



Level



Pressure



Flow



Temperature



Liquid
Analysis



Registration



Systems
Components



Services

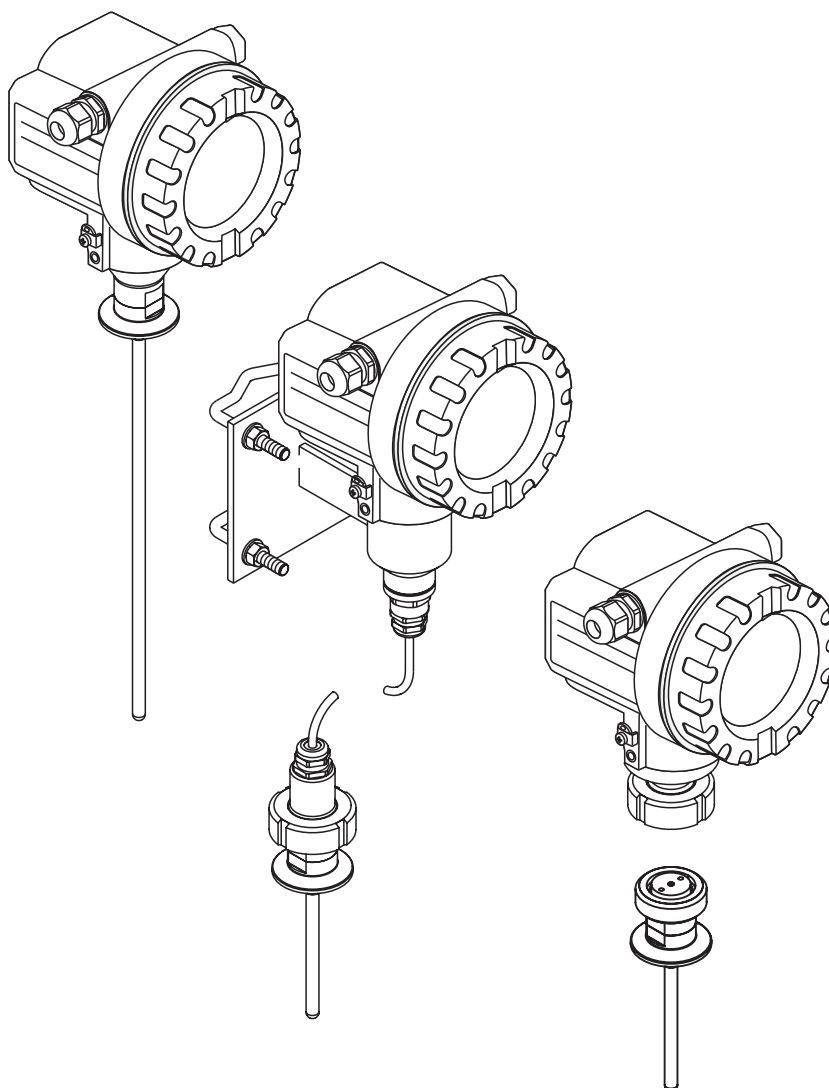


Solutions

Operating Instructions

Levelflex M FMP43

Guided Level-Radar



BA00357F/00/EN/13.10
71120304

Valid as of software version:
01.04.zz

Endress+Hauser



These Operating Instructions explains how to install and commission the level transmitter. All the functions that are required for a typical measuring task are taken into account here. In addition, the Levelflex M has many other functions for optimizing the measuring point and converting measured values. These functions are not included in these Operating Instructions.

The Operating Instructions BA00245F/00/EN "Description of Instrument Functions" provides an **extensive description of all the device functions** which can be found on the enclosed CD-ROM.

The Operating Instructions can also be found on our homepage: www.endress.com

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1 Safety instructions

1.1 Designated use

The Levelflex M is a compact level transmitter for continuous measurement in liquids, using the guided level radar/TDR: time domain reflectometry measuring principle.

1.2 Installation, commissioning and operation

The Level M is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements and conforms to applicable standards and EC regulations. If installed incorrectly or used for applications for which it is not intended, however, the device can present a source of application-related danger, e.g. product overflow due to incorrect installation or configuration. For this reason, installation, connection to the electricity supply, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system must only be carried out by trained, qualified specialists authorized to perform such work by the facility's owner-operator. The specialists must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must follow the instructions they contain. Modifications and repairs to the device are permissible only when they are expressly approved in the Operating Instructions.

1.3 Operational safety and process safety

Alternative monitoring measures must be taken to ensure operational safety and process safety during configuration, testing and maintenance work on the device.













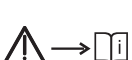
Hazardous area

Applicable national standards must be observed when using the measuring system in hazardous areas. The device is accompanied by separate “Ex documentation”, which is an integral part of this documentation. The installation regulations, connection values and safety instructions listed in this document must be observed.

- Ensure that all personnel are suitably qualified.
- Measuring point requirements with regard to measurement and safety must be observed.

1.4 Notes on safety conventions and icons

In order to highlight safety-relevant or alternative operating procedures in the manual, the following conventions have been used, each indicated by a corresponding symbol in the margin.

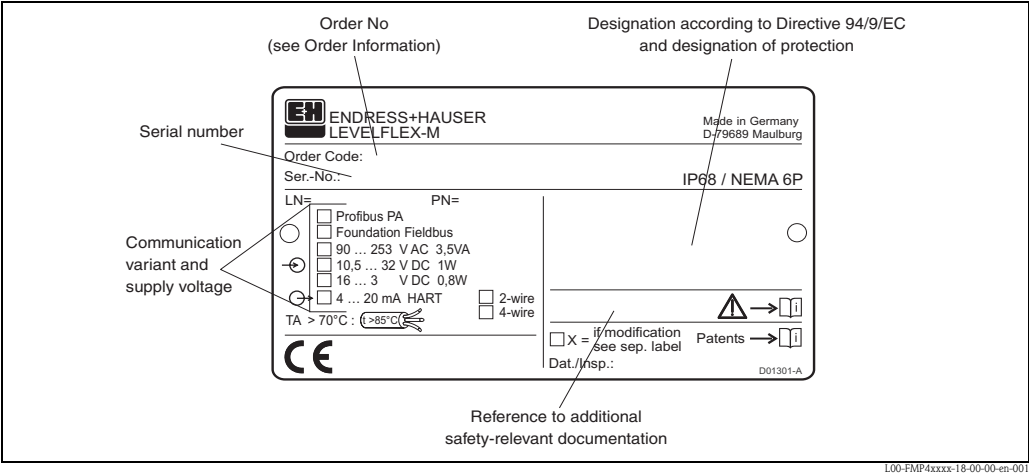
| Safety instructions | |
|---|--|
|  | Warning! Indicates an action or procedure which, if not performed correctly, can result in serious personal injury, a safety hazard or the destruction of the device. |
|  | Caution! Indicates an action or procedure which, if not performed correctly, can result in personal injury or the incorrect operation of the device. |
|  | Note! Indicates an action or procedure which, if not performed correctly, can have an indirect effect on operation or trigger an unexpected response on the part of the device. |
| Explosion protection | |
|  | Explosion protected, type-examined equipment If the device has this symbol embossed on its nameplate, it can be used in a hazardous area or a non-hazardous area, according to the approval. |
|  | Explosion hazardous area This symbol is used in the drawings of these Operating Instructions to indicate hazardous areas. devices in hazardous areas, or cables for such devices, must have appropriate explosion protection. |
|  | Safe area (non-hazardous area) This symbol is used in the drawings of these Operating Instructions to indicate non-hazardous areas. devices in the non-hazardous area also have to be certified if connecting cables lead into the hazardous area. |
| Electrical symbols | |
|  | Direct current A terminal to which DC voltage is applied or through which direct current flows. |
|  | Alternating current A terminal to which alternating voltage (sine-wave) is applied or through which alternating current flows. |
|  | Ground connection A grounded terminal which, as far as the operator is concerned, is grounded by means of a grounding system. |
|  | Protective ground connection A terminal which must be connected to ground prior to making any other connection to the equipment. |
|  | Equipotential connection A connection that has to be connected to the plant grounding system: This may be a potential equalization line or a star grounding system depending on national or company codes of practice. |
|  | Temperature resistance of the connecting cables Indicates that the connecting cables have to withstand a temperature of 85 °C at least. |
|  | Safety instruction For safety instructions refer to the manual for the appropriate device version. |

2 Identification

2.1 Device designation

2.1.1 Nameplate

The following technical data are given on the device nameplate:



Information on the nameplate of the Levelflex M FMP43

2.1.2 Ordering structure

This overview does not mark options which are mutually exclusive.

| | | |
|----|--------------------------------------|---|
| 10 | Approval: | A Non-hazardous area 1 ATEX II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6 7 ATEX II 1/2 G Ex d (ia) IIC T6 5 ATEX II 1/2 G Ex ia IIC T6, ATEX II 1/3 D 3 ATEX II 2G Ex emb (ia) IIC T6 2 ATEX II 1/2 D, Alu blind cover 4 ATEX II 1/3 D M FM DIP Cl. II Div. 1 Gr. E-G N.I. S FM IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-G N.I., zone 0, 1, 2 T FM XP Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-G, zone 1, 2 N CSA General Purpose P CSA DIP Cl. II Div. 1 Gr. G + coal dust, N. I. U CSA IS Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-D, G + coal dust, N.I., zone 0, 1, 2 V CSA XP Cl. I, II, III Div. 1 Gr. A-D, G + coal dust, N.I., zone 1, 2 K TIIS Ex ia IIC T4 (in preparation) I NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 (in preparation) Y Special version, TSP-No. to be spec. |
| 20 | Probe: | 300 mm - 4000 mm/12 in - 157 in K mm, rod 8 mm, 316L, Ra < 0.76 µm/30 µin M in, rod 8 mm 316L, Ra < 0.76 µm/30 µin S mm, rod 8 mm, 316L, electropolished Ra < 0.38 µm/15 µin T in, rod 8 mm 316L, electropolished Ra < 0.38 µm/15 µin Y Special version, TSP-No. to be spec. |
| 30 | O-ring Material; Temperature: | 5 EPDM, FDA, USP Cl. VI; - 20 °C to 130 °C 6 Kalrez, FDA, USP Cl. VI; - 20 °C to 150 °C 9 Special version, TSP-No. to be spec. |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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¹⁾ OVP = overvoltage protection

2.2 Scope of delivery



Caution!

It is essential to follow the instructions concerning the unpacking, transport and storage of measuring devices given in the chapter "Incoming acceptance, transport, storage", → 9!

The scope of delivery consists of:

- Assembled device
- Accessories (→ 64)
- Endress+Hauser operating program on the enclosed CD-ROM
- Brief operating instructions KA00189F/00/A2 (basic setup/troubleshooting), housed in the device
- Brief operating instructions KA01047F/00/EN for quick commissioning
- Approval documentation: if this is not included in the operating manual
- CD-ROM with further documentation, e.g.
 - Technical Information
 - Operating Instructions
 - Description of Instrument Functions

2.3 Certificates and approvals

CE mark, declaration of conformity

The device is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate. The device takes into account applicable standards and regulations which are listed in the EC declaration of conformity and thus meets the legal requirements of the EC Directives. Endress+Hauser confirms the successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

2.4 Registered trademarks

KALREZ®, VITON®, TEFLON®

Registered trademarks of E.I. Du Pont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, USA

TRI-CLAMP®

Registered trademark of Ladish & Co., Inc., Kenosha, USA

HART®

Registered trademark of the HART Communication Foundation, Austin, USA

PulseMaster®

Registered trademark of Endress+Hauser GmbH+Co. KG, Maulburg, Germany

3 Installation

3.1 Incoming acceptance, transport, storage

3.1.1 Incoming acceptance

Check the packing and contents for any signs of damage.

Check the shipment, make sure nothing is missing and that the scope of supply matches your order.

3.1.2 Transport



Caution!

Follow the safety instructions and transport conditions for devices of more than 18 kg. Do not lift the measuring device by the probe rod in order to transport it.

3.1.3 Storage

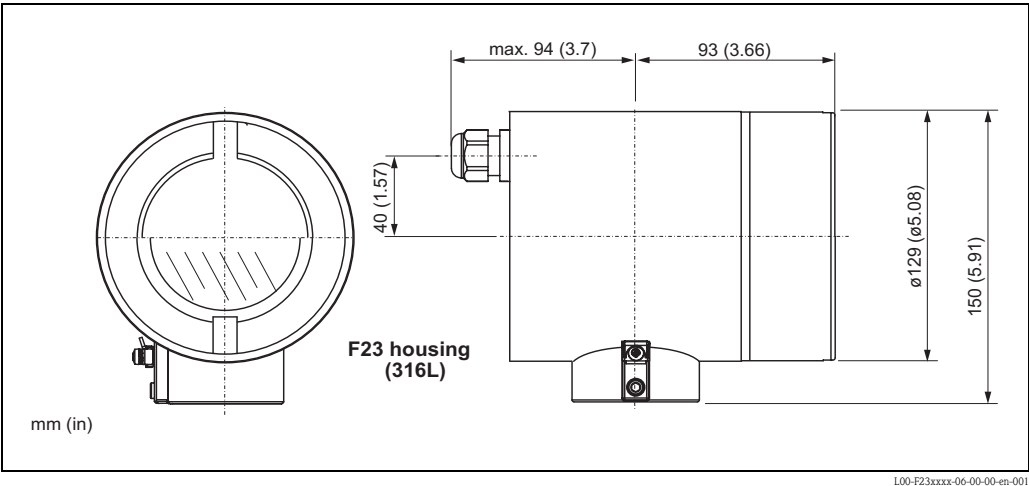
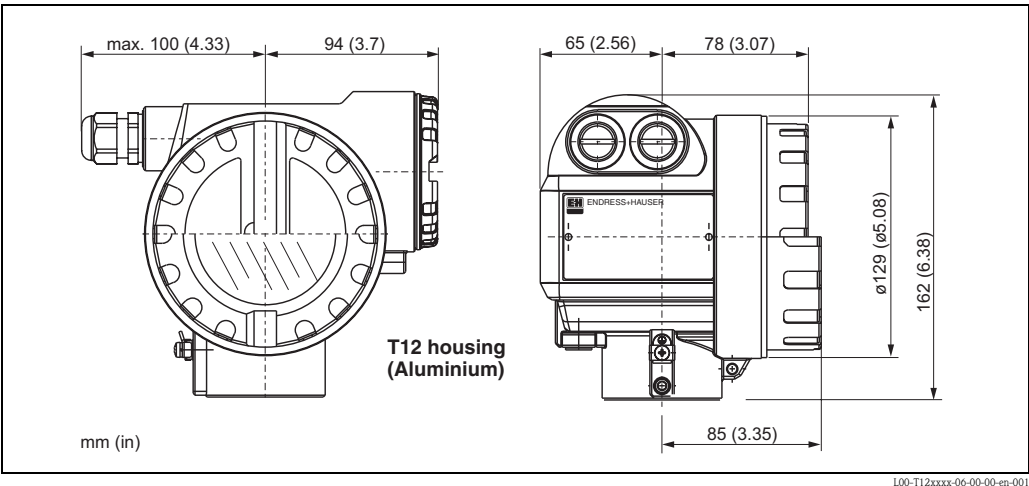
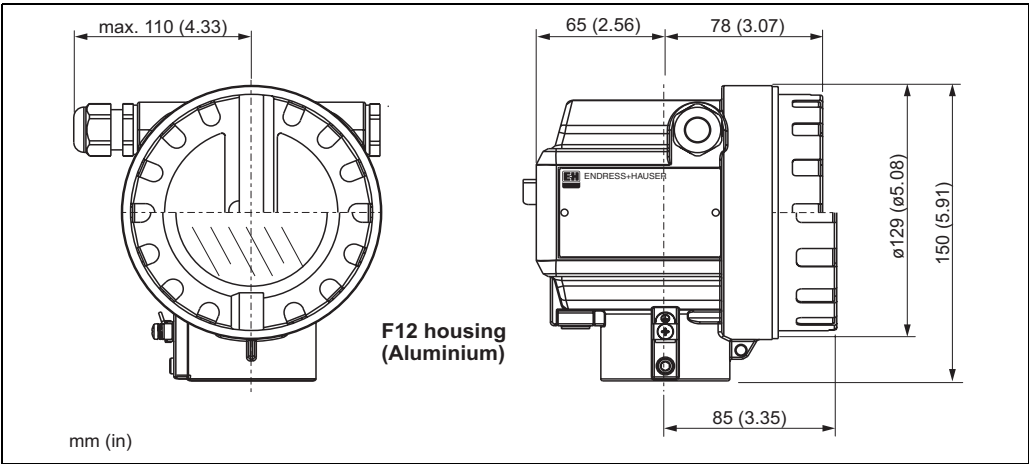
Pack the measuring device in such a way as to protect it reliably against impact for storage and transportation. The original packing material provides the optimum protection for this.

The permissible storage temperature is -20 °C to +80 °C.

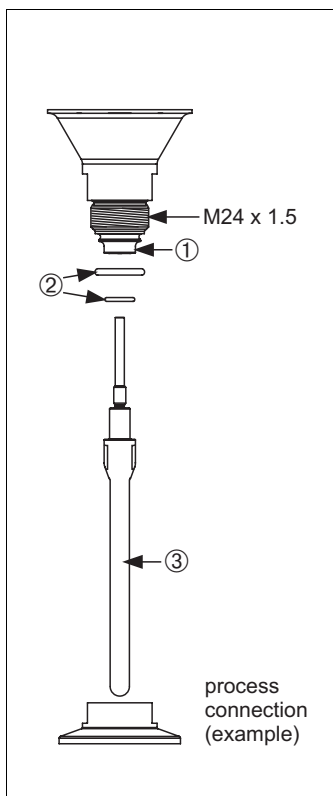
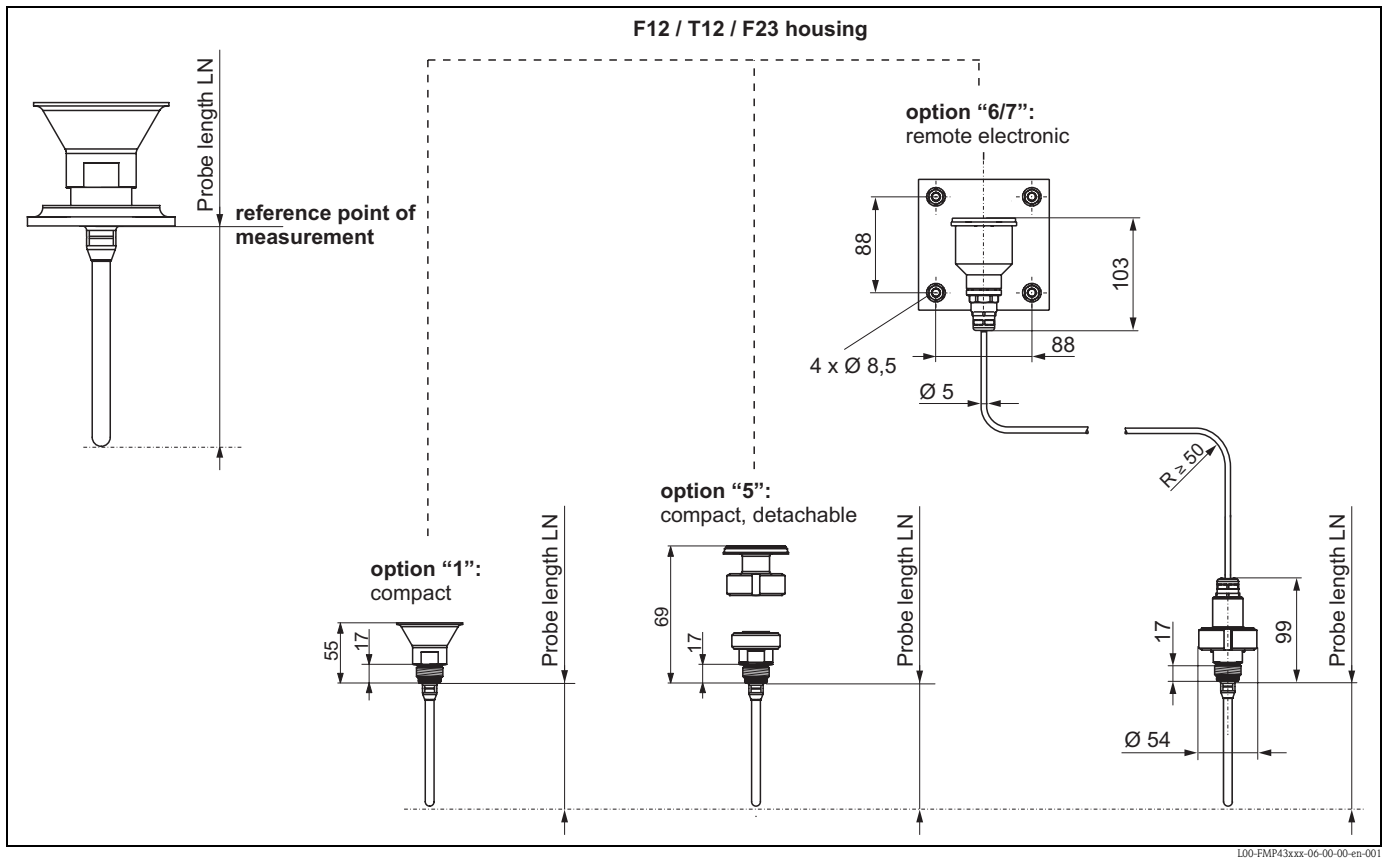
3.2 Installation conditions

3.2.1 Dimensions

Housing dimensions



Probes - Dimensions and materials



① Insulator

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| Material | Approval |
| Ketron PEEK LSG | FDA, 3A, USP Cl. VI |

② O-ring (see Feature 30 in "Ordering information")

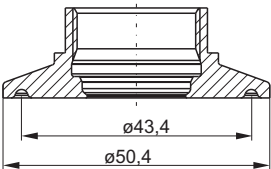

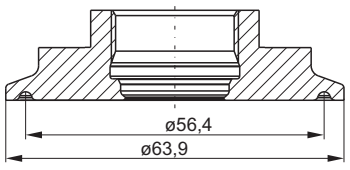
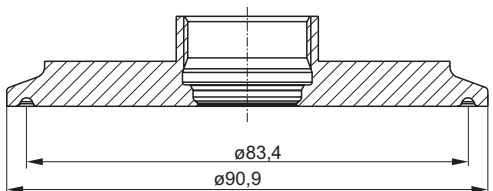
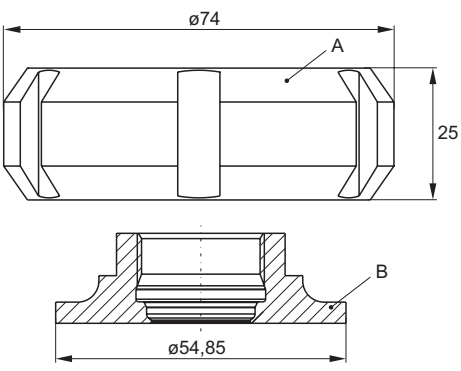
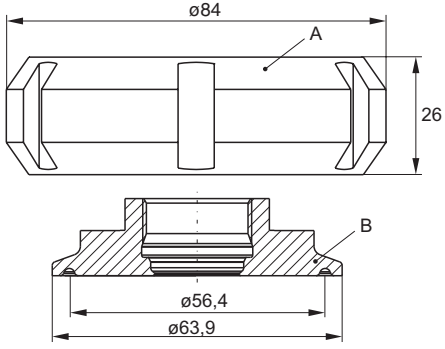
| Material | Approval | Temperature range | Option |
|------------------------------|------------------------|--|--------|
| EPDM Freudenberg 70 EPDM 291 | FDA, 3A, USP Cl. VI | - 20 °C to +130 °C (functional) - 20 °C to +121 °C (3A Class. II, USP Cl. VI) | 5 |
| FFKM DuPont Kalrez 6221 | | - 20 °C to +150 °C (functional) - 20 °C to +149 °C (3A Class. I, USP Cl. VI) | 6 |

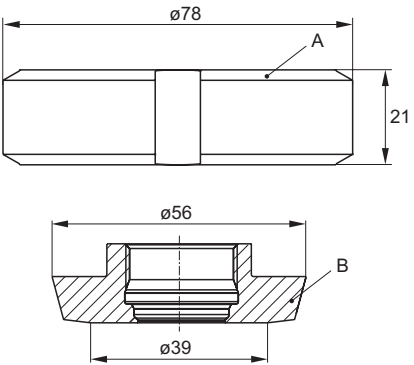
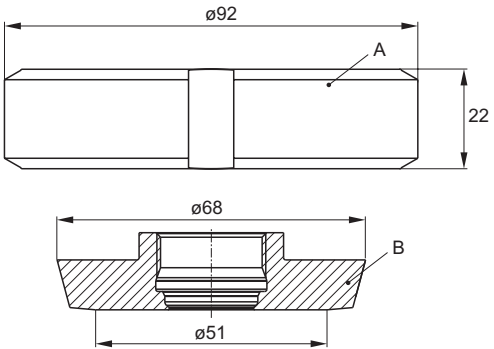
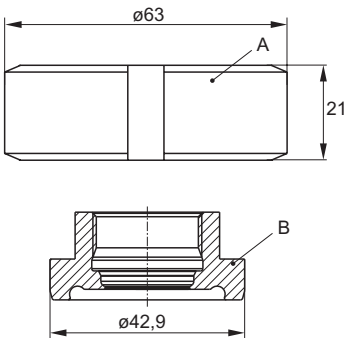
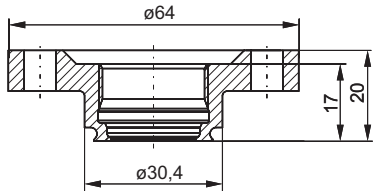
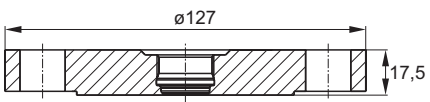
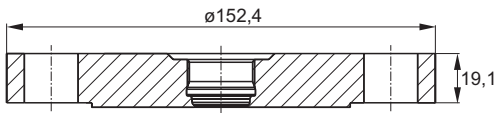
③ Probe (see Feature 20 in "Ordering information")

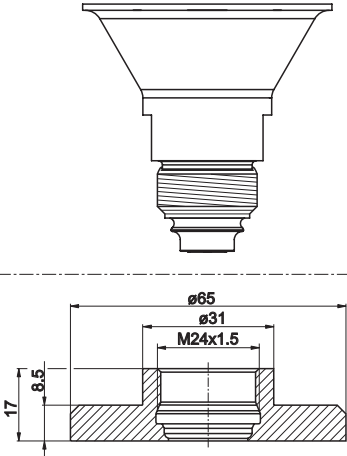
| Material | Version | Option |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--------|
| 316L (1.4435) | 0.76 µm mechanically polished | K, M |
| | 0.38 µm electropolished | S, T |
| Hastelloy C22 | Special version available on request | Y |

Process connections - Dimensions and materials

Endress+Hauser supplies DIN/EN flanges made of stainless steel according to AISI 316L (DIN/EN material number 1.4404 or 1.4435). With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4404 and 1.4435 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab.18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.

| Process connection | Designation | Versions | Approvals | Option |
|---|--|--|---|--------|
|  | Tri-clamp ISO2852 DN25-38 (1 to 1-1/2")* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L (1.4435) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 0.76 μm ■ 0.38 μm electropolished | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■  EHEDG ■ ASME-BPE compliant | TCJ |
|  | Tri-clamp ISO2852 DN40-51 (2")* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L (1.4435) | | | TDJ |
|  | Tri-clamp ISO2852 DN70-76.1 (3") $P_{max} = 10 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L (1.4435) | | | TFJ |
|  | SMS 1-1/2" PN25 with slotted nut* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: A= 1.4307 B= 316L (1.4435) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 0.76 μm | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ EHEDG | T7J |
|  | SMS 2" PN25 with slotted nut* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: A= 1.4307 B= 316L (1.4435) | | | TXJ |

| Process connection | Designation | Versions | Approvals | Option |
|---|---|---|-----------|--------|
|  | DIN11851 DN40 PN40 with slotted nut F40* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: A= 1.4307 B= 316L (1.4435) | ■ 0.76 μm | | MQJ |
|  | DIN11851 DN50 PN40 with slotted nut F50* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: A= 1.4307 B= 316L (1.4435) | | | MRJ |
|  | DIN11864-1 A DN25 Pipe DIN11850 with slotted nut F25* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: A= 1.4307 B= 316L (1.4435) | ■ 0.76 μm ■ 0.38 μm electropolished | ■ EHEDG | MAJ |
|  | NEUMO BioControl DN25 PN16* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L (1.4435) | | | S1J |
|  | 1-1/2" 150lbs RF Flange ANSI B16.5* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L | ■ 0.76 μm | | AEJ |
|  | 2" 150lbs RF Flange ANSI B16.5* $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L | | | AFJ |

| Process connection | Designation | Versions | Approvals | Option |
|---|--|---|-----------|--------|
|  | Thread M24 x 1.5 | | | U1J |
| | You need the following weld-in adapter: | | | |
| | Weld-in adapter order number: 71041381 $P_{max} = 16 \text{ bar}$ Material: 316L (1.4435) | Accessory: weld-in adapter ■ 0.76 μm | | |

3.3 Installation instructions

3.3.1 Mounting tools

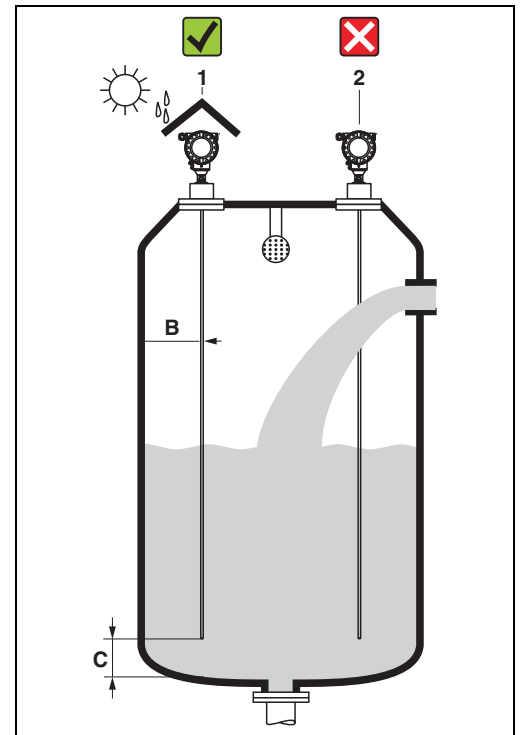
A 4 mm Allen key is needed to turn the housing.

