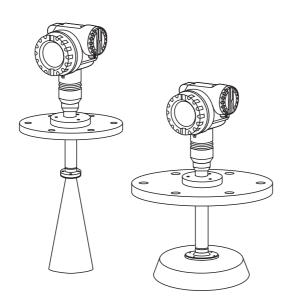




Functional Safety Manual

Micropilot M FMR250

Level–Radar with 4 to 20 mA Output Signal





Application

Overfill protection or operating maximum detection of powdery to granular bulk solids and all types of liquids in systems to satisfy particular safety systems requirements as per IEC 61508/IEC 61511.

The measuring device fulfils the requirements concerning

- Functional safety as per IEC 61508/IEC 61511
- Explosion protection (depending on the version)
- Electromagnetic compatibility as per EN 61326 and NAMUR recommendation NE 21
- Electrical safety as per IEC/EN 61010-1

Your benefits

- For overfill protection up to SIL 2
 - Independently assessed (Functional Assessment) by exida.com as per IEC 61508/IEC 61511
- Permanent self-monitoring
- Continuous measurement
- Non-contact measurement: measurement is virtually independent of product properties
- Easy commissioning



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SIL Declaration of Conformity

SIL-Konformitätserklä Funktionale Sicherheit nach IEC 61508 SIL Declaration of Cor	0
SIL Declaration of Cor	
	-
Functional safety according to IEC 6150	18
Endress+Hauser GmbH+Co. KG, Ha	auptstraße 1, 79689 Maulburg
erklärt als Hersteller, dass das Gerät declares as manufacturer, that the device	
Micropilot M FMR250	
Microphot Mi Milabo	
zur Funktionalen Sicherheit und die Kenngrößer	tems according to IEC 61508 / IEC 61511, if the functional safety manual
	Minuralist M FMD260 - 2 Dasht / 2 min
Gerät/Device Handbuch zur Funktionalen Sicherheit/	Micropilot M FMR250 2-Draht/2-wire
Functional safety manual	SD305F/00
Schutzfunktion/Safety function	Maximum-Grenzstandüberwachung/Maximum detection
SIL* ⁴	2 0
HFT	В
Gerätetyp/Device type	Low demand mode
Betriebsart/Mode of operation SFF	76,6 %
PFD_{ave}^{*1} $T_1 = 1 Jahr/year$	3.14×10^{-3}
$\frac{\Gamma \Gamma D_{avg}}{\lambda_{sd}^{*2}} = \Gamma J J J I I J J J J J J J J J J J J J J $	99 FIT
$\frac{\lambda_{\rm sd}}{\lambda_{\rm su}^{*2}}$	1340 FIT
$\lambda_{dd}^{\star 2}$	917 FIT
$\lambda_{du}^{\star 2}$	718 FIT
MTBF * ³	35 Jahre/years
The values comply with SIL 2 according to ISA * ² Gemäß Siemens SN29500. According to Siemens SN29500.	1.4.4
Modifikationsprozess nach IEC 61508 angewen	asis der Betriebsbewährung bewertet. Bei Geräteänderungen wird ein Idet. the basis of proven-in-use. In case of device modifications, a modification
Maulburg, 14.12.2009 i.V. Mas Gotz (Dr. Arno Götz) Leitung Zertifizierung / Manager Certification	i.V. (Peter Kloefer) Abteilungsleiter Kontinuierliche Füllstandsmessung , F&E / Head of Department Continuous Level Measurement ,R&D
	Endress+Hauser

Introduction

Note!

