





Systems

Components



Services

Technical Information

TWF11, TWF16

Metal or ceramic thermowells For high temperature assemblies TAF11 and TAF16 Adjustable process connection



Application

TWF11

• Applicable for steel treatment (annealing), concrete furnaces and primaries. Accessory for high temperature assembly TAF11.

TWF16

 Applicable for cement production, steel treatment, incinerators and fluidized bed furnaces. Accessory for high temperature assembly TAF16.

Process temperatures:

- TWF11 up to +1600 °C (+2912 °F)
- TWF16 up to +1700 °C (+3092 °F)

Your benefits

- Long lifetime by usage of innovative thermowell materials with increased wear and chemical resistance
- Long term stable measurement due to sensor protection with non-porous materials
- Replaceable parts



Operating conditions	Process temperature								
	Depends on material, details see section 'Material'.								
	Process pressure								
	Depends on material. Thermowells in high temperature applications are generally designed for use in pressureless processes. Available process connections can be gastight up to 1 bar, details $\rightarrow \triangleq 5$.								
	Permitted flow rate as a function of immersion length								
	Depends on material and application. For process pressures ≥ 1 bar and a flow rate ≥ 1 m/s it is recommended to order a thermowell stress calculation, please contact your nearest Endress+Hauser sales organisation.								
Material	The temperatures for continuous operation specified in the following table are only intended as reference values for use of the various materials in air and without any significant compressive load. The maximum operation temperatures are reduced considerably in some cases where abnormal conditions such as high mechanical load occur or in aggressive media. Endress+Hauser supplies DIN/EN threaded process connections and flanges made of stainless steel according to AISI 316L (DIN/EN material number 1.4404 or 1.4435). With regard to their temperature stability properties, the materials 1.4404 and 1.4435 are grouped under 13E0 in EN 1092-1 Tab. 18. The chemical composition of the two materials can be identical.								

Performance characteristics

Properties

		for continuous use in air	
AISI 316L/ 1.4404 1.4435	X2CrNiMo17-12-2 X2CrNiMo18-14-3	650 °C (1200 °F) ¹⁾	 Austenitic, stainless steel High corrosion resistance in general Particularly high corrosion resistance in chlorine-based and acidic, non-oxidizing atmospheres through the addition of molybdenum (e.g. phosphoric and sulfuric acids, acetic and tartaric acids with a low concentration) Increased resistance to intergranular corrosion and pitting Compared to 1.4404, 1.4435 has even higher corrosion resistance and a lower delta ferrite content
AISI 310/ 1.4841	X15CrNiSi25-20	1100 °C (2012 °F)	 Austenitic, stainless steel Good resistance to oxidizing and reducing atmospheres Due to the higher chromium content well resistant to oxidizing aqueous solution and neutral salts melting at higher temperatures Only weakly resistant to sulphurous gases
AISI 304/ 1.4301	X5CrNi18-10	850 °C (1562 °F)	 Austenitic, stainless steel Well usable in water and lowly pollute waste water Only at relatively low temperatures resistant to organic acids, saline solutions, sulphates, alcaline solutions, etc.
AISI 446/ ~1.4762/ ~1.4749	X10CrAl24 / X18CrNi24	1100 °C (2012 °F)	 A ferritic, heat resistant, high-chromium stainless steel Very high resistance to reducing sulphurous gases and salts with low content of oxygen Very good resistance to constant as well as cyclical thermal stress, to incineration ash-corrosion and to melts of copper, lead and tin Poorly resistant to gases containing nitrogen
INCONEL®600 / 2.4816	NiCr15Fe	1100 °C (2012 °F)	 A nickel/chromium alloy with very good resistance to aggressive, oxidizing and reducing atmospheres, even at high temperatures Resistant to corrosion caused by chlorine gas and chlorinated media as well as many oxidizing mineral and organic acids, sea water etc. Corrodible by ultrapure water Not to be used in a sulfur-containing atmosphere
INCONEL®601 / 2.4851	NiCr23Fe	1200 °C (2192 °F)	 High temperature corrosion resistance enhanced by aluminum content Resistance to oxide spalling and carburization under thermal cycling Good resistance against molten salt corrosion Particularly susceptible to sulfidation