3.3.2 General instructions

Normally use rod probes. Rope probes are used for measuring ranges > 4 m and with restricted ceiling clearance which does not allow the installation of rigid probes.

Mounting location

- Do not mount the probe in the filling curtain (2).
- Mount the probe at such a distance away from the wall (B) that, in the event of buildup on the wall, there is still a minimum distance of 100 mm between the probe and the build-up.
- Mount the probe as far away as possible from internals.
- The minimum distance from the probe end to the tank floor is 10 mm.
- If installing outdoors, it is recommended that you use a weather protection cover (1). ("Accessories", → 64).



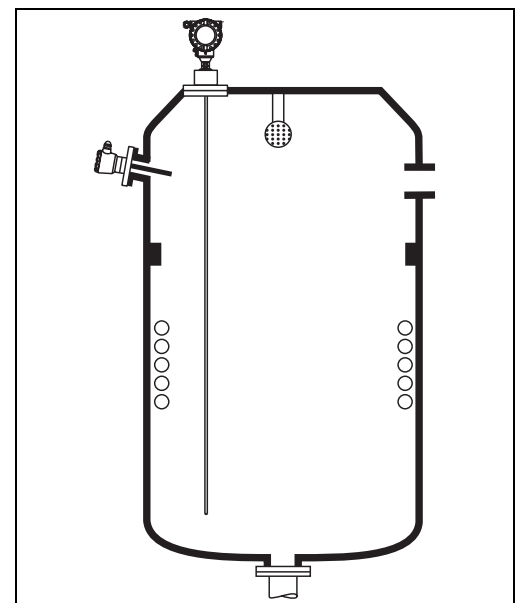
L00-FMP43xxx-17-00-00-xx-001

Tank internals

- If the distance to the internals is < 300 mm, "mapping" must be carried out, and the measurement capability may be restricted.
- During operation, the probe must not touch any internals within the measuring range.

Optimization options

Interference echo suppression: measurement can be optimized by electronically suppressing interference echoes.



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Note!

You must ensure that the probe does not come into contact with the container wall, container bottom and tank internals.

3.3.3 Special instructions

When installing in tanks with agitator, observe the lateral loading capacity of rod probes:

- 10 Nm with 316L (1.4435)
- 16 Nm with Hasteloy C22 (on request).

The formula for calculating the bending torque M impacting on the probe:

$$M = c_w \cdot \frac{\rho}{2} \cdot v^2 \cdot d \cdot L \cdot (L_N - 0.5 \cdot L)$$

with

c_w : Friction factor

ρ [kg/m³]: Density of the medium

v [m/s]: Velocity of the medium perpendicular to the probe rod

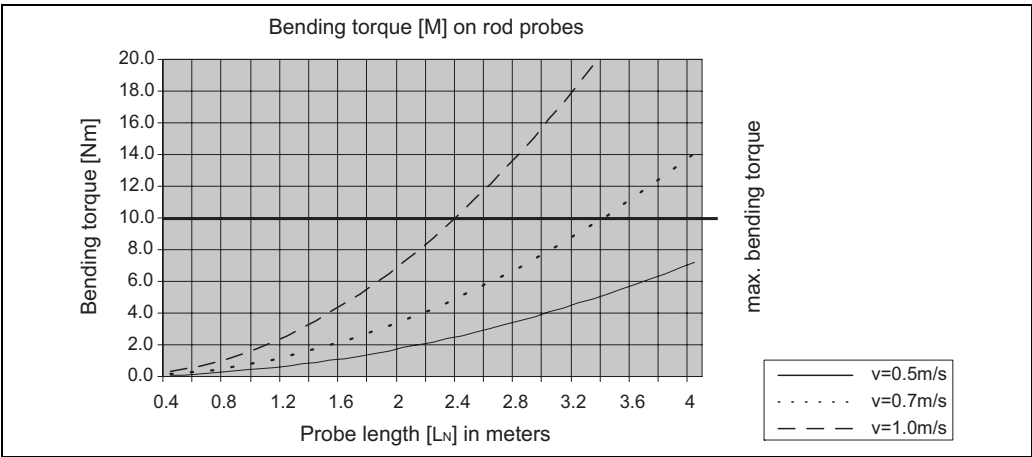
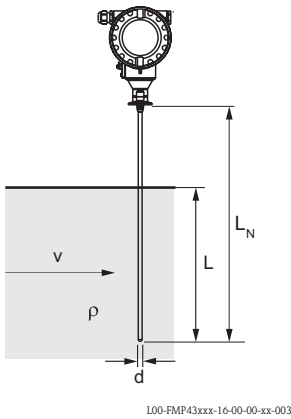
d [m]: Diameter of the probe rod (8 mm)

L [m]: Level

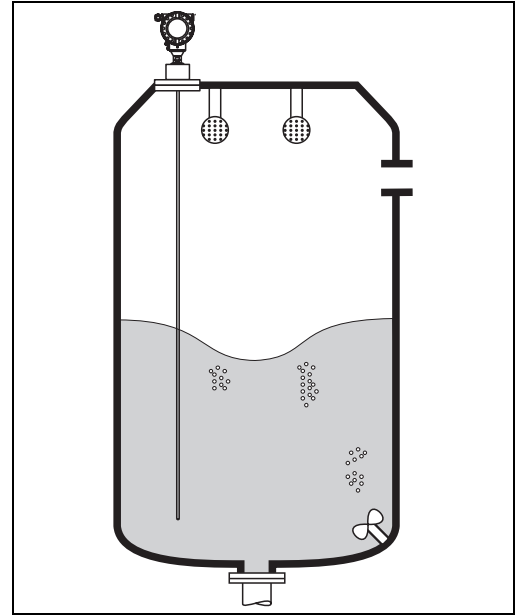
L_N [m]: Probe length

Calculation example

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Friction factor [c_w] | 0.9 (on the assumption of a turbulent current (high Reynolds number)) |
| Density [ρ] in kg/m³ | 1000 (e.g. water) |
| Probe diameter [d] in m | 0.008 |
| $L = L_N$ (worst case) | |



The probe must be mounted opposite the agitator.
If possible, check whether a non-contact process, ultrasonic or level-radar would be better suited, particularly if the agitator generates large mechanical loads on the probe.

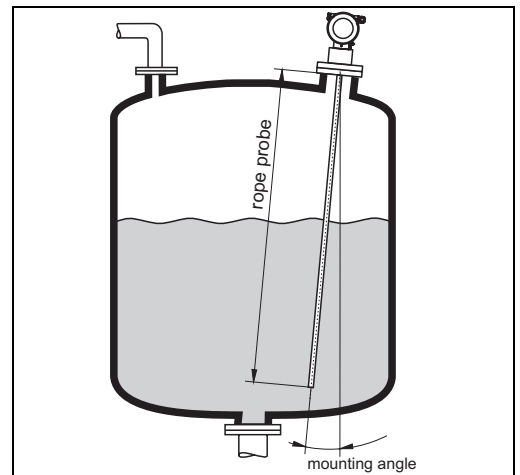


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3.3.4 Notes on special installation situations

Installation at an angle

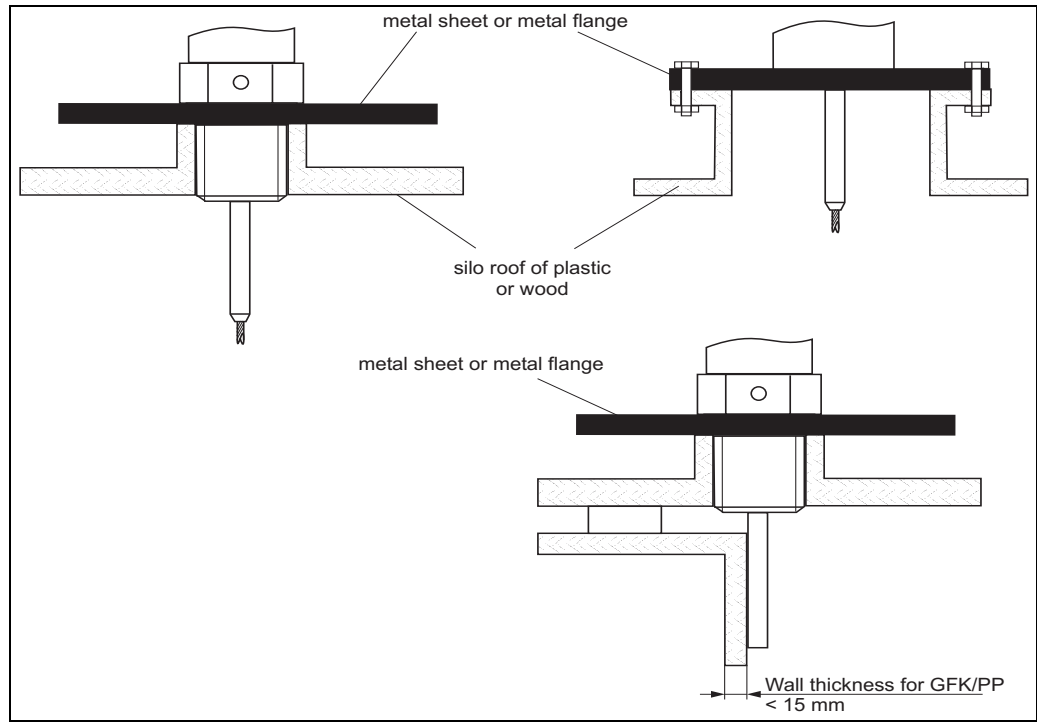
- For mechanical reasons, the probe should be installed as vertically as possible.
- With inclined installations the probe length has to be adjusted in dependence to the installation angle.
 - up to 1 m = 30°
 - up to 2 m = 10°
 - up to 4 m = 5°.



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Installation in plastic containers

Please note that the "guided level radar" measuring principle requires a metallic surface at the process connection! When installing rod or robe probes in plastic silos, whose silo cover is also made of plastic or silos with wood cover, the probes must either be mounted in a $\geq \text{DN50}$ (2") metallic flange, or a metal sheet with diameter of $\geq 200 \text{ mm}$ must be mounted under screw-in piece.

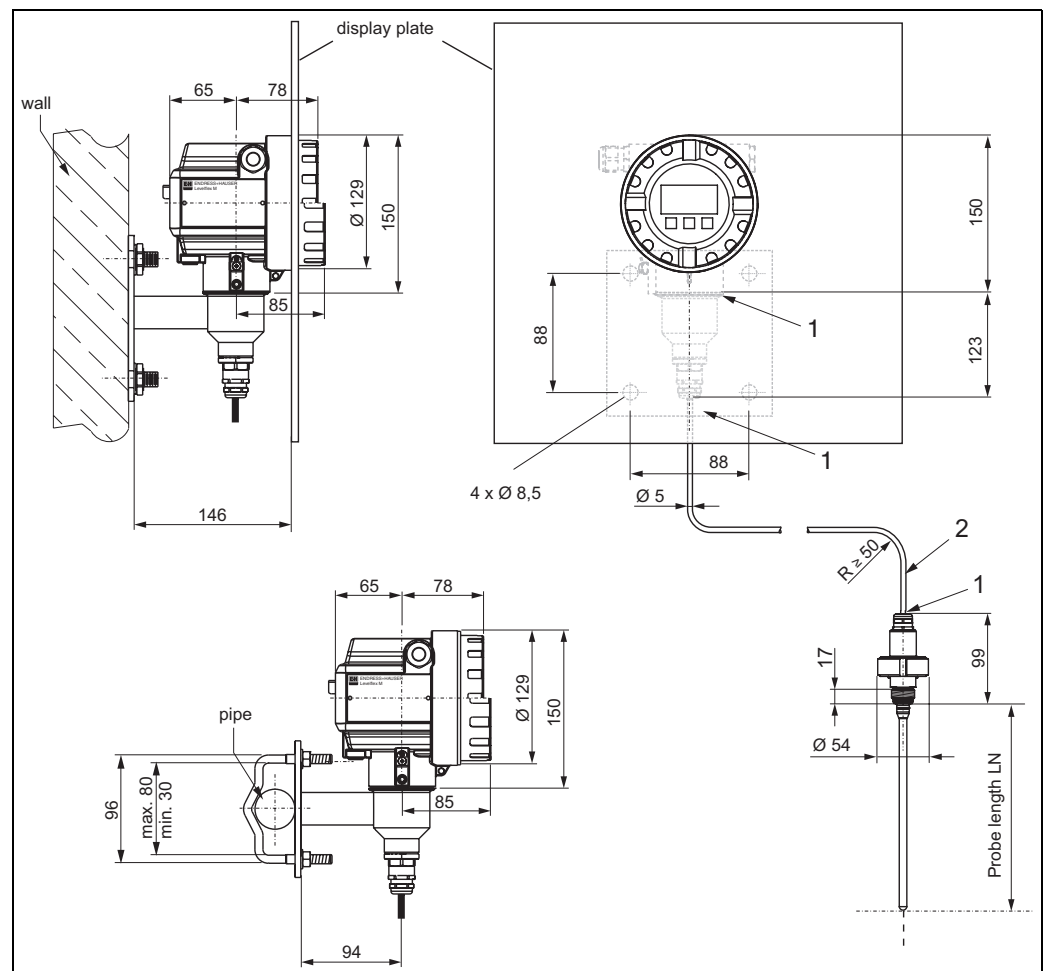


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3.3.5 Installation with difficult-to-access process connections

Installation with remote electronics

- Wall and pipe bracket is contained in the scope of delivery and is already mounted.
- Mount the housing on the wall or pipe (vertically or horizontally, as required) as shown in the diagram.
- The wall retainer can also be used for mounting in display panels.
Please observe the dimensions on → 10 for the cutout.



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Note!

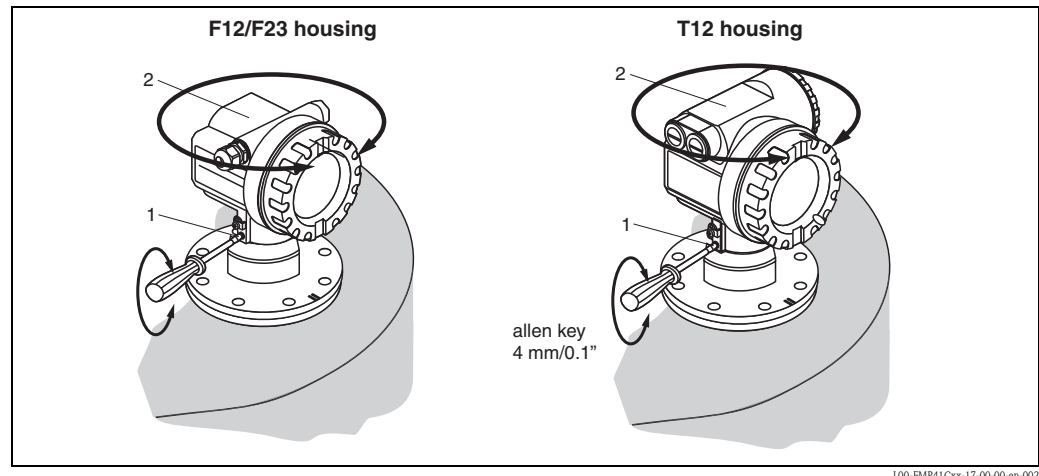
The cable cannot be disassembled at these points (1).
The cable should never be bent or buckled.

The ambient temperature for the connecting line (2) between the probe and electronics can be max. 105 °C. The version with remote electronics consists of the probe, a connecting cable and the housing. If they are ordered as a set, they are assembled on delivery.

3.3.6 Turning the housing

After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to ease access to the display and the terminal compartment. Proceed as follows to turn the housing to the required position:

- Undo the fixing screw (1)
- Turn the housing (2) in the required direction
- Tighten the fixing screw (1)



3.4 Post-installation check

After the measuring device has been installed, perform the following checks:

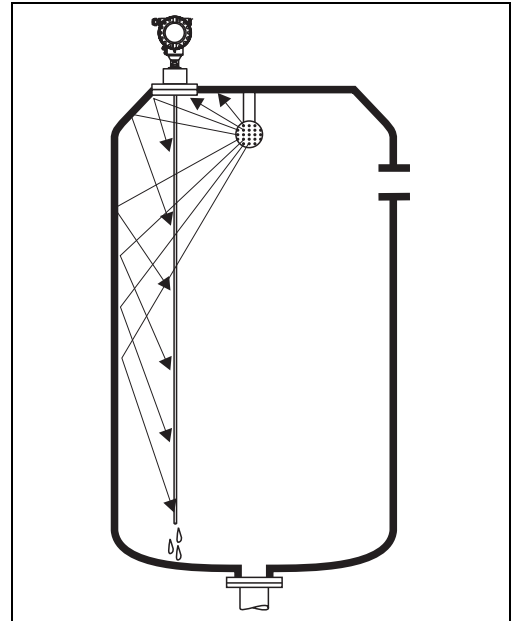
- Is the device damaged (visual inspection)?
- Does the device correspond to specifications at the measuring point, including process temperature and pressure, ambient temperature, measuring range, etc.?
- Are the measuring point number and labeling correct (visual inspection)?
- Is the device adequately protected against rain and direct sunlight (→ 64)?

3.5 Cleaning of the probe

3.5.1 Cleaning of the probe in the tank

Installation close to tank wall

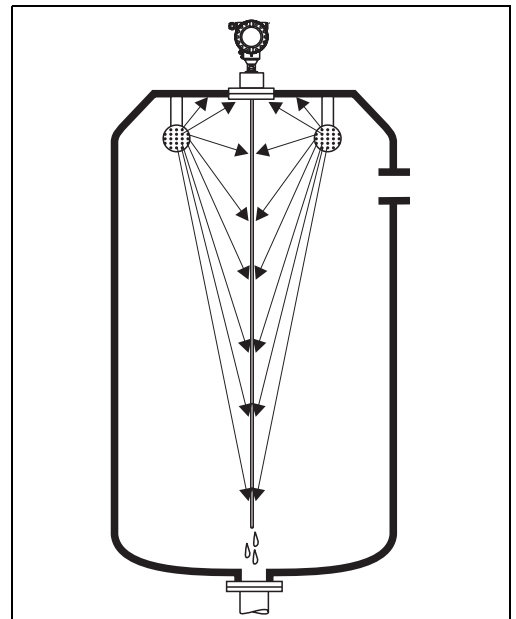
By installing the probe close to the tank wall, the cleaning effect is improved in cases where a spray ball is used. The cleaning jet is deflected against the tank wall and onto the probe. This means that those parts of the probe are cleaned which would normally not be reached by the spray ball jet. If the probe is positioned in this way, only one spray ball is needed.



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Installation in the center of the tank

If the probe is mounted in the center of the tank, it may be necessary to use a second spray ball. The spray balls should then be mounted to the left and right of the probe.



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3.5.2 Cleaning of the probe outside of the tank

The probe can be disassembled so it can be cleaned better.

The disassembly requires the following tools:

- Note!
vise with fiber braces (surface protection for the polished probe rod)
- hook wrench for sanitary process connections (diary or SMS)
- open-ended wrench AF27 / AF32 with a torque adjustment up to 20 Nm

Before disassembly, it has to be make sure that the supply voltage for the device is switched off!

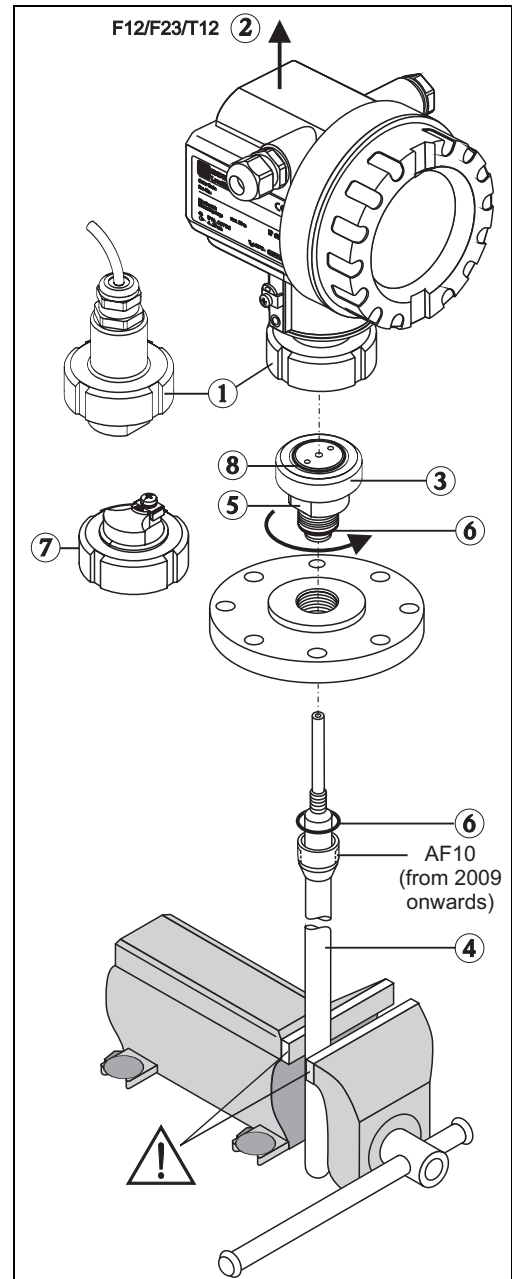
- Note!
Disassembling the housing for calibration purposes:
When releasing the slotted nut ① make sure to counterhold at the process connection ring ⑤ with an open-ended wrench as the adapter ③ could otherwise be released from the flange. In hazardous or contaminated areas, seal the adapter with a protective cover ⑦ ("Accessories", → 64) (20 Nm) and integrate into the local potential equalization where necessary.
- unscrew the grooved nut ① with hook wrench.
- remove the unscrewed housing ② together with the housing adapter from the adapter ③ of the process connection. The housing adapter is still connected with the housing. At the remote version: remove only the cable adapter.
- Replace O-ring ⑧ where necessary.
Order number, → 72

Disassembly of rod probe:

- unscrew adapter ③ from the process connection (as example: flange): unscrew adapter at the wrench flats with hook wrench (AF27) and pull it out of the tank together with the rod probe (length max. 4 m).
- Probe rod ④
 - without wrench flats (until 2009):
clamp the probe rod in a vise.
 - with wrench flats (from 2009 onwards):
clamp the probe rod at the wrench flats or use a fitting pliers.

Caution: Protect the surface of the polished probe rod! Do not damage the surface by scratching or denting it.

- unscrew adapter ③ from the probe rod (approx. 12 rotations counter-clockwise and remove (plug connection). The probe rod is screwed in the insulating bush with 4.5 Nm.
- The O-rings ⑥ of the probe rod and adapter are now free accessible respectively changeable. The probe rod can be cleaned (autoclaved).
O-ring order numbers, → 72.



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Assembly of the probe

The assembly is done in reversed order:

- screw adapter ③ with 4.5 Nm on the probe rod ④
- screw the adapter into the container process connection together with the probe rod and tighten with 20 Nm
- stick housing ② with housing adapter on the adapter and bolt it with the grooved nut ① – torque 20 Nm.

4 Wiring

4.1 Quick wiring guide

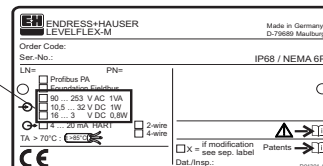
Wiring in F12/F23 housing



Caution!