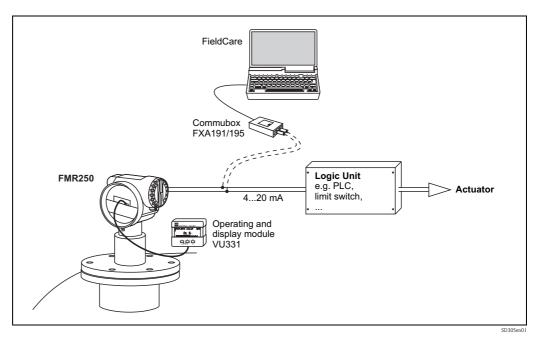
General information on functional safety (SIL) is available at:

www.de.endress.com/SIL (German) or www.endress.com/SIL (English) and in Competence Brochure CP002Z "Functional Safety in the Process Industry – Risk Reduction with Safety Instrumented Systems".

Structure of the measuring system

System components

The measuring system's devices are displayed in the following diagram (example).



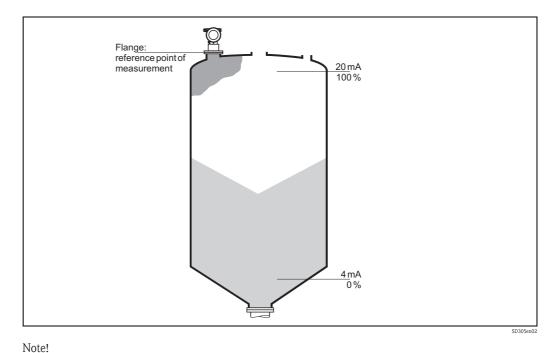
An analog signal (4 to 20 mA) in proportion to the level is generated in the transmitter. This is sent to a downstream logic unit (e.g. PLC, limit signal transmitter, etc.) where it is monitored to determine whether it is above a specified limit value.

For fault monitoring, the logic unit must recognize both HI-alarms (\geq 21.0 mA) and LO-alarms (\leq 3.6 mA).

Description of use as a protective system

The Micropilot M is a "downward-looking" measuring system that functions according to the ToF method (ToF = Time of Flight). The distance from the reference point (process connection of the measuring device) to the product surface is measured. Radar impulses are emitted by an antenna, reflected off the product surface and received again by the radar system.

Typical measuring arrangement:





Correct installation is a prerequisite for safe operation of the device.

Permitted device types

The details pertaining to functional safety in this manual relate to the device versions listed below and are valid as of the specified software and hardware version. Unless otherwise specified, all subsequent versions can also be used for safety instrumented systems.

A modification process according to IEC 61508 is applied for device changes.

Valid device versions for safety-related use:

Micropilot M FMR250		
Feature	Designation	Version
010	Approval	all
020	Antenna	all
030	Antenna Seal; Temperature	all
040	Antenna Extension	all
050	Process Connection	all
060	Output; Operating	А, В, К
070	Housing	all
080	Cable Entry	all
090	Additional Option	all

Valid software version: as of 01.05.00

Valid hardware version (electronics): as of delivery date January 2010

Supplementary device

docum	entation

Documentation	Contents	Comment
Technical Information TI390F/00	 Technical data Instructions on accessories 	 The documentation is available on the Internet. → www.de.endress.com.
Operating Instructions BA284F/00	 Identification Installation Wiring Operation Commissioning Maintenance Accessories Troubleshooting Technical data Appendix 	 The documentation is supplied with the device. The documentation is also available on the Internet. → www.de.endress.com.
Operating Instructions (Device Functions) BA291F/00	 Instructions on use Micropilot M function menu Function groups Envelope curve Troubleshooting Function menu index 	 The documentation is available on the Internet. → www.de.endress.com.
Safety instructions depending on the selected version "Approval"	 Safety, installation and operating instructions for devices, which are suitable for use in potentially explosive atmospheres or as overfill protection (WHG, German Water Resources Act). 	Additional safety instructions (XA, XB, XC, ZE, ZD) are supplied with certified device versions. Please refer to the nameplate for the relevant safety instructions.