Material name

Short form

Recommended

max. temperature

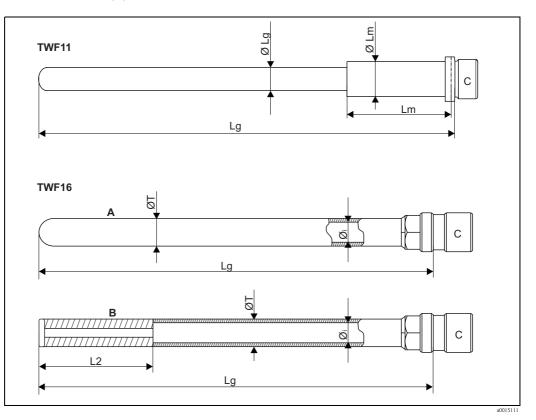
Material name	Short form	Recommended max. temperature for continuous use in air	Properties
INCOLOY®800 HT / 1.4959	X8NiCrAlTi32-21	1100 °C (2012 °F)	 A nickel/chromium/iron alloy based on the same composition as INCOLOY®800, but has significantly higher creep rupture strength, resultant from the close control of the carbon, aluminum and titatinium contents. Good strength and excellent resistance to oxidation and carburization at high temperature environments. Good resistance to stress corrosion cracking, attack by sulfur, internal oxidation, scaling and corrosion in a multitude of industrial environments. Suitable for sulfurous environments.
HASTELLOY® X / 2.4665	NiCr22Fe18Mo	1150 °C (2102 °F)	 A nickel/chromium/iron/molybdenum alloy Very resistant to oxidizing and reducing atmospheres Good strength and ductility at high temperatures
Kanthal AF	FeCrAl	1400 °C (2552 °F)	 A high-temperature ferritic iron/chrominum/aluminum alloy High resistance to sulfurous, carburizing and oxidising environments Good hardness and weldability Good form stability at high temperature Not to be used in a chloride-containing atmosphere and nitrogenous gases (cracked ammonia)
Special nickel/ cobalt alloy	NiCo	1200 °C (2192 °F)	 A nickel/cobalt alloy Very good resistance to sulfidation and chloride environment Exceptionally good resistance to oxidation, hot corrosion, carburization, metal dusting, and nitridation Good creep resistance Average surface hardness High wear resistance
			 Recommended applications Cement industry gas standpipe: successfully tested with up to 20 times longer lifespan compared to AISI310 clincker cooler: successfully tested with up to 5 times longer lifespan compared to AISI310 Waste incinerators: successfully tested with up to 12 times longer lifespan than INCONEL[®] 600 and C276) Fluidized bed furnace (biogas reactor): successfully tested with up to 5 times longer lifespan than e.g. INCOLOY[®] 800HT or INCONEL[®] 600.
Ceramic material	types according to DI	N VDE0335	
C610		1500 °C (2732 °F)	 Al₂O₃-content approx. 60 %, alkali-content 3 % The most economic non porous ceramic material Highly resistant to hydrogen fluoride, temperature shocks and mechanical influences, normally used for internal and external thermowells as well as insulators
Sinterized silicon carbide	SiC	1650 °C (3000 °F)	 High thermal shock resistance due to its porosity Good thermal conductivity Very hard and stable at high temperature
			 Recommended applications Glass industry: glass feeders, float glass production Ceramic industry Furnaces
Kanthal Super	MoSi ₂ with a glass phase component	1700 °C (3092 °F)	 It is not affected by thermal shock Very low porosity (< 1%) and very high hardness Not to be used in environments with chlorine and fluorine compounds Not suitable for mechanical shock affected applications Not to be used in applications with powder
Special silicon nitride ceramic	SiN	1400 °C (2552 °F)	 Excellent wear and thermal shock resistance No porosity Good heat response Not resistant to impacts (brittleness)
			 Recommended applications Cement industry Cyclone preheater: successfully tested with up to 5 times longer lifespan compared to AISI310 Secondary airpipe Generally all applications with extreme abrasive conditions; mechanical shocks/impacts have to be avoided because of brittleness

1) Can be used to a limited extent up to 800 °C (1472 °F) for low compressive loads and in non-corrosive media. Please contact your Endress+Hauser sales team for further information.

Mechanical construction

Design, dimensions

All dimensions in mm (in).



