on the setting in the device set-up, the zoom range, limit values and counter readings are alternately displayed.

History
Displays plotted measured values available in the internal memory as a curve sequence.

✎ Note!
- The history display can be recognised by the date/time field with black background, the “frozen” time (seconds do not progress forward) and the changed key functions.
- The displayed time refers to the time line (dividing line between curve display and measured value display).
- Use the arrow keys (<<, <, >, >>) to move back or forward page-by-page or pixel-by-pixel (measured value for measured value) in the time axis.
- Use “Selection” to display the values from another group at this time or “compress” the display chronologically, i.e. display a larger time range.
- Use “Select” to comment on a previous event, in which a text that refers to this moment is later saved: set the desired time in the history display, press "Select -> Comment" and enter the corresponding text / comment.

Analysis
Depending on the settings in the device set-up, the device can analyse the connected signals automatically in defined cycles.

✎ Note!
- If the device is used for batch production, the individual batches are also analysed in addition to the selected cycles. At the device, the analysis of the current or the last batch can be called up.
- Several batches can be displayed and analysed with the associated PC software package.

Audit trail / Events
All important events are acquired and saved. The last 30 events can be viewed directly at the device. All procedures that enable completion of processes and responsibilities are saved. They are automatically completed with the user logged in at that particular time.
- System messages
- Power failures
- Limit value violations
- Login / Logout / Password change
- Product selection / start / stop
- Texts / Comments
- In/out procedures that are acquired via digital inputs
- Attaching and removing the rear-mounted cover

✎ Note!
- After selecting an event, you can skip to the history display, in order to see how the event came about or what happened with it afterwards.
- All events are listed chronologically in the PC software and can be analysed.

Search
The data memory (ATAFlash if connected, or internal memory) can be searched through according to different search criteria. The result is displayed in a list. You can search for events, a time or a certain measured value.

Overview
Here, there is an overview of the current device status.

Contrast
Adjusts the angle of view (up / down), in order to achieve the optimum contrast - depending on the mounting location.

✎ Note!
This setting has no effect on the brightness/service life of the back lighting.

ATAFlash
Without affecting the internal memory, data packages are copied block-by-block (8 kByte-large blocks) to the ATA flash card. Tests are also made to determine whether the data has been written onto the data carrier without any errors. The same happens when storing the data on the PC with the associated PC software.

✎ Note!
- The accessible functions are dependent on the rights of the person logged-in (Operator / User or Administrator).
- Only use high-grade ATA flash cards.
- The memory written on the ATA flash card is shown in normal operation in the header at the top right of the display ("ATA: xx %")
- Dashes "—" in the ATA display mean that there is no card inserted.
- If you update before removing the ATA flash card, the current data block is closed and saved. This ensures that all current data (until the last save) is included on the ATA flash card.
- If the ATA flash card is used as a stack memory (see chapter 5 "Adjusting device settings - Set-up"), you are informed before the ATA flash card is 100 % full. This is achieved by an acknowledgeable message in the display, which indicates that the ATA flash card described needs changing.
- Update and read out the ATA flash card before you change the device settings. Reason: after operating data that affects the content of the memory is changed, the contents of the memory on the card is deleted and written on with the new data.
- Your device knows which data has already been copied onto the ATA flash card. Should you ever forget to change it in time (or if there is no card inserted), the new card is filled with the missing data from the internal memory - in as far as it is still available there.
- Since measured value acquisition/registration has highest priority, it can take approx. one minute until the content of the internal memory is copied onto the ATA flash card.
- If the ATA flash memory card is being written onto, the drive LED lights up. During this process, the ATA flash memory card must not be removed.
- After the ATA flash disk is inserted, no automatic data storage takes place for the duration of 5 minutes (can be aborted by manually updating). This makes it possible to check the ATA flash memory card's "content" ("Extras -> ATAFlash -> Info ATAFlash"), or to save/load a parameter file. During this time, "*ATA" is displayed in the header at the top right in normal operation.
- After a new data package is available or after completion of a batch, a block is completed and the information is saved onto the ATA flash card.

The following functions are available:
- Update data on ATAFlash: closes the current block in the memory and saves it onto the card including the most recently saved values independent of the data quantity.
- Save set up to ATAFlash or Read set up from ATAFlash: this copies all device settings (except IDs of the users / administrators approved for the device) onto the card or reads in the device's set-up data into a new device (important, e.g. in case of replacement).
- Save IDs to ATAFlash or load IDs from ATAFlash: this copies all IDs / user names onto the card or reads it into a new device (important, e.g. in case of replacement).
- Info ATAFlash: provides information about card capacity, memory used, etc.

Hardware
Information about memory capacity, device version, memory card, etc. Important for questions about the device, service, option upgrades, etc.

Note!
- Measured values are not lost, even in the event of a power failure (buffering of the internal memory).
- The memory information accounts for the currently-saved device settings under the specified requirements (see “Technical data – Memory”).
- Have you just made changes that have not yet been saved? The correct memory information is then not available until you return from the set-up to normal operation (keep pressing “ESC”) and save the changes with “Yes”.
- The available memory interval is reduced if
  – Limit values/events are saved or monitored
  – Digital inputs are used
  – Signal analyses are activated
  – Other groups are saved more quickly

Switch on zoom display
Switched on: in curve display, i.e. in the “Plot in zones” setting, displays appear in the relevant colour, alternately from channel designation to measured value for channels' zoom range. This makes it easy to tell which signal range is displayed in the window.

Relay/OC: Simulate power down / Recover normal operat. mode
Depending on the device set-up, a power failure is simulated for the corresponding relay or normal operation is restored.

7.2.6 Set up (“Set up” key)

Viewing or changing device setting (for details see chapter 5 “Adjusting device settings – Set up”)

8 Accessories

If ordering accessories, please specify the serial number of the unit!

