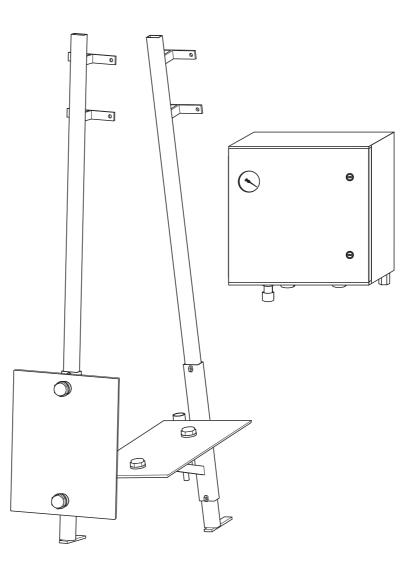


# Operating Instructions Stamoclean CAT430-\*1

Micro/ultra filtration system with low-power membrane pump





BA338C/07/EN/13.11 71140038

Endress+Hauser

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## 1 Safety instructions

## 1.1 Designated use

The CAT430 micro/ultra filtration system is designated to take samples for process measuring devices in sewage treatment plants.

The system transports clear samples directly from the clarification basin to the measuring device.

Any other use than the one described here compromises the safety of persons and the entire measuring system and is, therefore, not permitted.

The manufacturer is not liable for damage caused by improper or non-designated use.

## 1.2 Installation, commissioning and operation

Please note the following items:

- Installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance of the measuring system must only be carried out by trained technical personnel.
- The technical personnel must be authorized for the specified activities by the system operator.
- Electrical connection must only be carried out by a certified electrician.
- Technical personnel must have read and understood these Operating Instructions and must adhere to them.
- Before commissioning the entire measuring point, check all the connections for correctness. Ensure that electrical cables and hose connections are not damaged.
- Do not operate damaged products and secure them against unintentional commissioning. Mark the damaged product as being defective.
- Measuring point faults may only be rectified by authorized and specially trained personnel.
- If faults can not be rectified, the products must be taken out of service and secured against unintentional commissioning.
- Repairs not described in these Operating Instructions may only be carried out at the manufacturer's or by the service organization.

## 1.3 Operational safety

The product is designed to meet state-of-the-art safety requirements, has been tested and left the factory in a condition in which it is safe to operate.

Relevant regulations and European standards have been observed.

As the user, you are responsible for complying with the following safety conditions:

- Installation instructions
- Local prevailing standards and regulations.

## 1.4 Return

If the device requires repair, please send it *cleaned* to the sales center responsible. Please use the original packaging, if possible.

Please enclose the completed "Declaration of contamination" (copy the second last page of these Operating Instructions) with the packaging and the transportation documents. No repair without completed "Declaration of contamination"!

## 1.5 Notes on safety conventions and icons

## 1.5.1 On the device

$$\triangle \rightarrow \square$$

This symbol is found in various places on the device (nameplate, connection box, cable duct cover). The symbol indicates that it is essential that you read the Operating Instructions for the subject in question.

## 1.5.2 In these Operating Instructions



#### Warning!

This symbol alerts you to hazards. They can cause serious damage to the instrument or to persons if ignored.

(<sup>n</sup>)

Caution!

This symbol alerts you to possible faults which could arise from incorrect operation. They could cause damage to the instrument if ignored.



#### Note!

This symbol indicates important items of information.

## 1.6 Cross reference symbols

- $\rightarrow$  1 This symbol indicates a cross reference to a defined page (e.g. p. 1).
- $\rightarrow$   $\square$  2 This symbol indicates a cross reference to a defined figure (e.g. fig. 2).

## 2 Identification

## 2.1 Nameplate

The nameplate contains the following information:

- Manufacturer data
- Order code
- Extended order code
- Serial number
- Operating conditions
- Safety icons

Compare the order code on the nameplate with your order.

## 2.1.1 Order code

You can check the order code of your device online at: www.products.endress.com/cat430

1. You can choose from the following options on the product page located on the right:

Productpage function			
:: Add to product list			
:: Price & order information			
:: Compare this product			
:: Configure this product			

- 2. Click "Configure this product".
- 3. The Configurator opens in a separate window. You can now configure your device and receive the complete order code that applies for the device.
- 4. Afterwards, export the order code as a PDF or Excel file. To do so, click the appropriate button at the top of the page.

## 2.2 Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery comprises:

- 1 Control box, complete with
  - Filtrate line connected, length 4.5 m (14.8 ft), hose heating 24 VAC
  - 4 Plastic brackets for wall mounting
  - 2 Pipe clamps 44 49 mm (1.73 1.93 inch), set screw M8, for rail mounting
  - 1 Rubber stop with screw, for rail mounting
- Accessories bag with:
  - 1 Collecting vessel with PE hose 10/8 mm (0.31/0.39 inch), length 2.5 m (8.2 ft)
  - -1 PE hose roll 4/2 mm (0.16/0.08 inch), length 2.5 m (8.2 ft)
  - 1 PVC hose roll 4/2 mm (0.16/0.08 inch), length 2.0 m (6.7 ft)
  - 1 PVC vent hose 6/4 mm (0.24/0.16 inch), length 4 m (13.1 ft)
  - 1 Housing key
  - 1 Knurled nut
  - 1 Dummy plug
  - 1 Pressure surge reducer
  - 1 Screw-in connector 4 1/8 inch
  - 1 Straight connector 4 mm (0.16 inch)
  - 1 Reducing fitting 4 mm outside/ 3 mm inside
- 1 or 2 Filter plate(s) (depending on ordered version)
- 1 or no assembly (depending on ordered version)
- 1 Filtrate line with PE filtrate hose 4/2 mm (0.16/0.08 inch), min. length 20 m (66 ft) (depending on version)
- 1 Acceptance certificate
- 1 Operating Instructions BA338C/07/EN

## 2.3 Certificates and approvals

#### Declaration of conformity

The product meets the requirements of the harmonized European standards.

It thus complies with the legal requirements of the EC directives.

The manufacturer confirms successful testing of the product by affixing the  $\mathsf{C}\mathsf{E}$  symbol.

## 3 Installation

## 3.1 Incoming acceptance, transport, storage

- Make sure the packaging is undamaged!
- Inform the supplier about damage to the packaging. Keep the damaged packaging until the matter has been settled.
- Make sure the contents are undamaged!
- Inform the supplier about damage to the delivery contents. Keep the damaged products until the matter has been settled.
- Check that the scope of delivery is complete and agrees with your order and the shipping documents.
- The packaging material used to store or to transport the product must provide shock protection and humidity protection. The original packaging offers the best protection. Also, keep to the approved ambient conditions (see "Technical data").
- If you have any questions, please contact your supplier or your sales center responsible.

## 3.2 Quick installation guide

A complete measuring system comprises:

- a CAT430 filter system
- a collecting vessel
- a CA71xx analyzer

Optionally, a sensor with flow assembly can also be integrated into the measuring system (external only, cannot be installed in the control box housing).

If an assembly with low dead volume and flow resistance is used (see "Accessories"), the sensor can be installed in line with the analyzer's inlet.

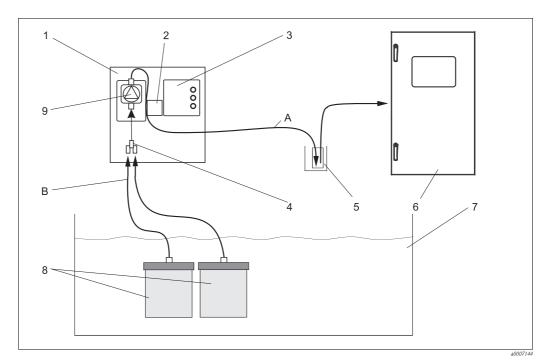


Fig. 1: Measuring system

- 1 Control box
- 2 Timer
- 3 Control unit
- 4 Y-piece
- 5 Collecting vessel A Sample line to th

- 6 Analyzer
- 7 Activated sludge basin
- 8 Membrane filter
- 9 Membrane pump
- Sample line to the analyzer (discharge side of pump, PE 4/2 mm (0.16/0.08"), max. 20 m (66 ft)))
- *B* Filtrate line from the membrane filters (suction side of the pump, PE, 4.5 m (15 ft) standard, with hose heating)

## 3.3 Installation instructions

To mount the individual modules, proceed as follows:

- 1. Mount the filter element holders.
- 2. Mount the guide tube, retaining slide and filtrate line.
- 3. Mounting the filter elements
- 4. Mounting the control box
- 5. Connect the sample lines to the measuring devices.
- Caution!
  - Before beginning installation, make sure that there are no pipes, stirrers or other equipment up to approx. 1 m (3.3 ft) below the surface of the water at the intended point of installation. This equipment can damage the filter elements.
  - Check that there is sufficient space between the filter unit and the rim of the basin. This applies especially to filter units with numerous filter elements. If there is not sufficient space, a special holder must be used.
  - The flow rate at the point of installation must not be over 2 m/s (6.6 ft/s).

#### **3.3.1** Mounting the filter element holders.



Note!

Please, order filter element holders separately. See "Accessories".