TWF11

C Lg	Terminal head connection: M24x1.5 or groove for DIN A head Immersion length	Ø Lg Lm Ø Lm	Sheath diameter Sleeve length Sleeve diameter

TWF16

- A Version thermowell made from tube
- B Version thermowell made from tube and bar stock tip
- C Terminal head connection: M24x1.5 or groove for DIN A head
- L2 Length bar stock tip
- Lg Immersion length
- ØT Thermowell outer diameter
- Øi Thermowell inner diameter

Thermowell

- Metallic thermowell, usually machined from tubes or bars.
- Ceramic thermowell.

The selection of the thermowell materials majorly depends on the following material properties, which will directly influence the lifetime of the sensor:

- Hardness
- Chemical resistance
- Maximum operating temperature
- Wear/abrasion resistance
- Brittleness
- Porosity for process gases
- Creep resistance

Ceramic materials are commonly used for highest temperatures and, due to their hardness, for applications with high abrasion rates. Attention has to be paid regarding the brittleness of these materials when exposed to high mechanical loads inside the process. When using porous ceramics as external protection sheath, an additional, non-porous inner protection sheath has to be used in order to protect the noble sensor elements from contamination leading to temperature drifts.

Metal alloys generally show higher mechanical resistance but lower maximum temperature limits and less abrasion resistance. All metal alloys are non-porous and usually there is no need for an additional inner protection sheath.

Metal sleeve and process connection

The TWF11 ceramic thermowells are mounted into a metal sleeve which connects them towards the terminal head. Also the process connection is fitted on the metal sleeve due to its higher mechanical strength. The dimensions and material type for the sleeve are related to the process temperatures and immersion lengths of the ceramic thermowells.

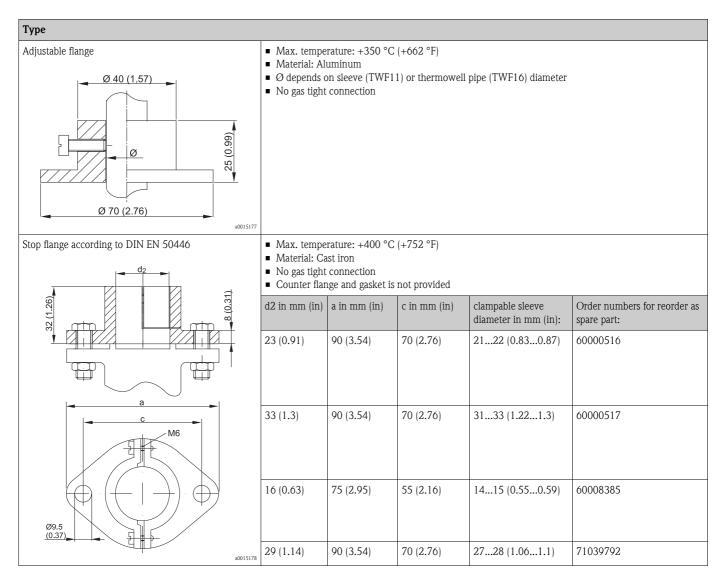
All high temperature thermowells are available with an adjustable flange, stop flanges or gas tight compression fittings.

Weight

Depending on length and diameter. Some examples:

TWF11: Material SiC or SiN, Ø Lg = 17 mm (0.7 in), Lg = 800 mm (31.5 in), Lm = 300 mm (11.8 in), material sleeve: AISI 310): 0.8 kg (1.8 lbs)
TWF16: Material SiN, Ø A = 26 mm (1.02 in), Lg = 800 mm (31.5 in): 1.4 kg (3.1 lbs) Material Kanthal AF, Lg = 1000 mm (39.4 in): 0.6 kg (1.3 lbs) Material NiCo, ¾" schedule 40s, Lg = 1000 mm (39.4 in): 1.9 kg (4.2 lbs)