Accessories included in delivery see Chapter 2.2

Designation	Order code
Ethernet module, RS 232, 230 V_{AC} for DIN top hat rail mounting incl. interface cable	RSG12A-E2
Ethernet module, RS 232, 115 V_{AC} for DIN top hat rail mounting incl. interface cable	RSG12A-E3
IP65 field housing	RSG12A-H1
PROFIBUS-DP module, “Slave” operating mode for DIN top hat rail mounting (max. 12 MBaud), from device software >=V2.34	RSG12A-P1
Adapter set RS 232 to RS 485 for DIN top hat rail mounting, with galvanic isolation and interface cable for PC/modem, 230 V_{AC}	RSG12A-S6
Adapter set RS 232 to RS 485 in compact housing, without galvanic isolation, 230 V_{AC}	RSG12A-S3
Adapter set RS 232 to RS 485 for DIN top hat rail mounting, with galvanic isolation and interface cable for PC/modem, 115 V_{AC}	RSG12A-S7
Adapter set RS 232 to RS 485 in compact housing, without galvanic isolation, 115 V_{AC}	RSG12A-S5
RS 232 interface cable; 3.5 mm jack plug for connection to PC (only for devices with front made of die-cast)	RSG12A-VK
Adapter ATA flash - Compact Flash 68pol.	51007893
Compact Flash card 128MB	51007932
Memory card 128MB + adapter CF	71000885
Terminal for power supply (3-pin)	50078843
11-pin terminal	50083646
2-pin terminal	50090056
8-pin terminal for digital I/0	50074314
8-pin analogue card/digital card terminal 15 channels/analogue output card	50084844
Terminal relay 6pole	51005104
ReadWin 2000 PC operating and readout software on CD-ROM, Standard version	READWIN-AA
PC operating and readout software on CD-ROM, neutral OEM version	READWIN-AB

Spare parts structure for the Safety Data Manager's device software			
	Software		
	A		Standard software
	C		FO-calculation, incl. sterilisation/pasteurisation
		Operating language	
		A	German
		B	English
		C	French
		D	Italian
		E	Spanish
		F	Dutch
		G	Danish
		H	American English
		I	Polish
		J	Russian
		L	Swedish
RSG12A1-			⇐ Order code

9 Trouble-shooting

9.1 Response of device to faults

Your Safety Data Manager informs you of faults or incorrect entries using plain text on the screen.

9.2 LED functions

Namur “NE44”:
The signalling through the front-mounted LEDs complies with NAMUR guideline NE 44.
Green LED lights up: power supply OK
Red LED lights up: measurement signal failure.
Red LED flashes: maintenance required, e.g. messages to be acknowledged, calibration ....

Namur “NE44 +”:
Same as Namur “NE44” + limit values.
The signalling through the front-mounted LEDs complies with NAMUR guideline NE 44, however the red LED is used additionally to indicate limit value violations.

“LED's controlled by one/two digital inputs”:
The front-mounted green operating LED and the red fault LED are only switched on or off by digital inputs. The LED switching is dependent on the setting for the corresponding digital inputs.

- “green operating LED”:
  the front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is active.

- “red fault LED”:
  the front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is active.

- “H -> green, L -> red LED”:
  the front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is active (high).
  The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is inactive (low).

- “L -> green, H -> red LED”:
  the front-mounted green operating LED lights up when the digital input is inactive (low).
  The front-mounted red fault LED lights up when the digital input is active (high).

9.3 Searching for and eliminating faults

Problem		Cause	Remedy
Analogue input shows "—"		The signal lines are incorrectly connected or not connected.	Please check the connections.
		The input signal does not correspond to the configured signal.	Please check the input signal and the configuration.
		The sensor is defective.	Please check the input signal and replace the sensor.
Display does not function	No LED lights up	No power	Please check the power supply and the mains supply.
		Device fuse defective	Please check the fuse on the power unit (1 A time-lag) (see Chapter 9.4.1)
		Power unit or CPU defective	Please replace power unit or CPU (depending on fault).
	LED lights up	Display defective	Please replace the back lighting
		CPU defective	Please replace the CPU
ATA flash drive does not function		ATA flash drive defective	Please replace the ATA flash drive
		CPU defective	Please replace the CPU
Digital input does not function		Incorrect connection	Please check the connection and the digital input circuit.
		Incorrect configuration	Please check the digital input configuration.
		Digital I/O board defective	Replace digital I/O board.
		Power unit defective	Replace power supply board
Relays do not function		Incorrect connection	Please check the connection and the digital input circuit.
		Incorrect configuration	Please check the digital input configuration.
		Digital I/O board defective	Replace digital I/O board.
		Multifunction output board defective	Replace multifunction output board
		Power unit defective	Replace power supply board
Analogue outputs do not function		Incorrect connection	Please check the connection and the analogue output circuit.
		Incorrect configuration	Please check the analogue output configuration.
		Power unit defective	Replace power supply board
		Multifunction output board defective	Replace multifunction output board
Configuration is locked		Not logged in	Please log in
		Rear wall checking is active	Only the administrator can log in.
		Light barrier is defective	Replace power supply board.

Problem		Cause	Remedy
Modem transmission does not function		Modem at Memograph S has not been initialised	Initialise modem with PC software
		Wrong cable between modem and Memograph S	Use original cable RSG12A-S2
		Device address or release code of Memograph S and PC software do not match	Set identical device address and release code in Memograph S and PC software
Etrhernet connection does not function		IP address, subnet mask or gateway are not set correctly	Check settings and correct them
Interface does not function		Cable defective	Replace cable (Accessories see Chapter 8)
		Incorrect connection assignment	Please use original cable
		Incorrect address	Check and set correctly.
		Incorrect interface parameters	Check and set correctly.
No data on ATA flash card		Set-up change	Save the data onto a data carrier before any changes to the set-up.
		Software update / upgrade	Save measured values onto a data carrier before any changes to the software.
		ATA flash card defective	Replace ATA flash card
		ATA flash drive defective	Replace ATA flash drive

9.4 Spare parts

If ordering spare parts, please specify the serial number of the unit!