	conditions
Safety function	The mandatory settings and safety function data emanate from the descriptions from Page 7. The measuring system's reaction time is ≤ 5 s.
	Note! MTTR is set at eight hours.
	Safety-related signal:
	The Micropilot M's safety-related signal is the 4 to 20 mA analog output signal. All safety measures refer to this signal exclusively.
	The Micropilot M additionally communicates effectively via HART and contains all HART features with additional device information.
	The safety-related output signal is fed to a downstream logic unit, e.g. a programmable logic controller or a limit signal transmitter where it is monitored for the following:
	 Overshooting a specified level limit. The occurrence of a fault, e.g. error current (≤ 3.6 mA, ≥ 21.0 mA, interruption or short-circuit of the signal line).
Restrictions for use in safety- related applications	The measuring system must be used correctly for the specific application, taking into account the medium properties and ambient conditions. Carefully follow instructions pertaining to critical process situations and installation conditions from the Operating Instructions. The specifications from the Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \textcircled{B} 6$, "Supplementary device documentation") must not be exceeded.
	The following restriction also applies to safety-related use:
	– The accuracy of the 4 to 20 mA safety-related output signal is \pm 2%.

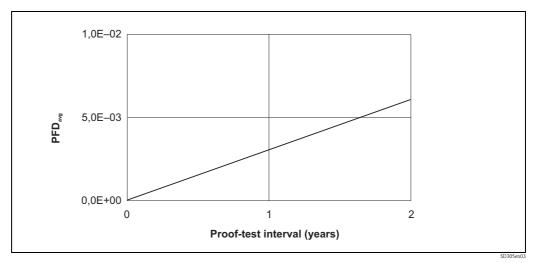
Description of the safety requirements and boundary

Functional safety indicators

The following tables show specific indicators for functional safety.

Characteristic as per IEC 61508	Micropilot M with 4 to 20 mA output
Safety functions	MAX
SIL	2
HFT	0
Device type	В
Mode of operation	Low demand mode
SFF	76.6 %
MTTR	8 h
Recommended time interval for proof-testing T_{l}	1 year
λ_{sd} *2	99 FIT
λ_{su} *2	1340 FIT
λ_{dd} *2	917 FIT
λ_{du} *2	718 FIT
λ_{tot} *3	3256 FIT
PFD_{avg} for $T_1 = 1$ year *1	3.14×10^{-3}
MTBF *3	35 years
System reaction time *4	≤ 5 s

*1 PFD_{avg} values for other T₁-values see "Proof-test interval".
*2 According to Siemens SN29500.
*3 According to Siemens SN29500, including faults outside the safety function.
*4 Step response time as per DIN EN 61298-2.



Proof-test interval

	Dangerous undetected failures in this scenario:			
	An incorrect output signal that deviates from the real measured value by more than 2%, but is still in the range of 4 to 20 mA, is considered a dangerous, undetected failure.			
	Useful lifetime of electrical components:			
	The established failure rates of electrical components apply within the useful lifetime as per IEC 61508-2, section 7.4.7.4. note 3.			
Behavior of device during	Behavior of device during power-up			
operation and in case of error	The safe 4 to 20 mA output signal is available after 17 s after the device is switched on or when the voltage returns.			
	Device response in the event of alarms or warnings			
	Error current			
	In the event of an alarm, the output current can be configured to a value of \leq 3.6 mA or \geq 21.0 mA.			
	In some cases (e.g. failure of power supply, a cable open circuit and faults in the current output itself, where the error current ≥ 21.0 mA cannot be set), output currents ≤ 3.6 mA irrespective of the configured error current can occur.			
	For alarm monitoring, the logic unit must therefore be able to recognize both HI-alarms (\geq 21.0 mA) and LO-alarms (\leq 3.6 mA).			
	Alarm and warning messages			
	Additional information is available in the form of fault codes on the alarm and warning messages output.			
Installation	Installation, wiring and commissioning			
	Installation, wiring and commissioning of the device is described in the accompanying Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \square 6$, "Supplementary device documentation").			
	Orientation			

The permitted orientations of the device are described in the Operating Instructions.

Operation

Calibration of the measuring point

Calibration of the measuring point is described in the Operating Instructions.

The method of device configuration



Note!