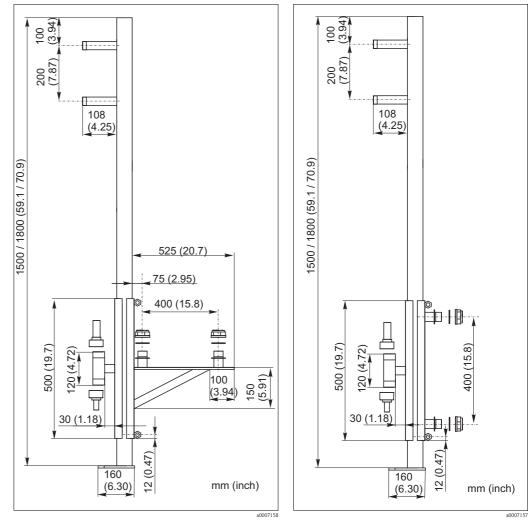


Fig. 2: Holder for open channel, side view



#### Note!

You will need a hammer drill with a 12 mm (0.47 inch) drill bit.

Proceed as follows to secure the holder to the edge of the basin:

- 1. Drill four holes with a diameter of 12 mm (0.47 inch) into the side of the wall facing the basin. The distance from the upper end of the wall should be approx. 10 cm (3.94 inch).
- 2. Screw the holders in.
  - Make sure, the basin holder is at least 60 cm (23.6 inch) below the water level (or the open channel holder at least 35 cm (13.8 inch)).

Filtrate line

Filtrate hose

PVC thread cap

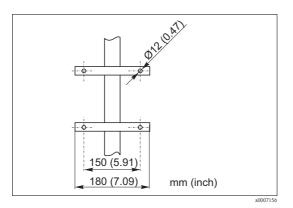
Retaining slide

Filter element

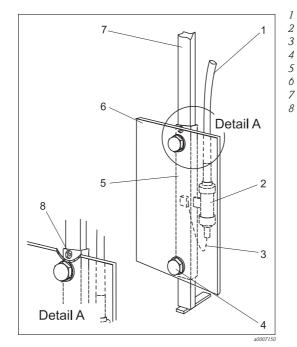
Hexagon nut

Mounting guide pipe

T-piece



*Fig. 4: Detail: wall mounting of the filter holder* (accessories)



## 3.3.2 Mounting the retaining slide and filtrate line

*Fig. 5: Filter element with retaining slide* 

- Secure the retaining slide, the stainless steel chain, the filtrate line and the PVC caps, in order to prevent them falling into the basin.
- Do not push the retaining slide onto the mounting guide pipe before having mounted the filter elements.

Caution!

Perform the following steps outside the basin or the open channel:

- 1. Feed the filtrate hose ( $\rightarrow \square 5$ , item 3) of the filtrate line (item 1) through the T-piece (item 2) at the PVC retaining slide (item 5).
- 2. Screw the filtrate line in tight with the PVC hose gland of the T-piece.
- 3. Fasten the stainless steel chain at the retaining slide by directing it through the hexagon nut (item 8).
- 4. Remove the PVC screw caps (item 4) and place them so that they can be reached.

#### **3.3.3** Mounting the filter elements

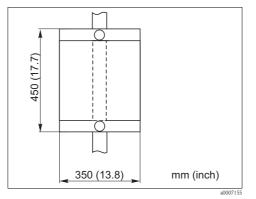


Fig. 6: Filter element

The filter elements are delivered ready for use. They are packed in a plastic bag with an additional cover of corrugated cardboard to protect them against mechanical damage.

- L Caution!
  - The surface of the filter element membrane (bright surface) must not be touched or in any way scratched with sharp objects or fingernails. Otherwise, the membrane is irreparably damaged. Therefore, always handle the filter element at the free-standing PVC ends.
  - Once it is used for the first time in the basin, always keep the membrane moist. Otherwise, it becomes brittle and breaks.



#### Note!

You will need an open-end wrench 14/15 a/f.

#### Installation:

- 1. Open the corrugated cardboard cover at the top by removing the tear-off strip.
- 2. Remove the corrugated cardboard spacer. There is a threaded elbow joint in the middle of it, which you will require in the step after the next.
- 3. Take out the filter plate and remove the plastic bag.
- 4. Screw the threaded elbow joint into the threaded hole on the reverse side of the filter element. Carefully tighten the threaded elbow joint with the open-end wrench, so that the O-ring on the threaded elbow joint seals cleanly to the PVC carrier plate. Avoid over-tightening the thread.
- 5. Have the PVC screw caps ( $\rightarrow \square 5$ , item 4) ready.
- 6. Put the filter plate onto both threaded adapters at the retaining slide (item 5) such that the threaded elbow joint faces the retaining slide.
- 7. Screw the PVC cap on by hand.
- 8. Cut the filtrate hose (item 3) to the right length, so that it runs in the bend.



#### Note!

When using numerous filter elements, ensure that the colored identification sleeves on the filtrate hoses do not fall off and are not cut off. Used tubes should be shortened by approx. 10 mm (0.39 inch) because the lateral surface always gets scratched somewhat when pulled out. This leads to leakages.

- 9. Slide the filtrate hose into the threaded elbow joint coupling and press it all the way in. There is an O-ring in the coupling, so that the hose has to be pressed in until a pressure point has been overcome.
- 10. Push the retaining slide with the filter element (item 6) onto the mounting guide pipe.
- 11. Put the retaining slide with the filter element down by the chain until the limit stop. Secure the chain end at the rail.

The complete filter unit has to be below the water level.

## 3.3.4 Mounting the control box

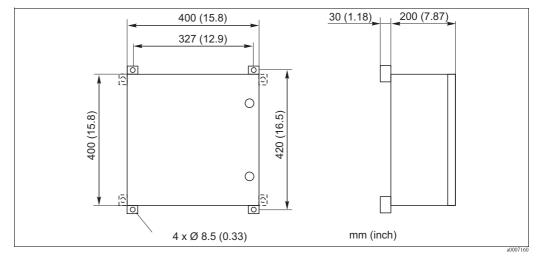
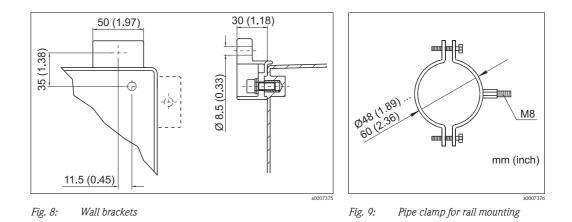


Fig. 7: Control box dimensions, left front view, right side view

Depending on the version, the control box is delivered with two clips for rail mounting or with four plastic brackets for wall mounting.

- 1. Mount the clips or the brackets at the holes intended for that purpose on the reverse side of the control box. For this, the clips must be fixed to the upper holes.
- 2. Rail mounting:
  - Screw the clips on the highest, horizontally-running rail pipe, right by the filter station.
  - For the box to hang straight, the supplied rubber buffer must be attached to the reverse side of the box. For this, drill a hole with a 4 mm (0.16 inch) diameter in the middle of the box position under which a lower horizontal rail pipe is situated.
  - To secure the rubber buffer, use the supplied Phillips screw.
- 3. Wall mounting:
  - Hold the box with the brackets screwed onto it against the wall and mark the holes.
  - Then drill the holes and use 8 mm screws with suitable plugs or 8 mm anchor pins (not included in scope of delivery) to secure the box to the wall.



#### 3.3.5 Connecting the sample lines to the measuring devices

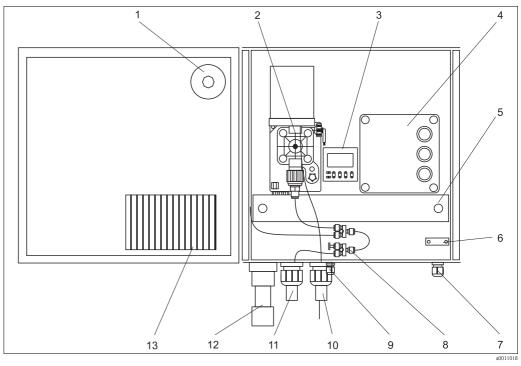


Fig. 10: Control box

- 1 Manometer
- 2 Membrane pump
- 3 Timer
- 4 Control unit with connetion box inside
- 5 Cable duct
- 6 Strain relief for power cable
- 7 Cable gland for power cable

#### Filtrate line from the filter elements

- 8 Y fitting
- 9 Vent hose gland
- 10 Gland for sample line to the analyzer
- 11 Gland for filtrate line from filter
- 12 Pipe socket with thermal switch
- 13 Housing heater
- If the filtrate line to the filter elements has not already been connected in the factory, proceed as follows:
- 1. Slide the filtrate hoses protruding from the filtrate line (one or two, depending on version) and the feed line of the heater cables through the hose gland ( $\rightarrow \square$  10, item 11). Slide the spiral hose far enough into the hose gland that it is flush inside and then tighten the hose gland.
- 2. Cut the filtrate hoses such that you can insert them comfortably into the Y fitting plug-in connectors (item 8).

#### Sample line to the measuring devices

The sample line to the measuring devices consists of a spiral jacket hose, one or two thin filtrate hoses and, depending on scope of order, an electric band heater.