✎ Note!
Installation instructions are included with the spare part.

9.4.1 Spare parts diagram

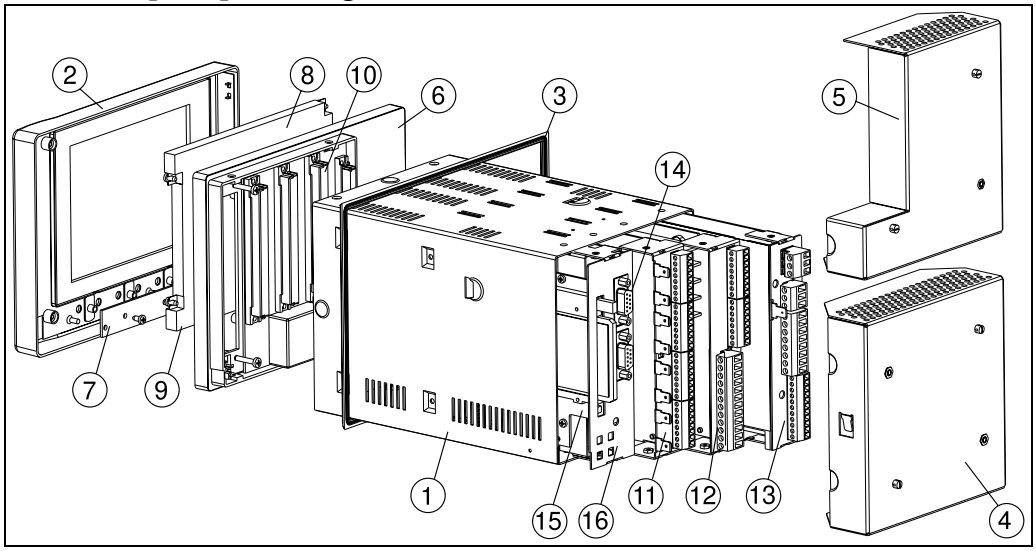


Figure 9: Spare parts

9.4.2 Spare parts list

Pos.	Order No.	HOUSING AND HOUSING PARTS
1	RSG12X-HL	Casing without bezel (frame)
2	RSG12X-HA	Front bezel (die-cast) IP54
2	RSG12X-HB	Front bezel (die-cast) IP54, neutral
2	RSG12X-HC	Front bezel (stainless steel) without door IP65
2	51003843	Front bezel (die-cast) varnis. RAL 7035, IP54
3	51003309	Front bezel seal (front die-cast)
3	51005196	Front bezel seal (front stainless steel)
4	51003814	Rear panel cover
5	51007087	Rear panel cover cpl. lead-sealable
	50051784	Jack screw (1 unit)
6	51003822	Retaining bezel (front stainless steel)
6	50084727	Retaining bezel (front die-cast)

Pos.	Order No.	ELECTRONICS AND CONDUCTOR BOARDS
	50084743	Key mat (for die-cast front)
7	51003817	Keyboard PCB for front made of stainless steel
7	50084818	Keyboard PCB incl. RS 232 connection PCB for front made of die-cast
8	50081790	LCD module
9	50087572	Fluorescent tubes for lighting display
10	50084246	Motherboard for front made of die-cast
10	51004246	Motherboard for front made of stainless steel
11	RSG12X-EA	Analogue board slot 1 analogue input 1-8
12	RSG12X-EB	Analogue board slot 2 analogue input 9-16
12	RSG12X-AA	4 Analogue outputs, 6 relays (NO contact)
12	RSG12X-AB	Analogue outputs, 6 relays (NO contact)
13	RSG12X-NA	115 to 230 V_{AC} power supply with digital I/O
13	RSG12X-NB	115 to 230 V_{AC} power supply without digital I/O
13	RSG12X-NC	24 $V_{AC/DC}$ power supply with digital I/O
13	RSG12X-NE	24 $V_{AC/DC}$ power supply without digital I/O

Pos.	Order No.	ELECTRONICS AND CONDUCTOR BOARDS
14	RSG12X-EE	PROFIBUS DP interface module 93.75kBit/s, until device no. 44542041
14	RSG12X-EF	PROFIBUS DP interface module 45.45kBit/s, until device no. 44542041
	RSG12X-LA	Retrofit-kit for drive ATA-Flash on front (without card, from unit no. 44542041)
14	RSG12X-LB	ATA-Flash card backside (from unit no. 530001041FE, retrofitting is not possible -> please order CPU)
	RSG12X-MA	Ethernet-module (retrofitting is not possible -> only spare part)
14	RSG12X-MB	Ethernet + ATA-Flash backside (retrofitting is not possible -> only spare part)
11	RSG12X-KA	Digital I/O board, digital inputs 8-22, slot 1, as of software 2.0
12	RSG12X-KB	Digital I/O board, digital inputs 23-37, slot 2, as of software V2.0
15	50030554	ER 1/2 AA battery

Spare parts structure for the CPU with software, interface and analog inputs for the SDM

Interface

A	Standard RS 232 interface
B	RS 232 and RS 485
C	PROFIBUS-DP interface 45.45 kBaud
D	PROFIBUS-DP interface 93.75 kBaud
E	RS232 and Ethernet interface

Internal memory

A	2048 kBytes memory, power failure secure

External memory

A	with ATA flash drive at the rear panel
B	with ATA flash drive at the front

Operating language

A	German
B	English
C	French
D	Italian
E	Spanish
F	Dutch
G	Danish
H	American English
I	Polish
J	Russian
L	Swedish

Unit software

A	Standard software + Maths Package
C	FO-calculation, incl. sterilisation/pasteurisation

Model

A	Standard version
B	Neutral

RSG12x1-		A					⇐ Order code

9.5 Repairs/return

The device must be packed in protective packaging for later reuse or in case of repair. The original packaging offers the best protection.
Repairs must only by carried out by your supplier's service organisation or by skilled personnel.