Before connection please note the following:

- The power supply must be identical to the data on the nameplate (1).
- Switch off power supply before connecting up the device.
- Connect Equipotential bonding to transmitter ground terminal (7) before connecting up the device.
- Tighten the locking screw (8):
It forms the connection between the probe and the housing ground potential.



When you use the measuring system in hazardous areas, make sure you comply with national standards and the specifications in the safety instructions (XA's). Make sure you use the specific cable gland.



On devices supplied with a certificate, the explosion protection is designed as follows:

- Housing F12/F23 - Ex ia:
Power supply must be intrinsically safe (not for dust-Ex).
- The electronics and the current output are galvanically separated from the probe circuit.

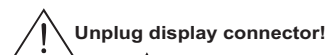
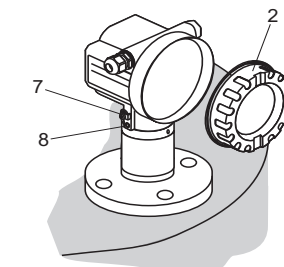
Connect up the Levelflex M as follows:

- Unscrew housing cover (2).
- Remove any display (3) if fitted.
- Remove cover plate from terminal compartment (4).
- Pull out terminal module slightly using "pulling loop" (only 2-wire).
- Insert cable (5) through gland (6).
A standard installation cable is sufficient if only the analogue signal is used. Use a screened cable when working with a superimposed communications signal (HART).

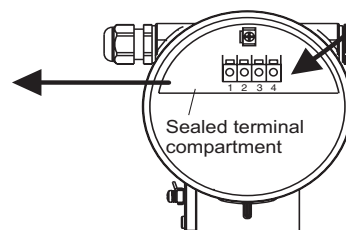
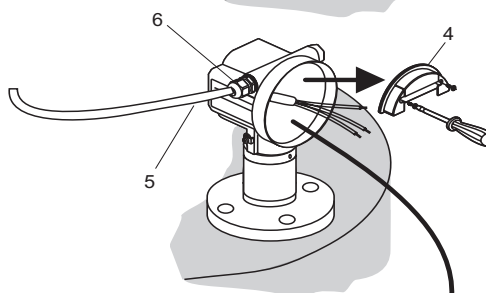
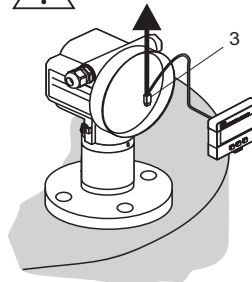


Only ground screening of the line (7) on sensor side.

- Make connection (see pin assignment).
- Re-insert terminal module.
- Tighten cable gland (6). Max. torque 10...12 Nm!
- Tighten screws on cover plate (4).
- Insert display if fitted.
- Screw on housing cover (2).
(on dust-Ex torque » 40 Nm).
- Switch on power supply.

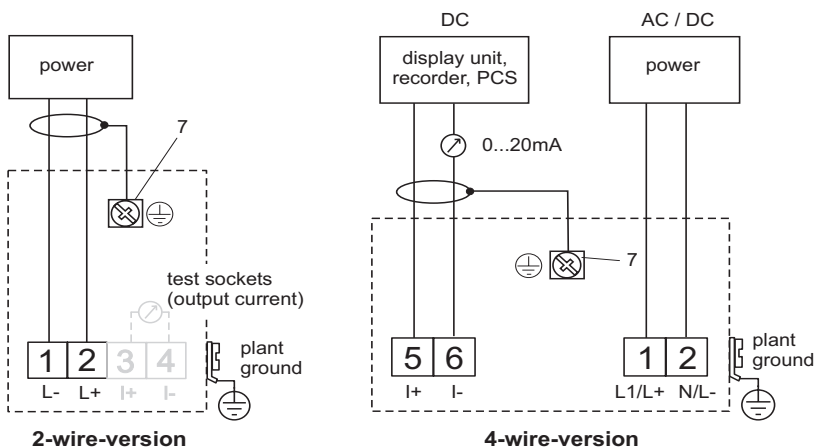


Unplug display connector!



Note!

If 4-wire for dust-Ex-applications is used, the current output is **intrinsically safe**.



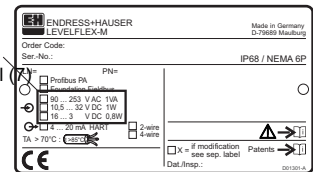
Wiring in T12 housing



Caution!

Before connection please note the following:

- The power supply must be identical to the data on the nameplate (1).
- Switch off power supply before connecting up the device.
- Connect Equipotential bonding to transmitter ground terminal (7) before connecting up the device.
- Tighten the locking screw (8):
It forms the connection between the probe and the housing ground potential.



When you use the measuring system in hazardous areas, make sure you comply with national standards and the specifications in the safety instructions (XA's). Make sure you use the specific cable gland.



Connect up the Levelflex M as follows:

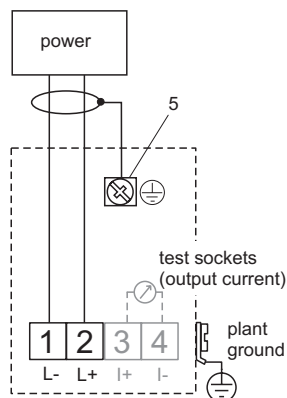
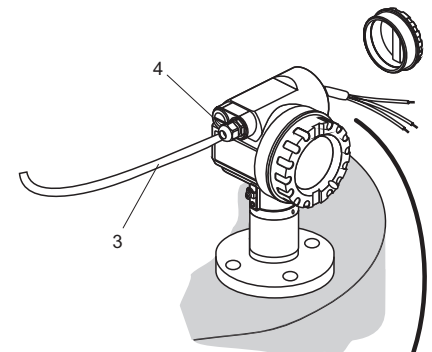
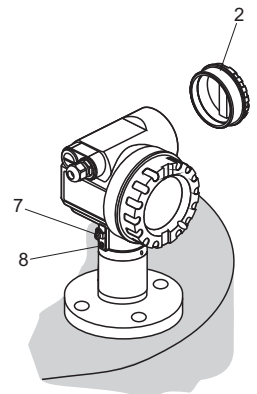
Before unscrew housing cover (2) at separate connection room turn off the power supply!

- Insert cable (3) through gland (4).
A standard installation cable is sufficient if only the analogue signal is used. Use a screened cable when working with a superimposed communications signal (HART).

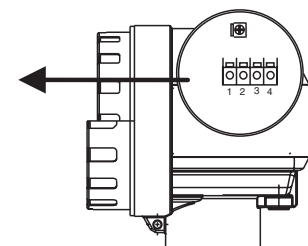


Only ground screening of the line (5) on sensor side.

- Make connection (see pin assignment).
- Tighten cable gland (4).
Max. torque 10 to 12 Nm!
- Screw on housing cover (2).
(on dust-Ex torquet » 40 Nm)
- Switch on power supply.



2-wire-version



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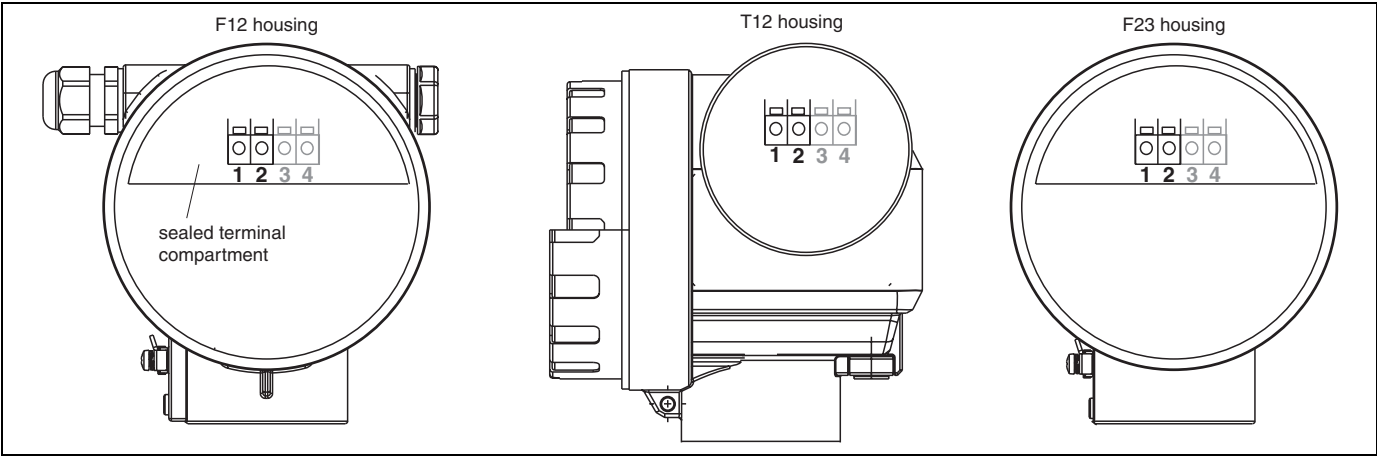
4.2 Connecting the measuring unit

4.2.1 Terminal compartment

Three housings are available:

- Aluminum housing F12 with additionally sealed terminal compartment for:
 - standard
 - Ex ia
- Aluminum housing T12 with separate terminal compartment for:
 - standard
 - Ex e
 - Ex d
 - Ex ia (with overvoltage protection)
- Stainless steel 316L (1.4435) housing F23 for:
 - standard
 - Ex ia

After mounting, the housing can be turned 350° in order to ease access to the display and the terminal compartment.



The device data are given on the nameplate together with important information regarding the analog output and power supply.
Housing orientation regarding the wiring see "Turning the housing", → 20.

4.2.2 HART load

Min. load for HART communication: 250 Ω

4.2.3 Ground connection

It is necessary to make a good ground connection to the ground terminal on the outside of the housing in order to achieve EMC stability.

4.2.4 Cable gland

| Type | | Clamping area |
|---------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Standard, Ex ia, IS | Plastic M20x1.5 | 5 to 10 mm |
| Ex em, Ex nA | Metal M20x1.5 | 7 to 10.5 mm |

4.2.5 Terminals

For wire cross-sections of 0.5 to 2.5 mm²

4.2.6 Cable entry

- Cable gland: M20x1.5 (only cable entry for Ex d)
- Cable entry: G½ or ½NPT

4.2.7 Supply voltage

HART, 2-wire

All the following voltages are terminal voltages directly at the device:

| Communication | | Current consumption | Terminal voltage |
|---|---------------|---------------------|------------------|
| HART | standard | 4 mA | 16 V to 36 V |
| | | 20 mA | 7.5 V to 36 V |
| | Ex ia | 4 mA | 16 V to 30 V |
| | | 20 mA | 7.5 V to 30 V |
| | Ex em Ex d | 4 mA | 16 V to 30 V |
| | | 20 mA | 11 V to 30 V |
| Fixed current, adjustable e.g. for solar power operation (measured value transferred at HART) | standard | 11 mA | 10 V to 36 V |
| | Ex ia | 11 mA | 10 V to 30 V |
| Fixed current for HART Multidrop mode | standard | 4 mA ¹⁾ | 16 V to 36 V |
| | Ex ia | 4 mA ¹⁾ | 16 V to 30 V |

1) Start up current 11 mA.

HART residual ripple, 2-wire: $U_{ss} \leq 200 \text{ mV}$

HART, 4-wire active

| Version | Voltage | Max. load |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| DC | 10.5 to 32 V | 600 Ω |
| AC, 50/60 Hz | 90 to 253 V | 600 Ω |

HART residual ripple, 4-wire, DC version: $U_{ss} = 2 \text{ V}$, voltage incl. ripple within the permitted voltage (10.5 to 32 V).

4.2.8 Current consumption

| Communication | Output current | Current consumption | Power consumption |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| HART, 2-wire | 3.6 to 22 mA ¹⁾ | — | min. 60 mW, max. 900 mW |
| HART, 4-wire (90 to 250 V _{AC}) | 2.4 to 22 mA | ~ 3 to 6 mA | ~ 3,5 VA |
| HART, 4-wire (10.5 to 32 V _{DC}) | 2.4 to 22 mA | ~ 100 mA | ~ 1 W |

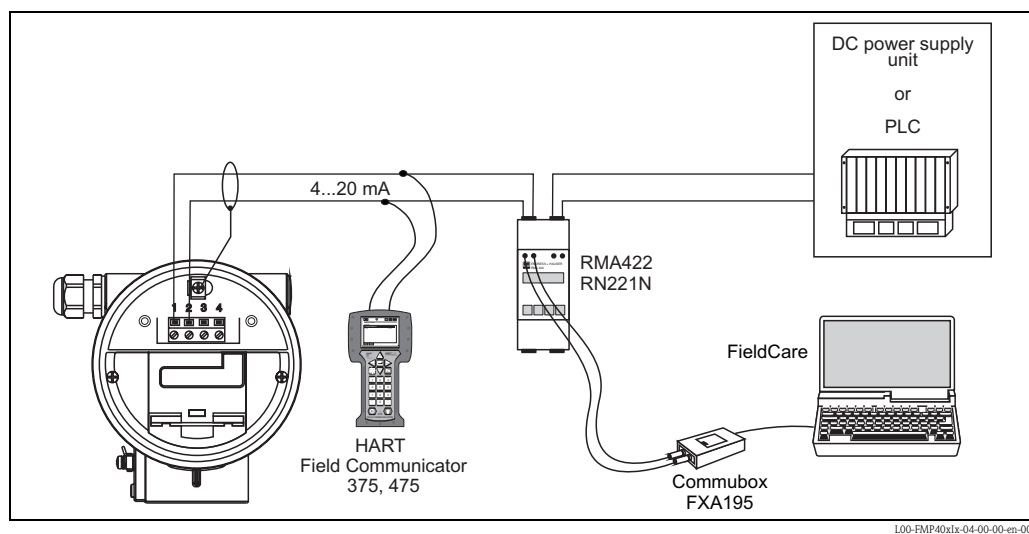
1) For HART-Multidrop: start up current is 11 mA.

4.2.9 Overvoltage protection

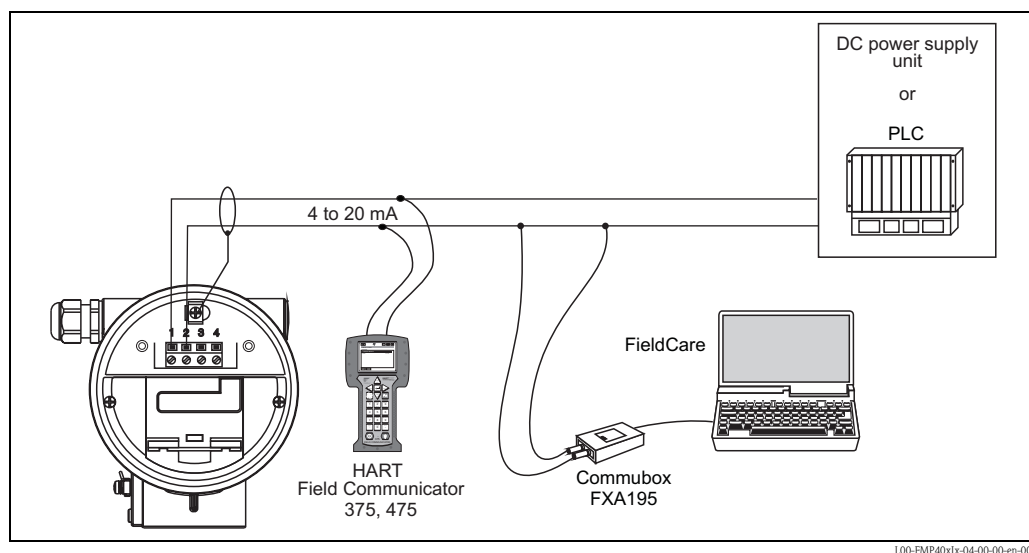
If the measuring device is used for level measurement in flammable liquids which requires the use of overvoltage protection according to EN/IEC 60079-14 or EN/IEC 60060-1 (10 kA, pulse 8/20 μ s) it has to be ensured that

- the measuring device is used with integrated overvoltage protection with 600 V gas tube surge arrester in the T12 housing, see "Ordering structure", → 6
- or
- this protection is achieved through other appropriate measures (external protection devices e.g. HAW562Z).

4.2.10 Connecting HART with Endress+Hauser RMA422 / RN221N



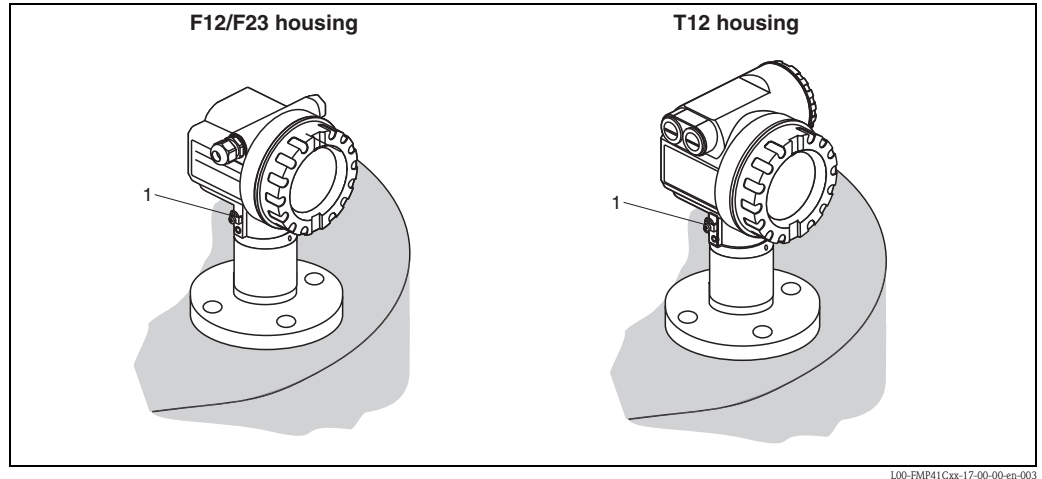
4.2.11 Connecting HART with other supply units



4.3 Recommended connection

4.3.1 Potential equalization

Connect the potential equalization to the external ground terminal (1) of the transmitter.



4.3.2 Wiring the shielded cable



Caution!

In Ex applications, the device must only be grounded on the sensor side. Further safety instructions are given in the separate documentation for applications in hazardous areas.

4.4 Degree of protection

- with closed housing tested according to:
 - all housings:
 - IP68, NEMA6P (24 h at 1,83 m under water)
 - IP66, NEMA4X
 - F23 housing: additionally IP69K in connection with M20, G $\frac{1}{2}$ " and NPT $\frac{1}{2}$ " cable entries
- with open housing: IP20, NEMA1 also ingress protection of the display)

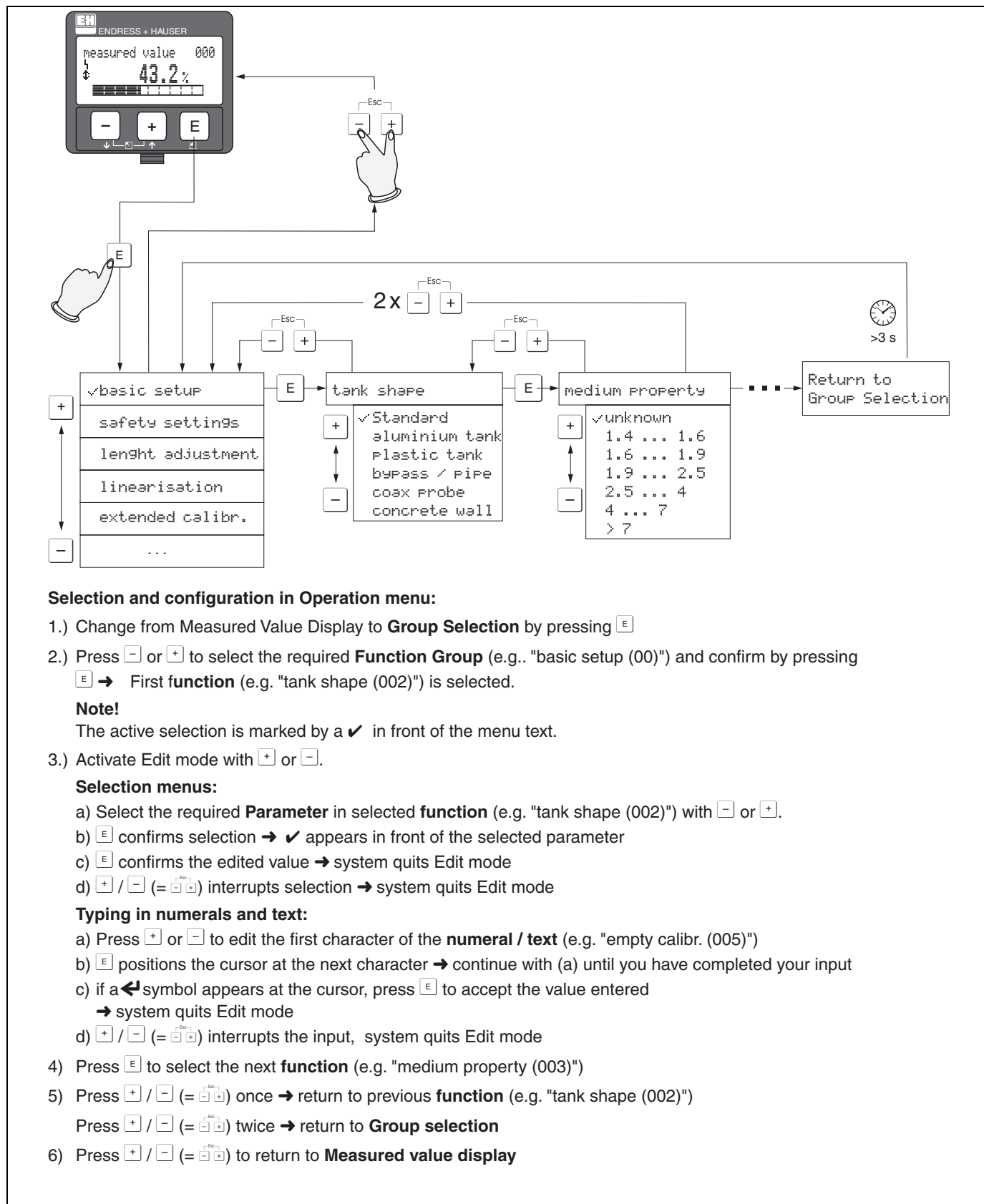
4.5 Post-connection check

After wiring the measuring device, perform the following checks:

- Is the terminal assignment correct (→ 24, 25)?
- Is the cable gland tight?
- Is the housing cover screwed tight?
- If power is supplied:
 - Is the device ready for operation and is the LCD display lit?

5 Operation

5.1 Quick operation guide



5.1.1 General structure of the operating menu

The operating menu is made up of two levels:

■ **Function groups (00, 01, 03, ..., 0C, 0D):**

The individual operating options of the device are split up roughly into different function groups. The function groups that are available include, e.g.: "**basic setup**", "**safety settings**", "**output**", "**display**", etc.

■ **Functions (001, 002, 003, ..., 0D8, 0D9):**

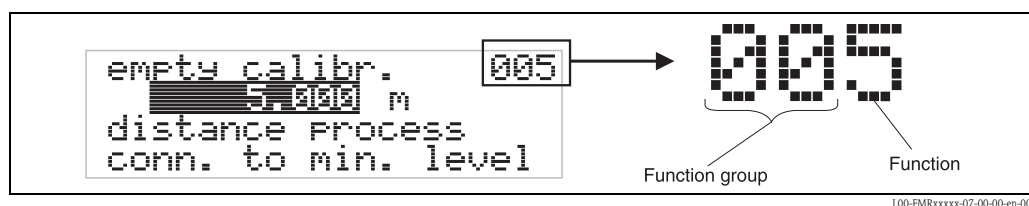
Each function group consists of one or more functions. The functions perform the actual operation or parameterisation of the device. Numerical values can be entered here and parameters can be selected and saved. The available functions of the "**basic setup**" (00) function group include, e.g.: "**tank properties**" (002), "**medium property**" (003), "**process cond.**" (004), "**empty calibr.**" (005), etc.

If, for example, the application of the device is to be changed, carry out the following procedure:

1. Select the "**basic setup**" (00) function group.
2. Select the "**tank properties**" (002) function (where the existing tank shape is selected).

5.1.2 Identifying the functions

For simple orientation within the function menus, for each function a position is shown on the display.



The first two digits identify the function group:

| | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| ■ basic setup | 00 |
| ■ safety settings | 01 |
| ■ linearisation | 04 |

...

The third digit numbers the individual functions within the function group:

| | | | | |
|----------------------|-----------|---|--------------------------|------------|
| ■ basic setup | 00 | → | ■ tank properties | 002 |
| | | | ■ medium property | 003 |
| | | | ■ process cond. | 004 |

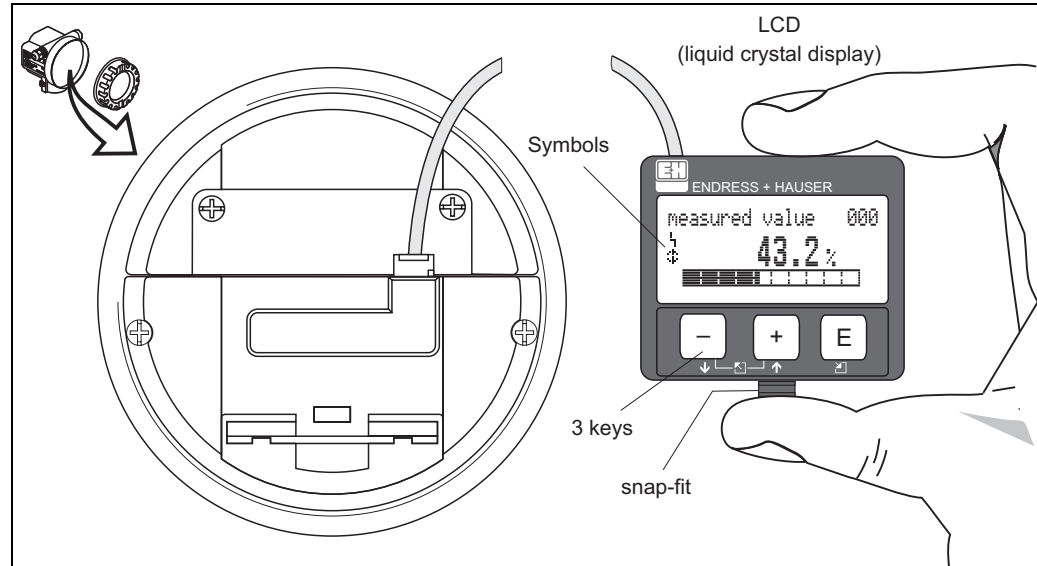
...

Here after the position is always given in brackets (e.g. "**tank properties**" (002)) after the described function.