ال Caution!

Lay hose lines such that they are protected against frost, where possible in underground cable ducts. Make sure that you do not overstretch the hose.

#### Electric band heater up to 20 m (66 ft), connection in the control box:

If the hoses and the electric band heater have not already been connected in the factory, proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove the plug from the power cable of the thermal switch ( $\rightarrow$   $\boxtimes$  11, item 1) with an edge-cutter.
- 2. Loosen the nut on the cable gland from the end of the spiral hose.
- 3. Pull the thin filtrate hose first and then the thermal switch incl. its power cable through the nut.
- 4. Guide all the hose ends and the thermal switch through the hole for the cable gland  $(\rightarrow \square 10, \text{ item 9})$  into the control box.
- 5. Insert the cable gland into the hole and screw the nut on tight.
- 6. Remove the foamed plastic pad from the pipe socket. Slide the thermal switch into the pipe socket, such that the end of the electric band heater is at the top and the power cable is at the bottom ( $\rightarrow \square 11$ ).
- 7. Push the foamed plastic pad over the thermal switch into the pipe socket in such a way that the power cable is isolated from the electric band heater.

#### Caution!

The micro thermostat (item 4) for the housing heating system is already in the pipe socket. Be careful when inserting the thermal switch because there is not much space to work in.

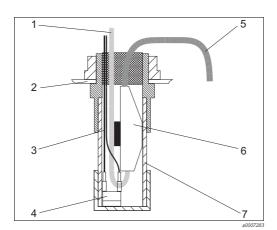


Fig. 11: Pipe socket

- Mains cable for thermal switch 230 V
- Control box bottom
- 3 Cord 24 V

1

2

- 4 Micro thermostat 24 V
- 5 Band heater 230 V
- 6 Thermal switch (orange)
- 7 Pipe socket

8. Guide the power cable for the thermal switch from the left into the cable duct  $(\rightarrow \square 10, \text{ item 5})$  to the connection box (item 4).

For electrical connection, please read the chapter "Wiring".

- 9. Unscrew the splash protection cap  $(\rightarrow \square 12, \text{ item 1})$  from the membrane pump.
- 10. Guide the filtrate hose (item 2) from below through the left-hand bore in the splash protection base (item 8).
- 11. Cut the filtrate hose such that you can insert it comfortably into the plug-in connector of the pressure connection (item 7). Ensure that you push the hose all the way in the plug-in connector. You must overcome a pressure point in so doing.
- 12. Pull the filter hose back far enough so that it runs in a relatively narrow bend at the top  $(\rightarrow \square 12).$

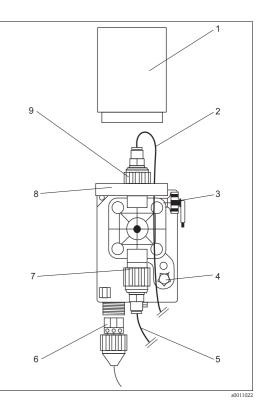
Make sure that you do not bend the hose.

- 13. Screw the splash protection cap back on.
- 14. Now lay the sample line (spiral jacket hose incl. filtrate line and electric band heater) to the measuring devices.

Where possible, use available cable ducts or empty underground pipes. With the corresponding order, the filtrate hose is protected by the electric band heater over the entire area exposed to frost.

#### 3.4 Post-installation check

- After installation, check that all connections are fitted tightly and are leakage resistant.
- Ensure that the hoses cannot be removed without effort.
- Check all hoses for damage.



#### Fig. 12: Membrane pump

1

2

5

6

7

8

9

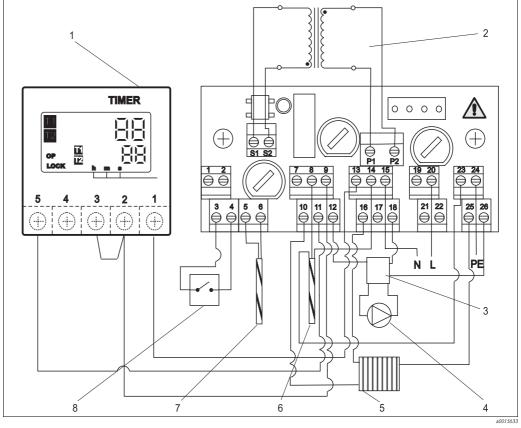
- Splash protection cap
- Filtrate hose to the measuring devices
- 3 Vent screw with hose nozzle 4
  - Rotary knob for stroke frequency
  - Filtrate hose of filter
  - Power connector
  - Pressure connection with plug-in connector
  - Splash protection base
  - Suction side with plug-in connector

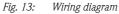
#### Wiring 4

## Warning!

- The electrical connection must only be carried out by a certified electrician.
- Technical personnel must have read and understood the instructions in this manual and must adhere to them.
- Ensure that there is no voltage at the power cable **before** beginning the connection work.

#### 4.1 Wiring diagram





Transformer

Line filter

Timer

1

2

3

Pump Housing heater Band heater 240 VAC

4

5

6

7 Filtrate hose heater 24 VAC Micro thermostat 24 V 8

Т	Assignment	Т	Assignment	Т	Assignment
1	not connected	10	Phase L housing heater	19	not connected
2	not connected	11	Phase L from timer T5	20	Phase L mains supply
3	24V to micro thermostat	12	Phase L line filter pump	21	not connected
4	24V from micro thermostat	13	Zero conductor, timer T1	22	not connected
5	24 V to hose heater	14	Electric band heater zero cond.	23	PE electric band heater
6	24V from hose heater	15	Mains supply zero conductor	24	PE mains supply
7	not connected	16	Housing heater zero conductor	25	PE housing heater
8	Phase L electric band heater	17	not connected	26	PE line filter pump
9	Phase L to timer T2 and 3	18	Zero conductor, line filter pump		

#### For power supply:

You have to connect terminals 15, 20 and 24. All other connections have been made at the factory.

#### For electric band heater connection:

You have also to connect terminals 8, 14 and 23 if using an electric band heater for the sample line to the analyzer (discharge side of the pump).

The heater for the hose to the suction side is included in versions CAT430-\*\*\* $A^{**}$ . The connections (terminals 5 and 6) have been made at the factory.

## 4.2 Power supply

#### Caution!

M

- A suitable circuit breaker must be provided by the customer. It must be placed directly upstream of the supply cable for the device.
- The device's power cable must be protected with a 30 mA error current protective switch (Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter, GFCI).

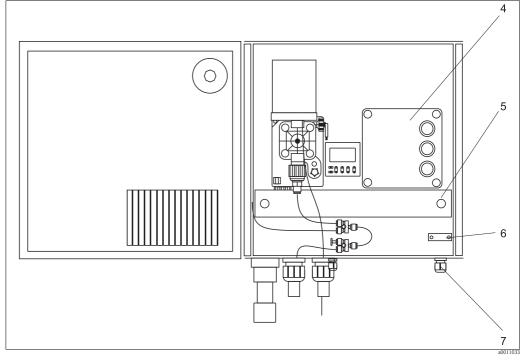


Fig. 14: Control box

- 4 Control unit with connection box inside
- 5 Cable duct
- 6 Strain relief for power cable
- 7 Cable gland for power cable

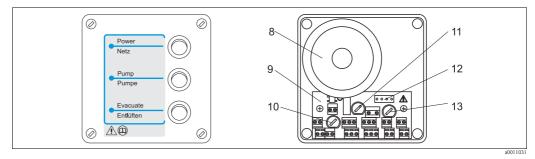


Fig. 15: Connection box: left cover, right inside the box

- 8 Transformer 24 V / 2A
- 9 Terminal block
- 10 Safety fuse for 24 V circuit 2.5 A 5 x 20 mm (0.20 x 0.79")
- 11 Safety fuse for pump 0.5 A 5 x 20 mm (0.20 x 0.79")
- *12 4-pole connection*
- 13 Safety fuse for entire device 2.5 A 5 x 20 mm (0.20 x 0.79")
- 1. First of all, remove the cover on the cable duct ( $\rightarrow \square$  14, item 5) and unscrew the cover of the connection box (item 4).
- 2. Disconnect the 4-pole connection ( $\rightarrow \square$  15, item 12) between the cover and terminal block and secure the cover.
- 3. Guide the power cable through the cable gland ( $\rightarrow \square$  14, item 7) into the pump box. Pull the cable from below right through the cable duct and into the connection box.
- 4. Shorten the cable to the appropriate length and remove the sheathing to a length of 40 mm (1.58").
- 5. Connect the wires to terminals 15, 20 and 24 ( $\rightarrow$   $\square$  13).
- 6. Secure the cable with the strain relief ( $\rightarrow \square 14$ , item 6).

## 4.3 Conneting the optional hose trace heating system

If not connected at the factory:

- 1. Pull the cable of the 24 V hose heater (filtrate line from filter) from the left through the cable duct and into the connection box.
- 2. Connect the wires to terminals 5 and 6 ( $\rightarrow$   $\square$  13).
- 3. Pull the supply lead of the orange thermal switch on the 230 V electric band heater (filtrate line to measuring device) from the left through the cable duct to the connection box.
- 4. Shorten the cable to the appropriate length and remove the sheathing to a length of 40 mm (1.58").
- 5. Connect the wires to terminals 8, 14 and 23.