✎ Note!
When sending for repair, please enclose a note with a description of the error and the application.

9.6 Disposal

Please observe local regulations.

9.7 Program / software update using program disk with the help of operating and readout software

1. Save the device set-up onto an ATA flash card
2. Start the operating and readout software
3. Insert the new original program diskette into the PC's disk drive.
4. In the “Miscellaneous-Special device functions” menu, select the device type. Execute the “Transfer program” function.
5. Select the interface settings and the *.prg program file. If the device's password system is activated, you are now asked for the password.
6. The new program is loaded (takes approx. 7 minutes). Screen remains dark during loading, green LED flashes. The device starts with the new device software.
7. Save the previously-saved set-up parameters if required back into the device (xxx/ Load set-up from data carrier).

☝ **Caution!**
When the program is updated, all settings in the memory and on the ATA flash card are deleted.

10 Technical data

10.1 Function and system design

Measuring principle

Electronic acquisition, recording and archiving of analogue and digital input signals.

Measuring system

The connected analogue measuring points are measured at a scan cycle of 125 ms.
Galvanic isolation channel-channel: 60 V_P.
Damping adjustable at 0...999.9 seconds per analogue input, system base damping negligible. The data is saved in the internal memory (power failure secure FLASH technology) and onto maintenance-free ATA flash memory cards. Long-term archiving is carried out at the PC, whereby the data is transferred to the data carrier, via Ethernet or serially to the PC. Using the supplied PC software package, the devices can be operated, read-out and the measurement data can be archived and visualised.

10.2 Input values

Measured variable / measuring range

10.2.1 Multifunction input board with 8 analogue channels (socket 1, socket 2)

Available measuring ranges per channel:

Description	Mesurement range	Signal resolution/accuracy
Current Input impedance 50 Ohm, max. 100 mA	4 to 20 mA	1 µA (with switchable open circuit monitor < 2 mA, event message on display) / 0.15 % of measurement range
	0 to 20 mA	1 µA / 0.15 % of measurement range
	± 1 mA	0.05 µA / 0.25 % of measurement range
	± 2 mA	0.1 µA / 0.25 % of measurement range
	± 4 mA	0.2 µA / 0.25 % of measurement range
	± 20 mA	1 µA / 0.20 % of measurement range
	± 40 mA	2 µA / 0.20 % of measurement range
Voltage Input impedance 1 MOhm, max. 60 V_P	0 to 1 V	0.05 mV / 0.20 % of measurement range
	0 to 10 V	0.5 mV / 0.20 % of measurement range
	± 20 mV	1 µV / 0.25 % of measurement range
	± 50 mV	2.5 µV / 0.20 % of measurement range
	± 100 mV	5 µV / 0.15 % of measurement range
	± 200 mV	10 µV / 0.15 % of measurement range
	± 1 V	0.05 mV / 0.15 % of measurement range
	± 2 V	0.1 mV / 0.15 % of measurement range
	± 5V	0.5 mV / 0.15 % of measurement range
	± 10 V	0.5 mV / 0.15 % of measurement range
Thermocouples	Type B (Pt30Rh-Pt6Rh): 0 to +1820 °C / 32 to 3308 °F	0.2 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from 600 °C / 1112 °F
	Type J (Fe-CuNi): -210 to +999.9 °C / -346 to 1832 °F	0.2 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from -100 °C / -148 °F
	Type K (NiCr-Ni): -200 to +1372 °C / -328 to 2501.6 °F	0.1 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from -130 °C / -202 °F
	Type L (Fe-CuNi): -200 to +900 °C / -328 to 1652 °F	0.1 K / 0.25 % of measurement range
	Type N (NiCrSi-NiSi): -270 to +1300 °C / -454 to 2372 °F	0.1 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from -100 °C / -148 °F
	Type R (Pt13Rh-Pt): -50 to +1800 °C / -58 to 3272 °F	0.1 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from +50 °C / 122 °F
	Type S (Pt10Rh-Pt): 0 to +1800 °C / 32 to 3272 °F	0.1 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from +50 °C / 122 °F

Description	Mesurement range	Signal resolution/accuracy
Thermocouples	Type T (Cu-CuNi): -270 to +400 °C / -454 to 752 °F	0.05 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from -200 °C / -328 °F
	Type U (Cu-CuNi): -200 to +600°C / -328 to 1112 °F	0.1 K / 0.25 % of measurement range from 0 °C / 32 °F
	Type W3 (W3Re/W25Re): 0 to +2315 °C / 32 to 4199 °F	0.2 K / 0.25 % of measurement range
	Type W5 (W5Re/W26Re): 0 to +2315 °C / 32 to 4199 °F	0.2 K / 0.25 % of measurement range
Selectable cold junction compensation (DIN IEC 584): internal compensation of the terminal temperature (incl. max. error: ± 2 K; front end calibration), or external: 0°C, 20°C, 50°C, 60°C, 70°C, 80°C Cable open circuit monitor, can be switched off (> approx. 20 kOhm, display "-----" on screen) Input impedance 1 MOhm (DIN IEC 584)		
Resistance thermometer	Pt100, Pt500, Pt1000: -100 to +500 °C / -148 to 932 °F	0.05 K / 0.20 % of measurement range DIN EN 60751
	Pt100: -50 to +150 °C / -58 to 302 °F	0.05 K / 0.25 % of measurement range; max. measurement error between 71 °C (160 °F) and 77 °C (171 °F): 0.5 °C (0.9 °F)
	Ni100: -60 to +180 °C / -76 to 356 °F	0.05 K (DIN 43760 / DIN IEC 751) / 0.25 % of measurement range
Two- or three-wire connection (screened cable), (cable compensation ≤ 50 Ohm) Measurement current: < 1 mA Cable open and short circuit monitor: Display "-----" on screen		