5.2 Display and operating elements

5.2.1 Liquid crystal display (LCD)

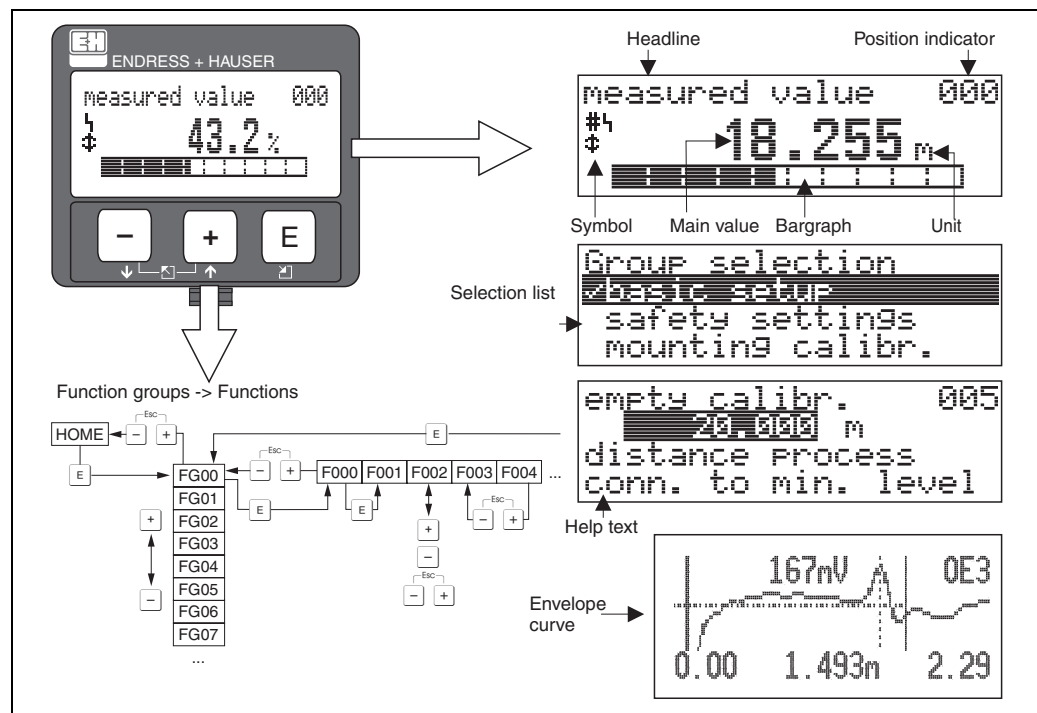
Four lines with 20 characters each. Display contrast adjustable through key combination.



L00-FMxxxxx-07-00-00-en-001

The VU331 LCD display can be removed to ease operation by simply pressing the snap-fit (see graphic above). It is connected to the device by means of a 500 mm cable.




5.2.2 Display



L00-FMRxxxx-07-00-00-en-007

5.2.3 Display symbols















The following table describes the symbols that appear on the liquid crystal display:

| Sybmol | Meaning |
|---|---|
|  | ALARM_SYMBOL This alarm symbol appears when the device is in an alarm state. If the symbol flashes, this indicates a warning. |
|  | LOCK_SYMBOL This lock symbol appears when the device is locked, i.e. if no input is possible. |
|  | COM_SYMBOL This communication symbol appears when a data transmission via e.g. HART, PROFIBUS PA or FOUNDATION Fieldbus is in progress. |

5.2.4 Key assignment

The operating elements are located inside the housing and are accessible for operation by opening the lid of the housing.

Function of the keys


| Key(s) | Meaning |
|--|--|
|  or  | Navigate upwards in the selection list. Edit numeric value within a function. |
|  or  | Navigate downwards in the selection list. Edit numeric value within a function. |
|  or  | Navigate to the left within a function group. |
|  | Navigate to the right within a function group, confirmation. |
|  and  or  and  | Contrast settings of the LCD. |
|  and  and  | Hardware lock / unlock After a hardware lock, an operation of the device via display or communication is not possible! The hardware can only be unlocked via the display. An unlock parameter must be entered to do so. |

5.3 Local operation




5.3.1 Locking of the configuration mode





The Levelflex can be protected in two ways against unauthorised changing of device data, numerical values or factory settings:

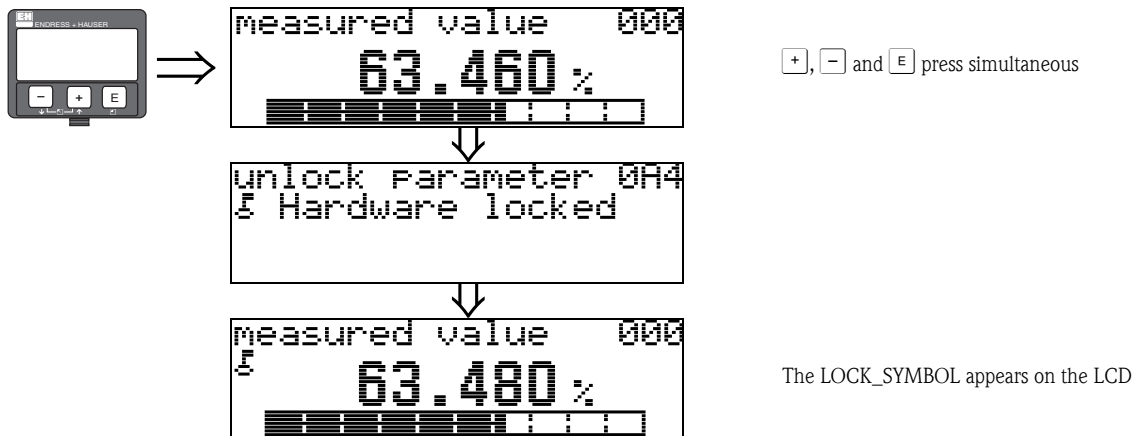
Function "unlock parameter" (0A4):

A value $\neq 100$ (e.g. 99) must be entered in "unlock parameter" (0A4) in the "diagnostics" (0A) function group. The lock is shown on the display by the  symbol and can be released again either via the display or by communication.

Hardware lock:

The device is locked by pressing the ,  and  keys at the same time.

The lock is shown on the display by the  symbol and can **only** be unlocked again via the display by pressing the ,  and  keys at the same time again. It is **not** possible to unlock the hardware by communication. All parameters can be displayed even if the device is locked.



5.3.2 Unlocking of configuration mode

If an attempt is made to change parameters when the device is locked, the user is automatically requested to unlock the device:




Function "unlock parameter" (0A4):

By entering the unlock parameter (on the display or via communication)

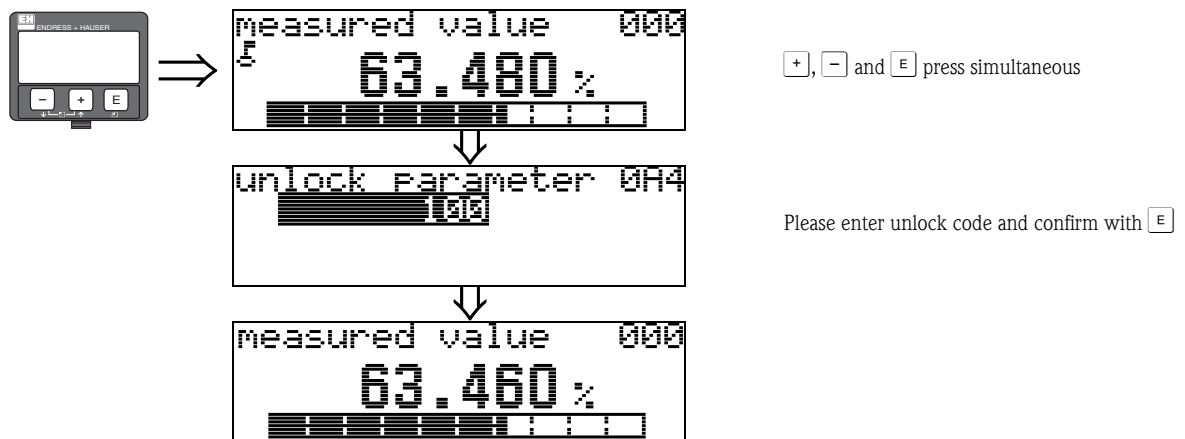
100 = for HART devices

the Levelflex is released for operation.

Hardware unlock:

After pressing the ,  and  keys at the same time, the user is asked to enter the unlock parameter

100 = for HART devices



Caution!

Changing certain parameters such as all sensor characteristics, for example, influences numerous functions of the entire measuring system, particularly measuring accuracy. There is no need to change these parameters under normal circumstances and consequently, they are protected by a special code known only to the Endress+Hauser service organization. Please contact Endress+Hauser if you have any questions.

5.3.3 Factory settings (Reset)

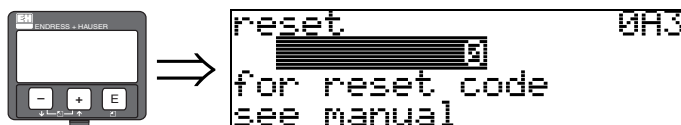


Caution!

A reset sets the device back to the factory settings. This can lead to an impairment of the measurement. Generally, you should perform a basic setup again following a reset.

A reset is only necessary if the device...

- ...no longer functions
- ...must be moved from one measuring point to another
- ...is being de-installed /put into storage/installed



User input ("reset" (0A3)):

- 333 = customer parameters

333 = reset customer parameters

This reset is recommended whenever an device with an unknown "history" is to be used in an application:

- The Levelflex is reset to the default values.
- **The customer specific tank map is not deleted.**
- The mapping can also be deleted in the "cust. tank map" (055) function of the "extended calibr" (05) function group.
- A linearisation is switched to "linear" although the table values are retained. The table can be reactivated in the "linearisation" (04) function group.

List of functions that are affected by a reset:

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ■ tank properties (002) | ■ max. scale (046) |
| ■ medium cond. (003) | ■ diameter vessel (047) |
| ■ process proper. (004) | ■ check distance (051) |
| ■ empty calibr. (005) | ■ range of mapping (052) |
| ■ full calibr. (006) | ■ start mapping (053) |
| ■ output on alarm (010) | ■ offset (057) |
| ■ output on alarm (011) | ■ output damping (058) |
| ■ outp. echo loss (012) | ■ low output limit (062) |
| ■ ramp %span/min (013) | ■ curr. output mode (063) |
| ■ delay time (014) | ■ fixed cur. value (064) |
| ■ safety distance. (015) | ■ 4mA value (068) |
| ■ in safety dist. (016) | ■ language (092) |
| ■ overspill protection (018) | ■ back to home (093) |
| ■ end of probe (030) | ■ format display (094) |
| ■ level/ullage (040) | ■ no of decimals (095) |
| ■ linearisation (041) | ■ sep. character (096) |
| ■ customer unit (042) | ■ unlock parameter (0A4) |







A complete "**basic setup**" (00) must be activated.

5.4 Display and acknowledging error messages

Type of error


Errors that occur during commissioning or measuring are displayed immediately on the local display. If two or more system or process errors occur, the error with the highest priority is the one shown on the display.



The measuring system distinguishes between two types of error:

- **A (Alarm):**
Device goes into a defined state (e.g. max 22 mA)
Indicated by a constant  symbol.
(For a description of the codes, →  68)
- **W (Warning):**
Device continue measuring, error message is displayed.
Indicated by a flashing  symbol.
(For a description of the codes, →  68)
- **E (Alarm / Warning):**
Configurable (e.g. loss of echo, level within the safety distance)
Indicated by a constant/flashing  symbol.
(For a description of the codes, →  68)



Error messages

Error messages appear as four lines of plain text on the display. In addition, a unique error code is also output. A description of the error codes, →  68.

- The "**diagnostics**" (**0A**) function group can display current errors as well as the last errors that occurred.
- If several current errors occur, use  or  to page through the error messages.
- The last occurring error can be deleted in the "**diagnostics**" (**0A**) function group with the function "**clear last error**" (**0A2**).

5.5 HART communication

Apart from local operation, you can also parameterise the measuring device and view measured values by means of a HART protocol. There are two options available for operation:

- Operation via the Field Communicator 375, 475
- Operation via the Personal Computer (PC) using the operating program (e.g. FieldCare: for connections, → 28).

5.5.1 Operation with the Field Communicator 375, 475

With the terminal Field Communicator 375, 475, you can configure all the device functions via menu operation.



Note!

Further information on the HART handheld unit is given in the respective operating manual included in the transport bag of the Field Communicator 375, 475.

5.5.2 Endress+Hauser operating program

The operating program FieldCare is an Endress+Hauser Plant Asset Management Tool based on FDT technology. You can use FieldCare to configure all your Endress+Hauser devices, as well as devices from other manufacturers that support the FDT standard. Hardware and software requirements you can find on the internet:

www.endress.com → select your country → search: FieldCare → FieldCare → Technical Data.

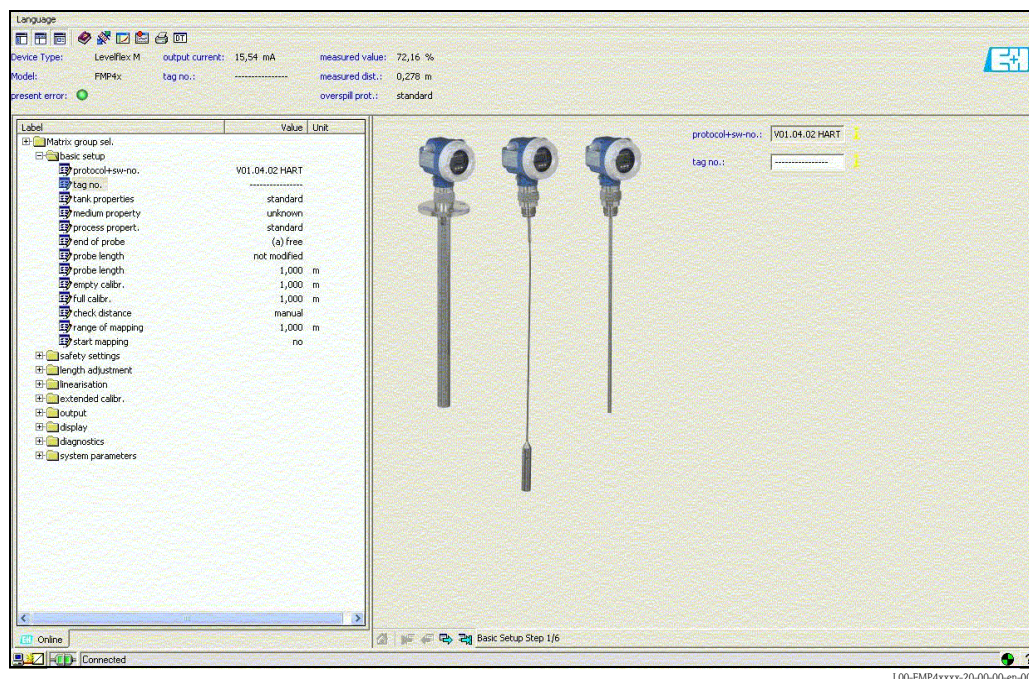
FieldCare supports the following functions:

- Online configuration of transmitters
- Signal analysis via envelope curve
- Tank linearization
- Loading and saving of device data (upload/download)
- Documentation of the measuring point

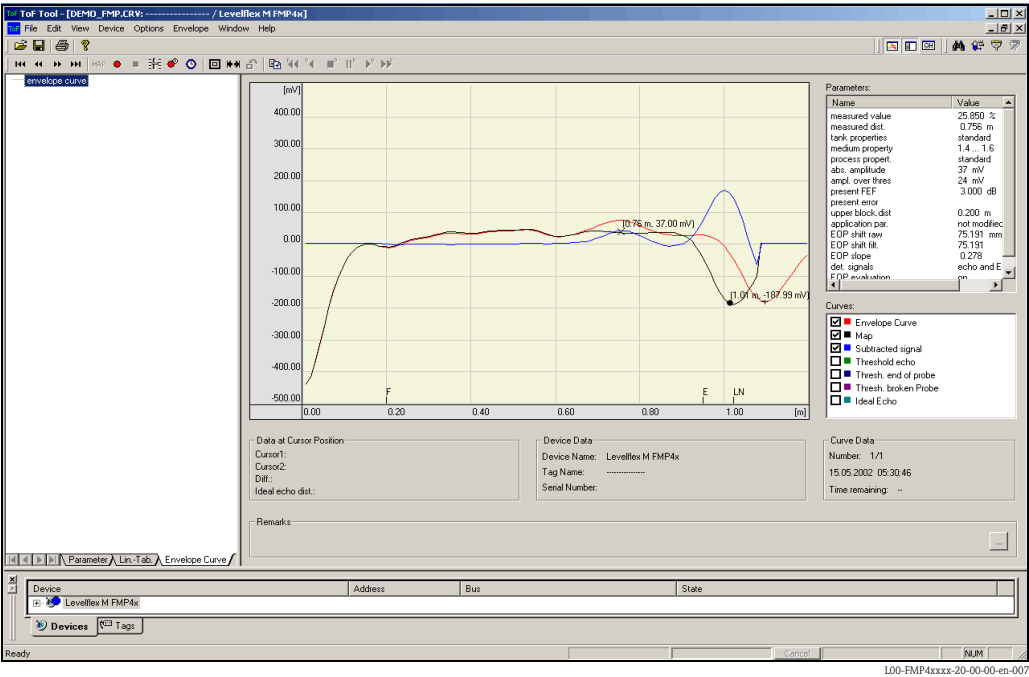
Connection options:

- HART via Commubox FXA195 and the USB port of a computer
- Commubox FXA291 with ToF Adapter FXA291 via service interface.

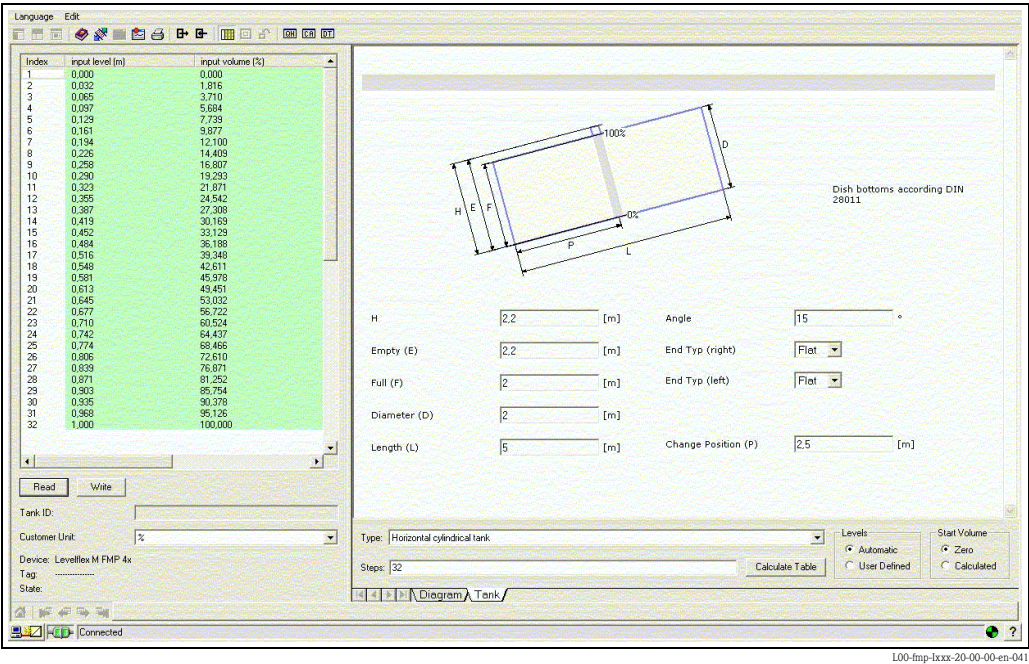
Menu-guided commissioning



Signal analysis via envelope curve



Tank linearization



6 Commissioning

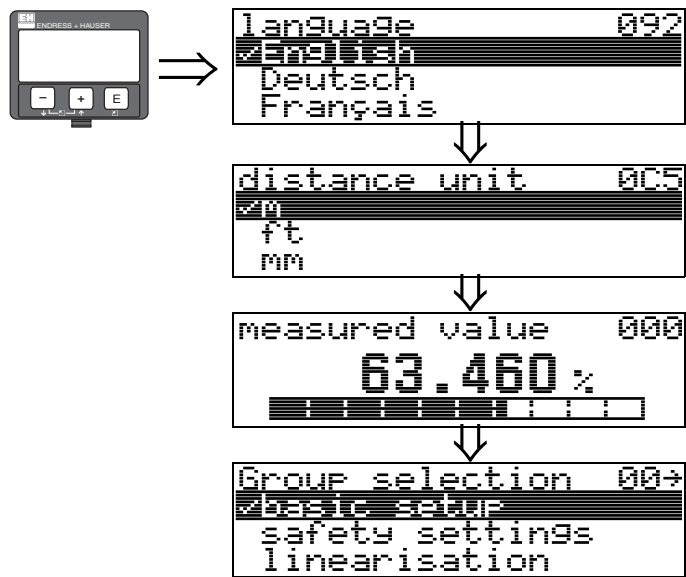
6.1 Function check

Make sure that all final checks have been completed before you start up your measuring point:

- Checklist "Post-installation check", → 20.
- Checklist "Post-connection check", → 29.

6.2 Switching on the measuring device

When the device is switched on for the first time, the following messages appear in a sequence of 5 s on the display: software version, communication protocol and language selection



Select the language (this message appears the first time the device is switched on)

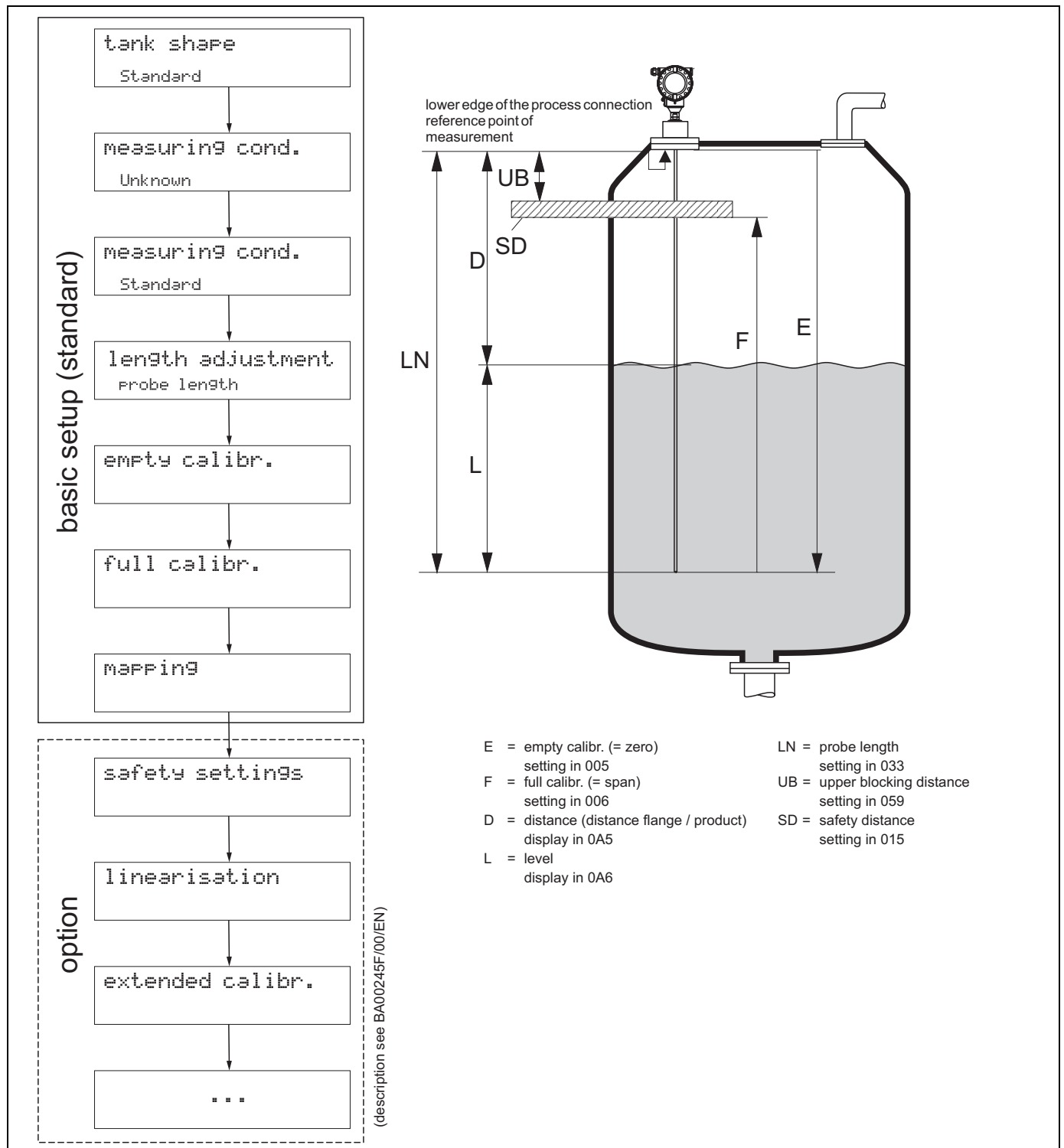
Select the basic unit (this message appears the first time the device is switched on)

The current measured value is displayed

After **E** is pressed, you reach the group selection

This selection enables you to perform the basic setup

6.3 Basic Setup



L00-FMP43xxx-19-00-00-yy-001

**Caution!**

The basic setup is sufficient for successful commissioning in most applications.

The Levelflex is initially adjusted at the factory to the probe length ordered, so that in most cases only the application parameters, that automatically adapt the device to the measuring conditions, need to be entered. For models with current output, the factory adjustment for zero point "E" and span "F" is 4 mA and 20 mA. For digital outputs and the display module, the factory adjustment for zero point "E" and span "F" is 0 % and 100 %.

A linearisation function with max. 32 points, that is based on a manually or semi-automatically input table, can be activated on-site or via remote operation. This function enables, for example, the conversion of the level into units of volume or weight.

**Note!**

The Levelflex M allows to check for broken probe. On delivery, this function is switched off, because otherwise shortening of the probe would be mistaken for a broken probe.

In order to activate this function, perform the following steps:

1. With the probe uncovered, perform a mapping ("**range of mapping**" (052) and "**start mapping**." (053)).
2. Activate the "**broken probe det**" (019) function in the "**safety settings**" (01) function group.

Complex measuring operations necessitate additional functions that the user can use to customise the Levelflex as necessary to suit his specific requirements. The functions available to do this are described in detail in the BA00245F/00/EN.

Comply with the following instructions when configuring the functions in the "**basic setup**" (00):

- Select the functions as described, → 30.
- Certain functions (e.g. starting an interference echo mapping (053)) prompt you to confirm your data entries. Press ☐+ or ☐- to select "**YES**" and press ☐E to confirm. The function is now started.
- If you do not press a key during a configurable time period (→ function group "**display** (09)"), an automatic return is made to the home position (measured value display).