## 4.4 Post-connection check

Checks	Remarks
Supply voltage matches the specifications on nameplate?	230 V AC / 115 V AC
The mounted cables slack and not twisted?	
Is the strain relief for the power cable correctly installed?	
All the cable entries installed, tightened and sealed?	
All cable entries mounted downwards or sideways?	cable loops downwards: water drains off
Are the covers of the cable duct and connection box correctly installed and the fixing screws tightened?	The connection box and cable duct must not be accessible without the use of a tool.

#### 5 Operation

#### 5.1 Operation and commissioning

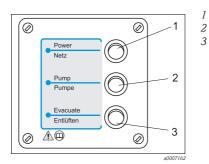
The following chapters provide you with information on the sample preparation unit's operating elements and explain how to make settings.

In Chap. 6, "Commissioning", you will find the procedure for initial start-up and for daily operation.

#### 5.2 Display and operating elements

1

#### Main switch



Heating / Power Pump / Timer

Suction hose evacuating (pump runs at continuous operation)

Fig. 16: Cover of connection box

#### Timer

A multifunctional timer controls the CAT430. When CAT430 is delivered, the timer is ready to use installed and connected.

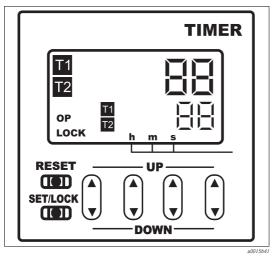


Fig. 17: Timer

## 5.3 Local operation

## 5.3.1 Cycle times

For reliable operation and achievement of long rinsing intervals, sufficient pause times between the pumping times are necessary.

The pause times depend on the number of filter elements and on the pumping parameters for supply output and speed.

The factory-set values for pumping (On) and pause times (Off), as well as the fluid quantities per pumping cycle are displayed in the following table.

Number of Filter element	On / Off [s]	Fluid quantity per cycle [ml]
1	10 / 50	5
2	20 / 40	10

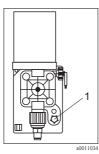


Note!

In principle, you can make other settings for the cycle times.

Extending the pump time with constant pause times tends to result in shorter rinse intervals. Therefore, you should check whether this is acceptable for your application.

## 5.3.2 Pump capacity



You can change the pump's stroke frequency using the rotary knob at the bottom right on the pump housing ( $\rightarrow \square 18$ , item 1). The pointer of the rotary knob is set to one o' clock with the factory setting. Turn the knob clockwise to increase the fluid quantity.

Fig. 18: Pump

## 5.3.3 Timer setting

The timer controls the times when the pump is switched on and off.

When the pump is switched on the T1 fields are lit or flash red and yellow on the display, as does the OP message on the bottom left of the screen.

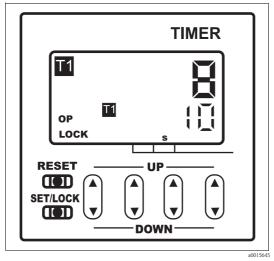


Fig. 19: Timer

The red number at the top displays the switch-on time that has already elapsed while the yellow value at the bottom displays the target value for the switch-on time. All values are full seconds. When the pump is switched off the T2 fields are lit or flash, as do the actual and target values for the switch-off time. The OP message is not displayed.

The optimum switch cycle and the time values are normally already preset for the CAT430 when the device is delivered from the factory. However, you might need to alter the settings if the process conditions change or a timer has to be replaced.

You can make the following settings:

#### Pump switch-on and switch-off times

Using your fingernail or a small screwdriver, press the yellow SET/LOCK button on the bottom left while simultaneously pressing the blue rocker switch (located right beside the SET/LOCK button) up or down. The "LOCK" message on the bottom left of the display disappears and the device is in the programming mode. You can ignore the actual time highlighted in red on the screen.

By pressing the SET/LOCK button a second time, you can switch between the set value for the switch-on time (yellow T1 field is lit) and for the switch-off time (yellow T2 field is lit). The yellow value indicates the set value currently set.

You can change the set value by changing each individual position using the individual rocker switches located under the display area. Press the UP arrow to increase the value and the DOWN arrow to decrease the value. Therefore in order to extend the switch-on period from 10 seconds to 20 seconds, for example, you must press the UP arrow of the second rocker switch from the right once only and the yellow T1 field must be lit.

Once both times are configured correctly, you must set the settings by pressing the SET/LOCK key and the adjacent rocker switch simultaneously. "LOCK" appears on the display again.

#### Time range

The correct time range for the switch-on and switch-off time is between 1 and 9999 seconds. It is normally set at the factory and should not be changed. To check the time ranges, you first have to remove the timer (see the "Replacing the timer" section). A flap is located on the right-hand side of the housing which you can open using your fingernail or a small screwdriver.

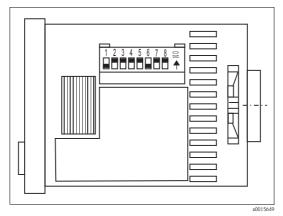


Fig. 20: Timer

When the timer is set correctly, switches 1 and 6 must be switched on – i.e. in the top position  $(\rightarrow \square 20)$  – while all the other switches are in the bottom position. To change the time range, e.g. from seconds to minutes, you must set switches 1–3 for the switch-on time and switches 6–8 for the switch-off time as indicated in the written instruction under the switches.

#### Operating mode

The timer must be configured as an asymmetric clock, starting with the switch-on phase. In order to check this configuration, you must first switch to the programming mode by simultaneously pressing the SET/LOCK button and the adjacent blue rocker switch. The "LOCK" message on the display must disappear.

If you now simultaneously press the SET/LOCK button and the second rocker switch from the right, "Pu-c" must appear on the display for approx. 2 seconds. If another message appears, please simultaneously press the SET/LOCK button and the rocker switch on the far right. Then release both buttons. Now press the rocker switch on the far right until Pu-c appears on the display. Select this setting by pressing the yellow RESET button located above the SET/LOCK button.

Then return to the secured mode by simultaneously pressing the SET/LOCK button and the blue rocker switch directly beside it.

## 6 Commissioning

## 6.1 Function check

Caution!

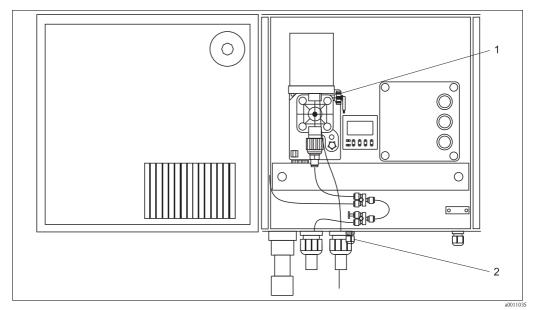
()

Check that all connections have been made correctly. Especially check that all hose connections are firmly attached, so that no leakages occur.

Pay particular attention to the hose connections on the membrane pump and ensure that the splash protection cap is screwed back on.

## 6.2 Switch-on

## 6.2.1 Initial start-up





*1 Vent screw hose nozzle* 

2 Vent hose gland

- 1. Remove the drain plug from the hose gland for the vent hose ( $\rightarrow \square 21$ , item 2).
- 2. Push one end of the supplied vent hose (PVC 6/4 mm) up through the hose gland and fit it on the hose nozzle of the vent screw (item 1).

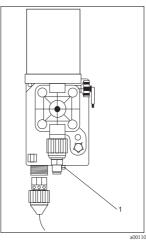
#### Caution!

(<sup>1</sup>)

Ensure that the other end of the vent hose is hung up so that the sample being delivered cannot cause any damage.

If necessary, shorten the hose.

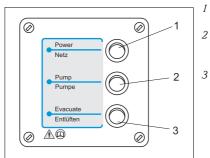
#### 6.2.2 Power switch



Ensure that the rockerswitch on the underside of the pump is switched on ( $\rightarrow$   $\boxtimes$  22).



You use the rocker switches on the cover of the connection box for the switching operations:



- Switches on the housing heater and the heater cable in the filtrate line
- Activates the timer and pump, starts operation with factory settings (initial start-up) or with individual settings
- 3 Continuous operation of the pump, evacuates the filter elements and filtrate line

Fig. 23: Cover of connection box



- lote!
- To start the entire system immediately, switch on "Power" and "Pump".
- Note that when "Pump" is switched on, the pump starts to feed immediately.



- If you are starting the machine in frosty conditions, only switch "Power" on first. Wait approx.
   30 minutes before you start the pump. This time is needed to bring the filtrate hoses and the pump box above 0 °C (32 °F).
- Continuous operation of the pump (lower switch) is necessary above all for degassing the filter elements and the filtrate hoses. Switch the continuous operation on for approx. 10-15 minutes during commissioning. The vacuum at the manometer must not be larger than 0.4 bar (6 psi). Otherwise, stop the continuous operation and switch it on again when there are many air bubbles in the filtrate hose.