Process connection



Туре						
Gas tight GCP assembly		 Material: A 	erature: +350 °C ISI 316Ti process pressure			
		D	C in mm (in)	Clampable sleeve diameter in mm (in)	SW/Wr.	Order numbers for reorder as spare part
37 (1.46) ~ 54 (2.13)		G1⁄2"	15.5 (0.61) 17.5 (0.69)	13.714 (0.540.55) 1717.2 (0.67)	36 36	60019126 60019129
SW/Wr.	-	G¾"	15.5 (0.61) 18 (0.71) 19 (0.75) 22.5 (0.89)	13.714 (0.540.55) 1717.2 (~0.67) 17.518 (0.690.71) 21.322 (0.840.86)	36 36 36 41	71031438 60019130 71125362 60020836
	a0015179	G1"	15.5 (0.61) 18 (0.71) 19 (0.75) 22.5 (0.89) 28 (1.1)	13.714 (0.540.55) 1717.2 (~0.67) 17.518 (0.690.71) 21.322 (0.840.86) 26.727 (1.051.06)	41 41 41 41 40	60022699 60021758 71125364 60021757 71001827
		G1¼"	29 (1.14)	27.528 (~1.1)	55	71125353
	-	G1 ¹ /2"	22.5 (0.89) 29 (1.14) 35 (1.38)	21.322 (0.840.86) 27.528 (~1.1) 33.434 (1.321.34)	55 55 55	60021425 71125354 60022497

Installation conditions Orientation Vertical and horizontal installation. A vertical installation should be preferred due to possible irreversible bending of metal tubes and the brittleness of the ceramic materials, which could be hit by falling parts. Installation instructions Recommended maximum immersion length Lg for horizontal mounting: ■ 1500 mm (59 in) for diameter > 20 mm (0.8 in) ■ 1200 mm (47.3 in) for diameter < 20 mm (0.8 in) Note! When installing longer lengths than the recommended maximum in horizontal position, the thermowell might be bend irreversibly under its own weight in the hot environment. Installation of ceramic sheaths Thermowells made of ceramic (especially gas tight) are sensitive to fast temperature changes: in order to reduce the risk of thermal shock and prevent the sheaths from failure, gas tight ceramic sheaths must be heated before installation. Two possibilities are applicable: Installation with pre-heating When the process is already operating at its running conditions at about 1000 °C (1832 °F) or more, the ceramic part of the thermowell must be pre-heated from room temperature to 400 °C (752 °F). It is suggested to use a horizontal, cylindrical cross-section oven or cover the ceramic part with electric heating elements. Do not use direct flames. It is suggested to pre-heat the ceramic sheath in situ and then proceed immediately with the insertion. The measuring system shall be installed carefully with an insertion rate of 100 mm/min, avoiding any mechanical shock. If it is not possible to run the pre-heating phase near the plant, the insertion rate must be lowered to 30 mm/min because of the cooling of the system during the transportation. Installation without pre-heating If the process is running at its working temperature, the thermowell shall be installed inserting the ceramic sheath in the plant for a length equal to the wall thickness (including the insulation material) and left in that position for 2 hours. After this time, the device shall be installed at a rate of 30 mm/min avoiding any mechanical shock. At process temperature < 80 °C (176 °F) it is not necessary to consider any insertion rate. It is recommended to avoid any impact or collision among the ceramic sheath and the components of the plant.

Certificates and approvals

CE Mark	The device meets the legal requirements of the EC directives if applicable. Endress+Hauser confirms that the device has been successfully tested by applying the CE mark.
Other standards and guidelines	DIN EN 50446: Straight thermocouple assembly with metal or ceramic protection tube and accessories, including terminal heads
PED approval	The thermowells comply with paragraph 3.3 of the Pressure Equipment Directive $(97/23/CE)$ and are not marked separately.

Ordering information

This information provides an overview of the order options available. The information is not exhaustive, however, and may not be fully up to date. **More detailed** information is available from your local Endress+Hauser representative.