Altered settings (display/FieldCare) in the "extended calibr." function group (Pos. 05) such as "offset" or "curr.turn down" (Pos. 063) in the "output" function group have an effect on the output signal. This must be taken into account when calculating the response height (see relevant Operating Instructions). We recommend that you check that the behavior of the current signal matches the expected behavior by means of level simulation (correctness of configuration).

Configuration schemata/basic calibration

FieldCare / Display - plain text display		Display VU331 Position
Media type		001
	\downarrow	
Tank shape		002
	\downarrow	
Medium property		003
	\downarrow	
Process conditions		004
	\downarrow	L
Empty calibration E		005
	\downarrow	
Full calibration F		006
	\downarrow	
Pipe diameter (for bypass / stilling well)		007
	\downarrow	· · · ·
Mapping		See Operating Instructions
	\downarrow	
Further settings: function group 05		See Operating Instructions
	\downarrow	l
Overfill protection WHG		018
	\downarrow	I
On-site locking: 3 keys on the VU331 display		Yes

With the "WHG" setting in 018, the following parameters can be set safety-oriented as follows, regardless of values already set:

FieldCare / Display - plain text display	Value/parameter	Display VU331	Comment
Safety settings			
output on ALARM	Max. 110 %, 22 mA	010	1
outp. echo loss	ALARM	012	1
delay time	1 s	014	2
in safety distance SD	self holding	016	4
Filtering/averaging/delay			
envelope statistics	2	0D21	3
MAM filt. length	5	0D11	3
MAM filt. border	1	0D12	3
output damping	0	058	3
Echo detection FAC adder	6 dB	0D35	1
FAC adder	6 dB	0D35	1
Tank bottom detection	OFF	0D61	1
First echo factor	unchanged, but if previously smaller than 30, than: 0D53	0D51	4
FEF threshold	0	0D52	4
FEF at near distance	30 dB	0D53	4
FEF distance near	500 mm	0D54	4
FEF distance far	3000 mm	0D55	1
Max. filling speed	0 mm/s (factory setting)	0D15	1
Max. drain speed	0 mm/s (factory setting)	0D16	1
Other			
hysterese width	0 mm (factory setting)	0D14	1
Communication address	0	060	1
Current output mode	"Standard" if previously "fixed current"	063	1
Simulation	Sim. / OFF	065	1

Comment:

- 1. This parameter must be configured in this way.
- 2. This parameter determines the reaction time of the device in the event of echo loss; a setting of less than 30 s is recommended.
- 3. This parameter determines the reaction time of the device; deviating settings are possible. In case of changes in "process cond." (004) it is automatically adjusted. The corresponding reaction time is indicated in the documentation BA.
- 4. This parameter can be selected differently, depending on the application.

A measuring condition (echo) which results in an ALARM in the "Safety distance SD" area can be reset or deleted by

- confirming the ALARM in Pos. 017 locally by means of the VU331 LCD display;
- confirming the alarm via the communication protocol (HART) (FieldCare: "ackn. alarm" under safety settings).



Note!

The parameters highlighted in **bold** are on the service level which can only be opened with a specific code. Instead of activating the "WHG" setting, safety-oriented configuration can also be done manually as per the "Comment" column.

Locking

The device must be locked once the Micropilot M has been calibrated as per the Operating Instructions.

Type of locking	Code/action	Position/VU331 display
Software: mandatory	WHG	018
	\downarrow	
Hardware: recommended	3 keys together "lock"	Locally via VU331 display (keys $\stackrel{\star}{}$ and $\stackrel{\Box}{}$ and $\stackrel{\Xi}{}$)

Unlocking

The device is unlocked by firstly removing the hardware lock by locally pressing all the three keys together via the VU331 LCD display and then by setting the "Overfill protection" parameter (Position 018) to "Standard" if necessary.