#### Switch-on

- 1. Switch on the "Power" switch.
- 2. Switch on the "Evacuate" switch.
- 3. Open the vent screw by turning the knurl counterclockwise.
- 4. Wait until the flow of sample supplied from the vent hose is free of bubbles.
- 5. Set the "Evacuate" switch back to "0" (off).

#### L Caution!

After commissioning, always switch "Evacuate" off. Otherwise the filter plates will become clogged in a short period of time.

## 6.3 Checking the sample transportation

- 1. Close the vent screw (turn clockwise).
- 2. Measure the time that the sample requires from switching on the pump until arriving in the collecting vessel at the measuring devices.

This time is the minimum delay time that passes between taking the sample and measurement. You shorten the delay time by extending the operating time or stroke length of the pump.



#### Note!

At the same cycle duration, the delay time drops by a third when the operating time is increased by 50%.

## 6.4 Checking the sampling quantity

- Measure the sampling quantity. To do this, place a 100 ml (3.4 fl.oz.) measuring cup under the filtrate hose (→ 24, item 5). Measure the amount of sample that is supplied within the period of 10 minutes.
- Calculate the filtrate output per hour. Depending on the number of filter elements (one, two or four) the filtrate output must be 250 or 500 ml/h (0.065 or 0.13 gal/hr).
- 3. If necessary, correct the filtrate output by changing the operating time and/or stroke length of the pump.

#### Note!

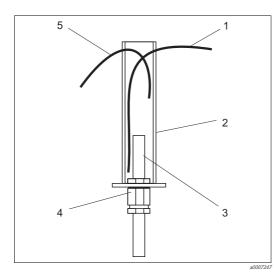
Once you have completed the checks, you can remove the vent hose and insert the drain plug back in the hose gland.

1

2

## 6.5 Setting the collecting volume

In the following figure the collecting vessel is shown on the measuring device side.



- Measuring device suction hose
- Transparent PP cylinder
- *3 PE overflow hose*
- 4 Hose gland 5 Filtrate hose
  - Filtrate hose from control box

Fig. 24: Collecting vessel (measuring device side)

The overflow hose (item 3) must be set such that the measuring devices suck just enough sample out of the collecting vessel within a pumping cycle that the bottom is still covered and thereby no air is sucked in.

For measuring devices working intermittently the collecting volume must always be larger than the amount that can be sucked in by the measuring device in one go.

This is how to set the collecting volume:

- 1. Loosen the hose gland (item 4).
- 2. Set the length of the overflow hose (item 3) in the collecting vessel such that the desired volume is reached.
- 3. Tighten the hose gland again and check that it is leakage-resistant.



Note!

- If you use CAT430 for preparing samples for analyzers of the CA71 series, please use the collecting vessel of the analyzer with or without level monitoring.
- If a nitrate sensor with flow assembly is installed in the filtrate line, you have to install the collecting vessel after the nitrate sensor.

## 7 Maintenance

## 7.1 Maintenance activities

All maintenance activities that have to be carried out during normal operation are described below.

## 7.1.1 Cleaning the filter elements

- 1. Please switch the pump off first (middle switch on the connection box) and then pull the entire filter unit out of the water by the plastic chain.
- 2. Hang the chain up on the rail or another suitable place so that you prevent the filter unit from falling back into the basin.
- 3. Now wash down the filter membranes with a water hose. The cleaning effect can be seen when the brownish coating dissolves from the bright membrane surface.

h Caution!

Danger of damaging the membrane if the membrane is washed down incorrectly! It is best to use a garden hose with a spray nozzle to wash down the filter elements. If a firehose is used, set the stream somewhat wider in order to avoid damaging the filter elements. If no water supply is available, a high-pressure cleaner with water canister can also be used to wash down.

- 4. After washing down, check whether the membrane is damaged.
- 5. Finally, lower the filter unit back into the basin by the chain. Ensure that the filter elements are completely under the water level again.

Normally, no chemicals are required for cleaning the filter elements. At measuring points with a high grease and protein content, however, it can be necessary to chemically treat the membranes from time to time.



#### Warning!

Caustic! Risk of injury to skin and eyes.

The following tasks should only be performed by staff specially trained in the handling of chemicals and authorized to perform such work by the owner/operator.

Be sure to wear protective gloves and protective goggles when handling hydrochloric acid (HCl) and hydrogen peroxide (H $_2O_2$ ).

Use a mixture of 200 ml (6.8 fl.oz.) 30%  $\rm H_2O_2,$  11 (34 fl.oz.) water and 30 ml (1 fl.oz.) concentrated HCl:

- 1. Wash the filter elements down first with water.
- 2. Then apply the solution to the filter elements with a plastic watering can with spraying nozzle.
- 3. Repeat the procedure three times at intervals of 5 minutes.

#### Caution!

Ensure that the filter membranes do not dry out because otherwise they will be irreparably destroyed!

4. Then wash the filter elements down again with water and lower the filter unit into the basin again by the chain.

The time interval between two rinses depends to a great extent on the condition of the wastewater. It can be assumed that the maintenance interval at the sludge activation outlet of a sewage treatment plant operating normally is at least 5 weeks if the operating time of the pump compared to the values in the table in chapter "Local operation/Cycle times" is not considerably increased. In summer, however, it can even be a number of months.

#### 7.1.2 Storage of filter elements

The membrane of all used filter elements must be kept wet. Use the optional transportation box (-> accessories) to keep the filter elements wet.

#### 7.1.3 Evacuating the pump

Air bubbles can occur in the dosing head of the pump after installing a new filter element or in the event of vacuum pressure as of 0.6 bar (9 psi). The air bubbles have an impact on the filtrate feed and must be removed.



#### Note!

A large vacuum pressure can be caused by buildup on the filter elements. For this reason, check and clean the filter elements first, if necessary.

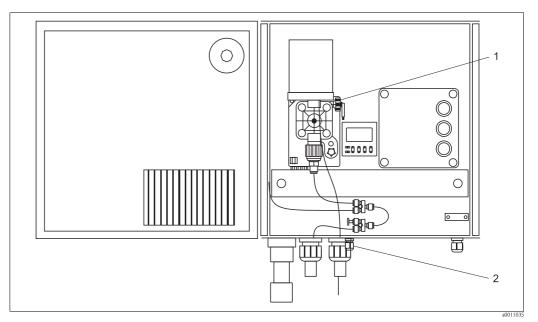


Fig. 25: Control box

- *1 Vent screw hose nozzle*
- 2 Vent hose gland
- 1. Remove the drain plug from the hose gland for the vent hose ( $\rightarrow$   $\square$  21, item 2).
- 2. Push one end of the supplied vent hose (PVC 6/4 mm) up through the hose gland and fit it on the hose nozzle of the vent screw (item 1).

#### h Caution!

Note!

Ensure that the other end of the vent hose is hung up so that the sample being delivered cannot cause any damage.

If necessary, shorten the hose.

- 3. Open the vent screw.
- 4. Switch on the "Evacuate" switch and run the pump until no more air bubbles come out of the vent hose.
- 5. Close the vent screw again.
- 6. Switch off the "Evacuate" switch.



If necessary, you can leave the vent hose connected.

Otherwise, remove it and insert the drain plug back into the threaded joint of the control box.

## 7.1.4 Replacing filtrate hoses

In the course of a few months a coating builds up in the transparent PVC filtrate hoses in the control box despite ultra filtration. It is not worth cleaning them. Replace the hoses as described below.

- 1. Switch off the pump.
- 2. Pull all transparent hoses out of the black PP plug-in connectors, by pressing the retaining ring of the respective plug-in connector against the pull out direction of the hose into the connector.
- 3. Cut hose pieces to the right size, according to the old hoses, out of the 4/2 mm (0.16/0.08 inch) PVC hose.
- 4. Slide the ends of the hose all the way into the plug-in connectors. When inserting the hoses into the O-ring seals, a pressure point must be overcome.

Should the filtrate hoses become dirty again after a short time, it is possible that a filter element is defective and must be replaced.

## 7.1.5 Rinsing the sample hose between control box and measuring devices

In the course of time, a coating also builds up in the sample hose between the control box and measuring devices, that can result in nitrification effects and material wear. Consequently, this leads to incorrect measurement results.

To prevent these effects, you must chemically rinse the sample hose approx. every 6 weeks.

## Warning!

Caustic! Risk of injury to skin and eyes.

The following tasks should only be performed by staff specially trained in the handling of chemicals and authorized to perform such work by the owner/operator.

Be sure to wear protective gloves and protective goggles when handling hydrochloric acid (HCl) and hydrogen peroxide (H $_2O_2$ ).

Use a mixture of 200 ml (6.8 fl.oz.) 30%  $\rm H_2O_2,$  11 (34 fl.oz.) water and 30 ml (1 fl.oz.) concentrated HCl.