PROFIBUS-DP measuring ranges	Dependent on connected PROFIBUS components
Scan cycle	125 ms/channel; 8 or16 channels in 1 s
Maximum allowable potential difference	Channel - channel: DC 60 V, AC 60 Vp (only safe low voltage) Channel - ground: DC 60 V, AC 60 Vp (only safe low voltage)
Damping	Presettable time constant: 0...999.9 seconds, per analogue input, System base damping can be ignored

Digital inputs

10.2.2 Digital I/O board (socket 1, socket 2)

15 digital inputs
as per DIN 19240: Logic "0" equals -3 to +5 V
Active at logic "1" equals +12 to +30 V
max. 25 Hz, max. 32 V, input current max. 2 mA
Selectable function per input: control input (time synchronisation, set-up lock, text display, group display, display switch off, product/batch start/stop, product selection (BCD), save text, text selection (BCD), save curve, reset batch number), impulse counter, log in/out, operating time counter, combination event + operating time counter

Digital inputs

10.2.3 Power supply board (socket 3)

7 digital inputs:
as per DIN 19240: logic "0" equals -3 to +5 V
Active at logic "1" equals +12 to +30 V
max. 25 Hz, max. 32 V, input current max. 2 mA
Selectable function per unit: control input (time synchronisation, set-up lock, text display, group display, display switch off, product/batch start/stop, product selection (BCD), save text, text selection (BCD), save curve, reset batch number), impulse counter, log in/out, operating time counter, combination event + operating time counter

10.3 Output values

10.3.1 Multifunction output board (socket 2)

Analogue outputs

4 or 8 analogue outputs, each galvanically isolated from all electric circuits (test voltage 500 V_{AC})
Output range: 0 – 10 V, 1 – 5 V, 0 – 20 mA, 4 – 20 mA
Accuracy: 0.25 % of range (at 1-5 V 0.5 %)
Resolution: 0.025 % (at 1-5 V 0.06 %)
Temperature drift: < 0.05 % /K of range
Output ripple: < 10 mV effective
Response time: max. 300 ms (leap at input 10 % -> 90 % of measuring range)
Load resistance (current output): max. 500 Ohm
Output current (voltage output): min. 10 mA

Loop power supply

Software selectable for each channel (alternative to analogue output)
Number of transmitter power supplies: 4 or 8, each galvanically isolated from all circuits
Output voltage: 24 V_{DC} ±15 %, open loop <28 V;
Output current: max. 25 mA (internal current limiter), short-circuit proof

Relay outputs

Number of relay outputs: 6 relays, NO contact (230 V / 3 A, insulation group A as per VDE 0110) mixture of SELV circuits and mains circuits not permitted. Can be configured as NC contacts via operation.

10.3.2 Digital I/O board (socket 1, socket 2)

Relay outputs

Number of relay outputs: 6 relays, NO contact, 230 V / 3 A, for limit value condition. Mixture of SELV circuits and mains circuits not permitted. Can be configured as NC contacts via operation.

10.3.3 Power supply board (socket 3)

Auxiliary voltage output for digital input control with potential-free contacts,
24 V_{DC} ±15 %, max. 100 mA, open loop <28 V, short-circuit proof, unstabilised

Relay outputs

4 relays, NO contact, 230 V / 3 A, for limit value condition. Mixture of SELV circuits and mains circuits not permitted. Can be configured as NC contact via operation
1 open collector output (max. 100 mA / 25 V)

Common relay

1 relay, changeover contact 230 V / 3 A, for limit value condition / power failure

10.4 Power supply

Electrical connection (circuit diagram)

See “Connections / terminal diagram” in Chapter 4.1

Supply voltage / Power consumption

Low voltage power unit: 115 to 230 V_{AC} (+10% -15%), 50/60 Hz, max. 25 VA (full version)
Extra-low voltage power unit: 24 $V_{AC/DC}$ (+20% -15%), 0/50/60 Hz, max. 25 VA (full version)

Electrical safety

EN 61010-1, protection class I, overvoltage category II

Cable specifications / Connections

Keyed screw plug-in terminal strips,
Wire cross section on analogue inputs / digital I/O max. 1.5 mm² / 0.0023 in²,
Power supply / relays max. 2.5 mm² / 0.0039 in² (each with ferrules)

Interface connections
Front-mounted RS 232 interface (3.5 mm / 0.14“ stereo jack plug, only for IP 54 front with door)
Rear-mounted RS 232 interface (9 pin, Sub-D, socket)

Serial interface (option)

RS 485 (rear-mounted) adjustable device address;
Cable length max. 1000 m / 0.62 mi screened cable

Ethernet (option)

Internal Ethernet interface, 10BaseT, plug type RJ45
Given that this is an interface for industrial use, a screened cable (CAT5) must be used. If a PC is to be connected directly (without Hub or Switch) then a so called cross-over cable must be used.

PROFIBUS DP connection (option)

"Bus monitor" function - Multi-channel PROFIBUS display and registration
(Without influence on PROFIBUS system) as with conventionally-connected components. (Serial interface, rear-mounted, alternative to RS 485 interface)
Physical level: RS 485, cable length 1000 m / 0.62 mi screened cable
Baudrate: 93.75 kBaud, fixed, alternatively 45.45 kBaud
Adjustable slave address
Data formats (DP/V1 formats): Integer 8, Integer 16, Integer 32, Unsigned 8, Unsigned 16, Unsigned 32, Floating point (IEEE 754)
Functions of PROFIBUS measuring points is identical to conventional analogue inputs.
The combined use of PROFIBUS and conventional measuring points is possible (tot. max. 16 measuring points / device).
Connection of PROFIBUS PA measuring points via PA/DP segment coupler.