**Note!**

- The device continues to measure while data entry is in progress, i.e. the current measured values are output via the signal outputs in the normal way.
- If the envelope curve mode is active on the display, the measured values are updated in a slower cycle time. Thus, it is advisable to leave the envelope curve mode after the measuring point has been optimised.
- If the power supply fails, all preset and parameterised values remain safely stored in the EEPROM.
- All functions are described in detail, as is the overview of the operating menu itself, in the manual "**BA00245F – Description of Instrument Functions**" on the enclosed CD-ROM.

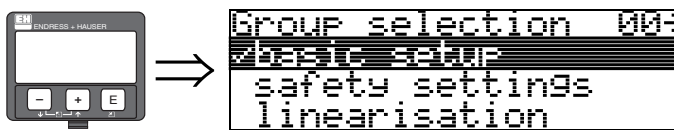
6.4 Basic Setup with the VU331

Function "measured value" (000)

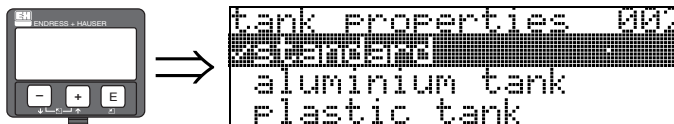


This function displays the current measured value in the selected unit (see "**customer unit**" (042)) function). The number of digits after decimal point can be selected in the "**no.of decimals**" (095) function.

6.4.1 Function group "basic setup" (00)



Function "tank properties" (002)



This function is used to select the tank properties.

Selection:

- **standard**
- aluminium tank
- plastic tank
- bypass / pipe
- coax probe
- concrete wall

standard

The "**standard**" option is recommended for normal containers for rod and rope probes.

aluminium tank

The "**aluminium tank**" option is designed especially for high aluminium silos that cause an increased level of noise when empty. This option is only useful for probes longer than 4 m. For short probes (< 4 m) select the "**standard**" option!



Note!

If "**aluminium tank**" is selected, the device calibrates of its own accord when first filled, depending on the medium's properties. Slope errors can, therefore, occur when beginning the first filling procedure.

plastic tank

Select the "**plastic tank**" option when installing probes in wood or plastic containers **without** metallic surfaces at the process connection (see installation in plastic containers). When using a metallic surface at the process connection, the "**standard**" option is sufficient!



Note!

In principle the employment of a metallic surface area should be preferred at the process connection!

bypass / pipe

The "bypass / pipe" option is designed especially for the installation of probes in a bypass or a stilling well. If this option is selected, the upper blocking distance is preset to 100 mm.

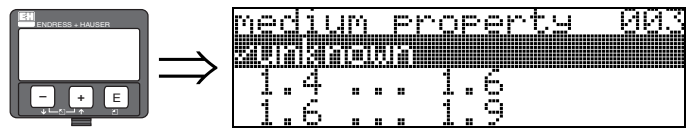
coax probe

Select the "coax probe" option when using a coaxial probe. When this setting is made, the evaluation is adapted to the high sensitivity of the coax probe. This option should, therefore, **not** be selected when using rope or rod probes.

concrete wall

The "concrete wall" option takes into account the signal-damping property of concrete walls when mounting with < 1 m distance to the wall.

Function "medium property" (003)



This function is used to select the dielectric constant.

Selection:

- unknown
- 1.4 ... 1.6 (use coaxial or Rod probe with installation in metallic pipes ≤ DN150)
- 1.6 ... 1.9
- 1.9 ... 2.5
- 2.5 ... 4.0
- 4.0 ... 7.0
- > 7.0

| Media group | DC (εr) | Typical liquids | Measuring range |
|-------------|------------|--|-----------------|
| 1 | 1.4 to 1.6 | – Condensed gases, e.g. N ₂ , CO ₂ | – |
| 2 | 1.6 to 1.9 | – Liquefied gas, e.g. Propane – Solvent – Frigen / Freon – Palm oil | 4 m |
| 3 | 1.9 to 2.5 | – Mineral oils, fuels | |
| 4 | 2.5 to 4 | – Benzene, styrene, toluene – Furan – Naphthalene | |
| 5 | 4 to 7 | – Chlorobenzene, chloroform – Cellulose spray – Isocyanate, aniline | |
| 6 | > 7 | – Aqueous solutions – Alcohols – Ammonia | |

The lower group applies to very loose or loosened bulk solids. Reduction of the max. possible measuring range by means of:

- Extremely loose surfaces of bulk solids, e.g. bulk solids with low piled density when filled pneumatically.
- Build-up, primarily of moist products.



Note!
Due to the high diffusion rate of ammonia it is recommended to use the FMP45 with gas-tight bushing for measurements in this medium.

Function "process propert." (004)



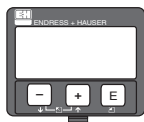
Use this function to adapt the device reaction to the filling speed in the tank. The setting impacts on an intelligent filter.

Selection:

- standard
- fast change
- slow change
- test:no filter

| Selection: | standard | fast change | slow change | test:no filter |
|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Application: | For all normal applications, bulk solids and fluids at low to medium filling speed and sufficiently large tanks. | Small tanks, primarily with fluids, at high filling speeds. | Applications with strong surface movement, e.g. caused by stirrer, primarily large tanks with slow to medium filling speed. | Shortest reaction time: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ For test purposes■ Measurement in small tanks at high filling speeds, if "rapid change" setting is too slow. |
| 2-wire electronics: | Dead time: 4 s Rise time: 18 s | Dead time: 2 s Rise time: 5 s | Dead time: 6 s Rise time: 40 s | Dead time: 1 s Rise time: 0 s |
| 4-wire electronics: | Dead time: 2 s Rise time: 11 s | Dead time: 1 s Rise time: 3 s | Dead time: 3 s Rise time: 25 s | Dead time: 0,7 s Rise time: 0 s |

Function "end of probe" (030)

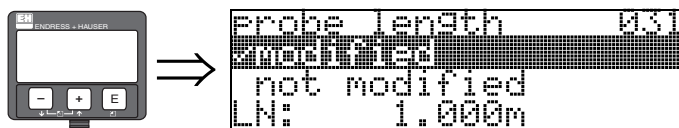


Use this function to select the polarity of the probe end signal. If the probe end is uncovered or in an insulated attachment, there is a negative probe end signal. The signal from the probe end is positive if the attachment is grounded and a metallic centering of probe end is used.

Selection:

- free
- tie down isol.
- tie down gnd.

Function "probe length" (031)



Use this function to select whether the probe length was changed after factory calibration. Only then is it necessary to enter or correct the probe length.

Selection:

- not modified
- modified



Note!

If "modified" was selected in the "**probe length**" (031) function, the probe length is defined in the next step.

Function "probe" (032)



Use this function to select whether the probe is at the time of the commissioning uncovered or covered. If the probe is uncovered, the Levelflex can determine the probe length automatically by the "**determine length**" (034) function. If the probe is covered, a correct entry is required in the "**probe length**" (033) function.

Selection:

- free
- covered

Function "probe length" (033)



Use this function, the probe length can be entered manually.

Function "determine length" (034)



Use this function, the probe length can be determined automatically.

Due to the mounting conditions, the automatically determined probe length may be larger than the actual probe (typically 20 to 30 mm longer). This has no influence on the measuring accuracy. When entering the empty value for a linearisation, please use the "empty calibration" instead of the automatically determined probe length.

Selection:

- length ok
- too short
- too long

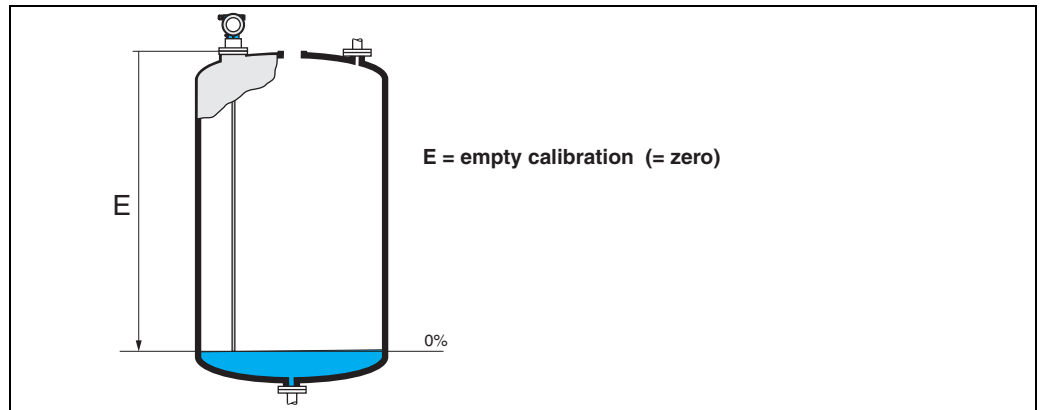
After selection "length too short" or "length too long", the calculation of the new value need approx. 10 s.

Function "empty calibr." (005)



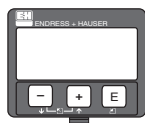
```
empty calibr. 005
1.555 m
distance process
conn. to min. level
```

This function is used to enter the distance from the flange (reference point of the measurement) to the minimum level (= zero).



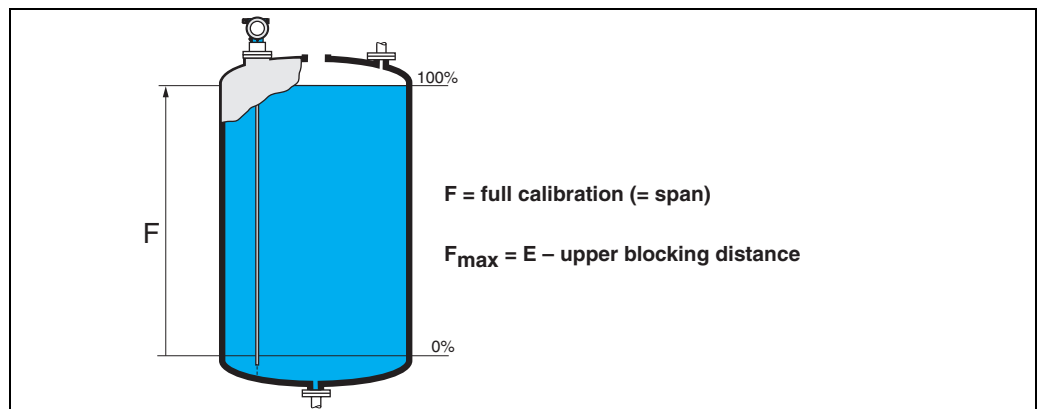
L00-FMP4xxxx-14-00-06-en-008

Function "full calibr." (006)



```
full calibr. 006
1.555 m
span
```

This function is used to enter the distance from the minimum level to the maximum level (= span).



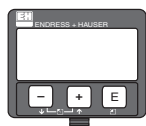
L00-FMP4xxxx-14-00-06-en-009



Note!

The usable measuring range lies between the upper blocking distance and the probe end. The values for empty distance "E" and span "F" can be set independently of this.

Function "dist./meas.value" (008)

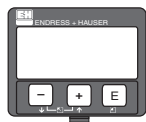


```
dist./meas.value 008
dist:    0.180 m
m.val    102.46 %
```

The **distance** measured from the reference point to the product surface and the **meas. value** calculated with the aid of the empty adjustment are displayed. Check whether the values correspond to the actual meas. value or the actual distance. The following cases can occur:

- Distance correct – meas. value correct → continue with the next function
"check distance" (051)
- Distance correct – meas. value incorrect → Check **"empty calibr." (005)**
- Distance incorrect – meas. value incorrect → continue with the next function
"check distance" (051)

Function "check distance" (051)

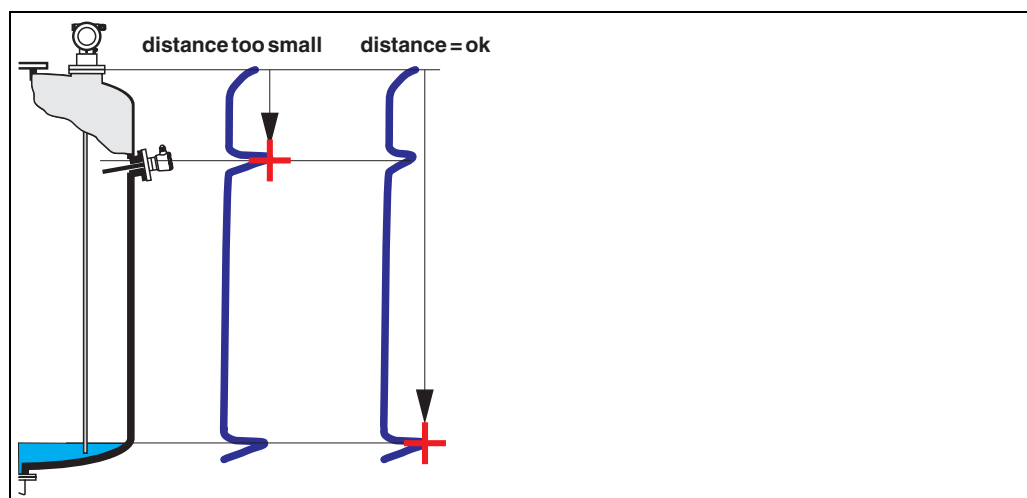


```
check distance 051
dist. unknown
manual
probe free
```

This function triggers the mapping of interference echoes. To do so, the measured distance must be compared with the actual distance to the product surface. The following options are available for selection:

Selection:

- distance = ok
- dist. too small
- dist. too big
- dist. unknown
- **manual**
- probe free



100-FMP4xxxx-14-00-06-en-010

distance = ok

Use this function at part-covered probe. Choosing function **"manual"** or **"probe free"** at free probe.

- mapping is carried out up to the currently measured echo
- The range to be suppressed is suggested in the **"range of mapping" (052)** function

Anyway, it is wise to carry out a mapping even in this case.



Note!

At free probe, the mapping should be confirmed with the choice **"probe free"**.

dist. too small

- At the moment, an interference is being evaluated
- Therefore, a mapping is carried out including the presently measured echoes
- The range to be suppressed is suggested in the **"range of mapping" (052)** function

dist. too big

- This error cannot be remedied by interference echo mapping
- Check the application parameters **(002)**, **(003)**, **(004)** and **"probe length." (031)**

dist. unknown

If the actual distance is not known, no mapping can be carried out.

manual

A mapping is also possible by manual entry of the range to be suppressed. This entry is made in the **"range of mapping" (052)** function.



Caution!

The range of mapping must end 0.3 m (20") before the echo of the actual level. In case of empty vessel it is possible to make a map over the whole probe length.

probe free

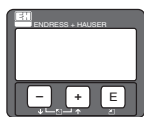
If the probe is uncovered, mapping is carried out along the whole probe length.



Caution!

Only begin mapping in this function if the probe is safely uncovered. Otherwise, the device will not make correct measurements!

Function "range of mapping" (052)

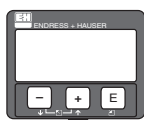


```
range of mapping 052
0.000 m
input of
mapping range
```

This function displays the suggested range of mapping. The reference point is always the reference point of the measurement (→ 41). This value can be edited by the operator.

For manual mapping, the default value is 0,3 m.

Function "start mapping" (053)



```
start mapping 053
xoff
on
```

This function is used to start the interference echo mapping up to the distance given in **"range of mapping" (052)**.

Selection:

- **off**: no mapping is carried out
- **on**: mapping is started

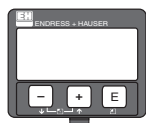
Function "dist./meas.value" (008)



```
dist./meas.value 008
dist.      2.463 m
meas.v.    63.422 %
```

The distance measured from the reference point to the product surface and the meas. value calculated with the aid of the empty alignment are displayed again. Check whether the values correspond to the actual meas. value or the actual distance. The following cases can occur:

- Distance correct – meas. value correct → basic setup completed
- Distance incorrect – meas. value incorrect → a further interference echo mapping must be carried out "**check distance**" (051)
- Distance correct – meas. value incorrect → check "**empty calibr**" (005)



```
Return to
Group Selection
```



```
Group selection 00+
✓basic setup
safety settings
length adjustment
```

After 3 s, the following message appears

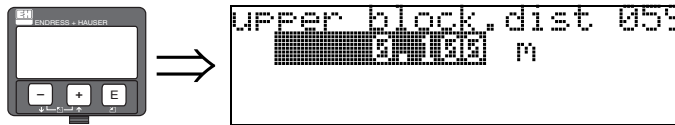


Note!

After the basic setup, an evaluation of the measurement with the aid of the envelope curve ("**envelope curve**" (0E) function group) is recommended (→ 53).

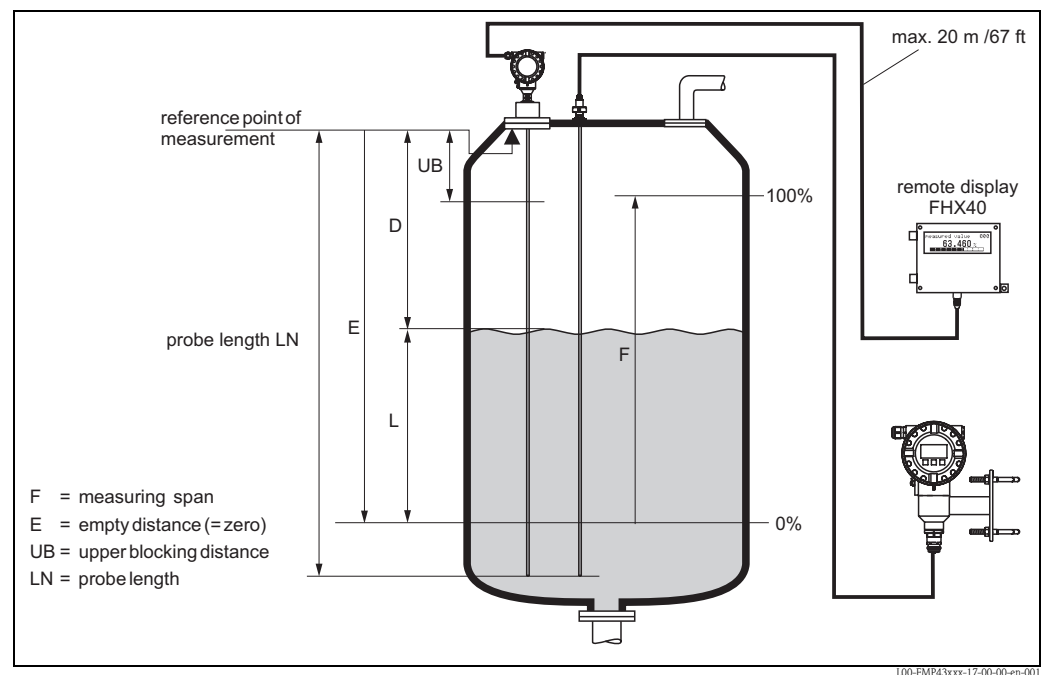
6.5 Blocking distance

Function "upper block. dist" (059)



For rod probes and for rope probes with lengths of up to 8 m, the upper blocking distance is preset to 0.2 m on delivery.

The upper blocking distance (= UB) is the minimum distance from the reference point of the measurement (lower edge of the process connection) to the maximum level. At the lowest part of the probe an exact measurement is not possible, see "Performance characteristics", → 75.



Reference point of measurement, details → 41

The blocking distance can be reduced if the probe is mounted flush with the wall or in a nozzle, max. 50 mm in height.

When using a spray ball the blocking distance may not be smaller than 50 mm.

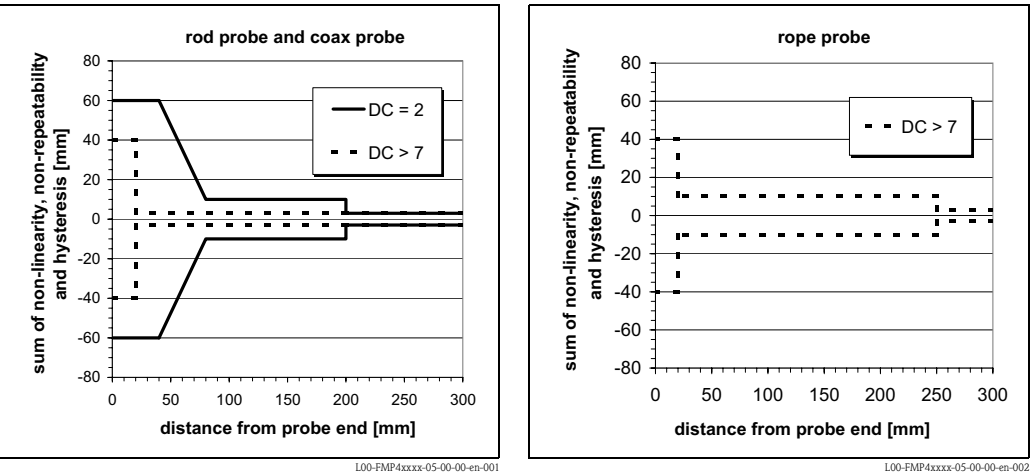
Maximum measured error

Typical statements for reference conditions:
DIN EN 61298-2, percentage of the span.

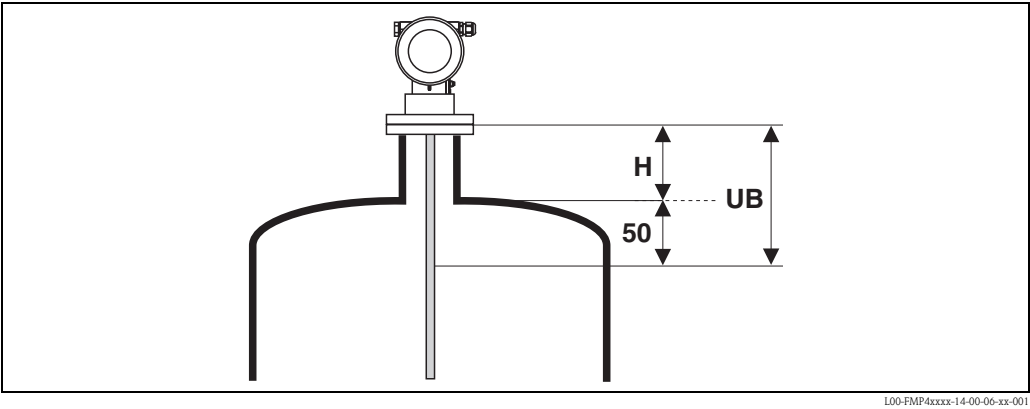
| Output: | digital | analogue |
|--|---------|----------|
| sum of non-linearity, non-repeatability and hysteresis | ±3 mm | ± 0.06 % |
| Offset / Zero | ±4 mm | ± 0.03 % |

If the reference conditions are not met, the offset/zero arising from the mounting situation may be up to ±12 mm. This additional offset/zero can be compensated for by entering a correction (function **"offset" (057)**) during commissioning.

Differing from this , the following measuring error is present in the vicinity of the probe end:



Note!
Please reenter the blocking distance in the function group **"extended calibr." (05)** function **"upper block.dist" (059)** when installing the device in a high nozzle:
upper blocking distance (UB) = nozzle height (H) + 50 mm.



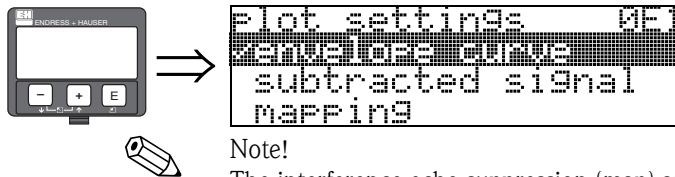
6.6 Envelope curve with VU331

After the basic setup, an evaluation of the measurement with the aid of the envelope curve ("envelope curve" (0E)) function group) is recommended.).

6.6.1 Function "plot settings" (0E1)

Here you can select which information is shown on the display:

- **envelope curve**
- subtracted signal
- mapping



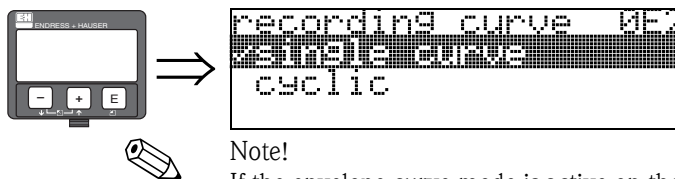
Note!

The interference echo suppression (map) are explained in BA00245F/00/EN "Description of Instrument Functions".

6.6.2 Function "recording curve" (0E2)

This function determines whether the envelope curve is read as

- **single curve** or
- cyclic

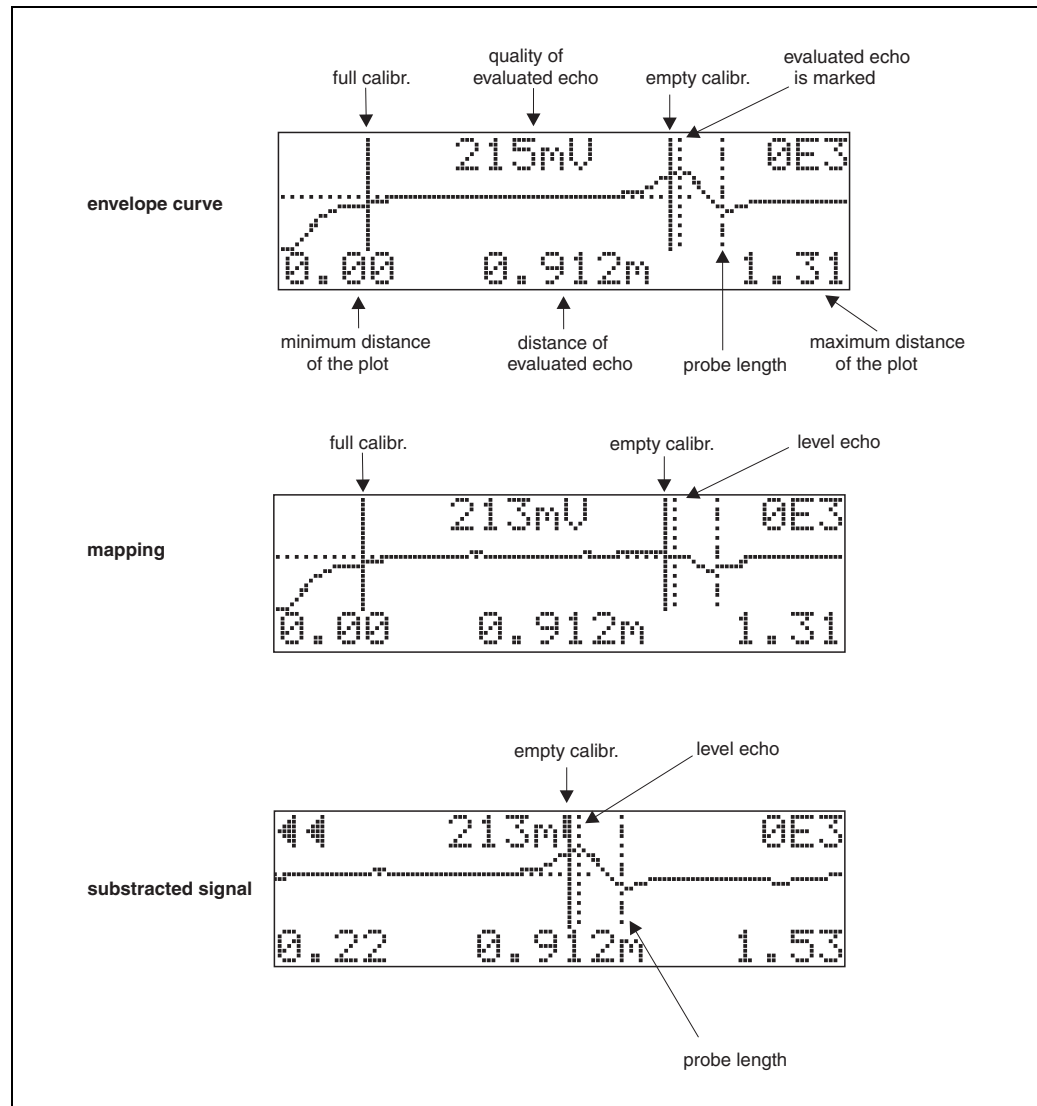


Note!