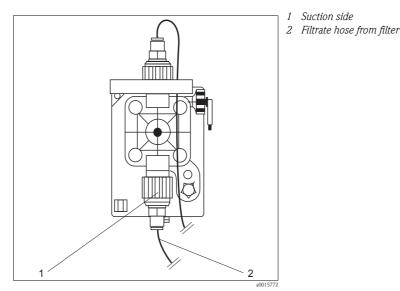


Fig. 26: Membrane pump

- 1. Switch all of the connected measuring devices to standby mode.
- 2. Disconnect the filtrate hose (item 2) from the pump's suction side (item 1).
- 3. Instead of the suction hose, connect a 50 cm (1.6 ft) long PE hose and insert the other end of this hose in a 500 ml (17 fl.oz.) bottle of cleaning solution.
- 4. Leave the CAT430 run for 20-30 minutes with the cleaning solution.
- 5. Then remove the PE hose once more and reconnect the suction hose to the plug-in connector of the pump.
- 6. Leave the CAT430 run for another 20 minutes with filtrate, until the cleaning solution has been completely removed from the system.
- 7. Switch on the measuring devices once again.

## 7.2 Repairs

Warning!



Work on electrical components must only be carried out by authorized and trained technical personnel.

Before beginning work, switch the fuses for the complete machine off. The fuses are provided by the customer.

## 7.2.1 Replacing a filter element

The filter element membranes have a service life of approx. 2 years, depending on operating conditions. After this time or in case of mechanical damage, the membrane becomes permeable to contamination. This can be detected by turbidity of the sample and by strong soiling in the relevant PVC filtrate hose or in the corresponding duct of the filtrate Y-piece in the control box. In this case, the defective filter element(s) have to be replaced.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Switch off the "Pump" switch.
- 2. Pull the filter unit out of the water and rinse the entire unit thoroughly with a jet of water.
- 3. Check the membranes for mechanical damages, such as scratches, cracks or separations of the membrane layer from the carrier layer. In these cases, you must replace the filter element.
- 4. Pull the filtrate hose of the affected filter element out of the threaded elbow joint on the reverse side of the element.

Press the retaining ring of the hose gland against the pull out direction of the tube.

5. Loosen both PVC screw caps on the front side of the element.

#### Caution!

Do not allow the coupling nut or filter element to fall into the activated sludge basin.

- 6. The defective filter element can now be easily removed and replaced with a new one.
- 7. Mount the new filter element as described in Chapter "Installation instructions".

## 7.2.2 Replacing the device fuses

On the terminal PCB in the connection box, there are 3 circuit fuses 5x20 mm (5x0.79 inch) ( $\rightarrow \square 15$ ).

The fuses blow if the current flow is too high.

Before replacing a fuse, you must first determine what caused the fuse to blow.



Determining what caused the fuse to blow must only be carried out by authorized and trained technical personnel.

Before beginning work, switch off the complete system with the circuit-breaker provided by the customer!

To replace a fuse, proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the four plastic screws on the corners of the connection box cover and remove the cover.
- 2. Press the screw cap of the fuse and turn it approx. 45° counter-clockwise.
- 3. Remove the fuse and replace it with another one. Screw the cap back on.
- 4. Screw the cover of the connection box back on.
- 5. Switch the systems back on and check that the CAT430 functions properly.

## 7.2.3 Replacing the timer

It is assumed that the timer is defective if, despite mains voltage being present and the top or middle switch on the connection box being switched on, the display is blank or the relay for the pump does not switch as intended in the cycle.



#### Warning!

Before replacing the timer, be sure to switch off the circuit breaker, provided by the customer, for the entire machine.

- 1. Open the cable duct.
- 2. Release the two fixing screws on the timer brackets on the left and right of the timer and remove the timer.
- 3. Release the cables on the rear of the timer and remove the timer.
- 4. When connecting the new timer make sure you connect the connecting cables ( $\rightarrow \square 13$ ) in the correct order. Please note that the numbering of the timer terminals starts with terminal number 1 on the left, as viewed from the rear of the timer. Numbers are embossed on the terminals. These numbers are located under the screws.
- 5. Using the screws, secure the timer to the carrier plate again.

## 7.2.4 Cleaning and replacing check valves

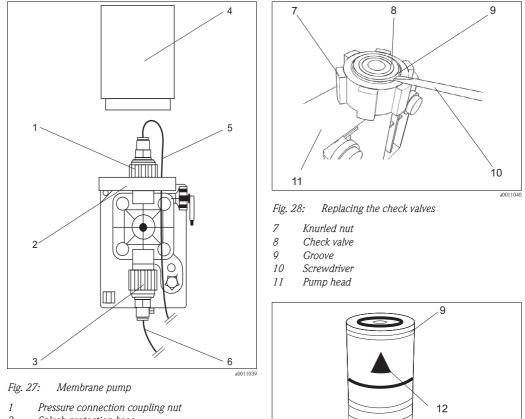


Note!

## Only use genuine spare parts.

Crystalline buildup on the ball seat of the check valves has an impact on the feed capacity of the membrane pump.

Rinsing the filtrate hose between the control box and the device(s) should eliminate this buildup. If the pump still does not feed correctly after rinsing and at full stroke frequency (rotary knob on the right-hand side of the pump turned to the right as far as they can go), you have to remove the valves and replace them.



- 2 Splash protection base
- 3 Suction side coupling nut
- 4 Splash protection cap
- 5 Pressure connection filtrate hose
- 6 Suction side filtrate hose

## Preparing for valve replacement

- 1. Switch off the pump.
- 2. Unscrew the splash protection cap ( $\rightarrow \square 27$ , item 4).
- 3. Pull the filtrate hoses (items 5 and 6) out of the plug-in connectors on the suction and pressure connection.

Fig. 29:

12

Check valve

Arrow mark (flow direction)

- 4. Unscrew the coupling nuts (items 1 and 3).
- 5. Remove the splash protection base (item 2) from the pressure connection.

#### Removing the check valve

- Screw the supplied knurled nut (→ ☑ 28, item 7) on the pressure side so that the upper edge of the knurl is positioned at the recess at the level of the groove on the check valve (item 9).
- 7. Prize out the check valve by placing the screwdriver in the grooves and pressing against the upper edge of the knurled nut.
- 8. Retighten the knurled nut every so often when the valve is moving upwards.
- 9. Pull the valve out of the screw socket and remove the knurled nut.

#### Fitting a new check valve at the pressure connection

- 10. With the arrow pointing upwards (→ 🖾 29, item 12), push the valve all the way in the screw socket.
- 11. Mount the splash protection base.
- 12. Screw the coupling nut back on and tighten it well.

#### Installing new check valve at suction side

- 13. At the suction side, follow steps 6–9 in the same way as the pressure side, with the one difference that you press the valve downwards.
- 14. Push the new valve with the arrow pointing upwards in the screw socket.
- 15. Screw the coupling nut back on and tighten it well.

#### Restarting the pump

- 16. Insert the filtrate hoses on the pressure and suction side back into the plug-in connectors.
- 17. Screw the splash protection cap back on.
- 18. Switch on the pump.

## 7.2.5 Pump sealing

If filtrate leaks out of the leak bore on the underside of the pump head (item 2), there are two possible reasons:

- a) The fixing screws (item 1) of the pump head have become loose.
- b) The pump membrane is defective.

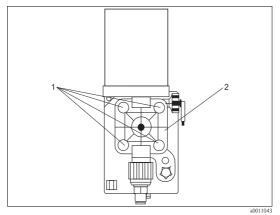


Fig. 30: Membrane pump

#### a) Fixing screws are loose

- 1. Remove the rubber caps from the fixing screws during operation.
- 2. Using an 8 mm socket wrench, carefully retighten the screws.
- Check if liquid is still leaking out. If yes, the pump membrane is defective and must be replaced.
- 4. If no, fit the rubber caps back on the fixing screws.

#### b) Changing the pump membrane

- 1. Switch off the pump.
- 2. Remove the splash protection cap.
- 3. Remove the filtrate hoses from the plug-in connectors of the suction and pressure connection and, if necessary, the vent hose.
- 4. Remove the rubber caps from the fixing screws.
- 5. Loosen and remove all fixing screws (item 1).
- 6. Remove the pump head. You are now looking at the white membrane.
- 7. Unscrew the membrane by reaching to the side underneath and, with your thumb and index finger, turning it in a counter-clockwise direction away from the tie rod.
- 8. Replace the O-rings on the underside of the pump head and at the pump housing. You can use a small screwdriver to loosen the O-rings. However, ensure that you do not scratch the O-ring seat.
- 9. Screw a new membrane all the way on to the tie rod. Ensure that the membrane does not get jammed or over-tightened.
- 10. Fit the pump head back on and tighten it with the fixing screws.
- 11. Fit the rubber caps back on the fixing screws.
- 12. Re-insert the filtrate hoses into the plug-in connectors of the suction and pressure connection.
- 13. Screw the splash protection cap back on.
- 14. Switch on the pump.

Note!

Check for leak-tightness again. If the pump is still leaking, you have to replace the pump completely (see the following chapter).

### 7.2.6 Replacing the membrane pump

If the pump is still leaking or does not feed correctly despite the measures described, you must replace the pump and send it in for repair.

#### Removing the pump

- 1. Switch "Power" and "Pump" off.
- 2. Unscrew the splash protection cap.
- 3. Remove the filtrate hoses from the plug-in connectors of the suction and pressure connection and, if necessary, the vent hose.
- 4. Open the cable duct and push the pump upwards out of the holder. You must overcome a pressure point in so doing.
- 5. Unscrew the coupling nut from the power connector on the underside of the pump and carefully pull the power connector at the cable out of the threaded nozzle.
- 6. Take the pump out of the control box.