"Profibus slave" function - Bi-directional function e.g. with PLC systems
Slave functions in combination with Profibus coupler (Accessories: RSG12A-P1). Insert for bi-directional communication in cyclic data transfer.
Baudrate: max. 12 Mbaud, adjustable

✎ **Note:**
When used in legal validation applications, please take note of the additional requirements for a PROFIBUS DP Master System.

10.5 Accuracy

Reference operating conditions

Reference operating conditions	
Power supply	230 V_{AC} ± 10%, 50 Hz ± 0.5 Hz
Warm-up time	> 1 hour
Ambient temperature	25 °C ± 5 °C / 77 °F ± 9 °F
Humidity	55 ± 10 % r. F.

Ambient temperature influence
0.015 % / K of measurement range

Base accuracy
see Input values

10.6 Operating conditions

10.6.1 Installation conditions

Installation instructions
Mounting location
Control panel or desk top version

Orientation
Place of application as per DIN 16257: NL90 ±30°

10.6.2 Environmental conditions

Working temperature
0 to +50 °C / 32 to 122 °F

Storage temperature
-20 to +70 °C / -4 to 158 °F

Electrical safety
Environment < 2000 m (6562 ft.) altitude above sea level

Climate class
As per IEC 60654-1: B1 (10 to 75 % r. F., without condensation)

Ingress protection class
Front ingress protection:
for die-cast front with door: IP 54 (IEC 60529, Cat. 2)
for stainless steel front without door: IP 65
Rear ingress protection: IP 20 (IEC 60529, Cat. 2)

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

IEC 61326,
NAMUR recommendation NE21:
- ESD (Electrostatic discharge): IEC 61000-4-2, level 3 (6/8 kV)
- Electromagnetic interference fields: IEC 61000-4-3:
  Level 3 (10 V/m); additional deviation at 180 MHz: 0.7 °C (1.26 °F) at Pt100
- Burst (fast transients): IEC 61000-4-4
  Level 4 (2 kV signal cable / 4 kV power cable)
- Surge on power cable: IEC 61000-4-5: 2 kV asymmetrical, 1 kV symmetrical
- Surge on signal cable: IEC 61000-4-5: 1 kV via external protection unit
- HF by conduction: IEC 61000-4-6: 10 V;
- NF by conduction: IEC 61000-4-16: additional deviation at 20 kHz <0.3 %
- Power failures IEC 61000-4-11: ≥ 20 ms
- Interference emission: IEC 61326 class A (operation in industrial environment)

Normal mode noise rejection IEC 61298-3

40 dB at measuring range/10 (50/60 Hz ± 0.5 Hz),
not for resistance thermometer measurement

Common mode noise rejection IEC 61298-3

80 dB at 60 Vp (50/60 Hz ± 0.5 Hz)

10.7 Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

Panel mounting dimensions for version with IP 54 metal die-cast front with door and rear panel or terminal cover, front-mounted ATA flash:

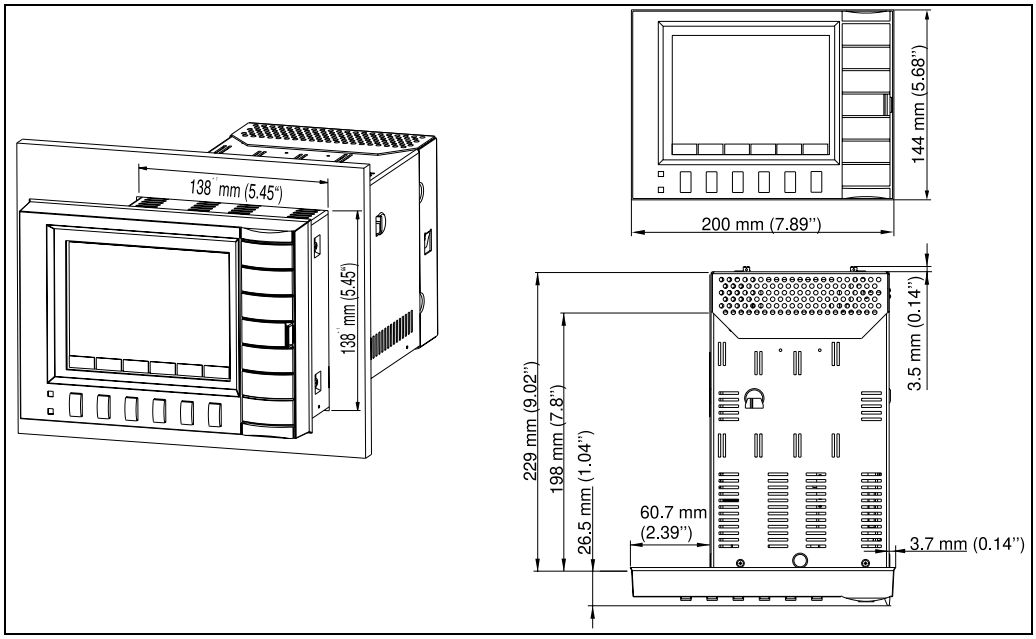


Figure 10: Panel mounting dimensions with metal die-cast front

Panel mounting dimensions for version with IP 65 stainless steel front and rear panel or terminal cover, rear-mounted ATA flash:

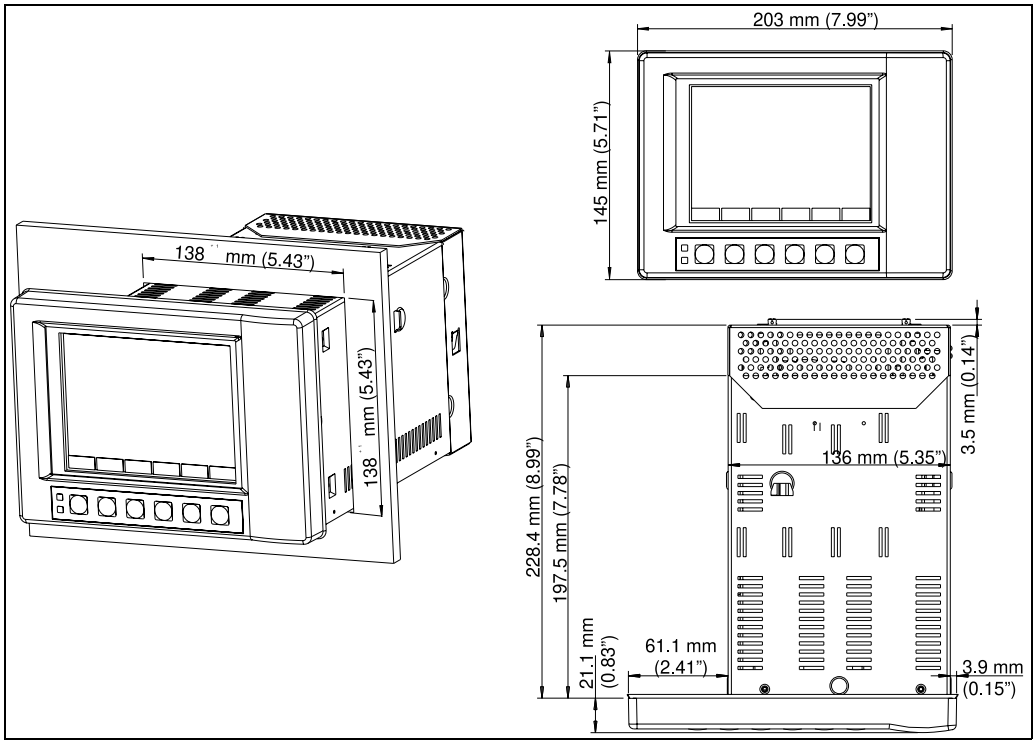


Figure 11: Panel mounting dimensions with stainless steel front

View of terminal (1) or rear panel cover (2):

Note:
the ATA flash drive is only mounted on the rear side for version with IP65 stainless steel front.

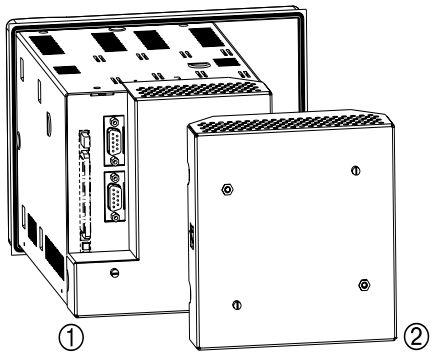


Figure 12: Terminal or rear panel cover

Installation depth	approx. 211 mm (8.31“) incl. terminal strips (without rear panel or terminal cover) approx. 232 mm (12.72“) (with rear panel or terminal cover)
Panel cutout	138^{+1} x 138^{+1} mm ($5.433^{“+0.039“}$ x $5.433^{“+0.039“}$)
Panel strength	2 to 40 mm (0.079“ to 1.575“), fixing according to DIN 43834

Desk top housing

Desk top housing dimensions:

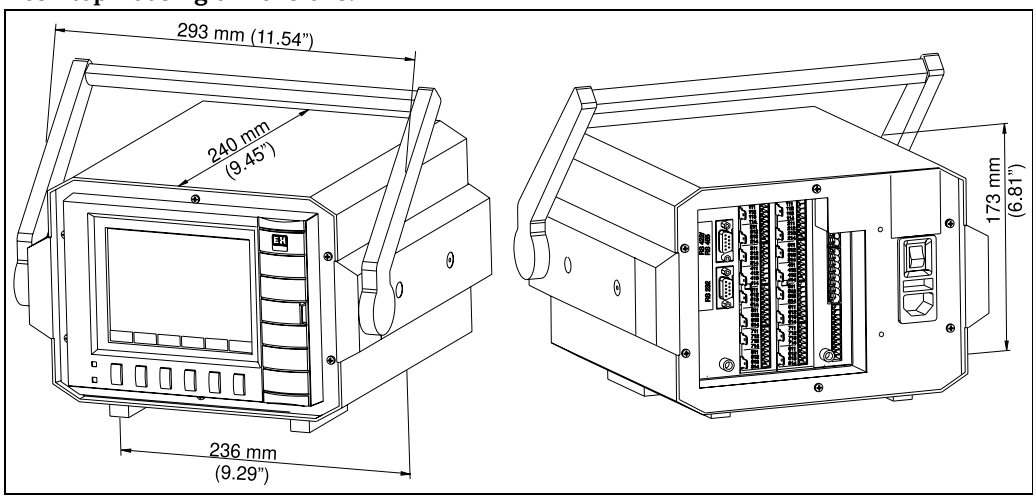


Figure 13: Desktop housing dimensions

Field housing

IP65 field housing dimensions:

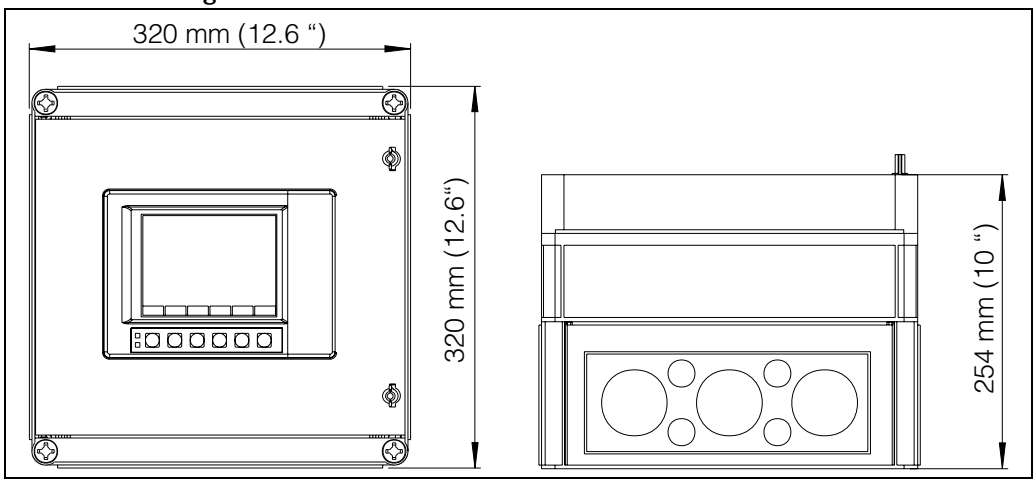


Figure 14: Field housing dimensions

Weight

VDM with front in stainless steel or metal die-cast: approx. 3.5 kg / 7.72 lb
VDM built-in in desk top housing: approx. 6.4 kg / 14.1 lb