Product structure TWF11	Thermowell TW	WF11 - High temperature, max. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	010 SI	Sheath material; Diameter $arnothing$ Lg; max. length Lg, max. temperature:
	A	AA C610; 14 mm; 600 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F)
	A	AB C610; 14 mm; 1000 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F)
	A	AC C610; 14 mm; 1500 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F)
	A	AD C610, 17 mm; 600 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F)
	A	AE C610; 17 mm; 1000 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F)
	A	AF C610; 17 mm; 1500 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F)
	A	AG C610; 24 mm; 600 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F), internal sheath C610 diameter 17 mm
	A	AH C610; 24 mm; 1000 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F), internal sheath C610 diameter 17 mm
	A	AJ C610; 24 mm; 1500 mm; max. Temp. 1500 °C (2732 °F), internal sheath C610 diameter 17 mm
	B	BA SiC; 17 mm; 550 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	Bl	3B SiC; 17 mm; 850 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	В	3C SiC; 17 mm; 1150 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	B	BD SiC; 26.6 mm; 600 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	B	3E SiC; 26.6 mm; 800 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	B	BF SiC; 26.6 mm; 1000 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	B	3G SiC; 26.6 mm; 1200 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
		3H SiC; 26.6 mm; 1400 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
	B	SIC; 26.6 mm; 1700 mm; max. Temp. 1600 °C (2912 °F)
		CA SiN; 16 mm; 600 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
		CB SiN; 16 mm; 900 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
		CC SiN; 16 mm; 1200 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
		CD SiN; 22 mm; 900 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
		CE SiN; 22 mm; 1100 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
	_	CF SiN; 22 mm; 1300 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
	C	CG SiN; 22 mm; 1500 mm; max. Temp. 1400 °C (2552 °F)
	020	Immersion length Lg:
		AA 250 mm
		AB 300 mm
		AC 400 mm
		AD 450 mm
		AE 500 mm
		AF 550 mm
		AG 600 mm
		AH 700 mm
		AI 750 mm BA 800 mm
		BB 850 mm BC 900 mm
		BD 1000 mm
		BE 1050 mm
		BF 1100 mm
		BG 1150 mm
		BG 1130 mm BH 1200 mm
		BI 1300 mm
	1 1	

020	Imn	nersion length Lg:							
	CA	1400 mm							
	CB	1500 mm							
	CD	160	1600 mm						
	CE	170	1700 mm						
	X 1	1	mm, ;	as spec	ified (3	300600 mm)			
	X2		mm, a	as spec	ified (6	011000 mm)			
	Х3	I	mm, a	as spec	ified (1	0011500 mm)			
030		Slee	eve l	ength	Lm;	Diameter ØLm; Material:			
		В	65 r	nm; 21	.34 m	m; AISI 304			
		F	100	mm; 2	1.34 n	nm; AISI 304			
		G	150	mm; 2	1.34 n	nm; AISI 304			
		Н	200	mm; 2	1.34 n	nm; AISI 304			
		J	185	mm; 3	3.4 m	m, AISI 304			
		К	300	mm; 3	3.7 m	m; AISI 446			
		L	300	mm; 2	2 mm	; AISI 446			
		М	400	mm; 3	3.4 m	m; AISI 310			
		Ν	400	mm; 2	2 mm	AISI 310			
040			Co	nnect	ion te	erminal head:			
			В	Threa	d M24	4x1.5			
			F	Groov	re for l	DIN A head			
520				Proc	ess c	onnection:			
				CA	Adjus	table flange, D=70 mm			
				CC	Stop i	flange DIN EN 50446, 2122 mm, clampable, d2=23 mm, a=90 mm, c=70 mm			
				CE	Stop i	flange DIN EN 50446, 3133 mm, clampable, d2=33 mm, a=90 mm, c=70 mm			
				СМ	GCP	assembly, D=G ¾", C=22.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 21.322 mm, Wr.=41			
				CR	GCP	assembly, D=G 1", C=22.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 21.322 mm, Wr.=41			
				CU	GCP	assembly, D=G 1½", C=22.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 21.322 mm, Wr.=55			
				CW	GCP	assembly, D=G 1½", C=35 mm, gas tight, clampable 33.434 mm, Wr.=55			
895					Mar	king:			
					Z1	Tagging (TAG), metal			
					Z3	Commissioning label, paper			
					Z6	Tagging (TAG), by customer			