If the envelope curve mode is active on the display, the measured values are updated in a slower cycle time. Thus, it is advisable to leave the envelope curve mode after the measuring point has been optimised.

6.7 Function "envelope curve display" (0E3)

You can obtain the following information from the envelope curve display in this function:



L00-FMPxxxxx-07-00-00-en-003

6.7.1 Envelope curve

The Levelflex emits individual pulses in quick succession and scans their reflection with a slightly variable delay. The energy values received are ordered by their time-of-flight. The graphic representation of this sequence is known as an "envelope curve".

6.7.2 Mapping (empty curve) and difference curve

To suppress interference signals, the envelope curve is not directly evaluated in the Levelflex.

The mapping (empty curve) is first subtracted from the envelope curve.

The system looks for level echoes in the resulting difference curve.

Difference curve = envelope curve - mapping (empty curve)

The mapping (empty curve) should be a good representation of the probe and the empty tank or silo. Ideally, only the signals from the medium being measured remain in the difference curve.

6.7.3 Mapping

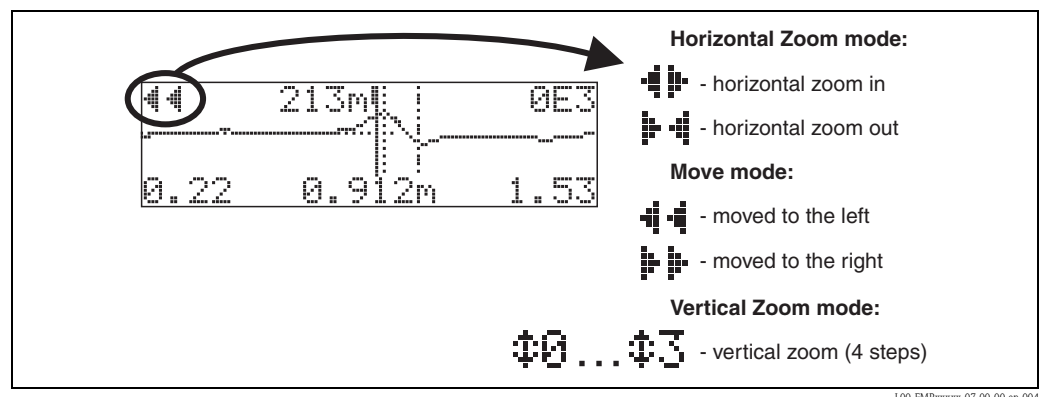
- **Factory mapping**
Mapping (empty curve) is already available in the device when the device is delivered.
- **Customer mapping**
In a partially filled state, the distance up to 10 cm before the actual total level can be mapped (range of mapping = actual distance from total level - 10 cm), or values > LN can be mapped in the case of empty tanks.
- **Dynamic mapping**
It is not static like factory and customer-specific interference echo suppression. Instead, it follows directly from static mapping and constantly adapts to the changing features of the probe environment during ongoing operation. Thus, dynamic mapping does not have to be recorded explicitly.

6.7.4 Echo threshold

Maximum points in the difference curve are only accepted as reflection signals if they are above a specified threshold. This threshold depends on the location and is automatically calculated from the ideal echo curve of the probe used. The calculation of the threshold in question depends on the "Installation" customer parameter in the extended calibration function.

6.7.5 Navigation in the envelope curve display

Using navigation, the envelope curve can be scaled horizontally and vertically and shifted to the left or the right. The active navigation mode is indicated by a symbol in the top left hand corner of the display.

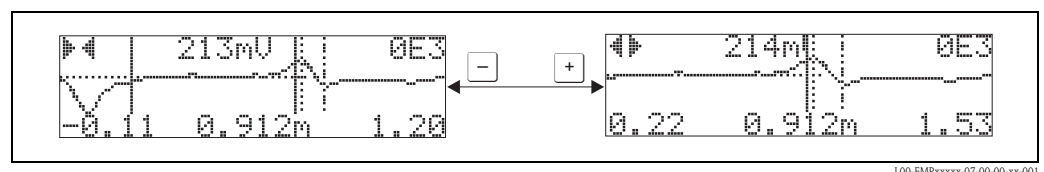


Horizontal-Zoom-Modus

Press \oplus or \ominus , to switch to the envelope curve navigation. You are then in Horizontal Zoom mode. Either $\leftarrow\leftarrow$ or $\rightarrow\rightarrow$ is displayed.

You now have the following options:

- \oplus increases the horizontal scale.
- \ominus decreases the horizontal scale.

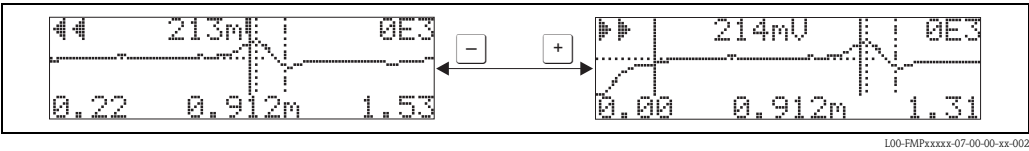


Move-Modus

Then press **[E]**, to switch to Move mode. Either **⏮** or **⏭** is displayed.

You now have the following options:

- **+** shifts the curve to the right.
- **-** shifts the curve to the left.



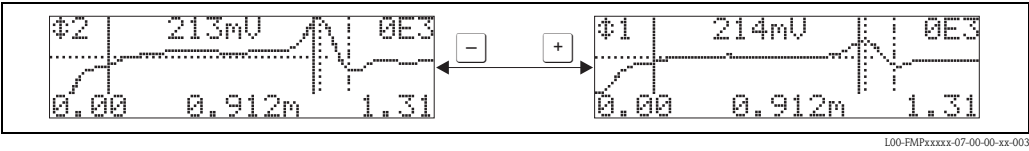
Vertical-Zoom-Modus

Press **[E]**, once more to switch to Vertical Zoom mode. **⌕1** is displayed.

You now have the following options:

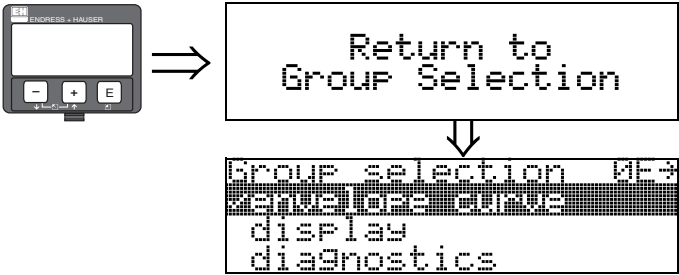
- **+** increases the vertical scale.
- **-** decreases the vertical scale.

The display icon shows the current zoom factor (**⌕0** to **⌕3**).



Exiting the navigation

- Press **[E]** again to run through the different modes of the envelope curve navigation.
- Press **+** and **-** to exit the navigation. The set increases and shifts are retained. Only when you reactivate the **"recording curve"(0E2)** function does the Levelflex use the standard display again.



After 3 s, the following message appears

6.8 Basic setup with the Endress+Hauser operating program

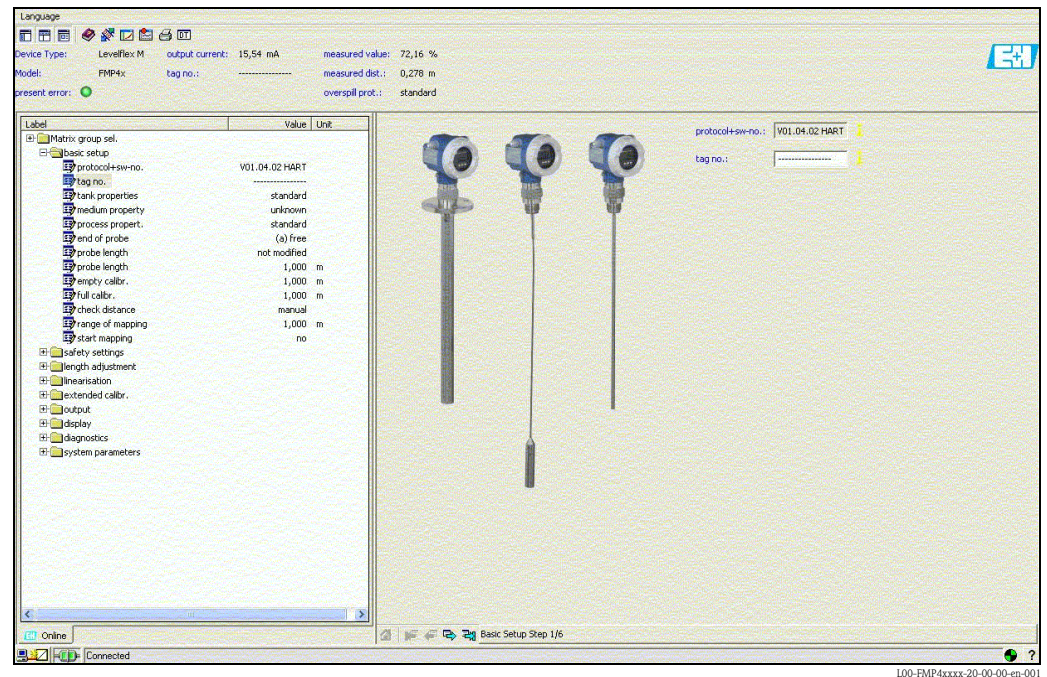
To carry out the basic setup with the operating program, proceed as follows:

- Start the operating program and establish a connection.
- Select the "**basic setup**" function group in the navigation window.

The following display appears on the screen:

Basic setup step 1/6:

- Status image
- The TAG number can be entered.

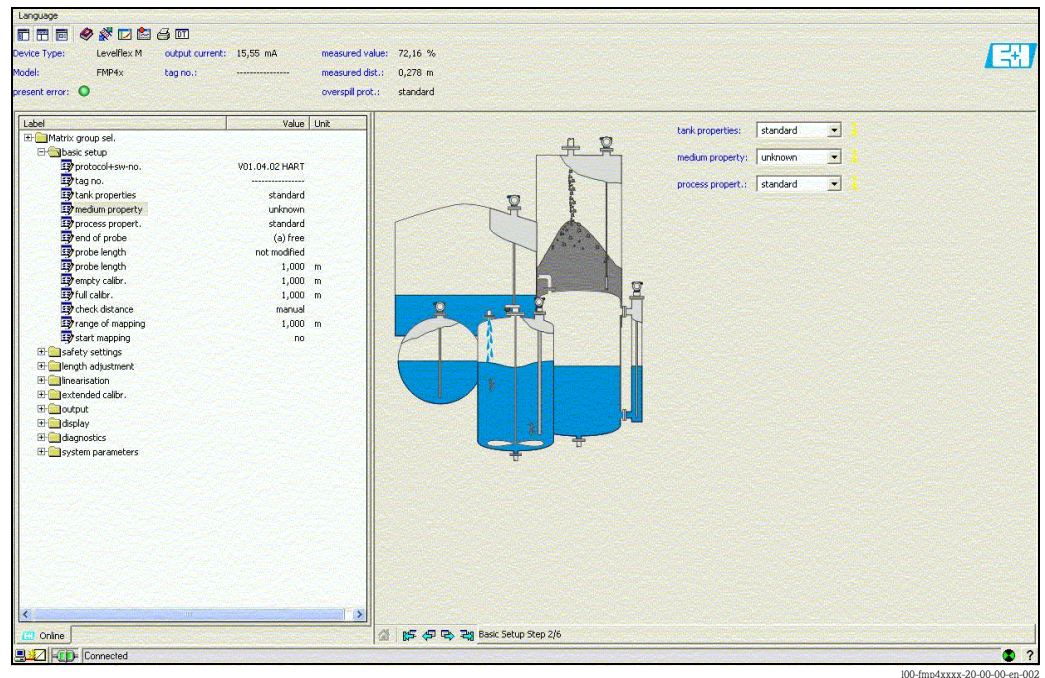


Note!

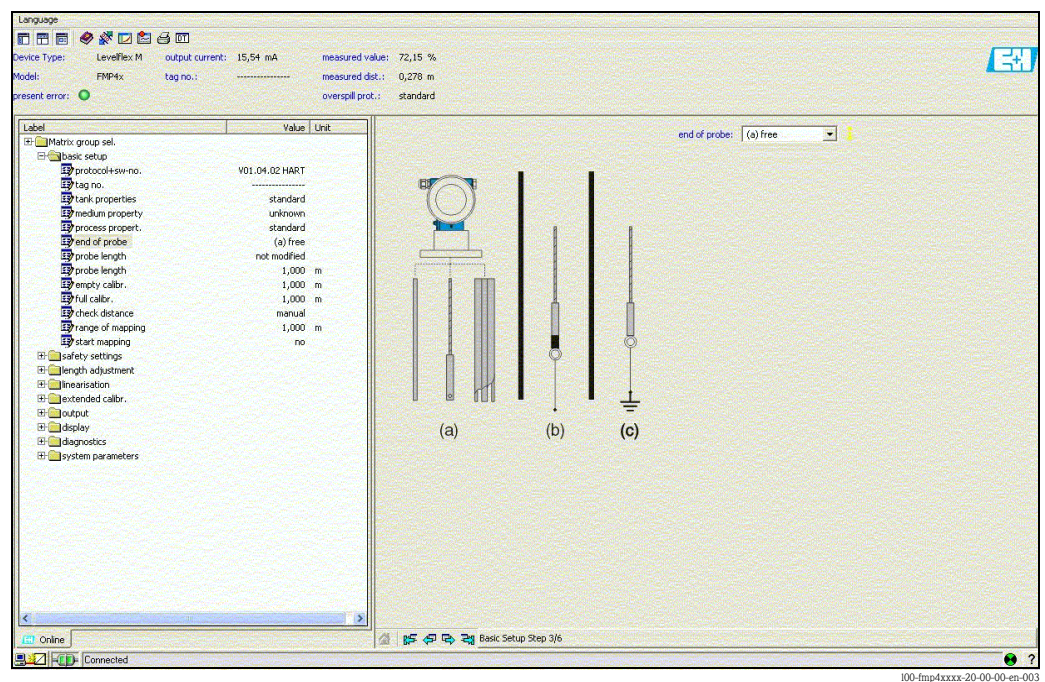
- Each parameter that is changed must be confirmed with the **RETURN** key!
- The "**Next**" button takes you to the next screen:

Basic setup step 2/6:

- Enter the application parameters (see chapter basic setup with "VU331"):
 - Tank properties
 - Medium properties
 - Process properties

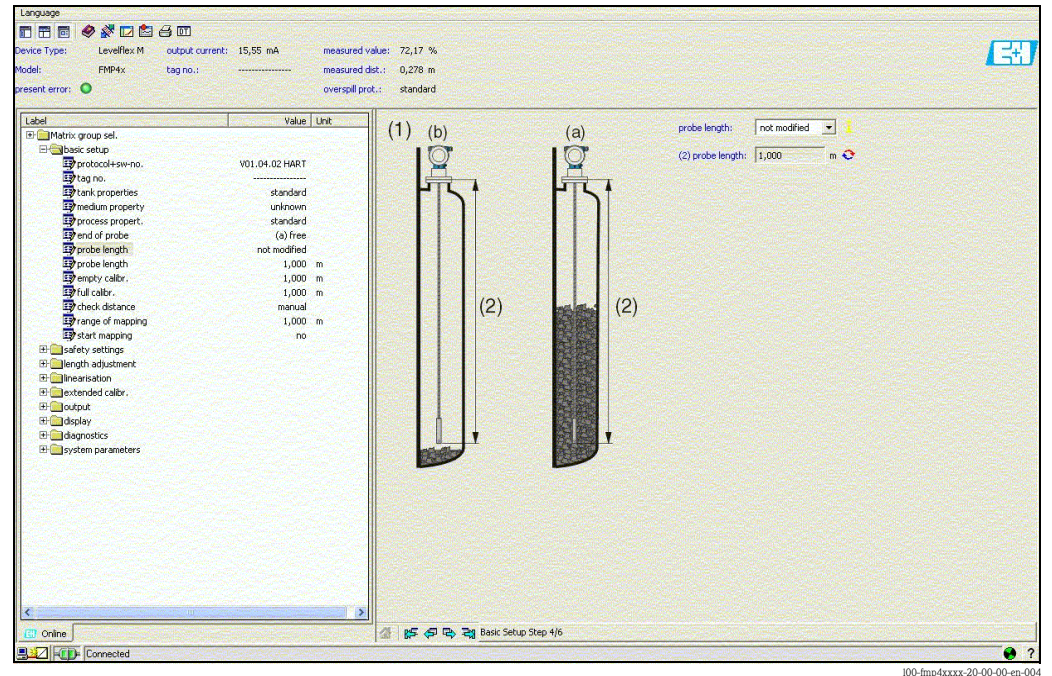
**Basic setup step 3/6:**

- Enter the application parameters (see chapter basic setup with "VU331"):
 - End of probe



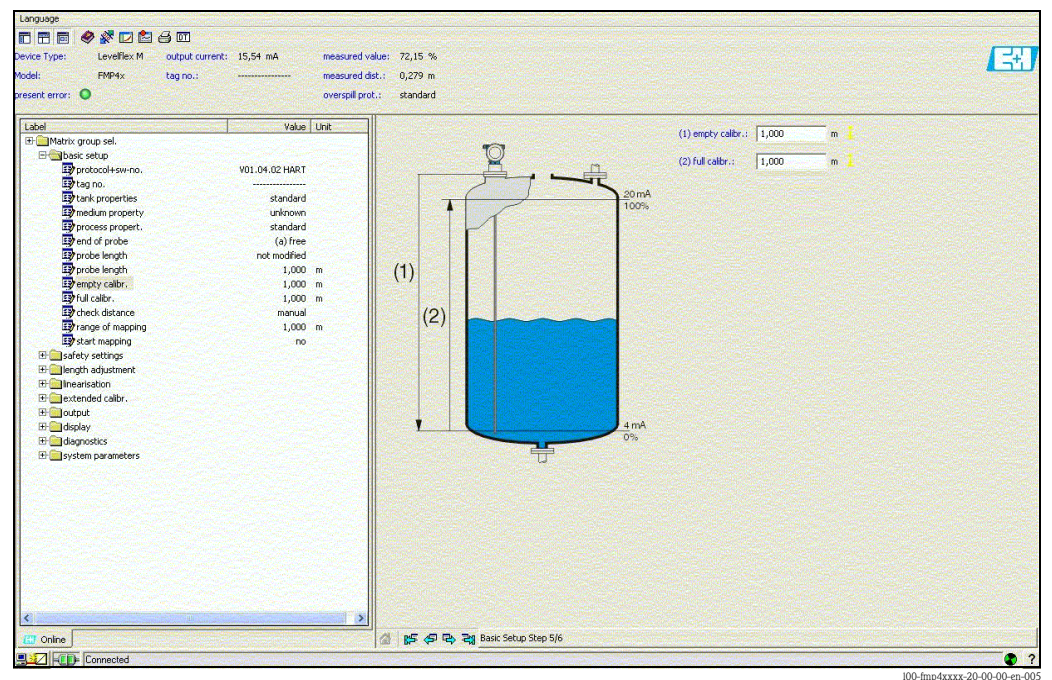
Basic setup step 4/6:

- Enter the application parameters (see chapter basic setup with "VU331"):
 - Probe length
 - Probe
 - Probe length
 - Determine length



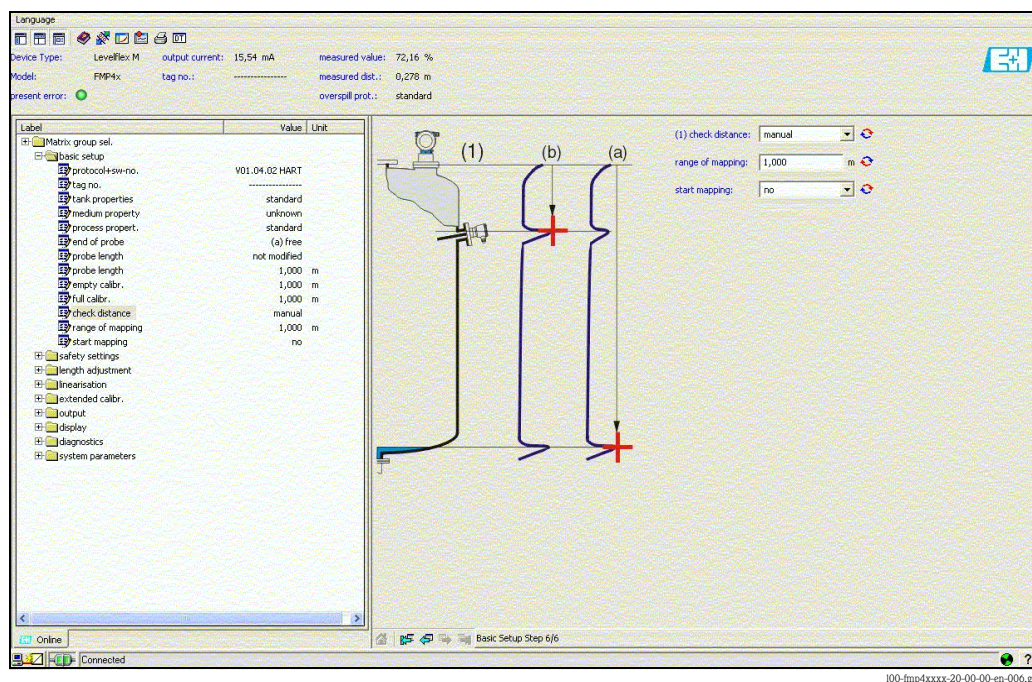
Basic setup step 5/6:

- Enter the application parameters (see chapter basic setup with "VU331"):
 - Empty calibration
 - Full calibration

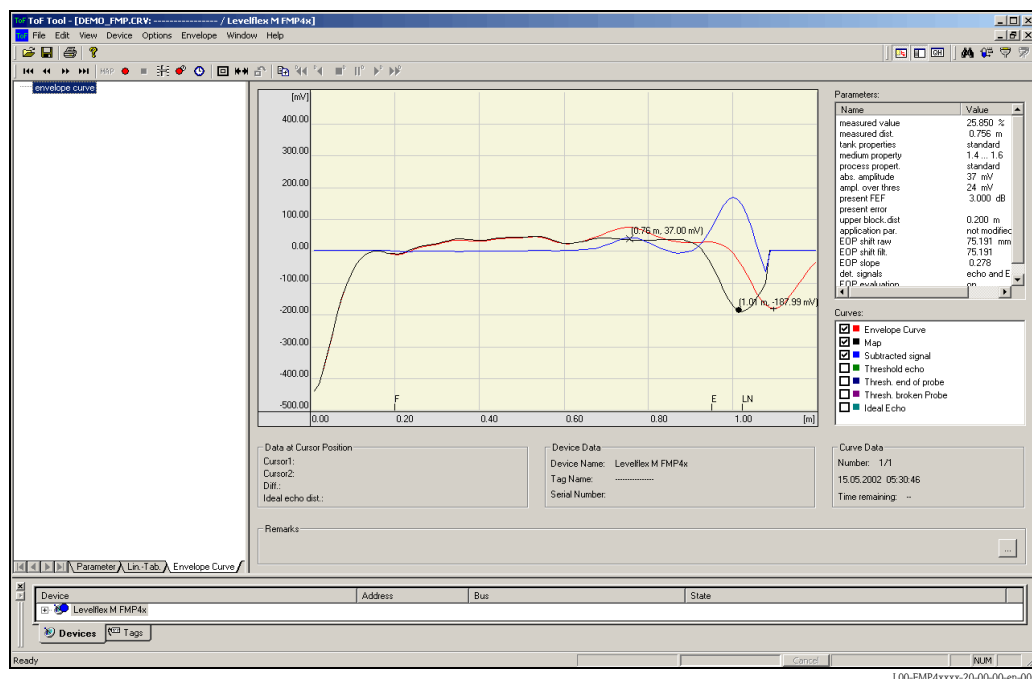


Basic setup step 6/6:

- Interference echo suppression takes place in this step
- The measured distance and the current measured value are always displayed in the header

**6.8.1 Signal analysis via envelope curve**

After the basic setup, it is recommended to evaluate the measurement with the aid of the envelope curve.



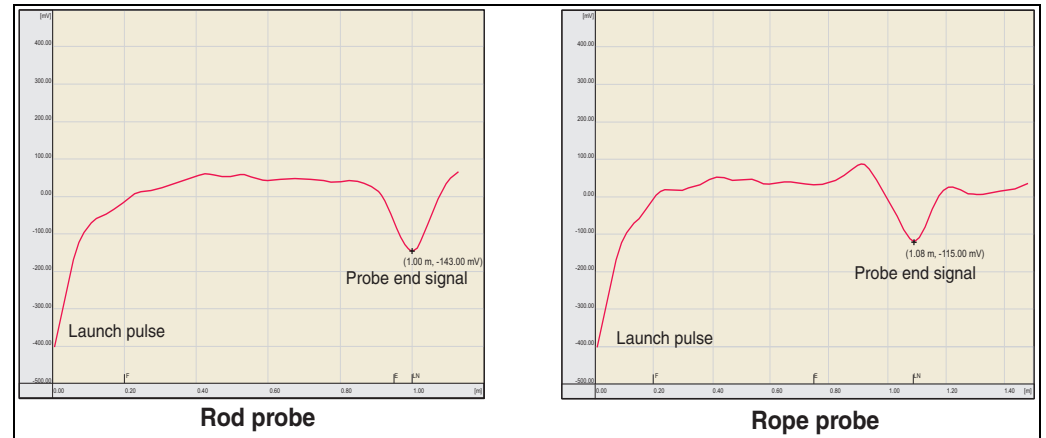
Note!