#### Installing the new or repaired pump

- 1. Push the rubber seal over the power connector so that the recesses are positioned on top of the corners of the power connector.
- Insert the power connector with rubber seal all the way in the threaded nozzle on the underside of the pump.
   Ensure that you guide the rubber seal correctly into the nozzle.
- 3. Screw the coupling nut on the nozzle.
- 4. Push the pump into the pump holder from above until it locks in place.
- 5. Switch on the flip switch on the underside of the pump.
- 6. Mount the cover of the cable duct and tighten the screws.
- 7. Insert the filtrate hoses into the plug-in connectors of the suction and pressure connection.
- 8. Screw the splash protection cap back on.
- 9. Switch "Power" and "Pump" on.
- 10. If necessary, evacuate the pump.



## Accessories

#### Note!

8

In the following sections, you find the most important accessories available at the time of issue of this documentation. For information on accessories that are not listed here, please contact your responsible service department or sales center.

### 8.1 Filter element holders

Filter element holders

- Holder with vertical retaining slide, for basin
  - 1.50 m (4.9 ft)
  - order no. 51511353
- Holder with vertical retaining slide, for basin
  - 1.80 m (5.9 ft)
  - order no. 51511354
- Holder with horizontal retaining slide, for open channel
- 1.50 m (4.9 ft)
- order no. 51511373
- Holder with horizontal retaining slide, for open channel
- 1.80 m (5.9 ft)
- order no. 51511374

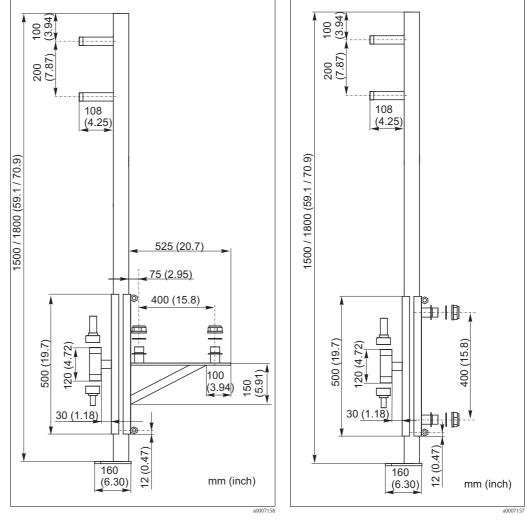
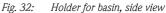


Fig. 31: Holder for open channel, side view



## 8.2 Filter element accessories

#### Adapter

- for mounting a 2nd filter plate (2 adapters needed per filter plate)
- order no. 51511355

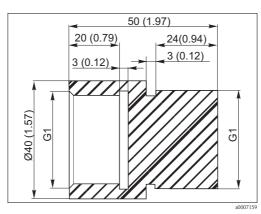


Fig. 33: Dimensions

Transportation box for filter elements

- for secure transportation resp. storage of 1 or 2 filter plates
- 500 x 400 x 50 mm (19.7 x 15.8 x 1.97 inch)
- order no. 51512477

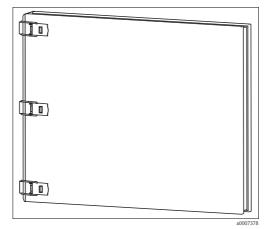


Fig. 34: Transportation box

# 9 Troubleshooting instructions

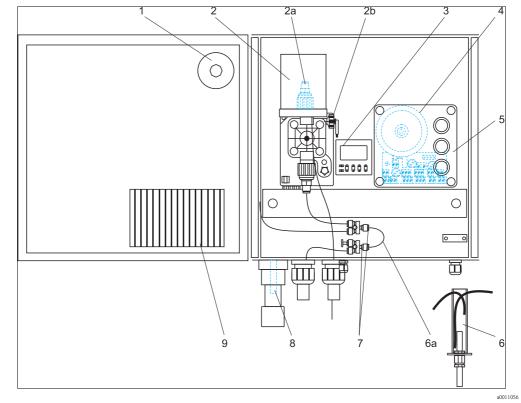
# 9.1 Troubleshooting instructions

Although CAT430 is not very prone to faults due to its simple construction, problems can, of course, not be completely ruled out.

In the following table you can find, therefore, possible faults, their causes and possible fault eliminations. The term "terminal" refers to the number of the terminal.

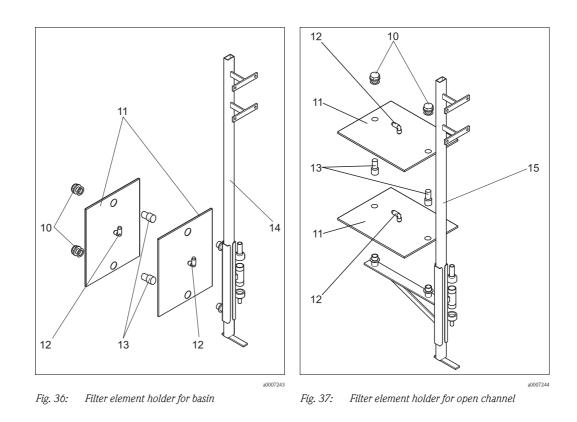
Fault	Possible cause	Tests and / or corrective measures				
No or too little filtrate	Pump not running	Ensure that on the connection box the upper and the middle switch are at "ON" or "I" and the lower switch at "OFF" or "O".				
		<ul> <li>Did you wait for the next start-up phase of the time?</li> <li>Pump switched on? -&gt; Flip switch on underside of pump</li> <li>230 V between timer connection 1 and 2?</li> <li>No: Check cable connection between connection 2 and terminal 9 as well as between connection 1 and terminal 13!</li> <li>Yes: Controller running? If not, then replace timer.</li> <li>230 V between timer connection 3 and terminal 18?</li> <li>No: Check jumper between connection 2 and 3!</li> <li>230 V between timer connection 5 and terminal 18 when the relay is switched on (closed relay symbol in the display)?</li> <li>No: Timer defective, replace.</li> <li>Switch on the "Evacuate" switch: 230 V between terminals 12 and 18?</li> <li>No: Check fuse 6 and replace if necessary.</li> <li>Voltage present, pump still not running?</li> <li>Replace pump!</li> </ul>				
	Pump running	<ul> <li>Is the clock pulse frequency set correctly?</li> <li>Is filtrate leaking out under the pump head? Tighten fixing screws or replace membrane.</li> <li>Air in suction hose or pump head? Clean filter elements and vent pump.</li> <li>No filtrate or too little?</li> <li>Switch controller off. Disconnect the filtrate hose from the pressure side of the pump (top) and connect the supplied hose piece.</li> <li>Switch on poump. Does filtrate come?</li> <li>Measure the amount with a measuring beaker.</li> <li>No filtrate or too little? Check the vacuum pressure at the pressure gauge!</li> <li>No vacuum pressure or less than 0.2 bar? Buildup in the valves. First rinse and if this does not solve the problem take it apart and replace parts!</li> <li>More vacuum pressure than 0.7 bar? Filter element or filtrate hose blocked! First clean filter element and if this does not help disconnect the filtrate hose from the threaded elbow joint on the rear of the filter element.</li> <li>Vacuum pressure now 0? Replace filter element!</li> <li>Vacuum pressure still more than 0.7 bar? Filtrate hose blocked! Causes are frost or soiling. Frost: see below. Soiling: Using the connection piece supplied, clear the filtrate quantity fed.</li> <li>Switch off controller, reconnect filtrate hose, switch on controller.</li> <li>Is the measured filtrate quantity reported at the devices?</li> <li>No: Frost or soiling in sample line to the measuring devices! Frost: see below. Soiling: replace the blocked filtrate hose.</li> </ul>				

Fault	Possible cause	Tests and / or corrective measures				
Frost problems	Housing and filtrate line heater failure	Problems with the housing and filtrate line heater are evident when the filtrate hoses in the control box are frozen. A timer failure is also possible. This is how to check the housing heater:				
		<ul> <li>24 V AC between terminals 3 and 6?</li> <li>No: Check fuse 4 and replace if necessary. Voltage now present? No: transformer or cable connection defective. Contact service team!</li> <li>Remove the micro thermostat between terminals 3 and 4 (24 V, safe). Connect terminals 3 and 4 with a piece of wire. Housing heater switches on and is warm after approx. 1 min? The same with the heater cable in the filtrate line to the filter elements?</li> <li>No: 230 V between terminals 10 and 16? If not, the relay circuit on the terminal board is defective. Contact service team!</li> <li>Yes: Heating element defective, contact service team!</li> <li>The checks mentioned above are o.k. and still no housing heating? Micro thermostat defective, replace.</li> </ul>				
	Failure in sample line heater to the measuring devices	Problems with the sample line heater to the measuring devices are evident when the sample is not transported on from the control box to the measuring devices and all other causes mentioned above have been ruled out.				
		<ul> <li>Check that the entire part of the sample line in danger of frosting over is heated by the electric band heater. Otherwise, a longer or an additional electric band heater must be used.</li> <li>Check that the electric band heater has been connected correctly.</li> <li>Is the orange thermal switch correctly attached to the pipe socket (see "Installation instructions"→ instructions"→ instructions"→ instructions"→ instructions</li> <li>If the electric band heater is externally connected, the thermal switch must be in the open.</li> <li>All of the checks mentioned above are o.k. and the hose is still frozen? Thermal switch defective, replace electric band heater.</li> </ul>				



## 9.2 Spare parts

Fig. 35: Control box CAT430 and collecting vessel of CA7X





Note!