ure TWF16	Thermowe	ll TWF1	6 - Hig	gh tem	iperati	ıre, ı	nax. 1700 °C (3092 °F)
	010	Mat	erial t	thern	nowe	ell; i	maximum temperature:
		Α	÷				012 °F)
		В		,			72 °F)
		С					012 °F)
		D					°C (2012 °F)
		E F					°C (2192 °F) 00 °C (2012 °F) (with bar stock tip)
		G					C (3092 °F)
		Н			· · · ·		(2372 °F)
		I					(2192 °F)
		J	NiCo;	1200) °C (2	2192	°F)
		К	SiN; 1	400 °	°C (25	52 °	F)
	020						neter ØT:
							ISI 310)
							n (AISI 310)
							n (AISI 310)
						`	ISI 310) h (AISI 310)
							m (½" schedule 40, AISI 316)
							m (½ schedule 40, AISI 310) m (¾" schedule 40, AISI316)
							m (½" schedule 40, AISI 446)
							m (¾" schedule 40, AISI 446)
			D1	15 x	12 mr	n (IN	ICONEL 600)
			D2	17.2	x 13.2	2 mn	n (INCONEL 600)
							m (½" schedule 40, INCONEL 600)
							NCONEL 600)
							m (¾" schedule 40, INCONEL 600)
							m (½" schedule 40s, INCONEL 601
							JCONEL 601) m (¾", schedule 80, INCOLOY 800HT)
							anthal Super), Lmax = 2000 mm
							anthal Super) Lmax = 2000 mm
							m (½" schedule 40, Hastelloy X)
			H2	26.7	x 20.9	96 m	m (¾" schedule 40, Hastelloy X)
			-	21.3	x 15.7	76 m	m (½" schedule 40s, NiCo) Lmax = 2000mm
							m (¾" schedule 40s, NiCo) Lmax = 2000mm
							Kanthal AF), Lmax = 1000 mm
			L1			`	N), Lmax = 1550 mm
			L2				N), Lmax = 1550 mm
	030				rmov 660 r		length (immersion length Lg):
					810 n		
					960 n		
					1060		
					1160		
					1260		
					1560		
							2002000) only for Kanthal Super / NiCo
							2001000) only for Kanthal AF
				X3	m	1m (2	2002200)
	040						k tip; Diameter:
							needed
							DLOY 800HT; 26.7 mm
							; 21.3 mm ; 26.7 mm
	0.50						
	050						gth bar stock tip (L2):
						A0	Not needed
						A1	300 mm
	1				1	A2	400 mm
					1	X 1	mm(200, 400)
	060				3	X1	mm (200400)
	060				2	X1	mm (200400) Connection terminal head: 1 Thread M24x1.5

520	Pro	cess connection:
	CA	Adjustable flange diameter 70 mm
	СВ	Stop flange DIN EN 50446, 1415 mm, clampable, d2=16 mm, a=75 mm, c=55 mm
	CC	Stop flange DIN EN 50446, 2122 mm, clampable, d2=23 mm, a=90 mm, c=70 mm
	CD	Stop flange DIN EN 50446, 2728 mm, clampable, d2=29 mm, a=90 mm, c=70 mm
	CH	GCP assembly, D=G ¹ / ₂ ", C=15.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 13.715 mm, Wr.=36
	CI	GCP assembly, D=G 1/2", C=17.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 1717.2 mm, Wr.=36
	CJ	GCP assembly, D=G ¾", C=15.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 13.715 mm, Wr.=36
	СК	GCP assembly, D=G ³ / ₄ ", C=18 mm, gas tight, clampable 1717.2 mm, Wr.=36
	CL	GCP assembly, D=G ³ / ₄ ", C=19 mm, gas tight, clampable 17.518 mm, Wr.=36
	CM	GCP assembly, D=G ³ / ₄ ", C=22.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 21.322 mm, Wr.=41
	CN	GCP assembly, D=G 1", C=15.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 13.715 mm, Wr.=41
	CP	GCP assembly, D=G 1", C=18 mm, gas tight, clampable 1717.2 mm, Wr.=41
	CQ	GCP assembly, D=G 1", C=19 mm, gas tight, clampable 17.518 mm, Wr.=41
	CR	GCP assembly, D=G 1", C=22.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 21.322 mm, Wr.=41
	CS	GCP assembly, D=G 1", C=28 mm, gas tight, clampable 26.727 mm, Wr.=46
	CT	GCP assembly, D=G 1 ¼", C=29 mm, gas tight, clampable 27.528 mm, Wr.=55
	CU	GCP assembly, D=G 1½", C=22.5 mm, gas tight, clampable 21.322 mm, Wr.=55
	CV	GCP assembly, D=G 1 ½", C=29 mm, gas tight, clampable 27.528 mm, Wr.=55
895		Marking:
		Z1 Tagging (TAG), metal
		Z3 Commissioning label, paper
		Z6 Tagging (TAG), by customer
TWF16-		\leftarrow Order code (complete)

Documentation

High temperature assemblies Omnigrad S TAF11, TAF12x, TAF16 (TI251t/02/en)

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