In the event of severe interference echoes, installing the Levelflex at another point can optimize the measurement routine.

Evaluating the measurement with the aid of the envelope curve

Typical curve shapes:

The following examples display typical curve shapes for a rope or rod probe in an empty tank. For all probe types, a negative probe end signal is shown. For rope probes, the end weight causes an additional preliminary positive echo (see rope probe diagram).

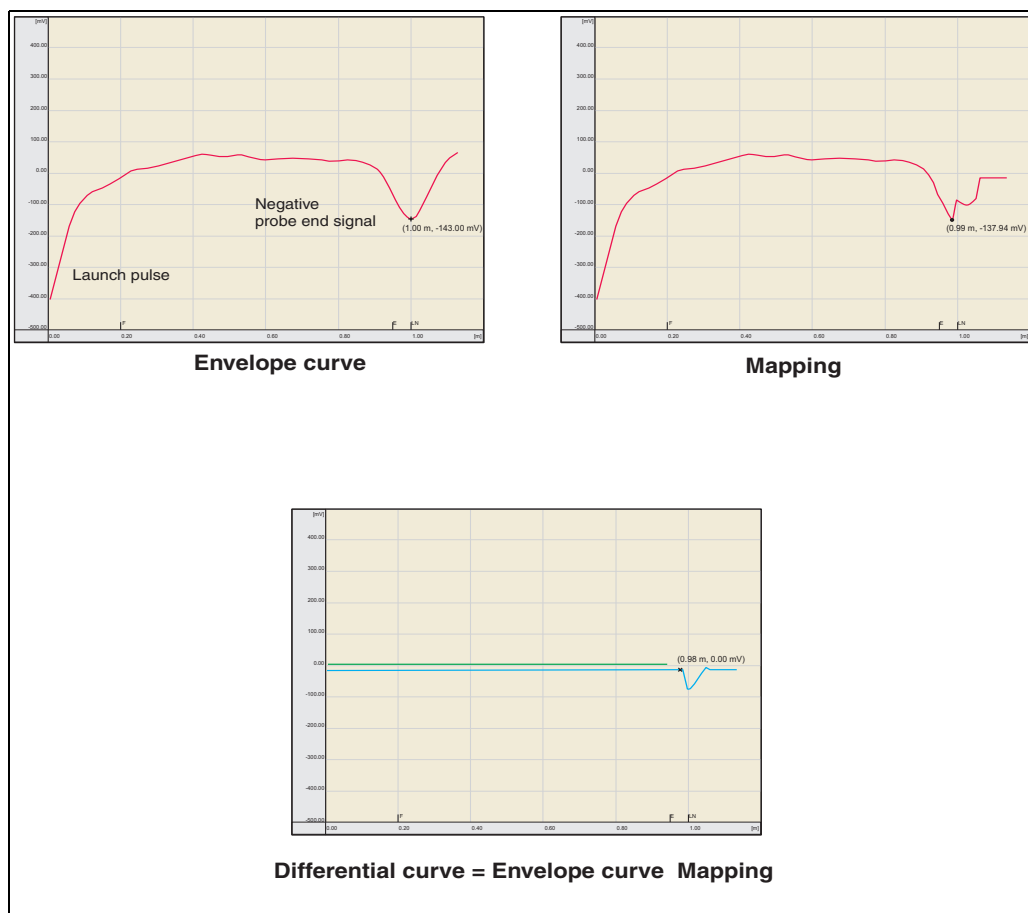


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Level echoes are indicated as positive signals in the envelope curve. Interference echoes can be both positive (e.g. reflections from internals) and negative (e.g. nozzles). The envelope curve, the map and the differential curve are used for the evaluation. Level echoes are searched for in the differential curve.

Evaluating the measurement:

- The map must correspond to the course of the envelope curve (for rod probes up to approx. 5 cm and for rope probes up to approx. 25 cm before the end of the probe) when the tank is empty.
- Amplitudes in the differential curve should be at a level of 0 mV when the tank is empty and lie within the span that is specified by the probe-specific blocking distances. In order to not detect any interference echoes, there must be no signals that exceed the echo threshold when the tank is empty.
- For partially-filled tanks, the map may only differ from the envelope curve at the position of the level echo. The level signal is then detected unequivocally as a positive signal in the differential curve. For detecting the level echo, the amplitude must lie above the echo threshold.



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6.8.2 User-specific applications (operation)

For details of setting the parameters of user-specific applications, see separate documentation BA00245F/00/EN "Description of Instrument Functions" on the enclosed CD-ROM.


7 Maintenance

The Levelflex M measuring device requires no special maintenance.

7.1 Exterior cleaning

When cleaning the Levelflex M, always use cleaning agents that do not attack the surface of the housing and the seals.

7.2 Repair

The Endress+Hauser repair concept assumes that the measuring devices have a modular design and that customers are able to undertake repairs themselves ("Spare Parts", →  72). Please contact Endress+Hauser Service for further information on service and spare parts.

7.3 Repairs to Ex-approved devices

When carrying out repairs to Ex-approved devices, please note the following:

- Repairs to Ex-approved devices may only be carried out by trained personnel or by Endress+Hauser Service.
- Comply with the prevailing standards, national Ex-area regulations, safety instructions (XA) and certificates.
- Only use genuine spare parts from Endress+Hauser.
- When ordering a spare part, please note the device designation on the nameplate. Only replace parts with identical parts.
- Carry out repairs according to the instructions. On completion of repairs, carry out the specified individual test on the device.
- Only Endress+Hauser Service may convert a certified device into a different certified version.
- Document all repair work and conversions.

7.4 Replacement

After a complete Levelflex M or electronic module has been replaced, the parameters can be downloaded into the device again via the communication interface. To do so, the data have to have been uploaded to the PC beforehand using the FieldCare.

Measurement can continue without having to carry out a new calibration.

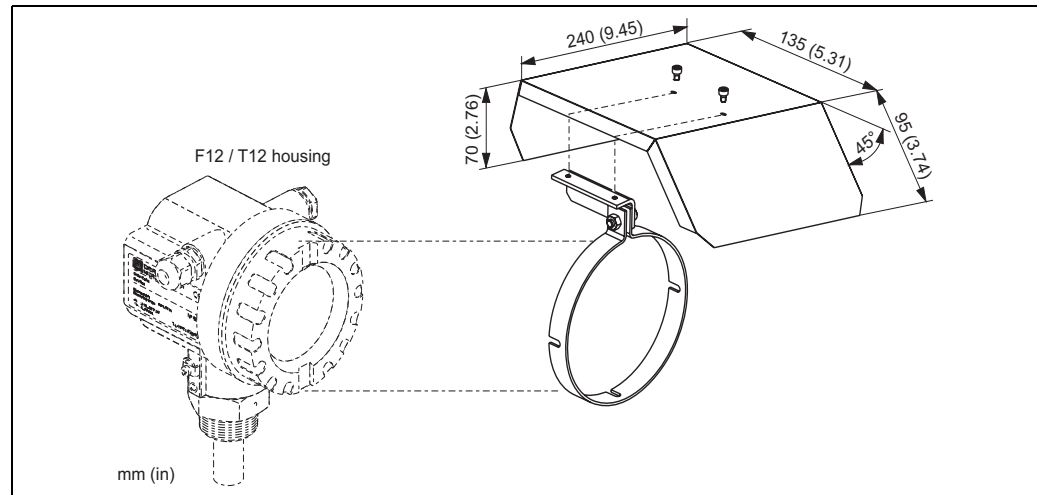
- You may have to activate linearization (see BA00245F/00/EN on the enclosed CD-ROM.)
- New interference echo suppression (see Basic setup)

After a probe or the electronics have been replaced, a new calibration must be carried out. This is described in the repair instructions.

8 Accessories

8.1 Weather protection cover

A weather protection cover made of stainless steel is recommended for outdoor mounting (order No: 543199-0001). The shipment includes the protective cover and tension clamp.



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8.2 Weld-in adapter

Welding adapter with M24xof 1.5 - threads for the front-concise assembly of the sensor.

Material:

corrosion-resistant steel AISI 316L (1.4435)

Weight: 0.22 kg

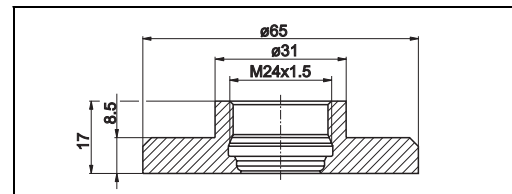
For details refer to BA00361F/00/A6.

■ Standard:

Order No.: 71041381

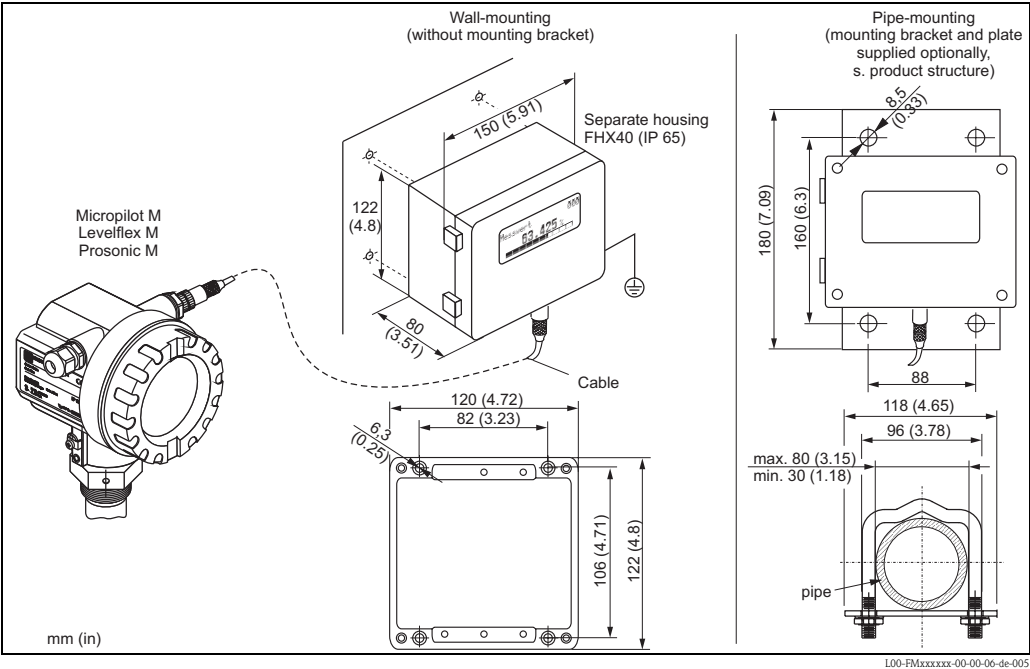
■ With 3.1 inspection certificate:

Order No.: 71041383



L00-FMP43xxxx-06-00-00-xx-016

8.3 Remote display and operation FHX40



Technical data (cable and housing) and product structure:

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| Max. cable length | 20 m (65 ft) |
| Temperature range | -30 °C to +70 °C (-22 °F to +158 °F) |
| Degree of protection | IP65/67(housing); IP68 (cable) acc. to IEC 60529 |
| Materials | Housing: AlSi12; cable glands: nickle plated brass |
| Dimensions [mm (in)] | 122x150x80 (4.8x5.9x3.2) / HxWxD |

| | | |
|---------|--------------------|--|
| 010 | Approval: | |
| | A | Non-hazardous area |
| | 2 | ATEX II 2G Ex ia IIC T6 |
| | 3 | ATEX II 2D Ex ia IIIC T80°C |
| | G | IECEx Zone1 Ex ia IIC T6/T5 |
| | S | FM IS Cl. I Div.1 Gr. A-D, zone 0 |
| | U | CSA IS Cl. I Div.1 Gr. A-D, zone 0 |
| | N | CSA General Purpose |
| | K | TIIS Ex ia IIC T6 |
| | C | NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6/T5 |
| | Y | Special version, TSP-No. to be spec. |
| 020 | Cable: | |
| | 1 | 20m / 65ft (> for HART) |
| | 5 | 20m / 65ft (> for PROFIBUS PA/FOUNDATION Fieldbus) |
| | 9 | Special version, TSP-No. to be spec. |
| 030 | Additional option: | |
| | A | Basic version |
| | B | Mounting bracket, pipe 1" / 2" |
| | Y | Special version, TSP-No. to be spec. |
| FHX40 - | | Complete product designation |

For connection of the remote display FHX40 use the cable which fits the communication version of the respective device.

8.4 Commubox FXA195 HART

For intrinsically safe HART communication with FieldCare via the USB port.
For details refer to TI00404F/00/EN.

8.5 Commubox FXA291

The Commubox FXA291 connects Endress+Hauser field devices with CDI interface (= Endress+Hauser Common Data Interface) to the USB interface of a personal computer or a notebook. For details refer to TI00405C/07/EN.



Note!

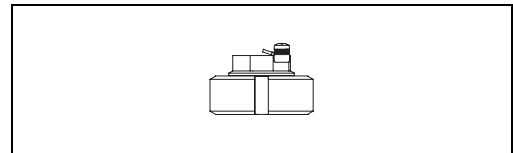
For the device you need the "ToF Adapter FXA291" as an additional accessory.

8.6 ToF Adapter FXA291

The ToF Adapter FXA291 connects the Commubox FXA291 via the USB interface of a personal computer or a notebook to the device. For details refer to KA00271F/00/A2.

8.7 Protective cover

With the protective cover the probe can be locked with dismantled electronics.
For details refer to BA00362F/00/A6.
Order No.: 71041379



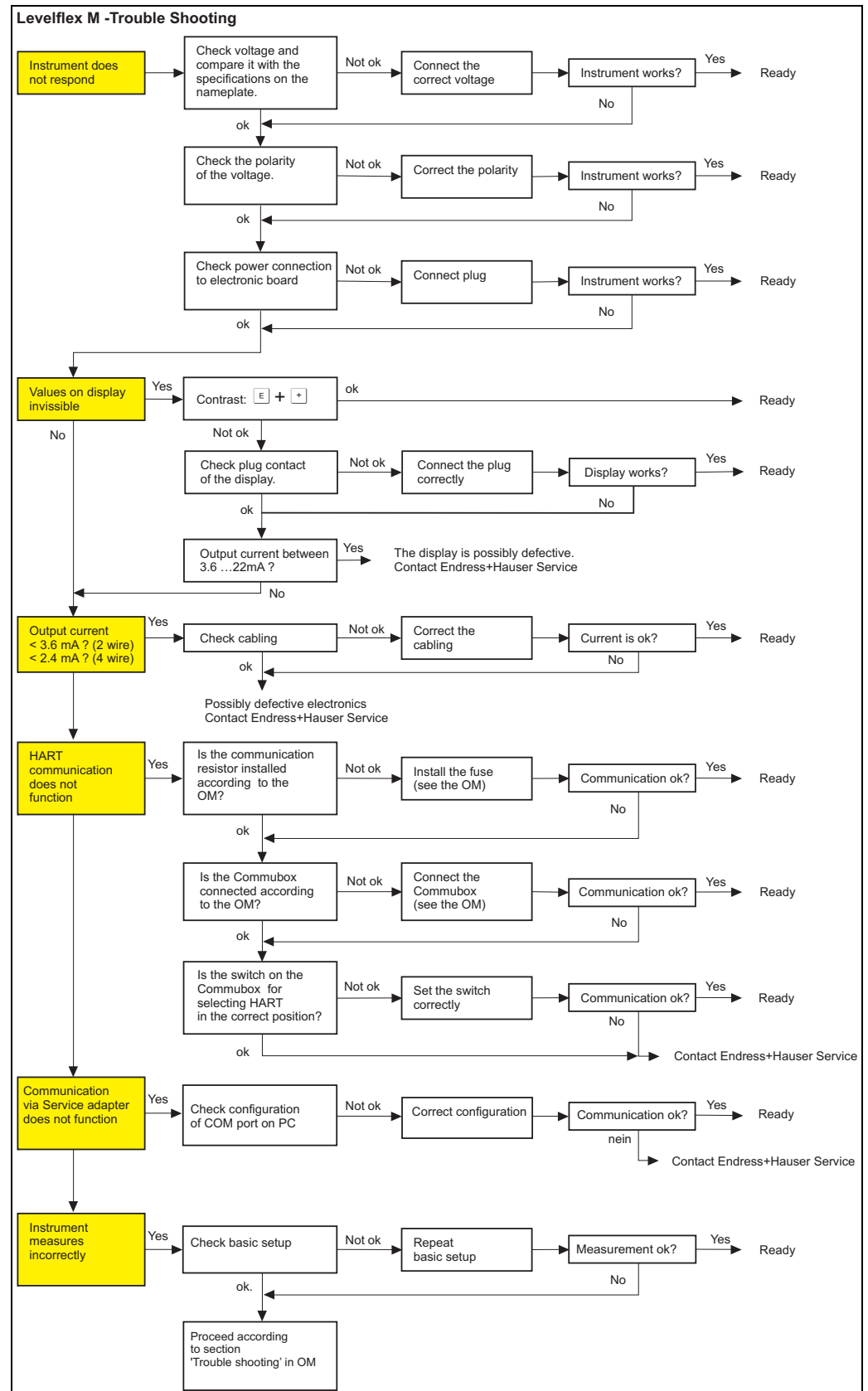
L00-FMP43xxx-06-00-00-xx-016

8.8 Calibration kit

The calibration kit is used to regularly test the accuracy and reproducibility of the Levelflex M FMP43 level measurement device. For details refer to BA00360F/00/EN.
Order No.: 71041382

9 Troubleshooting

9.1 Troubleshooting instructions



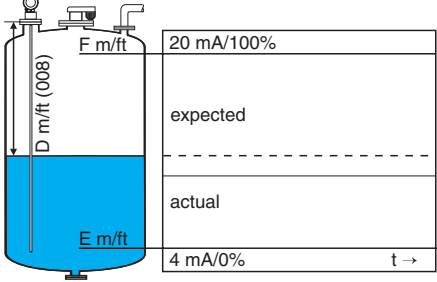
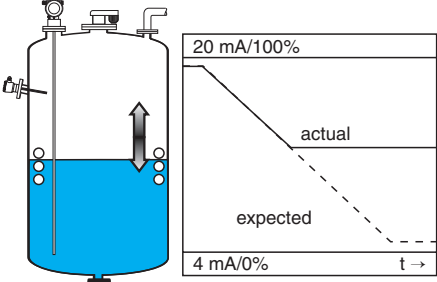
L00-FMP4xxxx-19-00-00-en-100

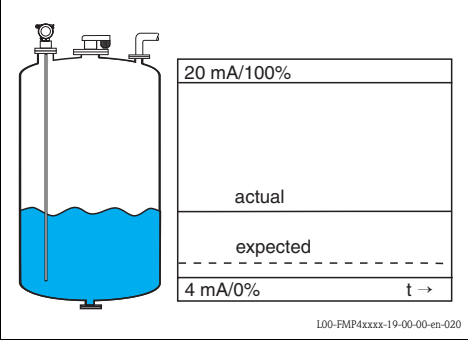
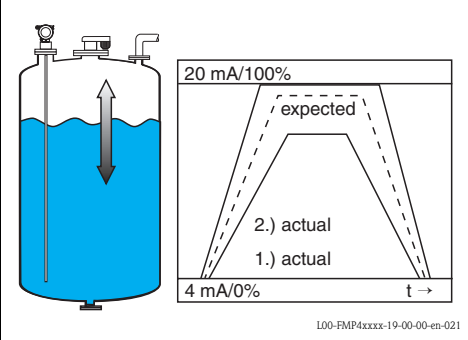
9.2 System error messages

| Code | Description | Possible cause | Remedy |
|------|--|--|--|
| A102 | checksum error total reset & new calibr. required. | device was switched off before data were stored; EMC problem; EEPROM defective | reset avoid EMC problems; if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| W103 | initializing – please wait | EEPROM storage not yet finished | wait a few seconds; if warning prevails, exchange electronics |
| A106 | downloading – please wait | downloading data | wait, message disappears after downloading operation |
| A110 | checksum error total reset & new calibr. required. | device was switched off before data were stored; EMC problem; EEPROM defective | reset avoid EMC problems; if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A111 | electronics defective | RAM defective | reset if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A113 | electronics defective | ROM defective | reset if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A114 | electronics defective | EEPROM defective | reset if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A115 | electronics defective | general hardware problem | reset if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A116 | download error repeat download | checksum of stored data not correct | restart download of data |
| A121 | electronics defective | no factory calibration available; EEPROM cleared | contact service |
| W153 | initializing – please wait | initialization of electronics | wait a few seconds; if warning prevails, switch power off and on again |
| A160 | checksum error total reset & new calibr. required. | device was switched off before data were stored; EMC problem; EEPROM defective | reset avoid EMC problems; if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A164 | electronics defective | hardware problem | reset if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A171 | electronics defective | hardware problem | reset if alarm prevails after reset, exchange electronics |
| A221 | probe pulse deviates from normal values | HF module or cable between HF module and electronics defective | check contacts on HF module if fault cannot be eliminated: replace HF module |
| A241 | Broken probe | rod probe broken, rope probe broken/torn or value entered for probe length is too long | check the probe length in 033, check the probe mechanically, if the probe is broken, change the probe or change to a non contact system |
| | | probe break monitoring enabled without mapping beforehand | disable probe break monitoring, perform mapping and then reactivate probe break monitoring |

| Code | Description | Possible cause | Remedy |
|------|--|--|---|
| A251 | feedthrough | lost contact in the process feedthrough | replace process feedthrough |
| A261 | HF cable defective | HF cable defective or HF connector loose | check HF connector, replace cable if defective |
| W275 | offset too high | temperature at the electronics too high or HF module defective | check temperature, replace HF module if defective |
| W512 | recording of mapping - please wait | recording active | wait a few seconds until alarm disappears |
| W601 | linearization ch1 curve not monotone | linearization not monotonously increasing | correct linearization table |
| W611 | less than 2 linearization points for channel 1 | number of entered linearization points < 2 | correct linearization table |
| W621 | simulation ch. 1 on | simulation mode is active | switch off simulation mode |
| E641 | no usable echo channel 1 check calibr. | echo lost due to application conditions or buildup on probe | check basic setup; clean probe (see Operating Instructions, Troubleshooting) |
| W650 | signal/noise ratio too low or no echo | noise amplitude too high | eliminate electromagnetic interference |
| E651 | level in safety distance - risk of overfill | level in safety distance | alarm will disappear as soon as level leaves safety distance perform reset where necessary |
| A671 | linearization ch1 not complete, not usable | linearization table is in edit mode | activate linearization table |
| W681 | current ch1 out of range | current out of range (3.8 mA to 20.5 mA) | check basic setup and linearization |

9.3 Application errors

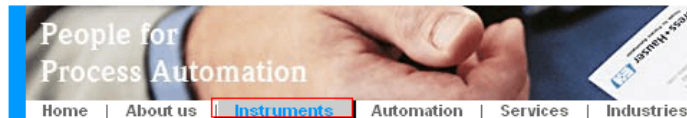
| Error | Output | Possible cause | Remedy |
|---|---|---|--|
| A warning or alarm has occurred | Depending on the configuration | See table of error messages (→ 68) | 1. See table of error messages (→ 68) |
| Measured value (00) is incorrect | <div><p>L00-FMP4xxxx-19-00-00-en-019</p></div> | <div>Measured distance (008) OK?</div> <div>yes →</div> <div>no ↓</div> | <div>yes →</div> <div>1. Check empty calibr. (005) and full calibr. (006)</div> <div>2. Check linearization: → Level/ullage (040) → Max. scale (046) → Diameter vessel (047) → Check table</div> |
| No change of measured value on filling/emptying | <div><p>L00-FMR2xxxx-19-00-00-en-014</p></div> | Interference echo from tank internals, nozzle or buildup on the probe | 1. Carry out tank mapping → Basic setup 2. If necessary, clean probe 3. If necessary, select better mounting position |
| E641 (loss of echo) after switching on the power supply | If the device is configured to HOLD in the event of echo loss the output is set to any value/current. | Noise level during the initialization phase too high. | Repeat empty calibr. (005) once more. Caution! Before confirmation change with <input type="button" value="+"/> or <input type="button" value="-"/> to the edit mode. |

| Error | Output | Possible cause | Remedy |
|--|---|---|--|
| Device displays a level when the tank is empty |  <p>The diagram shows a tank with a probe. The output graph has a y-axis from 4 mA/0% to 20 mA/100% and an x-axis labeled 't'. A solid line labeled 'actual' is at the top (20 mA/100%), while a dashed line labeled 'expected' starts at 4 mA/0% and rises to 20 mA/100% as the tank fills. Reference: 100-FMP4xxxx-19-00-00-en-020</p> | Incorrect probe length | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Carry out automatic probe length detection when the tank is empty.2. Carry out mapping over entire probe when the tank is empty (probe free!). |
| Measured value incorrect (slope error in the entire measuring range) |  <p>The diagram shows a tank with a probe. The output graph has a y-axis from 4 mA/0% to 20 mA/100% and an x-axis labeled 't'. A dashed trapezoidal line is labeled 'expected'. Two solid lines are labeled '1.) actual' and '2.) actual', both showing slope errors. Reference: 100-FMP4xxxx-19-00-00-en-021</p> | <p>Tank properties incorrect.</p> <p>Medium properties incorrect.</p> | <p>LN < 4 m and "Aluminum tank" tank properties selected</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">→ Calibration not possible.→ Selection→ Select standard→ Thresholds too high <p>Select lower medium properties.</p> |

9.4 Spare Parts

An overview of the spare parts for your device is available in the internet at www.endress.com. To obtain information on the spare parts, proceed as follows:

1. Go to "www.endress.com" and select your country.
2. Click "Instruments".



3. Enter the product name into the "product name" field.

Endress+Hauser product search


Via product name
Enter the product name

4. Select the device.
5. Click the "Accessories/Spare parts" tab.

| | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| General information | Technical information | Documents/Software | Service | Accessories/Spare parts |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------------------------|

▶ Accessories
 ▼ All Spare parts

- ▶ Housing/housing accessories
- ▶ Sealing
- ▶ Cover
- ▶ Terminal module
- ▶ HF module
- ▶ Electronic
- ▶ Power supply
- ▶ Antenna module



Advice
Here you'll find a list of all available accessories and spare parts. To only view accessories and spare parts specific to your product(s), please contact us and ask about our Life Cycle Management Service.

◀ | 1 / 2 | ▶ | 🔍

6. Select the required spare parts (You may also use the overview drawing on the right side of the screen.)

When ordering spare parts, always quote the serial number indicated on the nameplate. As far as necessary, the spare parts also include replacement instructions.