Type of unlocking	Code/action	Position/VU331 display
Hardware (if locked)	3 keys together "unlock"	Locally via VU331 display (keys $\stackrel{*}{}$ and $\stackrel{=}{}$ and $\stackrel{{}_{}}{}$)
	\downarrow	
Software	Standard	018

Maintenance

Please refer to the relevant Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \square 6$, "Supplementary device documentation") for instructions on maintenance and recalibration.

Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure process safety during configuration, proof-testing and maintenance work on the device.

	Proof-test		
Proof-test	 Check the operativeness and safety of safety functions at appropriate intervals! The operator must determine the time intervals. You can refer to the diagram "Proof-test interval" → 🖹 8 for this purpose. Proof-testing of the device can be performed as follows: Approaching the level (→ test sequence A). Removing the device and measuring a medium with comparable properties (→ test sequence B). 		
	You must also check that all cover seals and cable entries are sealing correctly.		
Process for proof-testing	Test sequence A		
	Preparation		
	1. Connect suitable measuring device (recommended accuracy better ± 0.1 mA) to the current output.		
	2. Determine the safety setting (level limit monitoring).		
	Procedure for level limit monitoring		
	1. Approach the level directly below the level limit to be monitored.		
	2. Read the output current, record it and assess for accuracy.		
	3. Approach the level directly above the level limit to be monitored.		
	4. Read the output current, record it and assess for accuracy.		
	5. The test is deemed successful if the current in step 2 does not result in activation of the safety function but the current in step 4 does.		
	Note! The proof-test is deemed to have failed if the expected current value deviates for a specific level by $> \pm 2\%$. For troubleshooting, \rightarrow Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \square 6$, "Supplementary device documentation"), Section 9. 98% of dangerous, undetected failures are detected using this test.		
	Test sequence B		
	Preparation		
	 Prepare the test tank with the medium (dielectric constant comparable to that of the medium to be measured). For installation instructions, → Operating Instructions (→ ¹/₂ 6, "Supplementary device documentation"), Section 3. 		
	2. Remove the device and mount it in the test tank.		
	3. Perform interference echo mapping if the shape and size of the test tank is different.		

- 4. Connect suitable measuring device (recommended accuracy better than ±0.1 mA) to the current output.
- 5. Determine the safety setting (level limit monitoring).

Procedure for level limit monitoring \rightarrow Test sequence A



Note!

The proof-test is deemed to have failed if the expected current value deviates for a specific level by $> \pm 2\%$. For troubleshooting, \rightarrow Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \square 6$, "Supplementary device documentation"), Section 9. 98% of dangerous, undetected failures are detected using this test.



Caution!

If an interference echo mapping was performed in the test tank, a valid interference echo mapping must be performed after the device is mounted in the original tank.



Note!

If one of the test criteria from the test sequences described above is not fulfilled, the device may no longer be used as part of a safety instrumented system.

The purpose of proof-testing is to detect random device failures. The impact of systematic faults on the safety function is not covered by this test and must be assessed separately.

Systematic faults can be caused, for example, by process material properties, operating conditions, build-up or corrosion.

Repairs

Repairs

Repairs on the devices must always be carried out by Endress+Hauser. Safety functions cannot be guaranteed if repairs are carried out by anybody else.

Exception:

The following components can be replaced by the customer if the person responsible for doing so has been trained beforehand by Endress+Hauser:

- Sensor
- HF module
- Electronic insert
- Terminal module

The replaced components must be sent to Endress+Hauser for the purpose of fault analysis. Once the components have been replaced, a proof-test must be carried out as per test sequence A ($\rightarrow \equiv 13$) or test sequence B ($\rightarrow \equiv 13$).

In the event of failure of a SIL-labeled Endress+Hauser device, which has been operated in a protection function, the "Declaration of Contamination and Cleaning" with the corresponding note "Used as SIL device in protection system" must be enclosed when the defective device is returned.