Please, find the ordering information to the spare parts from the following table.

Item	Spare part	Order code		
1	Manometer with connector for CAT430	51509228		
2	CAT430 conversion kit into membrane pump	71039524		
2a	Kit CAT430: Cable gland with sealing for membrane pump MP-OL5	71064559		
2b	Kit CAT430: Exhaust screw for MP-OL5	71071974		
	Kit CAT430: Check valves for membrane pump	71064556		
NT 1 C	Kit CAT430: Membrane set for pump	71064558		
Not in figure	Kit CAT430: Base plate for membrane pump	71064560		
	Kit CAT430: Hose set for membrane pump	71064562		
3	CAT430 conversion kit for electrical relay	71140521		
	Connection box with terminal board 230 V AC and transformer, without cover	51514294		
4	Connection box with terminal board 115 V AC and transformer, without cover	51518026		
	Terminal board 230 V AC	51509231		
5	Connection box cover incl. switch	51509230		
6	Collecting vessel for CAT430	51509238		
ба	CAT430 PVC hose, clear, 4/2 mm (0.16/0.8 inch), length 2 m (6.6 ft)	51514284		
7	Kit CAT430: Pneumatic connectors for membrane pump	71064561		
8	Thermal switch for CAT430	51509232		
9	Cabinet heater for CAT430, 110 to 230 V AC	51509233		
Not in figure	Filtrate line with electric band heater, length 4.5 m (15 ft)	51509234		
10	Securing nut for filter element for CAT430	51509237		
11	Filter element for CAT430, with hose connector	51509236		
12	CAT430 filter element plug connector	51514278		
13	Adapter G1 CAT430 for fixing a second filter element	51511355		
14	Filter element holder with vertical retaining slide for basin			
	length: 1.50 m (4.9 ft)	51511353 51511354		
	<ul> <li>length: 1.80 m (5.9 ft)</li> </ul>			
15	Filter element holder with horizontal retaining slide for open channel length: 1.50 m (4.9 ft)	51511373		
	<ul> <li>length: 1.80 m (5.9 ft)</li> </ul>	51511374		
	Retaining rope for CAT430, PA 8 mm (0.32")	51509227		
	Transportation/storage box for filter element CAT430	51512477		
	CAT430 PE hose 4/2 mm (0.16/0.8 inch), length 25 m (82 ft)	51514281		
Not in figure	CAT430 PE hose 4/2 mm (0.16/0.8 inch), length 50 m (164 ft)	51514282		
-	CAT430 PE hose 4/2 mm (0.16/0.8 inch), length 100 m (328 ft)	51514283		
	Filtrate hose from CAT430 to analyzer, 20 m (66 ft), spiral hose with:	51514285		
	<ul> <li>1 filtrate hose PE 4/2 (0.16/0.8 inch)</li> <li>18 m (59 ft) electric band heater 230 V</li> </ul>			

## 9.3 Return

If the device requires repair, please send it *cleaned* to the sales center responsible. Please use the original packaging, if possible.

Please enclose the completed "Declaration of contamination" (copy the second last page of these Operating Instructions) with the packaging and the transportation documents. No repair without completed "Declaration of contamination"!

## 9.4 Disposal

The device contains electronic components and must therefore be disposed of in accordance with regulations on the disposal of electronic waste. Observe local regulations.

# 10 Technical data

## 10.1 Power supply

Control box connection230 V AC, 50/60 Hz, 500 VA with 18m electric band heater connected,<br/>to be protected by the customer with 30 mA error current protective switch<br/>A suitable circuit breaker must be integrated by the customer directly upstream from the device<br/>supply cable.

## **10.2** Performance characteristics

Filtrate volume	approx. 2	approx. 250 ml/h (0.07 gal/hr) per filter element				
Sample transportation distance	max. 20 r	max. 20 m (66 ft)				
Separation capacity	Separation	n of particles, coll	oids and bacteria (>0.1 μm)			
Filter element operating life	approx. 1	approx. 1 to 2 years				
Cleaning interval	Filter elen Sample lir PTFE ho PE hose	ne: ose	<ul><li>2 to 6 months, depending on contamination level</li><li>3 months</li><li>6 weeks</li></ul>			
Chemical resistance	pH 1.5 to	12				
Noise emission	< 70 dB					
	10.3	Environm	ient			
Ambient temperature	-20 to 40	°C (-4 to 100 °F	i)			
Humidity	0 to 95 %, no splash water					
Ingress protection	IP 54					
Altitude above sea level	max. 2000 m (6500 ft)					
Electromagnetic compatibility	Interference emission and interference immunity as per EN 61326: 2006					
	10.4	Process				
Sample temperature	5 to 40 °C (40 to 100 °F)					

Dimensions	see chapter 3				
Weight	Control box with membra	ane pump 15 kg (33 lbs)			
	Housing CAT430-A1A*A	4A 16 kg (35 lbs)			
	Filter element	1 kg (2.2 lbs)			
	Filter element holder	18 kg (40 lbs)			
Materials	Control box housing	Glass-fibre reinforced polyester, self-quenching acc. to ASTM D 635 resp. UL 94-VO			
	Filter element	PVC carrier plate, PAN membrane <sup>1)</sup>			
	Filter element holder	Stainless steel, 1.4301 (AISI 304)			
	1) PAN = poly acrylic nitrile	;			

# 10.5 Mechanical construction

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People for Process Automation

# Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination Erklärung zur Kontamination und Reinigung

RA	No.					clearly on the Bitte geben Si
						auch außen a

ce the Return Authorization Number (RA#), obtained from Endress+Hauser, on all paperwork and mark the RA# outside of the box. If this procedure is not followed, it may result in the refusal of the package at our facility. ie die von E+H mitgeteilte Rücklieferungsnummer (RA#) auf allen Lieferpapieren an und vermerken Sie diese uf der Verpackung. Nichtbeachtung dieser Anweisung führt zur Ablehnung ihrer Lieferung.

Because of legal regulations and for the safety of our employees and operating equipment, we need the "Declaration of Hazardous Material and De-Contamination", with your signature, before your order can be handled. Please make absolutely sure to attach it to the outside of the packaging.

Aufgrund der gesetzlichen Vorschriften und zum Schutz unserer Mitarbeiter und Betriebseinrichtungen, benötigen wir die unterschriebene "Erklärung zur Kontamination und Reinigung", bevor Ihr Auftrag bearbeitet werden kann. Bringen Sie diese unbedingt außen an der Verpackung an.

Type of instrument / sensor Geräte-/Sensortyp

Serial	number	
Serien	nummer	

Used as SIL device in a Safety Instrumented System / Einsatz als SIL Gerät in Schutzeinrichtungen

Process data/ Prozessdaten

Temperature / Temperatur\_\_\_\_ \_[°F] \_ Conductivity / Leitfähigkeit \_\_\_\_\_

[µS/cm]

\_\_ [°C]

Pressure / Druck	 [psi]	[ Pa ]
Viscosity / Viskosität	 [cp]	[mm <sup>2</sup> /s]

Medium and warnings Warnhinweise zum Medium

								÷
	Medium /concentration Medium /Konzentration	Identification CAS No.	flammable entzündlich	toxic <i>giftig</i>	corrosive <i>ätzend</i>	harmful/ irritant gesundheits- schädlich/ reizend	other * <i>sonstiges</i> *	harmless unbedenklich
Process medium Medium im Prozess Medium for process cleaning Medium zur Prozessreinigung								
Returned part cleaned with Medium zur Endreinigung								

\* explosive; oxidising; dangerous for the environment; biological risk; radioactive

\* explosiv; brandfördernd; umweltgefährlich; biogefährlich; radioaktiv

Please tick should one of the above be applicable, include safety data sheet and, if necessary, special handling instructions. Zutreffendes ankreuzen; trifft einer der Warnhinweise zu, Sicherheitsdatenblatt und ggf. spezielle Handhabungsvorschriften beilegen.

Description of failure / Fehlerbeschreibung \_

Company data / Angaben zum Absender

Company / Firma \_

Phone number of contact person / Telefon-Nr. Ansprechpartner:

Address / Adresse

Fax / E-Mail

Your order No. / Ihre Auftragsnr.

"We hereby certify that this declaration is filled out truthfully and completely to the best of our knowledge.We further certify that the returned parts have been carefully cleaned. To the best of our knowledge they are free of any residues in dangerous quantities." "Wir bestätigen, die vorliegende Erklärung nach unserem besten Wissen wahrheitsgetreu und vollständig ausgefüllt zu haben. Wir bestätigen

## weiter, dass die zurückgesandten Teile sorgfältig gereinigt wurden und nach unserem besten Wissen frei von Rückständen in gefahrbringender Menge sind."

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