9.5 Return

The following procedures must be carried out before a level transmitter requiring repair or calibration, for example, is returned to Endress+Hauser:

- Remove all residues. Pay special attention to the grooves for seals and crevices which could contain fluid residues. This is particularly important if the substance is hazardous to health, e.g. flammable, toxic, caustic, carcinogenic, etc.
- Always enclose a duly completed "Declaration of contamination" form with the device (a copy of the "Declaration of contamination" can be found at the end of these Operating Instructions). Only then can Endress +Hauser transport, examine and repair a returned device.
- Enclose special handling instructions if necessary, for example a safety data sheet as per EN 91/155/EEC.

Additionally specify:

- The chemical and physical characteristics of the fluid
- A description of the application
- A description of the error that occurred (specify error code if possible)
- Operating time of the device

9.6 Disposal

When disposing, separate and recycle the device components based on the materials.

9.7 Software history

| Date | Software version | Software modifications | Documentation | Description of Instrument Functions |
|---------|------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| 07.2007 | 01.04.02 | Original software. | BA357F/00/en/07.07 71040912 BA357F/00/en/03.09 71074935 BA00357F/00/EN/13.10 71120304 | BA245F/00/en/07.07 71040940 |



9.8 Contact addresses of Endress+Hauser

Contact addresses can be found on our homepage: www.endress.com/worldwide. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact your Endress+Hauser representative.

10 **Technical data**


10.1 **Additional technical data**

10.1.1 **Input**

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Measured variable | The measured variable is the distance between the reference point (see Fig, →  11) and the product surface. The level is calculated subject to the empty distance entered "E" (see Fig., →  41). Alternatively, the level can be converted by means of linearization (32 points) to other variables (volume, mass). |
|-------------------|---|


10.1.2 **Output**

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Output signal | 4 to 20 mA (invertible) with HART protocol |
|---------------|--|

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Signal on alarm | Error information can be accessed via the following interfaces: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Local display:<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Error symbol (→  33)– Plain text display■ Current output, failsafe mode can be selected (e.g. according to NAMUR recommendation NE43)■ Digital interface |
|-----------------|--|

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Linearization | The linearization function of the Levelflex M allows the conversion of the measured value to any unit of length or volume and mass or %. Linearization tables for calculating the volume in cylindrical tanks are preprogrammed. Other tables of up to 32 value pairs can be entered manually or semi-automatically. The creation of a linearization table with FieldCare is particularly convenient. |
|---------------|---|

10.1.3 Performance characteristics

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Reference operating conditions | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Temperature = $+20\text{ °C} \pm 5\text{ °C}$ ■ Pressure = 1013 mbar abs. $\pm 20\text{ mbar}$ ■ Relative humidity (air) = $65\% \pm 20\%$ ■ Metallic tank, no internals, distance to tank wall > 500 mm ■ Medium: water (DC > 7), respectively oil (DC = 2) ■ Probe length > 500 mm |
| Maximum measured error | Is in Function group "basic setup" (00) starting from →  43. |
| Resolution | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Digital: 1 mm ■ Analog: 0.03 % of measuring range |
| Reaction time | <p>The reaction time depends on the configuration.</p> <p>Shortest time:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ 2-wire electronics: 1 s ■ 4-wire electronics: 0.7 s |
| Influence of ambient temperature | <p>The measurements are carried out in accordance with EN 61298-3:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Digital output: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – average T_K: 0.6 mm/10 K, max. $\pm 3.5\text{ mm}$ over the entire temperature range -40 °C to $+80\text{ °C}$ <p>2-wire:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Current output (additional error, in reference to the span of 16 mA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Zero point (4 mA) average T_K: 0.032 %/10 K, max. 0.35 % over the entire temperature range -40 °C to $+80\text{ °C}$ – Span (20 mA) average T_K: 0.05 %/10 K, max. 0.5 % over the entire temperature range -40 °C to $+80\text{ °C}$ <p>4-wire:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Current output (additional error, in reference to the span of 16 mA): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Zero point (4 mA) average T_K: 0.02 %/10 K, max. 0.29 % over the entire temperature range -40 °C to $+80\text{ °C}$ – Span (20 mA) average T_K: 0.06 %/10 K, max. 0.89 % over the entire temperature range -40 °C to $+80\text{ °C}$ |

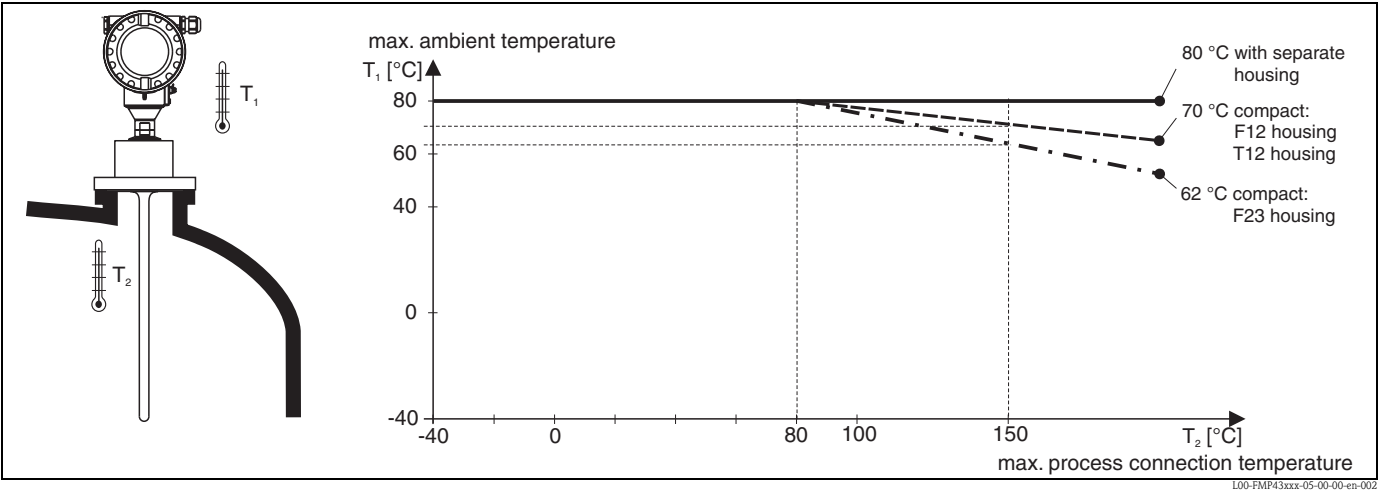
10.1.4 Operating conditions: Environment

Ambient temperature range

Ambient temperature for electronics: -40 °C to +80 °C. The functionality of the LCD display may be limited for temperatures $T_a < -20\text{ °C}$ and $T_a > +60\text{ °C}$. A weather protection cover should be used for outdoor operation if the device is exposed to direct sunlight.

Ambient temperature limits

If the temperature (T_2) at the process connection is above 80 °C, the permitted ambient temperature (T_1) decreases as per the following diagram (temperature derating):



Storage temperature

-20 °C to +80 °C

Climate class

DIN EN 60068-2-38 (test Z/AD)

Degree of protection

- With closed housing tested according to
 - All housing
 - IP68, NEMA6P (24 h at 1.83 m under water)
 - IP66, NEMA4X
 - Housing F23: IP69K in combination with cable entries M20, G½ and NPT½
- With open housing: IP20, NEMA1 (also ingress protection of the display)

Vibration resistance

DIN EN 60068-2-64 / IEC 68-2-64: 20 to 2000 Hz, 1 (m/s²)²/Hz

Cleaning the probe

Depending on the application, contamination or build-up can accumulate on the probe. A thin, even layer only influences measurement slightly. Thick layers can dampen the signal and then reduce the measuring range. Severe, uneven build-up, adhesion e.g. through crystallization, can lead to incorrect measurement. In this case, we recommend that you use a non-contact measuring principle, or check the probe regularly for soiling.

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

Electromagnetic compatibility to EN 61326 and NAMUR Recommendation EMC (NE21). Details are provided in the Declaration of Conformity. A standard installation cable is sufficient if only the analog signal is used. Use a shielded cable when working with a superimposed communications signal (HART).

When installing the probes in metal and concrete tanks and when using a coax probe:

- Interference emission to EN 61326 - x series, electrical equipment Class B.
- Interference immunity to EN 61326 - x series, requirements for industrial areas and NAMUR Recommendation NE21 (EMC)

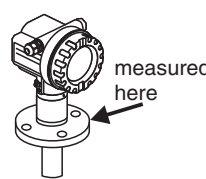
The measured value can be affected by strong electromagnetic fields when installing rod and rope probes without a shielding/metallic wall, e.g. plastic, and in wooden silos.

- Interference emission to EN 61326 - x series, electrical equipment Class A.
- Interference Immunity: the measured value can be affected by strong electromagnetic fields.

10.1.5 Operating conditions: Process

Process temperature range

The maximum permitted temperature at the process connection (see figure measuring point) is determined by the O-ring material ordered:

| O-ring material | Min. temperature | Max. temperature |  |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| FFKM (Kalrez) | -20 °C | +150 °C | |
| EPDM | -20 °C | +130 °C | |

Process pressure limits

Pmax = 16 bar.

This range may be reduced by the selection of process connection. The pressure rating (PN) specified on the flanges refers to a reference temperature of 20 °C, for ASME flanges 100 °F. Observe pressure-temperature dependency.

Please refer to the following standards for the pressure values permitted for higher temperatures:

- EN 1092-1: 2001 Tab.18
With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4404 and 1.4435 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab.18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.
- ASME B 16.5a - 1998 Tab. 2-2.2 F316
- ASME B 16.5a - 1998 Tab. 2.3.8 N10276
- JIS B 2220

Dielectric constant

$\epsilon_r \geq 1.6$

10.1.6 Mechanical construction


Material See TI00424F/00/EN, chapter "Material (not in contact with process)" and "Material (in contact with process)".

| | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Tolerance of probe length | Tolerance | Rod length |
| | + 0 / - 3 mm | < 1000 mm |
| | + 0 / - 5 mm | 1000 to < 4000 mm |

| | | | | |
|--------|---------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| Weight | Part | Weight | Part | Weight |
| | T12 housing | approx. 2.7 kg | Compact probe, removable | approx. 0.8 kg |
| | F12 housing | approx. 1.8 kg | Separate probe | approx. 2.1 kg |
| | F23 housing | approx. 5 kg | Probe rod | approx. 0.4 kg/m |
| | Compact probe | approx. 0.7 kg | | |

Process connection See "Ordering structure", → 6.

Probe See "Ordering structure", → 6.



Note!
The modular structure of the probe makes a simple possible exchanges of the process seals, the probe rod and the process coupling ring.

10.1.7 Certificates and approvals

CE mark

The measuring system meets the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. These are listed in the corresponding EC Declaration of Conformity together with the standards applied.
Endress+Hauser confirms successful testing of the device by affixing to it the CE mark.

Certificates

The devices are certified for use in hazardous areas. The safety instructions to be observed are enclosed and referenced on the nameplate:

- Europe: EC type-examination certificate, safety instructions XA
- USA: FM Approval, Control Drawing
- Canada: CSA Certificate of Compliance, Control Drawing
- China: NEPSI Explosion Protection Certificate of Conformity, Safety Instructions XA
- Japan: TIIS Certificate for Ex-apparatus


Correlation of the certificates (XA, ZD) to the device:

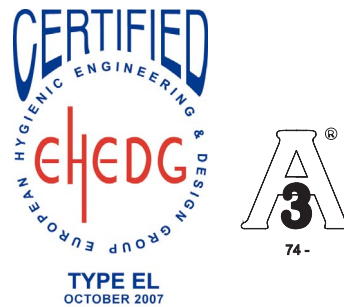
| Feature | | Variant | ZD021F | ZD010F | ZD0109F | ZD0107F | ZD0106F | ZD0078F | ZD0077F | ZD0076F | ZD0075F | ZD0117F | ZD0116F | ZD0114F | ZD0113F | ZD0083F | ZD0082F | ZD0081F | XA379F | XA378F | XA416F | XA415F | XA414F | XA413F | XA412F | XA411F | XA410F |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 10 Approval: | Non-hazardous area | A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | *NEPSI Ex ia IIC T6 | I | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | X | | | | | | | |
| | *TIIS Ex ia IIC T4 | K | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FM DIP Cl.II Div.1 Gr. E-G, N.I. | M | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | CSA General Purpose | N | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | CSA DIP Cl.II Div.1 Gr. G + coal dust | P | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FM IS Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr. A-G, N.I., zone 0, 1, 2 | S | X | X | X | X | X | | | X | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | FM XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr. A-G, zone 1, 2 | T | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | CSA IS Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr. A-D, G + coal dust, N.I., zone 0, 1, 2 | U | | | | | | | | | | X | X | X | X | | | X | X | | | | | | | | |
| | CSA XP Cl.I,II,III Div.1 Gr. A-D, G + coal dust, N.I., zone 1, 2 | V | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ATEX II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T6 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | X |
| | ATEX II 1/2D, Alu blind cover ¹⁾ | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| | ATEX II 2G Ex e mb (ia) IIC T6 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| 50 Power supply Output: | ATEX II 1/3D ¹⁾ | 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | X | X | | | | |
| | ATEX II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T6, ATEX II 1/3D | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| | ATEX II 1/2G Ex d (ia) IIC T6 | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| | 2-wire 4-20mA SIL HART | B | | X | X | X | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | 2-wire PROFIBUS PA | D | X | X | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| 80 Housing: | 2-wire FOUNDATION Fieldbus | F | X | X | X | | | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X | X |
| | 4-wire 90-250VAC 4-20mA SIL HART | G | | | | | X | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| | 4-wire 10.5-32VDC 4-20mA SIL HART | H | | | | | X | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| | F12 Alu, coated IP68 NEMA6P | A | X | | | | X | X | X | | | X | X | X | | | X | X | | | X | X | | | | X | X |
| | F23 316L IP68 NEMA6P | B | X | | X | X | | | | | | X | X | | | | | | | | | X | | | | X | X |
| | T12 Alu, coated IP68 NEMA6P | C | | | | | | X | | | | | | X | | | | | | X | | | X | X | | | |
| | T12 Alu, coated IP68 NEMA6P + OVP | D | X | X | X | | | | | | X | X | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | X | X |

1) Housing F12/F23/T12-OVP: In combination with electronics B, D or F supply intrinsically safe.

* in preparation

Sanitary compatibility

Overview of permitted process connections from, →  12.




Note!

The gap-free connections can be cleaned without residue using the usual cleaning methods.

Many versions of Levelflex M meet the requirements of the 3A-Sanitary Standard No. 74. Endress+Hauser confirms this compliance by affixing the 3A symbol.

Pharma (CoC)

Certificate of Compliance (CoC)

- See "Ordering structure", →  6, feature 100 "Additional Option:", option "P".
- Materials in Contact with process made of 316L with Δ ferrite < 3%
- Surface roughness $R_a < 0,38 \mu\text{m}/15 \mu\text{in}$
- Information on ASME BPE Conformity

Overfill protection

SIL 2, for 4 to 20 mA output signal (see SD00174F/00/EN "Functional Safety Manual").

Telecommunications

Complies with "Part 15" of the FCC rules for an "Unintentional Radiator". All probes meet the requirements for a "Class A Digital Device".
In addition to this, all probes in metallic tanks meet the requirements for a "Class B Digital Device".

External standards and guidelines

The European directives and standards applied can be taken from the associated EC Declarations of Conformity. In addition, the following also applied for Levelflex M:

EN 60529

Protection class of housing (IP-code)

NAMUR - international user association of automation technology in process industries

■ NE21

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) of industrial process and laboratory control equipment.

■ NE43

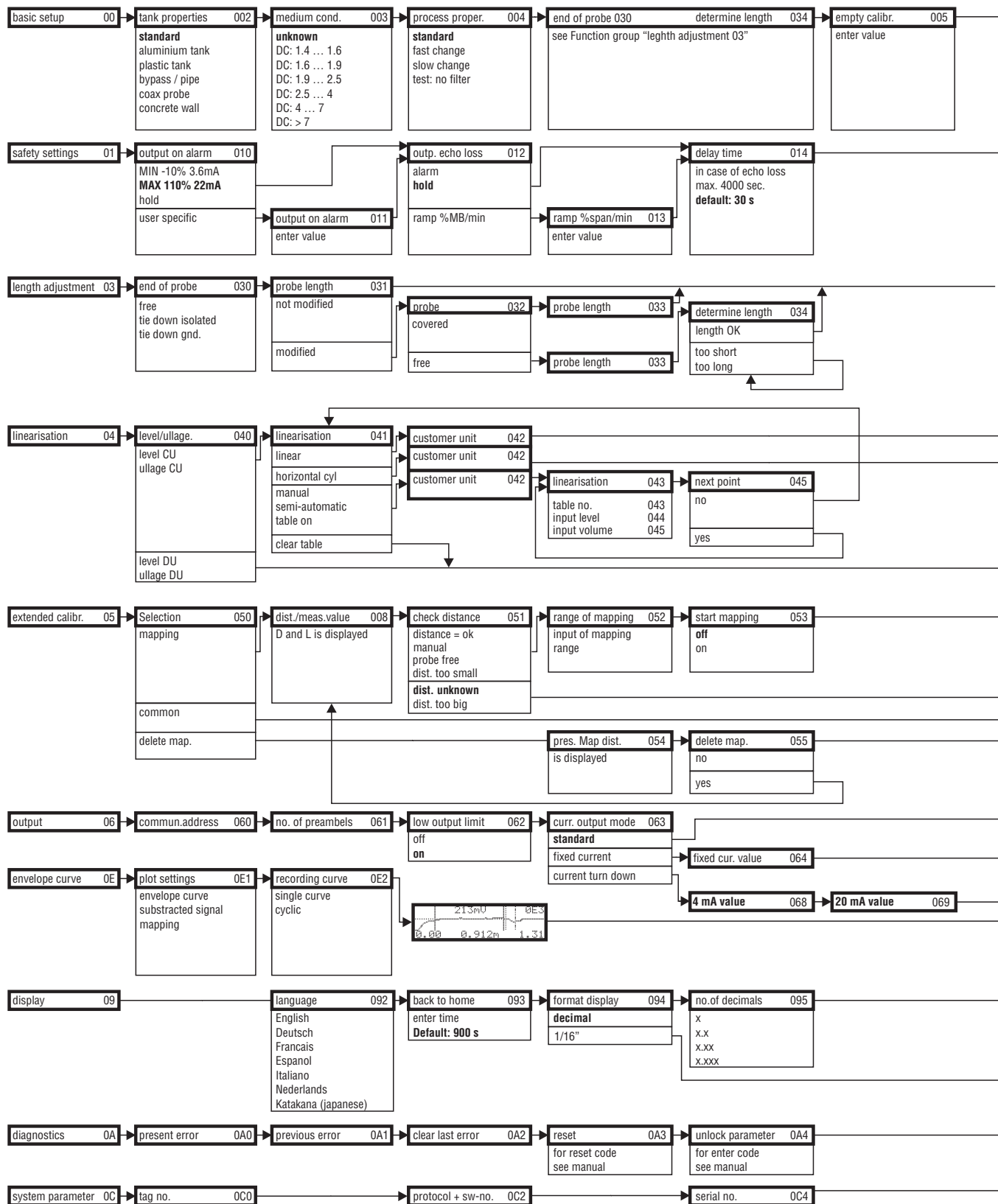
Standardization of the signal level for the failure information of digital transmitters.

10.1.8 Additional documentation

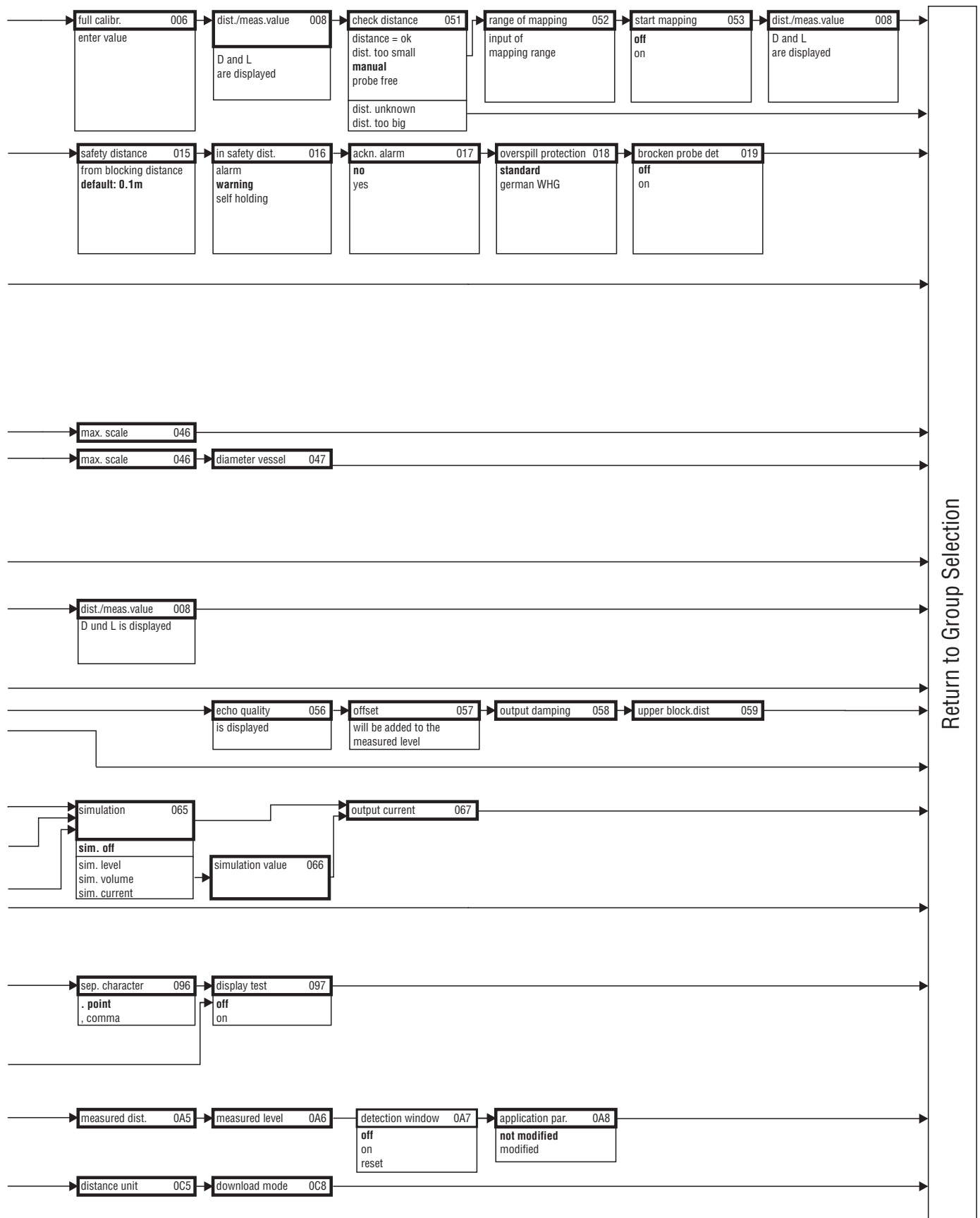
| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Additional documentation | <p>This additional documentation can be found on our product pages on www.endress.com.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Technical Information (TI00424F/00/EN)■ Safety Manual "Functional safety manual" (SD00174F/00/EN)■ Operating Instruction "Description of Instrument Functions" (BA00245F/00/EN) |
|--------------------------|---|

11 Appendix

11.1 HART operating menu (display module)



Note! The default values of the parameters are typed in boldface.



11.2 Patents

This product is protected by at least one of the following patents.
Further patents are pending.

- US 5,661,251 \cong EP 0 780 664
- US 5,827,985 \cong EP 0 780 664
- US 5,884,231 \cong EP 0 780 665
- US 5,973,637 \cong EP 0 928 974

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Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination

Erklärung zur Kontamination und Reinigung

RA No.

Please reference the Return Authorization Number (RA#), obtained from Endress+Hauser, on all paperwork and mark the RA# clearly on the outside of the box. If this procedure is not followed, it may result in the refusal of the package at our facility.

Bitte geben Sie die von E+H mitgeteilte Rücklieferungsnummer (RA#) auf allen Lieferpapieren an und vermerken Sie diese auch außen auf der Verpackung. Nichtbeachtung dieser Anweisung führt zur Ablehnung ihrer Lieferung.

Because of legal regulations and for the safety of our employees and operating equipment, we need the "Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination", with your signature, before your order can be handled. Please make absolutely sure to attach it to the outside of the packaging.

Aufgrund der gesetzlichen Vorschriften und zum Schutz unserer Mitarbeiter und Betriebseinrichtungen, benötigen wir die unterschriebene "Erklärung zur Kontamination und Reinigung", bevor Ihr Auftrag bearbeitet werden kann. Bringen Sie diese unbedingt außen an der Verpackung an.

Type of instrument / sensor

Geräte-/Sensortyp

Serial number

Seriennummer

☐ Used as SIL device in a Safety Instrumented System / Einsatz als SIL Gerät in Schutzeinrichtungen

Process data / Prozessdaten

Temperature / Temperatur _____ [°F] _____ [°C]

Pressure / Druck _____ [psi] _____ [Pa]

Conductivity / Leitfähigkeit _____ [µS/cm]

Viscosity / Viskosität _____ [cp] _____ [mm²/s]

Medium and warnings

Warnhinweise zum Medium



| | Medium / concentration Medium / Konzentration | Identification CAS No. | flammable entzündlich | toxic giftig | corrosive ätzend | harmful/ irritant gesundheitsschädlich/ reizend | other * sonstiges* | harmless unbedenklich |
|--|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Process medium Medium im Prozess | | | | | | | | |
| Medium for process cleaning Medium zur Prozessreinigung | | | | | | | | |
| Returned part cleaned with Medium zur Endreinigung | | | | | | | | |

* explosive; oxidising; dangerous for the environment; biological risk; radioactive

* explosiv; brandfördernd; umweltgefährlich; biogefährlich; radioaktiv

Please tick should one of the above be applicable, include safety data sheet and, if necessary, special handling instructions.

Zutreffendes ankreuzen; trifft einer der Warnhinweise zu, Sicherheitsdatenblatt und ggf. spezielle Handhabungsvorschriften beilegen.

Description of failure / Fehlerbeschreibung

Company data / Angaben zum Absender

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| Company / Firma _____ | Phone number of contact person / Telefon-Nr. Ansprechpartner: _____ |
| Address / Adresse _____ | Fax / E-Mail _____ |
| _____ | Your order No. / Ihre Auftragsnr. _____ |

"We hereby certify that this declaration is filled out truthfully and completely to the best of our knowledge. We further certify that the returned parts have been carefully cleaned. To the best of our knowledge they are free of any residues in dangerous quantities."

"Wir bestätigen, die vorliegende Erklärung nach unserem besten Wissen wahrheitsgetreu und vollständig ausgefüllt zu haben. Wir bestätigen weiter, dass die zurückgesandten Teile sorgfältig gereinigt wurden und nach unserem besten Wissen frei von Rückständen in gefahrbringender Menge sind."

(place, date / Ort, Datum)

Name, dept./Abt. (please print / bitte Druckschrift)

Signature / Unterschrift

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