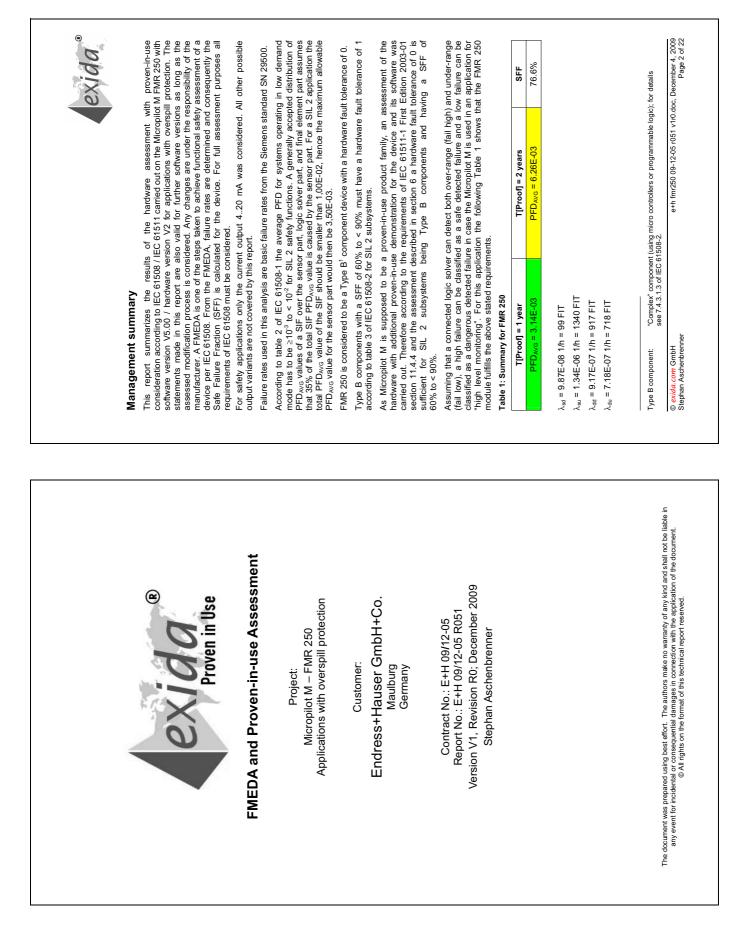
Please refer to the Section "Return" in the Operating Instructions ($\rightarrow \square 6$, "Supplementary device documentation").

Appendix

Commissioning or proof test protocol

System-specific data		
Company		
Measuring points / TAG no.		
System		
Device type / Order code		
Serial number of device		
Name		
Date		
Signature		
Device-specific commissioning parameters		
Empty calibration		
Full calibration		
Proof-test protocol		
Test stage	Set point	Actual value
1. Current value 1		
2. Current value 2		
3. If necessary current value 3		
4. If necessary current value 4		
5. If necessary current value 5		

SD305en05



Exida Management Summary

The box marked in yellow ((a) for TProof) = 2 years means that the calculated PFDw value is within the allowed range for SL 2 according to table 2 of 1509-11 and so so that many and the submetter to not claim more than 35% of this range. I.e. to be better than or equal to 356E-03. The box marked in splowed range for SL 2 according to table 2 of 1509-11 and close that the equivalent to not claim more than 35% of this range. I.e. to be better than or equal to 356E-03. The box marked in splowed range for SL 2 according to table 2 of 1509-11 and close that the equivalent to not claim more than 35% of this range. I.e. to be better than or equal to 356E-03. The burnel to the claim more than 35% of this range. I.e. to be better than or equal to 356E-03. The functional assessment the not claim more than 35% of this range. I.e. to be better than or equal to 356E-03. The functional assessment has allowed range for SL 2 according to table 2 of 1509-11 and claim to 255E-0511-11 fract 248 and 4500 to 1511-11 fract 248 and 248 at 1400 better for 312.3 Eaterly functions.	© <i>evida.com</i> GmbH e+h fmr250 09-12-05 r051 v1r0.doc, December 4, 2009 Stephan Aschenbrenner Page 3 of 22
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