Materials

Stainless steel casing
Metal die-cast version: front bezel/door in metal die-cast, abrasion-proof matt chrome coating (colour similar to RAL 9006), protective glass screen in front of display
Stainless steel version: front bezel in stainless steel, polycarbonate plastic screen in front of display

10.8 Display and operating system

Display elements

Display:
STN colour graphic display with 145 mm screen diagonals (5.7"), 76,800 pixels (320 x 240 Pixel)

Display modes:
Curves / plot sequences, curves in zones, bargraph, digital display, event list / Audit trail (limit values / power failures), status display, history display in curve form with display of digital measured values, date and time; signal analysis (min., max., averages, quantities, time) channel identification with colour display and set tag number in plain text

Signal groups:
8 groups with 8 channels (analogue, mathematically-calculated and digital inputs)

Operating elements

Keyboard:
optional operation from the front using 6 operating keys in dialogue with the screen (the function of the keys is displayed on screen).

Remote operation

PC:
Remote configuration using front-mounted RS 232 serial interface (only for metal die-cast front) or using rear-mounted RS 232 interfaces (e.g. modem) or RS 485 with PC software.

Real time clock

Automatic switchable summer/normal time ≥ 4 year buffering (ambient temperature 15 to 25°C / 59 to 77°F)
Time drift: max. 25 ppm

Mathematics function

Eight additional, calculated channels; can be cascaded
Mathematical combination of analogue channels, basic arithmetic operations (+, -, *, /), constants, integration (quantity caclulation from analogue channel) and mathematical functions: log, ln, exp, abs, sqrt, quad, sin, cos, tan, asin, acos, atan.
Formula: f = (g (y1)*a) ? (y2*b)+c

10.9 Data storage

Selectable memory cycle per group (standard or event storage)

1s/2s/3s/5s/10s/15s/30s/1min/2min/3min/6min >= 4 year buffering for program/measured value memory (internal memory component: 2048 k SRAM) using integrated lithium battery (ambient temperature 15 to 25°C / 59 to 77°F);
Cyclic copy of measured data for archiving to ATA flash memory card (max. 128 MB), selectable as stack or ring memory; resolution according to the selected memory cycle. Permanent storage of set device parameters in FLASH memory (non-volatile).

Typical memory availability

Requirements for the following tables:
- No limit value violation/event memory
- Digital inputs not used
- Signal analysis deactivated

Note: frequent entries in the audit trail reduce the memory availability.

Internal memory 2048 kB

Analogue inputs	Memory cycle 6 min.	Memory cycle 1 min.	Memory cycle 30 s.	Memory cycle 10 s.	Memory cycle 1 s.
1	1304 days, 21 h	217 days, 11 h	108 days, 17 h	36 days, 5 h	3 days, 14 h
4	652 days, 11 h	108 days, 17 h	54 days, 8 h	18 days, 2 h	1 day, 19 h
8	391 days, 11 h	65 days, 5 h	32 days, 14 h	10 days, 20 h	1 day, 2 h
16	195 days, 17 h	32 days, 14 h	16 days, 7 h	5 days, 10 h	13 h

ATA flash / Compact Flash CF 64 MB

Analogue inputs	Memory cycle 6 min.	Memory cycle 1 min.	Memory cycle 30 s.	Memory cycle 10 s.	Memory cycle 1 s.
1	45508 days, 8 h	7584 days, 17 h	3792 days, 8 h	1264 days, 2 h	126 days, 9 h
4	22754 days, 4 h	3792 days, 8 h	1896 days, 4 h	632 days, 1 h	63 days, 4 h
8	13652 days, 12 h	2275 days, 10 h	1134 days, 17 h	379 days, 5 h	37 days, 22 h
16	6826 days, 6 h	1137 days, 17 h	568 days, 20 h	189 days, 14 h	18 days, 23 h

ATA flash / Compact Flash CF 128 MB

Analogue inputs	Memory cycle 6 min.	Memory cycle 1 min.	Memory cycle 30 s.	Memory cycle 10 s.	Memory cycle 1 s.
1	91019 days, 11 h	15169 days, 21 h	7584 days, 22 h	2528 days, 7 h	252 days, 19 h
4	45509 days, 17 h	7584 days, 22 h	3792 days, 11 h	1264 days, 3 h	126 days, 9 h
8	27305 days, 20 h	4550 days, 23 h	2275 days, 11 h	758 days, 11 h	75 days, 20 h
16	13652 days, 22 h	2275 days, 11 h	1137 days, 17 h	379 days, 5 h	37 days, 22 h

10.10 Certificates and approvals

CE mark

The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the EC directives. The manufacturer confirms that the device has been successfully tested by applying the CE mark.

Electronic recording / electronic signature

FDA 21 CFR 11: Meets the requirements of the “Food and Drug Administration” for electronic recording / electronic signature

10.11 Accessories

For Accessories, see Chapter 8

10.12 Further documentation

- Field of activities brochure ’Recorder and data acquisition’(FA014R/09/en)
- ’Memograph S’ Technical information (TI094R/09/en)
- ’ReadWin® 2000’ operating manual (BA137R/09/en)

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